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HISTORY
OF
ALABAMA
AND
DICTIONARY
OF
ALABAMA BIOGRAPHY

BY
THOMAS McADORY OWEN, LL.D.
Lawyer, Founder and Director Alabama State Department of Archives
and History, and author of numerous historical and
bibliographical publications

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Dictionary of Alabama Biography

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LACEY, EDWARD PULASKI physician, was born October 1, 1856, at Maylene, near Montevallo, Shelby County; son of James P. and Ann (McInnis) Lacey, the former a native of Livingston County, Ky., who removed to Jefferson County, and later settled in Shelby County, where he remained until his death in 1884, being a soldier of the Seminole Indian War and a major in the Alabama State troops; grandson of William and Rebecca Lacey, who lived in Livingston County, Ky., prior to his location in Jefferson County, and of Murdock and Mary McInnis of Montevallo; great grandson of Gen. Edward Lacey, who, at the age of sixteen, settled in Chester District, S. C., and at the commencement of the Revolution, joined the army and rose to the rank of colonel, soon after peace was won the war clouds again rose and he was elected brigadier-general, and was also appointed one of the first county court judges in Chester District, which he also represented in the legislature of South Carolina. The Laceys immigrated from England and settled on the Chesapeake Bay and removed to Cumberland County, Va. Edward Pulaski Lacey received his elementary education in the public schools of Shelby County, where he completed his studies in the high school. He graduated in medicine at Vanderbilt university, February, 1883, and entered upon the practice at Woodward in 1885, as resident physician for the Woodward iron company. Two years later he took up his residence in Bessemer where he remained until his death. He was surgeon for the Bessemer rolling mill, several railway systems of the section and on the surgical staff of the Elizabeth Duncan hospital. He served two terms as city councilman, and was for twelve years a member of the board of education of Bessemer. He was a Democrat and served one term on the Jefferson County Democratic executive committee, from which county he was also elected to the Alabama legislature, 1900-01. He had the distinction of leading the ticket in the general election in the fall of the former year. He was for ten years a member of the Alabama national guard and in which he was assistant surgeon with the rank of first lieutenant on the staff of Col. L. V. Clark, 1898. He was not connected with any church, nor secret society, but was a member of the Jefferson County medical association, the American medical association and the National geographical society. Married: (1) January 8, 1884, in Talladega, to Maggle E., daughter of William and Elizabeth Morris of Mobile; (2) January 22, 1913, at Chattanooga, Tenn., to Mrs. Rachael L. Rains,

daughter of C. F. and Clara Landis of that city. Children: by the first marriage: 1. Philip, resident engineer for the Hazelhurst construction company, Lakeland, Fla.; 2. William, superintendent of ore mines for the Woodward iron company, near Bessemer; 3. James C., locomotive engineer, Louisville and Nashville railroad, Bessemer; 4. Joseph E., engineer in the government service, Huntington, W. Va.; 5. Ann; 6. Kate; 7. Robert; 8. Charles M. Last residence: Bessemer.

LACKEY, WILLIAM, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 80, and a resident of Lawrence County; private Virginia Militia; enrolled on April 23, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$79.78; sums received to date of publication of list, \$239.34.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Lawrence County, June 1, 1840, aged 87.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

LACKEY, WILLIAM MARTIN, lawyer, was born March 31, 1856, in Tallapoosa County; son of James M. and Elizabeth (Wiley) Lackey, who were married in Talladega County, and lived in what is now Clay County, the former a soldier in Hilliard's legion, C. S. Army, who served about a year, then contracted a fever and died in a hospital in Chattanooga, Tenn., the latter who married Judge Hiram M. Evans of Clay County, after her first husband's death; grandson of Adam Lackey, who emigrated from South Carolina to Tennessee when a young man and settled near the Alabama line, was married there and moved to Tallapoosa County in 1836, moved to Jackson County in 1866, and later to DeKalb County, where he died in 1891. Mr. Lackey obtained his early schooling at Lineville, Clay County; began the study of law under W. J. Pierce; and was graduated from the law department of the University of Alabama, LL.B., 1880. He began the practice of law immediately after his graduation, and has been practicing in Alabama since that time. He resided at Ashland for some time and later moved to Dadeville. He was elected to the State senate from the eighth senatorial district, composed of Talladega and Clay Counties, 1890-1894. He is a Democrat. Married: January 5, 1896, to Imogene Disharoom. Residence: Dadeville.

LACKLAND, JOHN T., lawyer, was born about 1852, in Virginia, and died December 26, 1914. He moved to Alabama when a young man; was admitted to the bar at Eutaw; lo-

cated at Grove Hill in the practice of law; practiced for a number of years alone, then formed a partnership with Massey Wilson, which continued until the election of the latter as attorney general, 1902; was elected circuit judge in 1904; and re-elected for a term of six years, November 8, 1910.

LACY, ERNEST RENFROE, lawyer, was born October 11, 1877, in Talladega County; son of Sheriff and Mary (McCullough) Lacy, the former a native of Randolph County, who lived at different times in Randolph, St. Clair, and Talladega Counties, until 1882, when he moved to Jasper, is a lawyer, has served as county solicitor, register in chancery, representative in the legislature, and solicitor of the law and equity courts; grandson of Abner Wise and Martha Ann (Brewster) Lacy, of Ashville, the former of a Virginia family and the latter of a South Carolina family, and of John Marion and Ruth (Skinner) McCullough, of Macon County, the former a Confederate soldier who was killed at the battle of Peach Tree Creek, July, 1864. The McCulloughs came from South Carolina to Alabama, and the Skinners from Georgia. Mr. Lacy attended Howard College, 1894-1895; attended the law school of the University of Alabama during the session of 1899-1900, graduating, LL. B.; began the practice of law at Jasper, January 15, 1902; and represented Walker County in the State legislature, 1907-1911. He is a Democrat; a Missionary Baptist; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: November 3, 1903, at Jasper, to Gaye Musgrove, daughter of John B. and Zou (Musgrove) Long. Residence: Jasper.

LACY, SAMUEL CHAPMAN, farmer, was born August 5, 1879, at Pea Ridge, Dallas County; son of Theophilis and Mary Newell (Pettus) Lacy, the former a native of Huntsville, who moved to Dallas County, and served during the last year of the War of Secession as a member of the Fourth Alabama cavalry, C. S. Army; grandson of Theophilis and Fannie (Binford) Lacy, of Huntsville, and of Edmund Winston and Mary Lucinda (Chapman) Pettus (q. v.). His great-great-grandfather Lacy came from England and settled in Virginia, afterward moving to North Carolina. Mr. Lacy received his early education in the country schools, and attended Marion Military Institute for two sessions. Since leaving school, he has engaged in farming, with the exception of a short time when he served as fireman on the Southern Railway. He represented Dallas County in the State legislature, 1907, as a Democrat. Married: January 23, 1901, at Jones' Switch, to Evelyn Furniss Hogg, daughter of Alexander Preston and Pallie Letitia (Harville) Hogg, the former a lineal descendant of James Hogg, the Scotch poet. Children: Evelyn Letitia. Residence: Valegrande.

LACY, SHERIFF, lawyer and register in chancery, was born May 7, 1853, in Randolph County; son of Abner Wise and Martha (Brew-

ster) Lacy, the former a native of Maury County, Tenn., who settled in St. Clair County, where he held numerous official positions and was at the time of his death, in 1887, probate judge of the county; grandson of William and Mary (Wise) Lacy who lived in Virginia, Tennessee, Georgia and Alabama, and of Sheriff and Malinda (Wortham) Brewster of South Carolina, Georgia and Alabama. He received a common school education in St. Clair and Talladega Counties, and read law in the office of Bradford and Bishop, in Talladega, 1879-81. He was licensed to practice his profession the latter year, and in 1882, located at Jasper, where he has since resided. In 1883, he was appointed register in chancery for Walker County and has continued to fill that office. He was a member of the Alabama legislature, 1898-99; county solicitor, Walker County, 1886-87-88; for several years a member of the board of aldermen, Jasper; member city board of education. He is a Democrat; and a Baptist. Married: December 24, 1876, to Mary Ella, daughter of John Marion and Ruth (Skinner) McCollough, of Macon County, the former a native of Anderson District, S. C., a Confederate soldier under Hood and was killed in Peachtree Creek battle, near Atlanta, Ga. Children: 1. Ernest Renfro (q. v.); 2. Cecil Justus; 3. Clyde; 4. Pauline; 5. Ruth; 6. Lorene. Residence: Jasper.

LAFOY, JAMES, a soldier of the American Revolution, and a resident of Washington County; private in infantry and cavalry, particular service not disclosed; enrolled on September 9, 1836, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$25.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile.

LAGARIE, J. K., physician, graduate of the medical department of the University of New York, 1886. Residence: Forkland.

LAIRD, HENRY WESLEY, lawyer and merchant, was born in 1819, in South Carolina, and died in 1879, in Geneva. He was orphaned in early boyhood and came from the home of an elder brother in South Carolina to the home of another brother, Louis Laird, who was living in Eufaula; later studied law in a private office in Elba; merchandised in Montgomery between 1840, and 1855, and in Geneva until the War of Secession broke out. He entered the Confederate service as captain of Co. E., Sixth Alabama infantry regiment, commanded by Col. Benjamin B. Baker. The company was raised by him in Geneva and was called the "Gulf Rangers," later, was a member of Co. K, Alabama cavalry, under Col. C. H. Colvin and Gen. James Clanton. When the call to arms came he answered promptly, left his store, telling his clerks to sell what they could and to give what was left to the family of any needy soldiers. Later he was ordered to clear out raiders from the section, which he did successfully, but his store and home were burned. After the close of the war he practiced law in Elba and Geneva. He represented Geneva County in the constitutional convention of 1875.

He was a Democrat. Married: July 7, 1867, to Laura Luzene, daughter of Van and Martha Mathis (Jackson) Stoudenmire, who lived at Aberfoil and later at Tuskegee, Auburn, and Pensacola, Fla.; granddaughter of Jeremiah Jackson of Independence, Autauga County, and of Louis Stoudenmire, in the Dutch Bend, near Autaugaville, Autauga County. Children: 1. Henry Stanmore, lawyer, m. Nellie Walker, Pensacola, Fla.; 2. Frank Jackson, m. Kate Cumba, Geneva; 3. Adele; 4. Jessie, m. C. P. Atkinson, Greensboro; 5. Walter Marcellus, dentist, m. Dorothy Mercer, Demopolis. Last residence: Geneva.

LAIRD, HERVEY WOODFORD, business man, was born June 26, 1869, at Beaver Ridge, Knox County, Tenn.; son of Orville Dyer and Mary Crawford (Stephens) Laird, the former who was born at Oneida Castle, N. Y., studied medicine in the University of Michigan and served, on the Union side, as lieutenant of artillery, in the War of Secession; grandson of Orville P. Laird, and of the Rev. Rufus M. and Nancy M. Stephens, who lived at Beaver Ridge. Mr. Laird was educated in the common county schools. He was in the newspaper business from about 1890 to the time of his entrance on deputy insurance commissioner's place, October 1, 1910. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: Lida Cassidy, the daughter of Judge Benjamin F. Cassidy of Anniston. Residence: Montgomery.

LAIRD, ORVILLE D., physician, was born January 20, 1840, in Columbus, Ga.; son of Dr. Orville P. and Nancy (Dyer) Laird, natives of Oneida County, N. Y., the former was a dentist, who lived in Georgia, and New York, removing in 1857 to Ohio, and later to Michigan. Dr. Laird was reared in New York, received a good academic education and began life as a clerk. In April, 1861, he enlisted in Co. E, Seventh Ohio infantry regiment, U. S. A.; later joined the 116th New York infantry regiment; was promoted in 1863 to quartermaster's department; and in 1861, lieutenant of light artillery. In 1859, he graduated as M. D. from Ann Arbor, Michigan. After cessation of hostilities, he practiced in Tennessee, locating at Clinton, in 1866. He engaged in the railroad and furnace business in 1869; was appointed U. S. commissioner for the district court, northern district of Alabama; later moved to Cross Plains. Married: October 25, 1865, to Mary C., daughter of Rev. R. M. and Nancy (King) Stevens, natives of Tennessee. Children: 1. Harvey; 2. George Edgar; 3. James G. Residence: Cross Plains.

LAMAR, ANDREW JACKSON, Confederate soldier and Methodist minister, was born May 29, 1847, at Cowpens, Walton County, Ga., son of Andrew Jackson and Mary Athena (Jackson) Lamar, the former born at Milledgeville, Baldwin County, Ga., lived at Cowpens; grandson of Zechariah and Mary (Robinson) Lamar, who lived at Milledgeville, and of William H. and Mildred (Cobb) Jackson, who lived at Athens,

Ga.; great-grandson of James Jackson, who came, when a boy, from England, was major in the Revolutionary Army, governor of Georgia, and U. S. senator, and whose remains are buried in the Congressional cemetery, Washington, D. C. Rev. Mr. Lamar received early education in private schools of Athens, Ga., and attended the University high school at Athens. In 1863, he entered, as a member of the sophomore class, the University of Georgia, Athens. In 1864, he left the University to join the Confederate Army. In 1865, when eighteen years of age, and just after the surrender at Appomattox Court House, he came to Alabama and settled on a plantation in Lowndes County. In 1872, he graduated in the law department of the University of Georgia, receiving the degree of B. L. At a religious meeting at Letohatchie, Lowndes County, he experienced conversion; being called to preach, was licensed, in August, 1874, at Calhoun, Lowndes County; in December, 1874, joined the Alabama conference of the Methodist church, South. Since 1903, he has been publishing agent of the M. E. Church, South. In the War of Secession, he was a private in Carlton's battery, Cabbell's battalion of artillery, Army of Northern Virginia. He is a Democrat; Mason; and a member of the Chi Phi college fraternity. Married: (1) in 1878, to Martha Elsworth, of Mobile, whose ancestry was English, her father coming, between 1840 and 1850, to Mobile; (2) June 9, 1897, in Selma, to Mary Virginia, daughter of Rev. Henry and Missouri (Phillips) Urquhart, father long a member of the Alabama Conference, whose ancestors were of Scotch descent, and several generations have lived in Alabama. Children: 1. Martha, m. William M. Teague, jr., of Montgomery. Residence: Nashville, Tenn.

LAMAR, HOWARD, lawyer; graduate of the Alabama polytechnic institute, with the B. A. degree, in 1882. Residence: Jasper.

LAMAR, THEODORE JEMISON, teacher, son of Dr. William Harmong and Ann Maria (Gleen) Lamar (q. v.). Prof. Lamar was graduated from the Agricultural and mechanical college, A. B., 1869, later A. M.; co-principal of West Georgia college; also of Opelika seminary; president, Auburn female college; vice president, Tuscaloosa female college, 1887; principal of the Prattville graded schools; principal, Opelika training school; founder of the Lamar training school for young men, Jasper, 1894, and at one time superintendent of education, Walker County. Married: Orlena Augusta, daughter of Cromwell Cleveland, a member of the Georgia legislature and a signer of the ordinance of secession of that State, and a direct descendant of one of the Cromwells who left England on the downfall of Oliver Cromwell. Children: 1. Leander, died in infancy; 2. Theodore J., jr., a labor leader, founder, and editor of the "Labor Review," married Edna Alice Ramsey; 3. Orlena Augusta; 4. Louis, died young; 5. Charles Cromwell; 6. Carrie Amanda; 7. William Harmong. Residence: Jasper.

LAMAR, WILLIAM HARMONG, jr., lawyer and solicitor of the postoffice department, was born at Auburn, December 11, 1859; son of Dr. William Harmong and Ann M. (Glenn) Lamar (q. v.). He graduated from the Alabama polytechnic institute, A. B., 1881; Georgetown university, LL. B. 1884, and LL. M., 1885; began the practice of law at Washington, D. C., and Rockville, Md., 1885; was a member of the Maryland house of representatives, 1894; first lieutenant, Co. K, First Maryland volunteer infantry, later captain, U. S. volunteer signal corps, Spanish-American war, and saw service as signal officer under Maj. Gen. Jas. H. Wilson, in Porto Rico campaign; was brevetted major, 1899; assistant attorney, U. S. department of justice, 1906-13; assistant attorney general, now solicitor, of the post office department since May 1, 1913. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; and a member of the Alpha Tau Omega and Phi Delta Phi fraternities. Married: June 21, 1887, to Virginia Longstreet, daughter of Justice L. Q. C. and Virginia L. (Longstreet) Lamar, of the U. S. Supreme court, of Oxford, Miss., and Washington, D. C. Children: 1. Virginia Longstreet; 2. Augusta (Glenn); 3. L. Q. C.; 4. William Harmong, jr. Residence: Rockville, Md.

LAMAR, WILLIAM HARMONG, physician, was born at Augusta, Ga., July 13, 1827, and died at Jasper; son of Col. Harmong and Martha Ann (Young) Lamar, the former a member of the Georgia State militia, and later a resident of Glenville, Barbour County; grandson of John Lamar, planter and slave owner of Georgia, and his wife, who was a Miss Apling, and of William Young, of Baltimore, Md., and Augusta, Ga.; and the sixth in descent from Thomas Lamar, sr., an early French emigrant to Virginia who was naturalized in Maryland. He attended the academy at Apling, Ga., Emory college, Oxford, and graduated from the Southern botanical medical college at Macon, Ga. He began the practice at Auburn in 1854, where he remained until 1895, when he removed to Jasper. Although unable to serve in the C. S. Army, he employed a substitute and several times visited the firing line himself. He was a Democrat; and a Methodist. He was the author of a book of poems and was the contributor of many articles to the state press. Married: January 7, 1847, at Glenville, to Ann Maria, daughter of Rev. John Bowles and Maria (Allen) Glenn (q. v.). Children: 1. Theodore J., married Orlean Augusta Cleveland (q. v.); 2. Charles R., minister of the Texas and Alabama conferences, and now a resident of Montgomery, m. Laura Cain; 3. Glennie C., m. T. S. Phillips; 4. William Harmong, m. Virginia Longstreet Lamar (q. v.); 5. Howard, lawyer, graduated from the Alabama polytechnic institute, A. B. 1882, A. M. (honorary), 1887; is a Democrat; admitted to the bar, 1889, and has since practiced at Jasper, m. Alma Hayes; 6. Annie, unm.; 7. George Holt, m. Edith Stonestreet, and lives in Rockville. Last residence: Jasper.

LAMBERT, JOSEPH SHOMO teacher, Baptist minister, was born on March 8, 1869, at

Mount Pleasant, Monroe County; son of Andrew Jackson and Josephine Henrietta (Shaunfield) Lambert, who lived at Mt. Pleasant, the former a farmer, who was ordained a minister in the Missionary Baptist church when he was twenty years old, and was actively engaged in the ministry fifty-eight years, who after his wife's death, moved to Bay Minette, Baldwin County, and spent the last six years of his life there, the latter who was born in Mobile, shortly after her parents came from Germany, who was left an orphan in infancy and was reared by relatives; grandson of Andrew and Rebecca (Hurst) Lambert, who moved to Alabama from Georgia in pioneer days, settled in Mt. Pleasant, Monroe County, and, late in life moved to Claiborne. He received his early schooling from his father and mother, and from Prof. William M. Webb, at Perdue Hill; entered Howard college in 1889 and attended two sessions regularly; taught school at Bluff Springs, Fla., 1891-1892; returned to Howard college, September, 1892, and was compelled to withdraw in March, 1893, because of ill health. He taught school until 1901; was appointed county superintendent of education for Baldwin County to fill an unexpired term by Supt. John W. Abercrombie, February, 1901; was successively elected to that office every term until 1917, when he entered the service of the State department of education of Alabama. He was ordained to the ministry in the Bay Minette Missionary Baptist church in January, 1895, and has served as pastor in the towns of Bay Minette and Flomaton, and in country pastorates. He is a Democrat; a Mason; an Odd Fellow; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: May 15, 1900, at Mobile, to Lennie, daughter of Richard Montgomery and Nannie (Farmer) Simmons, who lived at Adairville, Ky.; granddaughter of Dr. D. G. and Frances (Edmonson) Simmons, the former a native of Virginia, who moved to Adairville, Ky., early in life. Children: 1. a son, d. in infancy; 2. Margaret Josephine, b. March 21, 1902. Residence: Montgomery.

LAMBERT, MARY ELIZA PERINE TUCKER, author, was born at Cahaba, November 6, 1838; daughter of Edward M. Perine and wife, both of the New England States. She was educated in the North; and obtained employment as a journalist in New York City, becoming a regular contributor to the "Ledger," and other New York papers. Among her works are: "Poems," 1867; "Loew's Bridge, A Broadway Idyl," 1868, and "Life of Mark M. Pomeroy," 1868. Married: (1) John M. Tucker, of Mill-edgeville, Ga., (2) Col. James H. Lambert, of the Philadelphia Press.

LAMKIN, GRIFFIN, planter, was born in Virginia and died in Jasper, June 10, 1856; son of Peter and Winifred (Dockins) Lamkin, both of Virginia. He was a man of sound education. He entered the War of 1812 as a captain and was promoted to lieutenant colonel. He removed from Virginia to Madison County, about 1800, carrying a hundred slaves with him. By going surety he lost the greater part of his fortune and removed to Walker County, then

a part of Tuscaloosa County. He was clerk of the circuit court of Tuscaloosa from 1844 to 1862. He was a Democrat; Baptist; and Mason. Married: (1) December 24, 1800, in Madison County, to Betsey, daughter of James and Susanna Clark; (2) March 24, 1831, in Tuscaloosa County, to Sarah, daughter of Samuel and Sally Thacker. By these two marriages there were eighteen children: by first wife: 1. Susannah Bibb; 2. Peter Sharpe; 3. John James; 4. Betsey Clark; 5. Mary Booker; 6. Griffin; 7. Petronilla; 8. George Griffin; 9. Eliza Bibb; 10. Lucy Clark; 11. Thomas Richard; by his second wife: 12. Petronilla, m. Elias Right; 13. Mariah Jane; 14. Peter Lamkin; 15. Hannah, m. William B. Orear; 16. Sarah E., m. John C. Ryan; 17. Thomas Peter; 18. Martha Jane, m. W. L. Sides. Last residence: Jasper.

LANCASTER, JOHN AUSTIN, was born December 15, 1839, near LaGrange, Ga., and died March 6, 1901, at Wetumpka; son of Capt. William and Martha Ann (Goss) Lancaster, the former a North Carolinian, who moved to Tallapoosa County in 1837, served in the C. S. Army, and died in service; grandson of Jesse Hamilton and Mary Ann (Haygood) Goss, who lived near Vernon Ferry and LaGrange, Ga.; great-grandson of Benjamin and Susannah (Davis) Goss, Virginians, who moved to Wilkes County, Ga., 1803, and later to Newton County, Ga.; great-great-grandson of Jonathan and Lucy (Gibbs) Davis, the former the founder of that branch of the Davis family in the United States, who was kidnapped in England in childhood, and brought to this country, was married in Virginia, and settled in Orange County, Va. The Lancaster family is descended from two brothers, younger sons of a branch of nobility of that name in England, who came to Virginia during the early colonization of that state. The Goss family settled in Virginia prior to 1661, having been driven from Germany, their native country, by religious persecutions. Mr. Lancaster received his education in the public and private schools of Troup County, Ga., and Tallassee; volunteered at the outbreak of the War of Secession, as a private; became first lieutenant, Co. I, Seventeenth Alabama regiment; was dangerously wounded at Franklin; was elected captain and was acting as such, though without commission, at the end of the war; taught school after the war for a short time; engaged in planting and stock raising in Elmore County; was elected sheriff of Elmore County in 1870, the first Democrat to be elected to a public office in that county after the war; was elected probate judge of that county in 1874, and was continuously re-elected to that office until his resignation in 1890 before the expiration of his term; was the owner, though not the editor, of several weekly newspapers published in Elmore County, 1874-1900. He was a Democrat; a Methodist; and a Mason. Married: March 1, 1866, in Elmore County, to Frances Aldora, daughter of Robert Pinckney and Minerva (Ramsey) Lett, who lived near Good Hope, the former a

Georgian, who served in Co. A, Thirty-fourth Alabama regiment, C. S. Army, and was severely wounded near Chattanooga. Her great-grandfather was a captain in the Revolutionary War. Children: 1. William Lycurgus (q. v.); 2. Eulala Viola, m. John R. Gamble; 3. Jessie Aldora, m. Robert Tyler Goodwyn (q. v.); 4. Minnie Lee, m. Dr. T. H. Street; 5. John Austin, m. Ida M. McCullers; 6. Effie Lena, m. H. S. Taylor. Last residence: Wetumpka.

LANCASTER, WILLIAM LYCURGUS, business man, State treasurer, was born March 4, 1869, near Tallassee; son of Judge John Austin and Frances Aldora (Lett) Lancaster (q. v.). He was educated in the common schools of Elmore County; and at the U. S. Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md., but resigned because of physical disability before graduation. He farmed in Wilcox and Marengo Counties, two years; merchandised in Wetumpka, eight years; organized the Bank of Wetumpka, of which he became president; has farming and stock raising interests in Elmore County; has served on the Democratic executive committee of Elmore County, and of the fifth congressional district; has been alderman and city treasurer of Wetumpka; trustee of the Alabama State department of archives and history; trustee of the Southern university, Greensboro, 1902-1908; represented the tenth district in the State senate, 1903, and Elmore County in the house of representatives, 1907; was elected State treasurer, November 1914. He is a Methodist; a Mason; Odd Fellow; Red Man; Knight of Pythias; and a Woodman of the World; and has been both president and vice president of the Alabama State bankers association. Married: April 20, 1892, at Kellyton, Coosa County, to Bessie, daughter of Ben Lloyd and Mary (Hester) Gaddis, of that place. Children: 1. Mary Aldora; 2. William Lloyd. Residence: Wetumpka.

LANDERS, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 82, resided in Benton County, June, 1840.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

LANDMAN, GEORGE PURDOM, cotton factor, was born in January, 1839, in Madison County; son of George P. and Eliza (Griffin) Landman, and brother of James Henry Landman (q. v.). He was educated in the common schools of Madison County, and began life in 1854, as a clerk for John Reed; became attached to the firm of Bradley, Wilson and company, of New Orleans, La., having charge of their office at Huntsville. He served throughout the War of Secession as a member of the 4th Alabama cavalry, C. S. Army. In 1869, he embarked with his brother, J. H. Landman, in the cotton business which he still pursues. He is a Knight of Pythias and a Methodist. Married: August 30, 1860, to Mary F., daughter of Joseph Sively, of Madison County. Children: 1. Lucy Lee; 2. Lilly B., m. Robert S. Halsey; 3. Laura, m. Jesse F. Young; 4. Arthur S.; 5. Joseph; 6. George P., jr. Residence: Huntsville.

LANDMAN, JAMES HENRY, cotton factor, was born February 23, 1835, in Madison County; son of George P. and Eliza (Griffin) Landman, the former was a native of Madison County, and a farmer; grandson of William Landman, of Virginia; great-grandson of an immigrant Landman from Germany. He received a good elementary education in the schools of Huntsville, and began life in 1849 as a clerk for J. H. Beadle, a merchant of Huntsville, where he remained six years; was employed by Bradley, Wilson and company, from 1855 to 1862, when he enlisted in Kelley's troopers, organized in Madison County, later being made assistant quartermaster in Forrest's command, where he remained until the war closed. He was engaged with his brother from 1866 to 1869, in general mercantile business, shortly afterwards embarking in cotton, their present business. He was tax assessor of Madison County from 1880 to 1884. He belongs to the Knights of Pythias; Knights of Honor; Ancient Order of United Workmen; and is a Methodist. Married: (1) in September, 1861, to Fannie M., daughter of Hampton W. Kelly, of Madison County; (2) in 1885, to Fannie, daughter of Joseph Carruthers, of Huntsville. Children: by first wife, 1. Minnie F., m. G. K. Miller, Huntsville; 2. Lizzie V., m. Gordon Greenfield, Pine Bluff, Ark.; 3. James H. J.; 4. Howard F.; by second wife: 5. Harry C.; 6. Frank. Residence: Huntsville.

LANE, ALEXANDER OSCAR, lawyer and judge, was born October 29, 1848, in Macon County, and died in Birmingham; son of Dr. Alexander and Mary E. (Phillips) Lane, both natives of Georgia. He received a liberal education and was for a short time principal of a boys high school at Clayton. Reading law under Chancellor John A. Foster he was admitted to the bar in 1869, and began the practice in Ozark. In 1873 he located in Birmingham, where the next year he formed a partnership with John T. Terry. Upon Mr. Terry's retirement from the practice he formed a partnership with E. T. Taliaferro and B. H. Tabor; later and for many years, he was associated with Frank S. White in the practice. In 1880 he became editor of the "Iron Age"; was elected mayor of Birmingham in 1882, re-elected in 1884 and 1886, and again in 1890. Since 1892 he continually practiced his profession. He was appointed associate judge of the tenth judicial circuit, provided by the act of 1907. At the time of the change of the form of government for the city of Birmingham in 1911, he was appointed one of the three commissioners for a term of four years. He was a Democrat; a Presbyterian; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: in May, 1875, to Minnie, daughter of Col. John T. and Elizabeth (Kerr) Terry, the former of Chester District, S. C.; the latter of Sumter County; granddaughter of William Kerr of that county. Children: 1. Alma, m. Benson Cain, Birmingham; 2. Minnie, m. Louis Hart, of Gadsden; 3. Terence; 4. Lucile, m. — Bailey, of St. Louis; 5. Frank. Last residence: Birmingham.

LANE, CHARLES PAUL, lawyer and editor, was born March 28, 1854, in Madison County, and died May 1, 1907, in Huntsville; son of George Washington and Martha Nicholas (Davis) Lane (q. v.). He was educated in Huntsville, and studied law in the office of Col. Luke Pryor and Robert M. McClellan in Athens. He was admitted to the bar in 1873, and practiced law in Athens and Huntsville. He was elected to the State legislature from Limestone County in 1881; was nominated by the Greenback convention as their candidate for attorney general in 1882; and was three times nominated by the Republican party as candidate for governor of Alabama. He served as a Blaine and Logan elector in 1884, and in 1885 established the "New South," at that time the only Republican paper in the state. Later he founded the "Evening Tribune," another Republican newspaper, and was editor and publisher of both at Huntsville. During the year 1887, Mr. Lane was the representative in the north of four large land companies, the Sheffield, Decatur, Florence, and Huntsville. He was president of the Alabama commercial club for three terms, and a member of the Episcopal church. Married: January 4, 1881, at Tuskegee, to Eleanor Wimberly, daughter of John Lucas and America (Watson) Abercrombie; granddaughter of James H. and Lavinia (Chilton) Abercrombie, and of Michael Watson, who married a Miss Ross of South Carolina. Children: 1. Madge Westmoreland, m. Judge Milo Abercrombie, Tuskegee; 2. Mattie Morton; 3. Lalie Bradley, m. Carl N. Brown, Cedar Town, Ga.; 4. Charles Day, m. Blanche Fowler, Huntsville; 5. Elizabeth Richardson, m. Alex McCallister, Huntsville; 6. James Abercrombie; 7. William Rison, Huntsville. Last residence: Huntsville.

LANE, GEORGE WASHINGTON, lawyer, was born in 1806, in Cherokee County, Ga., and died in 1864, in Louisville, Ky.; son of Johnathan and Elizabeth (Colley) Lane, also of Cherokee County. Other members of the family connection were Gen. Joseph Lane, of Oregon, and Gen. James H. Lane, of Kansas. In 1821, he came to Alabama with his parents and settled in Limestone County. After receiving an elementary education, he read law under Judge Daniel Coleman, and entered upon the practice in Athens. He was elected to the Alabama legislature, 1829 and 1832, and during the latter year was elected judge of the county court. Two years later he was elected circuit judge and was reelected, holding the office twelve years. In 1848, he was a Taylor elector for the state-at-large. After leaving the circuit bench, he opened a law office in Huntsville. Like large numbers of his fellow citizens in that section of the state, Judge Lane was a strong Union man, and during the War of Secession period was appointed Federal district judge by President Lincoln. He accepted the office but did not exercise its functions. He was a Democrat and an Episcopalian. Married: Martha Nicholas, daughter of Nicholas and Martha (Hargrave) Davis (q. v.). Children: 1. Robert Wilson, m. Mrs.

Matte Goode, and died in Confederate service, a member of Forrest's cavalry; 2. George Gale; 3. Martha Davis; 4. Nicholas; 5. Mary; 6. Kate Gasskin, m. Robert Ross Townes; 7. Belta Collier; 8. Mary Fearn, m. Theo. Westmoreland; 9. Charles Paul, m. Ella Abercrombie; 10. Hector Davis, m. Madge Mason. Last residence: Louisville, Ky.

LANE, HECTOR DAVIS, planter, was born August 26, 1880, at Athens; son of Hector Davis and Madge (Mason) Lane, the former a native of Huntsville, who served in the Alabama legislature, was first commissioner of agriculture elected by popular vote; grandson of George Washington and Martha (Davis) Lane (q. v.), of Huntsville, the former who was a Federal judge, and of Dr. Joseph J. and Margaret Mason; great-grandson of Nicholas Davis, president of the Alabama senate, and a Whig presidential elector. He was educated at the North Alabama agricultural school at Athens; at Webb school, Bell Buckle, Tenn.; and at the University of Alabama. He was occupied as a coal dealer until 1902, and since 1903 has engaged in planting. He represented Limestone County in the State legislature during the session of 1911, and served for a time after the adjournment as assistant clerk in the department of agriculture and industries. He is a Democrat and a Presbyterian. Married January 29, 1902, at Courtland, to Jessie Olivia, daughter of Malcolm Joseph and Florence (Burkhead) Gilchrist, of Courtland; granddaughter of Dr. J. D. Burkhead, a prominent Presbyterian minister. Children: 1. Anne Burkhead; 2. Malcolm Gilchrist. Residence: Courtland.

LANE, JAMES HENRY, educator, brigadier-general, C. S. Army, was born July 28, 1833, at Mathews Court House, Mathews County, Va., and died September 21, 1907, at Auburn; son of Walter Gardner and Mary Ann Henry (Barkwell) Lane, the former of whom was born at the old family homestead, "Goshen," Mathews County, and was colonel of the Mathews' militia during the War of Secession, and member Virginia legislature; grandson of William and Dorothy Lane of Virginia, and of Thomas and Elizabeth (Wells) Barkwell of the "Pleasure House" in Princess Anne County, Va., the former a sergeant in the War of 1812; great-grandson of Ezekiel Lane, one of the early settlers of Mathews County when it was a part of Gloucester County. James Henry Lane received his preparatory education in private schools and from tutors; graduated with honor from the Virginia military institute in 1854; in 1857, graduated from the University of Virginia, in the scientific course, with the degrees of C. E. and M. A. The honorary degrees of LL. D. and Ph. D. were conferred upon him by Trinity college, North Carolina and the University of West Virginia, respectively. He began his career as a teacher in a private family in 1854, and became assistant professor of mathematics in the Virginia military institute in 1857; taught in a private school, 1858-59; professor of mathematics and commandant in the West seminary of Florida, 1859-60; profes-

sor of natural philosophy and instructor in tactics in North Carolina military institute, 1860-61; teacher in a private school in Concord, N. C., 1865-67, and in Richmond, Va., 1867-72; professor of natural philosophy and commandant in the Agricultural and mechanical college of Virginia, 1872-80; teacher in a private school at Wilmington, N. C., 1880-81; professor of mathematics in Missouri school of mines and metallurgy, 1881-82; professor of civil engineering in Alabama polytechnic institute, 1882-1907. At the beginning of the War of Secession, he was elected major of the First North Carolina volunteers, subsequently known as the "Bethel Regiment." A scouting party which he led brought on the battle of Bethel, the first battle of the war. He was elected lieutenant-colonel of his regiment, September 1, 1861, and colonel of the 28th North Carolina infantry regiment, a fortnight later. He was in all of the large battles of the Army of Northern Virginia, from the beginning of the war to its close and was wounded three times. On the death of Gen. Lawrence O'Brien Branch, Col. Lane, "for gallant and meritorious conduct" was recommended by Generals Lee, Jackson and A. P. Hill, and appointed brigadier-general assigned to the command of Branch's brigade, which petitioned for his promotion and assignment to them. His command served in the rear guard of Lee's army on its retreat from Sharpsburg and afterward from Gettysburg and took an active part in the famous "Pickett's charge," and also helped to save the day at the "Bloody Angle." He was a Democrat and an Episcopalian. Author: numerous articles in the current press and journals in regard to matters connected with the war. Married: September 13, 1869, at Richmond, Va., Charlotte Randolph, daughter of Benjamin Lincoln and Jane Eliza (Hardaway) Meade of that city; granddaughter of Everard Meade, aide upon Gen. Lincoln's staff and later a general in the Revolutionary War, and of Daniel and Anne (Eggleston) Hardaway; great-granddaughter of Daniel and Susannah (Everard) Meade, and of Daniel Hardaway; great-great-granddaughter of Andrew and Mary (Latham) Meade, the former a native of Ireland who settled in Nansemond County, Va., in 1745, and of Thomas and Mary (Drewery) Hardaway. Anne Eggleston was the sister of Maj. Joseph Eggleston of Revolutionary fame. Susannah Everard was the daughter of Sir Richard Everard, Essex, England, the last proprietary governor of Carolina from 1726 to 1730, whose wife, Susannah Kidder, was the daughter of Dr. Richard Kidder, Bishop of Bath and Wells. Children: 1. Lidle Hardaway, Richmond, Va.; 2. Mary Barkwell, m. George Petrie (q. v.), Auburn; 3. Kate Meade, Auburn; 4. Lottie Everard, m. Matthew Scott Sloan, Birmingham. Last residence: Auburn.

LANE, L. M., lawyer, living in 1913. Residence: Greenville.

LANE, M. C., member of the constitutional convention of 1865, from Butler County.

LANE, MARSHALL HALL, Baptist minister, was born July 9, 1845, at Washington, Wilkes County, Ga.; son of Dr. James H. and Mary C.

(Simpson) Lane, natives of Wilkes County, Ga., the former a physician, who was educated at Mercer university, and was graduated from the medical department of the University of Georgia; grandson of Rev. Micajah A. Lane, of the Baptist church, who came from Virginia to Georgia when he was but six years of age, and after a long service in the ministry, died in 1887 at the age of ninety-seven, and of William Simpson, one of the original settlers of Wilkes County, Ga., a native of Virginia, of Scotch-Irish ancestry, and a member of one of the oldest families in Georgia. Mr. Lane was reared in Wilkes County; educated in Wright and Hoyt high school; entered the C. S. Army at the age of seventeen as a member of Wingfield's battery, Hill's corps, Cutt's battalion, Army of Virginia; served at the battles of Gettysburg and Petersburg, and in all of the engagements from Gettysburg until the close of the war; after the war, attended Rockby institute, Georgia, taught by Col. R. M. Johnson; entered the University of Virginia where he studied law for two years; returned home and formed a partnership with Gen. Toombs and Gen. DuBose, with whom he practiced law for three years; and since that time has given his whole attention to the ministry and the cause of education. He has been pastor of several churches in Georgia; of the Central Baptist church, Nashville, Tenn.; traveled for two years as an evangelist in Kentucky, Tennessee and Arkansas; took charge of the Hern institute, Georgia, 1871-1877; and of the Baptist church at Cave Springs, Ga., 1872-1877. He has been pastor of the Baptist church at Jacksonville since 1877; was also pastor for two years of the Alpine Baptist church in Tallaga County; and had conferred upon him the honorary degree of D. D. by the University of Alabama in 1886. He is a Democrat. Married: October 6, 1868, to Undine Brown, of Hancock County, Ga., daughter of Dr. Algernon S. Brown, physician, of Georgia. Children: 1. John S.; 2. Edward McIntosh; 3. Mary Undine; 4. Louise E.; 5. Sidney B.; 6. Eugene C.; 7. Bluebell C.; 8. James A.; 9. Marshall H., jr.; 10. Marguerite T.; 11. Reynolds; 12. a boy, d. in infancy. Residence: Jacksonville.

LANEY, ZACHARIAH WILLIAM, business man, was born January 29, 1829, in North Carolina; son of Evan and Leah (Secrist) Laney, natives of Mecklenburg County, N. C., who emigrated to Talbot County, Ga., in 1836, moved to Alabama in 1848, and settled on a large tract of land in Dale County. He was reared on the home plantation and attended the common schools of Dale County, and the high school at Louisville. He taught two terms in a country school; became clerk in a business house in Abbeville until 1861; taught school in Abbeville, 1861-1865. He tried to enlist in the C. S. Army in 1863, but was not allowed to serve because of ill health. At the close of the war he engaged in mercantile business. He became a notary public in 1863; was elected a member of the town board; is a Baptist; a Democrat; a Royal Arch Mason; and an Odd Fellow. Married: in 1860, to Ann B. Culver, a native of Hancock County, Ga., born in November, 1840,

daughter of L. D. and Melvinia A. Culver, who were natives of Hancock County, Ga., and lived at that place until 1859, when they went to Alabama, and settled on a plantation in Lawrenceville, Henry County. Children: 1. Pet, m. William O. Long, business man and clerk of the court of chancery, Abbeville, children, Lloyd, Daisy and J. B.; 2. Charles Levin, b. January 3, 1863, d. November 12, 1885, merchant and clerk in probate office at Abbeville, m. (1) Ada Lee, (2) Rossie L. Adams; 3. Zachariah William, jr., b. August 15, 1871, clerk in probate office, Abbeville, m. Lula Lee Trawick. Two other children are deceased. Last residence: Abbeville.

LANG, GEORGE, Presbyterian minister and educator, a native of Wellwood, Ayreshire, Scotland; son of George MacCracken and Mary Law (James) Lang, of Houston, Renfrewshire; grandson of John and Jennie Hannah Lang, and of John and Mary (Law) James, the former of Houston, the latter of Nitshill, Scotland. He came to America in 1883, and his early education was received in Carbon Hill and Chickasaw, and his college and university work was done at the Southwestern Presbyterian university, Clarksville, Tenn., 1900-06; University of Edinburgh, 1907-08; Columbia university, N. Y., and at the University of Berlin, 1912-13. He graduated from the Theological seminary, Clarksville, Tenn., with the A. B., 1905, and B. D., 1906, degrees. The Alabama Presbyterian college gave him the honorary degree of D. D., in 1916. He served as pastor of the North Birmingham Presbyterian church, 1906-07; was professor Alabama Presbyterian college, 1909-16; professor, Southwestern Presbyterian university, 1916-17; professor of philosophy, University of Alabama since 1918; served as executive-secretary of the State council of defense for Alabama, April-September, 1918. He is a Presbyterian; Mason; and member of the Alpha Tau Omega fraternity. Author: brochure, "Our economic future." Unmarried. Residence: University.

LANGDON, CHARLES CARTER, editor, mayor of Mobile, member Alabama legislature and constitutional conventions, 1865 and 1875, secretary of State was born August 5, 1805, at Southington, Conn., and died at Mobile, June 8, 1889; son of Captain Giles and Sarah (Carter) Langdon, the former a soldier in the American Revolution, farmer and member of the Connecticut legislature; grandson of Giles and Ruth (Andrews) Langdon, of Southington; great-grandson of Joseph and Rachel (Cowles) Langdon, the latter a daughter of Samuel Cowles of Farmington, Conn.; great-great-grandson of Joseph and Susannah (Root) Langdon, the former a son of George Langdon who immigrated from England about 1646, settling first at Springfield, Mass., and dying at Northampton in 1678. Mr. Langdon was reared on his father's farm and educated at common school and the Episcopal academy at Cheshire, Conn., defective eyesight preventing his further education. He taught in Connecticut district school from his sixteenth to his twentieth year, but abandoned this work to accompany



HON. JOHN H. BANKHEAD

his elder brother, Levi, to Marion, Perry County, who had established a dry goods store at that place in 1825; candidate for Alabama legislature in 1832 and 1833, defeated both times; moved to Mobile, 1834, where he engaged in the cotton commission business with Martin A. Lee; again defeated for the State legislature in 1838 on the Whig platform; appointed editor "Mobile Daily Advertiser" 1838; mayor of Mobile 1849, annually re-elected with exception of one year, until 1855; defeated for congress in 1851; represented Mobile in legislature 1855-6, and 1862; member constitutional conventions of 1865 and 1875; elected to legislature 1881-82-83; unsuccessful candidate for governor in 1872 and again in 1878; appointed secretary of State 1885, appointment confirmed by election 1886. He was an earnest Whig and strong Union man but from the secession of Alabama he loyally supported his State and country. He was ever greatly interested in agriculture and was a trustee of the Agricultural and mechanical college at Auburn. Married: August 6, 1829, at Southington, Conn., to Eliza, daughter of Roswell Moore. Children: 1. Sarah L.; 2. Leontine L.; 3. Henry Clay; 4. a son, died in infancy; 5. Charles Carter, jr., died from an illness resulting from exposure during the War of Secession having fought with the Confederacy four years. Last residence: Mobile.

LANGDON, DANIEL WEBSTER, landscape architect, was born May 5, 1864, at Marion; son of Daniel Webster and Emma Elizabeth Coast (Nelson) Langdon; grandson of Levi Langdon; great-nephew of Charles Carter Langdon (q. v.). He was assistant Alabama geological surveyor, 1883-89; assistant professor chemistry, University of Alabama, 1889; fellow, geological society of America, 1890; original fellow and secretary, American society of landscape architects, 1889-90; regent Sigma Nu college fraternity, 1885-90. Married: August 17, 1896, at New Haven, Conn., Bernice Francis.

LANGHORNE, JOHN MILLER, physician, was born November 9, 1817, in Bedford County, Va., and died October 13, 1907, at Uniontown; son of William and Catharine (Calloway) Langhorne, natives of Warwick and Bedford Counties, respectively, who lived later in Roanoke County, Va.; grandson of John Scarisbrook and Elizabeth (Langhorne) Langhorne of Cumberland County, Va., and of James and Elizabeth (Early) Calloway of Bedford County; great-grandson of William and Mary (Scarisbrook) Langhorne, of "Gambell," a member of the house of burgesses for Warwick County, 1772-74-75, and of the conventions of 1775; great-great-grandson of John Langhorne, member of the house of burgesses from Warwick County, 1748; great-great-great-grandson of Capt. John Langhorne who settled in Warwick County, as early as 1675 and was a member of the house of burgesses for that county in 1676-77. He received his academic education in the common schools of Virginia and graduated with distinction from the Jefferson medical college, Philadelphia, Pa. He entered upon the practice of his profession at Uniontown, Perry

County, 1845, and at once began a useful and successful career which continued through the remainder of his life. The surrounding country quickly recognized his ability and his services and skill were called upon by suffering humanity for miles around. He was a Democrat; an Episcopalian; and a Mason. Married: November 17, 1852, at Marion, to Lucy Ann, daughter of Henry Clinton and Serena Ryng (Rootes) Lea of that place; granddaughter of Thomas Reade and Sarah (Battaille) Rootes; great-granddaughter of Thomas Reade and Maria Jacqueline (Smith) Rootes; great-great-granddaughter of Philip and Mildred (Reade) Rootes; great-great-great-granddaughter of Thomas and Lucy (Gwyn) Reade; great-great-great-great-granddaughter of Col. George and Elizabeth (Martian) Reade, the former having been secretary of the commonwealth of Virginia, 1637-71; great-great-great-great-great-granddaughter of Robert and Mildred (Winderbanke) Reade of Linkenholt, England; great-great-great-great-great-great-granddaughter of Sir Thomas and Frances (Dymoke) Winderbanke; great-great-great-great-great-great-granddaughter of Sir Edward Dymoke of Scrivelsby, hereditary champion of the king, which position was held in the family by virtue of descent from Robert de Marmion, Lord of Fontenay, who accompanied William the Conqueror to England, and whose family it is said were hereditary champions to the Duke of Normandy for many generations previously. Children: 1. Marion Cobb, m. William J. Vaiden (q. v.), Uniontown; 2. William Henry, m. Mary Crome Chadwick, Chapel Hill, Tex.; 3. John Miller m. Kate Montague Corcoran, Uniontown; 4. Rena Rootes, m. John Cooke, Uniontown; 5. Lucy Lea, m. William Henry Tayloe (q. v.), Uniontown. Last residence: Uniontown.

LANGLEY, JAMES, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 80, resided in Chambers County, June 1, 1840.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

LANIER, CLIFFORD ANDERSON, author, business man, and educator, was born April 24, 1844, at Griffin, Spalding County, Ga., and died in Montgomery, November 3, 1908; son of Robert Sampson and Mary Jane (Anderson) Lanier, the former of French ancestry, a native of North Carolina, who later removed to Macon, then Griffin, Ga., where he practiced law, the latter a Virginian of Scotch-Irish stock; grandson of Sterling and Sarah (Fullwood) Lanier, who lived in Macon, Ga., and later in Montgomery, and of Hezekiah Anderson of Nottoway County, Va. He received his elementary education in private and public schools of Macon, Ga., and entered Oglethorpe university, Midway, Ga., but his studies were interrupted by the events of the War of Secession. While here he was greatly influenced by Prof. Talmage, brother of the famous pulpit orator. He read law under his father-in-law, Judge David Clopton, and was admitted to the bar. He was for years proprietor of the old Exchange hotel with which he first became associated when a lad as clerk. In 1865, he returned from the war to resume this position, later taking mana-

gerial charge which he relinquished in 1884, although he retained a business connection with this famous hostelry until his death. He was at one time superintendent of the city schools of Montgomery and his portrait hangs in the auditorium of the Sidney Lanier high school, which was named in honor of his poet-musician brother. He entered the Confederate Army as a private in the Macon volunteers, Georgia, April, 1862, and was afterwards transferred to Milligan's Independent corps of signal men. He served in the Virginia campaigns until 1864; was signal officer on the blockade runner *Talisman*, which vessel was lost. He escaped to Cuba, ran the blockade at Galveston, Texas, and reached Macon, May, 1865, after the close of hostilities. He was a Democrat; and a Methodist. Author: "Thorn-Fruit," a novel; "Apollo and Keats on Browning and other poems"; "Love and loyalty at war"; "Dialect poems," in collaboration with his brother; "The Power of Prayer"; "Uncle Jim's Baptist revival hymn"; "The Power of affection, or Voting in Alabama"; "Friar Servetus," a paraphrase; "Ritual of the United Confederate Veterans." Married: November 26, 1867, at Montgomery, to Wilhelmina (q. v.), daughter of David and Martha (Ligon) Clopton (q. v.), the latter the daughter of Lieut.-Gov. Robert and Wilhelmina (Fullwood) Ligon (q. v.), of Tuskegee. Children: 1. Wilhelmina, m. (1) William Lehman Durr, deceased, (2) John Tilly, of Montgomery; 2. Clifford m. Mary Siebels Ball, Montgomery. Last residence: Montgomery.

LANIER, JAMES CRAWFORD, business man and legislator, was born November 5, 1846, in Clarke County, Ga.; son of Walter and Mary E. (Mead) Lanier of that place; grandson of Thomas J. Mead. He was educated in the common schools. He served eighteen months in Co. D, 1st Georgia cavalry regiment, C. S. Army. During 1903 he served in the legislature from Talladega County. He is a farmer and merchant. He is a Democrat; and a Methodist. Married: to Mary E., daughter of John F. and Mary J. (Burge) Sproull, of Stilesboro, Ga. Residence: Kymulga.

LANIER, WILHEMINA (CLOPTON), patriotic worker, was the daughter of David and Martha (Ligon) Clopton (q. v.). She was a member of the Alabama division, United Daughters of the Confederacy; president of the Cradle of the Confederacy chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy, of Montgomery; and served as acting president of the Ladies' memorial association. Married: Clifford Lanier (q. v.). Last residence: Montgomery.

LANDALE, ISAAC, *soldier of the American Revolution*, a resident of Montgomery County; private Delaware Line; enrolled on September 9, 1828, under act of Congress of May 15, 1828, payment to date from March 3, 1826; annual allowance, \$80; sums received to date of publication of list, \$720.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in Vol. xiv, Sen. Doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Fayette County, June 1, 1840, aged 80.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

LAPSLEY, JOHN W., pioneer citizen, was a native of Tennessee, his parents being Virginians. He came to Selma in 1826 as a youth from Kentucky. He was first employed as a clerk, later forming a partnership with R. H. Croswell and embarking in the mercantile business. At the expiration of two years he entered Transylvania law school, Lexington, Ky., graduating in 1835. He returned to Selma and practiced until 1860, when he retired. He was interested in the railroads of Selma, taking especial interest in the Selma, Rome and Dalton railroad. Last residence: Selma.

LAPSLEY, SAMUEL NORVELL, Presbyterian missionary, was born April 14, 1866, in Selma, and died at Underhill, Lower Congo, March 26, 1892; son of Judge James W. and Sara Eliza (Pratt) Lapsley. He was graduated from the University of Alabama, A. B., 1884, and A. M., 1885, and during the year, 1884-1885, was an instructor in the university. He obtained his theological training at Union seminary, Virginia, and at McCormick seminary, Chicago, and was graduated from the latter institution, B. D., 1888. Before granted his license, he was engaged in successful home-mission work among the poor, ignorant and destitute. He supplied the churches at Birmingham and Decatur, and at Royalton, Minn., during his vacations, and served as pastor of the Presbyterian church at Anniston, 1888-1889. Being much interested in the spiritual welfare of the negro race, he offered himself and was accepted as a missionary to Africa. In company with Rev. W. H. Shepherd, a negro, who was also accepted, he sailed from New York February 26, 1890, for the Congo Free State in Africa, and reached that place after some necessary delay in England for an outfit, and in Belgium for an interview with King Leopold, founder of the Congo Free State. He selected Luebo as a site for the Presbyterian mission, and began the work with Mr. Shepherd. He had many attacks of the African fever, but worked on until it gained too great a foothold and he had to give up to the disease. While returning from the coast, where he had gone to secure titles to the mission property, he became fatally sick, and died at Underhill, just below the cataracts of the Congo. Last residence: Luebo, Congo Free State, Africa.

LARY, WASHINGTON T., lieutenant colonel, 6th Alabama cavalry, C. S. Army.

LATHAM, MILTON SLOCUM, U. S. senator and banker, a resident of Alabama in his early life, was born at Columbus, O., May 23, 1827, and died in New York city, March 4, 1882; son of Bela Latham. He was a graduate of Jefferson college, Pa.; removed to Alabama, where he taught in Russell County; studied law; was admitted to the bar, 1848, and appointed clerk of the circuit court. He was an unsuccessful candidate for the recorder's court in San Francisco the same year; district attorney of Sacramento and El Dorado Counties, 1850-51; and in 1852 was elected a representative in congress on the Democratic ticket. He declined a reelection; in 1855 was appointed clerk of the

port of San Francisco; was elected governor in 1853, and took the seat, but the day after his inauguration, January, 1860, he was chosen senator to succeed David C. Broderick, who had been killed in a duel the previous September. He served out the unexpired term to March 3, 1863. During his last year his sympathies for the southern states were pronounced. He returned to San Francisco, engaged in the practice of the law, became president of the London and San Francisco bank, and later of the California Pacific railroad company. He was twice married. Last residence: San Francisco.

LATHEM, J. E. T., business man, was born in 1837, in Trussville, and died August 8, 1913, in Birmingham. He was reared in Trussville, and served in the C. S. Army, as a member of Gen. John H. Morgan's Second Confederate cavalry. He was a pioneer of Birmingham and Jefferson County, and had lived in Birmingham for thirty years prior to his death. He was an enthusiastic Mason, was founder of the Georgia Anne Davis lodge, No. 348, of Trussville, and was worshipful master of that lodge for thirteen years. Married. Children: 1. Dr. G. M.; 2. Dr. Sinkler N.; 3. William T., vice president of the Commercial bank and trust company, Birmingham; 4. John D., president of the Monarch livery company, Birmingham; 5. Alf H., deputy clerk of the circuit court; 6. Mrs. William H. Pattie, wife of the county superintendent of convicts; 7. Josephine. Last residence: Birmingham.

LATHRAM, LESLIE PRITCHETT, Methodist minister, was born March 3, 1865, at Hayneville, Lowndes County; son of John Jackson and Frances Jane (Shepherd), the former a Methodist minister, teacher and later merchant, living first in Pike County, then in Escambia County, Fla., later at Powelton, a member Alabama conference, 1821-1865; grandson of Daniel and Mahala (Townley) Shepherd, of Scotch and English descent respectively. His grandfather Townley, was a soldier in the Revolution; great-grandfather Townley, lost his life at sea while returning home to settle up a family estate, and great-grandfather Shepherd, first settled in North Carolina, but afterward removed to Escambia County, Fla., where he died of yellow fever. He was educated in the common schools of his native county and at Powelton, Fla.; licensed to preach when sixteen years of age; admitted to conference in December, 1885, at Union Springs; was four years Conference missionary secretary. He is now serving at Marianna, Fla. He is a Mason, and Knight of Pythias. Married: December 1, 1887, at Lawrenceville, Henry County, to Vida May, daughter of James Russell and Elizabeth Frances (Price) Hill, natives of North Carolina and South Carolina, respectively. Children: 1. Maude Evelyn; 2. Leslie Wade; 3. Bertie McSwain; 4. Elizabeth. Residence: Marianna, Fla.

LA TOURETTE, JOHN, early surveyor and cartographer in Alabama.

LATTIMORE, JOHN COMPERE, educator, was born March 25, 1862, at Marion, and died in March, 1915; son of Rev. John Lee and Catherine (Shivers) Lattimore. He graduated from the National normal college, 1886, and received the B. S. 1895, and M. S., 1896, from Baylor university. He was superintendent of schools, Falls County, Texas, 1887-90; principal of the preparatory school 1890-92, professor of mathematics, 1892-97, chairman of faculty, 1897-99, at Baylor university; superintendent of the city schools of Waco, Tex., 1899-1915. He was a member of the faculty, Texas-Colorado Chautauqua, Boulder, Colo., 1900; member of the Texas State board of examiners, 1900-05; and president Texas State teachers association, 1899. Married: June 20, 1889, to Lucy Edens, of Okolona, Miss. Last residence: Waco, Tex.

LATTY, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*. "On the 30th ult., James Latty, an old citizen of this county in the 102nd year of his age. He was a native of North Carolina, but had lived on the head waters of Brierfork for two generations. He volunteered in the revolutionary war; but his father, being in a helpless condition, furnished means for a substitute for his son."—*The Southern Advocate*, Huntsville, April 11, 1860.

LAUDERDALE, JAMES, railroad man, was born in March, 1836, in Rhea County, Tenn.; son of James and Jane (Johnson) Lauderdale, natives of Tennessee, the former removed from Rhea County to Bradley County, Tenn., about 1838, and aided in removing the Indians from that county, was later elected sheriff and represented Bradley County, several times in the legislature of Tennessee; grandson of Gen. James Lauderdale who was intimately associated with Gen. Jackson in the War of 1812, and who was killed at the battle of New Orleans. The first Lauderdale emigrated from Scotland to Virginia in colonial days. He received a good common school education, and began work as a clerk in 1853, for Reynolds and Hughes at Cleveland, Tenn.; in 1855, he became local agent for the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia and worked as such eighteen months; resigned at that time and in fall of 1856, entered firm of Reynolds and Hughes at Cleveland, the name becoming J. Lauderdale and company. He enlisted in 1861 as a private in the Lookout battery, later being promoted first lieutenant. He was with the Southern express company after the war several months; subsequently worked for John M. Bridges, agent at Atlanta for the State railroad of Louisiana; Southern passenger agent for two years for the Atlanta and Washington railroad company; for one year, agent of the Selma and Meridian railway at Meridian, Miss.; agent for Western railroad company at Selma from 1871 to 1880, removed to Columbus, Ga., where he remained one year; then made agent for East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad company, and the Memphis and Chattanooga railroad company at Chattanooga, where he remained until 1885, when he resigned to accept agency of Western railroad of Alabama, at Selma. He is a Democrat; Mason; and Presby-

terian. Married: in 1875, to Florence Howard, of Dallas County. Children: one son and two daughters. Residence: Selma.

LAVENDER, HUGH, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 79, and a resident of Greene County; dragoon S. C. Militia; enrolled on February 10, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$66.21.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

LAVENDER, WILLIAM WEBB, lawyer, was born September 27, 1868, at Greensboro, Hale County; son of William Hellen and Jane (Warf) Lavender, the former a native of Greensboro, N. C., who came to Alabama when a child, and lived at Greensboro, where he was a planter and mill man; grandson of William and Nicle (Hellen) Lavender, of Greensboro, N. C., and of John H. and Virginia (Lindsey) Warf, of Canton, Miss. He received his early instruction from a governess; attended Southern University, Greensboro; was graduated from Howard College, with first honors, B. A., 1888; and from the law department of the University of Alabama, LL. B., 1891. He began the practice of law at Centerville in 1891; was appointed county solicitor of Bibb County, 1892; represented that county in the State legislature, 1896, and 1910. He is a Democrat; a Presbyterian; a Knight of Pythias; and a member of Sigma Nu college fraternity. Married: in September, 1896, at Centerville, to Ella Sue Davidson, daughter of Col. James L. and Susan (Powell) Davidson, of Centerville, the former a colonel in the C. S. Army, a judge of probate of Bibb County, and a descendant of the Davidson family of North Carolina. Children: 1. William Davidson. Residence: Centerville.

LAVERTY, JOHN STACKHOUSE, merchant, was born May 11, 1856, at Parkesburg, Chester County, Pa.; son of Charles and Margaretta McClure (Stackhouse) Laverty, who lived at Parkesburg, Leaman Place, and Philadelphia, Pa., served as an employee of the Pennsylvania Railroad for fifty-two years, and was a member of the board of education of Lancaster County for a number of years; grandson of Robert and Rebecca (Morgan) Laverty, of Morgantown, Pa., the former a representative in the Pennsylvania state legislature from Chester County, elected on the Tory ticket, and of John and Elizabeth (McFarland) Stackhouse, who lived near Parkesburg, Pa.; great-grandson of Samuel Laverty, a native of Lancaster County, Pa., whose father, an Irish immigrant, settled in Philadelphia County, Pa. Through an accident, Mr. Laverty lost the sight of one eye when he was twelve years old, and a year later became totally blind. Prior to the accident, he had attended the public schools at Leaman Place, Pa., and later entered the Philadelphia school for the Blind, where he was graduated after six years of training. The year after his graduation, he entered upon his life's vocation of teaching music. His first

position was that of musical director in the Louisiana State School for the Blind, at Baton Rouge, which position he held for several years. He was then elected to the musical department of the Alabama School for the Blind at Talladega, and held that position for twenty-one years. He opened a music store in Talladega in 1888, and a branch house in Gadsden in 1905, incorporating the business at Gadsden in 1910, under the name of the Laverty Music Company. He is a Democrat; and an Episcopalian. Married: July 8, 1880, at Baton Rouge, La., to Maria Louisa, daughter of Richard and Mary Warren (Newcomb) Loucks, of that place, the former a lawyer, and at one time attorney general of Louisiana; granddaughter of Henry Loucks, a lawyer in Albany, N. Y., and of Francis Dana Newcomb, whose father, Richard English Newcomb, was probate judge of Greenfield, Mass., for twenty-eight years, and served in the Massachusetts legislature. Children: 1. Charles DeWilton, m. Frances Ella Thornton; 2. Phebe Maria, m. Dr. Edwin Gray Little; 3. Mary Warren, m. Marion McDonald Lawrence; 4. John Stackhouse, deceased; 5. Robert Latta, m. Daisy Alston Armstead; 6. Margaretta Nye, m. Rufus Cobb Fell. Residence: Talladega.

LAVRETTA, C. L. mayor of Mobile, 1894-97.

LAW, EVANDER McIVER, teacher, major general, C. S. Army, and college president, was born August 7, 1836, at Darlington, S. C.; son of Ezekiel Augustus and Sarah Elizabeth (McIver) Law, both of Darlington, S. C., the former an active lawyer, member of the state legislature, county judge, and commissioner in equity in his state for many years; grandson of William and Mary (Dubose) Law, the former served in Marion's command during the last year of the Revolutionary War, and of Evander Roderick and Eliza (Cowan) McIver, the former a brigadier general of the South Carolina forces during the nullification troubles of 1831-33, a planter of Darlington, S. C., who removed to Macon county; great-grandson of George and Anna (Lards) Law, the former of a Scotch-Irish family who emigrated from Ireland about 1760, settled in Williamsburg County, S. C., was a soldier in Marion's command during the American Revolution; great-grandson of Evander Roderick McIver and wife, Miss Kolb, sister of Capt. Abel Kolb of General Marion's brigade, who was killed by the Tories; great-great-grandson of Evander Roderick McIver, who emigrated from Scotland in 1746, and settled near Society Hill, Darlington County, S. C. General Law was educated in the primary schools of his district, at old St. John's academy, and the South Carolina military academy, graduating from the latter, November 20, 1856, with the B. S. degree. He was assistant professor of belles lettres at the Academy, during his senior year. He commenced the study of law at Yorkville, S. C., 1858, after having occupied the chair of history and belles lettres in King's Mountain military institute in that place, from January, 1857, until May, 1860; removed to Tuskegee,

September, 1860, establishing the Tuskegee military high school of which he was principal at the outbreak of the war. He entered the Confederate Army as captain of the Alabama Zouaves, afterward Co. B, 4th Alabama infantry regiment, January to May 2, 1861; lieutenant-colonel of the regiment, May 2 to October 28, 1861; and, colonel, Oct. 28, 1861. He was commissioned brigadier-general, October 3, 1862, and promoted to major general, March 20, 1865, holding this commission until April 26, 1865, when he surrendered with Gen. Joseph E. Johnston. He took part in the capture of Pensacola at the outbreak of the war; commanded his company at Dalton, Ga., when it became Co. B, 4th Alabama infantry regiment; was wounded at the first battle of Manassas; led the 4th Alabama at Seven Pines; commanded Whiting's brigade during the rest of the seven days fight; was at the battle of Gaines' Mill; and commanded the brigade at second Manassas, Boonsborough and Sharpsburg. He took command of a brigade composed of the 4th Alabama, 44th Alabama, 6th North Carolina, 54th North Carolina and the 57th North Carolina infantry regiments just prior to the battle of Fredericksburg. The organization of his brigade under which some changes were made in January, 1863, now consisted of the 4th, 15th, 44th, 47th and the 48th Alabama infantry regiments. He commanded General Hood's division on the third day at Gettysburg. He again commanded the same division at Chickamauga and on the Knoxville campaign. He commanded his own brigade at the Wilderness, Spottsylvania and at Cold Harbor. After the surrender he returned to South Carolina where he lived as a planter and engaged in the railroad business until 1872 when he again moved to Alabama, where he organized the grange, of which he was secretary, 1872-1876. In November, 1881, he returned to Yorkville, S. C., where he was associate principal of the King's Mountain institute, 1883-84. He engaged in farming and engineering until 1893, when he removed to Florida, establishing in 1894, the South Florida military institute at Bartow, organized as a private enterprise, but which was made a state institution one year later. He resigned the superintendency of this school in 1903, becoming in 1905, editor of the "Bartow Courier-Informant." General Law was commander of the Florida division, United Confederate Veterans, 1899-1903, and is honorary commander of that organization at the present time. He was chairman of the commission to erect a monument on the battlefield of Olustee; member of the commission named to erect the Florida monument at Chickamauga; member on the commission to place Florida's representatives in Statuary Hall at Washington; Florida commissioner at the Peace Reunion at Gettysburg, July 1-4, 1913; one of the founders of and honorary president of Gettysburg peace memorial association; chairman, board of trustees of Sumerlin institute, 1904-1912; member of the county board of public instruction of Polk county, Fla., 1912-1920, when he was removed by Governor Catts. He is an Odd Fellow; Democrat; and a Presbyterian. Author: of a num-

ber of articles for magazines and other publications relating to the War of Secession. Married: March 9, 1863, at Columbia, S. C., to Jane Elizabeth, daughter of William Albert and Camilla Catherine (Torrence) Latta of Yorkville, S. C.; granddaughter of Robert and Jane (Allison) Latta, and of James and Ann (Davidson) Torrence; great-granddaughter of William Latta, who emigrated to America from Ireland, shortly before the Revolutionary War, settled in Iredell county, N. C., and married a Miss Davidson, of Charlotte. The Allison, Davidsons and Torrences were all strong Whigs in the Mecklenburg section of North Carolina during the Revolution. Children: 1. Evander McIver, m. Louise Boyd, Miami, Fla.; 2. William Latta, m. Elizabeth H. Whitner, Rock Hill, S. C.; 3. Annie Latta, m. Philip B. Johnston, Bartow, Fla.; 4. Edwin Augustus, m. Nelle Holbrook, Bartow, Fla. Residence: Bartow, Fla.

LAW, FRANCIS MARION, Baptist minister, was born May 15, 1828, in Sumter District, S. C., and died May 11, 1903, at Belton, Tex.; son of Isaiah H. and Sarah (Gholdson) Law. He was educated for a physician at the Medical college of Georgia; removed in early manhood to Alabama with his parents; and practiced his profession at Wetumpka and Selma. He was ordained a Baptist minister in 1855; for five years served as financial secretary of the Alabama Baptist Bible and Colportage society; was chaplain on the Steamboat "Bethel" operating on Mobile Bay during the War of Secession; removed to Texas, served at Brenham, Plantersville, Houston and Bryan. He was one of the editors of the "Baptist Standard"; president of the board of trustees of Baylor college; and was one of the founders of the Educational commission in Texas. He was married and left descendants. His son, Francis Marion, jr., is president of the First national bank of Houston. Last residence: Bryan, Tex.

LAW, JOHN, Scottish financier and adventurer. See Indian chiefs and associated characters.

LAW, JULIUS A., lieutenant colonel, 2nd Alabama reserves, C. S. Army.

LAWLER, JOAB, public official, representative in congress, was born June 12, 1796, in Monroe County, N. C., and died May 8, 1838, in Washington, D. C. His parents moved to Tennessee when he was a youth, moved to Mississippi territory in 1815, later settled in Madison County, and in 1819, in Shelby County. He received a common school education, to which he added by study and reading. He held the offices of clerk of the circuit court, and county judge of Shelby County, between 1821-1826; was elected to the State legislature from Shelby County, 1826-1831; served Bibb and Shelby Counties in the State senate, 1831-1832, resigning in the latter year to accept the position of receiver of public money for the Coosa land district tendered him by President Andrew Jackson; held that office at Mardisville, Talladega County, until elected to congress in 1835

over Eli Shortridge and Pleasant H. May, both of Tuscaloosa; was re-elected to congress in 1837 over Hon. H. W. Ellis of Tuscaloosa, and died during that session of congress. He was treasurer of the University of Alabama from 1833 until 1836. He united with the Baptist church in 1826, and shortly afterward was ordained to the ministry. From the time of his ordination to his election to congress, he filled the office of pastor. The Talladega, now Alpine, and the Talladega town churches were originated by his ministry and he was their pastor. He was a Whig. Mr. Lawler is buried in the congressional cemetery at Washington, D. C. Married: to Miss Baker, sister of Hon. Robert A. Baker of Dallas County. Children: 1. Gen. Levi W. (q. v.). Last residence: Washington, D. C.

LAWLER, LEVI WELBOURNE, business man, was born in 1816, in Madison County; son of Joab Lawler (q. v.). He moved with his parents to Talladega County in 1835; was well educated; and when he was nineteen years old, succeeded his father as receiver of public monies of the Coosa land district, under appointment of President Jackson. After four years in that office, he was suspended because of his opposition to the administration of President Van Buren, but was restored to the position in 1841 by President Tyler, and held it for another term of four years. On the expiration of his term of office he returned to Talladega County from DeKalb, where he had moved with the office, and gave his attention to planting. While a resident of DeKalb County, he was elected a brigadier general of militia. In 1848, he located in Mobile and engaged in the commission business. He was a delegate for the state at large to the Charleston convention in 1860; was elected to the State legislature in 1861; and was re-elected in 1863, serving in that body throughout the entire period of the War of Secession, and for three years as chairman of the committee on ways and means. He continued in the commission business after the war, and was a member of the firm of Baker, Lawler & Company of Mobile. In 1874, he was appointed by Gov. Houston as one of the state commissioners to adjust and liquidate the State debt. For many years he was one of the trustees of Howard college, and of the Agricultural and mechanical college of Alabama. He was a member of the Baptist church. Married: (1) to Miss Jenkins of Talladega County; (2) to a grand-daughter of Hon. William Smith of South Carolina, a member of the First U. S. congress. Last residence: Talladega.

LAWLER, ROBERT THOMPSON, farmer, miller and legislator, was born September 4, 1858, at Brownsboro, Madison County; son of John and Susan Ann (Thompson) Lawler, the former of Brownsboro, served in Capt. Thomas Taylor's company, C. S. Army, the latter of Buckingham County, Va.; grandson of Benjamin and Rhoda (Whitaker) Lawler, of Maysville, and of Robert and Ann Thompson of Buckingham County, Va. He was educated in the schools of Brownsboro, Maysville and Larkinsville. He is a farmer and miller. He represented

Madison County in the legislature of 1911. He is a Democrat; a Cumberland Presbyterian; an Odd Fellow; and Woodman of the World. Married: October 7, 1890, at Maysville, to Aggie Gilbert, daughter of Lenard and Catherine (Pickens) Lamberson, of Brownsboro. Residence: Brownsboro.

LAWRENCE, JOHN, merchant and planter, was born November 2, 1825, in Jefferson County, Tenn.; son of James and Chelnessa (Doherty) Lawrence, who came to Alabama in 1839 and settled on a farm near Cedar Bluff; grandson of James Lawrence who moved from North Carolina to Jefferson County, Tenn., where he married a Miss Cate; great-grandson of Thomas Lawrence, who fought in the Revolutionary War, and settled in North Carolina, and of Gen. George Doherty, who served in the Creek War of 1812-1815. He is brother of Dr. George D. W. Lawrence, who was graduated from the medical college at Augusta, Ga., practiced medicine at Gaylesville and in Cedar Bluff, was surgeon-general of the State militia before the War of Secession and during that war served as post surgeon, being prevented from entering the field by ill health, served as county health officer after the war; and of Robert Lawrence, a merchant and farmer of Cedar Bluff, who was vice president of the North Georgia and Alabama exposition, held at Rome, Ga., 1888, one of the organizers of the Cedar Bluff Land, Mining & Manufacturing Company, editor of the "Industrial Free Press." The Lawrence family is an ancient family of England. The progenitor of the branch in this country came to America early in colonial times and settled in Virginia. Mr. Lawrence was reared on a farm and educated in the common schools and at a college in Jefferson County, Tenn. He taught school for a short time, then read law and was admitted to the bar, but never practiced law. He engaged in the mercantile business at Gaylesville from 1851-1854; moved to Cedar Bluff and remained there and on a farm on the Chattanooga River near there until the fall of 1862, when he moved to a plantation near Cedar Bluff in the Coosa Valley. He was elected a member of the Alabama state convention in 1865 for the reorganization of the State government; was elected to the State legislature from Cherokee County in 1865; was re-elected in 1866, and in 1878. He was a Democrat, a Mason and a Baptist. Married: (1) in June, 1854, at Cedar Bluff, to Emily E. (Hampton) Watt, who died February 18, 1887; (2) December 22, 1887, in Chattanooga, Tenn., to Martha A. Cate, daughter of William T. Cate, sheriff of Hamilton County, Tenn., who was murdered by a gang of desperadoes in 1882. Children, by first marriage: 1. James R.; 2. George G.; by second marriage: 3. Nellie C.; 4. Samuel Cate. Last residence: Cherokee County.

LAWRENCE, WILLIAM HAYWOOD, publisher and editor, was born March 18, 1860, at Tuscaloosa; son of William Haywood and Elvira E. (Caldwell) Lawrence, the former of whom entered the C. S. Army as corporal in the Warrior Guards under Robert E. Rhodes



Rich B Kelly.

as captain, was promoted to captain of Co. K., Eighth Alabama cavalry, C. P. Boll, colonel, and was killed in battle, October 12, 1864, near Rome, Ga., during an attempt to check Sherman's raid through Georgia; grandson of William Haywood and Mary (Prince) Lawrence (q. v.), and of John S. and Mary (Eddins) Caldwell, of Tuscaloosa. He was educated in private schools at Tuscaloosa, and spent two years in the University of Alabama. He became a printer, publisher and editor, entering the business first in the office of the Tuscaloosa "Blade" in 1873, when he was thirteen years of age. Afterwards, he established a paper at Clanton, in 1881. He has served as secretary of the county Democratic committee of Chilton County, is a Baptist and a Knight of Pythias. Married: August 8, 1888, in Montgomery, to Emily Jordan Reid, daughter of Samuel G. and Clara (Gerald) Reid, of Montgomery, the former the editor of the Montgomery "Advertiser" during the War of Secession, 1861-1865, editor of the Montgomery "Bulletin" after the War, and U. S. Marshal under President Grant's administration. Children: 1. Minnie Reid, m. Thomas J. Auld, Portsmouth, Va.; 2. Julia C., m. Mavens E. McConnell, Livingston. Residence: Livingston.

LAWRENCE, WILLIAM HAYWOOD, planter, was born September 24, 1791, at Raleigh, N. C., and died June 22, 1858; son of Josiah and Charity (Haywood) Lawrence, the former a native of New Jersey, who moved from that state to North Carolina, and was either a brother or nephew of the naval hero, James Lawrence; grandson of Col. William and Charity (Hare) Haywood, who lived in Edgecombe County, N. C., the former colonel of militia forces of Edgecombe County, N. C., a member of the council for Halifax District in 1775, a member of the provisional congress of North Carolina at Halifax, April, 1776, and November, 1776, a member of the committee in the last named body which drafted the state constitution and bill of rights, a member of the council of state in 1776, and one of the commissioners who signed the Revolutionary currency of North Carolina; great-grandson of Col. John and Mary (Lovett) Haywood, who came from New York and settled in Edgecombe County, N. C., the former colonel of colonial militia, a member of the North Carolina assembly, 1746-1752, commissioner of coast fortifications in 1748, treasurer of the northern counties of the colony, 1752, surveyor to Earl Granville who was last of the lord proprietors of North Carolina. Mr. Lawrence moved from North Carolina and settled at LaGrange, where he built the first college building of old LaGrange college. In 1836, he moved from LaGrange and settled at Tuscaloosa. He was a planter, and was "such a fair and just man that he was arbitrator among his neighbors in many differences and was called 'judge' by his neighbors on account of their appreciation of his fairness among them."

Married: (1) to Mary Prince; (2) May 16, 1836, at Tuscaloosa, to Idegerte L. Anthony, daughter of Henry Tate and Mary Caroline (Lovell) Anthony, natives of Henry County, Va., who were married December 1, 1805, grand-

daughter of Mary and Nancy (Tate) Anthony, and of William and Mary (Marshall) Lovell, the latter a sister of Chief Justice John Marshall, great-granddaughter of Joseph Tate of Albemarle County, Va. Children, by first marriage: 1. Oliver James, b. December 6, 1818, was graduated from the University of Alabama, A. B., 1840, and A. M., 1841, practiced law at Tuscaloosa, enlisted in the C. S. Army as private in Tarrant's Alabama battery, was wounded at Corinth, Miss., and died as a result of his wounds, 1864, m. Margarie Ridgeway; 2. Charity Hare, d. in Mississippi, m. Mr. Neville; 3. Josiah, d. in 1842, unmarried; 4. Mary, d. at nineteen years of age, unmarried; 5. Arabella Timesia, d. in Greensboro, m. James W. McCrary; 6. Col. Robert J., colonel of the Fourteenth Mississippi regiment, d. at Shubuta, Miss., m. Bettie Ledgyard; 7. Maria, m. Haywood Parker; 8. Harriet, deceased, m. John Colgin; 9. Capt. William Haywood, b. July 30, 1830, became a merchant at Tuscaloosa; enlisted in the C. S. Army as corporal of the Warrior Guards, 1861, was made captain of infantry in 1862, served as captain of cavalry, Eighth Alabama regiment, 1863-64, killed in battle near Rome, Ga., October 12, 1864, m. Elvira Caldwell, child, William Haywood, jr. (q. v.); by second marriage: 10. Lieut. Nicholas P., served with the Forty-third Alabama regiment, C. S. Army, d. in 1867, m. Kitty Vaughn; 11. Lieut. Charles M., served with the Forty-third Alabama regiment, C. S. Army, killed December 14, 1863, at Beanes Station, Tenn.; 12. Sergt. Henry A., served with the Forty-third Alabama regiment, C. S. Army, killed at Petersburg, Va., December 25, 1864; 13. Idegerte L., d. December 13, 1909, m. Alto V. Lee (q. v.); 14. Sherwood H., d. in 1913, m. Mamie Allen. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

LAWSON, JAMES HENRY, business man, was born September 27, 1848, at Talladega; son of James and Mary (Elliott) Lawson, the former who was born in Sevierville, Tenn., lived at Ashville, St. Clair County, and Talladega, served as postmaster of Talladega, and as justice of the peace for forty-seven consecutive years; grandson of Robert and Martha (Nickles) Lawson, of Sevierville, Tenn., and Talladega, and of Capt. Thomas and Elizabeth Elliott, of Winchester, Tenn., and Talladega. Mr. Lawson was educated in the schools of Talladega; served as a private in Co. A, Maj. Joseph Hardie's battalion of reserves, Alabama State troops, in the War of Secession; served as county surveyor for more than twenty years; was a public school trustee for eighteen years; and was for a number of years a member of the county board of education. He represented Talladega County in the State legislature, 1896-1897, and again in 1907. He is a Methodist and an Odd Fellow. Married: December 31, 1873, at Talladega, to Alice E. Cross, daughter of Col. Thomas J. and Eliza (Edwards) Cross, the latter a descendant of a Revolutionary soldier. Residence: Talladega.

LAWSON, WILLIAM HENRY, farmer, member of the Alabama legislature, and Confederate soldier, was born May 12, 1845, in Chambers

County; son of David and Martha Jane (Lyle) Lawson, both natives of Georgia. He was reared in Coosa County, and on July 19, 1861, at the age of seventeen years, he enlisted in the Confederate service as a private in Co. C, 13th Alabama infantry regiment, serving under Colonel Winston, Birkett D. Fry, and James Aiken, and under Stonewall Jackson and A. P. Hill in the Army of Northern Virginia until the surrender at Appomattox. He participated in the battles of Yorktown, Williamsburg, Seven Pines, the Seven Days before Richmond, South Mountain, Sharpsburg, Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville, Gettysburg, Bristoe Station, the Wilderness, Spottsylvania Court House, and the fighting about Petersburg. At the close of the war he returned to his home, and later removed to Montgomery County, where he conducts a successful plantation. He has held the position of chairman of the Democratic county committee, and membership on the State committee, and two years was chairman of the congressional committee, and was active in the overthrow of carpet-bag and negro rule. In 1878-79, and 1884-85, he was a member of the State legislature. For four years he was clerk of the convict department. Married: (1) in 1871, to Ellen Ready, (2) in 1886, to Virginia Lee Steagall. Children: six sons and four daughters. Residence: Montgomery County.

LAY, GEORGE WILLIAM, clergyman, was born on February 26, 1860, at Huntsville; son of Bishop Henry Champlin and Elizabeth Withers (Atkinson) Lay (q. v.). He received his early education at St. Paul's preparatory school, Concord, N. H.; took his A. B. degree at Yale, 1882; B. D., General theological seminary, N. Y. 1886; and D. C. L. from the University of the South at Sewanee, 1915. He was ordained deacon in the Protestant Episcopal church, 1885, and priest, 1886; was assistant minister St. Paul's parish, Erie, Pa., 1885-87; St. George's parish, Newburgh, N. Y., 1887-88; master in St. Paul's school, Concord, N. Y., 1888-1907; secretary board of missions, diocese of New Hampshire, 1895-1907; and since 1907 has been rector at St. Mary's school, Raleigh, N. C. He is a Democrat; and a member of the Psi Upsilon college fraternity. Married: June 26, 1894, to Anna Booth Balch, of Baltimore, Md. Residence: Raleigh, N. C.

LAY, HENRY CHAMPLIN, Protestant Episcopal bishop, was born at Richmond, Va., December 6, 1823, and died at Baltimore, Md., September 17, 1885; son of John Olmsted and Lucy Emma (May) Lay. Bishop Lay graduated from the University of Virginia, 1842, and from the Episcopal theological seminary, Alexandria, 1846; received the degree of D. D. from Hobart college, 1857, and from William and Mary college, 1873; and LL. D. from Cambridge University, England. He was ordained a deacon by Bishop Meade in Christ's church, Alexandria, July 10, 1846, and served the following six months at Lynnhaven. He accepted a call to the Church of the Nativity, Huntsville, 1847, and while here was ordained a priest, July 12, 1848, by Bishop Nicholas Hamner Cobbs. He remained at Huntsville for twelve years, leav-

ing that place at his election as missionary bishop of the South-West. He was consecrated at Richmond, Va., October 23, 1859. After the War of Secession his jurisdiction was somewhat restricted and his title was changed to missionary bishop of Arkansas. He was elected and translated as the first bishop of Eaton, April 1, 1869, when the diocese of Maryland was subdivided. He wrote many books and tracts. Married: May 13, 1847; to Elizabeth Withers, daughter of Roger and Mary T. (Withers) Atkinson, granddaughter Thomas and Elizabeth (Grammer) Withers, all of Bristol Parish, Va.; great-granddaughter of Thomas and Priscilla (Wright) Withers, the former clerk to Anthony Walke, in Nansemond County, Va., and afterwards private secretary to Gov. Dinwiddie. Children: 1. Rev. George, m. Anna Booth Balch (q. v.); 2, 3 and 4. names unknown. Last residence: Baltimore.

LAY, WILLIAM PATRICK, promoter and developer, was born June 11, 1853, in Cherokee County; son of Cummins M. and Elizabeth (McGhee) Lay, who lived in Cherokee County, the former a pioneer in the operation of steam boats on the upper Coosa River in Alabama, to which vocation he devoted his life; grandson of John Lay, who moved from Virginia to Cherokee County in the early settlement of the state, and was a pioneer in the flat boat trade, from the upper stretches of the Coosa River, during high-water, down through the great rapids on that river to Wetumpka and Mobile, and of John McGhee of Tennessee. He was educated in the common schools, and at the age of eighteen began the machinist's trade in the engine department of extensive railroad shops, working at that trade for six years. He went on the road for a time as locomotive engineer, and in 1874 went to Gadsden as bookkeeper for William P. Hollingsworth. He became executor of Mr. Hollingsworth's estate in 1879, then embarked in the lumber business in Gadsden, and conducted that business until 1890. It was largely through Mr. Lay's efforts that the first blast furnace was located at Gadsden in 1883. He built and owned the first electric light plant in Gadsden in 1887, and in 1888 figured largely in the construction of the railroad from Anniston to Gadsden, now a part of the Louisville and Nashville system. He was president of a hotel company that built the Printup Hotel in Gadsden; was instrumental in inducing the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company to build a connecting section of railroad between Gadsden and Oneonta in Alabama; and it was due solely to his efforts that the Southern Steel Company, now the Standard Steel Company, located its plant in Gadsden in 1902. In 1903, he built and owned the little water-power plant on Big Wills Creek near Attalla, which now supplies the city with its electric current. Mr. Lay has been an active worker for the improvement of the Coosa-Alabama River for more than a third of a century, and has been chairman of the Coosa River Improvement Association for more than twenty years. As a part of his plans to bring about a dual development of that kind, he organized and incorporated the Alabama Power Company in 1906, which company built the power plant

on Lock 12 of the Coosa River. He has been a member of the city council of Gadsden twice; was an elector at large for the state of Alabama in 1812 to vote for President Wilson; was commissioner at large from Alabama to the St. Louis exposition in 1903; and was chairman of the Alabama conservation commission in 1908. He is a Democrat and a Methodist. He compiled the original Coosa River Memorial in 1899, is author of a booklet entitled "The Great Coosa-Alabama River and Valley, Georgia and Alabama," and of several other booklets treating on the Coosa-Alabama River and the benefits to be derived from the proper improvement thereof. Married: April 26, 1876, at Gadsden, to Laura J. Hollingsworth, daughter of William P. and Mary Josephine (Lewis), of that place, the former a major in the C. S. Army, War of Secession, and a merchant at Gadsden. Children: 1. Earl, insurance man, m. Mary Martin, Gadsden; 2. Carl, merchant, m. Josephine Caldwell of Jacksonville, Gadsden; 3. Tracy, deputy consul general for the United States in London, unmarried; 4. Orville, chief chemist of the Woodward Iron Company, Woodward, unmarried; 5. Everett, Gadsden. Residence: Gadsden.

LAZARUS, LEW, manufacturer, was born July 4, 1853, in Louisville, Ky. In 1872, he went to Houma, La., where he resided two years; removed to Muncie, Ind., remaining here for two years, and from this place went to Shelbyville, Ky. In 1886 he removed to Birmingham, where he has since resided. He is engaged in the manufacturing business. He is a Mason. Married: in 1879, to Hannah Schwab, of Louisville, Ky. Children: 1. son; 2. daughter. Residence: Birmingham.

LAZENBY, E. M., planter and mill owner, was born on September 27, 1823, in Columbia County, Ga.; son of Ellis and Frances (Zachrey) Lazenby, the former a Georgian, the latter a descendant of an old Virginia family; grandson of Ellis Lazenby, a Marylander who emigrated to Georgia in early youth. He was reared on a farm, with no facilities for securing an education; emigrated to Alabama, about 1844, where he engaged as a bridge builder with the Western railroad; removed in 1853, to Butler County, where he farmed until the close of the War of Secession when he became identified with the mercantile and milling business. He is a Democrat, and Methodist. Married: December 14, 1848, in Butler County, to Mary, daughter of James K. Benson, a soldier of the War of 1812, and one of the garrison of Fort Bibb, in the spring of 1818, when Capt. Butler, in honor of whom Butler County is named, and several others were surprised and massacred by the Indians. Children: 1. John G., m. Mrs. L. J. Powers; 2. James E., m. Carrie Green; 3. George; 4. Henry G., m. Ella Floyd, Monterey; 5. Frances, m. J. G. Reynolds. Residence: Forest Home.

LAZENBY, GEORGE SAMUEL, planter was born July 6, 1854, in Butler County; son of Elias Marlon and Martha J. (Benson) Lazen-

by, the former a native of Columbus, Ga., who came to Alabama about 1850, was a farmer and mill operator, and during the War of Secession, served as a bridge builder; grandson of James K. Benson, and his wife, a Miss Drake, the former who came to Alabama from South Carolina in 1816, was among the first settlers of Butler County, and was in Fort Bibb when Gen. Butler was killed by the Indians. The Bensons were of English stock. He obtained his early education in country schools; attended Greenville Institute, 1873-1874, and Southern University, 1874-1875. He is a planter and merchant; a Democrat; and has served as steward in the Methodist Episcopal church, south, for forty years. Married: (1) September 16, 1875, to Carrie Clayton Greene, daughter of Captain A. C. and Mary (Purifoy) Greene, who came to Alabama from Georgia in 1856, and settled in Monroe County, the former who served in the C. S. Army; (2) February 1, 1911, to Mary Edna Davis, daughter of Epinetus Monroe Davis, of Prattville. Children: 1. George Claudius, m. Elizabeth Howard; 2. Mary Etta, m. Dr. Conrod Wall; 3. Vandiver; 4. Augustus Greene. Residence: Forest Home.

LAZENBY, M. E., Methodist minister; member of the Alabama conference. Residence: Demopolis.

LEA, ALLEN, major, 2nd, also known as 19th, battalion, Alabama cavalry regiment, C. S. Army.

LEA, COLUMBUS W., lawyer, was born in 1800, in Clarke County, Ga., and died in 1869, in Marion; son of a Georgia planter, a native of Virginia, who married a Miss Moffat, also of Virginia. He was educated at the University of Georgia and shortly after graduation opened a law office at Marion, practicing for several years but finally becoming a planter. He represented Perry County in the legislature, 1832, 1833, 1834, 1835, 1837, and 1844. He was elector for Pierce and also for Douglas, and was a member of the constitutional convention of 1865. Married: Miss Parker, of Tuscaloosa and left descendants. Last residence: Marion.

LEA, HENRY CLINTON, lawyer, was born in 1803, in Clarke County, Ga., and died in December, 1854; nephew of Columbus W. Lea (q. v.). He graduated from the University of Georgia, and came to Alabama in 1829; read law; was admitted to the practice; and was elected solicitor soon after. He represented Perry County in the State senate, 1836 and 1839; was in the house, 1847 and 1851; and was elected solicitor in 1853. Married: August 5, 1828, to Serena Ryng, daughter of Col. Thomas Reade and Sarah Ryng (Bataille) Rootes, the former a distinguished lawyer and member of the house of delegates in 1793, of Virginia; granddaughter of Thomas Reade and Martha Jacquelin (Smith) Rootes, of Federal Hill, near Fredericksburg, Va., and afterwards of White Marsh, Gloucester County, Va.; great-granddaughter of Capt. John and Mary

(Jacquelin) Smith, of Shooter's Hill, the former a member of the house of burgesses from Middlesex, Va., 1737-68, of Col. Philip and Frances (Wilcox) Rootes, the former of "Rosewall," King and Queen County, Va., and sheriff of that county in 1765; great-great-granddaughter of Maj. Philip and Mildred (Reade) Rootes, the former the earliest ancestor to whom the family has been traced, who lived at "Rosewall" in King and Queen County, owning lands in New Kent and Orange Counties, and was justice of King and Queen County, in 1739, of Edward and Martha (Cary) Jacquelin, the former of County Kent, England, who emigrated to America, locating in Virginia in 1697, and of Augustine and Sarah (Carver) Smith, of Virginia; great-great-granddaughter of William and Martha (Scarbrook) Cary, of Warwick County, Va., of John and Elizabeth (Cradock) Jacquelin, of County Kent, England, of John Carver, of Gloucester County, Va., of Thomas Reade, of Virginia, and of John and Mary (Warner) Smith, of Virginia, the former captain in the provincial service, and Burgess from Gloucester County; great-great-great-granddaughter of Col. Augustine and Mildred (Reade) Warner, of Warner Hall, Va., and of John and Anne (Bernard) Smith, the former lieutenant colonel and speaker of the house of burgesses, of Virginia; great-great-great-great-granddaughter of Thomas Smith, emigrant, of Richard and Ann (Corderoy) Bernard, the former a native of Petsoe Parish, Buckinghamshire, England, who located in Gloucester County, Va., the latter of St. Andrew's in the Wardrobe, England; great-great-great-great-granddaughter of John Bernard, governor of the Bermudas. Children: 1. Lucy, m. Dr. J. M. Langhorne (q. v.); 2. Sumter, (q. v.); 3. Henry C., m. Bettie Moseley; 4. Martha, m. James A. Harwood; 5. Mary Willis, m. B. F. Harwood. Last residence: Perry County.

LEA, SUMTER, lawyer, was born February 16, 1835, in Perry County; son of Henry Clinton and Serena Rynge (Rootes) Lea (q. v.). He attended the University of Alabama until his junior year, studied law, and was admitted to the bar, opening his law practice in Marion. He was elected captain of the first military company organized at Marion, and immediately upon the secession of the state from the union, went with that company under orders of the governor of Alabama to take possession of Fort Morgan, on Mobile Bay, January 8, 1861. Later he enlisted in the C. S. Army, and was appointed adjutant of the Twenty-eighth Alabama regiment. After the battle of Murfreesboro, he was discharged from military service on account of loss of sight. Later, when his vision was partially restored he was appointed to a position on the staff of a brigadier general, but was forced to decline the appointment. He reported as a staff officer to Richmond, Va., from his plantation in Dallas County; took part in the battle of Selma, and was taken prisoner during that engagement. After the war he practiced law in Marion. He was elected a delegate to the constitutional convention of 1875 from Dallas County,

and represented that county in the state legislature in 1884. He moved to Birmingham in 1887, and soon after became permanently blind. Married: December 11, 1860, in Cahaba, to Susan Isadore Hill. Children: 1. Samuel Hill; 2. Lucy; 3. Sumter; 4. Susie; 5. Lillian; 6. Thomas R. R.; 7. Lucian D. Residence: Birmingham.

LEACH, SEWELL JONES, dentist and business man, was born in New York City, November 14, 1812, and died in Tuscaloosa, August 6, 1885; son of Ephraim Leach and Sophia (Jones) Leach. His educational advantages were limited as he was unable to attend school longer than four months in any one year. At the age of eighteen, he took up the profession of teaching and for two years conducted a school in the state of New York. He then took up the study of dentistry at Utica, N. Y., and removed to Mobile, 1837, where he began the practice of his profession. Remaining there only one year, he moved to Tuscaloosa and engaged in the jewelry business with his brother, Cyrus Sidney Leach; moved to Uniontown, 1840, and again practiced dentistry at the same time managing his plantation in Marengo County. Returning to Tuscaloosa, 1842, he resumed the practice of his profession. He, with Dr. F. A. P. Barnard, afterwards president of Columbia college, New York, successfully conducted a series of experiments in producing sun pictures, antedating the promulgation of the discovery by the distinguished Frenchman, Daguerre. Dr. Leach throughout his entire life was a machinist of the rarest ability. On account of his practical knowledge of machinery he was employed to purchase the outfit for the first cotton mill built in Tuscaloosa, 1846, and also for the paper mill. He established, 1852, on the banks of the Warrior River, in Tuscaloosa, the Leach and Avery iron and plow co. It was destroyed by fire, 1859, rebuilt, and during the war was employed in casting cannons for the Confederate government, until 1864, when it was burned by the Federals. On account of declining health, 1878, he accepted the less arduous position of general superintendent and machinist of the Tuscaloosa cotton mills, into which the foundry was converted. He was a Mason; an Odd Fellow; and an Episcopalian. Dr. Leach, although a northerner by birth, was a man of strong southern feeling. Married: October 10, 1839, to Elizabeth Faulcon, daughter of James Harris and Rebecca Emily (Alston) Fitts (q. v.). Children: 1. James Harris, d. in infancy; 2. Sidney Fitts (q. v.), m. Mary Lee Peck; 3. Emily Alston, m. James Slaughter Carpenter; 4. Samuel Thomas, student at the University of Alabama, 1862-63, member of Fowler's battery, C. S. Army, 1863-65; 5. Norma Lela, m. John Snow (q. v.); 6. Carolyn Medora, m. Edward E. Kirkham; 7. Susan Virginia, d. young; 8. Lelia, d. in infancy; 9. Sewall Leach, University of Alabama, 1874-76, bookkeeper, 1888-94, manager laundry and electric light plant of University of Alabama, general manager S. F. Alston furniture co., m. Kate Brantley Arrington, of Tuscaloosa; 10. Edward Faulcon,

Univeristy of Alabama, 1874-77, agent U. S. express co., Birmingham, 1887-92, private, Co. F, Second Alabama volunteer regiment, Spanish-American War, m. Marie Louise Tait, of Montgomery; 11. Fitts, d. young. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

LEACH, SYDNEY, physician, was born January 25, 1875, at Tuscaloosa; son of Sidney Fitts and Mary Lee (Peck) Leach, who lived at Tuscaloosa, the former a soldier in the C. S. Army, who served as a sergeant in Fowler's battery, Smith's regiment of artillery; grandson of Sewell Jones and Elizabeth (Faulcon) Leach (q. v.), and of Elijah Woolsey and Lucy (Randall) Peck, of Tuscaloosa. He was educated in the Tuscaloosa public schools; attended University high school at Marion, and Marion military institute; was graduated from the Alabama polytechnic institute, B. S., 1894 and from the University of Virginia, M. D., 1896. He served in various hospitals in New York, and was a member of the house staff of the New York polyclinic medical school and hospital in 1899; was appointed first assistant physician of the Alabama insane hospital, and served in that capacity, 1899-1904; since that time has been practicing medicine at Tuscaloosa. He is a Democrat, an Episcopalian, and a Mason. Married: April 25, 1900, at Tuscaloosa, to Nanieta Somerville McEachin, daughter of Archibald Bruce and Eudora (Somerville) McEachin, who lived at that place. Children: 1. Minturn Peck, d. 1904; 2. Mary Lee; 3. Sidney McEachin, d. 1906; 4. Archibald Bruce; 5. Eudora Somerville; 6. Randall Peck. Residence: Tuscaloosa.

LEADBEATER, LAWRENCE C., teacher and lawyer, was born in 1873, and died September 15, 1917, in Birmingham. He received his higher education at the University of Virginia, graduating with the M. A. degree. Later he taught Latin at the Marion military institute, but returned to the University in 1897, to study law. He was associated in his law practice with Benjamin Russell, George P. Bondurant, and Forney Johnson, and finally he became a partner in the firm of Tillman, Bradley and Morrow. Last residence: Birmingham.

LEADBETTER, DANVILLE, captain U. S. Army, brigadier-general C. S. Army, was born in Livermore, Maine, in 1811, and died at Clifton, Canada, September 26, 1866. In 1832 he entered the West Point Military Academy; was graduated brevet second lieutenant, First Artillery on July 1, 1836; transferred to engineers, November 1, 1836; transferred to artillery, December 31, 1836; transferred to engineers, July 31, 1837; was promoted to first lieutenant, July 7, 1838; commissioned captain, October 16, 1852; and resigned December 31, 1857. From 1838 to 1845, Lieut. Leadbetter served on garrison duty at Oswego Harbor, New York; from 1845 to 1848 he was in charge of the engineer agency in New York for the purchase and shipment of supplies for the construction of fortifications; he was then a member of a joint commission of naval and engineer officers for examination of the Pacific coast; in 1853 he was in Mobile

as superintending engineer of the repairs of Ft. Morgan and the building of Ft. Gaines; the custom house at Mobile was built under his superintendence. Resigning from the army, Capt. Leadbetter lived as a private citizen of Mobile until the outbreak of the War of Secession; he accepted the commission of lieutenant-colonel from Alabama and was placed in command of Ft. Morgan; in August, 1861, he was assigned to duty in Richmond as acting chief of the Engineer bureau; in November, 1861, Col. Leadbetter was assigned to the command of the troops stationed for the protection of the railroad between Bristol and Chattanooga, his duties being to reconstruct bridges, repair and keep open the line of communication between these two points; he also had the arduous task of preserving order and in holding in check the disaffected and insurgent east Tennesseans along the line of the railroad and in the adjoining regions. On March 6, 1862, Col. Leadbetter was promoted to the rank of brigadier-general; on April 29, 1862, he had an encounter with the Federal army marching upon Chattanooga; he was in command of a brigade, with Gen. Bragg in his campaign in Kentucky; he was later ordered to Mobile to superintend the construction and completion of its defensive works; and on October 23, 1863, Gen. Leadbetter was announced as chief of the engineer department of the army of Tennessee. His first work with that army was the construction of the lines along Missionary Ridge, while Gen. Bragg was investing Chattanooga. Gen. Leadbetter left Longstreet, November 23, 1863, and arrived in Dalton, Ga., December 3; served the Confederacy faithfully until the close of the war; at its close removed to Mexico and afterwards to Canada. Married: to a Mrs. Hall, nee Kennedy, a native of Alabama. Last residence: Clifton, Canada.

LEAK, TILMAN, planter and merchant, was born April 1, 1809, at Zebulon, Pike County, Ga., and died August 11, 1872, at Montgomery; son of Rev. Samuel Leak, Baptist minister, of Zebulon. He was educated in the schools of Zebulon and Griffin, Ga., and engaged in farming. He served in the Indian war of 1833-36; and later, on the Mexican frontier. He removed to Alabama and settled at Wetumpka, of which place he was mayor, in 1850; later locating in Montgomery, he engaged in merchandising and planting operations. He was a Whig and then a Democrat; a Mason; and a Methodist. Married: October 20, 1831, in Zebulon, Ga., to Mary Ann Ford. Children: 1. Susan Providence, m. Alfred Franklin; 2. Rebecca Jane, m. Platt Croom Stout; 3. Charlton Shepard; 4. Henry Cunningham; 5. William Wesley; 6. Tilman Ford, m. Rebecca McLemore; 7. Fannie Anna, m. J. R. Warren. Last residence: Montgomery.

LEATH, JAMES HILL, manufacturer and legislator, was born March 22, 1864, at Broomtown, Cherokee County; son of James Hill and Hasseltine (Rickey) Leath, who lived at Centre, Cherokee County. He was educated in the common schools of Centre; in 1880 he engaged in printing at Centre, on the "Chero-

kee Advertiser"; in 1887 was editor of "The Telephone," a weekly paper at Centre, and in 1888 of the "Sylacauga Argus"; removed to Birmingham in 1889, where for ten years he was a printer. He is a cigar manufacturer, and prominent in labor circles. He was one of the representatives in the legislature from Jefferson County, in 1901, and was author of the State printing bill, the union label bill and mechanics lien law for Jefferson County, and a child labor law. He is a Democrat; and a Baptist. He is unmarried. Residence: Birmingham.

LE BARON, WILLIAM A., commission merchant, and vice-consul, was born November 7, 1827, at Pensacola, Fla.; son of Charles and Ann (McVoy) Le Baron, the former a native of New Orleans, La., a merchant; grandson of Colonel Le Baron, a quartermaster, with the rank of colonel in the Seminole War, and for some years vice-consul at Mobile for Mexico and Spain, and of Martin McVoy, a native of Scotland, who migrated to Baldwin County, and piloted Gen. Andrew Jackson and his army from Mobile to Pensacola in the War of 1813. Mr. Le Baron was educated in Mobile, completing his studies at Spring Hill college perfecting himself in Spanish as well as in English. In 1846 he helped to organize the "Mobile cadets," and engaged in the cotton compress business, 1856. In 1862, he was elected lieutenant colonel 24th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, but resigned this office a few months later to enter the navy, acting from 1863 to the close of the war as clerk to Commodore E. Farrand. On the restoration of peace between the sections he joined his father in the commission business, becoming soon afterwards a partner in the firm. He was appointed in 1881, vice-consul at Mobile for Spain; and in 1888 for Mexico, and in 1889, for Nicaragua. He is a Democrat and Roman Catholic. Married: in 1848, to Eliza J. Robb, a native of the city of Mexico. Children: nine children were born of this union. Residence: Mobile.

LEDBETTER, EMMETT WALTON, banker, was born October 31, 1868, at New Hope, Madison County; son of J. M. and Mary (McDonald) Ledbetter, who lived at New Hope and at Anniston. He was prepared in the common country schools, and was graduated from Southern University, B. S., 1890. He entered the banking business at Anniston in 1890; became cashier of the Bank of Piedmont; served as councilman of Piedmont, 1894, and 1897-1898; as mayor of Piedmont, 1896; councilman of Sylacauga, 1901; cashier of the Bank of Sylacauga; and was a delegate from Talladega County to the constitutional convention of 1901. He was a private in the Anniston Rifles, 1890; is a Democrat; and a Methodist. Residence: Sylacauga.

LEDBETTER, SAMUEL LEONIDAS, physician, graduate of the Medical college of Louisville, Ky., 1879. Residence: Birmingham.

LEDBETTER, W. G., business man, was born in 1851, in Madison County; son of John W. and Elizabeth (Glover) Ledbetter, natives, respectively, of Virginia and South Carolina, the former of whom was born in 1811, and came to Alabama in 1821; grandson of Archie Ledbetter. He was reared in his native county, and, due to the outbreak of the War of Secession, received but a limited education. After the war, he went to New York, and for nine years was connected with a wholesale hat business. For five years after that time, he engaged in the manufacture of tobacco in Lynchburg, Va., then moved to Winston, N. C., and continued the manufacture of tobacco in that place for four years. He came to Alabama in 1887, and located in Anniston, where, during the same year, he assisted in the organization of the bank of that city. He was elected vice-president of the bank of Anniston for two years, then was elected president, and has continued to hold the latter position. On the organization of the Piedmont Land Improvement Company in 1890, he was chosen vice-president, and in 1892, was elected president of the company. He was made a director of the Anniston Land Company when it was organized; was the organizer of the Ledbetter Land Company and is president of the Woodstock Iron Company. He is a Baptist and a Mason. Married: in 1877, to Sarah Draper, a native of Oxford, daughter of Daniel D. and Caroline (Woods) Draper, natives of South Carolina. Children: 1. Ruth; 2. Ralph; 3. Grace; 4. Willie G. Three other children are deceased. Residence: Anniston.

LEE, ALTO VELA, lawyer, was born December 28, 1844, at Louisville, Barbour County; son of Lovard and Susan Emeline (Loveless) Lee, the former a native of Augusta, Ga., who moved to Barbour County in 1832, served in the Indian wars, led a company in the C. S. Army, and prior to the War of Secession was a general of militia; grandson of Needham and Lydia (Pryor) Lee, and of William Loveless. He was prepared in the schools of Clayton to enter the University of Alabama, but was prevented from attending the university by joining the C. S. Army, January 17, 1861. He became orderly sergeant in the Clayton Guards, the first company organized in Barbour County, and served with that company for a year; assisted in the organization of the Lee Guards, and was made second lieutenant in that company; resigned from that company because of ill health in 1863; accepted a cadetship at the University of Alabama for eight months, and at the end of that time returned home and raised a company of which he was elected captain; led his company in the battles of Blakely and Spanish Fort; was taken prisoner in the latter engagement, and held on Ship Island. After the war he studied law in the office of Col. D. M. Seales at Clayton; was admitted to the bar and began the practice of law in 1867; served as mayor of Clayton for a number of years; was solicitor of Barbour County, 1868, 1872, and 1874-1876; was elected solicitor of the eighth judicial dis-



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trict, 1876-1880; was re-elected in 1880 and 1886, serving in that office for sixteen years; and later became associate judge of the city court of Gadsden. He was a trustee of the University of Alabama for six years; is a Democrat; a Methodist, serving the church as secretary of the Eufaula district conference and as statistical secretary of the Southern Alabama Conference; and is a Mason. Married: December 19, 1866, in Tuscaloosa, to Lillie Lawrence, daughter of William Haywood and Ildegerte Lucy (Anthony) Lawrence, of Tuscaloosa; granddaughter of Josiah and Charity (Haywood) Lawrence; great-granddaughter of Col. William Haywood, who was colonel of militia forces of Edgecombe District, N. C., a member of the provincial congress of North Carolina at Halifax in April, 1776, a member of the committee in that body which drafted the State constitution and the bill of rights a member of the council of state in 1776, and one of the commissioners who signed the Revolutionary currency of North Carolina; great-great-granddaughter of John Haywood who moved from New York to North Carolina, was a colonel of militia, a member of the North Carolina assembly, 1746-1752, commissioner of coast fortifications in 1748, and surveyor to Earl Granville. Children: 1. Lawrence Haywood, m. Augusta Alston; 2. Vela, m. George W. Peach; 3. William Lovard (q. v.); 4. Charles W., m. Nettie Passmore; 5. Henry Fitzhugh (q. v.); 6. Alto Vela (q. v.). Residence: Gadsden.

LEE, ALTO VELA, lawyer, was born July 28, 1876, at Clayton, Barbour County; son of Alto Vela and Lillie (Lawrence) Lee (q. v.); and brother of Henry Fitzhugh Lee (q. v.), and of William Lovard Lee (q. v.). He was prepared for college in Clayton Academy; was graduated with honor from the University of Alabama, A. B., 1897, M. A., 1899, and LL.B., 1903. He taught as principal of the Clio public school, 1897-1898; was a fellowship student at the University of Alabama, 1898-1899; principal of Attalla public school, 1899-1902; served as commandant of the University of Alabama, 1902; and began the practice of law in Gadsden in 1903. He is owner of a half interest in the Etowah Abstract Company; was elected to the State legislature from Etowah County, 1907; and to the State senate from the sixth district, 1915; is a Democrat; a Methodist; a Mason; and an Elk. Married: February 28, 1906, at Attalla, to Eloise Frost, daughter of Clarence Miller and Anna Lavinia (Hudspeth) Frost, of that place; granddaughter of George Washington and Eliza Jane Frost, and of William L. and Sophia Hudspeth. Children: 1. Eloise; 2. Lillian. Residence: Gadsden.

LEE, B. E., Cumberland Presbyterian minister; living in 1913. Residence: McCalla.

LEE, COLUMBUS W., lawyer, planter, was born in 1800, in Clarke County, Ga., and died in 1869 in Perry County; son of Greene Lea, a wealthy planter, who married a Miss Moffat.

Both of his parents were Virginians. He was a cousin of Henry Clinton Lea (q. v.), and changed his name from Lea to Lee. He received his collegiate education from the University of Georgia, and opened a law office in Marion soon after his graduation. He was the law partner at different times of A. B. Moore and J. P. Graham, but retired from the practice of law early, in order to devote his time to his planting interests. From 1832 to 1838, he was elected annually to the legislature with the exception of one year; and was again a representative from Perry County in 1844. His party being in the minority in Perry County, he was defeated two or three times for the State senate. In 1852, he served on the Democratic electoral ticket for Pierce and King, and in 1860 was on the Douglas electoral ticket. He opposed the policy of secession in 1861, but after the measure was passed in Alabama, supported the state in her efforts for defense. He was a delegate from Perry County to the constitutional convention of 1865, and soon after canvassed the state for congress unsuccessfully, in opposition to Joseph T. Taylor. The latter part of his life was passed in retirement. He was a Baptist. Married: to Elizabeth Parker of Tuscaloosa. A number of his descendants reside in Perry County. One of his sons, Wayne Emmet Lee, a planter in South America, was born November 30, 1843, served as a captain in the C. S. Army and was married in 1868, at Marion, to Sue Billingslea. Last residence: Perry County.

LEE, DAVID, Baptist minister, was born February 4, 1805, in Johnston County, N. C.; son of Joel Lee (q. v.); brother of George and Hanson Lee (q. v.). Rev. Mr. Lee removed with his parents to Alabama and located in Conecuh County in 1817. He began to exhort in 1827, was ordained in 1833, and served the Hopewell church, Mount Willing, for over thirty-five years. Author: many religious papers. Married: Mary Coleman, of Mt. Willing. They left many descendants. Last residence: Mount Willing.

LEE, ELI FRANKLIN, Presbyterian minister, was born March 28, 1879, at Newton Grove, Sampson County, N. C.; son of Arthul and Elizabeth Jane (Coats) Lee, the former a native of Johnston County, N. C., who moved to Newton Grove, Sampson County, N. C., served in the C. S. Army, and was county surveyor of Sampson County for about twenty-five years; grandson of Westbrook and Esther (Smith) Lee, who lived near Peacock's Cross Roads, Johnston County, N. C., and of William and Emily (Hudson) Coats, who lived near Rosin Hill, Sampson County, N. C.; great-grandson of Joab Lee; great-great-grandson of Jesse Lee of Fayetteville, N. C., and of Westbrook Lee, one of four brothers, Westbrook, Samuel, William and Noah Lee, who emigrated from Arlington Heights, Va., to North Carolina during the latter part of the eighteenth century, and who were closely related to the family of Gen. Robert E. Lee; great-great-great-grandson of Joel Lee who came from England early in the eighteenth century. Ancestors on both sides of

the family were named Lee, but the two families were not related. Rev. Lee received his preparatory training in the public schools of North Carolina and in Turlington institute at Smithfield, N. C. He was graduated from Trinity college, cum laude, A. B., 1905; from Columbia university, M. A., 1908; from the Union theological seminary, New York, 1909; and completed all courses for the degree of Ph. D. in Columbia university, 1911. He began teaching in the public schools of North Carolina when he was sixteen years of age; entered as a candidate for the ministry in 1901; became assistant pastor of the Arlington Avenue Presbyterian church, Brooklyn, N. Y., from April, 1907 until January, 1909; was ordained by the Brooklyn Presbytery, June 2, 1909; served as pastor of the St. Albans Presbyterian church, St. Albans, Long Island, N. Y., 1909-1912; pastor of West End Presbyterian church, Birmingham, 1912-1913; pastor of Buffalo Presbyterian church at Greensboro, N. C. He is an Independent Democrat and a Royal Arch Mason. He is author of "Social Solidarity and Race Inequalities in the South," 1911. Married: August 16, 1905, at East Durham, N. C., to Elsie Arnana Barbee, daughter of Bartlett Washington and Louvinia Tarpley (Smith) Barbee, of Durham, N. C.; granddaughter of Gray and Sarah Hawkins (Scoggins) Barbee; great-granddaughter of John Barbee, who married a Miss Morris. Residence: Greensboro, N. C.

LEE, GEORGE LASSITER, Baptist minister, was born November 28, 1819, near Burnt Corn, Conecuh County, and died February 16, 1867; son of Joel Lee (q. v.); brother of David and Hanson Lee (q. v.). He received a good English education and during his ministerial career served the Bethlehem association as clerk and moderator. Married: Nancy C. Henderson, of Monroe County. There were ten children born of this union. Last residence: Conecuh County.

LEE, GEORGE WASHINGTON, Baptist minister, was born October 30, 1842, in Covington County, and died at McKenzie, Butler County; son of Greenbery and Martha Jane (Taylor) Lee, the former a native of Putnam County, Ga., who went to Alabama and resided at Westover, Covington County; grandson of Richard and Martha Taylor, of Putnam County, Ga. Mr. Lee received a limited education in the country schools; was ordained a Primitive Baptist minister, November 15, 1871; was in the ministry for forty years, serving churches in Butler, Covington, Crenshaw and Conecuh Counties, and other places; was clerk of the Antioch Primitive Association for thirty years; and was pastor for thirty years of Elizabeth church. For ten years he taught school, and for two terms was tax collector of Butler County. He represented Butler County in the State legislature in 1903. During the War of Secession, he was a member of Co. B, and Co. C, Seventeenth Alabama Infantry regiment, C. S. Army, and lost his arm at Vicksburg. He was a Democrat. Married: (1) February 17, 1864, to Rhoda A. E. Mitchell, daughter of R. M. J.

Mitchell; (2) to Rebecca L., daughter of Joseph Howell, of Butler County. Last residence: McKenzie.

LEE, HANSON, Baptist minister, was born December 27, 1815, in Johnston County, N. C., and died May 7, 1862; son of Joel Lee (q. v.); brother of David and George Lee (q. v.). He was a graduate of Southwestern theological college, Eastern Tennessee, receiving the degree of A. M. He was ordained in 1844, and in connection with preaching adopted teaching as a profession. He first taught at Brooklyn, later in Georgia, and was president of Mossy Creek college, Eastern Tennessee. In 1854 he founded Mount Lebanon college, Louisiana, became the president and founded the "Louisiana Baptist." Married: Martha Cates. Last residence: Mt. Lebanon, La.

LEE, H. A. G., Methodist minister; member of the Alabama conference; pastor of the Court Street church, Montgomery, 1837.

LEE, HENRY FITZHUGH, accountant, State Auditor, was born August 31, 1874, at Clayton, Barbour County, son of Alto Vela and Lillian Frances (Lawrence) Lee, (q. v.); brother of Alto Vela Lee (q. v.), and William Lovard Lee (q. v.). Mr. Lee was educated in the common schools of Clayton, and later took a business course in Columbus, Ga. In 1900 he was chief clerk of the probate court in Eufaula, having charge of the business of the branch court house there. He served as examiner of public accounts under Governors Jelks and Comer, 1906-1911; was chief clerk in State auditor's office, 1911-15; secretary, State board of equalization, 1915-1919, and was elected State auditor in November, 1919. He is a Democrat, a Methodist, a Mason, a Knights of Pythias, and a Woodman of the World. Married: January, 1897, at Clayton, to Wyllanne Pruett, daughter of Judge William H. and Anne (Browder) Pruett of Eufaula. Children: 1. Henry Fitzhugh, jr. Residence: Montgomery.

LEE, JACOB MARTIN, physician and planter, was born November 10, 1810, at Charleston, S. C., and died April 30, 1874, at Carlowville; son of Paul Smyrna Hudson and Jane (Martin) Lee, who lived at Carlowville, the former a native of Charleston, S. C., a major in the army; grandson of Stephen and Dorothea Allison Lee, who lived at Charleston, S. C., the latter the widow of Rev. Hugh Allison, of that place; great-grandson of Thomas and Mary (Giles) Lee, the former a native of Bridgetown, Barbadoes; great-great-grandson of Francis Lee and Mary of Barbadoes, who bore the same coat of arms as Harry Lee, one of the captains of London, and the son of Robert, Lord Mayor of London in 1602. The coat of arms was granted December 20, 1593. He was educated in the schools of Charleston, S. C., and was graduated, M. D., from Charleston university of medicine. He became a physician and planter, and practiced in Carlowville and the surrounding country from 1835 to 1872. He was a Democrat and an Episco-

pallian. Married: January 10, 1832, in Charleston, to Rebecca Ballard, daughter of Thomas and Eliza (Maxwell) Fishburn, who lived at Walterboro and Charleston, S. C. Children: 1. Paul Cornelius, b. January 10, 1835, d. March 13, 1875, was graduated from the University of Alabama, A. B., and from the University of Pennsylvania, M. D., 1858, served as surgeon in the C. S. Army, and later, as a physician at Montgomery, m. Bettie Scott Pollard; 2. Thomas Fishburn, b. April 8, 1837, d. June 22, 1865, at Mobile, attended the University of Alabama, and was graduated from the University of Pennsylvania, M. D., 1860, physician at Tuscaloosa, m. Lucy J. Foster; 3. Harriet Eliza, Selma, m. Josiah Henry Smith, deceased; 4. William Julian, b. June 8, 1840, d. August 15, 1865, attended the University of Alabama, served as Lieutenant, Third regiment, Alabama cavalry, C. S. Army; 5. Frances Eleanor, m. Andrew Pickens Calhoun, both deceased; 6. Sarah Mallet, Birmingham, m. Robert James Lide, deceased; 7. Florence Olivia, m. James Francis Calhoun, both deceased; 8. Mary Louisa, Selma; 9. Jacob Martin, m. Rosa Mary Jordan, both deceased; 10. Eliza Martin, m. William Asbury Bibb, Albany. Last residence: Carlowlville.

LEE, JESSE, Baptist minister, was born in 1803, in Alabama, and died October 9, 1872. He became a preacher in 1837, and removed to Caddo Parish, La., in 1847. He also served at Shreveport and Sumner Grove.

LEE, JOEL, pioneer settler and planter, was born January 4, 1773, at Smithfield, N. C., and died October 21, 1862. He came to Alabama in 1817, settling near Burnt Corn, Conecuh County. He was a planter and was the first justice of the peace in Alabama. He was a Baptist and a Democrat. Married: Media Lassiter. Children: 1. Owen; 2. Susan, m. (1) Mr. Williams, (2) Dr. John Miller, (3) Frank Farrow; 3. Martin, m. Nancy Partin; 4. Lee, m. Emily Witherington; 5. David (q. v.), m. Mary Coleman; 6. Eliza, m. Elazarus Carter; 7. Robert, m. Parthenia Autrey; 8. Mary Ann, m. Sebastian Witherington; 9. Hanson (q. v.), m. Mary Cates; 10. George Lassiter (q. v.), m. Nancy C. Henderson. Last residence: Conecuh County.

LEE, JOHN COOK, farmer and legislator, was born January 22, 1856, in Perry County; son of John and Harriet (Cook) Lee, the former of Anson County, N. C., the latter of LaGrange, Ga.; grandson of Solomon and Martha Lee. He was educated in the common schools, and at Howard college. He represented Perry County in the legislature of 1911. He is a Democrat; a Baptist; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: (1) to Ludie Sears, of Eutaw; (2) October 24, 1894, in Montgomery, to Lynda, daughter of J. C. and Florence (Fowlkes) Tarrant, of Marion. The Fowlkes family was of English descent who settled in Virginia, two of whom, Joseph and John, were officers in the War of the Revolution. The mother of Mrs. Florence Fowlkes was Mary Bradley, of South Carolina. Children: by first wife, 1. John C., jr.; 2. Pettus; 3. Sears; by second wife, 4.

Edward Tarrant; 5. Bradley Fowlkes. Residence: Marion.

LEE, LAWRENCE H., lawyer, was born August 2, 1867, at Clayton; son of Alto V. and Lillie (Lawrence) Lee; brother of Fitzhugh Lee (q. v.). He was educated in the common schools of Clayton; graduated A.B., in 1887, and LL.B., in 1888, from the University of Alabama. He served as solicitor for Barbour County, 1889-90; alderman of Clayton, 1896-97; and representative from his county to the State legislature, 1898-99. In September, 1901, he removed to Gadsden and was city attorney, 1902-03. He was appointed reporter of the supreme court of Alabama, November 29, 1905, and still holds that position. Married: October 29, 1889, to Augusta, daughter of Judge Augustus H. Alston (q. v.). Children: 1. Lilly, m. Dexter Rood, of New Haven, Conn.; 2. Mildred, m. Capt. Charles Buckner, U. S. Army; 3. Theodosia; 4. Lawrence H., jr. Residence: Montgomery.

LEE, MARY (GRAVES) GRAVES, vice-president, for Alabama of the Confederate ladies memorial association of the South, was born October 15, 1835, in Abbeville District, S. C., and died in Montgomery September, 1916; daughter of Dr. Thomas and Harriet (Lomax) Graves, of Abbeville S. C.; niece of Col. Tennant Lomax (q. v.); granddaughter of Dr. George and Mary (Scott) Graves; great-granddaughter of Samuel Scott, a Revolutionary soldier of the South Carolina line. In 1856 she removed with her parents from South Carolina to Glenville. Some years previous to the War of Secession she removed with her husband to Lafayette County, Ark. During the war she and her husband opened both home and private hospital for the benefit, without charge, to sick and wounded Confederates. In 1868, their property swept away, they came to Montgomery to make their home, and opened a large private hotel. This business she carried on, after her husband's death until her own demise. She engaged actively in the patriotic labors of Montgomery women; was member of Sophie Bibb chapter, U. D. C.; vice-president, and later president of the Ladies memorial association of Montgomery, the oldest patriotic organization in America, concerning the War of Secession, and as president, caused the placing of the memorial tablet in the hall of representatives in the Capitol, Montgomery; was elected vice-president, for Alabama, of the Confederate States memorial association; assisted materially, in assembling the money to erect the Chickamauga monument, Chickamauga Park. She was active in caring for the inmates of the Soldiers home, Mountain Creek; vice-president for Alabama Confederate Southern memorial association. Married: in 1859, to Dr. J. C. Lee, of near Glenville. Last residence: Montgomery.

LEE, MOSES J., farmer, was born in 1830, in Greene County, Ga.; son of Charles S. and Elizabeth (Broughton) Lee, natives of Greene County, Ga., who moved to Alabama in 1835, and settled in Chambers County, moved after a few years to Bullock County, then to Coffee

County in 1850, and finally moved to Elba where they spent the remainder of their lives; grandson of William Lee, a native of Virginia, and a member of the distinguished Lee family of that state, who served in the Revolutionary War, and moved from Virginia to Greene County, Ga., and of John H. Broughton, a South Carolinian, who moved to Greene County, Ga., and served in the Revolution. Mr. Lee was reared on a farm, received a common school education, and attended LaGrange male college. When he was twenty years of age, he began life for himself as a clerk in Bullock County; later he was for a time in the collecting business; then became occupied in farming. He was also, at different times, engaged in the mercantile business. During the War of Secession, as his four brothers and three brothers-in-law were in the C. S. Army, Mr. Lee remained at home to take care of the family. Later he entered the State service, and became captain of a company which performed provost duty. Married: in 1862, at Union Springs, to Georgia A. Coleman, a native of Morgan County, Ga., who was educated at Union Springs, daughter of James M. and Patience Coleman, natives of Wilkes and Morgan Counties, respectively, who moved to Bullock County in 1844, and to Coffee County in 1860, the former a merchant and planter who died in 1868, the latter who died in 1892, in Gainesville, Ga. Children: 1. Charles S.; 2. Robert E.; 3. Moses J.; 4. Lillie, deceased; 5. William J.; 6. Mary; 7. John C., deceased; 8. Jack D.; 9. Edward Lamar; 10. Anna. Residence: near Elba, Coffee County.

LEE, NEEDHAM, farmer, was born December 10, 1808, in East Tennessee; son of Needham and Susan (Bailey) Lee (q. v.). He was raised upon a farm and had little opportunity for attending school. He came to Alabama with his parents in 1816, and eventually became a farmer in Shelby County. He was elected justice of the peace in 1839, and served in that position continuously until 1888. He was elected tax collector in 1847, and at different times refused the candidacy for the State legislature, for sheriff and for probate judge. He was a Democrat; a Presbyterian; and a Mason. Married: (1) May 13, 1829, to Nancy Wharton, who was born August 10, 1809, in South Carolina, and died December 24, 1869, daughter of Stephen and Sarah (Griffin) Wharton, natives of South Carolina, who came to Alabama in the twenties, the former of whom was a son of a colonel in the Revolution; (2) February 2, 1871, to Martha (Stripling) Broadenax, daughter of Aaron and Susan Stripling. Children, by first marriage: 1. Edward Fields, served in Co. B, Second Alabama cavalry regiment, C. S. Army; 2. Stephen Wharton, served in the C. S. Army; 3. Susan J.; 4. William Martin, entered the C. S. Army as second lieutenant, was promoted to captain of Co. C, Tenth Alabama regiment, was wounded in the seven days fight before Richmond, and died in a hospital shortly afterward; 5. James Lacy, served in the Second Alabama cavalry, C. S. Army; 6. Parthena; 7. Anna P.; 8. Hellen N.; 9. Martha

M.; 10. Josephine. Last residence: Shelby County.

LEE, NEEDHAM, Sr., pioneer, was born in Virginia, and died in 1820, at his home in Cahaba Valley, Shelby County; son of Thomas and Mary Lee, the former of whom is said to have been very closely related to Light Horse Harry Lee. Not much is known of his early life, but he probably lived for a time at Crab Orchard, Ky., then in Hawkins County, Tenn., and later at Bean Station, Knox County, Tenn. It is possible that he lived in Cumberland County, Tenn., also. He moved to Alabama in 1816, and settled in Cahaba Valley, Shelby County, which was at that time St. Clair County, Alabama territory, living there until his death. The second year after his arrival he was a candidate for the legislature and was defeated by a majority of one vote. He served as justice in the first court ever held in Shelby County, and held that office until his death. When he came to Alabama, his second son brought the family and party down the Tennessee River to Gunter's Landing, while Mr. Lee and his eldest son brought the horses and stock overland. The family walked from Gunter's Landing, one hundred miles to the place of settlement. At least three of his sons and forty-six of his grandsons served in the War of Secession, a record probably unequalled in the United States. Married: probably in Virginia, to Susan Bailey. Children: 1. Thomas, served in the War of 1812, married, children, Frederick, d. in War of Secession, Willis, captain in C. S. Army, and Bailey; 2. Col. William Carroll, served in the War of 1812, and in the Indian Wars, where he was promoted to colonel, married, children, William Carroll, jr., served in C. S. Army, John Shakelford, served in the C. S. Army, Martin, enlisted in the C. S. Army from Mississippi, James Ed and Rev. Polk Darcus, both of whom served in Co. A, Tenth Alabama infantry, C. S. Army, Henry Gaines, Bryan Oldham and Robert Edward; 3. Winifred, m. James Bailey; children, James Irwin and Tom, both of the Twentieth Alabama infantry, C. S. Army, William, Needham and John Sevier, the last two of whom enlisted in Co. K., Thirtieth Alabama infantry, C. S. Army; 4. Zilpha, m. Samuel Acton, children, Needham, member of the home guard during the War of Secession, John and Dr. Samuel, both of Co. K, Thirtieth Alabama regiment, the latter surgeon of the regiment, Gaines, served in the Twentieth Alabama and died on Dag Creek, Dr. William Madison, served in the Thirtieth Alabama and was shot down while leading a charge, Aaron Crawford, served with the Twentieth Alabama, and Thomas Monroe; 5. Ingram, married, children, James, served in Whistnant's Company, C. S. Army, Edward Givins, served in the Tenth Alabama infantry, and S. A.; 6. John W., married, children, Perry, served in Second Alabama cavalry and died at home before the war was over, Sidney, Thomas, Gregory and William C., the latter two of whom served in the Tenth Alabama infantry, and Needham; 7. Sallie, m. Edward Byrum, children, Alden, Marion, served with Co. K, Thirtieth Alabama, killed in 1864 in

front of Atlanta, Ga., Mal, Co. K, Thirtieth Alabama infantry, Enarden, Silas, Co. K, Thirtieth Alabama, and William; 8. Elizabeth, m. Rev. William Acton, children, John Vincent, William H., and James Gaines, all of whom served in the C. S. Army; 9. Needham, jr. (q. v.); 10. Henry R., married, children, Mitchell and Capt. Melvin, members of Alabama regiments, C. S. Army, and William; 11. Edward, served in the C. S. Army with the Twentieth Alabama regiment, married, children, Warren, Co. B, Second Alabama regiment, Thomas, Co. C, Tenth Alabama, and James J. Polk; died about close of war; Perry, enlisted in Twentieth Alabama, d. of measles at Mobile, married, children, William and Shelley, members of Alabama regiments, C. S. Army, Needham, and A. Jackson; 13. Mary, m. Malden Roy, children, Bill, Marion, Lafayette, and Perry, the first three served in the C. S. Army; 14. Gaines, married, child, David Needham; 15. Susan, m. Wesley Hall Hollingsworth, children, John Perry, and Ed Columbus, both served in C. S. Army, the latter captured and held prisoner at Syracuse, N. Y.; 16. Martin; 17. James Franklin, served throughout the War of Secession. Last residence: Cahaba Valley, Shelby County.

LEE, ROBERT MONROE, farmer, was born August 19, 1846, at Louisville, Barbour County; son of Needham and Emiline (Lewis) Lee, the former a native of Jefferson County, Ga., who served in the Indian War of 1836; grandson of Needham and Lydia (Pryor) Lee, and of Elvy and Emeline (Benton) Lewis, of North Carolina. His Lee ancestors came from England to Virginia in the sixteenth century. He was educated in the common schools of Louisville; entered the C. S. Army, March 10, 1862, joining Co. A, Forty-fifth Alabama infantry regiment; participated in the battle of Murfreesboro, and in all subsequent battles of the Western Army until July 22, 1864, at which time he was captured; was carried to Camp Chase, Ohio, as a prisoner of war, and paroled March 2, 1865. After the war, he engaged in farming; represented Barbour County in the State legislature, 1907; is a Democrat; a Methodist; a Mason. Married: January 19, 1881, to Annie T., daughter of Dr. John A. and Sarah Elizabeth (Huey) Reynolds, of Louisville. Children: 1. Robert Davis, deceased; 2. George Greer; 3. Huey Reynolds. Residence: Clio.

LEE, SIDNEY W., business man; president of the Alabama grocery company. Residence: Birmingham.

LEE, WILLIAM D., lawyer, was born August 18, 1833, in Perry County; son of David and Haran (Holmes) Lee, natives of North Carolina, the former who came to Perry County in 1818, remained one year and returned to North Carolina to be married, brought his wife back with him to Alabama, and became one of the largest planters in the state; brother of Richard Henry Lee, a graduate of the University of Alabama, A. B. and A. M., a merchant at Mobile and a planter in Perry County, who

was married in 1855 to Tabitha Jordan Curry, and died November 10, 1878. Mr. Lee was graduated from Howard college, 1852, and attended the law school of the University of Virginia for two years. He was admitted to the bar in Perry County, 1855, and was practicing law at Marion at the time of the outbreak of the War of Secession. He enlisted in the C. S. Army as a private in the Eighth Alabama cavalry, 1862, and served until the end of the war. He returned to Perry County, and engaged in planting on the old homestead until 1869, when he moved to a farm in Greensboro. He was appointed a member of the state board of inspectors of convicts by Gov. O'Neal, March 1, 1883, and was re-appointed at the end of two years for the succeeding four years. Married: in July, 1860, to Imogen, daughter of Matthew Hobson, a planter of Hale County. Residence: Greensboro.

LEE, WILLIAM ITHAMER, teacher, was born August 13, 1876, in Covington County; son of Samuel Asberry and Hulda (Deal) Lee of McKenzie, the former a Confederate soldier; grandson of Eli and Sarah (Piles) Lee, of Covington County, and of George W. and Tabitha Deal, of Butler County. The Lees came from England and settled in South Carolina, later moving to Georgia and from there to Alabama. Mr. Lee received his education in the public schools of Butler County; in Georgiana high school; and the State normal school, Troy. He began teaching in 1898; taught eleven years in the public schools of Butler, Covington and Geneva Counties, and for nine years as principal of the McKenzie public school; was mayor of McKenzie, 1912; and was elected to legislature from Butler County, 1918. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; and a Woodman of the World. Married: October 21, 1903, at McKenzie, to Ethel Estelle, daughter of James R. and Mittie Harper of McKenzie; granddaughter of Robert Alexander and Susie (Purnell) Harper, and of John and Sarah (Sellers) McPherson. Children: 1. Mary Evelyn; 2. Hulda Madia. Residence: McKenzie.

LEE, WILLIAM LOVARD, lawyer, was born April 17, 1873, at Clayton, Barbour County; son of Alto Velo and Lillie (Lawrence) Lee (q. v.). He attended the public schools of Clayton, and the University of Alabama, graduating from the latter place in 1892. He read law in the office of Lee and Lee, Clayton, and began the practice of his profession at Columbia, in 1895. He served as city attorney, 1897-1899; mayor, 1899-1903; and a representative in the State legislature from Houston County, 1907. He is a Democrat, having served as a member of the executive committee of Henry County, 1896-1898, 1901-1903, as chairman of the same, 1898-1899, and as a member and secretary of the executive committee of Houston County, 1903-1906. He is a Methodist; a Knight of Pythias; and a Mason. Married: in 1896, to Ellen, daughter of Peter F. and Ellen (Cassady) Thomas, of Lawrenceville, the former a Confederate soldier. Children: 1.

William Lovard, jr.; 2. Wallace Thomas; 3. Eloise. Residence: Columbia.

LEEDY, WILLIAM BIBB, real estate and insurance man, was born December 25, 1846, at Aberdeen, Monroe County, Miss.; son of Lorenzo Dow and Sarah Ann (Bibbs) Leedy, who were married and lived in Huntsville, the former a native of Abingdon, Va., born February 22, 1816, who lived at that place until he was eighteen years of age, when he moved to Alabama and located at Huntsville, the latter a native of Madison County, born in 1818; grandson of James Leedy, a teacher and farmer, who lived at or near Abingdon, Va., and of William and Sarah (Garrett) Bibb, of Huntsville, the former a Virginian, born in 1783, in Goochland County, who died and was buried in Huntsville, 1883, the latter also a native of Virginia, born in 1785, in Amherst County, who died and was buried in Huntsville, 1839; great-grandson of James and Elizabeth (Bibb) Bibb, cousins, and William and Ann (George) Garrett, the former a native of Amherst County, Va., who moved to Nashville, and fought in the Revolutionary War, first enlisting as a private, then entering the artillery service. Mr. Leedy was reared and educated at Aberdeen, Miss., until, on account of the death of his mother in 1851, and of his father in 1862, he went to live with his mother's people at Huntsville. At that time Huntsville was occupied by Federal troops, and Mr. Leedy, with several of his boy friends and schoolmates accepted a position as clerk under a quartermaster in the U. S. army, on condition that he should not be required to take the oath of allegiance. When the troops were withdrawn previous to Hood's advance in Tennessee, in November, 1864, Mr. Leedy took part in the immediate organization of a cavalry company for the C. S. Army. His company was mustered in as Co. I, Fourth Alabama cavalry, Russell's regiment, Forrest's command, and he became second sergeant of the company. In the first fight in which he took part, on Hood's retreat to the Tennessee River, he and a number of his comrades were captured and imprisoned at Nashville. When the fact that he had held a clerical position under the Federal quartermaster at Huntsville was discovered, he and eighteen others, similarly situated, were charged as spies and tried before a "drum head" court martial. They were offered the choice of taking the oath of allegiance and going north until after the surrender, or of being convicted and sentenced to death. Before the sentence could be carried into effect, Gen. Forrest sent an officer to Nashville under the flag of truce with the warning that he should hang a Federal officer for every one of the nineteen that were executed. Proceedings were stayed until the matter was brought before President Lincoln, who gave orders which resulted in the exchange of the nineteen for Federal prisoners in Libby prison. Sergt. Leedy obtained his freedom at Richmond, March, 1865, and was on a sixty day furlough at the time of Lee's surrender. He gave himself up at Meridian, Miss.; was paroled, and given transportation to Huntsville. He became a pharmacist

at Memphis, Tenn., 1866-1870, attending a college of pharmacy at Philadelphia, Pa., 1868-1869. He entered the banking business at Huntsville in 1870; became a partner of W. R. Risen and company, bankers, 1876-1887; moved to Birmingham in 1887, and became a dealer in real estate and insurance. He is a member of W. J. Hardee camp, United Confederate Veterans; and has been a colonel on the staff of Gen. George P. Harrison, and of George B. Gordon, S. D. Lee, Clement Evans Gordon, and Bennett H. Young. He is a Democrat; a Presbyterian; and an Elk. Married: September 18, 1873, at Memphis, Tenn., to Kate Stratton, who died June 9, 1914; daughter of John Thomas and Emma (Ferguson) Stratton, of Memphis, natives, respectively, of Franklin, Ky., and Brownsville, Tenn.; granddaughter of Henry and Margaret (Rayburn) Stratton, Virginians, who moved from their native state to Franklin, Ky., then to Holly Springs, Miss., and finally to Memphis, Tenn., and of James Butler and Eliza (Gibbs) Ferguson, natives, respectively, of Belfast, Ireland, and Wilmington, N. C. Children: 1. John Stratton, unmarried; 2. William Bibb, jr., m. Mabel Roy, Birmingham, child, Katherine Leedy; 3. Emma Stratton, m. I. F. Young, Birmingham, child, Kate Leedy. Residence: Birmingham.

LEEPER, JAMES THEOPHILUS, judge, was born September 23, 1832, at Moulton, Lawrence County; son of Samuel and Elanora (Stone) Leeper, the former born in Georgia in 1800, was taken to Tennessee in 1809, and came to Alabama in 1821, settling in Lawrence County, was merchant in early life, later studying law, and twice representing Shelby County in the legislature, and died in 1871. In the extreme youth of James T. Leeper, his parents moved to Talladega County, where he received a common school education. In 1848, young Leeper moved to Shelby County, but in 1850, returned to Talladega to be employed as clerk in the probate office, a position he held for a year and a half. Coming again to Shelby, he was employed in the same capacity. In 1854, he was admitted to the bar. In 1855, he assisted M. H. Cruickshank, register in chancery for Talladega, with the duties of his office. The next year he was himself appointed register for Shelby County by Chancellor James B. Clark, of Eutaw. In connection with his duties as register, he entered upon the practice of law, in co-partnership with his father. He was elected a member of what is known as the "Parson's Convention" of 1865. In 1865, he was appointed solicitor for his circuit by Gov. Parsons; in 1866, formed a partnership with Mr. Lewis; two years later, was appointed register in chancery for the district of three counties, Jefferson, St. Clair and Shelby, by Chancellor Woods, afterward associate justice of the supreme court of the United States. The year following, 1869, he was appointed judge of probate for Shelby County by Gov. W. H. Smith. He held that and other important offices continuously for the greater part of fifty years. He was a prohibitionist; a Presbyterian; a Mason; and Odd Fellow. Married: November 1, 1857, to Antoinette M. Bandy. Children: 1. Samuel B.; 2. James T., attorney



DR. JOHN H. PHILLIPS

at Columbiana; 3. Olive, m. Frank Nelson of Birmingham; 4. Charles Stone, banker of Birmingham; 5. Lucile, m. Andrew Grizzard Patterson, of Falkville. Last residence: Shelby County.

LEFTWICH, JABEZ, representative in congress, born 1762, was a native of Bedford County, Va.; educated in the common schools; colonel of a regiment in the War of 1812; and a representative in congress from that State, 1821-25. He removed to Madison County, about 1827, and represented that county in the general assembly, 1835 and 1836. He died in 1855 and left numerous descendants in the State. Last residence: Madison County.

LEGRAND, MILTON PAUL, physician, business man, was born November 10, 1832, at Wadesboro, N. C., and died September 22, 1893, in Montgomery; son of William C. and Jane (Paul) LeGrand, natives of North Carolina, of Huguenot and English ancestry, respectively, who came to Alabama in 1837, and settled at Tuskegee where they spent the remainder of their lives, the former dying in 1839, and the latter in 1842. He received his early education at Tuskegee, and as a preliminary step toward preparing himself for the medical profession, entered a drug store at Marion. At the end of four years, he returned to Tuskegee and opened a drug store on his own account. He conducted that store for about three years, then opened a similar business in Montgomery on a much larger scale. His failing health caused him to give up the drug business, and after a rest of a year or two, he entered the grocery and dry goods business, and built up the largest trade in that line that Montgomery had ever possessed. He continued in that business until 1882. He was one of the organizers of the Montgomery and Florida railroad company, and was elected its president in 1881. In June, 1886, finding other business affairs too pressing, he declined re-election to the presidency, and was made vice president of the company. On the organization of the Commercial fire insurance company in 1876, Mr. LeGrand was made president. In 1889, he organized the Bank of Montgomery, which he conducted until his death. He had served for two years in the C. S. Army, having retired from active service because of his physical condition. Married: in February, 1854, at Tuscaloosa, Louisa Jones, who died August 21, 1891, daughter of Dr. Erastus W. Jones, of Tuscaloosa. Children: 1. Milton Paul, b. March 25, 1861, at Tuscaloosa, d. in August, 1913, at his summer home on Perdido Bay, was graduated from Vanderbilt university, B. S., 1883, and from the University of Alabama, LL. B., 1894, began the practice of law with Horace Stringfellow in the firm of Stringfellow and LeGrand, became president of the Bank of Montgomery on the death of his father, and held that position until 1900, when that bank and the Merchants and planters bank were consolidated, became vice-president of the resulting Merchants and planters bank, was on Gov. Jones' staff for four years, and on Gov. Seay's staff four years, occupying the position of judge advocate general of state troops, m. April 27, 1893, to Mary

Virginia Goldthwaite, daughter of Robert W. and Annie (Paul) Goldthwaite (q. v.), of Montgomery; 2. William Homer, planter, b. June 15, 1871, attended the University of Alabama, m. Kate Elsberry, Montgomery; 3. Eloise, d. in 1900, m. J. Craig Smith (q. v.), formerly state treasurer. Last residence: Montgomery.

LEGRANDE, JOHN C., president of the medical association of Alabama, 1900.

LEIGH, JOHN DAVID, lawyer, circuit judge, was born June 25, 1872, at Pollard, Escambia County; son of Norvelle Robertson and Catherine (Burnett) Leigh (q. v.). He was educated at Brewton collegiate institute, and was graduated from the law school of the University of Alabama, 1894. He entered the practice of law at Brewton, July 21, 1894; has acted as solicitor for fourteen years; and is now judge of the twenty-first judicial circuit composed of the counties of Monroe, Conecuh, Escambia and Baldwin. He has been county chairman of the Democratic executive committee for twenty-seven years; is a trustee and steward in the Methodist Episcopal church, South; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: February 26, 1908, at Brewton, to Mabel, daughter of William and Florence Crook, who lived at that place. Children: 1. Catherine Burnett, b. 1909. Residence: Brewton.

LEIGH, NORVELLE ROBERTSON, lawyer, circuit judge, was born May 31, 1836, at Brooklyn, Conecuh County; son of John David and Nancy (Robertson) Leigh, who lived at Williamsburg, Covington County, Miss., the former a native of Virginia, who moved with his father to Savannah, Ga., when a boy, and moved to Brooklyn, Conecuh County, in 1820, became a farmer and merchant, and died December 28, 1848; grandson of Norvelle Robertson a native of Georgia, of Scotch descent, a Baptist minister, who lived in Mississippi and preached the gospel for seventy-two years, and died in 1857, at the age of ninety-four years. On his father's side, his ancestors were Scotch-Irish immigrants who settled in Virginia in colonial days. He was educated in the common schools of Conecuh County, and when he was fifteen years of age became a clerk in the mercantile house of Charles Williford, at Quitman, Miss., remaining with that concern until 1855. During the latter year, he went to Milton, Fla., and became a clerk in a store owned by his brother. In 1857, he purchased his brother's stock and followed the general mercantile business until the beginning of the War of Secession. He entered the C. S. Army as second lieutenant of a company of mounted rangers, and on the reorganization of the company eight months later, was chosen captain of Co. E, Fifteenth regiment of cavalry, and commanded that company until the close of the war. For some time after the war, he engaged in farming in Conecuh County, but in 1867, entered the mercantile and timber business at Pollard, Escambia County, and continued in that business until 1879. He was elected probate judge of Escambia County in 1880, and was subsequently re-elected until he

had held the position for twenty-four successive years. He is a Democrat, a Baptist and a Mason. Married: March 31, 1864, at Belleville, Conecuh County, to Catherine, daughter of John H. and Margaret (Donald) Burnett, who lived at that place. Children: 1. Maggie, m. David M. Hand, Birmingham; 2. Katie, m. E. S. McMillan, merchant, Brewton; 3. Norvelle Robertson, jr., b. July 23, 1870, was graduated from the University of Alabama, LL.B., lawyer at Brewton, member of the constitutional convention of 1901; 4. John David, (q. v.). Residence: Brewton.

LEIGH, WILLIAM, Baptist minister, was born October 4, 1790, in Amelia County, Va., and died July 31, 1873, at Florence. He presided as moderator over the Sandy Creek Baptist church, Amelia County, Va., in his seventeenth year; was licensed to preach, August 5, 1810; and was ordained to the gospel ministry by a presbytery, June 16, 1821. He was a minister for sixty-three years and an ordained minister for fifty-two years. At the meeting of the Muscle shoals association in 1823, Elder Leigh, who had recently moved to Alabama, proposed that the association advise the churches to take into consideration the subject of missions within the bounds of the association. His proposition was rejected by the churches, though the association that year appointed four missionaries. He continued his efforts to infuse a missionary spirit among the Baptists of northern Alabama, and through his influence a missionary society was organized in Carmel church of which he was a member, June, 1824. The society met with much opposition, even up to 1846, when the association by its action became a missionary body. He advocated and secured the organization of a missionary society which met at the same time and place of the association. He was clerk of the association in 1839; moved to Kentucky in 1849, and remained there four years; returned to Alabama in 1854, and resided in Moulton until 1856; moved to Florence and lived there until his death. He was the Whig candidate for the State legislature from Franklin County in 1840, but was defeated. He had no charge of churches previous to his death, but preached occasionally. He was buried with Masonic honors at the graveyard near Leighton, which place takes its name from him. He was grand master of the grand lodge of Masons of Alabama in 1834, and was author of a work on Masonry entitled "The Ladies' Masonry or Hieroglyphic Monitor, containing all the emblems explained in the degrees of the Holy Virgin and Heroine of Jerico duly arranged," published in 1851. He was twice married, but the names of his wives are unavailable. He had several children by his first wife. One daughter was married to Elder Richard B. Burleson, and died in Moulton; and another married Mr. Ligon, son of Chancellor D. G. Ligon. Last residence: Florence.

LEITH, MARTIN LUTHER, lawyer, was born February 19, 1868, near Corona, Walker County; son of Michael Porter and Sissaline (Chilton) Leith, the former a native of Centerville, who lived at Carbon Hill, and was a Con-

federate soldier; grandson of George and Elizabeth (Branner) Leith, and of Richard and Sallie (Key) Chilton, all of whom came from Rockingham County, Va., to Jefferson County, Tenn., and later moved to Alabama, settling in Bibb County; great-grandson of Ebenezer Leith, a Baptist preacher, who came from Scotland. Mr. Leith was educated in the common schools of Walker County; worked on a farm until he was nineteen years of age, after which he spent six years working in coal mines; studied law under Thomas L. Sowell; was admitted to the bar in December, 1897, in Walker County; has continuously practiced law in that county; was elected to the State senate from the twelfth district in 1907-1911; and re-elected in 1919. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; and a Woodman of the World. Married: October 18, 1891, in Walker County, to Clelia, daughter of John K. and Mary (Johnson) Guthrie, of Townley, Walker County, the former a planter, and sheriff of Walker County during the War of Secession; granddaughter of Robert Guthrie, a Baptist preacher, and a merchant. Children: 1. Carlos, deceased; 2. Vera, m. David Erskine Moore; 3. Quinnie, m. Ralph Root; 4. Willie, m. Leo Edwards. Residence: Jasper.

LENNARD, JOHN BORUM, planter, was born January 1, 1807, on his father's plantation located on Kettle Creek, near Washington, Ga., and died December 6, 1870, at Woodland, Freestone County, Tex.; son of John Borum and Mary (Wood) Lennard, natives of Virginia, who after their marriage removed to Wilkes County, Ga.; grandson of Thomas and Nettie (Borum) Lennard, of Virginia, and of Capt. and Katherine (Price) Wood, natives of Virginia, the former was either a captain or colonel in the Revolutionary War, and was killed in battle, his widow, Katherine Price Wood, married again, and removed to Georgia, where she was celebrated during the war period for several acts of bravery, carrying important dispatches and molding bullets for Washington's army. The Lennards are descended from French Huguenots who migrated to Virginia. The maternal lines are Scotch-Irish. John Borum Lennard received his education at Washington, Ga., and after his father's death, which occurred when he was fourteen years of age, he entered the mercantile business. Upon suffering severe losses by fire, he engaged in agriculture and left a valuable landed estate to his heirs. In 1847, he removed from Washington, Ga., to Nixburg, Coosa County, but after the War of Secession located in Texas. He was a major of cavalry in the Florida Indian Wars, 1833, his regiment being commanded by Col. Robert Toombs of Georgia. In 1861 he was a member of the Alabama Secession convention; a Whig in politics and opposed to the State's withdrawal from the Union, but finally yielded and voted with the majority for the inevitable. He was a Methodist; and Mason. Married: (1) December 2, 1829 to Sarah Frances, daughter of Joseph and Mrs. Anne (Grinnage) Beard Marshall, of Columbia County, Ga.; granddaughter of Levi Marshall; great-granddaughter of

Daniel Marshall, a pioneer Baptist minister and closely related to Chief Justice John Marshall, niece of Dr. Nathan Crawford, who was grandfather of Senator Charles Culberson of Texas, and also related to Gov. Crawford, W. H. Crawford, and Nathan Crawford Barrett, notable characters in Georgia's political history; (2) April 14, 1835, to Jane Daniel, also of Georgia; (3) to Eliza Townsend of Alabama. Children: by the first marriage, 1. Joseph Marshall, graduate Jefferson medical college, Philadelphia, surgeon in the Confederate Army, Nixburg; 2. John Borum, III, planter, Lieutenant, C. S. Army, m. L. A. Smith, daughter of Alexander Smith of Coosa County, a member Alabama legislature before the War of Secession, resided at Alexander City; by the second marriage, 3. Mary Ann, m. Alexander Kendrick; 4. William Daniel, died of fever in Virginia as a Confederate soldier; 5. Eliza J., m. A. M. Kendrick; 6. Thomas C., killed at the battle of South Mountain, fighting with the Confederates; 7. Sarah, m. John A. Smith; by the third marriage, 8. Kate E., m. M. H. Harris, Freestone County, Texas; 9. Alice L., m. W. P. Oden, Sylacauga; 10. Ellen, m. A. J. Oden, Sylacauga. Last residence: Woodland, Texas.

LENTZ, HENRY, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 81, and a resident of Limestone County; private and sergeant N. C. Militia; enrolled on June 14, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$59.33; sums received to date of publication of list, \$148.32.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

LESESNE, JOSEPH WHITE, lawyer, chancellor, was born in 1811, in Georgetown, S. C., and was drowned by the upsetting of a sailboat in Mobile Bay, October 15, 1856, while crossing from his residence at Point Clear; son of John Lesesne; grandson of Daniel and Mary (Simons) Lesesne. His family was of Huguenot extraction, being descended on the paternal side from Isaac Lesesne, the founder of the family in South Carolina, who emigrated to America in 1679, and on the maternal side from Benjamin Simons, a Huguenot, who was a member of the assembly in 1761. The Simons family is prominent and widely connected in South Carolina. His great-grandmother was Mary Esther DuPré, whose family were Huguenots of noble extraction. One of his Lesesne ancestors was a captain under Gen. Francis Marion in the Revolution. He received his education chiefly in and around New Haven, Conn., and attended Yale college when he was seventeen years old. He left Yale with Andrew P. Calhoun and others who refused to inform upon a fellow student, and entered the South Carolina college, at Columbia, where he was graduated with first honors, 1832. He then engaged in politics; wrote for the "Columbia Telescope," a Nullification paper; and became co-editor of that paper. He went to Yorkville, S. C., in December, 1834, and read and practiced law for one year, then moved to Mobile where he spent the remainder of his life. He

was associated in the practice of law in Mobile with John Forsyth and William D. Dunn, and soon took high rank at the bar. He was appointed by Gov. Fitzpatrick as commissioner to make the annual examination into the affairs and condition of the Branch bank of Alabama, at Mobile; and on the death of Chancellor Crenshaw, in 1847, was appointed chancellor of the southern division by Gov. Martin. The legislature elected him to that position for a term of six years, over Hon. Francis Bugbee, of Montgomery, and he filled the office during that time. During the heated controversies of 1855-1856, he assisted in the political guidance of the "Register," and acquired considerable reputation as a political writer. He was a Democrat of the Calhoun school. Married: December, 1834, to Miss Cooper, a daughter of President Thomas Cooper, of South Carolina college. His eldest son was drowned with him, but another son, a member of the capsized party, was rescued. Henry Deas Lesesne, who was connected with the Alabama steel works, at Mobile, in 1900, is a grandson. Last residence: Mobile.

LESLIE, WILLIAM PERRY, lawyer, was born in 1819, in Monroe County, and died October 10, 1867, at Pascagoula, Miss. He was a brother of Judge John W. Leslie, who was born May 11, 1814, in Pendleton District, S. C., and died September 10, 1897, in Monroeville, who was judge of probate of Monroe County, and occupied other prominent positions in the public affairs of the county. His father was a planter. He was reared on a farm until he was eighteen years of age, then became clerk in a store for two years. He moved to Claiborne and read law in the office of A. B. Cooper for about two years, and was admitted to the bar in 1840 or 1841. He practiced law in Sparta in partnership with W. B. H. Howard for several years, then returned to Claiborne in the spring of 1843, and formed a partnership with Mr. Cooper which lasted until 1850, when Mr. Cooper moved to Wilcox County. At that time he formed a partnership with Judge R. C. Torrey, and remained in that association until 1861. In 1861, he was elected to the State senate from the district composed of Monroe, Covington and Conecuh Counties. He was a Union man and opposed to secession, but after war was actually in force, he raised a company of artillery, principally from Monroe County, in the fall of 1861, and volunteered as a private. He was assigned to a second lieutenantancy, and remained in service until some time in 1863, when he was relieved because of ill-health. At the close of the war, he sold his property in Monroe County and in 1866 moved to East Pascagoula, Miss., and erected on the bay a large steam saw and planing mill. He was also founder of several industrial establishments at Claiborne. On a visit to Mobile on business in October, 1867, he contracted the yellow fever and soon after died. Married: in April, 1847, to Miss Agee, daughter of W. A. Agee of Monroe County, and sister of Hon. N. A. Agee. He had six children. Last residence: Pascagoula, Miss.

LESTER, JOHN HENRY, business man, was born July 9, 1873, near Attalla; son of James H.

and Elizabeth G. (Cox) Lester, the former a physician in and around Crudup, the latter who was born near Attalla; grandson of James Madison and Elizabeth (Goodwin) Lester, who moved to Rome, Ga., and from there to Columbus, Ga., and of Thomas and Mary Anne (Boyd) Cox, the former of whom was born in East Tennessee and came to Alabama when about six years old, the latter a native of Talladega County; great-grandson of Edward Cox, who served with distinction in the Revolutionary War. He received a common school education and at the age of seventeen entered the Bank of Attalla as collection clerk. He was promoted to bookkeeper, teller, and in 1895 to cashier, and is also one of the stockholders and directors in the bank. He is a stockholder and director in the wholesale firm of B. B. S. grocery company at Attalla; and, in partnership with T. C. Banks, owns the Attalla manufacturing company. He served as city treasurer, 1895-1903; is a Democrat; and a Methodist. Married: April 17, 1901, to Jack J. Jolly, of Birmingham, daughter of Col. Jack Jolly, a lawyer of Birmingham, who was a colonel in the C. S. Army during the War of Secession. Children: 1. Jewell H. Residence: Attalla.

LETCHER, JOHN TALBERT, lawyer and city commissioner of Montgomery, was born December 2, 1881, at Shorter, Macon County, and died May 7, 1916, in Montgomery; son of Dr. Francis Marion and Claudia Caroline (Howard) Letcher, the former a native of Fish Pond, Coosa County, who lived later at Central Institute, Elmore County, in New Orleans, La. and Montgomery, the former a surgeon in C. S. Army; grandson of John David and Ann Matilda (Bozeman) Letcher of Elmore County, and William John and Ann Flewellen (Billingslea) Howard of Shorter; great-grandson of Giles and Agnes (Talbert) Letcher, the former a native of Edgefield District, S. C., who located in Alabama in early boyhood, and of James and Elizabeth (Slatter) Billingslea of Jones County, Ga.; great-great-grandson of Joseph Letcher, of John and Louisa (Stoner) Howard, and of James and Mary (Smith) Billingslea of Wilkes County, Ga.; great-great-great-grandson of Rhesa and Hanna (Few) Howard, the latter a relative of William Few, signer of the Constitution from Georgia, of Peter and Mary (Miner) Stoner of Virginia, and of Solomon and Nancy (Flewellen) Slatter; great-great-great-great-grandson of Joel and Frances (Bastin) Slatter of North Carolina, and great-great-great-great-great-grandson of William Flewellen and wife who was a Miss Branch. He received his elementary education in the public schools of Shorter and Cross Keys; was graduated from the Alabama polytechnic institute, B. S., 1901, M. S., 1902. He was master of Sewanee grammar school, 1902-03. In 1903 he was admitted to the bar, and at once began the practice in Montgomery. He was elected alderman of Montgomery in October, 1909, and served until April, 1911; was appointed in May of that year city commissioner. He was a Democrat; a Baptist; a Red Man; Knight of Pythias; Mason; and member of the Kappa Alpha fraternity.

Married: September 7, 1911, at Gadsden, to Lillian, daughter of William Thomas and Hattie Elizabeth (Hamrick) McCord of that place. Children: 1. Talbert, daughter. Last residence: Montgomery.

LETCHER, MARION, U. S. consular official, a native and for a number of years a resident of Alabama, was born in Macon County, September 5, 1872; son of Dr. Francis Marion and Claudia Caroline (Howard) Letcher, and a brother of John Talbert Letcher (q. v.). He graduated from the University of Alabama, A. B., 1894; taught at Hamner Hall, 1895-97; was principal Seale high school, 1897-98; 1st lieutenant Co., A., Fifth U. S. infantry regiment (Immunes), Spanish-American war, 1898; president Douglassville college, Ga., 1900-01; employed in U. S. Bureau of education, Washington, 1903-09; consul at Acapulco, Mex., 1909-11, Chihuahua, 1911-16; acting foreign trade adviser, department of state, Washington, since June 10, 1916; appointed consul general, April 16, 1917; rendered valuable aid to Gen. Pershing during the punitive expeditions of 1916-17. He is a member of the Sigma Nu college fraternity; a Democrat; and an Episcopalian. Married: November 7, 1901, to Marilu Ingram, of Coweta County, Ga. Residence: Chevy Chase, Md.

LETSON, JESSE WALTER, teacher, was born March 25, 1873, at Adger, Jefferson County; son of Andrew Jackson and Mattie Frances (Jones) Letson, the former a native of Griffin, Spalding County, Ga., who lived in Jefferson County; grandson of Dr. W. T. and Susan Letson, of Old Jonesboro, the former of German descent, and of Nathan and Winnie Jones, of McCalla. He received his early schooling at McCalla; attended Howard college, 1896-1897; and summer sessions at the State university, at Knoxville, Tenn., and Valparaiso, Ind.; finally graduating, B. S., in 1911. He began the work of a public school teacher in a rural school in Fayette County, 1891; and has taught in Fayette, Shelby, Jefferson, and Walker Counties. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; and an Odd Fellow. Married: June 30, 1897, at Siluria, to Emma Eugenia, daughter of William Caples and Sarah Emma Benton, of that place. Children: 1. Neillmore Hobson; 2. Eunice Thelma; 3. Elsie May; 4. Vivian Dora; 5. Jesse Walter, jr. Residence: Jasper.

LETSON, WILLIAM PALESTINE, teacher, was born December 4, 1870, at Falls City, Winston County; son of William Henry and Susan Emiline (Steward) Letson, the former who was born in Fredonia, Chambers County, lived at Mountain Home, Sparta, South Lowell, and Glen Allen; grandson of George John and Nancy (Martin) Letson, of Fredonia, the former a Georgian, who came to Alabama about 1840, and lived in Chambers and Lawrence Counties, who served in the C. S. Army with Gen. Lee in all of his campaigns from the first of the War of Secession until the surrender at Appomattox, and of Manly Palestine and Susan Steward, of Jasper. The Letson family came from Holland to South Carolina, and the great-

grandfather Letson served in the Revolution. Mr. Letson was educated in the common schools and the Glen Allen school. He began to teach at Poplar Springs, in 1888, and since that time has been teaching in Marion and Fayette Counties. He served as county superintendent of education, 1898-1900; and represented Marion County in the State legislature, 1911. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; a Mason; and an Odd Fellow. Married: March 29, 1903, at Stricklin, Marion County, to Martha Elizabeth, daughter of Rev. Andrew Jackson and Nancy Jane McWhirter, of that place, the former of Irish descent; great-granddaughter of Archibald Whitehead, who was with Gen. Jackson in the Creek War, 1813. Children: 1. Lorenz Hearsh; 2. Lothair Everett; 3. Burwell Braxton; 4. Kermit. Residence: Glen Allen.

LEVERT, ENGENE V., grand master, grand council, Masons, 1866-67.

LEVERT, OCTAVIA (WALTON) author, was born in 1810, at "Bellevue," near Augusta, Ga., and died March 13, 1877, at that place; daughter of George and Sally Minge (Walker) Walton, the former a native of Georgia, who removed to Pensacola, Fla., was territorial secretary under Gen. Andrew Jackson, at one time acting governor, removed to Alabama and was mayor of Mobile, 1837-39; granddaughter of George and Dorothy (Camber) Walton, the former a native of Prince Edward County, Va., was apprenticed to learn the trade of carpenter, studying at night, removed to Georgia at end of apprenticeship in 1769, studied law, admitted to the bar in 1774, practiced in Augusta, secretary of the provincial congress in 1774, member of committee of safety, member council of safety, served several terms in State legislature, delegate to continental congress, 1776-81, signer of Declaration of Independence, soldier in Revolutionary War, captured at Savannah, governor of Georgia, 1779-81, chief justice of Georgia, 1773-86, elected a delegate to the federal constitution convention in 1787, but declined, governor in 1789, chief justice in 1793, appointed to the United States senate to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of James Jackson, serving from November 16, 1795, to February, 1796, commissioner to treat with the Indians at Easton, Pa., and to negotiate a treaty with the Cherokees in Tennessee, and judge of the middle circuit of Georgia, whose silver garter buckles are preserved in the Alabama State department of archives and history, his wife the daughter of Mr. Camber, an Englishman of Georgia who returned to England at the outbreak of the Revolutionary War; and of George and Eliza (Talbot) Walker; great-granddaughter of John and Mary (Moseley) Talbot, the former a native of Amelia County, Va., member of the house of burgesses, one of the signers of the Williamsburg declaration of independence, June 4, 1774, removed to Georgia in 1783, served several times as member of the state legislature, died in Wilkes County, Ga., brother of Gov. Matthew Talbot, of Georgia; great-granddaughter of Matthew and Annie (Williston) Talbot, the former a native of Ireland, whose people by lineage were

from Castle Talbot, Ireland, and descendants of the Earl of Shrewsbury, who emigrated to America, located in Maryland, later removing to Virginia, and residing at different times in Amelia, Prince George, Lunenburg, Charlotte and Bedford Counties, Va., and of Col. William Moseley, of Princess Anne County, Va. Madame LeVert received her education from her grandmother, mother, and an old Scotch tutor. At the age of twelve she spoke fluently French, Italian and Spanish and conversed in French with Lafayette upon his visit to Pensacola. She also christened the new capital of Florida "Tallahassee." She spent 1833-34 in a tour of the United States and everywhere was received with enthusiasm. In 1835 she moved to Mobile with her parents and spent the years 1853-54, and 1855 in Europe. Up to that time she was the only American who obtained access to the better circles of European society and in 1855 she was an officially accredited representative from Alabama to the Paris exposition. She met such interesting people as the Brownings, Napoleon III, Empress Eugenie, Pope Pius IX, Harriet Hosmer, Crawford Ives, Lamartine and others; in America she numbered among her personal friends such distinguished citizens as Washington Irving, Edwin Booth, Henry W. Longfellow, Henry Clay, Millard Fillmore, N. P. Willis, Jefferson Davis, Daniel Webster, Alexander H. Stephens, Robert Toombs and John C. Calhoun. She was one of the originators of the plan of the American women to preserve Mount Vernon and was for years vice-regent for Alabama of the Mount Vernon association. Although opposed to secession she remained in Mobile throughout that period and did all in her power to alleviate the sufferings of Southern soldiers. In 1865 she and her daughters made a last visit to New York and Washington. She appeared for a time in 1874 as a public reader and later returned to her old home near Augusta, Ga. Author: "Souvenirs of travel," 1857. Married: in 1836, in Mobile, to Dr. Henry Strachey LeVert, son of Dr. Claude LeVert, fleet surgeon to Rochambeau, and wife, a Miss Metcalf, of Virginia, niece of Admiral Edward Vernon, under whom Lawrence Washington served at the battle of Carthage and in whose honor he later named his home, "Mount Vernon." Children: 1. Octavia, d. unmarried; 2. Annette, m. Regyle Reab, of Augusta, Ga. A son and daughter died in infancy. Last residence: "Bellevue," near Augusta, Ga.

LEVY, EDWARD S., rabbi, a resident of Alabama for some years, was born February 6, 1851, at Philadelphia, Pa., and died February 26, 1914, at Fort Smith, Ark. He received his early education in the public schools and later attended the Hebrew educational school of Philadelphia, where he completed his classical education and a theological course. He became a teacher in the Hebrew orphan asylum in New York city, at the same time continuing the study of theology in preparation for the rabbinate. In 1877 he received his first call, it being to the congregation of Augusta, Ga.; and removed to Selma in 1887. After serving in Selma for twenty years removed to Fort Smith, Ark., and remained there until his death. He

was the author of many articles published in different periodicals. Married: (1) at Augusta, Ga., to Frances, daughter of Moses and Elise (Schwartz) Goldsmith, of that place; (2) in 1907, at the home of her sister in Selma, to Fanny, daughter of Simon and Elise Cohen of Montgomery. No children. Last residence: Fort Smith, Ark.

LEWIS, AARON, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 75, and a resident of Clarke County; private S. C. Continental Line; enrolled on April 20, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$53.33; sums received to date of publication of list, \$160.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in Vol. xiv, Sen. Doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Pike County, June 1, 1840, aged 80.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

LEWIS, AXIOM, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 75, resided in Clarke County, June 1, 1840, with William R. Hamilton.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

LEWIS, B. E., primitive Baptist preacher, was born January 12, 1830, in Montgomery County, and died September 27, 1900, in Montgomery County. He served in the War of Secession in the C. S. Army, and joined the Primitive Baptist church in the fall of 1866, at Bethlehem church, Montgomery County. A few years later he was chosen deacon and was set apart to that office by Elder B. A. Waker and O. H. P. Cook. After serving the Bethlehem church for several years, he joined the Bethel church in Montgomery County, and served there as clerk and deacon until his death. Married: December 20, 1854, to Elizabeth J. Talley. Two sons and two daughters died in infancy and two of his daughters are living. Last residence: Montgomery County.

LEWIS BENJAMIN H., lawyer, was born February 4, 1885, nine miles east of Troy; son of Benjamin H. and Sarah (Hutchison) Lewis, the former who was born at Woodville, Pike County, resided at Henderson in the same county, where he died September 15, 1882, and the grandson of John and Sarah Lewis, who lived at Monticello, and of William and Barbary Hutchison, also of Monticello. Benjamin H. Lewis, jr., was educated in the old field schools of Pike County and in R. W. Pruet's Academy, at Troy. He read law under Hon. W. D. Roberts, at Elba; was admitted to the bar, May 12, 1882; practiced in Elba until February, 1883, when he moved to Andalusia, where he has ever since resided in the practice of his profession; and was judge of the city court of Andalusia, 1907-1911. He is a Democrat; has served several times as chairman of the county executive committee, and often as a delegate to state conventions. He is a member of the Woodmen of the World. Married: Ella E., daughter of Dr. S. I. S. and Lizzie (Pynes) Cawthon, of Andalusia. Residence: Andalusia.

LEWIS, BURWELL BOYKIN, lawyer, representative in congress, president University of

Alabama, was born July 7, 1838, at Montgomery, and died October 11, 1885, at the University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa; son of Paul Hamilton and Elizabeth (Shortridge) Lewis (q. v.). He was left an orphan when quite young, and made his home with his uncle, Judge George Shortridge, at Montevallo. He was prepared for college in a private school, in Montevallo, taught by a Mr. Lewis; and was graduated from the University of Alabama, A. B., 1857, before completing his nineteenth year. The honorary degree of LL. D. was conferred upon him by his alma mater in 1880. He studied law with Judge John Haralson in Selma, and commenced the practice of law in Shelby County with Col. John S. Storrs, of Montevallo. On the outbreak of the War of Secession, he helped organize a company of cavalry for the C. S. Army and was offered the captaincy of the company but refused the position. He became second lieutenant, and was soon promoted to first lieutenant. The company was mustered in with the Second Alabama regiment of cavalry as Co. B, and served during the war in Alabama, Florida, Mississippi, Tennessee, Georgia, and the Carolinas. Lieut. Lewis was, during the greater part of his service, in command of his company, and, often, of the battalion. At the end of the war, he resumed the practice of law at Shelby. After the death of Col. Storrs, he became at different times, the law partner of Judge J. T. Leiper of Columbiana, and of Gov. Rufus Cobb. He was elected to the State legislature from Shelby County in 1870, and was returned in 1871. He moved to Tuscaloosa in 1872, and formed a partnership with Col. A. C. Hargrove, which continued until he retired from the profession. He was elected to the U. S. congress in 1874 as a representative of the state at large, and was again elected in 1878, but resigned the office before the end of his term, in order to accept the presidency of the University of Alabama, and the professorship of constitutional and international law at that institution. He served in that capacity from July, 1880, until the time of his death. He was a Democratic presidential elector in 1868, and was very active in the reconstruction of the state after the war. He was a Methodist; a Mason; and was author of numerous pamphlets on current topics. He was writing a book on political economy at the time of his death.

Married: January 21, 1860, at the University of Alabama, to Rose, daughter of Dr. Landon Cabell and Louisa Frances (Garland) Garland (q. v.), third cousins, the former of whom was at that time president of the University of Alabama, who later was president of the University of Mississippi, was one of the founders of the Vanderbilt university, and was first chancellor of that institution, holding that position for more than twenty years until his death in 1895; granddaughter of David S. Garland, whose mother, Jane Meredith, was a niece of Patrick Henry. Both parents were descended from distinguished Virginia ancestry. Mrs. Lewis had thirteen cousins killed during the War of Secession. She is a former president and corresponding secretary of the Pelham chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy, and a member of the Sumter chapter, Daughters of



ROBERT JEMISON, V

the American Revolution. Children: 1. Elizabeth, deceased, m. (1.) Louis L. Bradfield, (2.) C. E. Morris; 2. Caroline Matilda, m. J. Alexander Montgomery, Birmingham; 3. Rose, m. Robert Eden Scott Rives, Birmingham; 4. Louise, artist, Agnes Scott College, Decatur, Ga.; 5. Nan Meem, was graduated from Vanderbilt university, B. A., Miller school, Va.; 6. Nellie Bryce, Birmingham; 7. Bertha Boykin, m. Hugh Barr Miller, Hazelhurst, Miss. Last residence: University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa.

LEWIS, DAVID PETER, lawyer, governor of Alabama, was born in 1820, in Charlotte County, Va., and died July 3, 1884, at Huntsville; son of Peter C. and Mary Smith (Buster) Lewis, of Virginia. His father was of Welsh and his mother of English ancestry. He moved to Madison County with his parents in childhood, and grew up there, receiving a college education. He studied law in Huntsville; was admitted to the bar; and settled in Lawrence County where he built up a successful practice. He represented Lawrence County in the State constitutional convention of 1861, and voted against secession, but signed the secession ordinance after it had been passed by the convention. He was elected to the Confederate provisional congress at Montgomery by the convention, but resigned his seat. In 1863 he was appointed judge of the circuit court of Alabama by Gov. Shorter, and after holding the position for several months, passed through the army lines to Nashville, Tenn., where he remained until the close of the war. He returned to Alabama in 1865, and settled in Huntsville in the practice of his profession. He was elected governor of Alabama to succeed Gov. Lindsey, by the Republican party, in 1872, and served until 1874. The turmoil of the reconstruction period had not yet subsided when he entered the office, and he was unfortunate in the period of his incumbency. He doubled the taxes on the people, and recognized a body of Republicans claiming to be legally elected, and since known in the history of the state as the "court-house legislature," and appealed to the military authorities, still dominant in Alabama, to uphold his action. The matter was finally referred to the attorney-general of the United States for settlement, and under his decision the Democrats had the majority. The Republicans, however, gained the ascendancy and secured a majority for the election of their chosen candidate, George E. Spencer, to the U. S. senate. The radical state officers under Gov. Lewis spent a total of about one hundred fifty-five thousand dollars more of the state money than the officers under the succeeding administration. After serving his term of office, Gov. Lewis resumed the practice of law in Huntsville. He was never married. Last residence: Huntsville.

LEWIS, DIXON HALL, lawyer, representative in congress, U. S. senator, was born August 10, 1802, in Hancock County, Ga., and died in New York City, October 25, 1848; son of Francis and Mary Dixon (Hall) Lewis, the former a native of Dinwiddie County, Va., who moved with his parents to Hancock County, Ga., in his youth, and in 1818, moved with his

family to Alabama and settled in Lowndes County; grandson of Francis Lewis who lived in Dinwiddie County, Va., and of Dixon and Anna (Hunt) Hall, who lived in Hancock County, Ga., and in Montgomery County, the former a soldier in the Revolution; great-grandson of John and Catherine (Croy) Lewis, of Belvoir, and of John and Anne (Bolling) Hall, the former a justice in colonial times, the latter a member of the Bolling and Randolph families. The Lewis family is of Welsh descent; the original emigrant, Robert Lewis, came with his wife Elizabeth from Graves End, England, in April, 1635. Mr. Lewis received his early education from Mount Zion academy, under the direction of Rev. Nathan S. S. Beeman, and was graduated from Columbia college, South Carolina, 1822. He read law in the office of Judge Hitchcock in Cahaba; was admitted to the bar in 1823; and opened a law office in Montgomery in 1825. The following year he was elected to the State legislature from Montgomery County, and was re-elected in 1827 and 1828. He was a leading member in the counsels of the legislature, and in 1827 made a report in the house on the relation and policy of the State toward the Indian tribes within its territorial limits, which established for him a high position as a legislator and exerted an influence in the removal of the remaining tribes from the state. Mr. Lewis was elected a representative in congress in 1829 from southern Alabama, and was again elected in 1831, defeating Gov. Murphy of Monroe County. He was returned to congress in 1833, 1835, 1837, and 1839, with little opposition, and during the latter year, during the contest for speakership which lasted three months, was seven times balloted for as the nominee of his party for the position, but was defeated by the faction of his party controlled by Senator Benton. In 1841, he was elected to congress for the seventh time, that time on the general ticket with Hon. H. W. Hilliard of Montgomery as his opponent; and two years later defeated Hon. Henry C. Lee of Perry. He resigned in 1844, after a service of fifteen consecutive years in the house of representatives, in order to accept the appointment made by Gov. Fitzpatrick to the U. S. senate to fill the vacancy caused by the appointment of the Hon. William R. King to the court of France. His appointment was ratified the following December by the legislature. In 1847, Mr. Lewis was reelected to the Federal senate over Hon. William R. King, who had become a candidate for his former seat, and Judge A. F. Hopkins, and was serving in that body at the time of his death. During his service in the national house of representatives, he was chairman of the committee on ways and means, and in the senate was chairman of the financial committee. His politics were of the extreme state-rights school, and he advocated nullification and secession. He was a trustee of the University of Alabama, 1828-1831. His death occurred while on a visit to New York City, and the city authorities arranged a public funeral.

Married: March 11, 1823, in Autauga County, to Susan Elizabeth, daughter of Gen. John Archer Elmore (q. v.), a soldier in the Revolution, who moved to Laurens District, S. C., and

served in the State legislature, married a Miss Martin, sister of Abram Martin of Montgomery, and moved to Autauga County in 1819, where he became a representative in the Alabama legislature; sister of Frank Elmore, who succeeded John C. Calhoun in the U. S. senate after the latter's death, but survived him only a few months, of John Elmore, a distinguished lawyer at the Montgomery bar, of Rush Elmore, appointed chief justice of the territory of Kansas by Franklin Pierce, of William A. Elmore, superintendent of the New Orleans mint during President Buchanan's administration, and of Col. H. M. Elmore, who commanded a Texas regiment in the C. S. Army, during the War of Secession. Her eldest sister married Benjamin Fitzpatrick, who was three times governor of Alabama, and was U. S. senator at the time of secession. Mrs. Lewis moved from Alabama to Texas in 1854, with her surviving children. Children: 1. Laura Ann, m. Robert Lindsey Scott; 2. Francis Maxcy, served in the C. S. Army, War of Secession, m. Carrie Baker; 3. John Archer, b. 1829, d. 1850; 4. Mary Susan, b. 1830, d. 1850; 5. Dixon Hall, b. February 3, 1834, served as a captain in Emons regiment, C. S. Army, War of Secession, d. April, 1899, m. in 1860, to Sarah Hill, of West Texas; 6. William Henry, killed in the battle of the Wilderness, 1864; 7. Sarah Terry Fitzpatrick, b. 1838, d. 1839. Last residence: Washington, D. C. and Lowndes County.

LEWIS, J. N., Presbyterian minister, was a native of Pennsylvania, and died in Bagdad, Fla. He was educated at Lafayette college and Union seminary. He labored in Pennsylvania for eighteen years; removed to Virginia serving first as a colporteur and then as a minister, serving at Danville for six years. He moved to Alabama and served in Dallas County, later removing to Florida. Last residence: Bagdad, Fla.

LEWIS, JOSIAH, Methodist minister, president Southern university, was born May 4, 1839, at Raytown, Talliaferro, Ga., and died January 13, 1885, at Sparta, Ga.; son of Josiah and Elizabeth (Moore) Lewis, sr., who lived at that place, the former a native of Siloam, Greene County, Ga., who lived at Sparta, Ga., and was a minister of the Methodist Episcopal church, south; grandson of Walker and Mary (Graham) Lewis, who lived at Siloam, Green County, Ga., the latter a native of Mecklenburg County, N. C., and of Gen. John P. and Nancy (Davis) Moore, who lived near Lincolnton, Ga.; great-grandson of J. H. Lewis, who was born either in Mecklenburg or Dinwiddie County, Va., and who lived in both counties. He attended various common schools where his father was stationed, and was graduated from Emory college with first honors, A. B., 1859, and A. M., 1862. He studied law and was admitted to the bar, but never practiced the profession. He entered the C. S. Army in 1861, and served through the four years of the war. He accepted a professorship in Emory college in 1866, and taught Greek and Latin in that institution until 1877. He became a professor in the Southern university at Greensboro in 1877, and became

chancellor of that university in 1879. He resigned the latter position in 1881, and entered the Methodist itineracy. The honorary degree of D. D. was conferred upon him by Trinity college, North Carolina, in 1878. He was a Democrat; and a frequent contributor to magazines. Married: (1) May 3, 1866, to Mary Rosina Hubert, who died April 14, 1873, at Athens, Ga., daughter of Dr. Robert W. and Nancy (Turner) Hubert, who lived at Warrenton, Ga.; (2) March 25, 1875, at Monticello, Fla., to Sarah Williamson Lamar, who lives at Marietta, Ga. Children by first marriage: 1. Laura Elizabeth, m. Barry Palmer Harris, Brunswick, Ga.; 2. Mary Rosina, d. October 15, 1904, m. Osiah George Mingledorf, Guyton, Ga.; 3. Claudia Julia, unmarried, Sparta, Ga.; 4. Josiah Sidney, professor of languages and mathematics at Rhinehart college, Waleska, Ga.; by second marriage: 5. Sarah Lamar, unmarried, Marietta, Ga.; 6. Dr. Lamar Thompson, Luzon, Philippine Islands; 7. Col. Miles Walker, Jacksonville, Fla. Last residence: Sparta, Ga.

LEWIS, LORENZO DOW, Presbyterian minister, was born July 11, 1847, near Gaylesville, Cherokee County; son of Chrisman and Annie (Webb) Lewis, the former a native of Chestnut Hill, Jefferson County, Tenn., who lived at Davis Cross Roads, Cherokee County, and was a blacksmith; grandson of Gabriel and Debie Lewis, of Chestnut Hill, Jefferson County, Tenn., the former a soldier in the War of 1812, and of Thomas Webb, of Chestnut Hill, Tenn.; great-grandson of Shellie Lewis; great-great-grandson of George Lewis, who came with his two brothers, Amos and Mordecai, to the United States from Wales in 1794. He received his early education in Cherokee County, at Davis Cross Roads, and attended the Cumberland university for three years. He became a minister of the Presbyterian church, and served the greater part of his life in that calling. Married: to Indiana Alabama, daughter of John Tyler and Melvinie Culpeper, who lived near Gaylesville, after coming from Tennessee to Alabama. Children: 1. Lottie, Birmingham, m. Robert L. McNutt, deceased, five children; 2. Minnie, m. Robert Engle, one child; 3. Mack, married, four children, Mill Creek, Okla.; 4. O. W., married, five children, Beasemer; 5. W. M., married, two children, Rosedale; 6. Leona, Birmingham. Residence: Birmingham.

LEWIS, NECY, business man, was born August 7, 1888, at Midway, Bullock County; son of Necy and Fredonia (Sellers) Lewis, of Bullock County; grandson of Necy and Rebecca Lewis and of Gamaliel Sellers and wife, all of Bullock County. The Lewis family is of English descent, and came early to North Carolina, later removing to Alabama. Mr. Lewis received his early education in the public schools at Midway; attended the Troy normal school; and in 1910 received the degree of B. S. from the University of Alabama. He taught school at Enterprise and Brundidge, 1910-1913; and in the latter year went into business at Midway. He was elected

to the State legislature as a representative from Bullock County, 1919. He is a Democrat and a Baptist. Married: November 25, 1910, at Midway, to Emma Claire, daughter of James Milton and Nettie (Owens) Bishop, of that place. Children: 1. Neco; 2. James Milton. Residence: Midway.

LEWIS, OSCAR SCOTT, lawyer, was born June 12, 1872, at Tuskegee, Macon County; son of Lawrence and Marion (Kelton) Lewis, the former who was born at Boolnose, Sweden, emigrated to America in 1855 and came to Tuskegee in 1859, entered the C. S. Army, January, 1861, as a member of the Zouaves, was wounded at the first battle of Manassas, but fought throughout the war; grandson of Lawrence and Katherine Lewis, natives of Bollnäs, Sweden, and of Milton Scott and Elizabeth Mariah Kelton, of Tuskegee. He received a high school education; studied law and entered upon the practice in January, 1898, at Tuskegee, in partnership with Wilbur F. Foster; served as mayor of Tuskegee, 1903-1909; was captain of Co. K, Second infantry, Alabama national guard, 1908-1914; was appointed chancellor of the southeastern division to succeed Hon. W. R. Chapman, October 1, 1915; and was elected to the State senate from the twenty-sixth district, 1915. He is an Episcopalian and a Mason. Married: July 7, 1907, at Atlanta, Ga. to Eva, daughter of Barzillai Yale and Miranda (Roys) Sage, of that city. Children: 1. Oscar Yale; 2. Eva Placide. Residence: Tuskegee.

LEWIS, THOMAS H., major of Lewis' battalion Alabama cavalry, C. S. Army.

LEWIS, W., Methodist minister, pastor of the Court Street church, Montgomery, 1911; transferred to Alabama from the Georgia conference. Deceased. Last residence: Atlanta, Ga.

LEWIS, WILLIAM LINN, teacher, was born November 20, 1808, in Chester District, S. C., and died May 17, 1895, at Talladega; son of Samuel and Mary (Lemon) Lewis, the former a native of Wales, the latter of Irish descent; grandson of William Lewis. He was educated in the schools and academies of Chester District, S. C., and at the age of twenty-one years, began teaching school at an academy at Providence, near Lowrys ville, Chester District, S. C. In 1830, he moved to Alabama, and settled in Perry County, where he taught school for a time. Six years later he returned to Chester District, S. C., for two years, then moved to Talladega County, and was a resident of that place for nearly sixty years. The greater part of his life was spent in teaching school, although he did not teach with any degree of regularity after the War of Secession. He was county superintendent of education for a number of years; and was an elder in the Marble Springs Presbyterian church in Talladega County. Married: (1) January 3, 1839, in Chester County, S. C., to Sarah Pogue, who died in 1847; (2) February 26, 1848, to Esther Adams, who died September 7, 1881, daughter of James

and Mary Adams, who lived near Talladega. Children: 1. a son, killed in the battle of Sharpsburg, 1861; 2. Robert S., Sterrett, Shelby County; 3. Mary, m. Mr. Sweetman, Jacksonville, Fla.; 4. Sallie, m. Mr. Elder, Guthrieville, S. C.; 5. Eppie, Talladega; 6. Janie A., m. Mr. Sparling, Tuscaloosa; 7. Julia, m. Mr. Elliott, Talladega; 8. Fannie, Talladega. Last residence: Talladega.

LIDDELL, DANIEL, merchant, was born May 30, 1850, in Gwinnett County, Ga.; son of William C. P. and Evaline B. (Wynne) Liddell, natives of Georgia and South Carolina, who came to Alabama in 1856, and settled near Hokes Bluff, in Etowah County, moving in 1859 to Gadsden, the former a third lieutenant in the C. S. Army, who was discharged from the service because of ill health. His grandfather Liddell was a soldier in the Revolutionary army. The Liddell family was among the earliest settlers of Georgia. Mr. Liddell was reared on his father's farm and received his education from the neighborhood schools. When he was twenty-one years of age, he moved to Texas and entered the mercantile business. Returning to Alabama after two years, he engaged in farming until 1876, when he again entered the mercantile business. He continued in that line until April, 1885, when he was appointed postmaster of Gadsden. He is a Democrat and served for several years as chairman of the county Democratic committee. He is a Baptist; a Mason; Odd Fellow; and Knight of Pythias. Married: November 10, 1874, at Gadsden, to Mary V. Nuckolls. He has three children living, and two who are deceased. Residence: Gadsden.

LIDDON, WILLIAM ABRAM, civil engineer, was born in 1793, in New Hanover County, N. C., and died December 19, 1853, in Bellefonte, Jackson County; son of Benjamin and Sarah (Rutledge) Liddon, also of New Hanover County, the latter belonged to the distinguished South Carolina family of that name, being at the time of her marriage to Col. Liddon, the widow of Maj. Abram Ivy; grandson of Benjamin Liddon, a native of Scotland, landed in Virginia, but afterwards settled in Wilmington, N. C., was a colonel in the Revolutionary War, and awarded a tract of land for special services located on Stone River, Rutherford County, Tenn., to which he removed. William Abram Liddon began his education in Wilmington, N. C., and later attended the best schools of Nashville, Tenn. He followed the custom of the period and learned the trade of a silversmith, later studied civil engineering, and for many years was county surveyor of Jackson County, to which he moved from Tennessee in 1830. He was an accomplished musician and for a long time used this talent for the pleasure of the community about Bellefonte, where he was leader and instructor of local musicians composing the brass band. He was justice of the peace at that place, and although a student of law never practiced it as a profession. On the other hand he freely gave of his knowledge to the poor of the land who were unable to employ legal advisers. He was

a strong advocate of temperance, and among the first in his section to join that order. He was a Whig and Mason. Married: in 1818, near Shelbyville, Tenn., to Mary White, daughter of Henry and Margaret (Price) Davis of that place; great-granddaughter through her mother, of one of the noted Pinckneys of South Carolina. Children: 1. Sarah Jane, m. John Henry Crawford, Jacksonville; 2. Margaret, m. George Black, Arkansas; 3. Mary Tennessee, m. F. S. Parham, Chattanooga, Tenn.; 4. Eliza, m. Robert E. Neeld, Fayetteville, Tenn., later St. Petersburg, Fla.; 5. Nancy, third wife of Josiah Fisher, Chattanooga, Tenn.; 6. Caroline, m. William Hamby Cowden, Cherokee County, later of Palo Pinto County, Tex.; 7. Julia, second wife of Josiah Fisher; 8. Harriet Atwood, m. (1) Benjamin G. Salvage, Rome, Ga., (2) Alonzo Edwards, Midland, Tex.; 9. Cynthia, m. (1) Charles C. Dodson, Jacksonville, (2) Thomas Sterling of Connecticut, later of Los Angeles, Cal.; 10. Catherine Cobb, m. (1) Robert Moore, Rome, Ga., (2) William Hamby Cowden, Midland, Tex. Last residence: Bellefonte.

LIGHTNER, A. D., formerly general manager of Birmingham belt line railroad company. Residence: New Orleans.

LIGON, DAVID GREENHILL, lawyer, was born about 1792, in southwestern Virginia, and died in 1855. He was well educated and read law in Virginia, and in 1823, came to Alabama, where his maternal uncle, Hon. John L. Townes, of Madison, had already settled. He opened a law office in Courtland and resided there or in Moulton, with the exception of a short time, for the remainder of his life. He was elected to the State legislature from Lawrence County in 1829, but moved to Walker County shortly after, and resided there for a year or two. He was an unsuccessful candidate for congress twice, and in 1846 was elected chancellor of the northern division, defeating Alexander Bowie and Thomas D. Woodward. In 1851, he was elected by the legislature an associate justice of the supreme court to succeed Judge Silas Parsons who had resigned. Upon a reorganization of the court in 1853 he declined a re-election to the office. He had entered the ministry of the Christian church about the year 1845, and was preaching in Lawrence County when he was seized with apoplexy and died almost immediately. Married: Miss Greenhill, his cousin, who lived in Lawrence County after his death. Children: 1. Paschal, deceased, a senator in the Arkansas state legislature; 2. a daughter, Lawrence County. Last residence: Lawrence County.

LIGON, ELLEN LEE (BARRETT), osteopathic physician, was born August 10, 1862, on a plantation, "Patagonia," Lauderdale and Kemper Counties, Miss.; daughter of Benjamin Temple and Louisiana Adams (Martin) Barrett, the former of whom was born on the family estate "Presque Isle," King William County, Va., 1807, removed to Claiborne, 1836, and to Mobile, 1839, where he remained until his death in 1880; granddaughter of Dr. John Stracham and Anne Brooke (Temple) Barrett, who lived

at "Presque Isle," prior to settling in Gainesville, and of John Taylor and Sarah (Beale) Martin, of "Aspen Grove," the family estate in James County, Va.; great-granddaughter of Col. Benjamin Temple, captain of Virginia dragoons, lieutenant-colonel of 1st Continental dragoons, transferred to the 4th dragoons during the Revolutionary War, of John Barret of "The Hermitage," the family estate in Louisa County, Va., mayor of Richmond, Va., 1791-98, of William Martin of Virginia, and of Joshua Beale, a native of Pennsylvania; great-great-granddaughter of Charles Barret, Burgess from Louisa County; great-great-granddaughter of Charles Barret of Louisa County, Va. The Barretts, Temples, Martins, and Beales, were all of English origin, and came to America before the Revolution. Ellen Lee Barret received her education in Mobile, graduating with first honors from the Bagby high school in 1877, and did post-graduate work at the same school in 1878. She graduated from the American school of osteopathy, February, 1900, with the degree of Doctor of Osteopathy and received the degree of M. D. from the Alabama State medical examining board, February, 1903. She began the practice as a physician in Mobile about 1900 and practiced there until 1906 when she removed to New York City. There she was licensed to practice osteopathy and remained in that city until 1911, at which time she returned to Mobile and resumed the practice of her profession. When her right to practice osteopathy in Alabama was questioned she was given the privilege of the floor of the Alabama senate and made her professional defense to that body. Two years later she made the fight before the Alabama legislature for the passage of a bill that would exclude fake osteopaths from the practice in Alabama, and put osteopathic practitioners under an osteopathic board. The bill passed the house but was lost in a tie vote in the senate, which was presided over at the time by a medical doctor. She is an Episcopalian; a member of the Colonial Dames; vice-regent of the Mobile Chapter, D. A. R.; member U. D. C.; and the Business woman's club. She organized, in 1888, and was for two years president of the Okolona book club, the oldest woman's club in Mississippi. Married: June 9, 1886, in Mobile, to Dr. Greenwood Ligon, son of Dr. William and Calpurnia (Greenwood) Ligon, who lived in Chickasaw County, Miss.; grandson of Thomas Ligon of Laurens District, S. C. Dr. William Ligon was a graduate of Transylvania medical college and located first in Athens, but in 1842, removed to Chickasaw County, where he bought what had formerly been the town site of Colbert. Children: 1. Lucile Barret, m. Clinton Rowland Macartney, Mobile; 2. Margherita. Residence: Mobile.

LIGON, ROBERT FULWOOD, lawyer, planter, legislator and lieutenant-governor of Alabama, was born December 23, 1823, in Watkinsonville, Ga., and died October 11, 1901, in Montgomery; son of Robert and Wilhelmina (Fulwood) Ligon, the former born on the country estate of his parents in Halifax County, Va., removing in 1810 to Georgia, where he practiced

law and died at the age of thirty-five; grandson of Robert and Judeth (Scott) Ligon of Halifax County, Va., and of Major Robert and Jane Ware (Hunter) Fulwood of South Carolina and later of Ware County, Ga. The Ligon family is of French Huguenot extraction, the early ancestors going from France to England and thence to America, locating in Virginia and South Carolina, shortly after the Revolutionary War. Governor Ligon received his early education in the country schools of his native county and in the academy near Watkinsville. Later he attended the Georgia university. In 1844 he removed to Tuskegee, Macon County, where he read law under Judge David Clopton, was admitted to the bar and formed a partnership with his legal mentor. He later removed to Montgomery where he formed a partnership with James E. Cobb. Prior to the War of Secession he was a member of the legislature from Macon County and was State senator in 1864. During the heated campaign that restored white supremacy in the State following the reconstruction period, Senator Ligon was elected lieutenant-governor on the ticket with George S. Houston, governor, the office having been created by the constitution of 1867. It was however abolished in 1875, and not re-created until the adoption of the constitution of 1901. Lieutenant-Governor Ligon was elected to congress from the 5th district, 1876-78. He was captain of a company in the Mexican War, 1849; and elected captain of the "Macon Confederates," which was Co. F, 12th Alabama infantry regiment, Rodes' division, C. S. Army. He was a Democrat, and canvassed the state during the campaign of 1874, for his party. For many years he was president of the board of trustees, Alabama female college, and also a trustee of the Alabama polytechnic institute, Auburn. He was a Methodist and a Mason. Married: in 1850, at Watkinsville, Ga., to Emily, daughter of Edward Courtenay and Caroline Matilda (Brinton) Paine of that place, the former a distinguished lawyer, who had removed from Baltimore, where his parents resided, to Georgia. Mrs. Paine, his wife, was the daughter of Major Henry Brinton, who resided near Philadelphia and was of Quaker ancestry. Children: 1. Carrie, deceased, m. Edward T. Varner, Tuskegee; 2. Emma, m. Richard A. Johnson, Atlanta, Ga.; 3. Cornelia, m. Alexander H. Graham, Dallas, Texas; 4. Mattie, deceased, m. George P. Harrison (q. v.), Opelika; 5. Robert Fulwood, jr. (q. v.). Last residence: Montgomery.

LIGON, ROBERT FULWOOD, lawyer, was born September 24, 1864, at Tuskegee; son of Robert Fulwood and Emily (Paine) Ligon (q. v.), of Tuskegee and Montgomery, the former who was lieutenant governor of Alabama; grandson of Robert and Wilhelmina (Fulwood) Ligon, of Halifax County, Va., who moved to Watkinsville, Clarke County, Ga., and of Edward and Matilda (Brinton) Paine, of Georgia. Both grandfathers were lawyers. Mr. Ligon was prepared at the Park high school at Tuskegee; and was graduated from the Agricultural and mechanical college, at Auburn, A. B., 1882. He was admitted to the bar,

September, 1886; took the summer law course at the University of Virginia in 1888; was mayor of Tuskegee, 1886-1888; entered in a law partnership with Gen. George P. Harrison at Opelika, 1888; moved to Montgomery in 1892 and became law partner of the late Tennant Lomax; was elected clerk of the supreme court, 1898, and re-elected in 1904 and 1910; was appointed a trustee of the Alabama polytechnic institute, 1900; has served as captain of the Tuskegee light infantry, and lieutenant colonel on the staff of Gov. Jones and of Gov. Oates; was adjutant general of Alabama, 1896-1899, embracing the period of the Spanish-American War; was nominated brigadier general and inspector general of the Alabama national guard, by Gov. Jelks in 1903, and by Gov. Comer in 1907, and each time unanimously confirmed by the senate; was nominated brigadier general and quartermaster general by Gov. Emmet O'Neal in 1911, and again unanimously confirmed by the senate; was placed on the retired list of the national guard officers at his own request in 1911, with the rank of brigadier general. He is a Democrat and served as a delegate to the national convention, at Baltimore, 1912; is a Methodist; a Mason; Knight of Pythias; a member of the Phi Delta Theta college fraternity; of the Alabama State bar association; and has served as president of the Alumni association of the Alabama polytechnic institute. Married: January 31, 1895, at Montgomery, to Alleen, daughter of Dr. Thomas A. Means (q. v.), of Montgomery; granddaughter of Dr. Thomas Alexander Means, president of Emory College, Oxford, Ga., for a long time. Children: 1. Emily Castleton. Residence: Montgomery.

LILE, HENRY THOMAS, teacher, was born October 15, 1863, at Blount Springs, Blount County; son of John Allison and Louisa Elizabeth (Minor) Lile of Huntsville, and brother of William Minor Lile (q. v.). He acquired the foundation of his education in the Mountain Spring high school, established by his father in 1872, and was prepared for college by Prof. J. Ray Baylor of Albemarle County, Va. He subsequently entered the University of Virginia, but on account of the death of his father did not finish his course at that institution. His preparation had been so thorough, however, that at this time, 1883, when nineteen years of age, he was made professor of Latin and mathematics at his preparatory alma mater, Mountain Spring. Three years later, he returned to the University of Virginia for further study. He conducted his mother's planting interests during the period of his teaching and in 1901 established Lile's university school at Trinity, of which he was president for fifteen years. This school was built upon the beginnings of Mountain Spring school, which his father had founded for the education of his seven sons and the sons of his neighbors, its special purpose being the preparation of students for entrance to the University of Virginia. The patronage came from neighboring states and was limited to twenty boys. Prof. Lile was superintendent of education of Mor-

gan County, 1896-98, and candidate for the State superintendency in 1898, but was defeated by Hon. John W. Abercrombie. Owing to the failure of his health, he gave up his school and removed to Evergreen, where he became president of the Second district agricultural school. He is a Democrat; Baptist; Mason; and Knight of Pythias. Married: December 21, 1891, at Danville, Morgan County, to Emma, daughter of Jonathan Gibson and Martha (Burleson) Orr of Decatur. Mrs. Lile's maternal grandfather was a captain in Gen. Jackson's army during the Indian Wars in Alabama. He settled a farm where Decatur now stands in 1812, and his eldest son, Aaron Burleson, physician, was the first white child born in Morgan County, 1813, and is the father of Mrs. James K. Vardaman of Mississippi, wife of the former governor and U. S. Senator of that state. Children: 1. Henry Orr; 2. Louisa Glenn; 3. John Allison; 4. Richard Darwin. Residence: Evergreen.

LILE, WILLIAM MINOR, educator, was born March 28, 1859, at Trinity, Morgan County; son of John Allison and Louisa E. (Minor) Lile. He received the degree of LL. B. from the University of Virginia, in 1882, and the honorary degree of LL. D., from William and Mary college, in 1901. He was admitted to the Virginia bar in 1882; began the practice at Lynchburg; was a member of the firm of Kirkpatrick and Blackford, 1885-89; in partnership with R. G. H. Kean, 1891-93; since September 15, 1893, he has been professor of law, and since 1896, dean of the law school, University of Virginia. He is a member of the American and Virginia bar associations; member of Phi Beta Kappa and Kappa Sigma college fraternities; honorary member Phi Delta Phi college fraternity; director, Bologna society; member board of governors, Woodberry Forest school for boys, Orange, Va. He was founder, 1895, associate editor, 1895-97, editor, 1897-1901, editor-in-chief, 1901-02, Virginia Law Review. Author: "Elementary work on equity procedure for students," 1916; and monographs on various law topics. Married: January 25, 1888, to Maud Lee Carson, of Lynchburg, Va. Residence: University, Va.

LINCECUM, GIDEON, naturalist and pioneer settler, was born in April, 1793, in Hancock County, Ga., and died November 28, 1873, at Long Point, Texas. He was educated in a country school in South Carolina; served in the War of 1812; studied medicine and taught school in Georgia, removed to Tuscaloosa which was then located in the wilderness, later went to Mississippi and finally located in Texas. He was the collector of many valuable specimens in natural history. Last residence: Long Point, Texas.

LINDSAY, DAVID, *soldier of the American Revolution*. A soldier of this name is buried at Elliottsville, Shelby County, but no facts as to his age or service have been ascertained.

LINDSAY, JAMES, *soldier of the American Revolution*, and a resident of Marion County;

private, particular service not shown; enrolled on August 22, 1835, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$20.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile.

LINDSAY, MATTHEW W., lawyer, attorney general, was born in Tennessee, and died in Aberdeen, Miss. He came from Tennessee to Alabama and settled in Morgan County, and represented that county in the State legislature in 1835, 1836 and 1838. In 1839 he was elected attorney general of the state. He moved to Tuscaloosa in 1840, and identified himself with the Whig party, taking an active part in the campaign for Gen. Harrison, by addressing Tippecanoe Clubs and other assemblages. Sometime afterwards he moved to Aberdeen, Miss. Married: to Miss Perkins, daughter of Constantine Perkins (q. v.), at one time attorney general of the state, whose gallant behavior at the battle of Emuckfaw, under the command of Gen. Andrew Jackson, in loading the cannon with his musket as a ramrod, and firing it upon the Indians just in time to drive them back, is a matter of history. Last residence: Aberdeen, Miss.

LINDSAY, ROBERT BURNS, lawyer, governor of Alabama, was born July 4, 1824, in Lochmaben, Dumfriesshire, Scotland, and died February 13, 1902; son of John and Elizabeth (McKnight) Lindsay. He was educated at the parochial schools, at the University of St. Andrews, and was a prize student of the foundation bursary under the principalship of Sir David Brewster. He came to the United States in 1844 on a visit to his brother David R. Lindsay, a school teacher in North Carolina, and concluded to remain in this country. He accepted charge of a boys' academy in North Carolina, and in addition to his teaching, began the study of law under Col. Robert Treat Paine. In 1849 he moved to Tuscumbia, Franklin County, where he continued teaching school and studying law, until 1852 when he was admitted to the bar. He opened a law office in Tuscumbia, and the following year was elected to the State legislature as a representative of Franklin County. In 1857, he was elected to the State senate on the Democratic ticket, and during the same year was on the board of visitors to West Point Military Academy. He was appointed a presidential elector on the Democratic ticket in 1860, but when the breach in the party placed two candidates in the field, Douglas representing the Union wing and Breckenridge the states rights or southern wing, Mr. Lindsay who was a conservative and opposed to secession, refused to serve on the Breckenridge ticket and became an elector on the Douglas ticket. He resisted secession with all his power, but after the ordinance was passed, remained loyal to the state, and served for part of the time during the war in Roddy's cavalry, organized at Tuscumbia, in December, 1862. He was elected to the State senate in 1865, and in 1870, under the constitution of 1868, which permitted a foreign born citizen to hold the office of governor of Alabama, was nominated and elected governor by



Father James E. Coyle.

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the Democratic conservative party, over Gov. William H. Smith, the radical incumbent. An attempt was made by Gov. Smith to contest his election and prevent his inauguration, but after a few stormy weeks, during which Gov. Smith called in the power of the Federal army to sustain him, Gov. Lindsay was left in possession of the executive authority. He served through his term and refused to allow his name to be presented for a second term. Two months after his term of governor had expired, he was stricken with paralysis, and became an invalid. He continued his law practice, although not as actively as before, and took no further part in politics. He was a Presbyterian, and one of the oldest members of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows in the state. Married: in 1854, to Sarah Miller, daughter of William Winston; sister of Gov. John Anthony Winston (q. v.); sister-in-law of Gov. Pettus, of Mississippi; and cousin of Edmund Winston Pettus (q. v.), U. S. senator from Alabama. Of nine children born to him, the following survive: 1. Mamie, m. Robert H. Watkins, formerly of the Birmingham "Age," resides in Washington, D. C.; 2. Minnie Burns, m. Joseph H. Nathan, lawyer, Sheffield; 3. Mattie I., Sheffield; 4. Maud, Sheffield. Last residence: Tuscumbia.

LINDSEY, SAMUEL PERRIN, Baptist minister, was born September 15, 1855, at Buena Vista, Monroe County; son of William Kyser and Harriett (Newell) Lindsey, the former a native of Chestnut Corner, Monroe County, who lived at Buena Vista, and served in Co. G, Thirty-sixth Alabama regiment, C. S. Army, until he was taken prisoner at Manchester, Tenn., June 3, 1863; grandson of Rev. Larkin W. and Theresa (Dekle) Lindsey, who lived at Allenton, Wilcox County, Turnbull, Chestnut Corner, and Buena Vista, Monroe County, and of William W. and Elizabeth Henry (Fountain) Wiggins, who lived at Philadelphia, Monroe County, and Monroeville; great-grandson of Stephen Wiggins, who came from Sampson County, S. C., about 1818. He received his early education at Buena Vista, in Wilcox County, and at Monroeville; and was graduated from Howard college, A. B., 1893. He established the Pine Apple "Gazette" in 1882; clerked in the store of his uncle, Capt. William Stephen Wiggins; and entered the ministry in July, 1887. He was licensed to preach, September 11, 1887, and was ordained, September 26, 1888, at the Philadelphia Baptist church. He has served as pastor of churches in St. Clair, Jefferson, Walker, Monroe, Conecuh, and Escambia Counties, and Escambia County, Fla., and has served churches of prominence in Ensley City, Georgiana and Evergreen. For several years he was moderator of the Bethlehem Baptist association. He is a Mason. Married: June 17, 1890, to Julia, daughter of Noah Haggard and Tryphenia Richison (Mathis) Fancher, who lived near Montevallo. Children: 1. Harriet Tryphenia, deceased; 2. Perrin Fancher; 3. William Rupert; 4. Samuel Pleasant, deceased. Residence: Belleville.

LINDSEY, WALLACE HENRY, lawyer, was born October 8, 1872, at Gaston, Sumter County; son of Henry Thompson and Martha Jane (Wallace) Lindsey, the former a native of Greene County, who lived at Desotenville, and served in the C. S. Army as lieutenant of Co. C, Fifty-fourth Alabama infantry regiment, 1861-1865; grandson of Ellis and Martha (Thompson) Lindsey, of DeSotenville, the former who came to Alabama from Georgia in 1820, and of Daniel and Jennie (Kennedy) Wallace, of DeSotenville and Spray, Miss., the former an Irishman, and the latter born in South Carolina, of Irish parents. He obtained his education in the common schools of Choctaw County, and at Chapel Hill academy, DeSotenville. He began the practice of law at Butler, 1905, having read law while clerk of the circuit court of Choctaw County, to which office he was elected in 1898, and re-elected in 1904. He resigned that position in 1905, when he began to practice law. Prior to his election as clerk, he had taught in the public schools of Choctaw County. In 1907, he was appointed deputy solicitor of Choctaw County, a position which he held for some time; was a member of the board of education of that county, and at one time public administrator; and represented his county in the State legislature, 1907. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; a Royal Arch Mason; Knight of Pythias; and a Woodman of the World. Married: December 28, 1904, at Butler, to Maggie, daughter of William B. and Janie (Brewster) Gilmer, of Butler, granddaughter of J. W. Brewster, an early settler of Choctaw County. The Gilmers came from Dallas County, and settled near Mt. Sterling, in Choctaw County. Children: 1. Mary. Residence: Butler.

LINN, E. W., bank cashier, was born in 1852, in Montgomery; son of Charles Linn, founder of the First national bank of Birmingham. He was educated in the public schools of his native city, and in 1870 entered the University of Illinois, from which he graduated two years later. For several years after completing college he conducted a farm; was a commercial traveler, for a Cincinnati hardware firm, for one year; appointed secretary and treasurer of the Linn iron works and held that place until he entered the First national bank as exchange clerk and collector, advancing to assistant cashier and finally to cashiership. In addition to his banking connections he was director of the Birmingham gas and illuminating company, and secretary-treasurer of the East Birmingham land company. He also acquired considerable real estate. Residence: Birmingham.

LINTON, JOHN, soldier of the American Revolution, aged 76 years, and a resident of Butler County; private N. C. Militia and State Troops; enrolled on Oct. 19, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$76.66.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in part 3, vol. xiii, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Butler County, June 1, 1840, with

Hugh Linton, aged 82.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

LIPSCOMB, ABNER SMITH, lawyer and associate justice supreme court, was born February 10, 1789, in Abbeville, S. C., and died December 3, 1857, near Austin, Tex.; son of Joel and Elizabeth (Childs) Lipscomb, natives of Culpeper County, Va., the former a Revolutionary officer, having moved to South Carolina prior to that event, afterwards migrated to the Mississippi Territory and settled on the Tombigbee River in Washington County, now a part of Alabama. Abner Smith Lipscomb secured the educational advantages afforded by the common schools of the period; studied law in the office of John C. Calhoun and George Bowie at Abbeville, S. C.; and settled in the practice in 1811 at St. Stephens, then Mississippi Territory. The following year he served as captain of a company of volunteers, raised to suppress the Indians of the southern frontier who had been excited by the War of 1812. He was a member of the Alabama Territorial legislature, 1818; judge of the supreme court of the State of Alabama, 1820-24; and chief justice, 1824-35. He resigned his seat upon the bench and removed to Mobile and in 1838 was elected from Mobile County to the legislature. Through his influence the common-law system of pleading was simplified and the judicature of the state rendered more uniform and expeditious. In 1839, he removed to Texas and in that state rendered public service of as high value as he had done in Alabama. President Lamar of the Republic of Texas invited him to accept the part of secretary of state in his cabinet and later he warmly espoused the policy of Texas annexation. He was elected to the Texas convention of 1845, and introduced the resolutions accepting the terms of annexation proposed by the Federal government. The provisions of the Texas constitution, adopted at that time, relating to homestead exemptions and marital rights, were largely the result of his influence. His services were recognized by his appointment to the supreme court of Texas, a position which he adorned for eleven years, and until his death. Lipscomb County, Texas, was named in his honor. The University of Alabama conferred upon him the honorary degree of LL. D. in 1834. Married: (1) in 1813, in the Mississippi Territory, to Elizabeth Gaines, daughter of a planter; (2) in 1843, to Mrs. Mary P. Bullock, daughter of Dr. Thomas Hunt of Austin, Texas. Children: he left a family of nine or ten children, among these, Ellen, m. Percy Walker (q. v.) and several of whom resided in Texas. Last residence: Austin.

LIPSCOMB, ANDREW ADGATE, Methodist minister, educator, and author, was born September 6, 1816, in Georgetown, D. C., and died November 23, 1890, in Athens, Ga.; son of Rev. William Corrie and Phoebe (Adgate) Lipscomb and grandson of John and Elizabeth (Degge) Lipscomb. He received his fundamental education in the best schools in Virginia, attending the Military academy at Georgetown. He entered the Methodist ministry in 1834; was pastor in Baltimore, Md., Alexandria, Va., and Washington, D. C., 1834-42, removing to Mont-

gomery, during the latter year. His superior abilities were quickly recognized by his brethren, and he was elected president of the Alabama conference. Owing to ill health he withdrew from the active ministry and established the Metropolitan institute for young ladies in Montgomery, which was soon after destroyed by fire. In 1857, he was made president of the Female college, Tuskegee, and two years later chancellor of the University of Georgia. From 1860 to 1874 he held the latter position, except during the war period when the institution was closed. From 1875 to 1890 he was professor and professor emeritus of philosophy and criticism at Vanderbilt university, Nashville, Tenn. He received the honorary degree of D. D. from the University of Alabama in 1851 and LL. D. from Emory college, 1853. He was a profound Shakesperian scholar and critic and was esteemed as one of the most learned men of his generation. Author: wrote editorials for Harper's magazine, and for more than forty years was a regular contributor to the Independent Methodist recorder, and Christian advocate. During his travels in Europe he wrote frequent letters to the senior class of the University of Georgia which were printed in the current press, the topic being principally a description of the educational institutions of the Old World. His public addresses were frequently printed in pamphlet form by the associations before which he had spoken. Other published works are "Our country;" "The Social spirit of christianity;" "Christian Heroism;" "Lessons in the life of St. Peter;" "Studies in the forty days." Married: (1) in Baltimore, to Blanche Henrietta, daughter of Rev. Benjamin Richardson of that city; (2) in Alabama, to Susan Dowdell. Children: by the first marriage, 1. Francis Adgate, adjunct professor of ancient languages, 1869-72, and professor belles-lettres and rhetoric, University of Georgia, 1872-73, died 1875. Last residence: Athens, Ga.

LISTER, JOSIAH, pioneer physician, was born in Georgia, and died at State Line, Miss. before the War of Secession; son of Erabourn Patterson Lister. He was a pioneer physician at old St. Stephens, and practiced at one time at Winchester, Miss. Married: Rebecca Powe of Winchester, Miss. Children: 1. Dora; 2. Joseph, both died in infancy. Last residence: State Line, Miss.

LISTER, J. N., telegrapher, was born June 6, 1840, near Aberdeen, Miss.; son of Jeremiah and Eliza (Bush) Lister, the former of Georgia removing to Mississippi from Alabama, but later returned; grandson of John Bush, an early settler and Indian fighter, of St. Clair County. He attended the schools of Cahaba, and early became interested in telegraphy. In 1858 he was placed in charge of the telegraph office at Cahaba; and later transferred to Selma. When the War of Secession opened, he was detailed to the telegraph department of the Confederate government at Cahaba, but later sent to Selma. At the close of the war, he was train-dispatcher at McDowell. In 1867, he located permanently at Demopolis, Marengo County, where he has since been connected

with the telegraph service. He is a Democrat; a Mason; and a Christian. Married: December 1865, at McDowell to Joella Coats. They have eight children: Residence: Demopolis.

LITTLE, BENJAMIN F., merchant, farmer, railroad agent and real estate man, was born November 30, 1842, near Russellville; son of Claiborne and Sarah (Bruton) Little, the former a merchant, reared eight children, two sons, Coleman R. and John C., members of the 10th Mississippi infantry regiment, C. S. Army, lost their lives in the services of their country; great-grandson of Maj. William Russell of Tennessee, who served with Gen. Jackson in the battle of New Orleans, located in Alabama and for whom Russell's Valley was named. The paternal ancestry was of Irish stock. Mr. Little received his education in the schools of his community, and at the age of twelve began clerking in a store, eventually engaging for himself in the mercantile business in partnership with J. O. Jones, at Russellville and Florence. In 1861, he entered the Confederate States Army, enlisting as second sergeant, in Co. H, 4th Alabama infantry regiment. He participated in the first battle of Manassas, after which he was promoted to 2nd lieutenant; transferred, 1862, to the Army of Mississippi, and served in the forage department of Bragg's army; appointed to command a company of sharpshooters and was engaged at Bryantsville and Perryville; was made aide-de-camp of Woods' brigade on the retreat from Kentucky; appointed captain in the 5th Alabama cavalry; appointed recorder of the military court for the northern district of Alabama, where he served until the close of the war; appointed major, but did not receive his commission owing to the cessation of hostilities. After the war he located at Tusculum where he engaged in the real estate business. He had previously assisted the Sheffield and Birmingham railroad in procuring the right of way for its line. He is a Methodist and member of the Knights of Honor. Married: (1) August 2, 1864, at Tusculum, to Mattie, daughter of John D. Inman, a substantial citizen of that place; (2) Emma, daughter of Daniel Jones, of Holly Springs, Miss. Children: by the first wife, 1. John C.; 2. Mattie R., m. F. W. Ross; 3. Sac; by the second wife, 4. Lullie W.; 5. Edward; 6. Laura F.; 7. Henry; 8. Benjamin. Residence: Tusculum.

LITTLE, GEORGE, teacher and geologist, was born February 11, 1838, at Tuscaloosa; son of John and Barbara (Kerr) Little, the former a native of Corry Hill, Dumfriesshire, Scotland, a resident of Tuscaloosa from 1835-86, druggist there for forty years, teacher in Charleston, S. C., manager of the Iron works at Beatty's Ford, N. C., and connected with a number of other business activities; grandson of William and Janet Little, of Dumfriesshire, Scotland, and of George and Margaret (Pool) Kerr, also of Dumfriesshire, Scotland, the former was for forty years a teacher in Tuscaloosa, and died there at the age of ninety-two, in 1864, whose daughter Barbara (Kerr) Little, taught in Tuscaloosa also for forty years. Dr. Little received

his early education from his mother and his cousin, Miss Mary Irving, George Bell, a graduate of the University of Edinburgh, Scotland, and other teachers of the period. He attended the University of Alabama, 1851-55, and graduated with the A. B. degree. During 1857-58, he attended the University of Berlin and in 1858-59, studied at the University of Göttingen from which he received the Ph. D. degree. In 1906, the honorary degree of LL. D. was conferred upon him by the University of Alabama. He taught in Tuscaloosa, 1855-57-65; was professor of natural science, 1860-61-66-67, Oakland college, Mississippi; professor of mineralogy, and geology and agriculture, University of Georgia, 1876-78; State geologist, Mississippi, 1870-74; State geologist, Georgia, 1874-81; geological expert, Chattanooga, Tenn., 1889-92; geological expert, Tuscaloosa, 1892-1912; secretary Tuscaloosa board of trade, 1909-12. While a student at the University of Alabama, he held the rank of corporal and sergeant successively in the cadet corps. He entered the Confederate Army as a private in Lumsden's Battery, 1861, and was promoted through the successive ranks of orderly sergeant, lieutenant, captain of artillery, major and lieutenant-colonel at the close of the war. He is a Democrat and Presbyterian. He is a trustee, Pontotoc, Miss., Presbyterian collegiate institute; fellow American association advancement of science. Author: inaugural thesis for degree of Ph. D., Göttingen, Germany, 1859; "Selenium and the Seleniurets;" "Reports of progress of the mineral, geological and physical survey of Georgia;" "Ores, minerals and woods;" "Handbook of Georgia;" "Cretaceous fossil;" in Philadelphia Academy of Science, part iii, 1876; "Clays of Alabama," 1900. Married: May 13, 1869, at Sardis, Miss., to Caroline Patillo, daughter of Rev. Daniel Gillespie and Mary Ann (Patillo) Doak, who lived at Zion church, near Columbia, Tenn., the former was a native of Guilford County, N. C., the latter born in Person County, N. C., 1843; granddaughter of John Franklin Patillo and great-granddaughter of Rev. Henry Patillo, author of Patillo's sermons, and a soldier in the Revolution. Children: 1. Mary; 2. Daniel Doak, teacher, 1891-96, student Presbyterian theological seminary, Louisville, Ky., 1897-1900, pastor Presbyterian church, Montevallo; 3. George Kerr, U. S. engineer; 4. James Waddell, U. S. engineer; 5. John Goulding, civil engineer; 6. Margaret Carolyn. Residence: Tuscaloosa.

LITTLE, JOHN, Presbyterian minister, was born April 29, 1874, at Tuscaloosa; son of Dr. John and Amanda (Harris) Little (q. v.). He was prepared for college by Prof. W. H. Verner; was graduated from the University of Alabama B. A., 1893, and from the Presbyterian theological seminary of Kentucky, 1899. He was ordained to the ministry by the Presbytery of Louisville, Ky., 1899. Rev. Little was founder and superintendent of the Presbyterian colored missions of Louisville. The institution was opened February 1, 1898, and is in the nature of institutional churches for negroes, giving religious instruction and industrial training under the supervision of white teachers.

Married: (1) September 2, 1905, at Chicago, to Eleanor Tarrant, who died November 1, 1917, (2) August 16, 1919, to Bertha Hill Tarrant, daughters of Samuel A. and Eliza (Selleck) Tarrant, of Macon, Miss.; granddaughters of Charles and Mary Ann (Patton) Selleck. Children: 1. Elizabeth Tarrant; 2. John. Residence: Louisville, Ky.

LITTLE, JOHN, physician, banker, business man, was born June 19, 1841, at Tuscaloosa, and died February 1, 1919, in that place; son of John and Barbara (Kerr) Little, and brother of Dr. George Little (q. v.). He was educated in the schools of Tuscaloosa and by his mother and Dr. George Little. The years of 1856-59 were spent at the University of Alabama. He graduated with the degree of A. B., from Oakland college, Mississippi in 1860 and served as head of the preparatory department of that institution from his graduation until his entry into the C. S. Army; was a sergeant in Lumsden's Battery, Alabama light artillery, 1861-65; graduated as M. D. from Tulane, 1869, and was made first assistant at the Bryce insane hospital, by his friend Dr. Peter Bryce; entered general practice, 1875; and managed a drug store until 1881. He was elected cashier of the First national bank of Tuscaloosa in 1881 and served in that place until 1910 when he became vice-president, which position he held until his death. Dr. Little was treasurer of the Alabama Bryce insane hospital from 1884 until 1918 when he resigned. He was a Democrat; and a Presbyterian. Married: November 14, 1872, at Tuscaloosa, to Amanda, daughter of Richard Norfleet and Amanda M. (Banks) Harris, (q. v.) of that place. Children: 1. John III (q. v.), m., (1) Eleanor Tarrant, (2) Bertha H. Tarrant, Louisville, Ky.; 2. Richard Harris, m. 1902, Johnnie Darden, Tuscaloosa; 3. Robert Irving, Ph. D., assistant professor of modern languages at the University of Alabama, unm. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

LITTLE, JOHN BUCKNER, educator and editor, was born October 10, 1861; son of John G. and Sophronia E. (Howell) Little, of Greenville. He entered the University of Alabama in 1879, and received the degrees of A. B., 1883, and A. M., 1886, from this institution. He was assistant professor of chemistry, University of Alabama, 1883-87; president, South Alabama institute, Greenville, 1887-90; principal, Military academy, Huntsville, 1890-91; editor, "Tuscaloosa Times," 1886, "True Democrat," 1888, "State Review," 1895-96; later a teacher in Butler County. Author: "History of Butler County," 1885. Married: in 1890, to Lula Duncan, of Huntsville. Residence: Butler County.

LITTLE, JOHN GOODWIN, farmer, was born December 3, 1825, near Ridgeville, Butler County, deceased; son of Amos and Elizabeth (Hays) Little, who came from Union District, S. C., to Butler County in 1820, later moving to Conecuh County; grandson of John and Martha (Manning) Little, and of Thomas Norris and Cansody (Goodwin) Hays, all of Union District, S. C. The Hays, Little and

Manning families were all of Irish stock, having come from near Cork, Ireland, to Maryland, prior to the Revolutionary war. Mr. Little was reared on a farm, and received a limited education in the country schools. In 1846, he became employed as overseer with Col. Estey of Mississippi for eighteen months; later invested in land near Cedar, Butler County; during the War of Secession raised provisions for the army; engaged in farming for five years after the war; moved to Monterey, where he lived for fifteen years; and in 1888 moved to Greenville, where he lived in retirement. He was a Democrat and a Baptist. Married: December 22, 1856, to Sophronia Elizabeth Howell, who died January 10, 1892. Children: 1. Theresa Jenella, m. Dr. James J. Garrett; 2. Susan Elizabeth, m. William Andrew Jackson Stuart; 3. John Buckner, who was assistant professor of chemistry, University of Alabama, 1883-1887, president of the Southern Alabama institute, Greenville, 1887-1890, principal of the Military academy at Huntsville, 1890-1891, editor of the "Tuscaloosa Times," 1886, of the "True Democrat," 1888, of the "State Review," 1895-1896, and author of "History of Butler County," m. Lula Mary Duncan; 4. Annie B., m. Dr. Frank H. Mason; 5. Charles Town, merchant, m. Eugene McDowell. Last residence: Butler County.

LITTLE, WILLIAM G., Jr., member of the constitutional convention of 1875, from Sumter County; president of the State senate, 1878-79.

LITTLE PRINCE, or TUSTENUGGEE HO-POIE, Creek Chief. See Indian chiefs and associated characters.

LITTLEPAGE, EMILY (LIPSCOMB), educator and patriotic worker, was born November 13, 1832, at Poplar Grove, King William County, Va., and died October 22, 1916, in Montgomery; daughter of Ambrose and Maria (Guthro) Lipscomb, who lived near Dillware Town, Va., a planter; granddaughter of Ambrose Lipscomb, and of Dr. Simon and Elizabeth (Quarles) Guthro, the former a native of Bordeaux, France, who came to America in 1776, graduated at the Philadelphia medical college, served as surgeon in the Revolutionary War and spent his remaining years in King William County, Va., where he practiced until his death in 1842. The Lipscomb family is of English origin, and furnished soldiers to the Revolutionary Army. Mrs. Littlepage received her early education in the private school of Mrs. Thomas Dabney, in King William County, Va., and later attended the Midway seminary, Essex County, Va., 1848. She taught in a private school in Montgomery, 1861; president of the Montgomery female institute, 1875; principal of the Hull Street, and later of the Lafayette, public schools of Montgomery, until 1907. She was intensely patriotic and took an active part in all the work done by the women of her section during the Mexican, Secession, Spanish-American and European Wars, from 1857 to 1916. Married: July 29, 1860, at Mount Hope, Va., to Hardin B. Littlepage, son of Col. Edmund and Martha A. (Hilliard) Lit-

tlepage of Oakdale, Va.; grandson of Hardin and Eliza Sutherland (Quarles) Littlepage, the former justice of King William County, 1799; great-grandson of Thomas and Ann (Burnly) Littlepage, justice of King William County, 1793; great-great-grandson of Edmund Littlepage; great-great-grandson of Richard Littlepage, II, Burgess New Kent, 1685; great-great-great-grandson of Richard Littlepage, I, a native of Kent, England. Children: 1. William C., Texas; 2. Emilie B., m. Thomas W. Hannon, Montgomery; 3. Hardin Beverly, Knob, Shasta County, Calif. Last residence: Montgomery.

LITTLETON, CHARLES, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 74, and a resident of Lauderdale County; private Georgia Militia; enrolled on October 29, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance \$80.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Lauderdale County, June 1, 1840, aged 79.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

He is buried in a little country graveyard, 15 miles from Florence, Ala., and nearly a mile from Bethel Grove Methodist church on Middle Cypress Creek. His grave is marked by a stone which bears this inscription:

CHARLES LITTLETON.

Revolutionary Soldier.

Died March 29th, 1848, at 3 o'clock P. M.

Aged about 103 or 105 years.

Mrs. P. H. Mell, in Alabama Historical Society, *Transactions*, vol. iv, p. 554.

There is a discrepancy in the age given in the official records and on his tomb.

LITTLETON, JESSE TALBOT, college professor and dean, was born October 27, 1856, at Portsmouth, Norfolk County, Va.; son of Oscar and Martha Elizabeth (Bernard) Littleton, the former a native of Leesburg, Loudoun County, Va., who later by virtue of his being a Methodist minister, lived at a number of Virginia towns, being both pastor and presiding elder during his career; grandson of Thomas and Elizabeth (Buffington) Littleton, also of Leesburg, and of Overton and Martha Jane (Thomas) Bernard of Portsmouth, Va. The Bernard ancestry sprang from French Huguenot stock that belonged to the old aristocracy. The Buffingtons were New England people and the Littletons were of English ancestry. Dr. Littleton received his preparatory education in his home from his father. He later attended Locustville and Onancock academies in Accomac County, Va. He graduated with the A. M. degree in 1880 from Randolph-Macon, where he won the writer's prize in the college magazine, and also the mathematics prize and the Pace medal for the best English essay. He was for two years at Sauveur Collège des Langues, Amherst, Mass., and attended summer schools in Paris and Brussels. In 1877 he was assistant in Greek at Randolph-Macon; was professor of modern languages Wesleyan female college, Murfreesboro, N. C., 1881-83; taught Greek and German at Wofford college, S. C., 1883-86; principal of Belle Haven academy, 1887-90; taught

English and modern languages in the Danville college for young ladies, 1890-93; and English and modern languages at Emory-Henry, Va., 1893-98. He also taught modern languages at the Southern university, Greensboro, 1898-1910, and at Woman's college of Alabama, of which last institution he was also for several years the dean. Since 1914 he has been president of the Thomas industrial institute, Florida. He was the founder of the Literary and scientific association at Greensboro. He is a Democrat and a Methodist. Author: "Story of Captain Smith and Pocahontas"; "My pet cage bird"; "Spencer and Tennyson"; "The Drama"; "How shall I educate my girl"; "How shall I educate my boy"; "King Lear"; "The Idyls of the king"; "Our educational renaissance"; "Modern languages versus ancient." Married: December 26, 1882, at Farmville, Va., to Lucile, daughter of Leonidas and Martha Woodward (Chandler) Rosser of Portsmouth, Va.; granddaughter of John A. and Christina Elizabeth (Nollner) Chandler, the former a lawyer of Norfolk, Va., who was a member of the house of delegates from his county in 1831-32, president of the Virginia bank of Portsmouth; great-granddaughter of Kincher and Mary Rosser Henry, and of Jane Nollner. The Nollners were originally of German stock. Children: 1. Martha Elizabeth, M. A., University of Illinois, professor of French and German, Galloway college, Ark.; 2. Jesse Talbot, jr., Ph. D., University of Wisconsin; assistant professor of physics, University Michigan, Ann Arbor, m. Bessie Cook; 3. Leonidas, Ph. D., University of Illinois, professor of chemistry, Emory-Henry college, Va.; 4. Oscar Emory; 5. Lulle Bernard; 6. Wilbur Fisk; 7. Norman Lunnison; 8. Wallace Duncan. Residence: DeFuniak Springs, Fla.

LIVING, STEPHEN, sr., *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 80, resided in Pike County, June 1, 1840.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

LIVINGSTON, HENRY JAMES, lawyer, colonel C. S. Army, was born July 27, 1833, near Prattville, Autauga County, and died September 13, 1907, at Prattville; son of Robert Tatum and Rachel (Whitstone) Livingston, natives of South Carolina, who were married September 2, 1813, in Orangeburg District, S. C., and lived at that place until 1821, when they moved to Alabama, and settled in Autauga County, near Prattville. He studied law, was admitted to the bar, and practiced his profession at Prattville. During the War of Secession, he was colonel of the Eighth Alabama cavalry regiment, C. S. Army. He was a Democrat; a Methodist; and a Mason. Married: September 24, 1863, near Benton, Lowndes County, to Eleanor E., daughter of George Livingston and Amanda Ann (Bishop) Stewart, who lived near Benton. Children: 1. George Stewart, b. June 19, 1865, near Benton, d. February 27, 1919, was graduated with honors from Southern university, 1885, was admitted to the bar, 1889, was appointed a trustee of the townsite board of Oklahoma City, Oklahoma Territory, by

President Cleveland, 1893, became bookkeeper with the Prattville cotton mills and banking company, was elected judge of probate of Autauga County in 1898, and served in that office for three terms, married, two children; 2. John R., civil service, Chattanooga, Tenn.; 3. Mel, Prattville. Last residence: Prattville.

LIVINGSTON, SAMUEL, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 76, and a resident of Morgan County; private N. C. Militia; enrolled on July 2, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$21.67; sums received to date of publication of list, \$61.01.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

LIVINGSTON, W. L., Presbyterian minister; living in 1913. Residence: Woodlawn.

LLOYD, BENJAMIN, primitive Baptist minister and compiler of hymns, was born October 6, 1804, in Talbot County, Ga., and died January 14, 1860, in Greenville; son of John E. and Elizabeth Lloyd. His paternal ancestors came from Wales with William Penn chiefly settling in Virginia, though members of the original family remained in Pennsylvania, others settled in Maryland, one branch continuing southward from Virginia. Benjamin Lloyd was a minister of the gospel, in the Primitive Baptist church. Under President Buchanan's administration, he was receiver of the land office of the United States, at Greenville. He was major of militia in the Indian War of 1836. Author: "Primitive hymns"; "The primitive hymns, spiritual songs, and sacred poems, regularly selected, classified and set in order, and adapted to social singings and all occasions of Divine Worship." Married: February 22, 1832, at Eatonton, Ga., to Naomi Ann, daughter of Elder Cary and Martha (Roundtree) Cox, who lived at Eatonton. The family of Roundtrees lived in Edgefield District, S. C. Children: 1. John Franklin, Confederate soldier, died from wounds received in battle of Chickamauga, Tenn., m. Mary Eliza Lee; 2. Cary Chappelle (q. v.), Confederate soldier and Baptist minister, m. (1) Susan M. Lee, (2) Julia A. Snelgrove; 3. Joseph Lafayette, Baptist minister, m. (1) Mary Ann Menderson; (2) Lucy Payne; 4. Columbus James, d. in infancy; 5. Eugene Emory, d. unmarried; 6. Benjamin, Jr., Confederate soldier, killed during War of Secession in railroad accident, near Cleveland, Tenn., September 9, 1862; 7. Frances Elizabeth, d. in infancy; 8. William Holt, Confederate soldier, m. Mary Frances Reynolds; 9. Andrew Jackson, Confederate soldier, killed at the battle of Richmond, Va., July 2, 1862; 10. Wylie Willis, Confederate soldier, m. Carrie Cooper; 11. Jesse Cox, Confederate soldier, m. Mattie Eliza Reynolds; 12. Orren Datus, Confederate soldier, m. Mary E. Norvell; 13. Milton Stephens, Confederate soldier, m. Melissa Harwell; 14. Martha Ann Eliza, d. young; 15. Ichabod David, m. Mary Hundley; 16. Fannie Joe, m. Y. C. Norris; 17. Thomas Jefferson, m. (1) Fannie Perryman, (2) unknown; 18. James Buchanan (q. v.), m. (1) Maggie Herbert Adams, (2) Sallie Barnett

Adams; 19. Albert Adams, m. Lena Brown. Last residence: Greenville.

LLOYD, CARY CHAPPELLE, physician, was born April 2, 1834, at Talbotton, Talbot County, Ga.; son of Rev. Benjamin and Naomi Ann (Cox) Lloyd (q. v.). He received his academic education in the common schools of the period and completed his medical studies at the Jefferson medical colleges, Philadelphia, Penn., and Atlanta, Ga., graduating with honors in 1856, at the age of twenty-two, at the latter institution. He entered upon the practice of his profession at Greenville, the following year. He enlisted in the Confederate Army in 1861, at the outbreak of the War of Secession, Co. D, 17th Alabama cavalry regiment, and was made assistant regimental quartermaster with the rank of captain of cavalry. He is a Democrat, an ordained minister of the Missionary Baptist church, and was clerk of the Alabama Baptist association for twenty-five years. Married: April 28, 1858, at Mt. Willing, Lowndes County, to Susan Miller, daughter of Rev. David and Mary (Coleman) Lee of that place. Children: 1. Carrie Lee, m. John R. Brooks, Liberty, N. C.; 2. Francis Bartow, (q. v.) m. Sarah Lillian Carter, Butler Springs; 3. Eleanor C., Greenville. Residence: Greenville.

LLOYD, EDWARD READ, teacher and director experiment station, was born March 10, 1867, at Auburn, Lee County; son of William Edward Lloyd of that place. He was educated in the public schools and graduated from the Alabama polytechnic institute with the degrees of B. S., in 1887, and M. S., in 1888. He attended the Graduate school, Columbus, Ohio, and Ames, Iowa, and took a course in agriculture at the University of Wisconsin. In 1888 he became assistant agriculturist of the Experiment station, Mississippi agricultural and mechanical college; was made agriculturist in 1890; vice-director in 1895; professor of agriculture, 1900; in 1906 was elected director of the Farmers institutes; and in 1910 was made director of the Experiment station. He is a Democrat and a Baptist. Married: December 18, 1890, at Starkeville, Miss., to Fannie Abert, daughter of Henry Arthur and Mary Della (Billington) Bell of that place. Children: 1. Edward Read, Jr.; 2. Lani. Residence: Agricultural College, Miss.

LLOYD, FRANCIS BARTOW (Rufus Sanders), editor and author, was born August 12, —, at Mt. Willing, Lowndes County; son of Cary Chappelle Lloyd (q. v.). He received his primary education in the common schools of the state, and concluded his studies at the Greenville high school under Prof. J. M. Thigpen. At twenty years of age he read law for a short time in the office of J. C. Richardson, but abandoned his profession for newspaper work. He was reporter on the "Selma Times" and afterwards, city editor. Later he entered the service of the "Montgomery Advertiser" and was city editor of that paper for six years. He was elected to the legislature of Alabama from Montgomery County, 1890-91, and was again returned to the lower house from Butler



JOHN W. McQUEEN

County. He was a Democrat and Baptist. Author: "Sketches of country life," a newspaper series published under the pen name of "Rufus Sanders," later made into a book by his wife and published as a memorial to him under the title, "Humor, wisdom and pathos," by Rufus Sanders. Married: Sarah Lillian, a graduate of the Alabama central female college, 1885, daughter of Harris and Clara Carter who lived at Butler Springs; granddaughter of William Carter, pioneer and planter of Pine Flat, Butler County. Children: 1. Francis Bartow, pharmacist, Brewton; 2. Mary, graduate of Judson college; 3. Clara Lee, graduate of Judson college, m. Leroy Monroe Parker, Equality. Last residence: Greenville.

LLOYD, FRANCIS ERNEST, botanist, a resident of Alabama, 1908-12, was born October 4, 1868, at Manchester, Eng.; son of Edward and Leah (Pierce) Lloyd, both natives of Wales, who removed to the United States about 1882. He was educated at the Liverpool institute, England; York collegiate institute, Pennsylvania; Lafayette college, Easton, Pa., A. B., 1891; and Princeton university, A. M., 1895, studied at Munich, 1898, and at Bonn, 1901. He was instructor in biology at Williams college, 1891-92; professor in biology and geology, 1892-95, and biology, 1895-97, at Pacific university, Forest Grove, Ore.; adjunct professor of biology, Teacher's college, Columbia university, 1897-1906; staff member of Desert botanical laboratory, Carnegie institution of Washington, 1906; instructor, Harvard summer school, 1907; cytologist, Arizona agricultural experimental station, 1907; director of the department of investigation, Continental-Mexican rubber company, 1907-08; professor of botany and plant physiologist, Alabama polytechnic institute and Alabama agricultural experimental station, 1908-12; and is now McDonald professor of botany, McGill university, Montreal. He was the editor of *The Plant World*, 1905-08, and is the author of various books and papers on botanical subjects. He is a Mason. Married: May 18, 1903, to Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas and Lucinda (Wotton) Hail, respectively of Northfield and Boston, Mass. Children: 1. Mary Elizabeth, deceased; 2. Francis Ernest L., jr.; 3. David Pierce C. Residence: Montreal.

LLOYD, JAMES BUCHANAN, merchant, was born February 2, 1857, near Old Fort Dale, Butler County; son of Benjamin and Naomi Ann (Cox) Lloyd (q. v.), the former who was born in Talbot County, Ga., emigrated to Alabama in 1836, lived in several places in the state, was a Primitive Baptist minister and the compiler of the "Primitive Baptist Hymn Book," was a major of Alabama militia in the Indian war of 1813, and receiver of the U. S. land office at Greenville under Buchanan's administration; grandson of Cary and Martha (Roundtree) Cox, of Eatonton, Ga. The Lloyds came from Wales with William Penn. Mr. Lloyd was educated in the Greenville schools, and after leaving school engaged in merchan-

dising. He was postmaster at Pine Apple, 1891-1897; and represented Wilcox County in the State legislature, 1911. He is a Democrat and a member of the Christian church. Married: (1) November 8, 1882, to Maggie Herbert Adams, and (2) December 28, 1892, to Sallie Barnett Adams; both daughters of Dr. David and Martha (Blankenship) Adams, of Pine Apple; granddaughters of John and Mahalath (Atkins) Adams of Georgia, and of John and Eliza (Carter) Blankenship. Children, by second marriage: 1. James Adams. Residence: Pine Apple.

LLOYD, WILLIAM R., former secretary of the State tax commission.

LLOYD, W. S., pioneer Missionary Baptist preacher, who died in his pulpit; father of W. E. Lloyd, of Auburn.

LOBMAN, NATHAN, merchant, was born June 2, 1851, in New York City; son of Henry and Theresa (Steiner) Lobman, natives, respectively, of Heidelberg, Bavaria, and Tachan, Austria, who emigrated to New York in 1846 or 1847, and were married in that city, who came to Greenville in 1854, and moved to Montgomery in 1861, the former of whom engaged in cabinet making and merchandising until the death of his wife in 1876, when he went to Pineapple to live. He was educated in a school taught by Col. Thomas Herbert in Greenville, and after leaving school, clerked for two years in Greenville, for the firm of L. Bear and company. In 1869, he moved to Montgomery where he conducted a general store, and two years later moved to Pineapple, where he opened a general store in partnership with L. Steiner, under the firm name of Steiner and Lobman. After nineteen years in business together at Pineapple, Mr. Lobman and Mr. Steiner opened a wholesale drygoods house in Montgomery. Mr. Lobman was elected alderman of Montgomery in April, 1903. He is a director in the Peoples cotton factory, a director of the Commercial and industrial association, and a trustee of the Jewish Temple. He is a Mason; an Odd Fellow; a Knight of Pythias; a member of the National Union; and of the B'nai B'rith. Married: January 14, 1884, to Carrie, daughter of Joseph Pollock, of New York City. Children: 1. Theresa; 2. Walter; 3. Myron; 4. Bernard. Residence: Montgomery.

LOCKE, ANNIE REES, author, was born in Greensboro, Hale County; daughter of James Whitehead and Helen (Gayle) Locke, the former a student at Princeton college when the War of Secession broke out, left school and joined Co. D, 5th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, afterwards a planter, residing in Greensboro; granddaughter of John and Anne Eliza (Rees) Locke, the former sixth in descent from Sir Francis Locke of England whose son, Matthew Locke, emigrated to America during the Colonial period, settled in Pennsylvania, and shortly afterwards removed to Rowan County, N. C., where he supported the Revolution, being a member of the house of

commons of North Carolina, in 1775, and of the convention that framed the constitution of 1776, brigadier-general State troops, served thirty years in the legislature, had four sons in the Revolutionary War, of whom Col. George Locke was cut to pieces on the King's highway, near Charlotte, by Carleton's dragoons to whose memory the Mecklenburg chapter, D. A. R., in recent years erected a monument, and of Gov. John and Clarissa Stedman (Peck) Gayle (q. v.). Miss Locke received her education at the Female academy, Greensboro. She prepared herself for the profession of librarianship and holds that position in the public library of Greensboro. Author: "The Flower of Fort Louis," which ran for one year as a serial in "Advance." She has also written numerous short stories and articles published in periodicals north and south. Unmarried. Residence: Greensboro.

LOCKE, HUGH ALLEN, lawyer, was born February 9, 1885, near Moscow, Fayette County; son of Robert and Susannah Francannah (Crenshaw) Locke, the former a native of Murfreesboro, Tenn., who lived at different places in that state, who served four years as a Confederate soldier, and was a civil engineer and a farmer. The grandson of David Shelton and Clarissa Caroline Crenshaw, who lived near Memphis, Tenn., and of Robert Locke, who was from the north of Ireland, of Scotch descent, came to America and finally settled near Memphis, Tenn., where he became a planter. The Crenshaws are of Welsh descent, and settled in North Carolina. Judge Locke was educated in the grammar and high schools of Somerville, Tenn. He graduated from Birmingham college, 1906, B. S.; from Vanderbilt university, LL.B., 1907, and the same year began the practice of law in Birmingham. He served as assistant solicitor of Jefferson County from January, 1911, to April, 1914; was elected judge of the tenth judicial circuit of Jefferson County, January, 1916; and is a trustee of the Birmingham-Southern college. He is a Democrat; a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, south; is a Mason; a Shriner; an Odd Fellow; Knight of Pythias; Woodman of the World; and a Maccabee. He is unmarried. Residence: Birmingham.

LOCKE, THOMAS COURTNEY, major, U. S. Army, and assistant adjutant general of Alabama, was born September 10, 1881, at Clapham, Surrey County, England; son of Richard Langford and Eliza Julia (de Tunzelman) Locke, the former a native of New Castle West, Limerick County, Ireland, who was a civil engineer for the British government in India thirteen years, and was the London representative of the East India tea co.; grandson of John and Jane (Langford) Locke, of Dublin, Ireland, and of Waldemar and Georgina (Finch) de Tunzelman, of London, England. He is a descendant in the fourth generation from the great philosopher, John Locke, and of Reginald Courtney, Earl of Devon. Major Locke left England and came to Hillsboro County, Fla., moving in 1897 or 1898 to Mobile.

He was educated in the public schools of Florida and at the Alabama polytechnic institute, Auburn, where in 1910 he received certificates in electrical engineering, mechanical engineering, mechanical drawing and physical geometry. He enlisted in Co. A, 2nd Alabama infantry regiment, Alabama National Guard, April 23, 1902, and has held commissions as second lieutenant, first lieutenant, captain, and on November 20, 1913, was commissioned major in the adjutant general's department. On June 18, 1916, he was assigned as adjutant of the 1st Alabama brigade; saw service on the Mexican Border at Nogales, Ariz., October 29, 1916, to March 18, 1917; became adjutant of mobilization camp, Montgomery, March 22, 1917; and continued as such until September 17, 1917, when he became adjutant of the 62nd infantry brigade, at Camp Wheeler, Macon, Ga. He was overseas with the 31st Division, from October 31, 1918 until November 11, 1918, when he was placed in charge of the embarkation of troops at Bassens, Bordeaux, returning to America on August 10, 1919. He was appointed assistant quartermaster for the national matches, Navy rifle range, Caldwell, N. J., and on October 31, 1919, he was discharged from the service. He now holds rank of major, quartermaster corps, and on April 1, 1920, was appointed assistant adjutant general of Alabama. He is a Baptist and a member of the Kappa Sigma college fraternity. Unmarried. Residence: Montgomery.

LOCKETT, SAMUEL HENRY, educator, civil engineer, was born July 7, 1837, in Mecklenburg County, Va., and died October 12, 1891, at Bogota, United States of Colombia. He moved to Alabama with his father when he was a child; was graduated from Howard college at the age of sixteen; and in 1854, was appointed a cadet from Alabama to the U. S. military academy, at West Point. He was graduated with the second highest rank in his class, 1859; was made second lieutenant of engineers; appointed an assistant professor at West Point; and assisted in the construction of Forts Pulaski and Jackson, near Savannah, until his resignation, which immediately followed the secession of Alabama. He was made a major in the engineering corps of the army of the state of Alabama, in February, 1861, and served with Gen. Bragg at Pensacola, Fla., until August, 1861; succeeded Gen. J. F. Gilmer as chief engineer of the C. S. army, with the rank of captain upon the staff of Gen. A. S. Johnston; and at the battle of Shiloh acted with gallantry on the field. Promoted to major, he served on the staff of Gen. Pemberton as chief engineer, participating in the battle of Baker's Creek, constructing and improving the defenses of Vicksburg, and performed important duty all through the siege. After his exchange as one of the Vicksburg garrison, he served with distinction on the staff of Gen. Joseph E. Johnston, and during 1864-1865 had charge of the defenses of Mobile, which he constructed with such ability as to win a wide reputation as an engineer. He also planned and partly constructed the defenses of Pensacola, Corinth, Vicksburg, Port Hudson, and

Jackson. At the close of the war, he surrendered with the troops of Gen. Richard Taylor. After the war he became professor of mathematics and natural sciences at Judson institute, Marion, 1865-1867; professor of mechanics and engineering, and commandant of cadets, Louisiana State university, 1867-1873, and director of the Louisiana topographical survey, 1869-1873; was president of a school in Alabama, 1874-1875; was colonel of engineers in the Egyptian Army, 1875-1877. Upon his return to this country, he became professor of engineering and mechanics in the University of Tennessee; was principal assistant engineer to Gen. C. P. Stone in the placing of the Bartholdi statue of liberty, 1883-1884; constructed water and gas works in various cities of the United States, 1884-1888; was sent to Chili in 1888, and secured a twenty million dollar contract for the North and South American construction company; was appointed chief engineer to construct water works by the United States of Colombia, and was holding that position at the time of his death. Last residence: Bogota, United States of Colombia.

LOCKHART, H. C., lieutenant colonel of Lockhart's battalion, Alabama Exempts, during the War of Secession.

LOCKLIN, LAWRENCE WHEELER, merchant, was born February 27, 1867, at Perdue Hill, Monroe County; son of Charles William and Martha Barbara (Moore) Locklin, the former a native of Claiborne, Monroe County, who lived at that place and at Perdue Hill, was in the steamboat business at the outbreak of the War of Secession, and during the war was engaged as captain of steamships transporting men and equipment for the C. S. Army from Mobile to Montgomery, was president of the Mobile trade company from 1870 until he retired in 1872; grandson of William and Amelia (Wheeler) Locklin, of Milledgeville, Ga., who moved to Alabama in 1812, and of William and Mary Moore, who lived near Claiborne; great-grandson of Samuel Locklin, a Scot, who settled in Georgia, and of William Wheeler a merchant of Baltimore, Md., who moved to Claiborne in 1816. Mr. Locklin attended private and public schools at Perdue Hill; was a student at Howard college for three years; and was graduated at Eastman's business college, 1884. He became a member of the mercantile firm of Roberts, Locklin and company, in 1886, at Perdue Hill; later became president of the Claiborne ranch company at Perdue Hill; was a member of constitutional convention of Alabama in 1901; and served as supervisor of census for the first Alabama district, 1910. He is a Democrat and a Baptist. Married: November 5, 1889, at Fort Worth, to Corinne, daughter of Robert and Estell (Agee) Rives, of Benton, Lowndes County; granddaughter of — Rives, a Virginian, and a descendant of Sir John Rives of Dorsetshire, England. Children: 1. Anderson J. Residence: Perdue Hill.

LOCKWOOD, J. L., business man, was born December 15, 1843, in Dubuque, Iowa; son of

Ezekiel and Ann B. (Warren) Lockwood, both natives of New York, residents of Montgomery after 1846, the former a Baptist minister. Major Lockwood was educated at Lima, N. Y., and at Williamsburg, Mass., leaving the latter place in 1860, and locating in Montgomery. He entered the Confederate service in 1861, as a member of the "Dixie Rifles," which was afterwards assigned to the 22nd Alabama infantry regiment; promoted ordnance sergeant, and at the battle of Shiloh, to sergeant major; was made aide-de-camp on the staff of Gen. Frank Gardner, 1862, and served in this position until the battle of Murfreesboro; was transferred to the trans-Mississippi department and served there until the fall of Port Hudson; joined the Army of Tennessee at the battle of Chickamauga, and was commissioned adjutant of the 22nd Alabama regiment; served through the Georgia campaign and was badly wounded at Jonesboro. When the army was consolidated in 1864, he was promoted major and served with this rank until the close of the war. He participated in the battles of Shiloh, where he was twice wounded; Corinth, was wounded in the retreat to Saltville, Perryville, and slightly wounded, Crab Apple Orchard, and a week's fighting on the retreat, Murfreesboro, Port Hudson, where he was twice wounded, Chickamauga, Missionary Ridge, Dalton, Resaca, Kenesaw Mountain, Atlanta, Jonesboro, where he was badly wounded, Franklin and Boonville, N. C. After the cessation of hostilities, Major Lockwood returned to Montgomery and kept books. In 1871 he removed to Birmingham and went into the mercantile business, adding contracting. He became president of the Ellis drug company; director in the North Birmingham oil and asphalt company; a stockholder in a number of successful business enterprises; and served two years as alderman. He is a Mason; Knight of Pythias; Odd Fellow; Knight of Honor; a Democrat; and Episcopalian. Married: (1) in May, 1873, to Jodie C., daughter of Dr. Thomas Martin, of Elmore County; 2. to Abigail H., his deceased wife's sister. Children: by the first wife, 1. and 2. both died in childhood; by the second wife, 3. Henry W. Residence: Birmingham.

LODOR, JOHN A., grand master, grand lodge, Masons, 1863.

LOEB, JACQUES, wholesale merchant, was born March 31, 1855, at Reichshofen, Alsace, France, and died March 29, 1912, at Montgomery; son of Gabriel and Caroline (Baroch) Loeb, of Alsace, France. He was educated in Alsace, and came to America soon after the Franco-Prussian War in 1872, and settled in Montgomery. He entered the grocery and dry goods business and conducted that business until his death in 1912. He was president of the Winter Loeb grocery company of Montgomery; vice-president of the chamber of commerce, Montgomery; director of the New Farley national bank; secretary of the United Hebrew charities of Montgomery; a trustee of the Carnegie Library; a trustee of the Leo N. Levi memorial hospital, Hot Springs, Ark.; a member of the State militia of Alabama under

Capt. John G. Winter and Capt. A. B. Garland of the Montgomery True Blues; a member of the Standard and Thirteen Clubs of Montgomery; a Democrat; president of the Young Men's Hebrew association; a member of B'nai B'rith; a Mason and a Knight of Pythias. Married: January 28, 1885, in Montgomery, to Selena, daughter of Henry and Jeanetta Well, who lived at Montgomery. Children: 1. Lucien S., Montgomery; 2. Cecile L., m. Gaston J. Greil (q. v.), Montgomery; 3. Blanche L., m. Louis A. Weil, New Orleans, La.; 4. Raphael J., m. Myrtle Kaufman, Montgomery. Last residence: Montgomery.

LOFTON, GEORGE AUGUSTUS, Baptist minister, was born December 25, 1839, in Pontotoc County, Miss.; son of John B. and Olivia Ann (Settle) Lofton, natives of Edgefield District, S. C. He received his early education in the common schools of Mississippi, at Starrsville, Fayetteville, and Monticello, Ga., and was attending Mercer university at the beginning of the War of Secession. He joined the Gate City Guards at Atlanta, Ga., in June, 1861, and was assigned to the First Georgia regiment of volunteers. He participated in the battle of Cheat Mountain, and in November, 1861, was discharged because of ill health. In the spring of 1862, he joined the Ninth Georgia artillery battalion, of which he was elected adjutant, and served with Humphrey Marshall in the fall of 1862; in Virginia, during the winter of 1862-1863; and in the spring of the latter year was stationed at Knoxville, Tenn. At Chattanooga, he was made aid to chief of staff of Gen. Buckner, and in November, 1863, took command of Battery A, Ninth battalion, and joined Gen. Longstreet in the battles of Campbell's Station and Knoxville. In the Lynchburg campaign he was presented with a captured battery, and in the latter part of 1864 rendered distinguished service in the Shenandoah Valley. He was next transferred to Richmond, and on the James River and at Drury's Bluff, commanded two batteries. From November, 1864, to the retreat from Richmond, he was actively engaged. He surrendered with Lee at Appomattox. After the war, Col. Lofton taught school in Webster County, until 1867, when he was admitted to the bar at Weston, Ga. He began to practice law at Americus, Ga., but in the fall of 1867, was licensed as a Baptist minister, and began to preach near Americus. In 1868, he was called to Antioch, Lee County, Ga., and ordained to the ministry. He preached at Shiloh and other places in Georgia until 1869; was called to Dalton in 1870, where he founded the Crawford high school, now the Joseph E. Brown institute; became pastor of the First Baptist church at Memphis, Tenn., in July, 1872; canvassed Tennessee in the interest of the centennial endowment for the Southern Baptist university in 1876; became pastor of the Third Baptist church at St. Louis, Mo., in January, 1877; resigned in November, 1881, having become prostrated from much work; returned to Georgia, and in January, 1884, again took charge of the church at Dalton, Ga.; and came to Talladega as pastor of the Baptist church in October, 1886. Married: March 29,

1864, to Ella E. Martin of Atlanta, Ga. Residence: Talladega.

LOFTON, THOMAS, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 73, and a resident of Pickens County; private, captain and sergeant S. C. Militia; enrolled on February 2, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$340; sums received to date of publication of list, \$1,020.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He came from Pendleton District, S. C., to Alabama. The young people of his neighborhood knew him as "Grandsire Lofton" and loved him for his kind and genial disposition; some are still living who remember his interesting stories of the Revolution. He was a member of the Presbyterian church. He is buried at Bethesda church near Benevola; no stone marks his last resting place.—Mrs. P. H. Mell, in Alabama Historical Society, *Transactions*, vol. iv, p. 554.

LOGAN, STEPHEN DOUGLAS, lawyer, was born May 29, 1859, in Centreville; son of John H. and Levinia (Moseley) Logan, the former a native of Shelby County, N. C., born in 1802, who went, when quite young, with his parents to Tennessee, and later to Alabama, where they located at Centreville, who became captain of all the flatboats that floated to Mobile from Centreville, on the Cahawba and Alabama Rivers, and continued that enterprise in connection with farming for twenty-five years, after which time he devoted his entire attention to farming, the latter a native of Edgefield District, S. C., born in 1818, who came with her parents to Centreville when a small child. He was reared on a farm near Centreville; attended schools at that place and the Montevallo high school; and was graduated from the University of Alabama, LL. B., 1877. He was admitted to the bar immediately after his graduation, and began the practice of law at Centreville. In addition to his law practice, he conducts a plantation near Centreville. He served as superintendent of education for Bibb County, 1886-1890. He is a Presbyterian. Married: (1) November 1, 1885, to Mamie V. Gardner, who was born November 4, 1865, in Centreville, daughter of John S. and Rebecca (Carson) Gardner; (2) January 20, 1898, at Talladega, to Alice A. Ivey. Children, by first marriage: 1. Gardner C., b. August 10, 1886; 2. Douglas C., b. March 10, 1889; 3. Edna L., b. December 16, 1890, d. August 15, 1891; 4. Winnie Rebecca, b. June 15, 1892. Residence: Centreville.

LOLLAR, JOHN B., farmer, was born November 30, 1835, near Jasper; son of John A. and Susan (Gillin) Lollar, the former of whom came to Walker County at its first settlement; grandson of Hugh Lollar, who named the town of Jasper. He was a brother of Hugh Lollar, jr., who served as sheriff of Walker County before the War of Secession, and who was killed at the battle of Murfreesboro. He was reared on a farm at Lost Creek, and entered the C. S. Army as third lieutenant of Co. G,

Thirteenth Alabama cavalry regiment, under Col. Hewlitt. The regiment was consolidated with the First Alabama, commanded by Col. Boyle of Mobile, and for about a year did garrison duty at Columbus, Miss., later serving at other places in that state. For some years after the war, Mr. Lollar raised corn and cotton on Lost Creek. He was elected sheriff of Walker County in 1877; was elected tax collector in 1880; was appointed postmaster at Jasper, 1885; and in 1886 was elected clerk of the circuit court. Married: in 1857, to Elizabeth, daughter of Isaac Taylor, a citizen of Poplar Cove, who died in Texas. Children: 1. William R.; 2. Fannie E.; 3. Meta J.; 4. Queen Victoria; 5. Margaret E.; 6. Isaac H.; 7. Andrew J.; 8. Joe. Residence: Jasper.

LOMAX, CARRIE (BILLINGSLEA), patriotic worker, was born March 17, 1825, in Clinton, Jones County, Ga., and died June 30, 1907, in Montgomery; daughter of James and Elizabeth (Slatter) Billingslea. On her maternal side she was descended from a Revolutionary soldier. She was active in church work and a charter member of the Ladies memorial association. Her portrait hangs in the statehouse between the pictures of her two husbands, both distinguished in Alabama history. She was a Methodist. Married: (1) in 1848, to Reuben C. Shorter, (q. v.) of Eufaula, brother of Gov. John Gill Shorter (q. v.); (2) Col. Tennent Lomax (q. v.). Children: by the first marriage, 1. James Billingslea; 2. Reuben Clarke; by the second marriage, 3. and 4. twins, Carrie Elizabeth, died in childhood, and Tennent Lomax, jr., (q. v.). Last residence: Montgomery.

LOMAX, TENNENT, lawyer, colonel, C. S. Army, was born September 20, 1820, in Abbeville, S. C., and was killed June 1, 1862, at Seven Pines, Va.; son of William and Eliza (Tennent) Lomax, the former a lawyer in Abbeville, who served in the South Carolina legislature; grandson of James and Jane (Dillworth) Lomax, and of William Peter and Martha (Middleton) Tennent; great-grandson of Maj. Hugh Middleton, of the Revolutionary Army. James Lomax emigrated from Rockingham County, N. C., to Abbeville District, S. C., where he built a colonial home and reared his family. He was the son of William Lomax, who came from England to America, and who was descended from Laurent Lomax, a companion of William the Conqueror. The original colonial ancestor of Gen. Lomax in the Tennent branch was Rev. William Tennent, a Presbyterian minister, who, in 1727, established the log college, from which sprang Princeton theological seminary. Four sons of William Tennent were Presbyterian ministers, and one of these, William Tennent, jr., was the founder of Tennent church, at Freehold, N. J. His son, Rev. William Tennent, of Charleston, S. C., father of William Peter Tennent, was known as the "preacher and patriot," and a slab commemorating him is on the walls of the Archdale church of Charleston, S. C.

Gen. Lomax's mother died at his birth, and his father died during his boyhood. He was educated at Randolph-Macon college, graduating fourth in a class of which Justice Clopton

of the Alabama supreme court, was valedictorian, A. B., 1840. He received the degree of A. M. in 1851. After his graduation, he moved to Alabama, and read law in the office of John C. Calhoun, at Eufaula. On completing his studies, he was admitted to the bar, and engaged in the practice of law and in planting at Eufaula. Upon the outbreak of the war with Mexico, he raised a company, and became its captain. The organization became Co. D, First battalion Alabama infantry, and was on duty in the Department of Orizaba while Orizaba was occupied by the United States troops in 1848. Soon after his return to civil life, he moved to Columbus, Ga., where for several years, he became one of the proprietors and the editor of the Columbus "Times and Sentinel." He was elected State printer of Georgia, by the legislature of that state, and was president of the Democratic convention which first nominated Senator Joseph E. Brown for governor of Georgia. He was at one time tendered the position of charge d'affaires of the United States to Belgium, but declined the appointment. He returned to Alabama in 1857, and engaged in planting at Montgomery. While a resident of Columbus, Ga., he was captain of a military company for several years, and shortly after his removal to Montgomery, he became captain of the Montgomery True Blues, a position he held until the outbreak of the War of Secession. Through his influence the Second volunteer regiment was raised soon after the Harper's Ferry raid, and in 1861, as colonel of that regiment he was ordered to Pensacola by Gov. Moore to assist the Florida authorities in taking possession of the forts and navy yard. Forts Barancas and McRae were surrendered to him by Lieut. Slemmer of the U. S. Army, who withdrew to Fort Pickens, on Santa Rosa Island. Not being allowed to take Fort Pickens by assault, Gen. Lomax wrote to Gov. Moore asking their recall, and shortly after its return to Montgomery, the regiment disbanded.

In April, 1861, Gen. Lomax was elected lieutenant colonel of the Third Alabama infantry regiment, and repaired with it to Virginia. He became colonel by the promotion of Col. Withers, and was commissioned a brigadier-general just before the battle of Seven Pines, but remained in command of the regiment for that battle. On June 1, 1862, while at the head of his regiment, he was instantly killed. His body, which fell into the hands of Federal troops, was subsequently recovered and buried in the cemetery at Montgomery. Married: (1) in 1849, to Sophie Shorter, who died, March 18, 1850, daughter of Gen. R. C. Shorter of Eufaula, and sister of Gov. John C. Shorter; (2) Mrs. Caroline (Billingslea) Shorter, widow of Reuben C. Shorter, by whom she had two sons, daughter of Augustus and Elizabeth (Slatter) Billingslea, of English descent. Children: 1. a daughter, d. in infancy; 2. Tennent (q. v.). Last residence: Montgomery.

LOMAX, TENNENT, lawyer, county solicitor, and member constitutional convention of 1901, was born April 29, 1858, at Montgomery, and died at that place November 21, 1902; son of Gen. Tennent Lomax (q. v.) and Carrie Shorter (Billingslea) Lomax (q. v.). He was

educated in the public and private schools of Montgomery, and at the University of Alabama, receiving the M. A. degree in 1878, and B. L. in 1879. In July of the latter year he was admitted to the bar, and practised his profession in Montgomery continuously until his death. From 1878 to 1888 he was secretary of the Democratic State executive committee; lieutenant of the Montgomery True Blues, 1882-1887; delegate to the Democratic national conventions of 1888, 1896, and 1900. He was president of the Auditorium company of Montgomery, 1901; director of the Montgomery commercial and industrial association; the Capitol City bank, and the People's cotton factory. In 1902 he was elected as a delegate from the State at large to the Alabama constitutional convention, and served as chairman of the committee on preamble and declaration of rights. He was appointed assistant solicitor of Montgomery County under Capt. Fred S. Ferguson, in 1880, soon after entering the practice and upon the latter's retirement in 1886 was elected to succeed him as county solicitor, an office he occupied by successive elections for twelve years, and was filling at the time of his death. It has been said: "As a student, lawyer, political leader and business man Mr. Lomax was a leader of marked strength. As a parliamentarian and orator he was at the head of the young men of his generation and equal to many of his seniors in years and public service." He was a Democrat; Methodist; Knight of Pythias; member board of trustees, University of Alabama; Alabama historical association; Alabama bar association; Red Man; Odd Fellow; and commandant, Camp Holtzclaw, United sons of Confederate veterans. Unmarried. Last residence: Montgomery.

LONDON, ALEXANDER TROY, lawyer, was born February 28, 1847, at Wilmington, New Hanover County, N. C., and died August 27, 1908, while on a visit to Chautauqua, N. Y.; son of Mauger and Rachel Jane (Troy) London, who lived at Wilmington, N. C., the former a native of that place, a prominent lawyer of the old school; grandson of John and Anne Thorney (Mauger) London, who were married at Charleston, S. C., and lived at Wilmington, N. C., the former a native of London, England, who came to North Carolina before the Revolutionary War, having been married for the first time in England, and settled on the coast just below Wilmington, N. C., the latter a native of the Isle of Jersey, who came to Charleston, S. C., with her father in 1783, and who was descended on her mother's side from French Huguenots, and of Alexander and Francis (Shipman) Troy, who lived near Whiteside, Columbus County, N. C., the former who served for a long time as district solicitor, and died on his circuit and was buried at Wadesboro, N. C.; great-grandson of John and Mary (Wollaston) London, both of Brandon, Suffolk, England, of John Mauger, and of Michael and Jane (Potts) Troy, who were married in Pennsylvania, and moved to North Carolina at the time of the Wyoming Valley troubles, and settled in Salisbury, the former of whom came with his brother, Matthew Troy,

from Londonderry, Ireland, about the year 1711, and settled in Pennsylvania.

Mr. London attended private schools in Wilmington, N. C., and read law in the office of his father. He was admitted to the bar at Wilmington, June 30, 1869, and began the practice of law in North Carolina, continuing his profession at that place until 1884, when he moved to Montgomery. He entered a law partnership with his uncle, Daniel Shipman Troy, and Henry C. Tompkin, at that place, and maintained that association until 1890, when he moved to Birmingham. He continued his practice in Birmingham until his death. He was elected a representative in the State legislature from Jefferson County in 1902. During the War of Secession, he served as first lieutenant and adjutant of the First North Carolina regiment, junior reserves. He was a Democrat, and an Episcopalian. Married: December 6, 1892, at Selma, to Mary L., daughter of Clifford Daniel and Louisa (Swift) Packe, who lived at Selma, the former a physician. Children: 1. Mary Packe; 2. Rachel Troy; 3. Alexandra Mauger, Birmingham. Last residence: Birmingham.

LONDON, JOHN, lawyer; president of the Alabama State bar association, 1910-11. Residence: Birmingham.

LONG, BENJAMIN McFARLAND, merchant, was born November 5, 1827, at Carrollton, Ga., and died June 17, 1903, at Cordova; son of John and Nancy Davis (Long) Long, who lived at Marshall's Ferry, Grainger County, Tenn., until 1826, when they moved to Carrollton, Ga., the former a native of Marshall's Ferry, Tenn., who served in the Georgia legislature, 1868-1869, and was clerk of the superior court at Carrollton, Ga., for forty years; grandson of Robert and Isabel (Leeper) Long, who lived at Marshall's Ferry, Tenn., and of James and Jane (Walker) Long, of Carter's Valley, Hawkins County, Tenn. The Long family came from Belfast, Ireland, and settled in Rockbridge County, Va., in 1750. Mr. Long was the first white child born in Carroll County, Ga., and was reared and educated at Carrollton. He was one of the first volunteers in the Mexican War, and served throughout that war under the command of Robert E. Lee. He became a merchant in partnership with his father at Carrollton, 1849-1856, and continued in the mercantile business for the remainder of his life. He moved to Alabama before the War of Secession, and settled near Cordova, Walker County. At the beginning of the war, he raised the first company from that county, was elected captain, and entered the C. S. Army as captain of Co. G, Col. Looney's regiment, Hindman's division. He conducted his business in Jasper for a long while after the war was ended, then moved to Cordova, and founded that town. He was a leader in the coal development of Walker County, and was directly responsible for the location of Indian head mills at Cordova. He was a member of the constitutional convention in 1865; served in the Georgia leg-



STERLING A. WOOD

islature, 1872-1874, and in the Alabama legislature, 1880-1882; was presidential elector from the sixth Alabama district in 1884; was a candidate for governor of Alabama on the Republican ticket, 1890; and was the candidate of that party for congress in 1894. He was opposed to secession, was originally a Whig, then became a Know-Nothing, and after the War of Secession was affiliated with the Republican party. He was a Methodist, and a Royal Arch Mason. Married: October 17, 1854, near Carrollton, Ga., to Amanda Caroline, daughter of Henry Pope and Melissa Caroline (Hinton) Wootten, who lived at Wilkes County, Ga., prior to their residence in Carroll County, Ga. Children: 1. Henry Whitfield, merchant at Cordova, 1884-1899, and at Carrollton, Ga., after that time, m. at Carrollton, Ga., Lula Mandeville; 2. John Benjamin, m. Missouri Musgrove, Jasper; 3. Carrie Gertrude, m. (1) Newton Carnak, (2) Roy Garner, Lawrenceburg, Tenn.; 4. Thomas Leeper (q. v.); 5. Robert Wootten, Jasper; 6. Ida Jane, m. Dr. J. M. Miller, Cordova; 7. Effie Lou, m. Horace Stewart, Carrollton, Ga.; 8. Ada Clare, m. Sidney Holderness, Carrollton, Ga.; 9. Pope McFarland, m. Bertie Ellis, Cordova; 10. Jesse Orville, m. Nona Bell Sprott, Jasper; 11. Edgar Wootten, m. Catherine Phifer, Cordova. Last residence: Cordova.

LONG, DANIEL, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 80, and a resident of Madison County; dragoon Virginia Continental Line; enrolled on November 22, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$100; sums received to date of publication of list, \$300.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

LONG, DANIEL, physician, deceased, of Irish descent, was reared in Laurens District, S. C. He was graduated from the Jefferson medical college at Philadelphia, Pa., and engaged in the practice of medicine. During the War of 1812, he was surgeon in the U. S. Army, under Col. Alston, of South Carolina, 1812-1815; moved to Perry County, near Marion in 1818, and continued his profession there. Married: in 1824, near Marion, to Mary, daughter of Thomas Billingsley, who lived near Marion. The Billingsleys came from North Carolina, and were of Scotch descent. Dr. Long left descendants. Last residence: Perry County.

LONG, JOHN LEE, business man, was born January 12, 1868, at Greenville; son of John T. and Louisa (Thagard) Long, who lived in Greenville; grandson of Solomon and Patience P. (Warr) Long, and of Rev. Solomon Thagard. In early life, Mr. Long clerked in a store, then went into business for himself as a cotton buyer. He has served Greenville several times as councilman, treasurer, and member of the school board; has been chairman of the board of revenue for Butler County; chairman of the Democratic executive committee of Butler County; a member of the State executive committee, and chairman of the congressional executive committee; was a member of

the constitutional convention of 1901; became a member of the staff of Gov. Joseph F. Johnston with the rank of lieutenant colonel; was elected to the State legislature in 1906, and was re-elected in 1910 and 1919; served in 1910 as chairman of the campaign committee having in charge the successful fight against the adoption of the proposed amendment to the State constitution providing for constitutional prohibition; was appointed chairman of the State tax commission in 1911, and held that position until September, 1913, when he resigned to enter business in Greenville. He is a Democrat and an Episcopalian. Married: May 23, 1900, to Sallie Dickerson of Greenville. Residence: Greenville.

LONG, JOHN R., merchant, was born August 25, 1835, in Pickens County; son of Richard and Mary H. (Coleman) Long, natives of Virginia, who moved first to South Carolina, and in 1828, to Alabama, settling on a plantation in Pickens County, near Pickensville, until the death of the former in 1858. His paternal grandfather was born in Ireland, and his grandmother in England. He began life for himself as a clerk for Drury Miller, a merchant at Bridgeville, and remained there for three years, when, on the death of his father, he returned home and took charge of the plantation, at the same time conducting a farm of his own in Noxubee County, Miss. He enlisted in the C. S. Army in 1861, joining Co. C, Forty-first Alabama infantry, and remained in the service of the commissary department until the latter part of 1864, when he was discharged on account of disability for service. In 1866, he formed a partnership in the mercantile business with Dr. A. M. Wilkins at Pickensville, and at the same time formed a partnership with S. W. Hood, at Franconia. He maintained the latter association until 1869, when he sold his interest in the business at Franconia, and gave his entire attention to the store in Pickensville, assuming full control of the business in 1887. He was a township trustee for twenty years, and is a Mason. Married: (1) in 1869, to Dora Stinson, who was born in Pickens County, and died December, 1882, daughter of James and Nancy (Cotton) Stinson; (2) in November, 1886, to Mary Archibald, a native of Pleasant Ridge, Greene County. Children, by first marriage: 1. Walter, b. in January, 1871, a graduate of Marion military institute, 1892; 2. Julia, b. in March, 1873, attended Judson college; 3. Lillie, b. in December, 1875, attended Judson college; 4. John R., jr., b. in January, 1877, attended Pickensville institute; 5. Drury, b. in July, 1881; by second marriage: 6. Annie, b. in January, 1889. Residence: Pickensville.

LONG, NIMROD W. E., farmer, merchant, was born March 25, 1834, in Upson County, Ga.; son of Nimrod W. and Catherine (Davis) Long, the former a native of Baldwin County, Ga., born in 1800, who was married in Houston County, Ga., lived in Twigg and Upson Counties, Ga., until 1835, when he moved to Russell County, near Seale, and in 1863, moved to Columbus, Ga., where he was living at the

time of his death in 1875, who served in the Seminole War in Florida, and represented Russell County in the state legislature in 1837 and in 1845. The Davis family was originally from North Carolina. Mr. Long was graduated from the University of Georgia in 1854, and was a civil engineer until the outbreak of the War of Secession, when he enlisted in 1862, as a private in Co. B, Fifty-first Alabama cavalry. He served mostly with the western army, at Murfreesboro, Chickamauga, in the Atlanta campaign, and following Sherman into the Carolinas. He was a member of a scouting company most of the time. After the war, he returned to his home and engaged in farming for ten years, then moved to Hurtsboro, where he conducted a mercantile business in addition to farming. He represented Russell County in the legislature from 1884-1888. Married: in 1860, at Perote, Bullock County, to Martha J. Gamble. Children: 1. George D., d. in infancy; 2. Jackson Edward, attended Vanderbilt university, and was graduated from the University of Alabama, LL. B., 1885, practiced law at Eufaula four years, then at Birmingham, d. April 16, 1894, at Eufaula, m. October 26, 1887, at Eufaula, Mamie Bealle Dent, daughter of Capt. S. H. Dent of Eufaula, left three children; 3. Jesse L., bookkeeper at Columbus, Ga., d. in 1890, unmarried; 4. Nimrod Walton, d. May 10, 1887, while attending the University of Alabama; 5. Anne Frances, Hurtsboro; 6. Lunsford, d. 1890; 7. Queenelle, Hurtsboro. Residence: Hurtsboro.

LONG, RICHARD HUGHES, farmer, was born July 9, 1868, near Gainesville; son of Thomas McClery and Annie (Horn) Long, the former a Virginian, born at Castle Wood, Russell County, who lived near Gainesville, and was a Confederate courier for Gen. Archer, during the War of Secession; grandson of Richard Berny and Pricilla (Dickerson) Long and of Iredell Hughes and Elizabeth (Massey) Horn, of Greene County. The Longs came from Virginia after 1860 to Gainesville, where they have since remained. Mr. Long received his early education at the Cedar Grove military academy, Livingston. He attended Southern university, Greensboro, graduating in 1887 with a degree of B.P., and also studied civil engineering. He is a farmer; has served as examiner of Cheppama Indian Lands, 1893-4; as U. S. consul for the district of Sonora, Mexico, 1895 and 1897, and was mayor of his home town. He was elected to the State legislature from Sumter County in 1919. He is a Democrat and a member of the Alpha Tau Omega fraternity. Married: at Gainesville, to Sallie Barnes, daughter of Charles McPherson Aduston and Annie (Barnes) Rogers, who lived near Warsaw. Children: 1. Annie Lida; 2. Sarah Elizabeth; 3. Janie Rogers; 4. Clarence Hughes; 5. Thomas McClery. Residence: Gainesville.

LONG, ROBERT A., member of the constitutional convention of 1875, from Washington County; father of Judge D. J. Long of Chatom.

LONG, THOMAS LEEPER, merchant, was born May 18, 1860, at Carrollton, Carroll County, Ga.; son of B. M. and Amanda C. (Wooten) Long (q. v.). He was educated in the common schools of Georgia. He is a merchant; was mayor of Carrollton, Ga., 1885; mayor of Jasper twice; presidential elector, 1892; representative from Walker County in the legislature of 1890 and 1900; and a member of the constitutional convention of 1901. He is now engaged in the real estate business in Florida, but retains his Alabama residence. He is a Democrat, and a Methodist. Married: May 29, 1889, at Livingston, to Augusta M. Sprott. Children: 1. Henry M., served as captain in 117th Field artillery, U. S. Army during the European War; 2. Carrie, m. —; 3. Fred. Residence: Jasper.

LONG, WILLIAM HAL, lawyer, was born April 15, 1877, in Dallas County; son of William Henry and Nannie Lane (Thompson) Long, the former a Confederate soldier, who served through the War of Secession in Co. D, Fourth Alabama infantry regiment; grandson of Dr. Daniel and Mary (Billingsley) Long, the former who was of Irish descent, a graduate of Jefferson medical college, Philadelphia, who was assistant surgeon under Col. Alston of South Carolina in the War of 1812, and came to Alabama in 1818, and of John Simpson and Nancy Lane (Bryan) Thompson, the former a native of Wordmelow Island, S. C., who emigrated with his parents to Alabama, settling in Washington County, and later lived and died at Old Spring Hill, Marengo County, the latter whose grandfather was a member of Continental Congress, 1779; great-grandson of Samuel Alexander and Jane (McMean) Thompson. The Thompsons and Bryans were of English descent, the latter from Westmoreland County, Va. Mr. Long was educated in the public schools; was admitted to the bar, March 22, 1906; and practices law in Decatur. He was elected to the State legislature from Morgan County for the session of 1907. He has held many offices in the Alabama national guard; is a Democrat; a Presbyterian; and an Elk. Residence: Decatur.

LONG, WILLIAM OATES, lawyer, was born November 20, 1860, at Banks, Pike County; son of James B. and Mary Jane (Oates) Long, the former a native and resident of Pike County, a soldier in the Fifteenth Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, who died in the service, the latter a sister of the late William C. Oates (q. v.), grandson of William and Sarah Oates, of Pike County. Mr. Long was educated in the village school at Abbeville, and at the University of Alabama where he was a student for three years. He has practiced law at Abbeville since 1881; was elected mayor of that town in 1882 and has been re-elected three times; served as register in chancery for Henry County, 1884-1898; was elected to the lower house of the State legislature in 1900, and to the State senate from the thirty-fifth district, 1902. He is a Democrat. Married: January 17, 1882, at Abbeville, to Pet, daughter of Z. W. and

Ann B. (Culver) Laney, of Henry County. Residence: Abbeville.

LONGCRIER, J. H., Missionary Baptist minister; living in 1913. Residence: Jasper.

LONGSHORE, ADOLPHUS PARKER, lawyer, was born September 16, 1854, near Hickory Flat, Chambers County; son of Levi and Mary Ann (Parker) Longshore, the former who was born near Newberry Court House, in Newberry District, S. C., moved early in life with his parents to Alabama, and enlisted as a private in the Thirty-eighth Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, serving four years, grandson of Euclidus and Sarah Longshore, the former who emigrated from England to Pennsylvania, served as a soldier in the Revolutionary War, and died during the war, and of John and Fannie (East) Parker, of Chambers County, the former an English immigrant. Mr. Longshore received his early education in the public schools of Chambers and Coosa Counties, later attended Washington and Lee university but did not graduate on account of lack of means. Reading law with Osceola Kyle, he was admitted to the bar in Wetumpka in 1878; commenced to practice at Alexander City; two years later moved to Dadeville; and in 1885 removed to Columbiana. He was a member of the legislature of 1888-89, 1890-91, 1894-95, and 1918-19; was elected judge of probate of Shelby County, in 1898; re-elected in 1904 and 1910; and entered the practice of law in 1917 with F. G. Koenig and W. L. Longshore. He was first a Democrat, later a Populist, and is now a Republican. He is a Missionary Baptist; a Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: November 1, 1882, at Dudleyville, to Fannie Terrell, daughter of William Andrew and Laura Jennings, of that place, the former who served in the War of Secession. Children: 1. Lallage; 2. Houston, deceased; 3. A. P., jr.; 4. Annie Laurie, m. Sam Friedman; 5. William Levi; 6. Alice; 7. Leslie; 8. Mary Nell; 9. Paul; 10. Frances; 11. James; 12. Louise. Residence: Columbiana.

LONGSTREET, JAMES, soldier, was born in Edgefield District, S. C., January 8, 1821, and died January 2, 1904; son of James and Mary Ann (Dent) Longstreet of New Jersey and Maryland respectively. He removed with his parents to Alabama in 1831 and was appointed from that State to the U. S. military academy at West Point, where he was graduated in 1842 and assigned to the Fourth U. S. infantry, and served in the Indian and Mexican wars. He rose to the rank of lieutenant-general, C. S. Army, and was accredited to Alabama for his whole Confederate service. After the war he united with the Republican party; was appointed surveyor of customs at New Orleans by President Grant; later was supervisor of internal revenue of Louisiana; postmaster at Gainesville, Ga.; U. S. minister to Turkey; U. S. marshal for district of Georgia; and after 1897, was commissioner of Pacific railroads. Married: (1) March 8, 1848, to Maria Louise Garland of Lynchburg, Va., who d. December

28, 1889; and (2) September 8, 1897, to Helen Dortch, of Atlanta, Ga. Last residence: Washington, D. C.

LOOKINGBILL, DANIEL, soldier of the American Revolution, age not given, a resident of Dallas County; private 14th U. S. Regular; enrolled on July 30, 1831, payment to date from July 25, 1831; annual allowance, \$96; sums received to date of publication of list, \$250.89; acts military establishment.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. Resided also in Marion, Fayette and Tuscaloosa Counties.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile.

LOOMIS, JOHN C., professor of ancient languages at the University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa, 1869-70. He held the A. M. degree.

LORE, DAVID, member of the constitutional convention of 1867, from the sixth district; grand-father of G. W. Russell of Eufaula.

LORIMORE, T. B., minister of the Christian church. Residence: Mars Hill.

LOTT, ELISHA B., public official, was born October 16, 1819, in Mobile County; son of Jesse and Levica (Williams) Lott, the former a native of Georgia, a farmer, who settled in Mobile County in 1800, and died in 1843, the latter a native of Washington County, who died about 1875. He was reared on a farm in Mobile County, and was educated in the common schools of the county. When he was eighteen years of age, he went to Mobile, and after clerking for several years, engaged in merchandising for himself. He continued in that business until 1853; was elected tax collector of Mobile County in 1854; and was elected to that office thirteen times, serving in all thirty-seven years. He made a trip to California in 1849 on account of the impaired condition of his health, and returned in 1852. During that time, he devoted his attention to mining. He served in the C. S. Army as a member of the Thirty-sixth Alabama infantry regiment, 1862-1865, and at the close of the war held the rank of first lieutenant. He was wounded at the battle of Chickamauga and was disabled for three months. He was a Democrat; a Baptist; a Mason; and a member of the Young Men's Christian Association. Married: January 20, 1845, to Mary E. Swain, of Mobile. He had eleven children of whom four sons and six daughters are living. Last residence: Mobile.

LOUGHRIDGE, ROBERT MCGILL, Presbyterian minister and missionary, was born December 24, 1809, at Laurens, S. C., and died July 8, 1900, at Waco, Tex.; son of James and Deborah Ann (McGill) Loughridge, the former a native of County Antrim, Ireland, a tailor, who came to America in 1796, and settled in Laurens, S. C., who raised a battalion of cavalry to defend the state during the nullification excitement and was elected major, moved to

Alabama in 1822 and settled in St. Clair County where he engaged in farming, moved to Greene County in 1830, or 1831, and laid out the town of Mesopotamia, later Eutaw, and died in 1837 while on a trip to Texas, the latter a South Carolinian, of Scotch-Irish Presbyterian stock; grandson of Allen and Sarah (Eccles) Loughridge, who lived in Ireland, and of Robert and Elizabeth (Gray) McGill, of Abbeville, S. C. He received his early education in an academy at Eutaw, and was graduated A. B. from Miami University, Oxford, O., in 1837. He received the honorary degree of D. D. from his alma mater in 1886. He spent one year at the theological seminary at Princeton university, and left school in 1838 because of his father's death. He continued the study of theology under Rev. Dr. J. H. Gray, and was licensed to preach by the Presbytery at Eutaw, April 9, 1841. He preached in the churches at Oxford, Paynesville and Elizabeth for six months, and was appointed missionary to the Creek Indians, west of Arkansas, by the Presbyterian board of foreign missions and ordained as evangelist at Clinton, October 15, 1842.

The following month he set out on horseback on the journey to the Indian territory to offer the Indians a school and a preached gospel. Among his letters to the chiefs he bore one from the U. S. secretary of war, commending him and his mission. The Creeks had, five years before, driven out the missionaries of the Presbyterians and other churches, and Rev. Loughridge was making the prospecting tour to ascertain if the planting of a mission would now be allowed. Presenting his letters to the chiefs, he was told that in a council to be held three weeks later, they would consider his application and give him an answer. The council first consented to his teaching a school but would not give permission to preach. When Mr. Loughridge declined to come unless allowed to preach the council consented to his preaching at the school but no where else. He yielded to their demands, and while preparing for removal to the field, spent some time visiting churches in Alabama and Mississippi where he presented the claims of the Indian mission work. He located at the town of Coweta, and started his school in an Indian hut. A year later, he erected a substantial hewn log house of seven rooms, and took eight or ten boys and girls to board at the school on the condition that they should work part of the time. That was the beginning of the great and successful system of manual labor boarding schools among the Indians. For two years Dr. Loughridge preached at the Mission, then as missionaries of other denominations had come in and were allowed to preach anywhere, he appealed to the chiefs for the removal of the restriction placed upon him and his request was granted.

About six years after the planting of the Coweta school the Nation enlarged the capacity of the buildings and founded another manual labor school at Tallahassee which was placed in the charge of Dr. Loughridge as superintendent. During the War of Secession, the work was suspended, and Dr. Loughridge moved with his family to Texas where he spent eighteen years serving churches in the Presbyteries

of central and western Texas. In 1880 he accepted an invitation to return to the Creek Nation to take charge of a school at Weleetka, and after conducting that school for some years, resigned and devoted himself to preaching and preparing books and translations in the Indian language. He returned to Texas in 1892, and, though more than eighty years of age, was for several years actively engaged in the work of the ministry, serving home mission fields in the Presbytery of central Texas. He translated several of the gospels into the Creek language; compiled the Creek hymn book and tracts; prepared a "Dictionary of Creek and English Words;" and was author of "The Mode of Baptism, as taught and practiced by Jesus Christ." He was a Democrat. Married: (1) December 6, 1842, at Selma, to Olivia Diantha Hills, who died in 1845, daughter of David Hills of Rome, N. Y.; (2) December 4, 1846, to Mary Avery, who died in January, 1850, daughter of Joseph Avery of Conway, Mass.; (3) October 15, 1853, at Park Hill, Cherokee Nation, to Harriet Johnson, who was at that time principal of a mission school in the Indian territory, and who died May 23, 1900, daughter of James and Ursula Johnson of Sturbridge, Mass. Children, by first marriage: 1. Robert Hill, Ph. D., m. Bessie M. Webb; 2. Olivia Diantha, d. in childhood; by third marriage: 3. Mary Belknap, m. Joseph T. Somerville; 4. Harriet Elisebeth, missionary, d. April 11, 1889, m. Rev. A. T. Graybill; 5. John Gray, d. August 17, 1860; 6. James Allen, m. (1) Ruth Patillo, d. 1894, (2) Emma Foster. Last residence: Waco, Tex.

LOVE, ANDREW PICKENS, merchant, was born October 12, 1818, in Anderson District, S. C., and died September 19, 1896, at China Grove, Pike County; son of James and Ann (Dowdell) Love, natives of South Carolina, the former of whom was born in Anderson District, and became a tanner, moved to Alabama, and lived in Tuscaloosa County, in Greene County, at Pleasant Hill, Dallas County, at Monticello, Pike County, and finally at Wetumpka, where he died. His education was limited to the old log cabin country school at Monticello, and he became a merchant, dealing in general merchandise in Troy, Linwood, and China Grove. He was elected sheriff of Pike County in 1850, and was a delegate to the secession convention in 1861. During the War of Secession, he became captain of Co. I, Twenty-second Alabama infantry regiment, organized at Troy, and later was made captain of Co. I, Fourth battalion of Alabama cavalry. As senior captain, he commanded the Fourth battalion, which joined Phillip's legion, Hampton's cavalry. He was an old line Whig, and a strong Union man, but went with the state when Alabama seceded. He was a Methodist, and was worshipful master of his lodge of Masons. He was never married. Last residence: China Grove, Pike County.

LOVEJOY, THOMAS E., banker and president of the Manhattan life insurance company, was born September 16, 1875, at Spalding, Macon County, Ga.; son of P. H. and Henrietta

(McKenzie) Lovejoy, the former born in Jasper County, Ga., resided at Hawkinsville, Ga., was a merchant and planter, for years active in politics; grandson of W. C. and Catharine (Parker) Lovejoy, who lived in Jasper County, Ga., and of J. H. McKenzie, who lived at Montezuma, Ga. He received his early education in public schools of Hawkinsville, Ga., and collegiate education at Sadlers Bryant and Stratton business college of Baltimore, 1893. From 1894 to 1909, he was engaged in varied kinds of business in Hawkinsville, conducting a retail grocery business, sharing in the organization of banks and becoming vice-president of one until 1913, being proprietor of a department store, organizing and being president of the Gulf line railway company. In March, 1909, he moved to Montgomery, to accept the vice-presidency of the Montgomery bank and trust company, of which he was president, 1910-13. In April, 1913, he was elected as vice-president of the Exchange national bank of Montgomery. In May, 1913, he was called to the presidency of the Manhattan life insurance company of New York, and was the youngest man ever president of any one of New York's prominent insurance companies. He is director in several financial institutions in Alabama, Georgia, and New York. He is a Democrat; and a Baptist. Married: November 9, 1897, in Talbotton, Ga., to Fannie, daughter of Harry C. and Susie (Dowdell) Brown, who lived at Talbotton. Mrs. Lovejoy died September 3, 1910, in Montgomery. Children: 1. Susie; 2. Henrietta; 3. Frances; 4. Thomas E., Jr. Address: New York City.

LOVELACE, EDWIN MARSHALL, business man, was born July 14, 1854, at Pleasant Hill, Dallas County; son of Basil Manly and Amanda (Lovelace) Lovelace, the former a native of Edgefield District, S. C., who moved to Alabama with his parents, lived in Dallas County until 1859, then moved to Escambia County; grandson of Aaron Lovelace, of English parentage, who was born in South Carolina, married a Miss Blalock, and later moved to Dallas County, and of Thomas Lovelace, of Edgefield, S. C. Mr. Lovelace was educated in the common schools of Brewton, and at Brooklyn high school. He left school at the age of sixteen years to work in a logging camp, and has since been engaged in the timber business in all its branches. He has been president of the Lovelace lumber company for many years; a director in the Bank of Brewton; commissioner of Escambia County, 1904-1910; alderman of Brewton for eight years; president of the board of trustees of the Brewton institute; and State senator from the twenty-first district, 1911. He is a Democrat; a Baptist; a Knight of Pythias; a Knight of Honor; and an Elk. Married: to Frances, daughter of Captain B. B. and Elizabeth (Flournoy) McKenzie, of Eufaula, the former of whom was captain of Co. B, Love's Fourth Alabama infantry battalion, later a part of the Jeff Davis legion, one of the most conspicuous commands of the army of northern Virginia. Children: 1. Edwin McKenzie; 2. William Yancey; 3. Barnes Flournoy. Residence: Brewton.

LOVELADY, ROBERT FRANKLIN, druggist, was born August 24, 1865, at Danville, Morgan County; son of Clark C. and Martha Jane (Sherrell) Lovelady, of Danville; grandson of William H. and Eliza (Malone) Lovelady, the former a Revolutionary soldier, who came from England, and settled in Danville, and of Wiley B. Sherrell, of Danville. He attended the common schools of Danville; studied pharmacy at home; and passed the State board of pharmacy, May 17, 1887. He entered the drug business at Pratt City, 1888; served as president of the Amzi Godden company, 1899-1901; established the Harris, Lovelady furniture company in 1891; served as alderman of Pratt City, 1897-1904; and represented Jefferson County in the State legislature, 1907. He is a Democrat; a Methodist, serving the church as steward for more than twenty years; and a Mason; Shriner; and Knight Templar. Married: October 20, 1887, at Verbena, to Henrietta E., daughter of Alonzo L. Haralson, of that city; granddaughter of Col. W. B. Haralson of Selma, and of Jack Chappell. Children: 1. Robert Grady; 2. William Earnest; 3. Mable Browning; 4. Miriam Elizabeth; 5. Henry Clyde. Residence: Pratt City.

LOVELL, William S., major, 1st battalion Georgia infantry regiment, C. S. Army; major, 36th, Villepigue's, Georgia infantry regiment; major, 1st Confederate infantry regiment, formerly the 36th Georgia.

LOVEMAN, ROBERT, lyric poet and author, was born April 11, 1864, at Cleveland, Ohio; son of David Reuben and Esther (Schwartz) Loveman, the latter the daughter of Alexander Schwartz, all natives of Hungary, the parents coming to America during the early eighties. He received his academic education in the schools of Crawford and Dalton, Ga., and graduated from the University of Alabama with the A. M. degree, later studying and traveling abroad. He has for the past twenty-five years contributed to the highest class magazines. He has published several books of verse, 1889, 1893, 1897, 1900, among them, "A book of verse;" "The gate of silence," 1905; "Songs from a Georgia garden;" "The blushful South," 1909, "On the way to Willowdale," 1912; "Sonnets of the strife," 1917. Reviewers both in America and England, have given Mr. Loveman's poems the very highest praise, and have compared his work to the greatest lyric poets. His poem "The rain song," has been declared by the critics to be "one of the best songs in American poetry, and the most widely copied poem since the days of Longfellow and Tennyson." Unmarried. Residence: Dalton, Ga.

LOVETT, JAMES ARCHIBALD BRADFORD, teacher, was born March 3, 1848, in Winston County, and died October 19, 1910, at Bessemer; son of Abel J. and Mary (Hardwick) Lovett, who lived near Shelby, the former a native of Georgia; grandson of Thomas Lovett, of Georgia, who was of Scotch descent, and of James and Violetta (Elder) Hardwick, who lived in Georgia, the former a member

of the Alabama legislature for several years, whose father came from England. He was educated at Ashville, and at the age of fifteen ran away from school to enter the C. S. Army. He was made drummer boy in the Fifty-eighth Alabama regiment, Co. G, under Capt. A. B. Vandegrift, and after two months' service, was captured, June, 1863, and held a prisoner at Camp Chase and at Fort Delaware until the close of the war. After the war, he worked his way through the theological department of the Cumberland university, Lebanon, Tenn., and was graduated with the degree of D. D. He received the degree of A. M. from the college at Winchester, Tenn. He joined the ministry of the Cumberland Presbyterian church, and was pastor of churches at Huntsville, Winchester, Tenn., and Beech Grove, Tenn. After giving up the ministry on account of throat trouble, he entered the profession of teaching. In 1882, he organized the Huntsville grade schools, and later was made superintendent of the city schools of Huntsville, and superintendent of education of Madison County. He was at one time secretary of the Southern interstate cotton convention, and was appointed as one of a committee to visit President Roosevelt in the interest of the expansion of the cotton market. He was elected to the presidency of Blount college in 1889; established Spring Lake college, at Springville, and later, the Montezuma university, since destroyed by fire, at Bessemer; and was twice elected president of the Ninth district agricultural school, which replaced Blount college after its destruction by fire. He was one of the founders of the Birmingham dental school in 1893, and of the Birmingham medical college in 1894. In the former he was professor of chemistry and metallurgy, and in the latter, of chemistry and toxicology. He was a Democrat; a Mason; and a member of Camp William Rose McAdory of Confederate Veterans. He established an educational journal, "The Teacher at Work," said to have been the first educational journal in the state, in Huntsville, about 1886. Married: September 2, 1866, to Frances Priscilla, daughter of William and Ellen Gilbert, who lived at Highland, Shelby County. Children: 1. Edward Goode, deceased; 2. Dr. James Marion, m. (1) Emma Mae Baker of Huntsville, (2) Olive Nichols of Delavan, Ill.; 3. Mary Eleanor, Bessemer; 4. Dr. William Abel, m. Fannie Kemp Dennis, Birmingham; 5. Richard Beard, deceased; 6. Susie Mae, deceased. Last residence: Bessemer.

LOWE, RARTLEY M., merchant, brigadier general state militia, was born in Edgeseield, S. C., and died in New Orleans, La. His parents were from Maryland, of an old family which came over from England with Lord Baltimore. His father, who had been a captain in the Revolutionary Army, moved from South Carolina soon after Gen. Lowe's birth, to Florida and accepted service with the Spanish government for which he received a very large grant of land. Gen. Lowe subsequently moved to Huntsville, and became a successful merchant at that place, until the financial

revulsion of 1837 swept away his fortune. He was elected a brigadier general of Alabama militia, under the major-generalship of Benjamin Patteson. After his reverses at Huntsville, he moved to New Orleans, and engaged in the factorage and commission merchant business, and continued in that business until his death. Married: to Sarah Sophia Manning. Children: 1. Sophia, b. in Huntsville, m. Col. Nicholas Davis of Huntsville; 2. Dr. John Thomas, b. November 6, 1824, d. about 1893, was graduated from the University of Alabama, A. B., A. M., 1851, and from the University of Pennsylvania, M. D., 1846, served as chief surgeon of Gen. Loring's division of infantry, C. S. Army, War of Secession, and practiced medicine at Aberdeen, Miss.; 3. Robert Joseph, b. July 11, 1836, attended the University of Alabama, studied law and was admitted to the bar, lawyer at Huntsville, represented Madison County in the State legislature, 1859, enlisted in the first company raised in north Alabama, for the C. S. Army, was assigned to the Fourth Alabama regiment, commanded by Col. E. J. Jones, became a victim of camp or typhoid fever after the forced march to Manassas, and died in 1864, m. Matilda Holding, left two sons, one of whom is Robert Joseph (q. v.); 4. William Manning (q. v.). Last residence: New Orleans.

LOWE, ROBERT JOSEPH, lawyer, was born January 31, 1861, at Huntsville; son of Robert Joseph and Matilda (Holding) Lowe, of Huntsville, the former a lawyer, who served in the State legislature, 1859-1861, enlisted in the Fourth Alabama regiment, C. S. Army, as a private, and died as a result of camp fever brought on by the forced march to Manassas; grandson of Gen. Bartley M. and Sarah Sophia (Manning) Lowe (q. v.), and of Richard Holding, of Huntsville, who came from North Carolina to Alabama and became an early settler of Madison County. He was educated in private schools of Huntsville, was graduated from the law department of the University of Alabama, LL. B., 1881, and was admitted to the bar at Huntsville, that same year. In the fall of 1881, he moved to Birmingham, and began the practice of law. In 1884, he became associated with William H. Smith, former governor of Alabama, and David D. Smith, his son, in the law firm of Smith and Lowe. He continued in that firm for about ten years, then practiced alone. He was a member of the State legislature, from Jefferson County, 1888-1889; and a member of the constitutional convention of 1901 from the state at large. He served as first sergeant of the Madison County rifles, 1879, 1880; as first lieutenant of the Birmingham artillery, 1882; and as captain of the latter, 1883-1886. He was elected chairman of the Democratic county executive committee, 1898-1900; chairman of the state executive committee, 1898, 1900 and 1902; chairman of the Democratic caucus of the constitutional convention; was a delegate from the state at large to the national convention in 1900; and was temporary chairman of that delegation. Married: (1) in May, 1892, at Athens, to Harriett Emily Pryor, who was



REV. JUNIUS M. BATTE

killed in a storm at Birmingham, March 25, 1901, daughter of Senator Luke Pryor (q. v.); (2) in April, 1902, at Eufaula, to Carrie (Cochrane) Jackson, daughter of Judge John Cochrane, of Eufaula. Child, by second marriage: Robert J., b. March 24, 1903. Residence: Birmingham.

LOWE, WILLIAM MANNING, lawyer, representative in congress, was born January 16, 1842, in Huntsville, and died October 12, 1882, at Huntsville; son of Gen. Bartley M. and Sarah Sophia (Manning) Lowe (q. v.). He attended the public schools at Florence; the law department of the University of Tennessee, from which he was graduated in 1860; and was a student at the University of Virginia in 1861, when he volunteered as a private in the Fourth Alabama infantry, C. S. Army. He was dangerously wounded at the first battle of Manassas, and on his recovery served as lieutenant colonel on the staff of Gen. Clanton, in Georgia, Alabama and Tennessee, until captured at the battle of Franklin. He was held prisoner at Camp Chase and Fort Delaware until three months after the surrender. He was elected solicitor of the Huntsville circuit in 1865, and held the position until ousted from office by the reconstruction measures in 1868. In 1870, he represented Madison County in the State legislature; was elected a delegate to the state constitutional convention of 1875; was elected as a Greenback Democrat to the Forty-sixth congress, 1879-1881, and successfully contested the election of Joseph Wheeler to the Forty-seventh congress, 1882, in which he served until his death. Last residence: "The Grove," Huntsville.

LOWE, WILLIAM THOMAS, lawyer, was born September 14, 1860, at Reform, Pickens County; son of Marcus Wilburn and Susan (Shelton) Lowe, of Pickens County, the former a second lieutenant in the C. S. Army; grandson of John Franklin and Patsy (Munday) Lowe, and of Crispen and Susan Shelton, all of whom lived near Reform, Pickens County. He was prepared in the common schools, and was graduated from Florence normal school in 1884. He studied law in the office of Judge W. P. Chitwood at Moulton, Lawrence County, and began the practice of law at that place in 1887; was a delegate from Lawrence County to the constitutional convention of 1901; represented that county in the State legislature, 1903; moved to Decatur where he has since practiced law, 1904; and was elected to the State senate from the second district, 1906. He is a Democrat, and a Knight of Pythias. Married: December 8, 1888, in Moulton, to Sarepta, daughter of William D. and Frances L. (Lynch) Irwin, of Moulton. Residence: Decatur.

LOWRY, SAMUEL, H., physician, was born October 16, 1850, in Huntsville; son of John T. and Virginia H. (Miller) Lowry, the former of Scotch-Irish descent, a merchant and planter at Huntsville, a member of the firm of Lowry, Hamilton and company, merchants, and of the lumber firm of Mayhew and Lowry, who served

in the commissary department of the C. S. Army, War of Secession, and died in 1886; grandson of Rev. Samuel and Elizabeth (Tate) Lowry, the former a minister in the Cumberland Presbyterian church. He attended the schools of Huntsville and the University of Virginia, where he began the study of medicine and was graduated from the Bellevue hospital medical college, New York, M. D., 1873. He began the practice of his profession later in that year in partnership, with Dr. Dement of Huntsville, and has continued in that place. He has served as health officer of the city of Huntsville and the county of Madison; has acted as secretary of the county board of censors; is a member of the Madison County medical society; a member of the college of counsellors of the State medical association; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: November 26, 1890, in Huntsville, to Jimmie L., daughter of Robert L. Pulley of that place. Children: 1. John Tate. Residence: Huntsville.

LUCAS, JAMES, *soldier of the American Revolution*. Mary, wife of James Lucas, a resident of Montgomery County, was enrolled on January 12, 1838, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$600.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile. She resided in Montgomery County, June 1, 1840, with Jane W. Freney, aged 80.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

LUCAS, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, private, particular service not disclosed; enrolled on January 10, 1837, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832; annual allowance, \$20; no record made of any payment.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile.

LUCAS, RANDOLPH, *soldier of the American Revolution*, private, particular service not disclosed; enrolled on January 10, 1837, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832; annual allowance, \$20; no record of any payment having been made.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile.

LUCKIE, JAMES BUCKNER, physician and surgeon, was born July 16, 1833, in Newton County, Ga.; son of William Dickinson and Eliza (Buckner) Luckie, natives of Georgia, of Scotch descent. Dr. Luckie was educated at the common schools of his native county, and at Gwinnett institute. He began the study of medicine under Dr. John B. Headrick; attended course of lectures in Augusta, Ga., in winter of 1853-54; later graduated at Pennsylvania medical college, in 1855. He immediately began the practice of his profession at Newton County, Ga.; removed in 1856 to Olean, Pike County, where he practiced until the outbreak of the war. In 1861 he raised a company of infantry and reported to Montgomery. The Confederate government being unable to equip them, the company was disbanded. Dr. Luckie was appointed assistant surgeon, however, and was ordered to Knoxville for duty, accompanied General Kirby-Smith, on his invasion of Kentucky as medical purveyor, a rank to which he

was raised from that of assistant surgeon; was later inspector of hospitals. After the return to Knoxville, he was made chief of the bureau of small-pox and vaccination for the army of east Tennessee. When General Kirby-Smith was sent to the Trans-Mississippi department, he was at his own request assigned to field duty, in Grace's brigade, first in the 16th, then in the 43d Alabama till the close of the war. After the cessation of hostilities, he located at Pine Level, Montgomery County, and resumed his practice, removed soon however to Montgomery where he practiced until 1872, when he removed to Birmingham. He represented the thirteenth district in the senate of 1880, and was for many years a councilman of Birmingham. He organized the City fire department, and was its first chief; also the Birmingham rifles and artillery. He is a Mason. Married: (1) Eliza Imogen, daughter of James F. and Eliza Fielder, of Georgia; (2) in 1866 to Susan Oliver, daughter of James R. and Sarah Dillard, of Montgomery County. He is the father of nine children, among these, Lorenzo Foster (q. v.). Residence: Birmingham.

LUCKIE, LORENZO FOSTER, dentist, was born December 20, 1875, in Jefferson County; son of Dr. James Buckner and Susan Oliver (Dillard) Luckie (q. v.). Dr. Luckie was educated in the common schools of his native county and took a special course in dentistry. He served as 1st sergeant Co. G, 1st Alabama regiment, volunteer, Spanish-American War, and clerk to mustering officer. Residence: Birmingham.

LUEDEMANN, GUIDE, merchant, was born in Erfurt, Germany; son of Frederick A. and Christina (Linsdorff) Lueddemann, the former of whom was an officer in the Prussian Army, emigrated to America in 1847, locating in Ohio, and later on at Milwaukee, Wis. Guide Lueddemann received a good common school education, and engaged in the mercantile business; in 1864, he located at Nashville, Tenn.; in 1866, he removed to Tusculumbia where he formed a partnership with H. Lelforth, and engaged in the dry goods business until 1868, when Mr. Lelforth withdrew and was succeeded by James N. Sampson, of New York, under the firm name of Lueddemann and company. This is the oldest business house in Tusculumbia and one of the strongest in Colbert County. He is a Mason and Knight of Pythias. Married: at Nashville, to Johanna Chisholm. Children: 1. Frederick; 2. Max; 3. Ernest; 4. Frieda. Residence: Tusculumbia.

LULL, FRANCIS WAYLAND, lawyer, was born October 19, 1872, at Wetumpka, Elmore County; son of Cabot and Sarah Graham (Crow) Lull, the former a native of Norwich, Conn., who came when a youth in 1852 to Wetumpka, was the first Democratic mayor of that town after reconstruction, clerk of probate court and probate judge of Elmore County, merchant; grandson of Albe and Mary Levina (Cabot) Lull, and Joseph and Lenora (Hall) Crow; great-great-grandson of Thomas Lenoir. The founder of the line in America was

Thomas Lull, of Ipswich, Mass., born in 1636, ancestor of Timothy Lull, a Revolutionary soldier. Francis Wayland Lull was educated in the public schools of Wetumpka; graduated at the University of Alabama, with the degree of LL. B., 1896; began the practice of law, January, 1897, in Wetumpka; served as mayor, October, 1910-14; was first lieutenant, Co. E, Alabama National Guard, 1900-04. He is a Democrat; Baptist; Mason; Odd Fellow; Red Man; and Knight of Pythias. Married: August 7, 1901, at Wetumpka, to Ida Bell, daughter of Berry and Eliza Phillips of Tuskegee. Children: 1. Sarah Eugenia, d. in infancy; 2. Ida Bell; 3. Frank W., jr. Residence: Wetumpka.

LUMPKIN, WILLIAM H., lawyer, born February 6, 1882, at Forney, Cherokee County; son of John Alfred and Susan (Mathews) Lumpkin, the former of Floyd County, Ga., the latter of Forney, Cherokee County; grandson of Hiram Lumpkin, of Polk and Floyd Counties, Ga., and of William and Mary Mathews of Forney. The family belongs to the noted Lumpkins of Georgia, and the Barringers of North Carolina, one of whom was in congress. Mr. Lumpkin was educated in the common schools of Forney, in the Agricultural college of Dahlgonega, Ga., and in the law department of the University of Michigan. He is engaged in the practice of law at Center, and served in the State legislature in 1911. He is a Democrat; a Mason; an Odd Fellow; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: September 10, 1906, at Dalton, Ga., to Lula, daughter of Hugh Walker and Lula Cardon, of Center; granddaughter of Judge Samuel K. McSpadden, who was in the State senate, 1857-1863, and was colonel of the Nineteenth Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army; great-granddaughter of John Garrett of Cherokee. Residence: Center.

LUMSDEN, CHARLES L., teacher and soldier, was born May 12, 1834, at Petersburg, Dinwiddie County, Va., and killed in 1867; son of Charles and Martha Laura (Jones) Lumsden of Edinburgh, Scotland, and Sussex County, Va., respectively. He was educated in the private schools of Petersburg, Va., and graduated at the Virginia military institute in 1858; after his graduation, taught until the opening of the War at the Alabama military institute at Tuscaloosa. He served throughout the War of Secession as captain of Lumsden's battery. He was an Episcopalian. Married: Hattie Raoul, of Tuscaloosa, who bore him two children. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

LUNDY, P. H., clerk of the Alabama Baptist State convention, 1853. He held a charge at Prattville at one time.

LUPTON, FRANK ALLEMONG, physician and surgeon, was born January 6, 1878, at Tuscaloosa; son of Nathaniel Thomas and Ella Virginia (Allemong) Lupton (q. v.). He was reared in his native county and was educated in the common schools, after completing his primary work, he entered the Alabama polytechnic institute and took his B. S. and M. S. in 1891 and 1892, respectively; later attended

Johns Hopkins university where he was graduated with the degree of M. D., in 1899; immediately began the practice of medicine in Birmingham, in association with Dr. Lewis Coleman Morris, where he has since practiced. He was professor of bacteriology and clinical microscopy in the Birmingham medical college. He is a Democrat; Methodist; and Elk. Married. Residence: Birmingham.

LUPTON, NATHANIEL THOMAS, educator and fifth president of the University of Alabama, was born December 19, 1830, near Winchester, Frederick County, Va., and died June 11, 1893, at Auburn; son of Nathaniel C. and Elizabeth (Hodgson) Lupton, natives of Virginia, of English descent. He received his early schooling at Newark, Del.; was graduated from Dickinson college, Carlisle, Pa., M. A., 1849. He became professor of chemistry at Aberdeen female college, Mississippi, 1851-1852; professor of chemistry at Petersburg female college, Virginia, 1852-1853, and president of that institution, 1854-1857; was professor of chemistry at Randolph-Macon college, Virginia, 1857-1858; attended the University of Heidelberg, Germany, and studied chemistry and physics under Prof. Robert Wilhelm Bunsen, 1874-1875, at the same time selecting the apparatus for the chemistry department of Southern university; was professor of chemistry and physics at Southern university, 1859-1871; professor of chemistry and fifth president of the University of Alabama, 1871-1874; resigned his position at the University of Alabama to take charge of the chemistry department of the new Vanderbilt university, at Nashville, Tenn., and again visited Europe to select apparatus for his department, 1874; attended the congress of orientalists in London, England, 1874; professor of chemistry, Vanderbilt university, 1874-1885; resigned his position as dean of the pharmaceutical faculty and professor of chemistry at Vanderbilt university, to accept the position of State chemist of Alabama and professor of chemistry at the Alabama polytechnic institute, which position he held from 1885 until his death in 1895. During the War of Secession, he served as chemist of the Confederate mining and nitre bureau for the manufacture of gunpowder. He was a Democrat; a Methodist, steward in the church and three times delegate to the general conference; and was a Mason. Dr. Lupton was vice president of the American society for the advancement of science, 1880; president of the Association of official agricultural chemists, 1892; was twice president of the Chemical section of the American scientific association; a member of the Victorian institute of England; and of the Pharmaceutical society of Great Britain. He was author of "Elementary Principles of Scientific Agriculture," 1880, and of numerous articles on chemical subjects published in various scientific journals; was correspondent to scientific journals in the United States and Europe; and contributed largely to Indian and Mound Builders' relics of the Smithsonian institution.

Married: September 26, 1854, at Newtown,

Va., to Ella Virginia Allemong, daughter of Rev. John and Hannah (Paine) Allemong, who lived at Newtown, Va., the latter of Huguenot ancestry. The Allemong family was introduced in America by three brothers who landed at Charleston, S. C., about 1740. Two of those brothers settled in Virginia, one of whom was the great-great-grandfather of Mrs. Lupton. Children: 1. Kate, deceased, who was the first woman to graduate from Vanderbilt university, M. A., 1897, was professor of physics and chemistry in the State normal school at Farmville, Va., translated from the French Fenelon's "Education of Girls," contributed articles to scientific journals, m. Prof. L. W. Wilkinson of Tulane university, one son, Lupton Allemong; 2. Frank (q. v.), was graduated from the Alabama polytechnic institute, B. S., 1891, and M. S., 1892, assistant instructor of chemistry at that institution, 1892-1893, was graduated from Johns Hopkins university, M. D., 1899, and since then has been a practicing physician at Birmingham, m. Mary Watts Woods of Charlottesville, Va., daughter of Capt. Micajah Woods, two children, Micajah Woods Lupton and Virginia Lupton; 3. Ella, m. Maj. R. E. Noble, U. S. Army. Last residence: Auburn.

LUSK, JOHN ALEXANDER, lawyer, was born November 29, 1859, at Salem, S. C.; son of Erastus Capehart and Eleanor Swafford (Alexander) Lusk, the former a member of the First South Carolina cavalry regiment, Hampton's brigade, C. S. Army, who moved from South Carolina to Guntersville, in 1866, became a merchant and farmer until his death in 1901; grandson of Nathan and Rosanna (Capehart) Lusk, and of Garlington and Mary Ann (Swafford) Alexander, all of old Pickens District, S. C. Mr. Lusk was educated in the public schools; was admitted to the bar in 1877; practiced until 1883 in Blount County, with the exception of one year of travel in the west; has practiced in Guntersville since 1883; was appointed circuit solicitor in 1885 and elected in 1886; represented Marshall County in the State legislature, 1903; was elected to the State senate from the fifth district, in 1907, and again in 1915; and was appointed associate railroad commissioner to succeed Maj. John G. Harris, deceased, July 15, 1908. He is a Democrat; a Presbyterian; and a Mason. Married: October 27, 1887, in Huntsville, to Leila Lee, daughter of Robert and Elizabeth Lee (Coles) Fearn, of Marshall County. The Fearns are intermarried with the Lee family of Virginia; and the first ancestor of the Coles family in America was John Coles, who came from Ireland before the Revolution. Children: 1. Robert Fearn; 2. John Alexander, jr.; 3. Walter Coles; 4. Marion Fearn; 5. Elizabeth Lee. Residence: Guntersville.

LUSK, LORENZI D., physician, was born October 7, 1829, near Walhalla, Pickens County, S. C.; son of Nathan and Rosannah (Capehart) Lusk, the former a native of Pickens County, S. C., born March 20, 1793, who was a hatter and farmer, and lived near Walhalla, S. C., where he died December 28, 1872; grandson of Henry and Eleanor (McKidy) Lusk, the former

who entered the Revolutionary army when a boy, and served under Andrew Pickens; great-grandson of James Lusk, who served in the Indian wars prior to the Revolution, and was shot through the body in one encounter with the Indians but recovered, and who was severely wounded in the Revolutionary War and left for dead, but survived on that occasion also. The Lusk family came from Ireland and first settled in southwestern Pennsylvania, moving later to Virginia, then to the Carolinas. Dr. Lusk attended the common schools of his neighborhood; came to Alabama in 1852 and located in Marshall County; and taught school for two years. He began reading medicine during those two years, and in 1856 moved to Guntersville. He was graduated in medicine at Nashville, Tenn., in 1858, and began the practice of medicine and surgery at Guntersville in that year. He was actively engaged in the practice of medicine until 1888, when he retired and entered the banking business, subsequently becoming president of the Bank of Guntersville. For thirty years Dr. Lusk was also an extensive and successful planter. He was elected probate judge of Marshall County in 1868, and held the office until November, 1874, when he was not a candidate for re-election. He served as vice-president of the Wyeth City land and improvement company, which he helped organize; and was interested in the Coosa and Tennessee railroad company. He was an Independent Democrat, opposed to secession; was a Methodist; and a Mason. Married: in September, 1859, to Mary Emma, daughter of Allen and Roxanna (Hodges) Lovelless, who lived where Decatur, Ga., now stands, and later at Guntersville. Children: 1. Emerson, b. August 23, 1860, d. January 14, 1862; 2. Margarette Euphrasia, b. September 1, 1863, m. Thomas L. Farrow; 3. Phocian B., physician and farmer, b. June 17, 1866, m. Mary Thomason, daughter of Dr. William L. and Ida (Pearce) Thomason, Guntersville; 4. Thurston G., physician, b. September 1, 1869, m. (1) Mary Todd, (2) Clementine Tetédoux, New York City; 5. Mary Emma, b. November, 1872, m. Oliver Day Street (q. v.), Guntersville. Last residence: Guntersville.

LUTHER, SARAH EMERSON, teacher, was born November 20, 1874, at Lake City, Columbus County, Fla.; daughter of Oliver Perry and Sarah Jane (Emerson) Luther, of Rockingham County, N. C., who removed to Florida, previous to the War of Secession, in which he could not participate personally, but gave freely of his means; niece of Frank Luther, lieutenant in Forrest's cavalry, of Rev. Andrew Jackson Emerson, chaplain, and John L. Emerson, brothers, and members of a North Carolina regiment decimated at Gettysburg, John losing his life, and of Thomas Emerson, blockade-runner off the North Carolina coast, 1862-64. She was educated at the Lake City academy; graduated from the high school at the age of fourteen; from Decherd college, Tenn., with first honors, 1894; Normal school, Warrensburg, Mo., 1888-90; Columbia university, 1908; student of Chicago university correspondence school, 1910-12. She began teaching in the rural schools of Alabama in 1890; was elected professor of

English, in the Troy normal; teaches in summer schools in Alabama and Tennessee; principal of the Castelberry high school; superintendent of education for the county of Conecuh; now connected with the State department of education. She is the originator of the lyceum for rural schools in Alabama, now formally adopted as a part of the regular work of all the normal schools of the State, and was the first teacher to demonstrate the success of the girls' canning club movement, 1911. She urges the idea of the school as the center of activity of rural life. She is unmarried, but has adopted some orphan relatives to whom she is giving educational advantages. Residence: Montgomery.

LYLE, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 84, resided in Covington County, June 1, 1840, with John B. Dixon.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

LYMAN, EDWARD SHERMAN, lawyer, was born July 7, 1862, at Montevallo, Shelby County; son of Henry R. and Lucy (Hart) Lyman, the former a native of Meridian, Conn., who came to Montevallo about 1850; grandson of Samuel and Lucy (Dickinson) Hart, of Kensington, Conn.; and a descendant of Richard Lyman, the progenitor of the family in America, who came from England to Boston, 1661, first settled at Charlestown, Mass., and moved to Hartford, where he was one of the original proprietors, in 1865. The first American maternal ancestor, Deacon Stephen Hart, emigrated from England about 1632, settled first at Cambridge, Mass., and went to Hartford, which was named for him, with Mr. Hooker's company in 1635. Mr. Lyman was educated in the common schools of Montevallo; was admitted to the bar in 1884; was appointed special judge of the circuit court of Shelby County by Gov. W. J. Samford, and held the spring term, 1901; was elected first mayor of Montevallo to serve for two years, 1901; has served as treasurer of the Girls' technical institute since 1907; represented Shelby County in the State legislature, 1903; and has been judge of the law and equity court of Shelby County for a number of years. He is a Democrat and an Episcopalian. Married: November 22, 1887, at Montevallo, to Florence May, daughter of French and Florence (Killough) Nabors, of that place; great-granddaughter of Col. Edward Lacey, an officer in the Revolutionary Army. Residence: Montevallo.

LYNN, JAMES, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 70, and a resident of Morgan County; private N. C. Continental Line; enrolled on September 24, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$74.33; sums received to date of publication of list, \$222.99.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in Vol. xiv, Sen. Doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Morgan County, June 1, 1840, aged 76.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 143.

LYNNE, SEYBOURN ARTHUR, lawyer, was born July 5, 1877, near Somerville, Morgan

County; son of David Wilson and Susan Jane (Russell) Lynne, both of Morgan County; grandson of Moses Wilson and Elizabeth Lynne, of Somerville, Morgan County, and of Samuel E. and Matilda E. Russell, of Center Grove, Morgan County, both grandfathers serving in the C. S. Army; great-great-grandson of Col. James Russell, a Scotch immigrant who settled in South Carolina. Mr. Lynne was educated in the Somerville public schools; the Somerville academy; in 1895 received B. S. degree, and in 1896 the A. B. degree, at Morgan County college. He studied law under Judge E. M. Russell, taking the law course at the University of Alabama in 1897-1898, and began to practice his profession at Decatur in 1898. In 1903 he represented his district in the State senate. He was elected city attorney for Decatur in 1918; and was elected to the legislature from Morgan County in 1919. He is a Democrat; was a delegate to the State convention which nominated delegates to the Constitutional convention; and a delegate to the Democratic national convention which nominated Judge Parker for president. He is a Baptist; an Odd Fellow; a Knight of Pythias; and a J. O. U. A. M. Married: at Decatur, April 19, 1906, to Annie Leigh, daughter of Col. C. C. and Julia W. Harris, of that place. Children: 1. Seybourn Harris; 2. Julia Leigh; 3. Russell Wilson. Residence: Decatur.

LYON, ANNE BOZEMAN, author, was born February 25, 1860, in Mobile, Mobile County; daughter of Thomas Temple Armstrong and Mary Morgan Coffee (Heard) Lyon, the former a native of Stokes County, N. C., later a resident of Mobile, where he was successfully engaged in the wholesale mercantile and cotton business, major in the Confederate Army; granddaughter of William H. and Elizabeth (Armstrong) Lyon of Stokes County, N. C., and later of Demopolis, and of Maj. Franklin Coffee and Ann Matilda (Bozeman) Heard of Milledgeville and Augusta, Ga., and later of Mobile; great-granddaughter of Betheland (Gaines) Lyon, daughter of James and Elizabeth (Strother) Gaines of Virginia, sister of Gen. Edmund Pendleton and Col. George Strother Gaines, soldiers and distinguished pioneer builders of Alabama. The Lyon family is of English origin, the founder in America having migrated from that country to Massachusetts. Col. James Lyon of Henry County, Va., one of the descendants of the emigrant, was a notable figure in the French and Indian Wars. Through intermarriage, the subject of this sketch is related to the Dabneys, Daltons and other distinguished Virginia families. The ancestral connections reach to France, Ireland, Wales and England. Anne Bozeman Lyon received her preparatory and academic education in Locquet institute and other schools in New Orleans, La., and in the Quigley and Towle schools of Mobile, specializing in modern languages and music. Author: Her first published verses appeared in the "Memphis Appeal," in 1884-86, and in the "Louisville Courier-Journal" about the same date. Character sketches, verses, short stories and negro dialect stories from her pen were published in the "New

Orleans Times-Democrat" during 1892. "Vanity Fair," became the publishing medium during 1895-96. She was the successful contestant for recognition of merit in Short Stories, and Current Literature, winning the prize in the latter for a dramatic etching, entitled "The Mourner," thirteen hundred competitors being in the contest. Other writings by her are: "No Saint," a novel, 1890; "Early missions of the South," a booklet, 1895; "Padre Felipe," a short story, published in Poor Soul's Advocate, 1895; "A Futile amendment," published in Southern Magazine, Louisville, Ky.; "Ninita," published in Mid-Continent; "Chitto's marriage," published in The Telegraph, Cincinnati; "L'Huile de Marie," published in The New World, Chicago; "Casemir-Jacques," published in National Magazine, Boston. In addition to the foregoing, she has also done much newspaper and feature work, and has written a number of historical articles from time to time. Residence: Mobile.

LYON, FRANCIS STROTHER, lawyer, representative in congress, was born February 25, 1800, in Stokes County, N. C., and died December 31, 1882, in Demopolis; son of James and Betheland (Gaines) Lyon, who lived on their estate, a fine tobacco farm, in Stokes County, N. C., the former a native of Henry County, Va.; grandson of Col. James and Christine (Harmon) Lyon, who lived in Henry County, Va., and of James and Elizabeth (Strother) Gaines, the former a captain of a company of North Carolina militia in the battle of Guilford Court House, Revolutionary War, and a member of the convention of a colony of North Carolina, which ratified the constitution of the United States; and a descendant of Francis Strother of Culpeper County, Va. He was uncle of George Gaines Lyon (q. v.). He attended the common schools of North Carolina, and early in the year 1817 came with his brother, James G. Lyon, to live with his uncle, George Strother Gaines, the agent of the U. S. government then in control at the St. Stephens agency for the Indians, on the Tombigbee River, above Mobile. Mr. Lyon was for a time employed in the bank at St. Stephens, and then in the office of the clerk of the county court. He studied law under Abner S. Lipscomb, W. H. Crawford and Henry Hitchcock; was admitted to the bar in 1821, and practiced at Demopolis. The following year he was elected secretary of the State senate, and held that office by successive elections for eight years. He was elected State senator from the district comprised of Marengo and Wilcox Counties, in 1833, and from Marengo and Sumter Counties in 1834. During his first term in the senate he was defeated for the presidency of that body by Hon. John Erwin of Greensboro, and in the next year, was elected president of the senate over Mr. Erwin.

Mr. Lyon was elected to congress in 1835, defeating Robert Emmet Bledsoe Bayton, of Dallas County, and Joseph Bates of Mobile; and was reelected in 1837. In 1845, when the state bank and its branches were placed in liquidation, he was selected with William Cooper and Clement C. Clay as a commissioner to adjust

all claims. After that commission made its report to the State legislature in 1847, and was discharged, Mr. Lyon was continued as sole commissioner until the final settlement in 1853. He was chosen as chairman of the State convention of the Democratic party in 1860, and by that convention was sent as a delegate to the Charleston convention of 1860, where the southern delegates withdrew, he among them. He was a representative in the State legislature in 1861; was elected to the provisional Confederate congress but declined to serve; was elected to the first congress under the constitution of the Confederate States of America, 1862-1864. He was elected to the second Confederate congress in 1864, and served until the close of the war. He was a delegate to the State constitutional convention of 1875, and made the draft of the constitution adopted by the convention. He was elected a State senator in 1876. He was an Episcopalian.

Married: March 4, 1824, in Demopolis, to Sarah Serena, daughter of Allen and Sarah (Norwood) Glover (q. v.), who lived at that place; grandson of Frederic and Elizabeth (Cato) Glover. Children: 1. Mary Amanda, m. William H. Ross, merchant at Mobile, served as major in the C. S. Army; 2. Sarah Norwood m. Oliver H. Prince, a law partner of Mr. Lyon before the War of Secession, who was killed while commanding a company in the Forty-third Alabama infantry in the assault upon Gen. Thomas's corps at Chickamauga, September 20, 1863; 3. Helen Gaines, New York City, m. Gen. Zachary Cantey Deas (q. v.), deceased, a cotton broker, a brigadier general in the C. S. Army; 4. Amelia; 5. Eugenia; 6. Frank Glover, d. March 13, 1893, planter at Demopolis, private and lieutenant, C. S. Army, on staff of Gen. Z. C. Deas, m. Sarah Henley, daughter of John W. Henley; 7. Ida, m. Dr. William M. Polk, physician, an officer in the C. S. Army, New York City, son of Gen. Leonidas Polk, C. S. Army. Last residence: Demopolis.

LYON, GEORGE GAINES, lawyer, was born January 11, 1821, in Washington County; son of James Gaines and Rosa (Fisher) Lyon, natives of North Carolina, the former a lawyer and for several years clerk of the circuit court and register in chancery in Washington County, who went to Mobile in 1827 where he engaged in the real estate business in addition to the practice of law and was for a time register in chancery; nephew of Francis Strother Lyon (q. v.); and grandnephew of George S. Gaines and Gen. E. P. Gaines, who were among the first settlers of Alabama. He studied law at Yale college law school, and began the practice of law in Mobile, soon afterward moving to Demopolis. He was admitted to the bar in February, 1840, and later was admitted to practice before the supreme court. During the war, he held the office of sequestrator, and was one of the commissioners of the Confederate government; was appointed governor's aid for west Alabama during the administration of Gov. John Gill Shorter; and was appointed U. S. circuit court commissioner. He declined two nominations of the Whig party to run for the State legislature, once for the lower house and once for the senate, and in 1868 refused to be

a candidate for the office of chancellor. In 1875, he was appointed by Gov. George S. Houston as commissioner of immigration. He was a Mason and an Episcopalian. Married: in April, 1850, to Annie G. Glover, daughter of Allen and Mary A. (Diven) Glover, of Marengo County. Children: 1. James G., deceased; 2. Allen G., deceased; 3. Norman, deceased; 4. Francis Strother, d. January 19, 1888, in his twenty-fourth year, was graduated from the University of Alabama, A. B., 1886, and was a law student in his father's office at the time of his death; 5. Rosa, d. in the burning of the steamer Gardner, on the Tombigbee River in 1887, m. William T. Rembert; 6. Susie D., d. with her sister in the burning of the Gardner, m. Julius P. Rembert; 7. George Gaines, Jr., b. April 5, 1860, was graduated from the University of Alabama, A. B., and from the Pulte medical college, Cincinnati, O., M. D., 1888, agent, Southern express company, Little Rock, Ark., and Memphis, Tenn., 1882-1886, physician at Mobile, m. Rebecca R. Ulmer; 8. Mary G.; 9. Annie G. Last residence: Demopolis.

LYON, MATTHEW, publisher, editor, Baptist minister, was born August 27, 1812, in Warren County, Tenn.; son of Maj. James Lyon, who published papers in New Orleans before the War of 1812, and who was the first person to publish a newspaper in the English language in Mobile; grandson of Col. Matthew, a native of County Wicklow, Ireland, born July 14, 1750, who emigrated to America some time after his father had been put to death for engaging in a conspiracy against the British crown, resided in Connecticut and was married to a Miss Hosford, a niece of Ethan Allen, moved to Vermont, known then as the New Hampshire grants in 1774, and settled in Wallingford, joined Ethan Allen in the capture of Fort Ticonderoga, served as adjutant of Col. Warner's regiment under Gen. Montgomery in Canada, 1775, was commissioned paymaster with rank of captain in the Continental regiment commanded by Seth Warner, resigned from the army in 1778, served the state of Vermont as a member of the council of safety, captain in the militia, pay-master general, deputy secretary to Gov. Chittenden and his council, assistant to the treasurer and colonel of militia, represented Arlington in the Vermont legislature, 1779-1784 and Fair Haven for ten years between 1783 and 1797, was the founder of Fair Haven in 1783, where he built saw and grist mills, established an iron factory, manufactured paper and established a printing office publishing "The Farmer's Library," was elected to the U. S. congress in 1793 and commenced the publication of "The Scourge of Aristocracy," was indicted for criticising the president under the alien and sedition laws in 1798, fined one thousand dollars and imprisoned four months, and while in prison was re-elected to congress, was married secondly to Buelah (Chittenden) Galusha, daughter of Gov. Thomas Chittenden, was the unsuccessful anti-Federalist candidate for the Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth congresses, 1791-1799, and was elected by his party to the Sixth and Seventh congresses, 1799-1801, moved from Vermont to Kentucky in 1801 on advice of Andrew



NATHAN L. MILLER

Jackson and founded the town of Eddyville, Ky., declined the position of commissary general of the western army offered him by President Jefferson; was a representative in the Kentucky legislature, 1802, and a representative in the Eighth, Ninth, Tenth and Eleventh congresses, 1803-1811, opposed the second war with England, which stand cost him his seat in the Twelfth congress, was appointed U. S. factor to the Cherokee nation in Arkansas Territory by President Monroe in 1820, was elected the second delegate to congress from Arkansas, but did not live to take his seat, died August 1, 1822, at Spadra Bluff, Ark.

Elder Lyon attended the town academy for several years in Cheraw, Chesterfield District, S. C., and was brought up as a printer in the printing office of his father who established the first newspaper in that town. From December, 1829, to March, 1831, he worked during the congressional sessions in the printing office of Gen. Duff Green, editor of the "United States Telegraph," Washington, D. C. He returned home and became a printer at Camden, S. C.; in 1837, conducted "The Baptist," a monthly publication established at Nashville two years before; worked on the "Huntsville Democrat" for Philip Woodson, 1838; taught school at Pleasant Ridge, Greene County, 1840; and in 1841 became a printer in Pickensville, remaining in Pickens County for about fourteen years. He practiced law, and became register in chancery at Carrollton for four years. Early in 1849, he was licensed to preach by the Carrollton Baptist church, and later in the year was ordained to the ministry. After preaching for two or three years, he resigned from the law and taught school in connection with his duties as a minister. He served in Pickens County as pastor of the churches at Ebenezer, Providence, Spring Hill, Carrollton and Pickensville. In 1854, he moved to Brooksville, Miss., and taught school and preached there for three years. In 1858, he was pastor of Grenada church, Mississippi, and a teacher in the Baptist female institute at that place. In 1859, he started "The Baptist Messenger," a weekly publication which was discontinued during the first year of the war, and while conducting the paper, preached in various churches in Mississippi. Moving from Memphis, he lived successively in Hernando, Panola, and Grenada, Miss., preaching, printing and teaching at different times. He was a missionary of the Home Mission Board, 1865-1869; settled at Winona, Miss., in 1868, where he printed and preached; moved to Moulton for a short time, was called back to Central church, Holmes County, Miss.; became pastor at Carrollton in 1876, and in Moulton, in 1880, and after that time served in churches at Danville, Enon, Harmony and Pleasant Grove. Married: June 25, 1843, in Sumter County, to Susannah Muscogee Compere, daughter of Elder Lee Compere (q. v.). Children: 1. Compere Adolphus, enlisted in the C. S. Army, participated at the battle of Shiloh, and served until the last month of the war when he was dragged from a sickbed and murdered by Federal troops; 2. Laura, m. W. P. Chitwood, Tusculumbia. Last residence: Tusculumbia.

LYONS, ALBERT SIDNEY, business man, was born February 22, 1864, at Mobile; son of Mark and Amelia (Horsler) Lyons, of Mobile, the former a native of New York city, who moved to Mobile in early life, served as an officer in the First Florida volunteer infantry, C. S. Army, and was at Fort Pillow with Gen. N. B. Forrest, later became an officer in Gen. Randall Gibson's division, surrendering with that command in 1865, and represented Escambia County in the State legislature, 1878-1879. He was educated at Pollard and at St. Joseph's college, Spring Hill; entered business at Mobile, 1882; served as councilman of the city of Mobile, 1891-1894; as alderman from 1897 until 1911, when the form of municipal government was changed to a commission; was elected to the State senate from the Mobile district in 1898; represented Mobile County in the State legislature, 1903, and 1907; and during the latter year was chairman of the general council and mayor pro tem of the city of Mobile. He was chief of ordnance and lieutenant colonel of cavalry on the staff of Maj. Gen. J. W. Whiting of the Alabama state troops, 1892-1894, and chief of engineers and colonel of cavalry on the staff of Gov. Johnston, 1896-1900. He is a Democrat. Residence: Mobile.

LYONS, JOHN B., grand master, grand council, 1906; grand high priest, grand chapter, Masons, 1912.

LYONS, PAT J., wholesale grocer, mayor of Mobile, was born January 16, 1850, in Mobile; son of Thomas and Johanna Lyons, of County Waterford, Ireland, who emigrated to America, and settled in Mobile in December, 1849. He attended school for a few years but was compelled to leave school when a boy to earn his living. He engaged in all sorts of odd jobs until he was thirteen years old when he entered the steamboat service on the Alabama River, between Mobile, Selma and Montgomery, and by successive promotions became clerk, captain and finally owner of several steamers. He followed that life until 1889, when he retired and gave his entire attention to the wholesale grocery business as a member of the firm of Michael and Lyons, which had been organized seven years before that time. In addition to being president of that firm, he is president of the Southern supply company; vice president of the City national bank and trust company; and a stockholder and director in various other enterprises at Mobile. He served as a member of the city council of Mobile for twelve consecutive years; was president of the council and mayor of the city. He is a Democrat; a Roman Catholic; an Elk; and a member of the Mobile Mardi-gras societies. Residence: Mobile.

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McADORY, ISAAC WELLINGTON, teacher, was born September 17, 1843, at Pleasant Hill, eighteen miles southwest of Birmingham, Jefferson County; son of Thomas and Emily Elmore (Owen) McAdory, a daughter of Thomas Owen who died in Okolona, Mississippi; grandson of Thomas and Celia (McAshan) McAdory, who removed from Hopkinsville, Ky.,

about the year 1818, and both of whom were of Irish descent, their parents having emigrated to this country from Ireland. Prof. McAdory received his education in the Jonesboro Salem academy, in Jefferson County, and on March 1, 1862, joined the Confederate army, enlisting as a private in Co. H, Twenty-eighth Alabama regiment. He was in the army of Tennessee from April 6, 1862, and participated in the battle of Shiloh and all other battles until April 26, 1865, when Gen. Johnston surrendered the army in North Carolina. He was county superintendent of education from October, 1899, until 1913, and during this time public schools were established in all the communities in the county in reach of all the children, but with separate schools for white and colored children. Prof. McAdory commenced teaching June 1, 1866, and taught regularly for about eleven months every year for about twenty-three years. He has never engaged in any other business and now owns a farm in Jefferson County, where he has resided for the past seven years. He is a Democrat and a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, South. Married: near Pleasant Hill, to Alice Eulalia, daughter of Isaac W. and Martha (Prude) Sadler. Children: 1. Wellington Prude (q. v.), graduate of Harvard college, Jefferson County, graduate in medicine and surgery at the University of Virginia, m. Lilly Hunt at East Lake; 2. Isaac Sadler, m. Mrs. Cora Scott at Auburn; 3. Martha Caroline, graduate of Randolph-Macon female college, Lynchburg, Virginia, taught several years in various colleges, m. Lawrence Otis Caldwell, October, 1913; 4. Margaret Eulalia, graduate in drawing and art at Columbia University, New York, teacher of art and supervisor of art in Jefferson County public schools; 5. Richard Rose, graduate of agriculture in the Polytechnic institute at Auburn, June, 1919, served in World war from 1917 to end of war, teacher, m. Louise Bradley; 6. Thomas, graduate of Polytechnic institute at Auburn in 1900; engaged in engineering for two years; studied law and graduated from the University of Alabama, 1912; practiced law and was engaged in that profession at the time of his death in May, 1913; two boys and one girl died in infancy. Residence: Jonesboro.

MCADORY, ROBERT A., lawyer and lieutenant, C. S. Army, was born October 14, 1845, in Jefferson County; son of Col. James and Nancy Tucker (Saddler) McAdory, the former a native of South Carolina, an early settler of Jefferson County and one of its wealthiest planters and slave holders, who served in the Creek War of 1836, as captain of the only company which went out from Jefferson County on that occasion, the latter a native of North Carolina and related to the Tucker family of Virginia; brother of Allons T., of the Confederate Army, who was killed at Dranesville, Va., of William R., captain of Co. H, 28th Alabama infantry regiment, killed at Missionary Ridge, of Chambers, who was wounded at Corinth, and of James S., a graduate of Jefferson medical college, Philadelphia, Penn., assistant surgeon of the 36th Mississippi infantry regiment, who

died as the result of exposure in the Confederate service, in 1865. He was admitted to the University of Alabama in 1862, and in 1863, entered the Confederate service as a private in Captain Storr's company, the "University cadets." In December, 1863, he was promoted to second lieutenant of Co. H, 28th Alabama infantry regiment, with which he served in Manigault's brigade, Hindman's division, Hardee's corps, army of Tennessee, until the close of the war. He participated in the campaign from Dalton to Atlanta, including the battles of Resaca, New Hope Church, Kenesaw Mountain, Atlanta, Ezra Church and Jonesboro, and commanded his company at the memorable battles of Franklin and Nashville, Tenn. In 1868, he graduated in law at the University of Mississippi, where he was under the tutorship of L. Q. C. Lamar. He began his practice in Elyton, and in 1868, removed to Birmingham. Married: in 1869, to Harriet E., daughter of Alfred Du Puy, of Jefferson County, and granddaughter of Col. John M. Du Puy, of French Huguenot descent. Last residence: Birmingham.

MCADORY, ROBERT JOHN, physician, was born August 15, 1872, at Mobile; son of James and Esther Louise (Sweeney) McAdory, the former a native of Liverpool, England, who lived at Mobile, and served in a Mobile company in the C. S. Army, was an alderman of Mobile, and was lieutenant of the Gulf City guards at the time of his death in 1878; grandson of Robert and Catherine McAdory, who emigrated to America from Belfast, Ireland, and settled in Mobile, and of John and Jane Eliza (Swan) Sweeney, who lived at Ft. Barancas, Fla., and Mobile, the former who emigrated to America at an early age from southern Ireland, and settled in Pensacola, who was engaged for the greater part of his life under the government in the construction of the fortifications at Barancas, Fla., the latter a native of New York City, whose parents emigrated to that place from Londonderry, Ireland. He was educated in the common schools of Washington, D. C. attended St. John's college, Annapolis, Md., Columbian university, Washington, D. C., and Stanford university, California; and was graduated from the medical department of the University of the City of New York, M. D., 1897. After his graduation, he spent one year in the New York City hospitals. During the Spanish-American War, he was acting assistant surgeon in the revenue cutter service, following which and up to 1903 he was acting assistant surgeon in the U. S. Army, serving in the Philippine and Hawaiian Islands and California. He was in private practice in Washington, D. C., 1903-1907, in Los Angeles, Calif., 1907-1913, and since then has been travelling, with San Francisco as his residence. During the war with Germany he served as first lieutenant in the medical reserve corps, U. S. Army. Residence: San Francisco, Calif.

MCADORY, WELLINGTON PRUDE, physician, was born February 28, 1875, in McCalla, Jefferson County; a son of Isaac Wellington and Alice Eulalia (Sadler) McAdory (q. v.), Well-

ington Prude McAdory received his education in Howard college at East Lake, graduating A. B., in June, 1895; University of Virginia, 1897, M. D.; and took a post graduate course in the New York post graduate school hospital which he completed July, 1899. He is now practicing medicine and surgery in Birmingham. He is a Democrat; Mason, having taken all of the degrees from first to thirty-third inclusive in the Scottish Rite and is a Knight Templar in the York Rite; a member of Sigma Nu, college fraternity; a member of Psi Chi, medical fraternity; and is president of the Fraternal hospital in Birmingham. He is likewise a member of the Baptist church. Married: November 7, 1900, at East Lake to Lillie Belle, daughter of William Hunt. Residence: Birmingham.

McAFEE, GREEN TALIAFERRO, teacher, merchant, lawyer, was born March 4, 1804, in Rutherford County, N. C., and died July 9, 1884; son of Abner and Delilah (Green) McAfee, who lived at Rutherfordton, N. C., the former a native of that place, born March 7, 1774; grandson of Anderson C. McAfee, who fought in the battle of King's Mountain in the Revolutionary War. The family came to America from Scotland. Mr. McAfee received his early education in the log cabin schools of North Carolina, and added to the knowledge gained there by study and reading under his own direction. He left his home in North Carolina for the new wilderness state of Alabama in 1823, in order to join his kinspeople, the Greens and Perkins family. He first located in St. Clair County and taught school for a time, then established a store on Beaver Creek, a few miles east of Ashville. He was elected to the State legislature as a representative from St. Clair County, and during his attendance in that body, drew up the bill establishing Talladega County. He moved to Talladega County in 1832, the year the county was established, and was elected county judge, which office he held ten years. He built the first store-house in the city of Talladega, and as he spoke the Indian language, had a large trade among the Indians as well as among the whites. He opposed secession until the state left the union, then gave two sons and all his wealth to the cause of the Confederacy. He was elected to the State senate, 1868-1870, and was chairman of the judiciary committee; and practiced law from 1869-1879. He was originally a Whig in politics, and after the War of Secession, a Republican; and was a Baptist. Married: (1) March 13, 1828, at Ashville, St. Clair County, to Charlie Ann Hall, of Centre, Cherokee County, a ward of Gen. Garrett of Cherokee, government Indian agent; (2) December 13, 1837, to Elizabeth Letcher Scales, of Talladega, who died August 28, 1869. Children, by first marriage: 1. Augustus Wellington, b. November 2, 1829, d. at Matamoras, September 8, 1846, volunteer in Capt. J. O. Shelley's rifle regiment, Mexican War; 2. Mary Eliza Emma, b. October 20, 1832, d. March 8, 1903, m. Dr. John H. Vandiver, children, Mrs. Charles Vandiver Cannon, Spartanburg, S. C., J. Wellington Vandiver, Talladega, and Dr. C. W. Vandiver, Fort Meyers, Fla.; by second

marriage: 3. Nicholas Scales, m. (1) Eliza Page, deceased, (2) Annie Easton; 4. Charlie Ann, m. Fred B. McLure, Pulaski, Tenn.; 5. Elizabeth Lake, m. Alvah David Bennett, Brooklyn, N. Y.; 6. Green Prior Perkins, deceased. Last residence: Talladega.

McAFEE, major, 6th battalion, Confederate infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

McALEXANDER, EDWARD, major and later lieutenant colonel, 27th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

McALISTER, ANGUS, former State senator from Covington and Dale Counties.

McALPINE, BLANTON, public official, member of Alabama legislature, and merchant, was born February 27, 1804, in Georgia; son of Solomon and Elizabeth McAlpine, the former a native of Scotland who settled in Georgia. He was educated in the common schools of his native state and immigrated to Mobile where he engaged in the mercantile business. He was a member of the legislature from Mobile County, 1841, and mayor of the city of Mobile, 1845-46. An interesting coincidence in regard to Mr. McAlpine's legislative service was that his brothers, Solomon and Jefferson C. were State senators from Greene and Sumter Counties, respectively, at the same time he was serving in the house. He removed from Mobile to California between 1846-50, where he died. Last residence: California.

McALPINE, FRANK CLARKE, soldier, was born June 21, 1880, at Talladega; son of Frank Clisby and Martha (Clarke) McAlpine, the former a native of Coosa County, who lived at Talladega, served as alderman several terms and as city treasurer for a number of years; grandson of Dr. Augustine Irvine and Martha (Clisby) McAlpine, of Talladega, and of Thomas and Martha (Carde) Clarke, of Cincinnati, O., the former a native of England, and the latter of County Dunn, Ireland; great-grandson of Paul Clisby, of Wales, who lived in Boston, Mass., was in the shipping business and served in the Revolutionary Army, and of Robert McAlpine, a Presbyterian minister, a lieutenant in a Tennessee company, who fought under Gen. Jackson in the battle of Talladega, whose father came from Scotland. He was educated in the private and public schools of Talladega, the Talladega military academy, and in the Alabama polytechnic institute. He was occupied in the mercantile business, and as a planter and animal husbandryman, 1899-1916. He enlisted in Co. L, Third infantry, National guard of Alabama, 1894, and was appointed successively, corporal, sergeant and captain, serving until 1906; became captain of Co. L, Thirty-fifth infantry, 1907-1912; captain of Troop M, First Alabama cavalry, 1916-1917, and major of that organization in the latter year; major of the One hundred seventeenth field artillery, 1917-1919, and of the Fortieth field artillery, Fourteenth division. He was graduated from the School of Fire, Fort Sill, Okla., December, 1917;

served as regimental artillery instructor, One hundred seventeenth artillery, January to April, 1918; senior artillery instructor, Fourth officers training school, Camp Wheeler, Georgia, May to July, 1918; Brigade training school, Camp Jackson, South Carolina, July to October, 1918; Overseas service, October to December 1918; Brigade training school, Coetquedon, France; assistant camp inspector, Camp Custer, Michigan, March to October, 1919; and since that time has served as morale officer, education and recreation officer, naturalization officer and polo officer at Camp Custer. He is a Democrat; a Presbyterian; a Mason; Elk; and a member of the Sigma Alpha Epsilon college fraternity. Married: February 5, 1908, at Talladega, to Sarah, daughter of John W. and Ophelia (Montgomery) Bishop, of Talladega. Residence: Headquarters, Camp Custer, Michigan.

McALPINE, R. E., Presbyterian minister of North Alabama.

McALPINE, ROBERT BROWN, Presbyterian minister, was born January 25, 1848, near Rockford, Coosa County; son of Aurelius Emmons and Harriet Newel (Brown) McAlpine, the former a native of east Tennessee, born 1826, educated in Jacksonville, where his father resided in 1837, studied medicine in New Orleans, located in Three Creeks, Union County, Ark., where he died March 27, 1886; grandson of Rev. Robert and Mary E. (Temple) McAlpine, of Jacksonville and Coosa County, the former graduated at Greenville college, east Tennessee, under Rev. Charles Coffin, D. D., and was captain in the U. S. Army, under Andrew Jackson in the war with Great Britain in 1812, studied theology later and entered the Presbyterian ministry, conducted for a time in Jacksonville a classical school attended by Gen. Hindman, Gen. Forney and Dr. Curry, and of Duncan Brunn, who was a successful planter in Arkansas, whither he removed from Brunnsville, about 1855-56. The family came originally from North Carolina. Robert Brown McAlpine attended school at private institutions, Mt. Holly, Arkansas, of which Prof. Espey Watts was principal and at Three Creeks academy, Ark. He entered Davidson college, N. C., in 1867, graduated in 1870 with the degree of A. B., afterwards, for work done received the degree of A. M.; graduated from Theological seminary of Columbia, S. C., 1873; took post graduate course at University of Virginia, entering in 1874; spent nearly a year at Princeton seminary and university, entering in 1879; was ordained in the ministry, May 12, 1877, and held pastorates at Uniontown, Goldsboro, N. C., Columbus, Miss., and Gadsden. He taught theology for nine years, beginning August, 1889, in the Stillman institute for training colored ministers, under the care of the Southern Presbyterian church; has been chairman of committee on Christian education and ministerial relief and trustee in two institutions of learning for short periods. Married: June 2, 1880, at Selma to Mary Elvira, daughter of Hon. Benjamin Hogan and

Eliza Reese (Tucker) Craig, of Midway, Ga.; granddaughter of Hon. James D. and Elvira S. (Berry) Craig of Cahaba, who removed to Selma after the War, and in the seventies to San Francisco, Cal., and granddaughter of Mary (Bivens) Tucker. Benjamin Hogan Craig was married to his wife December 4, 1856, at Midway, Ga., lived a while at Cahaba, moving to Selma in 1859; a member of the legislature of 1900-02, the constitutional convention of 1901; a lawyer and for many years register in chancery of Dallas County. Children: 1. Laura Craig, m. Frank Freeman, Birmingham; 2. Mary Kirby, Tuscaloosa; 3. Gertrude Elvira, Tuscaloosa; 4. Robert Brown, jr., Meridian, Miss. Residence: Tuscaloosa.

McAULEY, JOSEPH CUNNINGHAM, Presbyterian minister and member constitutional convention, 1865, was born August 29, 1823, in Autauga County, and was killed November 18, 1876, at Mumford, while attempting to board a train; son of Daniel and Anna (McNeill) McAuley, the former born on the Isle of Wight, England, and emigrated to this country early in life, and the latter a native of North Carolina, removed to Autaugaville about 1815; grandson of Lochlin and Margaret McAuley of Scotland, later of the Isle of Wight, and of Robert and Eliza McNeill of North Carolina. The family is one of a large number of Scotch families who early located in North Carolina, and scattered over the South. He was educated in town schools at Mardisville, Talladega County; studied law in the office of Hon. Alexander White, of Talladega, but never practiced; entered the ministry of the Southern Presbyterian church, in Selma, in April, 1873; had charge of the primary department of Oxford college, Calhoun County, when Messrs. Dodson and Borden were principals; was county school commissioner; president of the county fair association, and one of the leaders of the grange movement; represented Calhoun County in the constitutional convention of 1865; and was ordnance officer of the 51st Alabama mounted infantry regiment from March, 1863, to 1865. He was ordained ruling elder when he was twenty-one years of age and held this office until he was ordained to the ministry in 1873. He was a Whig and a Mason. Married: January 10, 1845, near Alexandria, Calhoun County, to Sarah Frances, daughter of James and Sarah (McKinney) Hampton, who lived near Watkinsville, Clarke County, Ga., later moving to Calhoun County. Children: 1. Emma F., m. Peter Pelham, son of Dr. Atkinson Pelham (q. v.), and resides at Poulan, Ga.; 2. James D., m. Ezze Martin, residence White Plains; 3. Thomas J., m. Lula Morrison, residence Albertville; 4. Robert, m. May Young, residence Reddick, Fla.; 5. Mary E., m. George Boggs, of Selma; 6. Edward P., m. Elise Barry, residence Delta, Macon County, Ga.; 7. Pelham, deceased; 8. William A., deceased. Last residence: Alexandria.

McAULEY, WILLIAM HALL, Presbyterian minister and foreign missionary, was born December 1, 1811, in Montgomery County, N. C., and died at Stockton, Baldwin County, January

15, 1885; son of Daniel and Ann (McNeill) McAuley, and brother of Joseph C. McAuley (q. v.). He received his early education in the village schools of Autaugaville; later became a student in Danville, Ky.; received his theological training at Princeton college, and was ordained in the Presbyterian ministry, April, 1840. Immediately thereafter, accompanied by his wife and three others who had been his fellow students at Princeton, he set sail from Boston, August 5, 1840, for India. The party was stationed at Futiguer, but ten years later, owing to the ill health of his wife, Mr. McAuley returned to Alabama, where he served as pastor in Talladega, two years; in Uniontown, fifteen years; and at Stockton, seven years, and where he died and was buried. Married: June 3, 1840, to Emma, daughter of Robert and Rebecka (Gulick) Bayles, of Princeton, N. J. Children: 1. Anna Rebecka, m. William Brown, deceased; 2. Emma, m. William Russell; 3. Eliza Jennetta, m. E. J. Harrison, residence Birmingham; 4. William Daniel, m. Ella Underwood; 5. Robert Chalmers, m. Laura Dean; 6. Mary Elizabeth, m. John M. Bowie. Last residence: Stockton.

McBRYDE, ANDREW, grand treasurer, grand chapter of Alabama, Masons, 1826; father of Wade A. McBryde (q. v.).

McBRYDE, WADE ALLEN, druggist, was born May 6, 1840, at Montgomery; son of Andrew and Ann Rebecca (Allen) McBryde, who moved to Montgomery in 1819, the former a native of Charlotte, N. C.; grandson of Andrew and Harriet (Henderson) McBryde, the former of whom was born in 1784 in Charleston, S. C., and died in 1828 in Montgomery, and of Wade and Katie (Carpenter) Allen, of Montgomery; great-grandson of Dr. Thomas Henderson of Charlotte, N. C., who was a surgeon in the Revolutionary Army under Gen. Nathaniel Greene. He received his education in the common schools of his neighborhood, and became a druggist in Montgomery in 1853, continuing that profession for the greater part of his life. He was captain of Co. F, Third Alabama regiment, until 1865; served as chief of the fire department in 1876 and 1877; was elected alderman from Ward 6, Montgomery, 1877-1881; and was appointed commissary general with the rank of colonel of cavalry on the staff of Gov. E. A. O'Neal, 1885-1887. He is a Democrat; a vestryman in the church of the Holy Comforter; a Mason; was grand chancellor of the Knights of Pythias, 1875; an Elk; and a member of the National Union. Married: September 28, 1869, to Caroline Virginia Sayre, daughter of Philemon D. and Caroline Virginia Sayre, of Montgomery, the former a native of New Jersey, and the latter, of Georgia. Residence: Montgomery.

McCain, JOHN RICHMOND, business man, was born January 28, 1865, at Lineville; son of Rev. James Erwin and Minerva D. (Sims) McCain, the former a native of Tennessee, a Methodist minister, who lived at Lineville and other places; grandson of James G. and Sadie McCain, of Lineville, and of Reuben and Nancy

Sims, of Center. Mr. McCain was educated in the common schools of Clay County, and at Lineville college, graduating from the latter place, Ph. B., 1892, and A. B., 1896. He also attended the Southern university, Greensboro, and Columbian university, Washington, D. C. He taught school for some years; was elected to the State senate from the eighth district, 1898, and served two terms; served as State land agent, November 16, 1901, to January, 1907; was land clerk in the State auditor's office, 1907-1911; superintendent of the North East Alabama agricultural and industrial institute, 1911-1913; was appointed postmaster of Lineville by President Woodrow Wilson, May, 1913; and held that position until November, 1914, when he was elected to the State senate from the thirty-fourth district, 1914. He is now connected with the U. S. internal revenue office at Birmingham. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; and a Knight of Pythias. Residence: Lineville.

McCALL, CHARLES EDWARD, accountant, was born November 21, 1867, at Desotenville, Choctaw County; son of Dr. Daniel and Nancy Elizabeth (Thompson) McCall, of Desotenville; brother of Daniel T. McCall (q. v.); grandson of John and Mary (Campbell) McCall, the former a native of Scotland, who emigrated to South Carolina from this state, moved to Florida, thence to Alabama, where he died, and of Benjamin and Sarah Meniffee (Davis), who lived in Hale, Autauga and Choctaw Counties. Mr. McCall received his early education in the common schools of Choctaw County; and afterwards was three years in Dr. Seth S. Mellen's school at Mt. Stirling. He received his higher education in the Cooper institute at Daleville, Miss., and in the University of Alabama, from which he graduated in 1885, with the degree of A. B. After graduation he taught school for ten years. He was the founder and editor of "The Choctaw Advocate," Butler, 1890-1892; was admitted to the practice of law in 1908; was probate judge of Choctaw County, 1898-1909; assistant examiner of public accounts of Alabama, 1909-1910; appointed chief examiner of public accounts, April, 1911. He is a Methodist; a Royal Arch Mason; past chancellor of Knights of Pythias; a Woodman of the World; a member of the Fraternal Order of Eagles; and of the Sigma Nu fraternity. Married: to Mary Rebecca Collins, of Collinsville, Miss., daughter of James Madison and Amanda (Etheridge) Collins, of Lauderdale County, Miss. Children: 1. Charles Campbell; 2. Willard; 3. Mary; 4 and 5, twins, d. in infancy. Residence: Montgomery.

McCALL, CHARLES RODERICK, consul and teacher, was born October 3, 1858, at Perote, Pike County, and died August 24, 1898, at Troy; son of Daniel Alexander and Serena (Dennis) McCall, the former a native of Cumberland County, N. C., who came to Alabama in 1839, settled in Barbour County where he engaged in planting, merchandising, and steam boating until 1856 when he removed to that part of Pike County, now embraced in Bullock, was elected probate judge of Bullock, admitted

to the bar early after the war and practiced in Union Springs as a partner of Col. James N. Arrington; grandson of Judge Charles A. and Esther (Maddox) Dennis of Orion, Pike County, among the early settlers there, coming from Talbot County, Ga., represented Pike County in the legislatures of 1826-27-29-35. Mr. McCall received his early education in Union Springs where he was taught by E. J. McIver, Angus McDonald, and C. L. McCartha; graduated at the University of Alabama with the degree of A. B. in 1878, and M. A., in 1879. Of five prizes competed for by his class he won the prize in Greek and the two first prizes offered in English. On the day of his first graduation, he was elected instructor in Latin and English in the university and held this position for two years. In 1880 he resigned from his professional duties to become editor of the "Greenville Advocate." Three years later he removed to Troy to become editor and part proprietor of the "Troy Messenger." In 1885 he was appointed by Secretary of State Bayard, vice-consul general of the United States at Rio de Janeiro, was promoted by President Cleveland to be consul at Santos, Brazil, which promotion was made on recommendation of Assistant Secretary of State, James D. Porter: "for merit and for tried efficiency in the consular service." During his residence in Brazil he learned to speak Portuguese and Spanish and increased his knowledge of French and German. He resigned the consularship in 1889, shortly before President Harrison was inaugurated, and returning to Alabama became editor and part owner of the "Union Springs Herald." In 1890 he was unanimously elected teacher of languages in the State normal school at Troy where he taught Latin, Greek and French until his death. During the summer of 1896-97 he taught Latin, Greek and Spanish in the schools of the Monteagle assembly, Monteagle, Tenn., besides delivering a course of lectures before the assembly on literary and historical subjects. He was a Democrat and a Presbyterian. Married: November 28, 1889, at Ocean Springs, Miss., to Emily, daughter of Thomas C. and Sarah Foster. Last residence: Troy.

MCCALL, DANIEL THOMPSON, physician, was born September 4, 1849, at DeSotenville, Choctaw County; son of Daniel and Nancy Elizabeth (Thompson) McCall; brother of Charles E. McCall (q. v.); grandson of John and Mary McCall and of Benjamin F. and Sarah Thompson, all of DeSotenville. He was educated at Cooper's institute, Spring Hill, Miss., at Pushmataha and Furman, and graduated at the University of Alabama, 1886, with the A. B. degree, completing his medical studies, 1894, at the Louisville medical college, now the University of Louisville, Ky. He entered immediately upon the practice of his profession at Gaston where he remained four years. In 1899 he located in Butler where he remained until 1908 when he entered upon a post graduate course in diseases of children, studying in New York. Completing this work he located in Mobile. He was county health officer of Choctaw, 1899-08; member county board of school commissioners, Mobile County, 1912-18,

and president of that board, 1918-19; president board of health, Mobile County, 1916, and chairman of that board, 1917-18; member State board of education, 1919. He is a Democrat; Methodist; Mason; and Knight of Pythias. Married: July 10, 1907, at Butler, Choctaw County, to Caroline Winston, daughter of Green Berry and Rosa Lee (Wilcox) Bush, of that place; granddaughter of Judge Curtis Nash and Sallie Battle Dade (Winston) Wilcox, the latter a descendant of Peter Fontaine, an Episcopal clergyman in colonial Virginia, the former a descendant of Jonathan Wilcox, a Puritan settler of Connecticut. Children: 1. Daniel Thompson, jr.; 2. Winston Bush. Residence: Mobile.

MCCALL, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 70, and a resident of Limestone County; private and sergeant N. C. Continental Line; enrolled on January 5, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$20; sums received to date of publication of list, \$60.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Con., 1st sess., 1833-34.

MCCALLA, WILLIAM AUGUSTUS, civil engineer and Chevalier Légion de la Honneur, was born November 7, 1866, at Lewis Turnout, Chester District, S. C.; son of Richard Calvin and Margaret Eliza (Lewis) McCalla. He was educated by tutors in Tennessee; at the public and private schools of Tuscaloosa, and at the University of Alabama, 1883-1886. He began his life work in September, 1886, as a civil engineer. On June 30, 1917, he was commissioned a major of engineers, and on September 12, 1917, was called into service, and was assigned to the 25th Engineers at Camp Devon, Ayer, Mass.; sailed for France November 25, 1917, in command of 504th Engineer's battalion; promoted lieutenant colonel February 13, 1919; returned to United States, April 20, 1919; discharged April 24, 1919. His entire service in France was with the Department of construction and forestry in S. O. S., and engineer officer in charge of construction of A. S. P. C., No. 2. He was made a Chevalier in the Legion of Honor by the French government, in recognition for his valuable services during the European struggle. Upon his return to Alabama he was selected as assistant State highway commissioner which position he now occupies. He is a Democrat and a Presbyterian. Married: June 2, 1897, to Fannie Mae, daughter of Jake and Frances (Lynch) Ralford, of Tuscaloosa. Children: 1. Margaret Carolyn, graduate of the University of Alabama. Residence: Montgomery.

MCCALLEY, HENRY, tutor in chemistry at the University of Alabama, 1879-83.

MCCANN, JAMES EDWARDS, Methodist minister, was born September 3, 1857, at Newbern, Hale County; son of John Wilson and Jane Teresa (Goff) McCann, the former spent his boyhood in his native state and his early manhood in Alabama, where he taught school in Clay County, admitted to the Methodist ministry by the Conference in 1845 at Mobile, and



DR. JOHN D. S. DAVIS

of which he was a member for forty-four years; grandson of Michael and Polly (Bishop) McCann of Hawkins County, Tenn., the former a member of the Tennessee bar who died at the age of forty-one; and of Edmund and Lucretia (Wells) Goff, of Jackson County, Miss.; great-grandson of James McCann who immigrated from Ireland and settled in Virginia, a Roman Catholic in religion, a physician by profession, surgeon in the Revolutionary War, twice married, his second wife, a widow Arnold, who bore two children, Michael, and a daughter, who married a Reese. James E. McCann was educated in the village schools, and graduated at the Southern university, A. B., 1877; taught school for two years after graduation, joined the Alabama conference at Tuskegee, December, 1879, has held pastorates in Alabama and California conferences continuously since admission to the ministry. Married: October 1, 1884, at Santa Maria, Calif., to Sarah Ann, daughter of Irving Noland and Sarah Esther (Condit) McGuire. Her father was a "Forty-niner," and her mother was from Ohio. Children: 1. James, jr.; 2. Irving Goff, pastor Green street congregational church, Chicago, m. daughter of William H. Sands, Richmond, Va.; 3. Annie Ezell, m. a Russell of Columbus, Ga.; 4. John Wilson; 5. Christine Esther; 6. Ruth Aline; 7. Allie Boone; 8. Mary. Residence: Eufaula.

MCCANN, JOSEPH D., member of the constitutional convention of 1865, from Talladega County.

MOCARTER, JAMES, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 69, and a resident of Greene County; private S. C. Militia; enrolled on November 4, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$80; sums received to date of publication of list, \$200.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Greene County, June 1, 1840, aged 76.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

MOCARTHA, CLARENCE LINDEN, teacher, was born March 15, 1841, in Fairfield County, S. C.; son of Jeremiah and Emily (Britain) McCartha; grandson of Jesse McCartha and wife, who was a Miss Boland, of Lexington County, S. C.; paternal great-grandparents immigrated from Scotland, and the family of his grandmother came from Hesse Cassel. Professor McCartha was taught at home by his parents until sixteen years of age; entered sophomore class at Columbia academy, Columbia, S. C.; was graduated from Wofford college, A. B., June, 1861, post-graduate (non-resident) work led to the A. M. degree in 1864; has taught continuously from January, 1862, until the present, doing academic and classical work in Columbia and Abbeville, S. C., Lawrenceville, Union Springs, Gordon, Geneva, and Newton, Bluffton, Ga., and Greenwood, Fla.; professor in Troy State normal college, 1889-90; in Southern university, 1890-92; and again in State normal college, Troy, 1892 to date. He has been local preacher in the Methodist Episcopal church, South, since 1858; and ordained local deacon

in 1866. He is a Mason. He is the author of "The lost tribes of Israel, or Europe and America in history and in prophecy," 1893; and "A catechism of English grammar," 1901. Married: (1) December 5, 1861, in Spartanburg, S. C., to Susan Jane Farrow; (2) July 7, 1870, in Henry County, to Loula Louise, daughter of George W. and Lucinda Ann (Latimer) Culver, descendants of early settlers of Hancock County, Ga. Children: 1. William Emory, deceased; 2. Sallie Marion, m. Dr. Horatio D. Vaughn; 3. Mamie Warren, m. William M. Newell, residence Samson; 4. Lillie Jane, d. in infancy; 5. Dolly, d. in infancy; 6. Clarence Linden, m. Mabel McSwain, residence Troy; 7. Emily Chicora, m. Cephas K. Knox of Troy. Residence: Troy.

MOCARTNEY, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 75, and a resident of Madison County; private N. C. Militia; enrolled on July 2, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$51.34; sums received to date of publication of list, \$128.35.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

MOCARTY, MICHAEL, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 90, resided in Jefferson County, June 1, 1840.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

MOCARY, JAMES H., business man, was born March 11, 1862, in Maplesville, Chilton County; son of Jarvis Fletcher and Evalina M. (Lilly) McCary, the former a native of Chilton County, a merchant, who served in the Twentieth Alabama regiment, C. S. Army, was wounded at the battle of Resaca, and died from the wound in a hospital at Macon, Ga.; grandson of St. Clair D. and Elizabeth (Atkinson) McCary, natives of South Carolina, who went to Chilton County in 1820, and purchased lands from the Indians. His great-grandfather served in the War of 1812. He received his early education in the schools of Clanton, and attended the Alabama polytechnic institute at Auburn. After leaving school in 1881, he clerked in a hotel at Blount Springs until 1883, then moved to Birmingham and clerked in a hotel there for a year. In 1884, he became occupied as a merchandise broker, and the next year established himself as a wholesale grocer and produce dealer. He continued in that business for many years, under the firm name of J. H. McCary and company. He has served as president of the board of trade; as president of the board of police commissioners; is a director in the Building and loan association; was an organizer and director in the Birmingham national bank. He was a Lieutenant of State militia under Col. Thomas G. Jones, and one of the organizers of the Jefferson Volunteers. He has been a member of the county Democratic executive committee; a steward in the Methodist church; president of the board of trustees of the Order of Elks; a Knight of Pythias; and a member of the Ancient Order of United Workmen. Married: October 30, 1888, to Frances, daughter of William F. and Eliza-

beth Nabers of Birmingham. Children: 1. William; 2. James H., jr.; 3. Helen; 4. Carolyn. Residence: Birmingham.

MCCARY, RICHARD, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 81, and a resident of Bibb County; private Virginia Continental Line; enrolled on June 12, 1819, under act of Congress of March 18, 1818, payment to date from May 3, 1819; annual allowance, \$96; sums received to date of publication of list, \$1,497.31; transferred from Edgefield District, S. C., from March 4, 1827.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He also resided in Washington County.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile.

MCCASKILL, JOHN, lieutenant colonel, 3rd Confederate cavalry, C. S. Army.

MCCASLIN, ROBERT HORACE, Presbyterian minister, was born June 3, 1883, at Sweetwater, Monroe County, Tenn.; son of Joseph Henry and Margaret Ella (Magill) McCaslin, the former also a native of Monroe County, residing at Sweetwater and later at Sanford, Fla., a hardware merchant for thirty years, member of the Democratic executive committee of Monroe County for many years, a trustee of the Tennessee military institute, and a ruling elder in the Presbyterian church; grandson of William and Lydia (Messimer) McCaslin, of Monroe County, and of James Franklin and Margaret (Johnston) Magill, of Madisonville, Tenn. The name, McCaslin, was originally MacCausland, and descended from that Baron MacCausland of Ulster, who went to Ireland during the reign of James VI. In 1841, two brothers of the family came to America, one settling in South Carolina, the other, William McCaslin, going to Virginia, where he served with the patriots of that state in the War of the Revolution. His son, John, moved to North Carolina and there reared a large family. His second son, William, was born in Buncombe County, N. C., removed to Monroe County, from which he entered the Confederate Army as Captain of Co. D, 62nd Tennessee infantry regiment. The founder of the maternal line was William Magill of Scotland, born 1670, whose son, William, came to America and settled in Augusta County, Va., and was a part of the Scotch-Irish immigration that came to this country, 1725-40. After the Revolutionary War, he, with his son, James, settled in Greene County, Tenn., the latter having served in the Revolutionary War as a member of the 12th Virginia regiment, his second wife being Margaret McMeans. His son, Nathaniel, married Jane Rankin, and was a planter. His son, James Franklin, was born in 1825 and died in 1901, a prominent citizen of the county, a planter and devout Presbyterian, having been a ruling elder in his church for nearly fifty years. Dr. McCaslin received his early education in his native home, among his teachers being Dr. Lynn Bachman, a Presbyterian minister and for half a century a teacher, a distinguished orator, and Confederate soldier. In 1900 he graduated from Sweetwater military college with the B. S. degree and three years later took the A. B. de-

gree at Maryville college. In 1906, he completed his course at the Union theological seminary, Richmond, Va., and received the Ph. D. degree from Central university, 1909, and the honorary degree of D. D., from Richmond college, 1912. He was ordained as a clergyman of the Presbyterian church at Knoxville, Tenn., 1906, his first pastoral charge being the First Presbyterian church at Cleveland, Tenn., where he served until 1908, at which time he was called to the First Presbyterian church at Bowling Green, Ky. In 1913, he assumed the pastorate of the First Presbyterian church in Montgomery, where he still remains. Dr. McCaslin takes a profound interest in the civic affairs of his adopted city and State. He was appointed a member of the education commission by Gov. Thomas E. Kilby to revise and recommend an educational standard for Alabama, and in 1920 appointed by the Governor as a member of the State board of education; president of Montgomery Rotary club, 1918; director Alabama children's home society; director Montgomery chamber of commerce since 1915; vice-chairman, Montgomery War camp community service, during the World war; director and vice-president Montgomery Y. M. C. A.; director Montgomery associated charities; member Navy league of the U. S.; National geographic society; director Alabama branch of the League to enforce peace, and of the Interracial commission of the South; chaplain, 2nd infantry regiment, A. N. G. He is a Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: June 7, 1906, in Richmond, Va., to Grace Nelson, daughter of Rev. Dr. John and Virginia (Bagby) Pollard, a prominent Baptist minister and professor in Columbian college, having served pastorates in Baltimore and Richmond, and for twenty years a professor in Richmond college; granddaughter of Col. John Pollard, a distinguished attorney of King and Queen County, Va., whose mother was Katherine Robinson, a member of the family that produced Christopher Robinson, president of the King's council, and John Robinson, speaker of the house of burgesses. Children: 1. Susie Virginia; 2. Robert Henry, deceased. Residence: Montgomery.

MCCLANAHA, J. M., member of the constitutional convention of 1861, from Shelby County.

MCCLELEN, SAMUEL DURHAM, farmer, was born August 5, 1820, in Winchester, Franklin County, Tenn., and died December 11, 1887, at Piedmont; son and youngest of eight children of Samuel and Frances (Kelley) McClelen, of York, S. C., whence they removed to Georgia, thence to Tennessee, and finally in 1834 to Talladega County, where he died in 1846, and his wife four years later, the former was a boy in South Carolina during the Revolutionary War. His father was a native of Ireland of Scotch ancestry, and his name was either Thomas or Robert McClelen. S. D. McClelen was educated in the common schools; and located near Alexandria as a farmer, where his life was spent, excepting six years in Talladega County. In 1838 he aided in the removal of the Indians from the State. He held the

office of justice of the peace; was county commissioner; and a member of the legislature of 1861. He was captain of Co. E, 32nd Alabama infantry regiment; resigned in 1863 on account of ill health; in 1864 re-entered the service as captain of a cavalry troop in Major Joseph Hardie's battalion, and served until the close of hostilities. He was elected sheriff of Calhoun County, and served during the reconstruction period. He was a Democrat; a Baptist; and a Mason. Married: (1) February 7, 1839, near Alexandria, to Sarah, daughter of William and Elizabeth (Autrey) Hill, of Gwinnett County, Ga.; and (2) May 10, 1846, to Deborah, daughter of James and Sarah (Shields) Price of Sevier County, Tenn., who removed to Alabama in the thirties. Children, by first wife: 1. Bailey George, born January 18, 1840, m. Louise Walker, July 18, 1864, was a member of Co. D, 10th Alabama infantry regiment, from June 18, 1861, to the end of the struggle, has lived in Calhoun County practically his whole life, five children, and now resides in Alexandria; by second wife: 2. Elisha Durham, born October 24, 1847, near Jacksonville, and died November 28, 1915, at White Plains, his last residence, a farmer and a merchant, m. (1) in 1874, Dollie Barron, of Jackson County, who bore one daughter, and (2) Sallie Glover, of Cherokee County, by whom he had seven children. Last residence: Piedmont.

MCCLELLAN, AURORA (PRYOR), club-woman, was born May 28, 1846, at Acacia Grove, Limestone County; daughter of Luke and Isabella Virginia (Harris) Pryor; granddaughter of Luke I. and his second wife Anne Batte (Lane) Pryor (q. v.); great-granddaughter of Luke Pryor of Dinwiddie County, Va. Through her ancestress, Anne (Bland) Pryor she is the direct descendant of Richard Bennett, colonial governor of Virginia, and William Randolph of Turks Island, Va. Mrs. McClellan was educated at the Tennessee conference female institute, and as amanuensis to her father in his legal practice acquired a knowledge of law which was later of much use to her state. She founded the Athens chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, and was its regent for four years and for two terms regent for Alabama and is honorary life regent of Alabama in that organization; member of the Athens chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy; vice-president of the National floral association; member of the Society of Colonial dames and of the order of Descendants of colonial governors of America. She is a member of the Christian church. Mrs. McClellan is particularly remembered for her work during her regency of the Alabama D. A. R., by marking historic places and primitive roads of the State. She also was responsible for the purchase of rugs, draperies, and first furniture contributed to the Alabama room in the Continental memorial hall at Washington. Through her efforts the golden rod was adopted by a number of organizations as the national flower of the United States, and the schools of Alabama as the State flower. Married: February 7, 1872, at Athens, to Robert Anderson McClellan (q. v.). Children: 1. Thomas Cowan (q. v.); 2.

Aurora Anderson, d. in infancy; 3. Memory, m. Robert Henry Walker, of Athens; 4. Son, died in infancy. Residence: Athens.

MCCLELLAN, ROBERT ANDERSON, lawyer, State senator, member of constitutional convention, 1875, was born December 24, 1843, in Lincoln County, Tenn., and died July 27, 1898, at Athens; son of Thomas Joyce and Martha Fleming (Beattie) McClellan, the former of whom was born July 2, 1811, in Rockingham County, N. C., migrated to Tennessee and thence to Alabama in 1844; brother of Thomas Nicholas McClellan (q. v.); grandson of William and Matilda (Joyce) McClellan of Rockingham County, N. C.; great-grandson of William and Hannah (Beavers) McClellan of Loudon County, Va., captain of cavalry during the Revolutionary War. Mr. McClellan was educated by private tutors and was at a preparatory school in Lincoln County, Tenn., at the outbreak of the war between the States when he enlisted in Co. C, Seventh Alabama cavalry regiment, C. S. Army, under Colonel J. C. Malone, and served for the duration of the war, being a lieutenant at the time of surrender. He read law in the office of Judge Wm. H. Walker at Athens; was admitted to the bar, November 10, 1868; elected to constitutional convention 1875, and in the same year elected to the State senate where he served one term. Although a Christian, Mr. McClellan had no church affiliation. He was a charter member of the Scotch-Irish society of America. Married: February 7, 1872, at Athens, to Aurora Pryor (q. v.). Children: 1. Thomas Cowan (q. v.); 2. Aurora Anderson, d. in infancy; 3. Memory, m. Robert Henry Walker, of Athens, one son, William McClellan Walker; 4. a son, died in infancy. Last residence: Athens.

MCCLELLAN, THOMAS COWAN, lawyer and associate justice Alabama supreme court, was born January 11, 1873, in Athens; son of Robert Anderson and Aurora (Pryor) McClellan (q. v.); grandson of Thomas J. and Margaret (Beattie) McClellan, and of Luke and Isabella Virginia (Harris) Pryor (q. v.). He received his early education in his native town, and was for two years a student at the University of Alabama, 1890-92, but did not graduate. He was mayor of Athens for ten years, and a trustee of the University of Alabama from 1899 to date. In 1906 he was elected an associate justice of the supreme court of Alabama, re-elected November 5, 1912, for six years, and again re-elected in 1918. Married: (1) December 20, 1894, at Athens, to Emily, daughter of Judge James E. and Emily (Donelson) Horton, of Athens, (2) to Sue Ruth Philips, of Pulaski, Tenn. Children: by the first marriage, a son, who died before reaching manhood; 2. Ruth. Residence: Athens.

MCCLELLAN, THOMAS NICHOLAS, chief justice of the supreme court of the State of Alabama, was born February 23, 1853, in Limestone County, and died in February, 1906; son of Thomas Joyce and Martha Fleming (Beattie) McClellan, the former a native of Lincoln County, Tenn., a Whig, member of the constitutional conventions of Alabama in 1861, and in

1865, and a member of the house of representatives from Limestone County in 1862, who had come to Limestone County in 1844, and died there in 1887; brother of Robert Anderson McClellan (q. v.); grandson of John and Joanna (Moore) Beattie, of the same county. His paternal ancestors are Scotch-Irish, emigrating from north Ireland, and his maternal ancestors came from England, both branches settling in Virginia. On both sides his ancestors were soldiers in the War of the Revolution. Judge McClellan was educated in the common schools, and at Oak Hill college, Tennessee. In June, 1872, he took his degree of LL. B. in the law department of Cumberland university, Lebanon, Tenn. He began the practice in September, 1872, at Athens, in co-partnership with his brother, Captain Robert A. McClellan. He was register in chancery of Limestone County, 1874-76; State senator, 1880-84; State attorney-general, 1884-89; associate justice supreme court, 1889-98; and was chief justice, from November, 1898, until his death. He was a Democrat, and was unmarried. Last residence: Montgomery.

McCLUNG, FRANCIS B., major, and later lieutenant colonel, 1st Confederate infantry battalion, C. S. Army.

McCLUNG, JAMES WHITE, lawyer and speaker of Alabama house of representatives, was born June 6, 1798, at Knoxville, Tenn., and died May 31, 1848, at Huntsville; son of Col. Charles and Margaret (White) McClung, the former born near Leaman place, Leacock township, Lancaster County, Pa., who removed to Knoxville which he surveyed, was first clerk of Knox County, U. S., commissioner to superintend running the Cherokee boundary line established by the Treaty of Holston, charter trustee Blount college, 1794, second lieutenant territorial cavalry of Hamilton District, 1795, delegate from Knox County to the first constitutional convention of Tennessee of 1796, and a member of the committee which drafted the instrument, died while in Harrodsburg, Ky., on a visit, and his remains in December, 1904, brought to Knoxville; grandson of Matthew and Martha (Cunningham) McClung, the former a Scotch-Irish immigrant from Ireland to Lancaster County, and of Gen. James and Mary (Lawson) White, of Knoxville, parents of Hon. Hugh Lawson White, the former a captain in the North Carolina militia, 1776-1781, a Revolutionary soldier, proprietor and founder of Knoxville, lieutenant colonel commandant of Knox County in its organization in 1792, chairman of the first court of that county, delegate to the convention that framed the constitution of Tennessee, state senator from Knox County and speaker of the senate 1797, 1801, 1803, 1805, commissioned brigadier general East Tennessee militia volunteers, and commanded a brigade in the Creek War, though then an old man; great-grandson of Moses and Mary (McConnell) White, and of Hugh Lawson, all probably of Rowan County, N. C., and great-great-grandson of Moses and Mary (Campbell) White, from Lancaster, Pa., to Rowan County, and of Scotch-Irish stock also. James White McClung attended Blount college at Knoxville, where he

had his early training and graduated at the University of North Carolina, A. B. 1816. He read law under James Hopkins, the most eminent lawyer at the Lancaster bar; was admitted to practice in 1819 in that place; and at once located in Huntsville, where he was "Commissioned" as a lawyer by the territorial governor. He entered the house of representatives from Madison County in 1822, served again in 1826; speaker of the sessions of 1835, 1837 and 1838; elected in 1842 and served as chairman of the judiciary committee; again returned in 1844, and made chairman of the committee on ways and means "on account of the critical state of the public debt." In 1845 he was elected to the senate for a four year term, and he headed the judiciary committee in both that and the session of 1847. He made the race for governor in 1841 on an independent ticket, but was defeated by Benjamin Fitzpatrick, the Democratic nominee. Of this campaign Miller, "Heads of the Alabama Legislature," 1842, says "He was beaten by a majority that perhaps taught him it was better to belong to one of the political parties, with avowed principles, than to stand on solitary ground, fighting for what others could not see or understand, however obvious his policy to himself." As a lawyer he stood at the head of the bar "his qualifications as a presiding officer were of the highest order," and in natural ability he was the peer of any of his contemporaries. Married: (1) April 29, 1823, to Sarah Elizabeth, daughter of Gov. David Brydie and Jane (Mills) Mitchell, of Savannah, and later of Milledgeville, Ga.; (2) in 1834, to Elizabeth F., daughter of Elliott and Sally (Littlepage) Spotswood, who lived near Huntsville; (3) June 26, 1839, at Fayetteville, Tenn., to Margaret E., daughter of Isaac and Matilda (Penn) Patrick. Children, by first marriage: 1. Charles, m. (1) Laura Bunch, no issue; (2) Alice Deaderick, of Knoxville; 2. Mary Ann, m. Pleasant Miller McClung, her first cousin, killed in battle at Knoxville, 1863; 3. David Brydie Mitchell, d. young; 4. Hugh Lawson White, m. Trophie Catherine Carlisle, of Aberdeen, Miss.; 5. Thomas Fearn, d. young; 6. Matthew, who upon being adopted by his mother's friend, Mrs. John Robinson, of Huntsville, changed his surname to Robinson by an act of the legislature, m. Eliza Snodgrass, of Cherokee County; by second marriage: 7. James White, m. (1) Bettie Heiskell, of Morganton, Tenn., (2) Sarah T. Balard, of Canton, Ark.; 8. Elliott Spotswood, m. Pattie Booth of Vicksburg, Miss.; by third marriage: 9. William Penn, m. Virginia Taul Anderson, residence Memphis; 10. Annie Parsons, m. Andrew Jackson White; 11. Frank Armstrong, m. Buell Drake and resided in Chattanooga; 12. Howard, d. in infancy; 13. Arthur Henderson, a lawyer, m. Mary Adelle Lee, of Pickens County. Last residence: Huntsville.

McCLURE, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 76, and a resident of Limestone County; private and sergeant N. C. Militia; enrolled on May 10, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$80.—*Revo-*

Intionary Pension Roll, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

MCCLUSKEY, JOHN DANIEL, lawyer and legislator, was born August 6, 1841, at Newburg, Franklin County, and died at Vernon, Lamar County; son of James and Amanda Fitz Allen (Chiles) McCluskey, the former a native of Londonderry, County Derry, Ireland, who migrated to Alabama, the latter a native of Virginia; grandson of Samuel and Fannie Chiles, of Bowling Green, Caroline County, Va., and of Bartholomew and Mary (McLeod) McCluskey, of Londonderry, Ireland; great-grandson of Henry Chiles, a soldier of the Revolution, who lost an arm while engaged in carrying dispatches from Washington to Lafayette. He attended the common schools of Lawrence and Franklin Counties, and the LaGrange college in North Alabama. He enlisted in the 38th Tennessee infantry regiment, C. S. Army; was wounded at battle of Perryville, later placed in command of a company of sharpshooters and assigned to Col. Jeff Forrest's command; later attached to 5th Alabama cavalry regiment; was captured at Selma, and carried to Macon where he was paroled. He was admitted to the bar in 1868, at Aberdeen, Miss.; practiced six years there and then removed to Vernon, where he resided until his death. He was at one time mayor of Vernon and was a representative from Lamar County in the legislature of 1892 and 1903. He was a Democrat; Baptist; and an Odd Fellow. Married: August 9, 1874, to Matilda Catherine, daughter of William and Leodice (Springfield) Kuykendall. Children: 1. Fannie Fitz, deceased, m. Charles V. Thompson; 2. Thommie Pocahontas, deceased, m. William Zach Huggins; 3. Johnnie Dave, now resides in Arkansas. Last residence: Vernon.

MCCOLLOM, J. W., deceased missionary to Japan.

MCCOLLUM, WILLIAM W., grand master, grand council, 1832-35; deputy grand high priest, grand chapter, Masons, 1835-86.

MCCONAUGHY, JAMES LACEY, coal operator, was born October 21, 1852, in Jefferson County; son of William and Harriet (Lacey) McConaughy, the former a native of Delaware who removed to Dallas County, about 1840 and later to Montevallo; grandson of Patrick and Mary (Hanson) McConaughy, natives of Ireland who came to Delaware in 1806, and of Joshua Lacey, a Kentuckian who settled in Jefferson County, pioneer period; great-grandson of Gen. Edward Lacey, one of the heroes of the American Revolution. Mr. McConaughy received a high school education; entered at an early age upon a business career; and has been for more than thirty years connected with the Montevallo coal mining company. He assisted in securing for Montevallo the location of the Alabama girls' technical institute. He is a Democrat; Presbyterian; and a Mason. Married: June 26, 1895, at Talladega, to Conradine, daughter of James and Lavinia (Smith) Skaggs, of that place. She was a graduate of

the University of Nashville, vice-president Alabama Federation of Women's Clubs, 1892-1893; and chairman of the scholarship committee Alabama girls' technical institute. Children: 1. Hazel; 2. James Lacey. Residence: Montevallo.

MCCONNELL, FELIX GRUNDY, lawyer, member of Congress, was born April 1, 1809, at Nashville, Tenn., and died September 10, 1846, in Washington, D. C.; son of Major John Perry and Martha Campbell (Kennedy) McConnell, natives respectively of Fayetteville, Tenn., and Augusta County, Va.; grandson of John and Martha (Campbell) McConnell; great-grandson of Robert and Esther (Edmiston) Kennedy; great-great-grandson of William and Martha (Campbell) Kennedy. He was educated in Tennessee and located in Talladega County, in 1834, and there read law and entered upon the practice. Possessed of a magnetic personality he quickly made friends and in 1838 was elected to represent his county in the lower house of Alabama legislature. The next year he was elected to the State senate and served four years. In 1843 he was elected to congress and two years later re-elected. He was a Democrat and a Methodist. Married: October 23, 1835, at Mardisville, to Elizabeth Jennings, daughter of William and Hannah (Ballinger) Hogan of that place; granddaughter of Richard and Sarah (Jennings) Ballinger; great-granddaughter of William Jennings, captain in the Revolutionary War. The mother of Captain Jennings was the niece of Benjamin Franklin. Children: 1. Kathleen, m. Gen. Charles M. Shelley (q. v.); William Kennedy (q. v.), m. Martha Ellen Smith; 3. Olivia, second wife of Gen. Shelley; 4. Felix Grundy. Last residence: Talladega.

MCCONNELL, JAMES, sen., *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 83, resided in Limestone County, June 1, 1840.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

MCCONNELL, WILLIAM KENNEDY, commandant Alabama university, tax collector and railroad agent, was born March 25, 1841, in Talladega County, and reared from the age of eight until of age by an uncle in Tennessee; son of Felix Grundy and Elizabeth (Jennings) McConnell (q. v.). He attended LaGrange college and, leaving there, joined Co. B, 16th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, as a private; soon afterwards made color-bearer, and later drillmaster of volunteers, promoted to lieutenant of engineers, transferred to 30th Alabama infantry regiment. He participated in the battles of Wild Cat, Mill Springs or Fishing Creek, Shiloh, Farmington, Corinth, Boonsville, Chattanooga, Munfordville, Perryville, Vicksburg, Chickasaw Bayou, Warrenton, Baker's Creek, Big Black River bridge, Lookout Mountain, Atlanta, Jonesboro, Dalton, Franklin and Nashville. He was placed in command of his company at the Baker's Creek fight by order of Gen. Stephen D. Lee, and at Jonesboro was made adjutant of Shelley's brigade. At the close of hostilities he returned home for a brief stay and then proceeded to Mexico where he remained for two years. Returning to Alabama, he located in Selma, but shortly

afterwards was appointed commandant of the State university. Later he was appointed tax collector for Dallas County, and held that office seven years. In August, 1884, he located in Talladega where he was employed as railroad and express agent. He is a Mason and Knight of Honor. Married: May 7, 1868, to Martha Ellen Smith, of Columbia, Tenn. Children: four in number. Residence: Talladega.

McCONNELL, W. S., retired business man. Residence: Birmingham.

McCONNICO, FRANK HAWTHORN, physician; graduate of the medical department of Tulane university, New Orleans, 1899; licensed to practice by the county board of Wilcox the same year. Residence: Montgomery.

McCONNICO, WILLIAM WASHINGTON, farmer, was born August 12, 1838, at Allenton, Wilcox County, and died January 19, 1918; son of Charles Timothy and Mary (Robinson) McConnico, the former a native of Sumter District, S. C., who resided at Claiborne, Monroe County, and later at Allenton; grandson of William Washington and Mary Ellis (Spann) McConnico, and of Dr. Allen and Sally (Hill) Robinson, of Allenton. The McConnico family is of Scotch origin. The first immigrant to America was William McConnico, who settled in Virginia, and his sons moved to South Carolina and to Tennessee. W. W. McConnico was given the educational advantages of the neighborhood schools; became a farmer; was justice of the peace for twenty years; was for one year in the First Alabama infantry regiment, and later a captain in Hannon's brigade of cavalry, serving from February 2, 1861, to May, 1865. He was a Democrat; an Episcopalian; and a Mason. Married: December 1, 1859, at Pine Apple, to Sarah Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Jefferson and Catherine (King) Hawthorn, of Belleville, Conecuh County; granddaughter of Joshua Hawthorn, a native of North Carolina, who emigrated to Alabama, and of John King, who came to Alabama from South Carolina. Mrs. McConnico died February 19, 1918. Children: 1. Mary Catherine, m. Dr. S. O. Jones, of Snow Hill; 2. Stonewall, who resides at Snow Hill, planter, sheriff of Wilcox County, 1896-1900; 3. Etta Hawthorn, Snow Hill; 4. Frank Hawthorn, physician, graduate of Tulane university, 1899, and now resides in Montgomery. Residence: Snow Hill.

McCORD, DAVID, grand treasurer, grand lodge, Masons, 1821-25.

McCORD, E. O., lawyer, editor, was born March 1, 1867, in Conyers, Ga.; son of William H. and Ellen G. (Davis) McCord. He received his early schooling in Rockdale County, Ga., and attended the North Georgia agricultural college for two years. He went to Alabama and taught school in Marshall County for several years, during which time he was instrumental in the founding of Blount college at Blountsville. He taught languages and science in Blount college in its initial year; was superintendent of the Attalla public school for

two years; moved to Albertville and founded the "Marshall County News"; studied law and edited that paper for two years; was admitted to the Madison County bar in 1889; and entered the practice of law four years later at Albertville. He is a steward in the Methodist Episcopal church, and superintendent of the Sunday school; is a Knight of Pythias and an Odd Fellow. Married: in March, 1890, to Rena B., daughter of Dr. F. N. and Pamela E. (Doyle) Hudson, of Blountsville. Children: 1. Minnie Lee; 2. Eric Oliver; 3. Frank Henry; 4. Roy Davis; 5. Winnie Ruth. Residence: Albertville.

McCORD, LEON CLARENCE, lawyer, was born June 21, 1876, at Conyers, Rockdale County, Ga.; son of William Henry and Ellen Grant (Davis) McCord, of Albertville, Marshall County, the former whose parents came from Ireland to Georgia, was major of the Nineteenth Georgia infantry regiment, serving through the War of Secession and was for a number of years one of the county commissioners of Marshall County. Mr. McCord was educated in the schools of Albertville, Attalla, and Blountsville, and was graduated from the law department of Vanderbilt university, Nashville, Tenn. He is a lawyer, having practiced at Scottsboro and Guntersville eight years before becoming secretary of the supreme court in 1903, which position he held for six years. He served as second lieutenant of Third Texas volunteers in the Spanish-American War; is at present battalion adjutant, Third infantry, Alabama national guard. From January, 1911, to January, 1915, he served as a member of the railroad commission. On the death of Judge W. W. Pearson, May 9, 1916, he was appointed to serve out the unexpired term for judge of the fifteenth judicial circuit. He is a Democrat, and has been on the state executive committee from the seventh congressional district for four years; is a Methodist; a Knight of Pythias; and an Elk, having been at the head of the charities committee for a number of years. Married: February 20, 1906, at Lynchburg, Va., to Bobbie, daughter of Willis Richard and Mary Frances (Sanderson) Tanner, of Lynchburg, Va., the former an officer in the C. S. Army; grand-niece of Governor Tanner of Virginia. Residence: Albertville.

McCORD, ROBERT A., major, 14th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

McCORKLE, ALEXANDER B., Presbyterian minister, was born October 15, 1806, near Lexington, Rockbridge County, Va., and died September 4, 1886, in Talladega; son of Alexander and Mildred (Welch) McCorkle, who lived near Lexington, in Rockbridge County, Va., the former of whom was born there, lived at that place all his life, was captain of a company of militia for many years, and was a magistrate; grandson of John and Rebecca (McNutt) McCorkle, who lived at the McCorkle homestead on North River, near Lexington, the former a soldier in the Revolution, who fought at the battle of King's Mountain, was wounded at the battle of Cowpens, and died on the retreat



GAYLORD B. CLARK

of Green's army to North Carolina, and was buried at Beattie's Ford, in Lincoln County, N. C., the latter who married Robert Glasgow after the death of her first husband, and was the ancestress of the Glasgow family of Rockbridge County and Richmond, Va. It is believed that John McCorkle came from Lancaster County, Pa., to Rockbridge County, Va., some years before the Revolution, bought a farm, and was married at that place. Mr. McCorkle was prepared for college in the common schools of the county, and was graduated from Washington College, Lexington, Va., 1827. He spent some months at Princeton theological seminary, but failing health compelled him to give up his studies for a time, and he returned to Rockbridge, later engaging in business with his brother, Samuel McCorkle, at Lynchburg, Va. He finished his theological course at Union seminary, Hampden Sidney, Va.; was licensed by the Lexington presbytery in 1835, and ordained in 1836. He was stated supply and evangelist for two years after his licensure in Rockingham County, Va.; was pastor of Savannah and Bethel churches, Augusta County, four years; labored as domestic missionary in Cherokee and Chattooga Counties, Ga., for four years; took charge of the church at Talladega in 1845, and served that church until failing health led to his resignation in 1871. He was instrumental in founding the Synodical college for women in Talladega in 1849, and was the first president of the board of trustees, doing valuable work in raising the original endowment. Married: November 2, 1842, at "Pleasant Green," Chattooga County, Ga., to Lucilla Agnes, daughter of Rev. James and Sarah (Ramsey) Gamble, who lived on Cowpasture River, in Augusta County, Va.; granddaughter of Dr. James Ramsey and of Rev. James Gamble, who received as a land grant from George III a large part of the section around Fort Defiance, Augusta County, Va. Children: 1. and 2. names unknown; 3. Alexander Gamble, b. December 27, 1845, in Talladega, d. October 27, 1881, at Wolf's Summit, W. Va., taught school until his death, m. Ida Chittfield; 4. Sallie Lyle, teacher, Talladega; 5. Rev. William Parsons, b. 1855 in Talladega, Presbyterian minister, author of "Christian Science a False Christ," served various charges in Synod of North Carolina, pastor of the First church, Savannah, Ga., six years, pastor of Anderson memorial church, Martinsville, Va.; 6. Mildred Welch, b. 1859, Talladega, d. September 8, 1890, near Summerville, Ga. Last residence: Talladega.

MCCORMACK, BENJAMIN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 89, and a resident of Perry County; private Georgia Militia; enrolled on September 17, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$90; sums received to date of publication of list, \$270.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

MCCORMACK, GEORGE BRYANT, coal operator and banker, was born April 4, 1859, at Plattin, Jefferson County, Mo.; son of Reed and Lucinda Catherine (Kindrick) McCormack,

the former judge of the County court of Jefferson County, a representative in the Missouri legislature two terms, a resident of Plattin and of Hematite, Mo., and later of Birmingham; grandson of Hardy and Elizabeth (Mitchell) McCormack of Plattin, and Patrick and Phoebe (Fuller) Kindrick of Lebanon, Va.; great-grandson of Peter P. McCormack, who came to America from Dublin, Ireland, as a soldier in the British Army under Lord John Rawlin, but who deserted to the American Army, with which he fought through the Revolutionary War. His great-great-grandfather married a Scotch woman and lived in or near Dublin. Mr. McCormack was educated in the public schools of Jefferson County and in Carleton institute, St. Francis County, Mo. He began his business career as a merchant's clerk in his native state; was a telegraph operator, and railroad agent in Arkansas; bookkeeper, stenographer, private secretary, coal mine superintendent, superintendent and later general manager of coal mines, blast furnaces, steel plants, iron ore mines, and quarries both in Tennessee and in Alabama. He later became a banker, and is now a merchant, banker, coal and iron ore operator and interested in an insurance company. He is a Democrat; has no church affiliations; and is a Mason. Married: August 20, 1881, to Leonora Augusta, daughter of Maurice Ludwig and Margaret (Johnson) Lichtenstadt, of Atlanta, Ga. Children: 1. Maurice Donnell, d. in infancy; 2. Carr, president Newcastle coal company, m. Mrs. Myrtle (Hickey) Phillips, Newcastle; 3. George Bryant, jr., owner and operator, Black Creek coal company, m. Hawsie Norvell, Birmingham; 4. Margaret, m. (1) Thomas Owen Gillespy, (2) William Lawrence, Montgomery; 5. Alfred Shook, d. in boyhood; 6. Harry Jones, owner and operator, Remlap cooperage company, m. Madge Blair; 7. Perry Reed, m. Kitty Sibley, Newcastle; 8. Katherine, unmarried. Residence: Birmingham.

MCCORMACK, JOS. R., *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 96, resided in Jackson County, June 1, 1840.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

MCCORMICK, GEORGE C., merchant, was born July 25, 1843, in Louisville, Barbour County; son of William and Anne (McKigney) McCormick, of Scotch and Irish descent respectively, the former a native of Richmond County, N. C., and who in 1835, at the age of eighteen, came to Barbour County, was in the Indian Wars, 1836; grandson of John McCormick, a native of Scotland, who came to the United States when a young man and located in North Carolina. Mr. McCormick was educated in the common schools of his native county. On April 4, 1861, he joined the "Louisville Blues," with which he saw service at Pensacola, and also a year's service in the army of Tennessee. Later he was a first lieutenant of Co. D, Hilliard's legion, and after reorganization, his company was in the 59th Alabama infantry regiment. He was so seriously wounded at the battle of Chickamauga that he was kept almost a year in a hospital. Upon recovery, he joined his regiment in the trenches of Petersburg, and served throughout the war. After

the war he located in Eufaula, became a successful business man; organized the McCormick-Kendall grocery company in 1890, of which he was president; and served as member of the city council of Eufaula. He is a Democrat; a Knight of Pythias; Knight of Honor; United Workman; and a Presbyterian. Married: February 17, 1867, to Catherine Love, daughter of Dr. George L. Allan. Children: 1. William Love, student at the University of Alabama, 1884, m. Henrietta Fontane Copeland, residence, Eufaula; 2. Annie, m. E. Y. Dent, of Eufaula; 3. George R. Residence: Eufaula.

MCCORMICK, JOHN H., 33rd degree Honorary Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite.

MCCORVEY, THOMAS CHALMERS, teacher and author, was born August 18, 1851, on his father's plantation in Monroe County; son of Judge Murdock and Lydia Jane (Ranaldson) McCorvey, the former a native of Robeson County, N. C., who removed to Monroe County with his parents in territorial days, was probate judge of that county, 1856-68, soldier in the Creek Indian War, 1836, teacher and planter; grandson of John Murphy and Barbara (McMillan) McCorvey, both natives of Scotland, who came to America as children with their parents about 1783, settled in Robeson County, N. C., later, 1817, removing to Monroe County, and of Drewry Allen and Mary (Singletary) Ranaldson, natives of Cumberland County, who removed to Monroe County, about 1816; great-grandson of Archibald and Mary (Allen) Ranaldson, the former a native of Scotland who emigrated to America after the battle of Culloden, settled in Cumberland County, N. C., where he married, the latter the daughter of a Cape Fear River planter and of the family of the North Carolina Revolutionary soldier, Drewry Allen. The Allen and Singletary families are of English descent. The Ranaldsons, or McRanaldsons, belong to the clan Ranald branch of the McDonald clan. The three closely connected families of Murphys, McCorveys, and McWilliamses came from Kintyre, Scotland, about 1783, and settled in Robeson County, N. C. Colonel McCorvey received his early education under the direction of his father and sisters and at Monroeville academy; attended Erskine college, S. C., 1870-71; entered the University of Alabama, 1871, Ph. B. 1873, LL. B. 1874, A. M. 1878, LL. D. 1906; commandant of cadets, University of Alabama, 1874-88; student history and economics, University of Chicago, 1898. He has been an officer and professor in the University of Alabama since graduation in 1873, having taught at different periods, military science, psychology, ethics, economics, history, and political science. He was appointed by President Cleveland in 1886, as a member of the board of visitors of the West Point military academy, and by Governor Kilby, in 1919, as a member of the Alabama centennial commission. He is a Democrat; baptized a Presbyterian but attends the Episcopal church; and was a member of the Knights of the White Camellia, in reconstruction days. Author: "The government of the people of the State of Alabama," 1895; "The masses and classes in

Southern politics," in vol. 4, Transactions of Alabama historical society; "Samuel Minturn Peck," in Library of Southern literature; and of numerous magazine and newspaper articles. Married: July 22, 1880, at Green Springs, to Netta Lucia, daughter of Henry and Julia (Ashe) Tutwiler (q. v.). Children: 1. Jean Campbell; 2. Gessner Tutwiler, m. Emily Cameron Gray, of Mobile; 3. Eleanor Parker, m. George Doherty Johnston, jr., University; 4. Thomas Chalmers, deceased. Residence: University.

MCCORVEY, WILLIAM GILBERT, judge and legislator, was born July 10, 1856, at Monroeville, Monroe County; son of Neal and Sarah Jane (Beard) McCorvey, the former a private in the Confederate Army; grandson of John and Barbara McCorvey, and of Neal Beard. He was taught by private tutors at Monroeville and studied law in the office of Thomas L. Sowell, Monroeville. He served as a member of the State legislature, 1893-94; was a county solicitor; register in chancery; and judge of the law and equity court of Monroe County from the date of its establishment until abolished. He served as second lieutenant in the Monroe County corps during its existence. He is a Democrat; Presbyterian; Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: June 28, 1893, at Scotland, Monroe County, to Elizabeth, daughter of William and Margaret (Du Bose) Nettles of that place. Children: 1. William G., jr.; 2. Joseph Finley. Residence: Monroeville.

MCCOSKLIN, —, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 78, resided in Sumter County, June 1, 1840.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

MCCOY, FRANKLIN J., major, 21st Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

MCCOY, HENRY R., major, 34th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

MCCOY, JAMES HENRY, Methodist Episcopal minister and bishop, was born August 6, 1868, in Blount County, and died March 22, 1919, in Birmingham; son of Dr. William Clark and Annie (Vaughn) McCoy, the former a native of Missouri, a courier under Gen. Stonewall Jackson, in the War of Secession, who came to Alabama after the war, married, entered the North Alabama conference, and at one time served as agent of Southern university. Bishop McCoy received the A. M. degree from Southern university, Greensboro. His first work was at Bessemer, where he went immediately after graduation. He was admitted on trial in the North Alabama conference, 1889, and his first appointment was Oakland Circuit; pastor, South Decatur, 1891; Dadeville and Alexander City, 1892-93; Wesley Chapel, Birmingham, 1894-95; Tuscaloosa, 1896-98; Huntsville, 1898-1901; editor, 1902-06, "Alabama Christian Advocate," at the same time preaching at Five Points, South Highlands, Birmingham, and helping organize the Highland Methodist church; president, Birmingham college, 1906-10. At the general conference in Asheville,

N. C., May 17, 1910, he was elected bishop, serving until his death. Married: (1) December 31, 1895, to Annie Bradley, of Birmingham, granddaughter of Rev. J. R. Gurley, one of the pioneer preachers of Alabama, (2) in 1917, to Mary Norman Moore (q. v.). Children: by first wife, 1. William Richard; 2. Margaret; 3. Jean; 4. James. Last residence: Birmingham.

MCCOY, MARY NORMAN (MOORE) teacher, was born August 6, 1874, at Huntsville; daughter of William Henry and Mary Prince (Poe) Moore, the former a native of Chapel Hill, N. C., who lived in Huntsville from 1824 until the date of his death, August 7, 1891, having moved from North Carolina with his parents when he was two years old, who was a lawyer, a planter, a colonel of militia in the C. S. Army, and judge of the city court; granddaughter of Edward and Jean (Tyson) Moore, who lived near Chapel Hill, N. C., the latter whose parents were Scotch Quakers, and of Washington and Selina Shirley (Norman) Poe, of Macon, Bibb County, Ga., who were of English and Irish descent, the former a lawyer, who was nominated and elected to the U. S. house of representatives and refused to serve, and who was, through his mother, Frances Winslow, connected with the Beverlys, Johnstons and Wyatts; great-granddaughter of Samuel and Letitia (Dalton) Moore, the latter an English gentlewoman; great-great-granddaughter of John Moore of Albemarle County, Va., an officer in the Virginia house of burgesses, who came from England about 1759, and is said to have married a daughter of Pierre Jouett of Revolutionary fame, and of William Norman, of the Third Virginia regiment, Capt. Lee's company, of Weeden's brigade. Her ancestors on both sides served in the Revolutionary War with the Continental troops. Miss Moore received her early education from her parents at home, and was graduated from Huntsville female college at the age of fifteen, with the degrees of Mistress of Literature and Mistress of Latin. She attended summer school at Harvard university; read law; and for six years was engaged in commercial life. She began teaching in Huntsville in 1892; and taught successively in the Hamburg high school, Arkansas, the Huntsville academy, the Huntsville public schools, and was elected president of Athens college, July, 1904. She is a Methodist; is president of the North Alabama woman's missionary society; a member of the general board of missions, Methodist Episcopal church, South; and has contributed to church periodicals. Married: in 1917, to Bishop James H. McCoy (q. v.). Residence: Athens.

MCCOY, THOMAS W., business man, was born about 1803, in Augusta, Ga. He moved to Alabama and became a merchant at Mobile, and was extensively connected with the business of insurance, and well acquainted with the principles and details of banking. He was elected to the State legislature in 1842, and was made a member of the joint examining committee on the State bank and branches. He

introduced a bill to better the currency of Alabama, by dividing a certain per cent of specie on the circulation and funding the balance of the bank issues, in State bonds bearing five per cent interest, and payable five years after issuance. "When a member inquired of Mr. McCoy for the purpose of embarrassing him, if he had not supported the measures which his correspondents placed at the bottom of the panic, he promptly replied that he had voted for the liquidation of all the branch banks, and he gloried in the act; to him it was the proudest reflection of his life; and when his children became old enough to read the journal of the house, it was his consolation that they would see his name recorded in favor of the wisest financial movement that had ever been made in the state. He thanked his God that he had lived to take part in the session; that it had seemed peculiarly fortunate to him, after declining so many previous solicitations to become a candidate, he had yielded at last, and now he was satisfied." For a number of years, Col. McCoy commanded the First Alabama regiment, an organization composed of volunteer companies; and upon the resignation of Maj.-Gen. Bates, of the Sixth division, he was elected his successor. He moved to Baltimore, Md., late in his life. He was a Whig. Married: Miss Poe, a daughter of George Poe, formerly cashier of the United States branch bank at Mobile. He had a daughter named Angusha. Last residence: Baltimore.

MCCOY, WILLIAM CLARKE, Methodist minister and Confederate courier, was born October 8, 1843, in Monroe County, Mo., and died August 14, 1891, at Decatur. He was educated in the common schools of his native state, and in 1836 the honorary degree of D. D. was conferred upon him by Emory college, Oxford, Ga. He entered the Confederate Army as a private in Quantrell's rangers, was later transferred to the Army of Northern Virginia; served under Stonewall Jackson and soon became one of the great general's trusted couriers. It was said of him: "shot and shell were never too thick for him to go to any part of the field of battle for his beloved general." He was captured May 12, 1864, and taken as a prisoner of war to Elmira, N. Y. At the close of the war he settled in Alabama. He was converted while in prison at Elmira, under the ministry of the Rev. Mr. Blount of Alabama, and in November, 1869, was licensed to preach. The following year he traveled Marshall circuit as a supply. In 1870 he was appointed to Sand Mountain mission, and in 1872 served the Coftown circuit. In the fall of that year he was ordained deacon and appointed to the Van Buren circuit which he served four years. He was ordained elder in 1874 and served the Jones Valley circuit for four years. He was appointed presiding elder of the Birmingham district in 1880 and remained in that responsible place four years. After serving the Decatur charge for a few months he was appointed financial agent of the Southern university, Greensboro, by Bishop McTyeire and in 1886 was elected editor of the "Alabama Christian Advocate" which latter position he filled for four years. In 1890 he was returned to the

Decatur district, and while there his useful life was brought to a close. In 1889 he was a delegate to the general conference and that body placed him on the board of missions. He was a Democrat and a Mason. Married: July 25, 1867, in Blount County, to Annie, daughter of Hiram Jackson and Maria Vaughn, of Summit. Children: 1. James Henry (q. v.); 2. Margaret, m. Jesse B. Wadsworth, Gadsden; 3. John Pierce, m. Elizabeth Cochran, Birmingham; 4. Annie, m. Rev. L. D. Patterson, Sungkiang, Ku, China; 5. Sallie, m. Rev. G. M. Davenport, Jonesboro. Last residence: Decatur.

MCCRARY, CLEOPAS RHETT, farmer and legislator, was born November 8, 1851, in Muscogee County, Ga.; son of Timothy Green and Elizabeth Ann (David) McCrary, the former a native of Georgia, was a soldier from that state in the Indian wars, and received a land grant near Columbus; grandson of Rev. Jacob and Margaret David, of Harris County, Ga. His paternal ancestors were of Irish descent, and the maternal ancestors of Welsh stock. He was educated in the common schools and at Bowdon college, Georgia. He has been a farmer in Lee County since 1885, and was a representative from that county in the legislature of 1903. He is a Democrat; and a Missionary Baptist. Married: January 4, 1877, to Mary Frances, daughter of Richard and Sarah (Williamson) McNeely, of Lee County. Children: 2 sons, both graduates of the Alabama polytechnic institute, Auburn. Residence: Opelika.

MCCRAVY, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 87, resided in Jackson County, June 1, 1840, with Thomas Coleman.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

MCCRAW, ABNER GARY, Baptist minister, was born June 4, 1803, in Newberry District, S. C., and died January 14, 1861, at Selma; son of Stephen and Ann (Gary) McCraw, of South Carolina. He was educated in the schools of Newberry District, S. C., and when fifteen, sent by his father to prepare a home for his family in the wilds of Alabama. He was elected colonel of militia when twenty-one years of age, 1825, and was active in politics. Ordained to the Baptist ministry in 1831, he served largely as an evangelist for ten years, filling charges at Oakmulgee, Montevallo, and Selma; was president of the Baptist State convention many years. He was a Mason. Married: (1) in 1821, in Perry County, to Mary, daughter of Joshua and Sarah Jones; (2) in 1850, at Marion, to Sarah Kingsbury. Children: 1. Teretha, m. William Hale, Benson, La.; 2. Melissa W., m. Dr. Gary; 3. Ann G., m. W. B. Benson; 4. Abner Rush; 5. Sarah F., m. Dr. J. E. Prestridge; 6. James Travis; 7. Mary Catherine; 8. Elizabeth Jane, m. James S. Cleveland, Biltmore, N. C.; 9. Stephen N., m. Eppie Reynolds; 10. Ella L., m. Thomas Carson; 11. Jephtha Everette; 12. Joshua George, m. Sallie McCraw. Last residence: Selma.

MCCRAW, B. B. chancellor, 1868.

MCCREARY, ADAM, pioneer settler, was born about 1772, in Barnwell District, S. C., and died in 1844, in Conecuh County. About 1818 he removed to Alabama, settling in Conecuh County in the thrifty little community of Old Town. He was an extensive planter. He left many descendants in Alabama and other States. Last residence: Conecuh County.

MCCREARY, JOHN A., physician, was born November 11, 1832, in Conecuh County, near Evergreen; son of John and Narcissa (Autrey) McCreary, of Conecuh County; grandson of Adam McCreary, who was born in South Carolina in 1768, and moved to Conecuh County in 1818, settling near what is known as Old Town, and of Alexander and Parthenia B. (Irvin) Autrey, the former, born of French and German parents in North Carolina, January 4, 1780, moved to Georgia in 1810, then to Monroe County, and settled in 1815 in Conecuh County, where Hampton Ridge now stands, and is said to have been the second white man to make a permanent settlement in Conecuh County. Dr. McCreary attended school at Evergreen, and when he was eighteen years old became employed as a clerk in the store of George Christian at Evergreen. He remained in that occupation for three years, then purchased and conducted a store for himself until 1855, when he began the study of medicine under Dr. Jordan, at Evergreen. He took a course of lectures in the Eclectic school of medicine, Cincinnati, O., and was graduated from the University of Louisiana, at New Orleans, 1860. He began the practice of medicine at Sparta, and continued his profession at that place until 1862, when he enlisted in Co. H, Second Alabama cavalry, C. S. Army, and served in that company until the close of the war, being for the greater part of the time on detail duty in Georgia, Alabama and Mississippi. After the war, he returned home, and entered a partnership with Dr. Taliaferro for a few months, continuing the practice of medicine in connection with the drug business until 1866, when he gave his interest entirely to that business. He was elected treasurer of Conecuh County in 1888, and was re-elected in 1892; and has served as mayor of Evergreen for several terms. He is a Democrat; a Baptist; an Odd Fellow; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: (1) in October, 1860, to Marcella Johnston, who died in 1870, daughter of Asa Johnston; (2) in 1871, to Elizabeth Ethridge, daughter of John W. Ethridge. Children, by first wife: 1. Earnest, druggist, Evergreen; 2. Edward J., merchant, Evergreen; 3. John A., jr., attorney, Bessemer; by second marriage: 4. Marcellus; 5. Willie A.; 6. Lizzie Estelle; 7. Mattie Lou. Residence: Evergreen, Conecuh County.

MCCREARY, JOSEPH HARVEY, planter, was born about 1820, near Brooklyn, Conecuh County, and died in 1864, at Belleville; son of Adam McCreary, jr., of Barnwell District, S. C., who removed to Conecuh County in 1818; grandson of Adam McCreary, of Ninety-six, S. C., who was a soldier in the Revolutionary Army, South Carolina line. He was educated in the schools of his community; engaged in

farming, and later was one of the founders of the town of Belleville. He acquired extensive holdings of land near that place, and erected a mill and engaged in trading and farming, to the day of his death. He was a Whig; and a Baptist. Married: in Conecuh County, to Almira Strange, whose parents also were pioneer settlers. Children: 1. Adam III, m. Miss Turk; 2. Joseph, m. Jane Crosby; 3. John, m. Sallie Stallworth; 4. Susan Jane, m. James Cunningham; 5. Almira; 6. Martha Frances, m. Robert Augustus Lee; 7. Robert James, m. Mary Stanley; 8. William, m. Mary Mervin; 9. Rubin Strange, m. Nannie Tomlinson; 10. Samuel Elijah, m. Mrs. Bilings. Last residence: Belleville.

MCCRORY, JAMES, *soldier of the American Revolution*. "James McCrory is buried in a cemetery at 'Old Bethany Church' (Primitive Baptist), near the town of Vienna in Pickens County. The following inscription is on his tomb:

In Memory of
JAMES MCCRORY.

Died Nov. 24th, 1840, aged 82 years,
6 mo. and 9 days.

Deceased was a soldier of the Revolution and was at the battles of Germantown, Brandywine and Guilford Courthouse, and was one of Washington's lifeguard at Valley Forge and served his country faithfully during the war. Peace to the soldier's dust.

"The following account is from the *Tuscaloosa Flag of the Union*, December, 1840:

"James McCrory was born May 15, 1758, at Larga, on the river Bann, in the county of Antrim, Ireland. He sailed from Belfast in 1775 when he was 17 years old and landed at Baltimore July 1st, in the same year. In 1776 he settled in Guilford County, N. C., and enlisted in the Continental army in the same year. He was at the battle of Brandywine, September 11, 1777, under General Washington at the battle of Germantown, and wintered at Valley Forge in 1777-78. Subsequently he fought under General Greene at Guilford Court House, March 15, 1781, was in the battle of Eutaw Springs, and in the battle of Stono. He was with General Gates at his defeat at Camden and with General Morgan in the glorious victory at the Cowpens. For courage, good service and meritorious conduct he was promoted to the rank of ensign in the Life Guard of General Washington, and while acting in this capacity, he was taken prisoner and confined on board a prison ship for six months. He came to Alabama while it was yet a territory, and made his home at Tuscaloosa for the last twenty-five years of his life. This true patriot died November 24, 1840, at the age of eighty-two."

"In a list of North Carolina Continental troops published in the *N. C. Historical and Genealogical Register*, p. 424, is the name of James McCrory, ensign in the Ninth regiment, under Col. John P. Williams, May 2, 1777. Thomas McCrory was a captain in the same regiment. The services of James McCrory are also stated in the proceedings of the 27th Congress, 2d Session, in the Senate, February 4th,

1842, report of the Committee on Revolutionary Claims: 'James McCrory was a sergeant in Capt. Cook's company of the 9th regiment, enlisted on the 15th day of April, 1776, for the term of three years; on the 2d day of May, 1777, he was promoted to the rank of ensign. In January 1778, the nine regiments which composed the line, being reduced to three, the supernumerary officers were sent home, of which he was one. He then joined the nine months' men and marched to the south and was at the battle of Stono, the 30th of June, 1779, and was at Gates' defeat in August, 1780, and was taken prisoner on the 24th of February, 1781, by Tarleton's dragoons and was kept prisoner four months at Wilmington and then paroled; and in November, 1782, he took prisoner Colonel Bryant, a British officer, and gave him up to a regular officer of the American army."

In spite of this array of gallant services the committee reported adversely because of a technicality.—Mrs. P. H. Mell in *Transactions of the Alabama Historical Society*, Vol. iv, pp. 554-556.

Other details of his service: Ensign 9th Regular N. C. Line; enrolled on June 13, 1829, under act of Congress of May 15, 1828, payment to date from March 3, 1826; annual allowance, \$240; sums received to date of publication of list, \$2,160; John McCrory, agent.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in Vol. xiv, Sen. Doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Pickens County, June 1, 1840, aged 82, with Robert McCrory.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

MCCRORY, JESSE D., farmer, was born August 11, 1866, near Butler Springs, Butler County; son of William M. and Mary Ella (Wagnon) McCrory, the former a South Carolinian, who served three years and six months in the C. S. Army, was captured at Mobile and held prisoner on Ship Island three months, guarded by negro soldiers, and after the war, located at Stallings; grandson of Thomas McCrory, and of William C. and Jane Wagnon, the former a Confederate soldier. Mr. McCrory was educated in the common county schools; is engaged in farming and milling; was elected to the State legislature from Conecuh County, 1907; and has served as agent of the Mutual life insurance company of New York. He is a Democrat; a Baptist; and a Mason. Married: October 28, 1886, near Bowles, to Fannie D., daughter of George and Lucindie Kyser, the former a native of South Carolina, who served in the Indian War of 1836, and in the C. S. Army. Residence: Bowles, Conecuh County.

MCCROSSIN, WILLIAM PATRICK, lawyer, was born March 21, 1861, at Philadelphia, Pa.; son of Patrick William and Sarah (Quigley) McCrossin, the former was born at Silver Hill, town of Strabane, County Tyrone, Ireland, whence he emigrated to Philadelphia, thence to Bedford County, Va., and later to Birmingham; grandson of Edward McCrossin, and of James and Bridget (Gallagher) Quigley, of Philadelphia. Judge McCrossin received his

early education in the public schools of Philadelphia, and at "Wolf Hill," Bedford County, and graduated at La Salle college, Philadelphia, B. S., June 20, 1878. He first entered the coal business with his father, but in May, 1887, located in Birmingham, where he engaged in contracting and building with his brother, Edward J. McCrossin, until 1891. In that year he read law under Judge A. A. Coleman in Birmingham, was admitted to the bar March, 1892; was elected recorder of Birmingham, 1893, and reelected 1894 without opposition; in 1911 was appointed by Gov. Emmet O'Neal associate judge, and in 1912 senior judge of the criminal court of Jefferson County. He is a Democrat; a Roman Catholic; an Elk, a Knight of Columbus; and a Beaver. Married: March 9, 1886, in Philadelphia, to Helen Theresa, daughter of William and Theresa (Tierney) Delany, of that city. Children: 1. Edward Francis, graduate of Ohio State university, M. E., 1909; 2. William P., jr., University of Alabama, B. S., 1911, and later a student of Tulane university. Residence: Birmingham.

MCCULLOUGH, AUGUSTUS W., clerk U. S. circuit court, was born September, 1836, in Lancaster County, Pa., and died April 15, 1898, in Huntsville; son of James and Sarah (Garvin) McCullough, the former an Irish immigrant who at fourteen years of age settled in Lancaster County. He received a good education, graduated from the Millersville normal school and taught for a number of years. In 1865, he came to Alabama as agent of the Freedman's aid society of Philadelphia, organizing and superintending the schools of Huntsville. From 1868 to 1872 appointed by the State authorities, superintendent of public schools for Madison County. In 1874 he was made clerk of the U. S. circuit court by Judge Woods; 1875 clerk of the U. S. district court by Judge John Bruce. He was delegate to the Chicago Republican convention which nominated Garfield for president of the U. S., although he voted thirty-six times for Grant. He was also a delegate to the convention which nominated Blaine; chairman of the Republican central committee of Madison County, chairman of congressional committee and member of the State committee; an Odd Fellow; Knight of Pythias; United Workman and Forester. Married: (1) July 18, 1864, to Mary A. Zell of Pennsylvania who died leaving one child, Mrs. H. P. McEntire, of Huntsville; (2) September 24, 1865, in Philadelphia, to Mrs. Laura B. Jones, no children. Last residence: Huntsville.

MCCUNE, J. H., business man, was born in 1841, in Pennsylvania; son of J. B. and Mary (Wilson) McCune, natives of Pennsylvania. He was reared upon his father's farm in Pennsylvania, and received a good education. He enlisted in Co. A, Ninth Pennsylvania reserves, U. S. Army, in 1861, and served as a private for three years during the War of Secession. He fought at Drainsville, first and second Fredericksburg, and second Manassas, where he was taken prisoner, and subsequently at Gettysburg. After the war, he was occupied

for several years as a carpenter in the coal works of Allegheny and the Eliza Furnaces of Pittsburgh. Later he was engaged at various places, superintending blast furnaces, contracting to build, and managing manufacturing enterprises in Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia, the greater part of the time the manager of the Riverside furnace and the Wheeling iron and nail works furnace, of Wheeling, W. Va. He came to Alabama in 1882, and built the Woodward furnace at Wheeling, where he remained for more than two years. He moved to Birmingham and conducted the Sloss furnace for a short time; was associated with Robert Roberts in manufacturing sheet-iron work and boilers; was placed in charge of the Henryellen coal mines; erected the second furnace for the Woodward company, and was made superintendent, resigning after one year's service; and from that time on devoted his attention to building furnaces in Birmingham. He is a Presbyterian and a Mason. Married: November 28, 1866, to Maggie J. Douglass. Children: 1. Hazle. Residence: Birmingham.

MCCURDY, WILLIAM DIXON, planter, was born March 25, 1836, near LaGrange, Ga.; son of Edward Sellers and Mary Jane (Harris) McCurdy, the former a North Carolinian, who lived in Virginia, North Carolina, Georgia and about 1838, moved from Troup County, Ga., to Alabama, settling as a planter at Oakbowery; grandson of Edmund Harris, and his wife, formerly a Miss Hall, who lived at LaGrange, Ga., and had large planting interests in Chambers County. He was prepared in the common schools of Oakbowery, and was graduated from Emory college, Georgia, B. A., 1856. He has been a teacher, a railroad contractor, a miner, a hotel owner and a planter, and after 1861 was continuously engaged in the latter occupation at Lowndesboro. He was elected to the State senate at one time; represented Lowndes County in the State legislature to fill the unexpired term of Jesse Coleman, 1909-1911; and was re-elected to the legislature in 1911. He is a Democrat; a Methodist, and a member of the Phi Gamma Society at Emory college. Married: July 12, 1859, at Lowndesboro, to Cornelia Harper, daughter of Nathaniel Reese, a pioneer of that section of Lowndes County; granddaughter of Maj. Lewis Tyrus, a pioneer of Autauga County. Children: 1. Reese, deceased; 2. Claudia, m. William C. Cochran; 3. Alice, m. Robert W. Smith; 4. Edward Harris. Residence: Lowndesboro.

MCCUTCHEN, JOHN, soldier of the American Revolution, aged 78, and a resident of Jackson County; private N. C. Militia; enrolled on January 2, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$80.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. The following account is from the *Southern Advocate*, Huntsville, Jan. 27, 1835.

"JACKSON COUNTY, ALA., JAN. 19, 1835.

"It is our unhappy lot to announce that another Revolutionary Hero has gone! Col.



EDMUND R. McDAVID

John McCutchen, who, in 'the times that tried men's souls,' stood boldly forth in defense of the liberty and independence of his country, bidding defiance not only to oppression, but confronting the armed myrmidons of the Tyrant, was on the 17th (inst.) in the eightieth year of his age, summoned to 'another and a better world.'

"He engaged early in the Revolutionary conflict, was at the defense of Fort Moultrie, the battle at Eutaw Springs, and with a true patriotic zeal participated in all the perils and distress that so peculiarly characterized the unfeeling warfare, then waged throughout the Carolinas; nor did he retire until he had the satisfaction of beholding the independence of his country, for which he had so long and ardently struggled, permanently secured.

"Having devoted his youth to the service of his country in the field, in the maturity of manhood he engaged with those fearless and enterprising pioneers, who emigrating to the West, embarked in the arduous undertaking of reclaiming the fertile valley of the Tennessee from its then savage wilderness, and preparing it for the enjoyment of all the arts, luxuries and refinements of social life.

"He has ever been noted as a man of uncommon intellectual endowments—for the last forty years has been a professor of christianity of the Baptist order, and been esteemed by all as a worthy example and an honor to his profession. Thus ripe in years and rich in the consciousness of having at two different periods of his life, rendered important services to his country, and in the consoling hopes of a glorious immortality, the *veteran* has departed, leaving his relatives and numerous friends to mourn his loss.

"On Monday the 19th inst., as the citizens of this vicinity had convened to pay the last honors to the deceased, on motion of Maj. John B. Stevens, they constituted themselves into a meeting, for the purpose of making a public manifestation of their grief, to acknowledge the services, and express the high regard they have ever entertained for the principles of their departed friend. Col. *James Smith* was called to the chair and Maj. *John B. Stevens* appointed secretary—when the following resolutions were unanimously adopted, viz:

"*Resolved*, That, under a deep sense of the gratitude we owe to those sages and heroes who achieved our independence, we deem it a duty incumbent upon us, their sons, with a filial piety to pay every tribute of respect to their virtues and their valor, as the only remuneration in our power, for the manifold rights and privileges that we now enjoy.

"*Resolved*, That in the death of Col. *John McCutchen*, we have to lament the loss of one of that band of *aged warriors*, whose presence never fails to enliven our zeal in the cause of liberty and to remind us what it cost—that in him we have lost a firm patriot, a worthy citizen, a pious christian and an esteemed friend. And while we respectfully acknowledge his public services, stern integrity and private worth, we deeply sympathize with his *widow* and other members of his family in their bereavement.

"*Resolved*, That the above resolutions be signed by the Chairman and Secretary, and transmitted to the Democrat and Southern Advocate for publication.

"*JAMES SMITH, Chairman.*"

"*JOHN B. STEVENS, Secretary.*"

MCDANIEL, EDWARD DAVIES, physician and teacher, was born July 7, 1822, at the country home of his parents in Chester District, S. C., and died June 27, 1898, at Denver, Col., while on a tour in the west; son of William and Jane (Strong) McDaniel, a teacher and surveyor of Chester, S. C.; grandson of Edward and Elizabeth (McCaw) McDaniel, also of Chester District, a Revolutionary soldier. The founder of the American branch of the family was a native of the Isle of Jersey, who settled in Pennsylvania prior to the Revolution, and his descendants migrated southward. Dr. McDaniel received his elementary education in the schools of his native district; acquired a knowledge of bookkeeping; entered a mercantile life as a financial stepping stone; and later graduated from Erskine college, Due West, S. C., A. B., 1844. He removed to Dallas County in 1845, where he devoted himself to teaching. He studied medicine for one year under Dr. John Douglass of Chester, and read medicine alone for ten years before entering the medical college of South Carolina from which he graduated in 1857. Immediately upon completing his professional studies, he located in Camden, Wilcox County. In 1849 he was selected to superintend the manufacture of suitable telescopes for the astronomical observatory of Erskine college, S. C., and while attending to this duty he visited various institutions of learning. In 1854 he received the degree of M. A. from the University of Alabama, in recognition of his having sent the best prepared students to that institution. He was a member of the Wilcox County medical society; was its vice-president for many years; was for one year vice-president Medical association of Alabama, and president in 1876. In 1877 he received the honorary degree of LL. D. from the University of Alabama. During 1873-74 he occupied the chairs of chemistry, physiology and geology in the Wilcox female institute. He was employed during the War of Secession in various services for the Confederate government, as physician to the poor, and to the smallpox hospital in Camden, and as examining surgeon. He was a member of the Camden town council; served as president of the Wilcox agricultural and mechanical association; was for ten years professor of materia medica, therapeutics and chemical medicine in the medical college of Alabama at Mobile; and was emeritus professor of that institution at the time of his death. He was one of the vice-presidents of the first Pan-American medical congress held in Washington, D. C., in 1893; was for many years a member of the American medical association, and it was while attending its annual meeting at Denver in 1898, that he contracted the illness from which he died. He was interred at Camden. Author: "Irritation of the urinary organs, produced by santonica and santonine;"

"Hemorrhagic malarial fever in Alabama;" "Warm cerebrospinal bath in congenital apnoea;" and "New method of artificial respiration," known as McDaniel's method. He was a Democrat; and a Presbyterian. Married: May 12, 1858, in her father's home in Dallas County, to Matilda Blair, daughter of John and Lucy (Crenshaw) Tabb; granddaughter of Edward L. and Elizabeth B. Tabb, and of David and Elizabeth Crenshaw. Both the Tabb and Crenshaw families were natives of Mecklenburg County, Va., and both were connected with the Spottswood, Beverly, Burwell, Curtis, and other families of Virginia. Children: 1. Infant son; 2. Cornelia Ellen; 3. Mary Agnes; 4. Edward Leroy, m. Ida Sabra McDavid, Milton, Fla.; principal Santa Rosa academy, 1891-92, superintendent public instruction, Santa Rosa County, Fla., superintendent schools, died July 28, 1916; 5. Lucy Jane, m. David Jere Spiva, Camden; 6. John Beverly, m. Rosa Tait, Camden; 7. Kate, resides at Grantwood, N. J.; 8. James Moffatt, physician; 9. Matilda Tabb, m. Benjamin Merryman Cross, of Atlanta, Ga. Last residence: Camden.

McDAVID, EDMUND RICHARDSON, business man and secretary of State, was born February 2, 1870, at Huntsville; son of John Jackson and Mary Jane (Patton) McDavid, and brother of Robert Patton McDavid (q. v.). His early education was received in private schools, and from a tutor; attended the Florence State normal school, and Bingham school, Asheville, N. C., one year each; and at the University of Alabama, 1886-87. He became an employee of the Alabama national bank in 1887; later engaged in the insurance business; removed to New Orleans, La., in 1894, where he was cashier for the Standard oil co.; three years later transferred to Charleston, S. C., and after one year's residence there resigned his position to again engage in the insurance business in Birmingham; was secretary of the Southern mutual fire insurance company, and of the Birmingham underwriters' agency, which positions he held until in April, 1900, when he was appointed secretary of State by Gov. Wm. D. Jelks to fill the unexpired term of J. Thomas Heflin, who had been elected as representative in congress. Upon the expiration of his term of office in 1907 he returned to Birmingham where he engaged in the real estate and insurance business. He is a Democrat; and an Episcopalian. Married: June 30, 1891, at Birmingham, to Mittie (q. v.), daughter of Rose W. and Sarah E. (Smith) Owen (q. v.); granddaughter of Dr. Joseph R. and Margaret (Jordan) Smith (q. v.). Children: 1. Rose Owen, m. Lonnie R. Munger; residence, Birmingham; 2. Edmund Richardson, jr.; 3. John Jackson, jr.; 4. Mitylene Owen. Residence: Birmingham.

McDAVID, MITTIE ROSE (OWEN), author, was born in Birmingham; daughter of Rose Wellington and Sarah Emma (Smith) Owen (q. v.), the former who was the founder of the Birmingham Southern college at Owenton, Birmingham, and the latter who was the daughter of Dr. Joseph Riley Smith (q. v.), who was a pioneer and capitalist of Birmingham, and who

was the first white child born in Jefferson County; and a descendant of the Roses, Flemmings, Bollings, Scotts, Harrises, Owens, and Jordans of Virginia. Mrs. McDavid received her education at the Tuscaloosa Episcopal school and the Huntsville college, from which latter school she was graduated in English, French, and dramatic art. She is president of the Birmingham Writer's Club, a member of the National genealogical society of America, a member of the D. A. R., U. D. C., and is eligible to membership in the Daughters of the Crown and the Colonial Dames. She is also a member of the Episcopal church of the Advent, Birmingham. Author: "Princess Pocahontas"; "Children of the Meadows"; also short stories, poems, and genealogical and special feature work. Married: June 30, 1891, at Birmingham to Edmund Richardson McDavid (q. v.), son of Col. John J. McDavid; grandson of Gov. Robert M. Patton (q. v.). Her husband served his state both as state insurance commissioner and as secretary of state. Children: 1. Rose Owen, m. L. P. Munger; 2. Edmund R., jr.; 3. John Jackson; 4. Mitylene Jordan. Residence: Birmingham.

McDAVID, ROBERT PATTON, business man and secretary of State, was born April 16, 1867, at Huntsville, and died August 20, 1915; son of John Jackson and Mary J. (Patton) McDavid who lived at Huntsville and at Florence; grandson of Gov. Robert M. and Jane L. (Braham) Patton (q. v.), and of John and Nancy (Clayton) McDavid, who came to Madison County in its early years, the latter's ancestors being natives of Ireland; great-grandson of Gen. John Braham, (q. v.), and of Wm. and Nancy (Duroh) McDavid of Scotch ancestry who came from Ireland to South Carolina in 1785. Mr. McDavid received his first instruction in private schools in Huntsville, attended the Florence State normal college; and later entered the University of Alabama from which he graduated, A. B., 1885. He located in Birmingham, and engaged in newspaper work; was first a reporter on the "Evening Chronicle;" later took a position on the staff of the "Age-Herald," and rose from police reporter through the successive stages to the position of managing editor. In the mean time he was interested in the real-estate business. In 1894 he removed to Montgomery where he became correspondent for a chain of seventeen non-resident newspapers, through which he rendered incalculable service in presenting to the world the resources of Alabama. He was a clerk in the house of representatives during the 1894, 1896 and 1898 sessions of the legislature. In 1898 he was elected secretary of State, and re-elected in 1900, serving four years. In 1896 he was an alderman of Highland Park, then a suburb of Montgomery. He was aide de camp on the staff of Gov. Wm. J. Samford, with the rank of lieutenant colonel, and later upon the staff of Gov. Wm. D. Jelks. He was a trustee of the Troy normal school. He returned to Birmingham upon the conclusion of his second term of office and engaged in the real estate and insurance business. He was a Democrat; and a Methodist. Married: December 23, 1890, in Birmingham, to Virginia

Irene, daughter of Dr. Joseph R. Smith. Children: 1. Robert Patton, Jr.; 2. Mary Virginia; 3. Joseph R.; 4. Charles Jordan; 5. Ned R. Last residence: Birmingham.

MCDARMON, THOMAS, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 82, and a resident of Jackson County; private S. C. Militia; enrolled on January 17, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$34.44; sums received to date of publication of list, \$103.32.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

MCDERMERT, JOS., *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 83, resided in Blount County, June 1, 1840, with John Cook.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

MCDONALD, ALEXANDER ADDISON, lawyer and legislator, was born in 1852, near Carthage, Moore County, N. C.; son of John and Nancy (St. Clair) McDonald; grandson of Peter and Margaret St. Clair, all of Moore County. He was educated in the common schools. In 1876 he came to Barbour County; studied law at Clayton; was admitted to the practice in 1884; and for many years has been engaged at Louisville. He was a member of the legislature from Barbour County, 1892-93, and again in 1903. He is a Democrat; and a Presbyterian. Married: February 5, 1888, at Louisville, to Mamie B., daughter of S. J. and Mary P. Cumming of that place. Residence: Louisville.

MCDONALD, H. C., educator, principal of the Macon County high school. Residence: Notasulga.

MCDONALD, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 81, resided in Jefferson County, June 1, 1840, with Launcelot Armstrong.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

MCDONALD, STEPHEN EMERY, mechanic and legislator, was born December 27, 1862, at Green Hill, Lauderdale County; son of Joseph Emery and Genie (English) McDonald, the former a native of Wartrace, Bedford County, Tenn., moving in 1834 to Green Hill, where he was a teacher and Baptist; grandson of John and Margaret (Emery) McDonald. He was educated in the public and high schools of Green Hill; is a general mechanic and primitive Baptist minister, being ordained in 1890. He was one of the representatives in the legislature of 1919, from Lauderdale County. He is a Democrat; and Knight of Honor. Married: December 17, 1905, at Florence, to Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas and Bettie (Brent) Hall, of that place. Children: several, all deceased. Residence: Florence.

MCDONALD, THOMAS CARSON, business man, was born November 2, 1854, at Greensboro; son of William Jackson and Cynthia Ann (Madison) McDonald, the former who served in the C. S. Army, first at Fort Morgan, and later in the army of northern Virginia,

who lived at Greensboro until 1871, when he moved to Birmingham; grandson of William Jackson and Betsy (Perkins) McDonald, of Greensboro, the former who was brought when a child by his parents from Edinburgh, Scotland, to Virginia, and moved to St. Stephens in 1812, and of Peyton and Hannah (Webster) Madison, of Greensboro, the former who came from England to Nova Scotia, thence to Virginia, where he was married, and after the close of the Creek War in 1813, moved to Alabama, settling in Greene County. Mr. McDonald attended the common schools of Greensboro; went with his parents to Birmingham in 1871; moved to Tuscaloosa in 1878; and in 1885 returned to Birmingham, where he made investments in real estate. He served for sixteen years on the Birmingham police force, during the latter eight years of that time as chief; and was a member of the house of representatives from Jefferson County in 1911. He is proprietor of the White Swan Laundry of Birmingham; is a Democrat; a Baptist; a Red Man; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: January 20, 1881, in Sumter County, to Annie Brackett Isbell, daughter of James B. and Elizabeth Ann (Branch) Isbell, of Sumter County. Children: 1. T. C., deceased; 2. Kenneth Madison; 3. Aleta Brackett. Residence: Birmingham.

MCDONELL, JAMES, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 82, resided in Lawrence County, June 1, 1840.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148. Resided also in Pickens County.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile.

MCDONNELL, HENRY, physician, was born May 18, 1848, near Huntsville, Madison County; son of Archibald and Mary Sophia (Jones) McDonnell, who lived at Huntsville, the former a graduate of the University of Alabama, a planter, who died October 1, 1892; grandson of Archibald and Betty (Dinsmore) McDonnell. He obtained his early schooling at Huntsville, attended medical lectures at the University of Virginia, and was graduated from the University of Louisiana, 1870. He formed a partnership with his uncle, Dr. A. H. Jones, in Lauderdale County, where he remained for a year; moved to Madison County in 1787; and in the fall of that year, moved to Huntsville, where he has since resided and practiced medicine. He is a member of the Madison County Medical Society, and of the State Medical Association; and is a steward in the Methodist Episcopal church, South. Married: in 1878, to Ada Fennell, daughter of I. Fennell of Huntsville. Children: 1. Isham Fennell, dealer in electrical supplies and fixtures in 1899 at Birmingham; 2. Beulah May; 3. Lizzie; 4. Henry. Residence: Huntsville.

MCDUGALL, ELI DANIEL, Presbyterian minister, was born September 17, 1867, at Dundee, Fond du Lac, Wis.; son of Daniel William and Ruth Priscilla (Kraggs) of Argyleshire, Scotland; grandson of Richard Kraggs, an Englishman, who emigrated to Wisconsin. Following his high school training in Sheboygan Falls, Wis., he was graduated from the South-

western Presbyterian university, Clarksville, Tenn., with the degree of A. B. and B. D., later receiving the honorary degree of D. D. He was ordained to the ministry by presbytery of Cherokee synod, Ga., and has served pastorates at Capersville, and at Thomasville, Ga., and at Florence. He was a member of the committee on foreign missions of the Presbyterian general assembly. He was chaplain of the Third regiment, A. N. G., seven years with rank of captain, and was on the staff of Gov. Emmet O'Neal, with the rank of colonel. He was president of the Presbyterian college for men at Anniston, 1911 to 1917. Married: at Thomasville, Ga., to Anna Hall, daughter of Judge Arthur and Julia (Merritt) Patten, of Thomasville, whose ancestry on both sides came to America in Colonial days, and settled in Massachusetts and Pennsylvania, but very soon thereafter removed to Carolina and to Georgia. Residence: Franklin, Tenn.

MCDOW, ALEXANDER, planter, was born April 10, 1823; and died February 5, 1891, at Victoria, Tex.; son of Captain William Loftin and Jane (Ramsay) McDow. He was educated in the common schools and spent, 1843-44, at the University of Alabama. He served as first lieutenant Co. I, 16th Texas infantry regiment, C. S. Army, 1862, and was captain from 1863-65. He was a planter and spent the latter years of his life at Victoria, Tex. Married: (1) September 8, 1845, to Adaline Fleming, of Sumter County; (2) June, 1864, to Mrs. Harriet Posey, of LaGrange, Ga. Last residence: Victoria, Tex.

MCDOW, JOHN RAMSAY, physician, was born April 15, 1829, and died in the military service of the C. S. Army at Harrisonburg, La., February 15, 1864; son of Captain William Loftin and Jane (Ramsay) McDow. He was educated in the common schools; graduated with the degree of A. B. at the University of Alabama, 1852, and M. D. at Jefferson medical college, Philadelphia, Pa.; also took a course in medicine at the University of Louisiana. During the War of Secession he was a member of the Eighth Texas Cavalry, and later became assistant surgeon of the Polignac brigade, C. S. Army. Last residence: Sumterville.

MCDOW, WILLIAM LOFTEN, planter, was born October 15, 1794, in Pendleton District, S. C., and died March 30, 1870, in Sumter County; son of Arthur and Margaret (Loften) McDow, the former a soldier of the Revolution, the birth place of the former being unknown by descendants, emigrated from Pennsylvania to South Carolina, and died near Clinton, Greene County, 1839, the latter a native of Ireland; grandson of Sarah (Neil) Loftin, of Pendleton District, S. C. Mr. McDow was a planter and served Sumter County in many public capacities, among them as member of the board of education, county commissioner, drill master of the home guards, and road master. At the age of fourteen he served in the Creek Indian Wars under Gen. Andrew Jackson. He was a Democrat and a Presbyterian. Married: July 29, 1819, in Pendleton District, S. C., to

Jane, daughter of Alexander and Mary (Egger) Ramsay, who emigrated early in the century from South Carolina to Tuscaloosa, riding horseback to their new wilderness cabin, the former was a soldier of the Revolution, a native of South Carolina. His mother Jane Hervey, was a native of Ireland. Mary Eggers mother's maiden name was Elizabeth Orr, and she too was born in Ireland. Children: 1. Mary, m. Andrew Lindsey Neville; 2. Alexander, captain Co. I, 16th Texas infantry, C. S. Army, student at the University of Alabama, m. Mary Adeline Fleming; 3. Jane Ramsay, m. (1) Robert Fleming, (2) William F. Fulton; 4. Arthur, m. Sarah Edwards; 5. John Ramsay, alumnus of University of Alabama, graduated in medicine in Philadelphia, surgeon in the General Polignac command, C. S. Army, died of pneumonia, February 15, 1864, at Harrisonburg, La., and there buried; 6. William Loftin, m. Martha C. Moore. Last residence: Sumter County.

MCDOWELL, CHARLES SAMUEL, jr., lawyer, was born October 17, 1871, at Eufaula; son of Charles Samuel and Margaret (McKay) McDowell, the former lived in Greenville, Tenn., until after the War of Secession, when he removed to Eufaula; enlisting at the age of sixteen in Lynch's Battery, with which he served until the end of the war; and is now postmaster at Eufaula; grandson of James Patton and Elizabeth (Burkhardt) McDowell and of Archibald and Catherine McKay, all of Eufaula. Mr. McDowell was educated in the private schools of Eufaula taught by Professors J. D. S. Bell, W. H. Patterson and T. A. Craven; later attended the University of Alabama, 1888-89. While probate clerk of Barbour County, 1895-97, he read law, and was admitted to the bar, May 12, 1896; practiced alone until March, 1912, when he formed a partnership with Judge Perry Thomas of Eufaula. From 1897-1906, he was superintendent of education of Barbour County; 1908-12, mayor of Eufaula; member of the board of trustees of the Alabama normal schools, 1911-17, and is now a member of the board of trustees Alabama polytechnic institute; was captain of Company G, "Eufaula Rifles," Second Infantry, A. N. G., 1899; and lieutenant colonel on the staff of Governors Samford and Jelks. He was chairman of Democratic executive committee, Barbour County, 1898; member State executive committee, 1898-1900; delegate from the 3rd Alabama district to the Democratic national convention at Baltimore, 1912; president of the Alabama bar association 1915-16; and State senator, 1919-20. He is a Presbyterian; a Mason; Knight of Pythias; Red Man; Woodman of the World; and a member of the Delta Kappa Epsilon college fraternity. Married: October 15, 1902, at Eufaula, to Caroline, youngest daughter of Captain Stanley Hubert, sr. and Anna Beall (Young) Dent (q. v.). Children: 1. Annie Dent, deceased; 2. Caroline Joy. Residence: Eufaula.

MCDOWELL, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 76, and a resident of Morgan County; private Maryland Continental

Line; enrolled on April 18, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$36.66; sums received to date of publication of list, \$73.32.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

MCDOWELL, WILLIAM ANGUS, farmer and legislator, was born July 8, 1883, at Camden, Wilcox County; son of Samuel William and Julia (Tait) McDowell; grandson of John Robert and Harriet (Sellers) McDowell, and of Maj. Felix Tait (q. v.). He was educated in the common and high schools of Camden. He is a farmer, and was sheriff of Wilcox County. He represented Wilcox County in the State legislature, 1919. He is a Democrat; Methodist; Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: May 14, 1913, at Pine Apple, to Madeline, daughter of William J. and Prudie Stanford of that place. Children: 1. Madeline Stanford. Residence: Camden.

MCDUFF, DANIEL, *soldier of the American Revolution*, a resident of Madison County; and captain S. C. Line; enrolled on June 1, 1830, under act of Congress of May 15, 1828, payment to date from March 3, 1836; annual allowance, \$480; sums received to date of publication of list, \$2,432; W. F. McDuff, administrator; admitted under act of April 2, 1830. Died March 26, 1831.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

MCDUFFIE, JOHN, lawyer, representative in congress, was born September 25, 1883, at River Ridge, Monroe County; son of John and Virginia Marion (Lette) McDuffie, the former a native of Clarke County, who lived near River Ridge, and was a planter; grandson of Archibald and Nancy M. (Johnson) McDuffie, of River Ridge, the former who came to Monroe County from North Carolina, and of James Edward and Elizabeth Boykin (Hunter) Lette, of Burnt Corn; great-grandson of William and Mary (Murphy) McDuffie, of Scotland, who emigrated to America in 1800, and settled in New Hanover County, N. C., of John Seawright and Mary (Leslie) Johnson, who went from Ireland to Abbeville District, S. C., and later moved to Monroe County, and of Edward Lette, a land and slave owner of Monroe County, who came to Alabama from Mecklenburg County, Va. Mr. McDuffie received his early education at home; attended Southern university for one year; and was graduated from the Alabama polytechnic institute, B. S., 1904, and from the law department of the University of Alabama, LL. B., 1908. Since 1908 he has practiced law at Monroeville. He was elected to the State legislature from Monroe County, 1906-1911; was elected solicitor of the first judicial circuit of Alabama, 1910-1919; served as captain and adjutant of the Second infantry, Alabama national guard, 1909-1916; and was nominated in the Democratic primary for the Sixty-sixth congress, and had no opposition at the general election. He is a Democrat; a Baptist; a Mason; a Knight of Pythias; a Woodman of the World; and a member of the Alpha Tau Omega and Theta Nu Epsilon college fraternities. Mar-

ried: October 18, 1915, to Cornelia Hixon, of Hixon. Children: 1. a girl. Residence: Monroeville.

MCDUFFIE, JOHN VAN, planter and representative in congress, was born May 16, 1841, in Addison, Steuben County, N. Y., and died at Hayneville, November 18, 1896; son of Isaac and Cynthia (Baker) McDuffie, natives respectively of New York, and of Pennsylvania; grandson of William McDuffie of New York State, and of Samuel and Easter (Fields) Baker, the former a native of Connecticut, born in 1761, Revolutionary soldier, and sergeant in the War of 1812; and great-grandson of William McDuffie, a native of Scotland, who came to the United States in 1758. Mr. McDuffie received his early education in the common schools of his native town; when a mere lad went west to Bureau County, Ill., and attended school in Illinois, and later the Lutheran college of Iowa. He joined Co. B, Second Iowa cavalry, U. S. A., at the beginning of the War of Secession; served successfully as sergeant and sergeant-major of the regiment, and was mustered out at Selma. He located in Lowndes County after the war, as a planter; studied law and was admitted to practice in the state courts; in August, 1868, he was elected by Republicans and negroes, probate judge of the county and served twelve years. He actively participated in the councils of the Republican party in Alabama, and was a delegate from his congressional district to the National republican conventions of 1872 and 1876. In 1886 he ran for congress against A. C. Davidson, and upon being defeated, unsuccessfully contested the seat; ran in 1888 against Lewis W. Turpin, and upon a contesting was seated. He ran to succeed himself but was defeated, although he once more contested the seat, the last time unsuccessfully. He was elected to the constitutional convention of 1875, but did not qualify. He was an Odd Fellow, a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, and a member of the Sons of the American Revolution. Married: in 1870, to Mrs. Martha Alice (Quinn) Kelley, daughter of Christopher and Emily (Johnson) Quinn, the former a native of County Down, Ireland, the latter of Ohio, residents after their marriage of Planesville, Ohio. Mrs. Kelley was the widow of a Confederate soldier, and she had fled as a refugee to Alabama from Monticello, Mo. Children: by the last marriage, 1. Edwin; 2. Maud; 3-4. died young. Last residence: Hayneville.

McEACHERN, JOHN ADOLPHUS, physician; graduate of the Medical college of Louisville, Ky., 1889; licensed to practice by the board of Pike County. Residence: Brundidge.

McEACHERN, JOHN CAMERON, planter and business man, was born January 1, 1837, in Dale County, and died May 8, 1903, at Eufaula; son of Gilbert and Catherine (Cameron) McEachern, natives of near Glasgow, Scotland, who migrated to Barbour County, the former being among the founders of the old Scotch Presbyterian church, "Pea River church," and a justice of the peace. His uncle, Archibald

McEachern, was a soldier in Lord Cornwallis' army and surrendered with the British at Yorktown, Va. He was serving as a substitute for his brother who had a family and had been conscripted. Mr. McEachern received his education in the schools of Barbour County, was a lieutenant in the "Clayton Guards," First Alabama regiment, enlisting, February, 1861, and serving until the end of the war, 1865. He was a Democrat; and a Presbyterian. Married: June 11, 1868, at Clayton, Victoria, daughter of Judge S. and Euphemla (McNeill) Williams, of that place; granddaughter of John McNeill, the first white man buried in Barbour County. Children: 1. Judge Norman, died in infancy; 2. Maxey Cameron, died in infancy; 3. Richard Malcolm, m. Ruby Dunbar, Eufaula; 4. Victoria Williams, m. Mercer S. Davie, Dothan. Last residence: Eufaula.

MCEachin, ARCHIBALD BRUCE, lawyer, was born November 18, 1837, in Robeson County, N. C., and died December 26, 1909, at Tuscaloosa; son of Peter and Maria (McQueen) McEachin, also natives of Robeson County; grandson of John and Mary (Graham) McEachin, and of Col. James and Nancy (McRae) McQueen, natives, respectively, of the Isle of Skye and of Kentyre, Scotland, who emigrated to America in 1765, the former settling in Wilmington, N. C., the latter going to Charleston, S. C., with her parents, to later become the wife of Col. McQueen; great-grandson of Flora (McDonald) McQueen, a niece and namesake of the famous Scotch heroine, and of John and Mary McRea. Mr. McEachin was in the twenty-second generation of descent from Robert Bruce. He received his academic education at Sandy McLean's private school at Floral college, N. C.; and his professional education at Judge Pearson's law school, at Rockford, N. C., from which he graduated in 1858. He entered upon the practice at Carthage, Moore County, N. C. but in 1859 removed to Marion. After the close of the War of Secession he settled in Tuscaloosa where he held a position at the bar until the close of his life. He entered the Confederate Army as 1st lieutenant Co. D, Sixth Alabama cavalry regiment, was wounded and entered the quartermaster's department with the rank of captain, June 16, 1863, and served throughout the war. He was post quartermaster in Savannah, Ga., when that city was captured by Gen. Sherman. On locating in Tuscaloosa he formed a law partnership with Judge H. M. Somerville, a connection that continued until the latter was elevated to the supreme court. In 1886 he formed a partnership with Hon. John M. Martin, and the firm practiced in Birmingham, but Capt. McEachin retained his residence in Tuscaloosa. Upon the dissolution of the firm he returned to his office in Tuscaloosa. On January 1, 1878, he issued the first number of the Southern law journal at Tuscaloosa, and continued its publication until November, 1879, when he disposed of it to H. G. McCall by whom the name was changed to Southern law journal and reporter. He prepared many articles for its pages, and he was also a contributor to the newspaper press. During his leisure hours he collected much data on the history of Tuscaloosa which he published in the

local newspapers. In 1891-92 he was president of the Alabama State bar association. He was a Presbyterian and a Democrat. Married: January, 1861, at Tuscaloosa, to Eudora, daughter of James and Helen Glassell (Wallace) Somerville, of that place and sister of Judge Henderson M. Somerville (q. v.). She was a descendant of William Wallace and of one of the Dukes of Argyle. Children: 1. James Somerville lawyer, born January 20, 1862, deputy clerk, circuit court, Tuscaloosa County 1881-82 resided in Lamar County 1889-94, solicitor 6th judicial circuit, 1891-93, moved to Texas 1894 where he was county judge of Fort Bend County, 1896-1901, served with the Alabama State troops fourteen years, and rose from lieutenant to major, was attorney for the Southern Pacific railway, m. Annie Graham McPherson of Charlottesville, Va., August 5, 1882; 2. Helen Glassell, m. Edward St. Clair Bailey, and resides in Chicago, Ill.; 3. Eudora, m. Lee M. Otts, son of Rev. Dr. J. M. Otts (q. v.); 4. Nanetta, m. Dr. Sydney Leach, of Tuscaloosa; 5. Maebelle, m. Barnard Augustus Wood, of Mobile; 6. Archibald Bruce, m. Kate Porter Melton, daughter of Rev. I. O. Melton (q. v.). Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

McELDERRY, THOMAS, merchant and farmer, was born January 18, 1790, at Leesburg, Loudoun County, Va., and died July 16, 1883, at McElderry; son of John and Ann (Sinclair) McElderry, natives respectively of Chester, Chester County, Pa., and Leesburg, Va., the former a teacher, and Revolutionary officer, first of the 11th Pennsylvania and later of the 11th Virginia line, removed to Knoxville, Tenn., in 1800; grandson of Patrick McElderry of County Antrim, Ireland. Mr. McElderry came to Alabama about the time of its admission to the Federal Union, was a merchant in Tuscaloosa, 1819-20; purchased a farm in Morgan County, where he remained until 1836; and he then located in Talladega County where he resided until his death. He was a member of the State senate from Morgan County, 1828-29; and circuit court clerk of that county in 1826. For a short period he practiced law. He was a lieutenant in Chiles regiment, Tennessee volunteers, and served two years under Gen. Andrew Jackson in the war with the Indians, 1813-14. He was a Whig, and after the death of that party, a Democrat. Married: (1) Eliza Boteler; (2) Frances Turner; and (3) Martha Dozier, daughter of Dinwoody and Mary Elizabeth (Chapman) Dozier of Monticello, Ga. Children by first wife: 1. Caroline, m. Dr. B. W. Groce; 2. Amanda, unmarried; 3. William, unmarried; by second wife: 4. Thomas Turner; 5. John Sugars, Confederate soldier, killed in battle May 9, 1864; 6. Marcus, reared on a farm, educated in Talladega and La Grange college, member of Co. A, Eighth Alabama cavalry regiment, C. S. Army, farmer, merchant, m. September, 1868, to Georgia Chilton Bowdon, and had three children, Fannie C., Elbert J., and Horace T., d. February 13, 1913; 7. Louisa A., m. Elbert Sevier Jemison, and resides in Talladega; by third wife: 8. Emma, m. L. N. Jones; 9. Achsah Elizabeth, unmarried, resides at Talladega; 10. George Thomas, m. Mary Irion, Talladega; 11. Hugh Lawson, lawyer, graduated from Emory and Henry college, Va.,



ROBERT E. COLLINS

1878, m. Ruth VanAusdal, resides Talladega. Last residence: McElderry.

McELHANNEY, F. G., dentist, planter and hotel proprietor, was born May 11, 1826, in Chester County, Pa., and died in 1904 at Auburn; son of Samuel and Mary (Cowan) McElhaney the former also a native of Pennsylvania and descended from Scotch Irish ancestry. The Cowans were of Welsh origin. He came South in 1843, an older brother having preceded him and located first in Harris County, Ga., where he entered school. In 1848 he returned North and studied dentistry at Kennett Square, Pa. Two years later he came back South and located at Columbus, Ga., where he practiced his profession. In 1853 he returned to Ellerslie where he remained until 1853 when he located in Auburn. He bought a farm of six hundred acres near Auburn and also conducted the village hotel. He was a Democrat; a Mason; and local Methodist preacher at that place. Married: (1) September 3, 1852, in Harris County, Ga., Amelia Frazer, widow of his brother Isaac McElhaney and daughter of Arthur Frazer, of Wilkes County, Ga.; (2) in December, 1886, to Mrs. Mary J. Carter, niece of his deceased wife, and daughter of John Haywood and Catherine (Glaze) Frazer, who moved in 1844 to Smith's station, Lee County. Children: by the first wife, 1. Cary; 2. Hortense; 3. Mary, deceased. Last residence: Auburn.

McEWEN, GEORGE W., planter and miller, was born October 22, 1828, in Gwinnett County, Ga.; son of Kirkham and Mary (Kanada) McEwen, of Georgia who located in Alabama, in 1836, settling on the Tallapoosa River, south of Dadeville, later going to Calhoun County, Miss., where both are buried; grandson of Robert McEwen who removed from North Carolina to Newton County, Ga., where he married and later settled in Gwinnett County where he and his wife both died. In 1860, Mr. McEwen, who was an extensive farmer located on Hatchett Creek, north of Rockford, where he built and operated a mill. He was 1st lieutenant in Co. C, 53rd regiment Alabama Cavalry, C. S. Army, and was wounded at the battle of Atlanta, losing part of one hand. He was a Democrat, a Mason, and a Methodist. Married: December 29, 1849, in Coosa County, to Mary C. Sears. Children: 1. Martha A., m. S. M. Adams; 2. J. K.; 3. W. P.; 4. George W., jr.; 5. J. T.; 6. Emma J., m. J. A. Miller; 7. Mary S., m. T. J. King of Greenhill, Ark.; 8. Arsula, m. John Dobson; 9. Archie A. Last residence: Rockford.

McFARLAND, ROBERT, lawyer, was born August 6, 1836, in County Londonderry, Ireland son of William and Jane (McCulley) McFarland. He was educated in Ireland and was prepared for the army. Falling to get into the Crimean War he left Ireland and came to America, landing in New York in May, 1854. Soon thereafter he entered Washington College, now Washington and Lee University, and was graduated third of his class, 1858. He studied law at Lexington, Va., under John W. Brockenborough, and was graduated, LL. B.,

1860. He began the practice of law in Florence in 1860, in partnership with James B. Irvine, and entered the C. S. Army, April 28, 1861, as captain of the Lauderdale Volunteers, later a part of the Fourth Alabama infantry regiment. At Harper's Ferry, the command joined Stonewall Jackson's corps, and participated in the first battle of Manassas. When his first year of service had expired, Capt. McFarland was authorized to recruit a cavalry regiment, and with part of the regiment, joined Gen. John H. Morgan at Knoxville, Tenn., remaining with Morgan until after the Ohio raid. Later he was assigned to Gen. Cleburne's command, and led the charge at Dug Gap. He was wounded at Villa Rica, Ga., by having his horse killed from under him, and never fully recovered from the wound. In December, 1864, he was in command at Huntsville, and remained there until driven from the city by the enemy, in January, 1865. After the war he returned to Florence and resumed the practice of law. He was a supporter of Douglas and the Union before Alabama seceded, but went with the state at that time. He was a delegate to the Democratic convention at Baltimore, which nominated Horace Greeley for president; and is a Knight of Pythias. Married: in March, 1868, to Kate Armistead, daughter of Fontaine Armistead, then of Franklin, later of Colbert County. Six of the seven children born to him are living. Residence: Florence.

McFARLANE, DUGALD, grand high priest, grand chapter, Masons, 1823.

McFERRIN, ANDERSON PURDY, Methodist minister, was born October 14, 1851, at Nashville, Davidson County, Tenn.; son of Anderson Purdy and Minerva (Porter) McFerrin, the former a native of Murfreesboro, Rutherford County, Tenn., who lived at Courtland and at Nashville, Tenn., and was author of a book of sermons, "Heavenly Shadows," and "War of the Universe;" grandson of Rev. James M. and Jane Campbell (Berry) McFerrin, who lived at Abingdon, Va., and of Rev. Thomas Duncan and Mary (Hughlitt) Porter, who lived near Nashville, Tenn.; nephew of Dr. J. B. McFerrin. He was educated in the preparatory school of Hughes and Mims, and was graduated from Emory and Henry college, at Emory, Va., with the degree of B. A. He studied for the law and was admitted to the bar, but after a very short practice in that profession, entered the ministry in 1882. He has served the leading appointments in the Tennessee conference, and since becoming a member of the Alabama conference was in charge of the First church at Opelika for four years, the St. Francis street church at Mobile, two years, the Methodist church at Troy for two years, and returned to the First church at Opelika for four years. At the present time, because of the condition of his health, he holds temporarily a supernumerary relation. He is a Mason and a Knight of Pythias. Married: December 27, 1876, to Sallie J. Williams, daughter of Dr. James and Eliza A. (Hughes) Williams, who lived near Nashville, Tenn. Children: 1. Annie Porter, m. Overton Fullton, secretary and treasurer of the Alabama Fuel & Iron Company, Birmingham;

2. James Madison, auditor for the International Agricultural Association, m. Bessie Young Craige, of Columbia, Tenn., Atlanta, Ga. Residence: Birmingham.

McFERRIN, JOHN PORTER, Methodist minister, and Confederate soldier, was born February 24, 1843, in Triune, Tenn., and was educated at Bandusia seminary, near Nashville, under Nathaniel Cross. He enlisted in April 1861, in the Second Tennessee infantry regiment, C. S. Army, and was with this command in its early service on the Potomac river; was transferred to the west in 1862, and fought at Shiloh, Richmond, Perryville, Murfreesboro, and Chickamauga, and in the last named battle was severely wounded in the right hip, disabling him for active service. In 1864, he was made chaplain of his regiment, and served in that capacity to the end of the war. At the conclusion of hostilities he returned to the ministry of the Methodist church, serving at Columbia, Tenn., and in 1895, was appointed to the pastorate of the Broadway Methodist church, Louisville, Ky. From there he was transferred to the North Alabama conference and given the pastorate of the First Methodist church, Birmingham. Later he was transferred to the Georgia conference. Married: in 1867, to Julia, daughter of George and Carrie Patton. Children: 1. a son, deceased in childhood; 2. a daughter.

McGAHA, ARTHUR WATKINS, Baptist minister, president of Howard college, was born September 12, 1858, in Marshall County, and died November 29, 1901, at Huntsville; son of George Washington and Jane (Stone) McGaha the former who was born near Vienna, Marshall County, and lived at what was then Vienna, near Paint Rock River, who was a farmer and merchant, and served as cavalryman in the Twentieth Alabama regiment, C. S. Army; grandson of William R. and Katherine Stone, who lived at Talladega. He was graduated from Howard college, A. B., 1881, and from the Southern Baptist theological seminary. The degree of D. D. was conferred upon him in 1894. His first pastorate was at Flemingsburg, Ky., but he soon left Kentucky to accept the pastorate of the First Baptist church at Huntsville. He went from that place to East Lake, and was in charge of the church at the place at the time of the resignation of Dr. Riley from the presidency of Howard college. Dr. McGaha was offered the position, and served as president of that institution until he accepted a call to Fort Worth, Tex., to become the successor of Dr. J. M. Wells. On the resignation of Dr. B. H. Carroll, pastor of the church at Waco, Tex., Dr. McGaha was invited to fill the ensuing vacancy. His further ministerial efforts were curtailed by the failure of his health, and he returned to Huntsville to live the remainder of his life. Married: to Masetta Miller, daughter of Moses Alexander and Casandra Fidella Miller, of Huntsville. She survived Dr. McGaha, and has since been married to E. M. McDuffin, of Birmingham. Children: 1. Reynolds Welch, deceased; 2. Arthur Watkins, jr.; 3. Harry Miller, Lynch-

burg, Va.; 4. Bonner Knight; 5. Walter Tartt; 6. Ruby Griffin; 7. Willie Harrington. Last residence: Huntsville.

McGAUGHY, JOHN H., major, lieutenant colonel, 16th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

McGAUPHY, SAMUEL, soldier of the American Revolution, aged 71, and a resident of Lawrence County; private, captain and lieutenant N. C. Militia; enrolled on January 4, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$233.32; sums received to date of publication of list, \$683.30.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Lawrence County, June 1, 1840, aged 78.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

McGEHEE, ABNER, pioneer settler, was born in 1779, in Prince Edward County, Va., and died in 1856, at McGehee's Switch, Montgomery County; son of Micajah and Anne (Scott) McGehee, the former a native of Virginia, who removed to Broad River Settlement, Ga., where he became a prosperous planter; grandson of Edward Mack Gehee and wife, who was a Miss De Jarnette, the former a planter of Amelia County, Va., and of James and Frances (Collier) Scott, of Prince Edward County, Va., moved to South Carolina, 1770; the latter the great-aunt of Governor Collier (q. v.); great-grandson of Thomas and Anne (Baytop) Scott, the former emigrated from County Cumberland, England, lived in Gloucester County, and later in Caroline County, Va., of John Collier of "Porto Bello," York County, Va., and of Thomas Mack Gehee, who emigrated from Scotland and settled in St. John's Parish, King William County, Va., before 1727; great-great-grandson of Thomas Baytop of Staplehurst, County Kent, England, who emigrated to America with his parents and married a Miss Alexander; great-great-grandnephew of Col. James Baytop of Gloucester County, Va., an officer of the American Revolution; great-great-grandson of David Alexander of Gloucester County, Va., and of Thomas and Hannah Baytop, the former a merchant of Staplehurst, County Kent, England, who emigrated to America in 1679, and settled in York County, Va., where he invested in plantations and merchandise; great-great-great-grandson of Thomas Baytop and wife, a Miss Pell, of County Kent, England. The De Jarnettes were of Huguenot descent and settled in Prince Edward County, Va. The Colliers were originally from England but all of the family who settled in America were Whigs during the Revolution. The Scotts were also of English descent. Abner McGehee was a well educated man. He was a planter, tanner, and general trader of Broad River Settlement, Ga. He removed to Montgomery County and settled at McGehee's Switch, where he purchased a large plantation; was owner of the Planter's hotel in Montgomery, built in 1833; contributed largely to the building, and was one of the contractors, of the West Point railroad; and was founder of the Alabama Bible

society. He was a Whig and a Methodist. Married: (1) to Charlotte Spencer, his first cousin, and sister of Octavius Spencer, who represented Jefferson County in the legislature, 1837 and 1844, (2) to Jane (Gilmer) Johnson, widow of Thomas Johnson, and daughter of John and Mildred (Meriwether) Gilmer, the former an officer under Marquis Lafayette, a native of Williamsburg, Va., who removed to Broad River Settlement, Ga.; granddaughter of Dr. George Gilmer, a native of Edinburgh, Scotland, who emigrated to America, settled in Williamsburg, Va., and married Harrison Blair, sister of Dr. Blair, the first president of William and Mary college, and of Thomas and Elizabeth (Thornton) Meriwether; great-granddaughter of David and Anne (Holmes) Meriwether; great-great-granddaughter of Nicholas and Elizabeth (Crawford) Meriwether, of Kent County, Va., and of George Holmes of King and Queen County, Va.; great-great-granddaughter of Nicholas Meriwether of Wales or England, and of David Crawford, of Assasquin, New Kent County, Va.; (3) to Mrs. Mary (Russell) Graves. Children: by the first marriage, 1. Ann Scott, m. William Taylor (q. v.); 2. Harriet, m. Thomas Key Jarrett; 3. Mildred, m. Dr. Samuel Clark Oliver (q. v.); 4. Spencer, d. young; 5. Charlotte, m. George Bibb; 6. Abner, m. Elizabeth Smith; 7. James, m. Rachael Susannah Daily, parents of Rev. Dr. Oliver C. McGehee (q. v.); by the second wife: 8. Thomas, killed by lightning; 9. Elizabeth, m. (1) Dr. Briggs, (2) Col. James Gilchrist; 10. Sarah, m. Peyton Graves; 11. daughter, m. Dr. George Tait. Last residence: McGehee's Switch.

McGEHEE, AGNES CATHERINE (VENABLE), patriotic worker, was born in November, 1817, at Longwood, near Farmville, Va.; daughter of Nathaniel E. and Mary E. Venable, of Prince Edward County, Va. Mrs. McGehee was a member of the Ladies' memorial association and an untiring worker for the proper burial of the Alabama dead of the Confederate Army. Married: Albert Gallatin McGehee (q. v.). Last residence: Montgomery.

McGEHEE, ALBERT GALLATIN, planter, was born March 28, 1812, at Milton, Caswell County, N. C., and died January 21, 1888, at Hope Hull; son of Joseph and Martha (Ward) McGehee, of Milton, N. C. The McGehee family came to America from England. He received his education in the village schools. He removed to Alabama at an early age; assisted in laying off the town of Tuskegee, and later located in Lowndes County where he became an extensive planter and a large slave holder. He was a Whig and a Presbyterian. Married: (1) in Amelia County, Va., to Anna Virginia, daughter of William and Sarah (Scott) Payne, (2) September 25, 1855, to Agnes Catherine, daughter of Nathaniel E. and Mary E. Venable, of Farmville, Va. Mrs. Agnes Catherine McGehee was a member of the Ladies' memorial association of Montgomery. Children: 1. Virginia Alice, m. Clement Read Venable. Last residence: Hope Hull.

McGEHEE, EDWARD F., lieutenant colonel, 25th Mississippi infantry; lieutenant colonel, 2nd Confederate infantry, C. S. Army.

McGEHEE, OLIVER CLARK, Methodist preacher, was born January 7, 1857, at McGehees, Montgomery County; son of James and Rachel Susannah (Daily) McGehee; grandson of Abner and Charlotte (Spencer) McGehee, the former resided on his plantation between McGehees and Snowdown, was a man of business ability, energy and deep piety, was largely instrumental in building the Western railway between Montgomery and West Point, Ga., and founder of the Alabama Bible society located in Montgomery, and of Dr. Samuel and Mildred (Oliver) Daily, the former a resident of Dudleyville, Chambers County, a physician of ability, and a local Methodist preacher; great-grandson of Micajah and Anne (Scott) McGehee of Virginia, the latter a member of the Winfield Scott family, and both later residents of the Broad River settlement, Ga. Rev. Dr. McGehee was educated on his father's plantation and vicinity, his teachers being Miss Benham, Rev. James Smith, Mr. Tarver, Mr. Grimes and Mr. Maloy. He graduated at Auburn, June, 1879, with degree of B. S. The degree of A. M. being conferred by his alma mater later, and the degree of D. D. conferred in 1903 by the Southern university at Greensboro; entered the ministry in 1886 at Opelika, and has served pastorates at Montgomery, Mobile, and other leading churches, and has held appointments as presiding elder several times. He is at present presiding elder of the Prattville district. Married: January 6, 1881, at Wetumpka, to Mary Linton, daughter of G. C. and Martha (Gullatte) Henderson of Auburn, the former a native of North Carolina who moved to Georgia where he taught school and married and later located in Auburn. Children: 1. William Wallace, physician; A. M. Southern university, 1903; M. D., University of Alabama, 1907; m. Mozelle, daughter of W. A. and Alice (Downing) Hill, of Brewton; residence, Montgomery; 2. Robert Bruce, member of faculty of Gulfport military academy; m. Frances Herndon, of Tennessee, residence, Gulfport, Miss.; 3. Paul Duncan, physician; A. B., Southern university, 1905; M. D., University of Alabama, 1907; m. Mary, daughter of John McDuffie; residence, Mobile; 4. Mary Kate, m. J. I. Chilton, residence, Montgomery; 5. Marion, m. T. Bestor Ward, residence, Greensboro; 6. Oliver Clark, jr. m. Hermione, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Newton, of Evergreen; residence, Evergreen; 7. Edward Henderson, U. S. Navy, died suddenly in New York City, 1919. Residence: Montgomery.

McGEHEE, WILLIAM, soldier of the American Revolution, aged 79, and a resident of Jackson County; private Virginia State Troops; enrolled on January 4, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$30; sums received to date of publication of list, \$75.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

MCGILLIVRAY, ALEXANDER, diplomat and merchant, was born probably at Fort Toulouse, or in the town of Taskigi, one half mile below the fort, and died February 17, 1793, at Pensacola, Fla.; son of Lachlan and Sehoy (Marchand) McGillivray, the former a native of Dunmaglass, Scotland, who, at the age of sixteen, came to the Carolinas, joined a party of Indian traders, is first known as an Indian trader on the Chattahoochee River, probably at Coweta, in 1735, who after the Revolution embarked for his native land, leaving his wife and children, his plantation and worldly possessions, in the hopes that they might be allowed to fall into their possession, but all of his property was seized and they were left in destitute circumstances, the latter a half breed Creek woman; grandson of Captain Marchand and wife, a full blood Creek woman of the Wind Tribe, the former was killed at Fort Toulouse in 1722. Alexander McGillivray was educated at Charleston, S. C. In 1784 he was known as the emperor of the Creeks and Seminoles and negotiated the treaty with Spain at Pensacola. He visited President Washington at New York in 1790 and was appointed agent of the United States, with rank of brigadier-general. Shortly afterwards the King of Spain appointed him superintendent general of the Creek Nation for Spain. At the same time he was a member of the firm of Pantons', merchants of Pensacola. His principal residence was at Little Talasi, five miles above the present site of Wetumpka on the Coosa River, on what is now known as the Rose plantation. His plantation on Little River was known as "Cowpen" and still another was at Hickory Ground, on the left bank of the Coosa two miles above Fort Toulouse, and below the present site of Wetumpka. He had three wives and left three children, Alexander, jr., and two daughters. Last residence: Little Talasi, on the Coosa River.

MCGOUGH, GEORGE LAFAYETTE, planter, was born September 8, 1861, at Columbus, Ga.; son of John and Mary Elizabeth (Dawson) McGough, the former a native of Jones County, Ga., later a resident of Alabama, who served as a captain in the home guards during the War of Secession; grandson of Robert and Sandal (Cabaniss) McGough, of Monroe County, Ga., and of Dr. Thomas Henry and Ann (Blair) Dawson, of Appling, Columbia County, Ga., the former a native of Abbeville District, S. C., who served in the War of 1812, the latter a Georgian; great-grandson of John and Elizabeth (Carson) McGough, of George and Hannah (Clay) Cabaniss, of Thomas and Susannah (Dawson) Rogers, and of Hugh and Mary (Lee) Blair, the latter a lawyer, who commanded the Second Georgia regiment during the War of 1812; great-great-grandson of George and Ruth (Skidmore) Dawson, the former a native of Lincolnshire, England, who emigrated to North Carolina in 1774, and who later settled in Georgia, and of Greenberry and Elizabeth Lee, the former a colonel in the Revolutionary War, and also of Capt. Hugh and Jemimah (McCarty) Blair; great-great-great-grandson of John Dawson. Mr. McGough re-

ceived his early education in the schools of Glenville, and attended the Alabama polytechnic institute, 1878-1879. During the Spanish-American War, he served as first lieutenant in the Third Alabama regiment, and was connected with the State militia for a number of years. He is a farmer, and represented Russell County in the State legislature in 1915. He is a Democrat, a Methodist and a Mason. Residence: Pittsview.

MCGOWEN, WILLIAM EASLEY, business man and legislator, was born June 3, 1858, at Old Bennett's Station, Sumter County; son of William Rufus and Virginia Noble (Easley) McGowen, the former was born in Tipton County, Tenn., and came with his parents to Greene County, later removed to Sumter County where he enlisted in Co. A, 40th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, as a sergeant, before the cessation of hostilities however, he became first lieutenant of his company; grandson of William Robert and Edith (Watkins) McGowan, who lived in Duplin County, N. C., Tipton County, Tenn., removed to Alabama, located in Greene County, and died in Sumter County, and of Warham and Emily (Noble) Easley, who emigrated from Easley, S. C., to Alabama, dying in Sumter County. The McGowen family emigrated from Great Britain in 1753 and settled in Duplin County, N. C. The Easley family were immigrants from England to Virginia between 1700 and 1750. Both families had representatives in the American army during the Revolutionary War. Mr. McGowen was educated in the schools of York, and at Cooper's Institute, Daleville, Miss., but did not graduate. He has been a merchant in Cuba since 1885; and president of the Bank of Cuba, since its organization in 1904. He has been two terms mayor of Cuba; and twice commissioner of Sumter County. He was a delegate to the St. Louis convention that nominated Alton B. Parker, and in 1911 represented Sumter County in the legislature. He is a Democrat; Baptist; Woodman of the World; Columbian Woodman; Eastern Star and a Knight of Pythias. Married: August 10, 1881, at Cuba, to Margaret Annie, daughter of Solomon and Annie (Hall) Ward, of Gaston; granddaughter of James Wallace and Hannah Tolson (Neale) Hall, residents of Newberne, N. C.; great-granddaughter of Col. Enoch Ward, a Revolutionary soldier of Beaufort, N. C. Children: 1. Virginia Elizabeth, m. K. B. Mitchell; 2. Charles Ward; 3. Annie Neal, m. R. D. Vance; 4. Gertrude; 5. Lucile; 6. William Henry; 7. Merle; 8. Pauline. Residence: Cuba.

MGRATH, JOHN, pioneer settler, was born March 29, 1799, in County Waterford, Ireland, and died June 4, 1878, in Selma. He served for six years in the English navy and in the American navy for seven years. After receiving his honorable discharge he engaged in the American fisheries on the New Foundland coast. He located in Selma about 1835, where he followed for years the occupation of ditching and served for years as city sexton. Last residence: Selma.

MCGREGOR, ALBERT G., teacher, was born March 1, 1835, in Lawrence County; son of William and Elizabeth (Carpenter) McGregor; grandson of William Carpenter, who served in the War of 1812. The McGregors are of Scotch descent, and came from North Carolina to Alabama and became farmers in Lawrence County. Mr. McGregor obtained his early schooling in Lawrence County, and was graduated from LaGrange college in 1854. He was elected to the chair of mathematics in LaGrange the following year, and continued to teach in that school until he joined the C. S. Army in 1861. He became quartermaster in Col. Jeff Forrest's regiment, and served with Gen. P. D. Roddy and Gen. Forrest in north Alabama, north Mississippi, and west Tennessee. After the war, he raised cotton for four years, then returned to LaGrange where he taught school in a church building for about six years. He took charge of the academy at Tuscumbia for one year, then was forced to stop teaching because of ill health, and return to farming. In February, 1885, he took charge of Hartselle college, and was president of that institution for many years. He is a Methodist and a Mason. Married: December 23, 1858, to Celia King, daughter of Robert King, a planter of Lawrence County. Seven children were born to the marriage. Residence: Hartselle.

MCGUIRE, ELIJAH, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 77, and a resident of Tuscaloosa County; sergeant S. C. Continental Line; enrolled on December 12, 1827, under act of Congress of March 18, 1818, payment to date from October 12, 1827; annual allowance, \$96; sums received to date of publication of list, \$56.19.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

MCGUIRE, JOSEPH H., lawyer, was born September 29, 1848, in Tuscaloosa County, and died May 9, 1899; son of Henry W. and Sarah (Embry) McGuire, natives of Alabama; grandson of John and Nancy (Rogers) McGuire, natives of Tennessee, who came to Alabama in 1817, and of Joseph Embry. He attended private schools and was graduated from the University of Alabama, LL. B., 1878. He served as principal of the Holly Grove high school, 1876-1877; began the practice of law in Pickens County; remained there for one year, then removed to Fayette where he continued in the practice of law until his death. He held the office of register in chancery in Walker County, 1872-1876, and in Fayette County, 1880-1883. He was a Democrat and a Missionary Baptist. Married: in 1878, to Seleta J. (Anderson) Windham, a native of Alabama. Children: 1. Everett; 2. Joseph Hilliard, Jr., b. September 13, 1883, attended the University of Alabama; 3. Mary; 4. Florence, m. William B. Bankhead (q. v.). Last residence: Fayette.

MCGUIRE, MOSES, public official, was a resident of Tuscaloosa. The time and place of his birth, as well as the names of his parents are unavailable. He was elected clerk of the county court of Tuscaloosa County, 1837, and held that

office by successive re-elections, until 1845, when he was elected sheriff of the county. He was a Democrat, and of such popularity, that he was elected to the State legislature in 1849, on a divided ticket, with Mr. Jamison and Mr. Perkins, both Whigs. His long experience in the details of county police regulations was a gain to the house, relative to the probate court system, then about to be established. In 1850, when the election of judge of probate was given to the people, Mr. McGuire was elected to that office, and continued in the position until after the War of Secession. He was a delegate to the State constitutional convention in 1865; and was prevented from holding further office by the reconstruction measures, after having held public office for thirty years, without ever suffering a defeat in any election before the people. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

McILKENY, JAMES, *soldier of the American Revolution*, age not given, a resident of Madison County; private Virginia Continental Line; enrolled on May 23, 1820, under act of Congress of March 18, 1818, payment to date from October 8, 1818; annual allowance, \$96; suspended under act of May 1, 1820.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

McINALLY, JONAH, *soldier of the American Revolution*, resided in Jackson County, June 1, 1840.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

McINTOSH, WILLIAM, Creek Chief. See Indian chiefs and associated characters.

McINTOSH, W. H., president of the Alabama Baptist State convention, 1864. Residence: Marion.

McINTYRE, FRANK, major-general, United States Army, was born January 5, 1865, at Montgomery; son of Denis and Mary (Gaughan) McIntyre, the former of County Donegal, Ireland, the latter of County Mayo, Ireland; grandson of James and Mary (Buchanan) McIntyre, both natives of County Donegal, Ireland. General McIntyre was educated in the public and private schools of Montgomery, and spent 1880-1882, at the University of Alabama, completing the junior year. He entered the U. S. military academy at West Point, in 1882, and graduated in 1886 as a second lieutenant. He has been promoted as follows: first lieutenant, 1892; captain, 1899; major, 1908; colonel, 1910; brigadier-general, 1912; and major-general, 1917. From 1887 until 1903, General McIntyre served with the army in Texas, Kansas and Michigan. From 1890 to 1894 he was an instructor at the Military academy, West Point. He was stationed at Porto Rico, 1898-1899; Philippine Islands, from 1899 to 1902; and in California, 1902 and 1903. In the latter year he was assigned to the general staff, Washington, D. C., and from 1905 to 1918 was assistant chief of staff and chief of the Bureau of insular affairs, supervising affairs of the United States in Porto Rico and the Philippines. During the European War he was chief

military censor and now he is again assistant chief of staff. On February 13, 1919, he was awarded the distinguished service medal, and was a commander of the Legion of Honor, 1919. He is a Roman Catholic. Married: July 12, 1892 at Dallas, Tex., to Marie, daughter of James Wilson and Marie (Dufilho) Dennett, of New Orleans, La. Children: 1. James D., officer in U. S. Army, m. Gena Cahoon, of Montgomery, stationed at Fort Monroe, Va.; 2. Frank, jr., d. 1915, age nineteen; 3. Edward; 4. Marie D.; 5. Margaret D.; 6. Nora. Residence: Washington, D. C.

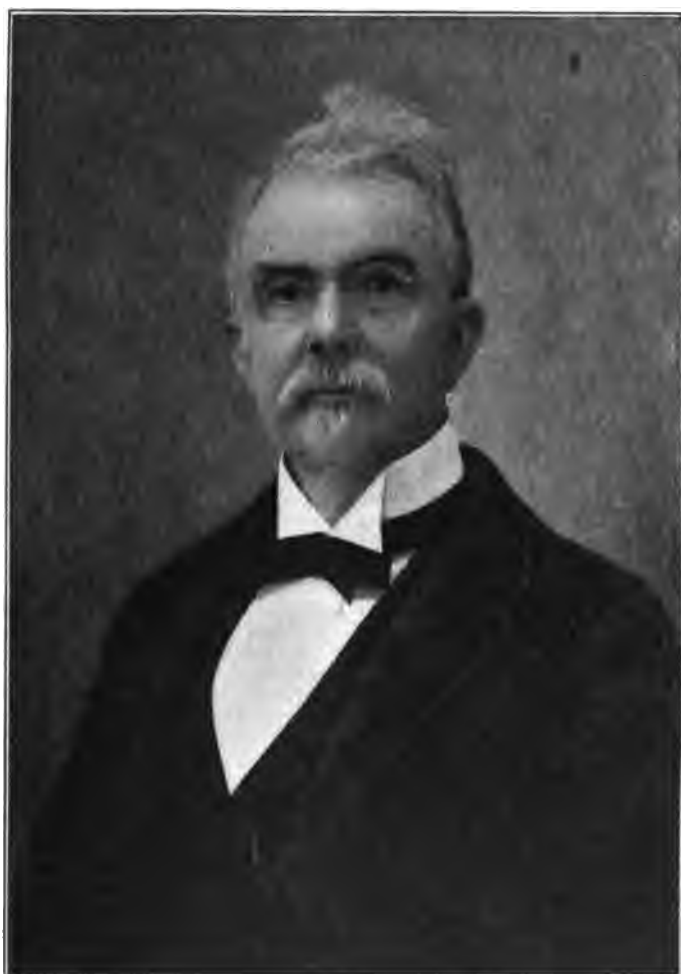
MCINTYRE, HAMILTON, farmer, was born in August, 1837, in LeGrand, Montgomery County; son of Peter and Ann (Sealle) McIntyre, the former a native of Richmond County, N. C., born in 1801, of Scotch parents, a school teacher in Georgia, studied medicine, who moved to Alabama in 1849, located in Montgomery where he practiced homeopathy, and died in 1856, the latter a native of Marlborough District, S. C., who was born in 1802, and died in 1889. Mr. McIntyre went to Alabama in 1849 with his father; received a fair education; attended the law school of Chancellor Wade Keys, in Montgomery, 1859-1860; was admitted to the bar in the supreme court of Alabama in 1860; and moved to Pike County where he commenced the practice of law in partnership with his brother. On the outbreak of the War of Secession, he joined the First Alabama cavalry, under Clanton, August, 1861; was promoted to lieutenant of Co. H, at Corinth; was wounded at Murfreesboro, and disabled for the remainder of the war at the battle of Lookout Mountain. After the war, he resumed the practice of law in Pike County, and moved to Montgomery in 1867, opening a law office there. In 1870, he abandoned the practice of law because of poor health, and moved to the country where he engaged in cotton raising. He later became interested in stock-raising and dairying. He was elected state solicitor for Montgomery County, 1867 and 1868, and was a representative to the State legislature from Montgomery County in 1882 and 1883, declining to serve in the next session. He was author of the McIntyre road law, by which the public roads were greatly improved. He served continuously for more than ten years as justice of the peace, road overseer, and postmaster. Married: in December, 1870, to Mattie A. Mastin, of Montgomery, daughter of Peter B. and Mary A. Mastin, natives of Tennessee and South Carolina, respectively. Children: 1. Annie L., was graduated with distinguished honor from the Normal college at Florence, taught school at Birmingham and at Montgomery; 2. Peter Mastin, B. S., 1898, teacher in the Agricultural school at Abbeville, 1900; 3. Mary P. Residence: LeGrand.

MCIVER, D. R. W., Baptist minister, was born in 1794, in Charleston, S. C., and died February 10, 1863. He was educated at the University of South Carolina and began his religious work by preaching to the slaves on his plantation. He removed to Alabama and served pastorates at Prattville and Wetumpka.

In 1856 he located in DeSoto Parish, La., where he served until 1862.

McKEE, JOHN THOMAS, teacher, was born August 7, 1879, near Brundidge, Pike County; son of Madison Jasper and Mattie Emma (Haisten) McKee, who lived near Brundidge, the former who was born near Eufaula, Barbour County; grandson of John Allen and Catherine (Kelley) McKee, who lived near Eufaula, and of Thomas Washington and Harriet Emma Haisten, who lived near Brundidge, the former a soldier in the War of Secession. He received his early education in the schools of Pike County, and in the Baptist collegiate institute, at Newton; and was graduated from Howard college, A. B., 1905. He has taken post graduate work during the summer sessions at the University of Chicago. He began to teach school in 1905, spending four years at Newton, one year as secretary of the state Baptist mission board, one year as principal of the Cullman County high school, then became president of the Second district agricultural school at Evergreen. He was elected county superintendent of education of Colbert County, 1920. He is a Baptist. Married: August 7, 1905, at Newton, to Mattie Maude Cobb, daughter of John Thomas and Mattie Elizabeth (Brown) Cobb, who lived at Cuthbert, Ga. Children: 1. John Ralph, b. May 14, 1906, at Newton; 2. Walter Tate, b. May 7, 1909, at Newton; 3. Mary Elizabeth, b. August 17, 1912, at Evergreen. Residence: Tusculumbia.

McKEE, ROBERT, editor, was born in 1830, in Fleming County, Ky. His father was a farmer and blacksmith. He received but a limited education, and worked on a farm for wages for three years. When he was eighteen years of age, he became a clerk in a country store, and four years later became a bookkeeper. He contributed articles to the Paris "Flag," in 1856, which attracted public notice, and a year later was editor and owner of the Maysville "Express," which position he held until he accepted the chief editorship of the Louisville "Courier," in 1859. Because of its course in siding with the South, that journal was suppressed in October, 1861. Mr. McKee was a delegate to the Charleston convention in 1861, and was secretary of the revolutionary convention which met at Russellville, in November, 1861, to take Kentucky out of the Union. He was chosen secretary of State of the provisional government by that convention, but the evacuation of Kentucky by the Confederates made that position a nominal one. At the battle of Shiloh he was a voluntary aid in the Kentucky brigade; was wounded and had a horse killed under him; and received special mention in Col. Trabue's report. Ill health kept him from a participation in any other important engagement of the war. At its close the rewards for his arrest had not been withdrawn, and he remained in the hills of Jefferson County until October, 1865, when he located in Dallas County. He engaged in editorial work and other writing which gave him a reputation second to none in Alabama. Last residence: Dallas County.



JOHN P. HUBBARD

McKEITHEN, ARCHIBALD, planter, was born in 1772 in Bladen County, N. C., and died in 1847 at his home "Thornfield" near Robinson Springs; son of Archibald and Katherine (Balear) McKeithen, who emigrated from Glasgow, Scotland, to Bladen County, N. C. He was educated in North Carolina and 1818 came to Alabama, locating at Robinson Springs, Autauga, now Elmore County, the first of the McKeithens to settle in this State. His pioneer home, still owned and occupied by descendants was called "Thornfield." He owned many slaves and conducted large planting interests. He was a Whig and a Presbyterian. Married: in North Carolina, before his removal to this State, to Mary, daughter of Daniel and Marian (Taylor) Robertson, of that state. She was a kinswoman of the Scotch historian Robertson. Children: 1. Duncan, d. unm.; 2. Daniel, d. unm.; 3. Alexander, deceased, m. Elizabeth Smith Forman, daughter of Thomas Smith, of Prattville; 4. Archibald, d. unm.; 5. Katherine, deceased, m. John Cotton; 6. Isabel, d. unm.; 7. Sarah Marian, deceased, m. Buckner Harris (q. v.). Last residence: Robinson Springs.

McKENZIE, BETHUNE BEATON, civil engineer, soldier, and member constitutional convention, was born October 11, 1837, near Louisville, Barbour County; son of Daniel and Amanda (Burch) McKenzie, the former born near Rockingham, Richmond County, N. C., and lived near Louisville; grandson of Kenneth and Anne (Herrington) McKenzie, who lived near Rockingham, N. C., the former born on the Isle of Skye, and of Rev. Jesse and Susie (Dean) Burch, who lived near Shreveport, La.; great-grandson of Murdo McKenzie, who with his son Kenneth, came, just after the American Revolution, to the United States, and of William and Hattie (Blackwell) Burch, the latter of Georgetown, S. C., the former a member of General Sumter's command in the Revolutionary Army, married soon after the Revolution, and of William Dean; great-great-grandson of Seaborn Dean, major in the Revolutionary Army. These ancestors were all farmers. He received his early education at Louisville academy and at Helicon academy in Crenshaw County, under a very early and especially capable teacher, Prof. Angus R. McDonald. His collegiate education was obtained at Howard college, from which he graduated June 24, 1858, with the degree of A. B., making the highest scholastic record in his classes. Consideration of health induced him to adopt the profession of civil engineering. Soon after the close of the War of Secession, he had charge of the building of the railroad from Eufaula to Clayton, and later was chief engineer for the Central of Georgia railroad, rearranging yards and extending wharf in Savannah, and building the first compress on the wharf. In 1880-2 he was with the Louisville and Nashville railroad company, managing the track department from Decatur to Mobile, and a branch to Selma and Pine Apple. Before reaching the age of twenty-one years he was elected county surveyor which position he held until the beginning of the War of Secession. He was a member of the constitutional convention

of 1865, probably the youngest member, being less than twenty-eight years of age. He was in 1861, sergeant in Co. E, Seventh Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, and in 1862, was 1st lieutenant of Co. C, 39th Alabama infantry regiment; captain of Co. B, Fourth Alabama battalion cavalry, 1864; captain Co. I, Jefferson Davis legion, Army of Northern Virginia. He is a Democrat; a Mason; and a Baptist. Married: October 14, 1858, in Eufaula, to Caroline Elizabeth, daughter of Gen. Thomas and Caroline Elizabeth (Rogers) Flourney, who lived at Eufaula, the latter family having migrated from Dinwiddie County, Va.; granddaughter of Col. Josiah and Martha (Manley) Flourney, the former of Edenton, Ga.; great-granddaughter of John Manley, an officer in the Revolutionary Army, and a cousin of Gen. Winfield Scott. Children: 1. Edgar Flourney, Georgiana; 2. Mrs. U. C. Vinson, deceased; 3. Mannie, m. Dr. W. W. Mangum; 4. Anne Josephine, m. S. T. Suratt; 5. Daniel Burch, Eufaula; 6. Fannie Flourney, m. E. M. Lovelace, Brewton; 7. Mary Lou, m. J. E. Methvin, Eufaula; 8. Susie Dean, m. J. A. Copeland, Atlanta, Ga. Residence: Eufaula.

McKENZIE, PETER BEAUREGARD, lawyer, mayor and cyclopedia writer, was born March 2, 1862, at Franklin, Macon County; son of Peter Robeson and Elizabeth Caroline (Robeson) McKenzie, the former born at Chesterfield Court House, S. C., and lived at Tallassee; grandson of John and Elizabeth Ann (Robeson) McKenzie, who lived near Tallassee, Tallapoosa County, and of William Lord and Margaret Jane (Sweeney) Robeson, who lived at Chesterfield Court House, S. C.; great-grandson of James McKenzie, a native of Scotland, who near the beginning of the American Revolution, came from London to Camden, S. C.; great-great-grandson of Calvin Spencer, one of the very early ancestors who settled in or near Chesterfield and Cheraw, S. C., near the line of North Carolina, came from Connecticut, lieutenant in the Revolutionary Army, delegate to convention, 1788, which ratified the Federal constitution, delegate to constitutional convention of 1790, judge of county court, representative in the legislature, colonel of militia, 1800, and of Dr. James P. Wilson, born in Pennsylvania before the Revolutionary War, moved to Long Bluff, S. C., was justice of county court, surgeon in General Marion's brigade, and lost heavily by British destruction of property. Mr. McKenzie received his early education at Tuskegee, and his professional education at the University of Alabama, from which he was graduated June, 1883, with the degree of B. L. He is a lawyer by profession, beginning practice, January 1, 1884, in Eufaula, and afterwards practicing in Birmingham. He was register in chancery for Barbour County, March, 1885-April, 1889, and mayor of Eufaula, June, 1894-October, 1899. During several years before 1896 he was a member of the Democratic executive committee of Barbour County. He is a Methodist; an Odd Fellow, and a Knight of Pythias. Author: articles in the Cyclopedia of Law. Married: November 23, 1887, at Perry, Houston County,

Ga., to Claudia Emily, daughter of Isaac T. and Eugenia (Morris) Hill, who lived at Georgetown, Ga. Children: 1. Claudia Hill, m. William Brasher Clayton, grandson of Judge Henry D. Clayton, of Clayton, and resides in Dallas, Texas; 2. Donald Spencer. Residence: Talladega.

McKINIRY, DAVID, Catholic priest, was born near Linsmore, Ireland, February 5, 1830 and died at Mobile, December 18, 1896. Father McKiniry, while very young, was a student at St. John's diocesan college, Waterford; later transferred to Maynooth college; joined the Society of Jesus, December 8, 1854, while a student at Maynooth, and was professor at Clonglowes Wood college, the principal college of the Jesuits in Ireland. He was sent to America in 1856; was professor of rhetoric at St. Charles college, Grand Coteau, La., and later at Spring Hill college. Soon after he was sent to Ireland and Australia and passed some time at the University of Louvain. He returned to America and spent one year at the Jesuit college, St. Louis; was stationed at the Jesuit college, New Orleans, 1873-74; spent the years 1872-1884 as lecturer at St. Joseph's university, Beirut, Syria. He again returned to America in 1884 and was president of Spring Hill college from that date until 1888, when he became president of the Jesuit college, New Orleans. His health began to fail so he was again, 1895, sent to Mobile as spiritual father and chaplain to the Visitation convent. He remained at this station until his death. Last residence: Mobile.

McKINLEY, JOHN, lawyer, U. S. senator, associate justice U. S. supreme court, was born in May, 1780, in Culpeper County, Va., and died July 19, 1852, in Louisville, Ky. He spent the early years of his life in Franklin County, Ky., where he was for some time a mechanic. He read law and practiced for some years at Frankfort and Louisville, Ky., and moved to Alabama in 1819. He opened a law office in Huntsville, and in 1820, was elected to the State legislature from Madison County. Two years later he was a candidate for a vacant seat in the U. S. senate and was defeated by a majority of one by William Kelley of Madison. He was elected to the Federal senate in 1826 over C. C. Clay, to fill the seat left vacant by the death of Gov. Israel Pickens, and during that term, became a resident of Florence, Lauderdale County. On the expiration of his term in the senate in 1831, he was elected a representative from Lauderdale County in the State legislature and in 1833 was elected to represent the district in congress, defeating Gen. James Davis of Franklin. In 1836, he again served Lauderdale County in the State legislature, and during the session, was elected to the U. S. senate to succeed Gov. Gabriel Moore. Before taking his seat he was appointed an associate justice of the supreme court of the United States by President Van Buren, 1837, and held the position until his death in 1852, residing much of that time in Washington, D. C., and Louisville, Ky. He was a Jackson Democrat. Married. His daughter, Mrs. Donald Campbell,

was a resident of Louisville, Ky., and his son, Andrew, held an important office in that state. Last residence: Louisville, Ky.

McKINLEY, JOHN, lawyer, was born December 12, 1871, at Demopolis, Marengo County; son of John Henry and Martha Ann (Stanton) McKinley, who lived at Demopolis, the former a native of Kennebunk Port, Me., who came south when about eighteen years of age, served in the Forty-third Alabama regiment, C. S. Army, and was transferred to the engineers corps, serving first with the western army, and being transferred after the battle of Missionary Ridge to the Virginia army; grandson of Thomas and Mary (Owen) Stanton, who lived near Alston, S. C. He was educated in the public schools at Demopolis, and on his father's death in 1887, went to work to aid in the support of the family. While working at the bench as a mechanic, he devoted his nights to the study of law, and was admitted to the bar, September 21, 1896, before the circuit court of Marengo County. He opened his practice in Demopolis, moved to Eutaw in 1897, and has since conducted his profession at that place. He was for two years associated with Edward deGraffenried, later of the supreme court bench; then formed a partnership with Bernard Harwood, which lasted until Mr. Harwood became judge of the sixth judicial circuit. At that time, Mr. McKinley became senior member of the firm of McKinley, McQueen, Hawkins & Snow, with offices at Eutaw and Tuscaloosa. He is a Democrat, a deacon in the Baptist church, has been past master of his lodge of Masons, past noble grand of Odd Fellows, and past chancellor of the Knights of Pythias. Married: April 27, 1898, in Eutaw, to Margaret Augusta Braune, daughter of Gustave and Nora Braune, of Eutaw. Children: 1. John McKinley, Jr., b. December 9, 1899, at Eutaw. Residence: Eutaw.

McKINLEY, VERGIL PARKS, teacher, was born October 2, 1875, at Oakmulgee, Perry County; son of Richard and Fannie Barton (Crowe) McKinley, the former a native of Mecklenburg County, N. C., who lived at Zebulon, Ga., until the close of the War of Secession, served in the C. S. Army, lived in Bethlehem, 1879-1892, and was postmaster, justice of the peace, and township superintendent of schools at that place; grandson of Leroy and Mary Louisa McKinley, of Zebulon, Ga., and of Elijah Palmer and Fannie (Olderm) Crowe, who lived at Centerville. The McKinleys are of Scotch-Irish descent, and were introduced into America by Mr. McKinley's great-grandfather, who landed somewhere in New England and later moved to North Carolina. On the Crowe side, his ancestry was of English descent, his great-grandfather Crowe being the first pastor of Salome Baptist church, at Marion. He attended the rural schools of Perry County and Prof. J. D. Cooper's high school at Centerville; was graduated from the State normal college, Troy, with the degree of bachelor of pedagogy, 1903, and from Teachers' college, Columbia university, New York City, B. S., and with a bachelor's diploma in manual training, 1908. He began

teaching in 1896 at Oakmulgee, and taught in the rural schools of Alabama until 1903 when he was elected to the principalship of the high school in connection with the Troy normal college. In 1908, he was elected to the principalship of the department of arts in the Troy normal college, and held that position until he moved to the University of Alabama to take charge of the department of vocational education. He is a Democrat, a deacon in the Baptist church and president of the Pike County Sunday School Association, and a past chancellor in the Knights of Pythias. Married: July 6, 1911, at Knoxville, Tenn., to Mary Emma Key, daughter of John G. and Sarah E. (Carroll) Key, who lived at Troy, the former treasurer of Pike County for twelve years, the latter a sister of J. S. Carroll of Troy. Residence: University.

MCKINNEY, CHARLES, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 71, and a resident of Limestone County; private and sergeant Virginia Militia; enrolled on June 14, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$27.33; sums received to date of publication of list, \$68.32.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

MCKINNEY, JAMES, member of the constitutional convention of 1861, from Dale County.

MCKINNEY, JAMES ISAAC, railroad superintendent, was born November 22, 1852, at Stanford, Lincoln County, Ky.; son of George Houston and Hannah McKinley (Paxton) McKinney, the former a native of Stanford, Ky., who lived at that place, was circuit clerk of Linden County, and was quartermaster of the Nineteenth Kentucky regiment, U. S. Army, War of Secession; grandson of George and Panthea (Houston) McKinney, who lived at McKinney's Station, Lincoln County, Ky., and of Joseph and Elizabeth Paxton, who lived at Lexington, Rockbridge County, Va., and moved to Stanford, Lincoln County, Ky., in 1814; great-grandson of John Paxton, of the South River Paxtons of Rockbridge County, Va., a captain in the Revolutionary Army who was killed in the battle of Guilford Court House, N. C., 1781. The Paxtons were of English and Irish descent, and supported Cromwell in the overthrow of Charles I. On the restoration of Charles II they fled from Ireland to America about 1650. They were of royal blood, and owned lands in Scotland and Ireland which were confiscated. Mr. McKinney was educated in Stanford, Ky., under Charles Barnes. He began working for the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company in January, 1873, was advanced through various departments, and on December 1, 1889, was made superintendent of the road at Montgomery, in which position he has continued. He is a Republican, a Presbyterian, and an Odd Fellow. Married: May 7, 1898, at Richmond, Ky., to Kate Slaughter (q. v.). Residence: Montgomery.

MCKINNEY, KATE SLAUGHTER, author, was born February 6, 1859, at London, Laurel County, Ky., daughter of James Love and Lucinda Jane (Price) Slaughter, the former a native of Boonville, Ky., who later lived at London, and Richmond, in that State; granddaughter of John L. and Mary (Montjoy) Slaughter of London, Ky., and of Gabriel and Eliza (Garrard) Price, of Manchester, Ky.; great-granddaughter of Gov. Gabriel Slaughter and of Gov. James Garrard of Kentucky. The Slaughters came from Wales and settled in Culpeper County, Va. Gen. Theo. Garrard of the War of Secession was a great-uncle of Mrs. McKinney. She received her education in Kirksville, Ky.; and at the Daughters' college, Harrodsburg, Ky., where she graduated in 1876 with first honors. She is a member of the Christian church. Under the nom-de-plume, "Katydid," she contributed to the current press numerous poems and short stories. Author "Katydid's Poems," 1887; "The Silent witness," 1906; "A weed by the wall," 1911. She has also written the verses for a number of published songs, among which is "The green Kentucky pastures," sung at the opening of the Kentucky building at the St. Louis world's fair. Married: May 7, 1878, at Richmond, Ky., to James I. McKinney (q. v.). Residence: Montgomery.

MCKINNON, JOHN A., grand master, grand council, Masons, 1894; grand commander, grand commandery, 1891-95; grand high priest, grand chapter, 1892-93.

MCKINNON, JOHN ALEXANDER, physician, was born July 12, 1842, in Pike County. He was educated in the common schools, and began reading medicine at Macon, Ga., when he was nineteen year of age. The year before, he had entered the C. S. Army, from Lowndes County, as a private in the Third Alabama infantry regiment. After the battle of Malvern Hill, he was commissioned a lieutenant and was placed in charge of the medical laboratory at Macon, Ga. He went to Selma in February, 1866; was graduated from the University of Louisiana, M. D., 1867, and from the Bellevue Hospital medical college, New York, 1874 and 1875. He began to practice medicine with Dr. Fahs at Selma, 1867, and continued in that partnership for eighteen months. He makes a specialty of surgery, and was surgeon of the railroads running into Selma for many years. He is a member of the Medical Association of Alabama, of the Selma Medical Society, of the city board of health, and was a delegate to the International Medical Congress at Philadelphia, 1876. He is a Knight Templar, and has been eminent commander of the order; is a member of the Knights of Honor; the National Union; and the Ancient Order of United Workmen. He is also connected with the Railroad Conductors' Insurance Association and the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, as medical examiner. Residence: Selma.

MCKINSTRY, ALEXANDER, colonel 32nd infantry regiment, C. S. Army, lieutenant governor of Alabama, member Alabama legislature, lawyer and jurist, was born March 7, 1822, in

Augusta, Ga., and died October 9, 1879, at Mobile; son of Alexander and Elizabeth (Thompson) McKinstry, the former of New England stock; grandson of Jesse and Nancy (Clarke) Thompson of Augusta, Ga., and of Ezekiel and Rosina (Chapman) McKinstry of Ellington, Conn.; great-grandson of Gen. Elijah and Hannah (Arrington) Clarke of Georgia, and of Alexander and Sarah (Lee) McKinstry of Litchfield, Conn.; great-great-grandson of John and Elizabeth (Fairfield) McKinstry, the former a native of Brode Parish, Antrim County Ireland, although of Scotch descent, who emigrated to America in 1718 and married at Winham, Mass.; great-great-great-grandson of Roger and Mary (Wilson) McKinstry, of Edinburgh, Scotland. Orphaned at an early age, Colonel McKinstry, made his way to Mobile where he had relatives, and found employment, at fourteen, in a drug store where for several years he remained. He later read law in the office of Hon. John A. Campbell who subsequently became a U. S. supreme court judge, and at once showed a marked aptitude for the legal profession. He was admitted to the bar in 1845 and the following year formed a partnership with William G. Jones. During these first years of his public career he filled the offices of alderman of Mobile, notary public, commissioner of revenue of Mobile County, of which board he was president, and commissioner of roads of the county. He was elected colonel of the 48th Alabama infantry regiment, 9th brigade, 4th division State militia, in 1847, but resigned this office in 1850. During that year he was elected judge of the city of Mobile, re-elected in 1856, and resigned in 1860 to resume his practice in partnership with Daniel Chandler. Although strongly opposed to the Secession movement he surrendered his judgment to the will of the people and on April 29, 1862, was commissioned colonel 32nd Alabama infantry regiment under special order; September 21, 1862, he was assigned to the command of the post of Chattanooga and the troops between Hiawassa and Bridgeport. On April 6, 1864, he was commissioned colonel of cavalry, attached to Maj.-Gen. N. B. Forrest, and was later assigned to the duty of provost marshal general of the Army of Tennessee, the State of Alabama and North Georgia under Gen. Braxton Bragg. He was president of the military court attached to Gen. N. B. Forrest's command from the spring of 1864 until the close of the war. He returned to Mobile and resumed the practice of the law, in the State, U. S. courts and before the U. S. supreme court. In the fall of 1865 he was elected to the Alabama legislature from Mobile County and was made chairman of the judiciary committee, and a member on the committee on the revision of the code which was adopted in 1867. In 1869 he was again elected to the legislature and in 1872 was elected lieutenant governor of the state. He was an Episcopalian. Married: March 20, 1845, to Virginia Thompson, daughter of Robert Richards and Mary (Thompson) Dade, of Mobile, the former a native of King George Court House, Va.; grand-daughter of Robert Townsend and Elizabeth

(Parker) Dade, also of King George County, his wife being a native of Cartaret County, N. C. Children: 1. Alexander, m. Annie Foss, Eureka, Calif.; 2. William Dade, m. Eva Sheldon, Mobile; 3. Louise Dade, m. Keith Moffat, Mobile; 4. Virginia Dade, Mobile; 5. Mary Ingersoll, m. Marion Chalkley, Richmond, Va. Six other children born to them died in infancy. Last residence: Mobile.

McKINSTRY, O. L., public official, was born March 19, 1842, in Pickens County; son of Thomas W. and Perilla A. (Mobley) McKinstry, natives, respectively, of South Carolina and of Troup County, Ga., the former a farmer, who emigrated from South Carolina to Alabama in 1836 and lived there until his death in 1869. The father of Thomas W. McKinstry was a native of Ireland, who emigrated to South Carolina and became a farmer in that state, married a Miss Allston, a close relative of Gov. Allston of South Carolina, and a native of Scotland. Judge McKinstry enlisted in the C. S. Army in 1861, joining Co. D, Second Alabama infantry regiment, and served with that command one year, then joined the Forty-second Alabama infantry. He participated in the battles of Corinth, siege of Vicksburg, Lookout Mountain, Missionary Ridge, Resaca, Kenesaw Mountain, New Hope Church, Peach Tree Creek, and Bentonville, at which last place he was taken prisoner. After the war he returned to his home and engaged in farming, and in 1876-1877 represented Pickens County in the State legislature. He was appointed probate judge of Pickens County in 1890, to fill a vacancy caused by the death of Judge T. G. Williams, and was elected to that office in 1892. Married: in 1868, to Hester Mayhew, daughter of Joseph H. and Susanna (Collier) Mayhew, both natives of South Carolina, who emigrated to Alabama in the early days of the state. Children: 1. Thomas H., b. October, 1869, physician; 2. O. L., jr., b. April, 1874; 3. Hester, b. November, 1880. Residence: Carrollton.

McKISSICK, ANTHONY FOSTER, professor of electrical engineering, Alabama polytechnical institute, Auburn, 1891-99. He held the A. M. and M. M. E. degrees. Residence: Anderson, S. C.

McKLERoy, JOHN MARTIN, lawyer, superintendent of education, was born May 13, 1843, at Eufaula; son of William H. and Martha Gill (Shorter) McKleroy. He was graduated from Howard college, 1860, and the following year went to Texas. After a few months' service with a Texas frontier company in the Indian territory, he enlisted, May, 1861, as a private in the Third Texas cavalry, and with that command, served one year in the west. He was appointed adjutant of Hilliard's legion with the rank of first lieutenant, 1862, and with that command, saw service in Tennessee, Kentucky, Georgia and the Carolinas. At the formation of the Tenth Confederate cavalry, of which Hilliard's command formed a part, he was elected third lieutenant of Co. A, and later was made captain of the company, and for a time com-

manded the regiment. He was wounded near Fayetteville, N. C., March 10, 1865, and returned to Eufaula soon after the final surrender. He began to study law, was admitted to the bar in November, 1865, and entered at once upon the practice of law in Eufaula. He was elected State superintendent of public instruction in 1874, held the office one term, and declined re-election. He was a representative in the State legislature in 1876, declined re-election, and in 1882 and 1886, was an unsuccessful candidate for governor. He was chairman of the State Democratic executive committee in 1866. In January, 1887, he was made president of the Anniston City Land Company, and attorney and general agent for the Alabama Mineral Land Company. Soon after that time, he located in Anniston, and retired from the practice of law, except in the interest of the companies he represented. Married: February 28, 1867, to Martha I. Woods, daughter of Clayton R. Woods of Eufaula. Children: 1. William H.; 2. Hatlie H. Residence: Anniston.

McKLERoy, WILLIAM HENRY, mayor, banker, and colonel State militia, was born October 26, 1868, at Eufaula, and died July 8, 1919, at Anniston; son of John Martin and Martha Isabell (Wood) McKleroy (q. v.); grandson of William Henry and Sophie (Shorter) McKleroy, and of Clayton R. and Harriette Wood, all of Eufaula. He received his early education in the schools of Eufaula and attended, 1884-87, Howard college, from which he graduated with first honors and the degree of A. B. He entered Columbia university, New York City, in 1887, and graduated with the degree of M. E., in 1890. From that date to 1895 he was cashier of the Anniston national bank and from the latter date to 1911, was president of that institution. He then became vice-president of the Anniston city national bank, and president of the Oxford national bank. In 1909 he became vice-president of the bank at Heflin; member, 1896-08, of the city council of Anniston; for eight years mayor, pro tem, of Anniston. He was captain of Co. E, 2nd Alabama National Guard, 1891-94, and colonel of the 3rd regiment, Alabama National Guard, 1905-12. He was a Democrat; Mason; and a Baptist. Married: August 18, 1907, in Chattanooga, Tenn., to Susan (Neal) Musgrove, widow of Judge Coleman Musgrove of Birmingham; daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Neal, who lived at Georgetown, Ky. Children: 1. William Henry, jr. Last residence: Anniston.

McLAIN, DAVID HUBBARD, physician, was born April 23, 1861, in Winston County, and died May 31, 1897; son of Allen Boston and Mary (Hewlett) McLain, the former a North Carolinian, of Scotch-Irish descent, who came to Alabama with his parents when a child, and located on a farm in Walker County; grandson of William Hewlett, of Virginia. His ancestors, the McLains, Hewletts and Hubbards of North Carolina and Virginia achieved distinction in the War of 1812, and were prominent in the politics of the country and the cause of the Confederacy. He received his schooling at

Mount Hope, and in Spring Hill academy, Tennessee, under the direction of Col. John Peebles. He worked on his father's farm until 1872, when he began the study of medicine under Dr. J. M. Clark, at Mt. Hope, and graduated from the medical college of Alabama, M. D., 1875. After practicing for one year in Allen's Factory, Marion County, he moved to Maysville, Madison County, and from there to Gurley, 1879, where he soon established himself in a practice extending over the eastern part of Madison County. He was a member of the Madison County medical society and of the State medical association, and for two terms was a member of the board of censors of the former; was a Democrat; a steward in the Methodist Episcopal church; and a Knight of Honor. Married: June 10, 1880, to Ella McBroom, a graduate of Huntsville female college, daughter of C. C. McBroom, of Gurley. Children: 1. Deceased; 2. Allen. Last residence: Gurley.

McLAUGHLIN, JAMES MADISON, physician, was born March 22, 1838, at Leeds, Jefferson County; son of John and Margaret (Brinker) McLaughlin, the former a native of Tennessee, and a resident of that state until he moved to Alabama, the latter a Tennessean of German descent; grandson of Alexander Andrew McLaughlin, who emigrated from Scotland to Tennessee and was one of the first settlers of that state. He was educated in the public schools, read medicine with Dr. Robertson and Dr. Freeman at Springville, 1859-1860; and attended the Atlanta medical college two years; enlisted in Co. C, Eighteenth Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army; was soon made captain of the company; and in 1864 was made lieutenant colonel, occupying that position until the end of the war. He had been appointed assistant surgeon of the regiment but declined to serve. After the war, he engaged in the general practice of medicine, and conducted a drug store. He has served as examiner for the New York life insurance company, for the Penn mutual life insurance company, and for the Equitable life insurance company of New York; as a member of the board of pension examiners; as county health officer; was mayor of Springville three times; a member and one of the organizers of the St. Clair medical society; and a counselor of the State medical association. He is a Democrat; a Presbyterian; a Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: in 1877, to Isidora, daughter of James and Parthenia (Dean) Forman, of Springville. Children: 1. Katharine Burt, m. Jacob Forney (q. v.), professor in the University of Alabama until his death in 1902, children, Caroline and John McLaughlin Forney. Residence: Springville.

McLAUGHLIN, JOHN FELIX, teacher, farmer and tax assessor, was born September 16, 1842, at Jonesboro, Jefferson County; son of Duncan Stuart and Elvira Caroline (Addington) McLaughlin, natives of the same county; grandson of Andrew and Nancy (Carmichael) McLaughlin of that place, the latter born about 1778 in the Isle of Mull, Scotland, served as a sailor for nearly twenty years and located

in Marlborough District, S. C., about 1808, where he married and moved to Tennessee, thence to Jefferson County, where he remained until his death in 1858, and of Jason and Elvira (Sandefur) Addington of Jefferson and Pickens Counties. Mr. McLaughlin received his early education in the schools of Jefferson and Tuscaloosa Counties, and has followed teaching and farming; was elected tax assessor of Jefferson County in 1896 and re-elected in 1900, serving, in all, nine years; entered Confederate Army in Co. B, 10th Alabama infantry regiment, June 16th, 1861, and was in the Army of Northern Virginia until the surrender of Lee at Appomattox. He is a Democrat. Married: July 20, 1871, to Sarah Ella, daughter of Jasper Newton and Jerusha (Carroll) Meredith, who lived near Montevallo, a descendant of Colonel Edward Lacy of Revolutionary fame, and related to Charles Carroll of Carrollton, the signer of the Declaration of Independence. Children: 1. Maud, m. B. P. Mims of Birmingham; 2. Anna Stuart, m. James A. Dupuy of Fairview; 3. Willie Cyrene; 4. Jason Meredith. Residence: Birmingham.

MCLEAN, CHARLES E., mayor of Mobile, March 1903 to July 1904.

MCLEAN, JAMES MCGREADY, Presbyterian minister, was born February 13, 1821, near Carthage, Greene, now Hale County, and died April 7, 1890, at Oxford; son of James and Mary (Sloss) McLean, the former a native of North Carolina. His great-great-grandfather McLean came to America from Scotland and settled in North Carolina. He was graduated from the College of Mississippi, 1845, and after some attendance at Lane theological seminary, was graduated at Union theological seminary, New York, 1848. He was licensed to preach about 1844, and was ordained by the Newton Presbytery in 1848. He preached first at Marion, Miss., then at Colla Springs and Lexington, Miss. He was pastor of the Fourth Presbyterian church at Mobile, 1854-1863; took charge of Fayetteville, Hatchet Creek, Unity and Scott's Grove churches, having organized the last named, 1864; took charge of the churches at Oxford, Jacksonville and Marble Springs, 1869; and sometimes combined with those churches at New Lebanon, Harpersville and Columbiana. His labors extended throughout the counties of Talladega, Clay, Shelby and Calhoun. He was a Mason and an Odd Fellow. Married: June 21, 1848, at Marion, Miss.: to Julia, daughter of John Fox and Harriet (Wood) Chester, who lived at Sumterville, S. C. Children: 1. Chester Cummings, d. September 9, 1860; 2. Ida, d. October 19, 1905, at Marshall, Tex.; 3. Charles Wood, d. July 27, 1873, at Oxford; 4. James Dunning, minister, president of the South-Western Presbyterian home and school for orphans, Itasca, Tex.; 5. Harry Herndon, minister, d. in April, 1884, in Goochland County, Va.; 6. Carrie Hoadley, m. Julius P. Word, Lubbock, Tex.; 7. Mary Elizabeth, m. David P. Rogers, d. January 15, 1907, at Princeton, W. Va.; 8. John Ephraim, minister, Forth Worth, Tex.; 9. Joseph George, d. August

3, 1868, at Fayetteville. Last residence: Oxford.

McLEMORE, CHARLES, merchant, was born in Jasper County, Ga., and died in 1858, near Memphis, Tenn. He was educated as a physician, came to Alabama in 1833, and settled on the river in Tallapoosa County. Soon after he came to Lafayette, where he established himself as a merchant. He was elected to the State legislature from Chambers County in 1836, and between that time and 1844, was re-elected five times to that body. He was sent to the State senate in the latter year, and served two years. He was again elected to the senate in 1849, was unanimously elected president of that body in 1851, and served in the upper house until 1855, when he was defeated by Dr. H. W. Bacon. He died while on a visit to Arkansas, to look after lands in which he was interested. He was a Whig. Mr. McLemore was married three times, the last time to a Miss McCoy, daughter of Neal McCoy of Chambers County. One of his sons, Col. J. J. McLemore, an officer in the militia, who was debarred from active service in the War of Secession because of physical disabilities, drilled many soldiers for the C. S. Army, and conducted a flour mill, which was thrown open to the families of soldiers during the war; he served in the State legislature and offered a series of joint resolutions for the state to care for the soldiers' families, which later became a law. His youngest son was Col. Owen Kenan McLemore (q. v.). Last residence: Chambers County.

McLEMORE, MOSES, farmer, was born in 1857, in Montgomery County; son of Andrew J. and Sarah C. (Smith) McLemore, the former a native of Jones County, Ga., who came to Alabama with his parents about 1820, and was first married to Margaret Caffey, by whom he had three daughters, was married again in 1854, and spent the remainder of his life on a plantation in Montgomery County, and died in 1870, the latter a native of Orangeburgh District, S. C., who came to Alabama with her uncle, Daniel Rast, who settled in Lowndes County; grandson of Rev. James McLemore, a Virginian and a Missionary Baptist minister, who came to Alabama in 1820, and is said to have built the first church in Montgomery County, and of Jacob and Mary Smith, natives of South Carolina, who lived in that state all their lives. He was educated in the country schools and in Montgomery, and at the age of seventeen, began farming in Montgomery County. He has followed that occupation all his life, and for some years he was also engaged in merchandising and in conducting a cotton gin. Married: in 1890, to Annie Benom Tanner, who was born in Tuskegee, daughter of L. H. and Ophelia Tanner, who came to Alabama from Georgia, the former of whom died at Union Springs. Residence: Montgomery County.

McLEMORE, OWEN KENAN, Confederate soldier, was born October 21, 1838, in Lafayette, and died September 30, 1862, at Winchester,



BETHUNE B. McKENZIE

Ga.; son of Charles McLemore (q. v.). When he was sixteen years of age, he was appointed to a cadetship at West Point, from the seventh congressional district of Alabama. He was graduated with honor from the military academy, July 1, 1856; was stationed in Kentucky as second lieutenant in the Eighth infantry regiment, U. S. Army, for a short time, then was transferred to the Sixth infantry; was with the latter command in San Francisco when Alabama seceded; resigned from the U. S. Army and returned to Alabama to join the C. S. Army; was first employed in recruiting soldiers for the Fourteenth Alabama infantry regiment; was assigned to duty as first lieutenant of artillery, and ordered to report to Gen. Beauregard, at Manassas Junction, June, 1861; participated in the first battle of Manassas; was appointed major of the Fourteenth Alabama regiment; commanded the regiment at Williamsburg, at which time his horse was shot from under him; was elected lieutenant colonel of the Fourth Alabama regiment, May 21, 1862, and after falling back from Richmond to Yorktown, was promoted to colonel; commanded the Fourth Alabama in the battle of Seven Pines, and when the regiment followed Stonewall Jackson from the valley of Virginia; after forced marches formed a juncture with Gen. Lee's forces in time to assist in the defeat of Gen. McClellan and to save Richmond in the seven days' battle, at which time Col. McLemore received a severe flesh wound; fought at second Manassas and in all the ensuing engagements until he was fatally wounded while commanding his regiment, at the battle of Sharpsburg, September 17, 1862; died at the home of Mrs. Carson, in Winchester, September 30, 1862, and was buried in N. May Cemetery, Winchester, with military honors, the regiment and division band marching several miles to perform the last rites. Last residence: Lafayette.

McLENDON, GEORGE GRANDBERRY, Baptist minister, was born December 14, 1807, in Morgan County, Ga.; son of Josiah McLendon, a native of North Carolina, who married a daughter of Elder George Grandberry of North Carolina, one of the first Baptist preachers. He moved with his father to Alabama in 1818, and settled near Burnt Corn, Conecuh County. After residing there for six years, he moved with the family to Pike County, 1824, near what is now Brundidge. He farmed for a few years, and in 1832 united with the Salem Baptist church. Up until that time, he had little opportunity to gain even the rudiments of an education, but after he decided to enter the ministry, he devoted himself closely to reading and study and became a profound Biblical scholar. He was ordained to the ministry, July 27, 1840, and was assigned to his first charge at Aberfoil, in what is now Bullock County. He was a member and one of the organizers of the Selma Baptist association, and was sent as a missionary of the association into Florida and southern Alabama in 1844, and served there for three years. He served for a number of years as moderator of the Selma association, and was in active church work for more than fifty years. He was a Royal Arch

Mason. Married: January 15, 1828, in Pike County, to Martha, daughter of John Martin, a native of Maryland, who moved from Georgia to Alabama, settling near Horse Shoe Bend on the Tallapoosa River, 1818, later moving to Butler County, then to Pike County, near Brundidge. Children: 1. James R. (q. v.); 2. Jonathan D., farmer and merchant, served in Co. G, Fifty-third Alabama volunteer regiment, m. 1859, Susannah Myrick, daughter of W. B. Myrick; 3. Jackson J., teacher, farmer and architect, served in the C. S. Army, for several years, township superintendent of free public schools, m. in 1858, Eleanor E. Cook, of Montgomery County; 4. Jasper G., wounded in the battle of Shiloh and never heard from since; 5. Joseph F., killed at the battle of Shiloh, April 7, 1862; 6. Judson Cary, killed July, 1891, on the Louisville and Nashville railroad, m. in 1869, Josephine Burgess, daughter of William Burgess of Pike County; 7. Jane E., d. in infancy; 8. Julia, d. in infancy; 9. Julia Ann, deceased, m. George Edge, left a son, George, of River Falls; 10. Josephine, deceased, m. J. M. Talbot, left three children, James T., Mollie F., and Clarence M. Last residence: Pike County.

McLENDON, JAMES R., farmer, was born in 1828, in Pike County; son of George Grandberry and Martha (Martin) McLendon (q. v.). He was reared on a farm, received a good education, and attended the military school at Tuskegee. He taught school until in August, 1862, when he joined the Partisan Rangers, Co. H, Fifty-first Alabama mounted infantry, under Col. John T. Morgan. He fought at Murfreesboro, and participated in the Georgia campaign, from Dalton to Atlanta, losing his left hand, July 28, 1864. After some time in a hospital, he was furloughed home for sixty days, then was made superintendent of the hospital garden at Meridian, Miss., where he remained until the close of the war. For a short time after the war, he resided and taught school in Butler County, but in 1865, moved to Montgomery County, where he conducted a farm. He contributed to various periodicals, and is author of an article, "Music on the Farm." He served in the State legislature in 1888 and 1889, and was a member of the committee on education and temperance. He was a Missionary Baptist. Married: in November, 1856, to Mary Jane, daughter of Dr. J. C. and Caroline Courtney, natives of South Carolina and Montgomery County, the former a physician, farmer and nurseryman, who died in 1889, in Chilton County. Thirteen children were born to the marriage. Last residence: Montgomery County.

McLENDON, LOUIS MARSHALL, physician and legislator, was born January 10, 1848, at Wadesboro, Anson County, N. C.; son of Louis May and Mary Ann (Waddell) McLendon, who resided in Wadesboro until 1855, when he moved to DeKalb, Kemper County, Miss., a member of the board of supervisors for five terms in North Carolina, and sheriff of Anson County, that state, for one term; grandson of Joel and Susan (May) McLendon of Anson County, N. C., and of Edward Waddell and wife of Cheraw, S.

C. The family was of Scotch-Irish descent. Dr. McLendon had a common school education in Kemper County, Miss., and graduated with the M. D. degree from the medical department of the University of Alabama, Mobile, 1874. He entered upon the practice of his profession at Oak Grove, Miss., and later practiced at Georgiana, at Muscogee, Fla., and at Brewton, where he has resided for the past twenty-five years. He was coroner of Escambia County for two terms and Confederate pension examiner for two terms. He entered the Confederate Army in 1867, at fifteen years of age, from the State of Mississippi, and was a corporal. He represented Escambia County in the legislature of 1911. He is a Methodist; Democrat; Mason, a Knight of Honor; and a member of the Fraternal Union. Married: November 23, 1866, at Oak Grove Miss., to Mary Ann, daughter of Peter P. and Elizabeth Cullom, the family being of French origin. Children: 1. Mary Elizabeth, m. M. C. Smith, Oak Grove, Miss.; 2. Alyce, m. J. R. Bradley, Century, Fla.; 3. Wilma. Residence: Brewton.

McLENNAN, JOHN D., lieutenant colonel, 59th Alabama infantry; major, 4th battalion Alabama artillery, Hilliard's Alabama Legion, C. S. Army.

McLEOD, ARCHIBALD LONZO, lawyer, was born December 27, 1859, in Jackson, Clarke County; son of John and Christian (Calhoun) McLeod, the former a native of Clarke County, who served in the C. S. Army, in Co. C, Thirty-second Alabama infantry regiment, and was killed at the battle of Franklin; grandson of Duncan Calhoun, who came to Alabama from North Carolina. He was graduated from the University of Alabama, A. B., 1885, A. M., 1888; taught in the public schools of Selma, 1885-1887; organized a newspaper, "The South Alabamian," at Jackson, and began the practice of law in that city; served in the legislature from Clarke County, 1888 and 1889; moved to Selma, 1890, where he continued his law practice; was elected mayor of Selma, 1899-1901, and re-elected without opposition, 1901-1903. He is a Methodist; a Democrat; a Mason; an Odd Fellow; and an Elk. Married: (1) in Selma, to Augusta Jordan, who died November 1, 1891; (2) February 6, 1901, at Montgomery, to Elizabeth Dawson, daughter of George W. Hails (q. v.), who was at one time tax collector of Montgomery County. Children, by second marriage: 1. Elizabeth Furniss. Residence: Selma.

McLEOD, J. F., Methodist minister; member of the Alabama conference. Residence: Montgomery.

McLEOD, JOHN CALVIN, physician, was born July 1, 1880, at Goodwater, Coosa County; son of Angus Kelley and Laura (Jones) McLeod, the former a native of Goodwater, who lived there, and at Wetumpka and Sylacauga, Talladega County, who was U. S. deputy collector of internal revenue under Cleveland's second administration; grandson of William W. and Margaret McLeod, of Goodwater, and

of John Calvin and Angeline (Love) Jones, who lived at Bradford, Coosa County. He attended the common schools of Coosa County, the high school at Auburn, and took one year's course at the Alabama polytechnic institute. He was graduated from the Birmingham medical college, April, 1900; began to practice medicine at Bay Minette in 1900, and has been engaged in the general practice since that time. He was a member of the common council of Bay Minette, 1908-1912; was chairman of the Baldwin County Democratic executive committee, 1913; ruling elder of the Burgett Memorial Presbyterian church; past master of his lodge of Masons; and past chancellor of the Knights of Pythias. Married: November 15, 1904, at Jemison, to Virginia, daughter of L. J. and Susan Hand, who lived at Jemison, Chilton County. Children: 1. Pauline Glover. Residence: Bay Minette.

McLEOD, JOHN COLEMAN, physician, was born April 2, 1878, at Clayton, Barbour County; son of John C. and Alice (Baker) McLeod, of White Oak Springs and Eufaula; grandson of Daniel and P. R. McLeod, and of James and Nancy Baker, all of Barbour County. Dr. McLeod was educated in the common schools of Barbour and Henry Counties; the Southeast Alabama agricultural school, Abbeville, and the medical department of the University of Alabama, Mobile, from which he graduated, 1904, with the degree of M. D. He began the practice of his profession in May, 1904, at Bakerhill, where he remained for one year; lived at Elba, Coffee County, two years; and at Opp, where he has practiced for the last ten years. He was a member of the city council at Opp for six years; and was elected to the legislature from Covington County, 1918. He is a Democrat; a Presbyterian; a Mason; a Shriner; a Knight of Pythias; and a Woodman of the World. Married: February 22, 1906, at Elba, to Myrtle L., daughter of William J. and Rebecca Hutchison. Residence: Opp.

McLEOD, JOHN WILLIAM, teacher and lawyer, was born October 22, 1887, at King Institute, Clarke County; son of William Allen and Mary Zeola (Vaughn) McLeod; grandson of John and Christian (Calhoun) McLeod, the former a Confederate soldier who lived in Clarke County, and was killed at the battle of Franklin, Tenn., and of William and Mary Vaughn of Wilcox County. He received his early education in the public schools of Demopolis, and graduated A. B., from the University of Alabama, 1906, and LL. B., 1912. He taught in the Mobile military institute, 1906-09; principal Grove Hill academy, 1901-11; principal Clarke County high school, 1912-13; after which latter date he entered upon the practice of law. Author: "A history of Clarke County." He is a Democrat, Methodist and Mason. Unmarried. Residence: Mobile.

McLEOD, NORMAN BURNS, Methodist minister, was born November 11, 1885, at Saltpa, Clarke County; son of Lionel Erastus and Mary Elizabeth (Waite) McLeod; grandson of Henry Waters and Matilda (Chapman) Waite of Neal-

ton, and of John and Christian (Calhoun) McLeod of Jackson; great-grandson of Neal and Nancy (Calhoun) McLeod of Richmond or Cumberland County, N. C., but who removed to Clarke County prior to 1822. The McLeods immigrated to America in 1792, from the Isle of Skye. Many Methodist and Baptist ministers in Alabama have sprung from the original immigrant pair. Rev. Mr. McLeod was educated in the public schools and the Agricultural school at Jackson; graduated at Auburn with the degree of B. S., 1907, winner of society declamation medal, sophomore and junior medals, class orator, editor-in-chief of "Orange and Blue," 1st corporal, sergeant, major and adjutant; graduated at Vanderbilt university, June, 1913, with degree of Bachelor of Divinity; entered ministry of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, 1908, and has served as pastor and supply minister of Greene Circuit, Selma, Montgomery, Hattiesburg, Miss., and Phoenix City. He held the chair of history in Seventh district agricultural school, Albertville. He is a Mason and a member of Tau Kappa Alpha college fraternity. Unmarried. Residence: Nashville, Tenn.

MCLESTER, JOSEPH, banker, merchant, was born July 27, 1848, at North Port, Tuscaloosa County, and died April 25, 1895, at Birmingham; son of James Augusta and Jane (Simonton) McLester, who lived at North Port, the former a native of North Carolina, who came to Alabama early in the history of the state, and became a merchant at North Port for many years; grandson of James and Nancy (Tompkins) McLester, who lived in Lauderdale County, the former a captain in the Tenth North Carolina regiment, Revolutionary Army; great-grandson of Joseph McLester, born in Scotland in 1730, who came to America as a child with his father Joseph McLester. The family name was originally McAlester, formerly of the Scotch clan, Alester or MacAlester. Mr. McLester attended the North Port academy, and a school in Tuscaloosa, until he entered the University of Alabama. He was a member of the cadet corps at the university which opposed Croxton's raiders in 1865, and after the war was over, completed his college course at Washington and Lee university, under the administration of Gen. Robert E. Lee, graduating in 1869. On returning from college, he became cashier of the First national bank of Tuscaloosa, and treasurer of the Alabama insane hospital, for eight years. In 1881, he moved to Birmingham, and became a member of the wholesale grocery firm of McLester and Van Hoose, in which business he continued until his death. He was a Democrat and a Presbyterian. Married: November 10, 1875, in Carrollton, Miss., to Nannie, daughter of James and Martha (Hudson) Somerville, who lived at Memphis, Tenn., and Carrollton, Miss.; granddaughter of Dr. James Somerville, who came to Tuscaloosa from Virginia. The first James Somerville of Virginia emigrated from Scotland to this country, and was a descendant of Lord Somerville, who in turn was descended from Baron Somerville, who accompanied William the Conqueror to England, and

fought at the conquest. Children: 1. James Somerville, was graduated from the University of Alabama, A. B., and from the University of Virginia, M. D., 1899, was resident physician at the Philadelphia polyclinic hospital, now a physician in Birmingham, m. Ada Bowron; 2. Janie, m. R. E. Meade, Birmingham; 3. Dora, m. Paul E. Chalfaux, Birmingham; 4. Susie, m. R. E. Hawkins, Birmingham. Last residence: Birmingham.

McLURE, JOHN R., educator, superintendent of city schools of Troy.

McMATH, WILLIAM MALCHIHAH, lawyer, was born February 17, 1848, in Jefferson County, and died November 5, 1878, in Columbiana; son of John Duncan and Martha Ann (Thomas) McMath, who lived in Shelby County, near Montevallo, the former a native of Tuscaloosa County, who served in the C. S. Army; grandson of William Malchijah and Sarah (Davidson) McMath, who lived near Green Pond, Tuscaloosa County, and of William and Melinda (Moore) Thomas, of Jefferson County; great-grandson of William Malchijah McMath who moved from Georgia to Alabama and settled near Green Pond, and of George and Elizabeth (Cothier) Thomas, who lived in Tuscaloosa County. The McMATHs came from Ayrshire, Scotland, about 1700, and settled in South Carolina, later moving to Georgia. Mr. McMath received his early schooling at Montevallo, and attended the University of Alabama, 1863-1865. An honorary diploma was granted him by the university, May 13, 1914. He studied law and was admitted to the bar, January 16, 1873, and practiced in Columbiana and the courts of Alabama. He was a member of the State legislature, 1876-1877. He was a private in Co. C, Alabama corps of cadets, C. S. Army, 1863-1865, in the battalion commanded by Col. James T. Murfee. He was a Democrat, and a member of the State executive committee; was a Baptist; and a Mason. Married: December 20, 1870, near Montevallo, to Drusilla, daughter of Philip Denton and Martha Jane (Richardson) Meroney, of Shelby County; granddaughter of Lloyd and Alice (Edwards) Meroney, and of Charles and Mary Ann Richardson, who came to Alabama when the Indians occupied the state; great-granddaughter of Philip De Loucy and Martha (Semmes) O'Meroney, the former who came from Dublin, Ireland, to Maryland before the Revolution, who organized and equipped his own regiment, the First Maryland battalion of the flying corps, at the beginning of the War for Independence, and as captain of that command served throughout the war, following Gen. Greene in his campaign through the Carolinas, and who settled in South Carolina after the Revolution. Children: 1. Emmet Meroney, b. 1871, d. 1892; 2. William Burwell, b. 1874, d. 1906, m. Daisy Canterberry, deceased; 3. Anna Ethel, b. 1877, m. 1907, Robert Benjamin Dawson, Patton. Last residence: Columbiana.

McMILLAN, BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, merchant, was born March 21, 1841, at Monroe

ville; son of Murdoc and Celia Ann (Salter) McMillan, the former a North Carolinian, who moved to Monroeville, and in 1842, to Stockton, Baldwin County, and was a member of the home guard in the War of Secession; grandson of Malcolm and Margaret (Smith) McMillan, of North Carolina, and of John and Catherine (McMillan) Salter, who lived at Monroeville and Stockton, and at Pensacola, Fla.; great-grandson of Archibald McMillan, and his wife, formerly a Miss Murphy, who about 1760, emigrated from the highlands of Scotland, and settled in Richmond County, N. C. Mr. McMillan was educated in the common schools, and has lived the greater part of his life in Stockton. He served as first corporal in Co. G, Wirt Adams' cavalry, C. S. Army, throughout the War of Secession; engaged in merchandising in 1867; and in 1872 added the sawmill business. In 1901, he was representative from Baldwin County in the constitutional convention of Alabama. He is a Democrat; a Presbyterian; and a Mason. Married: June 11, 1872, in Mobile, to Annie Darrington, daughter of Duncan Witten and Sarah Darrington (Carter) Murphy, of Mobile, the former who went in 1849 to California and prospered, was elected speaker of the house of representatives in 1852 of California, and on his return to California from a visit to Alabama, died of yellow fever; granddaughter of Gov. John Murphy (q. v.). Children: 1. Sue Danner, m. Orrie W. Byrne; 2. Murdoc Murphy, m. Lillie Crosby; 3. Benjamin Franklin, m. Ella Pickens; 4. Anne Darrington, m. Dr. J. Hamilton Hastie; 5. John, m. Annie May Hastie; 6. Duncan William, deceased; 7. Darrington, deceased. Residence: Stockton.

McMILLAN, LEE, business man, legislator and member constitutional convention 1901, was born January 12, 1865, at Gee's Bend, Wilcox County; son of James A. and Emma Jane (Heath) McMillan, the former of Dinwiddie County, Va., who came to Gee's Bend in early life; grandson of James and Mary (Haley) McMillan, of Prince George County, Va., and of Albert and Elizabeth (Cooper) Heath, of Georgia. He was educated in the schools of Rehoboth, Wilcox County; has been successfully a farmer, merchant, and banker; from 1890 to 1892 was editor of the "Wilcox Program," at Camden; represented Wilcox County in the general assembly of 1901; member of the constitutional convention of 1901; mayor of Gastonburg, 1901-1905; member of the county board of education for many years; and was re-elected to the legislature of 1907; for fifteen or twenty years served as member of his county executive committee; also has been a delegate to several state conventions. He is a Democrat; Methodist; and a Mason. Married: October 18, 1886, at Rehoboth, to Pearl Omega, daughter of John H. and Fannie (Moss) Malone. Children: 1. Emmet Erle; 2. Edwin Lee; 3. Cecil Malone. Residence: Gastonburg.

McMILLAN, THOMAS M., 33rd degree Honorary Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite.

McMILLION, LEMUEL G., teacher, public official, was born in 1794, in Pendleton District,

S. C., and died August 29, 1865, in Jefferson County. He came from South Carolina to Jonesboro, in 1819, and was a school teacher at the latter place for more than twenty years, during which time he compiled a spelling book of a superior kind. He was for ten years a member of the State legislature from Jefferson County, and was a strict Democrat, always voting the party ticket. He was major of Col. Frazier's regiment, which marched into the Creek country in 1836. He had been out of public life many years before his death. Married: Miss Freeland. One of his daughters married Dr. Gilbert T. Deason, of Jefferson County, who represented Jefferson and Shelby Counties in the State senate, 1865-1867. Last residence: Jefferson County.

McMORRIS, BOLING KAVANAUGH, lawyer, circuit judge, and soldier, was born March 12, 1872, at Wetumpka, Elmore County; son of Charles Kincaid and Mary Elizabeth (Kavanaugh) McMorris (q. v.). He was educated in the public and private schools of his native town and graduated from the U. S. naval academy, 1894, member of the engineering division, standing second in the division of thirteen members. Upon receiving his commission as assistant engineer in the U. S. navy he was sent with Assistant Engineer J. M. Hudgins, U. S. Navy, to take a special course in mechanical and electrical engineering, at the Central technical college of the city and guilds of London institute, London, England, and remained there from 1896 to the outbreak of the Spanish-American War, 1898. He was an officer, in the line division, U. S. Navy, from that time to early in 1901 when he resigned. He was one of three officers to receive the cruiser "Amazonas" from Brazil, from which country that vessel was purchased by the United States, at Gravesend, England, in the spring of 1898, and served on that vessel which was renamed the "New Orleans" during the Spanish-American War. He was a naval cadet, U. S. Navy, 1890-96; assistant engineer, U. S. Navy, 1896-99; lieutenant, junior grade, U. S. Navy, 1899-1901; served on the U. S. ships, Columbia, New Orleans, Philadelphia, Helena, U. S. fish commission steamer, Albatross; cruised off the coasts and in the waters of the United States, England, Germany, Gulf of Mexico, Caribbean Sea, Sandwich Islands, South Sea Islands of Pacific, Japan, China and the Philippine Islands. He was captain, Co. I, Alabama National Guard in 1904. He read law privately and was admitted to the bar in 1905. Upon resigning from the navy he returned to Wetumpka, but in 1913 located in Birmingham. May, 1916, he was elected grand keeper of the record and seals of the grand lodge of Alabama, Knights of Pythias, but in September when the disorders along our Mexican border broke out he joined the First Alabama cavalry regiment, in which he was commissioned major. He served with that regiment stationed at San Antonio, Texas, December 12, 1916, to March 21, 1917. Later this regiment was transformed into field artillery, October 1, 1917, and stationed at Camp Wheeler, Macon, Ga. The regiment went overseas but did not see active

service on account of the armistice and the end of the European War. In December, 1919, he was appointed judge of the 19th judicial circuit, and on May 11, 1920, he was nominated in the primaries as his own successor. He is a Democrat; Methodist; Mason; Odd Fellow; Knight of Pythias; Red Man. Unmarried. Residence: Wetumpka.

McMORRIS, CHARLES KINCAID, county treasurer, sheriff and merchant, was born March 5, 1835, at Lafayette, Chambers County, and died December 6, 1912, at Wetumpka; son of Spencer James and Margaret (Kincaid) McMorris, the former a native of Newberry District, S. C., who located at Wetumpka where he was a Universalist preacher, and the author of treatises on that denomination; grandson of Capt. John and Nancy (Morgan) McMorries, of Fairfield District, S. C.; great-grandson of Major Spencer Morgan of Spring Hill, and Newberry, S. C., a senator from that district in the South Carolina legislature, 1808-12. The McMorries family, although coming to America from Ireland in 1768, was of Scotch origin. The founders, brothers, William and John, both fought in the American Revolution under Gen. Francis Marion. The "e" was dropped from the name by Mr. McMorris' father. He was in the mercantile business at Wetumpka, from 1870 to 1883; deputy collector of internal revenue from 1866 to 1870; sheriff of Elmore County, 1884-88; city clerk of Wetumpka, 1889-92; treasurer of Elmore County, 1892-1912, having served five full terms, and was holding the place to which he had first been re-elected at the time of his death. He entered the Confederate Army as a Private in Co. I, "Wetumpka Light Guards," Third Alabama infantry regiment and served throughout the four years of the War of Secession in that command. He was a Democrat prior to 1892, and a Populist from that date to 1896 at which time he returned to the former party. He was a Baptist and a Mason. Married: July 26, 1866, at Wetumpka, to Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Henry G. and Harriet S. (Young) Kavanaugh, who lived in Montgomery and Elmore counties; granddaughter of Bernard and Dorothy Young of Amelia County, Va. Children: 1. Spencer James, jr., m. Annie Robinson, daughter of Horatio H. Robinson, Confederate soldier, Wetumpka; 2. Charles Gentry, Wetumpka; 3. Nora Lee, m. Louis G. Johnson, Wetumpka; 4. Boling Kavanaugh (q. v.); 5. Margaret Kincaid, m. Frank B. McCaskey, Wetumpka. Last residence: Wetumpka.

McMURRAY, FRANCIS, major, 23rd Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

McNAMEE, JAMES MONROE, banker and jeweler, was born in Lee County, April 9, 1838, and died in Opelika, January 1, 1902; son of Thomas and Mary (Curran) McNamee, of Inniskillen, Fennimaugh County, Ireland, who emigrated to Quebec, 1830, removed to New York City, thence to Dahlonaga, Ga., about 1833, and to Lafayette, about 1843. His education was obtained in the log-house schools of Opelika and Lafayette and his business training was

acquired in commercial pursuits. He was a jeweler, until about 1870, when he was made president of the Bank of Opelika. He was a private in Co. I, 37th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army. He was a Democrat; Mason; Knight of Honor; and a Methodist. Married: (1) Leah Elizabeth, daughter of William Hampton and Rosanna Jane (Machen) Anderson, the former of Columbia, the latter, from Newberry, S. C.; (2) Rowena, daughter of John Heywood and Catherine (Glaze) Frazer, of Harris County, Ga. The Anderson and Machen families are of Revolutionary ancestry, including among others the Wade Hamptons, of South Carolina. Children: by first wife: 1. Mary Ross, m. Daniel Bullard Williams, of Opelika; 2. William Thomas, m. Maude Russell, of Columbus, Ga.; 3. Anna Kathleen, m. James Wilson Roby, now a widow and cashier of the Exchange Hotel, Montgomery; by second wife: 4. James Frazer, m. (1) Nellie Bryan, one child, Agnes Rowena, (2) name unknown; no children. Last residence: Opelika.

McNEAL, D. H., Methodist minister; member of the Alabama conference. Residence: Ozark.

McNEAL, W. H., Methodist minister, member of the Alabama conference. Residence: Troy.

McNEEL, ALBERT WILLIAMS, merchant and postmaster, was born October 1, 1822, in Yorkville, York District, S. C., and died May 1, 1885, in Autaugaville; son of Tinas, jr. and Anne (Morrow) McNeel, of Yorkville, S. C.; grandson of Tinas McNeel of Scotland, who immigrated to South Carolina, 1790. He removed with his parents, in 1837, to Wetumpka, where they lived and died, and was educated in the common schools of that place. He began merchandising at an early age. Later he removed to Montevallo, going to Vernon Landing, Autauga County, on the Alabama River. Here he carried on an extensive trade with the great plantations of that region, by means of freight facilities of the great steamboats that plied between Mobile and Wetumpka. Later the Autauga cotton factory formed the nucleus for Autaugaville. The citizens of Vernon removed in a body to that place and he became postmaster, which position he held until his death. He was a Mason; an Odd Fellow; a Good Templar; and Ku-Klux; and a Methodist. Married: (1) Miss Stoudenmire; (2) to Ann Louisa Houser, widow of William Whetstone. Children: by the first wife: 1. Tynus, m. Alice Godbold; by the second wife: 2. Andrew H., m. Minnie Allen; 3. Frank J., m. Mattie Wilkinson; 4. John, m. Ida Shackleford; 5. Bessie M., m. William Howard; 6. Jessie G., m. Joseph Atkins; 7. Fannie H., m. W. H. Hart, of Camden. Last residence: Autaugaville.

McNEEL, ANDREW HALL, business man, was born February 14, 1855, in Autaugaville; son of Albert W. and Ann L. McNeel, of Autauga County, the former a merchant; grandson of Tinas and Anne (Morrow)

McNeel, of Scotch-Irish descent, who settled in Yorkville, S. C., in 1780, moved to Alabama in 1837, settling near Wetumpka, and later moving to Autauga County, and of Louis and Sophie (Stoudenmire) Houser, who came from Holland to Orangeburg, S. C., in 1780, who moved to Wetumpka in 1837, and afterwards moved to Autauga County where they formed the Dutch Bend colony, and became successful planters. Mr. McNeel was reared and educated in Autauga County, and went to Montgomery in 1872, entering the office of Whetstone, Sistrunk and company. After that firm went out of business, he became connected with Allen, Bethune and company, as junior partner in the cotton business. The firm is now known as the Mutual warehouse company, and Mr. McNeel is its secretary and treasurer. He is ruling elder in the First Presbyterian church, Montgomery. Married: January 21, 1879, in Columbus, Ga., to Minnie E., daughter of Augustus Massillon and Sallie (Bellinger) Allen. Children: 1. Millie Louise, d. in infancy; 2. Allen Massillon, b. March 4, 1882, in Montgomery, was graduated with honors from the Alabama polytechnic institute, 1902, is assistant to the general manager of the Teague hardware company, Montgomery. Residence: Montgomery.

McNEEL, JOHN D., lawyer, was born October 13, 1871, at Bullock's Creek, York County, S. C.; son of G. L. and Mary Ellen (Davidson) McNeel, the former a native of Fishing Creek, Chester County, S. C., who lived at Yorkville, S. C., saw hospital service in the War of Secession, and was a member of the South Carolina legislature; grandson of Samuel and Elizabeth (Rainey) McNeel, of Fishing Creek, S. C., the former who came from Scotland to Pennsylvania, and later moved to South Carolina, and of John Gillis and Jane (Hamilton) Davidson, of Bullock's Creek, S. C., the former a Confederate soldier; great-great-grandson of David Hamilton, who came from Scotland before the Revolution, lived at Little York, Pa., between 1760 and 1765, then moved to York District, east of Broad River, S. C., and of William Kennedy of Union County, S. C., a soldier in the Revolution. Mr. McNeel attended Davidson college, North Carolina, 1888-1889; South Carolina university at Columbia, 1889-1891, graduating in the latter years with the degree of A. B.; Johns Hopkins university, Maryland, 1891-1894; and was graduated from the University of Virginia, B. L., 1895. He is an attorney; was clerk of the court of Talladega County, 1906-1909; served as private secretary to Gov. Comer, 1911, and filled that position for a few months with Gov. O'Neal, 1913; and in 1914 was appointed U. S. collector of internal revenue tax for the district of Alabama and Mississippi by President Wilson, 1914. He is a Democrat; a Presbyterian; and an Elk. Married: October 27, 1897, at Robinson Springs, to Adele, daughter of Albert Taylor and Priscilla Cooper (Tyler) Goodwyn (q. v.) of Robinson Springs; granddaughter of Albert Gallatin and Harriet (Bibb) Goodwyn, the former a descendant of Capt. James Taylor of the Revolutionary Army, the latter the niece

of Alabama's first two governors, and of Robert and Priscilla (Cooper) Tyler (q. v.). Children: 1. Letitia Tyler; 2. Hulda. Residence: Birmingham.

McNEELY, DAVID, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 76, and a resident of Madison County; private Virginia Continental Line and Militia; enrolled on June 13, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$30.77; sums received to date of publication of list, \$92.31.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

McNEILL, DANIEL ARCHIBALD, teacher, was born March 9, 1877, near Sylacauga, Talladega County; son of Jasper Newton and Susan Daniel (Keahey) McNeill, the former a native of Talladega, now Clay County; grandson of Archie and Effie (McFatter) McNeill, who moved from North Carolina to Alabama, and of Daniel and Elizabeth (Brown) Keahey, who also came from North Carolina to Alabama. He was educated in the common schools of Clay and Talladega Counties, and was graduated from Lineville college, A. B., 1899. He taught school for two years before his graduation; was elected secretary of Lineville college, two years; served as principal of a public school at Fitzpatrick, five years; as president of Lineville college, one year; resigned that position to accept the superintendency of the city schools of Talladega in 1906; and held the last mentioned office until he became county superintendent of education of Talladega County. He is a Democrat; chairman of the board of deacons in the Presbyterian church; and past consul commander of the Woodmen of the World. Married: February 10, 1901, in Lineville, to Hirsch Lucile, daughter of Christopher B. and Matilda (Gaston) Nichols, of that place. Children: 1. Helen Gray, b. September 25, 1906. Residence: Talladega.

McNEILL, HAMILCAR HANNIBAL, Methodist minister, was born September 4, 1852, near Pine Level, Montgomery County; son of Hannibal and Susan (Eubank) McNeill, the former a native of near Pine Level, where his parents settled in 1815; grandson of James and Jane Raford (Smile) McNeill, who came to Alabama from North Carolina, settling first on Line Creek, near Montgomery, 1813, and of John and Susan (Moore) Eubank, who came from Milledgeville, Ga., to Pine Level, the latter a half-sister of David Dixon, the Georgia cotton-planter; great-grandson of Gen. Malcolm McNeill, an officer in the Revolution, whose father came to America from Scotland and settled in Edgecombe County, N. C.; great-great-grandson of Robert Raford who married Miss Pickett. The Picketts and Rafords were from England. Mr. McNeill was educated in private schools, and in the high school at Pine Level. He became a minister in the Alabama conference, Methodist Episcopal church, South; was ordained an elder in 1874; joined the conference in December, 1888, at Mobile; has served as pastor in churches at Clayton, one year;



ALBERT P. BUSH

Pensacola, Fla., three years; Dothan, three years; Prattville, four years; Mobile, four years; Opelika; and is now pastor of the church at Marianna, Fla. He instituted a reform movement in Pensacola, Fla., 1897, and organized and led the fight for prohibition and law enforcement in Mobile, 1907-1909. He has written tracts and newspaper articles on the liquor traffic, law-enforcement, and good government. He is a Democrat and a Mason. Married: November 10, 1875, in Montgomery County, to Missouri, daughter of James Anderson and Harriet (Trotter) Sellers, who lived at Union Academy, Montgomery County. Children: 1. Lillie, m. Henry Edward Gipson, lawyer, Prattville; 2. Guillo Grove, timber merchant, Slidell, La.; 3. Stanton Sellers, department store, LaGrange, Ga.; 4. Laura Eubank, m. William Leslie Denham, architect, Mobile; 5. Hamlicar Hannibal, lawyer. Residence: Marianna, Fla.

McNUTT, HUGH M., business man and accountant. Residence: Birmingham.

McPHERSON, JOHN, farmer, member secession convention, 1861, was born March 6, 1796, at Fayetteville, N. C., and died and was buried at Sandy Ridge church, near Ft. Deposit; son of William and Christian (McDonald) McPherson, a native of Scotland, who came to America and located in North Carolina. He received a common school education in the country schools; became a farmer, and served as county commissioner. He was a member of the constitutional convention held in Montgomery in 1861, was a Democrat, and strong advocate of secession. He was an elder in the Presbyterian church. Married: in 1825, in Marion District, S. C., to Mary Bethune. He had no children. Last residence: Greenville.

McQUEEN, JOHN, lawyer, circuit solicitor, and legislator, was born February 9, 1863, in Darlington, S. C.; son of John and Sarah E. (Pickens) McQueen, the former a native of Robeson County, N. C., who emigrated to Bennettsville, Marlboro District, S. C., where he read law and practiced that profession, conducting planting interests, was a member of the U. S. congress for fourteen years, and for four years a member of the congress of the Confederate States of America; grandson of James McQueen and wife, a Miss McRae, the former a native of Scotland, who early in life emigrated to America, settling in Robeson County, N. C., where he became an extensive planter; and of Col. Joseph Pickens, and wife, a Miss Calhoun, of Eutaw; great-great nephew of Flora McDonald, who saved the life of Charles the Pretender, and a lineal descendant of Robert Bruce; great-great-grandson of Gen. Andrew Pickens of South Carolina, a Revolutionary officer of great distinction. Mr. McQueen received his preparatory education in the common schools of Eutaw, and attended the law department of the University of Alabama, 1882-83, graduating with honors. He located in Jasper and was elected solicitor of Walker County, holding that office for a year and a half. Later he practiced in partnership with Col. G. W. Hewitt, at Jasper, but in 1890 re-

moved to Birmingham and formed a partnership with Col. J. J. Altman; was elected to represent Jefferson County in the legislature, 1892, and was re-elected 1894-95, and 1897-98; made assistant prosecuting attorney for Jefferson County, 1898, filling that place for three years, resigning to resume the practice; and was elected solicitor of the tenth judicial circuit, 1904. He is a Mason. Married: in Montgomery, to Caroline Beale. Children: 1. Jesse Beale. Residence: Birmingham.

McQUEEN, JOSEPH P., lawyer, planter, was born June 22, 1854, in Greene County, and died January 20, 1904; son of John and Sarah E. (Pickens) McQueen, and brother of John McQueen (q. v.). He received his early education in the common schools of North and South Carolina and after the death of his father removed, with his mother, to Eutaw, where he read law under Chancellor James B. Clark. He was admitted to the bar in 1875 and began practice in Eutaw. He was elected to the legislature of Alabama, for the sessions of 1884-1885; was for six years chairman of the Democratic executive committee of Greene County, and for some years a member of the State executive committee of his party. Married: December, 1875, to Roberta, daughter of Robert and Anna (Parker) Kirksey of Marengo County. Children: 1. Anna; 2. John; 3. Joseph P., Jr.; 4. Robert. Residence: Eutaw.

McQUEEN, PETER, Creek Chief. See Indian chiefs and associated characters.

McQUEEN, STEWART, Episcopal clergyman, was born October 15, 1857, at "Scotch Glen," Suwanee County, Fla.; son of James Archibald and Virginia (Douglass) McQueen; grandson of Archibald and Eliza Frances (Moore) Douglass, of Lowndesboro. This branch of the McQueen family came to America from Scotland in 1740 and settled in Robeson County, N. C. Rev. Mr. McQueen attended the community school of Lowndesboro, and graduated from the academic department of the University of the South, Sewanee, Tenn., in 1878, and from the theological department in 1881. He was made deacon that year and priest the year following, and was rector of the Episcopal church at Decatur, 1881-83; Marion, 1883-87; Georgetown, S. C., 1887-92; Durham, N. C., 1892-94; Goldsboro, N. C., 1894-97; Church of the Holy Comforter, Montgomery, since 1897. He was president of the standing committee of the diocese of Alabama, 1903-1916; deputy to four general conventions; manager and editor of "The Church Record," the official organ of the diocese. He is a Mason; Knight Templar; and a member of the Thirteen club. Married: November 1, 1883, at "The Forrest," near Natchez, Miss., to Virginia, daughter of Richard Field and Mary (Williams) Dunbar, of that place. Children: 1. Douglass, Birmingham; 2. Mary. Residence: Montgomery.

McRAE, COLIN JOHN, Confederate financial agent, was born October 22, 1812, at Sneedsboro, N. C., and died February, 1877, in Belize, British Honduras; son of John and Elizabeth Mary McRae, natives respectively, of Sneeds-

boro and Anson County, N. C., and residents later of Winchester and Pascagoula, Miss., and of Mobile. He received a careful preparatory education at the hands of tutors and later attended the Catholic college, Biloxi, Miss. He was a cotton commission merchant at Mobile; general of militia and member Mississippi legislature in 1838; elected delegate to the provisional congress of the Southern States and upon the termination of this service was commissioned financial agent of the Confederate government and sent to Europe by President Davis in the performance of his difficult duties. After the close of the War of Secession he emigrated to Spanish Honduras, where, in partnership with the brother of Hon. J. P. Benjamin, he entered the mercantile business. He was a Democrat, and a Presbyterian. Last residence: Belize, British Honduras.

MCREE, HUGH CLARK, physician, was born November 2, 1875, at Soddy, Hamilton County, Tenn.; son of Robert Clark and Mary Ann (Anderson) McRee, the former a native of Soddy, who lived at that place sixty-five years, was a captain in the C. S. Army, studied law after the war, practiced law in Chattanooga, Tenn., was elected probate judge of Hamilton County, 1880-1888, was appointed member of the staff of Gov. Buchanan in 1890, resided in New Mexico for eight years, and returned to Soddy, Tenn.; grandson of Robert Clark and Jane (Brooks) McRee, of Soddy, Tenn., and of Josiah McEntyre and Nancy (Lamb) Anderson, who lived at Delphi, Sequachie County, Tenn.; great-grandson of William and Jane (Craighead) McRee, who came to America, the former from north Scotland and the latter from north Ireland, and settled in Mecklenburg County, N. C. He attended the public schools at Soddy, Tenn., and was graduated from the University of Nashville, M. D., 1898. He began the practice of medicine at Whitwell, Marion County, Tenn., and remained at that place four years, then moved to Hartselle, where he continued his profession. He is now located at Decatur. He is a Democrat and a Presbyterian. Married: January 31, 1899, at Whitwell, Tenn., to May Amanda, daughter of Samuel La Fayette and Margaret Lucy (Williamson) Pryor, of that place; granddaughter of William and Amanda (Prigmore) Pryor, the former a captain in the U. S. Army, and of R. Miziel and Eliza (Talliaferro) Williamson, who lived at Turmell Hill, Ga. Children: 1. Hugh Clark, jr., d. in infancy at Whitwell, Tenn.; 2. Gladys, d. in infancy, at Whitwell, Tenn.; 3. William Milton, b. September 14, 1903; 4. Robert Pryor, b. June 17, 1905. Residence: Decatur.

MCSPADDEN, SAMUEL KING, lawyer, chancellor, was born November 12, 1823, in Warren County, Tenn., and died May 3, 1896, at Center; son of Rev. Samuel and Rebecca (Donaldson) McSpadden, natives, respectively, of Virginia and North Carolina, the former one of the founders and early ministers in the Cumberland Presbyterian church. His educational advantages were limited, and when he was sixteen years old he was apprenticed to a saddler. He worked at that business until in January,

1842, when he came to Alabama. He worked in Lebanon, Portersville, Mackey's tan-yard, and in Talladega, 1842-1850, and in the meantime, having read law under Hon. Samuel F. Rice, was admitted to the bar, 1848. He began the practice of law in Center, in partnership with George S. Walden, 1850; was elected a brigadier general of militia, in 1856; was elected to the State senate, defeating Col. Clifton, 1857; and was re-elected in 1860, over A. L. Woodlief. While he was a member of the senate, he enlisted in the C. S. Army as a private, and was appointed major of the Nineteenth Alabama regiment at its organization. In 1862, on the return of the army from Kentucky, he was promoted to lieutenant colonel, and at Tullahoma, was promoted to colonel. He commanded the Nineteenth at Murfreesboro, Chickamauga, Missionary Ridge, Dalton, and Resaca, and in the latter battle was captured, May, 1864, and taken to Johnson's Island, where he was detained until March, 1865. In 1865, he was elected chancellor of the northern division, and held that office until displaced by congress under the reconstruction measures. He retired to his law practice in Center, until again made chancellor in 1885. He was elected to the State senate in 1882, and resigned from that body in order to accept the chancellorship. In November, 1886, when the term which he had been appointed to fill had expired, he was regularly elected chancellor for the ensuing term of six years. He was a Presbyterian and a Mason. Married: June 14, 1854, at Center, to Charlotte Ann, daughter of Gen. John H. Garrett. Children: 1. Lulu, m. H. W. Cardon of Center. Last residence: Center.

McSWEAN, COLIN, major, 39th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

McTYER, JOHN FULMORE, farmer and legislator, was born February 5, 1849, in Marlboro County, S. C.; son of Robert Adair and Caroline H. (Fulmore) McTyer, the former a native of South Carolina who removed to Eufaula; grandson of Andrew and Agnes Fulmore, of Robeson County, N. C. He was educated in the common schools of Eufaula and at the Bingham school in North Carolina, but was not graduated. In 1864 he enlisted in Kolb's battery, C. S. Army, and served a few months before the close of the war. Since 1873 he has been a farmer in Barbour County. In 1902 he was elected to the legislature from Barbour County. He is a Democrat; and a Presbyterian. Married: (1) in 1876, to Eva, daughter of Judge B. B. Fields; (2) November 19, 1890, to Lizzie Clyde, daughter of Amos and Caroline Thompson, of Columbia, Henry County. Children: by first wife, 1. Carrie; 2. Fields; 3. Fulmore; by second wife, 4. Stella. Residence: Eufaula.

McTYERIE, HOLLAND NIMMONS, Methodist bishop, was born July 28, 1824, in Barnwell District, S. C., and died at Nashville, Tenn., February 15, 1887; son of John and Elizabeth Amanda (Nimmons) McTyerie, the former of Scotch descent, the latter of Irish, residents of Edgefield County and Barnwell District, S. C.,

respectively, who removed from the latter place to Alabama in 1838; grandson of Andrew and Jemima (Montgomery) Nimmons, the former a native of Ireland who emigrated to America and settled in Barnwell District, S. C., where he married about 1800. Bishop McTyrie received his early education at Cokesbury and Collinswood schools; graduated from Randolph-Macon college, Va., 1844; and received the honorary degree of D. D. from Emory college, Ga., 1858; joined the Virginia conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, 1845; appointed to serve at Williamsburg, and the next year, 1846, he was transferred to Alabama; pastor St. Francis Street church, Mobile, 1846; Demopolis, 1847; Columbus, Miss., 1848; New Orleans, La., 1848-58; editor of the New Orleans "Christian Advocate," 1858. In 1861, at the beginning of the War of Secession, he was returned to the Montgomery conference and served as pastor of the Court Street Methodist church, until 1866, when he was elected a bishop of the Methodist Episcopal church, South. By the terms of the first gift of endowment of Cornelius Vanderbilt, he was made first president of Vanderbilt university. Author: "The duties of Christian masters," 1851; "A catechism on church government," 1869; "A catechism on Bible history," 1869; "A manual of discipline," 1870; and a "History of Methodism," 1887. Married: November 8, 1847, in Mobile, to Amelia Townsend. Children: 1. Mary Gayle, m. Joseph D. Hamilton, Nashville, Tenn.; 2. John Townsend, died 1901, unmarried, Nashville; 3. Walter Montgomery, died 1911, unmarried, Nashville; 4. Amelia, m. Rev. John J. Tigert, who was later a Methodist bishop; 5. Holland Nimmons, m. Mrs. Kate M. Brown; 6. Emma Jane, m. Professor William M. Baskerville, teacher and author, Vanderbilt university. Last residence: Nashville, Tenn.

McVAY, HUGH, planter, governor of Alabama, was born in 1788, in South Carolina, and died in 1851, in Lauderdale County. His father was a soldier in the Revolutionary Army, and a farmer. Mr. McVay was a brother of Hon. Zadoc McVay, of Lawrence County. He received a limited education, and in 1807 came to Alabama and first settled as a planter in Madison County. He represented Madison County in the territorial legislature of Mississippi, 1811-1818, and on the formation of Alabama territory, moved to Lauderdale County, 1818, representing that county in the convention at Huntsville, which framed the State constitution, 1819. He was elected to the lower house of the State legislature, serving from 1820 to 1825; and was elected to the State senate in 1825, and served by successive elections until 1844. He was elected president of the senate in 1836, defeating Samuel B. Moore, by one vote, and in June, 1837, when Gov. Clay resigned to become a U. S. senator, discharged the duties of executive, by virtue of his office as president of the senate, until relieved of its duties by the inauguration of Gov. Bagby, in December. He was a Democrat; an extensive planter; and a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. Married: Miss Hawks, of South Carolina. One of his sons lived near Florence. Last residence: Lauderdale County.

McVOY, EDGAR CORNELIUS, Methodist minister, was born September 10, 1872, at Summerfield, Dallas County; son of Alexander Diego and Anna Cannon (DuBose) McVoy, the former a native of New Jersey, who lived at Auburn, Talladega, Mobile and Selma, was president of the Centenary female college, Summerfield, 1872-1880, of the Aberdeen female college, Aberdeen, Miss., 1880-1883, of the East Mississippi female college, Meridian, Miss., 1883-1888, of the Mansfield female college, Mansfield, La., 1888-1890, taught in the Synodical institute, Talladega, 1869, in Peabody institute, Auburn, 1870-1872, was chaplain of Fortieth Alabama regiment, C. S. Army, during entire war, and died April 11, 1903, at San Antonio, Tex.; grandson of Diego and Hannah (Nicoll) McVoy, the former a practicing physician of Mobile, and of Samuel L. and Mary Ann (Canon) DuBose, who lived at Darlington, S. C. On the DuBose side, he was descended from Huguenots, and some of his ancestors came over on the Mayflower. His great-grandfather McVoy helped lay out the city of Mobile. He attended schools taught by his father at Summerdale, Meridian, Miss., and Aberdeen, Miss., and was graduated from Southern university, A. B., 1891. He received the degree of D. D. from that university in June, 1908. Rev. McVoy was licensed to preach at Greensboro, November, 1889; was admitted on trial at the north Texas conference, Methodist Episcopal church, South, at Terrell, Tex., November, 1890; preached first at Oak Lawn, near Dallas, Tex., 1890-1892; pastor, St. Jo. Tex., 1893-1894; at Alvord, Tex., 1894-1895; Jonesboro, Tenn., 1896; Denver, Colo., 1896; Albany, Mo., 1896-1899; Chillicothe, Mo., 1899-1903; Hannibal, Mo., 1903-1904; Troost Avenue church, Kansas City, Mo., 1904-1908; Scruggs Memorial church, St. Louis, Mo., 1908-1909; Cabanne church, St. Louis, Mo., 1909-1910; Oklahoma City, Okla., 1910-1911; Highlands church, Birmingham, 1911. He is a Democrat and a Mason. Married: December 2, 1908, at Neosho, Mo., to Ruth, daughter of Cassius McLain and Sarah Frances (Kinnear) Shartel, who lived at Sedan, Kas. Children: 1. Cassius, b. September 2, 1909, at Neosho, Mo.; 2. Arthur DuBose, b. June 14, 1911, at Oklahoma City, Okla. Residence: Birmingham.

McWHORTER, ELIPHALET A., major, 6th Alabama cavalry, C. S. Army.

McWHORTER, GEORGE TILGHMAN, physician, was born April 11, 1849, at Riverton, Colbert County; son of George Washington and Elvira Caroline (Tucker) McWhorter, the former a native of Huntsville, a merchant and bookkeeper, who lived at Tuscumbia, at Eastport, Miss., and at Riverton, served as first lieutenant in the Tuscumbia Rifles, under Capt. Thomas Cook, in the Seminole War, 1836; grandson of Hansell McWhorter, one of the early emigrants of Madison County, who later moved to Lawrence County, and of John and Eve Tucker, of Bexar; great-grandson of John McWhorter, who served in the Revolutionary War as a member of Capt. Henderson's company, North Carolina riflemen, and was wounded at Guilford Court House in 1783, whose

father came to America from Scotland. The Tucker ancestors came from York County, England, and settled in Virginia, and descendants of that family moved to North Carolina and later to Alabama. He was educated in the common schools and in Caledonia high school, Mississippi; attended Louisville medical college, 1872 and 1873; began to practice medicine in Colbert County, 1873; served as a representative from Colbert County in the State legislature, 1884-1886; and as State senator from the thirty-first senatorial district, 1906-1910; was twice president of the Colbert County medical society; counsellor of the Medical association of Alabama; president of the Medical association of Alabama, 1906-1907; member of the American medical association; temporary superintendent of the Alabama sanatorium for tuberculosis and consumption; headed the Alabama delegation to the international congress on tuberculosis, Washington, D. C., September-October, 1908; president of the Colbert County branch of the Southern cotton association. Dr. McWhorter has published many monographs on different diseases. He is a Democrat; a Baptist; and a Mason. Married: April 2, 1882, to Mary Susan, daughter of Kibble and Mary Anne (Marchbanks) Terry, of Riverton, the former a sergeant in the Florida Seminole War, 1836; granddaughter of Elijah and Adaline (Bankhead) Marchbanks, the former who was sheriff of Fayette County at one time, and a State senator. Children; 1. Mary E., m. John W. Newbern; 2. Roger Barton; 3. George Tilghman, jr.; 4. Zella Abigail; 5. Susan Duke. Residence: Riverton.

MCWHORTER, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 70, and a resident of Lawrence County; private S. C. Militia; enrolled on December 20, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832; payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$80; sums received to date of publication of list, \$200.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

MABERRY, GEORGE, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 82, resided in Bibb County, June 1, 1840.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

MABRY, ALBERT GALLATIN, physician, was born September 7, 1810, near Jerusalem, now Courtland, Southampton County, Va., and died February 23, 1874, in Selma; son of Richard and Polly Braxton (Mabry) Mabry, distant relatives, the former a farmer in Southampton County, who died when his son was a child; grandson of Nathaniel Mabry, who died in Greensville County, Va., and left a will which is on record in that county providing that as each of his slaves attained the age of twenty-five years, they were to be free and at their liberty, and setting aside tracts of lands for homes for some of them; uncle of Robert Mabry, first lieutenant in Capt. James Massie's company of the Fifteenth Virginia regiment, which marched to Dumfries, Va., 1777, then to Philadelphia, and on to New Jersey where it joined Gen. Washington's Army, who was commis-

sioned captain lieutenant in 1779, served as sheriff of Southampton County, Va., in 1799, and was one of the gentleman justices of the county, 1802-1806. His ancestors were of English origin, and were among the early settlers of Surry, Brunswick, Greensville and Southampton Counties, Va., and were slave owners and land owners. Dr. Mabry left the home farm when he was sixteen years old, and went to Jerusalem to engage in business. He studied medicine under Dr. William Sharp, and in March, 1837, was graduated at the medical department of the University of Pennsylvania, M.D. He practiced medicine for a year or two at Jerusalem, then moved to Whitesville, Harris County, Ga., where his half sister, Mrs. James Lundy, and his brother, Robert B. Mabry, lived. He practiced there for several years, and early in the year 1843, moved to Selma, where he entered a partnership with Dr. Drewry Fair, which lasted for many years, until Dr. Fair left Selma. He became associated with Dr. James Kent in 1855, and because of his failing health, gradually turned his practice over to Dr. Kent, until in 1857, he retired from the active practice of his profession. After the surrender of the C. S. Army, Dr. Mabry resumed the practice of medicine and was so engaged at the time of his death. He was a member of the State legislature from Dallas County, 1857-1858, 1859-1860, 1861, 1862, and 1866-1867.

Soon after he came to the state, Dr. Mabry interested himself in the establishment of the Alabama insane asylum, and because of his marked interest in the subject, was instructed by the Selma medical association in 1847, to make the proper investigation respecting the fitness of the old state house at Tuscaloosa, for a lunatic asylum, and the probable amount it would cost to fit it up for that purpose. That was the beginning of the movement which resulted in the establishment of the Alabama insane hospital, and after the completion, Dr. Mabry was among the first seven trustees appointed by the governor, and, excepting for a brief intermission, held that office until the day of his death. He was one of the prime movers in the organization of the Alabama State medical association, in 1847, served as vice-president that year, presided at the Wetumpka session of 1849, and at the Selma session of 1852; was active in the reorganization of the association after the war, and was president at the sessions of 1868 and 1869. He also held offices in the Selma medical society. He is author of "Report on the diseases of Selma and vicinity," 1852; "The Medical Profession," 1859; "Miasmatic fever," 1869; "Observations on the medical properties of the sulphate of quinine," 1870; "A case of hemorrhagic malarial fever," 1872; all of which were contributed to the proceedings of the State medical association. At one time he was vice-president of the Selma, Rome and Dalton railroad, and was a director in the Salem and Meridian railroad. He was a Democrat, and an Episcopalian. Married: July 2, 1845, to Mrs. Martha (Riggs) Tartt, widow of Thomas E. Tartt, of the firm of Tartt, Stewart and company of Mobile, and sister of Daniel M. Riggs

and Joel Riggs. Mrs. Mabry was born in Surry County, N. C., and died August 25, 1898, in Selma. By her marriage with Mr. Tartt, she had one child, Gertrude T., who married Catesby ap Roger Jones (q. v.). Children: 1. Albert Gallatin, lawyer, d. in December, 1873, Selma; 2. Daniel Riggs, d. in infancy; 3. William Spark, civil engineer, Selma; 4. John Winston (q. v.). 5. Virginia, Selma; 6. Richard Henry, president of the Mabry securities company, Selma. Last residence: Selma.

MABRY, JOHN WINSTON, lawyer, judge of Selma city court, was born in Selma, Dallas County; son of Albert Gallatin and Martha (Riggs) Mabry (q. v.). He was educated in the common schools of the state and at the Virginia military institute. He studied law, was admitted to the bar, and was elected judge of the city court of Selma. He is a Democrat, and Episcopalian. Married: December 19, 1895, to Eunice L. White, of Selma. Children: 1. John Winston, jr. Residence: Selma.

MABRY, MILTON HARVEY, judge, a native of Alabama, was born June 17, 1851, in Pickens County; son of Jesse Hughes and Sarah Caroline (Prude) Mabry, the former of Alabama and Mississippi, the latter of Alabama. He received his early education in the public schools of Verona, Miss.; attended the University of Mississippi, and received the degree of LL. B. from the law school at Lebanon, Tenn., 1872. He began the practice of his profession at Tupelo, Miss., the year of his graduation. In 1879, on account of ill health, he removed to Leesburg, Fla., where he continued to practice law; was a member of the Florida house of representatives, 1883-84; lieutenant governor, 1884-88; justice of the supreme court of Florida, 1891-1903, and is now clerk of the supreme court. Married: (1) in December, 1876, to Ella D., daughter of John W. Bramlett, an extensive farmer near Verona, Miss., who d. Jan., 1903; and, (2) November 15, 1906, to Irene Washburn, of Louisville, Ky. Residence: Tallahassee, Fla.

MACDONALD, ANGUS R., deceased teacher in Montgomery.

MACDONALD, ROWALEYN GORDON CUMMING, lawyer and member constitutional convention, was born October 16, 1853, at Mt. Meigs, Montgomery County, and died there in 1906; son of Dr. Alfred and Olivia (Cooper) MacDonald, natives of South Carolina and Pennsylvania, respectively, the former of whom was educated in Philadelphia, Pa., located in Alabama in 1840, and in 1855 was killed by one of his slaves, who in turn was burned at the stake by the infuriated neighbors; grandson of Thomas and Mary (Fairley) Cooper, the former a native of near Liverpool, England, who came to America in 1802, settled in New York City and married a daughter of Major James Fairley and wife, a Miss Van Ness, the former of whom was on the staff of Baron Steuben during the Revolutionary War, the latter a daughter of Judge William W. Van

Ness, of the supreme court of New York, in early days, and his wife, who was a Miss Yeates, daughter of Hon. Joseph Yeates, also supreme justice of New York. The great-grandfather, Alfred MacDonald, was one of the few survivors of the celebrated massacre at Glencoe and came to the United States about 1745. Gordon MacDonald received his early education at home under the instruction of private teachers. He began the study of law at the age of eighteen in the office of Fitzpatrick, Williamson and Goldthwaite, in Montgomery, and was admitted to the bar April, 1874. For three years he practiced in the capital city, but in 1887 removed to Anniston where he formed a partnership with Howard Williams. Later he returned to Montgomery and was county delegate to the constitutional convention of 1901. He was an Episcopalian and a Democrat. Married: April 27, 1882, at Richmond, Va., to Isabel Gordon, daughter of Capt. G. A. Cary. Children: 1. Olivia. Last residence: Montgomery.

MACFARLAND, ROBERT, president of the board of directors of the State normal college, Florence; major, Lauderdaal volunteers, C. S. Army. Deceased. Residence: Florence.

MACINTYRE, ARCHIBALD CROSSLAND, called "Charles," artist, was born August 31, 1832, in Wayne County, Ga., and died November, 1890, in Selma; son of Dr. Peter and Ann (Seale) MacIntyre (q. v.). He was entirely educated by his father. Upon his graduation he chose photographic chemistry as his pursuit, removed to Montgomery, where he opened a "Daguerrean Gallery" for making pictures. He later developed the art of making photographs upon large canvases and then painting the same, producing an oil portrait. When the Confederate government was established he photographed the inauguration of President Jefferson Davis, the first out-door photography ever attempted in the South. This picture is the one so widely used. He acquired an immense fortune, which he gave over to the use of the Confederate cause. He discovered and developed the artistic genius of E. C. Billing, "the foremost portrait painter of America," who died in Boston, about 1900. He was a Democrat, Secessionist; and a Methodist. Married: October, 1864, in Grenada, Miss., to Mattie Goode, widow of James Montgomery, and daughter of Judge Goode and wife, who, was a Miss Douglass, of Montgomery. No children. Last residence: Selma.

MACINTYRE, EDWARD LEGARE, lawyer and State senator, was born September, 1829, in Bennettsville, S. C., and died December 31, 1869, near Troy; son of Dr. Peter and Ann (Seale) MacIntyre (q. v.). He was educated by his father, a noted teacher of South Carolina and Georgia; studied law and graduated from the law school of Augusta, Ga. In 1847 he removed to Cross Keys to teach school in order to acquire means for taking his law course. He located in Troy and was associated at that bar with such men as Gen. Henry

Clayton, Senator Pugh, Morgan Seale, Benjamin Gardner, Elmore Fitzpatrick, Bird Fitzpatrick and William E. Parks. He represented Pike County in the legislature as senator in the sixties. In 1862 he raised a company in Pike County and joined Hilliard's Legion, C. S. Army, was made judge-advocate of the Legion and served with Gen. Kirby-Smith in the Kentucky campaign. In 1864 he was recalled to his legislative duties for the State. At the close of the war he resumed the practice of law. He was a Whig and a Union man, but went with Alabama in 1861 and fought for her defense. Unmarried. Last residence: Troy.

MACINTYRE, PETER II, teacher and physician, was born May 7, 1801, in Laurinburg, N. C., and died February, 1854, in Montgomery; son of Peter I. and Margaret (MacIntyre) MacIntyre, the former died about 1777, and both of Laurinburg; grandson of John MacIntyre and wife who was a Miss McLaren, the former a Revolutionary soldier, on whose farm "The battle of MacIntyre Farm," near Charlotte, N. C., was fought by the North Carolina farmers and Cornwallis's foragers. Dr. MacIntyre was educated in the schools of his day, fitted for college, and graduated with high honors in Latin and Greek. At the age of twenty-two he engaged in teaching at Bennettsville, S. C., and later was the instructor who fitted the noted Dr. Thornwell for college. About 1830 he removed to Georgia, teaching in Wayne County, Fort Valley, and finally accepting the deanship of the Southern botanical college, Macon, Ga., where he served until 1849, when he removed to Montgomery. Having prepared himself to practice medicine, according to the homeopathic school, he associated himself with Dr. Ames and practiced until his sudden death in 1854. One of his medical students was the late Dr. John Hazard Henry. He was a Whig; a Royal Arch Mason; reared a Presbyterian, but joined the Methodists. He is buried on "The Masonic Square" in Old Oakwood, Montgomery. Married: about 1823, in Bennettsville, S. C., to Ann, daughter of Rev. William and Temperance (Crossland) Seale; granddaughter of Edward Stuart Crossland, Revolutionary soldier and founder of Bennettsville, S. C. Children: 1. Edward Legare (q. v.); 2. Archibald Crossland (q. v.) ("Charles"), m. Mattie Goode, Montgomery; 3. Hannah Page, m. Wiley P. M. Cozart, of Atlanta, Ga.; 4. James Hamilton, m. Mattie Mastin, children: 1. Annie Lou, m. Dana Taylor I (q. v.); 2. Peter M., m. (1) Jan Na Brown of Georgia, (2) Kitty Brown; 5. Annie Catherine, m. Francis M. Pennington of Troy. Last residence: Montgomery.

MACKENZIE, STUART, lawyer. Residence: Montgomery.

MACKINTOSH, ROGER SHERMAN, horticulturist, was born February 18, 1872, at Lincoln, Middlesex County, Mass.; son of William and Elizabeth Jane (Tuttle) Mackintosh, the former a native of Ponkapog, Mass., who lived at Lincoln, Mass., and at Cottage Grove, Minn.; grandson of Gideon and Nancy (Sherman)

Mackintosh, of Massachusetts, and of David and Patty (Smith) Tuttle, of Lexington, Mass.; great-grandson of John Sherman, and of Gideon Mackintosh; great-great-grandson of Roger Sherman, of Connecticut, signer of the Declaration of Independence, and of Col. William Mackintosh, of the Revolutionary War. He received his early schooling in Lincoln, Mass., and Langdon, Minn.; was graduated from the Minnesota school of agriculture, St. Anthony Park, Minn., in 1900; from the college of agriculture, University of Minnesota, B. Agr., 1902; and attended sessions of the graduate school of agriculture at the University of Illinois in 1906, and at Cornell university in 1908. He served as assistant in horticulture, at the experiment station, University of Minnesota, 1897-1903; and has been professor of horticulture, at the Alabama polytechnic institute, and State horticulturist, since 1903. He is a Republican; a Unitarian; a Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. He has been secretary of the Alabama State horticultural society since its organization in 1903. Married: September 18, 1901, at Cottage Grove, Minn., to Laura Belle, daughter of Edward Wright, of Denmark, Minn. Children: 1. Orlesta May. Residence: Auburn.

MADISON, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, and a resident of Greene County; corporal 39th Regular U. S. Infantry; enrolled on September 16, 1816; payment to date from July 9, 1814; annual allowance, \$96; sums received, \$927.16; transferred from Lincoln County, Tennessee, from March 4, 1825; under act of March 3, 1819, to date from March 4, 1824, rate reduced to annual allowance of \$64, under which the sum of \$640 received to date of publication of list.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

MADISON, PEYTON, *soldier of the American Revolution*, age not given, a resident of Greene County; private 39th Regular U. S. Infantry; enrolled on September 16, 1816; payment to date from July 9, 1814; annual allowance, \$48; sums received, \$1,023.15; transferred from Bedford County, Tenn., from March 4, 1825; under act of March 3, 1819, to date from March 4, 1825, rate reduced to annual allowance of \$24, under which the sum of \$34.60 received, and April 12, 1826, old rate of \$48 annual allowance restored, under which the sum of \$363.18 received to date of publication of list.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

MAFFITT, JOHN NEWLAND, Methodist minister, was born December 28, 1794, in Dublin, Ireland, and died May 28, 1850, near Mobile. His father died in 1806, and the son was educated in an academy in Dublin, and afterward settled in business there as a merchant tailor. He joined the Methodist church in 1813, in spite of the opposition of his mother and wife, and began praying and exhorting in public, soon showing power as an evangelist. He finally gave himself over wholly to the work of the church, and came to New York in 1819. He became an itinerant preacher in the New England conference, 1822, and was sent as a mis-



JOHN B. GASTON

sionary to Boston, Mass. He was stationed successively at Fairhaven, New Bedford, and Barnstable, Mass., 1823-1824; Dover and Somersworth, N. H., 1828-1829; and Boston, Mass., 1830; became a local preacher in New York City, 1832; was associated with the Rev. Lewis Garrett in publishing the "Western Methodist," later known as the "Christian Advocate," at Nashville, Tenn., 1835; and continued his preaching in the south and southwest. He was agent for the LaGrange college, 1836-1837, and later served as professor of elocution and belles lettres; was chaplain to the U. S. house of representatives, 1841-1843; travelled in the Atlantic states preaching, 1843-1845; edited the "Cavalry Token," Auburn, N. Y., 1845-1856; went to Kansas and joined the Methodist Episcopal church, South, receiving a second license to preach. He is author of "Tears of Contrition," 1821; "Pulpit Sketches," 1828; "Poems," 1839; an "Oratorical Dictionary"; and an "Autobiography." Married: (1) in Ireland, name unknown; (2) in 1847, to Frances Smith, of Brooklyn, N. Y. Among his children was John Newland Maffitt, naval officer, b. February 22, 1819, at sea, d. May 15, 1886, at Wilmington, Del., joined the U. S. Navy in 1832, was made a lieutenant in 1848, retired in 1855, became a commodore in the C. S. Navy in 1861, was sent with a cargo to England and brought back the *Oreto*, afterward called the *Florida*, as commander of that vessel captured about fifty-five prizes and seriously damaged the commerce of the United States, resigned before the close of the war as a result of injury to his health from yellow fever, and spent the remainder of his life in retirement. Last residence: near Mobile.

MAGBY, VARDRY, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 102, resided in Walker County, June 1, 1840, with Robert Mabgly (sic).—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 150.

MAGOFFIN, JAMES, pioneer settler and legislator, was educated in Philadelphia and removed to St. Stephens in 1809. He represented Washington County in the Mississippi Territory legislature, and established a store near Grove Hill about 1815, remaining there until 1830, or later, when he removed to St. Stephens. He represented Clarke County in the constitutional convention of 1819, and in the legislature of 1821. After his return to St. Stephens he was appointed register of the United States land office and held that position for over thirty years. He also was interested in the nursery business in Clarke County and St. Stephens. He was unmarried. Last residence: St. Stephens.

MAHAN, JESSE, member of the constitutional convention of 1867, from the twenty-sixth election district, 1867, Bibb County.

MAHARG, ARCHIBALD, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 71, and a resident of St. Clair County; private S. C. Militia; enrolled on July 24, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$35; sums received to date of publication of list, \$105.—

Revolutionary Pension Roll, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

MAHORNER, MATTHIAS, lawyer, was born September 13, 1874, near Macon, Miss.; son of Matthias and Mary (Teague) Mahorner, the former a native of Baltimore, Md., who was brought to Macon, Miss., by his parents when less than two years old, and lived there for fifteen years, enlisted in the C. S. Army, joining the Gulf City guards, Third Alabama regiment, served until the close of the war, and became a planter in Mississippi; grandson of Matthias and Sarah Ann (Davis) Mahorner who lived at Macon, Miss., and gave five sons to the Confederate cause, three of whom died from wounds while in prison, the former a native of King George County, Va., who began a seafaring life when fourteen years of age, and lived at Macon, Miss., 1839-1868, and of Addison M. and Amanda F. Teague, of Edgefield, S. C.; great-grandson of William Davis, of Baltimore, a soldier in the War of 1812, who took part in the battle of North Point. Mr. Mahorner was reared on the Mahorner plantation, near Macon, Miss., attended the private seminary of Prof. Jesse Buck, and was graduated with first honors from Spring Hill college, B. A., 1894, and from the law department of Harvard university, LL. B., 1897. He was admitted to the bar at Mobile, December, 1897; became senior member of the law firm of Mahorner & Glennon, 1898, and junior member of the firm of Gaillard & Mahorner, June, 1902. He is a Democrat, a Catholic, and has served as chancellor of the Knights of Columbus. Married: June 1, 1898, to Katherine V. Glennon, daughter of James K. and Florence (Barlow) Glennon, of Mobile. Children: 1. Matthias Glennon, b. August 24, 1899, d. June 6, 1903; 2. Matthias Mahorner, IV, b. June 5, 1901; 3. Howard Raymond, b. February 11, 1903. Residence: Mobile.

MAINYARD, COLEY, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 74, and a resident of Limestone County; private Virginia Continental Line; enrolled on January 26, 1830, under the act of Congress of March 18, 1818, payment to date from January 2, 1830; annual allowance, \$96; sums received to date of publication of list, \$352.51.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

MAJORS, BENJAMIN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, and a resident of Dallas County; private, particular service not disclosed; enrolled on August 28, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$30.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile.

MALATCHIE, MALACHEE or MALACHI, Creek Chief. See Indian chiefs and associated characters.

MALLERY, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 75, and a resident of Limestone County; private and sergeant Virginia State Troops; enrolled on February 23, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment

to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$80; sums received to date of publication of list, \$240.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

MALLET, JOHN WILLIAM, chemist, was born October 10, 1832, in Dublin, Ireland, and died November 6, 1912; son of Robert and Cordelia (Watson) Mallet, the former a civil engineer and a fellow of the Royal Society of London. He was graduated at Trinity college, Dublin, A. B., 1853; and from the University of Gottingen, Ph. D., 1852; came to the United States in 1853; served as assistant professor of analytical chemistry, Amherst college, Mass., 1854; chemist to the geological survey of Alabama, 1855-1856; professor of chemistry at the University of Alabama, 1855-1860; officer on the staff of Gen. R. E. Rhodes, C. S. Army, 1861; transferred to the artillery in 1862, and placed in general charge of ordnance laboratories of C. S. A.; paroled as lieutenant colonel of artillery, 1865; professor of chemistry in the medical department of the University of Louisiana, 1865-1868; professor of analytical, agricultural, and industrial chemistry, University of Virginia, 1868-1872, and of general and industrial chemistry there, 1872-1883, and 1885-1908; emeritus professor of chemistry, University of Virginia, 1908; lecturer, Johns Hopkins university, 1877-1878; professor of chemistry and physics, and chairman of the faculty, University of Texas, 1883-1884; professor of chemistry, Jefferson medical college, Philadelphia, 1884-1885; investigated the chemical methods used for determining organic matters in potable waters and made a study of the water supply of various cities in the United States, comparing both the methods and the waters, for the national board of health, 1880-1882; was a member of the assay commission of the United States three times; was a fellow of the Royal Society of London; president of the American Chemical Society, 1882; vice president of the Chemical Society of London, 1888-1890; fellow of the London Chemical Society; member of the Chemical Society of Paris and of the German Chemical Society; associate fellow of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences, Boston; corresponding member of the New York Academy of Sciences; member of the American Philosophical Society, and fellow of the College of Physicians, Philadelphia; honorary member of the Medical and Chirurgical faculty of Maryland; member of the Washington Academy of Sciences; fellow of the Medical Society of Virginia; and member of scientific societies in Brazil and New Mexico; was author of various papers in scientific transactions and journals; received the honorary degree of M. D. from the University of Virginia, 1868; and the degree of LL. D. from William and Mary college, 1872; from University of Mississippi, 1872; from Princeton, 1890; from Johns Hopkins, 1902; and from the University of Pennsylvania, 1906. Married: (1) in 1857, to Mary E. Ormond, daughter of Judge John J. Ormond, of Tuscaloosa; (2) in 1888, to Mrs. Josephine Burthe, of New Orleans, La., daughter of Joseph Pages, of Toulouse, France. Last residence: University, Va.

MALLORY, HUGH SHEPPERD DARBY, lawyer, was born February 6, 1848, at "Selwood," his father's plantation in Talladega County, and died in Selma, March 10, 1920; son of James and Ann Maria (Darby) Mallory, the former a native of Madison County, Va., a farmer, who removed to Talladega County, in 1832, near the present town of Alpine; grandson of Uriel and Melinda (Welch) Mallory of Orange County, Va., also a farmer, and of Adam and Catherine (Shepperd) Darby of Rapid Ann, Va., the former a native of Scotland; great-grandson of Nathaniel and Betsy (Terrell) Welch, the former a soldier in the French and Indian Wars, and an officer in a Virginia regiment during the Revolution, great-great-grandson of John Terrell, whose son, Col. Edmund Terrell, fought with distinction in the Revolutionary War. The latter subsequently moved to Kentucky and fought in the Indian Wars. The Mallory family came from England to America in the colonial period; the Welch family from Wales; the Darby and the Shepperd families from Scotland. Mr. Mallory received his preparatory education in the Male high school at Talladega, and entered the University of Alabama, where he was a student in 1865 when the institution was burned by Federal troops. He received the degree of A. B., and in 1866 entered the law department of the University of Virginia, from which he graduated, LL. B., 1868. He entered upon the practice in July, 1869, at Selma, where he has continuously resided. He was mayor of Selma, 1885-87; member of the Selma city board of education; president board of trustees of the Dallas male and female academy; member of the board of trustees Alabama girls technical institute; member board of trustees State normal school for colored students at Montgomery; president Selma bar association; president Alabama Baptist State convention; president Alabama State Sunday school association; trustee Southern Baptist theological seminary; president Alabama State bar association. He was an unsuccessful candidate for governor in 1910 against Gov. Emmet O'Neal. In 1911 Howard college conferred upon him the honorary degree of LL. D. He was a Democrat; a Mason; a Knight of Honor; and Odd Fellow. Married: October 15, 1872, at Summerfield, to Jacqueline Louisa, daughter of Dr. Clement Billingslea and Jacqueline Louisa (King) Moore, of that place, the former a native of Greene County, Ga., whose mother was a Billingslea, the latter descended from the Byrds of North Carolina and Virginia. Children: 1. Hugh, cadet, U. S. naval academy, 1891-92, graduated at the University of Alabama, A. B., 1895, and Cumberland university, LL. B., 1897, m. Claude Melvin, resides at Selma in the practice of law with his father; 2. Louise, m. James C. Privett, Selma; 3. Kathleen M. (q. v.); 4. Elizabeth F., m. T. W. Dansby, Vicksburg, Miss.; 5. Irma B., m. Edgar A. Stewart, Selma; 6. James V.; 7. Clement B., d. in infancy. Last residence: Selma.

MALLORY, JOHN, soldier of the American Revolution, aged 75, resided in Benton County, June 1, 1840, with Henry H. Mallory.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

MALLORY, KATHLEEN MOORE, teacher and Baptist missionary secretary, was born Jan. 24, 1879, at Summerfield, Dallas County; daughter of Hugh Shepperd Darby and Jacqueline Louise (Moore) Mallory (q. v.). She was educated in the public schools of Selma and at the Dallas academy, of which Professor Richard Hardaway was principal. She graduated from Goucher college, Baltimore, Md., in 1902, with the degree of A. B.; taught school in the public schools of Demopolis, 1902-03; secretary Alabama Baptist woman's union, 1901-12; corresponding secretary of the Woman's missionary union of the Southern Baptist convention, 1912-20. Author: "Manual of woman's missionary union methods," 1917; and is one of the editors of "Royal service," the monthly magazine of the Woman's missionary union. Unmarried. Residence: Baltimore.

MALONE, CORNELIUS, soldier of the American Revolution, aged 76, and a resident of Morgan County; private S. C. Militia; enrolled on July 2, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$63.33; sums received to date of publication of list, \$189.99.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Morgan County, June 1, 1840, aged 81.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

MALONE, G. W., member of the legislature from DeKalb County; a prominent Republican and Union man. Deceased. Last residence: Fort Payne.

MALONE, GEORGE HOLCOMBE, banker, member constitutional convention, 1901, was born May 19, 1863, near Brundidge, Pike County; son of George Yewell and Tabitha Eleanor (Wallace) Malone (q. v.). He was educated in the common schools at Brundidge; engaged in merchandising September 1, 1888, and in banking, January 1, 1900. He resided first at Geneva; moved to Dothan in 1891; was a member of the city council of Dothan, 1894, and again in 1896; was president of the board of trustees of the Dothan City schools, 1897, 1898, 1900, and 1901; was a member of the constitutional convention of 1901; is a Democrat, having been a delegate to the Kansas City convention, 1900; and is a Missionary Baptist. Married: June 10, 1891, at Columbia, to Florence Roberta Davis. Residence: Dothan.

MALONE, GEORGE YEWELL, merchant and banker, was born July 12, 1830, at LaGrange, Ga., and died April 6, 1906, at Dothan; son of William Pinckney and Keziah (MacMurphy) Malone, the former a native of South Carolina, born near Spartanburg, who was a merchant at Columbus, Ga., for many years; grandson of Robert and Mary (Davenport) Malone, who lived in South Carolina and moved to Hamilton, Ga., and of John and K. P. (Martyn) MacMurphy, who lived at Sunnyside, S. C., near Augusta, Ga.; great-grandson of Robert Malone, who came from Ireland with two brothers, David and Henry Holcomb Malone, and settled in Virginia. Mr. Malone was half-brother of

Henry H. Malone (q. v.). He attended the Wynnton school, Columbus, Ga., and was graduated from Emory college, Oxford, Ga., in 1848 or 1849. Shortly afterwards he went to California through Central America, and remained there four years, living part of that time in the Sandwich Islands. He established himself in business near Brundidge in 1856, and conducted a mercantile house at that place and at Troy for many years; moved to Geneva in 1880, and later to Dothan; at the time of his death was president of the First National Bank at Dothan. He served throughout the War of Secession as captain of Co. F, Fifteenth Alabama regiment, C. S. Army, and was twice wounded in the seven days battle around Richmond. He was a Democrat; a Methodist, serving as superintendent of the Sunday school for forty years; and a Royal Arch Mason. Married: in 1856, in Pike County, to Tabitha Eleanor Wallace, daughter of Allen and Eleanor Johnson (Huey) Wallace, the former a school teacher and a native of Scotland, the latter a South Carolinian, from Lancaster District. Children: 1. George H., (q. v.); 2. Willie, m. John J. Morris, Samson; 3. Edgar R., m. (1) Laura Ellsberry, Montgomery, (2) Monte Sebastian of Tennessee, Dothan; 4. Arthur Y., m. Mary L. Leslie, Dothan; 5. May, m. William W. Barnett, Dothan; 6. John W., m. Nettie Mosely, Dothan; 7. Sue, Dothan; 8. Charles G., Cottonwood; 9. Frank H., Dothan. Last residence: Dothan.

MALONE, HENRY H., physician, was born March 29, 1837, in Columbus, Ga.; son of William P. and Rebecca P. (Griggs) Malone, the former who was born in South Carolina, in 1800, moved to Columbus, Ga., in early life, and conducted a mercantile business, and fought in the Creek War; grandson of Robert Malone, a native of South Carolina, of English-Scotch descent, who was descended maternally from one of the old Virginia families which settled in Dinwiddie County, Va., before the Revolution, and of William and Charlotte (Penn) Griggs, natives of Virginia, who were married and lived in Hancock County, Ga., the latter a second cousin of William Penn, founder of Philadelphia; great-grandson of Jesse Griggs, a Virginian of Welsh-Irish descent. Mr. Malone is a half brother of George Yewell Malone, son of William P. Malone by his first wife. He studied medicine and was graduated from the medical department of the University of New York, M. D., 1860; began to practice his profession in Brewton and has spent his life in that place. In 1861, he raised a company for the First Florida infantry, served as captain in the C. S. Army for a year, and resigned at the end of that time because of illness contracted in the service. Upon recovering, he resumed his practice with great success. "During the yellow fever epidemic which raged throughout the southern states in 1883, and which visited Brewton with especial virulence, more than 50 per cent of the cases in the town proving fatal, Dr. Malone did not desert his patients, but labored assiduously, night and day in behalf of the sufferers for a period of six weeks, during which time the plague reached its most violent stage." He is a Democrat and a Methodist. Married: in July,

1865, Mary A. Snowden, daughter of James and Elizabeth Snowden. Children: 1. Rebecca P.; 2. Eugene; 3. Walter J.; 4. Ella Penn; 5. Jessie; 6. Maud; 7. Ruby. Residence: Brewton.

MALONE, JOHN N., lawyer, was born in 1814, in Sussex County, Va., and died October 3, 1888; son of George and Sallie (Moyler) Malone, natives of Virginia, and of Irish descent, came to Limestone County in 1823, and spent the remainder of their lives there. He was graduated from LaGrange college, A. B., 1839, and A. M., some years later. He studied law with J. W. McClung at Huntsville; was admitted to the bar, 1841; practiced law until 1851, then devoted his attention to planting until 1861. He was elected to the State senate in 1851 from Limestone and Morgan Counties, and served six consecutive years in that body; was a delegate to the National convention at Baltimore in 1852, and supported Pierce and King; supported Douglas for the presidency in 1860 in opposition to secession, but after Alabama seceded, upheld the state. After the war, he resumed the practice of law and planting, and in 1881 was appointed probate judge to fill an unexpired term of five years. He was one of the trustees of the University of Alabama from 1851, until the beginning of the War of Secession and was one of the trustees of the Agricultural and mechanical college at Auburn at its organization, in 1874. He was a Democrat, a Methodist Episcopalian and a Mason. Married: (1) in 1844, in Lauderdale County, to Mary Lucy Kernachan, who died in 1848; (2) in 1854, in Lauderdale County, to Rebecca Simmons. Children, by first marriage: 1. Robert, planter, Limestone County; by second marriage: 2. Linda M., m. R. S. Chew, Van Buren, Ark.; 3. George, clerk of the circuit court of Limestone County; 4. Anna M., m. Fay Chew, Little Rock, Ark.; 5. Sallie; 6. Henry M., b. September 4, 1868, at Athens, became express agent at Athens, 1888, and has engaged in the coal business since 1893, was elected mayor of Athens, 1893, 1895, and 1902, m. Nannie Kelly, daughter of Joshua O. and Sallie B. (Strong) Kelly, of Madison County, children, Sallie B. and Rebecca Boothe. Last residence: Athens.

MALONE, JULIUS WILLIAM, Baptist minister, was born March 18, 1832, at Penfield, Greene County, Ga.; son of Young Gressom and Mary (Price) Malone, who lived in Greene, Butts and Randolph Counties, Ga., and in Alabama in Henry County; grandson of Ephraim Price, of Greene County, Ga. He was educated in the country schools of Greene, Butts and Randolph Counties, Ga.; served three years in Co. C, Fifty-first Georgia Infantry regiment, C. S. Army; entered the Missionary Baptist ministry in 1874; and served a number of churches in southeast Alabama and southwest Georgia. He has also engaged in farming; served as a school trustee of Henry County for ten years; and represented Henry County in the State legislature in 1907. He is a Democrat and a Mason. Married: (1) in 1857, near Abbeville, to Nancy Ann, daughter of Peter M. and Martha Ann (Sparks) Thomas, of Henry County; (2) to Nancy, daughter of James

Richards of Barbour County; (3) to Attie, daughter of William Doswell, of Henry County. Children: 1. Thomas, m. Carrie Barrow; 2. Minnie, m. Marion Craddock; 3. Annie Virginia, m. (1) D. F. Rich, (2) T. J. Howerton; 4. Martha; 5. Cal D., m. Arra Barker; 6. Mary L., m. John W. Helton; 7. Joseph W., m. Veola Hollis; 8. Maggie N., m. James C. Howerton; 9. Ella E., m. John W. Howerton; 10. Alex. Residence: Abbeville.

MALONE, WILLIAM, soldier of the American Revolution, aged 77, and a resident of Limestone County; private and sergeant S. C. Militia; enrolled on August 12, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$90; sums received to date of publication of list, \$225.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Limestone County, June 1, 1840, aged 85.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

MANASCO, JOHN, farmer, member constitutional convention 1875, was born March 28, 1800, at Nickajack Cave, Franklin County, Ga., and died November 23, 1895, at Townley; son of John and Vicy (Odum) Manasco, who lived in northwest Georgia, then moved to Duck River Valley, Tenn., where they lived until 1816, moved to Alabama and lived first in Madison County and later in Morgan County, the former a native of Virginia, who served throughout the War of 1812 as one of Jackson's Tennessee riflemen, and took part in the battle of New Orleans, January 8, 1815, the latter of Scotch-Irish descent; grandson of Jeremiah Manasco, a native of Wales, who came to Virginia during colonial times, was a captain in the revolution, and subsequently lived in North and South Carolina and in Alabama, and of Abraham Odum of South Carolina. Gen. Manasco never attended school. His first instructions came from his employer while he was working as a farm hand in Madison County. He became a farmer and in 1836 moved to Walker County. He was elected to the State legislature for the first time in 1845, and for the last time in 1876, serving in all through fourteen sessions of the legislature. He was a member of the constitutional convention of 1875, and was a close personal friend of Leroy P. Walker. He served for some time as brigadier general of the Alabama state militia; was an ardent states-rights Democrat, yet opposed secession until Alabama left the union, when he supported the state; was a layman in the Primitive Baptist church, and a Master Mason. Married: February 4, 1829, in Limestone County, to Lucinda Lester, whose parents were from Kentucky. Children: 1. Carlton W., married, Smartsville, Calif.; 2. Dr. Jeremiah, killed in battle of Shiloh, unmarried; 3. Rev. David, deceased, married; 4. Sarah, deceased, m. Rev. J. E. Cox, Littleton; 5. James K. Polk, married, Townley; 6. Dr. John, married, Townley. Last residence: Townley.

MANASCO, ORIZABA, physician, was born January 28, 1882, at Townley, and died in 1919, in Townley; son of John and Sarah J. (Grace)

Monasco, the former a native and resident of Townley, who was a practicing physician; grandson of Gen. John and Lucinda Manasco, the former, who represented Walker County in the legislature thirteen times, was a member of the constitutional convention of 1875, and a political leader of northwest Alabama for over twenty-five years and was a close friend of John T. Morgan and George S. Houston, and of John and Hannah Grace of Pickens County; great-great-grandson of Jere Monasco, a native of Wales, and a Revolutionary soldier, whose son was one of Gen. Andrew Jackson's Tennessee riflemen who won the battle of New Orleans. Dr. Monasco was educated in the public schools of Walker County; Howard College and Birmingham Medical College, graduating in 1905 with an M. D. degree. He began the practice of medicine in Townley in 1905; was alderman of Townley, 1913-1918; was elected to legislature from Walker County in 1918. He was a Democrat; a Missionary Baptist; a Mason, Scottish Rite, Knight Templar and Shriner. Married: April 30, 1906, at Townley, to Hodie, daughter of W. R. and Martha Bashell, of Townley, and granddaughter of William R. King. Children: 1. Fred S.; 2. Charles Mayo; 3. Gilmore Kerley; 4. John, Jr.; 5. Sarah. Last residence: Townley.

MANER, OLIN CONNOR, lawyer, was born October 23, 1873, at Allendale, Barnwell County, S. C.; son of Samuel and Emma Jane (Connor) Maner, the former a native of Robertsville who later settled at Allendale; grandson of Maj. John Scott and Catherine (Morgandollar) Maner, the former for thirty years a member of the South Carolina legislature, and an officer of the War of 1812, and of David L. Connor, and wife, who was a Miss Selgler, who lived at Connors, Orangeburg County; great-grandson of William and Jessie (May) Maner, the former a Revolutionary soldier, serving as adjutant of Col. Hardin's Upper Granville County regiment. Mr. Maner was educated in the common schools of his native county and at Wofford college, Spartanburg, S. C., but did not graduate. He was admitted to the bar at Montgomery, June, 1897, by the supreme court, and practiced his profession there. In November, 1902, he was chosen to the legislature and re-elected in 1906. He is a Democrat; and a Methodist. Married: December 5, 1900, at Montgomery, to Sallie Nicholson, daughter of A. P. and Ellen (Arrington) Tyson. Children: 1. Pitt Tyson. Residence: Montgomery.

MANGUM, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 71, and a resident of Pickens County; private S. C. Militia; enrolled on March 15, 1833, under act of Congress of June 1, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$60; sums received to date of publication of list, \$180.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

MANGUM, ROBERT HENRY, lawyer, was born April 21, 1875, at Tuskegee; son of Theophilus Fields and Julia Frances (Perkins)

Mangum (q. v.). He received his preparatory education in the Selma high school, in a private school in Opelika, and the preparatory department of the Southern university at Greensboro; graduated from the Southern university, 1895. He read law in McKinney, Tex., and Montgomery, admitted to the bar in Collier County, Tex., 1896, where he practiced three years; and practiced in Montgomery, 1899 to 1903, when he located in Selma. He was assistant attorney of Collier County, Tex., 1897-98; and deputy solicitor, Dallas County, 1907-1913. He was 2nd sergeant, troop C., Alabama national guard, 1905-08. He edited the "Selma Journal" for six years, and has written and spoken in the interest of educational, industrial and social matters in many sections of the State. During the European War, Mr. Mangum was one of the associates in the office of Richard M. Hobbie, Federal food administrator for Alabama. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; a Mason; Knight of Pythias; Odd Fellow; and Elk. Married: June 5, 1919, in Montgomery, to Mrs. Elizabeth Dawson (Halls) McLeod, widow of A. L. McLeod, and daughter of George W. and Susan T. (Nesbit) Halls (q. v.). Residence: Montgomery.

MANGUM, THEOPHILUS FIELDS, Methodist minister, was born February 11, 1834, in Granville County, N. C., and died March 30, 1904, at Eufaula; son of Josiah Thomas Mangum, a native of Orange or Granville County, N. C., who later lived in Talladega, Lowndesboro, Wetumpka, Marion, Uniontown, Tuskegee, Greenville, Selma, Auburn, Troy, Greensboro, Opelika, and Eufaula, serving in these several charges and districts as a Methodist minister; grandson of Josiah T. Mangum and wife, a Miss Kirkland, natives of North Carolina who removed to Alabama and located at Selma, left an orphan, he went at fourteen years of age to Dale County where he lived in the home of Rev. J. W. Solomon's father, working on the farm and at the wagon and carriage making trade, read law, and studied for the ministry. Rev. Theophilus Fields Mangum was self educated except for two terms at the Summerfield institute, 1859-60; entered the Alabama conference Methodist Episcopal church, South, in 1866, and remained an itinerant preacher in that denomination until his death. He served as chaplain at different points in Alabama, 1861-65. He was a Democrat; trustee Southern university; member publishing committee "Alabama Christian Advocate;" chairman of the committee on itinerancy at two sessions of the general conference; member of numerous church and correctional boards and committees; an Odd Fellow; and Knight of Pythias. Married: at Uniontown, to Julia Frances, daughter of Judge William Columbus and Maria (Thomas) Perkins, of Cuthbert, Ga., the former a descendant of colonial settlers in Georgia, a native of LaGrange, Ga., served one term in congress, was for many years circuit judge, the latter the daughter of Gen. Whitfield Thomas of Cuthbert, Ga., whose ancestors were connected with the early history of that state. Children: 1. Bake, m. Bessie Lamm; 2. Theophilus Fields, jr. (q. v.); 3. William Wight-

man, m. (1) Mamie McKenzie, (2) Nan (Dent) Long; 4. John Bradfield; 5. Robert Henry (q. v.), m. Bessie (Hails) McLeod, Montgomery; 6. Josiah Thomas, m. Edith Hooper, Charlotte, N. C.; 7. Helen Ira, m. G. E. Laughlin. Last residence: Eufaula.

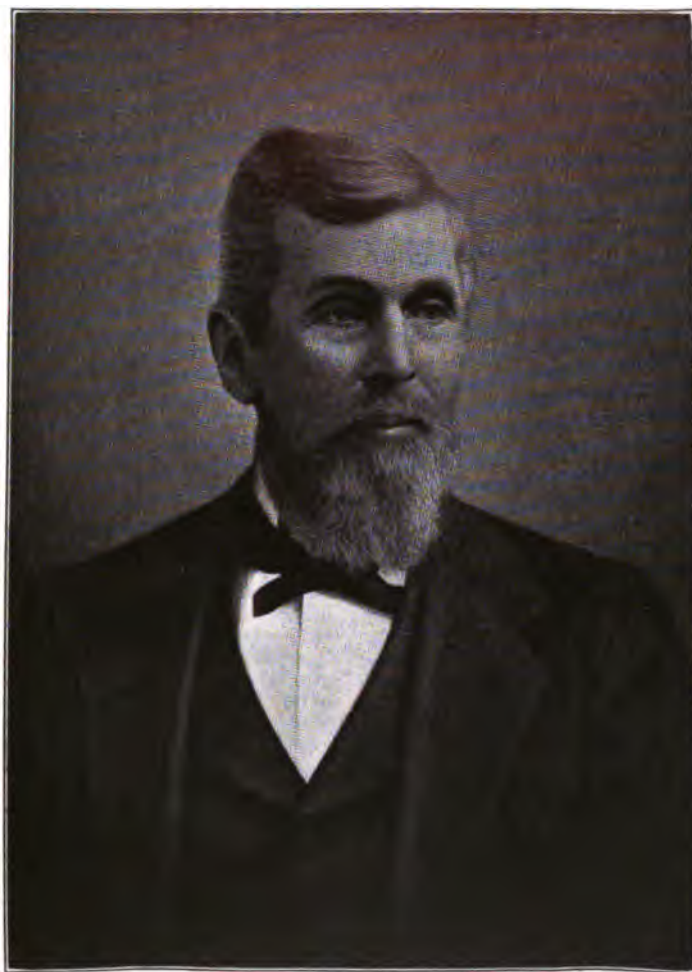
MANGUM, THEOPHILUS FIELDS, jr., lawyer, was born Oct. 21, 1863, at Stewart plantation, Dallas County; son of Theophilus Fields and Ellen Keren (Stewart) Mangum (q. v.), brother of Robert H. Mangum (q. v.). He received his preparatory education under Judge Pitts of Selma, James Parks of Tuskegee and Rev. Urquhart of Greenville, and graduated with the degree of A. B. and captain of Co. B, at the Alabama polytechnic institute, 1883. In 1885 he was admitted to the bar in Alabama, and entered upon the practice in McKinney, Collier County, Tex., where he was city-attorney; chairman of Collier County Democratic executive committee; presidential elector from the 15th congressional district, adjutant 4th Texas volunteer regiment, Capt. Collier guards; foreman McKinney hook and ladder company, volunteer fireman; delegate several times to the Texas State democratic convention; one of four who responded to address of welcome by Gov. O'Neal of Alabama at home coming of Auburn students, June, 1913; was presented a sword by Gov. E. A. O'Neal, sr., as captain of the best drilled company of cadets, A. P. I., 1883. He is a Presbyterian; a Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: November 11, 1891, to Alice, daughter of Col. Robert and Kate Fitzhugh, of Fitzhugh Mill, Collier County, Texas, members of the distinguished Fitzhugh family of Virginia. Children: 1. Robert Mase, San Antonio, Texas; 2. Alice. Residence: San Antonio, Texas.

MANLY, A. H., Presbyterian minister, living in 1913. Residence: New Decatur.

MANLY, BASIL, educator, second president University of Alabama, was born January 29, 1798, near Pittsborough, Chatham County, N. C., and died December 21, 1868, in Greenville, S. C.; son of Basil and Elizabeth (Maulsby) Manly, who lived in Chatham County, N. C., near Pittsborough; grandson of Thomas and Mary (Ford) Manly, the former whose father emigrated from Ireland early in the eighteenth century, and settled in Maryland, near Leonardstown. His Maulsby ancestors were of Welsh and English extraction. He was licensed to preach in 1818, when he was twenty years old, and very soon afterward went to South Carolina, entering the South Carolina college in December, 1819, and graduating with first honors, B. A., 1821. He was ordained to the ministry in 1822, and labored in and about Edgefield Court House until March, 1826, when he became pastor of the Baptist church at Charleston, S. C. During his ministry in South Carolina, he was largely influential in securing the establishment of an institution of learning under the patronage of the Baptist State convention, for the special training of young men for the gospel ministry. That institution, after several changes of name and location, became

Furman university, now in successful operation in Greenville, S. C. Early in 1837, the degree of doctor of divinity was conferred on Dr. Manly by the University of North Carolina, and in August of that year, he was unanimously elected president of the University of Alabama. With the co-operation of a strong faculty, Dr. Manly served the University for eighteen years, with such results that at the end of that time, the university occupied a position of highest honor among the colleges of the country. He resigned the presidency in 1855, and returned to Charleston, S. C., to resume his work as a Christian pastor, and was influential in the establishment of the Southern Baptist theological seminary, first located, in 1859, at Greenville, S. C., but since 1877 at Louisville, Ky. Coming again to Alabama in 1859, he spent nearly two years in general evangelistic work, preaching throughout the state, and taking an active interest in the establishment of the hospital for the insane at Tuscaloosa. The outbreak of the War of Secession put an end to his work as an evangelist, and he became pastor of the First Baptist church in Montgomery, then the capital of the Confederate States of America. He moved to Tuscaloosa in December, 1862, and became connected with the management of the Alabama central female college. He was prostrated by a stroke of paralysis, November 22, 1864, from which he never fully recovered, and while on a visit to his son, Dr. Basil Manly, jr., in Greenville, S. C., he died. He was organizer of the Southern Baptist convention of 1845; was the founder of the Alabama historical society; published several sermons; and with his son, Basil, prepared "The Baptist Psalmody," 1850.

Married: December 23, 1824, to Sarah Murray, daughter of Zebulon and Abigail (Murray) Rudulph, who lived at Camden and Columbia, S. C., and in Lowndes County, where they died, the former a native of Maryland, followed the flouring business at Elkton, Md., where he owned a mill and store, moved to Camden, S. C., 1798, and engaged in milling and merchandising there until 1811, when he moved to Columbia, S. C., to accept a position as steward of South Carolina college, resigned his position in 1815, and located on a plantation near Columbia, moved to Edgefield District, S. C., in 1821, and conducted a mill and plantation there, moved to Lowndes County in November, 1829, and died March 4, 1855, the latter a native of Philadelphia, Pa., whose ancestors came from Scotland to Elkton, Md.; granddaughter of Jacob and Frances (Jacob) Rudulph, the former a native of Elkton, Md., born September 8, 1726, and died July 18, 1800, at Camden Mills, S. C., whose son by a former marriage, Michael Rudulph, was a captain in Lee's legion, during the Revolutionary War, the latter who was the widow of Robert Broom, was of Welsh extraction, and died at Camden, S. C., in 1874; great-granddaughter of Michael Johannes and Anna Rudulph, the former who was born on the Prussian Rhine, who served seven years in the army of Frederick the Great of Prussia, and emigrated to Maryland. Children: 1. Basil (q. v.); 2. Charles (q. v.); 3. Capt. R. T., an officer in the Fifty-ninth Ala-



LEROY BREWER

bama regiment, C. S. Army, during the War of Secession, Mobile. Last residence: Greenville, S. C.

MANLY, BASIL, JR., Baptist minister, was born December 19, 1825, in Edgefield District, S. C., and died January 31, 1892, in Louisville, Ky.; son of Basil and Sarah Murray (Rudolph) Manly (q. v.). He was prepared for college in Charleston, S. C.; was graduated from the University of Alabama, A. B., 1843, and A. M., 1846; attended the Newton theological institute, Newton, Mass., 1844-1845, and the Princeton theological seminary, 1845-1847. He was licensed to preach in 1844, and was ordained a minister in the Baptist church at Tuscaloosa, January 30, 1848. He was pastor of the church at Providence, 1848-1849; of the First Baptist church at Richmond, Va., 1850-1854; founded the Richmond female institute, and was its president, 1854-1859; was one of the four founders and one of the first professors of the Southern Baptist theological seminary at Greenville, S. C.; occupied the chair of Biblical instruction and Old Testament interpretation, 1859-1871, and during the War of Secession while the seminary was suspended preached to several churches in the neighborhood; served as president of Georgetown college, Ky., 1871-1879; returned to his former position at the Southern Baptist theological seminary which had been moved in 1877 from Greenville, S. C., to Louisville, Ky., 1879-1892. The degree of doctor of divinity was conferred upon him by the University of Alabama, 1859, and by Wake Forest college, 1859, and the degree of LL. D. by the Agricultural and mechanical college, 1874. During the War of Secession he was president of the Sunday school board of the Southern Baptist convention at Greenville, S. C., which issued catechisms, tracts and periodicals, of which he was largely either editor or author; was co-author with his father of "The Baptist Psalmody," 1858; author of "A Call to the Ministry," 1867; "The Choice;" "The Bible Doctrine of Inspiration," 1888; and several hymn and music books. He was a Democrat.

Married: (1) April 28, 1852, at Marion, to Charlotte Ann Elisabeth, daughter of George William and Katharine (Hart) Whitfield, who lived at Sumterville; (2) June 10, 1869, at Newberry, S. C., to Harriet Summers, daughter of Maj. Peter and Rosa Caroline (Summers) Hair, and a descendant of Col. Philemon Waters, of the Revolutionary War. Children, by first marriage: 1. Kate, d. in infancy; 2. Basil Rudolph, d. in 1879, unmarried; 3. Lizzie Pratt, m. Lyman Lewis Parks, d. in 1910, living at Anderson, S. C., with her four children; 4. Louise Frances; 5. George Whitfield, Ph. D., professor of Latin in Denison university, Ohio, and in Wake Forest college, North Carolina; 6. Murray Boyce, unmarried, Kentucky; 7. Sarah Rudolph, d. in 1912, m. Evan Clement Stevenson, of Rockwell City, Ia., left seven children; 8. William Gwathmey, professor of Greek in the University of Missouri; 9. Mary Lane, d. in Greenville, S. C.; 10. Alice, d. in infancy; 11. Archibald Thomas, d. in infancy; by second marriage; 12. Clarence Julius, unmarried, surgeon in U. S. Army, major,

stationed at El Paso, Tex., in February, 1914; 13. and 14. John Broadus and Carrie Summers, twins, d. in infancy; 15. Hattie, d. in infancy; 16. Rosa, d. in infancy; 17. Charlotte Broadus, m. Thomas Toliver Goldsmith, Greenville, S. C.; 18. Charles James Fuller, unmarried, Greenville, S. C. Last residence: Louisville, Ky.

MANLY, CHARLES, educator, was born May 28, 1837, at Charleston, S. C.; son of Basil and Sarah Murray (Rudolph) Manly (q. v.). He was prepared for college by Richard Furman in Tuscaloosa; was graduated from the University of Alabama, A. B., 1856, and A. M., 1859; and from Princeton theological seminary, in May, 1859. He was licensed to preach by the Tuscaloosa Baptist church in 1855; was ordained to the ministry in 1859; and has served as pastor of churches at Tuscaloosa 1859-1871; at Murfreesboro, Tenn., 1871-1873; at Staunton, Va., 1873-1880; at Greenville, S. C., 1880-1881; at Belton, S. C., 1882-1898; at Brushy Creek, S. C., 1882-1886; at Rocky Creek, S. C., 1882-1886; at Seneca, S. C., 1886-1898; at Lexington, Mo., 1898-1903; and at Lexington, Va., 1903-1914. He was president of the Alabama Central female college at Tuscaloosa, 1862-1864, and 1869-1871; was president of Union university, Murfreesboro, Tenn., 1871-1873; president of Furman university, Greenville, S. C., 1881-1897; teacher in the Patrick military institute, Anderson, S. C., 1897-1898; and in Lexington, Mo., 1898-1903. The degree of D. D. was conferred upon him by William Jewell college, Missouri, 1872. He prepared Sunday school notes for the American Baptist publication society for several years, and has contributed to magazines. Married: November 16, 1864, in Sumter County, to Mary, daughter of John and Kesiah (Hellen) Matthews, of Sumter County. Children: 1. John Matthews (q. v.), b. September 2, 1865, in Sumter County was graduated from Furman university, A. M., 1883, from Harvard university, A. M., 1889, and Ph. D., 1890, received LL. D. from Furman university, 1912, and Litt. D. from Brown university, 1914, taught at Greer's high school, South Carolina, 1884, at William Jewell college, Liberty, Mo., 1885-1888, at Radcliffe college, 1890-1891, at Brown university, 1891-1898, professor and head of department of English at University of Chicago since 1898, Chicago exchange professor at University of Gottingen, 1909, granted leave of absence for duration of the war, enlisted in the U. S. Army for five years, commissioned captain, October 27, 1917, assigned to military intelligence section, war college division, general staff, author of "The Language of Chaucer's Legend of Goode Women," 1893, of "Shakespeare's Macbeth," 1896, of "Specimens of the Pre-Shakesperean Drama," 1902, of "English Poetry, 1170-1892," 1907, "English Prose, 1137-1890," 1909, "The Bailey-Manly Spelling Book," and "Lessons in English" with E. R. Bailey, 1912, and "English Prose and Poetry," 1916, managing-editor of "Modern Philology," since 1908, and contributed to Cambridge History of English Literature, Encyclopedia Britannica, eleventh edition, the "Shakespeare Memorial Volume," 1916, and to various periodicals, ad-

dress, Army War College, Washington, D. C.; 2. Hellen, m. R. G. Patrick, D. D., Chicago, Ill.; 3. Mary, d. March 29, 1910; 4. Sarah, m. Rev. J. I. Kendrick, Hubbard, Tex.; 5. Annie, Chicago, Ill.; 6. Belle, m. Edward Watson, Gaffney, S. C.; 7. Charles Matthews, m. Grace Wishart, Whitehall Building, New York, N. Y.; 8. Linda Peyton, m. C. G. Dold, M. D., Lexington, Va.; 9. Basil Maxwell, m. Marie Bradley, Washington, D. C. Residence: Chicago, Ill.

MANLY, JOHN MATTHEWS, educator, was born September 2, 1865, in Sumter County; son of Rev. Charles and Mary Esther Hellen (Matthews) Manly (q. v.). Dr. Manly received the A. M. degree from Furman university, S. C., 1883; A. M., 1889, Ph. D., 1890, Harvard university; LL. D., Furman university, 1912; and Litt. D., Brown university, 1914. He was associate professor and professor of English, Brown university, Providence, R. I., 1891-98; has been professor and head of the department of English, University of Chicago, since 1898; and was Chicago exchange professor at the University of Göttingen, 1909. He was granted leave of absence during the European War; enlisted in U. S. Army for five years; commissioned captain, October 27, 1917; assigned to military intelligence section, War college division, General staff; chief, section eight, War college division, August, 1918-May, 1919; discharged and commissioned major, Officers reserve corp, July, 1919. He is a member of the American philosophical society; American philological association; Modern language association of America; American dialect society; Deutsche Shakespeare Gesellschaft; Malone society; English Shakespeare society; and the Bibliographical society of America. Contributor: "Cambridge history of English literature"; "Encyclopedia Britannica," eleventh edition; "Shakespeare memorial volume"; and to various periodicals. Editor: "Macbeth," 1896; "Specimens of Pre-Shakespearean drama," 1897; "English poetry," 1907; "English prose," 1909. Author: "Lessons in English," 1912, with E. R. Bailey; "A Manual for writers," 1914, with J. A. Powell; "English prose and poetry," 1916; "The Writing of English," 1919, with E. Rickert. He is the general editor of "Modern Philology." Unmarried. Residence: University of Chicago, Chicago, Ill.

MANLY, R. F., clerk of the Alabama Baptist State convention, 1868-71. Residence: Birmingham.

MANNING, AMOS REEDER, lawyer, was born in 1810, in New Jersey. In early youth he came with an uncle, James Manning, of Madison, to Alabama, and was educated in Greene academy, where he was a schoolmate of L. P. and Percy Walker, J. D. Phelan, and Gen. J. M. Withers. After graduating from the University of Tennessee, he read law with Hon. A. F. Hopkins at Huntsville. He was admitted to the bar, and opened a law office in Linden in 1836, later moving to Demopolis. At the latter place, he was, at different times, the partner of John Rains, F. S. Lyon, D. C. Anderson, and William E. Clarke. In 1845, he was elected

to the legislature from Marengo County, and two years later, was elected to the State senate from Wilcox and Marengo Counties. He served in that body until 1851, and a year later moved to Mobile, where he continued the practice of law. In 1856, he received a complimentary vote in the legislature for justice of the supreme court, and some time afterwards, formed a partnership with Hon. Percy Walker. He was a Whig. Married: to Miss Lewis, a sister of Hon. David W. Lewis of Georgia, and a cousin of Hon. D. H. Lewis of Lowndes County. Grace Manning of Perth Amboy, N. J., is a daughter. Last residence: Mobile.

MANNING, ROBERT WILLIAM, business man, was born January 17, 1864, at Lineville, Clay County; son of Henry Allen and Marthy (Burrough) Manning, of Ashland, the former a native of Marietta County, Ga.; grandson of John Burrough, of Abner, Clay County. He received his education in the public schools of Ashland; entered upon the mercantile business at Ashland in 1885, continuing until 1903, when he established a life and fire insurance agency at Lineville, which he conducted until 1907. He served as postmaster of Lineville, 1885-1889, and 1894-1897; was appointed State land agent, succeeding John R. McCain, 1907; and since 1911, has filled the position of land clerk in the State auditor's office. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; a Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: to Eldorado, daughter of Benjamin Franklin and Amelia Holdridge, of Ashland. He has one adopted daughter, Lucile. Residence: Montgomery.

MANNING-BREWER, ESTELLE HEMPSTEAD, author of several novels. Married: Horace Augustus Thompson (q. v.). Residence: Lowndes County.

MANUCY, DOMINIC, third Roman Catholic bishop of Mobile, was born December 20, 1823, at St. Augustine, Fla., and died December 4, 1885, in Mobile. He was a cousin of Bishop Pellicier, first bishop of San Antonio, Tex., and a descendant of Francis Pellicier, who led the Minocans from the colony and control of Dr. Turnbull, to St. Augustine, Fla., in 1777. He was educated at Spring Hill college, Mobile, and in New Orleans, La.; and was ordained priest by Bishop Portier, August 15, 1850, at Mobile. He was stationed at the cathedral of the Immaculate Conception, 1850-1864, and was pastor of St. Peter's, Montgomery, 1864-1874. He was made titular bishop of Dulma, and appointed the first vicar apostolic of Brownsville, Tex., by Pope Pius IX, and was consecrated bishop at the cathedral of the Immaculate Conception at Mobile, December 8, 1874, by Archbishop Perche, assisted by Bishop Elder, of Natches, Miss., and Bishop Dubuis of Galveston, Tex. He immediately took possession of his see, which at that time was inhabited chiefly by roving Mexicans. He established nine churches and secured the services of the Oblate Brothers, the Ursuline Sisters, and the Sisters of the Incarnate Word. Under his guidance schools were formed in Texas, at Laredo, Brownsville, and Corpus Christi; academies at San Patricio and

Refugio; St. Joseph's college in charge of the Oblate Brothers at Brownsville; a high school at Laredo; and several free parochial schools. He was transferred bishop of Mobile and administrator of Brownsville, in March, 1884, as successor to the Rt. Rev. John Quinlan, deceased. Because of feeble health, he resigned both posts a few months later, and was reappointed vicar-apostolic of Brownsville with the titular see of "Maronea," but died before he could return to that place. Last residence: Mobile.

MAPLES, WILLIAM C., *soldier of the American Revolution*. "DIED—At the residence of his sons, in Madison County, Ala., on the 26th ult., WILLIAM C. MAPLES, in the 81st year of his age. He was a native of Virginia and was one of the Guard, at the age of fifteen years, on Dan River, when the battle was fought at Guilford Court House. He emigrated to East Tennessee in the year 1796, and served as a volunteer in the war of 1812; and emigrated to Alabama in the year 1833. He had been a member of the Baptist church for the rise of fifty years; he was a faithful and useful member of that society, and filled the office of a Deacon and Clerk for the church for a number of years; he was esteemed as a father in the Gospel; a tender husband and an affectionate father to his children; an agreeable and obliging neighbor. He departed this life in the triumph of a living faith—'In the hope of that eternal life which God, that cannot lie, promised before the world began.' He has left a numerous train of connections, scattered almost from the Atlantic to the Pacific ocean. The Athens, Tenn., and Lynchburg, Va., papers are requested to copy."—*The Democrat*, Huntsville, Ala., Nov. 17, 1847.

MAPLES, WILLIAM CASWELL, physician, was born August 31, 1859, at Poplar Ridge, Madison County; son of John M. and Martha Frances (Ledbetter) Maples, the former a native of Poplar Ridge, a farmer who lived at that place until 1896 when he moved to Johnson County, Tex., and in 1902 moved to Jefferson County, Okla.; grandson of Peter and Mary Maples, who lived at Poplar Ridge, having come from Sevier County, Tenn., to Alabama in 1827, and who were of Holland descent, and of Daniel R. and Mariah Ledbetter, who came from Virginia and settled in New Hope, Madison County. He was educated in the common schools in the neighborhood of Poplar Ridge, and was graduated from the medical department of the University of Tennessee, M. D., 1881. Since that time he has taken several post graduate courses. He began the practice of medicine in Poplar Ridge in 1881; practiced for eight years at Bellefonte; and for more than twenty-five years at Scottsboro. He served as alderman of Scottsboro; was a member of the town council for five years; and county health officer for two terms. In 1890 he was elected a counsellor in the Alabama State medical association. He is a Democrat. Married: February 27, 1889, to Sophronia, daughter of Gideon and Almarinda Starkey, who lived at Bellefonte, Jackson County, the former a captain in the C. S. Army, the latter

whose people came to Jackson County from South Carolina. Children: 1. Willie; 2. Annie, m. Charles Heath, Stevenson; 3. Robert Caswell; 4. Houston Ledbetter; 5. John Wade; 6. Emmett Starkey; 7. James C. Residence: Scottsboro.

MARBURY, JOSIAH H., business man, was born in 1841, in Shelbyville, Tenn., son of L. W. and Mary (Kidd) Marbury, natives of Tennessee, who spent their entire lives in that state, the former a Primitive Baptist minister, a merchant, a soldier in the Mexican War, and a member of the Tennessee legislature, whose father was a North Carolinian, and moved from that state to Tennessee. He was reared principally at Tullahoma, and received a limited education. In July, 1861, he joined the First Tennessee artillery, C. S. Army, and served with that command until October, 1864, when he was captured, and held prisoner at Camp Douglas, Chicago, Ill., and at Point Lookout, Maryland, until the close of hostilities. While he was in the army, his father died, and for several years, he was left with the care of his mother and two sisters. He went to work as a carpenter and cabinet maker, at Blue Springs, Tenn., and in 1872, started in a co-partnership with Mr. Taft, in a sawmill at Jamison. They conducted their mill there until 1876, when they moved to Bozeman, and were joined by a Mr. Smith. The firm was operated under the name of Smith, Taft and Marbury until December 1, 1887; Marbury and Jones, until January 1, 1892; and then became the Marbury lumber company, with Mr. Marbury at its head. He is a Mason and a Missionary Baptist. Married: (1) March 1, 1865, in Tennessee, to Mary Allen, a native of Louisiana; (2) to Mrs. Nancy E. Taft, the widow of his former partner, and a native of Pennsylvania, daughter of William Robinson and his wife, who were born in England. Children, by first marriage: 1. Lizzie, m. C. W. Wilkinson, Birmingham; 2. David H., in the lumber business with his father; 3. Mary A.; 4. Neva W.; 5. Nellie T.; 6. Earnest L.; 7. Clara V.; 8. Josiah H., jr. Residence: Bozeman.

MARCHMAN, ROBERT LEE, teacher, was born March 21, 1870, near Daleville, Dale County; son of William Henry and Nancy (Davis) Marchman, the former a native of Twiggs County, Ga., who lived at Daleville, and was elected to several county offices by the people of Dale County, who served four years in the C. S. Army, and lost his left arm in the battle of Atlanta, July 28, 1864; grandson of William Stephen Marchman, who lived near Macon, Ga. The family is of German descent, and his great-grandfather Marchman came from Maryland, to Georgia. He received his early education from the country schools at Daleville and Ozark; was graduated from the Troy normal school in 1896; and attended the University of Virginia, one year, and Vanderbilt university, Nashville, Tenn., one year. He began teaching in the country schools; later held the principalship of the high schools at Enterprise, Sheffield and Andalusia; was elected county superintendent of education of Dale County, October 1, 1913; and continues to hold that position. He is a Democrat; a Baptist; a

Mason; and an Odd Fellow. Married: June 27, 1905, in Atlanta, Ga., to Eleanor Rowena, daughter of John Henry and Mary Jane Paris, who lived in Kentucky. Children: 1. Robert Lee, jr., b. May 5, 1906; 2. Frances Muriel, b. August 12, 1907; 3. Frederick, b. January 28, 1912. Residence: Daleville.

MARDIS, NAPOLEON BONEPARTE, lawyer, was born in Shelby County, and died October 13, 1892, at Columbiana; son of Reuben and Margaret Mardis, the former a native of Tennessee, who lived in Shelby County and was a Methodist minister. He received his education in the common schools of Shelby County, studied law, was admitted to the bar, and practiced in Columbiana. He was elected county treasurer of Shelby County in 1846 and continued in that office until 1857; represented Shelby County in the State legislature in 1857; was again elected county treasurer and held the office until he joined the C. S. Army in 1861. While he was serving in the army, he was elected judge of probate of Shelby County, 1862, and held that position until 1869. He was appointed and served as postmaster of Columbiana for a number of years before his death in 1892. He was a Republican and a Methodist. Married: to Adelaide Curtis, who survived him only a few years. He had no children of his own, but adopted two orphan children who lived with him a few years, one of whom was Mrs. John Cromwell of Columbiana. Last residence: Columbiana.

MARDIS, SAMUEL W., lawyer, representative in congress, was born June 12, 1800, in Tennessee, and died November 14, 1836, at Mardisville; son of Reuben Mardis, a farmer. He received an academic education, studied law, was admitted to the bar, and went with his father to Shelby County. He began to practice law in Montevallo; was elected to the State legislature from Shelby County in 1823, and represented the county for several successive terms; was elected to congress over Gen. Garth of Morgan County and Col. Baylor of Tuscaloosa, 1831; was re-elected to congress, defeating Hon. Elisha Young, of Greene County. At the expiration of his second term, he moved to Mardisville, Talladega County, and continued to practice law until his death. He was a Democrat. Married: to Miss Taylor, daughter of Robert Taylor, of Shelby County. His half-brother, Judge N. B. Mardis, was a citizen of Shelby County. Last residence: Mardisville.

MARECHAL, EDWIN LESLEY, physician, was born June 27, 1850, at Chambersburg, Franklin County, Pa., and died August 19, 1909, at Mobile; son of Charles Francois and Mary Selina (Blackburn) Maréchal, the former a native of Verdun, Alsace-Lorraine, France, born February 1, 1806, the latter a South Carolinian, born in Lancaster, whose surname originally was Mazée, until she took the name of her step-father, Mr. Blackburn; grandson of Elise (Dernier) Maréchal, of Verdun, France. His maternal ancestors were French Huguenots, who came to South Caro-

lina in colonial times, and participated in the Revolutionary War, his great-grandfather having been injured at the battle of Cowpens. Dr. Maréchal's father served seven years as an officer in the French Army in Algiers; came to New Orleans, La., in 1840; lived at Donaldsonville, La., for one year, then went to Camden, S. C., where he was married; conducted a mercantile business at Wilmington, N. C., until 1846; was professor of modern languages, of which he knew seven, in Dickinson college, Chambersburg, Pa., 1846-1851, and in the Maplewood female seminary, Pittsfield, Mass., 1851-1854; returned south and had charge of the modern language department of the public schools of Mobile, 1854-1862; enlisted in the French guards of Mobile, 1862, and was elected captain, doing principally provost duty; and taught school after the War of Secession, until his death in 1877. Dr. Maréchal attended the public schools of Mobile, and spent three years at Mobile college, now defunct. He was graduated from the medical college of the University of Alabama, M. D., 1870; attended lectures at Tulane university, New Orleans, in 1871; began to practice medicine at Daphne, Baldwin County in 1871, and continued there for three years when his health failed; withdrew from his practice temporarily, and was connected with the press in Meridian, Miss., 1873-1874; returned to his medical practice in Daphne, 1877-1880; practiced at Stockton until 1889; then located at Mobile, where he practiced until his death. While in Baldwin County, he organized the Baldwin County medical association; was county health officer for a number of years; and was president of the board of health of that county; was at one time health officer of Mobile County; served as lecturer on hygiene and medical jurisprudence, Medical college of Alabama, and was the first president of the alumni association of that institution; was at one time president of the Alabama medical association; was a member of the school board of Mobile County for eighteen years, and for some time was president of that body. He was a Democrat; a Presbyterian; a Mason; and a Red Man. He was author of a number of published papers on medical subjects, and was founder and editor of the "Mobile Medical and Surgical Journal." Married: in 1874, at Meridian, Miss., to Julia Eliza, daughter of Isaac Saddler Orlando Grandison and Martha Ann (McInnis) Greer, of Jones Bluff, Sumter County, the former an early settler in Meridian, Miss., and head of the firm of Greer, Bogle and company, cotton factors. Her ancestors on both sides were early settlers of Alabama, having gone there from south Carolina. Many of her relatives were participants in the Revolutionary War, and in the War of Secession. Children: 1. Marie Augusta, m. Samuel Silenus Murphy (q. v.); 2. Grandison Greer, d. in infancy; 3. Julia Greer, m. H. J. Woods, of Meridian, Miss.; 4. Edwin Leslie, jr., m. Leila Alice Harris, Mobile; 5. Edith Whitfield, m. Samuel Silenus Murphy (q. v.); 6. Greer McInnis, Washington, D. C.; 7.

Claudia Silver, Mobile. Last residence: Mobile.

MARKELL, CHARLES FREDERICK, author and lawyer, was born October 16, 1855, at Frederick, Md.; son of Frederick and Catherine Sue (Thomas) Markell, the former a native of Frederick; grandson of Jacob and Rebecca (Miller) Markell, of Winchester, Va., the former a captain of the Maryland line in the War of 1812, and of George Thomas and wife, a Miss Rogan, of Kingsport, Tenn.; great-grandson of Conrad Markell, an officer in the German army who came to America from Alsace, 1747, landing at Philadelphia, Pa. Mr. Markell was educated at the Frederick academy, the male high school at Columbus, Miss., the St. John's military academy, at Alexandria, Va., St. John's college, Frederick, Md., and was graduated from the Columbian, now George Washington university, LL. B., 1876. He was admitted to the bar and practiced in the District of Columbia and in Maryland; was a member of the Maryland house of delegates, 1884-85, 1896-97; U. S. secretary of legation to Brazil, 1892, and charge d' affaires 1893; and induced the Brazilian government to remove expediente tax on wheat flour from U. S. He located in Alabama in 1908. He is a Republican; and an Episcopalian. Author: "Chamodine and other poems;" "The Chaskell papers;" "Ypiranga—A love tale of the Brazils." Married: January 28, 1902, in New York City, his cousin Sue Markell, daughter of LaFayette and Ella Jane Rogan of Birmingham, a family of Irish origin. Residence: Birmingham.

MARKHAM, LEWIS, soldier of the American Revolution, aged 75, resided in Lauderdale County, June 1, 1840.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

MARKS, GEORGE MATHEWS, lawyer, was born in Montgomery County, June 28, 1853; son of Samuel Blackburn and Mary L. (Crain) Marks, the former a native of Georgia, who removed to Montgomery County, and was colonel on Gen. J. M. Wither's staff during the War of Secession, and cousin of Samuel Blackburn Marks (q. v.) and Spencer Crain Marks (q. v.) George M. Marks was educated under Dr. Henry Tutwiler, at Green Springs; at Bellevue high school, Bedford County, Va., the University of the South, Seawane, Tenn., graduated from the Virginia military institute, 1874; and received the LL.B. degree from the University of Virginia, 1876. He began the practice of law in Atlanta, Ga., remaining here only a year, removed to Montgomery and formed a partnership with Benjamin Fitzpatrick. Upon the removal of Mr. Fitzpatrick to Elmore County, he formed a partnership with Lester C. Smith and Gordon McDonald; in 1886 formed a partnership with P. C. Massie and at the present time is a member of the firm of Sayre and Marks. Married: in 1878, to Hettie, daughter, of Napoleon and Mary Clay (Lockett) Lockett, of Perry County. Chil-

dren: 1. George Mathews, jr.; 2. Mary Louise, m. Prof. Augustus Keaton McKemie, of Harrodsburg, Ky.; 3. Fannie Lockett, m. Robert Emmett Seibels, of Montgomery; 4. Hettie, m. William Bauer, of New London, Conn.; 5. Agnes Carey, m. Charles Allen Hopkins, of Mobile. Residence: Montgomery.

MARKS, SAMUEL BLACKBURN, planter and capitalist, was born in Montgomery County, April 7, 1844; son of William Mathews and Catherine Ann (Crain) Marks, and brother of Spencer Crain Marks (q. v.). Mr. Marks received his early education in the public schools of Montgomery and was a student at the University of Alabama at the outbreak of the War of Secession. He left the University in 1863 and enlisted in Co. A., Seventh Alabama cavalry and served throughout the war as a private. He was wounded at Lowndesboro, during the Federal raid under Gen. James H. Wilson. After the war he became a planter of Montgomery County and is now a stockholder in the First national bank, the Jasper coal and coke company and numerous other business interests of the State. Married: (1) in 1868, to Martha, daughter of Robert Means, of Pointe Coupee Parish, La.; (2) in 1879, to Laura Lewis, daughter of Lorenzo James (q. v.). Children: by first wife: 1. Hugh Means, planter of Montgomery County; by second wife: 2. Ellen, m. (1) Dr. Moharren Bey, of Munich and (2) L. Stafford Betty, of Montgomery; 3. Charles, planter, physician; M. D. University of Virginia; m. Priscilla, daughter of John B. and Priscilla (Tyler) Scott, of Montgomery; 4. Churchill, planter, student at Alabama polytechnic institute for two years; m. Sallie Watkins, daughter of Dr. M. L. Wood (q. v.). Residence: Montgomery.

MARKS, SPENCER CRAIN, banker, was born at Pike Road, Montgomery County, March 7, 1840, and died in Montgomery, January 12, 1904; son of William Mathews and Catherine Ann (Crain) Marks, the former a native of Oglethorpe County, Ga., who removed to Alabama in 1820 with his parents, located in Montgomery County, and became one of the wealthiest planters of the State and brother of Samuel Marks (q. v.); grandson of Nicholas Meriwether and Ann Paul (Mathews) Marks, the former a native of Fredericksville Parish, Albemarle County, Va., who removed to Broad River settlement, Ga., and shortly after his marriage to Montgomery County, where he acquired extensive and valuable property, the latter the granddaughter of Gov. Mathews, of Georgia, and of Spencer and Mary (Tomkins) Crain, of Montevallo, Jasper County, Ga.; great-grandson of James and Elizabeth (Harris) Marks, the former a native of Albemarle County, Va., and magistrate of this county in 1873, who removed to Wilkes County, Ga., where he became a well known member of the Broad River settlement; great-nephew of John Marks, a captain in the Revolutionary Army, who married Lucy Meriwether Lewis, the widow of William Lewis and mother of Meri-

wether Lewis, the explorer, of Peter and Joanna (Lydwor) Marks, the former escheator of Albemarle County, Va., and of Hastings and Ann Scott (Jefferson) Marks, of the tide water-district of Virginia and the latter the sister of President Thomas Jefferson; great-great-grandson of John and Lady Elizabeth (Hastings) Marks, the former a native of Suffolk, England, who emigrated to America and settled in Albemarle County, Va., and of John and Martha (Gaines) Marks, the former a native of Gargunnoch, Sterling-shire, Scotland, who emigrated to America and located at Aberfogle, Albemarle County, Va., lived for a while in Richmond County, Va. and was King's attorney of Amherst County, Va., from 1761-68. Spencer C. Marks was educated in the public schools of Montgomery, attended Dr. Henry Tutwiler's school at Green Springs for three years, and was a student at the University of Virginia, graduating in 1860. He left on the breaking out of the War of Secession, returned to Montgomery and joined the First Alabama cavalry, under Gen. James H. Clanton. After the war he engaged in the cotton business as a member of the well known firm of Marks and Gayle. He was the first democratic treasurer of Montgomery County after reconstruction days; was a director in the Merchants and planters, Farley national and the Fourth national banks, and for many years served as junior warden of St. John's Episcopal church. Married: October 1, 1862, at Montgomery, to Laura Hall, daughter of John Atkinson and Amanda (Hall) Snodgrass, of that place. Children: 1. William Mathews, m. at Raleigh, N. C., to Jane Hawkins, daughter of Col. A. B. and Julia M. (Johnston) Andrews, the former 1st vice-president of the Southern railway at the time of his death, and granddaughter of Col. William and Ann Eliza (Graham) Johnston, of Charlotte, N. C.; 2. Spencer Crain, d. young; 3. Ethel, m. Guy R. Brightwell, of Maxeys, Ga. Last residence: Montgomery.

MARSHALL, BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, Methodist minister, was born near Carrollton, Carroll County, Miss.; son of James Alfred and Mary Elizabeth (Farish) Marshall, the former who was born near Livingston, Sumter County, and emigrated to Carroll County, Miss., in 1842, enlisted in Co. A, Forty-second Mississippi regiment, May, 1862, and was discharged because of a crippled hand, later enlisted in the First Mississippi battalion, and was paroled April, 1865, at Greensboro, N. C.; grandson of Benjamin Thomas and Carolin (Swann) Marshall, who lived in Madison, Marengo and Sumter Counties, and in Carroll County, Miss., the former a native of Madison County, who served several times in the legislature, and of Robert Stephens and Nancy (Ware) Farish, who lived at Tuscaloosa, and at Black Hawk, Miss.; great-grandson of Thomas Marshall and a Miss Malone, who emigrated to Madison County in 1811, the latter a daughter of a Revolutionary soldier, who came to Alabama and settled in the Tennessee Valley; great-great-grandson of James Marshall, who

lived in Kershaw District, S. C., near Camden, and was a colonel in the Revolutionary Army. He received his early education at Greenwood, Miss., under A. F. Gardner, and at Carrollton, Miss., from J. C. Hardy, later the president of the Agricultural and mechanical college at Starkville, Miss. He was graduated from Southern university at Greensboro, A. B., 1895, and became a minister in the Methodist church, in December of that year. He has served as pastor of churches at Butler, Faunsdale, Eutaw, Montgomery, Abbeville, Gastonburg, Dothan, and Opp, in Alabama, and is now in charge of the Methodist church at De Funiak Springs, Fla. He is a Democrat; a Royal Arch Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: December 18, 1895, at Demopolis, to Panthea Mary, daughter of Thomas Henry and Lucie (Baltzell) DeLoach, who lived at Demopolis; granddaughter of Panthea Mary Bullock, of Greene County, sister of Hon. James Bullock, a member of the Alabama senate. The Bullock family is connected with the mother of President Roosevelt. Children: 1. Nell. Residence: De Funiak Springs, Fla.

MARSHALL, JAMES WILLIAMS, Presbyterian minister, a native of the State and whose early life was spent here, was born January 20, 1882, at Perdue Hill, Monroe County; son of John Lee and Janie Edwards (Foster) Marshall, the former 1st lieutenant Co. G, 36th Alabama infantry regiment, for a number of years tax collector of Monroe County, a descendant of Needham Bryan who settled in Bertie County, N. C., 1722. Rev. Mr. Marshall attended the public schools of Perdue Hill, and received the degrees of A. M., 1905, and B. D., 1907, from Southwestern Presbyterian university, Clarksville, Tenn.; was ordained October 23, 1907, at Tuskegee, by the East Alabama presbytery, and served churches at Tuskegee, Downs, Calebee and Montgomery, before removing to Arkansas. He is a Democrat; Mason; a Red Man; and a member of the Pi Kappa Alpha college fraternity. Unmarried. Residence: Junction City, Ark.

MARSHALL, JOSEPH WALDEN, Sr., business man, was born August 16, 1881, at Center, Cherokee County; son of John Lawrence and Martha Elizabeth (Shackleford) Marshall, of Cherokee County; grandson of Samuel P. L. and Margaret (Lawrence) Marshall, of Eddyville, Lyon County, Ky., the former, a descendant of John Marshall, chief justice of the U. S., was a judge in Kentucky during the early settlement of that state, and owned one of the first furnaces ever established in Alabama, at Round Mountain, Cherokee County, and produced great quantities of iron for the Confederacy, and of William Clark and Elizabeth (Hale) Shackleford, of Center. Mr. Marshall was educated in the public schools at Center and Girard. He was for a number of years in the hotel business in Alabama and Georgia; in 1911, was appointed assistant postmaster of the Girard post-office, and in 1917 the postmaster; was local secretary of the U. S. civil service commission, Russell County, 1914-1917; and



GREGORY L. SMITH

represented that county in the state legislature, 1919. He is a Democrat. Married: December 25, 1907, at Hillsboro, Washington County, Ore., to Anna Marie, daughter of Collin C. and Matilda (Williams) Frazier, of La Grande, Union County, Ore., the former who came to the United States from Scotland when a boy of sixteen; great-granddaughter of Rev. Jolly, who preached the first sermon in the First Presbyterian Church of Portland, Ore. Children: 1. Joseph Walden, jr.; 2. Lawrence Collin. Residence: Gadsden.

MARTIN, ABRAHAM, lawyer, was born in 1798, in Edgefield District, S. C.; brother of Hon. William D. Martin, of South Carolina, and of John Martin (q. v.). The family of Martins in Edgefield District, S. C., were conspicuous during the Revolutionary War for their united efforts in the cause of independence. There were seven brothers, William, Bartly, James, John, Edmund, Marshall and Mathew Martin, all of whom took an active part in the war. Several were wounded, but all survived the war except William Martin, who fell at the siege of Augusta, and at the time of his death was one of the oldest captains in the service. Mathew Martin was alive in 1846, residing in Tennessee, but died at the close of that year. Mr. Martin moved from South Carolina to Tennessee with an uncle, and was graduated at Greenville college. He was admitted to the bar in 1821, and served as district solicitor in Tennessee for several years. He moved to Montgomery County in 1832, and conducted his law practice there until 1837, when, on the death of Judge William R. Pickett, he was elected judge of the circuit court, defeating E. S. Dargan and J. P. Booth of Barbour. He served in that position for six years, then resumed the practice of his profession, part of the time in association with M. A. Baldwin and P. Tucker Sayre. During the War of Secession, he was collector of the government revenue in the state. Last residence: Montgomery.

MARTIN, ALBURTO, lawyer, was born July 9, 1830, in Jefferson County, and died in November, 1880, in Birmingham; son of Col. John and Sarah (Kilpatrick) Martin who were among the first settlers of Jefferson County. He was graduated from the University of Alabama, A. B., 1850, and A. M., 1857. He began to practice law in Elyton, 1856, and three years later was elected to the State legislature from Jefferson County. He was re-elected in 1861, and served until 1863. At the outbreak of the War of Secession, he raised a company, which later became a part of the Tenth Alabama infantry, and was made captain, 1861. He served with his command at Drainsville, Yorktown, Williamsburg, Seven Pines, Gaines' Mill, Frazier's Farm, and at Second Manassas, and at the last named place was dangerously wounded by a shell, and crippled for life. He was elected solicitor of the judicial circuit of Jefferson County in 1863, was displaced by Gov. Parsons, and was re-elected by the general assembly of 1865, serving until disqualified by congress in 1868. From that time until his death in 1879, he practiced his profession in and around Birm-

ingham. He was a member of the constitutional convention of 1875. Married: at Elyton to Harriet Louisa, daughter of Judge William S. Mudd (q. v.). One of his sons is William Mudd Martin, lawyer at Birmingham, who was born December 15, 1868, and served in the Spanish-American War, 1898, as first lieutenant of Co. A, First Alabama volunteer infantry, U. S. Army. Last residence: Birmingham.

MARTIN, ANDREW, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 86, and a resident of Madison County; private N. C. Continental Line; enrolled on September 26, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$36.66; sums received to date of publication of list, \$91.65.—Revolutionary Pension Roll, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Madison County, June 1, 1840, aged 105.—*Census of Pensioners* 1841, p. 148.

MARTIN, A. L., pioneer Missionary Baptist preacher; deceased; father of Harry Martin, of Ozark.

MARTIN, CHARLES DOTHARD, business man, was born March 26, 1854, at Jacksonville, Calhoun County; son of James B. and Mary E. (Nisbit) Martin, the former a native of Habersham County, Ga., who moved to Alabama and lived in Jacksonville, Talladega and Cahaba, was a lawyer, a circuit judge, and entered the C. S. Army as lieutenant colonel of the Tenth Alabama regiment, and was killed at the battle of Drainsville, Va., December 20, 1861; grandson of John and Elizabeth (Sisson) Martin, who lived in Habersham County, Ga., and at Athens, Ga., and of John and Nancy (Baldwin) Nisbit, of Athens, Ga., and Jacksonville; and a descendant of John Nisbit, a member of the provisional congress of 1775, who served as a private soldier in the Revolutionary Army, and was the first senator from Iredell County, N. C. Mr. Martin's great-great-grandfather Martin was a continental soldier, enlisting from North Carolina. The Nisbit family came to Pennsylvania from Scotland in 1704, and moved to North Carolina in 1742. Mr. Martin obtained his education in private schools. He is a farmer, a railroad builder and a lumberman. He has served the city of Jacksonville as treasurer, member of the council and as mayor, and for four years was county commissioner. He represented Calhoun County in the State legislature, 1911; is a Democrat; a Presbyterian; a Mason; Woodman of the World; Knight of Honor; and Columbian Woodman. Married: in April, 1899, to Georgia, daughter of Dr. George and Martha Minge (Douglass) Hoke, of Jacksonville, the former who moved to Alabama from North Carolina in 1832 or 1833, the latter a native of Danville, Va. Residence: Jacksonville.

MARTIN, CHARLES PATRICK, physician, was born November 21, 1877, at Coaling, Tuscaloosa County; son of William Bruce and Wilmouth Catherine (Crunk) Martin, the former a native of Springfield, Robinson County, Tenn., who lived at Woodstock; grandson of Patrick

Patterson and Martha (Farmer) Martin, of Springfield, Tenn., and Walton and Nancy (Benton) Crunk, of Springfield, Tenn. He received his early education at Coaling, at Woodstock academy, and at University high school at Tuscaloosa. He was graduated from Southern university at Greensboro, B. S., 1895, and from Vanderbilt university, M. D., 1900. He began the practice of medicine at Russellville, June 1, 1900; moved to Blocton in January, 1903, and practiced there for three years; located at Woodstock in 1907; and after several years at that place, moved to Texas, where he continued the practice of medicine. He served as vice-president of the Bibb County medical society; as vice-president of the Association of surgeons of the Southern railway; was a member of the State medical association of Alabama; of the Southern medical association; is a Democrat; a Methodist; a thirty-second degree Scottish Rite Mason; a Knight Templar, and was elected grand commander of the Knight Templars of Alabama, May 14, 1913, at Dothan. Married: December 12, 1900, at Russellville, to Willie Virginia, daughter of William T. and Carolina Virginia Reid, who lived at West Union, S. C. Children: 1. William Reid; 2. Charles Patrick, jr. Residence: Texas.

MARTIN, EDMUND W., lawyer and legislator, was born December 15, 1821, near the city of Montgomery, and died October 22, 1878, at Evergreen. He was educated at West Point military academy. After returning home he was admitted to the practice of law at Hayneville, about the year 1843. During the conflict with Mexico he raised a company known as the "Lowndes County Volunteers," was made captain and went immediately to Mobile where they were mustered into the government's service, but did not arrive at the scene of action as transportation facilities prevented their being transferred. He removed to Sparta in 1849, where he resumed the practice of law. During the War of Secession he raised a company of volunteers; was made captain and subsequently major, 38th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army. He was wounded at the battle of Dalton, Ga. Major Martin was elected to the State senate in 1872, but was not seated because of the dominancy of the Republican party. In 1874 he was re-seated, however, as the Democrats had gained the ascendancy. He was the candidate for lieutenant-governor in the convention of 1874 but was defeated and was, in 1878, defeated as a candidate for congress. Last residence: Evergreen.

MARTIN, HARRY, lawyer. Residence: Ozark.

MARTIN, JAMES, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 75, and a resident of Greene County, private S. C. Militia; enrolled on September 17, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$40; sums received to date of publication of list, \$120.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

MARTIN, JAMES BENSON, lawyer, was born September 17, 1825, in Habersham County, Ga., and was killed in battle, December 20, 1861, at Drainsville, Va.; son of John and Elizabeth Martin, who lived in Georgia until the death of the former, after which time Mrs. Martin resided in Jacksonville. He was deprived of educational advantages by the death of his father, and when he was nineteen years old, went to Calhoun County, where he read law under Hon. A. J. Walker. He was admitted to the bar in 1845, and began to practice his profession in Jacksonville, first associated with J. L. Lewis, and later with A. J. Walker. In 1852, he was elected general of Alabama militia, and the following year, went to Talladega, where at different times he was associated with John T. Morgan and A. W. Bowle. He was elected to the State legislature from Talladega County in 1857; opened a law office in Cahaba in 1858; remained there for some months, then returned to Talladega. He was elected judge of the tenth judicial circuit in 1860, and returned to Jacksonville shortly before the beginning of the War of Secession. He was commissioned captain of the Pope Walker guards, by Gov. Moore, May 27, 1861, and appointed by President Davis, lieutenant colonel of the Tenth Alabama infantry regiment on its formation. The regiment was sent to Virginia, and in one of the first battles, the battle of Drainsville, Col. Martin was shot and instantly killed. He was a Democrat and a Presbyterian. Married: to Mary Elizabeth Nisbet, daughter of John and Nancy (Baldwin) Nisbet, of Jacksonville. Among his children were John Thomas Martin (q. v.), and James Benson Martin (q. v.). Last residence: Jacksonville.

MARTIN, JAMES BENSON, lawyer, was born March 16, 1856, at Talladega; son of James Benson and Mary Elizabeth (Nisbet) Martin (q. v.). He attended the common schools of Jacksonville, and was graduated from the law school of the University of Alabama, LL. B., in July, 1876. He was admitted to the bar in October of that year, and has practiced in Gadsden since that time. He is a Democrat, and a deacon in the Southern Presbyterian church. Married: December 12, 1882, at Gadsden, to Charis Ward, daughter of Q. W. and Sarah A. Ward, of Gadsden. Children: 1. Mary, m. William Earl Lay, of Gadsden. Residence: Gadsden.

MARTIN, JOHN, banker, was born about 1800, in South Carolina, and died in 1844, in Montgomery; brother of Abraham Martin (q. v.). His family was connected with the Elmore and Fitzpatricks, and he was a relative of Senator Dixon H. Lewis. He came to Montgomery at an early period in the history of the city, and filled many positions of public trust. He was elected president of the Branch Bank of Montgomery in 1837, and was continued in that position by successive elections until his death. He was a Democrat. Married: to a daughter of Cyrus Phillips, a merchant of Montgomery. Among his sons was Gen. Edmund W. Martin, lawyer, who was born December 15, 1821, near Montgomery and died October 22, 1878, at Evergreen; was graduated from the

U. S. Military Academy at West Point; took a course in law; was admitted to the bar; and began to practice law in Hayneville, 1843; raised a company upon the beginning of war with Mexico in 1846, and was elected its captain; in 1849 practiced law in Sparta; raised a company of volunteers during the War of Secession; was made its captain, and subsequently major of the regiment to which his company was attached; was wounded at the battle of Dalton, Ga., February, 1864; was elected to the State senate from Butler and Conecuh Counties, 1872; was an unsuccessful candidate for lieutenant governor in 1874, and for congress in 1878. Last residence: Montgomery.

MARTIN, JOHN JACOB, lawyer, was born September 12, 1826, in Abbeville District, S. C.; son of Jacob Moon Martin, a native of Albemarle County, Va., who moved to Edgefield District, S. C., with his parents in early childhood; grandson of Charles and Nancy (Moore) Martin, of Abbeville District, S. C., the former of whom served as high sheriff of Albemarle and Bedford Counties in the colonial history of Virginia, and of William Modre who married a Miss Nichols and lived in Edgefield District, and in Cambridge, S. C. He received his education in South Carolina high school and Erskine college, and studied law with the firm of Martin & Marshall, of Abbeville, S. C. He was admitted to the bar and began practicing law in 1849, in Abbeville, becoming a partner in the firm of Martin & Parker. He volunteered as a private for the Mexican War in 1846, and was assigned to the Palmetto regiment of South Carolina volunteers U. S. Army. He was appointed first lieutenant of the Twelfth regiment, U. S. Infantry by President Polk, after the siege of Vera Cruz, and later was made captain of Co. A, Twelfth regiment. He was a Democrat until 1861, but was opposed to secession, and since 1865 has been a Republican. He is a member of the Aztec Club of 1847 in the Mexican War. Married: in 1853, in Savannah, Ga., to Mary E. Walker, daughter of Benjamin and Caroline (Edwards) Walker, who lived in Richmond County, Ga. Children: 1. Carrie E., m. E. J. Allen, East Point, Ga.; 2. B. W. d. at College Park; 3. Annita, m. H. K. Sturdevant, Greenville, S. C.; 4. John J., jr., Atlanta, Ga.; 5. Summerstill, Atlanta, Ga. Residence: East Point, Ga.

MARTIN, JOHN MASON, lawyer, representative in congress, was born January 20, 1838, in Athens, Limestone County, and died June 16, 1898 in Bowling Green, Ky.; son of Joshua Lanier and Sara (Mason) Martin (q. v.). He received his early schooling at Greene Springs, from Dr. Henry Tutwiler; attended the University of Alabama for two years; and was graduated from Centre College, Danville, Ky., A. B., 1856. He studied law under E. W. Peck, later chief justice of the state; was admitted to the bar at Montgomery, August, 1858; and began the practice of law at Tuscaloosa. He continued in his profession until in April, 1861, he enlisted in the C. S. Army, joining the first company organized at Tuscaloosa. His company was assigned to the fifth Alabama infantry, and

he remained with that command for a year, when on account of physical disability he was discharged. He again entered the service, accepting an appointment as captain and assistant quartermaster of the Forty-first Alabama infantry, and twenty months later was transferred to Montgomery and made post quartermaster. After the war, he resumed his law practice, and in August, 1871, was elected to the State senate to fill a vacancy. He was re-elected in 1872 for a full term, and during the five years of his service was for three years president pro tem of that body. He was prominent in the calling of the constitutional convention in 1875, was a member of the joint committee on the State bonded indebtedness, was chairman of the joint committee on penitentiary affairs, and served on the committees on judiciary, finance, taxation and education, and was chairman of the local legislative committee. He was elected professor of equity jurisprudence at the University of Alabama in 1875, and at the same time, the board of trustees, at the request of the faculty, graduated him with the degree of A. M., and directed that his name should be enrolled with the original class. He occupied the professorship until 1886; was elected a representative in the Forty-ninth congress from the sixth district of Alabama, 1885-1887, serving in the first session as a member of the committees of elections and patents, and was one of the six Democrats who voted against the Morrison tariff bill. That act gave offense to the agricultural portion of his district and he was defeated for renomination. In 1891, he was elected chairman of the Democratic executive committee of Jefferson County. He formed a law partnership with Capt. A. B. McEachin of Tuscaloosa, in September, 1886, and in the next month the firm moved to Birmingham and continued its practice. The degree of LL. D. was conferred upon Prof. Martin by Centre college, 1886; by Central university, 1878; and by Georgetown university. He was a Mason, a Knight of Pythias, a Knight of Honor, and a Knight Templar. Married: November 24, 1857, to Lucy E. Peck, daughter of E. W. Peck, of Tuscaloosa. Of his nine children, four died in infancy, and one son, Lanier, at the age of fourteen. The others are: 1. Wolsey Randall, was graduated A. B., LL. B., 1884, and A. M., 1889, from the University of Alabama, lawyer at Fort Smith, Ark., m. Sue Dedie Bozeman; 2. Lucy Grace Archer, b. November 3, 1873, m. William Nessler McKelvy, captain in the U. S. Navy; 3. Sara; 4. Lydia Peck, b. September 1, 1879, m. William Marshall, Ann Arbor, Mich. Last residence: Bowling Green, Ky.

MARTIN, JOHN THOMAS, lawyer, was born February 13, 1850, at Jacksonville, Calhoun County, and died January 27, 1911, at Jacksonville; son of James Benson and Mary Elizabeth (Nisbet) Martin (q. v.). He obtained his schooling in Montgomery and Jacksonville, studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1870 or 1871. He practiced his profession in Jacksonville and Anniston; was elected solicitor of the seventh judicial circuit of Alabama in 1880; was re-elected in 1886, and served in the office for twelve years. He was a member of the State

constitutional convention of 1901, representing Calhoun County; was a Democrat, and a Presbyterian. Married: February 5, 1873, at Jacksonville, to Sue H. Francis, daughter of Dr. James C. and Amy (Ingram) Francis, of Jacksonville; granddaughter of Miller and Hannah (Henry) Francis, of Tennessee, the former of whom was treasurer of that state for a number of years. Mrs. Martin had six brothers in the War of Secession: Dr. Miller W. Francis, surgeon; Maj. Thomas W. Francis; Capt. James C. Francis, jr., who was wounded in the first battle of Manassas; Hopkins T. Francis; Col. John C. Francis, killed in the battle near Dalton, Ga., and buried at Jacksonville; and Joseph H. Francis. Children: 1. Woodson James, m. Jimmie Earl Jackson, Gadsden; 2. Frank, d. 1904 at Jacksonville; 3. Joseph Francis, d. 1904, in New York, N. Y.; 4. Amie, m. Robert Wilson Morris, Birmingham; 5. John Thomas, jr., Jacksonville. Last residence: Jacksonville.

MARTIN, JOSHUA LANIER, lawyer, representative in congress, twelfth governor of Alabama, was born December 5, 1799, in Blount County, Tenn., and died November 2, 1856, in Tuscaloosa; son of Warner and Martha (Bailey) Martin, the former a farmer, the latter a sister of Hon. Henry Bailey, attorney general of South Carolina in 1836-1845; a descendant of Louis Montaigne, who fled from France in 1824 and settled in South Carolina, changing his name to Martin. He was of French Huguenot, Scotch and German ancestry and was a brother of Hon. William B. Martin of Lauderdale County, and of Peter Martin (q. v.). He studied under the Rev. Isaac Anderson of Maryville, Tenn., and the Rev. Gideon Blackburn, and moved to Alabama in 1819. After completing the study of law with his brother in Russellville, he was admitted to the bar, and entered upon the practice of law at Athens, Limestone County. He was elected to the State Legislature from Limestone County in 1822, and served continuously, with the exception of one year, until 1828; was elected solicitor of the fourth judicial circuit in 1829, and held the position until 1834, when he resigned in order to accept a seat on the bench of the circuit court; was elected over Gen. James Davis and Ralph Thatch to represent his district in the U. S. congress, 1835; was re-elected in 1837 over Hon. David G. Ligon of Lawrence County, and served until 1839; was elected chancellor of the middle chancery division of the state, defeating Hon. E. W. Peck, 1841. In 1845, he opposed the regular Democratic nominee for governor, assailing the convention as a "rump convention," which did not represent the Democracy of the state, but was held and manipulated in the interest of the debtors of the state bank and its branches. He announced himself as candidate and took the stump to wage one of the most brilliant campaigns in the political history of the state. He was elected governor with a plurality of six thousand votes. Soon after his inauguration, a commission was created into whose charge the whole matter of the state banks was given. During his administration, war was declared with Mexico and the capital of the state was removed from Tuscaloosa to Montgomery. At

the expiration of his term, Gov. Martin resumed his law practice. His last public service was to represent his county in the State legislature in 1853. He served in public life for more than a quarter of a century and was never defeated for any position which he sought. Married: (1) to Mary Gillam Mason, (2) to Sarah Ann Mason, natives of Virginia, sisters of Hon. William Mason, of Limestone County; cousins of Hon. John Y. Mason, who descended from Col. John Mason, an Englishman and a soldier in the army of Charles I, who fled to America on the execution of that monarch, and became the progenitor of the Mason family of Virginia. Mrs. Sarah Ann Martin survived her husband many years, and died at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Kinnaird, in Kentucky, March 9, 1886. Children: five sons and two daughters, among whom are: 1. John Mason (q. v.); 2. Peter, b. July 4, 1839, d. December 18, 1883, was a planter at Orlando, Fla.; 3. Charles James, b. May 16, 1845, served as a private in the C. S. Army, justice of the peace, m. in Jones' Valley, December, 1867, to Nannie Smith, Birmingham; 4. Mrs. Kinnaird, Kentucky. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

MARTIN, LUCIEN VAN BUREN, judge and planter, was born March 31, 1829, in Belleview, Franklin County, and died in Tuscaloosa, March 22, 1873; son of Judge Peter Martin (q. v.). He received his early education in the schools of Tuscaloosa, where his parents had removed; received the degrees of A. B., 1849, and A. M. 1852, from the University of Alabama; read law in the office of his father and was admitted to the bar, 1852. He was elected solicitor of the third judicial district, 1856, by the legislature and held this office until the commencement of the War of Secession. President Johnson appointed him district attorney for the southern district of Alabama, but he was unable to display his talent in this office as the presiding judge, Richard Busteed, threw every obstacle in his way because of his opposition to the appointment of Col. Martin. The conduct of Judge Busteed became so overbearing that Col. Martin attacked and shot him down on the streets of Mobile. The case was tried by the civil tribunal and only a small fine was imposed upon him. He was editorial manager of "The Tuscaloosa Observer," a Democratic political paper, at the same time practicing law and supervising the management of his large cotton plantation. Married: October 16, 1850, to Susan Virginia, daughter of James Harris, sr., and Rebecca Emily (Faulcon) Fitts (q. v.). Children: 1. Emily Lee, m. George Woolsey Van Hoose; 2. Harriet, d. young; 3. Sallie Bell, m. Gideon Frederick Martin; 4. Susan Fitts, d. in infancy; 5. Lucia, m. James William Erwin; 6. Harry Pegues, d. in infancy. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

MARTIN, LYMAN WADDELL, lawyer, was born May 21, 1834, at Monterey, Abbeville District, S. C.; son of Charles Washington and Susan Caroline (Giles) Martin, the former a native of Abbeville District, S. C., who lived at Monterey, then called Church Hill, was a Presbyterian minister and died when

he was twenty-nine years old; grandson of Jacob Moon and Nancy (Moore) Martin, of Monterey, S. C., and of Andrew and Sara Caroline (Patterson) Giles, of Monterey, S. C.; great-grandson of Charles and Patsy (Moon) Martin, of Albemarle County, Va., and of Thomas Giles of Virginia, who emigrated to Elbert County, Ga., about 1780, and was killed by Indians, on Broad River, Elbert County, 1796, and of Josiah and Abigail (Blair) Patterson, who lived in Abbeville District, S. C., the former whose father was a soldier in the Revolutionary Army; great-great-grandson of Capt. Thomas Martin of the provincial service of Virginia, a native of Albemarle County, Va., born in 1714, and of Jacob Moon, of Virginia; great-great-great-grandson of John Martin, who was born in 1685 in Albemarle County, Va.; great-great-great-grandson of Abram Martin, born in Ireland, of Welsh parents, who came to America in 1680, and married a Virginian. Mr. Martin attended an old field school taught by Peter Gilbert, and beyond the instruction he gained there, was self-educated. He read law in the office of his uncle, Benjamin Y. Martin, at Columbus, Ga., in 1854, and later in the office of Allen Elland, at Crawford. He was admitted to the bar in July, 1855, by the supreme court at Montgomery; practiced law in Russell County for fifty-four years, and then retired. He was appointed superintendent of education for Russell County in 1857; was elected to the office in 1858, 1860, 1862, and 1864, and served in 1865 until Gov. Parsons became the executive. He was offered the office by Gov. Parsons, but declined. He was elected to the State legislature, and served in the session of 1878-1879. During the first year of the War of Secession, he served as high private, and was made colonel of militia of Russell County in 1863. He was a Democrat and a Mason. Married: November 11, 1859, at Crawford, Russell County, to Anna Lewis Calhoun, daughter of John Lewis and Hannah Louisa (Morgan) Calhoun, of Russell County, the former a native of Abbeville District, S. C.; granddaughter of Stokeley and Mary (Evans) Morgan, the former a native of North Carolina; great-granddaughter of Jesse Evans, who emigrated from Georgia to Mount Meigs, in the early settlement of that place. Children: 1. Caroline Louisa, m. Benjamin Rhodes, Barnesville, Ga.; 2. Lucia Mallette, m. William Gardy Killian, Barnesville, Ga.; 3. Lewis Calhoun, deceased; 4. Selma Roberts, Seale; 5. Mary Grace, m. Wesley Solomon McLeod, Opelika; 6. Ruth Ella, m. Henry Jebb Martin, Seale; 7. Lyman Waddell, jr., m. Miriam Roberts Swift, El Centro, Calif.; 8. Anna Calhoun, Seale, m. Jarvis Gipson Boykin, deceased; 9. Augusta Benning, Montgomery. Last residence: Seale.

MARTIN, PETER, lawyer, was born February 27, 1797, in Blount County, Tenn., and died November 10, 1862, at Tuscaloosa; son of Warner and Martha (Bailey) Martin, the former a farmer in Marysville, Tenn., the latter a sister of Hon. Henry Bailey, attorney-

general of South Carolina, 1836-1847; grandson of John William and Martha (Metcalf) Martin; and a descendant of Louis Montaigne, who fled from France in 1724, and settled in South Carolina, changing his name to Martin. He was of Huguenot, Scotch and German ancestry, and was a brother of Gov. Joshua Lanier Martin (q. v.). He obtained his schooling from Rev. Isaac Anderson, of Marysville, Tenn., and studied law under Judge Campbell and Judge Hugh L. White in Knoxville, Tenn. He was admitted to the bar at Knoxville, and moved to Alabama in 1818, beginning the practice of law at Russellville, Franklin County. In 1819, when the first elections of Alabama as a state were held, Mr. Martin was made solicitor of the circuit. He was elected to the legislature from Franklin County, in 1825; was elected attorney general of the state in 1832 and served four years, moving to Tuscaloosa during that time; was appointed judge of the circuit court in 1836, and twice elected to that office, holding it until he resigned in 1843; was elected to the legislature in 1844 on a divided ticket, and served as chairman of the committee on the state bank and branches. His service in the legislature at that time was the last public office he held, and on the expiration of his term, he resumed the practice of law in Tuscaloosa. In addition to his profession, Mr. Martin was a successful planter, and was owner of "Glendower," a plantation in Greene County. Prior to 1825, he built a large brick residence at Russellville, said to have been the first brick house built in the Tennessee Valley. He was a Democrat and a Presbyterian.

Married: (1) to Sarah Bell Burnley, (2) to Mary Burnley, daughters of Reuben and Harriett (Triplett) Burnley; granddaughters of Daniel and Elizabeth (Richards) Triplett, who were married at Falmouth, Stafford County, Va., the former the owner of the Haphazard Mills and Mines in Madison County, Va.; great-granddaughters of Simon Triplett, and of John Richards; great-great-granddaughters of Hedgeman Triplett, one of three brothers who came from Wales during the reign of George I, and settled in Westmoreland County, Va., and of William Bird Richards; great-great-great-granddaughters of Dr. Thomas Triplett, sub-dean of Westminster, who is buried in the Abbey. The Burnleys came from England to Virginia, and were connected by marriage with Joseph Hume, of the English parliament. Children, by first marriage: 1. Harriett Triplett, d. a few months after graduating from the Stafford School; 2. William Henry, attorney general of Alabama in 1847, d. in Memphis, and is buried in Tuscaloosa, m. Artemissa Jones of Tuskegee; 3. Leonidas, attorney general of California, was appointed consul to Mazatlan, d. before taking the office, while on a visit to his father in Tuscaloosa, 1857; 4. Lucien Van Buren, lawyer, editor of the "Tuscaloosa Observer," solicitor of Tuscaloosa circuit, 1856-1860, appointed attorney for the southern district of Alabama by President Johnson, 1867, d. March 22, 1873, in

Tuscaloosa, m. Susan Virginia Fitts; by second marriage; 5. Albert Burnley, private in the C. S. Army, was blown up on a steamboat on his way home from the army, 1865; 6. Joshua Lanier, planter, private in C. S. Army, d. in Emory, Tex., m. Emma Blocker, of Tuscaloosa County; 7. Horace Walpole, served in Fowler's battery, C. S. Army, until close of war, was wounded at the battle of Shiloh, mayor of Emory, Tex., and city attorney of Quanah, Tex.; m. Mintre Cook, of Texas, Quanah, Tex.; 8. Landora Louisa, d. December 25, 1912, at Quanah, Tex., m. Reuben Robinson Brown. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

MARTIN, THOMAS WESLEY, lawyer, was born August 13, 1881, at Scottsboro, Jackson County; son of William Logan and Maggie (Ledbetter) Martin (q. v.). He was educated in the Scottsboro College and Normal School, the public schools of Montgomery; and at Starke's University School, which he attended, 1893-1898. He attended the academic department of the University of Alabama for some time, and later the law department, from which he was graduated, LL. B., 1900. He began the practice of law at Montgomery, in December, 1901, in partnership with his father, continuing that association until the death of the latter in 1907. He served as assistant in the office of the attorney general, 1903-1907; and in 1907 was appointed by Alexander M. Garber, attorney-general, to the newly created position of assistant attorney-general. Since 1911, he has been associated with the Alabama Power Company, and is now vice president and general counsel. He is a Democrat, a Presbyterian, a Mason and a Knight of Pythias. Married: to Evelyn, daughter of John C. and Evelyn Tyson, of Montgomery. Residence: Birmingham.

MARTIN, WILLIAM, *soldier of the American Revolution*, and a resident of Montgomery County; private, particular service not disclosed; enrolled on August 21, 1834, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$20.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile.

MARTIN, WILLIAM, major and later lieutenant colonel, 56th Alabama Partisan Rangers, C. S. Army.

MARTIN, WILLIAM BUCKINGHAM, lawyer, was born in 1807, in Blount County, Tenn.; nephew of Gov. Joshua Lanier Martin (q. v.) and of Judge Peter Martin (q. v.). He had a good common school education, studied law, and was admitted to the bar. After practicing for a short time in Tennessee, he came to Alabama and opened a law office in Jacksonville, 1834. Three years later he was elected to the State legislature from Calhoun County; was elected solicitor and held the office for about two years; was again sent to the legislature in 1842 and 1843; was a presidential elector for Polk and Dallas, 1844; was elected to the State senate in 1847 and 1849, and again in 1853, at which time he was made president of the body; was the unsuccessful candidate for congress in opposition to Sampson W. Harris, 1855; was again elected to the lower house of the legislature,

1861, and served two years. After the War of Secession had begun, he enlisted in the C. S. Army as a private, but his age and infirmities compelled him to return home. In 1866, he moved to Etowah County, and continued his law practice in Gadsden. Married: a Miss Montgomery of Tennessee. Capt. James B. Martin, formerly of Talladega, who died in 1870 in Texas, was his son. Last residence: Gadsden.

MARTIN, WILLIAM ELIJAH, college president, was born in Tuscaloosa County, February 21, 1874; son of William Thomas and Mary Lou (Martin) Martin; grandson of William Seaborn and Susanna (Huchison) Martin, and of Elijah Telfair and Alice (Rosser) Martin, of Hale and Tuscaloosa Counties. He received his early education in the graded schools of Havana, Hale County; graduated from Southern university, Greensboro, A. M., 1896, and from Johns Hopkins university, Ph. D., 1901. He was principal of Lower Peach Tree academy, 1897-98; professor of history and political economy, Emory and Henry college, Va., 1901-04; vice-president and president of Sullins college, Va., 1904-10; president of Woman's college of Alabama, Montgomery, 1910-15; president Ward-Belmont, Nashville, Tenn., 1915; and again president Sullins college since 1916. Author: "Internal improvements in the State of Alabama," 1901. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; and a member of the Phi Beta Kappa (honorary), and of the Sigma Alpha Epsilon college fraternity. Married: September 19, 1908, to Aurelia McTyler, daughter of Dr. William Malone and Janie (McTyler) Baskerville, of Nashville, Tenn. Dr. Baskerville was for many years professor of English at Vanderbilt university, the author of several English text books and the well known series "Southern writers;" and wife was the daughter of Holland N. McTyler, the late senior bishop of the Methodist Episcopal church, South. Children: 1. Janie Baskerville; 2. William Thomas, jr. Residence: Bristol, Va.

MARTIN, WILLIAM JOSEPH, lawyer, was born July 1, 1869, near Shelby Springs, Shelby County; son of William Hampton and Susan Elizabeth (Cobb) Martin, the former a native of South Carolina, who moved to Shelby County early in life, and was a farmer; grandson of Robert and Elizabeth (Crim) Martin, of Shelby County, and of Elijah and Elizabeth (Davis) Cobb, who lived near Chehaw, or Tuskegee, Macon County, the former who was a soldier in the Creek and Mexican Wars. He obtained his early education from his mother, and later attended Pratt's academy, at Six Mile, Bibb County. He taught school for a number of years, and during that time studied law. He was admitted to the bar in September, 1895; began to practice at Clanton, Chilton County; moved to Ensley in 1899; served as city attorney for Ensley, Jefferson County, 1902-1904; moved to Stevenson, Jackson County, in 1906; represented Jackson County in the State legislature of 1911, and after the adjournment of that session, was appointed State land agent, serving until 1915. He is a Democrat; a Baptist; an Odd Fellow; a member of the Junior Order



SAMUEL P. GAILLARD

United American Mechanics; and of the Red Men. Married: November 17, 1896, to Sudie Fancher, daughter of Thomas M. and Miriam (McGuire) Fancher, who lived at Six Mile, Bibb County, the former who served in Co. D, Sixth Alabama infantry regiment, Clanton's brigade, and after the war was tax assessor of Bibb County. Children: 1. Margaret. Residence: Stevenson.

MARTIN, WILLIAM LOGAN, lawyer, was born November 3, 1850, at Union Chapel, Madison County, and died May 7, 1907; son of Thomas Wesley and Elizabeth Jane (Horton) Martin, the former a native of Madison County, who was a farmer, school teacher and a merchant; grandson of Jesse Martin, a soldier in the War of 1812, and of John B. Horton, both of Madison County; great-grandson of Frank Martin, a Revolutionary soldier, who moved from Virginia to Madison County in 1808. The Martins and Hortons are both of English descent, the ancestors of the former settling in Virginia, and of the latter in South Carolina. Mr. Martin was educated in the common schools of Madison County; was graduated from the law school of the Cumberland university, Tennessee, in 1873; began the practice of law in Scottsboro in 1873, practicing alone until 1889, then forming a partnership with Virgil Bouldin, with whom he practiced until 1902, under the firm name of Martin and Bouldin. He was register in chancery for Jackson County, 1878-1885; attorney general of Alabama, 1889-1894; and code commissioner, 1896. He represented Montgomery County in the State legislature, in 1897, and was elected speaker of that body, serving as such until his death, shortly before the close of the session. He was a Democrat, a Knight of Honor, and a Knight of Pythias. Married: to Margaret, daughter of Joel P. and Jane C. Ledbetter, of Jackson County. Children: 1. Fannilee, m. Harry C. Abell; 2. Thomas Wesley (q. v.); 3. William L., jr; 4. Kathleen; 5. Susie; 6. Helen. Last residence: Montgomery.

MARX, JULIUS LEE, banker, was born February 6, 1865, at Mobile; son of Isaac and Amelia (Weidenreich) Marx, the former a native of Geklingin-Rhine Pfalz, Germany, who came to Alabama in the early forties, located in Demopolis in 1844, and resided there until the beginning of the War of Secession, when he joined the C. S. Army and served in the quartermaster department, the latter who lived at Frankenthal Rhine Pfalz, Germany, and was educated in Berlin, who came to Demopolis in 1853. He attended the private and public schools of Demopolis, and was graduated from Spring Hill college, near Mobile, A. B., 1886. The degree of A. M. was later conferred upon him by the same college. He became a banker, and is now president of the Marx Banking Company, Demopolis. He is president of the congregation of B'nai Jerushun, Demopolis, and superintendent of the Sunday school; is past chancellor of the Knights of Pythias, an Elk, and a member of B'nai B'rith. Married: March 1, 1898, at Chattanooga, Tenn., to Hattie Simp-

son, daughter of Aaron and Fannie Simpson, of Chattanooga, Tenn. Children: 1. Amelia Simpson, b. March 6, 1906, at Demopolis; 2. Julius Simpson, b. October 1, 1910, at Demopolis. Residence: Demopolis.

MASON, CASSITY E., teacher, was born at Florence; daughter of Dr. Joseph Daniel and Eliza Maria (Bigelow) Mason, of Jackson, Tenn., granddaughter of Daniel and Dorothy (Smith) Mason, of Northampton Court House, N. C., and Paris, Tenn., and of Elijah and Maria (Oliver) Bigelow, the former an early editor, and the latter an educator, of Jackson, Tenn. She received her education at the Memphis conference female collegiate institute, Jackson, Tenn., graduating, 1881, and received the honorary degree of LL. M., 1895; did special work at New York university, Columbia, and the University of Chicago; also studied abroad at Paris and Geneva. She was principal of St. James hall, Bolivar, Tenn., 1891; Brooke hall seminary, Media, Pa., 1892-95; founded in 1895, and since that date the principal of The Castle, Tarrytown-on-Hudson, N. Y. She took the law course at New York university; has served as president of the international council for patriotic service; chairman, educational committee of the Sorosis club; is independent in politics; and is a member of the Episcopal church. Address: Tarrytown-on-Hudson, N. Y.

MASON, ENOCH MARVIN, physician, graduate of the Alabama polytechnic institute with the degree of B. S., 1900; M. S. 1901; and of Johns Hopkins university, with the M. D. degree, 1906. He was licensed to practice by the State board in 1907. Residence: Birmingham.

MASON, J. M., Methodist minister; member of the Alabama conference; deceased; father of Dr. E. M. Mason of Birmingham.

MASON, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 72, resided in Mobile County, June 1, 1840.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

MASON, WILLIAM I., grand master of the grand lodge, 1831.

MASON, WYLIE W., lawyer, chancellor, was born in Georgia, and died in 1870, at Tuskegee. He was educated at the University of Georgia, and came to Alabama about 1838. He began the practice of law at Wetumpka, in partnership with Hon. Armistead B. Dawson; was elected chancellor, defeating Hon. J. B. Clarke of Greene County and others, in 1846, and filled the office for six years; moved to Macon County in 1852, and resided in Auburn and Tuskegee; was elected to the State legislature from Macon County in 1861. Married: to Matilda Warren Catchings. He left a number of descendants in Macon County, and one of his sons, William R. Mason, was register in chancery of the county for many years. Another son, Wylie Alfred, served in the C. S. Army as sergeant of Co. B, Sixty-first Alabama infantry regiment, 1863, and as lieutenant, 1865; became a minister in the Baptist church,

and was pastor of churches at Glenville, 1869; at Okolona, 1870; at Grenada, 1873; at Canton, 1875; at Chrystal Springs, Miss., 1886; at Monroe, La., 1878; at Bowling Green, Ky., 1891; at Deadwood, S. D., 1895; at Amarillo, Tex., 1897; was employed as lecturer in Chicago, Wisconsin and Iowa; is author of "Lessons of the Ages for this Age," "Ephesiam Truth," "The Satan of the Scriptures versus the Devil of Christendom;" received the degree of D. D. from the University of Alabama, 1892; m. (1) Mary Hill Stackhouse, (2) Pearle Martha Bailey. Last residence: Tuskegee.

MASSEY, JOHN, educator, was born December 16, 1834, in Choctaw County; son of Drury and Vashti (Graham) Massey, the former a native of Spartanburg, S. C., who lived in that place until the beginning of the nineteenth century, when he moved to Tennessee, served in the War of 1812 under Gen. Jackson, moved to Alabama in 1817, and followed farming in Choctaw County until his death in 1849, his wife surviving him until 1857; grandson of Christopher and Ann (Vaughn) Graham, of Washington County. He passed his boyhood on the farm in Choctaw County, and was taught to read at home. When he was thirteen years old, he was for a short time a pupil of John James, an Irishman, whose large library was open to the boy for several years. Later he was for six years, a student in the school of Prof. George F. and Dr. S. S. Mellen, and for two years was Dr. Mellen's assistant teacher. He entered the University of Alabama in 1859, and was graduated with honor, A. B., 1862, and A. M., 1875. The degree of Doctor of laws was conferred by his alma mater in 1879. During the last half of his senior year at the university, he served as lieutenant in command of one of the companies of the cadet corps, by appointment of the governor of Alabama. At his graduation, he was solicited by Dr. L. C. Garland, president of the University, to remain with the institution as assistant professor and instructor in military tactics. He declined the position in order to enter the C. S. Army; enlisted in Hilliard's legion, and was appointed adjutant of the First battalion. In the first large battle of that command, at Chickamauga, he was distinguished for gallantry, and won a place on the roll of honor. He was twice wounded in that battle, while leading his battalion in the last charge up the heights of Snodgrass Hill, September 20, 1863. Early in 1864, at the request of the president, and trustees of the University of Alabama, and of the governor of the state, he was permitted to resign from the army and accept the position of instructor in tactics and assistant professor in the university, which was at that time considered the West Point of the C. S. A. He held that position until the university was destroyed by the enemy April 3, 1865, just before the close of the war.

After the war, Dr. Massey taught a high school at Mt. Sterling, in Choctaw County for a year; was principal of the male school at Summerfield, 1866-1874; taught in a high school in Mobile, 1874-1876; was elected to the presidency of the Alabama conference female college, at Tuskegee, in 1876, and held the posi-

tion until 1909. Among his former students are found such men as John R. Tyson, former chief justice, J. R. Dowdell, former chief justice, Judge J. C. Richardson, Judge Miller, F. M. Jackson, of Birmingham, and U. C. Gaines and Dr. V. C. Gaines, of Mobile. During his thirty-three years at the head of the Alabama conference female college, Dr. Massey was offered the presidency of the University of Alabama at Tuscaloosa, the presidency of the Southern university at Greensboro, and the presidency of the Girls' industrial school at Montevallo, all of which he declined. He was a Democrat; a steward in the Methodist Episcopal church; a member of the board of education of the church; a member of the board of education of the Alabama Conference; a member of the National Educational Association; of the Southern Educational Association; and of the Alabama Educational Association, of which he was president, 1894-1895. Married: (1) September 22, 1866, in Jackson, to Fredonia Alethia Taylor, who died November 21, 1871, daughter of Walter and Amanda C. Taylor, of that place; (2) July 9, 1873, in Summerfield, Dallas County to Elnora Frances Dallas, who died October 21, 1912, daughter of Alexander Dallas, who was born in Scotland, and emigrated to America, becoming an early settler and planter of Greene County. Children, by first wife: 1. Louis Vaughn, b. September 29, 1869, m. Annie Castleman of Greensboro, Chicago, Ill.; 2. Fredonia Eva, b. October 14, 1871, teacher in Ward seminary, Nashville, Tenn.; by second marriage: 3. Mabelle, b. March 19, 1879, m. December 14, 1911, to Benagee B. Cobb, Tuskegee. Last residence: Tuskegee.

MASTERTON, BENJAMIN O., member of the constitutional convention of 1867, from Lawrence County, part of the fifty-first election district; father of Dr. John S. Masterton, of Moulton.

MASTIN, CLAUDIUS HENRY, physician, was born June 4, 1826, in Huntsville; son of Capt. Francis Turner and Ann Elizabeth Caroline (Lavert) Mastin, natives respectively, of Maryland and King William County, Va., the former a planter who came to Alabama as a volunteer aid to Gen. Jackson soon after the war of 1812, and located in Huntsville, where he spent the remainder of his life; grandson of Francis T. Mastin, of Wales, who came to America with Lord Fairfax and settled in Maryland, and of Claudius and Ann Lee (Metcalfe) Lavert, the former a native of Lyons, France, and a physician, who was chief surgeon of the fleet commanded by Count Rochambeau, who came to America during the Revolutionary war to assist the colonies, the latter a great-niece of Admiral Edward Vernon of the British Navy, after whom Mount Vernon, the home of Washington, was named. Dr. Mastin was a half-brother of James Hervy Mastin, formerly a banker at Huntsville, who was president of the Madison Turn Pike Company, and of the First National Bank, who married Mary Jane Erskine, and died April 13, 1895, and of Gustavus Lyle Mastin, who was a planter before 1860,

then became a merchant at Huntsville, was married to Elenor Fearn, and died August 11, 1880. Dr. Mastin was graduated from the University of Virginia; studied medicine at Huntsville, and was graduated from the medical department of the University of Pennsylvania, M. D., 1849. The next year he attended lectures in the University of France, the Royal college of surgeons, England, and the University of Edinburgh. On his return to the United States, he located at Mobile in the practice of medicine. At the beginning of the War of Secession, he entered the C. S. Army as a volunteer surgeon on the staff of Gen. Bragg, was immediately commissioned surgeon, and ordered to Manassas Junction, Va., as surgeon of that post. He was transferred to the staff of Gen. Polk as medical director of the first grand division of the western department in 1862; remained with Gen. Polk as his corps surgeon until after the battle of Shiloh; and was then transferred to the staff of Gen. Beauregard as medical director of the army of the Mississippi in which position he served until the end of the war. After the war he returned to the practice of his profession in Mobile. The degree of LL. D. was conferred upon him in 1875, by the University of Pennsylvania. He was a member of the Boston Gynecological society, of the American Association of Andrology and Syphilology, and of the Southern Surgical and Gynecological Association. He was founder of the Congress of American physicians and surgeons; was one of the organizers of the American Surgical Association in 1880, and served as second vice president, 1883-1884, as first vice president, 1889-1890, as president, 1890-1891, and as council member, 1891-1892; was one of the trustees of the Pan-American Medical Congress of 1876; was a member of the central council of the University of Pennsylvania; and was medical examiner of the University of Pennsylvania for the states of Alabama, Florida, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas. Married: in 1848, to Mary Eliza McDowell of Huntsville. He had four children, two sons and two daughters. Of the two sons, both physicians, William McDowell studied medicine under his father, was graduated from the University of Pennsylvania, M. D., 1874, and received the honorary degree of LL. D. from St. Joseph's college, Mobile, 1905, was interne at the hospital of the University of Pennsylvania two years, and at the Wills eye hospital, Philadelphia, one term, has practiced at Mobile since 1877, has been surgeon of the Mobile City hospital and Providence infirmary since 1895, was for several years one of the associate editors of "Annals of Surgery," and is a frequent contributor to medical and surgical literature, m. in 1882, to Margaret L. Crawford, of Mobile, children, one son and two daughters. Last residence: Mobile.

MASTIN, PETER BLACKWELL, sr., planter, was born in 1811, in Robinson County, Tenn., and died March, 1865, at "Fairview" his plantation home near Montgomery; son of Gabriel Mastin, who commanded a company in the War of 1812, under Gen. Andrew Jackson. The Mastin family is of English stock, settling

first in Virginia. He came to Montgomery County in 1851 and settled near Le Grand and engaged in digging canals to drain the wet prairie lands of the wealthy planters of that community, thus introducing the canal system which spread to all the black prairie counties of the State. He built a saw mill near Le Grand, acquired both land and negro slaves and added extensive planting to his other activities, enjoying an income of \$25,000 a year. He built a large residence on the plantation just south of Montgomery to which he removed his family. At one time he served as U. S. Marshal and was appointed sheriff of Montgomery County. He served in the Creek Indian War with rank as captain. He was a Democrat; and Secessionist. Married: in 1836, at Le Grand, to Mary Amelia, daughter of Richard and Mildred (Mims) Myrick, of Edgefield District, S. C., who removed to Alabama in 1819, locating near Ramer, entering lands between Le Grand and Ramer. Children: 1. Thomas, m. (1) Sara Isabelle Graham, one child, Thomas B., jr., (2) Lily C. Taylor; 2. Peter Blackwell, jr., (q. v.); 3. Martha Ann, m. Hamilton MacIntyre; 4. Mildred Rebecca, m. William A. Graham, of Prattville, six children, (1) Mary Foster; (2) William; (3) Mastin; (4) Peter; (5) Malcolm; (6) Mildred; 5. Mary Amelia, m. George Clinton Clisby; two children: (1) Mary Mastin, (2) Emily Hughes; 6. Sarah Louise, m. Samuel Thomas Westcott, one child, Thomas. Last residence: "Fairview," near Montgomery.

MASTIN, PETER BLACKWELL, jr., planter, representative Alabama legislature 1907-11, was born September 29, 1842, near Le Grand, and died October 16, 1918, at his ancestral home "Fairview" Montgomery; son of Peter Blackwell and Mary (Myrick) Mastin (q. v.). His early education was received in public and private schools of his native county, with two years attendance in Irving college, Warren County, Tenn.; while a student at the University of Alabama, 1861, the War of Secession began and in August he enlisted in Co. F, 17th Alabama infantry regiment, being made 3rd lieutenant. He was at the bombardment of Pensacola and Warrenton navy yard, Fla., assisted in the capture of Prentiss' division at Shiloh, April 6, 1862; fought at Farmington; promoted to 1st lieutenant, and commanded Co. I, same regiment; captain Co. G., 53rd Alabama cavalry, taking part in the fight at Cherokee station; in command of a company of scouts under Gen. Kelly; captured three Union soldiers, single handed while they were engaged in destroying a railroad bridge in Sherman's rear; accompanied Wheeler's raid into Tennessee to destroy Sherman's communications; was in the battle of New Hope church and of Atlanta, July 22, 1864, and on duty in Columbia, S. C., at the end of hostilities. He was a master of the county grange, a notary public, deputy tax collector, 1892-93; chairman Montgomery County Democratic executive committee and State board Confederate pension examiners.

On May 7, 1907, he was elected, without opposition to succeed the late William L. Martin as a representative from Montgomery

County, and was again elected to that body 1911. Capt. Mastin was chosen by the committee of the Alabama Division, U. D. C., having in charge the monument to Alabama troops at Shiloh, to assist in the selection of a proper site and was present and participated in the unveiling exercises in May, 1907. Married: October 10, 1864, at Columbus, to Miss Mary Eliza, daughter of James Warren and Sarah Jane (Reid) Harris, her parents being natives of North Carolina. Her maternal grandmother was an Oliver. In 1914 Capt. and Mrs. Mastin celebrated their golden wedding at their home "Fairview." Children: 1. Walter; d.; 2. Mattie Alston, m. Robert Austin Jones of Texas, several children; 3. Thomas B., d.; 4. Peter B., Jr., m. Mabel Ward, two children. Last residence: Montgomery.

MASTIN, WILLIAM McDOWELL, surgeon, was born July 3, 1853, in Mobile; son of Dr. Claudius Henry and Mary E. (McDowell) Mastin (q. v.). He received the degree of M. D., from the University of Pennsylvania in 1874, and LL. D., from St. Joseph's college, Mobile, 1905. He has practiced at Mobile since 1877, and has been surgeon of Mobile city hospital and Providence infirmary since 1882. He is a fellow American surgical association; American college of surgeons; Southern surgical and gynecological association; and a member of the American genito-urinary association. Contributor: American practice of surgery; reference handbook of the medical sciences, etc. Author: numerous articles for medical and surgical journals. Married: in November, 1882, to Margaret L. Crawford, of Mobile. Residence: Mobile.

MATHEWS, BENJAMIN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 70, and a resident of Jackson County; private Virginia Continental Line and Militia; enrolled on January 2, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$46.66; sums received to date of publication of list, \$139.98.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Jackson County, June 1, 1840, aged 78.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

MATHEWS, DAVID CHAPMAN, teacher and farmer, was born June 10, 1886, near Jackson, Clarke County; son of James Waldrum and Francis Isabella (McLeod) Mathews (q. v.); grandson of David and Rebecca (Waldrum) Mathews, the former who served in the C. S. Army, Thirty-second Alabama infantry regiment, and was captured at Lookout Mountain, and of John and Christine (Calhoun) McLeod, who lived near Jackson, the former a Confederate soldier, killed in the battle of Franklin, Tenn.; great-grandson of Louis Martin, who belonged to Sumter's command. The Mathews family came to Alabama from Edgefield District, S. C. Mr. Mathews received his education in the schools of Clarke County and at the First District Agricultural school at Jackson. He is a teacher; a farmer; has taught for twelve years in the counties of Clarke and Washing-

ton; and represented Clarke County in the State legislature, 1919. He is a Democrat and a Baptist. Married: April 24, 1910, at Jackson, to Emma Lee, daughter of R. S. and Mima Bumpers, of Allen. Children: 1. Forrest Lee; 2. Louis Waldrum; 3. Frances Louise. Residence: Allen.

MATHEWS, JAMES WALDRUM, farmer and legislator, was born September 9, 1852, near Grove Hill; son of David and Rebecca (Waldrum) Mathews, the former of Edgefield District, S. C., and a member of the 32d Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, was captured and spent fourteen months in Rock Island, Ill., prison, the latter of Clarke County; grandson of Josiah and Lucy (Martin) Mathews, of South Carolina, and of James and Polly (Walker) Waldrum, of Clarke County, the former a veteran of the Creek Indian War; great-grandson of Louis Martin, who was in General Sumter's command during the War of the Revolution. He was educated at Highland academy, near Grove Hill. He is a farmer; justice of the peace; and was a member of the board of education of Clarke County, which he represented in the legislatures of 1898-9; 1911 and 1915. He is a Democrat; and a Baptist. Married: (1) November 10, 1870, near Grove Hill, to Frances Isabella McLeod, who died September 22, 1895; (2) October 11, 1896, to Christian, daughter of Daniel and Matilda McLeod, of Grove Hill, and cousin of first wife. Children: by first wife, 1. Forrest Lee; 2. Wynona, m. J. A. Bolen; 3. W. E.; 4. Charisea A., m. E. H. Walker; 5. Albert Sydney, m. Juddie Williams; 6. Mary A. m. Arvin Payne; 7. David C., m. Emma Bumpers; 8. Mittie; 9. Mitford McLeod; 10. Fanny. Residence: Jackson.

MATHEWS, JOEL EARLY, planter, was born October 21, 1809, at Goose Pond, Oglethorpe County, Ga., and died May 11, 1874, at Selma; son of Col. Charles Lewis and Lucy (Early) Mathews, of Georgia, the latter a sister of Gov. Peter Early of Georgia; grandson of George and Anne (Pond) Mathews, who lived at Staunton, Va., the former an officer in the French and Indian Wars, colonel of the Ninth Virginia regiment in the Revolutionary War, who moved to Georgia after the Revolution, was elected governor of that state in 1786 and again in 1793, and was one of the first three members of congress from Georgia; great-grandson of John Mathews who married a Miss Archer, and emigrated from Ireland to America, settling near Staunton, Va., and of John Paul, the son of Hugh Paul, bishop of Nottingham, England. Mr. Mathews was educated at the University of Georgia and the University of Virginia, and was graduated in both law and medicine at the latter institution. He never engaged in the practice of either profession, and in 1831, soon after his graduation, moved to Alabama and settled on a plantation on the Alabama River, near Cahaba, in Dallas County. He spent forty years of his life in the management of his large estate at that place. Because of his age, he took no active course during the War of Secession, but contributed largely to the Confederate government. Soon after Alabama

seceded, he sent his check for fifteen thousand dollars in gold to Gov. Moore, to be used at his discretion for the defense of the state. He equipped several military companies at his own expense, supplied the needs of the army liberally from his plantation all through the war, and cared for the families of a number of men at the front. He was a Jeffersonian Democrat, of the order of John C. Calhoun, but never held any public office. He was a pioneer in the manufacturing life of the state, building one of the first, if not the first, cotton mill in Alabama, at Cahaba, before the war. After that mill was burned, he built again in Selma, where his last years were spent.

Married: October 5, 1830, to Elizabeth Woods Poague, of Albemarle County, Va., who died November 5, 1869, daughter of Maj. William Poague, and his wife, before her marriage, a Miss Warwick, who lived in Bath County, Va. The Poague family was prominent in Augusta, Rockbridge and Botetourt Counties, Va. Mr. and Mrs. Mathews survived all their children but one, Joel Early, Jr., who died a few years after their death without children. Two daughters, Anne Eliza and Lucy Early, married respectively, Col. N. H. R. Dawson, of Dallas, and Col. Daniel S. Troy, of Montgomery. Both died young, the latter childless, and the former leaving an only daughter, who later married Dr. John P. Furniss, of Selma. Last residence: Selma.

MATHIS, IDA ELIZABETH (BRANDON), farmer and promoter of diversified farming, was born September 16, 1856, at Florence, Lauderdale County; daughter of Washington McClure and Mary Baldwin (Munn) Brandon, the former was born in Franklin County, lived in early life in Tuscumbia, and later locating in Florence, where he died; granddaughter of Jared and Jennie (Smith) Brandon, natives of South Carolina who later removed to Alabama, and of Matthias and Roxanna (Finney) Munn, the former of South Carolina, a student for several years at the University of Pennsylvania, moved to Alabama in 1820 and settled first in Huntsville, the latter was born in Huntsville in 1822, and removed to Tuscumbia in 1843; great-granddaughter of Mathew Smith, a second lieutenant under Capt. Goodrich Crump of the 1st Virginia regiment in the Revolutionary War; great-great-granddaughter of Sallie Wallace, daughter of John Wallace, Presbyterian minister, of Londonderry, Ireland, and a lineal descendant of Sir William Wallace, of Scotland. The paternal ancestors were of English and Scotch descent, the Smiths were also Scotch, settling in Virginia in the early history of the country, later going to South Carolina, where they met the Brandons. The Munns were English, and located first in New Jersey, and the Finneys were Irish. Mrs. Mathis was educated in Florence, and graduated from the Synodical college there, June 1874, with honors, and the M. A. degree. For several years following, she was a member of the Oxford, Ala., college faculty, teaching natural science and expression. Later in life she managed her own plantation and gained a practical experience that has inspired and instructed other

farmers to a marked degree. During the period of the European War, 1915-17, at which time the ravages of the boll weevil and the closed European markets caused a grave economic depression in the cotton states, Mrs. Mathis was invited to appear upon the platform or serve as a member of committees composed of the wisest leaders of the section, to aid in formulating a program of agricultural revolution and to raise the spirits of the masses. Her work locally brought her national reputation, and she was frequently called to Washington to consult with government officials, and to New York, to advise with Wall Street financiers regarding the situation. In addition to her platform and conference work, she contributed liberally to the press on agricultural and economic subjects and her opinions were sought by agricultural and finance magazines. Married: November 8, 1882, near Florence, to Giles Huffman Mathis, a merchant and cotton buyer. The Mathis family lived near Spartanburg, S. C., and moved to Calhoun County in 1855, locating near Alexandria, being substantial citizens and farmers. Children: 1. Rosa, m. C. G. Kershaw, New York; 2. Emma Munn, teacher; 3. Allen Washington, graduate of University of Alabama, 1913, in law; 1st lieutenant, 26th Division, 103rd Infantry, U. S. Army, in European War; wounded July 18, 1918, at Chateau Thierry, m. Ola Davis, of Tuscaloosa, and lives in Gadsden. Residence: Gadsden.

MATLOCK, JOSEPH D., grand master, grand council, Mason, 1912; 33rd degree Honorary Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite.

MATTHEWS, BARNETT HOUSER, merchant, was born October 20, 1874, at Autaugaville, Autauga County; son of Britton Dixon and Rachael Louisa (Houser) Matthews, of Autauga County; and grandson of John Smith and ——— (Harris) Matthews, of Oak Bowery, Chambers County, and of Reddick Pierce and Mary (Whetstone) Houser, of Autaugaville, Autauga County. His maternal grandparents emigrated from Orangeburg, S. C., to Autauga County. They were of Scotch and Dutch descent. His paternal grandparents removed from La Grange, Ga., and located in Chambers County. Mr. Matthews received his education in the public school at Autaugaville. He was engaged in the insurance business, 1891-1895; was shipping clerk for Teague & Sons, 1895-1897; traveling salesman, 1897-1907; and has been in the mercantile business since 1907. He was councilman and mayor of Camden, 1909-1917; was a member of the city board of education, 1908-1916; and represented Wilcox County in the State legislature, 1919. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; a Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: December 22, 1896, at Montgomery, to Claudia A., daughter of William Henry and Nellie Eaton (Nall) Miller, of Benton, Lowndes County. Children: 1. Nellie Nall; 2. Callie Louise; 3. Bessie Barnett. Residence: Camden.

MATTHEWS, EMMET ABRAM, physician, was born September 4, 1859, at Marion Junc-

tion, Perry County, deceased; son of Samuel Jasper and Mary Elizabeth (Mathews) Matthews, the former a native of Mecklenburg County, Va., who lived near Marion, served four years in the War of Secession, was with Gen. Lee at Gettysburg, and was wounded in the battles of the Wilderness and Cold Harbor; grandson of Greene and Mary Matthews, of Mecklenburg County, Va., and of Abram and Harriet Mathews, of Perry County. He received his early schooling in Hamburg from Moody H. May; attended Howard college at Marion; studied medicine and attended the University of the City of New York. He passed the state board of examiners of Alabama, 1886, and was graduated at the Medical college of Alabama at Mobile, M. D., 1887. He began the practice of medicine at Clanton, and has continued his profession at that place. He was elected mayor of Clanton in March, 1907, and served in that position through 1913. He is a Democrat and a Mason. Married: February, 28, 1888, at Selma, to Belle, daughter of Samuel S. and Mattie S. Johnston, who lived at Burnsville, the former a major in the C S. Army. Children: 1. Marion, m. Dr. G. B. Wimberley of Reform, who served one term as State senator from Pickens County; 2. Samuel Curry, first honor graduate from Marion Institute; 3. Emmet, was graduated from Judson college A. B. Residence: Clanton.

MATTHEWS, HENRY H., clerk of Montgomery city court, was born October 23, 1854, at the Arsenal academy, Columbia, S. C., and died June 6, 1906; son of Capt. Joseph and Margaret Jane (Campbell) Matthews, the former a native of Liverpool, England, at one time a private in the U. S. Army, later superintendent, with the rank of captain, of the Arsenal academy, Columbia, S. C., the latter a native of Ireland. He was educated in the schools of his native city. He removed to Alabama in 1870, locating in Montgomery, and was appointed clerk of the city court of Montgomery which position he held until his death. He was a Mason and an Episcopalian. Married: in February, 1878, to Mary Charles Ray, of Mount Meigs. There were six children born of this union. Last residence: Montgomery.

MATTHEWS, JAMES CALVIN, merchant and farmer, was born in Dale County, and died May 23, 1894, at Crittenden's Mill; son of Moses and Mary (Truit) Matthews, the former a native of South Carolina, born March 12, 1778, who came to Alabama about 1815, and lived at Ozark; grandson of Kirt Truit. He was educated in Dale County, and engaged in merchandising and farming during the greater part of his life. He laid out the city of Ozark; represented Dale County in the State legislature, 1865 and 1866; served as commissioner of Dale County for two terms; as justice of the peace for several years; and as notary public. He was a captain in the home guard for some time; was a Union man; a Baptist; and a Mason. Married: about 1843, at Newton, to Unity Tonson, daughter of Kineth Yelverton, of Newton. Children: 1. Rev. C. L.; 2. Chris Livingston, m. Zada Martin, daughter of

Benjamin Martin; 3. Calidonia, m. Billie Mobley Clinton; 4. Calhoun, m. Linie Creach; 5. Bamina, m. Amie Edwards; 6. Oliver Lamar, m. Sallie Martin; 7. Mattie, m. Dr. Sid Jeff. Last residence: Crittenden's Mill.

MATTHEWS, JAMES FOUCHÉ, lawyer, was born July 26, 1879, at Center, Cherokee County; son of Thomas Van Rennselaer and Susan Elizabeth (Fouché) Matthews, the former a native of Cherokee County, who lived at Center and practiced law in Cherokee County until 1889, when he removed to Anniston, and practiced law there until his death on January 2, 1912; grandson of James Abercrombie and Eurydice (Croft) Matthews, of Cherokee County, and of George Washington and Louisa (Drake) Fouché, of Barnesville, Ga. He received his early education at the Noble institute for boys, Anniston; was graduated from the University of the South, Sewanee, Tenn., with first honors, A. B., 1898, and A. M., 1900, and from the department of law, University of Pennsylvania, LL. B., 1904. He was admitted to the bar at Anniston, in October, 1904, and has been engaged in the active practice of law at that place since that time. He was elected deputy county solicitor of Calhoun County, February, 1912. Residence: Anniston.

MATTHEWS, JOHN, Methodist minister, pastor of the Court Street church, Montgomery, 1867-70.

MATTHEWS, JOHN, farmer, was born March 18, 1792, in Georgia, and died June 9, 1870, at Tuscaloosa; son of William and Dorcas (Wright) Matthews, who lived in Georgia, not far from Milledgeville, the former an Englishman, who came to America with two brothers, one of whom settled in Virginia, the other in a northern state, while he located in Georgia, and became a soldier in the Revolutionary army, where he was wounded. Though himself imperfectly educated, he gave liberally to the endowment of Howard college in Alabama, and for a number of years maintained at his own home a school for the education of girls. He was a farmer, and in addition to his plantation in Sumter County, where he made his home for many years, owned a large plantation in Newton County, Miss., which was desolated by Sherman's army. From his home in Sumter County, he fed large bodies of Confederate troops, retreating before Sherman. After the war, he moved to Tuscaloosa, where he spent the remainder of his life. He was a Democrat and a Baptist. Married: in October, 1844, in Sumter County, to Keziah (Hellen) Wideman, who died April 9, 1881, in Greenville, S. C., widow of Henry Wideman, and daughter of William and Rachel (Newbold) Hellen, who lived in Onslow County, N. C. Children: 1. Mary, m. November 16, 1864, to Charles Manly, Lexington, Va.; 2. John, d. in infancy. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

MATTHEWS, KEENER NORWOOD, Methodist minister, was born August 17, 1876, at Hanover, Coosa County; son of Dr. John



JOHN B. KNOX

Thomas and Sarah Frances Ann (Norwood) Matthews, who lived at Greenville, Ga., the former a native of Campbell County, born near Fairburn, Ga., who was a graduate of medical colleges in Atlanta, Ga., and Mobile, and who practiced medicine for more than fifty years. He attended the public schools of Coosa County, the high school at Hackneyville, Tallapoosa County, and was graduated from Southern University at Greensboro, A. B., 1899. He became a minister in the North Alabama conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, South; was admitted on trial at Decatur, December, 1900; served the Weogufka circuit two years; the Daviston circuit three years; the Holmes Street church, Huntsville, two years; the Wesley Chapel, Birmingham, one year; Eleventh Avenue church, Birmingham, four years; First church, Decatur; and is at present pastor of the First Methodist church at Anniston. He is a Democrat; a member of the board of missions and of the examining committee of the north Alabama conference; and a Mason. Married: (1) July 12, 1900, at Hanover, to Mamie Ware, who died June 10, 1903, at Daviston, daughter of Elisha and Ella Ware, of Goodwater; (2) December 21, 1905, at Wedowee, to Eunice Prescott, daughter of Monroe and Nannie Prescott of Wedowee. Child: Mabel. Residence: Anniston.

MATTISON, GEORGE W., major, 31st, Huddy's, Alabama infantry, C. S. Army.

MATTOCKS, THOMAS H., jeweler, was born May 9, 1852, in Coventry, Warwickshire, England. He emigrated to America in 1878, locating in Elgin, Ill. In 1888 he removed to Albany where he has since been in the jewelry business. He is a Mason. Married: in 1876, to Emma Carvell. Residence: Albany.

MAULDIN, TYRIE HARRIS, lieutenant colonel, 3rd Alabama cavalry, C. S. Army.

MAUMENEE, ALFRED EDWARD, physician, graduate of the medical department of the University of Alabama, 1905; licensed to practice by the county board of Wilcox, 1905. Residence: Mobile.

MAUPIN, ROBERT LEMON, business man, was born December 29, 1836, in Boone County, Mo.; son of William and Isabella (Lemon) Maupin, natives of Kentucky, who went to Missouri in 1816, before the state was admitted into the union, and when it was inhabited by Indians, the former of whom was one of the second train of traders that went to Mexico in 1820; grandson of Robert Lemon, a Kentuckian, and a soldier in the Revolutionary War, who went to Missouri during the twenties and died in that state. Judge Maupin was reared in Boone County, Mo.; attended the University of Missouri four years; then entered William Jewell college, where he was graduated in 1858. He worked on his father's farm for the year following his graduation, then went to Glasgow, Ky., and read law with his brother-in-law, Presley H. Leslie, who was

afterward governor of Kentucky and territorial governor of Montana. Judge Maupin was graduated from law school at Lebanon, Tenn., in December, 1860; practiced at Columbia, Mo., for a short time; then went to Texas on a prospecting tour. At the beginning of the War of Secession, he returned to his old home in Missouri, and raised a company for Gen. Price's command in the campaign of west Missouri. He joined the army at Corinth after the battle of Shiloh; twice wounded, and was captured at Vicksburg, and paroled; was exchanged and rejoined his command; was severely wounded at Kennesaw Mountain, but recovered after almost a year in hospitals, and joined his command at Baldwin, Miss.; and was captured with his command at Mobile, April, 1865. In February, 1863, while on a mission in Missouri, where he had been sent by the war department of the Confederate States of America, Judge Maupin was captured in Boone County, and taken to St. Louis, where he was tried as a spy. On the afternoon the trial was ended, he made his escape from prison by impersonating the surgeon of the prison. After the war, he became associated with A. C. Danner in cutting and supplying wood to the Meridian and Selma railroad, now the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad; and later he engaged in cotton planting in Marengo County. He was appointed probate judge of Marengo County in 1871 and served for three years; moved to Mobile in 1877, and became manager of the wood and coal yard of A. C. Danner and company; organized the Mobile stock yards company in 1878, and continued in that business. He is a Baptist. Married: in November, 1864, to Annie O. Tayloe, of Macon. Four of the five children born to that marriage survive. Last residence: Mobile.

MAURY, HARRY, lawyer, colonel C. S. Army, was born about 1827 in Virginia, and died in February, 1869, in Mobile. He was a member of the family of Commodore M. F. and Gen. Dabney H. Maury. After leading a roving life for several years, he settled in Mobile in 1848, and went into the coasting trade in command of a schooner. He was admitted to the bar in 1852, and practiced several years; became an active politician in 1855; and was elected marshal of the city of Mobile. In 1858, he fought and wounded Capt. De Riviere, later Baron De Riviere, a French citizen of Mobile, in a duel; and the next year commanded an armed vessel in Walker's last attempt on Nicaragua. At the organization of the Second regiment of Alabama infantry, C. S. Army, early in 1861, he was elected colonel and commanded the regiment at Fort Morgan until it was disbanded a year later. The Thirty-second Alabama regiment was then formed and he was made lieutenant colonel. He commanded a brigade at Stevenson and Lavergne, in 1862, and commanded the regiment at Murfreesboro, where he was wounded in the side while leading his men. In the summer of 1863, he took part in Johnston's Mississippi campaign and was again wounded at Jackson. On the organization of the Fifteenth Confederate cavalry, he became its colonel, and commanded it on the coast until

disabled by another wound near the close of hostilities. After peace was established he engaged in the mercantile business in Mobile until his death. Last residence: Mobile.

MAXON, G. W., professor of English, at the Alabama polytechnic institute, 1878-85.

MAXWELL, EVELYN CROOM, lawyer and judge, was born July 27, 1863, in Alabama; son of Augustus Emmet and Julia Hawks (Anderson) Maxwell. He graduated from the normal department, University of Nashville, 1882. He was admitted to the bar December 17, 1885; judge of the criminal court of Escambia County, 1892-96; judge, first judicial circuit court of Florida, 1896-1901; supreme court commissioner, September, 1901; justice supreme court of Florida, 1902-04; resigned and is now practicing law. Married: February 1, 1894, to Wilhelmina Thornton, of Pensacola, Fla. Residence: Pensacola, Fla.

MAXWELL, GEORGE WASHINGTON, farmer and legislator, was born January 25, 1843, in Union Township, Hunderton County, N. J.; son of Henry and Christeann (Manning) Maxwell, of that place; and great-grandson of William Maxwell, a Revolutionary soldier. He is of Scotch Irish descent; was educated in the common schools of his native state, and came to Alabama in 1869, where he has since resided, and farmed. He represented Marion County in the legislature of 1900-01. He is a Democrat; and while not a church member, holds to Presbyterian belief. Married: November, 1867, in Tennessee, to Mary Catherine Inman. Residence: Hamilton.

MAXWELL, JACOB CARREKER, farmer, merchant, was born June 10, 1850, near Alexander City, Tallapoosa County; son of Allen Thornton and Cynthia Susan (Carreker) Maxwell, who lived in Alexander City, the former a native of Elbert County, Ga., who was a member of the Alabama legislature from Coosa County, 1860-1861, served in the state guards for a short time in 1864, and was retired to make supplies for the army on his plantation; grandson of Reuben and Elizabeth (Thornton) Maxwell, who lived near Alexander City and of Jacob and Nancy Hays (Thomas) Carreker, of Talbot County, Ga.; great-grandson of John Maxwell, of Elbert County, Ga.; great-great-grandson of Thomas Maxwell, a Baptist preacher of distinction, and a native of Orange County, Va.; great-great-great-grandson of Joel Maxwell, of Orange County, Va., who was of Scotch-Irish descent. He attended Jackson academy, Coosa County, 1867, and was graduated from Bowdon college, Georgia, A. B., 1870. He farmed in Coosa County, 1871-1883; conducted a mercantile business in Alexander City, 1883-1891; and became cashier of the Alexander City Bank in 1892, which position he continues to hold. He served as justice of the peace of Coosa County for a number of years; was councilman and treasurer of Alexander City for a number of terms; represented the senatorial district of Coosa and Tallapoosa Coun-

ties in the constitutional convention of 1901; promoted and helped organize the Alexander City cotton mill, and was local treasurer and agent for nine years. He is a Democrat; a deacon in the First Baptist church, moderator of the Central Baptist Association, was formerly president of the Tallapoosa County Sunday School Convention; is a Knight of Pythias and a Knight of Honor. Married: September 7, 1871, near Equality, Coosa County, to Temple Josephine Austin, who died September 23, 1910, at Alexander City, daughter of Col. Tolver Louis and Elizabeth (Lazal) Austin, who lived near Equality, natives of Newton County, Ga., who came to Alabama in the forties, and settled in Tallapoosa, later moving to Coosa County. Children: 1. Susan Elizabeth, b. February 3, 1874, d. January 3, 1890, at Judson college; 2. Willie Virginia, b. April 26, 1887, m. James Henry Henderson, banker, Alexander City, children, Virginia Austin, Jake Maxwell, and Ruth. Residence: Alexander City.

MAY, JOSEPH J., major and later lieutenant colonel, 16th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

MAYBERRY, GEORGE, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 74, and a resident of Perry County; private Virginia Militia; enrolled on December 18, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$32; sums received to date of publication of list, \$96.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

MAYFIELD, JAMES JEFFERSON, lawyer, legislator, teacher, associate judge Alabama State supreme court, and code commissioner, was born March 22, 1861, at Moore's Bridge; son of James Jefferson and Amanda C. (South) Mayfield, the latter a native of Tuscaloosa County, was a teacher the greater part of his life, captain of the "Tuscaloosa plough boys," Co. G, 38th Tennessee infantry regiment, C. S. Army, 1861-65, was twice wounded in the battle of Shiloh; grandson of Obediah and Harriet Mayfield who lived at Hughes' Mill, Tuscaloosa County, and of Ransom and Elizabeth South, of Davis Creek, Fayette County. Judge Mayfield received his early education in the rural schools of his native county. He attended the preparatory school of Prof. W. D. Fonville in 1881-83; entered the University of Alabama the latter year and graduated with honors, June, 1885. He accepted a position as tutor of physics and astronomy at the latter institution, and at the same time took the law course, graduating in that profession in 1888. An opportunity was at once opened to him and he began the practice in the law office of Gen. S. A. M. Wood, in Tuscaloosa. He was elected to the Alabama legislature, 1894-95; was elected judge of the law and equity court of Tuscaloosa in 1896, and occupied that position until October 1, 1903, when he resigned to accept the office of code commissioner, to which he had been elected by the legislature. On November 3, 1908, he was elected associate justice of the Alabama supreme court

for a term of six years, was reelected November 3, 1914, for a like term, but resigned in 1919 to again take the office of code commissioner. Author: "Digest of Alabama Reports," seven volumes; "Constitutions of Alabama," paralleled, annotated and indexed; "Annotations of the decisions of the Supreme court of Alabama." He assisted Hon. W. L. Martin in the preparation of the code of 1896, and himself prepared the codes of 1907, and is now preparing the code authorized by the legislature of 1919. He is a Democrat. Married: June 30, 1897, at Little Rock, Ark., to Susie Fitts, daughter of Gideon Fred and Sallie (Martin) Martin of that state. Children: 1. Sarah; 2. James. Residence: Montgomery.

MAYFIELD, SAMUEL, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 75, and a resident of Tuscaloosa County; private S. C. Militia; enrolled on April 18, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$26.66.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

MAYFIELD, SURRY FOSTER, druggist, was born November 9, 1867, at Moore's Bridge, Tuscaloosa County; son of James Jefferson and Amanda C. (South) Mayfield, the former who was born at Bethany, Tuscaloosa County, was a farmer, and during the War of Secession was captain of the Plow Boys, a company from Tuscaloosa County, which served in the Thirty-eighth Tennessee infantry regiment, grandson of Obadiah and Harriett Mayfield, of Humphrey, and of Ransom and Elizabeth South, of Davis Creek, Fayette County. Dr. Mayfield was educated in the common schools of Tuscaloosa County; and graduated from the University of Alabama with the A. B. degree, 1888, and received an honorary degree of A. M. from that university, 1893. From 1891 to 1894, he was druggist at Northport. In 1896 he took his degree of M. D. from the medical department of Tulane university; practiced medicine at Northport until 1902, since which date he has resided in Tuscaloosa where he has continued the practice of medicine. In 1909 he was chosen as a Democrat to succeed J. Manly Foster, who had removed to Montgomery, in the State legislature. He is a member of the Missionary Baptist church. Married: April 6, 1898, to Susie, daughter of E. I. and Josephine Hagler, of Tyner. Residence: Tuscaloosa.

MAYRANT, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, and lieutenant in the navy, particular service not disclosed; annual allowance, \$360; to be paid from September, 1835; transferred from South Carolina.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile.

MAYS, THOMAS SUMTER, lawyer, planter, state senator and probate judge, was born in 1806, upon the family plantation in Edgefield, S. C., and died February, 1853, in Montgomery; son of Samuel and Sarah (Grigsby) Mays of South Carolina, the former a soldier of the Revolutionary War, having entered at the age of sixteen. Other ancestral representatives

served their country in military and political positions, both prior to and during the Revolution. He received his elementary education in private schools, graduated in 1827 at the South Carolina college, Columbia, having been chosen valedictorian by the Clarsophic society. Later he studied law in South Carolina, and entered upon the practice in that state, before locating in Montgomery where he continued successfully the practice of his profession. He was deeply interested in agriculture, and lived part of each year on his plantation near Montgomery. He was elected from that county to the Alabama State senate, and was later elected probate judge; a presidential elector; clerk or reporter of the supreme court of Alabama. He was a Democrat, and a Methodist. Married: December 31, 1845, at Montgomery, to Eliza Ann, daughter of Gen. Jack (John) and Elizabeth (Simkins) Glascock of Edgefield, S. C.; granddaughter of General Thomas Glascock of Georgia, who distinguished himself during the Revolutionary War. She was also a descendant of the Bacon and Simkins families who were prominently connected with the colonial history of the country. Children: 1. Thomas Sumter, C. S. Army, killed in the Seven Days' Fight before Richmond, Va.; 2. Sarah, m. Judge McLaughlin of Lexington, Va.; 3. Hattie Glascock, m. Maj. George C. Ball (q. v.); 4. John Glascock; 5. Pierce Butler; 6. Samuel Warren; 7. Annie, m. R. T. Dow, Atlanta, Ga. Last residence: Montgomery.

MEAD, LEMUEL G., lawyer and major C. S. Army, was born February 7, 1827, and died at Paint Rock, January 14, 1879; son of Samuel and Frances (Hanes) Mead, the former a native of Virginia who emigrated to Alabama and located at Paint Rock. He practiced law at Huntsville; entered the C. S. Army and rose to the rank of major; served one term as sheriff of Jackson County. He was a Democrat; and a Mason. Married: (1) Susan Daniel, of Malsville; (2) at Pulaski, Tenn., to Mary Francis, daughter of John C. and Rodie Dorothy (Tomlin) Kimbrough, of that place. The parents of Mrs. Kimbrough were from North Carolina and Limestone County respectively. Children: 1. Mary F. m. Morris Gardiner, of Tuscaloosa; 2. Lemuel G., unmarried. Last residence: Paint Rock.

MEAD, SAMUEL, member of the constitutional convention, of 1819, from Madison County.

MEADOR, DANIEL JOHN, planter, was born March 22, 1859, at Feasterville, Fairfield County, S. C.; son of Daniel R. and Emily R. (Estes) Meador, of that place; grandson of Job Meador, who served under Gen. Marion during the Revolutionary War. He was educated at Feasterville academy; at Col. Patrick's high school for boys at Feasterville; and at Furman university, Greenville, S. C. After he left school he engaged in planting at Myrtlewood, Marengo County; represented that county in the State legislature, 1888-1889, 1890-1891, 1892-1893, 1894-1895, and 1896-1897; and was a State senator, 1898-1899, and 1900-1901.

During his service in the lower house of the legislature, he was chairman of the committee on reappointment in 1890; chairman of the committee on appropriations, 1892-1893; and chairman of the ways and means committee, 1894-1895, and 1896-1897. In the senate, he was chairman of the finance committee, 1898-1899, and 1900-1901. He was president pro tem of the senate while William D. Jelks was acting governor. He is a Democrat; a Baptist; and a Mason. Married: November 22, 1882, in Blairs, S. C., to Lidle A., daughter of Edward Poellnitz, of Marengo County. Residence: Myrtlewood.

MEADORS, JOHN CALHOUN, lawyer, member constitutional convention 1867, was born April 1, 1838, at Cusseta, Chambers County, and died January 8, 1896, at Opelika; son of Warner Williams and Nancy (Ferguson) Meadors, natives of Laurens District, S. C., who came to Alabama and lived in Chambers County, the former a captain of a company of volunteers, who entered the C. S. Army from West Point, Ga., early in the war, and was killed at the battle of Corinth, October, 1862. He received his early education in a country school in Chambers County, and in a military school at Tuskegee, and was graduated from the University of Alabama, A. B., 1859. He entered the C. S. Army with the Zouaves from Tuskegee, in 1861, but soon after joined his father's company in the Thirty-seventh Alabama regiment, later becoming a member of Col. Dowdell's staff with the rank of captain, and adjutant of the regiment. He served until the close of the war. He studied law with Hon. W. H. Barnes in Lafayette, and was admitted to the bar in 1865; practiced law with Mr. Barnes in Opelika until the death of the latter; formed a partnership with Gov. Samford and Judge J. M. Chilton of Montgomery in the firm of Samford, Chilton and Meadors, and continued the association until failing health caused him to retire from active practice and devote himself to office work. He was elected a trustee of the University of Alabama, 1865-1868; was a member of the constitutional convention of 1867; was elected to the State legislature in 1865 and again in 1872; served as judge of the city court of Opelika until 1873; was county superintendent of education and justice of the peace from 1892, until his death in 1896. He was a Democrat; a trustee and steward in the Methodist church; and a Master Mason. Married: November 15, 1865, in Chambers County, to Rebecca Cora, daughter of Zadock and Mary Ann (Johnston) Jackson, of Leesburg, Lee County, Ga.; granddaughter of Jack and Polly (Davenport) Johnston; great-granddaughter of John and Lucy (Barksdale) Davenport, the former of whom was killed in 1781, at the battle of Guilford Court House, N. C., during the Revolutionary War; great-great-granddaughter of Collier Barksdale; great-great-great-granddaughter of William and Sallie (Collier) Barksdale; great-great-great-granddaughter of Capt. John Collier of King and Queen County, Va., who came from England about 1700. Children: 1. Walter Nesbitt, d. in in-

fancy; 2. John Calhoun, jr., d. in infancy; 3. Cora, d. in infancy; 4. Alexander Barnette, d. in infancy; 5. Margaret Frances, m. November 16, 1898, to Dr. August Burghard, dentist, Macon, Ga., children, Martin Calhoun, August, jr., Margaret Meadors, Frances Marion, and Cora Jackson; 6. Willie Gatra, d. in childhood; 7. Thomas Otis, d. in infancy; 8. Raleigh Williams, d. in infancy; 9. Irby Meadors, Opelika; 10. Rutledge Meadors, m. July 23, 1907, in Albany, Ga., to Maggie Inman, Albany, Ga. Last residence: Opelika.

MEADOW, ALBERT E., physician, was born November 22, 1860, in Humphreys County, Tenn.; son of Jacob E. and Susan (Crockett) Meadow, the former a planter, Mason, Presbyterian; grandson of William D. and Sarah (Harris) Meadow, natives of Tennessee, the former of whom was an overseer on Gen. Harding's plantation before the war, later moving to Houston County, Tenn. Through his mother he is a lineal descendent of David Crockett. He was reared on his father's farm and received his early education in the county schools. In 1879 he began the study of medicine and in the fall of 1881 he entered the Homeopathic medical college of Missouri, at St. Louis; during 1882-83 he attended the Pulte medical college at Cincinnati. He entered upon the practice of his profession in Birmingham, with Dr. A. L. Monroe, remaining there until 1885, when he removed to Blocton, where he has since resided. In 1892 he formed a partnership with his brother, J. M. Meadow, with whom he now practices. He is a Mason; Knight of Pythias; and a Methodist. Married: September 24, 1885, to Emmie, daughter of Dr. David Andrews of Oxford, Miss. Children: 1. Anson. Residence: Blocton.

MEADOWS, JAMES DANIEL, colonel C. S. Army, member constitutional convention 1875, was born January 9, 1827, at Thomaston, Upson County, Ga., and died January 14, 1900, in Dadeville; son of Miles Robley and Susan Martha (Parker) Meadows, the former a native of Putnam County, Ga., who lived at Thomaston, Ga., and represented Upson County in the Georgia legislature; grandson of James and Rutha Meadows, of Putnam County, Ga., and of Daniel and Lucy Parker, of Jones County, Ga. He received his early schooling in Thomaston, Ga., and attended Emory college. He enlisted in the C. S. Army and became captain of Co. A, First regiment of Alabama volunteers, and was promoted to the rank of colonel during the latter part of the war. He was active in local politics, and was elected a delegate to the constitutional convention of 1875. He was a Democrat; a Baptist; and a Mason. Married: September 3, 1846, at Eufaula, to Mary Jane Johnston, a native of Harris County, Ga., who died April 12, 1884, daughter of John and Marthy Ann Johnston, of Whiteville, Harris County, Ga. Children: 1. John Miles, b. May 17, 1849, d. September 27, 1864; 2. William Franklin, b. April 28, 1851, d. October 2, 1864; 3. Josephine, b. March 12, 1853, d. August, 1855; 4. Martha Anne, b. February 5, 1855, d. October 29, 1868; 5. James

D., jr., b. October 28, 1865, d. February 17, 1866; 6. Leola Jane, b. January 23, 1867, m. November 5, 1889, to James Colbert Spratlin, Tallapoosa County; 7. Georgia Anne, b. May 2, 1871, d. September 15, 1871. Last residence: Dadeville.

MEANS, GEORGE H., Methodist minister, member of the North Alabama conference; living in 1913. Residence: Birmingham.

MEANS, THOMAS ALEXANDER, physician, was born October 11, 1831, at Oxford, Covington County, Ga.; son of Alexander and Sarah Ann Eliza (Winston) Means, the former a native of Statesville, N. C., a physician, Methodist minister and educator, who was licensed to preach in 1828, was principal of the Georgia conference manual labor school at Covington, Ga., 1834-1838, attended Jefferson medical college, Philadelphia, 1838-1839, was professor of physics in Emory college, Oxford, Ga., 1838-1855, and 1865-1883, was professor of pharmacy and chemistry in Georgia medical college, Augusta, 1840-1859, president of the Masonic female college, Covington, Ga., 1853-1854, and of Emory college, 1854-1855, professor of chemistry in Atlanta medical college, 1855-1867, was a member of the Georgia secession convention, was agricultural chemist for Georgia with headquarters at Savannah, 1868-1877, received honorary degree of M. D. from Augusta medical college, 1841, of D. D. from Emory college, 1854, and of LL. D. from Emory college, 1858, author of the "Centennial of Chemistry," and of "A Cluster of Poems for the Heart and Home," died June 5, 1883, at Oxford, Ga.; grandson of Alexander and Sarah (McClellan) Means, who lived in North Carolina, the former a native of County Tyrone, Ireland, the latter a native of Scotland, and of Thomas and Ann Austin (Tinsley) Winston, of Virginia; great-grandson of John Winston, of Virginia, captain of a Virginia regiment in the Revolutionary War; great-great-grandson of Maj. Tinsley, for whom Tinsleyville, Va., was named; great-great-great-grandson of Capt. Johnston, aide-de-camp to Gen. Washington.

Dr. Means obtained his early schooling in Oxford, Ga., and was graduated from Emory college at that place, in 1851. He read medicine for four years under his father; attended his first course of lectures at the Medical college of Georgia, 1855; attended the Atlanta medical college, 1856; and spent the succeeding four years in Europe, studying medicine in London, Paris, Dublin and Edinburgh. He returned to the United States, and began the practice of medicine in Memphis, Tenn., 1859. He was commissioned surgeon of the Tenth regiment of Georgia volunteers, in 1861, and participated at the first battle of Manassas. He continued in the army of northern Virginia until the battle of Gettysburg, when, after the retreat of Lee's army, he was, by order of Gen. Longstreet, left in charge of the wounded of his corps, and the divisions of Hood and Pickett. He remained in the field for one month, and was then transferred, with the wounded under his charge, to Camp Letterman, near Gettysburg, and placed on duty as sur-

geon of the Confederate officers, prisoners of war. He remained there until the hospital was broken up three months later, and after being held at Fortress Monroe as a prisoner of war for a short time, was exchanged and ordered to hospital duty further south. He was stationed at Columbus, Ga., in charge of the Marshall hospital, and remained at that place until the close of hostilities. In 1867, he located at Montgomery in the practice of medicine, and conducted his profession at that place throughout his active life. He was secretary of the Medical association of the State of Alabama for about twenty years; president of the board of education for more than twenty years; secretary of the board of health of Montgomery; city physician and register of vital statistics of Montgomery; secretary of the Medical and surgical society, and later president; surgeon in charge of the city school hospital; one of the consulting physicians of the Montgomery city infirmary; and president of the Young Men's Christian association of Montgomery. He is author of many papers and lectures on professional subjects, and was a frequent contributor to medical journals. He was a Methodist. Married: in 1863, in Montgomery, to Annie, daughter of William R. and Frances S. Powell, of Montgomery. Children: 1. Annie Jette, m. Louis Bulow Farley, son of James A. Farley (q. v.), Montgomery; 2. Aileen M., m. (1) Daniel Hillman, deceased, (2) Gen. R. F. Ligon (q. v.), Montgomery; 3. Thomas Alexander, Montgomery. Last residence: Montgomery.

MEDLEY, EDWARD N., pioneer settler, was born June 10, 1821, in Lawrence District, S. C. His education was limited as he was left an orphan at an early age. He removed to Alabama and located in Russell County, where he resided until about 1841, when he removed to Greene County, becoming a planter. He removed to Selma in 1865 and invested his savings in real estate. Last residence: Selma.

MEEK, ALEXANDER BEAUFORT, author and lawyer, was born July 17, 1814, in Columbia, S. C., and died November 30, 1865, in Columbus, Miss.; son of Rev. Samuel M. and Anne (McDowell) Meek, both natives of South Carolina, who came to Tuscaloosa from South Carolina, the former of whom was a Methodist minister, a physician and a druggist; grandson of John and Elenor (Mills) Meek; brother of Benjamin Franklin Meek (q. v.). His ancestors on both sides were of Irish descent, and those on his father's side came from County Antrim. He graduated from the University of Alabama, A. B., 1833, and A. M., 1836, and received the honorary degree of A. M. from the University of Georgia, 1844. He was admitted to the bar in 1835, and practiced law in Tuscaloosa. When the troubles with the Creek Indians occurred in 1836, he volunteered as ensign in the U. S. Army. During that same year, he was appointed attorney general of the State by Gov. Clay to fill a vacancy, and held that position until the following winter. He was editor of the "Flag of the Union," at Tuscaloosa, 1835-1839, and of the "Southron," a lit-

erary magazine, 1839-1842. In 1842, Gov. Fitzpatrick appointed him judge of the probate court at Tuscaloosa, and he held that position until 1845. During the latter year he was appointed assistant secretary of the U. S. treasury by President Polk, and became legal adviser of that department. After holding the office about two years, he retired with the commission of federal attorney for the southern district of the State, and was retained in that position until the close of Mr. Polk's term. He was associate editor of the Mobile "Daily Register," 1851-1853; represented Mobile in the Alabama house of representatives, 1853-1855, and as chairman of the committee on education, secured the establishment of a system of free public schools in the State. In 1854, he was appointed judge of the probate court of Mobile by Gov. Winston, and held the office until May, 1855; was elector on the Buchanan ticket, 1856; and a representative in the State legislature and speaker in the house, 1859-1861. He was a trustee of the University of Alabama, 1862-1864. He was author of "The Red Eagle," 1855; "Songs and Poetry of the South," 1856; "Romantic Passages in Southwestern History," 1857; and an unfinished "History of Alabama"; and prepared a supplement to Aiken's "Digest of Alabama," in 1842. Married: (1) in 1856, to Mrs. Emma Donaldson Slatter, of Mobile, the widow of Hope Hull Slatter; (2) in 1864, to Mrs. Eliza Jane Cannon, of Columbus, Miss., the widow of William R. Cannon, who was for a long time president of the Mississippi senate. He had no children. Last residence: Columbus, Miss.

MEEK, BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, educator, was born September 20, 1836, at Tuscaloosa, and died June 16, 1899, at Tuscaloosa; brother of Alexander B. Meek (q. v.). He was graduated at the University of Alabama, A. B., 1854; A. M., 1858; and received the honorary degree of LL. D., from the University of Mississippi, 1879. He was assistant professor of ancient languages at the University of Alabama, 1863-1865; and professor of ancient languages at Florence Wesleyan university, 1869-1871. From 1871 until his death, he filled the chair of English at the University of Alabama, where he became widely known as a forceful and elegant writer, an erudite critic and a great teacher. He was an authority on all matters connected with that department. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, South; served the church as Sunday school superintendent for over a quarter of a century; and was the lay delegate from the North Alabama conference to the Methodist ecumenical conference, held in London. He was a member of the Odd Fellows. Married: in September, 1839, at San Antonio, Tex., to Nettie, daughter of F. F. Hemphill, of Tuscaloosa. He leaves no descendants. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

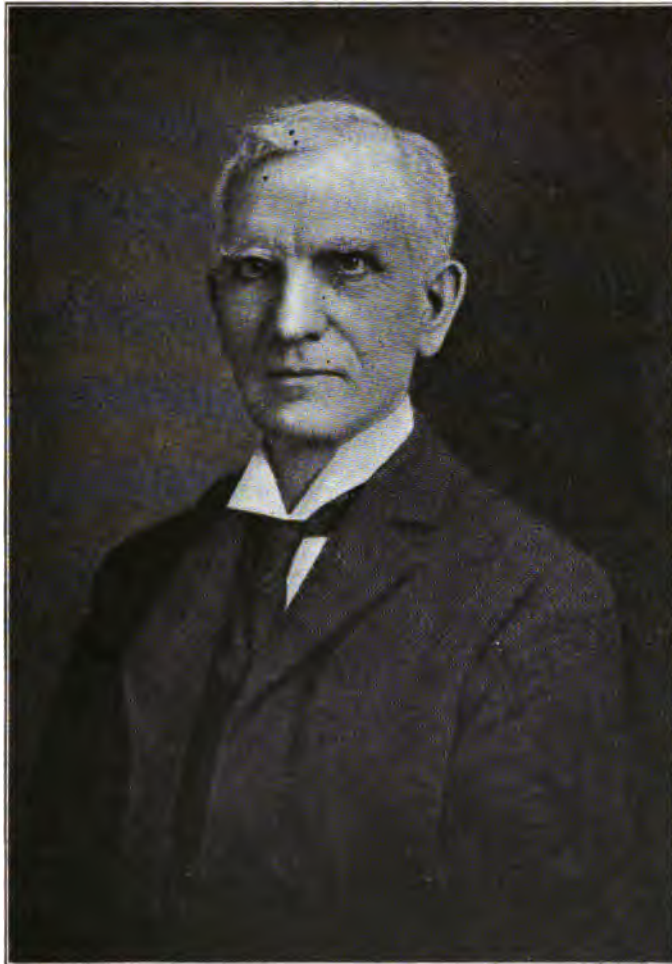
MEEKS, WILLIAM MARION, publisher and editor, was born February 16, 1845, in Floyd County, Ga. His parents moved to Alabama when he was four years of age and settled at Cherokee. When he was twelve years old, he entered the office of the "Coosa River Argus,"

published at Center, by L. M. Stiff, and remained in that employ for three years; in 1860, went into the office of the "National Democrat," a campaign paper which was suspended on the election of Abraham Lincoln; returned to Georgia and early in the spring of 1861 entered the office of the "True Flag," published in Rome, Ga.; continued as foreman of that paper until its suspension in the fall of that year; served with the Rome "Courier" until the early part of 1862; entered the C. S. Army with a volunteer company from Cherokee County, and continued in the service until the close of the war; became connected with the "Advertiser," at Center, 1866; returned to Atlanta, Ga., 1866, and worked as a journeyman printer until 1869; returned to Center and took charge of the "Advertiser;" purchased the Gadsden "Times," July 1, 1871, and continued its editor and proprietor for many years, until that paper was consolidated with the "News," becoming the "Times and News," with Mr. Meeks and Mr. Johnson as proprietors. Mr. Meeks is a member of the Alabama press association and for some years served as its president. Married: November 16, 1866, to Mary J. Cothran, of Center. Residence: Gadsden.

MEGGINSON, GEORGE D., hotel proprietor, was born January 24, 1800, in Montgomery County, N. C., and died May 26, 1853, at Grove Hill; son of Thomas and Elizabeth Megginson, who moved from North Carolina to Tennessee. He came to Clarke County in 1812, and became a member of Pigeon Creek Baptist church in October, 1830. He settled in Grove Hill about 1834, and conducted a hotel there for many years. Under the old military regulations of the state, he was appointed a colonel of militia. He was a deacon in the Baptist church; was a Mason; and a member of the Sons of Temperance. Married: to Sarah N. Hill, who died in 1856, sister of Elder William Hill, and of Travis Hill, who married Rev. John Talbert. Children: 1. Caroline, grew to womanhood, d. of consumption; 2. Washington, d. at twenty-eight years, unmarried; 3. William T., d. in 1857, m. a Miss Tucker; 4. Alfred, d. about twenty-eight years of age, unmarried; 5. John L., d. December 25, 1858, in his twenty-ninth year, unmarried; 6. A. Jackson, d. in 1863, m. Martha Pugh; 7. David A., m. Pamela Danzey, resides near Choctaw Corners, has five sons and five daughters; 8. Edwin T., b. 1839, served in the C. S. Army and was killed at the battle of Shiloh, 1863; 9. Josephine, d. in 1869, m. Rev. J. C. Foster. Last residence: Grove Hill.

MELAM, JOHN, soldier of the *American Revolution*, aged 81, and a resident of Madison County; private Virginia Continental Line; enrolled on December 31, 1832, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$80.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

MELL, PATRICK HUES, college president, inventor and scientist, was born May 24, 1850, at Penfield, Greene County, Ga., and died Octo-



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ber 12, 1918, in Fredericksburg, Va.; son of Rev. Patrick Hues and Lurene Howard (Cooper) Mell, the former born July 19, 1814, at Walthonville, Ga., was left an orphan at an early age, attended Amherst college from 1833 to 1835, but left before graduating, taught in Massachusetts, Connecticut and Georgia and later was professor of ancient languages in Mercer university, 1842-55, and at the University of Georgia, 1855-56, professor of metaphysics and ethics, 1860, until his death and chancellor of that institution, 1878, ordained Baptist minister, 1842, and was for many years president of the Georgia and Southern Baptist conventions, author: "Baptism," 1852; "Corrective church discipline," 1860; "Slavery," "Predestination," "The philosophy of prayer," 1868; "Parliamentary practice," 1868, and "Church polity," 1878, was colonel of the Ninth Georgia infantry regiment, 1863, died in Athens, Ga., January 26, 1888; grandson of Major Benjamin and Cynthia (Sumner) Mell of Liberty County, Ga., and of George and Nancy (Conner) Cooper, of Montgomery County, Ga.; great-grandson of Thomas Sumner of Liberty County, Ga., a Revolutionary soldier, and of William Conner of Montgomery County, Ga., who commanded a company of mounted riflemen in the War of 1812-15; great-great-grandson of William Mell of Beach Hill, and of Patrick Hues, of Berkeley County, S. C., both Revolutionary soldiers; great-great-great-grandson of Thomas Mell and wife, a Miss Canty; great-great-great-great-grandson of George Canty who came from Barbadoes in 1670 and settled in Berkeley County, S. C., and of John Mell, of English stock, who settled in Charleston, S. C., in 1677. Dr. Mell received his early education at home under the direction of his father and graduated from the University of Georgia with the degree of A. B., 1871, C. E., 1872, M. E. 1873; the honorary degree of Ph. D. was conferred upon him some years later. He served as state chemist of Georgia, 1874-77. In 1905, he received the honorary degree of LL. D. from the University of South Carolina; was teacher of geology and botany, Alabama polytechnic institute; president Clemson agricultural college, S. C., 1902-10; inventor of the system of weather signals now in use by the United States weather service; director Alabama weather service, 1884-93; director Alabama agricultural experiment station, 1898-1902. He was first commander Alabama division, Sons of Confederate veterans, 1898; fellow, Geological society of America; fellow, American association for the advancement of science; member, Southern, Alabama, and the South Carolina historical societies; member, National geological society; member, Sons of the Revolution; recipient of a medal from the Paris exposition, 1900, given in recognition of his efforts in London, England, collecting cotton for the exhibit of the South at the Paris exposition; invited to join the "Authors Club," London, England. He was a Baptist; member home mission board of the Southern Baptist convention, and first president of the Baptist young peoples union of Alabama; member Kappa Alpha and Phi Beta Kappa college fraternities. Author: "Southern soapstones and fireclays," 1882; "Hybrids from American and foreign cot-

ton," 1897; "Life of Patrick Hues Mell," 1895; "Grasses and their cultivation," 1889; "Botanical laboratory guides," 1895; "Biological laboratory methods, 1892; "Revision of White's Gardening for the South," 1901; "Wild grasses of Alabama," 1886; "Microscopic study of cotton plant," 1890; "Climatology of cotton plant," 1893; "Climatology of Alabama," 1890; "Industrial education and its value to the South," "Contributions of the South in building of the Nation," "Administrative methods in American colleges;" besides numerous articles on scientific literary and historical subjects, that have appeared in leading journals; also a MS. history of Georgia. Married: June 15, 1875, at Athens, Ga., to Annie Rebecca, daughter of William Nathaniel and Rebecca (Benedict) White who lived at that place, the former a native of Walton, N. Y., who came South in 1847, settling in Athens, Ga., soon became prominent as a writer on agricultural and historical subjects, author of a work "Gardening for the South," that has gone through several editions and is still an authority, editor of the "Southern cultivator," which is the oldest agricultural paper in the South, and the only one that had a continuous issue throughout the War of Secession. Mrs. Mell is descended from the old New England families, White, Benedict, Fitch, Carter, St. John, North and others, and through them is a member of the Colonial Dames and Daughters of the American Revolution. Through her father, who was a member of the Ninth Georgia "Light Guards" regiment, she is a member of the United Daughters of the Confederacy. She has been State historian of the Alabama D. A. R.'s and for two years edited that society's department in the "Montgomery Advertiser." She was State treasurer, U. D. C., of Alabama for two years; vice-president Alabama Federation Women's Clubs, and an official in the Colonial Dames. Author: "Revolutionary soldiers buried in Alabama;" "Genealogy of the Mell family;" also a number of articles for the papers and for women's clubs on historical and biographical subjects. Last residence: Atlanta, Ga.

MELLEN, GEORGE FREDERICK, educator, was born June 27, 1859, at Pierce's Springs, Clarke County, Miss.; son of Seth Smith and Susan Huntington (Bush) Mellen (q. v.). He received his early education at Goodman institute and Mt. Sterling high school, and was prepared for college by his father and George Washington Taylor. In 1877 he entered the University of Alabama as a senior in Latin, Greek and mathematics, and was graduated with the degree of M. A., in 1879, receiving at commencement the first prize offered by the Early English text society of Great Britain, for the best examination in Anglo-Saxon, and the first prize by the New Shakespeare society of Great Britain, for the best examination in Shakespeare. He took graduate work in the University of Leipzig, Germany, from which he received the Ph. D. degree, October 30, 1890, having for thesis "Monograph on some popular errors in education in the United States and their remedy." He entered upon the profession of teaching in Gainesville, 1879, and re-

maintained at that place until 1882; Livingston, 1882-85; Demopolis, 1887-91; professor of Greek and French, University of Tennessee, 1891-98, and of Greek and history, 1898-1900. He was elected to the legislature of Tennessee, 1905-07. He is a Democrat, and a Methodist. Author: collaborated with William Rule in a "History of Knoxville," 1900; collaborated with Henry N. Ingersoll, "Memorial volume," containing sketch and choicest writings of Joshua W. Caldwell; prepared three chapters for Vol. VIII in the "South in the building of the nation"; contributor "Southern humorists"; "Southern editors"; sketch of Joseph Clover Baldwin, in "Southern literature"; special contributor and editorial writer "Knoxville Sentinel" for thirteen years, and regular contributor to the "Chattanooga News"; author numerous articles in "New England magazine," "Methodist Review," Nashville, Tenn., "Sewanee Review," "Methodist Review," New York; contributor to various daily and weekly newspapers. Married: July 7, 1885, at Mont Eagle, Tenn., to Mary Briscoe, daughter of Cyrus Briscoe and Eliza J. (Van de Graff) Baldwin, of Houston, Miss., the former a native Virginian, the latter a Kentuckian. Children: 1. Seth Baldwin; 2. Helen Van de Graff; 3. George Frederick, jr.; 4. Cornelia Daniel. Residence: Knoxville, Tenn.

MELLEN, SETH SMITH, educator, was born February 7, 1821, at Pelham, Hampshire County, Mass., and died May 30, 1893, at Livingston; son of Jeremiah and Mary (Hastings) Mellen; grandson of William and Hannah (Smith) Mellen. He received his early education at Wilbraham academy, where he was prepared for Williams college, which he attended 1839-43, graduating during the latter year with the degree of B. A., third man in his class, and the philosophical orator. He taught at Longstreet academy, Twiggs County, Ga., 1843-55; at Goodman institute, Clarke County, Miss., 1855-69; Mt. Sterling high school, Choctaw County, 1869-80; superintendent of education, Choctaw County, 1872-80; co-president, Tuscaloosa female college, 1880-83; co-principal, boys academy, Livingston, 1883-88; superintendent Sumter County, 1885-92. After forty-five years service in the field of education he retired with a competency. In 1883 he received the honorary degree of LL. D. from the University of Alabama. In politics he was originally a Whig, but upon that party's dissolution he became a Democrat; a Methodist; and a Mason. Married: August 24, 1848, at Westfield, Mass., to Susan Huntington, daughter of Levi and Anna (Ayers) Bush, who resided at Whately and later at Westfield, Mass., representatives of old New England families. Children: 1. George Frederick (q. v.); 2. Charles Howard, teacher, A. B., A. M., who died, aged twenty-one, at the University of Alabama, December 27, 1882; 3. William Bush, d. young; 4. Henry Levi, m. Annie Grace Tartt, Livingston; 5. Sarah Hastings, d. in infancy. Last residence: Livingston.

MELTON, WIGHTMAN FLETCHER, teacher and author, was born September 26, 1867, at Ripley, Lauderdale County, Tenn.; son of Rev.

Isaac Quimby and Fannie Louise (Ellis) Melton, the former a native of Ashville, St. Clair County, a flier in the 25th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, and later a Methodist minister who served a number of charges in the north Alabama conference; grandson of John and Mary (Sowell) Melton of Ashville, and of Rev. Enoch and Statia (Atkins) Ellis who lived near Attalla. The name Melton, was originally Middletown, then Middleton. In England there are still Middletons, Miltons, and Meltons, of which the latter name is the Irish pronunciation for Milton. The first Melton to settle in America was an Irishman, Jimmie Melton who located near Halifax, Va. The great-grandfather of the subject of this sketch came from Spartanburg, S. C., to Ashville. Mr. Melton received his preparatory education in the common schools of Alabama and attended the Southern university at Greensboro, throughout the sophomore class, 1886. In the fall of the latter year he entered Peabody college for teachers, Nashville, Tenn., and in 1889 was graduated with the degree of licentiate of instruction. He graduated from Blount college, Blountsville, in 1890 with the degree of A. B.; studied at Johns Hopkins university, Baltimore, Md., 1903-06, and graduated with the degree of Ph. D. the latter year. He taught in the public schools of Blountsville and Chepultepec, and Hawthorn, Fla.; was president of the Florida conference college, 1892-95; vice-president, Nashville college for young ladies, Nashville, Tenn., 1895-96; president, Tuscaloosa female college, 1897-1903; head of the department of English, Baltimore city college, 1906-08; professor of English at Emory college, Oxford, Ga., from 1908 to date. He established the first class in journalism in the South, and inaugurated a movement looking to the establishment in Johns Hopkins university of a Sidney Lanier lectureship in American literature, a wish still unfulfilled. He was regarded by the late Prof. Charles Elliot Norton of Harvard university as authority, both in England and America, on the poetical works of John Donne. He is a Democrat; and member of the Kappa Alpha college fraternity. Author: "The Preacher's son," 1894; "The Rhetoric of John Donne's verse," 1906; editor, Ruskin "Crown of Wild Olives; Queen of the Air," 1908; sketch of Edward Coote Pinkey, in Library of Southern literature, 1908. Married: September 19, 1889, at Lake Providence, La., to Oliver, daughter of Oliver Hazzard Perry and Emily (Bass) Keller, who lived at that place. The Kellers were of Swiss origin, the first to emigrate to America being Caspar Keller who settled on Lengonoir Creek, in western Maryland. The paternal grandfather, Jacob S. Keller, fought in the battle of New Orleans, and the father, O. H. P. Keller was for four years a Confederate soldier, and died a few years after the war from wounds received in battle, having been mentioned for conspicuous bravery by his commanding officers. Children: 1. Oliver Quimby, B. S. degree from Emory college, 1912, teacher in Allen academy, Bryan, Texas; 2. Emily Louise, A. B. degree, Wesleyan college, 1913; 3. Keller Fletcher. Residence: Oxford, Ga.

MENAWA, Creek Chief. See Indian chiefs and associated characters.

MENGES, BENEDICT, Roman Catholic abbot, was born July 31, 1840, at Obermohr, Palatinate, Rhenish Bavaria. He received his early education in the schools of his native province, specializing in the classics in view of his determination to become a priest. He arrived in America during his young manhood and entered St. Vincent's abbey in Westmoreland County, Pa. On Oct. 15, 1872, he was admitted to the priesthood and ordained, December 21st, of that year. His first charge was as assistant priest at St. Joseph's church, Chicago, Ill., which city was still suffering from the effects of the fire that had practically destroyed it. His second charge was at Alleghany, Pa., where he remained four years before being ordered by his superior to take charge of the struggling missions in north Alabama, Birmingham was then an interior hamlet, and here he labored for a while. Huntsville, Tusculumbia, Florence and St. Florian, were the scenes of nineteen years of his missionary service. In 1879 when yellow fever scourged that section he stayed at his post, living at the time in Huntsville, where he nursed the sick and dying. He was made superior of the Benedictine houses in Carrollton, Pa., and Covington, Ky., but his heart was set upon culmination of his hopes to establish the Benedictine order in Alabama, and to build an abbey in that section. With the aid of several other priests the order was organized, September 29, 1891, and confirmed by Pope Leo XIII, December 15, of that year. The fact that funds to build the abbey must be raised did not daunt him. Remembering the warm friends he had made during his years of labor in Alabama, through seasons of sunshine and of stress, he applied to them for assistance and by donations and loans, St. Benedict was established. Cullman County was chosen for the location of the monastery and college, the site being a commanding height near the town of Cullman. The Alabama legislature chartered the institution, the purpose of which was to educate young men in moral and intellectual training. St. Bernard was the name bestowed upon the institution. Residence: Cullman.

MEREDITH, JESSE, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 79, and a resident of Dallas County; private Virginia Continental Line; enrolled on November 10, 1819, under act of Congress of March 18, 1818, payment to date from September 27, 1819; annual allowance, \$96; sums received to date of publication of list, \$1,008. Suspended under act May 1, 1820. Continued from March 4, 1823, and transferred from Smith County, Tenn.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

MERIWETHER, GEORGE MATHEWS, physician, was born in Oglethorpe County, Ga., June 15, 1814, and died at Mathews station, October 12, 1873; son of Dr. Nicholas Lewis and Mary (De Yampert) Meriwether (q. v.). Dr. Meriwether was educated in the common

schools of Montgomery, now Bullock County; graduated from the University of Alabama, A. B., 1835; and received the degree of M. D. from Jefferson medical college, Philadelphia. He practiced medicine in Macon and Montgomery Counties for about thirty years, and was at the same time a prosperous planter. Married: (1) in 1838 to Sarah Ann, daughter of Bird and Dorothy (Graves) Fitzpatrick, of near Union Springs, and niece of Gov. Benjamin Fitzpatrick (q. v.); (2) in 1858, to Josephine Hortense Landrum; (3) in 1871, to Susan Knox, daughter of Frank Meriwether and Sarah (Borden) Barnett of Pike Road. Children: by first wife: 1. Mary, m. Phillip Fitzpatrick, son of Columbus and Elmira (Fitzpatrick) Mitchell, who resided at Fitzpatrick station; descendants; 2. Thomas Nicholas, d. unmarried as a member of the Metropolitan guards, Third Alabama infantry regiment, in Virginia; 3. Bird Fitzpatrick, m. Julia Fitzpatrick, daughter of Columbus and Elmira (Fitzpatrick) Mitchell, and resides at Montgomery; descendants; 4. Martha Phillip, m. William E. Hooper, nephew of Dr. B. R. Jones (q. v.), descendants; 5. Francis Valentine, d. young unmarried; by second wife: 6. Rebecca, m. H. C. Lamar, of Snowden, descendants; 7. Sarah Ann, m. Henry Calloway of Snowden, no children; 8. Joseph, unmarried bridge builder on the Atlantic Coast line; by third wife: 9. child died in infancy. Last residence: Mathews station.

MERIWETHER, NICHOLAS LEWIS, physician, was born January 17, 1782, in Virginia, and died near Mathews station, September 27, 1863; son of Dr. Frank and Martha (Jamison) Meriwether, the former a native of Virginia, who removed to Georgia in 1784-5, where he practiced medicine and was at the same time a prosperous planter, the latter a sister of Col. Jamison of Virginia Continental line; grandson of Thomas and Elizabeth (Thornton) Meriwether, of "Clover Fields," Albemarle County, Va.; great-grandson of David and Anne (Holmes) Meriwether, the former of near Charlottesville, Va.; great-great-grandson of Nicholas and Elizabeth (Crawford) Meriwether, the former a man of great wealth in Virginia, and of George Holmes, of King and Queen County, Va. Dr. Meriwether's early education was limited. He spent most of his time attending the sick of the Broad River settlement, Ga. His friends prevailed upon him to take a course in medicine and by study, practice and experience, he soon became a successful physician. He removed to Montgomery County in 1816 where he practiced for a number of years. Married: March 14, 1805, to Mary de Yampert, a full sister of Lucius Quintus Cincinnatus de Yampert and a half sister of Thomas Jefferson de Yampert, of Montgomery and later of Dallas, or Marengo County, and all of them children of a French physician who served in the Revolutionary War. Children: 1. James Bradley, a planter, who lived and died near Pike Road, and had a large family, m. Lucy Sophia Taliaferro; descendants; 2. Francis David; 3. Nicholas, d. young; 4. Thomas, m. Elizabeth Matilda, daughter Benjamin and Nancy (Fitzpatrick) Baldwin, near Mathews

station, Thomas Meriwether, a son and a planter, resides at Pike Road; 5. George Mathews, (q. v.) m. Sarah Ann Fitzpatrick; 6. Charles Lewis, planter, m. Fannie Baldwin, sister of Matilda Baldwin, lived and died near Mathews station, descendants; 7. Nicholas, m. Mrs. Susan Hazzard, resided near Mathews station, no children; 8. William Lucius, m. to (1) Tabitha Fitzpatrick Baldwin, sister of Matilda Baldwin above, (2) his first cousin, Mary Barbara, daughter of Charles Bontwell and Mildred (Meriwether) Taliaferro, five children by first wife, including Thomas George who married Edna Turner, daughter of Thomas Gilliam and Martha C. (Tomlinson) Pierce, and had three children, by first and nine children by second wife. Last residence: Pike Road.

MERRICK, JOHN, sen., *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 82, resided in Dale County, June 1, 1840.—*Census of Pensioners, 1841*, p. 149.

MERRILL, ALLEN HUNTER, lawyer, banker, member legislature, was born November 29, 1845, at Eufaula, Barbour County; son of Allen Kent and Elizabeth Aiken (Hunter) Merrill, the former a native of Middlebury, Addison County, Vt., who removed to Eufaula where he practiced law, being still a young man at the time of his death; grandson of Thomas Abbott and Eliza (Allen) Merrill of Andover, Mass., afterwards of Middleburg, Vt., and of John Lingard and Sarah (Bohler) Hunter of Eufaula. He was educated in the common schools of Eufaula and instead of entering college for which he had been prepared he enlisted in the Confederate Army. At the close of hostilities he read law in the office of U. S. Senator James L. Pugh and was admitted to the bar, January, 1869, upon examination before the city court of Eufaula, and at once entered upon the practice. He has been president of the East Alabama national bank of Eufaula since its establishment. In 1896 he was elected to the legislature and in 1901 was a member of the constitutional convention. His military record is highly creditable, being a member of the Eufaula light artillery, which brilliantly distinguished itself during the War of Secession. He enlisted in the early fall of 1863 and served throughout the remaining years of the struggle, participating in all the campaigns from Dalton to Atlanta. He was also in all the battles of Gen. Hood's Tennessee campaign. He is a Democrat, and was chairman of the Executive committee of that party in Barbour County for a number of years, and also member of the Democratic State executive committee for five years; delegate from the 3rd Congressional District to the national democratic convention which met in Chicago and nominated President Cleveland for the second time; delegate from the state-at-large to the Democratic National Convention which met at Kansas City and nominated William J. Bryan for the second time as standard bearer of the party for the office of president of the U. S. He is an Episcopalian and a Mason. Married: September 12, 1876, at Eufaula, to Tade Sims, daughter of William Hordley and Mary (Bullock) Bray

of that place. Children: 1. Elizabeth Aiken, m. John C. McRea; 2. Mary Bray, m. A. M. Brown; 3. Tade, m. R. Buford Harrison; 4. Allen Kent; 5. William Hordley; 6. Eliza Starr; 7. Theresa Hunter, all resided in Eufaula. Residence: Eufaula.

MERRILL, ALLEN KENT, lawyer, was born March 26, 1885, at Eufaula, Barbour County; son of Allen Hunter and Tade Sims (Bray) Merrill (q. v.), of Eufaula, the former a lawyer and a banker; grandson of Allen Kent and Elizabeth (Hunter) Merrill, and of William Hordley and Mary (Sims) Bray, all of Eufaula; great-grandson of Gen. John L. Hunter, of Barbour County. He attended the public schools of Eufaula, and was graduated from the University of Alabama, A. B., 1905, and LL. B., 1907. He was admitted to the bar at Eufaula, 1907; and represented Barbour County in the State legislature, 1911. He is a Democrat; an Episcopalian; a Mason; and an Elk. Residence: Eufaula.

MERRILL, HUGH DAVIS, lawyer, was born December 20, 1877, at Franklin, Heard County, Ga.; brother of Walter Benjamin Merrill (q. v.). He received his education in the public schools of Franklin, Ga., and of Edwardsville, and at Oxford college, graduating from there, A. B., 1896. He was graduated from the law department of the University of Alabama, LL. B., 1897, and soon afterward began the practice of law with his father at Edwardsville. In 1902, he moved to Anniston, and became a member of the firm of Knox, Acker & Blackmon; moved to Heflin in 1908 and became a partner with his brother, W. B. Merrill. He was a member of the State legislature of 1900-1901; was city attorney of Anniston, 1906-1908; was appointed judge of the seventh judicial circuit to succeed Judge John Pelham, March 11, 1911; was nominated to succeed himself, and was elected without opposition in the general election of November, 1912. After his re-election, he moved to Anniston. He is a Democrat; a Baptist; a Shriner; an Elk; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: December 27, 1906, at DeArmanville, to Martha Chitwood, daughter of J. W. and Georgia Chitwood, of that place. Children: 1. Ralph. Residence: Anniston.

MERRILL, J. B., lawyer, was born November 12, 1843, in Carroll County, Ga.; son of Joseph B. and Susan (Lamberth) Merrill, natives of Georgia; grandson of Joseph and Maria (Bell) Merrill, natives of South Carolina, the former one of the pioneer settlers of Forsyth County, Ga., and of John and Permelia (Garrison) Lamberth, pioneer settlers of Tallapoosa County, the former of whom served as tax collector of that county for many years. Mr. Merrill was reared on the farm and attended the common schools of the county, entering Irwin college, Tennessee, in 1860. At the outbreak of the War of Secession, he, with about sixty other students, left the college, and entered Co. A, Capt. John B. Wilcoxon's battalion, Phillips' legion, May, 1861. He served as a private until 1862, was then elected second lieutenant, a year later first lieutenant, and eight months later was promoted to captain. He was with the

legion in its first campaigning in West Virginia, and subsequently on the Georgia coast while Gen. Lee was in command of that department. Returning to Virginia when Gen. Lee did, he was immediately transferred to the cavalry under Gen. J. E. B. Stuart, and after participating in the battles of the Wilderness, Jack's Shop, Yellow Tavern and Gettysburg, the seven days' fight before Richmond, and other engagements in Virginia, he went with Wade Hampton to the Carolinas and took part in the last campaign against Sherman, including the battle of Bentonville, N. C. He was paroled at Lexington, N. C., in the spring of 1865. Returning to Georgia, he farmed for some years, reading law in the meantime. He was admitted to the bar in 1872 and began to practice law in Carroll County, Ga. In 1886, he moved to Edwardsville to look after his large interests in mineral lands in Alabama, and continued the practice of his profession in that place. He was elected mayor of Edwardsville four times. He is a Mason. Married: in 1867, to Mary E. Faver, a Georgian, daughter of Sanders and Caroline (Davis) Faver, both of French descent. Children: 1. Walter B. (q. v.); 2. Rose, m. John W. Abercrombie (q. v.); 3. Hugh (q. v.); 4. Myrtle; 5. Clyde. Residence: Edwardsville.

MERRILL, WALTER BENJAMIN, lawyer, was born April 5, 1873, at Franklin, Ga.; son of James Benjamin and Mary Elizabeth (Faver) Merrill (q. v.), the former a native of Carroll County, Ga., who lived at Franklin, Ga., and moved from that place to Edwardsville, was a captain of John B. Wilcoxon's battalion, Phillips legion, C. S. Army, served as mayor of Edwardsville for four years, and practiced law from 1872-1904; grandson of Joseph B. and Susan (Lamberth) Merrill, and of Sanders Walker and Caroline (Davis) Faver, all of Georgia. Mr. Merrill is a brother of Hugh Davis Merrill (q. v.). He received his early schooling at Franklin, Ga., and at Edwardsville; and attended Oxford college, from which institution he was graduated, A. B., 1891. He was admitted to the bar in November, 1892, and immediately became a member of the firm of Merrill & Bridges, in which association he continued until 1894 when he was appointed solicitor of the county court of Cleburne County by Gov. Johnston. He was mayor of Edwardsville, one year; solicitor of the county court, ten years; a member of the school board of Heflin, four years; and a State senator from the thirty-fourth senatorial district in 1911. He is a Democrat, serving since 1898 as chairman of the Democratic executive committee of Cleburne County, and as alternate delegate to the National Democratic convention in 1894; is a Baptist; a Royal Arch Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: (1) December 23, 1894, at Edwardsville, to Viola Abercrombie, deceased, daughter of Henry M. and Sarah A. Abercrombie; (2) February 17, 1904, to Lilla Jones, daughter of James W. and Mary F. Jones, of Jones' Mill, Monroe County, a representative from Monroe County in the State legislature, 1911. Children, by first marriage: 1. John Dodsden; 2.

Gladys; 3. Pearl; by second marriage: 4. Cecil, deceased; 5. Evelyn; 6. Pelham Jones; 7. Clyde Louise. Residence: Heflin.

MERRITT, FISHER HARRISON, cotton merchant, was born in 1840, in Todd County, Ky.; son of Daniel R. and Penelope (Hannum) Merritt, the former a native of Tennessee, of English ancestry, who moved to Kentucky when a young man, and farmed there until his death in 1887, the latter a native of Kentucky, of Scotch-Irish descent, who died in 1889. He obtained his early education from a school in Allensville, Ky., and was a student at Cumberland college, Lebanon, Tenn., when the War of Secession began. Leaving college in the spring of 1861, he returned to Kentucky, and entered the service of the state, enlisting in an independent company of infantry commanded by Capt. James Childress, which was organized in Todd County, Ky., in order to protect the state from invasion by either the Confederate or Union troops. Soon after, he and his two brothers went to Lynchburg, Va., and enlisted in the C. S. Army. They served with Co. K, First Kentucky regiment for twelve months, then joined a cavalry company, commanded by Capt. Dorch, of which Mr. Merritt became Lieutenant. He was wounded at Buffington's Island, while trying to recross the Ohio River, was captured and taken to Johnson's Island, where he was held prisoner until the end of the war. After his release, he returned to Todd County, Ky., and farmed for two years. He came to Alabama in 1867, located in Lowndes County, and engaged in planting there and in Montgomery County until 1882. At that time, he went to Montgomery and entered the cotton business, in which he is engaged at this time. He is a Methodist and a Knight of Honor. Married: (1) in 1867, to Lucy Grattan, who died in 1876, daughter of Dr. John Grattan, of Columbus, Miss.; (2) in 1878, to Fannie Grattan, deceased, sister of his first wife. Residence: Montgomery.

MERRITT, HENRY PAUL, lawyer, planter, legislator and jurist, was born June 7, 1873, near Old Spring Hill, Barbour County; son of Mickleberry Clinch and Margaret Elizabeth (Owens) Merritt, the former a native of Henry County, Ga., but removed later to Barbour County, soldier of the Confederate Army, serving for two years; grandson of Henry Clinton and Jackie (Green) Merritt, who lived in Greene County, Ga., and of William Howard and Margaret Elizabeth (Owens) Owens of Palmyra, Ga., who afterwards removed to Texas. Judge Merritt was educated in the common schools of Barbour and Bullock Counties, and at the Southern university, Greensboro, attending the latter institution, 1890-91. He studied law at the University of Virginia and was admitted to the bar, November 30, 1893, but did not actively enter the practice until 1896, when he located at Tuskegee, where he has since resided. He served in the Alabama State senate from the twenty-sixth district, 1907; in the house of representatives, 1911, 1915, and 1919, and was speaker of that body during the latter year. He was a member of

the joint committee on the Code of Alabama, 1907; appointed judge of the court of appeals, November, 1919, by Gov. Thomas E. Kilby, and elected to succeed himself in that position, 1920. He has been a trustee of the Alabama schools for the deaf and blind. While speaker of the house of representatives, 1919, he introduced and passed an act creating the Alabama memorial commission, to erect a memorial to Alabama and Alabamians in the European War. He registered for military duty during the European War but his class had not been called when the war ended. Married: November 14, 1894, in Marion, to Annie Seay, daughter of William H. and Martha (Toland) King, who lived at that place. Children: 1. William King, captain Co. K, 328th infantry, American Expeditionary Forces, wounded three times in the Argonne; 2. Marvin, in Camp Hancock, Augusta, Ga., and ready for overseas service when the armistice was declared; 3. Paul, in Camp Greenleaf, Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., also ready for overseas duty when the war ended; 4 and 5. Evelyn and Elizabeth, twin daughters. Residence: Tuskegee.

MESSENGER, ASA, editor, was born in Connecticut, removed to Delaware, Ohio; and from thence to Tuscumbia, where among other enterprises he founded and edited "The North Alabamian." He was opposed to secession and advocated through his paper the cause of the union until compelled by public pressure to suspend publication during the years of the war. Although in faith strongly union he was loyal to his adopted State. The slaves that he owned remained with him until freed by emancipation. He had accumulated a comfortable property in land and real estate in Tuscumbia and Franklin County and his mountain home reflected in the orchards, vineyards and fields surrounding it, the intelligent and progressive agriculturist. Married: (1) Ann Allen, (2) Miss Lighfoot. Children: by first wife, 1. North Allen (q. v.), m. Lillian Rozell (q. v.); by second wife, 2. Asa, who died after the War of Secession from the effect of wounds received in Confederate service, m. Emma _____ of Denison, Texas. Last residence: Tuscumbia.

MESSENGER, LILLIAN ROZELL, author, was born in 1844, near Milburn, Ballard County, Ky.; daughter of Dr. Francis Overton and Caroline (Cole) Rozell, natives of Virginia, the former a descendant of John Laurence Rozell, a gifted physician. The paternal grandfather came to America from Nice, France, during the Napoleonic war, and settled in Virginia. The Cole family was of English ancestry. Her childhood was passed amidst pastoral scenes, an advantage that has continued to reflect itself in her literary work. Careful preparatory training fitted her at an early age for college and before she was sixteen she had almost completed her academic work at Forest Hill institute, near Memphis, Tenn. She there acquired a technical knowledge of music and art, and later developed unusual powers as a dramatic reader. Called home from college by her father's death she removed to Arkansas and soon thereafter became the girl-bride of

the young husband whose death four years later left her a widow before she had reached her twenty-first birthday. For four years she resided at Tuscumbia, devoting her life to rearing the child of this union and to an active literary career. After her husband's death she removed to Arkansas, 1868, and was the first woman elected to membership in the State press association. Later she removed to Washington, D. C., where for more than thirty years she has been engaged in general literary work. She was one of the charter members of the Daughters of the American Revolution, and belongs to other patriotic and literary organizations. Author: while still a school girl she began her literary career, being encouraged and introduced by such eminent men as M. C. Galloway, Solon Borland, and Geo. D. Prentice. She first wrote under the pen name of "Zena Clifton," but gaining confidence by general approval she began writing under her own signature. Among her first acknowledged poems were those later brought out in a volume entitled, "Threads of fate," 1872. Other volumes are "Fragments from an old inn," 1885; "The Vision of gold," 1886; "The Southern cross," 1891; "Columbus," read by Governor Hoyt of Wyoming at the patriotic celebration in the woman's building at the Chicago world's fair, 1893. "In the heart of America," was read at the Atlanta exposition. Married: in 1861, in Pine Bluff, Ark., to North Allen Messenger (q. v.). Children: 1. North Overton, journalist, Washington, D. C. Residence: Washington, D. C.

MESSENGER, NORTH ALLEN, editor, was born March 22, 1839, in Tuscumbia, and died in 1866 at that place; son of Asa and Ann (Allen) Messenger (q. v.). He received a good education in his native town and at the age of twenty-one assumed the editorship of the "North Alabamian" founded and edited by his father prior to that time. Married: in 1861, in Pine Bluff, Ark., to Lillian Rozell (q. v.). Children: 1. North Overton, journalist, Washington, D. C. Last residence: Tuscumbia.

MESSICK, JOHN FREDERICK, professor of mathematics at the Alabama polytechnic institute, Auburn, 1910-1913. He held A. A. and Ph. D. degrees.

MESSING, A. J., Jewish rabbi, a native of Bloomington, Ill., for several years a resident of Montgomery, rabbi, Temple Beth Or.

METCALF, HAMILTON BONNER, druggist, was born December 24, 1836, in Greensboro, Ga.; son of Eliphelet H. and Mary Jones (Bonner) Metcalf, the former a native of Northumberland, N. Y., born in 1809 and settled in Montgomery in 1852, a mail contractor, carrying the mails over the red stage-coach lines throughout the south; grandson of William Metcalf who was born in Connecticut in 1776, and of Hamilton Bonner of Hancock County, Ga.; great-grandson of Eliphelet Metcalf, who was born in Connecticut, 1748, and died in 1834. The emigrant ancestor was Michael Metcalf, a native of Tatterford, Norfolk County, England, born 1536, and settled first in Ded-



JOHN P. TILLMAN

ham, Mass., where he was among those who built the first church at that place. Mr. Metcalf was educated at the Troy conference academy, West Poughkeepsie, Va., and at Nourse's high school, Washington, D. C. He entered the drug business in Washington, after leaving school, and in 1857 removed to Montgomery where he became a drug clerk. In 1862 he formed a partnership with Dr. George Pollard and ten years later purchased the interest of his associate after which he conducted a drug store in his own name for more than a quarter of a century. He served two years as alderman of Montgomery. Married: in 1867, at Cross Keys, to Anna P., daughter of Maj. W. J. Howard. Children: 1. Mary Louise; 2. Howard; 3. Claudia; 4. Anna; 5. Eugenia Woodruff. Residence: Montgomery.

METCALF, JOHN MILTON PUTNAM, Congregational minister, teacher, was born October 28, 1864, at Elyria, O.; son of Isaac Stevens and Antoinette Brigham (Putnam) Metcalf, the former a native of Royalston, Franklin County, Mass., who was graduated from Bowdoin college. 1847, became a civil engineer and as such built the second division of the Illinois Central Railway, was colonel of the local volunteer militia during the War of Secession, served as justice of the peace of Elyria, and as a member of the board of education; grandson of Isaac and Anna Mayo Stevens (Rich) Metcalf, who lived at Royalston, Mass., the former a native of that place, and a teacher in the public schools, the latter a native of Warwick, Mass., and of Rev. John Milton and Arethusa (Brigham) Putnam, who lived at Dunbarton, N. H.; great-grandson of Peletiah and Lydia (Estey) Metcalf, the former born June 24, 1744, at Wrentham, Mass., the latter of Thompson, Conn.; great-great-grandson of Peletiah and Hepzibah (Mann) Metcalf, of Wrentham, Mass.; great-great-great-grandson of Michael and Abigail (Colburn) Metcalf, of Wrentham, Mass.; great-great-great-great-grandson of Eleasar and Meletia (Fisher) Metcalf, of Wrentham, Mass.; great-great-great-great-great-grandson of Michael and Mary (Fairbanks) Metcalf, the former born August 29, 1620, at St. Benedicts, England, who settled in Dedham, Mass., May 13, 1642; great-great-great-great-great-great-grandson of Michael and Sarah (Elwyn) Metcalf, who were married October 13, 1616, at Hingham, England, and came to America, April 15, 1637, settling in Dedham, Mass., the former who became a selectman of Dedham, Mass., a native of Patterford, England, born June 15, 1587, son of Rev. Leonard Metcalf of that place.

Mr. Metcalf attended high school at Elyria, O., and was graduated from Oberlin college, A. B., 1885, and A. M., 1890. The degree of D. D. was conferred upon him by Oberlin college in 1910. He spent two years in Oberlin theological seminary, and one year in Union theological seminary, graduating from the latter institution in 1888. He was a student at the University of Berlin, Germany, 1893-1896. Dr. Metcalf was ordained to the Congregational ministry at St. Louis, Mo., in September, 1888, and served as pastor of the Peoples tabernacle congregational church, at St. Louis,

1888-1890. He was head of the English course and professor of the English Bible, at Oberlin theological seminary, 1890-1893; and became affiliated with Talladega college (Negro), in 1896, serving as professor of theology, 1896-1904, as dean, 1904-1907, acting president, 1907-1909, and has held the presidency since 1909. He is translator of Hugo Winckler's "Tel-El-Amarna Tablets," from the German, 1896; is independent in politics; and is a member of the examining board of the First Congregational church, at Talladega. Married: September 12, 1888, in Bellville, O., to Caroline Phebe Post, daughter of Franklin and Elizabeth (Olin) Post, who lived at Wallingford, Vt.; granddaughter of Gaylord Post, who married a Miss Meacham. Children: 1. Franklin Post, b. June 10, 1892, at Oberlin, O.; 2. Robert Wilder, b. June 22, 1899, at Talladega. Residence: Talladega.

METCALF, WILLIAM, member of the constitutional convention of 1819, from Franklin County.

METCALFE, LEE S., farmer, was born November 9, 1862, in Lamar County; son of Wiley S. and Virginia E. (Bradley) Metcalfe, of Alabama and Virginia; grandson of James and Elizabeth (Bankhead) Metcalfe, natives respectively of North Carolina and Tennessee, and of William R. and Ellen S. (Covington) Bradley, of Virginia. He was educated in Lamar County and began farming at an early age, a calling he still follows and was sheriff of Lamar County, 1888-1892. He is a Methodist. Married: in 1889, Jola Guin, daughter of Jason Guin. Children: 1. Wiley L.; 2. Jason S. Residence: Sulligent.

MEYER, EMIL JOSEPH, general agent, Massachusetts mutual life insurance company, was born December 21, 1857, at Charleston, Charleston County, S. C.; son of Emil Joseph and Emily Fredericka (Oppenheim) Meyer, also of Charleston; grandson of Joseph and Julia Meyer, of Belefelt, Prussia, and of Hertz W. and Catherine Oppenheim, the former a native of Hanover, Germany, and connected with the banking house of Oppenheim in which Meyer Anselm Rothschild, founder of the house of Rothschild, was at one time a clerk. Heinrich Heine, the great German author, was related to the Oppenheim house. Leopold Zunz, professor of Hebrew literature at the University of Cologne was a great uncle of the subject of this sketch, being brother to his paternal grandmother. Hertz Wolf Oppenheim had six sons, five of whom served in the Confederate Army. Mr. Meyer was educated in the private school of Dr. Henry S. Chapin of New York and attended the University of New York City through the junior course. He has been the general agent for the Massachusetts mutual life insurance company in Alabama since October 1, 1904; was elected alderman of Montgomery, 1895-99; member of the board of education of that city since 1899 and is now filling his fourth term of five years each; chairman board of equalization of Montgomery County, 1916. He is a

Democrat, Mason, Knight of Pythias, Shriner, and a Jew. Married: May 3, 1883, at Atlanta, Ga., to Eda, daughter of Isaac and Emma (Steinback) Hirschfeld, of Memphis, Tenn. Children: 1. Tilla, m. Ben Friedman, Eufaula; 2. Emily; 3. Emil Joseph Jr., m. Miriam Blumenseld; 4. Edith Lucile. Residence: Montgomery.

MICHAEL, JACOB G., physician, was born February 21, 1840, near Spring Hill, Mobile County; son of George and Mary Catherine (Breitling) Michael, who lived near Spring Hill, 1833-1840, then moved to Demopolis; grandson of George and Eva (Mather) Michael, who owned extensive vineyards at Wineberg, near Strasburg, Germany, on the River Rhine, and, objecting to compulsory military duty for their sons, sold their possessions and came to America about 1833, and lived near Spring Hill and at Demopolis, and of Jacob and Catherine Breitling, the former a land-owner near Stuttgart, kingdom of Wurtemberg, Germany, who was induced to come to America by his brother, Gottlieb Breitling, of Demopolis, and settled on a farm about four miles south of Demopolis. He was educated in private schools at Demopolis; at Green Springs, under Prof. Henry Tutwiler, 1853-1854; and attended the Georgia military institute at Marietta, Ga., 1857-1858. He read medicine with Dr. Ashe and Dr. Ruffin in Demopolis, 1858; attended the medical department of the University of Louisiana, at New Orleans, 1858-1859; a summer course in Philadelphia, 1859; was a student at the Jefferson medical college at the time of the John Brown raid, and, with about six hundred southern medical students, left the school in January, 1860, and finished his course at the Medical college of Virginia, at Richmond, from which he was graduated, M. D., 1860. From the time of his graduation until January, 1861, he was engaged as surgeon's aid in the marine hospital at Mobile, and as a member of the Mobile rifles, took part in the capture of the Mount Vernon arsenal. Under the Confederate government, he was appointed post surgeon at the arsenal, in which capacity he was employed until the fall of 1864. Subsequently he did special service at Mobile and at Spanish Fort and Blakely until the evacuation of the city, after which he was surrendered and paroled at Meridian, Miss., under the capitulation of Gen. Richard Taylor. He practiced medicine at Mount Vernon for a year following the war, and in 1866, moved to Belmont, Sumter County, where he continued his practice. In February, 1877, he went to Citronelle and established the Hygeia hotel and sanatorium, which he conducted in connection with his profession, until he retired from the practice in 1890. He served as mayor of Citronelle for two years after its incorporation, and after the expiration of his term as mayor, was a member of the town council for several terms. Because of his part in establishing the school system of the city, he was made an honorary member for life of the board of trustees. He is a Democrat, a Protestant Episcopalian, and a Royal Arch Mason. Married: April 29, 1862, to Margaret Ann Simison, daughter of Maj.

Boyd Denny and Martha Taylor (Barnett) Simison, of Mount Vernon, the former a native of Carlisle, Pa., who contracted for most of the building material used in the construction of the Mount Vernon arsenal, the latter a member of an old Georgia family. Children: 1. George Boyd, a graduate of the University of Alabama, B. E., and C. E., 1890, land agent for the M. & O. Railroad, m. May 31, 1893, at Belleville, Ill., to Elsie Scheel, Meridian, Miss.; 2. Minnie Josephine, Mobile; 3. John Raff, deceased, mayor of Citronelle, 1895-1896, secretary of Hygeia Hotel & Improvement Company, book-keeper of "Pride of the West Mine," Washington, Ariz.; 4. Murray Simison, Beaumont, Tex.; 5. Ida Bolivia, m. C. W. Hempstead, Mobile; 6. Marie Catherine, Mobile, m. F. C. Marsh of Franklin, La., deceased; 7. Ruffin Bailey, Mobile. Residence: Mobile.

MICHEL, RICHARD FRASER, physician, was born February 15, 1827, at Charleston, S. C., and died April 4, 1907, at Montgomery; son of William Daniel and Eugenia Ash (Fraser) Michel, of Charleston, S. C., the former a native of that place, a physician, editor of the "Carolina Journal of Medicine, Science and Agriculture," who was given a medal by the decree of Napoleon Bonaparte, having served in his army; grandson of Richard and Rebecca Ann Eugenia (Ash) Fraser, of Charleston, S. C. He received his early schooling in the academy of Alexander Springs, Charleston, S. C., from which he was graduated in 1844; studied medicine in Philadelphia, Pa., 1845-1846; and was graduated from the medical college at Charleston, S. C., 1847. He began the practice of medicine at that place immediately after graduation, and was elected professor of materia medica, Charleston medical institute, 1848, holding that position until 1860. In December of the latter year, he entered the C. S. Army, in Fort Moultrie, Charleston Harbor, as a surgeon with Gen. Evans' brigade, and remained in the service until the surrender of Lee, 1865. After the war, he located at Montgomery, and practiced medicine in that city until his death. He was appointed surgeon general of the State of Alabama on Gov. O'Neal's staff, 1863, and held the position for fifteen years. He became a member of the board of health of Montgomery in 1869, and for some time was president of that body; was elected president of the Medical Association of the State of Alabama, 1869, and of the Medical and Surgical Society of Montgomery, 1869; was elected vice president of the American Medical Association, 1872-1873; and was orator of the state medical association in 1876, and later was grand senior counselor of the association. During his residence in South Carolina, he served as counselor of the Medical Association of the State of South Carolina, 1859-1860. He was a Democrat; a vestryman of St. John's church, at Montgomery, for thirty years, and senior warden for eleven years; was a Mason, a Knight of Pythias, an Elk, and a member of the American Legion of Honor. He was author of a "Monograph on Hemorrhagic Malarial Fever," New Orleans Journal of Medicine, October, 1869; "Pathology of Yellow

Fever," 1874; "Break Bone Fever," Southern Journal of Medical Sciences, February, 1867; "Puerperaemia," Transactions of the Medical Association of Alabama; "Anatomical and Physiological Reflections on Some Parts of the Eye," Richmond and Louisville Medical Journal, September, 1871; and other papers. Married: February 15, 1854, at Charleston, S. C., to Annie Rivers, daughter of William and Susan Rivers, of that place. Children: 1. Eugenia Fraser, d. in Charleston, S. C.; 2. Sue Fraser, m. Fred Gordan Hammond, Montgomery; 3. William Middleton, Montgomery. Last residence: Montgomery.

MICKLE, JOHN JOSEPH, planter, was born November 3, 1796, in South Carolina, and died in Lowndes County; son of John and Elizabeth (Starke) Mickle of South Carolina; grandson of Joseph and Martha (Belton) Mickle, the former of Scotch-Irish descent, having come to America from the old country, and settled in Charleston, South Carolina. Later he removed to Fairfield District; great-grandson of John and Mary (English) Belton, the latter being of Quaker Stock. John Joseph Mickle was at one time adjutant general of Alabama and was also a gallant soldier in the Mexican War. Married: about 1825, at Camden, S. C., to Rebecca Ballard Martin, of that place. Children: 1. Elizabeth Starke, m. Nathan Cook (q. v.); 2. Cornelia, m. Walter Cook; 3. Rebecca, m. John Rice; 4. Annie, m. William Bettis; 5. Belton, m. Lucy Minor; 6. John J., m. Martha Stone. Last residence: Lowndes County.

MICKLE, WILLIAM ENGLISH, adjutant general United Confederate Veterans, was born October 31, 1846, at Columbia, Richland County, S. C., and died February 18, 1920, at Mobile; son of Joseph Thomas and Nancy C. (Gandy) Mickle, the former who was born near Camden, Kershaw County, S. C., and lived at that place until he was eighteen years old, moved to Columbia, S. C., where he was married and lived twenty years as a commission merchant and owner of a line of boats between Charleston and Columbia, was director of the Bank of South Carolina, moved to Alabama in 1852 and established himself in Mobile as a commission merchant, organized the "Merchants' Guard," during the War of Secession, was made captain and served for a year in the trenches around Mobile and in guarding prisoners, resigned and returned to Camden, S. C., in 1864, served as judge of Kershaw County, S. C., for several years, and died in 1898; grandson of Maj. Joseph and Martha (Belton) Mickle, of Kershaw County, S. C.; grandson of Joseph Mickle, who settled on the Wateree River in 1753, and bought a plantation about fifteen miles from Camden, which is still in the hands of descendants, owned and operated a ferry over the Wateree River. He was educated at the Summerville institute, Noxubee County, Miss., and went from there to the front in 1864, joining the Mobile Cadets, Co. A, Third Alabama infantry, of Battle's brigade, near Winchester, Va. He was severely wounded twice at the battle of Cedar Creek, October 19, 1864; was furloughed home for three months, and rejoined

his company on crutches, February, 1865; was examined before the medical board of Rodes Division, and retired from the army for a period of nine months, during which time the war was ended. After the war he was employed in the public schools of Mobile County, and was principal of the Boys' Senior Grammar School for several years. He gave up that position to enter the book trade, and became a dealer in second-hand and out of print books in the state of Alabama, at New Orleans, La., and at Mobile. For nearly a quarter of a century, he was connected with all the prominent agricultural fairs held in the state, as secretary or as assistant secretary. He was one of the charter members of Raphael Semmes camp, United Confederate Veterans; served almost continuously as adjutant of the camp from its formation until his death; was appointed adjutant general and chief of staff of the United Confederate Veterans, with the rank of major general, by Gen. J. B. Gordon, commander-in-chief, January 19, 1903. He served as pension examiner of Alabama for several years; was an unsuccessful candidate to the State legislature at one time; compiled "Confederate Veterans, and their War Records," a book giving the records of about three thousand Confederate soldiers, with their residences; was a Democrat; and a deacon in the Presbyterian church. Married: October 8, 1867, at Mobile, to Ellie Squire Woodhull, daughter of John Foster and Sarah (Squire) Woodhull, of Mobile. Children: 1. Ellie Woodhull, deceased; 2. William English, one child, Mobile; 3. Caro, Mobile; 6. Josephine Belton, Chicago, Ill. Last residence: Mobile.

MICOU, WILLIAM HENRY, farmer and sergeant, C. S. Army, was born September 25, 1838, in Montgomery. He was reared upon the farm, and entered the Confederate Army in the Spring of 1862, as a private in Co. A, of the 1st battalion, Hilliard's legion, and subsequently was promoted to ordnance sergeant. His first service with the legion was in east Tennessee and his first great battle was Chickamauga, September 19-20, 1863, fighting with Gracie's brigade in Gen. William Preston's division. In November the legion left Missionary Ridge to accompany General Longstreet into east Tennessee, where they participated in the siege of Knoxville, and the battle of Bean's Station. The legion was then reorganized as the 59th and 60th Alabama infantry regiment. In 1863, before the regiment went into Virginia, he was transferred as a private to Co. G, 1st Alabama cavalry, then on duty in east Tennessee. With this cavalry he served under Generals Martin, Allen, and Joseph Wheeler throughout the Atlanta campaign, the raid through Tennessee, the fighting with Sherman from Atlanta to Savannah, and the final campaign in the Carolinas. Soon after the close of the war he became associated with the Tallassee manufacturing company, and later was its assistant treasurer. Married: in 1870, to Mary Phinizy, of Augusta, Ga. Children: 1. Augusta Louise. Last residence: Tallassee.

MIDDLETON, JOHN OSMOND, lawyer and legislator, was born September 25, 1882, in Montgomery County; son of William Armstrong and Catherine Hunter (Calvin) Middleton, the former a captain in the 23rd Alabama battalion, Gracie's brigade, C. S. Army; grandson of Augustus Washington and Eliza (Gause) Middleton, the former a soldier in the War of 1812, and of Col. Robert and Catherine (Hurst) Calvin. He was educated in the schools of Clanton; graduated LL. B., 1903, at University of Alabama, entered on the practice 1903, at Clanton; mayor of that place 1904; elected solicitor of Chilton County, 1905; represented Chilton County in the house of representatives of 1907. He is a Republican; a Methodist; and a member of the Sigma Alpha Epsilon college fraternity. He is unmarried. Residence: Clanton.

MILBURN, WILLIAM H., Methodist minister; pastor of the Court St. church, Montgomery, 1848-49.

MILES, GEORGE GRANBERRY, grand keeper, records and seal, Knights of Pythias, was born June 13, 1853, near Columbus, Ga., and died April 25, 1912, at Montgomery; brother of John Embry Miles (q. v.). During the War of Secession, while his father and four brothers were serving in the C. S. Army, he became the main support of the family, and could spend only his spare time in school. In the fall of 1878, he left his farm, and entered the lumber business in Montgomery. A few years later, he moved to Birmingham and conducted a mercantile business there until 1886, when he entered the real estate business. In 1891, he went to Columbus, Ga., as manager of a life insurance company, and five years later sold his business and returned to Montgomery, becoming state manager of the Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn. He held that position until 1910, then entered farm real estate business with his son George. He was a Democrat; a Baptist, was deacon and treasurer of the church, moderator of the Montgomery Baptist Association for thirteen years, president of the Baptist state board of missions for ten years, and president and chairman of the executive committee of the Alabama Sunday School Association for many years; and was grand keeper of the records and seals of the Knights of Pythias, appointed in 1903, and re-elected until he resigned. Married: February 20, 1884, in Athens to Mattie Lucy Hine, daughter of James and Elizabeth (Reedus) Hine, of that place. She was a descendant of Thomas Hine or Hinde, who was located in Milford, Conn., as early as 1638 or 1639. His sixth son, Stephen Hine was the father of Ambrose Hine. Ambrose Hine and his son Silas were both captains in the Revolutionary War, and are the ancestors of Mrs. Miles. Children: 1 and 2. boys, d. at birth; 3. Eleanor, d. at age of three weeks; 4. George Granberry, jr., b. 1888, in Decatur, resides in Toledo, O.; 5. Bessie Embry, b. 1890, m. Arthur M. Mead, Montgomery; 6. Thomas Jasper, b. 1891, Montgomery; 7. Margaret Lucile, b. 1893, Montgomery. Last residence: Montgomery.

MILES, JOHN EMBRY, lawyer, was born September 12, 1839, at Hamilton, Harris County, Ga., and died February 28, 1918, at Columbiana; son of Thomas Jasper and Elinor Minerva (Embry) Miles, who lived at Columbus, Ga., where Mrs. Miles died in 1855, the former a native of that place, who entered the ministry of the Baptist church at the age of eighteen years, and preached for more than forty years, who came to Alabama and settled at Pine Level in 1859, conducted a farm and a mercantile store in addition to his ministry, and served as a chaplain in the C. S. Army, during the War of Secession; grandson of Reuben Embry, who lived near Columbus, Ga. The American ancestor of the Miles family was one of three brothers who came over from Wales. Mr. Miles was a brother of George Granberry Miles (q. v.). He was educated in the country schools and in Cusseta, Ga. He located at Montgomery in 1858, and in May, 1861, entered the C. S. Army, as a member of the First Alabama cavalry, Clanton's brigade. He served in the army for three years, and was severely wounded and disabled for further service at the battle of Shiloh. He farmed for two years after leaving the army; entered the mercantile business at Pine Grove in 1867, and from there moved to Montgomery; gave up the mercantile business in May, 1872, and moved to Texas; studied law in Texas and was admitted to the bar in 1885; went to Birmingham in 1887, and practiced law for ten years at that place; and traveled for thirteen years in the interest of the Law Book Publishers, the Lawyers Company, the Operative Publishing Company, and the Edward Thompson Law Book Company. He was a Baptist and a Mason. Married: April 6, 1865, at China Grove, to Josephine Emma Youngblood, daughter of Dr. Oliver and Tinsy Terrell (Townsend) Youngblood, of that place; granddaughter of Col. Eli Townsend, a planter and slave-owner at China Grove. The Townsend ancestor was Lieut. John Townsend, who came to America with Lord Baltimore, and was a lieutenant in the Revolutionary Army. His home was in Townshend, England, named for his family. Children: 1. Lillian, m. Richard Francis Johnston (q. v.); 2. Oliver, m. Myra Hamner, Columbiana; 3. Fay, m. Samuel Benton, Columbiana and Birmingham, children, Samuel, jr., John Miles, Charles Henry and Fay Miles; 4. Myrtle Youngblood, "Cincinnati Times-Star," Cincinnati, O. Last residence: Columbiana.

MILFORD, WALKER WALTON, farmer, was born April 11, 1878, at Westminster, Oconee County, S. C.; son of Samuel Marshall and Mariah (Palmer) Milford of Westminster, S. C., grandson of Charles Starke and Miriam Milford, and of Thomas B. and Amanda (Palmer) Milford, all of Anderson, S. C. The Milfords are of Irish descent, coming from the north of Ireland and settling in S. C. Both grandfathers of Mr. Milford served in the C. S. Army. Mr. Milford received his education in the common schools of Anderson County, S. C., and Kansas City, Mo. He also attended Clemson college, South Carolina, and the Alabama polytechnic institute for short periods, but did not

graduate from either college. He has spent most of his life farming, coming to Walker County, from Anderson County, S. C., in December, 1902. He was elected to the legislature, from Walker County, in 1918. He is a Democrat, and a Methodist. Married: December 27, 1899, at Townville, S. C., to Ella, daughter of Peter Marshall and Sarah Whitfield, of that place. Children: 1. Roy Leslie; 2. Clara Etta; 3. Floyd S.; 4. Josephine Alberta; 5. Ella Alrena; 6. Edna; 7. Alma. Residence: Jasper.

MILFORD, LECLERC, French adventurer and author, was born about 1750, in Tiriles-Moutiers, near Mezieres, France, and died in 1817, in Mezieres. He fled from his native land after having killed a servant of the king's household in a duel. In May, 1776, he reached Coweta, on the Chattahooche River, in the midst of the Creek nation. He became acquainted with Colonel McGillivray, the great chief of the nation, accompanied him to the Hickory Ground, upon the banks of the Coosa, and thereafter made his home at McGillivray's house, at Little Talase, above Wetumpka. He was created Tustenuggee, or grand chief of war, and led Indian expeditions against the Whigs during the American Revolution. After twenty years among the Creek nation he returned to France and was made a general of brigade by Bonaparte. Author: "Memoire ou coup d'oeil rapide sur mes differens voyages et mon sejour dans la nation Creek," 1802. Married: sister of Col. Alexander McGillivray. Last residence: Mezieres, France.

MILHOUS, PHILIP, grand commander, grand commandery, Masons, 1898.

MILLARD, NATHANIEL, soldier of the American Revolution, age not disclosed; and a resident of Dallas County; private Tennessee Militia; enrolled on January 15, 1823; payment to date from Sept. 1, 1822; annual allowance, \$48; sums received to date of publication of list, \$430.31; Acts military Establishment.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

MILLER, BENJAMIN MEEK, lawyer and judge, was born March 13, 1864, at Oak Hill, Wilcox County; son of Rev. Dr. John and Sarah (Pressly) Miller (q. v.). Judge Miller was educated at Oak Hill and Camden, and was graduated from Erskine college, S. C., with the A. B. degree and class honors in 1884; graduated from the law department of the University of Alabama in 1888; and was admitted to the practice the same year. In 1904 he was elected circuit judge of the 4th judicial circuit and re-elected in 1910; member of the legislature from Wilcox County 1888-89; lieutenant in the Wilcox mounted rifles, 1887-89. He was a Democrat; a Presbyterian; Knight of Pythias and a member of the Kappa Alpha college fraternity. Married: September 21, 1892, at Birmingham, to Margaret Otis, daughter of Thomas and Nancy (Staton) Duggan of Mobile; granddaughter of John and Eliza (Dever) Staton, the former of Virginia, and of Thomas and Mary (Vernon) Duggan, natives respectively of Dublin, Ireland, and of Charleston, S. C. Chil-

dren: 1. Benjamin Meek, Jr.; 2. Margaret Otis. Residence: Camden.

MILLER, CHARLES HOUSTON, business man and State senator, was born February 22, 1857, at Allenton, Wilcox County; son of George Oliver and Susan (Trussell) Miller, the former a native of North Carolina, located as a teacher in Greenville, in the forties, removed to Allenton, Wilcox County, where he became a merchant, served in Co. I, later Co. B, 1st Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, and after the cessation of hostilities removed to Marengo County, where he died; grandson of James and Mary (Thornton) Miller, and of Mathews Trussell, the former were residents of North Carolina, the latter of near Gallion, Hale County. The Millers are of German origin, the Trussells are Scotch-Irish. He was educated in the common schools of Wilcox and Marengo Counties, and is a merchant, farmer, stock raiser, and president of the First national bank of Linden. He was a member of the board of revenue of Marengo County, 1892-1904; member of the constitutional convention of 1901 from the twentieth senatorial district, and a member of the State senate of 1911. He is a Democrat; and a Missionary Baptist. Married: (1) February 2, 1886, to Maggie Elan, daughter of Benjamin F. and Mary (Owens) Watts; (2) December 3, 1895, at Atlanta, Ga., to Mary Caroline, daughter of George W. and Peter Placida (Wright) Thomas, who lived at Stanton, Chilton County, the former served in the 4th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, the latter resides at Miller. Children: by second wife: 1. Charles Augustus; 2. Nina Placida; 3. Mary Margaratte; 4. George Washington; 5. Willie Minerva. Residence: Miller.

MILLER, EDWARD ANDREW, teacher, was born February 2, 1878, at Albertville, Marshall County; son of Thomas Jefferson and Alpha Balma (Ray) Miller, the former a farmer and business man, native of Henry County, Ga., who removed with his parents to Albertville, and in 1897 to Hungerford, Tex.; grandson of James Cicero and Martha Ann (Albert) Miller, of Albertville, the former a Confederate soldier, killed in the seven days fight around Richmond, 1862, and of Asa and Emily Jane (Richards) Ray, who lived at Geneva, Thadeus and Albertville, the former a Confederate soldier who rose to the rank of lieutenant colonel; great-grandson of Thomas Albert and of Ralph and Margaret (Gray) Ray, Scotch covenanters who settled in the northern part of South Carolina, and of Henry and Marjorie (Webster) Richards, both of English extraction and direct descendants of New England settlers. Mr. Miller received his early education at Albertville in the Seventh district agricultural school and graduated from the Alabama polytechnic institute, 1900, with the B. S. degree; graduate and assistant in department of bacteriology, 1901; received M. S. degree, 1903; began teaching in the public schools, July, 1898, as vacation work; taught in the agricultural school, Albertville, five years; president Multi district agricultural school, Blountsville, three years and later president of the Seventh district agricultural school,

Albertville. He is a Democrat; Methodist, Odd Fellow, and Knight of Pythias. Married: August 27, 1905, at Albertville, to Jessie Belle, daughter of Wiley Cunningham and Mattie Victoria (Irwin) Sims who lived successively at Dadeville, Alexander City and Albertville; granddaughter of Carroll Sims, a Confederate soldier, and of William Franklin Irwin; great-granddaughter of John Irwin. Children: 1. Grace Marjorie. Residence: Blountsville.

MILLER, EMERSON R., professor pharmaceutical chemistry, was born June 2, 1862, at Bascom, Seneca County, O.; son of George and Charity (Hook) Miller, the former born at Bascom; grandson of John and Eliza (Andres) Miller, who lived at Bascom. Prof. Miller received his early education in the public schools of Ohio, and his collegiate course in the Normal school at Lebanon, Ohio, Wittenberg college, Springfield, Ohio, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, and University of Marburg, in Hesse, Germany, and his professional education in the University of Michigan, receiving therefrom the degrees of pharmaceutical chemist, 1892, master of pharmacy, 1893, B. S., chemistry, 1894, and M. S., 1895. He was assistant in chemistry at the University of Michigan, 1894-5; professor of pharmacy, Alabama polytechnic institute, Auburn, 1895-1905; head of department of chemistry, Cuban experiment station, Santiago de Las Vegas, Cuba, 1905-6; and from this period to the present has been professor of pharmaceutical chemistry, Alabama polytechnic institute. Married: June 22, 1892, at Union City, Mich., to Mary Ada, daughter of Dana Paul and Elizabeth Tracy (Gleason) White, who lived at Keokuk, Iowa. Residence: Auburn.

MILLER, GEORGE KNOX, lawyer, judge Talladega city court, was born December 30, 1836, at Talladega, deceased; son of George and Cynthia Tennent (Hamilton) Miller, the former a native of Charleston, S. C., who lived at Pendleton, S. C., from infancy until 1833, when he with his family moved to Talladega, moved to Memphis, Tenn., in 1844, to El Dorado, Ark., in 1849, to Pendleton, S. C., in 1851, and returned to Talladega in 1855, dying there in 1873, who served with the South Carolina militia in 1832 as a nullifier, and with the Alabama militia in 1836 in removing the Creek Indians; grandson of John and Jane (Grey) Miller, who lived at Charleston and Pendleton, S. C., and of Thomas and Ann (Kennedy) Hamilton, who lived at Bullock's Creek, York County, and near Pendleton, S. C., the former a soldier under Gen. Marion in the Revolution, who fought at the battle of Cowpens and in other engagements; great-grandson of John Miller, born about 1730, in London, England, a printer, reporter and editor, who was closely associated as partner with Henry Sampson Woodfall in the publication of the "London Evening Post," an adjunct of Woodfall's "London Daily Advertiser," in which papers the celebrated "letters of Junius" were first printed, who persisted in publishing the debates, after he had been proceeded against by the court of the king's bench in 1771, and was compelled to

leave England, who came to America with his family in 1782, settled in Charleston, S. C., where he published a paper, and founded the Pendleton Messenger, which was continued for many years after his death in 1809 by his son John, great-grandson of David Hamilton, a native of County Renfrew, Scotland, of the clan Hamilton, an adherent of the Stuarts, who sought safety in the colony of Pennsylvania after the battle of Culloden Moor, settling with his family between 1745 and 1755, at what was then called Little York, who left Pennsylvania after Braddock's defeat in 1755, and settled on Blood River, S. C., and of William and Mary Ann (Brandon) Kennedy, the latter a sister of Gen. Thomas Brandon of Revolutionary fame.

Capt. Miller was educated in schools at Talladega; Memphis, Tenn.; El Dorado, Ark.; at the Baptist male college in Talladega; was graduated from the classical course of the University of Virginia; and was attending the law course at that institution at the outbreak of the War of Secession. He left school and joined the C. S. Army, April, 1861, enlisting in Capt. A. W. Bowlin's company of cavalry, Alabama national guard. He was mustered into the C. S. Army in August, 1861, and assigned to Co. A, Brewer's cavalry battalion, under Gen. Polk. He received successive promotions, until he became captain of the company, August 13, 1862, and served in that capacity throughout the war. He spent the first year following the war on a farm in South Carolina, and in the summer of 1866, began to practice law in Talladega County, having been admitted to the bar in that county in May, 1861. He was appointed register in chancery for the district composed of Talladega and Clay Counties, 1868; resigned the chancellorship in 1884, to accept the appointment as judge of probate for Talladega County; held the latter position until 1898, when he became judge of the city court of Talladega. He served as mayor of Talladega from 1874 to 1884, with the exception of one two-year term, and was editor of the "Mountain Home," 1881-1884. He was a Democrat, a Presbyterian, a Mason and a Knight of Honor. Married: December 31, 1863, at Atlanta, Ga., to Celestine McConn, daughter of Thomas Hampton and Narcissa (Walker) McConn, of Equality, Anderson County, S. C., the former a native of that place; granddaughter of Robert and Jane (Hamilton) McConn, the former a native of County Cork, Ireland, the latter a sister of Thomas Hamilton, Mr. Miller's grandfather, and of William and Jane (Leman) Walker. Children: 1. Rosa, b. August 2, 1866, m. Judge Samuel Earle Greene (q. v.); 2. Jessie, b. February 11, 1869, m. Thomas L. Welch, of Talladega County; 3. Hampton Knox, b. July 30, 1871, B. S., 1893, M. S., 1894, Alabama polytechnic institute, assistant in chemistry at that institution, 1893-1894, at the Agriculture and mechanical college, of Florida, at Lake City, 1894-1896, assistant chemist, North Carolina experiment station, 1896-1899, chemist, University of Florida and experiment station, Lake City, 1898-1904, since 1904 with Summit nurseries, Monticello, Fla., m. Margaret Burt of Talladega County; 4. Celeste, b. July 21, 1876, m. William C. McMillan of Talladega County;



WILLIAM P. LAY

5. Zemulah Walker, b. October 23, 1879, m. James C. Burt of Talladega. Last residence: Talladega.

MILLER, JAMES MATTHEW, lawyer, was born at Allenton, Wilcox County, son of G. O. and Susan C. (Trussel) Miller, who lived at that place. He received his early education in the old field schools and was graduated from Southern university. He studied law and was admitted to the bar September 25, 1889. He practiced law at Linden, and before the supreme court of Alabama, and edited the Marengo "Democrat," 1892-1896. He was elected to the State legislature, 1898-1899; and was elected solicitor of Marengo County, November 3, 1898. He was a Populist until 1896, and since that time has been a Democrat; and is a Baptist. Married: November 9, 1898, at Jefferson, to Jennie Compton Allen. Residence: Linden.

MILLER, JOHN, Presbyterian minister and college president, was born June 24, 1825, in York District, S. C., and died June 3, 1878, at Oak Hill, Wilcox County; son of Joseph and Nancy Barnette (Neely) Miller, grandson of Samuel and Elizabeth (Neely) Miller of Scotch stock who emigrated from North Ireland to South Carolina near the beginning of the American Revolution and settled in the vicinity of the historic town of Yorkville. He was a graduate of Erskine college, Due West, S. C., and in 1857 was elected president of that institution, an honor which he declined, however not to his prejudice, for later his alma mater conferred upon him the honorary degree of D. D. He removed to Alabama in 1846 to assume the pastorate of the Reformed Presbyterian church at Oak Hill, a position which he held for thirty-one years; president Wilcox female college, 1867-72; chaplain Wilcox True Blues, during the War of Secession. Married: Sarah, daughter of Dr. Samuel and Elizabeth (Hearst) Pressly, who, prior to 1836, resided at Cedar Springs, Abbeville County, S. C., whence they removed to Wilcox County; granddaughter of David and Jane (Patterson) Pressly, and of Joseph and Jane Hearst of Abbeville. The Presslys are of English origin. Children: 1. Joseph Neely; 2. Mrs. Barnette Payne, Gadsden; 3. 4. (twins) John Hearst and Sallie, married ——— Brice, Chester, S. C.; 5. Janie Dale; 6. James Pressly, merchant, Camden; 7. Benjamin Meek (q. v.); 8. Davis Pressly, merchant, Camden. Last residence: Oak Hill, Wilcox County.

MILLER, JOHN, lawyer, was born October 1, 1882, at Camden, Wilcox County; son of Joseph Neely and Minnie Frances (Bonner) Miller, both of Oak Hill in the same county, the former who was U. S. district attorney from 1893-97, and was a member of the constitutional convention in 1901; grandson of Rev. John and Sarah (Pressly) Miller and of Dr. Joseph Hearst Bonner, all of Oak Hill. His grandparents were from South Carolina originally, being Scotch-Irish Presbyterians. Mr. Miller received his early education at Camden; was graduated at Erskine college, South Carolina, A. B., 1903, and studied law at the Uni-

versity of Alabama, 1909-10. He passed the State bar examination in March, 1911; became county solicitor of Wilcox County, January, 1917; and was elected to the State senate from the twenty-second district in 1919. He is a Democrat, a Presbyterian, a Mason, a Knight of Pythias. Married: November 28, 1911, at Furman, to Clyde Purifoy, daughter of W. Scott and Mary (Loeb) Purifoy, of that place. Children: 1. Minnie Loeb. Residence: Camden.

MILLER, JOHN HEARST, lawyer and judge, was born August 1, 1858, at Oak Hill, Wilcox County, and died January 2, 1919, in Birmingham; son of Rev. Dr. John and Sarah (Pressly) Miller (q. v.). Judge Miller was educated in the public schools of his native county and at Erskine college, S. C., where he graduated in 1880, second in his class, being awarded medals for debating, essay writing and proficiency in mathematics, serving as teacher of the latter subject at that college, 1882-88, and in 1895 receiving from it the honorary degree of A. M. He studied law at the University of Virginia and later took a special course at Johns Hopkins university. He returned to Alabama in 1888, and located in Birmingham where he entered upon the practice of the law. He served as city recorder, 1891-92; special judge circuit court of Jefferson County under gubernatorial appointment, 1907; elected November, 1912, judge of the city court of Birmingham for a term of six years, an office abolished by the legislature of 1915; elected one of the judges of the 10th judicial circuit. He was a director in the Traders national bank; member board of directors Homestead trust company and the Southern indemnity company. He was a Democrat and a Presbyterian. Married: June 10, 1896, in Birmingham, Eugenia, daughter of C. W. and Margaret A. Alexander of that city. Mrs. Miller died in March, 1899. Children: 1. Pressly Alexander, died young. Last residence: Birmingham.

MILLER, JOSEPH NEELY, lawyer, member Alabama constitutional convention of 1901, was born July 14, 1849, at Oak Hill, Wilcox County, and died in 1910; son of Rev. Dr. John and Sarah (Pressly) Miller (q. v.). He was educated in his home community and prepared for college, entering the University of Alabama in 1864. Later he attended Erskine college, Due West, S. C., from which he graduated with the degree of A. B., 1869, and was invited by his alma mater to be anniversary orator in 1881 and again in 1892 when he delivered the address at the semi-centennial of the Philomathean literary society; received the honorary degree of M. A., and was a trustee Erskine college. He read law under Gen. El. W. Pettus of Selma and Judge S. C. Cochran of Camden, and was admitted to the bar in 1873, beginning the practice in Camden. He was U. S. district attorney for the southern district with headquarters in Mobile, 1893-97. He was a Democrat; and a member of the Alabama constitutional convention 1901. He was a Knight of Pythias and for many years an elder in the Associate Reformed Presbyterian church at Camden and in 1913 was a delegate to the Centennial Synod

of the church at Winnsboro, S. C.; delegate to the Pan Presbyterian council held in Liverpool, England, June, 1904. Married: (1) September 6, 1877, to Minnie Lee, daughter of Dr. Joseph H. and Sarah (Young) Bonner, of Wilcox County; (2) July 28, 1898, to Lena, daughter of Dr. Joseph and Elizabeth (Acre) Tucker of Mobile; (3) November 6, 1901, to Nellie Tucker, sister of his second wife. Children, by first wife: 1. Joseph B., lawyer, deceased; 2. twin of Joseph B., d. in infancy; 3. Sarah P., m. John M. Bonner, Camden; 4. John, m. Clyde Purifoy, Camden; 5. Minnie M., m. Dr. J. Heustis Jones, Camden; 6. Annie B.; 7. Joseph N., d. young; 8. Elizabeth H., d. young; by third wife: 9. Lina T.; 10. Elizabeth H.; 11. James Pressaly. Last residence: Camden.

MILLER, LAWRENCE DEAN, teacher, author, was born February 3, 1850, at Pine Grove, Spartanburg County, S. C.; son of Gen. Joel W. and Elvira (Orr) Miller, the former who was born on Tiger River, Spartanburg County, S. C., served as brigadier general in the South Carolina state cavalry, 1845-1850, as a member of the house of representatives, 1854-1860, and of the State senate at the close of the War of Secession, the latter a sister of Gov. James L. Orr of South Carolina, who was speaker of the lower house in congress, 1856-1858, and of Judge J. A. Orr of Columbus, Miss., a member of the Confederate congress, and of Dr. H. C. Orr, of Mississippi, a surgeon in the C. S. Army; grandson of Samuel and Cassandra (Dean) Miller, the former a sheriff of Spartanburg District, S. C., who fought in the Revolutionary Army, and of Christopher and Martha (McCann) Orr, formerly of Anderson, S. C., who moved to Pontotoc County, Miss., in 1844; great-grandson of Col. Orr and Capt. McCann, members of a Pennsylvania regiment of cavalry in the Revolutionary Army, who moved south before the end of the eighteenth century, of Mr. Dean who served in the Revolution, and of Mr. Miller, also a soldier in the Revolutionary Army, who was killed by Indians and Tories in 1785. Mr. Miller was prepared for college in the Reidville male high school, South Carolina, and attended Wofford college for a year. He was elected assistant principal of the Reidville male high school, and while holding that position, completed his college course. He taught for three years in South Carolina, moved to Alabama in 1872, and spent five years as principal of the Alexandria high school. He has conducted a large farm in Calhoun County, since his removal to Alabama; has served as superintendent of education of Calhoun County for six years; has been president of two county fairs, master of the county grange, and president of the county alliance; is a Democrat and a Presbyterian. He is author of "Miller's History of Alabama," written in 1899-1900, which has been largely adopted as a text-book in the state. Married: (1) October 22, 1871, to Mattie Crook, a graduate of Judson Institute, who died January 3, 1884, daughter of Col. John M. and Margaret (Miller) Crook, who lived at Alexandria; (2) to Lizzie Vernon, who died September 11, 1908, daughter of Maj. Frank and Letitia Vernon, of Spartanburg, S. C. Children, by

first marriage: 1. Martin Crook, b. September 10, 1872, d. 1873; by second marriage: 2. Frank Vernon, d. young; 3. Lettie, d. young. Residence: Jacksonville.

MILLER, LEONARD, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 80, and a resident of Jefferson County; private N. C. Continental Line; enrolled on September 26, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$20; sums received to date of publication of list, \$50.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

MILLER, NATHAN LEE, lawyer and lieutenant-governor, was born March 6, 1866, at Danville, Morgan County; son of Nathan and Elizabeth (Torrence) Miller, the former was born near Madison Station, Limestone County, where he grew to manhood, graduated in medicine in Nashville, Tenn., and practiced his profession in Danville until 1883, when he removed to Birmingham; grandson of Benjamin and Elizabeth (Hobbs) Miller, of Lawrence County, and of Adam Torrence and wife, a Miss Matthews, all of Oakville. He received his education in public schools, at the State normal college, Florence, and Bellevue academy, Birmingham. He studied law in connection with duties as clerk and register of the city court of Birmingham; was admitted to the bar, December, 1897, and entered upon the practice in that city, November, 1898. He practiced alone until December, 1904, after which he formed a partnership with Judge H. A. Sharpe, he being a junior member. He was clerk and register of the city courts of Birmingham from January, 1888, to September, 1898. On November 6, 1906, he was elected State senator from the thirteenth senatorial district, served 1907-11, and was elected lieutenant-governor of Alabama on the ticket with Thomas E. Kilby, as governor, November, 1918, and assumed the office, January, 1919. He held the office of lieutenant in Co. K, Birmingham Rifles, Alabama State Troop, 1889-91. He is a Democrat, and was secretary of the Jefferson County democratic executive committee, 1894 to 1898, and of the State campaign committee those four years. He is a Methodist; Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: February 8, 1899, in Birmingham, to Sarah, daughter of LaFayette and Ellen J. (Hunt) Rogan (q. v.). Children: 1. died in infancy. Residence: Birmingham.

MILLER, SAMUEL, *soldier of the American Revolution*, age not disclosed; and a resident of Franklin County; private 39th Regular U. S. Infantry; enrolled on March 10, 1818; payment to date from July 9, 1814; annual allowance, \$96; sums received to date of publication of list, \$1,887.09; April 24, 1816, transferred from West Tennessee, from September 4, 1819.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

MILLER, WILLIAM, lawyer, born March 27, 1815, at Londonderry, Ireland, and died September 9, 1891, at Tuscaloosa; son of Samuel and Jane (Brown) Miller, natives of London-

derry and Belfast, Ireland, the former of whom came to America in 1817, and settled in Baltimore, Md., as a consulting engineer. He attended high school in Baltimore; learned the carpenters' trade and worked at his trade until he was of age; moved to Alabama in 1840 and settled at Tuscaloosa as the junior partner in the wholesale house of Miller and Hogan. After leaving that firm, he established himself as a builder and contractor, and among others, built the main building of the Insane hospital at Tuscaloosa. He studied law, was admitted to the bar, and began the practice of law at Tuscaloosa in 1867. He was elected judge of probate in 1868 and served a term of six years; was appointed postmaster in 1876, and served until 1887. It was through the influence of Mr. Miller that the first appropriation was secured for the opening of the Warrior River. He was a Republican; a Presbyterian; and an Odd Fellow. Married: June 23, 1846, in Tuscaloosa, to Ann Olivia, daughter of Daniel Haven and Ann Maria (Bacon) Bingham, of Tuscaloosa, a direct descendant of Deacon Thomas Bingham, the first American ancestor, who was born in 1642 in Sheffield, England, and settled in Norwich, Conn., in 1660. Children: 1. Florence Maria; 2. Col. William Haven (q. v.); 3. Kate Stuart, m. Joseph Fletcher Roper; 4. Helen Parkhurst, m. Frank Hull; 5. Olivia Jane; 6. Abbie Searcy, m. Charles McLeod Peterson; 7. Margaret, Tuscaloosa; 8. Thomas Hugh, postmaster of Tuscaloosa, 1892, bookkeeper at Birmingham, m. Mrs. Mattie Thompson Royster; 9. Harlan Bingham, lawyer, LL. B., Vanderbilt university, 1887, m. Margaret Adams Smiser, Prattville. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

MILLER, WILLIAM HAVEN, quartermaster general, U. S. Army, was born January 31, 1849, at Tuscaloosa, and died April 11, 1911, at Seattle, Wash.; son of William and Ann Olivia (Bingham) Miller (q. v.), the former a native of Londonderry, Ireland, probate judge of Tuscaloosa County and postmaster at the town; grandson of Samuel and Jane Miller of Baltimore, Md., and of Daniel H., and Ann Maria (Bacon) Bingham of Tuscaloosa. He received his early education in the public schools of his native town and attended the University of Alabama; entered the U. S. military academy, West Point, N. Y., and graduated captain of the cadet corps, 1872. He was appointed second lieutenant in 1st U. S. cavalry and was promoted to a first lieutenancy, 1879; served with that regiment in campaigns and in garrison in the northwest, northern California, Oregon, Washington, Nevada and Montana, until September 4, 1890, when he was appointed captain and assistant quartermaster, U. S. Army; quartermaster U. S. military academy, West Point, N. Y., 1890-94; quartermaster, Fort Riley, Kan., 1894-96; constructing quartermaster at Spokane, Wash., building the military post of Fort Wright, Wash., 1896-98; appointed major and chief quartermaster U. S. volunteers, August 15, 1898; division chief quartermaster at Southern Camp, Anniston, 1898-99; chief quartermaster, department of Santa Clara and Matan-

zas, at Cienfuegos and Matanzas, Cuba, 1899-1900; depot quartermaster, Boston, Mass., 1900-01; depot and chief quartermaster, department of the Lakes, Chicago, 1901-05; in charge of the general depot, quartermasters department, New York City, 1905 to death, promoted by seniority to major and quartermaster, U. S. Army, 1900, to lieutenant-colonel and deputy quartermaster general, U. S. Army, 1903, to death. He participated in the Modoc Indian War, 1872-73, including the battles of January 18, and of April 15, 16, and 17, 1873, and brevetted first lieutenant, 1890, for "gallant services in action against Indians at the Lava Beds, Calif., April 17, 1873, and gallant and meritorious conduct during the Modoc War." He also served in the Nez Perce War, June to October, 1877, taking part in the battle of the Forks of the Clearwater River, Idaho, July 11-12, 1877, and in the Bannock campaign, Idaho and Nevada; served as quartermaster in the field and in garrison from May, 1877, to March, 1887, and was, during that time, regimental quartermaster, 1st cavalry, August 15, 1878, to March 31, 1887. He was a Republican and a Presbyterian. Married: November 20, 1889, to Anna, daughter of John and Susan Abbott, who lived at Walla Walla, Wash. Children: 1. Harlan A.; 2. Margaret. Last residence: Seattle, Wash.

MILLIGAN, MARTIN GATEWOOD, Cumberland Presbyterian minister, was born December 16, 1827, near Oakville, Lawrence County; son of Johnston and Jane Holmes (Kyle) Milligan, the former of Scotch-Irish ancestry, who came to Alabama from Tennessee, and was a mechanic, the latter a daughter of James Kyle of near Moulton. He went to school near Starkville, Miss., and to Oak Grove academy; became a minister of the gospel in the Cumberland Presbyterian church, in 1847; and served the church for sixty years. Most of that time was spent in Alabama, although he preached in several states. He was a Democrat, opposed to secession, but supported the state when it withdrew from the union; and a Royal Arch Mason. Married: (1) to Elizabeth Starkey, daughter of Nancy Starkey of Bellefonte; (2) Hypatica Ann Pickens. Children: 1. James Calvin, d. at the age of twenty-three years; 2. Samuel Newton, m. Amy Frances Scarborough, Jacksonville; 3. Elizabeth Jane, d. in infancy; by second marriage: 4. Emma Jane, d. in infancy; 5. Willie Gatewood, m. Lulu Pinson, Jacksonville. Last residence: Jacksonville.

MILLS, MORGAN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, age not given, a resident of Dallas County; private 2nd Regulars New Jersey Line; enrolled on December 18, 1828, under act of Congress of May 15, 1828, payment to date from March 3, 1826; annual allowance, \$80; sums received to date of publication of list, \$680.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Dallas County, June 1, 1840, aged 78.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

MILLS, R. J., Methodist minister; member of the Alabama conference. Residence: Marion.

MILLS, WILLIAM JEFFERSON, farmer and legislator, was born November 3, 1839, near Lumpkin, Stewart County, Ga.; son of Richard and Eveline M. (Gilstrap) Mills, the former a native of South Carolina; grandson of W. I. and Nancy (McCormick) Gilstrap, of Hawkinsville, Ga. He was educated in the country schools; was a private in Co. K, 25th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, from January, 1862 to November, 1864, when he lost his right arm at the battle of Franklin; tax collector, Geneva County, 1871-74; member house of representatives from that county, 1892-93, 1894-95, and re-elected in November, 1902. He is a farmer. He is a member of the Peoples Party. Married: November 12, 1872, at Geneva, to Elizabeth J., daughter of William and Mary (Kennedy) Coleman. Residence: Costilla.

MILNER, HENRY KEY, business man, was born September 25, 1866, at Greenville, Butler County; son of Major Willis Julian and Gustine Caroline (Key) Milner (q. v.), the former who was a distinguished Confederate soldier, was wounded three times and cited four times for "gallantry in action" or conspicuous bravery under fire, was the most notable of all pioneers of Birmingham in the extent and variety of the great accomplishments which today make Birmingham a great city, having planned and built the water works, the Birmingham belt railroad, the Highland avenue car line, planned the entire South Highlands development, and was a contributor to the fund to demonstrate the possibility of making pig iron from coke made of Alabama coal. Henry Key Milner grew up in Birmingham, attending the public schools and after a four years course received the degree of Mining Engineer from the University of Georgia in 1887. Later he took a post-graduate course in the School of Mines of Columbia College at New York. During summer vacations while attending the university he was assistant engineer of the Birmingham water works company; was later employed in the construction of the aqueduct bringing water from Five Mile Creek to the pumping station at North Birmingham; was also identified with the construction of the Birmingham belt railroad. In 1887 as engineer of the Fort Payne land company Mr. Milner designed and laid out the town of Fort Payne; the following year he located the present Cahaba River pumping station, the Shades Mountain reservoir, and connecting lines to Birmingham for the Water works company; in 1888 he became the junior member of the firm Milner and Kettig, jobbers in mill, mine and furnace supplies, which firm later became incorporated as the Milner and Kettig company; was secretary and treasurer of the corporation until it was finally sold to the Crane company in 1905; in 1912 upon the organization of the Milner land company he was made president which office he now holds. Under his direction property that had laid dormant and practically in a state of nature has been reclaimed and improved and is now among the most desirable section of Birmingham and known as Milner Heights. He was for years

an important factor in the good roads movement; served as vice president and member of the executive committee of the Alabama good roads association; was one of the organizers and secretary and director of the Warrant warehouse company; is now a director of the American trust and savings bank of Birmingham; and a director of the Magnolia compress and warehouse company of Mobile. He has taken an active part in the Warrior River movement, and was chairman of the terminals and transportation committee, contributing greatly to its development and use for barge transportation. He was appointed by Gov. Thomas E. Kilby, chairman of the State harbor commission of Alabama in March, 1921, for a term of five years. During the World War he was chief of the American protective league. He is a Democrat; also a member of the Chamber of commerce of Birmingham; was one of the organizers and for its first two years president of the country club of Birmingham; he is also a member of the Roebuck, Rotary and Motor clubs, the Birmingham athletic club; has been president of the Associated charities of Birmingham, and is a member of the Church of the Advent, Episcopal, which he has served as vestryman. Married: (1) February 14, 1889, to Helen Bishop of Athens, Ga., whose death occurred in 1910; (2) June 2, 1915, to Susie Gabard, daughter of the late William L. Martin (q. v.), of Montgomery who served as attorney-general of Alabama and speaker of the house of representatives. Children, by first marriage: 1. Martha, m. Dr. Samuel Ravand Benedict, son of Samuel C. and Anna Bloomfield Benedict; 2. Justine Key, m. Robert V. Mabry, son of Thomas Elliott and Julia Gwyn Mabry. Residence: Birmingham.

MILNER, JOHN COOPER, lawyer, was born May 28, 1868, at Georgiana, Butler County; son of John Ashley and Sallie (Cooper) Milner, the former a native of Barnesville, Ga., who moved to Alabama and lived at Georgiana, Calera, Pine Apple, Monroeville, Leeds and Birmingham, and during the War of Secession was employed by the Confederate government in making iron; grandson of Pitt Sanders and Pamela N. (Parker) Milner, who came to Georgiana from Barnesville, Ga., and of Peter and Symantha (Moncrief) Cooper, who lived at Cooper's Station. The Milner family originally came from England. One of that family, Capt. John Milner, served in the Carolinas in the War of the Revolution. Mr. Milner attended public schools in various parts of Alabama; Moore's business university in Atlanta, Ga.; and was graduated from the law department of the University of Alabama, June, 1889. He began the practice of law in Birmingham in 1889; was county solicitor of Lamar County, 1891-1892; mayor of Vernon, 1895-1896; served as a private in Co. M, Alabama State troops, 1892-1894; represented Lamar County in the State legislature, 1911; and was a State senator from the twelfth district, 1915. He is a Democrat; has served as chairman of the cam-

paign committee of Lamar County; as beat commissioner, 1896-1898; has been a delegate to many State conventions; a member of the State executive committee, 1908-1910; and a member of the congressional executive committee, 1906-1910. He is a Methodist; a Mason; an Odd Fellow; and a member of the Alpha Tau Omega college fraternity. Married: June 29, 1892, in Vernon, to Adine Pearl, daughter of Roland Wallace and Laura Chappel (Price) Cobb, of that place; granddaughter of Alexander Cobb (q. v.), who was a member of the Alabama legislature from Fayette County, 1861-1865, and probate judge of Lamar County from 1874 to the time of his death in December, 1887. Children: 1. Adine Ashley, m. Elonzo R. Harris; 2. Laura May, deceased; 3. Sallie Cobb; 4. Annie Mildred. Residence: Vernon.

MILNER, JOHN TURNER, civil engineer, was born September 29, 1826, in Pike County, Ga.; son of Willis Jay and Mary Ann (Turner) Milner; brother of Willis Julian Milner (q. v.). His early education was limited as he went to school and worked alternately. At the age of ten he learned his first lessons in mining at his father's mines in Lumpkin County, Ga. From his twelfth to his fifteenth year he was engaged in railroad construction under the direction of his father who at that time was a railroad contractor, and at the age of seventeen he entered the gold mines near Dahlonega, Ga. He next entered the University of Georgia but was forced to leave at the end of his third year on account of failing health. Returning to his home he became interested in civil engineering, working under George H. Hazelhurst, the distinguished civil engineer, who at that time was engaged on the Macon and Western railroad. In less than two years Mr. Milner was principal assistant engineer in the construction of the Muscogee road, now a part of the Columbus and Macon railroad. In 1842 he drove an ox team across the plains to Oregon and California and in the latter state was appointed by General Riley, the then provisional governor of California, city surveyor of San Jose, the capital of the state. He returned to Georgia in 1852 and shortly afterwards removed to Alabama, where he became connected with the Montgomery and West Point railroad, at Chehaw, Macon County. Governor Moore commissioned him in 1858, under an act of the legislature, to survey and locate a railroad line connecting the navigable waters of the Alabama River with those of the Tennessee. He selected and recommended the line upon which the South and North railroad was built. On November 3, 1858, he was elected chief engineer of the South and North railroad company. He continued in this position until October 1, 1872, when the railroad was completed and placed under the control of the Louisville and Nashville system, at which time he retired from active service. He founded the sawmills at Bolling and projected the great city of Birmingham. Before Colonel Powell, Josiah Morris, or any others thought of such a place he had entered into a written agreement with R. C. McCalla, as the chief engineer and representative of the managers of the Alabama and Chattanooga railroad to buy for their respective

companies the land at the crossing of the two roads, with the view of building a great industrial city. He purchased about seven thousand acres, in Village Creek valley, several miles northwest of the present site of Birmingham, and extending from a point near Pratt Mines towards the east. The unwarranted withdrawal of the managers for the Alabama and Chattanooga people from their written agreement thwarted him in his purposes. They changed the location of their line and bought the present site of the city of Birmingham, but as a matter of precaution, not knowing exactly where Mr. Milner would cross their line with the South and North, they only took sixty day options on the purchases they had made. There was no other available crossing except where Birmingham now is, after changing the line from the Village Creek valley to the Elyton valley. Throughout the sixty days he gave no intimation or sign as to where the crossing would be located but had surveys made for crossings at every available point above and below Elyton for miles. At the expiration of the three days of grace allowed in such transactions, the dropped or forfeited Stanton options, covering the site of the great city, were taken up and the money paid for them. Mr. Milner, faithful to the trust confided in him as engineer of the South and North Alabama railroad had arranged for his company to own half of the great city of the future. After the development of the Coalburg coal property, near Birmingham, he sold it in May, 1883, to the Georgia Pacific railroad company, at a profit of over two thousand dollars. He also developed the New Castle coal property, about nine miles east of Birmingham, was the owner of valuable property in the city of Birmingham, and was stockholder in the most important land companies there. Author: "Alabama as it was, as it is, and as it will be." Married: December 30, 1855, to Flora J., daughter of John C. Caldwell, of Greenville. He left descendants. Last residence: Birmingham.

MILNER, WILLIS JULIAN, civil engineer, Birmingham pioneer and major, C. S. Army, was born May 3, 1842, in Barnesville, Ga.; son of Willis Jay and Mary Ann (Turner) Milner, the former a railroad contractor and builder, who founded the town of Milner, Ga., and also engaged in mining, the latter a native of North Carolina; grandson of John Milner and wife, who was a Miss Calloway, the former a Baptist clergyman, the latter a descendant of Richard Calloway, one of the early settlers of Kentucky, and among the defenders of Fort Boone, and of John Gainer Turner, of North Carolina; great-grandson of Capt. John Milner, who served under General Pickens in the War of the Revolution; and brother of John T. Milner (q. v.). He was reared in Georgia, Alabama and Florida; and was associated with his father in business. In the spring of 1861, while a student at Mercer university, Georgia, he entered the Confederate service in Florida and assisted in raising a company of which he was appointed first lieutenant, but as there appeared no immediate prospect of duty with this company he resigned and enlisted as a private in the "Clinch Rifles," of Augusta, Ga., which

had already been assigned as Co. A, to the 5th Georgia infantry regiment, then stationed at Pensacola. With this regiment he served in the Kentucky campaign under General Bragg, and at the battle of Murfreesboro, where he was wounded, fighting with Jackson's brigade of Breckinridge's division. Later he was transferred as a private to Co. D, 33rd Alabama infantry regiment, Hood's brigade, Cleburne's division, Army of Tennessee. In April, 1863, he was promoted to first lieutenant and put in command of Co. K, of his regiment, and served in the Tullahoma campaign, the retreat to Chattanooga and the Chickamauga campaign, where he was again wounded. On returning to duty he was appointed adjutant of the regiment, serving from Dalton to Atlanta. Later he was appointed to the staff of General Lowrey, with the rank of captain, serving as such during the remainder of the Atlanta campaign, receiving a slight wound at Spring Hill, and taking part in the battles of Franklin and Nashville. At the death of General Cleburne, General Lowrey took command and Captain Milner was appointed adjutant-general of Lowrey's brigade. After the battle of Bentonville the 16th, 33rd, and 45th Alabama were consolidated as the 1st Alabama, in the brigade of Gen. C. M. Shelley, and he was promoted to major of the consolidated regiment. His services ended with the surrender of the Army at Greensboro, N. C., April 26, 1865. In 1858, from the top of Red Mountain, he first viewed Jones' Valley, the present site of Birmingham. Of that first impression he later said: "It was one vast garden as far as eye could reach, northeast and southwest. I had traveled all over the United States. I had seen the great and rich valleys of the Pacific coast, but no where had I seen an agricultural people so perfectly provided for, and so completely happy." After the end of the War of Secession Major Milner located in Greenville, where he resided until 1871, when he removed to Jefferson County, and became one of the founders and pioneer builders of Birmingham. His professional services as a civil engineer were of great value in laying off the young city, and his business qualities were applied to the development of private enterprises and public utilities. He was secretary and treasurer of the Elyton land company; and later general manager; one of the incorporators of the National bank, the first bank in Birmingham, of which Charles Lynn was president; laid out South Highlands, and in 1884 graded South Highland avenue, which had been designed by John A. Milner; contracted Lakeview park; built and operated the first horse car lines, and the Highland Avenue and the belt lines, the latter having both passenger and freight departments, using steam engines, and called "dummy lines." He established the first general supply and machinery business of the Birmingham district, taking in as partner, in 1886, William H. Kettig, thus establishing the firm of Milner and Kettig, and founding a business that has continued until today. He also established the waterworks of Birmingham, and was its chief engineer for twenty-five years. Married: in 1865, to Gustrine C.,

daughter of Dr. James F. Key of Lowndes County, a relative of Francis Scott Key, author of "The Star Spangled Banner." Children: 1. Mary Clare, m. Alexander Sloan Tutwiler; 2. Henry Key (q. v.), m. (1) Helen Bishop; (2) Susie Martin, daughter of Hon. William L. Martin (q. v.). Residence: Birmingham and Tampa, Fla.

MILSTEAD, FRANK DAVIS, consulting engineer. Residence: Tallahassee.

MILTON, JAMES, grand master, grand council, 1876-78; deputy grand high priest, grand chapter, Masons, 1875-77.

MIMS, WILLIAM J., major, 43rd Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

× MINGE, JOHN HENRY, business man, was born May 25, 1851, in Marengo County, and died in 1908; son of David and Elvira (Adams) Minge, the former a native of Charles City County, Va., who moved to Alabama in 1833; grandson of Dr. John and Margaret (Winston) Adams, of Richmond, Va. His grandmother Minge was a sister of President William Henry Harrison; and his mother's grandmother was a sister to Judge Cyrus Griffin, president of the first congress that met in Philadelphia. The Adams family came from Scotland, and the Minges from Wales, both settling in Virginia. Mr. Minge attended the neighborhood schools of Marengo County, the St. Wilfred school at Marion, and the Hanover academy, in Hanover County, Va. In 1875, he went to Texas to live, but returned the next year. He resided on his plantation in Hale County, 1876-1884, and later moved to Faunsdale. He was engaged in farming; in the manufacturing of cotton seed oil at Faunsdale, and of cotton yarns at Faunsdale; and in merchandising at Faunsdale. He was elected representative in the State legislature in 1886; State senator in 1890, in which body he was chairman of the committee on finance; was a delegate to the National Democratic convention of 1896; was a member of the State Democratic executive committee, 1892-1896; and was again elected to the legislature from Marengo County in 1902. He was an Episcopalian. Married: March 24, 1874, to Bessie Croom, daughter of Jackson N. and Mary (Croom) Chadwick. Children: 1. John Henry (q. v.). Last residence: Faunsdale.

✓ MINGE, JOHN HENRY, real estate and bond dealer, was born February 3, 1875, on the Norwood plantation near Faunsdale, Marengo County; son of John Henry and Bessie (Chadwick) Minge (q. v.). He was educated in the private and public schools of Faunsdale and had his college career at Marion institute, and at the University of the South, Sewanee, Tenn. He entered the general mercantile business with his father at Faunsdale in 1899, and later they erected a cotton seed oil mill at that place. In 1905 he removed to Birmingham where he has since engaged in the real estate, mortgage loan and stock and bond business. He was first lieutenant of the "Pelham Guards" at Uniontown, 1897. He is a Democrat; Episcopalian; Knight of Pythias; and Woodman of the



*Maud McGure Kelly
Attorney at Law.*

World. Married: November 10, 1897, in Birmingham, to Rosa, daughter of Col. James Withers and Mattie (Lundie) Sloss (q. v.). Children: 1. Martha Sloss; 2. John Henry. Residence, Birmingham.

MINOR, HENRY, first Alabama supreme court reporter, lawyer, Alabama supreme court justice, was born January 4, 1783, in Dinwiddie County, Va., and died January 1, 1839, at Minorca, Greene County; son of Thomas Carr and Anne (Redd) Minor, who lived at Topping Castle, Caroline County, Va., the former a native of Spottsylvania County, an extensive planter, having landed estates in Orange and Louisa Counties in addition to the foregoing; grandson of Garret and Diana Vivian Minor, the former a justice of Middlesex County, Va., and of Samuel and Lucy (Rogers) Redd, also of Virginia. The Minor family was known in Somersetshire, England, in the reign of Edward III, and Richard II, made grants of land to his "trusty subject Richard Minors." The first of the name in America was Thomas, son of Clement Minor, who migrated to America, in 1630, landing at Salem, Mass., and finally settling in Stonington, Conn., and is believed to be the progenitor of all the Minors or Miners except those who probably descended from the brother who settled in Ireland. Thomas married Grace Palmer, in 1684, and left twelve children, among them Judah or Doodah, who located in Virginia in 1673 and married Diana Howard. The several lines represented in these intermarriages were of English and Scottish stock. Justice Minor was carefully educated, having sprung from a family of scholars. He read law under his uncle Judge Minor of Fredericksburg, Va., and located in Huntsville in 1816, a period when a large number of young men of good Virginia families migrated to that section, making in the years that followed, a liberal contribution to the honorable history of the State of their adoption. He was a member of the constitutional convention of 1819, and was elected by the first legislature of the State as reporter of the supreme court, and in this relation compiled Minor's Reports. In 1823 he was elected to the supreme court bench of Alabama and served two years. Upon being defeated for re-election he was made clerk of the court whose ermine he had so recently worn. His ability as a judge was generally recognized, but being of a retiring nature he was not suited for a pioneer campaign and therefore lost the judgeship to his opponent. He settled down to his new duties, the fees supporting the office being more than a judge's salary, and retained the position until his death. He removed from Huntsville, Madison County, to Greene County, in 1826, in order that he might be nearer the capitol at Tuscaloosa. He was an Episcopalian. Married: September 14, 1809, at Petersburg, Va. to Frances Throckmorton, daughter of Mordecai and Elizabeth (Strode) Barbour, who lived at Fleetwood, Culpepper County, Va. Mordecai Barbour was a Revolutionary officer and drew a pension for military service. John Strode, the maternal grandfather, owned a gun factory near Palmouth, and supplied arms to the Virginia troops during the Revolutionary War.

Children: 1. Henry, studied at the University of Alabama, 1831, graduated at the U. S. military academy, West Point, N. Y., and died at sea, November 25, 1839; 2. Mordecai; 3. Ann Virginia, m. John Gillian Friend, Mobile; 4. Elizabeth Barbour; 5. Frances Cosby; 6. Maria Barbour, m. Dr. E. F. Bouchelle; 7. Louisa; 8. Lafayette Mordecai, graduated, A. B., University of Alabama, 1841, died as a Confederate soldier in the Federal prison, Elmira, N. Y., February 14, 1865, m. Hattie Fleming; 9. John Launcelot, student University of Alabama, 1842, physician, Mobile; 10. Philip Pendleton Barbour, student University of Alabama, 1846, physician, graduate Medical college, Philadelphia, Pa., surgeon C. S. Army, m. Eliza Williams Perry; 11. Lucy Landon Barbour, m. Dr. Joseph C. Hamilton. Last residence: Minorca.

MINOR, JOHN W., president of the Bessemer fire brick company; president of the Bank of Alabama. Residence: Birmingham.

MINTER, WILLIAM TOWNSEND, planter, was born in 1805, in Jones County, Ga., and died April 2, 1865, near Selma, Dallas County; son of Morgan and Johannah (Rutherford) Minter; grandson of John and Elizabeth (Morgan) Minter of Powhatan County, Va., and of Col. Robert and Dorothy (Brooks) Rutherford of Amherst County, Va., later of North Carolina, finally of Newberry District, S. C. Both John and Morgan Minter served in the Revolutionary War from North Carolina. The family is of Scotch and Welsh extraction, coming to America early in the 17th century and settling in James City County, going from there to Powhatan County, thence to Bedford County in 1770. They located on the Otter River, near the Peaks of Otter, and moved to Chatham County, N. C., in 1776 and from thence to Washington County, Ga., finally settling in Dallas County, in 1830. William T. Minter was well educated, and owned and operated a large landed estate. He was sheriff of Dallas County, commanded a company in the Seminole War; commanded a company of Confederate soldiers at the battle of Selma where he was killed, and was buried at Pleasant Hill. He was president of the Selma and Pensacola railroad, driving over the route and securing the right of way. This road is now known as the Pensacola division of the Louisville and Nashville railroad. He was a Presbyterian and a Mason. Married: in Cahaba, to Susan, daughter of Col. Hill of that place. Children: 1. Clara J.; 2. Lucia M., m. William Minter Weaver, Selma; 3. Isolene, m. Capt. Fred Wilberly, Twiggs County, Ga. Last residence: Dallas County.

MITCHAM, GEORGE NATHAN, civil and mining engineer, was born July 5, 1878, at West Point, Ga.; son of George Thomas and America Washington (Atkinson) Mitcham, of Birmingham, the former a merchant, who left LaGrange military college during the War of Secession, enlisted in the C. S. Army and was first assigned to duty as drill master of the raw recruits at Savannah, Ga., joined Co. I, Eighth cavalry, February 8, 1862, at Cusseta, had four horses killed under him and was once wounded during

the war, and was paroled at Hillsboro, N. C., May 3, 1865, as second lieutenant; grandson of George Washington and Henrietta Mitcham, who moved from Meriwether County, Ga., to Chambers County, and of Nathan Lane and Frances B. Atkinson, natives of Greene County, Ga., who lived near West Point, Troup County, Ga. Mr. Mitcham was educated in the public schools of West Point, Ga., in the north Georgia agricultural college at Dahlonega, and was graduated from the Alabama polytechnic institute, B. S., 1897, C. E., 1898, and M. E., 1899. He served as assistant at the institute, 1897-1899; as assistant engineer and engineer of the Blue Creek division, and resident engineer on construction of the steel plant at Ensley, Tennessee coal, iron and railroad company, June, 1899-1901; draftsman and later assistant to the general superintendent of the shops, Wisconsin bridge and iron company, Milwaukee, Wis., 1901-1902; assistant engineer of the Pratt mines division, and later division engineer of the Pratt mines, Tennessee coal, iron and railroad company; was appointed to the chair of mining engineering, Alabama polytechnic institute, 1903-1907; and was transferred to the department of civil engineering in 1907. He spends the summer months in the practice of his profession, and in 1911, on the creation of the State highway commission by the legislature, became an ex-officio member of the commission. He is a member of the Alabama good roads association, of the Alabama association of highway engineers, the Engineering association of the South, the American association for the promotion of engineering education, and the American society of civil engineers. Residence: Auburn.

MITCHELL, ARCHELAUS, Methodist minister; pastor of the Court Street church, Montgomery, 1858-59.

MITCHELL, CHARLES ERASTUS, lawyer and legislator, was born September 2, 1868, at Thornhill, on the headwaters of Buttahatchee River, in Marion County; son of Andrew D. and Lourilda E. (Cagle) Mitchell; grandson of Lloyd Cagle of Winston County. He was educated at Thornhill, and graduated in June, 1890, from the Florence normal college; received in June, 1893, the LL. B. from the University of Alabama; since that year he has practiced in Hamilton; was a member board of aldermen of that town, 1896-1900; superintendent of education of Marion County, 1896-98, and 1900 to 1904; was nominee of the Democratic party to the proposed constitutional convention of 1899; was chairman from 1904-06, of the Democratic executive committee; and represented Marion County in the legislature of 1907. He is a Democrat; Mason; and Woodman of the World. Married: November 25, 1896, at Hamilton, to Leota, daughter of Jason Parks and Adaline (Weatherford) Ford, all of Marion County. Children: 1. Ralph; 2. Ruth; 3. Leslie; 4. William Charles; 5. Loyce. Residence: Hamilton.

MITCHELL, FLUD, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 77, and a resident of Lime-

stone County; private and sergeant N. C. Militia; enrolled on February 21, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$80; sums received to date of publication of list, \$240.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

MITCHELL, J. E., lawyer; living in 1913. Residence: Mobile.

MITCHELL, JACOB, *soldier of the American Revolution*, and a resident of Montgomery County; private, particular service not shown; enrolled on November 21, 1829, under act of Congress of March 18, 1818, payment to date from September 4, 1835; annual allowance, \$96.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile.

MITCHELL, JAMES A., lawyer, living in 1913. Residence: Livingston.

MITCHELL, JESSE, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 75, and a resident of Lime-stone County; private and sergeant; enrolled on February 23, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$80; sums received to date of publication of list, \$200.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Lime-stone County, June 1, 1840, aged 75.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

MITCHELL, JOHN JACKSON, lawyer, was born September 15, 1854, at Florence, Lauderdale County; son of William Henry and Martha (Jackson) Mitchell (q. v.), the former was a native of Monaghan, Monaghan County, Ireland, was pastor of the Presbyterian church at Wetumpka, 1843-1850, at Florence, 1850-1871, and president of the Florence synodical college, 1848 to his death, served in the C. S. Army and was imprisoned by the Federal soldiers; grandson of James and Mary (Nelson) Mitchell of Monaghan County, Ireland, the former who was sheriff of his county, and of James and Sarah (Moore) Jackson of Florence, the former who was a native of county Monaghan, Ireland, immigrated to America and settled in Nashville, Tenn., in 1818 removed to Florence, was several times a member of the senate of Alabama, and was a planter, and importer and breeder of race horses. John J. Mitchell was educated in the private schools of Florence, the Florence Wesleyan university, and the University of Mississippi, and was graduated LL. B. from the law department of the Cumberland university, Lebanon, Tenn., in 1874. For about ten years he was a journalist, owning and editing the following papers: "Chilton County Courier", 1875-76; "Florence Gazette", 1876-1882; and the Florence "North Star", 1884-85. He was elected probate judge of Lauderdale County, November, 1886; served until 1892; and again served from January 26, 1900, to November, 1904; was a member of the house of representatives, 1896-97, which session passed the tax commission law of which he was the author; was again in the house, 1898-99, serving as chairman of the committee on ways

and means; from 1907 to 1911 served as chairman of the state tax commission. He is a Democrat, has served as chairman of the Lauderdale County Democratic executive committee in 1884, and was a member of the state Democratic executive committee, 1906; is a deacon and elder in the Presbyterian church; and an Elk. Married: June 25, 1879, at Prattville, to Etoile, daughter of Joseph and Mary (Abbott) Hurd, natives of New Jersey but residents of Prattville, the former who served throughout the War of Secession in the U. S. Army, and later engaged in the drug business. Children: 1. William Henry (q. v.); 2. Joseph Hurd. Residence: Florence.

MITCHELL, JOHN WALTER, farmer and merchant, was born February 18, 1874, at Sand Rock, Cherokee County; son of William and Millie Jane (Clifton) Mitchell, the former who was born in North Carolina, moving to Sand Rock in 1839, served in the C. S. Army from Alabama the whole duration of the war; grandson of Joseph Mitchell, of Portersville, and of Hiram and Elizabeth Clifton, of Cedar Bluffs. Mr. Mitchell received his education in the public schools at Sand Rock, Round Mountain, Cedar Bluff, and upon going to Texas in 1892, attended school at Merit, Tex., 1893-4. He attended Emerson college, at Campbell, Hunt County, Tex., 1902-4; returned to Alabama in 1909 and the following year engaged in the farming and mercantile business. He represented Cherokee County in the legislature, 1919. He is a Democrat; a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, South; is an Odd Fellow; and a Woodman of the World. Married: January 3, 1897, at Floyd, Hunt County, Tex., to Maudie M., daughter of Andrew F. and Julia (Woody) Jones, of that place. Children: 1. Melissa May, m. Martin H. Copeland; 2. James Monroe; 3. John Andrew. Residence: Round Mountain.

MITCHELL, T. J., president of the State normal college, Florence, 1886-88. He held the Ph. D. degree.

MITCHELL, WILLIAM, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 78, and a resident of Morgan County; private Virginia Continental Line; enrolled on July 28, 1824, under act of Congress of March 18, 1818, payment to date from April 26, 1824; annual allowance, \$96; sums received to date of publication of list, \$802.39.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Lawrence County, June 1, 1840, with A. Mitchell, aged 86.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

MITCHELL, WILLIAM HENRY, Presbyterian minister and college president, was born September 20, 1812, in Monaghan, Ireland, and died October 3, 1872, in Florence; son of James and Mary (Nelson) Mitchell, of Monaghan, Ireland, the former high sheriff of that county. He was fitted for college by Professor Bleakley, and entered Belfast college where he studied law and later theology. He came to America between 1840 and 1843, in the latter year being

installed as pastor of the Presbyterian church at Wetumpka. In 1850 he removed to Florence, where he was pastor until 1871. In 1858, he was made president of the Florence synodical female college, and continued at its head until his death. In 1862, while Florence was in possession of Federal forces, under Col. Harlan, afterward Justice Harlan, of the U. S. supreme court, Dr. Mitchell was arrested, by Harlan himself, for praying in the Presbyterian pulpit for the success of the Confederacy. He was sent to the military prison at Alton, Ill., and held for six months being paroled September, 1865. He was a Democrat and an ardent Secessionist; a Mason. Married: (1) in Ireland, to Annie Jane Byrne, daughter of John, of Dundork; (2) to Martha, daughter of James and Sarah (Moore) Jackson, of "The Forks," near Florence, the former born in Monaghan, Ireland, and a pioneer settler of Lauderdale County, the latter a descendant of the Moore family of North Carolina. Children: 1. David, deceased; 2. Anne, m. Samuel Adams of Wetumpka; 3. Mary Nelson, m. Robert Martin of Florence; 4. William Henry, jr., deceased; 5. John Jackson (q. v.), m. Etoile Hurd, of Prattville. Last residence: Florence.

MITCHELL, WILLIAM HENRY III, lawyer, was born April 8, 1882, at Florence; son of John Jackson and Etoile (Hurd) Mitchell (q. v.), of Florence; grandson of Rev. William Henry and Martha (Jackson) Mitchell (q. v.); great-grandson of James Jackson, of Lauderdale County, and of Joseph and Mary (Abbott) Hurd, of Prattville. He was educated at the Florence normal school, receiving his diploma in 1900; entered the University of Alabama, 1902, and graduated A. B. and LL. B. in 1904. He began the practice of law, 1904. He was a member of the city school board from 1909 to date; chairman Lauderdale County Democratic executive committee, 1906-10; a Knight of Pythias; an Elk; member Sigma Alpha Epsilon college fraternity; and a Presbyterian. Married: May 18, 1910, in Florence, to Ann Celestine, daughter of David Larkin and Ellen (Gilchrist) Martin, of Courtland, the latter the daughter of Philip and Alice (Garth) Gilchrist of Virginia. Children: 1. Ellen Gilchrist; 2. Celestine Martin. Residence: Florence.

MOBLEY, THOMAS BARNETTE, soldier, was born in 1835 at Lower Peachtree, Wilcox County, and died in battle in Tennessee, 1863; son of Col. Barnette and Rebecca (Campbell) Mobley, the former a native of South Carolina, who removed to Alabama, fought in the Indian massacre at Montgomery Hill, July 12, 1712, and was a colonel in the Revolutionary War. Thomas B. Mobley attended school at Greensboro. He served during the War of Secession as captain until his death. Married: January 12, 1859, to Maria, daughter of William and Jane Peebles, of Lower Peachtree. Children: 1. John Barnette. Last residence: Lower Peachtree.

MODAWELL, WILLIAM B., lawyer, was born in 1819 in Madison County. His early

educational advantages were limited on account of the death of his father. From his twelfth to his twentieth year he was employed as a clerk and spent his spare time in study. He removed to Marengo County in 1839; was a teacher for five years and later deputy sheriff. He then began the practice of law. He represented Marengo County in the legislature of 1863. In 1867 he removed to Perry County and was an unsuccessful candidate for the State senate in 1871.

MOFFAT, JOHN, hotel manager, was born December 21, 1859, at Annan, Dumfriesshire, Scotland; son of William and Elizabeth (Graham) Moffat, the former who was of lowland Scotch ancestry, came to Canada in 1872, and located in Teeswater, Ontario, where he engaged in farming; grandson of William and Elizabeth (Armstrong) Graham of Longtown, Cumberland, England. Mr. Moffat was educated in the public schools of Annan, Scotland, and Teeswater, Ontario. He engaged in clerical work for a number of years; came to Alabama in 1889; entered the hotel business in Montgomery, 1901; was appointed recording secretary to the governor by the Hon. Emmet O'Neal, May 2, 1913; was reappointed on February 15, 1915, by Gov. Charles Henderson; and has been engaged in the hotel business as manager of the New Exchange, in Montgomery. He is a Democrat; a Presbyterian; a Knight of Pythias; and a member of the Knights of Maccabees. Married: (1) June 14, 1886, at Chicago, to Margaret, daughter of John and Euphemia (Balgairie) Carnduff of that place but originally of Scotland; (2) January 7, 1903, at Montgomery, to Edna, daughter of Herman and Eugenia (Hrabowski) Kenneworth. Children, by first marriage: 1. Effie, m. A. J. Rappole, New York City; 2. Margaret; 3. William; by second marriage: 4. John. Residence: Montgomery.

MOHR, CHARLES THEODOR, botanist, was born December 28, 1824, in Esslingen, Wurtemberg, Germany, and died at Asheville, N. C., July 17, 1901; son of Louis M. Mohr. Reared in his native country, he was educated at the Polytechnic school at Stuttgart, in the natural sciences, particularly in botany and chemistry, in the latter subject having as his instructor the renowned Fehling. He spent most of the year, 1846, in Dutch Guiana collecting natural history specimens; worked from May 1847, to August 1848, as a chemist in a manufacturing establishment in Brunn, Austria, and embarked for America on leaving this work. His first employment in America was with a German chemical manufacturer in Cincinnati. He left there in March 1849, in company with fifty young men to seek his fortune in the gold fields of California, which place he reached, after many hardships and disappointments, on the 10th of August. Leaving there in September 1850, he reached Cincinnati about the close of the year, after a trip via Panama and New Orleans. His intentions were to settle on a farm in Clark County, Indiana, but the hardships which he had endured in South America and the west of the United States had left him in such physical

condition, never having been very strong, that he was forced to give up this work, and after a much needed rest, he embarked in the drug business in Louisville, Ky., in 1852. Here he remained until about the end of the year 1856, when he was advised by his physicians to go south. Going first to Louisiana, thence to Vera Cruz from which place he was forced to leave on account of a political revolution, he landed in Mobile in the autumn of 1857, where he established himself in the drug business, in which profession he continued until March, 1900. He was employed by the Confederate government during the War of Secession to manufacture drugs from native resources. His first comprehensive work on Alabama material was his "Study of the mosses of Alabama" and the "Ferns of south Alabama," both begun in 1860, the results of the former being contributed to "Mosses of North America," 1884, and those of the latter to Prof. Eaton for his "Ferns of North America." He began an examination of the gold resources of the metamorphic region in 1876, and during the journeys made for this purpose, had an opportunity to study the flora of the State. The results of these observations were published in Berney's "Handbook of Alabama," 1878. The collection of minerals of economic importance brought together on these excursions was the basis of a report on the "Economic geology of Alabama," 1887. The collection finally went to the department of agriculture in Washington. A treatise on the "Grasses and forage plants of Alabama," was prepared for the department of agriculture in 1878-1879. In 1880, in connection with the State geological survey, he began the arrangement of an herbarium of Alabama plants, from the collections made by Dr. Eugene A. Smith, and himself. "Preliminary list of the plants growing without culture in Alabama," was prepared by him and published by the Survey in 1880. The natural sequel to this work was his great volume, "Plant life of Alabama," which occupied most of his time till his death, and which was published less than two weeks thereafter. He did much work for the U. S. department of agriculture in the installation and arrangement of agricultural, geological and forestry collections at the several expositions held in the Southern States between 1875 and 1900. He had charge of the State of Alabama's exhibit at the New Orleans exposition in 1884, and later carried it to Louisville, Ky. The catalogue, published under the title, "Natural resources of Alabama," was said by Prof. Lamson-Scribner to be "one of the few papers of its kind which possesses real scientific merit." He did much work for the Louisville and Nashville railroad in making collections of agricultural, forestry and mineral resources and of soils, climate and such of the territory traversed by this system. Much time after 1892, when he relinquished the active management of his drug business to his son, was spent in arranging the herbarium of Alabama plants at the University. In recognition of this, the collection is known as the Mohr Herbarium. His work on the pines, the cypress, the juniper and the red cedar was done during these last years. He explored the forests of the Gulf States, for the report of the

10th census, 1880, on forests of North America. In March, 1900, he removed to Asheville, N. C., and spent the active time of the last two years of his life in the Biltmore Herbarium, his last illness coming on suddenly after a day spent at work here. He received the honorary degree of Ph. D. from the University of Alabama in 1890. He was chosen botanist of the Alabama geological survey in 1884; agent of the forestry division of the U. S. department of agriculture, 1889. He was a corresponding member of the Philadelphia academy of sciences; the Torrey botanical club of New York; the Massachusetts horticultural society; the Philadelphia college of pharmacy; the Alabama pharmaceutical association; the American pharmaceutical association; honorary member of pharmaceutical associations of Louisiana, Pennsylvania, Missouri and Ohio; a member of the committee on revision of the U. S. Pharmacopoeia of 1890; a fellow of the American association for the advancement of sciences, and a non-resident member of the Washington academy of sciences and the Society of American foresters. Married: March, 1852, at Louisville, Ky., to Sophia Roemer. Last residence: Asheville, N. C.

MOHR, DR. H. B., former chief clerk, State health department.

MOLTON, THOMAS HUNTER, business man, was born November 15, 1853, in Montgomery County; son of Charles Hooks and Julia (Hunter) Molton, both natives of Duplin County, N. C., the former who was a member of the legislature of 1857; grandson of Thomas and Catherine (Hooks) Molton, and of John and Elizabeth (Whitfield) Hunter, both families owners of plantations near Kenansville, Duplin County, N. C., until their removal to Alabama, the first about 1826, coming to what was afterwards Montgomery County, the latter about 1825 to Greene County; great-grandson of Maj. Abraham Molton, of Duplin County, N. C., who represented his county in the house of commons for many years during Colonial times, and served as a major in the Revolutionary Army, and of Charles Hooks, who was a soldier in the Revolutionary War, was a member of congress from Duplin County district and a brother of Mary Slocumb, one of the famous women of the Revolution, and of John and Jemima (Haywood) Whitfield, the latter who was a sister of John Haywood, who held the office of state treasurer of North Carolina for about forty years. The early ancestors of Mr. Molton came from England during the seventeenth century, settling in North Carolina and Virginia. Thomas H. Molton received his primary education in the city schools of Montgomery and later studied under Dr. Henry Tutwiler of Green Springs. He engaged in farming for a number of years; in 1886 located in Birmingham; engaged in the real estate and insurance business; was at one time a member of the Jefferson County sanitary commission; and in the session of 1911 was one of the representatives from Jefferson County. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; a Knight of Pythias; and a Knight of Honor. Married: November 6, 1888, in Birmingham, to Lizzie, daughter

of Charles and Eliza (Summerlin) Linn, the former who was a native of Abo, Finland, arrived in the United States June 16, 1833, settled in Montgomery in 1838, and removed to Birmingham in 1872; and granddaughter of Thomas Summerlin of Montgomery, who later removed to Louisiana. Children: 1. Ellen Linn; 2. Gertrude; 3. Thomas Hunter, jr. Residence: Birmingham.

MOND, DUNCAN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, private, particular service not disclosed; annual allowance, \$48; records do not show any payments made.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile.

MONIAC, DAVID, cotton planter, major, U. S. Army, was born in 1802, in Alabama, and was killed at Wahoo Swamp, November 21, 1836; son of Sam and Elizabeth (Weatherford) Moniac, the former who was the Red Eagle of the Creek Indians, the latter the sister of William Weatherford, the warrior, and half sister of David Tate; grandson of William and Polly (Colbert) Moniac, the former a native of Holland, the latter a Tuskegee woman, and of Charles and Seho (McGillivray) Weatherford, the latter a sister of Alexander McGillivray. He was appointed to West Point from Alabama, and was educated and prepared for the academy by John McLeod, an Irish scholar who had a military school in Washington, D. C. He was a cadet at West Point from September 18, 1817, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted to brevet second lieutenant, Sixth infantry, U. S. Army. He resigned from the army December 31, 1822, and engaged as a cotton planter in Baldwin County, 1822-1836. He was appointed captain of Creek mounted volunteers, August 17, 1836, for service in the Florida War, and was promoted to major, November 15, 1836. He was engaged against the Seminole Indians in the battle of Wahoo Swamp, November 31, 1836, and while crossing a difficult morass in face of the fire of the enemy posted on the opposite bank, he was killed. Married: to Mary Powell, a cousin of Ocoola, whose real name was Powell. Children: 1. David A., who served two terms as sheriff of Baldwin County; 2. a daughter. Last residence: Baldwin County.

MONK, WILLIAM FRANCIS, teacher, was born November 21, 1869, in Dale County; son of Marion and Martha Emma (Stuckey) Monk, the former a native of Henry County, who lived on a farm near Skipperville, and served in Co. A, Thirty-seventh Alabama regiment, C. S. Army; grandson of Allen and Evelin Monk, who lived near Skipperville, after coming from South Carolina to Alabama, and of Enos and Elizabeth Stuckey, who lived near Clopton. His paternal ancestors were descendants of Gen. Monk, who came to America with Oglethorpe when he settled near Savannah, Ga. He received his early education in the country schools, in Ozark and in Abbeville; was graduated from the Normal college at Troy, B. S., 1894; and M. S., 1898; and attended the summer school at the University of Chicago, 1904. He began teaching in the country schools when he was twenty-one years old, and taught in country and village schools until 1901. He served

as superintendent of Phoenix City schools, 1901-1902; as superintendent of schools at Girard, 1902-1904; at Richland, Ga., 1904-1905; at Marshallville, Ga., 1905-1906; and in 1906 became president of the First District agricultural school at Jackson. In 1900, he was enumerator of census in Beat six, Dale County. He is a Democrat; is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, and has served the church as chairman of the board of stewards and as delegate to district conferences; is a Mason; an Odd Fellow; and a Woodman of the World. Married: June 30, 1895, near Clopton, to Minnie Eliza, daughter of Harmon and Phoebe Jane Strickland, who lived at that place, after coming to Alabama from Cumberland County, N. C. Children: 1. Minnie Eunice. Residence: Jackson.

MONROE, WILLIAM O., publisher and editor, was born in 1835 at Athens, Georgia; son of John and Emily (Paschal) Monroe, the former a South Carolinian and the latter a daughter of John Paschal of Georgia. In 1843 he moved to Alabama with his parents, who settled at Hinton's Grove, Greene County. In all he spent five years in school. In 1846 he entered the office of "The Eutaw Whig" as an apprentice, and remained there for five years. In 1859, when twenty-four years of age, he purchased a half interest in "The Whig" and in 1861, purchased "The Observer," consolidating them during the same year, under the name of the "Eutaw Whig and Observer." He served in the War of Secession a short time as lieutenant of cavalry in Clanton's brigade, but owing to ill health was forced to resign his command. He continued in copartnership with Anderson in publishing "The Whig and Observer" during the war, after which he became sole proprietor, a position which he has since maintained. He is a church member and a Royal Arch Mason. Married: in 1866, to Jane, daughter of Rev. John Du Bois of Greensboro, who was for fifty years a minister of the gospel, and inventor of the Du Bois cotton-gin. Children: 1. Jane; 2. Louise. Residence: Hinton's Grove.

MONTAGUE, ANDREW PHILIP, educator, was born September 27, 1854, at Fountain Run, Essex County, Va.; son of Howard Williams and Mildred Columbia (Broaddus) Montague, the former a native of Middlesex County, Va., and a Baptist minister for over forty years, the latter a Georgian, granddaughter of Dr. E. B. Teague for many years a distinguished Baptist minister of Alabama; grandson of Philip and Elizabeth Montague, residents of Essex County, Va., and of Rev. Andrew Broaddus and a Miss Honeyman, residents of Caroline County, Va. His early education was received in the public schools of Essex County and in Aberdeen academy, Va. In 1875 he was a partial graduate of University of Virginia, and was graduated from Columbian university, now George Washington university, Washington, D. C., receiving the degree of A. M., in 1879 and Ph. D., in 1888; in 1896, he received the degree of LL. D. from Richmond college, Richmond, Va. He taught at Columbian university, Washington, D. C.; was professor of Latin there

from 1882-97; principal of the academy, 1884-93; dean, 1895-97. From 1897-1902, he was president of the Furman university at South Carolina; from 1902-12 was president of Howard college at Birmingham, and was president of Columbia college, Fla., for several years. For nine and one-half years Mr. Montague has travelled, making public addresses in the interest of education and religion. He is a Democrat; a deacon in the Baptist church and a licensed minister. He is a Master Mason. Mr. Montague edited the "Selected Letters of Cicero" in 1890, and the "Selected Letters of Pliny" in 1893. Married: (1) November 3, 1881, to May, daughter of Judge Joseph and Augusta (Healy) Christian of Richmond, Va.; (2) May 8, 1907, to Florence, daughter of H. F. and Blanche (Teague) Wood of Birmingham. Children, by first marriage: 1. Maude Augusta; 2. Howard Christian. Residence: Lake City, Fla.

MONTGOMERY, HUBERT HAYNES, State superintendent of banks, was born September 11, 1884, at Jacksonville, Calhoun County; son of Henry F. and Mary E. (Linder) Montgomery, the former a native of Fulton County, Ga., who removed early to Jacksonville, and later to Anniston, for one term tax collector of Calhoun County, and United States commissioner, served in C. S. Army during the last year of the War of Secession; grandson of James Floyd and Elizabeth A. (Young) Montgomery, of Fulton County, Ga., the former a captain in the Indian War of 1836, and of Dr. P. P. and Willie (Draper) Linder, of Calhoun County; great-grandson of James Montgomery, who came, in 1740, from northern Ireland to Waxflow, S. C. Mr. Montgomery was educated in the schools of his native county, and at the State normal school, Jacksonville. Since 1901 he has been engaged in the banking business, first with the Tredegar national bank, afterwards with the First national bank, of Jacksonville. While cashier of the Traders national bank, of Birmingham, he was appointed State superintendent of banks. During 1917-18 he was mayor of Jacksonville. He is a Democrat; a Presbyterian; and a Mason. Married: December 18, 1907, at Anniston, to Bunnie, daughter of William A. and Edna (Evans) Darden, of that place. Children: 1. Mary Edna; 2. Emily Darden. Residence: Montgomery.

MONTGOMERY, MRS. JAMES, patriotic worker, was born at Oakley, a suburb of Montgomery; daughter of Samuel Watkins Goode and wife, Miss Douglass, the former a native of Washington County, Ga., and who removed to Oakley in 1830, the latter a native of Middlebury, Vt. She was one of the most prominent early workers of the Ladies' Confederate Memorial association. Last residence: Montgomery.

MOODY, ANDERSON EDWARD, was born March 30, 1827, in Chesterfield County, Va., and died December 11, 1874, at Linden; son of Carter and Sarah (Pantry) Moody, natives respectively of Essex and Chesterfield Counties, Va.; grandson of Lewis Moody and wife, a Miss



JAMES H. BALLENTINE

Gatewood, and of Stephen Pankey, all of Chesterfield County. The Moody family is of English origin. The Pankeys are of French ancestry, Col. David, father of Stephen Pankey, being a soldier of the American Revolution, his services of such merit that the government granted him several thousand acres of land in Chesterfield County. He received his preparatory education in his native county, his college education in Richmond, and his legal training in Philadelphia. He entered upon the practice of his profession at the age of twenty-four and located in Marengo County. He was a magistrate of that county for several years. Owing to his frail health, he could not take the field during the War of Secession, but in the fall of 1862 was commissioned by Gov. Moore, colonel of the home guards of Marengo County. Later in life, he removed to Mobile and engaged in merchandising, and also the cotton brokerage business, the firm being Smith and Moody. He was a Democrat; Methodist; and Mason. Married: May 16, 1853, in Essex County, Va., to Willie Ann, daughter of James and Mary (Allen) Owen of that place, the former a planter and slave owner. The grandfather Allen was an English peer and married Mlle. Latane, a French Huguenot. The paternal grandmother was a Miss Montague, near relative of Gov. Montague of Virginia. Children: 1. Willie Owen, m. James W. Stubbs, Norfolk, Va. Last residence: Linden.

MOODY, FRANK SIMS, lawyer, banker and State senator, was born on October 29, 1849, at Tuscaloosa, and died there February 21, 1920; the only son of Washington and Jane Hamilton (Sims) Moody (q. v.). Senator Moody attended the private schools of Tuscaloosa. During the latter part of the war the University of Alabama was both a literary and military institution, and while he was enrolled as a cadet by special permission he attended lectures at the University without being a matriculate, and he was thus engaged when the buildings of that institution were destroyed by Federal troops, in 1865. In 1867 he entered Washington college, which later became Washington and Lee university, where he graduated A. B., 1870, and was the recipient, at the commencement of that year, of one of the Robinson prize medals at the hands of Gen. Lee. In 1871 he became the cashier of the First national bank of Tuscaloosa, the bank having been founded during that year; in 1874 took the degree of B. L. in the first class to graduate from the law department of the University of Alabama; began the practice of law in 1875; served as solicitor of Tuscaloosa County and on the death of his father, in 1879, was made president of the First national bank of Tuscaloosa, a position he continued to hold until his death. For twenty-five years he was engaged in farming. To fill a vacancy he was elected to the State senate in 1894 and was elected to the same position in 1896, in 1906 and 1910. He was a Democrat and was chairman of the Democratic executive committee of the sixth congressional district from 1892 until 1910. He consistently advocated primary elections for the nomination of all State, congressional and county officers.

Senator Moody after 1881 was an ardent advocate of temperance reform, and from that time he consistently did all in his power to further the cause of temperance by advocating the prohibition of the liquor traffic or its regulation and control by dispensaries. A large part of his life was given to temperance work. He opposed the prohibition amendment to the constitution submitted in 1909 on the ground that it was an extreme and intemperate measure, and he was elected the permanent president of the conference or convention that met in Montgomery on the 15th day of September to oppose the movement. He was a Baptist, and for twenty years he had been the teacher of the University class in the Sunday school. Married: January 5, 1876, at Tuscaloosa, to Mary Farley, daughter of Thomas H. and Susan (Farley) Maxwell, the former having come from the northern part of England in 1839, and the latter having come from Ipswich, Mass. Children: 1. Frank Maxwell, m. Beverly Hill; 2. Mary Washington; 3. James, d. in infancy; 4. Anna Jane; 5. Washington, m. Ira Bradfield of Birmingham; 6. Maxwell, m. Jean Lahey of Montgomery; 7. Farley, lieutenant, killed in European War. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

MOODY, HENRY ALTAMONT, physician and author, was born April 4, 1842, at Billerica, Mass.; son of Henry Cliff and Julia (Russell) Moody, the former a native of England, a builder of textile factories, employed after arrival in America to engage in his profession in Massachusetts, later in New Hampshire, finally in the Southern States, locating near Florence, and near which place he was horse-whipped and tortured by Tories in a vain endeavor to make him reveal the hiding place of a large sum of money committed to his keeping, and where he was accidentally killed in the sixty-fifth year of age; grandson of Abner Russell of Groton, Mass., a descendant of Gov. Haywood of Massachusetts. Dr. Moody received his early education in public and private schools in Massachusetts, was instructed in medicine by Dr. J. B. Harlowe, a regent of Harvard; entered the Confederate service in 1862 and served throughout the war as physician and surgeon; completed his medical training at the University medical school of Louisville, Ky., 1866, and entered on the practice at Bailey Springs, later removing to Panola County, Miss., where he practiced eight years, at the end of which time he returned to Alabama; occupied the chair of materia medica and therapeutics in the School of medicine, University of Alabama, from 1896 to present, having held the position without interruption eighteen years. During his residence in Mississippi, he was secretary of the Panola County Democratic committee and member of the Mississippi legislature two terms; Presbyterian, Mason; Knight of Honor. Author: "In spite of fate," a novel published serially by the Louisville "Courier-Journal," 1882-83; "The City Without a Name," a romance, published in 1898, running through two editions; a number of professional articles; and was managing editor and writer for the Southern medical journal. Married: (1) December 24, 1866, to

Virginia, daughter of Maj. A. G. and Mary L. Ellis of Lauderdale County, descended from the well known Ellis family of Virginia and the Hulett family of Tennessee; (2) in 1831, to Mattie C., daughter of Dr. Andrew and Margaret Robb (Grant) Kaeiser of Raleigh, N. C. Children: by first marriage, 1. Cornelia, m. Hon. R. T. Simpson of Florence; 2. Virginia E. Residence: Mobile.

MOODY, MILO, lawyer, was born May 22, 1861, at Atlanta, Ga.; son of O. A. and Mildred Virginia Moody, the former who lived at Atlanta but removed to Jackson County, 1867. Mr. Moody received his education in the common schools and attended the University of Alabama, 1887-88. He studied law and was admitted to the bar at Scottsboro, in 1889. He served as constable, 1896-97; was county tax commissioner, 1897; was representative in the general assembly during the session of 1898-99; and was a delegate to the constitutional convention of 1901 from Jackson County. He is a Democrat. Married: July 27, 1891, at Scottsboro, to Mrs. Fannie Aldrich Snodgrass. Residence: Scottsboro.

MOODY, R. A., Methodist minister; member of the Alabama conference. Residence: Dothan.

MOODY, WASHINGTON, banker and lawyer, was born on March 16, 1806, in Mecklenburg County, Va., and died in Tuscaloosa, March 31, 1879; son of Francis and Anna (Hester) Moody, who moved from Mecklenburg County, Va., to Columbia, Tenn., and later to Tuscaloosa. The Moody family is of English stock and were early settlers in the vicinity of Richmond. Washington Moody removed to Alabama, at the age of thirteen, with his parents. He was left an orphan and therefore received a limited education. He was a clerk in the post office at the same time doing writing for Judges Minor and Crabb, while his nights were spent in study. He assisted Judge Minor in the preparation of his volume of reports and progressed in the study of law until he was one of the ablest counselors of the Tuscaloosa bar. He was one of the founders, in 1871, of the First National bank of Tuscaloosa, and served as its president from the date of its organization until the time of his death. He was also judge of the orphan's court of Tuscaloosa. Married: to Jane Hamilton, daughter of Edward and Sarah (Banks) Sims. (q. v.). Children: 1. Frank Moody (q. v.); 2. Sallie A., m. Rev. David Ingram Purser (q. v.). Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

MOODY, YOUNG MARSHALL, business man and brigadier general, C. S. Army, was born June 23, 1822, in Chesterfield County, Va., and died September 18, 1866, in New Orleans, La.; son of Carter and Sarah (Pankey) Moody, natives of Chesterfield County, Va.; grandson of Lewis and Catherine (Gatewood) Moody, of Essex County, Va., and of Stephen Pankey, who was a colonel in the Revolutionary War. The Moody family is of English descent, the earliest ancestors settling in Richmond County upon their arrival in America. The Pankeys

are of French ancestry, and had land grants in Chesterfield County when arriving in this country, which are on file in the Confederate Museum in Richmond, Va. General Moody was educated in the schools of Richmond, Va., and when nineteen years of age entered the tobacco business with the firm of Pankey and Branch. In 1842 he came to Alabama and settled in Marengo County, where he taught school and merchandized. In 1856, he was appointed circuit clerk, and in 1858, he entered the service of the Confederate States, as a captain in the 11th Alabama infantry regiment. After seeing service in Virginia for a year he returned to this State and assisted in organizing the 43rd Alabama infantry regiment of which he became lieutenant colonel. The regiment was ordered to Chattanooga and placed under General Leadbetter, and later served under Gen. Kirby Smith in his Kentucky campaign, in which, however, it was not actively engaged. The organization of General Smith's forces about October 31, 1862, shows Colonel Moody as commanding the 43rd Alabama. At the battle of Chickamauga, Colonel Moody led his regiment so well that General Gracie said of him: "Col. Y. M. Moody of the Forty-third Alabama regiment, always at the head of his regiment on the march, maintained the same position on the field, rallying and encouraging his men." Colonel Moody commanded his regiment in General Longstreet's campaign in East Tennessee and saw active service at the siege of Knoxville and Bean's Station. In 1864, Gracie's brigade was sent to reinforce Beauregard at Petersburg. At the battle of Drewry's Bluff, May 16, 1864, Colonel Moody was wounded in the ankle, being rendered unable for duty for some months. Upon the death of General Gracie, on December 2, 1864, Colonel Moody assumed command of the brigade which was composed of the 23rd Alabama battalion of sharpshooters, and the 41st, 43rd, 59th, and 60th Alabama regiments. He was in command of the brigade around Petersburg during the winter of 1864-65, and was commissioned a brigadier-general, March 4, 1865. On the day before General Lee's surrender at Appomattox he was captured while sick and with the wagon train. Upon the cessation of hostilities he returned to Mobile, where he engaged in banking and conducted a commission merchant's business. In September, 1866, while in New Orleans relative to establishing a branch of his business in that city, he was stricken with yellow fever and died in that city. He was a Methodist and a Mason. Married: in Petersburg, Va., to Frances Annette, daughter of Colonel Floyd of that place. Children: 1. Carter L., m. a Miss Culver of Mobile, resides in Texas. Their children are Carriola, Bessie Elizabeth, Carter L. jr., and Frances Annette. Last residence: Mobile.

MOON, ALLEN JEFFERSON, teacher and dean of Howard college, was born August 25, 1873, at Lineville, Clay County; son of Jacob Washington and Mary Jane (Strickland) Moon, of that place; grandson of Young Allen and Sarah Amanda (Staples) Moon, the former a native of Georgia, his ancestors having come to America from England, and of Thomas

Jefferson and Mary Ann Strickland, of Lineville and Ashland, respectively, the former was reared in Macon, his ancestors having migrated to new Amsterdam from Holland, and many of his relatives still live in New York and Pennsylvania. Mr. Moon received his secondary education at the Lineville college, and graduated from Howard college, Birmingham, 1897, with the A. B. degree and in 1902, with the A. M. degree. In 1911, the honorary degree of L. H. D., was conferred upon him by that institution. During 1899-1901, he studied Latin and Greek at the University of Virginia, and during 1904-10-11, at the University of Chicago. He has been professor of Latin and Greek at Howard college since 1901, and dean of that institution since 1914. He is state vice-president of the Classical association of the middle west and south, which position he has held for three years. He held the chair of ancient languages at the University of Alabama during the summer school for teachers in 1908. He is a Baptist; and Knight of Pythias. Unmarried. Residence: Birmingham.

MOON, HARTLEY ALLEN, mechanical engineer, adjutant general, was born February 5, 1877, near Alexander City, Tallapoosa County; son of Dr. William Henry and Frances Onalda (Bell) Moon (q. v.); grandson of William Pitt and Sue Bell, of Oglethorpe County, Ga.; great-grandson of Sylvanus and Frances (Lumpkin) Bell. Col. Moon received his education in the schools of Goodwater and at the Alabama polytechnic institute, from which he was graduated B. S. and M. E., in 1899. He was with the Southern bell telephone and telegraph company in Birmingham for more than two years; with the Continental gin company of Birmingham from 1902 to 1916; and in the U. S. Army from 1916 until he was mustered out in 1919; was appointed adjutant general shortly after the beginning of Governor Kilby's administration, and served as acting adjutant general until he was mustered out of the army on December 18, 1919. He was a first lieutenant of infantry in the Alabama National Guard from 1909 to 1912; served as captain of infantry volunteer reserve in 1908; was captain of field artillery, Alabama National Guard, 1912; and major in the Fourth Alabama infantry, later the One Hundred and Sixty-seventh U. S. infantry, 1916-1919. He has held the rank of colonel in adjutant general's department in the Alabama National Guard as adjutant general of the state. He was severely wounded in the Baccarat defensive sector, in Alsace, France, June 9, 1918. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; a member of the America society of mechanical engineers; member Alabama Polytechnic society; member of Montgomery Rotary club; member of the American legion, and Rainbow Veterans' associations. Married: (1) September, 1901, to Leo Trelle Henderson of Barnesville, Ga.; (2) February 4, 1910, at Cusseta, to May, daughter of Thomas James and Amanda (Wiley) Middleton, of Pleasant Hill, and a descendant of Capt. James Middleton, Col. John Hinton and Lieut. Thomas James, on her father's side, and from Gen. Evan Shelby, Col. Adam Alexander, Gen. Miles Brewton, and Peter Newport Bragg, on her mother's side, all

of whom saw service in the American Revolution. Children: 1. Sarah Trelle; 2. Amanda Middleton; 3. Richard Hartley. Residence: Montgomery.

MOON, WILLIAM HENRY, physician, was born September 23, 1844, in Chambers County; son of Young Allen and Sarah Amanda (Staples) Moon, the former who was born in Madison County, Ga., and removed to Alabama 1842, resided in several different points, died 1888. Dr. Moon was educated in his native county, and in 1862 enlisted in Co. I, 13th Alabama infantry, seeing service with the Army of Northern Virginia; participated in battles at Fredricksburg, Chancellorsville, Gettysburg, and Hatcher's Run; was made prisoner at Gettysburg and confined to Ft. Delaware fifteen months, after which he escaped; was assigned to a battalion of sharpshooters, and again captured before Lee's surrender. Returning home he attended school at Oxford, 1868; taught school three years; in 1871 took first medical lectures, and practiced at Alexander City until 1878, when he returned to Mobile and graduated in 1879. After practicing another year at Alexander City, he removed to Goodwater where he has since resided. He became a member of the Coosa County medical association in 1883; and was one of the senior councillors of the State medical association; health officer, Coosa County; and city health officer of Goodwater. He is a Democrat; Mason; Knight of Honor; and a Baptist. Married: November 13, 1872, at Lineville, to Frances Onalda, daughter of William Pitt and Susan (Bell) Bell, natives of Georgia. Children: 1. Lula Bell, unmarried, Goodwater; 2. Frances Onalda, trained nurse; 3. Hartley Allen (q. v.); 4. Susan, graduate of Florence normal school, m. Bruno Max Ohme, dentist, Montgomery; 5. William Pitman, graduate of Auburn, m. Grace Gordon Watts, civil engineer, Goodwater; 6. Mary Zephyr, graduate of Montevallo, m. Fulton Pace, Talladega; 7. Allene Rees, graduate of Florence, m. Frank McKelvy, Columbus, Ga.; 8. Nellie Lee, graduate of Florence, m. Herbert Neighbors, reside at Clanton; 9. Charles Davis, a graduate of Auburn, unmarried, served as 2nd lieutenant, 60th U. S. infantry, A. E. F., now resides at Ensley; 10. John Halan, graduate of Auburn, unmarried, resides in Texas; 11. Jacob, graduate Alabama polytechnic institute. Residence: Goodwater.

MOORE, ALFRED, bank teller and Confederate soldier, was born December 23, 1848, in Huntsville; son of Dr. Alfred and Jane (Watson) Moore, the former a surgeon of the War of 1812, the latter a native of Richmond, Va.; brother of John Edmund Moore (q. v.) and of Sydenham Moore (q. v.); brother-in-law to Gov. Edward A. O'Neal (q. v.). In 1864, although but sixteen years of age, he enlisted in the Confederate Army, was wounded at the battle of Indian Creek, captured in the following December, and imprisoned at Camp Chase, Ohio, until the close of the war. He became a citizen of Huntsville and for fourteen years was book-keeper and teller of the First national bank, a position he resigned at his election in April, 1899, as mayor of the city. Residence: Huntsville.

MOORE, ANDREW BARRY, lawyer and sixteenth governor of Alabama, was born March 7, 1807, in Spartanburg District, S. C., and died April 5, 1873, in Marion; son of Capt. Charles and Jane (Barry) Moore, the former a soldier in the Revolutionary War, and in the War of 1812, when he was raised to the rank of captain, who came to Alabama in about 1823 or 1824, settling in Perry County, where he became a planter and lived until his death, the latter a native of Spartanburg, S. C., and a cousin of Postmaster-General Barry of Kentucky; grandson of Robert Moore, a Scotch-Irishman, born in Ireland, who on coming to America, settled in Chester County, Penn., and in 1769 emigrated to the Carolinas, finally settling in Spartanburg District, S. C.; nephew of Gen. Thomas Moore, who served in the Revolutionary War, and in the War of 1812, where he received the rank of general, and was a member of congress from South Carolina from 1810-12, and was again elected in 1816. Gov. Moore was an uncle of James A. Moore (q. v.). Andrew B. Moore was well educated and in 1826, came to Perry County on business, and being induced to take a school there, taught for two years. He read law in the office of Elisha Young and Sidney M. Goode, was admitted to the bar, 1833, and for eight years, was a justice of the peace. In 1839, he entered the legislature; was re-elected in 1842, and served four consecutive terms. In 1843 he was elected speaker over Mr. Jemison of Tuscaloosa, was elected the following year over Judge Peter Martin of Tuscaloosa, and in 1845, was again chosen to that place. In 1848 he was an elector for Cass and Butler on the Whig ticket; in 1851 was appointed by Judge Collier to fill a vacancy on the circuit bench; was subsequently elected to the circuit bench, 1852; and held that position until 1857, when he resigned to accept the nomination of his party for governor, to which position he was chosen without opposition. He was re-elected in 1859 over William F. Samford of Macon. During his second term, joint resolutions were adopted by the legislature authorizing the governor to call a convention of the people of the state, in the event, that in 1860, an abolition candidate was elected president of the United States. Mr. Lincoln having been elected, Gov. Moore promptly issued his proclamation ordering an election of delegates from the several counties, to meet, January, 1861, in convention at Montgomery, for the purpose of taking such steps as might be necessary to withdraw the state from the Union, as directed by the legislature. On January 11, the ordinance of secession was passed. Gov. Moore, had in the meantime sent a military command to take possession of the forts at Pensacola, Fla., had authorized the seizing of the forts and arsenals situated in Alabama, and gave great assistance to the Confederate government by collecting munitions, supplies, and organizing troops. The only question raised against his public policy was the premature seizing of the United States forts, which was condemned by many, even in his own state, but he was an ardent and sincere advocate of states-rights, and felt that the interests of his state and section justified this

act. At the close of his term, he was appointed special aid-de-camp, to Gov. Shorter, his successor, and discharged certain duties in the northern counties. In 1865, he was seized and incarcerated in Ft. Pulaski, Savannah, with Hons. R. M. T. Hunter, and J. A. Seddon of Virginia, Gov. McGrath, and Hon. G. A. Trenholm of South Carolina, Gov. Allison, and Hon. D. L. Yulee of Florida, Gen. Mercer of Georgia, Gov. Clarke of Mississippi, and Hon. John A. Campbell of Mobile. In August of that year he was released because of failing health. After his release he practiced law in Marion until his death. He was a member of the Presbyterian church. Married: near Marion, in 1837, to Mary, daughter of James Gorree, of Perry County. Three children, two daughters and a son, were born to this union. Last residence: Marion.

MOORE, DAVID, physician, was born in 1789, in Brunswick County, Va., and died in 1845, at Huntsville; son of John and Rebecca (Fletcher) Moore, the former a native of the Cape Fear region of Carolina and the latter a native of Virginia. Mr. Moore was an uncle of Sydenham Moore (q. v.). He received his education in Virginia and was graduated in medicine from the University of Pennsylvania. He moved to Nashville, Tenn., and started practicing there. In 1809, Dr. Moore purchased considerable land at the first sale of lands in Madison County, Mississippi Territory. He was selected one of three trustees to whom Le Roy Pope deeded one half of his purchase covering the site of Huntsville, having the authority to lay off, sell lots, and use the proceeds for the improvement of the projected town. Dr. Moore had been the family physician and friend of Gen. Andrew Jackson, at Nashville, and in 1813-14, during the war with the Creek Indians in South Alabama, he served as surgeon on the general's staff. After the last battle, the battle of Tohopeka, on his return home, he was appointed one of the "justices of the quorum," of Madison County, and served until the admission of Alabama as a state into the Union. He was one of nine citizens authorized under an act passed December 11, 1816, by the Territorial legislature, to open books of subscription for "The Planters' and Merchants' bank" at Huntsville, the first bank established in the Mississippi Territory. In 1820, after Alabama was admitted as a state, Dr. Moore was elected to the legislature, and was returned thirteen times, five times at the head of the chosen ticket; from 1822-25 he was in the State senate, but he preferred the lower house, and was, in 1841, unanimously elected speaker. Among the important measures which he inaugurated and carried through, was "the woman's law," a law which creates a statutory settlement for the protection of married women from the possible vices or business misfortunes of their husbands. Beside being interested in politics and his profession, Dr. Moore was a cotton planter of some renown, shipping his cotton to Liverpool and thereby furnishing an exchange for the people in Tennessee Valley. At one time he was the owner of nine plantations and a number of negroes. In January, 1833, under

the auspices of Dr. Moore and six other citizens, the Madison Turnpike company was chartered, and that company macadamized the roads ten miles south to the Tennessee River, and west in the direction of Athens, Limestone County. Dr. Moore was defeated in the election of November 24, 1841, by Arthur P. Bagby, for United States senator to fill the vacancy made by the retirement of Gov. C. C. Clay. He was presidential elector once or twice, and was again elected to the legislature, his death occurring soon after. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. Married, (1) to Harriet, daughter of Judge Haywood, a well known man of Tennessee, and sister of Hon. John Haywood of Tennessee; (2) in 1834 to Martha L., daughter of Benjamin Harrison of Brunswick County, Va., who afterwards moved to Madison County, and who was a cousin of President Harrison. After the death of her husband Mrs. Moore married Dr. Charles A. Patton. Among the children by the first marriage are: 1. David, deceased; 2. Harriet, m. (1) Dr. John D. Barnard of Savannah, Ga.; (2) Col. R. B. Rhett, jr., of Charleston, S. C. (q. v.), children by the first marriage. Mattie and Kate, deceased; 3. Samuel B., adjutant Twenty-sixth Alabama Infantry regiment, C. S. Army (deceased); 4. Kate, m. John Grimbell, of South Carolina, formerly lawyer in New York, deceased; 5. son; 6. daughter. Last residence: Huntsville.

MOORE, EDWARD CLIFTON, Methodist minister, was born November 5, 1873, at Mansfield, La., during the temporary residence of his parents; son of William Henry and Penelope (Reeves) Moore, of Letohatchee, originally from North Carolina, 1st lieutenant of C. S. Army; grandson of Alfred Moore, and of Prior and Amelia Reeves of Sandy Ridge, Lowndes County, the former a Christian preacher; great-grandson of James King (q. v.), a pioneer Methodist preacher who delivered the first Methodist sermon in Montgomery. Dr. Moore received his early education in the public schools of Lowndes County, taught by his mother; graduated from the Pensacola district high school, at the time conducted under the patronage of the Methodist church; received the degree of D. D. from Southern university, Greensboro, 1912. He joined the Alabama conference, December 1900, and has filled a number of important charges, among them being presiding elder, Montgomery district, and pastor Court Street Methodist church. He is a Democrat and a Mason. Married: October 10, 1900, in Butler, Choctaw County, to Pearl, daughter of John Henry and Ladoisha Annie (Weir) Chapman of that place. Children: 1. Frank D.; 2. Edgar Frazer; 3. Tom Weir. Residence: Mobile.

MOORE, ELIZA INGLIS (CLITHERALL) patriotic worker, was born June 2, 1803, in Charleston, S. C., and died July 9, 1886; daughter of Dr. George Campbell and Caroline Elizabeth (Burgwyn) Clitherall; sister of Judge A. B. Clitherall (q. v.). She was president of one of the most prominent ladies' aid societies during the War of Secession. Married: May 22, 1820, at Smithville, N. C., to Junius Alex-

ander Moore, a lawyer of near Wilmington, N. C., who removed to Alabama about 1837, where he continued his practice and died at Tuscaloosa, June 2, 1844. Children: 1. Georgena Rebecca, m. Joel Riggs (q. v.); 2. Caroline Sophia, m. Dr. Marshall Henry Bird, grandparents of Walter B. Jones (q. v.); 3. Emily Geraldine, d. young. Last residence: Montgomery.

MOORE, ELIZABETH MAUD (HALEY), teacher, was born at Cedarland, near Morristown, Granger County, Tenn.; daughter of James Franklin and Priscilla Joanna (Shields) Haley, the former a native of Madison County, Ga., who lived in Cherokee County, Ga., in Marietta, Ga., moved to Jasper in 1883, and served as postmaster there during Cleveland's administration, served in the Ninth Georgia battalion and later in the Thirty-third Georgia regiment, C. S. Army, was captured at Missionary Ridge just before the battle of Chickamauga, and was held a prisoner on Johnson's Island for eighteen months; granddaughter of Joel and Frances (Jones) Haley who lived in Madison and Cherokee Counties, Ga., and of Milton and Priscilla (Brabson) Shields, of Grainger County, Tenn.; great-granddaughter of James and Jane (Gilliland) Shields, the former a native of Frederick County, Md., was a soldier in the Revolutionary War, and died in Greene County, Tenn., the latter a native of Chester County, Pa., and of John and Elizabeth (Davis) Brabson, who lived at Brabson's Ferry, Sevier County, Tenn.; great-great-granddaughter of William and Jane (Bentley) Shields, the former a native of the County of Armagh, Ireland, born in 1728, who came to America in 1737, and lived in Newcastle, Cecil and Frederick Counties, Md., the latter a native of Lancaster County, Pa., of John and Mary (Reese) Brabson, who came from Wales, and settled near Martinsburg, Va. of Ben and Priscilla (Jones) Davis, who settled on Nolachuckey River, Greene County, Tenn., the former who was a cousin of Jefferson Davis and the originator of the Ben Davis apple, the latter who was a daughter of Repe Jones of Virginia, and of John and Hester (Romah) Gilliland, who lived in Chester County, Pa., the former a native of County of Antrim, Ireland, and the latter of Holland; great-great-great-granddaughter of Ben and Elizabeth Davis, who lived at Camden, S. C.

Mrs. Moore received her early education in private schools at Marietta, Ga., and from the girls' high school at Morristown, Tenn.; was graduated from George Peabody college for teachers, Nashville, Tenn.; received a certificate from the Summer school of the South, Knoxville, Tenn., 1902; was graduated from Teachers' college, Columbia university, B. S. 1904; and has taken summer courses in the Universities of Tennessee, Nashville, and Alabama, and Columbia university. She began teaching at the age of fourteen; has served as assistant in Mrs. Ford's school, Marietta, Ga.; was principal of Elizabeth seminary, Jasper, 1889-1894; instructor at the State normal school at Jacksonville, 1896-1902 and 1904-1908; professor of psychology and education at Ala-

bama girls' technical institute, Montevallo, 1904, 1905; instructor of education and English, University of Alabama, 1906; instructor of education, University of Nashville; teacher of French in Oklahoma institute and college for girls, 1911-1912; institute instructor in summer, 1913. She was director of the elementary department, secretary of the normal department, third, second and first vice presidents, Alabama educational association; vice-president of the normal department and secretary, child study department, Southern education association; secretary, Peabody alumni chapter of Southern educational association; charter member and member of the executive committee of the Southern association of college alumnae; president of the school improvement associations in Montevallo and Jasper; president and director, Montevallo Studios; member of executive committee, Chickasha Sorosis, Oklahoma; president, Woman's missionary society, Chickasha, Okla.; president Woman's culture club and Thursday study club, Jasper; official reporter first and second Alabama chautauqua assemblies; director, C. L. S. C. round table, Alabama Chautauqua; president Woman's department, Walker County Fair; active member, Alabama, Oklahoma, Southern and National education associations. She was assistant editor and business manager, *Alaqua*, 1894-1895; editor of a department in "Educational Exchange," 1894-1896; contributor to "Southwestern Journal of Education," "Educational Exchange," "Southern Educational Review," "Y. W. C. A. Gleanings"; and correspondent to several newspapers. She is a Methodist. Married: August 4, 1903, at Jasper, to James Alexander Moore (q. v.). Residence: Jasper.

MOORE, GABRIEL, lawyer, representative in congress, governor of Alabama, and U. S. senator, was born in Stokes County, N. C., about 1785, and died June 9, 1845, at Caddo, Tex. The names of his parents are not available. He received an academic education, studied law, was admitted to the bar, and commenced the practice of law at Huntsville, in 1810. He was representative in the legislature of the Mississippi territory for several years, and in 1817 was elected speaker of the first Alabama territorial legislature. He was a member of the constitutional convention of 1819; presided over the State senate in 1820; was elected to congress in 1822, over Col. Silas Dinsmore, of Washington, to fill the unexpired term of William Kelley, his district comprising the whole state; and was re-elected in 1823, 1825, 1827, defeating Judge Clement Comer Clay the last time, and serving until 1829. He was then elected governor without opposition, and under his administration two important state works were commenced; the construction of the Muscle shoals canal and the railroad from Tusculumbia to Decatur, both projects having for their object the utilization of the Tennessee River, which traverses the northern portion of the state. During his administration, there was also brought about the conclusion on September 27, 1830, of the Treaty of Dancing Rabbit Creek, whereby the Choctaws ceded their lands in Ala-

bama and Mississippi to the federal government for a like area in the west. This treaty was signed by Gen. Eaton, secretary of war, and Gen. Coffee, of Tennessee, representing the United States, and by one hundred and seventy members of the tribe on the part of the Indians. On March 3, 1831, Gov. Moore resigned to take his seat in the U. S. Senate to which he had been elected over John McKinley, of Lauderdale. He was succeeded in the governorship by Hon. Samuel B. Moore, who was then president of the State senate. As a member of the U. S. senate he opposed the appointment of Mr. Van Buren as minister to Great Britain, thereby creating bitter antagonism toward himself among Gen. Jackson's adherents. The legislature of Alabama requested him to resign, but he remained in the senate until the expiration of his term. In 1837 he was defeated by Hon. Reuben Chapman for congress. He moved to Texas in 1843, and died in that state two years later. Married: to a Miss Callier of Washington County. Gov. Moore was an uncle of Hon. S. D. J. Moore of Tuscaloosa, and Judge W. H. Moore at one time a member of the Huntsville city court. Last residence: Caddo, Tex.

MOORE, GEORGE FLEMING, lawyer, grand commander of the supreme council of the thirty-third degree Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite of Freemasonry for the southern jurisdiction of the United States, was born at Talladega; son of Dr. William Harvie and Elizabeth Ann (Dixon) Moore, the latter a native of Winchester, Tenn.; grandson of Major William and Mary Garland (Marks) Moore, the former one of the wealthiest men of the state in his day, who removed from Georgia to Alabama, and in 1827 represented Madison County in the State legislature, and who was a cousin of Senator Gabriel Moore (q. v.), the latter a native of Albemarle County, Va., and of Dr. Matthew Lyle and Elizabeth (Henderson) Dixon, the former who was a soldier and surgeon serving under Gen. Jackson, and who practiced medicine in Talladega; great-grandson of John and Margaret (Harvie) Moore, the former a native of Louisa or Albemarle County, Va., who removed to Georgia and in 1784 settled in Oglethorpe County, and of Captain John Lucy Marks, the former a Revolutionary soldier under Baron Steuben, the latter a descendant of the Meriwether family, who married first, Captain William Lewis by whom she had one son, Meriwether Lewis, who with his cousin William Clark was appointed to make the expedition to the west, known as the Lewis and Clark Expedition, and who was also first governor of Missouri, and of Sanky Dixon, a soldier in the Revolutionary War, who was wounded at the Battle of Brandywine, promoted to the rank of lieutenant, and after the war removed to Tennessee, dying near Knoxville, and of Samuel and Elizabeth (Callaway) Henderson, the former a member of the first legislative body held in the west, and a brother of Col. Richard Henderson, who bought the country which now forms the state of Kentucky, the latter who with her sister and Jemima Boone were captured from Ft. Boonesboro, Ky.,



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by the Indians, later being rescued by the men from the fort under the command of Daniel Boone and Col. Callaway, and who was married soon after to Samuel Henderson, by Squire Boone, brother of Daniel Boone; great-great-grandson of John Moore, a civil engineer by profession, who emigrated from Ireland settling in Goochland County, Va., and in that part of it which afterwards became Albemarle, and whose will is on file in the records of Louisa County, being a very interesting document for several reasons, one of which is the fact that he manumitted his slaves for their long and faithful service, and who at one time owned the land where the Court House and Charlottesville now stands, and of John Harvie, who came to Virginia from Gargannock, Scotland, about 1740, who was a lawyer in Albemarle County, a friend of Peter Jefferson, and for a long time the guardian of Thomas Jefferson who later became president of the United States, and whose son John Harvie, was a member of the continental congress, the first secretary of state of Virginia, and is said to have helped the government of the United States by lending it money during its early struggles, and of John Dixon, who emigrated from the north of Ireland to Pennsylvania about 1730, and of Col. Callaway, who left Virginia to join Daniel Boone at Ft. Boonesboro, Ky., and for whom Callaway County, Ky., is named. The father of George F. Moore, Dr. William Harvie Moore, was born in Athens, Ga., received his early education there, and later graduated in medicine from the University of Pennsylvania. When a boy he went with his father to Madison County where he first commenced practicing medicine with his brother-in-law, Dr. Fleming Jordan. He then went to Talladega where he practiced for many years. Among his patients and friends were such men as Hon. John T. Morgan, United States senator from Alabama, and Louis E. Parsons, governor of the state. When his health began to fail, he went into the cotton manufacturing business with his brother-in-law, W. K. Simpson.

George F. Moore received his education at what was then called the Baptist college at Talladega, at the Central institute in Coosa County, and at the University of Virginia, where he studied law. He was admitted to practice before the courts and in the court of chancery at Talladega, where he commenced his practice, later moving to Montgomery where he was associated with Col. Daniel S. Troy and his nephew Hon. Alex. Troy. For many years he was the attorney for the board of roads and revenues in Montgomery County, was special reporter for the supreme court, and was one of the judges appointed by Gov. Rufus Cobb and the attorney for Treasurer Bingham in the cases against the latter when he retired from the office of State treasurer. He was appointed by Mr. Cleveland as assistant district attorney, during his first administration and served through the entire term of President Harrison. Trouble arose during his service in this office and a convention of Republicans in the northern part of the state demanded of Attorney General Miller his removal, because he was a Democrat. The attorney general refused to re-

move him and upon his retirement wrote a letter to President Cleveland recommending the appointment of Mr. Moore as district attorney. He served as assistant attorney and U. S. attorney throughout the second term of President Cleveland and for some months during the term of President McKinley. In 1901 he went to New York for the purpose of engaging in the practice of corporation law, and in 1903 took up the work of editor of the "New Age Magazine." Mr. Moore was requested by Judge Thomas G. Jones to accept the position of U. S. attorney in the middle district of Alabama, during the administration of President Roosevelt, but this he declined because of his previous engagements with the Scottish Rite of Freemasonry in conducting the "New Age Magazine." He also declined to apply for the position as U. S. judge in the Canal Zone, because of his work on the magazine. He is a thirty-third degree Mason, has held office in the grand lodge of Alabama in the grand council in the Grand commandery, has held various places on the supreme council, and is at present grand commander of the supreme council of the Thirty-third degree Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite of Freemasonry for the southern jurisdiction of the United States. He is an honorary member of the Supreme Council of the Republic of France, and honorary lieutenant grand commander for life of the Supreme Council of Italy. Residence: New York.

MOORE, HENRY DANNELLY, Methodist minister, was born October 13, 1838, at Abbeville, Abbeville County, S. C., and died February 20, 1902 at Opelika; son of Rev. James and Ann (Fisher) Moore, the latter a native of Liverpool, England, who came to the United States with her parents, who first settled in Norfolk, Va., but later removed to Charleston, S. C.; grandson of John and Mary (Armstrong) Moore, both natives of Ireland who came to America from County Antrim in 1790, settling in Charleston, where the former became a merchant and a large landholder in the northern part of the state. Rev. James Moore, father of Henry D. Moore, grew to manhood in Charleston and was educated there, later moving to Abbeville, S. C. He was ordained a minister in the Methodist Episcopal church in 1830, and in 1844, when that church divided, adhered to that part of it now known as the Methodist Episcopal church, South, and may be said to have been the founder of the Methodist church in Abbeville. Dr. Henry D. Moore attended the private schools, in and near Abbeville, S. C., until 1853, when he attended the Arsenal academy at Columbia which was the first of a four years course in state military academies. In 1854 he was transferred to Charleston military academy, graduating from there in 1857 and in December of the same year was admitted to membership in the South Carolina annual conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, South. His chosen profession was civil engineering but he refused a position in Oregon to enter the ministry. He was ordained in Charleston, in 1857, was first assigned to the Union circuit, and in 1861 was at the town of Manning, S. C., where he helped in the drilling of soldiers for the C. S. Army. In July,

1863, he entered the army as chaplain of the Twelfth Alabama infantry, in which position he served until the end of the war. He was present at the battles of the Wilderness, Spottsylvania Court House, and Mechanicsville, during the campaign from Rapidan to James Rivers, and with Gen. Early's army in the Shenandoah valley in the battles of Winchester, Bunker Hill and Cedar Creek, and the raid through Maryland to Washington, D. C. He was transferred from the South Carolina to the Florida conference in 1865, and while a member of this conference served as preacher at the Albany station, Ga., until 1869. He became a member of the south Georgia conference while at Albany. In 1869, he was elected president of the Lavert female college at Talbotton, Ga., where he remained until July, 1872, when he was elected president of the Alabama conference female college at Tuskegee. His membership was transferred to the Alabama conference in which he was presiding elder in 1876, 1877 and 1878; from 1879 to 1882, he had charge of the First Methodist Episcopal church, South, of Mobile, and while there the degree of D. D. was conferred upon him by the state university at Tuscaloosa; from 1883-87, he was in charge of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, at Prattville; and from January, 1887, to January, 1890, was in charge of the First Methodist Episcopal church, of Montgomery, the only Methodist church in that city. In January, 1891, he took charge of the Selma Methodist Episcopal church, south. He was a delegate from the Alabama conference to the general conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, 1878. He had charge of the Epworth League department and the "Alabama Christian Advocate," and was presiding elder. He was a Democrat; a Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: (1) September 27, 1859, to Caroline B. Thomason, of Orangeburg District, S. C., and daughter of Rev. Bartlett and Elizabeth (Rumph) Thomason, the former an itinerant minister and a member of the South Carolina conference; (2) on July 14, 1874, to Caroline Tait of Wilcox County, and daughter of Hon. Felix and Narcissa (Gorree) Tait (q. v.). Children by first marriage: 1. Joseph Frederick, m. Margie McPherson, 1884; 2. Carrie Belle, m. Amos L. Smith, 1887; 3. Marie Moreman; 4. Henry D., m. Vesta Anderson, 1903; by second marriage: 4. Narcissa, m. James G. Comfort, 1900; 5. Victor Ivan, m. Lucile P. Taylor, 1905; 6. Ruth, m. Edgar S. Lotspeich, 1908; 8. Alberta, m. F. Renfro, 1910. Last residence: Opelika.

MOORE, HUGH McVAY, planter, was born May 15, 1835, in Lauderdale County; son of Lewis C. and Attie P. (McVay) Moore; grandson of Hon. Hugh McVay (q. v.); brother of John M., a soldier in the C. S. Army who was killed near Pulaski, Tenn., of Samuel H., who was killed at second Manassas, of J. Polk, a soldier in the C. S. Army, who died January 10, 1887, and of Lewis C., the only surviving brother, who was a member of the Fourth Alabama Cavalry. Mr. Moore was educated in the schools in Florence, and engaged in farming until the outbreak of

the War of Secession. On April 28, 1861, he enlisted as private in Co. H, Fourth Alabama Infantry, and served under Gen. Lee in the Virginia army until the close of the war. He participated in all of the battles of that army, and was also with Gen. Longstreet in Tennessee. He was wounded at Gaines' Farm, Chickamauga, Gettysburg, and Cold Harbor, being so severely wounded at the latter place that he never fully recovered. At the close of the war he returned to his old home and engaged in farming, ginning, and milling. In July, 1887, Mr. Moore was appointed to fill the vacancy left by the death of J. W. White, as sheriff of Lauderdale County. Married: four and a half miles north of Florence, April 4, 1866, to Fannie E. Rice. Residence: Florence.

MOORE, J. BURNS, member of the constitutional convention of 1865, from Franklin County.

MOORE, JAMES A., banker, was born December 10, 1839, near West Point, Clay County, Miss.; son of Thomas W. B. and Elizabeth (Burton) Moore, the latter a native of Spartanburg, S. C.; nephew of Andrew Barr Moore (q. v.). His father, Thomas W. B. Moore was born in Spartanburg District, S. C., in 1805, and was the first of the family to come to Alabama. He settled in Perry County, later going to Mississippi, where he married. He then settled in Clay County, Mississippi, where he lived for several years before moving to Palo Alto, Chickasaw County, Miss., where he died in 1855. He was an extensive planter, and going into Mississippi at an early date, 1828, became a pioneer of that state. After the death of his father and mother Mr. Moore, then fourteen years of age, made his home with his uncle, Dr. Robert Foster of Perry County. He received an academic education and was then sent to New Orleans, where in 1861, he completed a commercial course. A few weeks later he returned to his home in Perry County and became a private in the Marion light infantry, later known as Co. G, Fourth Alabama regiment, commanded by Capt. Porter King. He participated in the battles of second Manassas, Fredericksburg, Gettysburg, Chickamauga, siege of Knoxville, battles around Richmond, and at Petersburg, and when surrender came, was at Appomattox Court House. After the war, Mr. Moore returned to Perry County and accepted a position as clerk with Evins and Barry, general merchants, and six or eight months later, accepted the offer to take an interest in the business under the name of J. A. Moore and co., becoming manager, and remaining as such for two years. He then became sole proprietor. Two and one-half years later Messrs. Wyatt and Fitzgerald became associated with him under the firm name of Moore, Wyatt and Fitzgerald. Mr. Wyatt withdrew in sixteen months and the business continued until 1883 under the name of Moore and Fitzgerald, when the firm suspended the mercantile business. The firm now has large real estate possessions in Birmingham, the firm members are large stockholders in the Marion central bank, formerly the Marion savings

bank, Mr. Moore being president and Mr. Fitzgerald, cashier, offices they have held since 1884. He was mayor of Marion for five terms of one year each, during which time several important changes were made. For over twenty years he was a member of the board of trustees for the Marion female seminary, and was president of the board for ten years or more. He is a member of the Presbyterian church, of which he has been an elder for over eleven years, and for eight years was superintendent of the Sunday school. Married: in 1872, to Sarah F. Robinson, a native of Marengo County, and daughter of James B. Robinson, who was a prominent citizen of Madison County, and a member of a prominent family of that county, who came from Russell County, Va., and who held colonial deeds to their early possessions in that county. Residence: Marion.

MOORE, JAMES ALEXANDER, teacher, was born March 27, 1870, near Montevallo, Chilton County; son of John Bennington and Nancy Caroline (Garner) Moore, the former a native of old Jonesboro, Jefferson County, who lived near Montevallo, served in Co. G, Eighteenth Alabama regiment, C. S. Army, was wounded at Chickamauga, captured and held prisoner for eighteen months, was a farmer, justice of the peace and county commissioner, receiving every vote at the election to the latter office; grandson of James and Cynthia (Taylor) Moore, who lived at McCalla, the former a native of Georgia, and of William and Elvira (Mahon) Garner, who lived in Chilton County, near Montevallo, having come to Alabama from South Carolina. He obtained his early education in the common schools of Chilton County and at the Pleasant Hill academy, under Prof. I. W. McAdory; was graduated from Southern university at Greensboro, B. Ph., 1894, and from the Eastman business college, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., and was offered a chair at the latter institution, while a student there. He held the principalship of a private high school at Montevallo, 1894-1898; served as professor in the Alabama girl's industrial school, 1900-1906, as acting president of that institution, 1906-1907, and as chairman of the faculty, 1907-1909; was president of the Oklahoma woman's college, 1910-1912; and became principal of the Walker County high school in 1913. He is an active member of the Alabama, Oklahoma, Southern and National educational associations; of the National council of superintendents; of the Society for the promotion of industrial education; and of the American association for the advancement of science. He is a Democrat and has served as a member of the county executive committee; is a Methodist, holding the presidency of the board of stewards and the board of trustees, and for several years was delegate to district and annual conferences; is a thirty-second degree Scottish Rite Mason; and a member of Alpha Tau Omega college fraternity. Married: August 4, 1908, at Jasper, to Elizabeth Maud Haley (q. v.). Residence: Jasper.

MOORE, JAMES DOLPHIN, hardware merchant, was born January 18, 1849, near Whitesburg, Carroll County, Ga.; son of James Dol-

phin Moore and a Miss Disnueker, the former a farmer who was born at Chatham, Chatham County, N. C., and who when left an orphan at the age of twenty years, before there were any railroads, rode horse back from North Carolina to western Georgia, about 1834; grandson of Abram Moore, of near Raleigh, N. C., and of Maj. George Disnueker, an officer in the Revolutionary War. He received his early schooling in a country school in Coweta County, Ga., and later attended Bowdon College, Carrollton County, Ga., from where he graduated in 1870 with the degree of A. B. He began teaching mathematics and French the same year at Bowdon. After that he taught in Oxford College, Oxford County, and Roanoke high school, Roanoke, Randolph County. He entered the general store as equal partner with Hon. William A. Handley, and continued in that business from 1876 to 1882 in Roanoke; in the latter year moved to Birmingham and went into the hardware and machinery business; and in the next year entered the jobbing and wholesale business with B. F. Moore and W. A. Handley. In 1909 the firm incorporated as the Moore-Handley Hardware co., with James D. Moore as president. Mr. Moore was elected in 1916, a member of the Jefferson County board of education, for a term of six years. He is a member of the Methodist church, South,—has been a trustee, a steward, and taught a class of young men for twenty years. He has also been treasurer of the superannuate homes for fifteen years and the chairman of the board of stewards for four years. He is a Democrat. Married: July 7, 1885, at Mobile, to Annie Elizabeth, daughter of William Jones and Mary (Jones) Provost of Florence. Children: 1. Edna, m. John Pope Jones, jr.; 2. J. D. Moore, jr., m. Orlene Barnett, and they reside in Birmingham where he is with the Moore-Handley hardware co., as head of the automobile accessories department; 3. William Provost, a graduate of the University of Alabama in 1919, now connected with the Moore-Handley hardware co. Residence: Birmingham.

MOORE, JAMES MONROE, farmer, was born January 6, 1886, near Belk post office, Fayette County; son of James David and Frances (Estes) Moore, the former who was a native of Fayette County, was a merchant and served as justice of the peace during Thomas J. Jones' administration; grandson of David and Mary (Brown) Moore, the former who was a soldier in the C. S. Army, and of Cooper Bennett and Elizabeth Burton (Ayers) Estes, the former who was a native of South Carolina. Mr. Moore received his early education in the common schools of his county; later attended the sixth district agricultural school at Hamilton; graduated B. S. from the Alabama polytechnic institute, Auburn, 1912; and graduated M. S. from the Agricultural and mechanical college of Texas, 1913. He taught in the public and normal schools of music; organized a literary school in Fayette County in 1908; in 1914 organized the Fayette truck growers' association; was most influential in having the government take a survey of the overflowed swamp lands of the Luxapilla and Sipsey

Rivers in Fayette County; and January 1, 1916, he became pure food and drug clerk in the department of agriculture and industries. Residence: Fayette.

MOORE, JOHN, lawyer and circuit judge, was born March 13, 1829, in Wake County, N. C., and died in 1904; son of Wooten and Elizabeth (Tooley) Moore, the former a cotton planter, who was a native of Chatham County, N. C., came to Alabama in 1833, and settled in 1834, in Perry County, nine miles west of Marion. The early ancestry of the Moore family begins with Maurice Moore, esq., an officer in the British Army, who was stationed at the Barbadoes under Sir John Yeamans, one time governor of the Barbadoes, in the eighteenth century. Maurice Moore later came to, South Carolina, as also did Sir John Yeamans, being transferred to South Carolina as colonial governor. A son of Maurice Moore, James Moore, married a daughter of Sir John Yeaman's, and James later became the first governor of South Carolina to be elected by popular vote. Among the children born to this union, was another James Moore, who distinguished himself as a general in the Revolutionary War, and who resided in North Carolina. Two uncles of Gen. Moore's, Maurice and Rodger Moore, resided in North Carolina on the Cape Fear River. Maurice Moore was a judge of one of the superior court districts in North Carolina, and his son, Alfred, was a judge of the U. S. Supreme court. Rodger Moore, known by the title of "King" Rodger, was a planter, his plantation being located about eight miles from the mouth of the Cape Fear River. The land was very fertile and rice and indigo were raised. The settlement of this part of the country up to about fifty or sixty years ago, was to a great extent, controlled by the descendants of the original old families, namely the Moore, Swann, Waddell, Ashe, Mabson, Nash, Sampson, Owen, Quince, Joslyn, and a few other families. These families intermarried for the most part, Gen. Francis Nash, brother of Abner Nash, who was governor during the Revolutionary War, married a daughter of Gen. James Moore; Gov. Ashe married a sister of Gen. James Moore; Gen. Hugh Waddell, a soldier of the Revolution, married a sister of Gen. James Moore; Maj. John Swann married a daughter of Gen. Moore; one of the descendants of Col. Joslyn married into the branch of "King" Rodgers' family; and members of the Mabson family, intermarried with members of the Moore family. John Moore, received his early education at Howard college, and later graduated from the University of Alabama with the degrees of A. B., and A. M. In 1850 he began reading law at Marion in the office of I. W. Garrott, later Gen. Garrott, and in 1851 was admitted to the bar. He associated with his preceptor and at once began the practice of law, but soon afterward entered the army. Early in 1861, he raised a short-term company at Marion, known as the Fourth Alabama State Troops, and went out as its captain. Mr. Moore entered the regular service, after the expiration of the time for which his company was enlisted, and was made a lieutenant in the Fortieth Ala-

bama infantry. June 15, 1864, he was captured at Noon Day Creek, Ga., was taken to Johnson's Island and detained until the following winter, when he was exchanged. He returned to his command, but illness, contracted while at Johnson's Island, disqualified him from further service, and he soon returned to Marion. In 1865-66, he represented Perry County in the legislature, and in May, 1866, was elected judge of what was then the first judicial circuit, composed of Autauga, Bibb, Perry, and Dallas Counties, being elected over Hon. B. F. Saffold, of Dallas, Tex. In 1868 he was removed by the reconstructionists, and from that time until 1880, practiced law. In 1880 he was elected judge of the fourth circuit, and was re-elected in 1886. Judge Moore was at one time connected with what is now the Selma, Marion and Memphis railroad. For many years he was a member of the board of trustees of Howard college, and was president of the board of trustees of Judson female institute, in 1888. He was a member of the Baptist church. Married: February 18, 1851, to Emily Adelia, daughter of Dr. C. C. Billingslea (q. v.), who represented Montgomery County in the legislature. A daughter and two sons were born to this union; one of the latter is a resident of Tennessee, and the other is John Trotwood Moore (q. v.). Last residence: Marion.

MOORE, JOHN EDMUND, lawyer and circuit judge, was born in 1815, in Rutherford County, Tenn., and died in 1865, at Greensboro; son of Dr. Alfred and Eliza (Jones) Moore; and brother of Col. Sydenham Moore (q. v.). He received a good education, graduating from the University of Alabama with the degree of A. B., and read law at Huntsville, where he was licensed and practiced a year or two, then went to Florence. In 1847, he represented the county in the general assembly, and was defeated for judge of the fifth circuit by Judge S. C. Posey. He was elected to the bench of the circuit court in 1851, which position he held for twelve years. He was an aspirant for the nomination of governor, but the choice of the Democratic convention fell on Gov. A. B. Moore. He was tendered the appointment of territorial judge of Kansas, by President Pierce, which he declined. He was appointed judge advocate general on Gen. Hardee's staff, C. S. Army, during the War of Secession, and died while holding that position. Married: in 1844, to Letitia Watson, of Richmond, Va. Last residence: Florence.

MOORE, JOHN G., member of constitutional convention of 1865, from Coffee County.

MOORE, JOHN MARVIN, banker, was born July 24, 1877, at Marion, Perry County; son of John Calhoun and Castero Jane (Harris) Moore, the former who was born at Marion, served in the War of Secession, 1861-65, rose from the rank of private to captain, and after the war engaged in business; grandson of William and Susan (Tubbs) Moore, natives of South Carolina, who removed to Marion, and of David and Mary Ann (Miller) Harris, who

lived near Greensboro, Hale County. J. Marvin Moore was educated in the country schools near Marion, and was graduated B. S., 1897, from the Marion military institute. He engaged in banking; entered the Peoples bank at Marion as runner September 8, 1902; on June 1, 1911, was elected president of the same institution; and was senator from the eighteenth district in the legislature of 1919. He is a Democrat; a Baptist, which church he has served as Sunday school superintendent and deacon; a Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Residence: Marion.

MOORE, JOHN TROTWOOD, author, was born August 26, 1858, at Marion; son of Judge John Moore (q. v.), and Emily (Billingslea) Moore. He received a good education, and graduated from Howard college, in 1878, with the degree of A. B. After his graduation he edited, "The Marion Commonwealth," for a year; taught school the following six years in Butler and Wilcox Counties, and established Moore academy at Pineapple. While he was engaged in teaching, he was also studying law, but declined to accept a license as he did not wish to practice. Impelled by his love of nature and literary work, he returned to the country, moving to Maury County, Tenn., near Columbia, in 1885, where he purchased a stock farm. He was a great lover of horses and soon began to contribute to "The Horse Review," of Chicago, the best known turf journal in America, writing under the nom de plume of "Trotwood." During the succeeding years, Mr. Moore edited a department in "The Horse Review," and in 1897, published a volume of poems and short stories, entitled, "Songs and Stories from Tennessee," his story, "Ole Mistis," making him known to the literary world. He also wrote, "A Summer Hymnal," a Tennessee romance, which was published in 1901; "The Bishop of Cottontown," in 1906; "The Gift of the Grass;" "Uncle Wash—His Stories," in 1910; "The Old Cotton Gin," in 1910; "John Ballington, Forester," in 1911; three poems, "To a Sweet Pea," "The Recompense," and "A Ballad of Emma Sansom;" and a drama, "The Ghost Flower." In 1905-06 he was editor of "Trotwood's Monthly," and has been editor of "The Taylor-Trotwood Magazine," published at Nashville, Tenn., since 1906. He is a member of the University Press. Married: (1) to Florence W. Allen, who died in 1896; (2) in 1900, to Mary Brown Daniel. Residence: Nashville, Tenn.

MOORE, JOHN WASHINGTON, business man and legislator, was born May 12, 1857, near Lawrenceville, Gwinnett County, Ga.; son of David Benjamin and Mary Caroline (Inzer) Moore; grandson of Elijah Moore, and of Henry White and Phoebe Jane (Reid) Inzer. He was educated in the schools of St. Clair County; entered mercantile business in 1875; was coal operator from 1887-98; has been mayor, councilman, secretary and treasurer of Coal City; represented St. Clair County in the general assembly, 1907; has been a member of the County Democratic executive committee; and a member of the county board of education. He is a Democrat; Baptist; Odd Fellow; and a

Knight of Pythias. Married: Fannie Elizabeth, daughter of George W. and Julia F. (Daughrille) Daughrille, of Mobile. Children: 1. Earle. Residence: Coal City.

MOORE, JOHN WHEELER, physician, for thirty years a resident of Alabama, was born in Camden County, S. C., 1793, and died in Calhoun County, Ark., 1868; son of John Moore, a soldier in the Revolutionary war from South Carolina, and his wife, a Miss Wheeler, from Virginia to South Carolina. Dr. Moore was educated at Charleston, S. C., and at the Philadelphia medical college. He was a lieutenant-colonel, War of 1812; an officer in the Indian war of 1834; and a surgeon in the Mexican war. In the early thirties he located in Mobile and practiced medicine there until his removal to Camden, Ark., 1859. Married: Laura Rebecca, daughter of William and Rebecca (Harris) Moore, of Sumter, S. C. Children: 1. Martha Jane, m. Frank Alexander; 2. Charlotte Barbara; 3. Edwin Woodfin; 4. Dr. Thomas Polk, m. Augusta Ellis of Charleston, S. C., the parents of Lollie Belle Wylie, poet, who resides in Atlanta, Ga.; 5. Emma and Enna, twins, dec.; 6. William Woodfin; 7. William Henry; 8. John Wheeler; 9. James; and others who died in infancy. Last residence: Calhoun County, Ark.

MOORE, JONES GUERRY, business man, was born August 16, 1857, near Tuskegee, Macon County; son of Abraham F. and Margaret (Wright) Moore. He received his education in the common schools, and spent most of his early life on the farm; from 1879 to 1880 he ran a grist mill in Tuskegee; then accepted a position with the Newcastle coal and iron company at Newcastle; then worked for the same company at Coalburg, continuing with them until May, 1883. The Coalburg coal and coke company then bought the property at Coalburg, and he stayed with the new corporation until November, 1884, working alternately with both companies at Newcastle and Coalburg. In June, 1885, he accepted a position with the Pratt coal and iron company at Pratt Mines, and continued in the coal mining business until July 1, 1899, after which time he entered into railroading. He was representative from the eighteenth district in the State senate in 1901. He is a Democrat, and a member of the Methodist church. Married: at Birmingham, to Lula Howard Townsend. Residence: Blocton.

MOORE, JOSEPH THOITS, portrait painter, was born March 8, 1796, at North Yarmouth, Me., and died October 17, 1854, at Montgomery; son of Tobias and Dorcas (Thoits) Moore, both natives of Maine, the former who was a district schoolmaster; grandson of Samuel and Dorcas (Thoits) Moore, who lived at Freeport, Me., and of Jeremiah and Joanna Thoits, who, lived at North Yarmouth, Me. The American ancestor of the Moore family was Capt. Samuel Moore, who with three of his brothers, came from England about 1690, settling in Kittery, Me., and who in 1774, was lost at sea. Capt. Moore married a Miss Seabury, and the names

of both the Moore and Seabury families appear quite common in the old records of the towns and villages of Maine and New Hampshire. In 1816, Joseph T. Moore, moved from Maine to Chillicothe, O., where he engaged in the furniture manufacturing business with his brother Samuel. He developed an inherent artistic talent, and going to Montgomery in 1830, he opened a studio where he painted portraits, and gave instruction in drawing and oil painting. He painted over twenty-two portraits, among them being the portrait of Gen. Carroll which hangs over the mantle piece of the Montgomery field artillery armory. He also painted a picture of the burning of the old capitol building. He was a member of the Universalist church, and a Master Mason. Married: (1) April 8, 1819, in Chillicothe, O., to Eleanor Blackstone, who died August 6, 1838, at Montgomery, daughter of Samuel and Hannah (Pittingill) Blackstone, the former said to be a descendant of William Blackstone who settled on the site of the Boston Common and had been there for years before the Massachusetts colony came to America; (2) in March, 1847, to Mrs. Harriett McGuire, who died May 7, 1865, at Montgomery, a widow with two children, John and Frances. Children, by first marriage: 1. Harriett Newell, b. February 29, 1820, d. June 14, 1875, m. Robert Hosia of Cincinnati, O.; 2. Eliza, b. 1821, d. 1826; 3. Joseph, b. 1823, d. 1826; 4. Joseph, b. 1826, d. 1856; 5. Raphael, b. 1829, d. 1854; 6. Charles L., b. 1832, d. 1877; 7. Benjamin F., b. 1834, d. 1854; 8. William H., b. 1837, d. 1906; by second marriage: 9. Robert Hosia, b. March 30, 1848, m. Mary Lou, daughter of George R. Boyd of Perry County, reside at Chicago; 10. Eliza Eleanor, b. April 6, 1850, m. A. C. Scott of Milwaukee, Wis. Last residence: Montgomery.

MOORE, JOSHUA BURNS, lawyer and State senator, was born in 1833 in Franklin County, deceased; son of William Moore, a soldier in the War of 1812; grandson of Moses Moore, and William Burgess, South Carolinians, who emigrated to Alabama, locating in Franklin County, in the early history of the state. His father being a poor man, Joshua B. Moore received only such education as the old-field schools afforded, which he attended in the interim of working in the fields during the crop season, until he was fourteen years old. He then quit school and undertook a course of study without a teacher, and a year afterwards, at the age of fifteen, borrowed a copy of Blackstone's Commentaries, commenced the study of law, and was admitted to the bar at the age of seventeen. He took no active part in the War of Secession, because of ill health, but contributed in every other way to the success of the southern cause. In September, 1865, he was a delegate to the constitutional convention that met in Montgomery to revise the constitution of the state of Alabama. During the crisis of 1874, when an effort was being made to rescue the government of the state and place it in competent and experienced hands, he abandoned his profession, took the stump, and bent all his energies toward electing Gov. George S. Houston and the Democratic major-

ity of each branch of the legislature. He served as a senator in the legislature of Alabama during the sessions of 1874-75 and 1875-76. He was a Democrat. Married: in 1858, to Thomas Ella, daughter of Edward and Parthenia Pearsall. There were four children born to this union, and in 1874, while Mr. Moore was attending the session of legislature at Montgomery, his wife and the two youngest daughters were killed in a tornado that swept over Tuscumbia. Last residence: Tuscumbia.

MOORE, MARTIN VANBUREN, author, was born April 12, 1837, at Shown's Cross Roads, Johnson County, Tenn., and died at Auburn, September 1, 1900; son of Greene and Sarah (Shown) Moore, the former who was a successful merchant and farmer, and the latter a daughter of one of the German pioneers in the mountain valleys of Tennessee, originally from Pennsylvania. He received a good primary education, and was trained for mercantile pursuits. He taught for two years, and pursued a course of legal instruction for some time, abandoning it before he attained his majority. In 1861, at the outbreak of the War of Secession he was a traveling salesman for Kent, Paine and company, a manufacturing establishment of Richmond, Va., and in January, 1861, he engaged in the mercantile business on his own account in Watauga County, N. C. After the fall of Ft. Sumter, he assisted in raising a command, later known as Co. E, Thirty-seventh North Carolina Infantry, which was not immediately received into service, so he enlisted in August, 1861, in Co. D, First North Carolina cavalry, then in a camp of instruction near Raleigh. After a year's service he was promoted captain and assistant quartermaster, and was assigned to duty with the Seventh North Carolina cavalry battalion in command of Lieut. Col. G. N. Folk, which later became the Sixth North Carolina regiment of cavalry, and with which he served until the end of the war. In September, 1865, he went to Lenoir, N. C., where he engaged in the mercantile business; was appointed post office inspector in 1885, and assigned to duty on the Pacific coast, with headquarters at San Francisco; in September, 1889, he left the service due to a change of administration; and spent his later years at Auburn. Besides his interest in the mercantile business, he was at various times interested in agricultural pursuits, and in cotton mill industries, taking a great interest in scientific agriculture, receiving premiums for his exhibits at the World's Fair in Vienna, 1876, several state fairs of North Carolina, and the exposition at Atlanta in 1895. He was also a writer, and contributor to a number of magazines and periodicals. In 1897 he had published "The Rhyme of the Southern Rivers," and left a number of unpublished works. He joined the Alabama historical society, October 26, 1898. He was a Democrat; a Methodist; and a Mason. Married: (1) August 10, 1864, at Camden, S. C., to Sallie Elizabeth Lenoir, by whom he had several children; (2) March 15, 1892, at Talladega, to Mrs. Idora (McClellan) Plowman, who has achieved a national



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reputation under the pen name of "Betsy Hamilton," and who was the daughter of Gen. William McClelland and a widow of Albert W. Plowman. Last residence: Auburn.

MOORE, OBADIAH, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 80, and a resident of Autauga County, private N. C. Militia; enrolled on January 4, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$20; sums received to date of publication of list, \$60.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in part 3, vol. xiii, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

MOORE, PEYTON H., commandant at the University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa, 1899-1900. He held the B. S. and LL. B. degrees.

MOORE, RITTENHOUSE, business man, was born June 27, 1844, at Greensboro, Greene County, now Hale County; son of Sydenham and Amanda Melvina (Hobson) Moore (q. v.). He attended school at Greensboro, and Southern university for two years. He entered the University of Alabama at Tuscaloosa, withdrawing in two months to enter the C. S. Army, in October, 1862. He served with the Fifth Alabama regiment, until transferred to the staff of Gen. O'Neal, in command of Rhodes' Brigade, Jackson's Corps, Army of Northern Virginia. He was in the battle of Chancellorsville, was recommended for gallantry and appointed, by President Davis, as cadet in the regular army, Confederate States of America. He was then ordered to the Selma arsenal as ordnance officer, and after remaining there for a while applied for field service and was ordered to the Northern Army of Virginia as ordnance officer of Jeb Stuart's cavalry. Lieut. Gen. Dick Taylor had this order revoked, however, assigning him to his department as assistant chief of ordnance, where he served until the end of the war, surrendering in 1865 at Meridian, Miss., Gen. E. R. S. Cantz commanding the U. S. forces. A petition signed by every member of the legislature of Alabama, the governor and all the state officers, was sent to the president, requesting that he be promoted to captain, although under age. It was forwarded to Richmond in the fall of 1864, but never reached its destination, Sherman having destroyed the mail routes. After the war the trustees of the University conferred the degree of A. M. on all students who left the university to enter the C. S. Army, and Mr. Moore's name was on the list. At one time he held the office of excise commissioner of Mobile, his duty being to regulate the whiskey traffic, but resigned after assisting in establishing the basis of the reform. He was offered and refused the position as major general of the Alabama state guard, also the office of sheriff of the county. He is a Democrat, and a member of the Episcopal church, and has served as vestryman of Trinity church at Mobile. He is an honorary member of the "Infant Mystics" of Mobile, and at one time was a member of "The Strikers," a social society of Mobile. Married: August 9, 1866, at St. Paul's Episcopal church, Greensboro, to Hattie Beverly, daughter of Robert

Carter and Ann (Beverly) Randolph of Greensboro; granddaughter of Brett and Lucy (Beverly) Randolph of Caroline County, Va.; great-granddaughter of Richard Randolph of Curles Neck, Va., and a Miss Mead, the former being a vestryman of St. Mark's church, one of the oldest parishes in Culpeper County, Va., and whose name appears in the parish book of 1785, and of Robert and Jane (Taylor) Beverly, the latter who lived at Mt. Airy, on the Rappahannock River, Richmond County, Va.; great-great-granddaughter of William Randolph, an Englishman who held a large land grant on Turkey Island, and of Maria Carter of Shirley, daughter of King Carter, who owned a large tract of land in Virginia, known in those days, as the Northern Neck. Children: 1. Helen Beverly, m. (1) Judge William Bailey Thomas of Georgia, who died, (2) Mark L. Bristol of the U. S. Navy; 2. Amanda Hobson, m. October 22, 1910, to Henry Goldthwaite; 3. Rittenhouse Randolph, m. on October 28, 1911, to Mrs. S. W. Frame. Residence: Mobile.

MOORE, SAMUEL B., sixth governor of Alabama, was born in Franklin County, Tenn., in 1789, and died November 7, 1846, in Carrollton. He received a limited education and came to Alabama at an early day settling in Jackson County. He represented that county in the legislature as far back as 1823, and after serving several terms in the lower house, was elected to the State senate, in 1828, being president of that body in 1831. When Gov. Gabriel Moore resigned to take his place in the U. S. senate, Mr. Moore succeeded him in the executive office, and administered until December of the same year. At the close of his term he returned to Pickens County, which he represented in the State senate from 1834-1838, serving as president of it in 1835. He was judge of the county court of Pickens from 1835-1841. He was never married. Last residence: Carrollton.

MOORE, SAMUEL D. J., lawyer, was a nephew of Gov. Gabriel Moore (q. v.). He was a graduate of West Point military academy. He first located in the Cherokee region of Alabama and then removed to Tuscaloosa County, where he resumed his practice. He represented Cherokee County in the State legislature, 1839, and was judge of the County court until 1847, when he resigned to compete, unsuccessfully, with Dennis Dent, of Tuscaloosa, for the senate. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

MOORE, SYDENHAM, lawyer, representative in congress, colonel in C. S. Army, was born May 25, 1817, in Rutherford County, Tenn., and died August 20, 1862; son of Alfred and Eliza (Jones) Moore, the former a brother of Dr. David Moore (q. v.), and the latter a native of Jackson, Tenn., and a sister of Hon. John Edmund Jones who represented Sumter in the senate and was at one time judge of the city court of Mobile; grandson of Rev. John and Rebecca (Fletcher) Moore, the former a Methodist minister, South, who was born January 1, 1757, in Northampton County, and died April

28, 1852, was licensed by John Pope in 1784, ordained by Bishop Asbury, and in 1807, removed to Davidson County, Tenn., and in 1818, to Limestone County, and of Rev. Edmund Jones of Tennessee; great-grandson of Mark and Sarah (Mason) Moore of Northampton County, N. C. Sydenham Moore received a good education, and was a graduate of the University of Alabama. He read law at Huntsville, was admitted to the bar, practiced in Greensboro, and was judge of the probate court of Greene County for six years. In 1838 during the Cherokee Indian War, he volunteered as private and served in Capt. Otey's company. He was elected by the general assembly in 1840, as judge of the county court, over S. T. Hale and W. F. Pierce, which position he held, 1840-1846, and 1848-1850. In 1846, during the Mexican War, he was a captain of mounted volunteers to reinforce Gen. Taylor on the Rio Grande, and subsequently served in Scott's forces at Vera Cruz, Alvarado, Tampico, and Jalapa. On his return in 1847, he was elected brigadier-general of militia. In 1850 he was defeated for county court judge, his party being in the minority, and he resumed the practice of law. He was the nominee of the party for congress in 1853, and again in 1855, but was defeated. In 1857 he was appointed judge of the circuit court, and a few months later was elected as a Democrat to the Thirty-fifth and Thirty-sixth congresses, serving from March 4, 1857, to January 21, 1861, when he retired and left Washington with his colleagues, on the secession of the State of Alabama. While in congress he pursued a rather conservative course, and was a "working member" of the committee on the library. He entered the C. S. Army and served with the rank of colonel in the Eleventh Alabama regiment, and at the battle of the Seven Pines, was struck in the knee by a minie ball, another shattering his watch, and still another grazing his spine. His death occurred soon after as a result of his injuries. He was a member of the Episcopal church. Married: December 8, 1841, by Rev. Thomas Witherspoon, to Amanda Melvina, daughter of Matthew and Elizabeth Mary Ann (Munger) Hobson, who lived at Greensboro, the former who was a direct descendant of Baron De Grafenreid who came from Switzerland, holding a land grant in the Carolinas and who founded Newberne, N. C., naming it after Berne, Switzerland; great-granddaughter of Gen. Elijah Clarke, who came to Georgia from North Carolina in 1774, and served as captain, colonel and general in the Revolutionary War, and was in command at the siege of Savannah and Augusta, and for whom Clarke County is named; and sister of Col. Hobson of the Fifth Alabama Volunteers. Children: 1. Alfred, b. November 21, 1842, Lieutenant in C. S. Army, killed at the battle of Chickamauga, September 19, 1863; 2. Rittenhouse (q. v.); 3. Mary Quitman, m. Harris Waller, Greensboro; 4. Sydenham, m. Elizabeth Hutton, Birmingham; 5. Ann Eliza, deceased; 6. Alice Albina, m. Robert H. Smith, Birmingham; 7. Gertrude Creswell, m. Gregory L. Smith, Mobile; 8. William Webb, deceased; 9. Amanda Hobson, m. H. Minor Friend, Mobile. Last residence: Eutaw.

MOORE, TALIAFERRO CLARENCE, teacher, was born April 29, 1876, at Clarence, Blount County; son of David Sanders and Susan (Nunnally) Moore, the former a physician, a native of Walton County, Ga., who lived at the place until 1861 when the family moved to Alabama, and began farming on Sand Mountain, Blount County, and who is a relative of Tom Watson of Georgia; grandson of Robert and Nancy (Watson) Moore, of Clarence, Blount County, and of Jackson and Nancy (Bonds) Nunnally, of New Hope, Gwinnett County, Ga. His mother's family was directly connected with Charley Smith and the Van Bibbers who were the founders of Baltimore. He attended schools at Clarence, 1882-1890; entered Blount college, Blountsville, where he was graduated A. B., and M. Acct.; and was graduated from the University of Alabama in 1903, receiving the degrees of B. S. and M. S. in the same year. He began teaching school when he was thirteen years of age with a first grade teacher's certificate, and since that time has taught school continuously. In addition to teaching in the country schools in Blount County, he has served as professor of English in the Ninth district agricultural school, four years; as principal of the city high school in Talladega, two years; as president of the Fourth district agricultural school three years; and as principal of the Blount County high school for a number of years. He is a Democrat; a Methodist, serving the church as a delegate to the general conference, as steward, and as president of the county Sunday school convention; is a Mason; and a member of the Kappa Sigma college fraternity. Married: July 12, 1899, to Clinton, daughter of Clinton and Eliza (Barchiff) Montgomery, who lived at Blountsville; a cousin of Bishop J. H. McCoy of the Methodist Episcopal church, South; and a sister of the wife of Judge J. E. Blackwood (q. v.). Residence: Oneonta.

MOORE, TREDWELL W., commandant at the University of Alabama, 1891-93, with the rank of 1st Lieutenant, 22nd infantry, U. S. Army.

MOORELAND, TURNER, planter, was born November 24, 1784, in Dinwiddie County, Va., and died at his home on Old Federal Road, in Russell County, on October 29, 1857. He came to Hancock County, Ga., in the fourteenth year of his age and resided there until the late '20s, when he removed to Russell County. He was an extensive planter, a man of considerable means, financially, and a large holder of slaves. He was a Whig in late life, though formerly of the Jeffersonian Democratic faith; a Methodist; and a Mason. Married, October 16, 1806, in Dinwiddie County, Va., to Rebecca W., daughter of Nathaniel and Elizabeth (Chappell) Sledge, jr.; granddaughter of Benjamin and Elizabeth (Scott) Chappell. Children: 1. Elizabeth, m. Hartwell Bass, six children; 2. Jefferson; 3. Turner, three children; 4. Joseph, three children; 5. Augustine; 6. Asbury Fletcher, three children. Last residence: Russell County.

MOORER, RICHARD RANDOLPH, farmer, was born September 30, 1879, at Braggs, Lowndes County; son of John Randolph and Margaret (Davidson) Moorer, of Lowndes County, the former who volunteered in the Hayneville Guards as private, this company being a part of John B. Gordon's Sixth Alabama regiment, saw active service in Virginia for the first year and, at the reorganization of the C. S. Army, re-enlisted in Capt. Mack Bowie's company of General Wirt Adams' cavalry, was elected first lieutenant, participated in the battles of Corinth, Shiloh, Iuka, Natchez, and Vicksburg, and later in the Tennessee campaigns, and after the war took an active interest in reconstruction and served as Chief Cyclops of the Lowndes County Ku Klux Klan; grandson of Lewis and Martha (Gambling) Moorer, of Braggs, and of William P. and Isabella Davidson, of the same place; and his maternal great-grandfather was a colonel in the Revolutionary War. The Moorers are of Swiss, the Gamblings of English, and the Davidsons of Scotch-Irish ancestry. Mr. Moorer was educated in the public schools of Lowndes County; attended the University of Alabama for one year, 1898-1899; and graduated from the Southern dental college, Atlanta, Ga., in 1904. He practiced dentistry for ten years and then retired to take up farming. In 1919 he was a representative in the legislature from Lowndes County. He is a Methodist and a Mason. Married: September 14, 1904, at Mount Willing, to Hulda Hill, daughter of Capt. J. L. and Martha (Daniel) Hinson, of that place, the former who saw active service in Virginia during the War of Secession, having lost a leg at Winchester. Children: 1. Alice Margaret; 2. Thomas H. Residence: Mt. Willing.

MOORING, JOHN SCOTT, banker, iron manufacturer, public accountant, and chairman state tax commission, was born January 29, 1864, at Gainesville, Sumter County; son of James Ashley and Martha Ann (Scott) Mooring, the former a native of near Tarboro, Edgecombe County, N. C., from whence he removed to Warsaw, Sumter County, 1841, going a few years later to Gainesville, where he married, and became the owner of a steamboat, and a steamboat captain, running from Mobile to upper points on the Tombigbee River, later giving up this career to become a planter, his home being near Gainesville, whence he removed to Mobile to engage in the cotton business; grandson of John Bankhead Mooring and wife, who lived at Tarboro, N. C., and of John Baytop and Patsy (Thompson) Scott, the latter a Revolutionary soldier, who ran away from Hampden Sydney college, Prince Edward County, Va., to join "Light Horse Harry" Lee's legion, attained the rank of first lieutenant, during the War of 1812 and was captain of a company made up entirely of Revolutionary soldiers, later brigadier-general, Louisiana troops, was provisional governor of Louisiana under appointment from President Jefferson, who was his intimate friend, a member of the Society of the Cincinnati, and served a term in congress. The Mooring family was prominent in the early history of North Carolina. The Scotts came

from England, settling first in Gloucester County, Va. Mr. Mooring received his early education in private schools in Mobile, and in Towles school. He graduated at Emory-Henry college, Va., medalist in mathematics and first honor man through his college years, and third in rank one year. He graduated in the schools of Latin and Greek, at the University of Virginia, Charlottesville; read law privately, and was admitted to the bar, but never practiced. He engaged in the manufacture of iron from 1886 to 1890; president of the Anniston national bank, 1890-96; the following year he re-engaged in the manufacture of iron; was tax commissioner of Calhoun County, 1897-1903; public accountant, 1903-07; again county tax commissioner for Calhoun County, 1907-11; accountant, 1911-13; chairman, State tax commission, 1913-15; public accountant and tax expert, 1915-17; internal revenue agent for the government income tax, 1917-19; chairman, State tax commission, 1919 to date. He is a Democrat; Elk; and an Eagle. Married: in 1884, at Marion, Perry County, to Margaret Janet, daughter of Lorenzo and Sarah (Gray) Love. She is a descendant on three lines from Revolutionary soldiers, and is a member of the Daughters of the American Revolution. Children: 1. Ashley, enlisted as a private and rose to a lieutenantcy in the American Expeditionary Forces, fought in the Argonne and other battles of the World War, now assistant to chairman of the State tax commission, m. Mrs. Sarah Ann Long; 2. Alan Gray, m. Thomas Clift Campbell, Tullahoma, Tenn. Residence: Montgomery.

MORAGNE, ISAAC P., farmer, was born December 22, 1817, in Abbeville County, S. C., and died October 16, 1887, at Gadsden; son of John and Catharine R. (Williams) Moragne, the former a native of South Carolina; grandson of Pierre and Cecille (Boyle) Moragne, Jr., and of Roger Williams; great-grandson of Pierre and Marie (Paris) Moragne, French Huguenots, who emigrated to America on July 30, 1763, landing at Charleston, April 14, 1764, and of Jean and Marie (Seyval) Boyle. Mr. Moragne was a captain in the C. S. Army. He represented Etowah County in the house of representatives, 1880-81. He was a Democrat; a Presbyterian; and a Mason. Married: to Louisa, daughter of Abram and Liddia (Bridges) Whorton. Children: 1. Kate, m. John Kyle, of Columbus, Ga.; 2. Gus; 3. Dick; 4. Isaac, m. Susan Roebuck of Birmingham; 5. Ben; 6. John, m. Fannie Smith, of Gadsden; 7. Abraham, m. Betsy Davis, of Gadsden; 8. Robert; 9. Mary Louise, m. Clarence Wood, of Gadsden; 10. Eliza Jane, m. James Laffer Green, of Hanceville; 11. America Virginia, m. Mike McCartney, of Gadsden; 12. Annie, m. Matherson Phifer, of Alexandria; 13. John, resides in Purvis, Miss. Last residence: Gadsden.

MORAGNE, JAMES M., lawyer, farmer, and probate judge, was born October 18, 1843, in Gadsden; son of John S. and Mary El. (Whorton) Moragne. He served four years as a private in the Confederate Army, Co. G, 10th Alabama

infantry regiment, Army of Northern Virginia; was severely wounded in the first fight at Dranesville; fought through the war and returned home at close of hostilities; studied law, was admitted to the bar and practiced one year, and, at the age of twenty-five, was appointed probate judge of the county by Gov. William Smith; served six years, and was elected some years later as an independent. He engaged in farming and in real estate business. Married: in 1870, at Gadsden, to Mary E. Hughes. Children: 1. Joseph S.; 2. Fannie S.; 3. Mary E.; 4. Jennie; 5. Nena; 6. James F., deceased; 7. Kate, deceased. Residence: Gadsden.

MORELAND, J. S., major of Moreland's battalion, Alabama sharpshooters, C. S. Army.

MORELAND, WILLIAM S., major of fire battalion, exempts, during the War of Secession.

MOREN, EDWARD HAWTHORNE, physician and lieutenant governor of Alabama, was born December 25, 1825, in Dinwiddie County, Va., and died March 19, 1886, at Centerville; son of Daniel and Mary (Crawford) Moren, the former who was a merchant and farmer and who was, for several terms, a member of the senate of Virginia, the latter a native of South Carolina. He received a common school education and graduated from a medical college in New York; soon after entered the U. S. Army as assistant surgeon and served in that capacity during the Mexican War, resigning in 1848. He settled in Bibb County in 1851, and devoted himself to his profession for ten years. In 1861 he was chosen to represent Perry and Bibb Counties in the upper house of the general assembly, and in 1865 was re-elected, both times without opposition. He was a member of the committee of finance and taxation, and afforded valuable aid when he devised a system of revenue to aid the treasury of Alabama at a time when it was almost exhausted and public credit was in imminent peril. He was also chairman of the joint committee on retrenchment. In 1861 he entered the C. S. Army as surgeon with the Twenty-ninth Alabama, and was subsequently put in charge of a hospital at Greenville. During the election of 1870, when an injunction had been issued, intending to defeat the popular will as expressed by the ballot-box, and to retain the executive and the treasury in the hands of a party which had been condemned by the people, Dr. Moren was elected lieutenant-governor. He was a member of the board of regents of the University of Alabama; was an old line Whig; and a Mason. Married: July 5, 1860, at Centerville to Mary Frances, a native of Alabama, daughter of Samuel Wilson and Frances (Stringfellow) Davidson, the former who came to Alabama in 1819, from Mecklenburg, N. C., and represented Bibb County in the legislature in 1840, and was an elder of the Presbyterian church, which through his efforts and the efforts of a few others was founded in Centerville, and built in 1859, who died March 4, 1863, the latter who

was a South Carolinian, and died October 30, 1848. Last residence: Centerville.

MORENO, STEPHEN A., major, 17th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

MORGAN, ALBION LABAT, farmer and member of constitutional convention, 1867, was born March 21, 1834, at Carroll, Chautauqua County, N. Y.; son of Benjamin Townsend and Abigail Pease (Hall) Morgan, the former a native of Ohio, who moved to Chautauqua County, N. Y., when he was twenty-three years old, and lived there until his death; grandson of Thomas and Esther (Townsend) Morgan, who lived in Ohio, and of James and Polly (Cheney) Hall, of Chautauqua County, N. Y.; great-grandson of Thomas and Elizabeth (Morgan) Morgan, the former who came to America from Gloucester County, England, and who was a direct descendant of Sir John Morgan, esquire of the body of Henry VII, who was living in 1538. The Hall family is descended from Elisha Hall, who came to Hopkinton, Mass., about 1740, and whose son, William Hall served throughout the Revolutionary War on the side of the colonists. The ancestor of the Cheney family, William Cheney, came from England in 1635 and settled in Roxbury, Mass. Ebenezer Cheney, fifth in descent from William, served as a sergeant in the French and Indian War, was at Ticonderoga, and fought in the Revolutionary Army. Mr. Morgan was educated in the public schools and spent two years in college at Richmond, O. He went to Alabama in 1866; was a member of the constitutional convention of 1867; was appointed clerk of the county court of Wilcox County in 1867, was re-elected to the office and held it for twelve years; at the end of that time, was appointed U. S. revenue collector of the Mobile District, by President Garfield, and held that position for three years. After that time he was occupied as a merchant and planter. He is a Republican. Married March 6, 1861, in Chautauqua County, to Lydia Elizabeth, daughter of Austin and Rosa B. (Stewart) Jones, of that place; a direct descendant of John Jones, who emigrated to America from Wales about 1690, and settled in Nantucket, Mass., and of John Stewart, who emigrated with his wife from Scotland to the north of Ireland in 1729, from the town of Kilmarnock, and settled in County Antrim, whose grandson, James Stewart, emigrated to America with his wife, Catharine Hood, in 1795, and landed in New-castle County, Del., and later moved to Pennsylvania. Children: 1. Minna Augusta, b. June 23, 1864, in Jamestown, N. Y., m. Charles C. Washburn, Nashville, Tenn.; 2. Edith, b. July 28, 1875, in Camden, Wilcox County. Residence: Camden, Wilcox County.

MORGAN, ASA, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 74, and a resident of Limestone County; sergeant and private Georgia Militia; enrolled on August 12, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832; payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$83.91; sums received to date of publication of list, \$209.77.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in

vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

MORGAN, DANIEL, *soldier of the American Revolution*, and private and sergeant, particular service not shown; annual allowance, \$100; records show that he was paid up to March 4, 1834.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile.

MORGAN, JAMES, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 75, and a resident of Perry County; private N. C. Militia; enrolled on September 17, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832; payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$30; sums received to date of publication of list, \$75.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

MORGAN, JAMES AUGUSTUS, teacher, was born July 28, 1886, at Heflin, Cleburne County; son of John Francis and Louisa Elizabeth (Perryman) Morgan, the former a native of Gainesville, Hall County, Ga., who lived near Wedowee for a number of years, moved to Heflin, Cleburne County in 1884 and served as mayor of the town for three terms; grandson of David Madison and Esther Montgomery (Bell) Morgan, who lived near Gainesville, Ga. the former who served through the Florida Indian War of 1836, and with the Forty-seventh Alabama regiment, War of Secession, and died of pneumonia when he had served but a few months in the C. S. Army, and of David Augustus and Elizabeth (Kitchens) Perryman, who lived near Wedowee; and a descendant of John and Peggy (McDonald) Powell, natives of Virginia and Ireland, the former a farmer and cousin of George Washington. The Morgan family traces its ancestry back to David Morgan, of Scotch-Irish origin, who came with his brother Jacob in 1703 from Wales, and settled in Pennsylvania, later moving to the south. The Perrymans were introduced into America by three brothers, John, William and David, who came from England. William and David Perryman married into Virginia families, and John married a Creek Indian princess, and went west, where today are to be found the tribe of Perryman Indians. The DeJarnettes and Lovells of Virginia were closely connected to the Perrymans. Gen. William Lovell of Revolutionary fame was an uncle of Robert Perryman, who with his eight brothers joined the American forces and fought through the Revolution. Mr. Morgan obtained his early schooling in Heflin, at a public school known as Ross college. He was graduated from the Alabama polytechnic institute, B. S., 1908. He began teaching in the rural schools of Cleburne County in 1903. After leaving college, he taught in a high school at Roanoke, 1908-1909; was principal of Cleburne County high school, 1909-1910; principal of the Moore school, Birmingham system, 1910-1912; and became principal of the Talladega County high school, in 1912. He is a Democrat; a Baptist; a Mason; and a member of the Farmers educational and cooperative union. Residence: Lincoln.

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MORGAN, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 71, and a resident of Fayette County; private N. C. Militia; enrolled on January 31, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$60; sums received to date of publication of list, \$180.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

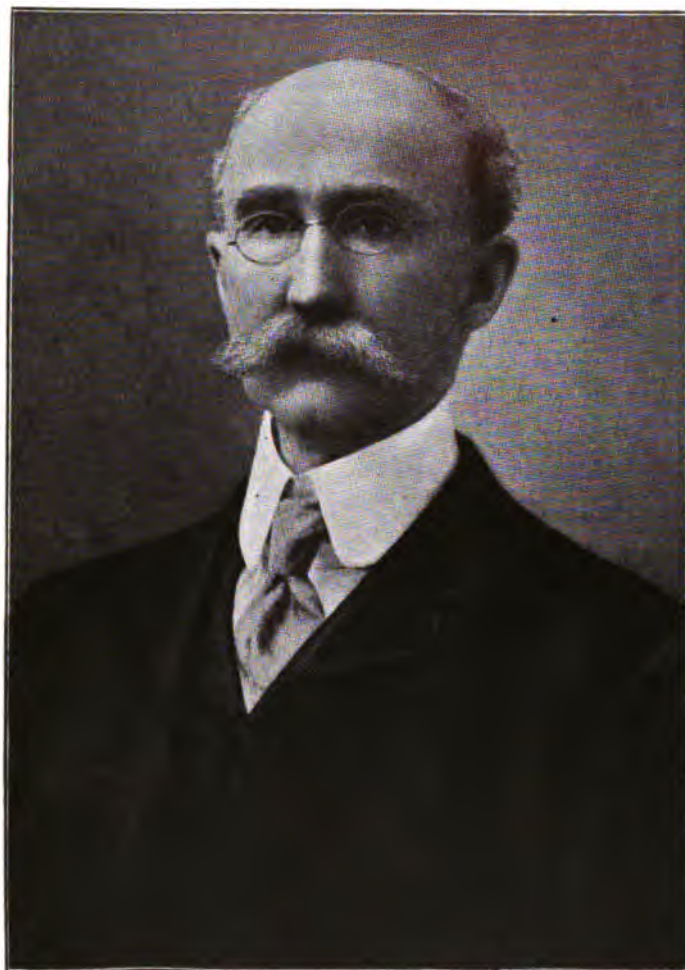
MORGAN, JOHN TYLER, lawyer, U. S. senator and brigadier-general, Confederate States Army, was born June 20, 1824, in Athens, Tenn., died June 11, 1907, in Washington, D. C., and is buried in Selma; son of George and Frances (Irby) Morgan, the former a native of Saratoga, N. Y., born the night George Washington was visiting the family, and named in his honor, removed to Tennessee and later to Alabama, a merchant, and planter, and lived to be ninety-four years of age; the latter a native of Virginia, daughter of an Episcopal clergyman and a woman of rare mental attainments; grandson of Gideon and Patience (Cogswell) Morgan, of Connecticut, the former a merchant and Revolutionary soldier, who died a monogamian, as did his father. During the latter part of the seventeenth century three brothers of the Clan Morgan sailed from Wales for America, one, from whom Senator Morgan is descended, settling in Connecticut, one in New York and the third in New Jersey. Senator Morgan entered the pioneer school of Charles P. Samuel, Kentuckian, located two miles from the Morgan home, when six years of age, and received the foundation of a classical education, grounded in Latin. In speaking of that period of his life, Senator Morgan stated years afterwards: "When I left school, at nine years of age, I knew more Latin than anything else. I had read *Historiae Sacrae*, the first six books of Caesar, the *Georgics* and *Bucolics*, and the *Aeneid* of Virgil; I had dipped into Sallust, and I was pretty well acquainted with Horace. In my other studies I had mastered all there was in our little geography, for I was always fond of geography, and I had gone as far as vulgar fractions in arithmetic. These three years, from six to nine, comprised my entire academic education." At this time his parents removed to Calhoun County, then a wilderness, still occupied by Indians, and "squatted" on unsurveyed government lands on Terrapin Creek, the young son assisting him in making the first crop, and enjoying the free life of the woodsman. In the absence of schools he prosecuted his studies under his mother's guidance, and to his knowledge of Latin books was added a deep study of the Bible and the English classics. He memorized such works as Young's "Night Thoughts," Pollock's "Course of Time," Thompson's "Seasons," Pope's "Essay on Man," and John Wesley's sermons. Some of these books were stored in the mother's memory, and in the absence of the printed page passages were transmitted orally by the mother to the brilliant son's mind. In this way young Morgan developed a memory that proved the astonishment of his associates in after life. While in Paris, serving on the Bering Sea commission, Senator Morgan was asked by Lord Han-

*former
husband*

men of England what university he had attended, and replied: "I never stepped foot upon a college campus in my life until one day during the War of Secession I had occasion to take my regiment behind the brick walls of the campus of William and Mary college, on the Virginia peninsula, to find protection from the minie balls and rifle bullets that were flying in our direction." The English lord thought it remarkable that one could rise to distinction without having a collegiate education. Senator Morgan replied that he felt great pride in stating that in America it was frequently the selftaught man who achieved success. Senator Morgan studied law in the office of William P. Chilton, of Tuskegee, was admitted to the bar in 1845 and practiced there until his removal to Dallas County, 1855, locating first in Selma, afterwards in Cahaba, finally returning to Selma, where he retained his residence until his death. He was presidential elector on the Breckenridge ticket in 1860, and delegate from Dallas County to the state convention which passed the ordinance of secession, 1861, voting for the ordinance, and ranking second only to William Yancey in influence and powers of debate. In "The South in the Building of the Nation," Vol. 12, pp. 210-213, it is said: "His (Morgan's) speeches, reported in 'Smith's Debates,' discussed Alabama's pledge to resist attempted coercion of any seceding State; resolution that no member of the convention or the legislature be eligible to the Confederate congress; proposed the withdrawal of the Alabama troops from Pensacola; proposed the substitution of 600 for 900 square miles as a minimum of county area, which he advocated, (incidentally emphasizing the omnipotence of a convention over legislature and constitution); power of legislature to fix tax for building railroads (which he denied); proposed to submit permanent constitution to popular ratification (which he boldly combated). He opposed the African slave trade, while contending that reopening was a question for each state, but the convention demanded that the trade be kept closed by the Confederate States constitution."

On the adjournment of the constitutional convention which adopted the ordinance of secession he served on the staff of Major-General Clemens, commanding State troops at Fort Morgan. When that fort was transferred to the Confederate government he enlisted, April, 1861, as a private in the "Cahaba Rifles," which became Co. G, 5th Alabama infantry, and on the organization of that regiment, May 1, 1861, he was elected major, with Allen C. Jones as lieutenant-colonel, and Robert E. Rodes as colonel. Upon the reorganization of the regiment, May, 1862, following its service in Virginia, Major Morgan became lieutenant-colonel of the regiment. He soon afterwards resigned his office, in order to return to Alabama and recruit a mounted regiment, which he did successfully, assisting also in equipping the troops with very little aid from the government, the new regiment, 1,300 strong, being known as the 51st Alabama cavalry. The regiment was mustered into service at Oxford, August 11, 1862. Morgan was made colonel, James D.

Webb, lieutenant-colonel, and H. D. Thompson, major. After doing duty in North Alabama, protecting the railroads and the people, the regiment was ordered to Middle Tennessee to report to General Forrest, and was with that great cavalry commander in successful action, November 5, 1862, with the enemy near Nashville. Colonel Morgan's regiment later joined Wheeler's command and participated in the Murfreesboro campaign. Lieutenant-Colonel James D. Webb, being wounded in the fight near Overall's Creek, December 31, 1862. Realizing his military qualities, General Robert E. Lee personally notified Colonel Morgan of his appointment as brigadier-general, with assignment to the command of what had been Rodes' brigade. Colonel Morgan repaired to the Confederate capital at Richmond, but while on his way to his new command heard of the death of Colonel Webb, who had been promoted to the command of the 51st cavalry regiment, and killed in battle on Elk River. He resigned his new office and returned to the command of his old regiment. In the organization of the army, August 10, and September 19-20, 1863, Colonel Morgan commanded a brigade, composed of the 1st, 3rd, 51st Alabama, and 8th Confederate cavalry regiments. The organization of the army, October 31, November 20 and 30, 1863, and all subsequent organizations, shows that Colonel Morgan's brigade was composed of the 1st, 3rd, 4th, later known as the 7th, and 51st regiments. This brigade, commanded by Colonel Morgan, participated in the battle of Chickamauga. General Wheeler in his official report of this battle said: "To Generals Wharton, and Martin, commanding divisions, and Colonels Wheeler, Morgan, Crews and Harrison, commanding brigades, I tender my thanks for their zeal, energy and gallantry during the engagement." Colonel Morgan was promoted brigadier-general November 16, 1863, at which time he was commanding a division composed of his old brigade and Crews' brigade, under General Wheeler in the Knoxville campaign. A notable achievement of General Morgan's brigade occurred at Maryville, Tenn., November 13, when in conjunction with an Arkansas and two Texas regiments he charged Colonel Frank Wolfords' noted cavalry brigade, and drove it in wildest confusion across Little River, a victory esteemed by military opinion as especially noteworthy on account of the brilliant record of the enemy leader, who was called the "Forrest of the Federal Army." General Morgan's division was active in all the cavalry operations of the Knoxville campaign, and the historian laments that his official report has been irretrievably lost. At that time a large proportion of the men, and many officers, were ragged and barefooted, without blankets or overcoats. In February, General Morgan was ordered to report with his division to General Joseph E. Johnston at Dalton, and by the organization of April 30, 1864, he resumed command of his old brigade, which with Iversen's brigade, formed Major-General Martin's division, which participated in the Atlanta campaign. General Morgan's command was left south of Atlanta to watch and harass General Sherman. He was later detached from his



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command and authorized to raise regiments for the Confederate Army, which was so sadly depleted, and was in Mississippi on this service when General Lee surrendered at Appomattox.

During the reconstruction period General Morgan was a vigorous champion of white supremacy and all the principles of local self-government for which he had fought. He resumed the practice of law in Selma, where he was soon a leader at the bar. In 1876 he was a Democratic elector-at-large on the Tilden and Hendricks ticket, and that year was elected to the United States senate, to succeed George Goldthwaite, by the legislature of Alabama, defeating George S. Houston, and was retained in that high office by successive re-elections until his death, in 1907, a period of thirty years. For his fifth term he was nominated on the ticket of his own party as well as that of the Republicans and Populists, an unprecedented tribute to his statesmanship. In the State Democratic primary, August 27, 1906, Senator Morgan was nominated as his own successor without opposition, receiving 81,795 votes. On January 23, 1907, he was unanimously re-elected by the legislature for the term ending March 7, 1913.

General Morgan reflected credit and distinction upon the State of Alabama from the day of his entrance into the senate to the close of his career, thirty years later. By his courage, legal knowledge, ability in debate and splendid frankness and honesty, he commanded the respect and confidence of his own and the opposing party. Early in his service in Washington he began his campaign for an isthmian canal that would connect the Atlantic and Pacific oceans, and never abated his interest or efforts in this direction until Congress authorized the completion by the United States of the Panama Canal. He favored the superior advantages of the canal route through the splendid valley of the San Juan River and across Lake Nicaragua, through a healthful climate and a beautiful country, and it was a bitter disappointment to him that Panama was selected for the site of the canal. He had been chairman of the interoceanic committee during President Cleveland's last administration, and in this position was enabled to greatly advance his advocacy of an isthmian canal. Although disappointed, he was not embittered by the loss of his contention, and lent all his influence to the success of the undertaking in its early and most difficult stages. It was a sorrow to his friends that he died before the project was completed and an unsuccessful effort was made to have one of the forts defending the canal named in his honor. Because of his leadership through more than a quarter century of discouraging obstacles for an isthmian canal, Senator Morgan was recognized by his colleagues and contemporaries as the "father of the isthmian canal idea." Senator Morgan was appointed on a select committee of the senate to draw up rules for counting the electoral vote for president and vice-president of the United States, 1880, a delicate duty, diplomatically performed, in the face of the negro suffrage question, so eternally a source of friction between southern states wishing to preserve their civ-

ilization and control their local electorate, and northern states which found the enforcement of the fourteenth and fifteenth amendments a source of political advantage for the Republican party. In the year 1900, Senator Morgan drew to himself the hearts of all the southern people by his herculean efforts and ultimate defeat of the iniquitous "force bill," which had been introduced in the senate by Mr. Pritchard, a Republican member from North Carolina, inspired by suffrage clauses in the new constitutions of the southern states, known as the "grandfather clause." Senator Pritchard's resolution read: "Resolved, That an enactment, by constitution or otherwise, by any State which confers the right to vote upon any of its citizens because of their descent from certain persons or classes of persons, and excludes other citizens because they are not descended from such persons or classes of persons having all other qualifications prescribed by law, in the opinion of the Senate is in violation of the fourteenth and fifteenth amendments to the constitution of the United States and of a fundamental principle of our republican form of government." It was meant by the leaders of the movement to follow the adoption of this resolution by measures to enforce the fourteenth and fifteenth amendments by acts of congress. In his debate against the resolution Senator Morgan declared that "such a measure would abolish the State as to its rightful sovereign powers, and would remand it to the condition of our organized Territories, all of whose laws may be repealed by Congress and all of whose officials may be placed under the power of appointment and removed by the president." By his logical and patriotic arguments he secured the support of enough northern senators to defeat the measure, and no one of his great public services won for him greater gratitude from his people than his defeat of a movement which would have, if made effective by law, brought back to the southern states all of the disorders and horrors of the reconstruction period, and perhaps another civil war.

By appointment of President Harrison, 1892, Senator Morgan was made a member of the Bering Sea fisheries commission, the duty of which was to arbitrate differences that had arisen between Great Britain and the United States regarding the seal fisheries rights in dispute between the two governments. It was provided in the treaty submitting to arbitration the jurisdictional rights of the United States in the waters of Bering Sea, that the arbitrators should be "jurists of distinguished reputation in their respective countries," and Senator Morgan's selection to serve jointly with Mr. Justice Harlan, of the U. S. supreme court, was a distinct compliment to Alabama's able senator. Senator Morgan for many years served on the committee on foreign affairs and was part of the time chairman. He was appointed to draft the code of laws for the Hawaiian Islands after that country became territory of the United States. During 1906, when he was standing for re-election, Senator Morgan, against the advice of his supporters and in defiance of public sentiment in Alabama, op-

posed with his accustomed vigor a bill pending in the senate looking to the regulation of railroad rates, which regulation, if public feeling prevailed, would jeopardize the stability of the railroad business, amounting to practical confiscation. The issue was the foremost one at the time in Alabama. In the past Senator Morgan had acted upon his own judgment in defiance of the views of his constituents, and now his conscience and judgment were his master. His hold upon his constituency was so strong, the love and reverence of the whole people for him so profound, that his position was condoned and his re-election to the senate unanimous. Senator Morgan's death followed a gradual physical decline, at the age of eighty-three, but his great mind was brilliant and incisive to the end. A contemporary critic of national reputation, writing of the personnel of the U. S. senate, said: "No matter what the subject under consideration in the senate, the building of a navy, the construction of ordinance, the tariff, finances, public lands, isthmian canals, or relations with foreign powers, Indian affairs, constitutional or municipal law, the Senator, (Morgan) is always able to enlighten his colleagues and the world. Senator Davis, of Minnesota, himself a profound scholar and a man of very great ability, in the debate which recently occurred on the Chinese exclusion bill, referred to Mr. Morgan as the Senator from Alabama who is so universally informed upon everything known. It is no exaggeration to say of Senator Morgan that he touches no subject which he does not adorn and on which he does not shed some new light. If there be what some regard as diffuseness in his style, it is unavoidable, for a mind so stored with knowledge is like a great river, swollen by a thousand streams, which cannot be confined within narrow limits and must sometimes overflow its banks. He is the master of the art of speech. He uses it as the painter does his brush or the sculptor his chisel." The same author said: "The whole aspect of Senator Morgan when thoroughly warmed on a congenial subject is a study. His form is stately, his gestures graceful and appropriate, his face is suffused with smiles, and his eyes beam as with the light of inspiration. He is enraptured with his theme; he fondles and caresses it; he clothes it with a dress of beauty, and sends it forth, 'a joy forever.'" The correspondent of the Memphis (Tenn.) Commercial Appeal, in writing his paper on the passing of the venerable statesman, said: "John T. Morgan was born a senator. Had destiny decreed that he be born in Rome in the days of the consuls he would have fought with Caesar in Gaul or would have been a member of that memorable coalition, the 'first triumvirate.' The 'Roman senator' he has been aptly styled, for in his character and bearing, his education and ideals, his triumphs in war and peace, there was much to suggest the noble dignity of countenance and the manly aspects of Antony; the virtues, philosophy and courage of Brutus." Hon. John H. Bankhead, who had been chosen by the people in a primary election to the senatorial succession, in his "in memoriam" remarks in the house of representatives,

which he was leaving to assume his new duties, said of him: "Senator Morgan was a man of wonderful perspective, and his mental horizon was not limited by local conditions or partisan convictions. His statesmanship was of that quality that 'he could see the near side of far things, and the far side of near things.' The universe was his forum and humanity his field of endeavors. Senator Morgan's life was gentle. In social intercourse he was always affable, considerate, and just. His affectionate solicitude for the happiness of his household was beautiful in its tenderness. He was scrupulously honest and fair in his dealings with men. 'He locked his lips too close to speak a lie. He washed his hands too white to touch a bribe.'"

After thirty years of public service, during a period of great political corruption, Senator Morgan died a poor man, having no private means but his salary. The capitol at Montgomery was draped in mourning and the State flag was placed at half mast until after interment. His remains were brought from Washington by a congressional committee and his funeral at Selma was attended by vast throngs of devoted admirers and friends, including the governor of the State, the supreme court, the legislature, and state officials. He was a devout Methodist, and throughout his long life expressed his faith in revealed religion and the truth of the Bible. Married: in Talladega County, to Cornelia Willis. Children: 1. John, deceased; 2. Mary; 3. Cornelia I.; 4. George. Last residence: Selma.

MORGAN, L. B., Cumberland Presbyterian minister; living in 1913. Residence: Gurley.

MORGAN, SAMUEL J., business man. Residence: Blocton.

MORRIS, BENJAMIN, major, 4th battalion, Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army; major and later lieutenant colonel, 29th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

MORRIS, GEORGE LAFAYETTE, business man, was born August 7, 1849, at Spring Place, Murray County, Ga., and died March 29, 1897, at Birmingham; son of Judge Franklin Ballinger and Elizabeth Clarissa (Buchanan) Morris, the former who engaged in the mercantile business at Dalton, Ga., was mayor for a number of terms, and judge of the county court, and the latter who was a daughter of James and Esther (Sharp) Buchanan, who lived near Dandridge, Tenn. When five years of age, George L. Morris moved with his father to Dalton, Ga. There he attended the public schools, and later took a course at Bryant and Stratton's business college, Poughkeepsie, N. Y. In 1870 he came to Alabama, where he assisted in the construction of the North and South railroad, now the Louisville and Nashville railroad, and afterwards was one of the builders of the Birmingham mineral railroad, and of the line from Woodstock to Blocton. He entered into the service of the Red Mountain iron and coal company, and then engaged in the lumber business. In 1882 he moved to Birming-

ham. He organized the Morris mining company, of which he was president since 1884, and opened up extensive ore mines at Redding. He was one of the receivers of the Lady Ensley coal, iron and railway company, when it was in the hands of the court; was at one time joint owner in the Blount Springs property; was interested in the furnace at Gadsden; owned a half interest in the Read House at Chattanooga; was vice president of the Empire mining company, and the Birmingham gas company. At the time of his death Mr. Morris was a director in the First National bank, also an extensive stockholder; president of the Morris real estate company; director of the Standard coal company, the East Lake company, the Birmingham railway and electric company, and the Avondale land company. He was a Democrat; a member of the Methodist church and served as steward. Married: July 15, 1885, at Dalton, Ga., to Elizabeth, daughter of Col. Leander Newton and Zenobia J. (Barclay) Trammell, who lived at Dalton, Ga., the former who was prominent in the political life of Georgia where he held various offices from member of the legislature to president of the senate, was offered and declined the nomination for governor, and served for twenty consecutive years on the Georgia Railroad commission of which he was president for many years prior to, and at the time of his death in June, 1900; great-granddaughter on the paternal side of a soldier of the Revolution, who participated in the siege at Savannah, the battle of King's Mountain, where he lost an arm, and the battle of Cowpens, and of Ebenezer Fain, a soldier in the Revolutionary War, serving in the campaigns in Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia. Children: 1. Helen Zenobia, d. in 1904; 2. Mary Elizabeth, m. Jekks H. Cabaniss, Birmingham; 3. George LaFayette. Last residence: Birmingham.

MORRIS, ISAAC, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 74, and a resident of Perry County; sergeant Virginia Militia; enrolled on October 3, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$40; sums received to date of publication of list, \$120.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

MORRIS, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 70, and a resident of Jackson County; private S. C. State Troops; enrolled on August 12, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$20; sums received to date of publication of list, \$60.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Jackson County, June 1, 1840, aged 76.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

MORRIS, JOSEPH TERRY, Methodist minister, was born October 22, 1844, near Greensboro, Hale County; son of William Green and Sarah (Evans) Morris, the former who lived near Greensboro, later moving to McCalla, Jefferson County, where he died; grandson of

Thomas Morris, who lived near Marion, Perry County, and of Joseph Evans, who lived near Marion, Perry County. He received his education in the country schools and at the Miles Yerby school near Greensboro. He studied for the ministry at his home under many difficulties. On August 8, 1874, Dr. Morris was licensed for the ministry; was ordained deacon by Bishop J. C. Keener, November 11, 1877; and November 30, 1879, he was ordained elder by Bishop Robert Paine. He was pastor of churches at Anniston, Woodlawn, Athens, Sylacauga, Pratt City, Tuscumbla, and Jasper, and presiding elder of Talladega District for seven years, Jasper District for four years, and Gunterville District for four years. In 1862 he entered the C. S. Army, enlisting in the Greensboro Guards, Co. C, Thirty-sixth Alabama regiment of infantry, and served in the Tennessee Army under Gen. Bragg, Gen. Johnston, Gen. Hood, and was stationed at Atlanta, Ga., when Lee surrendered. He was presiding elder of the North Alabama annual conference for fourteen years, was delegate to the general conference of north Alabama in 1902, and in the same year received the degree of D. D., which was conferred on him by the faculty of Owen-ton college. He is a Democrat and a Mason. Married: near Greensboro, December 12, 1866, to Martha Angeline, daughter of James Madison and Martha Ann (Bird) Williams who lived near Greensboro. Children: 1. James LaFayette, merchant, m. Lucy Worthington, reside at Jasper; 2. William Edward (q. v.); 3. Joseph Evans, minister at Birmingham, m. Rozelle Bowman; 4. Thomas Milton, deceased; 5. Robert Gurley, m. Frances Irvine, reside at Ensley; 6. George Pierce, m. Lola Nations, reside Ensley; 7. Harry Rembert, M. D., resides at Siluria; 8. Annie Lillian, m. Alfred Allego Herndon, planter, reside at Montevallo; 9. Mattie Aurora, m. Herbert Ross Sims, reside at Birmingham; 10. Frances Mildred, Jasper. Residence: Jasper.

MORRIS, LEWIS COLEMAN, physician, was born January 23, 1872, at Clazemont, Hanover County, Va.; son of Edward Watts and Matilda Elizabeth (Coleman) Morris, the former who was a native of Taylor's Creek, Hanover County, Va., and who resided there all his life, being a prominent lawyer of his state and a member of the constitutional convention of Virginia, 1850-51; grandson of Robert Burbage Coleman of Caroline County, Va., and of Richard and Mary (Watts) Morris. His early education was received at McGuire's school, Richmond, Va. He later attended Randolph college in 1887, 1888, 1889, and the University of Virginia during 1891 and 1892, graduating with the degree of M. D. In 1892 he commenced the practice of his profession at Salisbury, N. C.; was assistant professor in the University of Virginia in 1892, and in 1893 removed to Birmingham. Dr. Morris is secretary of the State medical association, and a member of the Jefferson County board of health. From May 1, to October 1, 1898, he was surgeon of the First Alabama regiment, and has been surgeon of the Alabama National Guard, since 1894. He was also at one time professor of gynecology and

abdominal surgery in the Birmingham medical college. He is a Democrat; a member of the Episcopal church of Birmingham; and is an Elk. Married: in 1899 to Susie Josephine Martin, who died 1899, a daughter of Col. Alburto Martin (q. v.), of Birmingham. Residence: Birmingham.

MORRIS, THOMAS ALEXANDER, Episcopal clergyman, was born April 10, 1821, in Springfield, Clark County, O., and died May 21, 1909, at Skyland, N. C.; son of Benjamin and Margaret (Wilhollin) Morris, the former who was a resident of Springfield, O.; grandson of Benjamin and Margaret Morris. His early education was obtained at schools in Springfield and Granville, O., studying for the ministry. May 20, 1849, he was made deacon by the Rt. Rev. Nicholas H. Cobbs, D. D. Before the War of Secession, he was general missionary in the diocese of Alabama, 1849-1859. November 24, 1852, he was ordained priest by Rev. Cobbs. He was rector of the Trinity church at Winchester, Tenn., and active in the organization of the University of the South, of which he was the first treasurer. During the war, he was forced to take his family to a northern state when the Federal army advanced into Tennessee, but when the war closed he returned to his former home, to aid in the reorganization of the educational work there. His health failed him and he went to the mountains of North Carolina, where he served as rector of the Calvary church, at Fletcher, 1870-1872. He was a Mason. Married: January 31, 1858, to Emma, daughter of Jack and Sarah Forney, who lived at Jacksonville. Children: 1. Sally, d. May 23, 1894; 2. Ida Bernice, m. Francis J. Jewey; 3. Thomas Avery Benjamin; 4. Annie Amelia, m. Charles C. Pinckney; 5. Emma Forney; 6. Francis Blake, d. October 28, 1876. Last residence: Skyland, N. C.

MORRIS, WILLIAM EDWARD, Methodist minister, was born at Greensboro, Hale County; son of Joseph Terry and Martha Angeline (Williams) Morris (q. v.). He received a good early education, attended Oxford college, at Oxford, and Southern university at Greensboro, where he was graduated with a B. S. degree in June, 1893. In 1893-1894, he was a student at a medical college in Mobile, and in 1894-1895, attended the Birmingham medical college. He became minister of the Methodist Episcopal church, South; was licensed to preach by Birmingham district conference, May 10, 1895; in November, 1895, was admitted on trial to the North Alabama conference at Gadsden; was ordained deacon by Bishop C. B. Galloway at Florence, December 5, 1897; and was ordained elder by Bishop W. A. Candler, November 26, 1899 at Birmingham. He was assistant secretary of the North Alabama conference, from 1895-1908, and is now secretary of the conference. From 1904-1908 he was a member of the conference board of missions, and was presiding elder of Huntersville District from 1908-1912, inclusive. He is a Mason. Married: May 18, 1898, at Greensboro, to Fannie Irene, daughter of Christopher Clay and Harriett Hutchinson (Camak) Sheldon who resided at

Havana, the former who was a member of the Greensboro Guards, enlisting in April, 1861, under Capt. Allen C. Jones, was wounded May 31, 1862 at the Battle of Seven Pines, and was then transferred to the Jeff Davis legion of cavalry, where he served until the end of the war. Residence: Decatur.

MORRIS, WILLIAM ELI, physician, was born December 10, 1868, at Burnt Corn, Monroe County; son of William and Clara Ophelia (Witherington) Morris, the former a native of Burnt Corn, who lived there until he entered the C. S. Army in 1862; grandson of Enoch Lake and Elizabeth Morris, of Burnt Corn, the former a native of Georgia, and of Daniel and Melissa Witherington, who lived at Evergreen, Conecuh County, the former a native of South Carolina, who served in the War of 1812 under Gen. Jackson and participated in the battle of New Orleans. He received his early schooling under the instruction of Col. H. M. King, at Evergreen; was graduated from the Marion military institute, 1892; and from the medical department of the University of Alabama, Mobile, M. D., 1897. He began the practice of medicine July, 1897, at Georgiana, and has continued his practice at that place. He is a steward in the Methodist Episcopal church, South; is a Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: April 14, 1904, at Georgiana, to Lula Lee, daughter of John A. and Elizabeth Jane Bryan, who lived at that place, the former a native of Raleigh, N. C., the latter of Alabama. Children: 1. Willie Brown; 2. Mary Elizabeth. Residence: Georgiana.

MORRIS, WILLIAM WARREN, planter, was born December 3, 1851, in Stewart County, Ga.; son of John A. and Georgia P. (Hudspeth) Morris, the former who was a native of South Carolina, and later removed to Georgia, was a farmer and a merchant, and served in the C. S. Army; grandson of William and Elizabeth (Bulger) Morris, the former who lived and died in Barbour County. The Hudspeth family came from Georgia and settled in Hale and Dale Counties. Mr. Morris received his education in the schools of Clopton, Dale County; was a farmer and a merchant; was a notary public and ex-officio justice of peace in Barbour County, 1872-74; probate judge of Dale County, 1892-98; and was a representative in the legislature during the session of 1915 from Dale County. He is a Democrat; a Baptist; a Mason; and a Woodman of the World. Married: February 9, 1872, in Henry County to Nettie, daughter of John and Mary (Reynolds) Hogan. Children: 1. DeVotie; 2. Gordon; 3. Webb, m. a Miss Price; 4. Mittie, m. Charles S. Daniels; 5. Wirt, m. a Miss Ryals; 6. Holt, m. Exie Walden; 7. George, m. a Miss Terry; 8. Henry; 9. Pitt Calloway; 10. Marryn; 11. Noble, deceased. Residence: Dadeville.

MORRISETT, EDMUND PENDLETON, lawyer, was born January 31, 1837, near Bell's landing, Monroe County; son of John and Frances (Gaines) Morrisett (q. v.). He received his education in the country schools in the neighborhood, until he was fourteen years

old, when he entered the Union academy, Wilcox County, where he remained until 1853. In October, 1853, he entered the University of Alabama, was graduated A. B. in 1856, at the age of nineteen, and in 1881 received the degree of A. M. He studied law in Chancellor Wade Keyes' law school at Montgomery in 1859, and in the same year was admitted to practice by the supreme court. In 1862, he joined the C. S. Army as private in the cavalry company commanded by Capt. Robert W. Smith of Mobile, and which was afterward united with the Third Alabama Cavalry regiment. He surrendered with Col. Joseph E. Johnston, at Greensboro, N. C., and returned to his old home in Monroe County, soon after removing to Montgomery, where he engaged in the practice of law, April, 1866. The following year he became a member of the law firm of Elmore and Keyes, afterwards of the firm of Morrisett and Steedman, and later of Arrington and Morrisett. He devoted himself almost entirely to his profession and farming interests, taking but little part in politics, except in 1874, when he entered actively into the canvass that resulted in the election of Gov. Houston, the restoration of the Democratic party to power, and the final overthrow of the carpet-bag rule in the state. In 1884, he was candidate for the office of attorney general of the state, but was defeated by Hon. Thomas N. McClellan. He was a member of the board of visitors of the U. S. Naval academy, June, 1895. He is a Democrat; a member of the First Presbyterian church of Montgomery, and has served as ruling elder since June, 1873. Married: March 26, 1872, at Montgomery, to Katie Dean Hutcheson, who died July 6, 1905, daughter of John Dean and Sallie (Bibb) Hutcheson, the former who was a merchant at Montgomery, and a native of South Carolina, the latter who was the daughter of Benajah Smith and Sophie (Gilmer) Bibb (q. v.), who resided at Montgomery; great-granddaughter of the husband of Sarah Wyatt, a descendant of Sir Thomas Wyatt, of English fame and of Sir Francis Wyatt, a colonial governor of Virginia; and a descendant of William Bibb of Prince Edward County, Va., who was a member of the house of burgesses in 1774 and 1775, a member of the Virginia convention of December, 1775, a member of the convention of 1776, a member of the committee of safety in 1776, captain of cavalry in the Revolutionary War, and a member of the house of delegates, and whose ancestors were of French Huguenot descent who emigrated to Wales in consequence of the political and religious persecutions which preceded the revocation of the edict of Nantes, and removed to America about 1685, locating in Hanover County, Va. Children: 1. Sallie Bibb, m. Crossland C. Hare in 1898, Lower Peach Tree; 2. Frances Gaines, m. James A. McKannon, in 1911, Juneau, Alaska; 3. Edmund Pendleton, Jr., m. Josephine Keith, in 1913, Dallas, Tex. Residence: Lower Peach Tree.

MORRISSETT, JOHN, planter, was born October 16, 1793, at Rodgersville, Hawkins County, Tenn., and died May 6, 1851, near Houston, Tex.; son of Enoch Morrisett, a Virginian of

French Huguenot extraction, who settled in east Tennessee and whose father's farm, near Williamsburg, Va., was ravaged by Tarleton in the Revolutionary War. He received only a limited education, and enlisted in the War of 1812, serving throughout. Soon after its close, removed to St. Stephens, then the seat of the territorial government of Alabama, and engaged in the merchandising business with James Lyons as partner. He then moved to Monroe County, where he became a planter, studied law, and in 1828, was admitted to the bar. He was elected to the legislature in 1829, and was five times re-elected, serving in the legislature over twenty years with occasional intervals of retirement. In 1844, he introduced a bill to regulate the sampling of cotton in Mobile, which was afterwards adopted, and has long been on the statute books of Alabama. In 1845, he was elected to the senate, and was re-elected in 1847 and 1849. He is author of "Letter of John Morrisett to A. P. Bagby, Esq.," dated October 8, 1836, one of the principal objects of this letter being to show the versatility of Gov. Bagby in politics. Mr. Morrisett was a Whig. Married: in 1822, to Frances Gaines, a Virginian, who died in Monroe County in 1860, daughter of James S. and Judith (Early) Gaines, who resided at Culpeper Court House, Va.; granddaughter of James and Elizabeth (Strother) Gaines; great-granddaughter of Henry and Isabelle (Pendleton) Gaines; and a relative of Gen. E. P. Gaines. Children: 1. John, planter, d. 1870; 2. James D., d. at the close of the War of Secession; 3. Edmund P. (q. v.); 4. George Gaines, d. in early manhood, m. Cornelia Robison; 5. Francis Strother, planter, b. September 28, 1841, was graduated A. B., from the College of South Carolina, in 1859, m. (1) December 29, 1862, in Monroe County, to Annie King who died in 1880, (2) in November, 1881, to Vista Welch of Talladega, seven children, three by first marriage, and three daughters living, one dying in infancy, by second. Last residence: Monroe County.

MORRISON, ROBERT, planter, was born in "Rocky River Congregation," Cabarrus County, N. C., and died between 1850 and 1860, at Toccoola, Lafayette County, Miss.; son of James and Mary Morrison, the former born, in 1726, on the Island of Lewis, one of the Hebrides, which he, in company with his brothers, John and Robert, left about four years after the battle of Culloden, April 16, 1746. The brothers spent a brief while in Pennsylvania, then, with others of Scotch-Irish lineage, migrated southward, and settled in the region since well known as "Rocky River Congregation." James died in North Carolina in 1804, aged seventy-eight years. Mr. Morrison attended Davidson college, N. C. His occupation was that of planter. In 1816, he moved to Alabama. He was a Democrat; and a Presbyterian. Married: Mary Wiley. Children: 1. James; 2. John; 3. Harvey; 4. William; 5. Wiley; 6. Cynthia; 7. Mary; 8. Elizabeth. Last residence: Toccoola, Miss.

MORRISSETTE, EDWARD ROBISON, farmer, was born July 8, 1859, near Bella Land-

ing, Monroe County; son of George Gaines and Cornelia (Robison) Morrisette, who lived near Bells Landing; grandson of John Morrisett (q. v.). He attended the common schools of Monroe County, the high school at Lower Peach Tree, Wilcox County, and was graduated from the University of Alabama, A. B., 1877, and A. M., 1878. He began farming in 1879 in Wilcox County, and moved, in 1887, to Monroe County, where he continued farming. He represented Wilcox County in the State legislature, 1880, 1882; served as captain of the Monroe County corps, Alabama national guard, 1891-1892; was appointed U. S. marshal by President Cleveland, serving from July 1, 1893, until October 1, 1897; and was a delegate to the constitutional convention of 1901, from the first congressional district. He is a Democrat and a Presbyterian. Married: June 19, 1883, at Perdue Hill, Monroe County, to Ida Marshall. Residence: Monroeville.

MORROW, DAVID, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 71, and a resident of Lawrence County; private of cavalry S. C. Militia; enrolled on December 18, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$85; sums received to date of publication of list, \$215.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

MORROW, GEORGE M., *sr.*, physician; grand master, grand lodge, Masons, 1890-91. Residence: Birmingham.

MORROW, HARVEY MORGAN, teacher, was born October 29, 1881, at Mt. Pleasant neighborhood, Dallas County; son of Ed and Mary Caroline (Taggart) Morrow, the former a native of Mt. Pleasant neighborhood, who lived at that place, and served as captain of Co. A, Twentieth Alabama regiment, C. S. Army; grandson of Joseph and Sarah Morrow, of Mt. Pleasant neighborhood, and of John and Nancy Taggart, who lived at Valley Creek neighborhood, Dallas County. His father's grandparents all came from Ireland and settled first in North Carolina, later moving to Alabama, and took an active part in the partisan warfare in North Carolina. His mother's paternal grandparents were from Ireland, and her maternal grandparents from Scotland, and all of them came to Alabama about 1819 from North Carolina. He attended the rural schools of Dallas County; the State normal school at Troy, 1900-1904, receiving a diploma; the Teachers college, Columbia university, summer sessions of 1905 and 1906, and the regular session, 1909-1910. He taught at Letohatchee, 1904-1905; at the State normal school at Troy, 1905-1906; served as principal at Banks, 1906-1909; and became superintendent of the public schools of Thomasville, in 1912. He is a Democrat; a Presbyterian; a Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: September 4, 1907, at Marion Junction, to Ada Pauline Chisolm, daughter of Thomas and Sarah Chisolm, of Marion Junction; granddaughter of Patrick and Katie (Craig) Chisolm, of Irish descent, and of William and Chloe (McCraw) McCullough, of Scotch Irish descent, the

former from South Carolina. Children: 1. Mary Eugenia. Residence: Thomasville.

MORROW, HUGH, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 70, and a resident of Jefferson County; private S. C. Militia; enrolled on March 15, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from September 4, 1833; annual allowance, \$20; sums received to date of publication of list, \$60.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile; *Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

MORROW, HUGH, lawyer, was born May 19, 1873, at Birmingham; son of Judge John Calhoun and Mary Antoinette (Walker) Morrow, both deceased, the former who was a captain in the C. S. Army, member of the general assembly of Alabama, probate judge of Jefferson County for three terms, and died September 4, 1887; grandson of Hugh and Margaret (Holmes) Morrow, of Trussville, Jefferson County, and of William A. and Corilla (Porter) Walker, sr., of Elyton. The Morrows, from South Carolina, and the Walkers, from North Carolina, were among the earliest settlers in Jefferson County. Mr. Morrow was educated in the public schools of Birmingham, and at the University of Alabama, where he was graduated, A. B., in 1893, LL. B., in 1894, and in 1895 received the honorary degree of A. M. In 1893-94 he was assistant instructor of English; in 1894 entered upon the practice of law at Birmingham; from 1896 to 1898 was assistant solicitor of Jefferson County; from 1900 to 1904 and again from 1911-1915, was a member of the State senate from the thirteenth senatorial district, which embraces Jefferson County; and he later became a member of the firm of Tillman, Bradley and Morrow. He is a Democrat, in 1899 was nominated by his party as a delegate to the proposed constitutional convention of that year; a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, South; an Odd Fellow; a Knight of Pythias; a Knight Templar; a Mason; and a member of the Phi Delta Theta college fraternity. Married: June 9, 1897, to Margaret Julia, daughter of Joseph Riley and Kate Julia (Molton) Smith, jr., of Birmingham, the Smiths being early settlers of Jefferson County, while the Moltons were from Montgomery. Children: 1. Katherine Molton; 2. Mamie Corilla; 3. Margaret Harvie; 4. Annie Louise; 5. Hugh, jr.; 6. Libbie Elizabeth. Residence: Birmingham.

MORROW, R. B., Presbyterian minister, member of the East Alabama Presbytery. Residence: West Point, Ga.

MORROW, SAMUEL, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 88, and a resident of Fayette County; private S. C. Continental Line; enrolled on November 5, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$45.77; sums received to date of publication of list, \$137.31.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.



GEORGE H. PARKER

MORROW, THOMAS, Presbyterian minister, was born in July, 1805, at Greenville, S. C., of Scotch-Irish parents, and died March 12, 1885, at Hartselle. When Dr. Morrow was twelve years of age he moved, with his parents, to Alabama, first to Madison and then to Morgan County. In 1823 he united with the Presbyterian church at Somerville, and in 1828 became a candidate for the ministry under the care of the Presbytery of North Alabama. He graduated with an A. B. degree from Centre college, Danville, Ky., in 1828, and studied theology at Princeton and Union seminaries of Virginia. He then taught for two years, followed the trade of printer, and was licensed to preach by the Presbytery of West Hanover in 1833. He was sent as a missionary to the Creek Indians in north Alabama, in whose bounds he organized several churches. On April 2, 1837, he was ordained as an evangelist by the Presbytery of Tombeckbee, and then became, by a change of boundary lines, a member of the Presbytery of Tuscaloosa, serving in the churches of Pickensville, and Oak Grove, and devoting part of his time to teaching. He then moved to Mississippi where he became a member of the Presbytery of Newton; became connected with the Presbytery of North Alabama; and by another change of boundary line, a member of the Alabama synod. Rev. Morrow was superintendent of public schools in Morgan County for some time, and aided largely in the establishment of a collegiate institute at Hartselle. He was author of a "Blow at the Root of Scientific Infidelity." Last residence: Hartselle.

MORROW, WILLIAM C., Baptist minister, was born June 6, 1815, in Pulaski County, Tenn., and died October 16, 1879, in Evergreen. He removed to Alabama at an early age, and when quite young was received into the Presbyterian church and fitted for the ministry under its auspices. About 1841, he severed his connection with this church, joined the Baptist, and began his services as minister in this denomination at Turnbull, Monroe County. For the last ten years of his life, on account of ill health, he was unable to hold a charge. Author: of various sermons. Last residence: Evergreen.

MORSE, JOSHUA, member of the constitutional convention of 1865, from Choctaw County; attorney general of Alabama, 1868. Deceased.

MORTON, HATTIE, educator, was born May 22, 1867, at Marion, Perry County; daughter of Tignel Jones and Harriet (Jones) Morton, the former who was a native of Mecklenburg County, Va., lived at Petersburg, Va., was a student at the Virginia military institute when the War of Secession broke out, and left school as lieutenant with his commandant "Stonewall" Jackson, to join the C. S. Army, later becoming lieutenant colonel; granddaughter of Thomas Anderson and Harriet (Jones) Morton, who lived near Boydton, Mecklenburg County, Va., and of Tignel and Martha (Dunn) Jones of

Farmville, Va.; and a descendant of English ancestors that came to Virginia in the colonial days, one branch of which is descended from the Huguenots, Micheaux and Rochette, among them John Dabney Davis, of Henrico County, Va., a soldier in the Revolutionary War, and soldiers in the War of 1812. Her education was received at the Marion female institute graduating from there with the degree of A. M. She specialized in piano, music and harmony at the Cincinnati conservatory of music, at the Virgil piano school in New York, and with William Sherwood of Chicago. From 1887-1895, she taught school in Waco, Tex., and later at Ward's seminary, Nashville, Tenn. In September, 1897, in partnership with Miss Louie Compton, she founded the Birmingham seminary, becoming associate principal and director of the music department. After the death of Miss Compton she became sole principal and has changed the name to the Louie Compton seminary. She is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, South. Residence: Birmingham.

MORTON, J. F., member of the constitutional convention of 1865, from Marion County.

MOSELEY, ELLA (LOWERY), author, was born May 26, 1866, near Montevallo, Shelby County; daughter of Colvin Alexander and Eliza Miriam (Hudson) Lowery, the former who was a native of South Carolina, lived near Montevallo, afterwards at West Point, Ga., and later in Montgomery where he died; granddaughter of John and Mary (Cameron) Lowery, who lived in South Carolina and afterwards near Montevallo, and of Thomas and Sophia (Terry) Hudson, who lived near Tuskegee. The Hudsons and Terrys are of English ancestry, and the Lowerys and Camerons are also English, but of Scotch origin. Her early education was received at a private school and later at the public school of West Point, Ga. She also attended the Montgomery public school for one year. In 1883, she graduated from the Florence State normal college, receiving a teacher's certificate, and taught at the Sayre street school in Montgomery from 1883-1892. She wrote and had published many poems, among them "The Goldenrod," which was published in "The New York Home Journal," a literary weekly, others appeared in the "New Orleans Times-Democrat." From 1895-1899, she was editor of the woman's department of "The Birmingham Times," a paper established by her husband, Dr. Moseley. While editor of this department she attended a meeting of the press association that met at Tuscaloosa, was elected association poet, and at a reception given by Prof. J. K. Powers, president of the University of Alabama was given an ovation. Her newspaper work ended with the appointment of her husband as consul-general to Singapore, where his death occurred, and she returned to this country. She began her literary activities again in 1907, and her first story, "The Amok of Wangsa," appeared in "Short Stories." She attended the Harvard summer school in 1908, receiving instruction

from Henry Milner Rideout, author of "The Siamese Cat," and "Dragon's Blood." She then went to Cambridge, where her book, "The Wonder Lady," was finished, and was published in 1911. She is now writing another book. Besides her literary interests she studied voice under Madame Emily Navarra, a pupil of Marchise, who lived for several years in Birmingham, under Prof. Otto T. Simon of Washington, and under William A. Sargent, of the Boston conservatory. She was elected to represent the woman's club at the State convention at one time, but resigned to continue her writing. She is a Baptist. Married: March 2, 1892, to Dr. Robert A. Moseley, jr. (q. v.). Residence: Cambridge, Mass.

MOSELEY, LOUIS MARION, lawyer, was born June 3, 1875, at Union Springs; son of Francis Marion and Nellie (Pledger) Moseley. He was educated in the schools of Union Springs and received the A. B., 1896, and LL.B., 1897, degrees, from the University of Alabama. Since that time he has been engaged in the practice of law. He is a Mason. Married: June 25, 1902, to Rochelle Ramsey, of Union Springs. There were a son and a daughter born of this union. Residence: Union Springs.

MOSELEY, ROBERT ALEXANDER, jr., physician and editor, was born July 13, 1841, at Montevallo, in Shelby County, and died November 14, 1900, at Yohama, Japan; son of Robert Alexander and Mariah B. (Stevens) Moseley, the former of English, Scotch and Irish ancestry, the family coming from England to Virginia, and thence to Alabama, who was a physician practicing in Columbia and Talladega, and whose birth occurred in a house which occupied the very site where the State capitol now stands; grandson of Robert Alexander Moseley, one of Montgomery's first settlers, and of Judge Henry W. Stevens, who lived at Old Kingston, but was formerly from New England. His primary education was received in his native county and by reading medicine with his father. He then attended Howard college, the Mobile medical college and the Jefferson medical college, where he graduated with the degree of M. D. In June, 1861, he joined the C. S. Army, first with Curry's rifles, and afterwards with Blythe's battalion, being only twenty years of age. After the battle of Belmont he returned home, and with his brother raised Company E, Forty-first Alabama regiment. He was first surgeon of this company, later resigning this position to take the commission of lieutenant. He was with his command at the battle of Murfreesboro, where he received a serious head wound which ended his service in the war. He returned home and entered the drug business, which he followed until 1868, when he was elected mayor of Talladega. In the same year he also established "Our Mountain Home," a weekly newspaper, which in company with his brother he published for ten successive years. The paper is still published at Talladega. In 1872, he established "The Rising Star," at Oxford, and about the same time, the Rome, Ga., "Daily." Some time later he established "The Birmingham

Times," and started the "National Weekly" and the "Tri-Weekly Republican," at Selma. He was appointed postmaster, in 1873, and held that office until August, 1875. He had always been a member of the Democratic party until 1872, when he became a supporter of Grant; he was a delegate to the National Republican conventions of 1876, 1880, and 1884; and was the Washington correspondent of the Chattanooga "Commercial," in 1886-1887. He then engaged in the real estate and insurance business. In 1889, he was collector of internal revenue for Alabama; in 1893, was U. S. commissioner; and in 1899 was sent as consul-general to Singapore, where his health failed and his death occurred at Yohama, Japan, where he went seeking recovery. For eight years before his appointment to Singapore, he was chairman of the executive committee of the Republican party, 1888-1896. Dr. Moseley was greatly interested in prohibition, and was a personal friend of Frances E. Willard. He brought about prohibition in Talladega County, many years before the late prohibition movement in Alabama. He used his influence with Thomas B. Reed, who at the time was speaker of the house, to secure appropriations of public lands for the Girl's industrial school at Montevallo, for the University of Alabama, and for the negro institute at Tuskegee. He was a Mason; Knight of Pythias; and Past Grand Master of Odd Fellows. Married: (1) in 1862, at Columbiana, to Josie Ware, daughter of Horace Ware and a Miss Leeper; (2) in 1892, at Montgomery, to Ella Lowery, (q. v.). He had only one child, a girl, by his first marriage, who died in her childhood. Last residence: Yokohama, Japan.

MOSELY, A. G., Missionary Baptist minister; living in 1913. Residence: Wetumpka.

MOSELY, W. R. S., Methodist minister; pastor of Court Street church, Montgomery, 1833.

MOSES, ADOLPH, Jewish rabbi, was born May 3, 1840, at Kletchevo, Posen, Russia, and died January 7, 1902, in Louisville, Ky.; son of Israel and Eru (Graditz) Moses, the former who was a rabbi in several Jewish congregations in German Poland, and who was descended from a long line of rabbis and Jewish scholars in Poland. He received his education at the University of Breslau, Germany, where he graduated, M. A., and at the Jewish seminary of Breslau, where he graduated as rabbi. In 1859, he served under Garibaldi, as one of the famous "One Thousand" who freed Genoa and in 1869, served in the last Polish Revolution. He came to America, and in 1892, received the degree of M. D. at the University school of medicine, Louisville, Ky. He served as rabbi at Kahl Temple, Montgomery, from 1871-1873; at Sharral Shonayim Temple, Mobile, 1875-1883; and at Addath Israel Temple, Louisville, Ky., from 1883-1902. He was the author of "Luser the Watchmaker, a Story of the Polish Revolution," and "The Religion of Moses." Married: to Emma Isaacs. Children: 1. Dr. Alfred G. (q. v.); 2. J. Garfield, one of the honor

men of Columbia University and a lawyer in New York City; 3. Elsie, assistant professor in the Louisville girl's high school; 4. Beatrice, member of the staff of the "Courier Journal" of Louisville, Ky.; 5. Mrs. L. Neumeyer of Mt. Sterling, Ky.; 6. Fred B. of Louisville, Ky.; 7. Octavia of Louisville Ky. Last residence: Louisville, Ky.

MOSES, ALFRED GEIGER, Jewish rabbi, was born September 23, 1878, at Livingston, Sumter County; son of Adolph and Emma (Isaacs) Moses (q. v.). His early education was received in the public schools of Louisville, Ky., where he attended high school and a preparatory school. He attended the University of Cincinnati from 1896 to 1900, and was graduated with the degree of B. A. In 1901 he graduated with the degree of Rabbi in Israel, from the Hebrew union college at Cincinnati. He then came to Mobile where he took charge of the congregation of Sharral Shonayim Temple, July 1, 1901. He was one of the originators of the Boys club of Mobile, and of the juvenile court system. He was active secretary of the Iberville historical society; a participant in the bi-centenary exercises of Mobile in 1911; acted as chaplain of the Sons of Veterans, Alabama Division and Army of Tennessee Division; received the degree of LL. D., June, 1912, from the University of Alabama; was connected with the Smithsonian institution, and the Carnegie institute of research; a member of the American pathological society; honorary member of the National prison association; member of the National civic federation, Society for international peace and arbitration, of the National education association, and Association of department of superintendents of education of the United States. He is a member of the Phi Beta Kappa; Mobile Yacht Club; Elks; Knights of Pythias; and Odd Fellows. He is also a lecturer of some note. Author: "History of the Jews of Mobile," "History of the Jews of Montgomery," and "Miscellaneous Addresses." He is not married. Residence: Mobile.

MOSES, MORDECAI LYON, dealer in real estate and insurance, agent of the Confederate States of America, was born August 30, 1842, at Charleston, S. C., son of Levy I. and Adeline L. (Moses) Moses, the former a native of Columbia, S. C., who lived at Charleston; grandson of Isaiah and Rebecca (Phillips) Moses, of Charleston, S. C., the latter who was born in Newport, R. I., where her English parents located on their arrival in the United States, and of Joseph and Rachel (Lyon) Moses, of Charleston, who came from Germany with Isaiah Moses in the eighteenth century. Mr. Moses was graduated from high school in Charleston, S. C., in 1859, and read law in the office of his brother, Joseph Winthrop Moses, in Charleston. In May, 1861, he moved to Montgomery and clerked in the hardware store of Wyman, Moses and company until the organization of the Forty-sixth Alabama regiment, which he entered as a private in Capt. James W. Powell's company. Later, he was commissioned by the Confederate government for special work in Canada and the West In-

dies, and was so engaged in Canada at the close of the war. He returned to Montgomery in 1865, and entered the real estate and insurance business as a member of the firm of Roberts, Moses and company. On the retirement of Mr. Roberts, the firm name was changed to Moses Brothers, and later the firm engaged in the banking business. He was for several years president of the Montgomery gas and electric light company; president of the State fair association with which he was officially connected for fifteen years; president of the North Alabama land and immigration company; president of the Walker county coal and mineral land company; served as president and director of several large land and development companies and of railroad and furnace companies. His firm built several additions to Montgomery, and with E. S. and W. S. Gordon purchased the land and organized the Sheffield land company laying off the city of Sheffield. In 1892, he moved to St. Louis, Mo., where he engaged in the real estate and insurance business. From 1871-1875, he served as alderman of the city of Montgomery; was elected to the office of mayor of Montgomery, being the first Democrat so elected after the beginning of the Reconstruction period. At the time of his election, the finances of the city were very disordered and depressed, taxation high, indebtedness large, securities low, but the close of Mayor Moses' third administration and of the terms of the aldermen who aided him, found all that remedied, and the treasury with funds for current needs. He is a Democrat and served several years as a member of the Montgomery County executive committee; is of the Jewish faith, and ex-president and a member of the Emanuel Lodge, Independent Order of B'nai B'rith, Montgomery. He has never married. Residence: St. Louis, Mo.

MOSES, SIDNEY A., major, 8th, Livingston's, Alabama cavalry, C. S. Army.

MOSLEY, JAMES HENRY FRANKLIN, editor and published, was born September 15, 1857, near Trough Shoals, Spartanburg County, S. C.; son of William Baxter and Nancy (Newberry) Mosley, the former, born at Grinnel Shoals, Union County, S. C., was a member of the South Carolina volunteers, C. S. Army, and was killed in the battle of Gettysburg, July, 1863; grandson of James and Lidia (Crocker) Mosley, of Union County, S. C., the former who emigrated to the northern part of South Carolina just before the Revolutionary War, and who fought at the battle of Cowpens, S. C., on the side of the colonists, and of Henry H. and Malinda (Harris) Newberry, the former who fought in the Mexican War; great-grandson of Vines Harris, a soldier of the Revolution, who participated in the battle of King's Mountain and other engagements. The Mosley family was first introduced into the United States by three brothers of that name who emigrated from England in 1637 and settled near Jamestown, Va. Mr. Mosley was educated in the country schools of Union County, S. C., and became a printer, commencing on the "Union Times," January, 1874. He went to Alabama and be-

came editor and publisher of the "Oxana Tribune," 1884; of the "Alabama Sentinel," 1888-1889; and became editor of the "Labor Advocate," in February, 1895. He was a delegate to the national convention of the Peoples' Party, 1896; to the constitutional convention of 1901; helped organize the Birmingham trades council in 1888, and served as its president, 1899; helped organize the State federation of labor, 1900; and was a delegate to the national convention of the American federation of labor, at Scranton, 1901. He is a Methodist; a Master Mason; an Odd Fellow; a Knight of Pythias; a Red Man; a Woodman of the World; and a member of the Typographical Union. Married: (1) April 22, 1884, at Atlanta, Ga., to Jane T., daughter of Thomas Fell of Greenwood, S. C.; (2) February 18, 1903, to Theresa Canton, daughter of Winsel Prosch, of North Birmingham. Children, by first marriage: 1. Mary Masada; 2. Annie Lillian; 3. Franklin T.; 4. Janie Fell; 5. Willie Mae; 6. Ella Inez; by second marriage; 7. Eugene Debbs, b. August, 1904. Residence: Birmingham.

MOSS, E., *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 74, resided in Cherokee County, June 1, 1840.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

MOSS, PHILIP BALL, physician, state bacteriologist, was born September 27, 1883, at Ft. Smith, Sebastian County, Ark.; son of George West and Annie Latimer (Ball) Moss, the former who was born at Fairfax Court House, Fairfax County, Va., living in Virginia until about 1872, when he moved to Washington, D. C., and in 1882, came to Ft. Smith, Ark.; grandson of Alfred and Martha Ann Moss, of Fairfax Court House, Va., and of Philip A. and Emily (Latimer) Ball of Baltimore, Md.; great-great-grandson of John and Ann (Minor) Moss, the earliest known members of the Moss family in America; great-great-great-grandson of William and Martha (Bromfield) Ball, the first of the Ball family in America. His education was received in the public schools of Ft. Smith, Ark., and in 1902, he graduated from the high school, then entered Centre college of Centre university, Danville, Ky., and was graduated in 1905 with the degree of B. S., cum laude. In 1909, he received the degree of M. D. at Johns Hopkins university, Baltimore, Md., and became interne at the Union protestant infirmary, at Baltimore from 1909-10. He was assistant state bacteriologist and pathologist from June 15, 1910, to December 1, 1910; was acting state bacteriologist and pathologist, from December 1, 1910, to July 1, 1911; and was state bacteriologist and pathologist from July 1, 1911, to June 15, 1916. He is a Democrat and a member of the Baptist church. Married: November 24, 1909, at Bancroft, Va., to Margaret Purnell, daughter of Maj. Fred R. A. G. and Lelia (Cowherd) Handy who lived at Washington, D. C. Among her ancestors are: Peter Montague, the emigrant, a direct descendant of William, the first Earl of Salisbury, who came from England in 1634, accompanied by his brother Richard, and settled at Hadley, Mass., then removed to Nansmond County,

Va., and later to Lancaster County, Va., when it contained Richmond, Middlesex, and Essex Counties, and who was a member of the house of burgesses in 1651 to 1659; William Twyman, sergeant, who enlisted August, 1777, in the Revolutionary Army, and was a participant in the siege and surrender of Yorktown; Ambrose Powell Hill, who married Frances Garnett Twyman, the former who was captain and later colonel under Light Horse Harry Lee, and served to the close of the Revolution, and whose great grandfather, Thomas Hill, was captain of county militia, Middlesex County, Va., in 1687; Ambrose Powell Hill, born March 3, 1785, and died February 26, 1858, who was captain of the Culpeper minute men during the War of 1812, and a member of the state legislature and senate for twenty-two years; Francis Kirtley, who was commissioned captain in 1755; Burr Harrison, who was born December 18, 1637, in England, was a son of Cuthbert Harrison of the City of York, England, and came to Virginia about 1660, settling in Westmoreland County, and in 1690, was appointed by the house of burgesses, as ambassador to the Piscataway Indians, and also held other responsible offices; Thomas Harrison, born March 3, 1723, and died in 1774, who married Ann Weye Peyton, daughter of John Peyton of Stafford County, Va., was a member of the house of burgesses from Prince William County, Va., from 1748 to 1756, and from Fauquier County, Va., from 1759 to 1769, and was colonel at the time of his death; Cuthbert Harrison, a member of the committee of safety in 1774 and 1775, lieutenant of Virginia Dragoons, 1776, was chosen captain of the Prince William County minute men, May 2, 1776, was captain of cavalry in First regiment light dragoons, served under Gen. Washington until July, 1776, when his company was ordered to North Carolina, and served to the close of the war, was a son of Thomas Harrison; Christopher Holmes Freeman of Gloucester County, Va., who served in the Revolutionary War; and Capt. George Handy of Somerset County, Md., who was born October, 1727, died April 6, 1782, at "Handy Hall," Md., who married Nelly Gilliss of Maryland, was a lieutenant of Lee's Light Dragoons, Pulaski Legion, July 1, 1779, was promoted to captain in 1781 and served until the close of the Revolution, who loaned eight thousand dollars to the continental congress, and owned and loaned the government a number of vessels, four of which were seized by the British, and one, the "Leah Ann," was burned by them. Children: 1. Marjorie Purnell; 2. George West. Residence: Montgomery.

MOTLEY, CHARLES MOTLEY, Methodist minister, was born November 21, 1871, at Greenville, Butler County; son of William and Mary Emeline (Threadgill) Motley (q. v.), the former a native of Autauga County, who was a minister in the Methodist Episcopal church, South; grandson of Benjamin and Elizabeth Motley, of Autauga County, and of William and Emeline (Aiston) Threadgill, who lived at Chunnuggee Ridge. He received his early schooling at Greenville and Evergreen, and was graduated from Southern university at Greens-

boro, M. A., 1893. He became a minister of the Methodist Episcopal church, South. He is a Democrat; a Mason; Knight of Pythias; and a member of the Sigma Alpha Epsilon fraternity. Married: August 8, 1900, at Brewton, to Maggie Ruth, daughter of Philip Henry and Julia Eveline (Castleberry) Tippins, lived at that place. Children: 1. Mary Elizabeth; 2. Minnie Tippins. Residence: Atmore.

MOTLEY, WILLIAM M., Methodist minister, was born October 31, 1831, in Autauga County, and died March 28, 1896, in Montgomery. He attended the schools near Tuskegee until the age of fifteen when he entered the old Centenary institute at Summerfield, and graduated from Emory college, Ga., with first honors in 1852. He was licensed to preach by the quarterly conference of Tuskegee circuit, in March, 1854, and began his work as assistant preacher in the Tuskegee colored mission. He was admitted on trial in December, 1854, into the traveling connection of the Alabama Methodist conference at Talladega. He served Wesley Chapel, Mobile, Camden, Newberne, Oak Grove, Enterprise, Eufaula, Union Springs, Opelika, Troy, Selma, and Greensboro. Married: (1) Sarah Hall; (2) Caroline Hearne; (3) Mary Threadgill. Children: Among these, Charles M. (q. v.). Last residence: Montgomery.

MOTON, ROBERT RUSSA, college president, was born August 26, 1867, in Amelia County, Va.; son of Booker and Emily (Brown) Moton, both of Charlotte, Amelia County, Va. Dr. Moton is a direct descendant of a West African prince who, while selling captives, was himself carried away and sold. He graduated from Hampton institute, Virginia, and received the honorary degree of LL.D., from Oberlin college, 1916, Virginia union university, 1916, Williams college, 1920, and the degree of Lit. D. from Lincoln university, Pennsylvania, 1920. From 1890-1915 he served as an officer at Hampton institute. On December 25, 1915, he was elected as president of Tuskegee institute to succeed Booker T. Washington. During the World War he negotiated a loan of five million dollars from the United States government for use in Liberia, went to France at the special request of President Wilson and Secretary Baker, to do morale work among the colored soldiers, and was also active in speaking in the interest of war savings stamps, liberty loan drives, and the conservation of food. He has been secretary of the Rural school fund board since 1908; organizer and first president, Negro organization of Virginia, since 1912; trustee of People's village school, Mt. Meigs, Industrial home school for colored girls, Peake, Va., and Negro reform school for boys, Hanover, Va.; vice-chairman, National league on urban conditions among negroes; chairman, executive committee, Anna T. Jeanes, foundation; president, National negro business league; member, International committee, Y. M. C. A.; negro representative, Permanent Roosevelt memorial national committee. He is a Baptist and an Independent Republican. Author: "Finding a way." Married: (1)

June 7, 1905, to Elizabeth Hunt Harris, of Williamsburg, Va.; (2) July 1, 1908 to Jennie Dee Booth, of Gloucester County, Va. Children: 1. Catherine; 2. Charlotte; 3. Robert; 4. Allen; 5. Jennie Dee. Residence: Tuskegee.

MOULDER, J. L., educator; principal of the Lowndes County high school. Residence: Ft. Deposit.

MOULTHROP, ROBERT, business man, was born April 29, 1865, in Quitman County, Ga.; son of Robert Bassett and Sarah Adeline (Daniel) Moulthrop, the former who was a native of North Haven, Conn., sailed as cabin boy around the Horn, came south in 1862 under the contract to manufacture brick with which to construct the bridge of the Central railroad of Georgia over the Chattahoochee River at Eufaula, was a cripple and therefore exempt from service in the army; grandson of Merritt and Mary Bassett Moulthrop, and of Chesley C. and Ann (Simmons) Daniel, the latter from Statesboro, Ga., and the former from North Haven, Conn. Mr. Moulthrop was educated in the common school at Eufaula and at Pio Nono college, Macon, Ga., 1878-1880; was a brick manufacturer from 1880-1902; served as alderman of Eufaula, July 1, 1894, to 1896, and July, 1898, to July, 1900; has been a member of the city board of education for many years; served as senator from the twenty-fourth district in the legislature of 1911; and for some months after this engaged in the insurance business in Birmingham. He is a Democrat; a member of the city executive committee of Eufaula; a member of the Protestant Episcopal church; a Mason; and a Knight Templar. Married: September 12, 1883, at Macon, Ga., to Rachel Catherine, daughter of Matthew and Martha E. (Steadham) Moss, of Edgefield, S. C., the former who was killed in Virginia while serving as private in the C. S. Army. Children: 1. Carles Wales; 2. William Hunter; 3. Matthew Moss. Residence: Eufaula.

MOULTON, C. F., mayor of Mobile, 1873-74.

MOUNIER, HENRY AUGUSTUS, chief of police, was born October 3, 1841, at Orbe, Switzerland; son of Paul and Jane Julia (Briton) Mounier, the former born at Orbe, Canton Vaud, Switzerland, in 1819, immigrated to America and from that time until his death about 1848, remaining in Demopolis, except on the occasion of going with his wife for visits in their native land; grandson of James and Susanne Mounier, who lived at Orbe until they immigrated, in 1843, to America, and of Louis and Marie (Reignier) Breton, who lived at Orbe. Mr. Mounier received his early training in the Demopolis schools until 1856, when he entered Spring Hill college, near Mobile, remaining there one year. In 1861 he enlisted in Co. A, 43rd Alabama infantry regiment, Gen. Archibald Gracie's brigade, serving as a private until the surrender of the Army of Northern Virginia, April 9, 1865, at Appomattox. From 1865 to date he has been chief of police of Demopolis. He is a Democrat; an Episcopalian; Mason; Odd Fellow; Knight of Pythias;

Woodman of World, and was a member of the Ku Klux Klan. Married: October 25, 1877, at Demopolis, to Laura Irene, daughter of John and Ameline (Kohler) McClelland, who lived at Demopolis, the former being a native of Dublin, Ireland, and the latter of Mobile. Children: 1. John Edward, m. Emma George; 2. Clara Amelia, m. Thomas Simon; 3. Maude Omaha, m. Rouilhac Guin; 4. Annie Laurie, deceased; 5. Henry Augustus, jr., m. Donnie Ben Gilder; 6. Marlaud Juliette; 7. James Samuel Taylor; 8. Ruth Marguerite, all residing in Demopolis. Residence: Demopolis.

MOXLEY, WILLIAM M., major, 18th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

MUDD, WILLIAM SWEARINGEN, lawyer, legislator and circuit judge, was born December 2, 1816, near Louisville, Jefferson County, Ky., died September 2, 1884, in Birmingham, and is buried in the Elyton cemetery; son of James and Sarah (Swearingen) Mudd, of Kentucky; grandson of Abijah and Susan Swearingen, both of Kentucky. The founder of the Mudd family in America came from England with Lord Baltimore, three brothers coming over as colonists, one going later to Kentucky, one to Missouri, while the third remained in Maryland. Judge Mudd received a sound preparatory education in the schools of his native state, and later entered St. Joseph's college, Bardstown, Ky., a famous institution of the period conducted by Roman Catholics. He removed to Madison County with his parents, in 1817, and later to Lawrence County. In 1831 he located in Jefferson County, making his home at Elyton, where he read law under Walker K. Baylor. Being admitted to the bar in 1839, he practiced his profession in Jefferson and surrounding counties. He was elected to the Alabama legislature for the sessions of 1843 and 1848, inclusive. He was elected solicitor of the judicial circuit embracing his county with others and in 1856 was elected judge of the circuit, which office he held consecutively until 1883, when forced to retire because of failing health. Judge Mudd was a successful business man, being one of that sturdy group of pioneers who founded and developed the foundations of Birmingham. He operated the Oxmoor furnace in the early '70s and his success in that undertaking gave renewed confidence to the coal and iron interests which at that time were at low ebb. He was a charter member and director of the Elyton land company until his death. In association with Josiah Morris, the Montgomery banker, and T. L. Hudgins, of Birmingham, he founded the Citizens' bank, which afterwards consolidated with the First national bank. He built the first hotel in Birmingham, which was later replaced on the same site by the Florence hotel, which in turn gave place to a modern mercantile establishment. Prior to the War of Secession, Judge Mudd was a Whig, but afterwards became a Democrat. He opposed secession and was a union man until hostilities began, after which he devoted his influence and means to the Southern cause. His ancestry was Roman Catholic in faith, but a short time

before his death he united with the Episcopal church. He was a Mason. Married: December 22, 1841, in Elyton, to Florence Jane, daughter of Dr. Samuel Sidney and Harriet Hampton (Wright) Earle of that place, natives of Pendleton District, S. C., who removed to Alabama in 1820, the former being a noted physician of the period and a descendant of John Earle, a Revolutionary soldier and progenitor of all the Earles in Alabama. The family was of English origin, migrating to Virginia in 1652, three brothers, Baylis, John and Elias, going later from Virginia to South Carolina, and their descendants settling in Georgia, Alabama and Mississippi. Children: 1. Harriet Louisa, m. Alberto Martin, Elyton; 2. Sarah Ellen, "Lalla," m. Dr. Harden P. Cochrane, Birmingham; 3. Florence Earle, m. Dr. Mortimer Harvie Jordan, Birmingham; 4. Virginia Taylor, m. William A. Walker, jr.; 5. William Lowndes, d. unmarried; 6. James Thomas, d. unmarried; 7. Mary Eva, deceased; 8. Samuel Earle, d. in infancy; 9. Joseph Paul, m. Eula Anglin, both deceased, Birmingham; 10. Susie Emmett, m. (1) Pette Basil Clarke, (2) John Rivers Clarke, Birmingham. The only survivors of this large family, 1920, are Mrs. Jordan and Mrs. Carter. Last residence: Birmingham.

MULKEY, WILLIAM OSCAR, lawyer and congressman, was born July 27, 1871, at Brundidge, Pike County; son of William Greene and Elvira Tisdah (Shanks) Mulkey, the former of Macon, Ga., the latter of Clanton; grandson of Felix and Hettie Mulkey, formerly of Macon, Ga., later of Troy, and of William T. and Mary Shanks, of Clayton, Barbour County, the former a Baptist minister, member of the legislature before the War of Secession, and the son of a revolutionary soldier. Mr. Mulkey was educated in the common schools of Pike County; graduated A. B., 1892, from the State normal college, Troy. He is a lawyer. He was a member of the Constitutional convention of 1901, and represented Geneva County in the house, 1911. On June 29, 1914, he was elected to congress from the 3rd district, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Hon. H. D. Clayton. He was formerly a Republican, and an elector on the McKinley ticket in 1896, but has been a Democrat many years; Methodist; Mason; and Knight of Pythias. Married: November 7, 1896, at Geneva, to Anna Roberta, daughter of Martin and Rachael Burgherd, of Quincy, Fla., the former, a mechanic, came to America from Germany before the War of Secession, serving in that capacity during the War. Children: 1. William Oscar, jr.; 2. James Asbury. Residence: Geneva.

MULLEN, H. F., physician, was born in 1838, in Tuscaloosa. He received a good classical education; in 1852 he began reading medicine; and graduated from the medical department of the University of Alabama, in March, 1858. He began the practice of his profession in Tuscaloosa, but soon removed to Selma. He was the first city physician of Selma, serving until 1862, when he was assigned as surgeon of the 20th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.



BARRIE L. HOLT

In 1865 he was again elected city physician but resigned and retired in 1866. Residence: Selma.

MULLINS, STEPHEN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 74, and a resident of Blount County; dragoon Virginia Continental Line; enrolled on April 23, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$100; sums received to date of publication of list, \$250.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in part 3, vol. xiii, Sen. doc. 514, 23d Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

MUNGER, ROBERT SYLVESTER, manufacturer and capitalist, was born July 24, 1854, in Tutorsville, Fayette County, Tex.; son of H. M. and Jane C. (McNutt) Munger, of Mexia, Tex. His business life is identified with his two cotton machine manufacturing companies, the Munger Improved Cotton Machine Manufacturing Company, of Dallas, Tex., which was organized in 1887, and the Northington-Munger-Pratt Company of Birmingham, which was organized in 1892. Mr. Munger holds the position as vice-president and director of both of these companies. The "Munger System" was the first in the field, and won numerous prizes at expositions, taking the ten gold medals, for which it competed, at the World's Columbian Exposition in 1893. He is the pioneer inventor of most of the improved gin machinery used throughout the south, and has also shipped abroad the output of his factories. He was a very active leader when the movement was inaugurated to find a suitable lot and building for the Y. M. C. A. He is a member of the Methodist church. Married: to Mary Collett, daughter of Capt. J. H. Collett, of Austin, Tex. To this union eight children were born. Residence: Birmingham.

MURFEE, HOPSON OWEN, educator, was born December 11, 1874, at Marion; son of James Thomas and Laura (Owen) Murfee (q. v.). He received the degree of B. S., from Marion institute, 1892; B. A. and M. A., University of Virginia, 1897, also fellow in astronomy; LL. D., University of Alabama, 1913. He was instructor of mathematics, University of Virginia, 1896-97; fellow in physics, University of Chicago, and research assistant to Prof. A. A. Michelson, 1899-1900; professor, physics, 1900-06, and president since the latter date of Marion institute. He is a member of the board of visitors, U. S. naval academy. He is a Baptist. Married: June 26, 1901, to Mary McQueen, daughter of McQueen Smith (q. v.). Children: 1. Mary Owen; 2. Lila; 3. Julia Lovett; 4. Asenath Pratt; 5 and 6, twins, Hopson Owen and McQueen Smith; 7. Howard; 8. Dorothy. Residence: Marion.

MURFEE, JAMES THOMAS, educator, was born September 13, 1833, at Murfee's Depot, Southampton County, Va., and died at Miami, Fla.; son of James Wilson and Ann (Parker) Murfee, the former being a native of Virginia, who was born near the present town of Franklin and who was a farmer at Norfolk for some

time; grandson of Simon Murfee, jr., who was an ordained minister of the South Quay Baptist church, the second oldest Baptist church in Virginia; great-grandson of Simon Murfee, sr., whose father came from Scotland, first settled near Williamsburg, Va., and then moved to Southampton, Va., and who had a land grant of one hundred and forty acres from George III, around Murfee's Depot, Va. He attended the Virginia military institute, from which he was graduated in 1853, with the degree of civil engineer. He then accepted the professorship of natural science at Madison college, Uniontown, Pa., where he remained until 1854. He accepted the same chair in Lynchburg college, Lynchburg, Va., remaining there from 1856-1858, where in 1857, he united with the Baptist church. He was professor of mathematics at the University of Alabama from 1860 to 1862; and from 1862 to 1865, he was commandant of the cadets of the university, with the rank of colonel of the Alabama troops. He entered the active service in 1863, with the rank of lieutenant-colonel of the Forty-first Alabama regiment in the C. S. Army, and participated in the engagement which took place at Tuscaloosa, April 3, 1865, as commander of the state cadets. He was architect and re-builder of the University of Alabama, from 1867-1869, and in 1871, became president of Howard college, which position he held for sixteen years. He founded the Marion military institute in 1887, and was principal there until his retirement in September, 1906, upon receiving the reward of an annuity from the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching, because of his services to the cause of education in Alabama. He served from 1893 to 1896, as a member of the board of visitors of the U. S. military academy at West Point, being appointed for the service by President Harrison. Married: July, 1861, at Tuscaloosa, to Laura Owen, daughter of Hopson and Agnes Payne (Williams) Owen, who lived at Tuscaloosa, the former who was a lawyer and was licensed to practice, July 8, 1819, by Gov. William W. Bibb; granddaughter of Richard and Sarah (Duty) Owen, and of Marmaduke and Agnes Payne (Harris) Williams (q. v.). Children: 1. Thomas Eugene, died in infancy; 2. Julia Bryce, m. William Houston Lovelace, Marion; 3. Howard Guild, died when eight years old; 4. Laura Owen, died when four years old; 5. Mary Agnes, m. Edwin Bulst Anderson, Marion; 6. Hopson Owen (q. v.), B. S. degree from Marion military institute, 1892, student at University of Virginia from 1892-1897; president Young Men's Christian Association, from 1895-1896, president of the Tennis Association, Tennis Championship, 1895-1896 and 1896-1897, president of the academic class, 1895-1896, degree of B. A. from University of Virginia in 1897, degree of M. A. from University of Virginia, 1897, instructor in mathematics at the University of Virginia in 1896, Fellow in Astronomy at the University of Virginia, 1897, Fellow in Physics at the University of Chicago from 1899-1900, lecture assistant to Prof. S. W. Stratton, and research assistant to Prof. A. A. Michelson of the University of Chicago, member of the board of visitors to the U. S. Naval

Academy at Annapolis, appointed by President Roosevelt in 1906, and LL. D. degree from the University of Alabama in 1913, m. Mary McQueen Smith, Marion; 7. James Thomas, died in infancy; 8. Walter Lee, m. Mary Turner Graves, Marion. Last residence: Miami, Fla.

MURFEE, JOHN H., instructor in tactics, University of Alabama, 1863-65.

MURFREE, WALTER L. See Addenda.

MURPHEY, D. R., educator, superintendent of the Anniston city schools, in 1913.

MURPHREE, JAMES STROTHER, merchant and pioneer settler, was born August 1, 1796, at Louisburg, Franklin County, N. C., and died July 20, 1866 in Troy; son of James and Sarah (Strother) Murphree of North Carolina, the former a Revolutionary soldier. In 1817, he removed to Smith County, Tenn., where he engaged in merchandising. In 1844, he located in Troy, where he acquired large holdings of land; continued his mercantile business, and became one of the builders of that place. He was a Whig; a Mason; and a Baptist. Married: December 20, 1820, at Carthage, Tenn., to Matilda S., daughter of Joel and Mary (Burford) Dyer, of Tennessee. Children: 1. Mary B., m. Dr. J. B. Fannin; 2. Sarah, m. William M. Love; 3. William M. (q. v.) m. Susan Henderson; 4. Joel Dyer (q. v.) m. Ursula A. Mullins; 5. James K., m. Adelaide Henderson; 6. Elizabeth, m. Judge Urban Lewis Jones; 7. Daniel B., m. Mary Henderson; 8. Benjamin F., m. Rebecca Hill; 9. Dr. Edwin D.; 10. Thomas M., m. Lizzie Howell. All of James Strother Murphree's sons and sons-in-law served in the Confederate Army. Last residence: Troy.

MURPHREE, JOEL DYER, merchant, member Alabama legislature and the constitutional conventions, was born November 5, 1827, in Smith County, Tenn., and died in 1906 in Troy; son of James Strother and Martha Strother (Dyer) Murphree (q. v.); grandson of James Murphree of Ireland, who came to America in 1854; great-nephew of Maj. David Burford of Smith County, Tenn., who served with Gen. Andrew Jackson at the battle of New Orleans, 1815, commanding a battalion of Tennessee troops. His education, in the schools of Carthage and Rome, Tenn., closed at the age of eleven, as his father needed his services in his store. In 1844, he removed with his father and family to Troy, where they acquired large holdings of land in the town and surrounding territory. In 1848, he established, with his brother-in-law, the mercantile firm of Murphree and Jones, which continued until 1866. He was in 1863-65 quartermaster sergeant of the 57th Alabama infantry regiment, Scott's brigade, Loring's division, C. S. Army. He was a member of the legislature from Pike County, 1857-8, and 1872-3; member of the constitutional conventions of 1875 and 1901. He was a director of the Mobile and Girard R. R., now a part of the Central of Georgia R. R. He contributed largely to local papers on political questions.

He was a Democrat, and in 1884 was a delegate to the national convention of that party; a Mason; Knight Templar; and a Baptist, and was a leader in the prohibition movement in his county. He was distinguished for benevolence. Married: January 18, 1855, near Troy, to Ursula Antoinette, daughter of Thomas Kinion and Amelia Antoinette (Brockman) Mullins, pioneer settlers of Pike County, natives of Georgia. The maternal grandmother was before her marriage to Mr. Brockman, Elizabeth Landrum, whose parents removed from Virginia to Georgia in pioneer days. Children: 1. Josephine Amelia, m. Charles B. Goldthwaite; 2. Thomas Eugene, m. (1) Augusta Johnson, (2) Willie Purcell; 3. Allie, m. J. Sam Carroll, banker, Troy; 4. Joel Dyer, jr., m. (1) Lucas Brooks, (2) Mary E. Barrow; 5. Antoinette, m. John H. Wilkerson, lawyer, and mayor of Elba. Last residence: Troy.

MURPHREE, WALTER THEODORE, lawyer, was born September 5, 1862, in Blount County; son of Jesse E. and Mary H. (Cornelius) Blount, both of Walnut Grove, Etowah County, the former who entered the C. S. Army as a private, was promoted to captain, and was wounded in the battle of Shiloh; grandson of Ellis and Jennie (Algood) Murphree, of Chepultepec, Blount County, the former who came from South Carolina many years before the War of Secession, and settled in what is now known as Murphree's Valley, Blount County, and of Harvey and Elizabeth Cornelius, of Walnut Grove, Etowah County. The family is of Irish descent. Three Murphy brothers fled from Ireland because of some political offense, they settled in South Carolina in pre-Revolutionary days, and to better conceal their identity changed the spelling of their names, one of whom adopted the spelling Murphree from which Mr. Murphree descended. Mr. Murphree was educated in the public schools of Blount and Etowah Counties; attended Peabody Normal college, Nashville, Tenn.; and later took the law course at the University of Alabama. He began the practice of law at Gadsden in 1893; for fifteen years has been a member of the city board of education; served for one term as mayor of Gadsden; has served as chairman of the Etowah County Democratic executive committee; and was a representative in the legislative session of 1919 from Etowah County. He is a Democrat; Baptist; Odd Fellow; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: October 11, 1899, at Brentwood, Tenn., to Nettie Brandon. Residence: Gadsden.

MURPHREE, WILLIAM MILLS, planter, county clerk and register in chancery, was born December 28, 1825, in Smith County, Tenn., and died May 30, 1879 in Troy and is buried in the Murphree grave yard in the heart of the town; son of James Strother and Matilda (Dyer) Murphree (q. v.). In 1844, he accompanied his father and family to Troy, where he engaged with the former in business. He acquired an extensive holding of land in the northeast section of the town and later, donated a lot on which the citizens erected "The academy," in which the first public city schools

were later organized. The Troy normal school is built on the site of his home. He was clerk for Pike County, 1848-50; register in chancery, 1858-62. He carried on his planting operations until his death. He was a Baptist. Married: March 1, 1849, in Troy, to Susan, daughter of Eli and Mary (Darby) Henderson, of Edgefield, S. C., who removed to Clarke County in 1821. Children: 1. William Hilliard, m. Kannie Key; 2. Lizzie; 3. Mollie, m. Pete Yarborough; 4. Emma, m. Charles Gholson; 5. Martha; 6. Laura, m. Willis Nall; 7. Burford; 8. Ida; 9. James; 10. Missie. Last residence: Troy.

MURPHY, EDGAR GARDNER, Episcopal clergyman and author, was born August 31, 1869, near Ft. Smith, Sebastian County, Ark., and died June 23, 1913, son of Samuel W. and Janie (Gardner) Murphy, the latter a daughter of John and Eliza (Palmer) Gardner, who lived at Van Buren, Ark.; granddaughter of William B. and Philomela Gardner, and a descendant of Scotch ancestors who after coming to America, lived in Vermont, at Montpelier and Thetford, and at LaFayette, Ind., and in 1842, settled in Arkansas. His early education was received in San Antonio, Tex., at a German-English school, at which place his aunt, Lelia Gardner was a teacher, and at the city high school. In August, 1885, he entered the University of the South, at Sewanee, Tenn.; was a special student at the General theological seminary and Columbia university at New York, from 1889-1890; received the honorary degree of M. A. from Yale university in 1904; and in 1911, D. C. L. from the University of the South. On August 31, 1890, he was ordained to the ministry of the Protestant Episcopal church at San Antonio, Tex., by the Rt. Rev. J. S. Johnson, D. D.; was put in charge of St. Paul's church, San Antonio and made assistant at St. Mark's from 1890-1892; was rector at Christ's church, Laredo, Tex., from 1892-1893, of St. Paul's church, Chillicothe, O., 1894-1897, of St. John's church, Kingston, N. Y., 1897-1898, and of St. John's church, Montgomery, 1898-1902. He was the organizer and executive secretary of the Southern society, which was organized for the consideration of the race problems and conditions of the South, which in May, 1900, held a national conference at Montgomery. He was the first chairman of the Alabama Child Labor committee, and later, was the first secretary of the National Child Labor Committee and was the originator of the proposals for the establishment of that organization. He withdrew from the committee, however, when the committee endorsed the "Beveridge Bill," for the federal regulation of the labor of children, because he believed such a policy directly injurious to the protection of the child workers. In November, 1901, he was connected with the Southern Education Board, as "the executive secretary associated with the president," the president being Robert C. Ogden of New York. In 1902, he became a member of the board and its secretary, and in the same year retired from the ministry, in order that he might enter into the struggle for specific legislation with better

results. He suffered from ill health during the years of 1902-1904, and while still a member of the Southern Education Board, resigned. In 1908, he was given a retiring allowance for life by the Carnegie Foundation. He was editor of the official reports of the conference on race problems of the south, and the sixth, seventh, and eighth sessions of the conference for education in the south. Author: Mr. Murphy was author of "The Words for the Church," 1896; and in the same year "The Larger Life;" "The Christian's Life" in 1899; in 1904, "The Present South, a discussion of certain industrial, educational, and political issues in the Southern states;" "The Basis of Ascendancy, a discussion of certain principles of public policy involved in the development of the Southern states," in June, 1909, and a volume entitled, "Issues, Southern and National." In September, 1907, being requested by a member from the House of Bishop, he wrote a letter on "The Church and the Negro Episcopate," which was later printed in pamphlet form. He was also a frequent contributor to various periodicals, and in the "North American Review," for January, 1905, appears his paper against the enforcement of the Fourteenth amendment. Among the occasional contributions to brochures, appears, "An Open Letter to the Constitutional Convention of Alabama," which was a discussion on suffrage, and his argument against the Beveridge-Parsons bill in "The Federal Regulation of Child Labor." His last printed work was in the interest of the social-religious building of the Peabody college for Teachers, at Nashville. He was a Democrat. Married: August 31, 1891, in Concord, Mass., to Maude King, daughter of George Augustus and Martha Ann (Brigham) King, who lived at Concord, Mass., and a descendant of Elder Thomas King, who came from England in 1635, and of Elder William Brewster, who came in 1620. Children: 1. DuBose, attended Yale university; 2. Gardner, attended Yale university. Last residence: New York.

MURPHY, JAMES LEONIDAS, lawyer; graduate of the Alabama polytechnic institute, with the B. S. degree in 1904, and the M. S. degree in 1905. Residence: Andalusia.

MURPHY, JERE, mayor of Huntsville, was born January 18, 1834, at Huntsville; son of Jeremiah and Nancy (Hanks) Murphy, the former who was born in County Cork, Ireland; brother of Robert E. Murphy, who was born in Huntsville, July 2, 1839, was clerk in a wholesale grocery, entered the office of county clerk in 1860, in 1863 went to Nashville, Tenn., where he engaged for six years in the auction and commission business, being for some time government auctioneer, continued the same business for one year at Memphis, and then returned to Huntsville, was elected sheriff of Madison on the republican ticket, in 1874, which position he held for three years, was an alderman under Mayor Irvine, re-elected under Mayor Thomas White, and in 1888 was re-elected sheriff. Jere Murphy received his education in the Huntsville schools. When seventeen years old he left school and started to

work as printer on the "Democrat," and later worked as foreman on that paper. He was then appointed to a mail agency on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, which position he held until the War of Secession. In 1862, he entered the army as a third lieutenant in Col. Russell's command, and participated in the battle of Chickamauga, and a number of severe skirmishes. At the close of the war he returned to Huntsville where he opened a blacksmith and wood-working shop, which business he carried on for about two years. In 1874, he was elected mayor of Huntsville, was re-elected in 1875, 1876, 1877, serving four successive terms. He was elected again in 1889, the term of office having been extended to two years, and 1891 was re-elected. Under his administration many improvements were made, notably, the system of water-works, stand-pipe system, extensive sewerage. He is an Odd Fellow. Married: February 28, 1867, to Mary Beeman, daughter of Conrad Beeman of Huntsville. Children: 1. Jere; 2. Mary Belle; 3. Ella Lee; 4. Corinne Katherine; 5. Stephen H.; 6. Robert E. Residence: Huntsville.

MURPHY, JOHN, lawyer, planter, fourth governor of Alabama representative in congress, was born about 1785, in Robeson County, N. C., and died September 21, 1841, at his plantation in Clarke County; son of Neil Murphy, who came with his father Murdock Murphy from Scotland. His mother was a Miss Downing, and he was a brother of Rev. Murdock Murphy, the first pastor of the Government Street Presbyterian church at Mobile. The family moved to South Carolina when Gov. Murphy was a child, and he acquired his education there. By teaching school, he gained the means to attend college, and entered South Carolina college in the class with John Gayle, later governor of Alabama, and James Dellet, who carried off the first honor in scholarship over Gov. Murphy, and who, years later, defeated him as a candidate for congress. He was graduated in 1808, and while studying law that same year, was elected clerk of the South Carolina senate. He held that position for ten years, and during that time was also a trustee of the University of South Carolina, 1809-1818. He moved to Alabama in 1818, located in Monroe County and was admitted to the bar there. He never practiced law, resigned from the bar soon after, and gave his whole attention to planting. He represented Monroe County in the convention which framed the State constitution in 1819; was elected to the State legislature in 1820; and to the State senate in 1822. He was elected governor of Alabama in 1825 with a plurality of twelve thousand five hundred votes, and was re-elected in 1827 without opposition. During his administration the State capital was moved from Cahaba to Tuscaloosa. After the expiration of his term, Gov. Murphy retired to his plantation for a short time, but in 1828 returned to public life, and became a Union candidate for congress. He was defeated for the Twenty-first and Twenty-second congresses by Dixon H. Lewis, and was elected to the Twenty-third congress in 1833, defeating Judge James Dellet

of Claiborne. In 1839, he was again a candidate, but was defeated that time by Judge Dellet. That was his last appearance in public life. He retired to his plantation in Clarke County, and lived there for the rest of his life. Married: (1) to Sarah Halls, of South Carolina, daughter of Robert Halls of that state; (2) to Mrs. Carter, a sister of Col. John Darrington, of Clarke County. John Murphy, jr., a son by his first wife, was a lawyer who died at Gosport about 1840. He was married and his daughter, Mary Sue, married Orlando A. Richardson, son of Francis Epps and Anna Maria (Robinson) Richardson, of Jackson, and had several children, among them Walter S. Richardson of Montgomery, and Orlando A. Richardson, jr., of Jackson. Another of Gov. Murphy's sons, Duncan Murphy, was a member of the legislature of California, where he died in 1853. Mrs. Annie D. McMillan of Stockton is a granddaughter. Last residence: Clarke County.

MURPHY, ROBERT, several times member of the Alabama legislature from DeKalb County. He later removed to Arkansas, and died from the effects of cruel treatment received while imprisoned by the Federal military powers, during the War of Secession. He was the father of Robert G. Murphy of Meltons-ville.

MURPHY, SAMUEL DAVIDSON, lawyer, was born April 21, 1870, at Bethany, Pickens County; son of Dr. Adolphus Sadler and Virginia Caroline (Davidson) Murphy, the former who served as a surgeon of the Twentieth Alabama regiment during the War of Secession. Judge Murphy received his early education in his native county and afterwards attended the University of Alabama, where he studied law. He was appointed judge of the juvenile court of Jefferson County upon its creation in 1911, and since that time has been reappointed by three succeeding governors. He was author of the child welfare laws of the state and was largely responsible for progress made in working out a program for such work. He is a Democrat; an elder in the Presbyterian church; and a Mason. Married: November 27, 1895, at Indianapolis, Ind., to Elizabeth Todd, daughter of Dr. L. L. Todd of that city. Children: 1. Luther Todd; 2. Samuel Davidson, jr. Residence: Birmingham.

MURPHY, SAMUEL JENNINGS, cotton commission merchant, was born in Greene County, and died January 30, 1893, in New York City; son of William and Mary (Inge) Murphy, the former a cotton planter, who was born in Warren County, N. C., lived there for some time, and then in 1819 moved to Alabama, where he owned a large plantation, the latter who was a daughter of Richard and Sarah (Johnson) Inge who lived at Mecklenburg County, Va.; grandson of William and Elizabeth (Epps) Murphy, who lived in North Carolina; and a descendant of ancestors on the Murphy side, who came from the north of Ireland to America in the eighteenth century and settled in North Carolina, and on the

Inge side of English ancestors who also settled in this country in the eighteenth century. He received his early education in Alabama, and at the age of sixteen years was sent to school in New Haven, Conn. He engaged in the cotton commission business, starting as clerk for the firm of Allen & Hayden of Mobile, in 1849, and in 1853, became a partner. He later organized the firm of Ware, Murphy & Company, and in 1878 retired from active business. He served in the War of Secession, organizing a company in April, 1861, and serving until the end of the war, first as captain of cavalry, later colonel of the Third Alabama cavalry. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal church, and a Mason. Married: in Mobile, May 25, 1854, to Serena Deas, daughter of James Sutherland and Margaret (Chestnut) Deas, who lived at Camden, S. C.; and a descendant of Scotch ancestors who settled in South Carolina in the eighteenth century. Children: 1. William Allen, d. July 26, 1901; m. to Golda Green, December 20, 1890; 2. Mary, d. May 25, 1858; 3. Deas, m. Mary Remsen Belknap, January 15, 1902, reside at New York City; 4. Helen, resides at Asheville, N. C.; 5. Jennings Nott, d. December 9, 1881; 6. Inge, m., (1) Linda Cook of Austin, Tex., who died December 1898, (2) to Irene Gillespie; 7. Lee Anderson, Asheville, N. C. Last residence, New York City.

MURPHY, SAMUEL SILENUS, physician, was born November 14, 1825, in Greene County; son of James and Angelina (Saddler) Murphy, natives of South Carolina, the former who came to Alabama in 1818, and settled in Greene County, near Eutaw, who was a machinist and manufactured cotton gins, the latter who was the daughter of Isaac and Elizabeth Saddler, natives of South Carolina; grandson of Robert and Rachael (Rainey) Murphy, natives of South Carolina; great-grandson of a native of Ireland, who came to this country prior to the Revolutionary War, settled in South Carolina and served in the war. He received his early education in the schools of Eutaw, and in 1842, entered the University of Alabama, and after attending four sessions, graduated A. B. and A. M. He attended a session at the Medical college of Louisiana, at New Orleans in 1850, and was afterward engaged as partner with his brother, Dr. A. S. Murphy of Eutaw, in the drug business. He then sold his interest in the drug business and established himself in the mercantile business at Pleasant Ridge. He resumed his medical studies in 1870, entering the Medical college at Mobile, from which he was graduated the same year. For several years he practiced medicine with Dr. C. P. Sanders, a physician of Pleasant Ridge, and then opened an office individually. He was a member of the Pleasant Ridge Presbyterian church. Married: in 1856, to Elizabeth Steel, a native of Greene County. Children: 1. Thomas Elmore, b. July 28, 1865, M. D., 1892, Mobile, physician of Bethany, Pickens County; 2. Samuel Silenus, jr. (q. v.); 3. Charles Martin, b. January 12, 1874, A. B., University of Alabama, M. D., 1898, Birmingham medical college; 4. William M., killed by accidental discharge of gun in his own hands, while attending Poughkeepsie col-

lege, N. Y.; 5. Mary E., deceased, m. James H. Archibald; and three other children who died in infancy. Residence: Pleasant Ridge.

MURPHY, SAMUEL SILENUS, jr., teacher, was born October 8, 1867, at Pleasant Ridge, Greene County; son of Dr. Samuel Silenus and Elizabeth Mary Murphy (q. v.). He received his early education at the Archibald institute, at Pleasant Ridge, and at the Verner military institute at Tuscaloosa. In the fall of 1887, he entered the sophomore class of the University of Alabama, and was graduated B. A., in June, 1890. He was first lieutenant in the corps of cadets during his senior year. After leaving college, Mr. Murphy, went to Mobile, where he taught in Barton academy, teaching the primary, grammar, and high school grades, until September, 1900, when he was elected superintendent of education of Mobile County, which position he filled for several years. He was a member of the Alabama State Text-Book commission, and of the National Educational Association. He is a Democrat, a member of the Presbyterian church, and of Phi Delta Theta college fraternity. Married: December 22, 1899, to Marie Maréchal, daughter of Dr. Edwin Lesley and Julia (Greer) Maréchal, of Mobile; granddaughter of I. S. Greer, who was engaged in the cotton business at one time in Mobile, and who later moved to Meridian, Miss.; and a descendant of Scotch-Irish and French ancestors. Children: 1. Marie, b. June 27, 1902. Residence: Mobile.

MURPHY, WILLIAM MITCHELL, lawyer, was born in Granville County, N. C., in 1806, and died at Selma about 1855; son of Judge Murphy and a Miss Inge, the former who resided in Erie, and the latter who was a sister of Hon. William M. Inge of Sumter. In 1821 he moved with his parents to Alabama and was educated in the Tuscaloosa schools and at the University of Virginia. Having read law under Hon. Seth Barton of Tuscaloosa, he opened an office in Erie, about 1828. He was partner of William G. Vandegraff, and later of William G. Jones; was elected to the legislature in 1840; was candidate of the Democratic party for congress in 1847, but was defeated by Hon. S. W. Inge of Sumter; and in 1849-51, he served the county in the State senate. In 1852, he went to Austin, Tex., but soon returned to Alabama, settling at Selma, where he died in 1855. Married: to a Miss Hobson, daughter of Baker Hobson of Greene County. Last residence: Selma.

MURRAY, DANIEL, Roman Catholic priest, was born in 1867 in Middleton, County Cork, Ireland, and died in Mobile, in 1897. He was educated at the Jesuit college, Limerick, and finished in theology in the American college at Rome, in which city he was ordained to the priesthood, in 1893. He arrived in Mobile in September of that year, was sent to Birmingham and Bessemer, and in January, 1897, was transferred to Montgomery. In September of that year he volunteered to fill a vacancy in Mobile, and soon after arriving was stricken

with yellow fever, from which he never recovered. Last residence: Mobile.

MURRAY, DAVID, *soldier of the American Revolution*, was born in 1760, and is buried in Talladega County. The tomb bears the following inscription:

To the memory of
DAVID MURRAY,
A Revolutionary soldier, who
departed this life 8th day
November, 1840, in the 80th
year of his age.

He came from Prince Edward County, Va., just after the war and settled in Wilkes County, Ga. He left several children, among others Hon. Thomas W. Murray, the oldest son, who was born in Lincoln County, Ga., in 1790, and became a man of distinction, being a candidate for Congress when he died. Murray County, Ga., is named in honor of him.—*White's Statistics of Georgia*.

"It is shown by the records in Washington City, that one David Murray served as a private in Captain Satterlee's company, Colonel Moses Hazen's regiment, Continental troops, Revolutionary War. He enlisted December 30, 1776; was taken prisoner August 27, —, and returned to his company August 4, 1779. His name last appears as that of a private on a roll, not dated, 'of Persons in the Congress' Own Regt. commanded by Col. Moses Hazen, Brig. Genl. by Brevet in the service of the U. S., 1783,' with remarks: 'When commissioned or enlisted, 30 Dec., 1776; How Long to Serve, War, 1 year; Discharged by Commander-in-Chief at close of war, 17 June, 1783.'"—Mrs. P. H. Mell, in *Alabama Historical Society, Transactions*, vol. iv, pp. 556-557.

MURRAY, JAMES, *soldier of the American Revolution*, a resident of Perry County, and later of Pickens; private, particular service not shown; enrolled on March 6, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from September 4, 1833; annual allowance, \$80.66.—*Pekston Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile.

MURRAY, JOHN GARDNER, Protestant Episcopal bishop, was born August 31, 1857, at Lonaconing, Allegany County, Md.; son of James and Ann (Kirkwood) Murray; grandson of James and Elizabeth (Kirkwood) Murray, and of Archibald and Ann Kirkwood, all of Glasgow, Scotland. He received his education in the public schools of Maryland and Wyoming seminary, Kingston, Pa., and his professional training at Drew theological seminary, Madison, N. J. He was ordained deacon in St. Paul's church, Selma, 1892, and priest in 1893; and was elected bishop of Maryland in 1909. His published writings consist of addresses and pastorals. He is a Democrat. Married: in Osage City, Kan., to Clara, daughter of Isaac and Barbara Hunsicker of that place. Children: 1. John Gardner; 2. Clara H.; 3. Ann K.; 4. Ruth; 5. Esther. Residence: Baltimore, Md.

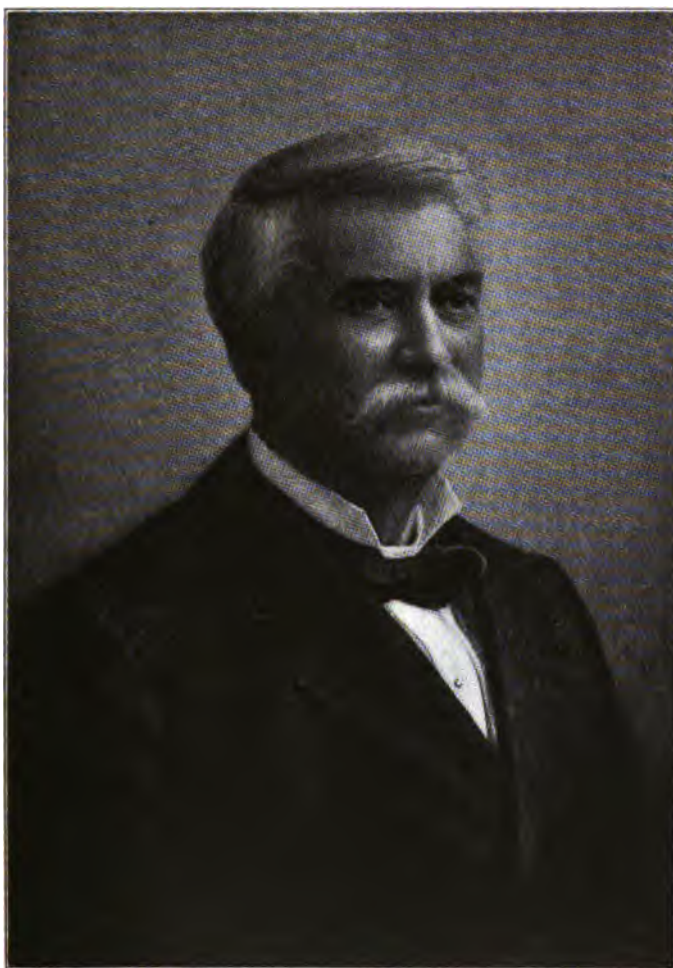
MURRAY, MICHAEL WILLIAM, physician; a graduate of the medical department of McGill

university, Canada, 1890, and licensed to practice by the county board of Morgan. Residence: New Decatur.

MURRAY, W. M., Missionary Baptist minister; living in 1913. Residence: Brewton.

MUSGROVE, FRANCES ASBURY, delegate secession convention, merchant and business man, was born August 22, 1827, at Jasper, Walker County, and died July 22, 1865, at Jasper; son of Dr. Edward Gordon and Rachel (Hycklyn) Musgrove, of Saluda, S. C., who removed in 1822, to Blount County, and then to Walker County, where they located permanently; grandson of John William and Nancy (Tate) Musgrove of South Carolina. He was educated by his father and fitted for college, but pressure of business interests prevented his remaining to obtain a degree. He engaged in the mercantile business; was delegate from Walker County to the secession convention of Alabama, 1861, and opposed secession. When war was declared, he enlisted in the 28th Alabama infantry regiment, Manigault's brigade, Withers' division, Army of the Tennessee. In 1863 he raised a battalion in Walker County, joined Gen. N. B. Forrest's command, and served to the close of the war. He served his county in civil offices, both before the war and after, until his death at an early age. He was a Mason; an Odd Fellow, organizing that body in Walker County; and a Methodist. Married: January 6, 1853, at Liberty Hill, Walker County, to Elizabeth, daughter of James Oscar and Elizabeth (Cauley) Cain. Children: 1. Missouri Katherine, m. John Benjamin Long; 2. Lycurgus Breckenridge; 3. Judge Coleman, m. Susan Findley Neal; 4. Calpernia Rachel. Last residence: Jasper.

MUSGROVE, LYCURGUS BRECKENRIDGE, banker, coal operator and business man, was born December 13, 1859, at Jasper; son of Frances Asbury and Elizabeth (Cain) Musgrove (q. v.). The family is of English origin and migrated to South Carolina prior to the Revolutionary War, taking part in that struggle. The paternal grandfather, Edward Gordon Musgrove, was the first probate judge of Walker County, and owned the land upon which Jasper is located, having donated sites for public buildings. Mr. Musgrove received his education in the common schools of his native town, but was not privileged to have a university course on account of the conditions of the times. He has, however, always shown a deep interest in education and has been chairman of the Walker County board of education, and is a member of the State board of education and a trustee of the University of Alabama. He is a leading man of business affairs in his section and his political activities have been state-wide. The Corona coal mines were developed under his ownership, and later sold to an English syndicate. He holds other mining interests and is president of the Jasper bank, besides carrying on an extensive farming interest and real estate business. Mr. Musgrove is a Democrat, and although never an office holder has frequently managed political cam-



JOSEPH W. DIMMICK



paigns for his friends During the heated contest, 1920, for the U. S. senatorship for the place held by Senator O. W. Underwood, he was an unsuccessful candidate, although receiving a large and flattering vote. He is a Methodist; Mason; and an Odd Fellow. Unmarried. Residence: Jasper.

MUSGROVE, PHILIP M., physician, lawyer and Baptist preacher, was born March 12, 1817, in Edgefield District, S. C., and died in Cullman County, son of John Tate Musgrove; cousin of Francis Asbury Musgrove (q. v.); grandson of John William and Nancy (Tate) Musgrove of South Carolina; the former a colonial settler and Revolutionary soldier. His education, in schools, was limited by the pioneer conditions of Blount County, to which place his parents removed in 1822. He continued his studies until he was admitted to practice medicine, in 1853, and law in 1857. In 1841-42, he taught a country school; in 1842, he commenced to preach, and was a missionary of the Muscle Shoals association and of the board of the Southern Baptist convention, 1846-52. He began the practice of medicine in 1853, and was licensed to practice law in 1857. In 1862, he joined Wheeler's cavalry, First Alabama regiment, and with three sons gave service to the Confederacy. In 1871, with his son, Edward G., he published at Bangor, a newspaper "The Broad-axe." In 1887, he removed to Cullman and published "The Trumpet." From 1884-86, he was probate judge of Cullman County. He was a Democrat; and a Mason. Author: "The Baptist Code." Married: December 8, 1836, to Louisa White, of Tennessee. Children: 1. John W., killed in the Confederate Army; 2. William H., Jr.; 3. Edward G.; 4. Joseph. Last residence: Cullman.

MUSGROVE, WILLIAM HENRY, teacher and Baptist minister, was born January 15, 1796, in Georgia, and died at Pensacola, Fla., March 6, 1862, and is buried at Mt. Tabor church, Blount County; son of John William and Nancy (Tate) Musgrove, who removed to South Carolina, 1797, and to Cocke County, Tenn., 1807. He came to Alabama in 1818 and taught school at Elyton for several years; in 1828, elected to represent Blount County in the legislature, was reelected five times; he also served three years in the senate. He led a company in the Creek War, 1836, and retired with the title of colonel of militia. In 1856, he was ordained a minister, at the Baptist Mt. Tabor church. In 1861, he served as captain of a company of Confederates, sent to Pensacola for military duty; where he died. He was a Democrat. Married: to Miss Fowler, daughter of Rev. John Fowler. Last residence: Blountsville.

MYATT, MARK, president of the Fowlkes and Myatt coal company. Residence: Birmingham.

MYERS, T. J., lieutenant colonel, 15th Confederate cavalry regiment, C. S. Army.

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NABERS, FRANCIS D., lawyer and business man, was born May 14, 1854, in Carrollton,

Pickens County; son of Judge Zacharias Lee and Sara Rebecca (Nabers) Nabers of Laurens, S. C., and brother of Zach Lee Nabers (q. v.). He was educated in the schools of Carrollton and Mobile; graduated from the Mobile military institute, in 1872. In 1883, he removed to Birmingham and engaged in the accountant business; in 1886-87, was clerk in war department, under President Cleveland; 1889-90, a law student, at the University of Virginia; has practiced law in Birmingham since that date. He is a Democrat. Residence: Birmingham.

NABERS, FRANCIS DRAYTON, physician and business man, was born July 3, 1845, in Jefferson County, and died in Birmingham; son of Francis Drayton and Matilda (Mullens) Nabers; grandson of Isaac and Nancy (Boyd) Nabers, of Laurens, S. C., who came at an early date to Alabama. He was educated at the University of Alabama, leaving college in 1862, to enlist in the Confederate Army, as a member of the cadet troop of cavalry. Later he was captain of Co. F, Seventh Alabama cavalry regiment, and was in the battles of Nashville and Franklin, being severely wounded. After the close of the war he studied medicine at Tulane university, graduating in 1867. He located at Cotton Gin Port, Miss.; four years later, returning to Jefferson County and establishing the drug firm of Nabers and Morrow. He served as alderman of Birmingham; president of the Birmingham building and loan association, and the East Lake land company; was director of the First national bank. He was a Democrat; a Mason; and a Presbyterian. Married: January 23, 1865, to Mattie, daughter of Samuel Faust, of Pulaski, Tenn. Children: 1. Frank; 2. Samuel. Last residence: Birmingham.

NABERS, JAMES M., planter and legislator, was born March 20, 1826, and died January 31, 1857; son of Francis Drayton and Matilda (Mullens) Nabers, and brother of William Franklin Nabers (q. v.). He was educated in the country schools of his community; engaged in planting in Shelby and Bibb Counties and represented those counties in the State legislature for many years. He placed in nomination the name of Dixon H. Lewis, for the U. S. Senate. He was a Democrat; and a Methodist. Last residence: Shelby or Bibb County.

NABERS, WILLIAM FRANKLIN, planter and business man, was born August 6, 1830, in Jefferson County, and died about 1915 in Birmingham; son of Francis Drayton and Matilda (Mullens) Nabers, pioneer settlers of Jefferson County, in whose cotton farm was laid out the first survey of the town of Birmingham; grandson of Isaac and Nancy (Boyd) Nabers. The Nabers family is of French origin, being descended from two brothers, Abram and Isaac, who came to America in Colonial days. During the Revolutionary period, three brothers, Abraham, Isaac and Jacob, descendants of the original immigrants, living near Laurens Court-house, Laurens District, S. C., were ardent Whigs. Zachariah Nabers of Pickens County was descended from Jacob. Abraham and Isaac

married sisters, Ellen or Eleanor and Nancy Boyd, descendants of Irish nobility who lived in an aristocratic style until their property was destroyed by the Tories. Isaac Nabers was killed in the summer of 1780 by a band of Tories under William Cunningham, and his negro slaves taken to Jamaica where they were sold. John, a boy of fourteen, son of Abraham Nabers, was tortured by the Tories in order to force him to reveal the hiding place of the family stores, but he was resolute in his American and family loyalty. William Franklin Nabers was fitted for college in the county schools of Jefferson, and graduated from the University of Tennessee. He engaged in extensive farming, until the early '70's, when he joined Col. James R. Powell, John T. Milner, Major Thomas Peters and others in the plan to establish Birmingham. His house was the only residence near the site of that city and it was here all the surveys and plans were discussed. He was a Democrat, a Mason; and a Presbyterian. Married: February 5, 1867, to Virginia Elizabeth, daughter of B. P. Worthington. Children: 1. Fannie, m. J. H. McCary; 2. Carrie, m. Charles H. Abbott; 3. Bessie; 4. Emma; 5. William Franklin, jr. Last residence: Birmingham.

NABERS, ZACH LEE, jr., banker, was born May 6, 1858, at Carrollton, Pickens County; son of Judge Zacharias Lee and Sara Rebecca (Nabers) Nabers, of Laurens, S. C., who removed to Athens, Ga., and later to Carrollton; grandson of Jacob and Elizabeth (Powers) Nabers, and of Francis Drayton and Matilda (Mullens) Nabers, all of Laurens, S. C., who removed to Alabama later; great-grandson of Isaac Nabers, who was killed by Tories during the Revolutionary War. He was educated in the schools of Carrollton and Mobile; after a business course in Mobile he became an accountant, doing expert work in St. Louis, Mo., Dallas and Texarkana, Texas, and Little Rock, Ark., where he was made teller of the First national bank. His business called him to Connecticut, New York City and Chicago; in 1884, he located in Birmingham, where he is connected with the First national bank. He is a Democrat. Married: April 28, 1885, in Birmingham, to Alice Pickney, daughter of Benjamin Pickney and Caroline (Mitchell) Worthington, the latter a daughter of Thomas and Elizabeth Mitchell, native Alabamians. Children: 1. Nellie Lee, m. William S. Mudd, of Birmingham; 2. Margarite. Residence: Birmingham.

NAIL, MATTHEW, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 77, and a resident of Madison County; private Georgia Militia; enrolled on November 4, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$80; sums received to date of publication of list, \$240.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

NALL, ROBERT, Presbyterian minister, was born October 17, 1805, at Jackson, Tenn., and died December 29, 1885, at Henderson, Mont-

gomery county, N. C.; son of James and Ann Caroline (Wyatt) Nall, the former, of English, Welsh, and Scotch-Irish ancestry, was born in North Carolina and lived at Henderson, Montgomery County, N. C., the latter was a descendant of ex-Governor Wyatt of Virginia, one of the colonial governors of that state, who after the death of her husband removed to Alabama with her children in 1822, and became one of the first settlers of the town of Marion, Perry County. Rev. Nall received his early education in a log school house in North Carolina and in such private and common school instruction as was to be had after his removal to Alabama. He learned the printer's trade and earned the money necessary for his preparatory and collegiate course, entering Centre college, Danville, Ky., and later Miami university, Ohio, where he was graduated in 1831, receiving an A. B. degree. He studied for the ministry, was licensed in 1833, and ordained the next year by the Presbytery of South Alabama, and at once became pastor of the Marion church, of which he was one of the charter members, also one of its first ruling elders. After ministering to this church for some ten years, he became the first pastor of the Second Presbyterian church, Mobile, where he remained until 1858, when he was called by the synod to be its evangelist. The remainder of his ministry was spent in evangelistic and home mission work. He was a Presbyterian minister for more than fifty years, and was stated clerk of the Synod of Alabama for fifty years. Several of his sermons were published in pamphlet form: "The Dead of the Synod of Alabama," and "A Voice From Twenty Graves." He was a Democrat. Married: December 6, 1832, at Columbus, Ohio, to Elizabeth Woods Hoge, daughter of Rev. James and Jane (Woods) Hoge of that place, the former a brother of Rev. Moses D. Hoge of Richmond, Va. Children: 1. Jane, m. Almon Spencer, both deceased; 2. Ann Caroline, d. of yellow fever in 1853; 3. James, m. Annie McMahon, resides at Lookout Mountain, Tenn.; 4. Elizabeth Witherspoon, d. 1876; 5. Robert Holman, b. January 19, 1842, at Marion, Perry County, attended Oglethorpe university, Ga., was pastor of churches at Tuskegee, Greenville, Fort Worth, Tex., and Greenwood, S. C., was evangelist and superintendent of the home mission at Dallas Presbytery, and had charge of mission work in New Orleans, m. Helen Otts and d. in 1910; 6. John Willis, d. 1868; 7. Mary Eliza, m. A. S. Paxton of Statesville, N. C., d. 1886; 8. Susannah Kaple, m. A. V. Boatrite, of Columbus, Ga., resides at Danville, Ga.; 9. Martha Watson, m. J. MacSmith, reside at Danville, Va.; 10. Chalmers, d. 1853; 11. Samuel Davies, d. 1853. Last residence: Jackson, Tenn.

NANCE, JONAS ALLEN, farmer, was born September 6, 1860, at Cartersville, Cass, now Bartow County, Ga.; son of Thomas Jefferson and Nancy Ann (Holles) Nance, the former who lived in South Carolina until 1859; removed to Georgia, was a Confederate soldier, volunteering at the outbreak of war and remaining in service until he received injuries

that caused his discharge, and in 1878 removed to Cherokee County; grandson of Thomas and Theresa (Beatenboy) Nance and of James Willis and Eliza (Harris) Hollis. The Nance family are of French descent and came to America during the Revolution, settling in Union County, S. C., their name being originally Nantz. The Hollis family are of English origin, came to America during the Revolutionary War and settled in Spartanburg County, S. C., the great-grandfather having served in the Revolutionary War under Washington. Senator Nance received his education in the common schools and at Andrews Institute, in DeKalb County. He was for a time a teacher in public schools; later became a farmer; was county registrar under Governors Jelks and Comer; member of the Democratic executive committee for ten years; was State senator from the twenty-ninth district in 1911; was re-elected in 1913; and was elected to legislature, 1918. He is a Democrat; a Missionary Baptist; an Odd Fellow; and a Mason. Married: (1) in 1886, to Almeida, daughter of W. M. and Eva (Maessey) McClendon, of Coxville, Etowah County, and (2) in 1915, to Nettie, daughter of Andrew J. and Malisa (Culpeper) Bankson, of Congo. Children: 1. Charley; 2. Homer; 3. Bernie, m. N. P. Higginbotham; 4. Bula; 5. Bevis; 6. Floyd; 7. Arva. Residence: Collinsville.

NAPIER, EDWARD, planter, was born in Macon, Ga., May 16, 1842; son of Leroy and Matilda Louise (Moultrie) Napier, the former a native of Virginia, and one of the wealthiest men in Georgia at the beginning of the War; the latter a Georgian and a cousin of Gen. Wm. Moultrie of Revolutionary fame; grandson of Thomas and Chloe Napier, who came from Virginia to Elbert County, Ga., in 1801, and of Briggs and Frances Marie Moultrie; great-grandson of Reni Napier, a major in the continental army, Revolutionary War; great-great-grandson of Patrick Napier, sent to America by the British government to survey a line between Maryland and Virginia prior to the Revolution. He was educated in private schools in Macon; at Phillips academy, Andover, Mass., graduating in 1856; later was two years a student at Mercer university; was traveling in Europe in 1861, but immediately returned to Georgia; became 2nd lieutenant of a company mustered into service in May, 1861, which became part of the Eighth Georgia regiment; saw service at Sharpsburg, Fredericksburg, Gettysburg, Cedar Run, Charlottesville, N. C., and several other engagements; and twice severely wounded. Since the close of hostilities he has been a planter in Montgomery and Bullock Counties. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; and a Mason. Married: Emma Wimbish. Children: 1. Leroy; 2. Stanley Wimbish; 3. Briggs Hopson. Residence: Union Springs.

NAPIER, LEROY, major, 2nd Alabama cavalry, a temporary command, C. S. Army.

NASH, J. G., president of Judson college, Marion, 1864-65.

NASH, JESSE G., major, 41st Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

NASH, JOSEPH T., physician, was born in Livingston, March 24, 1858; son of Judge Preston Garland and Lam (Whitfield) Nash (q. v.); reared and educated at Livingston; attended medical college of Alabama, Mobile, 1876-77; spent 1877-1879 in travel; graduated from Louisville medical college, 1880; and since 1880 has practiced at Livingston. Married: in 1891 to Lizzie, daughter of John and Lou McGowan. Residence: Livingston.

NASH, PRESTON GARLAND, lawyer and judge, was born in Virginia, in 1829, and died in Livingston in 1883; son of Daniel Nash, who early came from Virginia to Alabama, and after a short stay in Sumter County, removed to Arkansas, but later returned to Virginia, where he died. Mr. Nash was a lawyer; probate judge of Sumter County; Confederate district attorney for Southern district of Alabama, 1861-1865. Married: Lam Whitfield, whose father was an early settler in Alabama from Virginia. Children: 1. Rev. Preston, graduate of Emory and Henry college, rector of an Episcopal church in Richmond, Va., soldier in C. S. Army; 2. Eva, m. A. W. Cockrell, and resides at Jacksonville, Fla.; 3. Dr. Joseph T.; 4. Augustus C., chief clerk of the International railway co., Monterey, Mex.; 5. Dr. Daniel, dentist, of Jackson, Miss.; 6. Price Williams; 7. Nata, m. John King Edmondson, of Meridian, Miss. Last residence: Livingston.

NEAL, WILLIAM B., Methodist minister, pastor of the Court Street church, 1843.

NEAL, WILLIAM SHAEFFER, teacher and soldier, C. S. Army, was born March 31, 1843, in Carrollton, Pickens County; brother of Theodore F., member of an Alabama cavalry regiment, wounded at Holly Springs, Miss., and died soon afterwards, of George W., private in Co. A, 19th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, killed at Shiloh, of Francis Marion, private in Co. A, 19th Alabama infantry regiment, died a prisoner of war at Camp Douglas, Chicago, and of David Wesley, a sergeant in Co. G, 44th Alabama infantry regiment, killed at Gettysburg. He was a student at the Centenary college, Summerfield, which he left in the spring of 1862, to enlist in the Confederate service; assigned to Co. G, 44th Alabama infantry regiment, which later formed a part of Law's brigade, Army of Northern Virginia. He fought in the battles of Sharpsburg and Fredericksburg, and as a reward for his distinguished service in the former battle was detached and assigned to the signal service of Hood's division, Longstreet's corps. In this capacity he participated in the Suffolk and Pennsylvania campaigns, the battles of Gettysburg, Chickamauga, Lookout Mountain, Knoxville, Bean's Station, Bull's Gap and Sweetwater, the sieges of Richmond and Petersburg, finally surrendering with Gen. R. E. Lee's army at Appomattox Court House. At the close of war he returned home and taught school, later he became teacher and student at the noted Stonewall institute, near Selma, founded by the Rev. D. C. B. Connerly; returned to Monroe County, teaching three years; and spent two years at Barton academy, Mobile, as a teacher.

In 1873, he returned to Monroe County and engaged in farming and teaching, moving to Brewton in 1881. In 1898, he drafted a special school bill and secured its passage by the legislature for Escambia County. Married: (1) in 1870, to Julia Morton, of Monroe County, (2) in 1880, to Sallie Slaughter, of Perdue Hill. Children: by first wife, 1. William Thomas; 2. Eugene Morton; by second wife, 3. John Slaughter; 4. Maude; 5. Sadie. Residence: Brewton.

NEELY, EDWIN ORION, editor and publisher, was born June 25, 1859, near Columbia, Tenn., and died in 1902, at Guntersville; son of John Newell and Sallie E. (Thevenat) Neely, the former a native of Franklin, Tenn., first a carriage maker, and later the owner of a flour mill; grandson of Jean Baptist and Parthenia (Brown) Thevenat, of Mt. Pleasant, Tenn., the former a native of France, a physician and surgeon, and the latter of English parentage. The Neely family came to America from Wales and settled first in North Carolina. Mr. Neely received a common school education in Maury County, Tenn.; later took a course at Goodman's business college at Knoxville; was first employed in his father's flour mill; subsequently managed a branch plant at Athens, Tenn.; he was for four years connected with a contracting and building firm of Nashville, and traveled in the interest of the business. In 1887 he leased the "Guntersville Democrat," and on January 1, 1888, bought the paper, with all of its equipment from Solomon Palmer, the then State superintendent of education. He was a Democrat; and a Presbyterian. Author: Besides his editorial work he issued the souvenir edition Guntersville Democrat. Married: October 8, 1884, at Madisonville, Tenn., to Lois, daughter of Joseph A. and Minerva (Tolbert) Peck of that place. Children: 1. Ethel, m. Jo L. Henry, Guntersville; 2. Carl; 3. Albert T., m. Sadye Rayburn. Last residence: Guntersville.

NEELY, FRANK THOMAS, legislator, was born September 5, 1858, near Booneville, Tishomingo, now Prentiss County, Miss.; son of Robert Alexander and Elizabeth (Spencer) Neely, the former who served in the C. S. Army, was captured at the fall of Petersburg, April, 1865, held the office of first lieutenant, and was imprisoned on Johnson's Island; grandson of Thomas and Polly (Lusk) Neely, who lived near Booneville, and of Frank and Lizzie (McClanahan) Spencer, residents of Hampshire, Maury County, Tenn. Mr. Neely was educated in the public schools of his county; at the Male academy of Rienzi, Miss.; and attended part of a session of the Agricultural and mechanical college, Auburn. He served Lawrence County as tax assessor, 1901-06; as tax commissioner, 1912-15; was nominated for the State legislature in 1884; was defeated; and was elected to the legislature, 1915, from Lawrence County. He is a Democrat, has served on the county executive committee; a Methodist; and a Woodman of the World. Married: December 1, 1886, at Buford, Tenn., to Kate Abernathy, of Scotch ancestry, daughter of Burwell and Mary (Malone) Aber-

nathy of that place. Children: 1. Ida Corine; 2. Winnie Davis; 3. Frank T., jr.; 4. Christine. Residence: Hillsboro.

NEELY, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, a resident of Shelby County; private, particular service not shown; enrolled on April 2, 1836, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$20.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile.

NEELY, PHILIP PHILIPS, Methodist minister, was born September 9, 1819, in Murfreesboro, Tenn., and died November 9, 1868, in Mobile; son of Major Neely, who fought under Gen. Andrew Jackson. His mother was a Miss Phillips. He entered the Methodist ministry in 1837, and during his first year's gospel service eight hundred souls were converted. He served circuits and pastorates or was presiding elder at Jackson, Tenn., Huntsville, Tuscaloosa, Marion and Mobile and at Columbus, Miss. He was president of the Columbia, Tenn., female college 1844-48, and at the latter date was transferred to the Alabama conference. Author: "First series of discourses." Married: (1) Miss Parks, of Columbia, Tenn.; (2) Miss Jessie Alice Fowler, of Franklin, Tenn. Children: 1. daughter; 2. Julia, m. ——— Finch. Last residence: Mobile.

NEHEMATHLA MICCO, or NEAMATHLA MICCO, Creek Chief. See Indian chiefs and associated characters.

NEIL, ROBERT, *soldier of the American Revolution*, age not given, a resident of Greene County; corporal in Mencon's Regiment; enrolled on June 10, 1817, payment to date from March 5, 1814; annual allowance, \$60; sums received, \$128.30; on April 24, 1816, rate increased to annual allowance of \$96, under which the sum of \$850.89 received; under act of March 3, 1819, to date from March 4, 1825, rate reduced to annual allowance of \$64, under which \$576 received to date of publication of list.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

NEIL, ROBERT E. LEE, newspaper man and past sachem, Improved Order of Red Men, was born at Selma, September 12, 1870; son of Andrew J. and Elizabeth (Peake) Neil, the former a member of the Fourth Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army. He received his education at the Dallas academy of Selma; entered the newspaper work as a correspondent for various papers in 1888; purchased the "Selma Times" in 1907, in partnership with G. O. Eastman, later becoming sole owner and editor; was assistant librarian of the U. S. house of representatives at Washington, 53rd congress. He is a Democrat and secretary of the State conventions of 1900, 1904 and 1908; a Presbyterian; a Knight of Pythias; an Elk; Eagle; Beaver; and a Red Man. In 1917 he was appointed a paymaster in the U. S. navy, a position he still holds. Married: June 6, 1904, at Rome, Ga., to Lilly Cade, daughter of Thomas and Fannie (Shropshire) Sparks, of that place.

Children: 1. Robert E. L., jr., died in infancy, 2. Frances Shropshire, died in infancy, 3. Andrew Jackson, jr., died in infancy, 4. daughter, died in infancy. Residence: Key West, Fla.

NEILSON, ROBERT, physician, practiced his profession in Tuscaloosa for fifty years; father of Rev. W. P. Neilson (q. v.).

NEILSON, WILLIAM PARKER, Presbyterian minister; was born April 4, 1879, at Tuscaloosa; son of Dr. Robert and Amy (Parker) Neilson, the former a native of Augusta, Ga., later a resident of Tuscaloosa, a practicing physician for nearly fifty years in the town and county of his adopted residence; grandson of Capt. John and Maria (Dent) Neilson of Augusta and Tuscaloosa, and of George Alfred and Marion (Conrow) Parker, of Tuscaloosa and Philadelphia, Pa.; great-grandson of George Dent, jr., of Maryland who was president of the senate of that State, and also for several terms speaker pro tem of the U. S. house of representatives. Two sons of this statesman also attained distinction in public service, James Turner Dent, who served in the Seminole War as a member of the U. S. Army, and his brother, Col. Dennis Dent (q. v.). Rev. Mr. Neilson received his preparatory training from Prof. William H. Verner in Tuscaloosa; graduated from the University of Alabama, A. B., 1901; received degree of B. D. from the Presbyterian theological seminary at Louisville, in 1905; took post-graduate work in the theological seminary at Princeton, 1909; entered the ministry, 1904, and has served churches at Paris, Tex., Oklahoma City, Okla., Montgomery, and is at present serving in Kansas City, Mo. Married: December 18, 1907, at Paris, Tex., to Estelle, daughter of John Littleton and Maria (Maness) Fowler, of that place, the former a lawyer of Paducah, Ky., and the latter a native of Mississippi. Children: William Parker, jr. Residence: Kansas City, Mo.

NELSON, ANDREW, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 72, and a resident of Morgan County; private Virginia Continental Line; enrolled on July 2, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$35.44; sums received to date of publication of list, \$106.32.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Walker County, June 1, 1840, with Robert Howard, aged 76.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 150.

NELSON, JOSEPH, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 77, and a resident of Madison County; private Virginia Continental Line; enrolled on January 22, 1843, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$30; sums received to date of publication of list, \$90.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Morgan county, June 1, 1840, aged 87.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

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NELSON, OWEN O., manufacturer, was born November 24, 1823, in Limestone County, and died in Montgomery; son of Frederick B. and Winnie (Owens) Nelson, of North Carolina, who removed to Alabama in 1817, and where the former served as judge of the court of common pleas, Limestone County. Owen O. Nelson was educated in the common schools of his county. At the beginning of the War of Secession he was representative in the Alabama legislature. Governor Shorter induced him to resign and undertake a contract for the State of manufacturing arms for the Confederate service. The first works were erected in Blount County; were removed to Rome, Ga., when northern and middle Alabama were threatened by Federal invasion, later removed to Dawson, Ga., and still later, consolidated with the Selma works. After the war he operated and managed numerous oil mills for the Southern cotton oil trust, with headquarters in Montgomery. He was one of the promoters of Sheffield. He was a Democrat; and a Methodist. Married: in December, 1847, at Athens, to Margaret, daughter of Dr. David Hobbs, of Limestone County. Last residence: Montgomery.

NELSON, RICHARD MARSHALL, banker, was born in 1843 in Wayne County, N. C.; son of Rev. Charles J. Nelson, minister of the Baptist church of Goldsboro, a native of North Carolina, and of North Ireland ancestry, whose father was high sheriff of Craven County, N. C., in 1800. He received an appointment to West Point, but resigned his cadetship to take up arms in behalf of the Confederacy; studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1866; settled in Selma and became a partner in the law firm, Johnson & Nelson; president of the Selma Savings Bank, now the Commercial Bank of Selma; president of the Loan Company of Alabama at Selma; appointed by President Grant as one of the commissioners for the state of Alabama to the Centennial Exposition at Philadelphia and was elected a member of the finance committee; deputy from the diocese of Alabama to the several general conventions of the Protestant Episcopal church of the United States, and was one of the deputation to the synod of the church in Canada in 1886; at one time was president of the American Bankers' Association; in 1890 was given rank of brigadier-general in command of the fourth congressional district of the state militia. Married: (1) in 1868 to Ella Hines, step-daughter of Hon. Thomas J. Portis, now of St. Louis, Mo.; (2) in December, 1873, to Mary McFaddin, daughter of the late Robert H. McFaddin of Greensboro. To this union seven children were born, among whom was William Portis, of Brazil, South America, d. 1892. Residence: Washington, D. C.

NELSON, SAMUEL M., Presbyterian minister, was born January 24, 1804, in County Downs, near Belfast, Ireland; son of Robert Nelson, an officer in the Irish Rebellion of 1798, whose importance was such that a large reward was offered for his head by the English government, and he was forced to flee the country, landing in New York in 1805, but fin-

ally locating in Lawrence County. He became a minister of the Cumberland Presbyterian church soon after the death of his parents and preached on the circuit composed of Marion and Fayette Counties, and Monroe and Lowndes Counties, Miss., for about six years where he organized some eight or ten churches; in 1834 went to Selma where he preached alternately at Selma and Cahaba for six years, and organized a church at Selma; in 1840 moved to Carlolville, Dallas County, where he preached for three years and organized several churches; moved to Cahaba in 1848 and to Coffee Springs in Marengo County; in 1858 moved to Wilcox County to a small village called Pine Hill, near Clifton; in 1878 again commenced preaching at Selma where he preached the first and second Sabbaths of every month. Married: August 13, 1839, to Martha V. Campbell. Residence, Pine Hill.

NELSON, WILLIAM RANDOLPH, lawyer, was born January 13, 1844, at Petersburg, Dinwiddie County, Va.; son of Hugh and Elizabeth Harrison (Minge) Nelson, the former a native of Hanover County, Va., who fought in the War of 1812 receiving a land bounty from the United States for his services, was member of the Petersburg city guard, captain of a company of Petersburg Dragoons, retired from active service in 1861 at the age of sixty-seven years and died in 1862 at Petersburg after holding position as treasurer of the old South-Side Railroad, now a part of the Norfolk and Western Railroad system for twenty years, the latter a niece of President Harrison; grandson of Col. William and Lucy (Chiswell) Nelson who lived in Hanover County, Va., the former a distinguished officer in the American army during the Revolutionary War, serving under Gen. Washington, and participating in the battles of Monmouth, Brandywine and all northern battles in which Washington engaged, and of John and Sarah (Harrison) Minge of Waynesboro, Va.; great-grandson of Benjamin and Ann (Carter) Harrison, the former a governor of Virginia and signer of the Declaration of Independence, of Sec. Thomas Nelson of Yorktown, York County, Va., first cousin of Gov. Thomas Nelson of Virginia, and of Col. John Chiswell; great-great-grandson of Thomas Nelson of Virginia, the progenitor of the Nelson family in America, who came from Penrith, County of Cumberland, England.

William R. Nelson received his early education in a day school in Virginia, and was a member of the freshman class of Hampden-Sydney college when the War of Secession began. Although under military age he left college at once for the army, and enlisted as high private in Company A, Twelfth Virginia infantry, serving until 1864 when he was transferred south to Selden's light artillery, where he remained until the close of the war. He participated in the battles of Seven Pines, Resaca, Peach Tree, the fights around Atlanta, at Tilton, and at Nashville. At the close of the war he went to New Orleans as a clerk in the employ of an express company. In 1886 he came to Selma, where he was engaged as clerk for Knox & Adams, cotton factors,

remaining with them for a year; then accepted a position as clerk in the law office of Morgan & Lapsley, and after completing his duties for the day, continued his study of law. In 1869 he was admitted to the bar and in 1870 became a member of the firm, Morgan, Lapsley & Nelson, which existed until 1887, when Gen. Morgan was elected to the United States Senate. After that he practiced with Judge Lapsley for a time, then alone for a time, and then became the partner of Capt. Joseph F. Johnson. In 1866 he gave up general law practice to accept the management of the Loan Company of Alabama, in which position he has charge of all the abstracts of title and all law matters connected with their large business. He was a member of the Legislature of Alabama, 1880-81, was a member of the Judiciary and was chairman of the committee on corporations, a member of the board of trustees, city school board of Selma, and Dallas academy of Selma since about 1897 and president of the city school board of Selma since 1911. In December, 1896, he was appointed Judge Advocate General, rank of Colonel of Cavalry on the staff of Gov. Joseph Johnston, and served in the Alabama National Guard as such for four years. He was a member of the state executive and district congressional committees of his party for four years. He was a Democrat. Married: October 20, 1870, in Selma to Octavia Le Vert Owen, daughter of Dr. Robert and Mary (Montgomery) Owen of Mobile, and cousin of Hon. R. B. Owen, at one time mayor of Mobile. Children: 1. Jennie M., Selma; 2. Hugh, unmarried, lawyer, Montgomery; 3. Page, m. William Theodore Atkins, Selma; 4. Aimee, m. Dr. F. C. DuBose, surgeon, Selma; 5. Octavia Le Vert, m. James Carroll Long, chemist, Selma; 6. Grace Louise, m. Hayward McFaddin, Selma; 7. William R. Nelson, jr., unmarried, Selma. Residence: Selma.

NESBITT, WILLIAM DUNCAN, business man, member Alabama railroad commission, and chairman, Board of control and economy, was born March 1, 1869, in Savannah, Ga.; son of Robert Taylor and Rebecca Lanier (Saffold) Nesbitt, the former also a native of Savannah, Ga., was educated by private tutors and at Davidson college, N. C., entered the Confederate services as a private in Tom Cobb's Legion of cavalry, later serving as first lieutenant, 51st Georgia regiment, a planter in Early County, Ga., later in Henry County, Ala., finally returning to Georgia, locating in Cobb County, serving in the State senate in 1868 and 1898, elected state commissioner of agriculture, in 1890, and for four times reelected; grandson of Dr. Hugh O'Keefe and Martha Deloney (Berrien) Nesbitt, the former a native of Augusta, Ga., a graduate of Princeton university and a graduate in medicine from a Philadelphia college, also a student for two years in Paris, France, returning to his home, began the practice of his profession, but soon relinquished it in order to take up the responsibility of caring for his and his wife's vast estates and numerous slaves, and of William Oliver and Mary Louisa (Harris) Saffold; great-grandson of Hugh and Eleanor (O'Keefe) Nesbitt, the



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former the founder of the Nesbitt family in America, who emigrated from Ireland to this country in the latter part of the eighteenth century, settled in Augusta, Ga., where he accumulated a large fortune, the latter also an immigrant from Ireland, of Adams Goudieloch and Anne (Porter) Saffold, the former a lawyer and judge of Madison County, Ga., a soldier in the War of 1812 and also in the Indian wars, of Dr. Richard McAllister and Eliza Bolling (Deloney) Berrien, the former a distinguished physician of Savannah, Ga., who died in that city at the age of twenty-five during a yellow fever epidemic, and of Jephtha Vining and Sallie (Hunt) Harris, the former a native of Greene County, Ga.; great-great-grandson of William and Anne (Goudieloch) Saffold, the former a soldier of the Revolution from Virginia, who removed to Georgia, of Hugh Nesbitt, a native of Scotland, who removed to Ireland, settling about thirty miles from Belfast, and who adopted the Irish spelling of the name Nesbitt, in preference to the Scotch spelling, Nisbet, of Walton and Rebecca (Lanier) Harris, the former a native of Brunswick County, Ga., a soldier of the Revolution who was taken prisoner at the siege of Augusta, of Oliver and Margaret (Watson) Porter, the former a soldier of the Revolution, who was at the siege and surrender of Yorktown, removed to Greene County, Ga., married, and served several terms in the legislature, of William and Eliza (Bolling) Deloney, of Virginia who removed to Georgia in 1801, and lived on their plantation, "Bolling-broke," near the coast, and of John and Wilimina (Moore) Berrien, the former appointed brigade major by congress for distinguished service during the Revolutionary War, having first served on the staff of General Washington, later coming to Georgia with General McIntosh, the name became closely identified with that state, and who served as the first secretary of the Order of Cincinnati in Georgia, his insignia having been presented to him by Washington; great-great-great-grandson of Capt. John Nisbet, of Hardhill, Scotland, who was executed on December 4, 1685, on account of religious persecution, of Dr. James Weemys Moore, of Philadelphia, of Nathan and Catherine (Walton) Harris, of Virginia, of Sampson and Elizabeth (Chamberlain) Lanier, of Douglas and Margaret (Park) Watson, the former a native of Virginia, soldier of the Revolution, who died in Wilkes County, Ga., of Robert and Jane (Rolf) Bolling, of John and Mary (Anthony) Porter, the former an extensive planter and land holder of Cumberland County, Va., and of John and Margaret (Eaton) Berrien, the former the last lord chief justice of the province of New Jersey and at whose home Washington wrote his farewell address; great-great-great-great-grandson of Edward Harris, of Virginia, of Thomas and Elizabeth (Washington) Lanier, the former having been driven from France by religious persecution during the seventeenth century, and who settled on a grant of land ten miles square where the city of Richmond, Va., now stands, of Thomas Porter, who settled in Cumberland County, Va., in 1765, became an extensive land holder and who fought in the French and In-

dian Wars as sergeant, and of Thomas and Jane Poythress, of Virginia; great-great-great-great-great-grandson of John and Pocahontas Rolfe, of John Porter, a native of England, who came to America in 1635, on the ship which sailed next after the Mayflower, landing in Plymouth Bay, who settled in Weymouth, Mass., afterwards moved to Virginia, locating in Norfolk County, became a member of the house of burgesses from lower Norfolk, sixteenth in descent from William de le Grande, a Norman knight, whose son, Roger, was "Grand Porteur" to Henry I, from which the name of Porter is derived, and members of this family were high in office and frequently members of parliament, of John and Anne Washington, the former a native of England who emigrated to Virginia in 1657, settled in Westmoreland County, of Louis Lanier, of Bordeaux, France, of Cornelius Jansen Berrien, the progenitor of the Berrien family in this country, who, being a Huguenot, fled from France to avoid religious persecution, and who was influential in colonial affairs in New York as early as 1665, and of Henry Harris, who came from Glamorgan, Wales, in 1691, settling with others on a grant of land ten miles square obtained from William and Mary, king and queen of England, this grant on the south bank of the James River some miles above the great falls, now Richmond, Va. William D. Nesbitt was educated in the schools of Marietta, Ga., and prepared for college by tutors; attended the University of Georgia; and later took a business course in Atlanta. In September, 1888, he entered the service of S. N. Inman and company, remaining with them until September, 1897, when he began business on his own account as a cotton buyer and warehouseman in Birmingham. In 1907 he was appointed to a position on the Alabama railroad commission by Gov. B. B. Comer, to succeed Charles Henderson. On March 1, 1919, he was appointed by Governor Kilby, as chairman of the newly created Board of control and economy, but resigning July 1, 1920, in order to resume his private business activities. He takes great interest in amateur athletics, and municipal play grounds and parks; was chairman of the finance committee during the building of the Birmingham athletic club, 1902-03, afterwards serving both as vice-president and president of this organization; since 1904 he has been president of the Southern association of the amateur athletic union of America; was commissioner for the U. S. to the Olympic games, Athens, Greece, 1906, and commissioner from the U. S. to the games in London, England, 1908. He is actively interested in the development of inland waterway transportation, being chairman of the Warrior River development company, 1918-19, and president of the Port of Birmingham company, 1920. He is a Democrat, being chairman of the State executive committee, 1919-22; and a Presbyterian. Married: December 12, 1895, at Aniston, to Anne, daughter of Thomas Greene and Alberta (Williams) Bush (q. v.). Residence: Birmingham.

NESMITH, CHRISTOPHER C., lawyer, was born October 29, 1873, near Pikeville, Marion

County; son of Hon. Thomas Benton and Minnie Catherine (McLean) Nesmith, the former who was a native of Morgan County, was a lawyer, resided at Vernon after 1875, was a member of the constitutional convention of 1875, a member of the legislature of 1884-85, was solicitor of the circuit comprising Lamar, Marion, Winston, Walker, Jefferson and Tuscaloosa Counties; grandson of Thomas and Elisabeth (Roberts) Nesmith of South Carolina and Tennessee; great-grandson of Alexander and Elisabeth (Martin) Nesmith, and of Lochius Roberts of Pennsylvania; great-great-grandson of Thomas Nesmith, a veteran of the Revolutionary War, and who was one of the earliest settlers in Alabama. Mr. Nesmith received his early education at the Vernon institute, and later entered the University of Alabama, from which he was graduated A. B., 1894. He was admitted to the bar in 1894; became a partner of Walter Nesmith at Vernon, 1895; was deputy solicitor for Lamar County, 1898-1903; was register in chancery; was a member of the constitutional convention of 1901; in 1903, formed a partnership with Hon. Jesse F. Stallings and Judge Zell Gaston in Birmingham; and in 1903 was elected State senator from the twelfth district. He is a Democrat, and for several years was a member and secretary of the Lamar Democratic executive committee and attended many state conventions. Married: December 14, 1899, to Helen Claudia Morton, daughter of William L. and Eudocia J. Morton, of Vernon. Children: 1. Marjorie. Residence: Birmingham.

NESMITH, THOMAS B., lawyer, was born June 13, 1832, in Morgan County; son of Thomas and Elisabeth (Roberts) Nesmith, the former a native of South Carolina, who came to Morgan County with his father in 1824, and spent the remainder of his life there, and the latter of Tennessee; grandson of Alexander and Elisabeth (Martin) Nesmith, and of Zacheus Roberts of Pennsylvania; great-grandson of Thomas Nesmith, a hero of the American Revolution and one of the earliest settlers of Alabama. He was educated in private schools, taught school two years, studied for one year at the academy at Somerville, taught school for seven years in the meanwhile studying law; began practice in 1866 at Pikeville, and in 1876 moved to Vernon; was nine years county solicitor of Marion, and during that period was county superintendent of public instruction; was delegate to the state constitutional convention; was general county administrator for several terms, and from 1876-80 was solicitor for the third judicial circuit; represented Lamar County in the State legislature in 1882-83, and 1884-85. In addition to his law practice he gives considerable attention to agriculture. He is a Democrat. Mr. Nesmith is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, and is a Freemason and an Odd Fellow. Married: June 11, 1869 to Minnie C. McLain, who died June 7, 1882. She was the daughter of Allan B. McLain and a native of Alabama. Children: 1. Allan, deceased; 2. Christopher C. (q. v.); 3. Daisy; 4. Thomas B. Residence: Vernon, Lamar County.

NESMITH, S. PERRY, major, 6th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

NESMITH, WALTER, lawyer; living in 1913. Residence: Vernon.

NEWFIELD, MORRIS, Jewish rabbi, was born January 31, 1869, at Homonna, Zemplén, Hungary; son of Seymon Sabbuttsi and Lena (Klein) Newfield, the former a native of Bonyhad, and later a resident of Homonna, who enlisted and fought in the war for Hungarian Independence, 1848-49, under Louis Kossuth; grandson of Adolph Newfield of Berlin, Germany, and of David Klein of Homonna. Rabbi Newfield attended the public schools of his native place and later entered the gymnasium, where he completed his preparatory studies. His father, an excellent Hebrew scholar, taught him that language. He graduated from the Royal gymnasium at Budapest in 1889; was a student in the medical department of the University of Budapest, 1889-90. He came to America in 1891, landing in New York on October 2nd; and attended the University of Cincinnati, 1892-95. He graduated at the Royal rabbinical seminary, B. D., 1885-89, and completed his rabbinical studies at the Hebrew union college, 1891-94, in which he was appointed assistant professor of Hebrew in his senior year. In 1895 he accepted the call as rabbi from Temple Emanuel at Birmingham, and has since had charge of that congregation. He has held the chair of Hebrew at Howard college, Birmingham, since 1914. He is a member of the advisory board of the juvenile court of Jefferson County; was secretary of the citizens relief committee for sufferers of the Virginia mine disaster, distributing \$30,000; founder of the first free kindergarten in Birmingham, conducted under the auspices of Temple Emanuel; was one of the organizers of the Alabama State sociological congress, and its President since 1914; one of the organizers of the Birmingham social workers association, and its president 1913-15; member of the executive committee of the central conference of American rabbis; trustee of the pension fund for superannuated rabbis of the Central conference American rabbis, since 1915; member of the joint commission of rabbis and laymen for the establishment of synagogue pension fund since 1915; supervisor of synagogue in district 14, comprising the States of Alabama and West Florida. He is a Mason. Author: "The book of Ecclesiastes," a monograph, 1896. Married: January 29, 1901, in Birmingham, to Leah, daughter of Samuel and Emma (Mayer) Ullman of that city. Mr. Ullman was born in Germany, came to America in early life and lived at Port Gibson and Natchez, Miss.; served as a confederate soldier. Children: 1. Seymon Ullman; 2. Emma Ullman; 3. Mayer Ullman; 4. Lena Jacobs; 5. Lincoln; 6. John Aldrich. Residence: Birmingham.

NEWMAN, CLIFFORD LEWIS, teacher, was born at Columbus, Ga.; son of James Stanley and Elberta (Lewis) Newman (q. v.). He received his early education in Sparta, Ga., and Orange County, Va., entering the grade

schools in Atlanta in 1877, and high school in 1880. He entered the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Alabama in 1883, from which he was graduated, B. S., 1886. He was assistant at the Alabama Experiment Station from 1886-87; assistant professor of agriculture at the University of Tennessee from 1887-89; principal of the Athens high school from 1889-91; assistant agriculturist, Arkansas experiment station from 1891-97; professor of agriculture, and agriculturist, Experiment station, University of Arkansas from 1897-1905; professor of agronomy at Clemson college from 1905-08. Since 1908 he has been professor of agriculture, College of agriculture and mechanic arts of N. C. He is a member of the Episcopal church and of the Farmer's Union. He has written twenty-five experiment station bulletins and is a constant contributor to agricultural papers. Married: (1) June 6, 1893, to Fannie Stanley, Camden, Ark., who died in 1898; (2) June 27, 1900, to Nell Gates, daughter of Noah Putnam and Lucy (Cash) Gates, of Kentucky. Children: 1. Stanley Lewis, Clemson college, S. C.; 2. John Franklin, deceased. Residence: West Raleigh, N. C.

NEWMAN, HORATIO HACKETT, zoologist, and a native of Alabama, was born at Vilula, Russell County, March 19, 1875; son of Albert Henry and Mary Augusta (Ware) Newman, the former a native of Greenville, S. C., a theologian and author, and professor of history at Baylor university, Waco, Tex., and a great-grandson of Thomas Newman, a Virginia soldier in the American Revolution. Dr. Newman received his early education in the schools and collegiate institutions of Toronto, Canada; his A. B. degree at McMasters university, Toronto, 1896; was a graduate student at the University of Toronto, 1896-97, fellow in zoology, 1898-1900, 1904-05; and Ph. D., University of Chicago, 1905; instructor of biology and Latin, Des Moines college, Ia., 1897-98; instructor of biology and chemistry, Culver military academy, Ind., 1900-04; instructor of biology, 1905-08, and assistant professor elect, University of Michigan, 1908; professor and head of the department of zoology, University of Texas, 1908-11; associate professor of embryology, 1911; and dean in the colleges of science, University of Chicago, 1915. He served as head of instruction force in physiology at the Marine biological laboratory, Woods Hole, Mass., 1902-12. He is a Democrat; Baptist and a member of the Sigma Chi, Sigma Xi and Phi Chi fraternities. He is the author of various monographs and papers on zoological and physiological subjects. Married: in 1907, at Woods Hole, Mass., to Isabel Currie, daughter of James Currie and Eliza (Rattray) Marshall, of Toronto, Canada. Residence: Chicago.

NEWMAN, JAMES STANLEY, director Alabama agricultural experiment station, was born December 11, 1836, and died April 12, 1910, at Walhalla, S. C.; son of James Barbour and Mary (Scott) Newman, both natives of Orange County, Va.; grandson of Garrett Scott of Orange County, Va. He attended the University of Virginia, leaving there in his junior

year to enter the C. S. army, where he enlisted as private; became color bearer of the Thirtieth Virginia infantry; received honorable discharge in 1864, because of failure of health; farmed, taught a private school, and planted until 1873, when he accepted a position as editing clerk with the department of agriculture of Georgia; remained there until 1883 when he was elected professor of agriculture and director of the Agricultural and mechanical college; and served as professor of agriculture at Clemson college, S. C., 1890-95. He was director of the Canebrake agricultural experiment station of Alabama; was original secretary of the Georgia State horticultural society; vice-president of the American pomological society; state statistical agent of the U. S. department of agriculture; and for three years president of the State agricultural society. He was author of five books on agriculture, was a member of the Democratic party, and of the Episcopal church. Married: In 1863 to Elberta Lewis, daughter of Elbert and Eliza (Carter) Lewis of Macon, Ga. Children: 1. Clifford Lewis (q. v.); 2. Wilson Hobart, U. S. army; 3. Mary Stanley, m. Ernest Walker, Fayetteville, Ark.; 4. Alba, deceased; 5. Charles Carter, m. Grace Strode, Clemson college, S. C. Last residence: Walhalla.

NEWMAN, JOHN WALKER, Methodist minister, was born October 23, 1864, in Van Buren, De Kalb County; son of Moses C. and Elizabeth (Smith) Newman, natives of South Carolina, the former a farmer and merchant, who represented De Kalb in the state legislature, one term. He received his early education in the common schools, at Union academy, and at Wills Valley institute. In 1864 he entered the army as private in the Third Confederate regiment; was in Wheeler's command, Anderson's brigade, and Allen's division, and served until the close of the war. After the war Rev. Newman resumed his studies, and after teaching school for two years, was licensed to preach, May, 1870; joined northern Alabama conference in November of that year, and in 1880 was made presiding elder, which office he held until assigned to the First Methodist Episcopal church, South, at Birmingham; in December, 1885, he was appointed to Huntsville. Since that time he has served churches at Tuscaloosa, Anniston, Talladega District, Birmingham District, Talladega, Gadsden, and Decatur. He was elected editor of the "Alabama Christian Advocate," in 1891, but declined the position; represented the Alabama conference in the general conferences of 1894-98; was a delegate to the World's missionary conference in New York, 1900, and to the World's Methodist conference in London, England, 1901; was secretary of the Alabama conference for twenty-two years; served for sixteen years on the first general Epworth League board, and for seven years as president of the Alabama State League conference. He is treasurer of the mission board of his conference; secretary and treasurer of the Mutual insurance association of the Northern Alabama conference; the degree of D. D. was conferred upon him by the Southern university, 1888; is a Mason and an Odd

Fellow. Married: (1) October 19, 1869, to Hannah War Berry, who died November 23, 1885, daughter of one of the old and prominent families of De Kalb County; (2) October 6, 1891, to Ida S. Groce, of Talladega County. There were seven children by the first marriage, among whom were: 1. Carrie; 2. Mary S.; 3. Olin Berry; teacher, b. November 16, 1876, received A. B. degree from Southern university, 1895, teacher in Florida, 1896, Bessemer, -1897, Waverly, 1898-1900, East Lake, m. Nannie Quinn, Bessemer, June, 1879; 4. Albert H. Residence: Huntsville.

NEWMAN, MOSES CASEY, farmer, was born February 19, 1815, in South Carolina, and died January 9, 1895; son of Martin Casey and Charity (Casey) Newman, who went to Tennessee from South Carolina. With the exception of three weeks schooling, he was entirely self educated. He came to Alabama from Tennessee while the Indians occupied the state, bringing his mother with him, and built a home in the wilderness. He was a farmer in DeKalb County, and served in the State legislature for one term. He was a justice of the peace for several years, was a Democrat, and a steward in the Methodist church. Married: January 4, 1844, in Pontotoc County, Miss., to Elizabeth Smith, daughter of James and Sarah Smith, who lived in Laurens District, S. C. Children: 1. Tery Ann, d. December 1, 1844; 2. Dr. J. W., a minister of the North Alabama Conference, d. May 11, 1912; 3. James Polk, deceased; 4. Wiley Johnson, deceased; 5. Mary C., m. Mr. Dobbs, Talladega; 6. Frank Pierce, Collinsville; 7. Sallie Patterson, Dallas, Tex. 8. Fannie Charity, deceased; 9. Charlie Ellen, deceased; 10. Moses Lee, deceased. Last residence: DeKalb County.

NEWMAN, PATRICK HENRY, lawyer, was born September 20, 1846, in Elbert County, Ga.; son of James Henry and Elizabeth (Beggs) Newman, the former who was a native of Ireland, emigrated to Floyd County, Ga.; grandson of Hough and Nancy Agnes Beggs. Mr. Newman received his education in the common schools of Floyd County. He enlisted in the Nineteenth Alabama regiment, C. S. Army, August 13, 1862; in 1864 was transferred to the Eighth regiment, Georgia infantry; was paroled May 12, 1865, after participating in over twenty-two battles. He returned home and worked on a railroad; settled in Winston County; taught in the public schools for several years; studied law; and was admitted to the bar in April, 1885; in 1880 and 1884 was a member of the general assembly; and in 1902, was re-elected. He is a Democrat and a Primitive Baptist. Married: March 12, 1865, in Bartow County, Ga., to Octavia T. Hadder, daughter of John and Eliza Hadder of that county. Residence: Double Springs.

NEWSOM, RANDOLPH, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 76, and a resident of Tuscaloosa County; musician N. C. Militia; enrolled on October 29, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$88; sums

received to date of publication of list, \$220.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

NEWSON, JOHN E., major, 4th, Roddy's, Alabama cavalry, C. S. Army.

NEWTON, CHARLES A., teacher, was born January 27, 1836, between Swanton and Highgate, Franklin County, Vt., and died March 10, 1900; son of Silas and Charlotte (Smith) Newton, natives of Vermont. He received his education in the common schools of Swanton, later attending Thetford academy and Dartmouth college. He went to Alabama in 1857 and began teaching in Monroe County, going to Montgomery County for a short time, and then returning to Monroe where he taught until the War of Secession began. In 1861, he became a merchant at Pensacola, Fla., but disposed of his business soon after and enlisted in the First Florida regiment, C. S. Army for twelve months. At the expiration of his year of service he taught school at Belleville, and in 1863, enlisted in Co. E, Fifteenth Confederate regiment of cavalry. He was taken prisoner, November 17, 1864, and kept on Ship Island until the cessation of hostilities. He taught at Pineville School, Monroe County, 1865-68, then became principal of Belleville Academy where he taught for seventeen years; engaged in mercantile business at Belleville under the name of Forbes & Newton; and in February, 1883, the firm of C. A. Newton & Son was formed. He was elected superintendent of schools in Conecuh County, 1874-1894. In addition to his mercantile interests, Prof. Newton and son dealt extensively in live stock. He was a Democrat, a member of the Presbyterian Church, and a Mason. Married: July, 1863, to Lucy Ballard of near Belleville, daughter of Theophilus Ballard. Children: 1. William M., m. Nellie Whelan, Evergreen; 2. Edward Ernest, A. B., LL. B., lawyer, b. April 3, 1869, instructor in physics and astronomy at the University of Alabama, 1891-92, clerk of circuit court, Conecuh County, 1896-98; 3. Nettie, m. W. M. Carter, Laurel, Miss.; 4. C. C. Newton, Evergreen; 5. Guy Guerdon, physician, b. September 18, 1873, M. D., Mobile, 1898, Evergreen, m. George Murphy. Last residence: Belleville.

NEWTON, E. E., lawyer; living in 1913. Residence: Evergreen.

NICHOLSON, EVAN, Methodist minister, was born May 29, 1832, at Tellico Plains, Tenn., and died February 15, 1897, near Elyton; son of William and Jane (Adair) Nicholson, South Carolinians, who moved from Pickens District to Tennessee in 1831, then to Georgia, and finally to DeKalb County, who were the parents of fifteen children, five of whom were itinerant Methodist preachers. In his early youth the family moved to Alabama where he was educated in the best schools and academies the state afforded. In his twenty-second year he joined the Alabama Conference, was licensed to preach May 24, 1854, and served the following churches during his thirty-two years of active

work: 1856, Scottsboro Circuit; 1857, New Lexington Circuit; 1858, Jasper Circuit; 1859, New Lebanon Circuit; 1860, Warrior Mission; 1861, Talladega Circuit; 1862-63, New Lexington Circuit; 1864-65, Orville Circuit; 1866, owing to affliction, supernumerary; 1867-68, Jasper Circuit; 1869, Jonesboro Circuit; 1870-71, Northport Circuit; 1872-73, Yorkville Circuit; 1874-75, Tuscaloosa Circuit; 1876-78, Jonesboro Circuit; 1879, Leighton Circuit; 1880-81, Limestone Circuit; 1882-84, Elyton and Helena; 1885, Birmingham Circuit; 1886, Elyton and Oxmoor. From 1886 till his death he served as chaplain to state convicts. December 6, 1857, he was ordained deacon by Bishop Soule, and on December 4, 1859, was ordained elder by Bishop Kavanaugh. Married: (1) December 22, 1857 to Martha A. Winn of Tuscaloosa County, who died January 20, 1872; (2) November, 1874, to Agnes Murdoch of Tuscaloosa County. Children, by first marriage: 1. Evan O., dentist, Collinsville; 2. William J., physician, b. March 18, 1860, in Tuscaloosa County, studied medicine under Dr. T. F. Robinson of Bessemer, and graduated from the University of Vanderbilt in 1884, m. Minnie S. Cooper, a daughter of Jesse D. and Rhoda (Howard) Cooper, was mayor of Centreville during 1891, and is now practicing physician of Centreville; 3. Lula, d.; 4. Mary A., m. Marcus B. Long, civil engineer of Chattanooga, Tenn.; 5. Ella P., m. F. W. Beall, railroad superintendent residing at Birmingham. Last residence: near Elyton.

NICHOLSON, HARRISON, *soldier of the American Revolution*. The grave of this soldier is in the cemetery in Tuskegee, and upon the monument is the inscription:

In memory of
HARRISON NICHOLSON
 A Revolutionary Soldier,
 Who was born on the 12th
 day of March, A. D. 1760,
 and departed this life
 on the 28th day of June, 1841,
 Aged 81 years, 3 months,
 and 16 days.

He came from near Milledgeville, Ga., to Macon County, Ala. Married Lucinda Long Dec. 30, 1783; died in Macon County at home of his grandson, James Monroe Nicholson. Children: (1) Britton Nicholson lived to mature years, but never married; (2) Nathaniel Nicholson married and reared a family, residing on his plantation in the vicinity of Milledgeville; (3) James Nicholson, born March 18, 1785, married Mary M. Stone, October 7, 1813; children: 1. Mathew H. Nicholson, born Jan. 7th, 1815, married Miss H. E. Savory, December 9th, 1839, in Mexico, lived there for several years, then moved to Texas, California and to Central America, where he died; children are now living around Chapel Hill, Texas; 2. Washington B. Nicholson, born June 28, 1818, married in Macon County, to Miss Wafer, later moved to Claiborne Parish, La., and died there in 1901; family now live around Baton Rouge; the father of Col. James Nicholson, former president of the University of Louisiana; 3. Elizabeth Ann Nicholson, born October 25, 1829, married (1) B. R. Taylor, December,

1836 by whom she had one child, Mrs. E. A. Hall, of Autaugaville, and married (2) J. B. Wilkinson, January 12, 1843, and to them were born nine children; 4. Lucinda Long Nicholson, born January 23, 1823, married Leonidas Howard and lived at Mulberry, Autauga County, and had two sons and one daughter; 5. James Monroe Nicholson, born December 12, 1825, married three times; 6. Absalom H. Nicholson, born August 30, 1837, was physician, moved to Louisiana, but died unmarried in Macon County, 1855; and 7. John Wesley Nicholson, born October 2, 1829, died unmarried in 1851, near Autaugaville, having only recently graduated from Emory College, Georgia."—Mrs. P. H. Mell, in Alabama Historical Society, *Transactions*, vol. iv, pp. 557-558.

NICHOLSON, JAMES WILLIAM, educator, was born June 16, 1844; son of Washington Biddle and Martha William (Wafer) Nicholson. He removed to Louisiana at an early age with his parents; received the degree of A. M. from Homer college in 1870, and the honorary degree of LL. D. from the Alabama polytechnic institute in 1893, and from Tulane university, in 1904. He entered the Confederate service in his seventeenth year, as a member of the 12th Louisiana infantry regiment; served as second lieutenant for three years and twice declined a first lieutenantcy. After the war he began teaching; was professor of mathematics, Homer college, 1870-72; founded and conducted a seminary in Claiborne Parish, La., 1868-77; professor of mathematics since 1877, president, 1882-84, 1887-96, having resigned both times, of the Louisiana State university. He was twice elected state lecturer for the Patrons of Husbandry, and led in the movement which resulted in the establishment of the state bureau of agriculture and immigration, 1879. He was one of the founders, 1883, president, 1892, and for many years chairman of the executive committee, Louisiana educational association; president, Southern educational association, 1903. Author: has written many monographs on mathematical subjects and is the author of a series of arithmetics, an elementary algebra, a trigonometry, a differential and integral calculus, a geometry and higher arithmetic. Married: July 30, 1876, to Sallie D. Baker, of Louisiana. Residence: Baton Rouge, La.

NICHOLSON, JOHN C., physician and planter, was born August, 1830, in Haywood, Tenn.; son of Wright and Harriett (Cogburn) Nicholson, both natives of Edgefield District, S. C., who moved to Haywood County, Tenn., in 1829, the former a cousin of Hon. A. V. P. Nicholson of Columbia, Tenn., who was a member of the U. S. senate and of the supreme court of Tennessee, the latter a daughter of Aaron Cogburn, South Carolinian; grandson of Wright Nicholson; great grandson of one of the captains on the side of the colonies in the Revolutionary War. He was reared on a farm and after receiving a good academic education near his home, attended the Union university at Murfreesboro, Tenn., until 1852, after which he attended Jefferson medical college at Philadelphia where he graduated in 1855 with high

honors. He began the practice of medicine in Tennessee, and a few months afterward came to Alabama, locating in Montgomery County. When the War of Secession began he was commissioned first lieutenant of the recruiting service by President Davis, but soon resigned and enlisted as private in Co. D., First Alabama cavalry. He was at once made assistant surgeon of his regiment and at the termination of Bragg's Kentucky campaign was commissioned surgeon. He was detailed to establish a hospital at Bull's Gap or Rogersville Junction, in which undertaking he was remarkably successful. He has served for eighteen years on the board of revenues, and was elected to the legislature in 1878. Besides being a physician, Dr. Nicholson is a planter, owning a large plantation near Mount Meigs. He is a Democrat, a member of the Missionary Baptist church, and the author of several bills. He is also a writer of miscellaneous articles for public print. Married: (1) In 1856, to Martha C. Conyers, who died in 1886, daughter of James D. Conyers, a Georgian, who settled in Montgomery County at an early date; (2) In 1888, to Adele A. Trimble, daughter of Moses and Susan Trimble, natives of Troupe County, Ga., who came to Alabama and settled in Macon County. There were nine children by the first marriage only three of whom are now living. Residence: Mount Meigs.

NICHOLSON, W. J., legislator. He succeeded Hon. J. Lee Loug as a member of the legislature from Butler County, 1911, on the appointment of the latter as chairman of the State tax commission.

NICKOL, WILLIAM, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 69, and a resident of Lawrence County; private of dragoons N. C. Militia; enrolled on April 23, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$43.33; sums received to date of publication of list, \$108.32. —*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, 23rd cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

NICKS, ALVIS Q., lawyer and Creek Indian adviser, was born in Lincoln County, Tenn., and died in Texas. In 1833 he came to Alabama, when a young man, and settled at Talladega where he commenced the practice of law. For some reason he attracted the notice of the Indian chiefs, became the adviser and soon attained the position of attorney for the Creek Nation. In 1834, in company with a son of Chief Opoth-le-o-ho-lo he appeared at court in Jacksonville, where he was representing the chief in some legal procedure. He was made colonel of State militia and was appointed by Gen. Jackson as one of the locating agents of Indian reservations of land, and was thus engaged for sometime. He was elected to the State legislature from Talladega County in 1851, and in the contest at the session was for the compromise measures, and a strong supporter of the Union. He was a candidate for the State executive in 1853, still revering the principles upon which he was elected to the legislature, but the issues of 1851 had passed

away and he was badly beaten by Gov. Winston. Not long after that event he went to Texas where he died several years ago. Last residence: Texas.

NICOLSON, ROBERT WORMELELEY, planter, was born October 12, 1812, at Rosegill, near Urbanna, Middlesex County, Va., and died November, 1895, at Montgomery; son of George Dudley and Sarah Tayloe (Wormeley) Nicolson, the former a native of Yorktown, York County, Va., who later resided at Deer Chase, Middlesex County, a physician who died in early life; grandson of Robert and Elizabeth (Digges) Nicolson, of Yorktown, and of Ralph and Eleanor (Tayloe) Wormeley who lived near Urbanna on the Rappahannock River; and the great-grandson of John Tayloe, of Mount Airy, Va., one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence. The Nicolson family came from Edinborough, Scotland; the Digges from Kent, England; and the Wormeleys, related to the Virginia Fairfaxes, came to the colony with land grants from the King. Mr. Nicolson was tutored at home, and completed his academic training at William and Mary college, and at Princeton university. He emigrated to Alabama about 1839 or 1840, and bought a plantation near Uniontown, upon which he resided until he removed to Montgomery in 1893. He was a justice of the peace at Uniontown during the seventies and the eighties. He entered the Confederate Army as a private in the "Canebrake rifles," Fourth Alabama infantry regiment, and served one year, during which he participated in the first battle of Manassas, although he was fifty years of age. He was a Democrat; and an Episcopalian. Married: October 12, 1842, at Selma, to Mary, daughter of Gilbert and Martha (Cowles) Shearer; granddaughter of William Marsdon and Anna (Meriweather) Cowles of Augusta, Ga., the former a native of James City County, Va. Children: 1. Gilbert Shearer, m. Rebecca Brown, of Selma; 2. Sarah Tayloe, m. Judge Francis Corbin Randolph, Montgomery; 3. George Andrew, m. Mary Reese, of Atlanta, Ga. Last residence: Montgomery.

NISBET, FRANK, lawyer and planter, was born February 13, 1815, in Greene County, Ga., and died March 7, 1885, at Ft. Mitchell, Russell County; son of Dr. James and Penelope (Cooper) Nisbet, the former a native of Rowan County, N. C., who later located in Athens, Ga.; grandson of Capt. John and Mary (Osborne) Nisbet, an officer of the Covenanters who was executed for loyalty to his religious principles, 1668, in Edinborough, Scotland, and of Thomas and Sallie Cooper, sr., of Washington, Wilkes County, Ga. Mr. Nisbet received his preparatory education under Rev. Nathan S. S. Beman, a celebrated teacher of that period; graduated at Franklin college, now the University of Georgia at Athens; and later took a law course at the Yale law school. He entered upon the practice of his profession in Columbus, Ga., but on account of ill health retired to his plantation in Russell County, where he lived an ideal country life. He was a member of the house of representatives, 1863; and a member



WALTER K. McADORY

of the constitutional convention of 1875. He was a Democrat; an Odd Fellow; and a Methodist. Author of "The wrong phial and its consequences," "King Cotton" and "The revolt of the South." Married: December 15, 1841, at Eatonton, Ga., to Arabella Clarke, daughter of Major William and Elizabeth (Lane) Alexander, natives of Virginia who moved to Putnam County, Ga., in 1803. Children: 1. William Lane, Confederate soldier, m. Mary Bradford Whitaker; 2. Eugene Cooper, Confederate soldier, died in Atlanta, 1863; 3. James Wingfield, Confederate soldier, m. Emma Crowell Abercrombie; 4. Robert Alexander, Confederate soldier, m. (1) Florence Bloom, (2) Cora Solomon Hunter; 5. Frank LeConte, m. Elizabeth Lane Whitaker, represented Russell County two terms in the Alabama legislature, and served two years as county superintendent of education; 6. Leonora; 7. Martha Chambers; 8. Elizabeth Flewellen. Last residence: Ft. Mitchell.

NIXON, HERMAN CLARENCE, author and teacher, was born December 29, 1886, at Merrellton, Calhoun County; son of William D. and Nancy J. (Green) Nixon, the former a native of Douglas County, Ga., later a merchant and planter at Merrellton, and for nine years director of the Anniston city national bank and of the Anniston yarn mills; grandson of James Hamilton and Susan Emily (Davies) Nixon of Douglas County, Ga., later of Calhoun County, and of William Butler and Lydia Ann (Prater) Green of Merrellton. The Greens were from South Carolina; and the Nixons were of North Carolina stock. Mr. Nixon was educated in the public schools of Jacksonville; in 1907, he graduated from the Jacksonville State normal school; from the Alabama polytechnic institute, B. S., 1909, and M. S., 1910, with a graduate scholarship in history; later held a scholarship in history in the University of Chicago, and received from that institution the degree of Ph. B.; and took a summer course at the George Peabody college for teachers at Nashville, 1916. He taught three years at Jacksonville State normal school, 1910-13, has been associated with his father in farming and merchandising, and was elected justice of the peace, Calhoun County, 1916. He is a Democrat; Methodist; a Mason; a member of the Southern sociological congress; and of the conference for education and industry. In 1917 Mr. Nixon enlisted for service in the U. S. Army, and was in a short time sent overseas. He did a tour of three months work prior to the armistice at supply headquarters of the American expeditionary forces, Tours, France. He then took a competitive examination for library work with the American peace commission, and was sent to Paris, here he was designated as librarian to the American commission. He was discharged from the army, with the rank of battalion sergeant-major and placed on civilian status. Upon the return of the larger number of experts of the American delegation, at the breaking up of the Peace commission library, he was placed on the research of the American secretariat in which capacity he served for five months until the breaking up of the American delegation in December, 1919. While with the

library, he took a short course in history at the University of Paris. Author: "Alexander Beaufort Meek," in Alabama polytechnic institute, Historical studies, 4th series, 1910. Residence: Anniston.

NOBLE, ANDREW JACKSON, farmer, money broker and merchant was born January 1, 1819, near Huntsville, and died December 12, 1895; son of Sam Noble and wife, a Miss Scott, the former a ship captain, sailing between Wilmington, N. C., and the West Indies. He entered upon farming near Montgomery and later engaged in the mercantile business in that city with his brothers, B. F. and Geo. W., afterwards members of the firm of Noble and bro's, money brokers; and was mayor of Montgomery. He was a Democrat; Methodist; and a member of the Odd Fellows. Married: October 28, 1847, at Eatonton, Ga., to Mary G., daughter of Thomas Goodwyn and Sarah (Jordan) Sanford; granddaughter of Jesse Sanford, a native of Loudon County, Va., Lieutenant Revolutionary Army, was present at the siege of Yorktown, later emigrated to Georgia and settled in Hancock County. Children: 1. Clifford, deceased; 2. Arthur Sanford, m. Kate Patterson; 3. Edgar, deceased; 4. Andrew Jackson, jr., deceased; 5. Florence, m. Wm. El. Peebles, of Montgomery; 6. Sarah, deceased. Last residence: Montgomery.

NOBLE, GEORGE WASHINGTON, planter and manager of the Alabama Bible house, was born October, 1812, in North Carolina, and died in 1888, in Montgomery; son of Samuel and Elizabeth Noble of North Carolina. He came at an early age, with his brothers, Franklin and Jackson Noble, to Montgomery, and acquired an extensive plot of land, lying between the extension of South Court and Goode streets, still known as the "Noble Tract." He was one of the first managers of the Alabama Bible house, established by Abner McGehee, a position held by him until his death. He was a Democrat; and a Baptist. Married: (1) April 14, 1844, to Martha Ann Parker, of Charleston, S. C.; (2) September 20, 1845, in Montgomery, to Barbara Dickerson. Children by first wife: 1. George De Votie, m. Ida Ponder; by the second wife: 2. Kate Christian Nixon, m. Alfred Benjamin Campbell, of Bullock County, one daughter, Katie Noble Campbell, m. Owen D. Brewer, and lives in Cloverdale, Montgomery. Last residence: Montgomery.

NOBLE, ROBERT ERNEST, surgeon U. S. Army, major medical corps, was born November 5, 1870, in Rome, Floyd County, Ga.; son of George and Lucy Bomer (Wadsworth) Noble, the former a native of Reading, Pa., later a resident of Rome, Ga., and Anniston, entered the Confederate Army in the ordnance department, promoted first lieutenant and quartermaster of Warford's brigade, was general manager of the Woodstock iron company of Anniston; grandson of James and Jenifer (Ward) Noble, who lived at Cromwell, England, and emigrated to Reading, Pa., prior to locating in Rome, in 1856, and of John and Penelope (Pope) Wadsworth of Jacksonville,

Ala., and Rome, Ga. The Nobles sprang from the De Grenobles of Normandy, the first of the family in England being William De Grenoble who went thither with William the Conqueror. The head of the family was knighted and given a coat-of-arms for bravery at the battle of Agincourt. On the Wadsworth line the family came from English stock that emigrated to America in 1622 in the "Good Ship Anne," whose descendants married with good New England families, among whom were Josiah Bartlett, signer of the Declaration of Independence, Joseph Spencer, of the Continental Army, and Maj. Gen. Joseph Spencer, from whom Major Noble is an hereditary member of the Society of Cincinnati in the state of Connecticut, as well as John Holmes, one of the founders of the Cincinnati. Robert Ernest Noble received his early education in private schools in Rome and Anniston, and graduated from the Alabama polytechnic institute, Auburn, 1890, with the degree of M. S.; was assistant State chemist in Alabama, 1892; assistant state chemist in North Carolina, one year; assistant State chemist and instructor in chemistry, Alabama polytechnic institute, Auburn, 1893-95; entered Columbia university college of physicians and surgeons, 1895, and graduated with the degree of M. D. in 1899; was interne at Randall's Island hospital and Metropolitan hospital, for one year. He entered the U. S. Army as acting assistant surgeon, 1900, and was ordered to the Philippines with rank of first lieutenant; served at Fort Sheridan; graduated from the Army medical school, Washington, D. C., 1904, and served at the Presidio, San Francisco, Ft. Casey, the Canal Zone, in Porto Rico, with Col. W. C. Gorgas, as a member of the sanitary commission, and in Ecuador; member of commission to Rand mines, Transvaal, S. Africa, to study cause of pneumonia, 1913-14; at Vera Cruz, Mexico, May-September, 1914; on duty at War department, Washington, D. C., 1914-18; arrived in France, October 25, 1918, and returned to the United States, August 3, 1919. He was decorated with the distinguished service medal, and was made commander of the Legion of Honor by the French government, 1919. He is an Episcopalian, and member of the Phi Delta Theta fraternity. Married: November 23, 1905, at Auburn, to Ella, daughter of Prof. Nathaniel Thomas and Ella Virginia (Allomong) Lupton (q. v.). Residence: Washington, D. C.

NOBLE, STEPHEN, pioneer farmer, was born in Virginia, removed to Tennessee, where he lived a few years, and then settled in Demopolis, in 1817. The first log cabin was built there during that year, and later four more were added. In 1818, owing to the arrival of the French families, composing the "Vine and Olive" colony, he removed to Clarke County, and with the assistance of his two sons, raised a crop in anticipation of the arrival of his wife and remaining children in the fall. The journey to Big Salitpa, through the Choctaw Indian nation consumed almost a month, but besides the members of the family in the wagons, they brought with them a drove of

three hundred hogs and a flock of seventy-five sheep. The native cane pasturage had attracted other settlers, and here were great herds of cattle, as many as a thousand head belonging to one owner, besides lesser herds. Deer, bear, wolves and trees of wild honey were also plentiful in the section. Children: 1. Rial, a soldier in the Creek War, Captain B. Foster's company; 2. Daniel; 3. Joseph; 4. Robert, also in the Creek War, with Capt. B. Foster's company; 5. Samuel S. Pinckney; 6. Martha, m. Moses Peyton; 7. Emily, m. W. Easley; 8. Elizabeth, m. M. Dean; 9. Jane, m. M. Pugh. Last residence: Clarke County.

NOOE, JOHN AUGUSTINE, lawyer, was born October 21, 1812, at Richmond, Va., and died December 18, 1865, at Memphis, Tenn.; son of John Baptist and Harriette (Triplette) Nooe, the former a native of Passey, a suburb of Paris, France, and of old Huguenot stock. Upon immigrating to America, he located in Virginia, where he married Harriette Triplette, both a belle and beauty, daughter of Daniel and Eliza Triplette of Richmond, Va., and later removed to Alabama. Mr. Nooe received his early education in his native city, and was prepared for college in Danville, Ky. He has the distinction of being the first graduate of the University of Alabama, where he completed his academic studies with the A. B. degree, 1832, and A. M. (honorary) 1835. He read law under Judge Barry of Tennessee and located first at Russellville, and later at Tusculumbia. In 1835 he represented Franklin County in the legislature, and was later judge of the court of that county, and district solicitor. In 1845 he ran for congress, but was defeated by George S. Houston of Limestone County. He was a Democratic presidential elector in the campaign of 1848. In 1855 he removed to Memphis, Tenn., where he died ten years later. He was a Democrat, and an Episcopalian. Married: in 1851, at the residence of Godfrey Malborn Fogg, in Nashville, to Harriet E., daughter of John A. and Julia (Stevenson) Crowds, of Franklin, Ky.; granddaughter of Eleanor Sharp; great-granddaughter of Jeanne Maxwell, of Scotch descent, and all natives of Kentucky. Children: 1. Ellen Fogg; 2. Louise Volney Stevenson, m. Richard Gordon Walker, Memphis, Tenn.; 3. John A., jr. Last residence: Memphis.

NORMAN, FELIX GRUNDY, lawyer, was born January 4, 1808, near Smyrna, Rutherford County, Tenn., and died August 5, 1885 at Tusculumbia; son of John and Margaret (Stockard) Norman who lived at Smyrna. He was denied early educational advantages, but was taught in the rudiments by an older brother. He began life as a merchant but later taught school for several years. He studied law under William Casper, was admitted to the bar in Tusculumbia in the early thirties, and practiced at that point and in the surrounding country until his death. He was mayor of Tusculumbia for many years, and represented his county in the legislature for the sessions of 1841, 1842, 1843, 1844, 1845 and 1847-48, inclusive. Although he supported the Con-

federacy with his means and influence, he was debarred from active participation on account of his age. He was a Democrat; a Presbyterian; and a Mason. Married: August 17, 1848, at Dickson, to Jane Lavinia, daughter of Henry and Jane (Shelton) Cook, of Spotsylvania County, Va., residents for some years of Huntsville, later locating in Tuscumbia where they spent the remaining years of their lives, the former for some time government agent for the disposition of Indian lands. Children: 1. John Henry; 2. Felix Grundy, m. Della Phares, Salinas, Calif.; 3. Mary Barton, m. John R. Charlton, La Verge, Tenn.; 4. Kate Cook, m. Hall S. Kirkpatrick; 5. Thomas Edgar, m. Lee Ellis, Memphis; 6. James Beverly. Last residence: Tuscumbia.

NORMAN, JAMES DAVID, business man, was born April 22, 1852, near Thomaston, Upson County, Ga.; son of Thomas J. and Amanda (Adams) Norman; grandson of William Norman, and of Benjamin F. and Vasti Adams of Upson County, Ga. The Normans are of French descent while the Adams are German. Mr. Norman had but few educational advantages; his early manhood was spent in the mercantile business in Lafayette; for ten years he engaged in the hotel, livery, and stock business in the same town; removed to New Town, now Lanett, in 1903, and engaged in the mercantile, real estate and stock business; represented Chambers County in the legislature, 1885; was mayor of Lafayette, 1887; was elected mayor for a term of two years, 1900; in 1901 was elected to the State senate from the ninth district, being chairman of the temperance committee and other important committees; in 1906 resigned his place in the senate to accept a position as assistant superintendent and campaign manager for the Anti-Saloon league; in 1907 was elected a member of the county board of education for Chambers County; and in 1910 was again elected to the State senate. He is a Democrat; a member of the Baptist church, which he has served as deacon for twenty-five years; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: February 22, 1876, at Lewisville, Ark., to Eugenia S., daughter of Cornelius and Mary (Kennon) Rea, who were of Scotch-Irish descent. Children: 1. Harry B.; 2. E. R., m. Emma R. Chambers; 3. Carrie F., m. Lee O. Calaway; 4. B. F., m. Carrie Hill; 5. Frank A.; 6. Reamen D.; 7. Mamie; 8. Sadie. Residence: Lanett.

NORMAN, JAMES DEAN, lawyer, was born July 27, 1854, at Villula, Russell County; son of James Heyman Talmage and Mary Elizabeth (Dean) Norman (q. v.). He was educated in the common schools of Pike and Bullock Counties; studied law in the office of Norman and Wilson, Union Springs; was admitted to the bar in 1879, and located at Union Springs in the practice, where he still resides. He was elected and served as mayor, 1887-90; 1892-94; 1896-98; 1908-11, finally resigning. He was a member of the constitutional convention, 1901. He is a Democrat; a Presbyterian; and a Mason. Married: May 18, 1880, at Union Springs, to Willie Katherine, daughter of William

Henry and Mary Ann White (Ryan) Candler, of Wrightsboro, Ga. She was descended from Col. Wm. Candler and his wife Elizabeth Anthony, the former a colonel in the Revolutionary Army; and also from Thomas White and his wife, Mary Ann Hunt, the former also a Revolutionary soldier. Children: 1. James Talmage, m. Anne Elizabeth Miller, Union Springs; 2. Willie Candler, m. Daniel Lott, Waycross, Ga.; 3. Charles Dozier, Union Springs; 4. Mary Dean, m. Jerome Crawley, Waycross. Residence: Union Springs.

NORMAN, JAMES TALMADGE, lawyer and State senator, was born January 16, 1830, at Columbus, Muscogee County, Ga., and died December 11, 1895, at Union Springs; son of James Shedrick and Leah Janet (Marks) Norman, the former a native of St. George's, London, England, who located in Georgia, removed to Russell County, in 1854, and finally settled in Union Springs, where he died in 1871; grandson of James and Ann (Salisbury) Norman of London, and of Leon Heyman and Jane (McMurray) Marks of Louisville, Ga.; great-grandson of William Salisbury of London who settled in Maryland, and of Lane Laird Marks of North Carolina, of German origin. He received a common school education; read law in Columbus, Ga.; was admitted to the bar of Georgia in 1849; and to the practice before the supreme court of Alabama in 1857. He entered the C. S. Army in 1861, as lieutenant of Co. B, 23rd Alabama infantry regiment; promoted adjutant with rank of captain; was taken prisoner, sent to Alton, Ill., and later transferred to Johnson's Island, where he remained until his parole, February, 1865. Upon returning to Union Springs he resumed the practice of law; elected to the State senate and served 1882-83, and 1884-85. He drew the original draft of the bill to create Bullock County, and was appointed on the commission to treat upon the subject of the territory for the new county, also the commission to hold an election to fill the various offices, to select the site for the court house, and to put the whole county machinery in motion. He was a Democrat, and a Presbyterian. Married: in October, 1857, to Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Dr. David and Miriam (Eiland) Dean, of Georgia. Children: 1. Miriam Jacintha, m. John Alexander Reid, Union Springs; 2. James Dean (q. v.) m. Willie Katherine Candler, Union Springs; 3. Samuel Marks; 4. Ernest; 5. Frederick, m. Margaret Judson Brannon; 6. Mary, Union Springs; 7. Thomas J. Lewis, m. (1) Anna Gertrude Johnson, (2) Helen Corinne Lindsay, Baltimore, Md. Last residence: Union Springs.

NORRIS, BENJAMIN W., representative in congress, was born in 1819 at Monmouth, Kennebec County, Me., and died January 27, 1873, at Montgomery. In 1843 he graduated from Waterville college, now Colby university and engaged in mercantile pursuits. In 1848 he was a delegate to the Free Soil convention, which nominated Van Buren and Adams; held several local offices; was a delegate to the Republican national convention which nominated

Lincoln and Johnson, in Baltimore, 1864. He was land agent of Maine, 1860-1863, and was subsequently commissioner for Maine of the Soldiers' national cemetery at Gettysburg; from 1864-65, served as paymaster in the U. S. army; became a planter in Alabama after the war; was elected as a Republican to the Fortieth congress, March 4, 1867-March 3, 1869; where he served as a member of the committee on reconstruction. He introduced a bill, and subsequently reported the same from the committee on reconstruction, and secured its passage, providing for the appointment of midshipmen to the Naval Academy from the southern states. He also introduced a bill making a grant of lands to the Eureka mining and transportation company of Alabama; a bill granting to the Eufaula, Opelika, Oxford and Guntersville railroad the right of way through public lands, and a subsidy to aid its construction; a bill securing certain rights to the lately reconstructed states and a resolution instructing the committee on postoffices and postroads to inquire into the expediency of further legislation to secure greater efficiency in the mail service in the states lately in rebellion. Last residence: Montgomery.

NORRIS, GEORGE D., grand master, grand lodge, Masons, 1867-68; grand high priest, grand chapter, 1866; deputy grand master, grand council, 1866-67.

NORRIS, PATRICK, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 72, and a resident of Greene County; private S. C. Militia; enrolled on September 28, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$80; sums received to date of publication of list, \$200.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

NORRIS, THOMAS, sr., pioneer and physician, was born in 1756, in Maryland, and died April 23, 1818, in Morgan County, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. (Dr.) Nathaniel N. Allen; son of English pioneer settlers. He was educated in the schools of Baltimore; and studied medicine; removed to Hanover County, Va., where he practiced his profession. He removed to Wilkes County, Ga., before the Revolutionary War, in which he served on the American side. In 1820, he removed to Alabama, locating at Cahaba. He acquired large holdings of land in what is now Dallas County and engaged in extensive planting. He was an old line Whig; and a Methodist. Married: to Sarah Ann Billingslea, of Baltimore, daughter of Lady Frances Sarah Billingslea, a widow, of London, England, who came from Wales to live in America, bringing two children, a son and a daughter. She located on an estate near Baltimore. Children: 1. William Jefferson, m. Miss Rutherford (q. v.); 2. Mary; 3. Calvin; 4. and 5. Franklin and Archibald, twins; 6. John B.; 7. Thomas B.; 8. Emily Frances, m. Dr. Nathaniel Allen; 9. Susan, m. Hudson Ware, of Uniontown. Last residence: Morgan County.

NORRIS, WILLIAM H., planter and legislator, was born about 1793, and died in Dallas County. He served his county in the legislature, 1840-43; in the senate, 1844-47. He was an extensive planter until 1867, when he joined the colony of Alabamians, who went in that year to Brazil there to make their homes. He was a Whig in politics. Last residence: Dallas County.

NORRIS, WILLIAM JEFFERSON, business man, was born July 26, 1808, in Madison, Ga., and died July 12, 1885, in Selma; son of Thomas and Sarah Ann (Billingslea) Norris, of Virginia and Georgia, and who removed to Cahaba, in 1820, the former a Revolutionary soldier. He was educated in the schools of his community, and early engaged in business pursuits. In 1826 he removed to Selma, Dallas County, and entered mercantile life as a clerk. In 1832, was a member of the firm, Douglas, Wood and Norris; later he formed a partnership with William Johnson and later still the firm was changed to W. J. and J. A. Norris. In 1856 he was elected president of the Commercial bank of Alabama, capital \$500,000. During the War of Secession, this bank invested its capital in Confederate bonds and in 1865 failed, leaving organizers financially ruined. Mr. Norris built some of the handsomest homes in Selma, two of which are still landmarks, the residence of the late U. S. Senator Pettus, and that of Mrs. Pernell. He introduced the mock-orange and the white mulberry as shade trees in the section and sponsored other civic improvements. By his assistance, the brick building of the M. E. Church, South, on South street, was built. In the yellow fever epidemic of 1853, he was among the men who stayed and nursed the stricken people. He was a Democrat; a Mason; and a Methodist. Married: October 26, 1837, to Rebecca L., daughter of William and Eleanor (Pinson) Rutherford, planter, of Dallas County, a member of the Rutherford family of Georgia; granddaughter of Thomas B. Rutherford, member of the State legislature from Dallas County in 1822. Children: 1. William Rutherford; 2. Thomas, Confederate soldier, killed at Chapel Hill, N. C., 1865; 3. Ada, m. J. C. Compton; 4. Franklin; 5. Leila, m. Col. D. M. Scott, of Selma; 6. Eugenia, m. B. H. Franklin of Tennessee. Last residence: Selma.

NORTHCUTT, C. W., Methodist minister; member of the Alabama conference. Residence: Opelika.

NORTHCUTT, JOHN EDWARD, Methodist minister and teacher, was born December 27, 1870, at Evergreen, Conecuh County; son of John Henry and Celia Emma (Mason) Northcutt, the former a native of Greenville, Butler County, who removed to Evergreen, a Confederate soldier, serving from November 1, 1861 to the close of the war, as a member of Co. H, 23rd Alabama infantry regiment; grandson of William Allen and Nancy (Moore) Northcutt of Burnt Corn, and of Benjamin and Margaret (Mansell) Mason of Old Sparta and Evergreen; great-grandson of John Northcutt,

a native of South Carolina, and a Methodist preacher, who married Susanna Harold of that state and removed to Burnt Corn in 1809. The Northcutts are of pure English stock. Mr. Northcutt received his early education at Forest Home; graduated from the Southern university, A. B., 1896; and took a post-graduate course in the biblical department of the University of Chicago. He was principal of the Montgomery district high school, 1896-1900; principal of the Methodist school at Notasulga; professor of mathematics, Centenary college, Jackson, La., 1900-1903; and vice-president Centenary college for one year. He later joined the Alabama conference and for nine years served pastorates, and is now a presiding elder. He is a Mason. Married: August 18, 1897, at Auburn, to Mattie Lou, daughter of William Alexander and Lucinda Antoinette (Potts) Moore of Centreville, Miss., the former a Confederate soldier, Co. E, Sixth Mississippi infantry regiment. Two of her ancestors were governors respectively of North Carolina and of South Carolina. The Potts family is Scotch. Children: 1. Louis Henry. Residence: Selma.

NORTHERN, THOMAS, physician and teacher, was born February 17, 1845, near Oakbowery, Chambers County; son of William Stephen and Vicy Anne (Wilson) Northern, the former a native of Jones County, Ga., who later lived successively at Lafayette, Auburn, Cusseta, Opelika, and Rock Shoal; grandson of Ephraim and Ann (Gafford) Northern, also of Jones County, and of Thomas and Jency (Hooker) Wilson of Lafayette, and later of Opelika. The original American ancestors settled in Virginia prior to the Revolution. Dr. Northern's early educational advantages were limited. He had a few months in school during the War of Secession while at home on sick leave, and also attended school a short while after the close of hostilities. Soon thereafter he became a teacher and for ten years successfully followed that honorable calling in Tallapoosa and Chambers Counties. In 1878 he entered the Atlanta medical college, from which he graduated; entered upon the practice at Lineville, Clay County, and later removed to Ashland, where he now resides. He entered the C. S. Army in February, 1862; was corporal Co. I, 37th Alabama regiment infantry and was promoted to the color guard of his regiment before the battle of Missionary Ridge, in which he was wounded in the right hand and disabled for active service. After recovering he was detailed to the commissary department, serving until the close of the war. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; Mason; and Odd Fellow. Married: (1) December 13, 1866, at Chapel Hill, to Josie, daughter of W. L. and Sarah Ann Wilson of that place; (2) June 24, 1896, near Loachapoka, to Nettie, daughter of N. W. and Eliza Pattillo, of Lee County. Children: 1. Charles Stephen, physician, m. (1) Annie Pattillo; (2) Hallie Bartlett, Ashland; 2. Arthur Arlington, m. Sallie White, Ashland; 3. Cora, m. James R. Jarrell, Louisville; 4. Ola, m. M. H. Whatley, Birmingham; 5. Cressey, Talladega; 6. William L., dentist, m. Esther Hubbard; 7. Octavia, m. H. L. Also-

brook, Ashland; 8. Thurman, physician, m. Nellar Treadwell. Residence: Ashland.

NORTON, H. B., educator, superintendent of the city schools of Roanoke in 1913.

NORTON, JOHN W., Methodist minister, member of the North Alabama conference; agent, superannuate homes. Residence: Birmingham.

NORVELL, PEYTON, lawyer and business man, was born August 7, 1861, at Waverly, Prince William County, Va.; son of Lucien Bonaparte and Clara (Hawes) Norvell, the former a native of Virginia, civil engineer and a captain in the Confederate Army; grandson of William Peyton, who ran a line of boats from Dumfries, Va., to Havana, Cuba, and of Aylette Hawes. He received his elementary education in the public schools of Lynchburg, Va., and at Tulane university, New Orleans, La.; was admitted to the bar in Alabama, 1894, and entered upon the practice at Jasper; judge of law and equity in Walker County, 1901-02; interested in the development of the coal industry and other business activities. For a few years he resided in Birmingham, but later removed to Florence, where he died. He was a Methodist; and a Mason. Married: March 4, 1886, to Mary, daughter of Elbert C. Leech of Mississippi a captain in the 26th Alabama regiment, Confederate Army. Children: 1. Mary Hawes; 2. Clara Davis; 3. Kathleen; 4. Peyton, jr.; 5. Sallie. Last residence: Florence.

NORVILLE, JOSEPH HENRY, marine pilot, was born June 23, 1862, at Navy Cove, Baldwin County; son of William Thomas and Annie (O'Connor) Norville, the former who was a native of Baltimore, was pilot in Mobile bay and bar for more than forty years, and while piloting a Confederate blockade runner to sea in January, 1864, was captured by the Federal warship Colorado and taken to Ft. Warren, Mass.; grandson of William James Rukard and Mary Anne (Seymour) Norville, of Baltimore, Md., the former who was a native of Virginia, was a navigator and sailed three times around the globe, commanded government transport vessels during the War of Secession, and of Brian and Annie (O'Neill) O'Connor, who lived at Wexford, Ireland; great-grandfather of Aquilla Norville, who was a sergeant in the Seventh and Eleventh Virginia regiments, 1776-1779. Mr. Norville was educated in a private school at Navy Cove and in Mobile; he has been a pilot in Mobile bay and bar, receiving license to pilot September 15, 1891; was elected alderman of Mobile, 1903; re-elected in 1906; was at one time captain of Battery A, First artillery, Alabama National Guard; and was a member of the house of representatives from Mobile County during the session of 1907. He is a Democrat; a member of the Protestant Episcopal church; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: November 25, 1891, at Mobile, to Sarah Estelle, daughter of John Alexis and Sarah B. (Broughton) Tardy. Children: 1. John Alexis; 2. Louise Zephine; 3. Sarah Es-

telle; 4. Joseph Henry; 5. James Aquilla. Residence: Mobile.

NORWOOD, HENRY, planter, sheriff, major general State militia and member Alabama legislature, was born in Franklin County, Tenn., and died July, 1840, at Bellefonte; son of Samuel Norwood who lived near Winchester, Tenn. The early American ancestors were of English stock and settled in Virginia and North Carolina. He was a man of good education a planter and slave owner, located in Jackson County, in 1820. He served as lieutenant in the War of 1812; was captain in the Creek and Seminole Wars in Florida, 1836-40; and at the time of his death was both sheriff and major-general of State militia. He represented his county in the legislature at the sessions of 1831, 1832, 1833 and 1835. Married: (1) to Aletha, daughter of George Caperton, who resided near Bolivar, Jackson County, originally Virginians who had removed first to Georgia and later to Alabama; (2) to Sophia Metts, daughter of James I. and Margarete (Praigmore) Green, the former a native of New Jersey and the latter of Tennessee. Children by first marriage: 1. Samuel C.; 2. Eleanor; 3. George A.; 4. John H. (q. v.); 5. Hugh J.; 6. Elizabeth; 7. Mary; by second marriage; 8. William H. Last residence: Bellefonte.

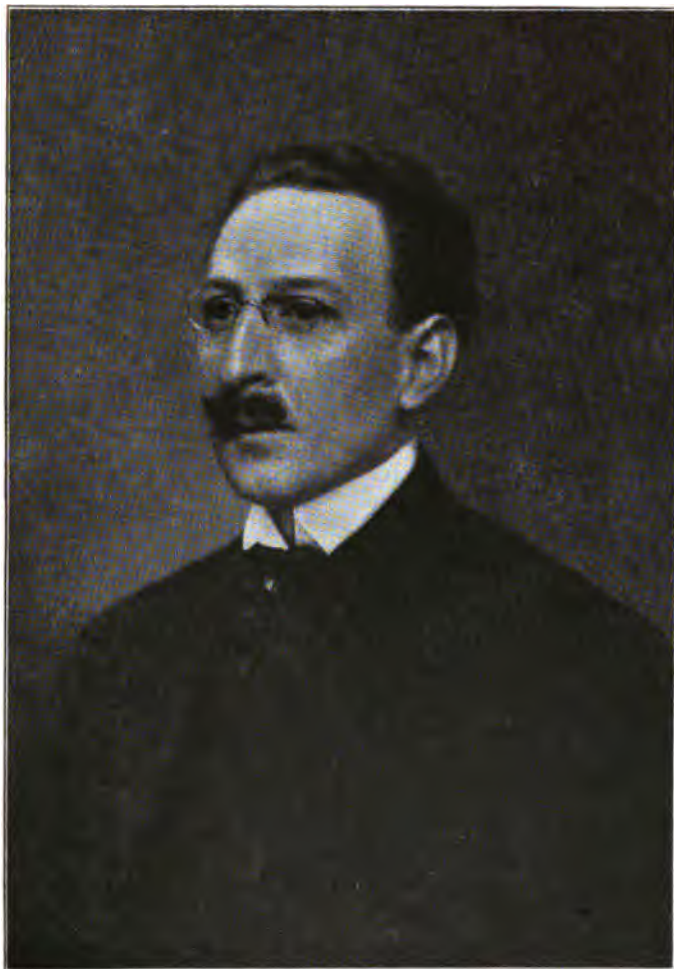
NORWOOD, JOHN HENRY, lawyer, brigadier general, C. S. Army, State senator, member constitutional convention, 1875, probate judge, was born November 23, 1828, at Bellefonte, Jackson County, and died there November, 1891; son of Henry and Aletha (Caperton) Norwood (q. v.). He was educated in the public schools of Jackson County; spent three years in Irving college, Tenn.; read law in his native village and admitted to the bar in 1852; was appointed probate judge in 1855, and was shortly thereafter elected to succeed himself, holding office until March, 1861, when he resigned for military service. He entered the Confederate Army as first lieutenant in Bradford's company, Second Alabama infantry regiment, resigned his office in a few months to return home, and raised five companies which became "Norwood's Battalion," in the 43rd Tennessee infantry regiment of which he was elected lieutenant colonel. He was captured at Ft. Donelson, imprisoned at Ft. Warren; was exchanged at Richmond; once more entered the service and was severely wounded at Peach Tree Creek. He resumed the practice of his profession after the close of hostilities, and in 1865 was elected to the State senate; was a delegate to the constitutional convention, 1875; was again elected probate judge of Jackson County in 1886 and was in this position at the time of his demise. He was an extensive planter, and at one time sheriff. He was a member of the Christian Church; a Democrat; and a Mason. Married: December 25, 1856, to Margaret, daughter of John N. and Mary Netherland of Bellefonte. Her parents were natives of Virginia and settled in Alabama in its pioneer period. Last residence: Bellefonte.

NORWOOD, JOSEPH, business man, was born December 20, 1854, at Darling, S. C., and died in 1919; son of James H. and Mary Rob-

erts (Brooks) Norwood, the former who was a lawyer, a native of Hartsville, S. C., and was for several years a member of the South Carolina legislature; grandson of John W. and Melissa Brooks, of Greenville, S. C.; and great-grandson of Capt. John Norwood, who served in the Revolutionary War. Mr. Norwood was educated in the common schools of Lowndes County, with one term at the Agricultural and mechanical college, Auburn. He was a farmer and a merchant at Fort Deposit; from 1885 to 1887 was mayor; removed to Montgomery; served as vice-president of the Exchange national bank; he was a delegate from Lowndes County to the Alabama constitutional convention of 1901; and served on the committees on the executive department, and on amending the constitution and miscellaneous provisions in that body; and was State senator from the sixteenth district in 1903. He was a Democrat, and a Baptist. Married: February 5, 1880, to Virginia, daughter of John A. and Matilda Martha (Warren) Tyson of Lowndes County. Children: 1. Josie Pearl; 2. Virginia Tyson, m. Edward S. Watts; 3. Mary Matilda; 4. Florence; 5. Jamie Isabel. Last residence: Ft. Deposit.

NOTT, JOSIAH CLARKE, physician and founder of the Medical college of Alabama, was born in March, 1804, at Columbia, S. C., and died March 31, 1873, at Mobile; son of Judge Abram and Angelica (Mitchell) Nott, the former who was a native of Connecticut and was for twenty years on the supreme court bench of South Carolina; brother of Henry Junius Nott, a well-known South Carolina writer. In 1824 he graduated from South Carolina college, receiving an A. B. degree, and in 1827 from the University of Pennsylvania, with the degree of M. D. In 1827-29, he was demonstrator of anatomy at the University of Pennsylvania; practiced medicine in Columbia, S. C., 1829-34, and spent more than a year in the hospitals of Paris, studying surgery and general science. From 1836-57 he practiced in Mobile; was professor of anatomy in the University of Louisiana, 1857-58; established the medical school of the State university at Mobile, 1858, which contained the best museum in America, and developed into one of the leading medical schools of the country before the War of Secession; in 1859-61, was professor of surgery at the college. In 1861-65, he served on the medical staff of General Bragg, having been medical inspector of the Second Army corps, at Shiloh in 1862. Soon after the war, he moved to Baltimore, where he practiced for a year, and in 1867 he moved to New York, where he practiced medicine, but the winters were too severe for him and in the fall of 1872 he went to Aiken, S. C., for the benefit of his health, and later returned to Mobile. Dr. Nott originated several capital operations of surgery and made improvements in the methods of procedure in other operations.

Dr. Nott was a writer, as well as a physician. His first literary labor in his profession was the translation of Braussais on "Inflammation." He was a frequent contributor to medical journals and other periodicals, and was the first person to suggest that insects play a part as



FRANK H. CROCKARD

carriers of yellow fever, these views being presented in a paper, "On the Cause of Yellow Fever," which appeared in 1848 in the New Orleans Medical and Surgical Journal. He also wrote many articles on natural history and the related sciences, the best known of his works being: "The Connection between the Biblical and Physical History of Man," 1849; "Physical History of the Jewish Race," 1850; "Types of Mankind," 1854; "Indigenous Races of the Earth," 1857. The last two works were written in collaboration with George R. Gliddon, an Englishman by birth, who had spent the greater part of his life in Egypt, living in Alabama only a year, and then on the eastern shore of Mobile Bay, while working on, "Types of Mankind." These works acquired considerable reputation, both in this country and in Europe, for they sustained the doctrine of the diversity of the human origins against the doctrine that all of the various races had descended by modification from a common stock. However, about this time, Darwin's great works on the origin of species appeared and soon the polygenistic speculations of Dr. Nott ceased to attract attention. Married: in March, 1832, to Sarah Chestnut, daughter of Col. James Sutherland, and Margaret (Chestnut) Deas, and sister of Zachariah C. Deas (q. v.). Mrs. Nott died April 17, 1883, in New York City. There were eight children born to this union, among them: 1. Edward Fisher, b. August 17, 1834, d. in early life about 1854; 2. James Deas, b. June 10, 1836, was a lieutenant in the C. S. army, killed in battle of Chancellorsville; 3. Henry Junius, b., January 18, 1838, received an A. B. degree from the South Carolina College in 1857, private in the C. S. army, d. in 1861; 4. Josiah Clarke, jr., b. October 26, 1845, d., at San Antonio, Tex., May 12, 1890. Last residence: Mobile.

NOWLIN, DAVID SAMUEL, teacher, farmer and member constitutional convention of 1875, was born September 28, 1821, near Lynchburg, Va., and died January 1, 1880; son of Wade and Ann Watson (Douglas) Nowlin, natives of Virginia. He was educated in common schools of that State; was a teacher and a farmer; emigrated in early manhood to Huntsville, Madison County; sheriff of that county, one term; later moved to Marshall County, whence he settled in DeKalb County, which he represented in the constitutional convention of 1875; was a member of Co. K, Third Confederate cavalry regiment, Wheeler's division, C. S. Army. He was a Democrat. Married: (1) Nancy Jane, daughter of Ephraim and Hester Ledbetter, of Madison County; (2) a daughter of William and Jane Nicholson. Children, by first wife: 1. Benjamin A.; 2. Annie B., deceased; 3. Archie Wade, deceased; by second wife: 4. Jennie, m. Dr. E. O. Nicholson; 5. Beula C., m. a Gilbert; 6. Julia Brown, deceased; 7. Eugene, of Memphis, Tenn.; 8. E. A., of Chattanooga; 9. Mattie, m. S. R. Dobbs, and resides in Tahlequah, Okla.; 10. G. G., of Cleveland, Tenn. Last residence: De Kalb County.

NUNNALLY, GUSTAVUS ALONZO, Baptist minister, teacher and author, was born March 24, 1841, near Monroe, Walton County, Ga.;

youngest son of eleven children born to William Branch and Mary Hale (Talbot) Nunnally, the former a native of Powhatan County, Va., served in the War of 1812, and located in Georgia, immediately after peace; and grandson of John and Mary (Hale) Talbot, of Virginia, the latter a niece of Gov. Matthew Talbot. Dr. Nunnally attended the common schools of his native county; at an early age was sent to boarding school in Madison, eighteen miles from his father's farm; at twelve he was studying Latin, Greek, and higher mathematics. He was prepared for college at the Monroe academy, Georgia, and entered the University of Georgia in October, 1856, at fourteen years of age, and was graduated 1859. He was soon afterwards elected professor of mathematics of the Hamilton female college, Georgia; and later an academy was built at Monroe of which he was elected principal, a position he held for twelve years. During the War of Secession he served as quartermaster of the Ninth Georgia regiment. At the close of the war he entered the Baptist ministry. He served country and village churches for ten years; from 1876-86, the First Baptist church, Rome, Ga.; he assisted in the supervision of construction of the buildings, and in the organization of Shorter college; organized the church building department of the Southern Baptist convention; was pastor of the First Baptist church at Eufaula; was called to Anniston, where he collected the fund, built and organized the Parker memorial church; from this work he went to the presidency of Mercer university; in 1892 he became pastor of the Central Baptist church, Memphis, Tenn.; in 1895 elected president of the Southern female college at La Grange, Ga., and served ten years; returned to the pastorate and for five years had charge of the First Baptist church of Newnan, Ga.; called to the presidency of Columbia college, Lake City, Fla.; but resigned owing to ill health, and located in Rome, Ga., where he has since continued to reside. He was county surveyor of Walton County, Ga., 1860-70; and county school superintendent, 1862-74. He was a Whig prior to the War, since which time he has been a Democrat. He is a Mason; Odd Fellow; and Knight of Pythias. He has been a leader in the prohibition movement. Author: "Bible studies in Bible words," a work for preachers and Bible teachers of all denominations; and he has also contributed largely to the religious and secular press on educational and moral questions. Married: November 23, 1859, at Monroe, Ga., to Mary Catherine, daughter of Ralph and Sarah (Dougherty) Briscoe, of that place. Children: 1. Alonzo Harris, m. Jessie Stafford, Atlanta, Ga.; 2. Wm. Josiah, m. (1) Estelle Eckles, (2) Clarke Lee, Rome; 3. Lucius Mell, Memphis, Tenn.; 4. Marion Ernest; 5. Omer Lafayette; 6. Sara Kate, m. Gen. George P. Harrison (q. v.). Residence: Rome, Ga.

NUNNELEE, JAMES HOWELL, journalist, was born January 26, 1858, at Entaw, Greene County; son of Stephen Franklin and Mary Amanda (Murphy) Nunnelee; and brother of Luman Handley Nunnelee (q. v.). The Nun-

nelee family is Welsh, locating first in Virginia and later removing to Georgia, while the Murphys are Scotch-Irish and removed from York District, S. C., to Greene County. Mr. Nunnelee received his education in the common schools of Greene County, and at the Archibald institute, Pleasant Ridge. He entered a printing office at the age of twenty years and engaged as a printer and editor until 1907; was a member of the State senate from Dallas County, 1898-1900; in 1907 was appointed recording secretary to the governor, by Gov. B. B. Comer; and on change of administration, was retained as recording secretary by Gov. Emmet O'Neal, serving until May 1, 1913. During his journalistic career he has edited and published the following papers: Tuscaloosa "Gazette," 1878-88; Anniston "Evening News," 1888-92; Selma "Morning Times," 1892-1907; Tuscaloosa "News and Times Gazette," 1915; and the "Montgomery Times." He is a Democrat; a Presbyterian; and a Mason. Married: to Emma Leonard, daughter of Leonard B. and Maria (Williams) Neal; and granddaughter of Judge Marmaduke and Agnes (Payne) Williams (q. v.), of Tuscaloosa. Children: 1. Stephen Franklin. Residence: Montgomery.

NUNNELEE, LUMAN HANDLEY, editor and publisher, was born April 20, 1869, at Pleasant Ridge, Greene County; son of Stephen F. and Mary (Murphy) Nunnelee, a printer, a native of Dallas County, who lived there until 1842, when he moved to Eutaw, who served in the Mexican War, and when the War of Secession began, raised and commanded the first company that left for the defense of the state, and in the spring of 1862, his health failing, returned home, but again answered the call and raised and commanded a small company on the coast, was wounded and captured at Shelbyville and transferred to Fort Delaware where he remained until October, when he was exchanged; grandson of Howard and Malinda (Morgan) Nunnelee of Portland, and of James and Angeline (Sadler) Murphy, of Eutaw. He is a brother of James Howell Nunnelee (q. v.). He was educated at the University high school of Tuscaloosa, and in 1897 became proprietor of "The Press" at Centreville. He was a private in the Warrior Guards for a number of years, lieutenant in the Woodstock Guards at Anniston, lieutenant in Troop C, of the Dallas Light Dragoons, of Selma, and later a non-commissioned officer in the Hardee light infantry of the same place. He has served as register in chancery for Bibb County; is a Democrat; a deacon in the Presbyterian church and senior deacon in his lodge of Masons. Married: April 6, 1898, in Selma, to Iva Bradfield, daughter of John Tyler and Fannie (Traylor) Russell, of Lowndesboro. Children: 1. Frances Sybil Nunnelee. Residence: Centreville.

NUNNELLY, ANDREW J., deputy grand high priest, grand chapter, Masons, 1894.

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OAKLEY, ELLWOOD F., legislator, was born July 2, 1878, at Sweet Water, Marengo County; son of DeWitt P. Oakley who was also a native of Sweetwater. His paternal and maternal

grandparents were from Virginia and Georgia respectively. He was educated in the common schools; was mayor of Pine Hill four years; member of the town council six years; and was one of the representatives in the legislature of 1919 from Wilcox County. He is a Democrat; Prohibitionist; Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: April 24, 1910, at Pine Hill, to Della Hazel, daughter of James and Sarah E. Lewis, of Tateville, Ky. Children: 1. Ellwood F., jr.; 2. Elsie F.; 3. Gregory L. Residence: Pine Hill.

OAKLEY, JAMES GEE, farmer and president board of convict inspectors, was born August 2, 1867, at Ashby, Bibb County; son of William and Nancy Paratine (Sims) Oakley, the former of Edgefield District, S. C., the latter of Maury County, Tenn.; grandson of Armistead Oakley and wife, of Petersburg, Va., and of Littlepage and Nancy (Overton) Sims, of Maury County, Tenn. He was educated in the common schools of Bibb County; read law under B. M. Allen, during 1884 and 1885, in Birmingham but never applied for a license to practice; sheriff of Bibb County, 1906-1910; became a member of the Bibb County Democratic executive committee in 1892; was chairman 1904-1906; has been a delegate to every State convention since 1888; was delegate to the Democratic national convention at Denver from the 9th congressional district in 1907; served as president of the State board of convict inspectors, 1911-1913. He entered the service in 1916 as a captain in the 1st Alabama cavalry, under Col. R. E. Steiner, served with this unit on the Mexican border, in Alabama, and at Macon, Ga., after it had become the 117th field artillery. He is a Democrat; Episcopalian; a Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: January 17, 1904, at Briarfield, Bibb County, to Myrtle Clary, daughter of Capt. Thomas Stanley and Marguerite Emma (Johnson) Alvis, of Richmond, Va. Residence: Centerville.

OAKS, ISAAC, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 74, and a resident of Perry County; private Virginia Militia; enrolled on October 29, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$60; sums received to date of publication of list, \$150.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Perry County, June 1, 1840, with Willis Osbourn, aged 81.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

OATES, W. S., physician, died April 11, 1913. Last residence: Headland.

OATES, WILLIAM CALVIN, statesman and lawyer, was born December 1, 1835, in Pike, now Bullock County, and died September 9, 1910, at Montgomery; son of William and Sarah (Sellers) Oates, the former being a native of South Carolina, who moved to Montgomery in 1828, and soon after to Pike County, where he became a planter and married in 1834; grandson of Stephen Oates and of Mathew Sellers, and a descendant of Irish and French ancestors on the maternal side and of Welsh ancestors on the paternal side. He received his early education in the Oldfield schools, leaving

home at the age of sixteen and leading a roving life in the Southwest; from 1851-55 taught school in Henry County; attended the high school at Lawrenceville, and studied law in the office of Pugh, Bullock and Buford in Eufaula, 1858-59. In the winter of 1858-59 he was admitted to the bar, and practiced in Abbeville, 1859-61. In 1860 he was editor of a Democratic paper, and entered the C. S. Army in 1861 as captain in the Fifteenth Alabama infantry. He served in twenty-seven of the forty engagements of this regiment and was in command of his regiment from the battle of Sharpsburg until he was transferred, July 1, 1864, to the Forty-eighth Alabama infantry, having been promoted to the rank of colonel in April, 1863. He was wounded at Brown's Ferry on the Tennessee, and lost his right arm at Russell's mills, near Petersburg, August 16, 1864. In 1865 he resumed his law practice at Abbeville; was a delegate to the Democratic national convention in New York in 1868; a representative in the Alabama legislature, 1870-72, serving as chairman of the committee on ways and means, and as chairman of the judiciary committee of the state constitutional convention of 1875; was elected to congress from the Third Alabama district seven times beginning in 1880, and after serving fourteen years, resigned in November, 1894, in consequence of having been elected governor of the state, being inaugurated into that office, December 1, 1894. While a member of congress he was the advocate of good laws, regardless of their political origin. He opposed the alien ownership of land, combated unrestricted immigration into the United States, urged the amending of the national bank laws, approved the liberal coinage of silver, spoke for the incorporation of the Nicaragua canal company, but objected to the United States' endorsement of the bonds of that or any other corporation; he opposed the experiment of the interstate commerce law, worked vigorously, although unsuccessfully for the return of the \$68,000,000 cotton tax to the southern people, favored liberal appropriations for the improvement of natural waterways, but opposed the appropriation for canals, was responsible for the non-enactment of the direct tax refunding bill for that session and in 1892, endorsed Mr. Cleveland's measures for congressional repeal of the silver purchasing clause of the Sherman silver law; he pressed the appointment of Hon. Hilary A. Herbert as secretary of the navy. During his term of governorship, he made marked improvements in the finances of the state, and in the convict system. He was candidate for U. S. senator in 1897, but was defeated by Gen. E. W. Pettus, of the Free Silver wing of the party; was commissioned by President McKinley, brigadier-general of the U. S. volunteers, May 28, 1898, and served in the Spanish-American war; was nominated as one of the four from the state at large and elected to the constitutional convention of 1901; was chairman of the committee on the legislative department of the new constitution, and was a member on the committee of suffrage and elections where he dissented from the majority on the qualification for suffrage, objecting in particular to the indiscriminate soldier

and grandfather clauses, and urging the elevation of the franchise, making the standard of fitness alike for the whites and blacks, but the majority overrode his objections. He has written many articles for periodicals, the North American Review, the Forum and newspapers. He has published a collection of his speeches made in congress, and has written a two volume book, entitled, "The Confederate War—Lost Opportunities—The Fifteenth Alabama Regiment in Forty-seven Battles." Married: March 28, 1882, to Sallie, daughter of Col. Washington Toney of Eufaula. Children: 1. William Calvin, m. Georgia Saffold. Last residence: Montgomery.

OATES, WILLIAM HENRY, physician, was born November 28, 1871, at Mobile; son of Jethro Daniel and Mary (McCaskill) Oates, the former who was a native of Faison County, N. C., and the latter who was a native of Camden, S. C.; grandson of Claibourne Ivey and Eleanor (Blount) Oates of Faison County, N. C., and of Malcom and Catherine (Cameron) McCaskill of Camden, S. C.; great-grandson of Warren and Eleanor (Bordeaux) Blount; great-great-grandson of Daniel Bordeaux; great-great-great-grandson of Daniel and Betsy (Miller) Bordeaux; great-great-great-great-grandson of Daniel Bordeaux, who was a member of the committee of safety in North Carolina, and was taken prisoner to Florida. Mr. Oates was educated in the public and private schools of Mobile; was graduated B. S., from the Agricultural and mechanical college, Auburn, 1891; was graduated M. D. from the Bellevue hospital medical college, New York, 1898. He is a physician and a surgeon; served in the U. S. Army, seeing service in Cuba and the Philippines for two years as contract surgeon; was house surgeon at the Brooklyn city hospital, 1899; was major and surgeon of the Alabama National Guard for twelve years; was appointed state inspector of jails and almshouses, October 8, 1910; and served until his appointment as state prison inspector in January, 1911. He is a Democrat; an Episcopalian; a Mason; state register of the Alabama Society of the Sons of the American Revolution. Married: March 7, 1916, at Mobile to Mrs. Belle Davis Gilbert, daughter of J. Bradford and Hattie (Thompson) Davis of that city. Residence: Mobile.

O'BANNON, major, 1st battalion, Confederate infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

O'BANNON, W. J., member of the constitutional convention of 1875, from Escambia County.

O'BRIEN, FRANK P., scenic and fresco painter, contractor, builder, and editor, was born February 29, 1844, in Dublin, Ireland, and died in Birmingham; son of Michael A. and Mary (Corcoran) O'Brien, natives of Counties Limerick and Mayo, respectively, the former was educated for the priesthood, taught in his native county, and was connected with the "Dublin Nation," emigrated with his family to America, locating at Honesdale, Penn., where he engaged in teaching and boating, removed

to Scranton, Penn., and was appointed superintendent of the Diamond mines. Captain O'Brien attended school until fifteen years of age, when he left home and became a scenic and fresco painter. His calling carried him to Montgomery, 1859, where he assisted his teacher and employer, Peter Schmidt, a medalist for his fresco work in the capitol at Washington, who was engaged in scene painting and wall decorations in the old Montgomery theatre, on North Perry street. He entered the Confederate service in the spring of 1861, as a member of the "Independent Rifles," Second Alabama regiment, and went to Pensacola, returning in March. On April 30, 1861, he enlisted in the "Montgomery Blues," which company was assigned to the Third Alabama infantry regiment, Col. Jones M. Withers commanding, and Tennant Lomax, lieutenant colonel. He was promoted to a captaincy, and for two years commanded a company of scouts; was seriously wounded at the battle of Little Washington, and for three months in the hospital; rejoined his company, and again wounded; taken prisoner, December 12, 1864, at the second fight of Plymouth, N. C., and confined until paroled, February, 1865, and rejoining his regiment served until the close of the war. Following the return of peace, he resumed his former occupation in Montgomery. In 1871, he removed to Birmingham, and from that date, till 1883, was a contractor and builder on a large scale. He erected "Sublett Hall," on Second avenue, the first place of amusement in Birmingham. He superintended the construction of the rolling mills, built a number of coke ovens for the Pratt coal and iron company, and the Alice furnace company. He conducted a planing mill, and manufactured sash, doors, and blinds. He brought to Alabama the first steam machinery for making brick, and built the O'Brien opera house and the hotel adjoining. He had other extensive real estate interests in Birmingham. During the cholera epidemic in that city, in its early days, he remained to nurse the sick and help bury the dead, and falling victim to the disease, almost lost his life. He edited the paper that was the successor of the "Age-Herald"; was a member of the board of aldermen; a Democrat; Knight Templar. Married: October 11, 1865, in Montgomery, to Dannie, daughter of Dr. Andrew and Ann R. (Allen) McBride, of that city. Children: 1. Mary T., "Nettie," deceased, m. Thomas Smith, Birmingham; 2. Anna T., a nun; 3. Margaret E. O'Brien Davis (q. v.); 4. Bossie, m. Judge Oscar R. Hundley (q. v.); 5. Frank, died in infancy. Last residence: Birmingham.

OCKENDEN, INA MARIA (PORTER), author, was born about 1848, in Tuscaloosa, and died in December, 1917; daughter of Judge Benjamin Faneuil Porter (q. v.). She was educated in Georgia and Alabama, and graduated from the South Alabama female college, Greenville. She taught for a few years; edited the "Southern News," associate editor, "South Alabamian;" and later associate editor, "Greenville Advocate." She was the first woman editor in the Alabama press association. She received

the prize offered by the Louisville exposition for the best advertising of any of the Gulf States and also a prize for the best trade issue of a newspaper at the cotton exposition in New Orleans. Author: "Roadside stories," fiction; "None but the brave deserve the fair," a drama; and published many poems and stories in magazines. Married: (1) in 1867, to George L. Henry, a captain in the C. S. Army; (2) in 1887, to Albion Ockenden. Children: by first husband, 1. son. Last residence: Greenville.

O'CONNELL, JOHN CHARLES, marine engineer and cotton merchant, was born October 12, 1837, at Mobile; son of Bernard and Catharine (Smith) O'Connell, both natives of Ireland who came to America in early life, settling in 1836 at Mobile, the former was a contractor and builder, and served in the Mexican War and as captain of Co. B, Twenty-fourth Alabama infantry, C. S. Army. He received his education at the Christian Brothers' school, and at the age of seventeen years began to learn the trade of marine engineer under Henry B. Wolley, of Louisville, Ky., and after becoming proficient in this trade was appointed assistant engineer and was subsequently promoted to chief marine engineer in 1866, with headquarters in Mobile. He followed the engineering business for some thirteen or fourteen years. In 1861 he entered the C. S. Army, as sergeant of Co. A, Twenty-fourth Alabama infantry; received the promotion of lieutenant, and was subsequently appointed engineer of the navy, which position he held until the end of the war. He was first assistant engineer on the "ram" Tennessee; was wounded in the battle of Mobile Bay; was captured and taken prisoner to New Orleans where he was imprisoned for a short time, later being taken to Ship Island, where, after being held prisoner for five months, he was exchanged. He was then appointed engineer in chief of the steamer "Huntsville," and the boat being destroyed at the evacuation of Mobile, he was ordered aboard the blockade steamer "Heroine," with which he remained until the end of the war. Mr. O'Connell engaged in the wholesale grocery and feed business with B. A. Weems, until 1871, when he withdrew from the firm and engaged in the commission business at Mobile for a short time. In the latter part of 1871 he came to Montgomery where he was engaged as engineer and shipping clerk for the J. C. Hurter and company, cotton compress company of Montgomery, and after serving one season in this capacity, bought out the interest of N. W. Perry and became an equal partner with Mr. Hurter. Mr. O'Connell was a member of the American Society of Mechanical engineers, a member of the Commemorative society of the Twenty-fourth Alabama regiment, Confederate Troops; was at one time president of the Standard building and loan association, and of the National banking and trust company. He is a member of the Catholic church. Married: in 1870 to Lucy Merritt, daughter of George W. Merritt of Mobile. Children: 1. Mary C., m. William B. Jackson; 2. Bernard M.; 3. Lucy G., m. Dr. Lewis Robinson; 4. John C., jr.; 5. George A.;

6. Alice E., married; 7. Kathleen, married. Residence: Montgomery.

ODEN, ALBERT JOSHUA, merchant and milling business, was born January 1, 1859, in Talladega County; son of John Piney and Catherine (Crumpler) Oden; grandson of Joshua and Charlotte (Funderburg) Oden, who were early settlers of Talladega County, the former a soldier in the War of 1812, and of Albert and Maria (Zeigler) Crumpler; great-grandson of Alexander Oden, who came with his brothers, Joshua and Hezekiah Oden from Scotland in company with Lord Baltimore, served in the Revolutionary War, then located in Maryland, later moving to South Carolina, where he settled in the Edgefield District, and came to Alabama in 1819, locating near Montgomery. His father was born near Maplesville, Perry County, and lived in Talladega County from the time he was nine years old. He was captain of Co. K, Tenth Alabama regiment, under the command of Col. J. D. Forney, was wounded at Antietam, and was taken a prisoner, returning to his command three months later. He was discharged from the army because of his crippled condition, returning to Alabama and acted as captain of a company of men and boys, whose duty it was to protect the surrounding country from insurrection. After the war he engaged in farming and milling, and in the mercantile business at Childersburg and Sylacauga. Albert J. Oden received his early education in the common schools of the county, later attending Oxford and Antrim colleges. He has farmed extensively and at one time owned a saw mill at Sylacauga. He is a Democrat; a Presbyterian; and a Mason. Married: In 1893, to Ellen Lennard, daughter of Major and Eliza (Townsend) Lennard, residents of Texas, but formerly of Alabama. Children: 1. John Lennard; 2. Willie McGill; 3. Katherine; 4. Jewell Maude; 5. Sam; 6. Albert Joe. Residence: Sylacauga.

ODEN, DEMPS BUSSY, farmer, was born August 15, 1831, near Plantersville, Perry County; son of Joshua and Charlotte (Funderburg) Oden, Edgefield District, S. C., who came to Alabama in 1819, the former a carpenter and a soldier in the War of 1812; grandson of Alexander Oden and a Miss Bussy, the former a soldier in the Revolutionary War, and a native of Scotland, having come to this country with two of his brothers in company with Lord Baltimore, and of Isaac Funderburg, a native of Ireland and a soldier in the Revolutionary War with the rank of Captain. He received his education at the academy of Sylacauga, and after finishing his schooling, began in 1853, to farm on the Coosa River, Talladega County. He has become one of the large land owners of the county, and has taken an active interest in all matters pertaining to the public welfare, holding the office of county commissioner for eight years. He served in the War of Secession as Second Lieutenant of Co. K, Tenth Alabama regiment, and in 1861 was made captain; the last year of the war he was in command of a company of scouts under Gen. Forrest, Stencel's brigade. He is a member of

the Democratic party, having served for a long time on the county executive committee; a deacon in the Baptist church; and a Mason. Married: (1) in March, 1853, Sarah Moore Averiette, who died November 17, 1856, daughter of Benjamin and Sarah Moore Averiette, of near Fayetteville, Talladega County; (2) Laura Amanda Kidd, daughter of Webb Barrett and Mary Ann (Nelson) Kidd, of Auburn, the former a native of Georgia, and the latter of Maryland. Children: 1. Sarah Moore, by first marriage, m. Allen Jefferson Thompson, Sylacauga; by second marriage: 2. Mary Emma Rivers, Childersburg; 3. Joshua Webb, m. Eliza Ayers Haney, Childersburg; 4. Demps Alexander, m. Carrie Bell Maxwell, Childersburg; 5. Minnie Laura, Childersburg; 6. James Alwin, Childersburg. Residence: Childersburg.

ODOM, JACOB, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 72, and a resident of Pickens County; private N. C. Militia; enrolled on January 28, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$20; sums received to date of publication of list, \$50.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

OGBURN, WILLIAM HENRY, farmer, was born September 18, 1797, in the County of Mecklenburg, Va., and died June, 1851, in Tuscaloosa; son of Mathew Henry and Sarah (Daly) Ogburn, both Virginians, who lived in Mecklenburg County, Va., later moving to Montgomery County, Tenn.; grandson of Josiah and Mary Daly of Mecklenburg, Va.; great-grandson of John and Mary Daly. The family are of Scotch origin. After completing his education, William H. Ogburn took up the profession of farming. He was a Whig, a member of the Methodist church, and a Mason. Married: In 1833, in Giles County, Tenn., to Mary Evaline Holloway, daughter of John and Margaret (Anderson) Holloway, of Edgefield District, S. C., who later moved to Giles County, Tenn., and then to Tuscaloosa County. Children: 1. Margaret Sarah, d. in 1868 at Tuscaloosa, m. William Hargrove; 2. Mary Elizabeth, d. at Aberdeen, Miss., m. a Mr. Moore; 3. James Austin, b. April 7, 1840, private, orderly, sergeant, sergeant major and lieutenant in the C. S. Army, d. May 14, 1911, at Montgomery, m. Nonie Eddins of Tuscaloosa, December 20, 1866; 4. Jane, m. Curtis Rosser, Bessemer; 5. Virginia, m. J. O. Keene, Sanford, Tex. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

OGDEN, WILLIAM W., merchant, was born June 8, 1859 at Fayette; son of Frank and Minerva Ogden. He received his education in the high school of Lamar County and soon after completing his education he engaged in the mercantile business in which business he has since continued. He is president of the Bank of Sulligent and president of the Sulligent Cotton Oil Company. He is a Democrat; Knight of Pythias; Mason and a Methodist. Married: December 20, 1888, near Sulligent to Miss Ida T. Henson, daughter of H. T. and Sarah Henson. Children: 1. Frank, m. Miriam

Zellers, December 28, 1918, d. January 24, 1919; 2. H. T.; 3. W. L.; 4. F. S.; and 5. Leita. Residence: Sulligent.

O'HARA, COLUMBUS WASHINGTON, Baptist minister, was born August 19, 1845, at Wilsonville, Shelby County; son of James Cobb and Eleanor Smith (Teague) O'Hara; grandson of James A. and Cynthia O'Hara and of John W. and Mary Teague, all natives of South Carolina who early removed to Alabama. Rev. Mr. O'Hara received his early education in the old field schools of his neighborhood; entered the C. S. Army at seventeen, as a private in Co. I, 18th Alabama infantry regiment; was corporal, orderly sergeant, and color bearer; was wounded in the battle of Franklin, Tenn., necessitating the amputation of his left arm some months later; was taken prisoner December 17, 1864, and sent to Camp Chase at Columbus, O., where he was held until after the close of the war. Upon returning home he entered a poorly taught public school, was later afforded a brief term by a competent teacher, through the generosity of his former Colonel, Peter F. Hunby; for ten years taught school; and was elected collector of Shelby County, and served from 1878 to 1884. He was licensed to preach in 1868 and for forty-five years was in the active Baptist ministry, serving churches in Shelby, Jefferson, Chilton, Autauga and Talladega Counties. He was elected clerk of the Shelby County Baptist association in 1867, and served in that capacity for forty-five years in succession, and he was then made moderator of the association. In 1897 he had a stroke of paralysis which necessitated his superannuation, but even later he preached from his chair. Married: January 24, 1866, to Sarah Elizabeth, daughter of Joel Riley and Minerva (Rainwater) Hunt, both families being natives of South Carolina, who removed to Georgia and refueged to Alabama during the War of Secession. Children: 1. James Riley, m. Maude Wallace, residence, Henderson, Tex.; 2. Joel Williams, Baptist minister, m. Annie Lou Murfree, of Birmingham; 3. Walter Teague, m. Lilly Thomas; 4. Ida Virginia; 5. Robert Henry, of Birmingham, Ala.; 6. Rufus De Shazo. Last residence: Columbiana.

O'HARA, THEODORE, Lieutenant colonel, 12th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

OLIVER, CHRISTOPHER D., Methodist minister, pastor of the Court Street church, 1852-53.

OLIVER, ERNEST McCARTY, lawyer and legislator, was born October 11, 1856, in Chambers County; son of Samuel Clarke and Mary A. E. (Wise) Oliver. He was educated in the common schools of Tallapoosa County; graduated A. B., 1876, from the Agricultural & mechanical college, Auburn; read law with Oliver and Garrett at Dadeville; admitted to the bar in 1876; practiced at Rockford 1876-77; removed to Lafayette where he has since followed his profession. He represented Chambers County in the legislatures of 1900-01 and 1907. He is a Democrat; and a Methodist. Married: January 8, 1878, at Auburn, to Nannie E., daughter

of Isaac B. Williamson, of Pike County, Ga. Residence: Lafayette.

OLIVER, JAMES M., lawyer, was born May 12, 1831, in Elbert County, Ga.; son of Florence M. and Hannah K. (Banks) Oliver, the former a farmer, who was born, reared and married in Elbert County, Ga., moving to Chambers County, Ga., in 1883, and settling ten miles west of La Fayette; grandson of McCarty Oliver, and a Miss Clark; great-grandson of Ralph Banks, at whose home the first annual conference of the Methodist Episcopal church met, and of a soldier in the Revolutionary War. He is brother of Junius Percival Oliver (q. v.), and a nephew of Samuel Clarke Oliver (q. v.). The Oliver family are of English origin, and came to this country settling in Virginia about 1700. Dionysius Oliver was the first representative of the Oliver family in this country. James M. Oliver received his education in the common schools of Chambers County, Ga., read law in 1855-56 under the direction of Pascal M. Allison of La Fayette; was admitted to the bar in March, 1856, by Judge John G. Shorter; practiced law at Dadeville, in January, 1857, remaining there until the war. In April, 1862, he was commissioned colonel, raised the Forty-seventh Alabama infantry, and joined Stonewall Jackson's command in Virginia; after a few months service, he resigned because of ill health, and returned to his law practice at Dadeville; in 1887 he moved from Dadeville to Lafayette. He was for many years chairman of the executive committee of Tallapoosa County, and has frequently been a delegate to the state conventions. He is a Democrat; a member of the Methodist Episcopal church; and a Mason; and a Knight of Honor. Married: (1) in 1850 to Matilda Allen, who died in 1882; (2) in February, 1884, to Catherine V. Cater, of Perry, Houston County, Ga., who, at the time of her marriage was corresponding secretary of the Woman's Board of Missions of the North Alabama Methodist conference, and later superintendent of the juvenile department of the Woman's Board of Missions. Children, by first marriage: 1. Aurelia, m. Dr. John M. Watkins, of Camp Hill, Tallapoosa County; 2. Florence, m. Col. Henry A. Garrett, lawyer of Dadeville; 3. Olivia, m. James S. Herren of Atlanta, Ga.; 4. Woodson, deceased; 5. James M. jr., merchant of Dadeville; 6. Samuel J., merchant of Dadeville. Residence: Lafayette.

OLIVER, JUNIUS PERCIVAL, teacher and farmer, was born June 15, 1842, in Chambers County; son of Florence McCarty and Sarah (Glenn) Oliver, the former a Georgian, a native of Elbert County, who later moved to Lafayette, the latter a native of Alabama; grandson of Rev. McCarty and Susanna (Clark) Oliver of La Fayette, and of Rev. Thompson and Sarah Glenn, of Eufaula; great-grandson of Dionysius Oliver, first representative of the Oliver family in this country, settling in Virginia in 1700, and soldier in the Revolutionary War. Mr. Oliver is the brother of James M. Oliver, and is a nephew of Samuel Clarke Oliver (q. v.). He received his early



HENRY K. MILNER

education in the Elbert County schools, later attending the Auburn college, from where he entered the C. S. Army in 1861 as private in the Sixth Alabama infantry. He was wounded at Sharpsburg and discharged from the service; returned home and bought an interest in the Tallapoosa "Times and Banner," continuing this publication until the end of the war, when he moved to Wetumpka and changed its name to "The Elmore Message;" sold the paper and went to the Dadeville Masonic female institute where he acted as principal; was elected member of the State board of education, and became regent of Alabama university. In 1874 he received the degree of M. A. from the agricultural and mechanical college. He was admitted to the bar in 1867, and in 1869 became a partner in the law practice with his half brother, Col. J. M. Oliver; two years later formed a partnership with Felix Smith, with whom he practiced until 1878, when he retired from the profession and became a farmer. He was a member of the Grange, the Farmers' Alliance, organizing the alliance in Chambers, Tallapoosa, Elmore, and several in Lee, Randolph and Clay Counties; was secretary of the State Alliance for three years; in 1888 was one of the electors on the Cleveland ticket; was a member of the Kolb state executive committee, in 1903 was elected superintendent of education in Tallapoosa County, and was re-elected in 1907. He is a Democrat, a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, in which he has served as steward for many years, and chairman of the board of trustees, a Mason and a Knight of Honor. Married: (1) in Dadeville, December, 1862, to Miss F. H. Hatcher, who died in 1870, daughter of Talbot and Parthenia Hatcher of Dadeville; (2) to Mrs. Helen E. Vaughan, widow of Col. John A. Vaughan, and daughter of Churchwell and Caroline (Smith) Corprew of Dadeville. Children by first marriage: 1. Wilbur H., farmer, m. Etie Slaughter, living near Dadeville; 2. Jessie Stella, m. Judge John H. Lovejoy, Gadsden; by second marriage: 3. Clifton Eugene, m. Beulah Banks, Dadeville; 4. Alma, m. Prof. Leon M. Stevenson, Roanoke; 5. Verna, m. Harvey E. Berkstresser, Dadeville. Residence: Dadeville.

OLIVER, SAMUEL CLARKE, physician, planter and legislator, was born in 1800 in Elbert County, Ga., and died about 1850; son of Rev. McCarty Oliver and a Miss Clarke, the former who was a resident of Chambers for many years; brother of Rev. Christopher Oliver of the Alabama Conference, and of Dr. John C. Oliver who died in early manhood. He received a good education, and became a physician and planter. He moved to Montgomery about the year 1827. In 1829 he was elected to the general assembly and in 1839 entered the senate, remaining in one house or the other for nineteen consecutive years, and being in the senate at the time of his death. He served Montgomery County longer in the general assembly than any other person. Dr. Oliver was a Whig, and was generally selected by party conventions, and mass meetings, to serve on committees, whose duty it was to prepare addresses to

the people, through the press. He was the author of a romance of the colonial rebellion entitled, "Onslow." He was a member of the Methodist church. Married: to Mildred McGehee, daughter of Abner McGehee of Montgomery. Children: 1. Thomas Winfrey, m. Mary E. Brown, daughter of Dr. Thomas B. and Eliza D. (Hall) Brown; 2. Dr. Abner McCarty, m. Georgia Ames, daughter of Dr. Silas Ames, child, McD. Oliver of Montgomery; 3. Mary Meteora, m. Dr. McKenzie Johnston, resides at Eureka Spring, Ark.; 4. Susan J., m. (1) to James Harvey; (2) name of husband not available, six children by first marriage, resides at Seely, Tex.; 5. Dr. Samuel Clark, m. Sarah Ames, Judge S. C. Oliver of Talladega is a son, and Mrs. R. F. Nott of Marseilles, Ill., is a daughter. Last residence: Montgomery.

OLIVER, SAMUEL WHITE, lawyer, was born about 1796 in Virginia, and died January 18, 1838, at his residence on Pine Barren Creek, in Dallas County. His early life was spent in Clarke County, Ga.; he was educated at Franklin college, and read law at Litchfield, Conn. In 1819 he moved to Conecuh, locating near the new county site of Sparta, and became the law partner of Hon. John S. Hunter. In 1822 he entered the legislature, and for twelve years served Conecuh County in the popular branch of the general assembly being chosen speaker in 1834; in 1836 he entered the State senate from the district composed of Butler and Conecuh, but resigned the following year when he moved to Dallas County; was the candidate of the anti-Van Buren party for the office of governor in 1837, but was defeated by Hon. Arthur P. Bagby of Monroe. Married: to a Miss Hunter, a sister of Hon. John S. Hunter, a resident of Dallas before his death. After the death of her husband, Mrs. Oliver married a Mr. Sprague of Dallas County. Children, by first marriage: 1. Starke H., of Mobile, lieutenant colonel of the Twenty-fourth, consolidated, Alabama; and two other sons who are planters of Dallas. Last residence: Pine Barren Creek, Dallas County.

OLIVER, STARKE H., captain, 24th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army. Deceased. Last residence: Mobile.

OLIVER, THOMAS WINFREY, planter, was born August 27, 1827, in Montgomery County and died February 20, 1898, at Mitylene, Montgomery County; son of Samuel C. and Mildred Spencer (McGehee) Oliver, both natives of Georgia; grandson of Rev. McCarty and Susannah Oliver, the former a Georgian, who lived in that state until 1840 when he removed to Chambers County, a farmer, and a Wesleyan Methodist minister, the latter a descendant of Gen. Roger Clarke, and of Abner McGehee, a native of Georgia; great-grandson of Dionysius and Mary Ann (Winfrey) Oliver, the former a native of Petersburg, Va., who moved during the Revolutionary War, 1778-79, to Elbert County, Ga., the latter a daughter of Valentine Winfrey. Samuel C. Oliver was born in Elbert County, Ga., in 1799, and after receiving a lim-

ited education studied medicine with Dr. Richardson and Watkins. In 1819 he entered a medical college in Philadelphia; graduated from the medical college in Baltimore, Md.; began the practice of medicine before he was twenty-one years of age in Georgia; in 1826 he came to Alabama, and settled near the present location of McGehee's Switch; he was for seventeen years a member of the State legislature, serving in both branches of that body; in 1846 he moved to Montgomery; was a member of the State senate at the time of his death in 1848; was instrumental in securing the removal of the capital of the state from Tuscaloosa to Montgomery. Thomas W. Oliver received a good common school education and was graduated from the University of Alabama, A. B., 1847, and A. M., 1850. After the death of his father he was made manager of the estate. Maj. Oliver joined the First Alabama cavalry, with rank of captain and fought at Shiloh and many other places, was on scouting duty through Tennessee, Mississippi, and Alabama, and other states until the fall of 1862, when he resigned because of sickness; in 1863 he rejoined his command as major, and served until the close of the war. After the war he devoted his attention to farming at Mitylene and served for several years as tax collector of Montgomery County. Married: in December, 1854, to Mary E. Brown, who died in 1880, daughter of Dr. Thomas and Eliza (Dixon) Brown, both natives of Georgia, who became residents of Alabama early in their lives. One child, Thomas Winfrey, Jr., was born to this union. Last residence: Mitylene, Montgomery County.

OLIVER, THOMAS WINFREY, planter, was born October, 1873, at Mitylene, Montgomery County; son of Thomas Winfrey and Mary E. (Brown) Oliver (q. v.) and grandson of Dr. Thomas B. and Eliza D. (Hall) Brown. Mr. Oliver was educated in the county and city schools of Montgomery and at the Alabama polytechnic institute. He is a planter, was a member of the draft board of Montgomery County, 1917-18; and represented Montgomery County in the house of representatives during the 1919 session of the legislature. He is a Democrat, and an Episcopalian. Married: November 14, 1894 at the Ledyard home on the Mt. Meigs Road, to Fannie Falconer, daughter of William F. and Mary M. (Gilmer) Ledyard, the latter who was the daughter of Frank Gilmer, an early settler of Montgomery County, who resided near Pike Road. Children: 1. Capt. Thomas W., Jr., who was a field artillery officer, Eighty-second Division in the World war, m. Gypsie Boykin; 2. Mary Ledyard, m. Andrew Jackson McLemore; 3. Fannie Falconer, m. Dr. James Fling Pittman, who served in the medical corps of the American Expeditionary Forces; 4. Laura A.; 5. Lucy Gilmer; 6. William Ledyard. Residence: Montgomery.

OLIVER, WILLIAM BACON, lawyer. Residence: Tuscaloosa.

OLIVER, WALTER ROBERT, lawyer, was born October 16, 1854, in Macon, now Lee Coun-

ty; son of Rev. Christopher Oliver, D. D., and Laura A. Reid; grandson of Zachariah and Rebecca (Herndon) Reid, of Reidstown, S. C. Mr. Oliver was educated in the common schools; in the East Alabama male college at Auburn; at the Southern university; and Emory and Hale college. In 1878 began the practice of law at Huntsville; later removed to Calera; was mayor of Calera, 1891-97; in August, 1900, was elected to the state senate; and again elected in 1902. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: in March, 1884, to Salle Townsend, daughter of K. A. and Cornelia (Howard) Townsend of Elmore County. Residence: Calera.

OLIVER, WILLIAM C., probate judge, was born December 12, 1816, in Nottoway County, Va.; son of Isaac and Mary A. G. Oliver, who were both of English lineage; grandson of Col. Parks Beacon, a native of Lunenburg County, Va.; nephew of Asa Oliver who was for many years a member of the Virginia legislature, and of Charles Oliver, a resident of Botetourt County, Va. He was educated in Virginia, clerked in a retail store in Petersburg until he was twenty-one years old, and then moved to Alabama, settling at Erie, then the county seat of Greene, where he clerked and kept books. From 1840-44 he was clerk on the steamboat, "Victoria," which ran between Mobile and Tuscaloosa on the Warrior River; was tax collector and assessor for Greene County during a portion of this time; in 1844 was elected deputy sheriff; engaged in work as dry-goods salesman in Mobile for three years, and in 1850 was elected sheriff of Greene County, which office he held for three years. In 1856, he was elected probate judge, and served until 1868, when he was removed from office under the reconstruction acts. In 1880 he was again re-elected probate judge. He is a Mason. Married: (1) in 1842 to Elizabeth Phillips, who died in 1850, a daughter of W. H. Phillips of Hillsboro, N. C.; (2) in 1860 to Lizzie S. Whitehead, of Carroll County, Miss. Children, by first marriage: 1. Martha Epes, m. John P. Gilmer, and two other children who died in childhood; by second marriage: 4. Jeanette, m. W. D. Duncan, a merchant of Eutaw; 5. William B. Oliver (q. v.), a representative in congress from Alabama. Last residence: Greene County.

O'NEAL, CHARLES AUGUSTUS, merchant and legislator, was born March 5, 1863, at Longbottom, Meigs County, Ohio; son of John and Margaret (Curtis) O'Neal, the former an emigrant from Ireland, lived at Pomeroy and Longbottom, Ohio, and later in life at Pittsburg, where he died. He was educated in the schools of his native town; has been a railroad contractor; a miner; a merchant, and is now president of the Southern salvage company. He represented Jefferson County in the legislature of 1911. He is a Democrat; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: April 18, 1894, at Cardiff, to Mary, daughter of Thomas and Ann Roscoe, who live in Birmingham. Residence: Birmingham.

O'NEAL, EDWARD ASBURY, lawyer, governor of Alabama, brigadier-general, C. S. Army, was born September 20, 1818, in Madison County, and died November 7, 1890, at Florence, Lauderdale County; son of Edward and Rebecca (Wheat) O'Neal, the former of Irish, the latter of Huguenot extraction, and who came to this State from South Carolina, settling in Madison County. When four years of age his father's death occurred and he and his brother Basil were taught by their mother. After a thorough academic education he entered LaGrange college, from which, in 1836, he received the A. B. degree, graduating with highest honors. Deciding upon law as a profession he studied under James W. McClung, of Huntsville, and was admitted to the bar in 1840, soon afterwards locating in Florence for the practice. When George S. Houston resigned his position as solicitor of the fourth circuit in 1841 to take his seat in congress, Mr. O'Neal was elected by the legislature at a called session to fill the vacancy. This office he held four years. In 1848 he was unsuccessful in his candidacy for election to the Thirty-first congress. A strong believer in State sovereignty, he became one of the foremost leaders of the movement for secession. He left Florence on June 4, 1861, as a captain, with three companies of infantry, and proceeded to Richmond, where he became a major in the 9th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, which was being organized there. On October 21, he was promoted lieutenant-colonel, and in March, 1862, was promoted colonel and assigned to the 26th Alabama infantry regiment, which had been under instruction at Richmond. He led this regiment in the fighting which took place at Yorktown, Williamsburg, Seven Pines, being wounded in the latter battle, and in the seven days fighting around Richmond. Colonel O'Neal was placed in command of Rodes' brigade, and served in that capacity until two days before the battle of Boonesboro, when he returned to his regiment. In this battle he was severely wounded and was absent some time from his command. In the meantime Governor Moore of Alabama, in a letter to the Secretary of war of the Confederacy, had stated that the people of Alabama had been robbed and had had innumerable outrages committed against them by the public enemy, and requested a brigade of infantry to cooperate with the cavalry already in the State. He also suggested that Colonel O'Neal, be elevated to the rank of brigadier-general. The conclusion of this letter found on page 442, O. W. R., Sec. 30, says: "He (Col. O'Neal) possesses military skill and experience in an eminent degree. An early devotee of the rights of his section, he hesitated at no sacrifice in its behalf; was one of the first to relinquish a lucrative practice of his profession (of law) to engage for the war as a soldier, and bears honorable scars received upon the memorable battlefields of Richmond. I may say of him that he is popular as a statesman, an orator and a patriot." While the request of Governor Moore was not complied with, it showed the high esteem in which Colonel O'Neal was held. Upon the promotion of General Rodes to the command of a division, just

before the battle of Chancellorsville, Colonel O'Neal was ordered to lead his brigade in that fight. This he did until disabled by wounds. In this battle Rodes' brigade won the honors of the day by putting to rout Howard's entire division and capturing several thousand prisoners. Colonel O'Neal was again in command of Rodes' brigade at Gettysburg and in the Mine Run campaign, November, 1863. Pursuant to a resolution passed by the Alabama legislature, January, 1864, the 26th Alabama regiment was returned to the State to recruit its ranks. On May 16, it proceeded by rail to Richmond, where it was placed in Canty's brigade. General Canty was given a division and Colonel O'Neal was placed in command of his brigade. With this organization he participated in the battles of Marietta, and Peach Tree Creek. Soon after the latter engagement General Hood took charge of the Army of the Tennessee, and Colonel O'Neal was relieved and placed on detached duty. He was later sent to Northern Alabama to round up and send to their commands all absentees from the Army of the Tennessee. It is stated in "General Officers of the Confederate Army" that Colonel O'Neal was appointed a brigadier-general June 6, 1863, but that President Davis cancelled the commission. Volume 1 of "Confederate Military History" states that he was commissioned on June 6, 1863, but that he never received it on account of the irregularity of the mails. Brewer says he was commissioned after General Hood assumed command of the Army of the Tennessee, but that it was never received on account of the irregularity of the mails. On page 303, Brewer's Alabama, Col. O'Neal is described as indulgent, impetuous and fearless, and much beloved by his troops. By his skillful command of a brigade in several great battles he proved his military ability, and the question of the issuance or receipt of a commission does not detract from his merit of the promotion in rank to a brigadier-generalship. Four years from the day he left Florence for Confederate service he returned home and resumed the practice of law. Taking a great interest in politics, he devoted all his energies, in 1874, to the fight which restored the Democratic party to ascendancy and the white race to supremacy in Alabama. In 1875 he was elected to the Constitutional convention and became one of the most prominent of its members. "Northern Alabama Illustrated," p. 293, says: "He was chairman of the Committee on Education, and as such framed and secured the adoption of Section 9, Article 13, which gives authority for the reorganization of the universities, normal schools, the Agricultural and Mechanical college, etc., and placed the educational system of Alabama to the very front and opened the doorway to the floodgates of her succeeding prosperity." During the campaign of 1880 he was an elector from the state at large, and canvassed the state for Hancock and English. In 1882 he was elected governor and took the oath of office on December 1. He was re-elected in 1884. During his administration normal schools were opened for white teachers at Jacksonville and Livingston; a state department of agriculture was created

and began to function with Edward C. Betts as commissioner; the office of examiner of accounts was created; reforms to better the treatment of convicts were begun; congress granted forty-six thousand and eighty acres of land to the university; and ex-President Davis laid the cornerstone of the monument to the memory of the Confederate soldiers on the capitol grounds in Montgomery. Another memorable event was the laying of the cornerstone of the public hall of the University at Tuscaloosa, in May 1884. Laws were passed making appropriation for a geological survey of Alabama; providing for the study of physiology and hygiene in the public schools; the control of yellow fever, and the preparation of a new code. When Governor O'Neal was inaugurated the state had just begun to get on its feet again after the trying years of reconstruction. When he retired from office the "Mobile Register" said: "Governor O'Neal leaves the executive office with the proud consciousness that the people are satisfied with his rule, and can heartily say to him 'Well done, good and faithful servant.'" The "Montgomery Dispatch," in a leading editorial said: "His administration had been characterized by sincere regard for the welfare of the state in her various departments, and his policies, in the main, bear the impress of a statesmanship, wise, broad and enlightened; to it will be traceable much of the good of future administrations, and in it ended much that was bad of those that directly preceded it." He was a Democrat, Methodist and Mason. Married: April 12, 1838, at Huntsville, Madison County, to Olivia, daughter of Dr. Alfred and Eliza (Jones) Moore, and sister of Judge John Edmund Moore (q. v.) and Sydenham Moore (q. v.). Children: 1. Alfred, captain, C. S. Army, m. Annie Warren, of Tusculumbia; 2. Rebecca, m. 1866, Reuben L. Shotwell, now of St. Louis; 3. Edward A., Jr., C. S. Army, lawyer, d. young, m. Mary, daughter of Capt. Alexander Coffee, of Florence; 4. Julia, unm.; 5. Emmet (q. v.); 6. Georgia, m. Eugene Williams, of Mississippi, now of St. Louis; 7. Syddie, m. George Dudley; 8. and 9. died in infancy. Last residence: Florence.

O'NEAL, EMMET, lawyer, governor of Alabama, referee in bankruptcy, was born September 23, 1853, at Florence; son of Gov. Edward A. and Olivia (Moore) O'Neal (q. v.). He received his early education in the schools of Florence; graduated from the Florence Wesleyan university; University of Mississippi, 1870-71, and from the University of Alabama, 1873. Shortly after the latter date he entered upon the study of law in his father's office and was admitted to practice by the late Judge William B. Wood. In 1876 he formed a partnership with his father which continued until the senior O'Neal was elected governor of the State. In 1884 he was chosen presidential elector from the 8th district, and canvassed the whole state for the Democratic party, winning distinction for his brilliant oratory. Eight years later, in 1892, he was chosen a presidential elector from the state-at-large, and when Grover Cleveland entered upon the presidency he appointed him, in 1893, United States dis-

trict attorney, which position he held for several years. During the agitation in 1899 and 1900 for a constitutional convention, Mr. O'Neal was one of the leaders favoring the movement; was elected a delegate to that body from the 8th Congressional district. He served as a member of the committees on rules and suffrage, and was chairman of the committee on local legislation. The student of that convention, held in 1901, will find the results of his work in the prohibition of a large class of local legislation, and in the elimination of the ignorant and illiterate voter, at the same time making it possible for him to acquire the right of suffrage by the attainment of certain educational and tax paying qualifications. Upon the nomination of William J. Bryan for the presidency by the Democrats, in 1908, he took the stump and canvassed a number of western states in behalf of the platform and candidate. He organized the fight in Alabama against the proposed constitutional amendment which provided state wide prohibition, and in 1909 he called the convention which met in Montgomery, and was largely responsible for the defeat of the amendment. Prior to his election as governor in 1910, he was president of the Alabama bar association, an office which his father had held prior to his election as chief executive. Governor O'Neal was the first of Alabama's chief executives to occupy the "governor's mansion," the State not having furnished a home for its governor until his administration. While he was governor the educational interest of the State showed a steady growth, among other beneficial features being the inauguration of a rural school library system, the creation of a board of trustees to unify and direct the several normal schools, and to provide courses of study for the rural and normal schools and colleges, and increased appropriations by legislative enactment were provided for all branches of the public schools. Among the State commissions created during his term of office were the oyster commission and the State highway commission. The capitol building was enlarged, a governor's mansion was bought, laws were passed for the protection of workers in mines, child labor laws were improved, the fee system in Jefferson County was abolished by a constitutional amendment, the centenary of the battle of Horseshoe Bend was celebrated and numerous measures were taken by the legislative and executive department for the improvement of agriculture. While chief executive his gifts as a public speaker were constantly in demand, both in the State and outside its borders. Among the calls made upon him was an invitation to address the Chamber of commerce of New York, no other governor outside that state ever being honored in that way, his address being of such a practical nature on "Representative government and common law," that it was printed by Congress as a public document. His address in Mobile during the meeting of the Southern commercial congress, welcoming President Woodrow Wilson and the South American diplomats to the Gulf city was a model of logic and oratory. After completing his term of office as governor, he located

in Birmingham, and was appointed referee in bankruptcy. In 1920 he entered the race in the Democratic primaries for nomination to the U. S. senate, as successor to Hon. John H. Bankhead, who had died in office leaving five years of an unexpired term, but was defeated by Hon. J. T. Heflin. He is a Knight of Pythias; an Elk, and a Presbyterian. Married: July 21, 1881, in Tuscaloosa, to Lizzie, daughter of Col. Samuel and Lizzie (Woods) Kirkman (q. v.). Children: 1. Elizabeth; 2. Kirkman, graduate of the U. S. Naval academy; 3. Olivia. Residence: Birmingham.

O'NEAL, R. L., sr., editor and publisher. Residence: Huntsville.

OPOTHLEYAHOLA, Creek Chief. See Indian chiefs and associated characters.

OPP, HENRY, lawyer, was born March 29, 1859, at Benton, Lowndes County; son of Valentine and Catherine (Hart) Opp, the former a resident of Benton and of Montgomery since the War of Secession. He received his early education in the schools of Montgomery, later attending the University of Alabama, where he graduated in 1878, receiving an A. B. degree. He began the practice of law in the spring of 1880, and practiced in Troy, Montgomery and Andalusia. He was county solicitor of Covington County, the latter part of 1888 and the early part of 1889; was elected mayor of Andalusia, 1899, and served several years; and was a delegate to the constitutional convention in 1901. He is a Democrat. Married: August 2, 1890, at Ozark, to Addie Belle Gardner. Residence: Andalusia.

O'REAR, RUFUS ALLEN, member constitutional convention, mayor, coal operator and farmer, was born January 29, 1869, at Jasper, Walker County, and is the son of Elijah and Sarah M. (Feltman) O'Rear. He was educated at the common schools of Jasper, and spent one year at the University of Alabama; and two years at the University of Nashville and Peabody normal college. He was tax commissioner of Walker County, 1901; member of the constitutional convention, 1901; captain, Troop B, 1st Alabama cavalry regiment, A. N. G., and served on the Mexican border and in the training camps, 1916-18; mayor of Jasper, 1919-20. He is a Democrat. Unmarried. Residence: Jasper.

ORMOND, JOHN J., was born in 1795, in England and died March 4, 1866, at Tuscaloosa. He came with his parents to the vicinity of Charlottesville, Va., in his infancy. During his childhood he was left an orphan, and was educated by friends of the family. He studied law, was admitted to the bar, and in 1827 came to Alabama. He began to practice law at Courtland, Lawrence County, in partnership with Col. James E. Saunders. He represented that County in the State legislature in 1832, and was elected to the bench of the supreme court in 1837. He came to Tuscaloosa County in 1840, remained on the bench for twelve years, then resigned January 1,

1848, because of failing health. He resumed the practice of law at Tuscaloosa until his death. He was one of three selected to prepare the code of 1852. He was a Whig and a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. Married: Minerva Jenkins Banks, of Lawrence. Children: 1. John James, physician, b. January 27, 1831, was graduated from the University of Alabama, A. B. and A. M., 1853, and from a medical college, M. D., practiced medicine at Faunsdale, served as register in chancery for Greene County, d. January 2, 1896; 2. William Banks, b. January 11, 1836, attended University of Alabama, d. October 16, 1854; 3. a daughter, m. Prof. Mallet, of Virginia, chemist; 4. a daughter, m. Hon. Charles Hays of Greene County. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

ORMOND, MARVIN THOMAS, lawyer and circuit solicitor, was born March 7, 1878, at Lauderdale in the county of Lauderdale, Miss., and died at Tuscaloosa; son of Benjamin Franklin and Elizabeth Jane (Watts) Ormond, the former a native of Hookerton, Green County, N. C., who spent his early life at Sumterville, Sumter County, moving to Lauderdale, Miss., and in 1882 to Meridian, Miss., where he engaged in the cotton and wholesale grocery business until his death in 1889; grandson of Fletcher and Frances (Sugg) Ormond, of Greene County, N. C., and of Capt. James and Eleanor (Bell) Watts, the former a captain of a cavalry company from Mississippi during the war; great-grandson of Samuel and Jane (Parke) Bell, the former who was born in Scotland and educated in Trinity College, Dublin, Ireland, and of Elizabeth Chapman; great-great-grandson of Thrashly and Catherine (Edwards) Chapman and of Thomas and Beasle (Duke) Parke. His father, after the death of his parents, came to Sumter County, where he made his home with his bachelor uncle, Thomas Marvin. Marvin T. Ormond attended the public and private schools of Meridian, Miss., until he was sixteen years old, then entered the Southern university of Greensboro, on June 8, 1894; in 1898 the degree of B. A. was conferred upon him; and while a student there was sophomore orator and represented his literary society in joint debate several times. After reading law in the office of H. J. McLaurin, of Rolling Fork, Miss., in 1899, he attended the summer law school of the University of Mississippi, receiving the degree of LL. B. from that University in 1900, and the same degree from the University of Alabama in 1902. On November 22, 1900, he moved to Tuscaloosa and formed a partnership with Hon. Daniel Collier; in 1904 was appointed solicitor of Tuscaloosa County for a term of four years; was elected solicitor of the Sixth Judicial Circuit; was a member of the city council of Tuscaloosa; deputy solicitor of Tuscaloosa County; member of the state Democratic executive committee, 1907-11; delegate to the national Democratic convention from the sixth district to Denver in 1908. He is a member of the Methodist church, of which he has been steward; an Odd Fellow; an Elk; a Modern Woodman, and a member of Knights of Pythias. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

ORR, CYRUS PITMAN, insurance, was born August 21, 1858, at Oshawa, Ontario Province, Canada; son of William Henry and Ann Maria (Pedlar) Orr, the former of New Brunswick, residing principally at Montreal and Toronto, and was manager of the Aetna life insurance co., of Hartford, Conn.; grandson of Henry and Eunice (Kimball) Orr, of Bowmanville, Durham County, Ontario, and Henry and Nancy (Morrish) Pedlar, who lived at St. Blazey, Cornwall, England. Mr. Orr was educated in the local schools of Oshawa; in October, 1880, he came to Montgomery, and was employed by Bradford Dunham, superintendent of the L. & N. R. R. Co.; became chief clerk in the superintendent's office in 1881, at Birmingham; in the fall of 1881 went to Chicago, Ill., as private secretary to general superintendent of the Trans-Ohio divisions of the Baltimore and Ohio R. R. Co.; in 1882 he was moved to Newark, Ohio, where the offices of the Trans-Ohio management were located, and was a member of the firm of W. H. Orr & Sons, general agents of the Aetna life insurance co., of Hartford, in Toronto, being manager of that company in Western Canada, from Ottawa to British Columbia. He returned to Birmingham and became secretary to Col. John T. Milner and an official in Milner Coal & R. R. Co.; was a member of the firm of Chichester, Yancey & Orr, from 1899 to 1903, when he purchased and became president of the Southern mutual aid association, in which business he is now engaged in Birmingham. He has served as a member of the executive committee of Detroit conference, the governing body of the Industrial casualty insurance in U. S., and also member of the executive committee of the Southern casualty and surety conference. He was secretary of the senate for a number of years, and also confidential secretary to Col. John T. Milner (q. v.). He is still a British subject, never having been naturalized. He is a Presbyterian, and a Mason. Married: at New Castle, August 30, 1882, to Lillian, daughter of John Turner and Flora (Caldwell) Milner. Children: 1. Flora Caldwell, m. William R. Lathrop; 2. Dorothea, m. William Warren; 3. Lillian Milner; 4. Edith; 5. Marian; 6. Jocelyn; 7. Winnifred Evelyn. Residence: Birmingham.

ORR, J. FRASER, physician; graduate of the University of Edinburgh in 1901; licensed to practice in Alabama by the state board, 1910. Residence: Montgomery.

ORR, THOMAS EDGAR, lawyer, was born May 28, 1882 at Fayetteville, Fayette County, Ga.; son of Matthew and Ella (Clark) Orr, the former having served in the C. S. Army during the entire war. Mr. Orr was educated at the Lagrange high school, Lagrange, Ga.; the Central institute, Crossville, Ala.; Cumberland university, Lebanon, Tenn., where he graduated LL. D. in 1909; and in 1910 entered the University of Alabama taking a special course for one year. In 1910, he was admitted to the bar and began practicing at Albertville; was prosecuting attorney for Marshall County, 1911-1915; elected delegate from the seventh

congressional district to the 1915 National Democratic Convention; and was a member of the legislature from Marshall County in 1919. He is a Democrat; a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, South; a Mason; Odd Fellow and Red Man. Residence: Albertville.

OSBORN, THOMAS CHILDRESS, physician, a former resident of Greensboro who removed to Texas.

OSTEEN, DAVID, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 78, and a resident of Morgan County; private N. C. Militia; enrolled on May 2, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$23.33; sums received to date of publication of list, \$69.99.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

O'SULLIVAN, JEREMIAH, Roman Catholic bishop of the diocese of Mobile, was born February 19, 1842, in the parish of Kantuck, County Cork, Ireland, and died August 10, 1896, in Mobile; son of John and Mary (Ahern) O'Sullivan, whose ancestry can be traced to the great O'Sullivan Beare family who were princes of Ireland prior to the 16th century when religious dissention between the Protestants and Catholics caused the loss of their vast possessions. He spent some time in a Latin school in Ireland, and emigrated to America in 1861. After a brief stay with Rev. Father Hennesy, in Jersey City, he repaired to St. Charles college, Ellicott City, Md., where under the direction of the Sulpician Fathers he completed his classical studies. He then entered the Theological seminary of St. Mary's, Baltimore, where he distinguished himself in philosophical and theological studies. In 1868 he was ordained to the priesthood in the Cathedral of Baltimore by Archbishop Martin John Spalding, of Baltimore. He was appointed assistant to the pastor of St. Patrick's church, Baltimore, who later became Archbishop Chappelle. Following this work he became pastor of a parish in the western part of Maryland; went to Washington, D. C., as pastor of St. Peter's church; on September 20, 1885, he was consecrated Bishop of Mobile, and on All Saints of that year was installed in his see by the venerable Bishop Manucy. In his work he insisted upon parochial schools, where the youth of the Catholic faith should be well grounded in religious, as well as secular education. He founded two burses in the Missionary college of the Jesuit Fathers near Limerick, Ireland, and completed the burse for his diocese in the American Catholic college, Rome, Italy. He labored to build up a native clergy; placed many students in the different seminaries throughout the country; and erected chapels in small communities. His body was interred under the sanctuary of his Cathedral in Mobile, to rest beside his brother bishops who had preceded him in the see. Last residence: Mobile.

OTTERSON, SAMUEL, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 80, and a resident of



GEORGE H. STUBBS

Greene County; captain and major S. C. Militia; enrolled on July 2, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$525; sums received to date of publication of list, \$1,585.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

OTTS, JOHN MARTIN PHILLIPS, Presbyterian minister, was born June 7, 1837, near Union, Union County, S. C., and died June 1, 1901, at Greensboro; son of Robert Goodjoin and Nancy (Hatchett) Otts, the former a school teacher of Union County, the latter a native of Spartanburg, S. C.; great-grandson of Phillip Otts and wife, a Miss Brandon, of Spartanburg. The Otts family is of German origin while the Beckwell and Hacketts were of English and French Huguenot descent. Dr. Otts attended the common schools of his native town; was graduated from Davidson college, N. C., A. M., 1858; and from the Presbyterian theological seminary at Columbia, S. C., 1861. The honorary degree of LL. D. was conferred on him by the University of Alabama in 1889. He enlisted in a South Carolina regiment and was present at the fall of Fort Sumter, after one year's service in the Confederate Army he was discharged on account of ill health. Seeking a genial climate he accepted a pastorate at Greensboro; in 1867 he was called to Columbia, Tenn.; removed to Wilmington, Del., 1871, where he served the Westminster Presbyterian church; in 1877 he was called to the Chambers Presbyterian church, Philadelphia, and remained there until 1884. At that time he was sent to Paris, France, as a representative of the McCall mission, and on his return from Europe he accepted the pastorate of the Presbyterian Church at Talladega. He retired from the ministry in 1888 to manage the estate of his father-in-law, who had died during that year. In 1890 he traveled in the Holy Land. He was a strong advocate of the re-union of the Northern and Southern Presbyterian churches. Author: "Nicodemus with Jesus;" "At mother's knee;" "Laconism, or, The wisdom of many in the words of one;" "The fifth gospel, or, The land where Jesus lived;" "Southern pew and pulpit;" "The gospel of honesty and essays on the beautiful;" "Our educational policy," and "The Huguenots." He also published numerous articles in secular and religious magazines. Married: December 31, 1863, at Greensboro, to Lella Jane, only child of David and Elizabeth (Lowrey) McCrary of that place; granddaughter of Squier Lowrey of Marion, through whom relationship is traced to the Earl of Granville (1776) and the Brandon, Locke and Gibson families. Children: 1. R. F. Otts, Allendale, S. C.; 2. J. M. P. Otts, m. Lida Nelson, Birmingham; 3. Lee McCrary, lawyer, University of Alabama, 1887, m. Eudora McQueen Somerville McEachin, resides at Greensboro; 4. Paul; 5. Marck C.; 6. James W., m. Sadie Randolph, of Greensboro; 7. Earnest V., m. Helen Poellintz, Greensboro; 8. Octavius M., m. Bertha Hanna, of Mobile; 9. Louis E., m. Leonora Graves, of Birmingham. Last residence: Greensboro.

OUSLEY, CLARENCE NEWDAYGATE, editor, assistant secretary of agriculture of the United States, was born December 29, 1863, at Ousley, Lowndes County, Ga.; son of William Henry and Henrietta (Scruggs) Ousley, the former a native of Culloden, Monroe County, Ga., who lived at Ousley, Ga., a village which he established, and moved from that place to Macon, Ga., just before the outbreak of the War of Secession; grandson of Rev. Newdaygate B. and Sarah Flournoy (Davis) Ousley, who moved from Culloden to Macon County, Ga., and of John F. and Frances Amanda (Goldwin) Scruggs, of Lowndes County, Ga., the latter a member of the long established Goldwin family, two of whom, John and James, were early settlers. The Ousleys of Georgia are descendants of Robin Ousley, a member of a Virginia family who came from England in early colonial times. The Ousleys of Kentucky and Alabama came from the same Virginia stock. Mr. Ousley attended the country schools of Lowndes County, Ga., and was graduated from the Agricultural and mechanical college of Alabama at Auburn, A. B., 1881. He received the honorary degree of A. M. from Simmons college, Abilene, Tex., in 1910. He taught at Marvin college, Waxahachie, 1881-1883; was superintendent of public schools at Waxahachie, 1883-1884; merchant, 1884-1885; entered journalism as editor of "The Farm and Ranch," Dallas, Tex., 1886 became editorial writer and managing editor successively of the "Galveston News," the "Galveston Tribune," and the "Houston Post"; established the "Fort Worth Record," and edited that from 1903 until 1913; made a tour of Europe in a study of rural co-operation as a member of the American Commission, 1913; director of extension of the Agricultural and mechanical college of Texas, 1914-1917; became assistant secretary of agriculture of the United States since August 17, 1917. He was a member of the board of regents of the College of industrial arts, Denton, Tex., for ten years, serving for eight years of that period as chairman; was a member and chairman of the board of regents of the state university at Austin, Tex.; was a delegate at large at the national Democratic convention in 1904; was for six years chairman of the Conference for Education in Texas; was active in originating the commission form of government, first put into operation in Galveston, where Mr. Ousley helped to draw the first commission charter and to cause its enactment and execution. He is joint author with Miss Harriet G. Smither and R. G. Hart of "Students History of the United States," a grammar school text; of many magazine and newspaper poems, some of which appear in the "Library of Southern Literature"; and has made many addresses and written much in behalf of more intelligent marketing of farm products, especially cotton. He is a Democrat, a Baptist, and a member of Phi Delta Theta fraternity. Married: November 8, 1888, at Waxahachie, Tex., to Mary Young, daughter of William H. and Eliza E. (Harry) Young, of Lincoln, Ill. She was of Irish descent on her paternal line and of German origin through the Harrys who settled in Maryland. Children: 1. Angie, m. John E. Resser, Dallas,

Tex.; 2. Maggie Clare. Residence: Washington, D. C.

OVERALL, GIBSON YOUNG, lawyer, was born July 12, 1825, in Shenandoah County, Va., and died March 6, 1896, in Mobile; son of John Froman and Theresa Douglas (Young) Overall, the former a farmer, who served as trooper in the cavalry called for by President Madison in 1812, to defend Virginia against the British, and a relative of Joist Hite, one of the noted old settlers of northern Virginia, who helped build the first Protestant Episcopal church in that region; grandson of Edwin Young of Virginia; great-grandson of John Overall, who came from Thacksted, Essexshire, England, where the family of his name settled in the reign of Henry the Eighth, and of John and Catherine (Bruce) Young, the former of England and a companion of Lord Baltimore in the settlement of Maryland, and the latter of Scotland who is said to be descended from the victor of Bannockburn; and was a direct descendant of John Overall, Lord Bishop of Norwich, England, one of the translators of our present Bible, author of the Convocation Book so frequently spoken of by Macaulay, and with the assistance of Bishop Cosin, compiler of the Book of Common Prayer, who settled about the year 1740, in what was afterwards known as Shenandoah County, and whose son, John, was for many years one of the justices of the quorum under the colonial law. In 1833 the parents of Gibson Y. Overall moved from Virginia to Columbus, Miss., at which place Gibson attended the Franklin academy, and in his eighteenth year was appointed by the trustees of the academy to fill a vacancy occasioned by the death of one of their teachers. He acquired a knowledge of printing in his early life; went to Mobile, January 1, 1848, where he studied law and was licensed; in 1856 he was admitted to practice in the supreme court of Alabama. He was a member of the State Bar association; was for several years city attorney of Mobile; was senior member of the firm of Overall, Bestor & Gray; was elected to the legislature in 1859 from the county of Mobile and served one term; was elected a member of the State constitutional convention in 1865. He was exempted from military duty during the War of Secession, because of a physical disability contracted in youth. He is a Democrat and an Episcopalian. Married: April 23, 1857, to Anna Louise Talbot, of New Orleans. Children: 1. Mrs. Price, deceased; 2. Dr. Walter Burnett, deceased; 3. Francis Edwin, b. July 30, 1859, m. Bessie Randall of Mobile; children: two daughters. Residence: Mobile.

OVERTON, ABIJAH JEFFERSON, merchant, was born July 10, 1869, at Conyers, Newton County, Ga.; son of William Mosley and Nancy A. (Boyd) Overton, the former of Conyers, the latter of Lithonia, Ga.; grandson of Abijah and Elizabeth (Rhodes) Overton, of Conyers, and of Robert and Sallie (Goddard) Boyd, of Lithonia. The Overtons are of Welsh descent. He was educated in the common schools of Cleburne County, and at Bowden college, Ga. He had held no public office except notary public,

until elected to the legislature from Cleburne County, 1911. He is a merchant and a farmer. He is a Democrat; and an Odd Fellow. Married: December 25, 1895, to Louellen E., daughter of Noah Pennington and Jane Barton (Camp) Beason, of Beason's Mills. Children: 1. May Belle; 2. Maggie. Residence: Heflin.

OVERTON, JOHN WILLIAM, lawyer and State senator, was born September 3, 1875, at Lineville, Clay County; son of Reuben Oakley and Mary E. (Arnett) Overton; grandson of John B. and Maria Overton, and of William P. and Elizabeth (Wilson) Arnett. He was educated in the common schools of Clay County; graduated B. S., 1894, and A. B., 1895, from Lineville college; read law under Chancellor Kelly of Anniston, and with Judge Stell Blake, at Wedowee; admitted to the bar 1898; solicitor of Randolph County, 1898-1904; mayor of Wedowee, 1901-03; Democratic elector from fifth congressional district, 1904; and state senator, 1907, from the ninth district. He is a Democrat and has served as chairman of the county executive committee; a Missionary Baptist; and Knight of Pythias. He is unmarried. Residence: Wedowee.

OWEN, CALVIN NORRIS, physician, graduate of the medical department of the University of Alabama in 1888; licensed to practice by the county board of Mobile the same year. Residence: Mobile.

OWEN, FRANKLIN LEWIS, was born in 1803 in Brunswick County, Va., and died in 1878 in Mobile; son of Richard Brown and Louisa (Edwards) Owen of Brunswick County, and a brother of George W. Owen (q. v.). Franklin Lewis Brown located in Mobile in 1833; was for many years teller of the Bank of Mobile, and made wise business investments in that city. Married: Elizabeth, daughter of Philip and Ann (Cunningham) Maury of Franklin, Williamson County, Tenn., a descendant of Abram and Ann (de la Fontaine) Maury, French Huguenots who located in Virginia and were influential in educational and religious movements in that state. Children: among the children of Franklin Lewis Owen and his wife were: 1. Richard Brown (q. v.); 2. John Michaux, lawyer; editor, Southern Star; Macon, Miss., 1855, and died in Mobile that year; 3. Philip Albert, a merchant of Mobile, 1852-55, appointed 2nd lieutenant 9th Reg. U. S. Army, 1855, afterwards promoted to 1st lieutenant and captain, resigned his commission before his death in 1878, m. Margaret Wright of Oregon, 1857; 4. Goronwy, graduated in medicine at the University of Pennsylvania, 1857, surgeon C. S. Army, member of board of health and board of censors for more than twenty years, professor in the Mobile medical college, m. Susan Norris of Selma, 1859; 5. George Washington. Last residence: Mobile.

OWEN, GEORGE WASHINGTON, lawyer, mayor of Mobile, and representative in congress, was born October 20, 1796, in Brunswick County, Va., and died August 18, 1837, on his plantation near Mobile; brother of Franklin

L. Owen (q. v.); son of Richard Brown and Louisa (Edwards) Owen, merchant, of Brunswick County; Davidson County, Tenn., and Monroe County, and a graduate of William and Mary college, Va.; grandson of Geronmy and Joan (Simmons) Owen, the former a native of Llanfair, Anglesea, Wales, a noted Welch poet, educated at Oxford, entered the Episcopal ministry and held a curacy at Bangor, Downingtown and Watton, later appointed, by the Bishop of London, professor in William and Mary college, Va., 1757, and also rector of St. Andrew's Parish, and died twelve years later in Brunswick County; and great-grandson of Geronmy and Sean (Parri) Owen. This family is not known to be related to the family of Col. Richardson Owen (q. v.). Mr. Owen went with his parents from Virginia to Tennessee and grew to manhood in Davidson County. He was educated in the country schools and in the University of Nashville. After graduation he read law in the office of Felix Grundy and was admitted to the bar in 1816. Two years later he located in Claiborne, Monroe County, and formed a partnership with John Gayle, who afterwards became governor of the State. He was elected to the first State legislature 1819; was speaker of the house in 1820; was elected to congress serving from 1823 to 1829; appointed collector of the Port of Mobile by President Jackson, who was his warm personal friend; elected mayor of Mobile, 1836, and was holding this position at the time of his death. He was a Democrat and an Episcopalian. Married: June 21, 1820, in Mobile, to Louise S., daughter of Gilbert and Mary Josephine (DeJausang) Hollinger of that city. Children: 1. Mary Jane, m. George H. Gray; 2. Louisa O., m. Dr. C. C. Garrett; 3. Susan, m. George W. Harris; 4. Ann, m. B. C. Rowan; 5. Richard Rumford; 6. Catherine, m. Capt. H. R. Johnston; 7. Georgiana, m. (1) John B. Hogan, (2) Ben W. Johnston; 8. Alexina H., m. Charles E. Vincent; 9. Ada, m. a Clarkson; 10. Rubina, m. Major R. B. Snodgrass. Last residence: Mobile.

OWEN, GERONWY, physician. Deceased. Last residence: Mobile.

OWEN, HERNDON GAINES, physician, was born August 4, 1875, at Pleasant Hill, Jefferson County; son of William Marmaduke and Nancy Lucretia (McAdory) Owen (q. v.). He received his early education in his native community and at Jonesboro and Jasper, and attended Howard college, East Lake, through the junior year. He graduated from the medical department of the University of Alabama, Mobile, 1908, and began the practice at Maxine. Later he removed to Dora where he now resides. He is a Democrat, Methodist, and 32nd degree Mason, Shriner, Odd Fellow and Woodman of the World. Married: September 19, 1905, near Russellville, Mary Claude, daughter of Thomas Pinckney and Emily Ann (Berrybill) Sibley of that place. Her ancestors came to Alabama from Mecklenburg County, N. C., in the early years of the State's history, and settled in Franklin County. Children: 1. Emily

Lucretia; 2. Herndon Gaines, jr. Residence: Dora.

OWEN, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, and a resident of Autauga County; private, particular service not shown; enrolled on January 26, 1835, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$26.66.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile.

OWEN, JOHN, physician; mayor of Tuscaloosa.

OWEN, LEWIS, merchant and railway president, was born October 4, 1803, in Brunswick, Me., and died August 18, 1894, in Montgomery; son of David and Lettise (Wilson) Owen, the former a native of Brunswick, and a resident of Wayne, Me.; grandson of John Owen, who lived at Wiscasset, Me., and of Isaac Wilson, of the same State. His education was obtained in common schools. On coming to Montgomery in 1830 he became proprietor of a jewelry store. For a number of years he was president of the Montgomery & Eufaula R. R. Co., and was largely instrumental in the construction of that road, now a part of the Central of Georgia, and for the promotion of which he expended a large part of his fortune, raising \$80,000.00 on his personal note. To assist in providing immediate funds for the current expenses of the State, under the first administration after the close of the War, Mr. Owen raised \$40,000 on his personal responsibility. At the age of ninety he made the journey alone to Maine, on a visit to his sister. He died while seated in his chair. He was an old-time Whig, and a Methodist. Married: June 3, 1836, in Lowndes County, to Jane Phillips, daughter of Pascal and Elizabeth (Phillips) Harrison, of the "Pantheron," Lowndes County, and granddaughter of Joseph Phillips (q. v.). Children: 1. David Wilson, d. unmarried; 2. Dr. Pascal Harrison, m. Mary Watkins Smith, lived and died in or near Montgomery; 3. Lewis Joseph Phillips, m. Mattie Caroline White, and resided in Montgomery and Lowndes Counties. Last residence: Montgomery.

OWEN, MARIE (BANKHEAD), director Alabama State department of archives and history, playwright, patriotic and civic worker, was born September 1, 1869, near Macon, Noxubee County, Miss., on the William Bankhead plantation, during the temporary residence there of her parents; daughter of John Hollis and Talulah James (Brockman) Bankhead (q. v.). Her early education was received in the country schools of Lamar County, and in Wetumpka; later attended Ward's seminary, Nashville, Tenn., 1885-87. After spending a winter in Washington, D. C., where her father was serving in congress, she traveled in Europe for several months. On the death of her husband she was elected by the board of trustees to succeed him as director of the Alabama State Department of archives and history and assumed her duties April 1, 1920. She was president-general, Woman's auxiliary, Southern commercial congress, 1912; State chairman, Woman's demo-

cratic league, during Woodrow Wilson's two campaigns for the presidency; State chairman, national league for woman's service, 1916-18; vice-president, Woman's committee, Alabama council of defense during the European war; chairman of the legislative committee, Alabama federation of clubs, for several years; trustee, Alabama boys' industrial school, East Lake; president, League of Southern writers, 1916-17. Author: for several years editor of the woman's page, "Montgomery Advertiser," and of the education section when made a separate eight page feature by that paper; member of the fiction and feature staffs of "Uncle Remus magazine," Southern Woman's Magazine," and other Southern periodicals; six history plays written for the Alabama centenary commission, 1919, for use in schools and colleges of the State during the centenary celebrations; compiler and editor, Montgomery "Blue Book," a guide to social, fraternal, civic and welfare organizations, 1909-10. She is a member of the Ionian, the No Name, the Business and professional woman's club, and the Press and authors club. Married: April 12, 1893, at Fayette, to Thomas M. Owen (q. v.). Children: 1. Thomas M., jr. (q. v.), m. Mabel Hays, Montgomery; 2. John Hollis Bankhead, died in childhood. Residence: Montgomery.

OWEN, RICHARD BROWN, lawyer and mayor of Mobile, was born July 3, 1828, at Franklin, Tenn., and died December 5, 1911, at Mobile; son of Franklin Lewis and Elizabeth (Maury) Owen (q. v.). He received his elementary education in his native town, and at the age of twelve entered the Spring Hill Jesuit college, Mobile, where he remained until his entrance into the University of Alabama, from which he graduated, A. B., 1847. He read law in the office of Judge John A. Campbell of the U. S. supreme court, and began the practice with his brother, John M. Owen, in Mobile in 1850; was elected to the legislature 1853-55; was clerk of the Alabama supreme court, 1861-64; secretary-treasurer Mobile & Spring Hill railroad co., 1865-78; president police board and recorder of Mobile, 1879-86; mayor of Mobile by three elections, 1879-88; secretary-treasurer quarantine board of Mobile Bay, 1894-1908. He was a Confederate soldier, serving as adjutant on the staff of Gen. Dabney H. Maury. He was a Democrat; an Episcopalian, an Odd Fellow, and member of the Delta Kappa Epsilon college fraternity. Married: June 27, 1850, in Mobile, to Anne, daughter of Levin and Anne (Brewer) Gayle, who lived at St. Stephen's, Washington County; niece of Gov. John Gayle (q. v.), in whose home she was married. Children: 1. Franklin L., m. Evie Quigley, Mobile; 2. Elizabeth Maury, m. William E. Nowell, of Nashville, Tenn.; 3. John M. married, New Orleans, La.; 4. Richard Brown, jr., m. Lola Sloutz, resides in Nashville; 5. Gayle, Mobile; 6. Alex; 7. Nannie Gayle. Last residence: Mobile.

OWEN, ROSE WELLINGTON, farmer, merchant and real estate dealer, was born near Jonesboro, Jefferson County, November 7, 1848, and died at his home in Owenton, near Birming-

ham; son of Thomas Hemington and Melissa (Sadler) Owen; grandson of Thomas and Mary Eliza (Elmore) Owen (q. v.). He was educated in the common schools of Jefferson County, entered the University of Alabama. He did not graduate, leaving college to enter the Confederate Army, but the end of the struggle came before he could attach himself to any command. After the cessation of hostilities he followed the life of a farmer, merchant and real estate dealer until his death. Owenton, a suburb of Birmingham bears his name. He was a Democrat; and a Methodist. Married: (1) in 1872, to Emma, daughter of Dr. Joseph R. and Margaret H. (Jordan) Smith, of Elyton; (2) Tallulah, daughter of Rev. Evan and Martha (Wynn) Nicholson, of Creighton, Lawrence County, the former a Methodist minister of the North Alabama conference, (3) to Fannie Myatt. Children: by first wife, 1. Mittie, m. E. R. McDavid, of Birmingham; by second wife, 2. Thomas H., d. in infancy; 3. Ethel Lee, m. Dr. Claud Zuber; 4. Tallulah, m. William Love; 5. Evan, m. Grover Thaxton; by third wife, 6. Rose W., jr., d. in infancy; 7. Lucien Elmore; 8. John Moreland. Last residence: Owenton.

OWEN, THOMAS McADORY, lawyer, historian, founder and director Alabama State department of archives and history, was born December 15, 1866, at the residence of his maternal grandfather, near Jonesboro (two miles below Bessemer), Jefferson County, died March 25, 1920, at his home in Montgomery and is buried in Greenwood cemetery, that city; son of Dr. William Marmaduke and Nancy Lucretia (McAdory) Owen (q. v.); grandson of Judge Thomas and Dolly Payne (Williams) Owen of Tuscaloosa, and of Major Thomas and Emily (Owen) McAdory of Jefferson County; great-grandson of Judge Marmaduke and Agnes (Payne) Williams (q. v.). He received his early education in the common schools, and was prepared for college by his uncle, Prof. Isaac Wellington McAdory (q. v.), at the Pleasant Hill academy (q. v.). He graduated with highest honors at the University of Alabama, with the degrees of A. B. and LL. B. and received the honorary degrees of A. M., 1893 and LL. D., 1904. He practiced law at Bessemer, 1887-1894, Carrollton, 1897-1900, and Birmingham, 1900-1901. He was city solicitor of Bessemer, 1890-93; assistant solicitor of Jefferson County, 1892; and chief clerk, division of Post Office inspectors, Post Office Department, Washington, D. C., 1894-97; chairman Democratic executive committee of Jefferson County, 1890-92. In Vol. 12, pp. 244-245, in "The South in the Building of the Nation" is the following: "Through Dr. Owen's activity and constructive leadership the Alabama State Department of Archives and History was established by legislative Act of February 27, 1901, charged with the care of the official archives (public records) and the promotion of all of the historical activities demanded on the part of the State. This step was the first known recognition and application of the principles of public support of archive preservation, and history work and enterprise through a separate bureau, commission or department of State, located in the

capitol and administered by a State official regularly chosen and required to devote his entire time to his duties. This plan is altogether the creation of Dr. Owen, and it was his unique good fortune to be both the pioneer, maker and perfecter of a great institutional advance in American government and political science. This plan has been adopted by several States and efforts for the enactment of similar legislation have been made in other States." Dr. Owen was elected by a self-perpetuating board of trustees, Director of the Alabama State Department of Archives and History, March 2, 1901, for a term of six years and successively re-elected for like terms in 1907, 1913 and 1919, having at the time of his death served one year of a new term. His widow was elected as his successor. For years prior to his death he had taken a deep interest in all forms of historical work and enterprises and was a constructive force in the following activities and organizations: Secretary of the Sons of the Revolution in Alabama from its organization, April 16, 1894 to his death; one of the founders of the Southern History Association at Washington, April 24, 1896; secretary of the Alabama Historical Society from its reorganization, June 21, 1898 until its activities were taken up by the Department of Archives and History about 1904 when by consent of its members it ceased to function as a separate organization; commander of the Alabama Division, Sons of Confederate Veterans, and Commander-in-chief of the general organization for two terms, 1905-07, and after the latter date Historian General of the organization; founder in 1904, and president until his death, of the Alabama Library Association; founder, 1909, and president until his death, Alabama Anthropological Society; founder, and Secretary Pintlala Old Settler's Association (Montgomery County); founder and president Confederate History Club of Montgomery; promoted interest resulting in the organization of the Bartram Natural History Society of Alabama; organized and was secretary and curator of the collections of the Alabama Conference Historical Society (Methodist); one of the founders of The Thirteen, a literary club composed of men, Montgomery; president, Mississippi Valley Historical Society, 1907-08; promoted the plan to take a census of Confederate soldiers, 1907; participated in the promotion of the centenary of the Alabama Baptist Historical Society, held in Montgomery, 1907; member (charter) Iberville Historical Society, Mobile, 1901; Tennessee Valley Historical Society; Alabama History Teacher's Association and organizer of the Montgomery branch; Alabama Educational Association; Alabama State Bar Association; Confederate Roster Commission; Manuscript Commission, American Historical Association; U. S. Public Documents Commission of the American Library Association; Alabama Folk Lore Society. In addition to the foregoing he was a working member of, often holding official positions in the greater number of National Societies of an historical, scientific or civic character, throughout the United States. Ex-officio duties: Secretary Alabama Building Commission, 1907 and 1911, when the north and south wings were

added to the capitol; Secretary Alabama Governor's Mansion Commission, 1911; Secretary Horseshoe Bend Battle Anniversary (centenary) Commission; Secretary Jefferson Davis Statue Commission; Secretary Alabama Law Reform Commission, 1915; Secretary and historian Alabama Centennial Commission, 1919; and of the Alabama Memorial Commission, 1919-20. Author: The literary work of Dr. Owen was extensive including in part, "History of Alabama and Dictionary of Alabama Biography," published posthumously in four volumes, 1921: Owen's edition of Pickett's "History of Alabama," with an addendum, "Annals of Alabama," in which that work was completed from 1819 to 1900, and published in the latter year; Bibliography of Alabama, 1897, and Bibliography of Mississippi, 1899, published in the Reports of the American History Association for those years; editor "Women's Memorial Supplements," issued simultaneously by several Southern newspapers, the text confined to Confederate history and women's memorial activities; Necrologies, in the annual proceedings of the Alabama Bar Association for a number of years prior to his death; issued in 1912 the first number of "The Gulf States Historical Magazine," published bimonthly; edited the "Transactions of the Alabama Historical Society," (vols. 1 to 4, 1898-1902), and the "Report of the Alabama Historical Commission," 1901; City Code of Bessemer, Alabama, 1888; genealogies of the Lester, Strother, Eaton, Stansel, Lacey, Kelly, Fisher and Ross families, all published, besides a number of genealogies left in manuscript form, relating to the several branches of his own and his wife's families, data being especially extensive in the case of the Owen and Williams families; "History of the Great Seal of Alabama," sketch of "Ephraim Kirby, the first Superior Court Judge in what is now Alabama." He compiled and issued through the Department of Archives and History, the "Official and Statistical Register," 1903, 1907, 1911, 1913, 1915; also Bulletins 1 to 5, and official circulars and reports, including "High Points in Alabama History."

Dr. Owen possessed marked executive and analytical powers and although a literary and professional man by training and experience, he had a practical insight in the affairs of his city and county and was sought for counsel in the business organization and in the civic and patriotic movements of his times no less than in the academic and cultural realms. He was a Methodist and a Democrat. He was a member of the Knights of Pythias, the Red Men, the Sigma Nu College Fraternity, and of the Phi Beta Kappa Fraternity. Married: April 12, 1893, at Fayette, to Marie Susan (q. v.), daughter of Hon. John Hollis and Tallulah (Brockman) Bankhead (q. v.). Children: 1. Thomas McAdory, Jr., (q. v.); 2. John Hollis Bankhead, died in childhood. Last residence: Montgomery. See Archives and History, Department of.

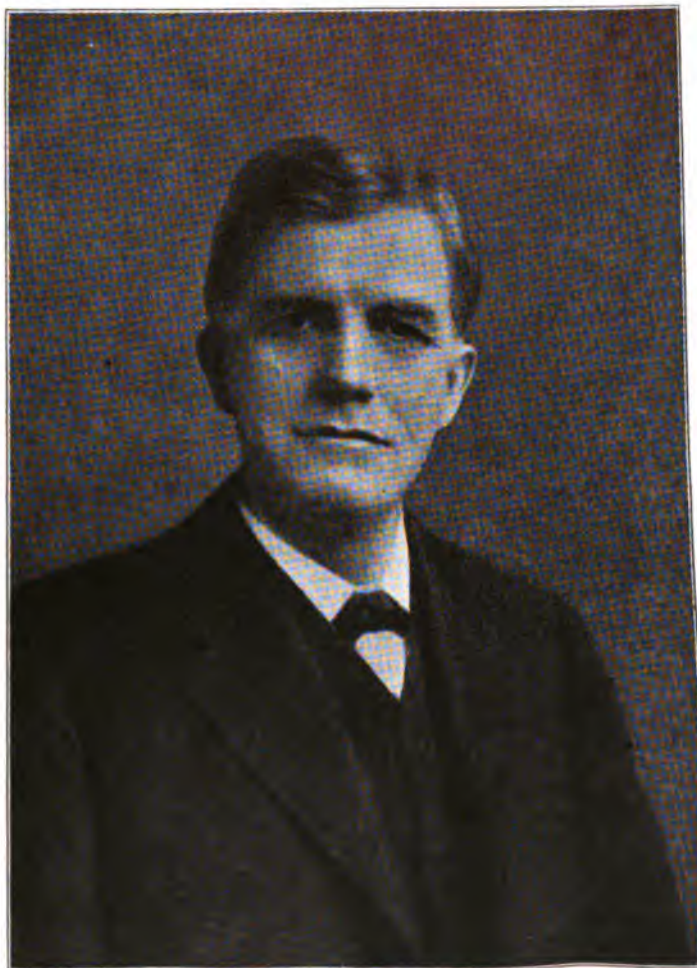
OWEN, THOMAS McADORY, Jr., chief clerk in the Alabama State Department of archives and history, and soldier of World War, was born April 10, 1894, in Bessemer, Jefferson County; son of Dr. Thomas M. Owen (q. v.)

and Marie Susan (Bankhead) Owen (q. v.). He was educated in the public schools of Montgomery; received in 1913 the A. B. degree at Marion Institute, Marion; and was graduated from the University of Alabama, A. B., in 1915. He entered the military service of his country as a private soldier, August 26, 1916, in Troop B, First Alabama cavalry regiment, National Guard, and was commissioned first lieutenant of cavalry, September 3, 1916; saw service on Mexican border and at San Antonio, Texas; and returned to Alabama in 1917. After a period of training he was sent to Camp Wheeler, Macon, Ga., where the 1st Alabama cavalry was reorganized as the 117th Field artillery; was later sent to Post Field, Okla., as an aerial observer in the field artillery but before finishing the course was transferred by war department orders to Del Rio, Texas, in March, assigned to the 313th cavalry. He spent parts of July and August as a student at Camp Perry, Ohio, in the Small arms firing school for officers of the line, from which he graduated, August 18, 1918. From Camp Perry he was ordered to Fort Sill, Okla., school of fire, for field artillery officers, graduated November 1, 1918, and assigned to 70th Field Artillery, West Point, Ky., where he was honorably discharged, December 20, 1918. He is now captain Field artillery reserve corps. During 1919-20 he served as historian and adjutant of the Alabama department, American Legion. After the armistice he became chief clerk, in the Alabama State department of archives and history. At Marion Institute he took a prominent part in various school activities, and in the senior year won two gold medals, one as best essayist, the other as best society debater. He is a Democrat; Methodist; Knight of Pythias; Khorassan; member of the American library association; American historical association; American book plate society; United sons of Confederate veterans; Alabama anthropological society; Bartram natural history society; Sons of the Revolution and of "the Ritual Committee," Sigma Nu fraternity. Married: March 19, 1917, at Fort Sam Houston, San Antonio, Texas, to Mabel Mary, daughter of the late Lincoln John and Rose Gertrude (O'Ferral) Hays, of Toledo, Ohio. Residence: Montgomery.

OWENS, AUGUSTUS HOWARD, lawyer, was born near Perry, Houston County, Ga., July 3, 1834, and died at Troy, September 21, 1914; son of Elijah Smith and Rebecca Eugenia (Saunders) Owens, the former of Milledgeville, who was a volunteer in the Creek War of 1836, and was a delegate from Pike County to the constitutional convention of 1865, being one of the only two delegates who refused to vote for the emancipation of the slaves; the latter of Perry, grandson of Elijah S. and Anne (Howard) Owens of Milledgeville, Ga., and of Robert and Martha (Westbury) Saunders of Perry, Houston County, Ga. Mr. Owens was educated in the country schools of Russell County; read law with Baker and Lewis at Kuseidell; was admitted to practice October 8, 1858, at Crawford, before John Gill Shorter; practiced in Barbour County prior to the War of Secession and after that time had practiced

at Troy, Pike County. In February, 1861, at Buckhorn, Pike County, he was elected captain of a company of volunteer State troops and on being mustered into service was sent to Pensacola by Gov. Moore; in April his company was transferred to the Confederacy and became Co. "E", First Alabama volunteer infantry regiment, H. D. Clayton, colonel commanding; at the expiration of his service he re-enlisted as captain of Co. "A", Third Georgia cavalry, serving until his capture at Resaca, May 14, 1864, when he was carried a prisoner to Johnsons Island, Ohio, where he remained until his discharge June 15, 1865. He was a member of the state legislature 1878-1879 and judge of the law court of Pike County, November 20, 1904 to November 20, 1908. Prior to the War of Secession he was a Whig but later voted independently. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, South. Married: June 10, 1866 at Brundige, Pike County, to Cornelia Jenette Wiley, daughter of Judge James Macaleb W. and Cornelia Ann (Appling) Wiley, and granddaughter of Rev. John Brown, who was the first president of the Presbyterian college at Athens, Ga. Children: (1) Cornelia Appling, m. James H. Patrick; (2) Oliver Guy, m. Pearl Brooks; (3) Gus Wiley, m. Mary Griffin; (4) Arthur Horatio, m. Josephine King; Metta, m. Luther Edgar Heath. Last residence: Troy.

OWENS, CLARENCE JULIAN, managing director of the Southern Commercial congress, and educator, for some years a resident of Alabama, was born July 4, 1877, at Augusta, Richmond County, Ga.; son of Alfred and Fannie Augusta (Easterling) Owens, the former a native of Dunbarton, Barnwell County, S. C., a Confederate soldier, private in Co. D, Third South Carolina cavalry, later a merchant of Augusta, Ga., and in 1881 removed to Williston, S. C.; grandson of Etheldred and Lavinia (Burckhalter) Owens of Dunbarton, S. C., and of Robert and Frances (Anderson) Easterling, of Augusta, Ga.; great-grandson of Griffin and Civil (Greene) Owens of Barnwell County, S. C., and of David and Mary Burckhalter. Dr. Owens was educated in the Williston, S. C., graded and high schools, at Houghton Institute, Augusta, Ga., and graduated B. A., 1893, from the South Carolina co-educational college, then located at Williston; graduated from the Columbian university, Washington, D. C., now Georgetown university, with degree of M. A., 1900; received the honorary degree of LL. D. from Arkansas normal college and Shenandoah normal college, Va.; took a post-graduate course at Cornell university, Ithaca, N. Y.; was admitted to candidature for degree of Ph. D. at Columbia university. He was principal of the public schools, Greenland, S. C., 1894-97; professor of English and literature, and commandant of cadets, Orangeburg college, 1897-1900; president of Orangeburg college, 1900-03; president, Sumter military academy, S. C., 1903-06; president, Anniston college for young ladies, 1906-09; president, Southern Alabama agricultural school, Abbeville, for three years. He became connected with the Southern commercial congress as commissioner of agri-



ROBERT N. L. BELL

culture of that organization, and in 1912, was elected managing director which position he holds at this time, with headquarters at Washington, D. C. He was a member of the staff of Gov. Miles B. McSweeney of South Carolina; has held a number of positions in the Sons of Confederate Veterans and has been commander-in-chief of that organization. He was vice president, Alabama educational association for two years and a member of the department of city superintendents, and secretary of the department of industrial education. He has delivered numerous historic and patriotic addresses and orations. He is a Democrat; Baptist; Knight of Pythias; and an Odd Fellow. Author: "Introduction to southern literature," unpublished; "The Gallant Pelham," unpublished. Married: December 27, 1899, at Williston, S. C., to Marie Louise, a daughter of Capt. William Hamilton and Elizabeth (Merritt) Kennedy of that place, the former a Confederate soldier, who served as captain of the Second South Carolina artillery. Children: 1. Marie Louise; 2. Clarence Julian, jr.; 3. William Hamilton; 4. Alfred Arthur. There are several other children. Residence: Riverside Park, Md.

OWENS, E. S., member of the constitutional convention of 1865, from Pike County.

OWENS, HASTING E., lawyer and planter, was born September 8, 1817, in South Carolina and died November 25, 1895, in Abbeville; son of Whitman H. Owens who lived in South Carolina, Georgia, and Alabama. He received a common school education, in Georgia and Alabama; practiced law in Alabama; was probate judge of Henry County, in the fifties, and again in the seventies; was a member of the Secession convention of 1861; and was a member of the constitutional convention of 1875. He served in the Indian wars; was a Democrat, a Methodist; and a Mason. Married: (1) Frances J. Stewart; (2) Mary E. Haygood, a native of Georgia and sister of W. E. Haygood of Montgomery. Children: 1. G. B., married, of Headland; 2. H. W., married, of Abbeville. Last residence: Abbeville.

P

PACE, MATTHEW DOWNER, teacher, was born at Creek Stand, Macon County, December 5, 1867; son of John William and Sarah Ann (Dawkins) Pace; grandson of Stephen and Mary (McCoy) Pace, of Putnam and Harris Counties, Ga., and Macon County, and of Reuben and Elizabeth Dawkins of Lee County. He was educated in Auburn public schools and at the Agricultural and mechanical college, B. S., 1889; and C. E. 1890; was a tutor in the college, 1890; and has since April 1st, 1891, been professor of mathematics in the Troy State normal school. He is a Democrat, and a Methodist. He is editor of "Key to Taylors calculus." Married: Sarah Sinclair, daughter of J. M. and Kate (McLeod) Collier of Troy. Children: 1. Sarah Kathryn, m. R. W. Head, jr.; 2. Elizabeth Marshall; 3. Hollinger Brown; 4. Margaret Downer. Residence: Troy.

PACE, NATHANIEL, merchant, was born October 27, 1829, near Sandersville, Washington County, Ga., and died December 29, 1903, at Newton; son of Samuel and Nancy (Hardin) Pace, the former a native of South Carolina or of Georgia, but reared and educated in the latter, a resident of Florida later in life, and finally of Geneva, where he died in 1843. The family is English. The founder in America emigrating to Virginia during the colonial period. Mr. Pace received a limited education in the schools of Georgetown, Ga., and was self-taught in bookkeeping and accounting. He was a merchant at Gordon, Geneva and Newton; was post master of Gordon, 1870; mayor of Geneva and later of Newton; superintendent of education, Geneva County, 1885-86. He enlisted in the Confederate service in 1862, and the next year was transferred to Company B., 15th Confederate regiment, commanded by Col. Harry Maury. He was a Democrat; a Baptist; Sunday School superintendent for forty years; and a Mason. Married: January 25, 1857, at Campbellton, Fla., to Clara, daughter of Elijah and Elizabeth (Banks) Calloway, of that place, both natives of North Georgia, removing to Jackson, Florida, about 1826, the former served as an officer in the War of 1812; and was a Baptist minister. Children: 1. Annie, m. Pat Poyner, of Newton; 2. Ernest Milton, m. (1) Mary Parker, (2) Kate Knox; 3. Albert E., m. Mrs. Jennie Collins; graduate of the University of Alabama A. B., 1886; lawyer at Dothan. Last residence: Newton.

PADEN, JOHN SANFORD, merchant, was born February 14, 1842, in Cobb County, Ga.; son of John T. and Margaret (Foister) Paden, natives of South Carolina, the former a farmer and minister in the Methodist Episcopal church, who moved to Forsyth County, Ga., when a young man, and later located in Cobb County, Ga., where he lived until his death in 1881. He was reared in Roswell, Cobb County, Ga., where he received a limited education, and at the beginning of the War of Secession, enlisted in the C. S. Army, joining Co. H, Seventh Georgia infantry. He took part in the first battle of Bull Run, and in all of the fighting in and about Richmond; was with Gen. Longstreet at Chickamauga; and surrendered with Gen. Lee's army at Appomattox. After peace was established, he spent about two years in Indiana and Kentucky, then returned to Georgia, and entered the mercantile business with T. D. Evans of Cherokee County, Ga. In the fall of 1869, he went to Alabama and settled at Gadsden, where he entered the mercantile business. In 1878, he became a cotton merchant, in the business of advancing and crediting. He is interested in the two mineral land companies at Gadsden; is vice president of the Gadsden land and improvement company; is a director and stockholder in the Gadsden metallic paint company; has interest in the Gadsden air furnace company, the Electric light company, the Printup hotel and the First national bank of Gadsden. Aside from those business enterprises, he owns several large farms. He is a Methodist. Married: February 5, 1874, to Annie Hollingsworth,

daughter of William P. and Mary J. (Lewis) Hollingsworth. Children: 1. William C.; 2. John S.; 3. Joseph P.; 4. Anna J.; 5. Alice M. Residence: Gadsden.

PADGETT, W. J. B., member of the constitutional convention of 1865, from Jackson County.

PAGE, EDWIN CAREY, lawyer, was born February 24, 1881, at Sparta, Conecuh County; son of Haskew and Laura (Autrey) Page of Sparta; grandson of Allen and Sallie (Wright) Page of Sepulga, and of Absolom B. and Sarah (Cary) Autrey of Sparta, the former who served in the Mexican War. The ancestors of the Pages and the Carys came from England, the Pages settling in Virginia and the Carys in Georgia. Mr. Page received his education in the schools of Evergreen, and was graduated LL.B. from the University of Alabama, 1901. He entered upon the practice of his profession at Evergreen; was mayor of his town, 1908, 1909; and was a member of the house of representatives, 1911. He is a Democrat; a Knight of Pythias; Woodman of the World; and a Red Man. Married: April 5, 1906, at Birmingham, to Jessie Henderson Cleere, daughter of George D. and Nancy C. (Smith) Cleere of Russellville. Residence: Evergreen.

PAINE, A. B., lawyer; living in 1913. Residence: Tuskegee.

PAINE, MATHEW, *soldier*, age not given a resident of Marion County; private Tennessee Volunteers; enrolled on February 3, 1826, payment to date from October 26, 1825; annual allowance, \$96; sums received to date of publication of list, \$706.65; April 24, 1816.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

PALMER, SOLOMON, lawyer, teacher and superintendent of education, was born August 23, 1839, in Blount County, and died at East Lake Atheneum, May 15, 1896; son of Solomon and Elizabeth (Henderson) Palmer, of Village Springs, Blount County, the former born in South Carolina in 1787, settled in Blount County, in 1819, and died there in 1867. Solomon Palmer, jr., was the youngest member of his family. He was educated in the country schools; and graduated from the University of Alabama, 1861. On the organization of the 19th Alabama infantry regiment at Huntsville, August 4, 1861, he was elected lieutenant of Co. K. This regiment was in the battle of Shiloh, and Col. Joseph Wheeler, its commander, officially commended Lieut. Palmer, along with other company officers, as having "remained with the regiment during the entire two days and displayed commendable fortitude and manly courage." Soon after the battle he was promoted captain; at Chickamauga he was promoted major, and commanded the regiment to the close of the war. After the war he taught school in Blount county for three or four years. In this interval, 1865-1867, he also represented the county in the house of representatives. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in

1870; in 1874 moved to Guntersville for the practice; and in 1884 was elected State superintendent of education, which he held by re-election until 1890. From 1890 to 1896, the year of his death, he was president of East Lake Atheneum. He was a Democrat; a Knight of Honor; a Mason, and a Methodist. He was editor and proprietor of the "Guntersville Democrat," from 1882 to 1886. Married: in 1867, in Cherokee County, to Virginia A. Law. Children: seven daughters and one son. Last residence: East Lake.

PALMER, THOMAS WAVERLY, college president, was born May 19, 1860, at Snow Hill, now Furman, Wilcox County; son of Dabney and Martha Ann (Simpson) Palmer, the former a native of Snow Hill, where he lived until 1890 when he moved to Carson, Washington County, and served as a member of the constitutional convention of 1901; grandson of Stephen and Juliette (Hartwell) Palmer, of near Alton, Halifax County, Va., who moved in 1833 to Snow Hill, the latter a descendant of Sir John Hartwell, first American ancestor, who was knighted for bravery under Queen Elizabeth, and of Thomas Wesley, and Civility (Jackson) Simpson, the former a pioneer settler of Conecuh County; cousin of William Bradley Palmer (q. v.); great-grandson of Thomas, jr., and Rachael (Hurger) Simpson, the former was brought at the age of nine, by his parents from Scotland, locating in Orangeburg District, S. C., the latter of Dutch descent, and of Chilian and Mary (Pettus) Palmer, of Halifax County, Va.; great-great-grandson of Martin Palmer, a native of Kent County, England, who came to King William County, Va., served as a sergeant in the Revolutionary War and married a Miss Vaughn, of King William County, Va., and of John Pettus, jr., of Lunenburg County, Va.; great-great-great-grandson of Edwin Palmer, of Kent County, England, and of John Pettus, sr., of Lunenburg County, Va.; great-great-great-great-grandson of Stephen Pettus, of Hanover County, Va., a descendant of Thomas Pettus of England. Dr. Palmer was educated in the country schools; attended Howard college, Marion, 1877-88; graduated at the University of Alabama with the A. M. degree in 1891; and was the first student to enroll in the engineering department of the university, from which he graduated, B. E., 1882. He is a graduate student of the University of Chicago summer school, and received the honorary degree of LL. D. from the University of Alabama in 1906. He was instructor of mathematics, University of Alabama, 1881-82; associate professor of mathematics, 1882-83; professor of mathematics, 1883-1907; and dean of the academic faculty, 1905-07. In May, 1907, he was elected president of the Alabama technical institute and college for women, a position he still holds. He was a member of the Alabama text book commission in 1915, and has been chairman of the board of education of the public schools of Montevallo since 1912. From 1898 to 1907 he was secretary of the Society of the Alumni of the university. He is a Democrat; Baptist; and a Mason. Compiler: Register of the officers and students of the University of Alabama, 1831-1901. Married:

December 22, 1886, at Union Springs, to Lula, daughter of Capt. Joel Herron and Roxana Price Rainer (q. v.). Children: 1. Stella, supervisor of home economics, State of Arkansas, and professor of home economics, University of Arkansas; 2. Thomas Waverly, major, field artillery, U. S. Army, 1916-19, lawyer at Chuquicamata, Chile, South America, m. Marguerite Meehan; 3. Lula. Residence: Montevallo.

PALMER, WILLIAM BRADLEY, physician, was born March 1, —, at Furman, Wilcox County; son of William and Rachael (Bradley) Palmer, the former a native of Alton, Halifax County, Va., who came with his parents to Furman, Wilcox County, later living at Ackerville, served as a private in Co. I, 2nd Alabama cavalry, Ferguson's Brigade, Wheeler's Division, Army of Tennessee, was wounded three times, the last time in his right hand, shattering it and disabling him for further service; cousin of Dr. Thomas W. Palmer (q. v.); grandson of Ely and Allie (Simpson) Bradley, pioneer settlers of Conecuh County; great-grandson of Samuel and Mary (Presswood) Bradley, both natives of South Carolina, later of Conecuh County, the former the daughter of a Revolutionary soldier. The Presswoods are of Welsh descent and the Bradleys were French Huguenots. Dr. Palmer received his early education in private schools; graduated with the degrees of B. A., 1889, and B. L., 1891, at the University of Alabama. His professional education was received at the University of Maryland, school of medicine, which he attended for two sessions; Tulane medical college, New Orleans, receiving the M. D. degree, 1898; post graduate course, New Orleans polyclinic, 1898-99; New York post graduate, 1906; and Chicago polyclinic, 1908. Since 1899 he has practiced at Furman. In 1915 he was health officer of Wilcox County. He is a Democrat; a Baptist; Knight of Pythias; Columbian Woodman; Knight of Honor; and a member of the Phi Delta Theta college fraternity. He is one of the assistant editors of the "Palmer Genealogy," now being compiled. He is unmarried. Residence: Furman.

PARK, DAVID, Presbyterian minister, was born October 16, 1873, at Memphis, Tenn.; son of Rev. John Samuel and Mary Elizabeth (Steele) Park, the former a native of Nashville, Tenn., a minister in the Presbyterian church for nearly fifty years, who lived at Memphis, Tenn., at Pensacola, Fla., at Corinth, Miss., and at Decatur, the latter who was born in the Presbyterian manse at Staunton, Va.; grandson of David Park, of Memphis, Tenn., who came from the North of Ireland to Philadelphia, then to Nashville, and then to Memphis, whose ancestors were driven from Scotland to the north of Ireland during the Claverhouse persecutions, and of Rev. John Steele, who lived at Staunton, Va., at Paris, Ill., and at Topeka, Kan. He obtained his early education at Pensacola, Fla., at a private school in Clay Center, Kan., and took preparatory work at the University of Kansas, at Lawrence. After four years at Princeton university, he was graduated, A. B., 1896; was graduated from a three year course

at McCormick theological seminary, 1899; and spent two years in post graduate work there, 1909-1911, for which he received the degree of B. D. He served as a missionary of the Presbyterian church to Siam, 1899-1908; as pastor of the First Presbyterian church in Midland, Mich., 1911-1918; and since 1918 has been president of the Alabama Presbyterian college at Anniston. He became stated clerk of the synod of Alabama in 1919; is author of "Missionary Methods for Missionary Committees," 1898; and is a Democrat. Married: June 5, 1899, at Corinth, Miss., to Daisy Jane Booth, daughter of George Washington and Kate Anna (Sloan) Booth, who lived at Guntown, Miss. Her grandfather Booth came from Virginia and was captain of a Mississippi company throughout the War of Secession, and her grandfather Sloan was a Presbyterian minister for fifty years, was of Scotch Irish descent, and a blue-stocking Presbyterian. Children: 1. Mary Kate, Anniston; 2. Virginia Harper, Anniston. Residence: Anniston.

PARK, ROBERT EMORY, sr., state treasurer of Georgia and teacher, for a number of years a resident of Alabama, was born in 1849, at LaGrange, Troup County, Ga., and died May 7, 1909, at Atlanta; son of John and Sarah (Neary) Park of Greenville, Ga., both of old respected families of that State. He was educated at Greenville academy and Brownwood institute, LaGrange; entered Emory college, 1860, and in 1861 was a member of the junior class at Auburn. At the beginning of the war he joined the Macon Confederates, a military company organized at Tuskegee, 12th Alabama infantry regiment; rose to the rank of captain and commanded his company until he was severely wounded and left in the hands of the enemy at the battle of Winchester, September 19, 1864. After the war he taught with his brother, Prof. James F. Park, in the Tuskegee high school; and was later elected principal of Lucas institute at Mount Meigs. On account of his health, he removed to Georgia, 1872, became Southern agent of a large publishing house; was chosen State treasurer for six consecutive terms and was serving the latter part of the fifth term at the time of his death. He had received the honorary degree of M. A. from both Emory college and the Alabama polytechnic institute. He was a Democrat; and a Methodist. Married: (1) to Stella Swanson, of LaGrange, Ga.; (2) to Ella H., daughter of Gen. William S. Holt, of Macon, Ga.; (3) to Mrs. Emily Hendree Stewart, of Atlanta. Children: 1. William H.; 2. Ella H. Last residence: Atlanta.

PARK, ROBERT EMORY, jr., teacher, a native and for a number of years a resident of Alabama, was born December 11, 1868, at Tuskegee; son of James Fletcher and Emma Augusta (Bailey) Park, of Tuskegee, the former a brother of Capt. Robert Emory Park (q. v.). He was educated at the Park high school, Tuskegee; LaGrange high school; U. S. military academy, 1888-1889; received the degree of A. B., 1892, M. A., 1893, Litt. D. 1903, (honorary) from the University of Alabama; later attended

the University of Chicago, and Oxford university, England. He has taught in the public and private schools of Georgia and is at present head of the department of rhetoric and English literature of the University of Georgia. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; and a member of the Delta Kappa Epsilon college fraternity. Married: August 17, 1897, to Mary Belle, daughter of Aaron and Arminda Wheelchel, of Gainesville, Ga. Residence: Athens, Ga.

PARKE, CLIFFORD DANIEL, physician, was born September 27, 1826, at Wadesboro, N. C., and died May 8, 1886, at Selma; son of Dr. Thomas Duke and Ann Amis (Shipman) Parke, the former a native of County Sligo, Ireland, born, 1793, one of twelve children, reared by his maternal grandfather, Alexander Duke, an Episcopal clergyman of County Meade, Ireland, immigrated to America 1815, clerked in New York for a while, studied medicine and attended college in Philadelphia, began the practice in Wadesboro, N. C., and later removed to Barbour, then Pike County, where he continued the practice of medicine until his death at Selma, November 18, 1862; grandson of Thomas and Eliza (Duke) Parke, who lived at White Castle and Castle Gal, County Sligo, Ireland, and of Daniel and Mary (Amis) Shipman of Columbus County, N. C., the former of Welsh stock, an immigrant to America with his brother James Shipman. C. D. Parke received his preparatory education in the private schools of Wadesboro, N. C., graduated from the Jefferson medical college, Philadelphia; took a post-graduate course in New Orleans in 1851; began the practice in Montgomery County; and removed to Selma in 1852 where he practiced until his death in 1866. He was president of the Medical association of Alabama, 1882-83; was councilman of Selma, 1876-77; and vestryman of St. Paul's Episcopal church for many years. Married: January 10, 1855, in Dallas County on the Swift plantation, to Louisa, daughter of John and Sarah (Barton) Swift of that county, the former born in Georgia, and granddaughter of F. or T. Swift, who came to Alabama in 1818. Children: 1. Thomas Duke (q. v.), m. Amy Smith, residence, Birmingham; 2. Clifford White, m. Annie Bungart, of Selma; 3. Julian Barton, m. Carrie McCord, of Selma; 4. Mary, m. Alex. Troy London (q. v.). Last residence, Selma.

PARKE, THOMAS DUKE, physician, was born December 28, 1857, at the old Swift home place, Dallas County; son of Clifford Daniel and Louisa (Swift) Parke (q. v.); grandson of John and Susan (Barton) Swift, of Dallas County. The Bartons came to America in 1690. Dr. Parke was educated in private and public schools of Selma. He entered the Louisville medical college, graduating in 1876; graduated from the University of New York, 1878; and did post graduate work in New York, Baltimore, London and Boston. He then located in Birmingham where he has continuously practiced. Married: May 3, 1893, to Amy, daughter of Thomas G. and Margaret (Drew) Smith of Mount Forest, Ontario; granddaughter of Thomas G. Smith of Mt. Mellick, Kings County,

Ireland; and of Laurence and Isabel (Mc-Lauren) Drew; great-granddaughter of Sidney Smith also of Mt. Mellick. The Smiths were of Quaker stock. Residence: Birmingham.

PARKER, ELISHA, *soldier of the American Revolution*, "Departed this life in Morgan County, Ala., on the 21st ult., **ELISHA PARKER**, in the 97th year of his age, a native of Connecticut, and a soldier of the Revolution. He was greatly esteemed and respected by all who knew him."—*The Democrat*, Huntsville, Ala., May 6, 1846.

PARKER, GEORGE HENDERSON, business man, was born September 17, 1852, at Cincinnati, Ohio; son of Thomas Henderson and Mary Johanna (Cheever) Parker, the former who was a native of Dorchester, Mass., and was a deacon in the Baptist church; grandson of Daniel and Alice Eliza Cheever, of Providence, R. I., and Wrentham, Mass., and of Thomas and Sarah (Seaver) Parker, who resided at Roxbury, Mass.; great-grandson of Ebenezer Seaver who was a member of congress from Massachusetts during Jackson's administration. The progenitor of the Parker family in this country was Deacon Thomas Parker who came to this country from England in 1635, settling first at Lynn and later at Reading, Mass. Daniel Cheever was the progenitor of the family of that name in this country, having left Canterbury, England, in 1637, and settling at Cambridge, Mass. Mr. Parker received his early education in the common schools of Highland County, Ohio; at Washington street public school at Roxbury, Mass.; and at Roxbury high school. He studied law and was admitted to the bar at Hillsboro, Ohio, in 1873; was admitted to the bar at Blountville in 1875; became interested in the banking business at Cullman, 1884, as the senior member of the firm Parker & Company; was clerk of Cullman, 1875-77; was mayor 1889-97; and was re-elected in 1901, serving until 1903. He was a delegate to the constitutional convention of 1901 from the third senatorial district; was chairman of the committee on state and county boundaries; was a member of the committee on suffrage and elections in that body; was elected to the legislature in 1902; and was re-elected in 1906. He is a Democrat; an Episcopalian; a Mason; a Knight of Pythias; and an Elk. He is the author of "The Parker Family," a short record of the Roxbury branch of the Parker family of Reading, Mass., and some of their descendants. Married: June 16, 1874, at Hillsboro, Ohio, to Cora Alice Heidelberg, daughter of Dr. George and Sarah (West) Heidelberg, of that place. Children: 1. George H., jr., b. March 18, 1875, d. April 10, 1904; 2. Mary Alice, b. July 27, 1877, m. M. L. Robertson, d. December 19, 1904; 3. Robert B., b. March 31, 1879, d. April 15, 1889; 4. Hattie Gude, b. October 29, 1881, d. January 2, 1891; 5. Sarah Seaver, b. August 23, 1884; 6. Harry, b. March 31, 1891. Residence: Cullman.

PARKER, GIDEON MARSENA, accountant and Confederate soldier, was born May 26, 1821,

at Essex, Conn., and died in Mobile, January 25, 1874; son of Gideon and Eunice Mather (Post) Parker, natives of Connecticut, the former coming to Alabama in 1835, when but fourteen years of age and locating as a clerk in his father's mercantile establishment in Mobile, under a Mr. Reed. The earliest Parker ancestor in this country, of which there is any record is William Parker, who died December 21, 1686. His children in the direct line married into the Buckingham, Smith, Pratt, Lay, Denison and Post families. Gideon M. Parker came to Mobile, in 1835, when a boy of fourteen. He received a common school education only, and was an accountant and mayor of Mobile, 1872. He was 1st lieutenant in the "Woodruff rifles," 21st Alabama infantry regiment; was captured at Shiloh, after the battle, while searching for his brother-in-law, Capt. John Chamberlain; taken as a prisoner to Johnson's Island; was exchanged and later served as provost marshal of Mobile until the city was captured by Gen. E. R. S. Canby; and was imprisoned by him in a cotton warehouse. He was a Whig before the war, and later a Democrat. He was a Baptist until after his marriage when he became a Catholic. Married: in Mobile, November 15, 1843, (1) to Jane Elizabeth, daughter of Samuel and Marie Anastasie (Reingeard) Mills, resident of Mobile, the former of Connecticut, the latter of French descent; (2) August 31, 1861, to Sarah Jane Chamberlain, of Worcester, Mass., sister of Capt. John C. Chamberlain, and a first cousin to Judge Henry Chamberlain (q. v.). Children: by first wife: 1. Frances Sarah; 2. Marsena Robert, deceased; 3. Augusta Sophia, deceased; 4. Mary Jane, deceased; 5. Julia Elizabeth, deceased; 6. Isabella Annette, m. Charles D. Sands, resided in Montgomery; and by second wife: (7) Carrie Marsena, m. Frederick H. Butts, and lives at Newton Center, Mass. Last residence: Mobile.

PARKER, JABEZ J., secretary of State, 1870.

PARKER, JAMES MONROE, merchant, planter and legislator, was born November 7, 1848, at Equality, Coosa County; son of Leroy Monroe and Nancy (Freeman) Parker, the former was a native of Milledgeville, Ga., but in 1824 removed to Wetumpka, later living at Equality; grandson of Elisha and Nancy (Baker) Parker, of Georgia, and of Calvin and Sarah (Yeilding) Freeman; great-grandson of William Parker, of Georgia, and of Robert and Nancy (Morgan) Yeilding, natives of South Carolina, who removed to Early County, Ga., the former a Revolutionary soldier under Marion, and of — Baker, and wife, a Miss Renfro. He was educated in the common schools and at Braggs academy, Central, Elmore County. He entered the Confederate Army in 1862, and in 1865 was made a sergeant in Co. C, 6th Alabama Cavalry, Clanton's brigade. He is a merchant, planter and stock dealer. He represented Coosa County in the legislature of 1919. Married: Mattie, daughter of Josiah and Ann Caroline (Houser) Haigler, of Lowndes County. Children: 1. Mildred Augustin, deceased, m. Dr. John A. Penton. Residence: Equality.

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PARKER, JOHN HENRY, lawyer, was born September 6, 1853, in Coosa County, and died in 1902, at Wetumpka; son of Dr. Eli S. C. and Lucy (Lee) Parker, who lived at Nixburg, Coosa County, the former a native of Clarke County, Ga., who lived at that place until 1834, when his father's family moved to Chambers County, began to practice medicine with his brother in Monroe County, and a year later, moved to Nixburg, where he was one of the first settlers, represented Coosa County in the State legislature in 1862 and 1864, and retired from the practice of medicine in 1870; grandson of John and Fannie (East) Parker, the former of English descent, who settled in Clarke County, Ga., and later moved to Alabama, settling in Chambers County near the Randolph County line. Dr. Parker received his early education in the common schools of the county, and attended Washington and Lee University, 1872-1874. He withdrew from the university in his senior year, and taught school for several years, then read law with Oliver & Garrett in Dadeville. He was admitted to the bar in 1877, and the following year located at Rockford as a partner of Stephen J. Darby, in the law firm of Darby & Parker. He founded the Rockford "Enterprise," in 1879 and edited that paper until 1888; and served as register in chancery for Coosa County from 1879 to 1888. He resigned from the office in the latter year, and entered the State senate from the eighteenth senatorial district, serving through the session of 1888-1889, as a member of the judiciary committee, the committee on revision of laws, and the committee on penitentiary. In October, 1892, he moved to Wetumpka, where he continued the practice of law. He was a delegate to the constitutional convention of 1901 from the fifteenth senatorial district. He was a Democrat, served on the Hancock ticket as alternate elector in 1880, and was chairman of the state executive committee at one time. He was a Presbyterian, a Master Mason, and a Knight of Pythias. Married: (1) December 28, 1880, to Alice Smith, who died August 11, 1890, daughter of Alexander Smith, at one time a member of the State legislature; (2) to Mary Mazelle Crawford, a granddaughter of Hon. Daniel Crawford, a member of the State legislature, and State treasurer for four years under Houston's administration. Children, by first marriage: 1. Jean Paul; 2. Alexander McKay; 3. John H., jr. Last residence: Wetumpka.

PARKER, MARSENA, sr., former mayor of Mobile. Deceased.

PARKER, WILLIAM, *soldier of the American Revolution*, age not given, a resident of Madison County; private 4th Regular U. S. Infantry; enrolled on September 6, 1820, payment to date from March 11, 1819; annual allowance, \$96; sums received to date of publication of list, \$1,437.90; acts military establishment.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

PARKER, WILLIAM J., acting commandant, University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa, 1901.

PARKS, ISAAC H., member of the constitutional convention of 1875, from Crenshaw County; father of Chalmers Parks of Tallahassee, Fla.

PARKS, R. H., lawyer, living in 1913. Residence: Troy.

PARKS, WILLIAM HAYNE, teacher, lawyer, was born January 18, 1834, in Mecklenburg County, N. C.; son of William H. and Eliza (Hayne) Parks, the former a farmer, and a colonel in the State militia, who was born, lived and died in North Carolina, the latter a native of South Carolina; great-grandson of Gen. Isaac Hayne, who was hanged by the British at Charleston, S. C. Judge Parks was reared on a farm and educated at Davidson college, North Carolina. Leaving college in his senior year, he went to Alabama, taught school for three years, began the study of law, and was admitted to the bar in 1859. He practiced law continuously until he was appointed criminal judge of Pike County, by Gov. Seay, and he served in that position for eight years. He was elected to the State senate in 1872, and for four years was a member of that body, serving on several committees and as chairman of the committee on local laws. After the expiration of his term as judge of the criminal court, he became a partner of his son, W. L. Parks, and practiced for two years with him, at the end of which time the son was elected chancellor for the southeastern chancery division of Alabama, and appointed Judge Parks register in chancery of Montgomery County. He is a Methodist Episcopalian and a Mason. Married: in September, 1856, to Catherine Benbow, daughter of Richard Benbow, of Pike County. Children: 1. Richard H., lawyer, solicitor for the twelfth circuit; 2. Adam B., farmer; 3. Judge William L., chancellor of southeastern chancery division of Alabama; 4. Isaac T., farmer; 5. Clifford, clerk of chancery court; 6. Samuel, musician; 7. Selden, recording clerk; 8. Irene P., m. E. P. Hollis, Banks. Residence: Montgomery.

PARKS, WILLIAM LYCAN, lawyer, born August 22, 1861, in Troy, Pike County; son of William Hayne and Catherine (Benbow) Parks, the former who removed from Mecklenburg County, North Carolina, to Alabama in 1855, was admitted to the bar in 1859, practiced law until appointed judge of the criminal court of Pike County, was State senator, 1872 to 1876 from that county, and served as register in chancery of Montgomery County; grandson of William N. and Eliza (Hayne) Parks, the latter who was the granddaughter of Isaac Hayne, a Revolutionary patriot executed near Charleston, S. C., by the British, and of Richard and Nancy Benbow; and great-grandson of Capt. Hugh Parks, a Revolutionary soldier from North Carolina. Chancellor Parks received his education in the schools of Troy, and at the law school of the University of Alabama. He was elected chancellor August 1, 1898, and on November 8, 1904, was re-elected; resigned the office of chancellor of the southeastern chancery division of Alabama, 1907; located at Andalusia; engaged in law practice; and was chosen

representative in November, 1910. He is a Democrat, was a delegate to the Chicago convention of 1896, which nominated Bryan for the presidency, and is a member of the Methodist church. Married: (1) to Vernon Hilliard; (2) to Susan Coleman, daughter of Walter and Fannie Coleman. Children, by first marriage: 1. Rockeport; 2. Vernon Hilliard; by second marriage: 3. Coleman; 4. Brickell; 5. Susan Coleman. Residence: Andalusia.

PARNELL, CHARLES NICHOLAS, physician; graduate of the medical department of the University of Alabama, 1891; licensed to practice by the county board of Chilton County. Residence: Maplesville.

PARR, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, "Died, on the 6th inst., at his residence about eight miles west of this place, Mr. John Parr, in the eighty-seventh year of his age. Mr. Parr emigrated from Fairfield District, S. Carolina, to this State about twelve years ago, and has since resided in the county till his death. He entered into the service of his country at the age of sixteen, in the Revolutionary war, and served two campaigns. No man has left behind him a more unblemished character."—*Alabama Beacon*, Greensboro, Ala., January 16, 1847.

PARRISH, CLARA WEAVER, artist, was born on Emerald plantation, near Selma, Dallas County; daughter of William Minter and Lucia Frances (Minter) Weaver, both natives of Dallas County, the former an honor graduate of the South Carolina college, Columbia, traveled abroad for a year and served with Gen. John Morgan, the cavalry leader, during the War of Secession; granddaughter of Philip J. and Ann Poure (Gardner) Weaver, and of Col. William T. and Susan (Bell) Minter, all of Dallas County. Mrs. Parrish had as a Colonial ancestor, Colonel Robert Rutherford, of Newberry District, S. C., who was with General Washington at Yorktown when Braddock surrendered to the American commander, and her Minter and Weaver progenitors were Revolutionary soldiers. She received her academic education in the Dallas academy and was trained in art at Cooper institute, where she received a bronze medal for portrait drawing, and in the Art students league, both of New York. She studied in Paris under Carlo Rosse and Raphael Collin and has exhibited her work at the Paris exposition and the Paris salon, the Royal academy, London, and current exhibitions in America. She has won prizes for water colors in New York, 1901, Knoxville, Tenn., 1910, and in New York again in 1913, the latter being offered by the Association of women painters and sculptors. She has designed many stained glass windows for Tiffany. Her work may be seen in St. Paul's Episcopal and the Baptist churches in Selma, and also in a Tuscaloosa church. She is an accomplished linguist, speaking besides her own language, French, German and Italian. She is a member of the Alabama society Colonial Dames; Daughters of the Confederacy; Ameri-



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can water color society; International des beaux arts, des lettres, des sciences, Paris; New York water color club; Society of women painters; Lyceum club; New York and Paris; Pen and Brush, New York. Married: W. P. Parrish. Residence: New York City.

PARRISH, J. S., lawyer, living in 1913. Residence: Montgomery.

PARRISH, JAMES ARTHUR, teacher, graduate of the Alabama polytechnic institute, with the B. S. degree, 1908; E. E. degree, 1909; principal of the Randolph County high school, 1913. Residence: Wedowee.

PARSONS, ENOCH, lawyer, came to Alabama from Tennessee in 1823, bringing with him the title of "General" probably received in local militia service, and the reputation of having served in the War of 1812 under Gen. Jackson. He was for many years associated professionally with Aaron B. Casper; represented his county in the legislature, 1828-30; was an unsuccessful candidate for governor in 1835; and died about the year 1843, at his plantation near the junction of the Coosa and Tallapoosa, to which he had removed only a short time previously. His family removed to Pennsylvania where one of his sons is a planter. He was a brother of Hon. Silas Parsons of Madison, and of Gen. Peter Parsons of Talladega. Last residence: Montgomery County.

PARSONS, JOSEPH HEPBURN, lawyer, was born February 10, 1854, at Talladega, Talladega County; son of Lewis Eliphalet and Jane Ann B. M. (Chrisman) Parsons (q. v.). He received his early education in his native town; attended the U. S. military academy, West Point, N. Y., 1874-75; and was later a student at Rutgers' college, New Jersey. He graduated from the law department of Columbia university, Washington, D. C., 1879, and in 1881, took a post graduate course; entered upon the practice, June, 1882, at Grand Forks, North Dakota; later practiced in Washington, D. C., including the U. S. supreme court, and in 1887, located in Birmingham. In 1905, he removed to Talladega. From April, 1875, to December, 1882, he held a position in the judiciary division in the office of the secretary of the treasury. He was at one time a member of the Republican party. Author: "Historical papers upon the events of rare interest in the Napoleonic epoch," printed in two volumes, of more than four hundred pages each. Unmarried. Residence: Talladega.

PARSONS, LEWIS ELIPHALET, lawyer and provisional governor, was born April 28, 1817, at Lisle, Boone County, N. Y., and died June 8, 1895, at Talladega; son of Erastus Bellamy and Jennett (Hepburn) Parsons, the former a native of Hampshire, Mass., a farmer, and also interested with Gov. Dewitt Clinton in the construction of the Erie Canal; grandson of Eliphalet and Martha (Young) Parsons, of Hampshire County, Mass., and of Leonard and Louisa Hepburn; great-grandson of Elihu and Sarah (Edwards) Parsons; great-great-grandson of Rev. Jonathan and Sarah (Pierrepont)

Edwards, the former a graduate of Yale college in 1720, noted divine and theologian, and third president of the College of New Jersey; great-great-great-grandson of Timothy and Esther (Stoddard) Edwards, the former a graduate of Harvard college in 1691, for sixty years minister of the East parish Congregational church, of East Windsor; great-great-great-great-grandson of Rev. Solomon Edwards and wife, who was Mrs. Esther Mather, the former the pastor of the First Congregational church, at Northampton, Mass., from 1672-1729, and of Richard and Elizabeth (Tuthill) Edwards, the former a merchant of Hartford, Conn.; great-great-great-great-great-grandson of Anthony and Mary (Downing) Stoddard, the former an emigrant from England to Boston about 1639, admitted a freeman of the colony in 1640, and for twenty-three years a representative in the general court, and of William Edwards, a merchant of Hartford, Conn., who married an Englishwoman; great-great-great-great-great-grandson of Rev. Richard and Annie Edwards, the former a native of Scotland who in the time of Queen Elizabeth was a clergyman of the Established church in London, the latter, left a widow, married James Coles, and with her son, William Edwards, came to Hartford, Conn., about 1640, and of Emmanuel Downing of Salem, Mass. Governor Parsons was educated in the public schools and read law in the office of Frederick Tallmadge, in New York, and later under G. W. Woodward, in Pennsylvania. He came to Alabama in 1840, locating in Talladega, and forming a partnership with Alexander White. He was on the Fillmore electoral ticket in 1856, and in 1859 represented Talladega County in the legislature where he advocated State aid and internal improvement. In 1863 he again represented the same county in the State legislature and opposed the militia system of the State, because the Confederate government had full power in the premises. President Johnson appointed him provisional governor of the State, June 21, 1865, serving until in December of that year, at that date being elected without opposition a senator in the U. S. congress, but was refused his seat by the Republican party. He also served as U. S. district attorney for northern Alabama. He was a Presbyterian; Mason; Whig, then a Democrat, and later a Republican. Married: September 16, 1841, at Nicholasville, Ky., to Jane Ann Boyd McCullough, daughter of Col. Joseph and Celia (McDowell) Chrisman, of near Nicholasville, Ky.; granddaughter of Colonel McDowell, who commanded one of the Kentucky-Tennessee regiments at the battle of King's Mountain. Children: 1. George Wake; 2. Jennett Hepburn, m. Samuel Toole, both deceased; 3. Lewis Eliphalet, m. Kate Kelly; 4. Erastus Jonathan, deceased; 5. Celia, m. H. R. Boswell (q. v.); 6. Joseph Hepburn; 7. Jessamine Kentucky, m. James H. Stevenson, both deceased. Last residence: Talladega.

PARSONS, LEWIS ELIPHALET, jr., lawyer, U. S. district attorney, was born December 13, 1847, at Talladega, and died October 6, 1916, at Wetumpka; son of Gov. Lewis Eliphalet and Jane Ann Boyd McCullough (Chrisman) Par-

sons (q. v.). He was educated at the Baptist college at Talladega, under Prof. Adolphus Woodward, and at Eastman's business college, Poughkeepsie, N. Y. During the last year of the War of Secession, he enlisted in the First company of the Washington artillery, C. S. Army, and fought in the last battle of the war, against Wilson's cavalry, at Oxford, Ga. At that time he was in command of the only cannon the Confederate force of four hundred men had, to resist eighteen hundred of the enemy, and after the gun and its crew were captured, the prisoners were paroled on the field. He also participated at the battle of Drewry's Bluff, Va., when the first company, Washington artillery, and Belger's Rhode Island battery, advancing simultaneously to seize an important position on a slight rise in the wide expanse of an open field, in full view of both sides, actually charged each other at full gallop. The Confederate battery arrived first, unlimbered and opened upon Belger's battery, which halted within thirty yards. As it swung into line, and before it could fire a shot, the Union force, in less than three minutes, was totally annihilated, not a man or horse escaping. The Confederate force captured the entire battery which was presented to the first company on the field by Gen. Beauregard, in token of his admiration of the feat. After the war, Mr. Parsons studied law, was admitted to the bar, and practiced at Rockford and Birmingham, and in all the state and federal courts. He was appointed U. S. district attorney for the northern and middle districts of Alabama during the administration of Benjamin Harrison. He was a Republican. Married: to Catherine Kelley, daughter of Dr. James Kelley, who lived near Bradford, Coosa County. Children: 1. Margaret McNeil, m. Dr. Berney Saffold (q. v.), University; 2. James Kelley, colonel in U. S. Army, commanded the Thirty-ninth U. S. Infantry in the Argonne battles in France, during the war with Germany, was gassed, temporarily blinded and wounded, and on partial recovery was placed in command of St. Nazaire, one of the three principal ports of embarkation for the American troops, and held that position until the work was completed, receiving the distinguished service cross for gallantry and meritorious service, m. Volinda Henderson; 3. Erastus Jonathon, U. S. district attorney for northern and middle Alabama for one term, lawyer in New York City, m. Isabel Taylor. Last residence: Wetumpka.

PARSONS, SILAS, lawyer, was born about 1800, in Kentucky, and died in November, 1860, in Huntsville; brother of Gen. Enoch Parsons, a lawyer of Claiborne, who was the Whig candidate for governor in 1835, in opposition to Judge Clay, and of Gen. Peter Parsons, for many years a prominent lawyer and politician in East Tennessee. Little is known of his ancestry and early life. He came to Alabama from Tennessee, and first settled in Jackson County in 1819, as a farmer. He served as sheriff of the county from 1823 to 1826, and during that time studied law. Admitted to the bar, he practiced for a short time at Bellefonte, then went to Huntsville in 1831, and

entered a partnership with Col. Byrd Brandon, and later with Judge Hopkins. He was elected the first chancellor of the northern division in 1838 by the legislature, but declined the office, and was appointed by Gov. Chapman and later elected by the legislature to fill the vacancy on the supreme court bench caused by the resignation of Justice Collier, 1849. He remained on the bench for two years, then was forced by failing health to resign. He moved to Texas and resided on a plantation about ten miles from Austin. While on a visit to Huntsville in 1860, he died, and was buried at that place. Married: to Miss Reed, a daughter of John Reed, of Madison, whose sister married Col. Jere Clemens. He had no children. Last residence: near Austin, Tex.

PARTLOW, WILLIAM DEMPSEY, physician and third superintendent of the Alabama insane hospitals, was born February 4, 1877, at Ashville, St. Clair County; son of David Alonso and Modena Catherine (Beason) Partlow, the former born at Ashville, where he made his home, and for two last years of the War of Secession was a private in the C. S. Army; grandson of Dempsey Winburn and Mary (Montgomery) Partlow, of South Carolina, who removed in 1820 to Alabama and of William Spruell and Julia Ann Deerman, the former of whom came, in boyhood, from Abbeville District, S. C., to Ashville. He obtained early education in the public school at Ashville, and in 1896 finished the course at St. Clair college, now Ashville high school. On April 3, 1901 he graduated in the medical department of the University of Alabama, delivering the valedictory for his class. He was a physician in the Bryce hospital at Tuscaloosa for the insane from graduation to October 1, 1908, when he was appointed assistant superintendent of the hospital, and this position he held until his election in 1919 as the successor to Dr. James T. Searcy. He has been twice president of the Tuscaloosa County medical society, is a member and a counsellor of the Medical association of Alabama, and orator of the association in 1909; a member of the American medical association, a member of the American medicopsychological association, and a member of the National geographic society. He is a Methodist. He has written a number of papers and essays, including "Degeneracy," "Value of employment and its relation to nervous and mental diseases," "Medicine and sociology—Their relation in the past and present." Married: April 26, 1906, in Birmingham, to Margaret Cummings, daughter of James Thomas and Margaret (Cummings) Nixon, of that city. Children: 1. William Dempsey, jr.; 2. Margaret Cummings; 3. Nixon Beason. Residence: Tuscaloosa.

PARTRIDGE, DANIEL, jr., lawyer, was born March 4, 1878, at Selma, Dallas County, and died August 14, 1915, in Selma, son of Daniel and Lucy Green (Harrie) Partridge, the former a Confederate soldier, born in Montgomery, but later a resident of Mobile; grandson of Daniel and Martha Jane (Steele) Partridge, the former a native of Maine, who located in

Mobile in 1822, and of Levi Cunningham and Lucy Ann (Green) Harris, the former a native of S. C., a veteran of the battle of New Orleans in the War of 1812; great-grandson of Charles Steele of Mobile, and of Joseph Kirkland and Mildred Merriwether (Cabell) Green, of Jefferson County, Miss.; great-great-grandson of Thomas Marston Green, colonel in the Continental Army, member of congress from Mississippi Territory 1801-02, and of Col. William Cabell of Amherst, Va., member of congress from the Amherst District. Mr. Partridge was educated in the public schools of Selma, at Marion institute, and studied art two years in Paris. He graduated from the law department of the University of Alabama, LL. B., 1898, and located in Selma where he resided until his death; was appointed judge of the fourth judicial circuit by acting-Gov. R. M. Cunningham, April, 1904, to fill an unexpired term. He was an Episcopalian, and a Democrat. Married: November 26, 1903, at Chestertown, Md., to Grace Stewart, daughter of Charles Stewart and Eloise Sewell (Somervell) Solomon, who lived at Strathmore, Calvert County, Md.; granddaughter of Charles and Sara (Chandler) Solomon of Delaware, and of Alexander and Cornelia Olivia (Lowell) Somervell; great-great-granddaughter of Dr. James and Sarah (Howe) Somervell, the former a native of Scotland, born in 1692, a cadet of the house of Somervell, the founder of which went to England with William of Normandy, an ardent Jacobite who shared the fortunes of James Stewart, was taken prisoner and transported to the Colony of Maryland. Children: 1. Daniel; 2. Charlotte Louise. Last residence: Selma.

PARTRIDGE, JOHN WILLIAM, Baptist minister, was born December 18, 1872, at New Site, Tallapoosa County; son of Jesse Madison and Francis Elizabeth (Perryman) Partridge, the former who was a native of Meriwether County, Ga., later removed to Alabama, and was a farmer. The Partridges were of English and the Perrymans of Scotch-Irish descent. Mr. Partridge received his early education in the schools of New Site; was graduated A. B. from Howard college in 1906; and attended the Southern Baptist theological seminary at Louisville, Ky., for one year. He was ordained in the First Baptist church at Hurtsboro, Ala., October 1, 1898; served churches at Birmingham, Russellville, Dothan, and Prattville; was clerk in the office of the probate judge of Tallapoosa County in 1898; was a member of the legislature of 1919 from Franklin County; and has been pastor of the First Baptist church, Russellville. He is a Democrat; Mason; and Odd Fellow. Married: March 22, 1896, at Hurtsboro, to Lodeska Harsley, daughter of Dr. Henry M. and Mary Dalton (Boon) Harsley; and granddaughter of James M. Boon, who was a descendant of Daniel Boone. Children: 1. Jessie, teacher of domestic science, Florence; 2. Jimmie; 3. Eloise, Russellville. Residence: Russellville.

PARTRIDGE, ROBERT H., major, 15th Confederate cavalry, C. S. Army.

PASCHAL, GEORGE DENNIS, physician, graduate of the medical department of the University of New York, 1872; licensed to practice by county board of Russell. Residence: Hurtsboro.

PATERSON, WILLIAM BURNS, educator and horticulturist, was born February 9, 1850, at Tullibody, Clackmannanshire, Scotland, and died March 16, 1915, at Montgomery; son of John and Janet (Burns) Paterson, of Tullibody. He was a lineal descendant of John, brother of the poet Robert Burns. He had three years in the elementary schools of Scotland. In youth he was employed on the estate of Lord Abercrombie, located near Tullibody, and here he acquired that great love for flowers which played so important a part in his life. In 1869 he came to America, landing in New York; and after various experiences through the north and middle west, he drifted south to do construction work on a railroad being built out of Selma. In the early part of 1870 he opened a school for negroes near the McFadden plantation in the vicinity of Greensboro. From 1871 to 1879 he conducted Tullibody academy for negroes at Greensboro, so named for his old home. In the latter year he removed to Marion, where he became president of the Lincoln normal university for colored students. Here he remained several years, at the same time agitating in favor of State support. He finally succeeded in 1889, in securing an appropriation and also legislative authorization for relocation. Montgomery was selected, and Mr. Paterson opened the school in the Beulah Baptist church under the name of State normal school for colored students. He successfully presided over this institution as long as he lived. He overcame opposition to his plans, and vindicated his position in favor of public support. In 1890 he opened up a floral establishment, known as the Rosemont gardens, which grew from 16 x 50 foot greenhouse to an area of about five acres. He was a Democrat; a Presbyterian; and a charter member of the Alabama State horticultural society. Married: June 5, 1879, at Selma, to Margaret Bingham, daughter of Newton R. and Annie (Bingham) Flack. Mrs. Paterson, a teacher, was a graduate of Oberlin college and a native of Canfield, Ohio, she was of Irish descent. Children: 1. Annie Janet, m. Rupert D. Wilson; 2. William Burns, m. Carrie Burton McDade; 3. James Porter, m. Ila Watson; 4. John Haygood, m. Lucy Benton Young; 5. Wallace Bruce, m. Alice Gay. All reside in Montgomery, the proprietors of the Rosemont gardens. Last residence: Montgomery.

PATILLO, WILLIAM THOMAS, Methodist minister, was born November 16, 1840, near Loachapoka, Lee (then Macon) County; son of Rev. Nathan Winfield and Eliza Ann Rodgers (Hightower) Patillo, the former born near Liberty, Greene County, Ga., removed to Alabama in 1839 and from that date until his death October 3, 1878, resided near Loachapoka and Auburn; grandson of John and Mary (Winfield) Patillo, of Liberty and Whitesville, Ga., and of Elisha and Mary (Oslin) High-

tower, of Upson County, Ga., who moved in 1869 to Texas, and died there at advanced ages; and great-grandson of Sam Patillo, also of Georgia. Rev. Mr. Patillo attended the country schools, and East Alabama male college at Auburn, 1859-61, but it was not until June, 1868, he was awarded his A. B. degree. He taught in the vicinity of his home, 1865-68; was principal of the preparatory school, East Alabama male college, 1868-69; and taught at Union school house near La Place, 1869-70. He was sergeant in Capt. J. W. Rush's co., 1st Alabama, Tennessee and Mississippi infantry regiment, until the fall of Island No. 10; first lieutenant in the 54th Alabama regiment of mounted infantry, October, 1864, to April 26, 1865; and was present at the capitulation at Greensboro, N. C. In October, 1865, he was licensed as a minister of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, and in November, 1870, was admitted on trial into full connection in the North Alabama conference, in session at Gadsden. Married: July 16, 1870, at the residence of her family near La Place, to Sarah Virginia, daughter of Lindsay Harper and Elizabeth (Allen) Cole. Children: 1. Annie Lizzie, deceased, m. Dr. Charles S. Northen, of Talladega; 2. Marvin, a druggist, m. Eulah, daughter of W. V. Echols; 3. Mary Cole, m. A. F. Stinson, of Cullman; 4. Pierce, a druggist, at Hartselle, m. Ethel, daughter of A. A. Oden, of that place; 5. Helen Claude, teacher; 6. Sallie Will; 7. Wesley Allen, secretary Jefferson County building and loan association, m. Nannie Hughes, of Birmingham. Last residence: Montevallo.

PATRICK, BENJAMIN SWEAT, commandant Alabama polytechnic institute, was born June 9, 1874, at Greenville, S. C.; son of John Bellinger and Maria Louisa (Goodlett) Patrick, and a brother of Dr. R. G. Patrick (q. v.). Col. Patrick obtained early education in Greenville military institute, S. C., and the Patrick military institute, Anderson, S. C., from which he graduated, June, 1892; attended Furman university, September, 1892-January, 1893, and Alabama polytechnic institute at Auburn, 1895-98, graduating, B. Sc., 1897, and M. Sc., 1898; and also attended, in 1903, and 1904, summer sessions of the University of Chicago. In 1893-94, he was instructor in Patrick military institute; in 1894-95, was teacher in Bethlehem male college, Cuthbert, Ga., and 1898-1916, he was commandant of cadets and professor of military science and tactics in Alabama polytechnic institute. He is now professor of mathematics. He is a Democrat; a Baptist; and a member of the Chi Psi college fraternity. Married: August 18, 1910, at Ruston, La., to Bertie, daughter of Stephen Joseph and Mary Alice (Henry) Heard, of that place; and granddaughter of Charles and Parthenia (Davis) Heard, and of John Henry (Mitchell) Henry. Residence: Auburn.

PATRICK, GEORGE H., assistant secretary of the constitutional convention of 1867. Died July 30, 1920. Residence: Washington, D. C.

PATRICK, ROBERT GOODLETT, educator, was born January 15, 1866, at Greenville, S. C.; son of John Bellinger and Marie Louise (Goodlett) Patrick, the former born at Midway, Barnwell County, S. C., lived at Greenville, S. C., for more than thirty years was superintendent of Patrick military institute at Greenville and Anderson, S. C., was professor in Arsenal Academy, Columbia, S. C., and a captain in the C. S. Army; grandson of John Milliken and Lavinia (Gillam) Patrick, who lived at Midway, S. C., and of Col. Robert Poole and Lucretia (Young) Goodlett, who lived at Greenville, S. C., the latter of English and Welsh ancestry. He obtained his early education in a private school at Greenville, S. C., and in Patrick military institute, at that place. He was graduated from Furman university, B. A., June, 1885, and from the Southern Baptist theological seminary, Th.M. The degree of D. D. was conferred upon him in 1896 by Howard College. He was ordained in the Baptist ministry in 1886, and served as pastor of the church at Yorkville, S. C., 1886-1891; as pastor of the First church at Maysville, Ky., 1892-1895; of Siloam church, Marion, 1895-1896. He became president of Judson college in 1896, and held that position until 1913; was secretary of the Alabama Baptist Educational Commission, 1912-1913; and was president of the Southern Baptist Educational Association, 1908-1913. He is a Democrat and a member of the Chi Psi college fraternity. Married: June 27, 1888, at Greenville, S. C., to Hellen Manly, daughter of Dr. Charles and Mary (Matthews) Manly, of that place, who lived at Tuscaloosa at the time of Mrs. Patrick's birth, and later lived at Murfreesboro, Tenn., at Staunton, Va., at Greenville, S. C., and at Lexington, Va., the former born in Charleston, S. C., in 1837; granddaughter of Basil and Sarah Murray (Rudolph) Manly, who moved from South Carolina to Alabama, where the former was the second president of the University of Alabama. Children: 1. Mary Louise, professor of mathematics at Bessie Tift College, Forsyth, Ga.; 2. Hellen Gurganus, Marion. Residence: Chicago, Ill.

PATTERSON, CHARLES R., business man, was born October 17, 1857, in Portsmouth, Ohio. He came to Alabama in May, 1886, was one of the organizers and is now president of the Dispatch printing and stationery company of Birmingham. He is a Mason. Married: June 27, 1883, to Florence J. Hite, of Clarinda, Ia. Residence: Birmingham.

PATTERSON, JOSIAH, lawyer, colonel C. S. Army and representative in the Tennessee legislature, was born April 14, 1837, in Morgan County, and died on February 10, 1903; son of Malcolm and Mary (Deloach) Patterson. He attended the old field schools of his native county; was a student at Somerville academy; read law without an instructor and was admitted to the bar, 1859; practiced in Morgan county, 1859-61; entered the C. S. Army as first lieutenant in the 1st Alabama cavalry and was promoted to colonel of the 5th Alabama regiment; resumed the practice of law in Morgan

County, 1865, and removed to Tennessee, 1872; representative in the State Legislature, 1882, and democratic representative from the tenth Tennessee district in the 52nd, 53rd and 54th congresses, 1891-97. Married: in 1859, to Josephine, daughter of Judge Green P. and Eliza (Turner) Rice, of Alabama. Among children: Malcolm Rice (q. v.). Last residence: Tennessee.

PATTERSON, LAMAR GRAY, chemist and broker, was born September 19, 1865; son of Thomas Leiper and Louisa (Sprigg) Patterson. He graduated from the University of Virginia in 1885 and took special work in chemistry. He worked as a chemist in a private laboratory in Cumberland, Md.; was chemist, Mississippi experiment station, 1888; Washington carbon company, Pennsylvania, 1894; metallurgist, Aetna standard iron and steel company, 1898; chemist, Alabama steel and ship building company, 1899; Virginia State fertilizer company, 1900; formerly superintendent of the Lynchburg, Va., branch and later of the Montgomery branch of the Virginia Carolina chemical company. He is now the member of a brokerage firm in Montgomery. He is a fellow, London chemical society, and member, American philosophical society. Married: September 14, 1892, to Mary Humphreys, of Columbus, Miss. Residence: Montgomery.

PATTERSON, LORENZO D., Methodist minister, member of the North Alabama conference; living in 1913.

PATTERSON, L. D., prominent educator, who lived in DeKalb County. Deceased.

PATTERSON, MALCOLM RICE, ex-governor of Tennessee, was born June 7, 1861, at Somerville, Morgan County; son of Josiah and Josephine (Rice) Patterson (q. v.). He was educated at the Christian brothers college, receiving the A. M. degree, and later attended Vanderbilt university; admitted to the bar, 1883; was elected to 57th and 59th congresses, 1901-7; governor of Tennessee for two terms, 1907-11. Residence: Memphis, Tenn.

PATTERSON, THOMAS H., major and later lieutenant colonel, 30th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

PATTERSON, WILLIAM C., major, and later lieutenant colonel, 35th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

PATTESON, BENJAMIN, U. S. marshal, was born September 15, 1789, at Scottsville, Albemarle County, Va., and died September 15, 1862, at Huntsville; son of Fenton Patteson. In company with his two brothers, Thomas and Fenton Patteson, and his sister Elizabeth, he went to Nashville, Tenn., at the time when Gen. Andrew Jackson was beginning his military career. Mr. Patteson became an intimate friend of Gen. Jackson, and with his sister accompanied Jackson to Huntsville on horseback.

Gen. Jackson appointed Mr. Patteson a brigadier general on his staff. On a corner of a street in Huntsville, a large rock stands, marking the spot where Gen. Jackson and his army of three thousand men halted at eight o'clock on the evening of October 11, 1813, after marching thirty-two miles in five hours. At that time and place, Gen. Patteson distributed to each man so many grains of parched corn. After the war question was settled with the Indians, Gen. Patteson returned to Huntsville. He was U. S. marshal for thirty-one years, and was again appointed to the position by Jefferson Davis. He left his home when war was declared, and spent the rest of his life with his family near Gunter'sville. He was a Democrat and a Methodist. Married: September 28, 1833, at Chilhowie, Va., to Sarah Sanders, daughter of John and Susan Sanders, of that place. Children: 1. Susan Wells; 2. Kate; 3. Fannie, m. Dr. Edwin Taliaferro, Huntsville; 4. Benjamin, m. Lena Welborn; 5. Sanders; 6. Sarah, m. George Scruggs, Memphis, Tenn.; 7. Elizabeth, m. Edward Weeks, Huntsville; 8. Senah, m. Rev. John A. Thompson, Montgomery; 9. Emma, m. John Almont Carter; 10. Lila Mastin, m. Jessie Walter Laxson, Huntsville. Last residence: Huntsville.

PATTON, CHARLES HAYS, planter, physician, manufacturer, was born in 1806, in Monroe County, Va., and died in Huntsville. He was a brother of Gov. Robert Miller Patton (q. v.), and of John Patton (q. v.). He was graduated from Yale University, and later from the medical department of the University of Pennsylvania, and entered the practice of medicine and surgery at Huntsville, about 1830. During the war with Mexico, he served as surgeon in the U. S. Army, and after the war, again practiced his profession in Huntsville, where he was also a large planter. He was president and practically owner of the Bell Factory Cotton Mill, built by his father, Col. Andrew Beirne and Mr. Donegan. The Bell Factory mill was the first cotton mill in Alabama and probably the first in the south. He was a Whig until the dissolution of that party, then became a Democrat. Married: in 1831, at Union, Monroe County, to Sarah Plunkett Beirne, daughter of Col. Andrew and Nancy (Keenan) Beirne, of that place, who came to America from Londonderry, Ireland. Children: 1. Mary Beirne, m. Maj. W. H. Echols, Huntsville; 2. Mattie Lee, m. Maj. J. R. Stevens; 3. Oliver Beirne, attended the University of Virginia, planter at Huntsville, m. Betty Irvine White, daughter of Addison White of Huntsville, children, Susie B., Irvine W., Oliver B., Mattie Lee, Alice G., and Milton H. Last residence: Huntsville.

PATTON, JOHN, merchant and planter, was born July 5, 1814, in Virginia, and died in June, 1887 at Huntsville. He was a brother of Gov. Robert Miller Patton (q. v.) and of Charles Hays Patton (q. v.). Early in life he entered his father's mercantile store, purchased his father's interest in 1836 and successfully conducted the business until 1856. He was also owner of an extensive plantation in Mississippi

which he conducted until 1868, when he retired from active business life. Married: July 11, 1843, to M. Louise, daughter of James Walker of Virginia, a planter, and at one time a representative in the State legislature. Of the seven children born to the marriage, the following are living: 1. James H., planter and trader, Huntsville; 2. Robert H., merchant, Ellisville, Miss.; 3. Leila D., m. William H. Raymond, merchant, Selma. Last residence: Huntsville.

PATTON, ROBERT MILLER, planter, twentieth governor of Alabama, was born July 10, 1809, in Russell County, Va., and died February 28, 1885, at Sweet Water, near Florence; son of William and Martha Lee (Hays) Patton, natives, respectively, of Londonderry, Ireland, and Louisa County, Va., the former, born in May, 1778, who came to America with his parents in 1791, and settled in Virginia, went to Huntsville in 1818, where he became a planter and a merchant, was one of the founders of the Bell factory cotton mill, said to be the first cotton mill in the Gulf States, and died at Huntsville in 1846; grandson of Robert and Jane (Ramsey) Patton, of Londonderry, Ireland, who came to Monroe County, Va., in 1791, and of Charles Hays, of Louisa County, Va., who came with his wife from Ireland and settled in Louisa County, Va. Gov. Patton attended Green academy at Huntsville, the only academy in Alabama at that time, and after attending school for a few years, was placed in a commercial house to learn the business. He is said to have had charge of the first cotton gin ever operated in Alabama. In 1829, he moved to Florence, and began his mercantile life which continued until about 1857 or 1858, when his sons took over the business. He was a planter owning over four thousand acres and three hundred slaves. In 1832, he was elected to the State legislature at Tuscaloosa from Lauderdale County, Democratic territory, although he was a Whig, and in 1837 was a member of the special legislature called to relieve the people of the state from the distress caused by the financial panic of that year. From that time until the beginning of the War of Secession, he served almost continuously in one or the other branch of the legislature, and was president of the senate several times, holding that office at the outbreak of hostilities. He was a member of the national convention which met in Charleston, S. C., in 1860, and of the State convention which passed the secession ordinance. He opposed secession, believing that it meant war, but when the state left the union, gave his entire support to the southern cause, spending his time and fortune aiding it, and as commissioner under the Confederate government, raised millions of dollars to support the armies in the field. During the war, his large estate was overrun by the enemy, and much of his land laid waste.

Gov. Patton represented Lauderdale County in the constitutional convention of 1865, and later in that year was elected governor, defeating Col. M. J. Bulger and Judge William R. Smith, the latter having represented the more decided Union element. In 1867, he issued five

hundred thousand dollars worth of what were known as "Patton certificates," to enable the state to pay a portion of its expenses in anticipation of the collection of taxes. Before his term had expired, every dollar had been redeemed in national currency. His administration was conducted under difficulties arising out of the conflicting sentiments of the people of the state and the hostile legislation of congress, and his orders and appointments were subject to the supervision of the military authorities. At the close of his term the bonded indebtedness of the state was little more than a million dollars, notwithstanding that he had paid interest on the debt incident to the war, had administered affairs for an entire year without collecting taxes, and had fed thirty thousand persons made paupers by the war. He was largely instrumental in having congress suspend the collection of the war tax due to the Federal government by each of the southern states, at a time when its collection would have ruined Alabama. In July, 1868, he was displaced under the reconstruction acts of congress. He organized an association of eastern capitalists to connect Chattanooga, Mobile and New Orleans by railway; was president of the road from Chattanooga to Meridian; of the South and North Alabama railroad company; and was active in building the Mobile and Chattanooga railroad. He aided in the rebuilding of the University of Alabama, burned by Federal troops; was trustee of the Missouri State university, of the University of Alabama, of the State normal college, and of the Florence synodical female college. The public school at Florence bears his name, and the Presbyterian church at that place, of which he was elder for fifty-four years, contains a window to his memory. He is buried in Huntsville.

Married: January 31, 1832, in Huntsville, to Jane Locke (q. v.), daughter of Gen. John and Mary (Weakley) Braham, of that place, the former a soldier in the War of 1812, serving as major general with Gen. Jackson at the Battle of New Orleans, and a warm personal friend of Gen. John Coffee; granddaughter of Col. Robert Weakley, of Nashville, a lieutenant in the Revolutionary War, whose wife was a daughter of Matthew Locke, born in 1730, in England, member of the house of burgesses, one of the court officers of the crown of England, who came to America in 1775, became a member of the congress which met at Halifax, N. C., April 4, 1776, and a senator from North Carolina at Philadelphia, 1793-1797. Children: 1. John Braham, captain in the C. S. Army, d. 1905; 2. William Anderson, first lieutenant in the C. S. Army, killed at the battle of Shiloh, April 6, 1862; 3. Mary J., d. 1908, m. John J. McDavid, whose son, Robert Patton McDavid (q. v.), was secretary of state of Alabama in 1899; 4. Mattie H., m. Col. John D. Weeden (q. v.) of the Forty-ninth Alabama infantry, C. S. Army; 5. Robert Weakley, member of the University of Alabama cadet corps, and orderly sergeant in the body guard of Brig.-Gen. Pillow, C. S. Army, killed in a skirmish around Selma, April, 1865; 6. John Simpson, d. in boyhood; 7. Charles Hays, d. August



JUDGE WILLIAM M. WALKER

12, 1891; 8. Thomas, d. in infancy; 9. Andrew Beirne, d. in 1882. Last residence: Sweetwater, near Florence.

PATTON, WILLIAM B., grand master, grand lodge, Masons, 1823.

PAUL, ELZA BLAND, teacher and Methodist minister, was born September 25, 1877, at Orrville, Dallas County; son of John Washington and Elizabeth Permella (Booth) Paul, the former a native of South Carolina, who lived at Orrville, and served in the C. S. Army; grandson of William and Elizabeth Permella Booth, who lived near Rehoboth, and in Dallas and Wilcox Counties. He received his early education at home in a private school near Orrville, and in public schools at Orrville and Safford Station; attended the preparatory department of Southern university for one year, and the Columbiana fitting school for part of three years. He attended Southern university, 1893-1894, and 1898-1901, and was graduated in the latter year, A. B. He began life for himself as cashboy in a department store in Selma, in 1891; served as a tutor in the Columbiana fitting school in 1895; taught in the country school near Columbiana for a few months; farmed during the next spring; moved to Independence, Autauga County, in June, 1897; taught a private school at Ida Hoe school house during the summer, and public school at the same place during the winter; taught public school at Milton and Huckabee, Autauga County, 1898; at Calcis, Shelby County, summer, 1901; professor of mathematics and language in West Alabama agricultural school, 1901-1903; taught at Hamilton, Marion County; special tutor in North Alabama college at Fort Payne, six weeks; principal, Collinsville high school, DeKalb County, 1903-1904; taught at Huckabee, summer 1904; principal Albertville public school, Marshall County, 1904-1905. He was licensed to preach at Wetumpka in 1898, by the Prattville district conference of the Methodist Episcopal church South; was appointed to supply Rutledge Circuit, Union Springs District, in June, 1905; was admitted on trial into traveling connection, Alabama Conference, December, 1905; has served several charges; and is now stationed at Columbia. He is a Mason and an Odd Fellow. Married: July 5, 1903, at Billingsley, to Martha Eleanor, daughter of William and Elizabeth Jane (Farley) Hinton, who lived near Billingsley. Children: 1. Freddie Inez; 2. Ouida Fay. Residence: Columbia.

PAYNE, LEONIDAS WARREN, jr., teacher, was born July 12, 1873, at Auburn; son of Leonidas Warren and Mary Jane (Foster) Payne, formerly of Georgia, who moved to Alabama in 1837. He received his early education in the private schools at Auburn; graduated from the Alabama polytechnic institute with the degrees of B. S. 1892, M. S. 1893, and was fellow in English, 1892-3; University of Pennsylvania, Ph. D., 1904, and elected Harrison fellow in English, 1903. He held several different positions at the Alabama polytechnic institute; taught English in various schools of

the State; was associate editor of Lippincott's revision of Worcester's dictionary, 1904-06; removed to Louisiana and later to Texas where he is now connected with the English department of the University of Texas. Author: "The Hector of Germany," 1906; "A Word-List of East Alabama": "Southern literary readings," 1913. Married: October 27, 1897, at Lafayette, to Mary Susan, daughter of Rev. William Carey and Sarah Elizabeth (Higgins) Bledsoe, of that place. Children: 1. W. C.; 2. Leonidas Warren, III; 3. Sarah Farnham. Residence: Austin, Tex.

PAYNE, MATHEY, soldier of the American Revolution, aged 76, resided in Walker County, June 1, 1840.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 150.

PAYNE, WILLIAM, soldier of the American Revolution, a resident of Marengo County; private, particular service not shown; enrolled on March 13, 1835, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$20.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile.

PAYNE, WILLIAM WINTER, planter, representative in congress, was born January 2, 1805, in Fauquier County, Va., and died September 2, 1874, in Warrenton, Va. He was descended from a highly respectable family, and received a good academic education. In 1825, he moved to Alabama and settled at Tusculumbia, and in 1831 represented Franklin County in the legislature. Two years later he moved to Sumter County, and engaged in planting on a large scale. He was elected to the legislature from that county in 1836, and was re-elected in 1837 and 1838. The following year he was the candidate of the Democratic party for the senate, and was defeated by Samuel B. Boyd, by only four votes out of twenty-five thousand. Conceiving that he had grounds, he contested the election, and the matter was brought before the senate for investigation. The result was that Mr. Boyd's seat in the body was declared invalid, and another election was ordered, which being too late in the session for any practical use, was held over to the regular election in 1840 when Mr. Payne declined the contest. In 1841 he was elected to congress on the general ticket system; was re-elected in 1843 over Col. Elisha Young, the Whig candidate; and in 1845 over John Irwin of Greene County, the independent candidate. Mr. Payne was not re-nominated for congress in 1847, because of a two-thirds rule at the convention, and in the fall of the same year, returned to Virginia, and resided near Warrenton, engaging in planting for the rest of his life. In 1859 he presided over the Democratic state convention at Richmond. Married: in 1826, to a daughter of John J. Winston of Franklin County. His son was a colonel in the War of Secession, and his son-in-law, whose name was Payne, commanded a brigade of Virginia troops in the C. S. Army. Last residence: near Warrenton, Va.

PEACH, GEORGE W., lawyer, living in 1913. Residence: Clayton.

PEACH, JOHN HIXON, farmer, was born May 11, 1829, in South Carolina, and died September 20, 1905, at Clayton; son of George and Abigail (Hixon) Peach, natives of South Carolina. He was educated in the common schools, and removed to this State when quite young; served as a private in Co. B, 53rd Alabama cavalry, C. S. Army. He was a Democrat; Methodist; and a Mason. Married: (1) February 2, 1858, to Susannah R., daughter of Ledford and Stacy (Lawson) Edwards, of Pike County; (2) February 15, 1876, to Nancy, daughter of Levi and Stacy Robertson (Turner) Wheelless, natives of Talbot County, Ga. Children: by first wife, 1. George Washington, m. Vela Lee; 2. Arthur Monroe, m. Lila Andrews; 3. Alma L., m. Robert L. Petty; 4. Henry Edwards, m. Lula Andrews; 5. Abigail Hixon, m. Robert A. Foster; by second wife: 6. Edna Irene, m. Arthur Henry Feagin; 7. Susie Ernestine, unmarried; 8. Annie Marvin, m. William Crawford Hightower; 9. John Hill, m. Bessie Roberts; 10. Ida Eloise, m. Clarence H. West. Last residence: Clayton.

PEACOCK, B. F., manager U. S. rolling mill, Anniston, was born in England, where at the age of eleven years he began to acquire a knowledge of the manufacture of iron and soon rose to managerial positions in some of the largest rolling mills in that country. He emigrated to America and first located in Pittsburgh, finally removing to Anniston where he was given the position of general manager of the United States rolling mill. He was considered one of the most skilful workers in wrought iron in the country. In 1891, he prepared for the Anniston meeting of the Alabama industrial and scientific society, a valuable paper on "The nature of the iron and steel industry in Alabama," a paper, "which is full of information and close reasoning and in which Mr. Peacock states his belief in the direct production of iron and steel from the ore without the intervention of the blast furnace and the puddling furnace, in view of the fact that a direct process was practiced by certain of the ancients." Married: in England, to Anna E. Port. Children: 1. Francis, a draughtsman and civil engineer; 2. Edward; 3. Benjamin H.; 4. Frederick A.; 5. Emily F.; 6. Anna L.; 7. Adelaide; 8. Ethel S.; 9. May. Residence: Anniston.

PEACOCK, GEORGE, iron and brass founder, was born May 5, 1823, on a farm near Stockton-on-Tees, County of Durham, England, and died about 1899, in Selma; son of Joseph Peacock who came with his wife from England to America in 1851 to visit his three sons in this country, and was accidentally killed by a railroad train. Mrs. Peacock returned to England and spent the remainder of her life there. When he was seven years of age, his parents moved to the town of Stockton, and he attended school at that place until he was fourteen years old. He was apprenticed by his father to the Patrick Lane iron works, and he served seven years to learn the trade of an iron molder. He was employed for three years as a journeyman in Liverpool, and came to the United States

in September, 1848, accepting employment in Townsend's foundry and machine shop at Albany, N. Y., for two years. At the end of that time he went to Troy, N. Y., to the firm of Collier, Sage and Dunhams, and in less than a year was made superintendent of the works. During the three and a half years spent with that firm, Mr. Peacock invented the casing system of making piping, the drop pattern used in machine molding, the green sand core bar, the collapsible core bar, and the casing for bells. He went to Cleveland, O., and built a new works for Ashcraft, McCammon and company, designed especially for cast iron pipe, and manufactured all the piping for the city waterworks at Cleveland. He went to Louisville, Ky., built the waterworks for that city and erected a new foundry, and was managing the iron works of Churchill and company at Natchez, Miss., at the outbreak of the War of Secession. His knowledge of the manufacture of munitions secured for the Churchill people their first contract from the Confederate government. The fall of the lower Mississippi led to the removal of the iron works to Columbiana, and from that place, Mr. Peacock came to Selma in 1863 as superintendent of the Naval cannon factory, the office of superintendent having been created by special act of the Confederate congress at that time. While serving the government, Mr. Peacock invented a system of core-making for shells which made possible the manufacture of three times as many shells in a given length of time as had formerly been manufactured. He invented a system of tapping iron from furnaces, and instigated the use of wood in reverberatory furnaces in the melting of iron for cannon. He discovered a fine quality of tripoli in north Alabama and the first coking coal in the state. At the close of the war, he established the first foundry in Selma, and operated it for many years, and was also engaged in the manufacture of machinery. He was the inventor of the Peacock car wheel, a self-oiling tram car wheel, a cotton press and a plow. He was appointed a member of the board of trustees of Dallas academy in 1866, and held that position until his death, serving as chairman of the executive committee of that board for many years; was a Protestant Episcopalian; a Knight Templar; and an Odd Fellow. Married: in 1845, in England, to Mary Ripley, who died in 1875 at Selma. Children: 1. Mrs. M. R. Jarvis; 2. Mrs. H. U. McKinney; 3. Ida; 4. G. Harry; 5. William R. Last residence: Selma.

PEAGLER, THOMAS W., druggist, was born June 30, 1859, in Butler County, about twelve miles east of Greenville; son of George S. and Absilla (Thigpen) Peagler, the former a native of South Carolina, a planter; grandson of Gray and Penelope (Stallings) Thigpen. He was educated in the rural schools of Butler and engaged in farming until 1888, when he entered the drug business in Greenville in partnership with A. G. Stewart. Later this connection was dissolved and he formed a partnership with E. M. Kirkpatrick, this being dissolved, he conducted his business alone. He was captain of the "Greenville Rifles," finally

being promoted to a majority in the 1st regiment, Alabama State troops. He still retains his agricultural interests. He is a Democrat; Knight of Pythias; and member of Ancient Legion of Honor. Married: November, 1882, at Greenville, to Ellen, daughter of J. L. Dunkin. Children: 1. W. Werle; 2. Myrtle; 3. Ila, deceased. Residence: Greenville.

PEARCE, HENRY ALLEN, lawyer and judge, was born March 1, 1861, near Milton, Santa Rosa County, Fla.; son of Samuel A. and Anna A. (Yonge) Pearce; grandson of Edmond A. and Eliza Pearce, originally from Virginia, and of Henry A. and Mary Yonge, of Geneva. He was educated in the public schools of Abbeville. Admitted to the bar, he has practiced at Abbeville, Columbia and Dothan; was mayor of Dothan in 1895, and again in 1900-01; was first elected judge of the twelfth judicial circuit, November 8, 1904, and again in November, 1910. He is a Democrat; and a Knight of Pythias. He is unmarried. Residence: Dothan.

PEARCE, JAMES PIZARO, farmer, miller, merchant, and member constitutional convention, was born June 4, 1845, at Hickstown, Paulding County, Ga.; son of John Mackeywood and Elizabeth (Skinner) Pearce, of Hickstown, Paulding County, Ga. He received his early education at Pearce's Mill. He entered the C. S. Army, June 10, 1862, as second lieutenant Co. K, 5th Alabama cavalry regiment, was commissioned captain of Co. M, that regiment, 1863, and served until the surrender. He is a farmer, miller, merchant and man of affairs. He is a Democrat; member of no church but subscribes to the Methodist doctrines. He was elected to the Constitutional convention, 1901, and served in that body. He is the uncle of Largus Pearce, a native of Guin, Marion County, who has made a comfortable fortune in a mercantile association with him. Married: in March, 1866, near Pickensville, Delia Elizabeth, daughter of William Clarke of Marion County. Children: 1. Clovis Marvin, merchant and planter, Carbon Hill. Residence: Pearce's Mill.

PEARSALL, JEREMIAH, planter, located in Lawrence County about 1821. He was a successful planter, and of his family Saunders says: "The Pearsalls were good Presbyterian people, cultivated, refined and hospitable. The head of the family not only squared his conduct with the law, but by the golden rule." Married: Patience, daughter of Abraham Molton, of Duplin County, N. C. Children: 1. James, m. Miss Mayor, of Colbert County and was a commission merchant of New Orleans, first the firm of Walter and Pearsall, and then of McMahon and Pearsall; 2. Edward, m. Parthenia, daughter of William and Elizabeth (Balthrop) Shearon, Colbert County, children: (1) Samuel Elliott; (2) Lucy, d. in infancy; (3) Nancy, d. in infancy; (4) Nathan G., m. Louise Shearon; (5) Catherine, m. John W. Rand; (6) Sarah Letitia, m. John D. Rather (q. v.); (7) Annie, m. Joseph C. Eve, of Georgia; (8) Jeremiah, d. unmarried; (9)

Edward, d. unmarried; (10) Thomas Ella, m. Joshua Burns Moore (q. v.); 3 Dolly, m. Metcalf DeGraffenreid, and his wife died in about two years leaving a daughter Catherine Metcalf; 4. Catherine, m. Bronson; 5. daughter, m. — Camp, (2) Nathan Gregg, and became the mother of Gen. John Gregg (q. v.).

PEARSON, HOSEA, farmer and legislator, was born March 20, 1853, in Talladega County; son of William Jasper and Elizabeth Brasher (Hosey) Pearson, of Shelby County; grandson of Jonathan and Martha (Rogers) Pearson, and of Jesse and Delila (Brasher) Hosey, of Russell's Valley, Tenn. He was educated in the common schools of his native county; has been a justice of the peace and represented Shelby County in the legislature of 1907. He is a Democrat; and a Mason. Married: July 13, 1879, to Lucy Frances, daughter of Wiley and Frances (Mason) Merrell, of Shelby County. Children: 1. Mildred, m. G. D. Baldwin; 2. Wiley; 3. Orin; 4. Erman; 5. Evie; 6. Gordan; 7. Clayton; 8. Mason. Residence: Shelby.

PEARSON, J. M., educator; superintendent of the Alexander City schools; living in 1913.

PEARSON, PHILIP E., a prominent citizen of Talladega County a generation ago; father of Mrs. John J. Woodward. Last residence: Talladega.

PEARSON, ROBERT HENRY, lawyer, was born November 16, 1848, near Clayton, Barbour County, and died October 16, 1909, in Birmingham; son of Benjamin Franklin and Harriet Maria (Dismukes) Pearson, natives, respectively, of Fayetteville, Cumberland County, N. C., and of Wadesboro, Anderson County, N. C., who were married in that state and came to Alabama in 1840, settling on a large plantation in Barbour County; grandson of Herbert and Martha Anne (Rodgers) Pearson, who moved from Virginia to North Carolina, and of William and Elizabeth (Ward) Dismukes, of North Carolina, the latter who first married Joseph Pickett; great-grandson of George Dismukes, one of four brothers who came to this country from France with Gen. Lafayette, and fought in the Revolutionary Army. The Pearsons came to America from England. Mr. Pearson spent the early years of his life on his father's farm, and received the rudiments of his education at home. He attended the schools of Clayton, and taught in the high school at Midway for some time. He entered the law department of Cumberland university, Lebanon, Tenn., and was graduated there in 1871. Later in that year, he was admitted to the bar at Union Springs and in February, 1872, went to Birmingham and began to practice law. He was for four years assistant solicitor of the circuit court for Jefferson County, and was chairman of the Democratic executive committee of Jefferson County for two years. While never holding office, except as stated, he was always one of the recognized leaders of the Democratic party in Birmingham. Several

years before his death, he retired from the practice of law, and devoted his attention to his mining and private investments. He was a director in the Central coal and coke company which was derived from the Pearson coal and coke company of which he had been president; was connected with the Avondale land company; the Birmingham steel railway company; the East Lake land company; was president of the Jefferson coal and coke company; was one of the organizers of the Birmingham gas company; and of the Birmingham railway, light and power company. He was an Episcopalian, and for nearly twenty-five years was senior warden of the Church of the Advent in Birmingham. He was a Knight of Pythias.

Married: December 8, 1876, in Birmingham, to Sallie Cassell, daughter of Leonard Cassell and Sarah J. (Cook) Harrison, who lived near Selma, the former a native of Rockingham County, Va., born in February, 1807, who died August 7, 1866, near Selma, the latter a native of Camden, S. C., born January 17, 1812, who first married Rev. Thomas L. Wynn, and after his death Mr. Harrison, and who died April 26, 1897, in Birmingham; granddaughter of Reuben and Parthenia Harrison, and of William Cook, who joined the Revolutionary Army when he was sixteen years old, a native of Virginia, who lived most of his life in South Carolina, in Columbia and Charleston; great-granddaughter of Ezekiel and Sarah (Bryan) Harrison, the former a distinguished soldier in the Revolutionary Army. Children: 1. Mamie, m. (1) to Fred Northrup Rix, deceased, of Hot Springs, Ark., by whom she had two children, Fred Northrup and Sarah Frances, the latter deceased, (2) to Edwin Bertram Pike, of Pike, N. H., by whom she has a daughter, Constance Harrison; 2. Roberta, m. James Robertson Bridges, Birmingham, children, James Robertson, Mamie Pearson and Roberta. Last residence: Birmingham.

PEARSON, W. G. B., planter, was born April 17, 1836, in Fayetteville, N. C.; son of John Stokes and Anna B. (Beatty) Pearson; nephew of Chief Justice R. M. Pearson, and a relative of Montfort Stokes, both of whom were prominent in North Carolina history. Mr. Pearson attended the University of North Carolina, but did not graduate; in 1858 located in Tuscaloosa and engaged in the drug business. In April, 1861, although exempted from military duty, he enlisted in Co. G, 5th Alabama infantry regiment; served as a private until 1862 when he was discharged on account of his injuries; and was then given a place in the quartermaster's department at Tuscaloosa, where he remained until the close of the struggle. After the return of peace he engaged in planting in Tuscaloosa County; in 1878-79 he represented the county in the house, and was elected to the State senate on the reform ticket for 1892-93. He was a Democrat; an Episcopalian; and a Mason. Married: in 1859 to Julia Penn, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Charles Snow, the former a descendant of the distinguished

English Adams family, while Mrs. Adams was a descendant of the Penns of Pennsylvania. Children: 1. Lizzie S., m. Patrick H. Eddins; 2. John S. W.; 3. William B.; 4. Virginia P.; 5. Charles P.; 6. Henry; 7. Anna B. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

PEARSON, WALTER WASHINGTON, judge, was born January 16, 1862, in Tallapoosa County, and died May 9, 1916, in Montgomery; son of George Washington and Amanda Almira (Veazey) Pearson. He received the A. B. degree from Alabama polytechnic institute in 1892; taught at Barton academy, Mobile, 1882-85; was clerk in the office of the probate judge of Tallapoosa, 1885-86; admitted to the bar, 1885; engaged in the loan business at Tuskegee, 1886-87; practiced law in partnership, the firm being, successively, Callaway and Pearson, Sayre and Pearson, and Pearson and Richardson, in Montgomery, 1887-1907; judge of the fifteenth judicial circuit of Alabama, from March, 1907, until his death. Married: March 2, 1887, to Lavinia Tarrant Trimble of Montgomery. Children: 1. Julius Trimble, electrical engineer, Detroit, Mich.; 2. Walter W., electrical engineer, Detroit, Mich.; 3. Sally, m. Frederick B. Dent, Montgomery; 4. Frank W. Last residence: Montgomery.

PEAVY, C. A., educator, principal of the Escambia County high school. Residence: Atmore.

PEAVY, J. R., Methodist minister, member of the Alabama conference; living in 1913. Residence: Atmore.

PEAVY, JULIUS FRANKLIN, physician, was born February 8, 1861, near Reeves' Schoolhouse, Wilcox County; son of Bartlett and Rosa Jane (Roberts) Peavy, the former a native of Wilcox County, who lived in the community known as Gravel Creek, where he was a planter; grandson of Joshua and Martha (Smith) Peavy, who came from North Carolina to Alabama, first settling near Burnt Corn, Monroe County, and later in Wilcox County, and of Charles and Milly (Siggart) Roberts, of Wilcox County, the former who came to Alabama from Georgia, and whose family was of English origin. The Peavy family is said to have come from Maine to North Carolina in the early days, and the name, in the original French form, was Pevé. His paternal grandmother was the daughter of a British captain who remained in this country after the Revolution. Dr. Peavy was educated at Montgomery institute, in Wilcox County; and was graduated at the Medical college of Alabama, M. D., March 31, 1888. He took post graduate courses at the New York polyclinic hospital and university, 1893 and 1899. He began the practice of medicine in Marengo County, 1888, and two and a half years later moved to Fairford, Washington County. He located at Atmore, then William's Station, in January, 1894, and has continued his practice there with the exception of about two years spent at Asheville, N. C., around 1910. He served as chairman of the school board of

Atmore for about fifteen years; is a Democrat; a steward in the Methodist Church; a Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. He is author of several papers on professional topics, including "Coloring Matter and Ferments," "Morbid Mental Actions from the Viewpoint of the Physiologist," and "Variability of Disease Germs." Married: (1) to Lorena Lillian, daughter of Frank J. and Jerusha (Smith) Foxworth, of Bear Creek, of Welsh and English descent, respectively; (2) to Alice, daughter of William Marshall and Adaline (Rayford) Carney, who were of Irish and English origin. Children: 1. Julius Franklin, Jr.; 2. DeWitt Thomason; 3. Marshall Carney; 4. Lawrence Barnard; 5. James Dudley; 6. Charles Roberts; 7. Richard Vance. Residence: Atmore.

PECK, DAVID L., professor of ancient languages and mathematics at the University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa; mathematics, 1871-72; ancient languages, 1872-74. He held the degree of A. M.

PECK, ELISHA WOLSEY, lawyer and chief justice supreme court of Alabama, was born in Blenheim, Schoharie County, N. Y., August 7, 1799, and died in Tuscaloosa, February 13, 1888; son of David and Christiana (Minturn) Peck, the former a farmer, and the son of a captain in the Revolutionary Army, who fought at Saratoga. The Peck family is of Welsh origin, the first American progenitor coming over in 1640. Judge Peck studied law under Judge Sherwood for five years; in 1825 went to New York to be examined; and was admitted to the bar in Syracuse. He at once moved to Alabama, and located at Elyton, then the county seat of Jefferson County, where he practiced until 1838 when he removed to Tuscaloosa, then the State capital. The next year, 1839, Gov. Arthur P. Bagby appointed him chancellor of the middle chancery division, which he held for two years. His successive partners in law in Tuscaloosa were Harvey W. Ellis and Lincoln Clarke. As a lawyer he was never known to prosecute, but was always for the defense. He was an old line Whig as long as that party maintained an organization. He was opposed to secession, and while not disloyal, was a decided Union man during the struggle. After the war he acted with the Republican party; and he was one of the few men of that party opposed to granting suffrage to the negro. About 1867 he moved with his family to Sycamore, Ill., thence in a short time to Rockford, where he bought a home, intending to spend the remainder of his life there. But, as he afterwards declared, he grew "homesick for the old red hills of Alabama," and soon returned to his old home in Tuscaloosa. On his return he was elected chairman of the military reconstruction convention of 1867; a few months later he was chosen chief justice of the supreme court of Alabama. His acceptance of this office under a Republican administration estranged many of his old friends, but he remained on the bench until 1874, resigning before his term expired. He was an Episcopalian. Married: in 1828, in

Talladega, to Lucy Lamb, daughter of Samuel and Lucy (Lamb) Randall, the former moved with his family from Connecticut to Colchester, Tenn., in 1824, and the next year came to Montevallo, the latter born in Norwich, Conn., in 1808, of a family of English descent, which came to America in 1639. Children: 1. Roscoe, d. unmarried; 2. Henry St. John, d. unmarried; 3. Samuel Minturn (q. v.); 4. Lucy, m. John Mason Martin (q. v.). Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

PECK, SAMUEL MINTURN, author, was born in Tuscaloosa, November 4, 1854; son of Judge Elisha Wolsey and Lucy Lamb (Randall) Peck (q. v.). He attended the common schools at Tuscaloosa during the war period; for two winters after the war the public schools of Sycamore and Rockford, Ill., then again the Tuscaloosa schools, and in 1871 entered the University of Alabama, from which he was graduated, A. M., 1876. He took a post graduate course in criticism and literature, epochs of the drama at Columbia university, and at Alliance, Paris, France; studied medicine and was graduated from Bellevue hospital medical college, New York, M. D., 1879, but he never practiced the profession, completing the medical only to gratify his parents. He has never been a partisan in politics, always voting for the candidate least bad in the political field. He is an Episcopalian; and a member of the Author's club in New York. His first literary production was a lyric poem entitled "The Orange Tree," published in the New York Evening Post in 1878. Other lyrics published in after years are: "A knot of blue;" "The dimple on her cheek;" "Cupid at court;" "My little girl;" "The grapevine swing;" "My grandmother's turkey tail fan," all of which have been set to music. A poem of fifteen lines, "Among my books," has been published in an edition de luxe with twenty-seven full page illustrations. Apart from these individual poems, he is the author of the following books: "Cap and bells" (1886); "Rings and love knots" (1892); "Rhymes and roses" (1895); "Fair women of to-day" (1895); "The golf girl" (1899); "Alabama sketches" (1902); and "May bloom and myrtle" (1910). Residence: Tuscaloosa.

PECK, SARAH E., Author. Deceased.

PEEBLES, JOHN T., pioneer merchant and farmer, was born in Northampton County, N. C., in 1812, and died in Limestone County, September 29, 1874; son of Henry and — (Barclay) Peebles, both natives of North Carolina; came with his parents to Limestone County, in 1815; was reared on a farm and received but a limited education; after marriage, began merchandising with his brother, Robert B. Peebles, in Mooresville, on a very small capital; and by close application and scrupulous integrity, in time the two brothers built up a large business, all of which was lost through the fortunes of war except their lands. After the war Mr. Peebles settled on his farm and there passed the remainder of his life. He was a member of the Unitarian church. Married: December

2, 1842, to Martha, daughter of Shirley and Anna E. (Blick) Tisdale, the former a native of Virginia who came to Limestone County in 1839 and there lived until his death in 1865, and the latter the daughter of Major Blick, of the Revolutionary Army. Children: 9 in number, including: 1. Mary, m. B. F. Harn; 2. Henry, received a good education, after the war clerked at Mooreville until 1873, when he became a partner, is a Democrat, was a delegate to the two conventions which nominated Grover Cleveland for the presidency, and is a Knight of Honor; 3. John, m. Elizabeth, daughter of Dr. S. and Emily (Stewart) Withers, is a merchant, and for many years chairman of the Democratic county committee, children: (1) John H.; (2) Anna; (3) Withers; and (4) Emily. Last residence: Limestone County.

PEETE, BENJAMIN BLOUNT, farmer and legislator, was born April 4, 1861, near Greensbrier, Limestone County; son of Benjamin Clemens and Jennie (Mahone) Peete, the former served in Capt. George Mason's company, 9th Alabama cavalry regiment, C. S. Army, Col. James C. Malone commanding; grandson of William and Jane (Ward) Mahone, and of Benjamin Blount and Darthula (English) Peete, all of Limestone County, the latter a native of Sussex County, Va., who removed to Alabama in 1818, locating about three miles from Decatur; great-grandson of Capt. Benjamin Peete, an officer in the War of 1812; great-grand-son of Dr. William Peete, surgeon in the U. S. Navy. The Peete family is of English descent. He was educated in the common schools and has been a farmer and real estate dealer. He represented his native county in the legislature of 1907. He is a Democrat; Baptist; and an Odd Fellow. Married: February 14, 1906, to Edna Earl, daughter of Henry and Sarah (Lott) Brown. Residence: Athens.

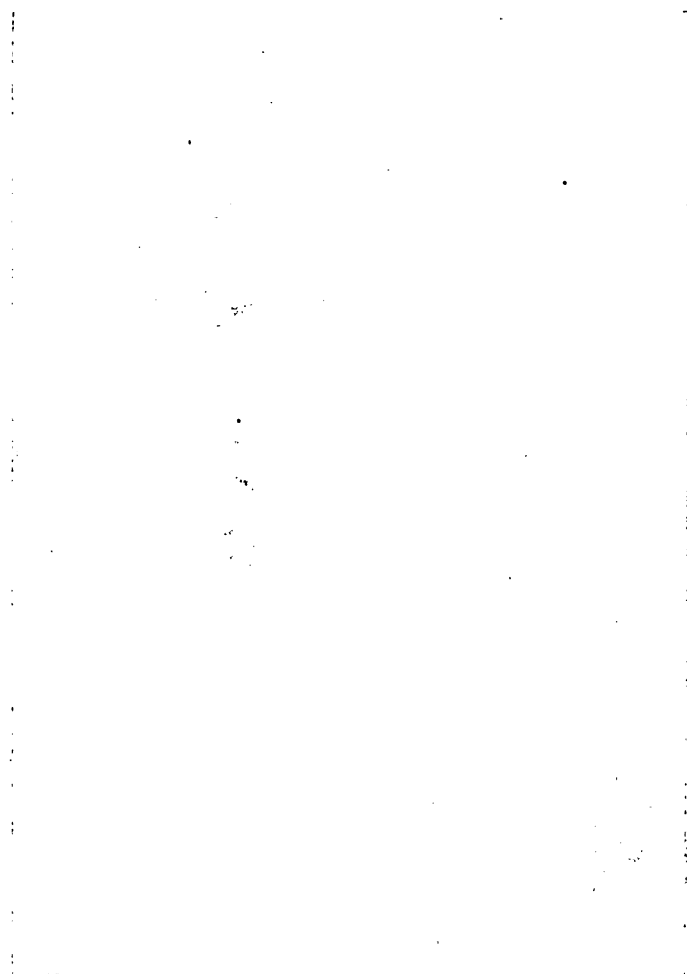
PEGRAM, GEORGE, lawyer, was born September 9, 1877, at Dayton, Marengo County; son of William Edward and Vondalia (Van Dyke) Pegram, the former who was a native of Virginia, and served as surgeon in the Fourth Alabama infantry, C. S. Army, and the latter of Tuscaloosa; grandson of Robert B. and Mary (Clarke) Pegram of Virginia and of Jefferson and Eliza (Cocke) Van Dyke of Tuscaloosa, the former who was state auditor of Alabama from 1836-1848. George Pegram is a descendant of Edward Pegram, who came to America about 1765, was a member of the engineer corps of Washington's army in the Revolution, and a juror in Aaron Burr's trial. Mr. Pegram was educated in the common schools; studied law; was admitted to the bar and began practice; was at one time city attorney of Faunsdale; and was a member of the legislature of 1911. He is a Democrat; a Mason; a Shriner; and an Elk. Married: January 8, 1901, to Olive Rowena, daughter of Robert W. and Josephine (Watkins) Price, of Dayton; and a descendant of John Marshall of Virginia, who was at one time chief justice of the U. S. supreme court. Residence: Faunsdale.

PEGUES, CHRISTOPHER CLAUDIUS, lawyer, colonel C. S. Army, was born August 3, 1823, in Chesterfield District, S. C., and died July 15, 1862, in Richmond, Va.; son of Christopher Butler and Eliza Hodges (Evans) Pegues, natives of Marlborough District, S. C., who came from South Carolina to Alabama, the former born June 6, 1789, who died in Dallas County, June 30, 1846, the latter born October 28, 1811, died in Montgomery after the close of the War of Secession; grandson of Claudius Pegues, who emigrated from England to Peedee, S. C., in 1760, married a Miss Butler in Charleston, S. C., in 1748, and later moved to Georgetown, S. C., and of Col. Thomas Evans, who died while a member of the U. S. senate. The great-grandfather Pegues left France after the revocation of the edict of Nantes, and with his wife a Swiss lady, settled in London, England. Col. Pegues entered South Carolina college when he was fifteen years of age, and was graduated from that institution in 1842. Later in that year, he moved to Dallas County where his parents had settled, and began the study of law under Col. Alexander Graham in Eutaw. Admitted to the bar in 1845, he located in Cahaba, and entered a partnership with Judge George R. Evans, which was terminated soon after by the death of the latter. He became associated with Henry B. Dawson, and later Judge Edward Pettus, afterward U. S. senator, in the firm of Pettus, Pegues and Dawson, which continued until the commencement of the War of Secession. He entered the Cahaba rifles as a private, was elected captain of the company on its organization in Pensacola, and led the company as a part of the Fifth Alabama infantry in Virginia. A year later, on the reorganization of the regiment, he was elected colonel, and led his command on the retreat from Yorktown, at Williamsburg and at Seven Pines. At the latter place he had two horses killed under him and a third wounded, then led the regiment on foot, being among the very first to enter the redoubt. He was fatally wounded while leading his regiment at Gaines Mill, June 27, 1862, and died from his wounds, July 15, 1862, in Richmond, Va. He was commended on the field at Seven Pines for his gallant conduct by Gen. Rhodes and Gen. Hill, and did not leave the field after receiving his wound at Gaines Mill, until quite exhausted by loss of blood. Married: to Caroline A., daughter of James B. Coleman, and sister of Hon. A. A. Coleman of Hale County. She married Brig-Gen. John Hough of the U. S. Army, some years after Col. Pegues' death. Children: 1. Charles Edward, d. unmarried; 2. Fanny Grey, m. John Walthall, resided at San Antonio, Tex., both deceased, children, Christine, John, Mattie and Carrie, twins, Leon, and a child who died in infancy; 3. George Evans, m. Mrs. Kate Chisholm Walter, resides at Wayneville, N. C.; 4. Ellerby, d. in infancy; 5. Lucy Mathews, d. young. Last residence: Cahaba.

PEGUES, JOSIAH JAMES, planter, sheriff, circuit court clerk, and colonel C. S. Army, was born July 19, 1825, in Cheraw, S. C., and died



COLONEL ROBERT A. HARDAWAY



in Tuscaloosa, May 24, 1906; son of Christopher Butler and Eliza Hodges (Evans) Pegues, the former lived in Cheraw until about 1833 when he removed with his family to Dallas County, and settled on a large plantation near Uniontown; grandson of Claudius and Marchia (Murphy) Pegues, of Cheraw, S. C., and of Col. Thomas Evans and his wife; great-grandson of a Huguenot refugee named Pegues, who settled in London after the revocation of the Edict of Nantes. Col. Pegues received his early education under private teachers, and entered Mount St. Mary's college, Emmittsburg, Md., from which he was graduated in 1845. He then followed planting until 1861, when he came to Tuscaloosa, which was henceforth his home, saving a necessary absence in the Confederate Army. In the chaotic condition of affairs, following the close of the war, the sheriff of Tuscaloosa County was unable to execute process or preserve order. He expressed a willingness to resign if any one could be found who would be able to discharge the duties of that office. Upon the petition of many of the most influential citizens, Col. Pegues accepted the office, and by coolness and courage subdued the lawless and restored order. In 1882 he was appointed clerk of the circuit court of Tuscaloosa County, and in 1886 elected to the same office which he filled until 1892. At the time of his death he was commander of Camp Rodes, Confederate Veterans. On the outbreak of the War of Secession, he enlisted as a private in the "Warrior Guards," which became one of the companies of the 5th Alabama infantry regiment. From the lack of sources of information, it cannot be stated how long he was a member of this regiment. The official record of April, 1863, shows "Pegues' Command," as belonging to Gen. James Can-
tey's brigade of the department of the gulf. To this brigade at that time also belonged the 2nd Alabama cavalry. "Pegues' Command," at some time after this date was certainly incorporated into this cavalry regiment, of which he became major and later was promoted lieutenant colonel. He was wounded in the engagement at Nickoljack. He commanded the regiment when it acted as an escort to President Davis on his retreat from Richmond. He was a Democrat; an Episcopalian; and a Mason. Married: (1) in 1848, to Cornelia C. Alston; (2) March 2, 1854, in Tuscaloosa, to Caroline Medora, the daughter of James Harris and Rebecca Emily (Alston) Fitts of Jackson, Clarke County. Children: by the first wife: 1 and 2, died in infancy; by the second wife: 3. Joseph Evans, m. Rosa Rowan; 4. Samuel Fitts, engineer, m. Mattie Alexander; 5. Ida, widow of Eugene Gerry Eaton, Knoxville, Tenn. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

PELHAM, ATKINSON, physician, was born December 6, 1797, at Pelham's Landing, Mason County, Ky., and died at Alexandria; son of Charles and Isabella (Atkinson) Pelham, natives respectively, of Virginia and of Mason County, Ky., who lived at Pelham's Landing, three miles up the Ohio River from Maysville, the former a major in the Virginia line of the Revolutionary Army. He was a brother of the surveyor general of Arkansas, whose son, a

private in Terry's Texas regiment, C. S. Army, caused the legislature of that state to enact that as he "a hero in more than one hundred battles" had fallen while charging the enemy at Dalton, Ga., leaving no issue, the name of a certain child, a nephew, should be changed to Charles Thomas Pelham, to perpetuate his name. The Pelham grandparents lived in London, England, where they espoused the cause of Cromwell. They came to America and lived in Virginia until after the Revolution, when they moved to Mason County, Ky. Dr. Pelham received his early education in the common schools of Kentucky, and at the University of North Carolina, at Chapel Hill. He was graduated from Jefferson medical college, in Philadelphia, M. D., in 1824, and began the practice of medicine in the latter part of that year in Person County, N. C. He moved to Alabama in 1838, and continued the practice of his profession in Benton County. He was a Whig, strongly opposed to secession, but after the state had withdrawn from the union, he gave his support to the Southern cause. He was chairman of the county committee which sent clothing to the soldiers at the front, and supported their families during the struggle. He was a Presbyterian and a Master Mason. Married: in 1825, in Person County, N. C., to Martha Montford, daughter of William and Elizabeth (Clay) McGehee, of Person County, N. C., who moved to Alabama in 1832 and settled in Benton County. Children: 1. Charles (q. v.); 2. William, m. Lulu Hansell; 3. John (q. v.); 4. Peter, Poulan, Ga., m. Emma F. McAuley, d. in April, 1913; 5. Bettie, Social Circle, Ga., m. William S. Neel, deceased; 6. Samuel Clay, d. about 1870, at Kirkwood, Ga.; 7. Thomas Atkinson, d. in 1912, in Calhoun County, m. Tirza Morris, Anniston. Last residence: Alexandria.

PELHAM, CHARLES, representative in congress, was born March 12, 1835, in Person County, N. C., and died January 18, 1908, in Poulan, Worth County, Ga.; son of Atkinson and Martha Montford (McGehee) Pelham (q. v.); brother of Maj. John Pelham (q. v.). He moved with his parents to Alabama in 1838; attended the common schools of Benton County; studied law and was admitted to the bar; and began to practice law in Talladega County in 1858. He continued the practice of his profession at that place, until 1862, when he joined the C. S. Army, and served as first lieutenant of Co. C, Fifty-first Alabama regiment. After the war, he resumed the practice of law until 1868, when he was elected judge of the tenth judicial circuit. While discharging the duties of that office, he was nominated and elected by the Republican party to the Forty-third congress, serving from 1873 to 1875. Some time after the expiration of his term, he moved to Poulan, Worth County, Ga., where he spent the remainder of his life. Married: to Margaret L. Johnston, who died in 1883. Children: among these, John (q. v.). Last residence: Poulan, Worth County, Ga.

PELHAM, JOHN, major of artillery, C. S. Army, was born September 7, 1838, near Alexandria, and was killed March 17, 1863, at

Kelly's Ford, Va.; son of Dr. Atkinson and Martha Montford (McGehee) Pelham (q. v.); brother of Charles Pelham (q. v.). He remained in Calhoun County until appointed a cadet at West Point, 1856, by Hon. S. W. Harris. He was placed in the only five year class ever organized at the academy, and was considered the best athlete in the academy. His commission had been passed on, but before he received it, he left West Point, and in April, 1861, crossed the line at Louisville, Ky., disguised as one of Gen. Scott's couriers. He went at once to Montgomery, reported for duty in the C. S. Army, and was commissioned first lieutenant of artillery in the regular army, and ordered to take charge of the ordnance at Lynchburg, Va. He remained there a few days, then was assigned as drill master to Albertus', afterwards Imboden's, battery at Winchester. He handled those guns at the first battle of Manassas in such a manner as to attract the attention of his superior officers. He was entrusted with the organization of a battery of six pieces of horse artillery by Gen. J. E. B. Stuart, and in the fall of 1861, raised the required number of men from Alabama, Virginia, and Maryland. At Williamsburg, he was again conspicuous for valor and skill, and at Cold Harbor, he was personally congratulated by Stonewall Jackson. He thrust his pieces forward almost into the enemy's columns at the second battle of Manassas, and used them with fatal effect, again receiving the thanks of Gen. Jackson for heroic conduct. At Sharpsburg he was placed in command of nearly all of the artillery on the left of the field, and directed it with a master's hand. He was with Stuart in the retreat from Aldie to Markham's where he fought the immense odds of the enemy till they were within a few paces of the muzzle of his pieces, then limbered up and drew off to a better position, to renew the struggle. At the battle of Fredericksburg, he went to the foot of the heights with one Napoleon gun, opened the battle and drew upon himself the concentrated fire of half a dozen batteries. He fought until nearly every horse he had was killed, and after he had cleared the way, the forces of Gen. Jackson and Gen. A. P. Hill drew up and joined lines. At that time, Gen. Lee, in the presence of his corps commanders and his staff remarked on the youth and bravery of Pelham. He held his ground until his ammunition was exhausted, then retired in obedience to a peremptory order, and was assigned to the command of the artillery on the Confederate right. He advanced those pieces on the retreating enemy, and at nightfall was harassing their crippled flank. In Lee's general orders of that battle, he styled him "the gallant Pelham," a name that was at once adapted throughout the army. He was the only one under the rank of a general ever mentioned by Lee in general orders. His commission as lieutenant colonel was issued soon after, and only awaited confirmation by the senate when his death occurred. He had gone to visit friends in Culpeper County, Va., when the cannonading aroused and hurried him to Kelly's Ford on the Rappahannock. His artillery had not come up, but he joined a regiment

that was wavering, and in the advance was struck by a shell fragment which penetrated the back part of his skull. He lingered till after midnight, and the news of his death was telegraphed by Gen. Stuart to Hon. J. L. M. Curry, saying, "The noble, the chivalric, the gallant Pelham is no more. He was killed in action yesterday. His remains will be sent you today. How much he was beloved, appreciated, and admired, let the tears of agony we here shed, and the gloom of mourning throughout my command, bear witness. His loss is irreparable." His body lay in state in the capitol at Richmond, then was taken to Jacksonville for interment. Last residence: Calhoun County.

PELHAM, JOHN, lawyer, was born August 23, 1865, at Alexandria, Calhoun County; son of Judge Charles and Margaret Louise (Johnston) Pelham (q. v.), the former who was a member of the congress from Alabama, 1871, and brother of John Pelham, who served throughout the War of Secession; grandson of Dr. Atkinson and Martha (McGhee) Pelham (q. v.), the former who came from Kentucky to Alabama in 1837, while the latter's family came from Person County, N. C., to Calhoun, then Benton County, about 1832, and of Judge George and Margaret (Talmadge) Johnston, the latter of Louisville, Ky. Mr. Pelham was educated at the Presbyterian school in Talladega; and was graduated LL. B. and LL. M. from the law department of the Columbian university, in 1888. He was admitted to the bar in 1888; practiced at Anniston; was elected judge of the seventeenth judicial circuit, 1904; on March 9, 1911, was named as an associate judge of the then newly created Alabama court of appeals for a term of six years; upon the resignation of Judge Richard W. Walker succeeded to the position of presiding judge; was re-elected November 7, 1916, for a full term of six years. He is a director of the Anniston City national bank; and of the City bank and trust company of Anniston. He is a Democrat, and a Presbyterian. Married: October 10, 1895, at Max Meadows, Va., to Ellen, daughter of George W. and Rebecca (Austin) Miles of Marion, Va. Residence: Anniston.

PELL, JAMES, lieutenant colonel, 6th Confederate cavalry regiment, C. S. Army.

PENDEGRASS, SPENCER, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 69, resided in Talladega County, June 1, 1840.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

PENICAUT, JEAN, French author and colonial ship-carpenter. See Indian chiefs and associated characters.

PENICK, EDWIN A., Episcopal clergyman, was born October 8, 1851, near Danville, Pittsylvania County, Va.; son of Edwin A. and Mary Morris (Hamner) Penick, the former of the same county but a native of Campbell County, Va., a planter and a Confederate soldier who died from wounds received at the battle of Sharpsburg, the latter a great-niece

of John Morris, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence; grandson of Charles and Elizabeth (Fore) Penick of Campbell County, and of Clifton and Sallie (Anderson) Hamner of Charlotte County, Va. Rev. Mr. Penick was educated in private schools in Virginia, and graduated from the Theological seminary at Alexandria, June 28, 1877. He has served charges at Roanoke, Va., Frankfort, Ky., Camden, N. J., and at Tuscaloosa. He has been a deputy to the general Convention for over thirty years. Married: October 22, 1884, at Frankfort, Ky., to Mary, daughter of George and Arsinoe (Willey) Shipman, of Niagara Falls, N. Y. Children: 1. Clifton H., a lawyer at Tuscaloosa; 2. Edwin A., the third, rector church of the Good Shepherd, Columbia, S. C. Residence: Tuscaloosa.

PENLAND, ALEXANDER, Presbyterian minister, was born in 1818, and died June 10, 1896, in Madison County. He received a liberal education and his first pastoral work was at Courtland, where he had been a teacher. Afterwards he made his home in Madison County. Last residence: Madison County.

PENN, JAMES, physician, was born in 1818 in Wills Valley, in what is now De Kalb County, and spent all his early and middle life in Alabama, although he removed to Texas where he died in 1886; son of Rev. William and Mourning (Sullens) Penn, the former a Baptist minister; was born in Sequatchee Valley, Tenn., May 3, 1797; and moved from Morgan County to Wills Valley about 1815; grandson of Rev. Stephen Penn, a Baptist minister of Tennessee, later a resident of Morgan County; and great-grandson of William Chandler Penn, a Revolutionary soldier, who moved from Pennsylvania to Maryland. Dr. Penn was educated in the country schools; taught four years; attended the medical college in Memphis, Tenn., and subsequently graduated in medicine at Augusta, Ga. He practiced near Gadsden many years; in 1867 moved to Hopkins County, Tex.; bought lands near a little village which now bears his name; and there he practiced his profession until a few years before his death. He was a surgeon in the C. S. Army in Alabama during the first two years of the war. He was a Democrat; a Baptist; and a Mason. Married: in 1842, in Morgan County, to Mary, his first cousin, daughter of Chandler and Hettie (Day) Penn. Children: 1. Henry Farmer, died just after the war, m. Amanda Phipps, one son born of this marriage, Judge J. W. Penn, of Gadsden; 2. Ellen Josephine, m. G. W. Day, of Waco, Tex.; 3. Letha Jane, m. Andrew Carter Ward, deceased; 4. William Warren, m. Natalia Evans Griffith, of Winnsboro, Tex.; 5. Richard Albert, m. Sallie A. Horton; 6. Mattie Pearl, m. Nathaniel Daniel Moon; both deceased; 7. Nathan Forrest, m. Elizabeth Talbert, of Covington, Ky. Last residence: Penn, Tex.

PENN, STEPHEN, soldier of the American Revolution, aged 74, and a resident of Lawrence County; private Maryland State Troops; enrolled on May 2, 1833, under act of Congress

of June 7, 1802, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$31.33.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

PENNINGTON, JAMES C., physician, graduate of the medical department of the University of Tennessee, 1894; licensed to practice that year by the county board of Crenshaw. Residence: Andalusia.

PENNINGTON, T. J., planter, was born June 23, 1840, in Meriwether County, Ga.; son of Thomas and Elinda (Phillipps) Pennington, the former who was born reared and married in Jasper County, Ga., who moved to Meriwether County, Ga., soon after his marriage and died at that place in 1842; grandson of Ephraim Pennington, who settled in Jasper County, Ga. The Pennington family is of English descent and settled in South Carolina before the Revolutionary War. Mr. Pennington's parents had a family of eleven children, including, Elizabeth, who married Judge John S. Bently, of Rockford; Nancy A., who married Rev. Harry Stearns, of Rockford; and four sons who served in the C. S. Army, and lost their lives during the War of Secession, Hilary who died of disease, James who was captured at Murfreesboro and never heard of afterward, Thaddeus and Winn, who both died of disease. Mr. Pennington was attending school at Central institute, Coosa County when the War of Secession began. Leaving school, he entered the C. S. Army as a private, joining Co. R, Third Alabama regiment, 1861. His regiment was the first that left the state, and he participated in the battles of Seven Pines, seven days' fight around Richmond, and in the Wilderness where he was severely wounded in the thigh. He spent some days in a hospital on account of his wound, and was not again in active service. After the war, he was a teacher in Central institute for two years, and afterward at Rockford for six years. Since that time he has been engaged in farming on his plantation near Rockford. He was elected superintendent of education of Coosa County in 1870 and served until 1890, with a short intermission. He is a member of the board of trustees of the high school at Rockford; is a Democrat; deacon in the Missionary Baptist church; and a Royal Arch Mason. Married: (1) December 19, 1869, in Coosa County, to Mary L. Bently, who died September 14, 1889, daughter of G. Bently; (2) June 8, 1890, in Elmore County, to Fanny Howle. Child, by second marriage: 1. Jefferson Cumley. Residence: Rockford.

PERCY, WALKER, lawyer, was born November 18, 1864, in Washington County, Miss.; son of William Alexander and Nancy (Armstrong) Percy, the former who was a native of Huntsville, was general counsel of the Yazoo-Mississippi Valley railroad company, and was speaker of the Mississippi house of representatives; grandson of Thomas G. Percy and a Miss Pope, the latter who was a daughter of Col. Pope, and of William Armstrong, who had charge of Indian affairs under Jackson's administration;

great-grandson of Charles Percy, who came from England and settled in Natchez while it was a portion of the Spanish province of Louisiana. Mr. Percy received his primary education at Greenville, Miss.; was graduated M. A. from the Sewanee university in the summer of 1883; and was graduated LL. B. from the University of Virginia, 1885. He began the practice of law at Birmingham, and was a representative in the legislature of 1911 from Jefferson County. He is a Democrat and an Episcopalian. Married: April 17, 1888, at Birmingham, to Mary Pratt, daughter of Henry F. and Ellen (Pratt) De Bardeleben (q. v.), of Birmingham; granddaughter of Daniel Pratt (q. v.); who came from New Hampshire, was founder of Prattville, building his cotton mills and gin factory there in 1840; great-granddaughter of Arthur Franz Ferdinand Von Bardeleben, a German officer who was born in Cattebburch, Germany, in 1750, and later settled in South Carolina, the correct family name being Von Berdeleben. Children: 1. LeRoy Pratt; 2. Ellen, m. M. H. Murphy. Residence: Birmingham.

PERIER, RENE BOUCHER DE LA, French Governor Louisiana. See Indian chiefs and associated characters.

PERKINS, CONSTANTINE, lawyer, attorney general of Alabama, and legislator, was born in 1792, in Knox County, Tenn., and died September 17, 1836, in Tuscaloosa. He graduated at Cumberland college. During the Creek Indian War, he fought under Gen. Andrew Jackson, distinguishing himself for gallantry at the battles of Emuckfau and Talladega. He read law in Nashville and was a district solicitor for Tennessee. In 1819 he located at Tuscaloosa and was at once elected district solicitor, holding the office until 1825, when he became attorney general. He was elected to the legislature from Tuscaloosa County, in 1832, and in 1834 to the State senate, filling the office for many years, and until his death. Married: in 1824, to daughter of Judge Hume R. Field. Children: 1. Constantine Hume, physician; 2. daughter, m. Hon. Mathew W. Lindsay (q. v.) of Morgan County, attorney general in 1839; 3. daughter, m. Thomas Walthall of Perry County. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

PERKINS, HARDIN, State treasurer, president of the State bank, and legislator, was born in 1791, in Tennessee, and died in Tuscaloosa in 1850, came at an early day into the public life of Alabama. He was for several years State treasurer, and later president of the State bank, the capital then being at Tuscaloosa. In 1840, he was elected to the Alabama legislature and held that position for many years, including 1847-49-50. Married: Sophia Salina Holland. Children: included in the fruit of this union were, 1. Claudius Hardin, lawyer and planter, graduate of the University of Alabama, m. Hattie Earle of Elyton; 2. Thomas H., deceased; 3. Sophie Sarah Louisa, m. William Cochrane, parents of William Gilbert Cochrane (q. v.). Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

PERRIN DU LAC, Francois Marie, French administrator and traveler. See Indian chiefs and associated characters.

PERRIN, ROBERT, lawyer, was born June 24, 1836, in Greene County; son of Dr. George Gwyn and Adeline (Burt) Perrin, the former a native of Abbeville District, S. C., who removed to Alabama, became the leading physician of Greene County and represented this county in the house in 1844 and the senate in 1851; grandson of Philip and Frances (Goode) Burt. He received his early education at Burtons Hill and graduated with the A. B. degree from the University of Alabama in 1855; was admitted to the bar at Eutaw in 1857, and served as lieutenant in Fowler's battery, C. S. Army. He removed to California in 1896 and resided at San Francisco and Fresno. In the latter place he and his brother, Dr. E. B. Perrin built the present system of irrigation which is successfully watering 200,000 acres of land. He removed to Williams, Ariz., where he is practicing law. He is a Democrat; an Episcopalian. Author: Sketches of Greene County. Unmarried. Residence: Williams, Arizona.

PERRY, ABRAHAM, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 69, and a resident of Butler County; private S. C. Militia; enrolled October 3, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$80; sums received to date of publication of list, \$200.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in part 3, vol. xiii, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

PERRY, HENRY GAITHER, physician, registrar of vital and mortuary statistics, was born, January 13, 1860, at Chapel Hill, Washington County, Tex.; son of Benjamin Franklin and Margaret Gaither (McLester) Perry, the former a native of Muskogee County, Ga., born February 13, 1836, who was graduated from Emory college, Oxford, Ga., was licensed to preach, joined the Texas conference at the age of nineteen, was stationed at Brownsville, San Antonio, Chapel Hill and Austin, Tex., was chaplain of the Texas secession convention, joined the Thirty-seventh Alabama regiment as chaplain, was captured at Vicksburg, exchanged, and became missionary to the army of Tennessee, served at Missionary Ridge, Look-out Mountain, and down to Atlanta, was a member of the Montgomery conference after the surrender, serving in the Lowndesboro charge, died September 22, 1868; grandson of Simeon and Martha (Guerry) Perry, natives of Edgefield District, S. C., who lived at Auburn, the former who moved to Georgia and was justice of the peace in Muskogee County, moved to Alabama in 1840, located at Auburn and aided largely in building both the East Alabama male college and the Auburn female college, the latter of Huguenot descent, and of Horatio and Sarah (Gaither) McLester, of Columbus, Ga., and Wetumpka; great-grandson of Doctor and Martha (Wimberly) Perry; great-great-grandson of Ezekial and Sarah (Eason) Perry, the former a captain in the Revolutionary Army,

whose elder sons saw service in the same war; great-great-grandson of Benjamin and Susan (Walton) Perry, who moved from Virginia to Perquimans County, N. C. The Perrys came from England to Virginia. Dr. Perry received his early schooling in Auburn and was graduated from the Agricultural and mechanical college, A. B., 1880. After five years spent in teaching, he entered the Georgia eclectic medical college, and was graduated M. D., 1888. He has since taken several post-graduate courses in New York and Baltimore. He practiced medicine and surgery at Bolling for five years, at Greenville, six years, and at Greensboro, eleven years. He became connected with the state board of health in 1910; was occupied with field work for the hookworm commission, 1910-1911; established and conducted the first free dispensary for the free treatment of hookworm disease with county aid in the south; was elected registrar of vital and mortuary statistics by the state board of health, November, 1911; was county censor, 1889-1899, and president, 1905-1908, of the Butler County medical society; treasurer, 1896-1911, secretary since 1911, and counsellor for life since 1904, of the Medical association of the State of Alabama; member of American medical association; secretary of Hale County medical society, and a member of the county board of examiners; and examiner for ten life insurance companies. He has written a number of articles on medical subjects, published in professional journals; is a Democrat; and a Methodist, serving as steward in the church. Married: March 22, 1888, at Bolling, Butler County, to Emma, daughter of William Hampton Flowers. Her father was born in Darlington County, N. C., moved to Georgia in his childhood, and to Alabama about 1855, settling in Butler County, served in the Indian Wars, and was one of the pioneers in the lumber business, being president of the firm of Milner, Caldwell and Flowers, of Bolling, for more than thirty years. Children: 1. Henry Gaither, Jr., m. Lois Rennie of Pell City, Anniston; 2. Frank Flowers, D. D. S., m. Blanche Smart of Chambers County, Montgomery; 3. Frederick Barry, Montgomery; 4. Margaret Flowers, m. Capt. Samuel Everett Hunkin, of Cleveland, O., Montgomery; 5. Edward Flowers, D. D. S., Montgomery. Residence: Montgomery.

PERRY, HORATIO GATES, lawyer, State senator, was born in 1795, in Sumner County, Tenn., and died in 1834, in Dallas County. He settled at St. Stephens in 1815, and practiced law, later removing to Cahaba. He served Dallas County in both branches of the legislature, defeating Hon. Ezekiel Pickens for the senate in 1829. From 1832 to 1834 he was a circuit judge. He was a cousin of Hon. Simon L. Perry (q. v.) and of John C. Perry (q. v.). Last residence: Dallas County.

PERRY, JOHN C., state treasurer, 1822-29, died in Sumter County, December 24, 1842. Cousin of Horatio Gates Perry (q. v.) and Simon L. Perry (q. v.).

PERRY, ORION SANFORD, Methodist minister, was born November 8, 1843, at Warrior Stand, Macon County, and died at Greensboro; son of Dow and Tabitha Tillman Turner (Hunt) Perry, the former a native of Oglethorpe County, Ga., who lived at Milledgeville, McDonough, Lagrange, Columbus, and Whitesville in Georgia, at Warrior Stand, Chunnenuggee, Cotton Valley, Perote and Cowles Station in Alabama, and in Attala County, Miss., from 1860 to 1863, who was a Methodist local preacher for fifty-two years and taught school about forty years; grandson of Levi and Rebecca Ann Perry, the former a soldier in the Revolution who died in Russell County, and of Turner and Martha Hunt, who lived at Eatonton and McDonough, Ga., the former a Virginian, who served in the Revolutionary Army. Mr. Perry received a common school education in Macon County. He joined the Alabama conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, at Greenville; served the church at Tallassee, Brundidge Court, Fort Deposit, Mt. Hilliard, Bladon Springs, Suggsville, Villula, Crawford, Forest Home, Powelton, Marion Court, Gainesville, and Newbern; and was granted the superannuate relation at Opelika in 1909. He served in the C. S. Army, joining Co. G, Forty-fifth Alabama infantry regiment, May 10, 1862; was made a corporal in 1863, and a sergeant in 1864; and was wounded at Perryville, Ky., and at Franklin, Tenn. He was a Democrat; was chairman of the joint board of finance, Alabama conference, for fifteen years; and was a Mason. Married: December 19, 1872, in Macon County, to Nannie Kesia, daughter of Henry and Applis Carr, of Macon County, the former of whom died while serving in the C. S. Army, and who was a member of the Carr family of North Carolina. Children: 1. Marcia Hunt, d. in infancy; 2. Mary Ethel, school teacher; 3. Henry Leroy, d. September 13, 1903; 4. Wilbur Dow, m. Carrie McMillan; 5. William Sanford; 6. Barton Heard, pharmacist; 7. Orion Streetman; 8. Walter Lamar. Last residence: Greensboro.

PERRY, PATRICK HENRY, planter, was born March 8, 1818, at Sparta, Hancock County, Ga., and died July 8, 1879, near Seale; son of Thomas Watkins and Smithy (Tarver) Perry, the former a member of the Petersburg volunteers in the War of 1812; grandson of James and Susan (Watkins) Perry, the former came to Virginia shortly after the American Revolution, from Wales; and of Absalom and Ursula (Smith) Tarver, a native of Wilkes County, Ga.; brother of Thomas Watkins Perry, lieutenant in Co. E, 84th regiment, volunteers, C. S. Army, a clerk of the circuit court of Russell County, and for a number of years a member of the board of county commissioners of Russell County. Mr. Perry received his education in the common schools of Sparta, Ga. He came to Alabama in 1846, settling ten miles west of Old Fort Mitchell, on the old Federal Road. In 1861 he, with two associates, organized a company which established a mill on Silver Run Creek. This point later became the present town of Seale. He was a Whig; a

Methodist; and a Mason. Married: April 21, 1846, to Elizabeth, daughter of Hartwell and Elizabeth (Mooreland) Bass. Children: 1. Hartwell Bass, m. Mrs. Eliza Boykin, five children; 2. Thomas Watkins, died unm.; 3. Elizabeth, d. unm.; 4. Benjamin Tarver, m. Octavia Camp; 5. Joseph Turner, m. Anna Brannon, one child. Last residence: Seale.

PERRY, SAMUEL, physician, was born in Franklin County, N. C., December 14, 1832; son of Samuel and Eliza B. (Williams) Perry, the former a North Carolina farmer who died in 1846, aged fifty-four years; grandson of Harry G. and Lucy (Tunstall) Williams. Samuel Perry, jr., came to Marion in 1846, and spent four years in Howard college; in 1850 studied medicine under his brother Dr. M. P. Perry in Warren County, N. C.; attended a course of medical lectures in the Jefferson medical college at Philadelphia; after which he took the medical course in the University of South Carolina college, from which he graduated in 1854. He located in Marion, where he practiced until 1857, when he removed to Birmingham. He was president of the Perry County medical society for many years. He served ninety days in the Confederate military service, after which he was exempted on account of his profession. He was a Methodist. Married: in 1855, to Selina, daughter of William A. Jones, of Marion. Children: 1. Albert J.; 2. Henry W.; 3. Samuel, jr.; 4. Charles J.; 5. Tunstall B.; 6. Fannie W., m. John House, jr., of Marion; 7. Anna P., m. Rev. Hugh McCormick, missionary to Mexico; 8. Mary Jones; 9. Patty P. Last residence: Birmingham.

PERRY, SIDNEY S., deputy grand master, grand lodge, Masons, 1844.

PERRY, SIMON L., lawyer, was born in 1793, in Sumner County, Tenn., and died in Tuscaloosa; son of a Tennessee physician. He received his education in his native state; read law in Sevierville. Following the massacre of Ft. Mimms, he volunteered with the Tennessee troops who came to Alabama under Gen. Andrew Jackson, to defend the white settlers against the Indians. In 1815, he located in Madison County, and three years later removed to Tuscaloosa where he practiced law in partnership with Hon. H. W. Collier. He was elected to the legislature from Tuscaloosa County, in 1821, and in 1827 was elected to the bench for a term of six years. Married: Miss Lacy, of Tennessee. Children: Several children were born of this union, among them daughters who resided in Tuscaloosa. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

PERRY, WILLIAM F., planter, State superintendent of education and brigadier-general, C. S. Army, was born in 1823, in Jackson County, Ga., and died December 18, 1901, at Bowling Green, Ky.; son of Hiram and Nancy (Flake) Perry, of Georgia, who removed to Alabama, locating in Chambers County, about 1833. He was largely self taught, having received his early education in Georgia, and in later years perfecting this by constant study. He was prin-

cipal of the high school in Talladega, 1848-53; removed to Tuskegee; studied law under Judge Chilton, and was admitted to the bar in 1854. He was elected by the general assembly in February, 1854, as superintendent of education, and was twice re-elected, holding this position until the fall of 1858, when he resigned in order to take charge of the East Alabama college, at Tuskegee. The Confederate reverses in Tennessee in February, 1862, prompted him to enter the service. Enlisting as a private in the 44th Alabama infantry regiment, he was elected major, upon its organization, May 16, 1862. This regiment was attached to A. R. Wright's brigade, Gen. R. H. Anderson's division, 1862, reached Richmond, July 1, 1862, and took part in the second battle of Manassas. On September 1, 1862, Major Perry became lieutenant-colonel by the resignation of Lieutenant-Colonel Kent. At the battle of Sharpsburg, Colonel Derby was killed and he became colonel. The regiment was transferred to General Law's brigade, and at Gettysburg, under Colonel Perry, shared in the assault on Round Top, winning much praise. Colonel Perry commanded Law's brigade at Chickamauga and was recommended by General Longstreet for promotion for his gallantry. At the Wilderness he had two horses killed under him and at Spotsylvania the brigade again did splendid work. From Cold Harbor until the close of the war Colonel Perry commanded Law's brigade, though he did not receive his promotion as brigadier-general until March 16, 1865, to rank from February 21, 1865. His brigade formed at least one-tenth of General Lee's force paroled at Appomattox, April 9, 1865, so well did he preserve their discipline and morale. Returning to Alabama at the close of the war, he followed planting until 1867, when he removed to Glendale, Ky., where he took charge of a military college, later becoming professor at Ogden college, Bowling Green, Ky. Married: Miss Brown, daughter of George P. Brown, a lawyer from Kentucky who settled in Talladega County; granddaughter of Thomas Chilton (q. v.). Last residence: Bowling Green, Ky.

PERRYMAN, JEPHTHA VINING, planter and business man, was born February 9, 1798, in Twiggs County, Ga., and died March 30, 1861, at his home in Evergreen; son of Harmon and Margaret (Vining) Perryman, also of Twiggs County, the former of Huguenot origin. Mr. Perryman was educated at Sparta, Ga., later removed to Alabama; in 1835 was elected judge of the court of Conecuh County; 1836 and 1837 was a member of the house of representatives from that county; founded the Evergreen academy in which he installed one of his own former teachers as principal; in 1858 or 1859 he was made superintendent of education of the county. He joined in the movement for a railroad from Montgomery to Pensacola, secured subscriptions from other interested citizens to guarantee the venture through Conecuh County, took the contract for building one third of the road through the county, and exposure incident to this work brought on his fatal sickness. His son completed the contract at a financial loss. He was a Whig and op-



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posed to secession, preferring to settle sectional differences in the Union, but when Lincoln was elected president Judge Perryman tendered, by telegraph to Gov. A. B. Moore, his two sons and \$5,000 for the defense of the principle that the State had the right to direct its own affairs. He was a Baptist. Married: in 1824, in Conecuh County, to Kerenhappuch, daughter of William and Lucy (Andrews) Jones, who emigrated from near Sparta, Ga., to Alabama. The second farm house in the county was erected by Mr. Jones. Children: 1. Georgia Anna, m. Wm. Dwight Tomlinson; 2. Mary Carolina, m. Young Madison Rabb, of Brewton; 3. Jephtha Vining, Jr.; 4. James William, m. Evie Simpkins; 5. Lucie Amelia; 6. Harmon; 7. Thomas Jefferson; 8. Patrick Henry. Last residence: Evergreen.

PERSINGER, JESSE COLE, Methodist minister, was born April 26, 1863, at North Port, Tuscaloosa County; son of Elias and Martelia J. (Freeman) Persinger, who lived at that place, the former a native of Virginia, who came from Indiana in 1831, to Tuscaloosa and North Port where he died, December 27, 1865; grandson of Rev. Jesse and Rebecca (Cole) Freeman, who lived at Sheffield Post Office, Fayette County; great-grandson of Nicholas Freeman, who came to Tuscaloosa from Georgia about 1815, and of William B. Cole, who went from Virginia to Georgia, and from Georgia to Tuscaloosa in about 1816. He was educated in the country schools at Jasper and at North Port, and attended Godfrey high school, at Motes, Winston County. He became a minister in the Methodist Episcopal church, South; was licensed to preach in 1881, by Rev. L. M. Wilson, presiding elder; attended school and taught for two years; joined the North Alabama conference at Birmingham in November, 1883; has served as pastor of circuits and stations; was for four years presiding elder of Decatur district; was pastor in Birmingham for more than nine years; and is now in charge of the First Methodist church at Ensley. He was a member of the board of trustees of Athens female college for twelve years; is a Democrat; a Mason; and an Odd Fellow. Married: September 19, 1889, near Pickensville, to Mary Elener, daughter of Samuel C. and Lucinda (Mullen) Nabers, who lived at that place, the former a native of Jefferson County, the latter of Madison County. Children: 1. Martelia Oline; 2. Jessie Rowe; 3. Mary Boyd. Residence: Ensley.

PERSON, RICHARD J., major, 5th, Smith's, Confederate infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

PERSONS, AUGUSTUS ARCHILUS, teacher, was born November 15, 1866, at Enon, Bullock County; son of John William and Eliza Pauline (Persons) Persons; grandson of John William and Martha Ann (Flewellen) Persons, of Culoden, Ga., and of Nicholas William and Eliza (Stanford) Persons, of Auburn. The Persons is a North Carolina family, where the name was and is spelled Person, the s being added to it by those of the family that settled in Georgia. Person County, N. C., bears the family name.

Thomas Person, a brother of the great-grandfather of Augustus Archilus Persons, was a noted North Carolina patriot and a brigadier general in the Revolutionary army. John William Persons, Jr., lived successively at Culoden, Enon, Columbus and Auburn; enlisted March 11, 1862, in Co. C, 45th Alabama infantry regiment, and was honorably discharged on surgeon's certificate of disability, at Tupelo, Miss., July 8, 1862. Dr. Persons was reared in Bullock, Macon and Lee Counties, and much of his youth was spent on a farm; received his elementary education in the public schools of Columbus, Ga., and at Auburn; attended the Agricultural and mechanical college, now the Alabama polytechnic institute, from which he graduated B. S., 1886, and M. S., 1888; and later studied in the University of Chicago, and in Columbia university. He was professor of natural science, Troy State normal college, 1887-1890; professor of agricultural chemistry, Florida agricultural and mechanical college, 1891-1892; professor of general agricultural chemistry, same college, 1893-1898; was professor of chemistry and metallurgy, University of Alabama, 1898-1908; since 1908 has been consulting chemist of the Mobile and Ohio railroad; superintendent of the city schools of Bessemer, 1908, 1909; in 1906 was appointed by the President a member of the board of visitors of the West Point military academy; is at present deputy superintendent of the Alabama educational association. Was editor of the "Florida Citizen," 1894-1896, now amalgamated with the "Florida Times-Union." He is a Democrat and a Methodist. Author: The following technical bulletins, published while in Florida—"Soils and fertilizers;" "Fertilizers: How to make and use them;" "Some typical soils of the Florida peninsula;" "Some potable Florida water;" "The chemistry of the velvet bean;" "Sea island cotton, its chemistry and cultivation." Married: September 27, 1893, in Troy, to Mabel, daughter of John Brewer and Lula (Dinkins) Knox, of that place, the former a surgeon in the C. S. Army; granddaughter of Oscar and Susan (Kendall) Knox, of Brundidge, and of Edwin and Lucy Grey (Perry) Dinkins, of Midway. Children: 1. Augustus Archilus; 2. William Samford; 3. John Knox. Residence: Bessemer.

PERSONS, HENRY STANFORD, physician; graduate of the medical department of the University of Virginia, 1893; licensed to practice by the county board of Elmore the same year. Residence: Montgomery.

PERSONS, HENRY TURNER, teacher, was born April 22, 1845, near Newnan, Coweta County, Ga.; son of Amos Jones and Loiduska Ann (Hudgins) Persons, natives of Georgia, the former who spent the greater part of his life in his native county, Coweta, where he was a successful planter previous to the War of Secession, who joined Co. D, battalion of Phillip's legion, C. S. Army, and served through the war, moved from Coweta to Meriwether County, Ga., in 1870, and continued farming; grandson of Turner and Nancy (Robinson) Persons, who lived near Newnan, Ga., the former a soldier in

the War of 1812, who was twice elected judge of the inferior court of Coweta County, Ga., and of Henry and Martha Hudgins, of Rome, Ga.; great-grandson of Jones Persons, who settled in that part of North Carolina now known as Persons County. He is of English ancestry. He was educated at the Newnan male seminary, Georgia, and received the degree of A. B., granted by the University of Chicago, in 1893. He enlisted in the C. S. Army, in June, 1861, joining Co. A, Newnan Guards, First Georgia infantry regiment. He served during the entire war, was wounded three times, captured in 1863, and confined in the old capitol prison at Washington, D. C. After the close of the war, he began teaching school, and continued that occupation until 1900, when he was elected county superintendent of education of Calhoun County. He was re-elected in 1902, 1904, 1908, and 1912. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; and a Mason. Married: October 19, 1871, at Iron City, Calhoun County, to Nancy Elizabeth, daughter of John and Juliet Rebecca (Johnson) Ryan, who lived in St. Clair County. Children: 1. Linda, deceased, m. John Floyd Williams, Anniston; 2. Annie Ryan, Anniston; 3. Ada, Anniston; 4. Bessie, d. in childhood; 5. Jennie, Anniston; 6. Amos Walker, m. Jeannette Welch, Anniston; 7. Robert Waldon, Hachita, N. Mex.; 8. Paul, Birmingham. Residence: Anniston.

PETERS, JOSEPH LAWSON, lawyer, was born March 22, 1848, in Shelby County; son of William Joseph and Jane (Johnson) Peters, the former who moved from Tennessee to Shelby County in early life, represented that county in the State legislature in 1838 and 1840, was a member of the mercantile firm of Hutchison and Peters of Montevallo, for nine years, then engaged in teaching, which he continued for thirty years, until his death in 1870; grandson of Joseph and Nancy (Hutchison) Peters, and of William and Margaret (Runyon) Johnson of Shelby County; great-grandson of William Peters, who lived in Granger County, Tenn., and afterward moved to Cumberland County. He received his early education in the common schools of Shelby and Bibb Counties, in high school at Six Mile, Bibb County, and in Montevallo, and attended Howard college at Marion. He taught school for two years, studied law under J. N. Suttle and R. McIlvain, at Centerville; and was admitted to the bar at Centerville, to which place he moved, opening a law office in 1875. He entered into a partnership with J. N. Suttle; was for several years county superintendent of education; and for some time was county solicitor of Bibb County. He moved to Columbiana in 1883, and practiced law in that place in partnership with Henry Wilson and E. S. Lyon of Montevallo, under the firm name of Peters, Wilson and Lyon, which continued until the death of Mr. Wilson, in 1895. Mr. Peters was associated for two years with Rufus W. Cobb, formerly governor of the state, and for some time with J. R. Beavers. He served as county solicitor for twelve years; is a Democrat and a Baptist. Married: in December, 1886, to Ella Wilson, who died May 2, 1891, daughter of Dr. John

B. and Mary (Dandy) Wilson of Montevallo. Children: 1. Mary Augusta; 2. Joseph L., jr.; 3. Ella Wilson. Residence: Columbiana.

PETERS, ROBERT FRIERSON, lawyer, was born October 11, 1862, at Tuscaloosa; son of Rev. Benjamin F. and Ada M. (Frierson) Peters, the former at the time of his death on November 3, 1903, the oldest living graduate of the University of Alabama, having entered in 1836; grandson of Robert Frierson, of Carthage, Tuscaloosa County. He was educated by his father and received the degree of LL. B. from the University of Alabama in 1887. He entered upon the practice at Fayette where he has since resided; clerk of the circuit court, of Fayette County, 1887-92; county solicitor, 1892-99; mayor of Fayette, 1896-1900; and has served in the legislature as a representative of Fayette County since the session of 1908. He is a Democrat; Presbyterian; Mason; Knight of Pythias; and a member of the Sigma Alpha Epsilon college fraternity. Married: June 2, 1891, to Annie L., daughter of James B. and Annie Jones, of Fayette. Children: 1. Annie Roberta. Residence: Fayette.

PETERS, THOMAS, promotor, was born October 29, 1812, in Wake County, N. C., and died in 1883, in Louisville, Ky.; son of James P. Peters, who moved from Wake County, N. C., to Maury County, Tenn., in 1815, and settled near Spring Hill, and fifteen years later moved to Henry County, Tenn. His ancestors were one of the English families who settled near Petersburg, Va., in the reign of Charles II. Mr. Peters received a limited education in the common schools of that country, then mostly forest land, and began his business career as a clerk on a steamer plying between Nashville, Tenn., and New Orleans, La., over the Cumberland and Mississippi Rivers. When he was twenty-one years old, he was engaged in buying and selling lands in the southwestern states. He bought considerable tracts in the northern counties of Mississippi from the Indians who sold their possessions preparatory to their removal to the trans-Mississippi reservations. In 1837, he moved to a plantation in Tennessee and became a cotton grower. He moved to Memphis, where he established himself as a real estate broker; and as a contractor, built thirty-five miles of the Memphis and Charleston railroad. In addition to railroad work, he took contracts in levee building along the Mississippi. He was living in Memphis at the outbreak of the War of Secession, and was appointed and commissioned by the governor of Tennessee as chief quartermaster of the state troops. On a more complete organization of the C. S. Army, he was commissioned major in that service, and assigned to the duties of quartermaster on the staff of Maj. Gen. Leonidas Polk. He remained in the field in that capacity until the assumption of the command of the army of the Tennessee by Gen. Hood. He was ordered to Selma in 1864 to take charge of army transportation under Gen. Richard Taylor, and was paroled from that place in April, 1865. Immediately after the war was ended, he directed his energies toward explora-

tions for ores and coal into the mountains of Alabama. He traversed the unknown forests, locating mineral lands, and opening the way for cultivation. Before the railroads had entered the indicated lands, he went to reside in Minnesota with his son-in-law, who was forced to try that climate for his failing health. From there he went to Savannah, Ga., and entered the cotton trade; and in 1869, returned to Jefferson County. He settled at Elyton, the county seat, and engaged in mineral land speculations. He took charge of the exhibit made by the Alabama railroads from their lands and those adjoining at the Louisville exposition of 1883, and soon after succumbed to overwork and a severe attack of cold, dying at an infirmary in that city. His body was brought to Birmingham and interred there. He was a Methodist. Married: (1) in 1837, to Ann Eliza Glasgow of Tennessee, who died five years later; (2) in 1846, to Sarah J. Irion, who died in 1859. Child, by second marriage: 1. Amelia L., m. Robert L. Henley, first mayor of Birmingham. Last residence: Jefferson County.

PETERS, THOMAS MINOTT, lawyer, chief justice Alabama supreme court, was born December 10, 1810, at Clarksville, Tenn., and died June 14, 1888, at Moulton; son of Lemuel and Sarah (Minott) Peters, who lived in Clarksville, Tenn., until 1819, then they came to Alabama and located on a farm at Leighton. He was educated at LaGrange college, Franklin, now Colbert County, and was graduated from the University of Alabama, A. B., 1834, and A. M., 1845. He read law at Moulton with his brother, Samuel M. Peters, and was admitted to the bar in 1836. He began the practice of law at Moulton; was associated with D. G. Ligon for several years, and at the same time, was editor and owner of a newspaper in Moulton. He was elected to the State legislature from Lawrence County in 1835, and two years later served Walker and Lawrence Counties in the State senate. He was a Whig until 1844, and left his party at that time because of the annexation question. In 1860, on the Union issue, he supported Stephen A. Douglas, and during the secession contest proved himself to be an ardent and uncompromising friend of the Union. During the War of Secession, he went into the Federal lines. He was a member of the constitutional convention of Alabama in 1867 from Lawrence County; was elected justice of the supreme court of Alabama by the Republican party in 1868; and held that position until 1874, serving the year, 1873-1874, as chief justice. He was a Mason. Married: to Naomi, daughter of William and Naomi Leetch, of Moulton. Children: 1. Sarah; 2. William Lemuel; 3. Martha Leigh; 4. Anna; 5. Mary Minott; 6. Lutie Alice. Last residence: Moulton.

PETERSON, ALBERT JEFFERSON, physician, graduate of the medical department, Vanderbilt university, 1889, licensed by the county board of Coosa, the same year. Residence: Goodwater.

PETERSON, FRANCIS MARION, physician, was born August 29, 1821, in Pickens County,

and died January 1, 1898, at Greensboro; son of James Jesse and Margaret (Cox) Peterson, who lived near Pickensville until 1850, then moved to northern Mississippi, the former a native of South Carolina, who came to Alabama with his mother when he was nineteen years old, was married there, became a planter, and represented Pickens County in the State legislature several years. His grandfather was a soldier in the Revolutionary Army under Gen. Marion, for whom Mr. Peterson was named. He gained his early education in elementary schools, but for the greater part was self-educated. For three years he taught in academies around Pickensville, and during that time studied medicine. He continued the study of medicine under Dr. Lincecum at Columbus, Miss., and other branches of study under a private tutor. He attended the medical department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1845, at the same time attending the Blockley almshouse. He located in Greensboro in 1846 and engaged in the practice of medicine. After twenty years in the practice of his profession with a diploma from a western college, he entered the University of New York and was graduated, M. D., 1869. He returned to Greensboro and practiced there until his death. He was president in 1886, and later, senior counselor of the Medical association of the State of Alabama; was president of the Greensboro board of health; and professor of materia medica and obstetrics during the period in which a medical department was a feature of the Southern university at Greensboro. He was author of "New Theory of the Production of Puerperal Eclampsia;" of "Advances in Gynecology and Sim's Drainage Tube in the Treatment of Ovariotomy;" of a "Monograph on Diphtheria;" of "Dysentery in Alabama;" a "Criticism on Dr. Draper's Theory of the Production of Butter from Clover;" and other papers. He was a trustee of the Southern university and of the Greensboro female college; was a Democrat; a Methodist; and a Mason. Married: (1) in 1846, at Greensboro, to Amanda Fitzalan Shivers, who died in 1858, daughter of Jesse and Nancy Shivers, who lived near Greensboro; (2) in 1861, to Margaret Jane, daughter of Dr. Alex and Winifred (Lane) Sledge, of Greensboro, a descendant of Col. Needham Bryan of Johnston County, N. C., of Col. John Smith of Johnston County, N. C., and of Thomas Bonner Beaufort, of Revolutionary and colonial fame. Children, by first marriage: 1. Dr. James J., deceased; son, Dr. Edward Wadsworth, physician; 2. Dr. John A., Methodist minister; 3. Dr. Francis Marion (q. v.); by second marriage: 4. Mrs. Harry Tutwiler Inge, Mobile; 5. Mrs. Pride Jones, Mobile; 6. Mrs. Phares Coleman, deceased. Last residence: Greensboro.

PETERSON, FRANCIS MARION, Methodist minister, president Alabama girls' technical institute, was born October 29, 1854, at Greensboro, and died March 3, 1908, at Montevallo; son of Francis Marion and Amanda Fitzalan (Shivers) Peterson (q. v.). He was educated in private schools at Greensboro, and was graduated from Southern university, M. A., 1873, and B. D., 1874. Later he took post-

graduate work at the University of Chicago, and at the University of Virginia. He was licensed to preach, July 2, 1873, and admitted on trial into the Alabama conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, in December, 1874. He was placed in charge of the Citronelle circuit, 1875; of the Mobile City Mission, 1876; was assistant pastor of the Franklin street church, Mobile, 1877; took charge of the preparatory department of Southern university at Greensboro, 1877-1878; was appointed professor of ancient languages in Southern university, 1878-1899; elected president of Alabama girls' industrial school, now Alabama girls' technical institute, 1899, and held that position until 1907, when he resigned because of failing health. He was a member of the first text book commission for the public schools of Alabama. During the thirty years in which he was continuously engaged in teaching, he was also active as a minister of the gospel. He received the honorary degree of D. D. from Southern university, 1900, and the degree of LL. D., from the University of Alabama in 1906. He was a Democrat; a Master Mason; and a Thirty-second degree Scottish Rite Mason. Married: December 2, 1880, at Bodka, to Helen Amanda, daughter of William Overton and Margaret Amanda (Morrison) Winston, of Bodka, the former a cousin of Gov. John A. Winston, and Senator Pettus, the latter a native of North Carolina, of the family of Morrisons of that state; granddaughter of Anthony and Sallie Ann (Watson) Winston; great-granddaughter of William and Barbara (Overton) Winston, the former a captain in the Revolutionary War. The Winston family is of English extraction. Children: 1. Margaret Amanda, d. January 9, 1907; 2. Lena Parham, m. Dr. Edgar Gilmore Givhan, Montevallo, child, Edgar Gilmore, jr.; 3. Nell Winston; 4. Amanda Fitzalan, d. in infancy; 5. Frances Marion, d. in infancy; 6. Mary Winifred, Montevallo; 7. Francis Marion; 8. Overton Winston. Last residence: Montevallo.

PETERSON, J. A., Methodist minister, member of the Alabama conference. Residence: Evergreen.

PETERSON, JAMES JESSE, physician; graduate of the medical department of Tulane university, 1899; licensed to practice in Alabama by the county board of Lee, 1909. Residence: Mobile.

PETRIE, GEORGE, author, history teacher, was born April 10, 1866, at Montgomery; son of George Laurens and Mary Jane (Cooper) Petrie (q. v.), the former a native of Cheraw, Chesterfield District, S. C., who lived at different times at Cheraw, S. C., Washington, Ga., Charleston, S. C., Marietta, Ga., Montgomery, Oakland, Miss., Greenville, Petersburg, Va., Charlottesville, Va., and was a Presbyterian minister who served as chaplain of the Twenty-second regiment of Alabama volunteers, C. S. Army, and was author of "Jacob's Sons," and of "Israel's Prophets"; grandson of George Hollinshead Whitefield and Mary Jane (Prince) Petrie (q. v.), and of George William and

Mary Jane (Scott) Cooper, who lived in Sumter County, S. C.; great-grandson of George Petrie of Charleston, S. C., who was a first lieutenant in the South Carolina Army of the Revolutionary War; great-great-grandson of Alexander Petrie, who was born in 1717, lived in Elgin, Scotland, emigrated to Charleston, S. C., and died in 1768. Mr. Petrie attended the public schools in Petersburg, Va., and the public and private schools of Charlottesville, Va. He was graduated from the University of Virginia, with the degree of M. A., 1887, and held the Virginia scholarship at Johns Hopkins university, where he was graduated in history and political economy with the degree of Ph. D., 1891. He entered on the profession of teaching as adjunct professor of modern languages and history in the Alabama polytechnic institute, 1887-1889, and after completing his graduate work, was recalled to the institute as professor of history and Latin. He has held the latter position since 1891, and became academic dean of the institute in 1908. He served as a member of the summer faculty of the George Peabody college for teachers, 1916-1917; is a member of the American historical association; of the Alabama Educational association; of the Alabama history teachers' association, of which he has served as president since 1915; is a Democrat; and a Presbyterian. He is the author of "Montgomery" in "Historic Towns of Southern States"; of articles on Gov. W. J. Samford and William L. Yancey in "Transactions of the Alabama Historical Society"; of the "Doctrine of Secession Historically Traced" and "Alabama, 1819-1865" in "The South in the Building of the Nation"; of an article on Yancey in "The Library of Southern Literature"; and of numerous other articles on historical and educational topics in periodicals. Dr. Petrie is also editor of four volumes of "Historical Studies," the work of students of the Alabama polytechnic institute. Married: August 30, 1893, in Auburn, to Mary Barkwell, daughter of Gen. James H. and Charlotte Randolph (Meade) Lane, who lived at Auburn, the former of whom was a brigadier general in the C. S. Army, and served from the beginning to the end of the War of Secession; great-granddaughter of Everard Meade of Virginia, a major in the Revolutionary Army, and aide de camp to Gen. Lincoln; great-great-granddaughter of Sir Richard Everard of Essex, England, the last proprietary governor of Carolina, 1726-1730. Children: 1. Mary Cooper, b. May 1, 1900, d. June 30, 1901. Residence: Auburn.

PETRIE, GEORGE HOLLINSHEAD WHITEFIELD, Presbyterian minister, was born May 5, 1812, at Charleston, S. C., and died May 8, 1885, at Montgomery; son of George and Esther Stiles (Tucker) Petrie, who lived at Charleston, S. C., the former a native of Charleston, S. C., a lieutenant in the South Carolina Army during the Revolutionary War, the latter, who was a Mrs. Randle before her marriage to Mr. Petrie, and a native of Bermudas; grandson of Alexander and Elizabeth (Holland) Petrie, of Charleston, S. C., the former who was born in 1717, came from Elgin, Scotland, and settled

in Charleston, where he died in 1768, the latter who lived in Philadelphia, until her marriage, and of William and Mary Tucker, who lived at Bermudas. Rev. Dr. Petrie received his early schooling in Charleston, S. C.; was graduated from Charleston college, 1831; attended Columbia Presbyterian theological seminary, from which he was graduated in 1834; and received the honorary degree of D. D. from the University of Alabama in 1859. He was licensed to the Presbyterian ministry by the Charleston Union Presbytery in 1834, and ordained by Harmony Presbytery in 1835. He served as pastor at Williamsburg, S. C., 1834-1835; at Darlington, S. C., 1836-1837; at Washington, Ga., 1838-1850; at Charleston, S. C., 1851-1853; at Marietta, Ga., 1854-1856; and at Montgomery, 1857-1885. His fifty years of ministerial work were brought to a close at the latter place by his death. Married: February 16, 1837, to Mary Jane, daughter of Lawrence and Charlotte (Benton) Prince, who lived at Cheraw, S. C. Children: 1. Esther Tucker, Kissimmee, Fla., m. July 17, 1884, to James Caldwell, deceased; 2. George Laurens (q. v.); 3. Charlotte Benton, Kissimmee, Fla. Last residence: Montgomery.

PETRIE, GEORGE LAURENS, Presbyterian minister, was born February 25, 1840, at Cheraw, Chesterfield County, S. C., son of George Hollinshead Whitefield and Mary Jane (Prince) Petrie (q. v.). He obtained his early education at Sachtleben's school, in Charleston, S. C.; at the Classical school, Marietta, Ga.; and at Georgia military institute, Marietta. He attended Davidson college, North Carolina, for two years; was graduated from Oglethorpe university, Georgia, with first honor, A. B., 1859, and later A. M.; was graduated from the Columbia Presbyterian theological seminary, B. D., 1862; and received the degree of D. D. from Hampden-Sidney college, Virginia, 1887. He served as chaplain of the Twenty-second regiment of Alabama volunteers, C. S. Army, 1863-1865; taught a classical school in Montgomery, 1865-1866; was professor of Latin, Oakland college, Mississippi, 1866-1869; pastor of the Presbyterian church at Greenville, 1870-1872; pastor of the Presbyterian church at Petersburg, Va., 1872-1878; and since 1878 has been pastor of the Presbyterian church at Charlottesville, Va. He is author of "Jacob's Sons," and of "Israel's Prophets;" and is a Mason. Married: November 29, 1864, at Rollinsdale, Sumter County, S. C., to Mary Jane, daughter of George William and Mary Elizabeth Cooper, who lived at that place. Children: 1. George (q. v.), m. Mary Lane, Auburn. Residence: Charlottesville, Va.

PETTIGREW, JAMES, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 73, and a resident of Greene County; private S. C. Militia; enrolled on July 2, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$80; sums received to date of publication of list, \$240.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Greene County, June 1, 1840, aged 79.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

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PETTIT, JOHN W. A., lawyer, was born about 1800, in Georgia, and died about 1850 in Memphis, Tenn. He was a lawyer, and served in the State legislature of Georgia where he was originally an adherent of the Clark party in opposition to Troup and the treaty, in the scenes of 1825-1826, but when the Carolina doctrine of State rights was promulgated, he was among the few of his local party to adopt it. A short time afterward, he moved to Montgomery and became editor of the "Alabama Journal," supporting state rights and remedies. Some time later, he withdrew from editorial work and devoted his attention entirely to the practice of law, at Irwinton, now Eufaula. In 1839, he was elected to the Alabama legislature from Barbour County, and during the session introduced an unsuccessful bill to establish a branch bank at Irwinton. He was re-elected to the legislature 1842, and the following year was nominated for congress in the Montgomery district, but was defeated at the election by James E. Belser. Soon after, he moved to Memphis, Tenn., and spent the remainder of his life at that place. Last residence: Memphis, Tenn.

PETTUS, EDMUND WINSTON, lawyer, justice, brigadier-general, C. S. Army, U. S. senator, was born July 6, 1821, in Limestone County, died July 27, 1907, in Hot Springs, N. C., and is buried in Live Oak cemetery, Selma; son of John and Alice Taylor (Winston) Pettus, the former a Virginia planter, who removed to Tennessee, later to Alabama, settling in Madison County, afterwards in Limestone; grandson of Captain Anthony and Kezia (Jones) Winston, the former a Revolutionary soldier of Virginia; great-great-grandson of Isaac Winston, an English emigrant who settled in Hanover County, Va., the father of seven sons and two daughters. The Pettus family was of English and Welsh origin. General Pettus was educated in the old-field schools of Limestone County, and at Clinton college, in Tennessee. In 1840 he began the study of law in Tusculum, under William Cooper, who was the leader of the bar in north Alabama. He was admitted to practice in 1842, and settled in Gainesville, as the partner of Turner Reavis, and in 1844 was elected solicitor of the seventh Alabama judicial circuit. He served as a lieutenant in the Mexican War, 1847; was elected judge of the seventh circuit in 1855, but resigned that office in 1858, and removed to Dallas County, where he resumed the practice of law as a member of the firm of Pettus, Pegues and Dawson. He, with a party of neighbors, made the trip on horseback from Alabama to California during the gold excitement in the west. At the outbreak of the War of Secession, Judge Pettus, as he was then known, was appointed commissioner of Alabama to the State of Mississippi, of which state his brother, John J. Pettus, was governor. In August, 1861, he entered the army at Cahaba and was made major of the 20th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, and soon afterward was promoted to lieutenant-colonel and held that rank until the siege of Vicksburg. On September 18, 1863, he was promoted to brigadier-general and placed in command of a brigade composed of the 20th,

23rd, 30th, 31st and 46th Alabama regiments, and led that command until its final surrender at Salisbury, N. C. He took an active part in the engagements beginning with the skirmishes around Covington, in which he commanded the advance, and culminating in rapid succession, in the battles at Port Gibson, Baker's Creek, siege of Vicksburg, Lookout Mountain and Missionary Ridge, where he held the right under Hardee; Crow's Valley, Dalton, Rocky Face, Resaca, New Hope Church, Kenesaw Mountain, siege of Atlanta, Jonesboro and Columbia, Tenn., where he forced a crossing of the river, and at the head of three regiments charged and captured the enemy's breastworks; both the battles of Nashville; thence by the way of Florence, through Mississippi to South Carolina, where he took part in the battles about Columbia; on to Kingston, and finally at Bentonville, N. C., March 19, 1865, where he was seriously wounded. When peace was declared, General Pettus returned to Selma and resumed the practice of law. In November, 1896, he was nominated by the Democratic party, and elected by the legislature of Alabama, United States senator for the term commencing March 4, 1897; at the State Democratic primary, August 27, 1906, he was nominated as his own successor without opposition, on January 23, 1907, and he was unanimously re-elected by the legislature for a six years term, from March 4, 1909, to March 4, 1915, but died before the expiration of his second term, and was succeeded by Gov. Ralph F. Johnston. He was a Presbyterian. Married: June 27, 1844, to Mary L., daughter of Judge Samuel Chapman (q. v.). Children: 1. Mollie, m. Theophilus Lacy; 2. Lucy, m. ——— Roberts; 3. Francis L. (q. v.). Several children died in infancy. Last residence: Selma.

PETTUS, ERLE, lawyer, circuit solicitor and legislator, was born February 4, 1877, at Elkmont, Limestone County; son of Joseph Albert and Musie (Cartwright) Pettus, who lived successively at Pettusville, Elkmont and Athens, the former a physician and a private in the Confederate Army, being wounded in action; grandson of Thomas C. and Mary (Fowlkes) Pettus, who lived at Pettusville, Limestone County. The Cartwright grandparents lived at Shoalford, Limestone County. Mr. Pettus was educated in the public schools of Elkmont, and graduated at the University of Alabama, with the A. B. degree, 1897. He was editor-in-chief of "Crimson-White"; class representative in debate in the law department; and University representative in intercollegiate debate, Talladega, 1897. He attended the law school, Cumberland University, Lebanon, Tenn., 1897-98, and graduated LL. B. from the University of Alabama, 1899, entering upon the practice at Athens that year. In 1906 he removed to Birmingham and formed a partnership with Judge Zell Gaston. He was a member of the Alabama legislature, 1898-99, 1900-01, and during the former session introduced and passed a resolution favoring direct election of U. S. senators; author of the anti-trust law, 1900-01; author of the first primary election law ever placed on

the Alabama statute books; nominated in the Livingston County primaries as delegate to the proposed constitutional convention of 1901; appointed solicitor of the sixteenth judicial circuit, and served one year, was re-nominated for a full term, but the act creating the office was declared unconstitutional by the supreme court. He served as acting commandant of the cadet corps, University of Alabama, 1899-1900, with rank of colonel by courtesy of the University. He is a Democrat; Methodist; and a Mason. Married: November 27, 1907, at Huntsville, to Ellelle, daughter of Reuben and Rosalie (Sheffey) Chapman of that place; granddaughter of Gov. Reuben Chapman (q. v.), and of Dr. Sheffey of Huntsville. Children: 1. Erle. Residence: Birmingham.

PETTUS, FRANCIS LEIGH, lawyer and legislator, was born October 7, 1858, at Cahaba, Dallas County, died March 6, 1901, in Montgomery, and is buried in Selma; son of Gen. Edmund Winston and Mary L. (Chapman) Pettus (q. v.). He received his early education in the public and private schools of Selma; attended the Virginia military institute at Lexington for one year; spent some time in Dallas County on a farm on account of ill health; entered Davidson College, N. C., where he took a two year classical course. He located in Galveston, Tex., after leaving college in 1877, and was employed in a cotton commission house for one year. He removed to Selma; studied law in the office of his father; was admitted to the practice, April 9, 1879; and opened an office in Selma. At one time he was a member of the law firm of Pettus and Dawson, and at the time of his death was practicing in partnership with his father. He was clerk of the supreme court, 1882-84; elected to the house as a representative from Dallas County, 1886, and re-elected in 1888, 1890, 1892, 1900, serving as speaker in 1892 and 1900. He was elected to the State senate in 1894 and was also elected its president for that session. He was colonel on the military staff of Gov. Thomas Seay. He was a Presbyterian; Mason; Elk; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: October 28, 1880, at Selma, to Mary Eleanor, daughter of Maj. William S. Knox, of that place. Children: 1. Alice; 2. Edmund Winston, m. Mary B. Dawson. Last residence: Selma.

PETTUS, MAIA, author and writer. Residence: Athens.

PETTUS, RICHARD EMMETT, business man, was born November 18, 1853, at French's Mill, five miles east of Athens, Limestone County; son of William Rowlett and Charlotte Harris (Day) Pettus, the former a native of Halifax County, Va., who removed to Alabama, lived in Limestone and Madison Counties where he was a planter and slave owner; grandson of Thomas Pettus, of Halifax County, Va., and of Richard and Lucinda Day, of Spotsylvania County, Va. Mr. Pettus was educated in the public schools and graduated A. B., 1876, A. M., 1877, from the University of Alabama. He



FRANK NELSON, JR.

was assistant professor of chemistry at the University of Alabama, 1877-79. He was a merchant at Cluttsville for a short time, and later removed to Rep, Madison County, which took its name from his initials, where he opened a general store and was postmaster until 1886. In the fall of 1886 he bought the "Huntsville Independent Weekly" becoming editor and proprietor until July, 1887, when he represented the associated press and reported for several dailies. He then retired from newspaper work on account of ill health and re-entered the mercantile business; was president, Building and loan association, 1890; also president, board of trade, 1890; president, chamber of commerce, 1893-1903; and since 1894, in the wholesale grocer business with his brother, W. E. Pettus. He was president of the Alabama Baptist State convention, 1910 and 1911; has served on the board of trustees of Howard and Judson colleges and was a member of the Alabama educational commission. He is a Baptist; Democrat; member Tennessee Valley historical society; Odd Fellow; and a member of the Sigma Nu college fraternity. Author: contributor to a number of periodicals and newspapers. Married: January 14, 1885, to Julia Augusta, daughter of Rev. Jackson and Elizabeth (Ellett) Gunn, of Trinity. Children: 1. Herbert Augustus, educator, A. B., University of Alabama; 2. Ruth Elizabeth. Residence: Huntsville.

PETTY, FRANK PAUL, physician; graduate of the medical department of Vanderbilt university, 1892; licensed to practice by the county board of Limestone the same year. Residence: Albany.

PETTY, THEOPHILUS, sen., *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 82, resided in Butler County, June 1, 1840.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

PETTY, WILLIAM, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 70, and a resident of Madison County; private N. C. Militia; enrolled on February 21, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$20; sums received to date of publication of list, \$50.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

PFISTER, ARMAND P., bookseller, musician, and grand secretary of the grand lodge, grand chapter and grand council, of Alabama, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, was born in October, 1802; at Nassau, on the Island of New Providence, and died at Montgomery, January 28, 1857, but is buried in Mobile; son of German parents who immigrated in 1814 to Pennsylvania settling near Philadelphia. He was educated at Mount Airy college, near Queens-town. In 1818 he located at Mobile, whence he went in a few weeks to Demopolis where he resided until 1823; and from 1823 to 1826 he was bookkeeper for a Mobile mercantile establishment. In the latter year he removed to Tuscaloosa where he remained until 1846, lo-

cating in Montgomery when the seat of government was changed to that place. For many years he was associated with Joel White, under the name of White, Pfister and co., in the retail book business. At one time he taught music, and Garrett speaks of him as "a very accomplished teacher." He became a Mason prior to October 15, 1824. In 1837 he was appointed grand secretary pro tem, and in 1838 was elected grand secretary of the grand chapter, grand council and grand lodge, which position he occupied until his death. "A suitable monument was erected over his grave at Mobile by the Grand Lodge." He was never married. Last residence: Montgomery.

PHARR, JOSIAH ROBINS, business man and legislator, was born December 11, 1867, at Canton Bend, Wilcox County; son of George Mathis and Martha Ezra (Robins) Pharr, of Canton; grandson of Ephraim Alexander and Mary Elizabeth (Mathews) Pharr, the latter a granddaughter of Governor Mathews of Georgia, the former a soldier in the Indian Wars and the second sheriff of Wilcox County, and of John Bowdoin and Henrietta (Sherrell) Robins. He was educated in the common schools of his native county; is a farmer and merchant. He was one of the representatives from Wilcox County to the legislature of 1911. He is a Democrat; Presbyterian; Mason; Knight of Pythias; and a Woodman of the World. Married: April 22, 1896, at Gastonburg, to Lula Rae, daughter of Egbert and Mary (Green) Westbrook, of McKinley, Marengo County, the former a graduate of Howard college, was a soldier in the C. S. Army. Children: 1. Grace Robins; 2. Mary Green; 3. Lula Rae. Residence: Catherine.

PHELAN, CHARLES, circuit judge, 1868.

PHELAN, ELLIS, lawyer, secretary of State, was born August 11, 1843, in Marion, and died August 5, 1897, in Waterbury, Conn.; son of Judge John D. and Mary Anne (Harris) Phelan (q. v.). He was educated in the schools of his community and graduated from the University of Alabama. He entered the Confederate army, as a captain in the 45th regiment Alabama volunteers; and was major when wounded in the battle of Atlanta. After the close of the war he studied law and was admitted to practice. During the administration of Gov. Edward O'Neal, he was secretary of State, for two terms. He removed to Birmingham and was prominent in the early development of that city. He was clerk of the house of representatives of Alabama, 1870-77. About 1890, he removed to Waterbury, Conn., where he was elected circuit judge, which position he resigned to resume the practice of law. He was a Democrat; and an Episcopalian. Married: (1) in 1870, to Amy Hawkins, of Elyton; (2) in 1884, to Mary Frisbil, of Waterbury. Last residence: Waterbury, Conn.

PHELAN, JAMES, lawyer, State and Confederate States senator, was born October 11, 1821, in Huntsville, and died May 17, 1873, in

Memphis, Tenn.; son of John and Priscilla Oakes (Ford) Phelan, Irish immigrants, brother of Judge John Dennis Phelan (q. v.). He was educated in the schools of Huntsville; served as apprentice to "The Huntsville Democrat," 1835-42; became associated with Samuel A. Hale as editor of "The Flag of The Union," Tuscaloosa, 1842; State printer, 1843. He studied law and practiced in Huntsville, 1846-49, and in Aberdeen, Miss., 1849-60. He returned to Alabama, and was elected State senator, 1860; Confederate State senator, 1862-64. He introduced in the Confederate senate, 1863, a bill to "impress" all the cotton of the South, to pay for it in Confederate bonds, and use it as a basis for a foreign loan, but the bill failed to pass. In 1864-65, he was judge advocate of Alabama. About 1866, he removed to Memphis, Tenn., where he practiced until his death. He was a Democrat; and an Episcopalian. Married: September 22, 1846, to Eliza J., daughter of Dr. Alfred and Eliza (Jones) Moore of Madison County. Children: 1. George Richard, m. Julia Tate Hunt; 2. James, jr., m. Mary Early. Last residence: Memphis.

PHELAN, JOHN, jr., lawyer, Confederate State senator, and Tennessee congressman, was born November 22, 1842, in Marion, Perry County, and died February 11, 1890; son of Judge John D. and Mary Anne (Harris) Phelan (q. v.). He was educated in the schools of Marion, and in 1861, graduated from the University of Alabama, in the first class of military cadets to receive diplomas. In the fall of 1861, he organized an artillery company known throughout the War of Secession as "Phelan's Battery." This company fought at Chickamauga, Resaca, Franklin, and through the Atlanta campaign. He served as a member of the Confederate senate. After the close of the war, Capt. Phelan studied law in Montgomery, and was admitted to practice in 1867; removed to Tennessee and served that state in congress. He returned to Alabama, and located in Birmingham, 1885, as manager of the cotton and produce exchange. He was a Democrat; and an Episcopalian. Married: December 26, 1871, at Moulton, Lawrence County, to Anne Owen Sale. Children: 1. Owen; 2. Sale; 3. Anna May; 4. John Ellis; 5. Joe. Last residence: Birmingham.

PHELAN, JOHN DENNIS, supreme court judge, attorney general, member Alabama legislature, lawyer and educator, was born in 1810, in Brunswick, N. J., and died in September, 1879, in Marion; son of John and Priscilla Oakes (Ford) Phelan, Irish immigrants, who removed to Richmond, Va., and later to Huntsville where the son grew up. He was educated in the common schools, later graduating from the University of Tennessee. He read law with Hon. B. W. Leigh, of Virginia, and was admitted to practice, 1832. He located in New Orleans; after a short time there, removed to Huntsville and edited "The Democrat." He represented Madison County in the legislature, 1834, in 1836, elected attorney-general; in 1838, removed to Tuscaloosa, representing that county, in the

legislature, 1839. He was elected circuit judge, 1841-52, and removed to Marion, Perry County. In 1852, he was elected a supreme court judge for four years; for eight years, he was clerk of the supreme court. In 1864 he was appointed to fill a vacancy on the supreme court bench. In 1865, he was removed by the "Reconstruction" carpet-bag ruler of Alabama; held the office of supreme court clerk until 1868, when again he was "disqualified." He then accepted the professorship of law, in Sewanee university, Tenn., where he labored until his death which occurred while on a visit to Alabama. He was a Democrat; and an Episcopalian. Married: in 1836, near Huntsville, to Mary Anne Harris (q. v.), of Limestone County, daughter of Gen. Thomas Kent and Mary Anne (Moore) Harris, of White County, Tenn. Mrs. Phelan was one of the charter members and officer of the Ladies memorial association, of Montgomery, organized April, 1866. Children: 1. Thomas, Confederate soldier, killed at Fredericksburg; 2. Watkins, Confederate soldier, killed at Petersburg; 3. John (q. v.), Confederate soldier, m. Anna O. Sale; 4. Ellis, m. (1) Amy Hawkins, (2) Mary Frisbil (q. v.); 5. Mary Anne, m. Robert Watt, of Montgomery, first proprietor of the Exchange hotel with Sidney Lanier, Confederate soldier, and lost his arm in the service; 6. Caroline, m. Jesse Beale of Montgomery; 7. Sidney, m. Palmer Graham, removed to Atlanta. Last residence: University of the South, Sewanee, Tenn.

PHELAN, JOSEPH, clerk of the State senate and Methodist minister, lived in Tuscaloosa, and died in 1858, in Coosa County. He was elected assistant clerk of Alabama House of representatives in 1838, and re-elected 1839 and 1840. From 1842 to 1847, he was clerk of the body. In 1847 he was ordained to the ministry of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, and served the conference acceptably. In 1853, he was elected secretary of the Alabama senate; reelected in 1855. He was a Democrat; and a Methodist. Married: to Laura Powell, sister of Col. James R. Powell, the founder of Birmingham. Children: 1. James Powell, m. Caroline Charles, of Greensboro; 2. Sidney Marcellus, New York financier. Last residence: Coosa County.

PHELAN, MARY ANNE (HARRIS), patriotic worker, was born April 26, 1816, in Winchester, Tenn., and died May 22, 1870, in Montgomery; daughter of Gen. Thomas Kent and Mary Anne (Moore) Harris, the former a native of Virginia who removed to Tennessee and represented that state in congress for one term. Mrs. Phelan was the first vice-president of the Ladies' (Confederate) memorial association. Married: John D. Phelan (q. v.). Last residence: Montgomery.

PHILLIPS, ANDREW, soldier of the American Revolution, aged 75, and a resident of Pickens County; private N. C. Continental Line; enrolled on July 2, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$80.—*Revolu-*

tionary Pension Roll, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

PHILLIPS, BERRIEN TROUP, lawyer, was born January 30, 1864, at Loachapoka, Macon County, now Lee County; son of Julius C. and Anne E. (Leftwich) Phillips, the former who was a native of Talbotton, Ga., and later removed to Opelika; grandson of Dr. Reuben and Mary (Baldwin) Phillips, the former who came with his family from Talbotton, Talbot County, Ga., to Notasulga; and of John Trigg and Sarah (Lane) Leftwich of Bedford City, Va. The Phillips family originally came from middle England and Ireland, and the Leftwich family from Cheshire, Wales. Mr. Phillips was educated in the common schools of Loachapoka and Opelika, and later attended the Agricultural and mechanical college at Auburn. He studied law in a private law office; was admitted to the practice of law upon examination in the supreme court of Alabama, and was State senator from the twenty-seventh district in 1919. He is a Democrat; a member of the Methodist church, South; and an Odd Fellow. Married: October 17, 1895, to Susan Mizell, daughter of Dr. J. W. R. and Elizabeth (Bulard) Williams. Children: 1. Frances Elizabeth; 2. Annie; 3. Winnifred. Residence: Opelika.

PHILLIPS, EDMUND AVERY, merchant, was born November 9, 1859, near Covington, Newton County, Ga.; son of John Bluford and Martha Jane (Avery) Phillips, the former who was born near Covington, Ga., served in Co. B, Fifty-third Georgia regiment, C. S. Army, and lived at Ashland, Clay County, from 1868 until his death in 1907; grandson of Edmund and Adaline (Sawyer) Phillips, of Covington, Ga., the former a Georgian, whose father was also a Georgian, and of Samuel and Amelia (Sims) Avery, who lived near Covington, Ga. The Phillips family came originally from Virginia, but moved to Georgia at an early date. Mr. Phillips was educated at Ashland, and taught school in Clay County during the years 1879, 1880, 1883 and 1884, and farmed during the intermediate years until 1886. He was elected clerk of the circuit court of Clay County on the Democratic ticket, 1886-1892; was elected judge of probate of Clay County by the populists, 1892-1898; and was a delegate of the Populist party to the constitutional convention of 1901. He was a delegate to the first Populist convention ever held in Alabama, at Birmingham, June, 1892, and at that time was chosen a delegate to the national convention in Omaha, Neb. He is a Baptist. Married: November 13, 1884, at Ashland, to Martha Elizabeth, daughter of Jefferson Lafayette and Angeline (Harbison) Blackstock, of Ashland. Children: 1. Ethel; 2. Spencer; 3. Stella; 4. Albert Sawyer. Residence: Birmingham.

PHILLIPS, GEORGE, physician, member constitutional convention 1819, was born May 1, 1769, in Delaware, and died September 15, 1835, at Selma; son of George and Jane (Edgar) Phillips, the former a native of Ireland, who

came to America and settled in Delaware in 1768, bringing with him his wife and one child, William E., who later served in the Revolutionary Army, and after living in Delaware for several years, moved to Mecklenburg County, N. C.; grandson of Llewellyn and Jane (Campbell) Edgar. He was of Welsh and Scotch origin; his ancestors went with Cromwell's army into Ireland, and settled there about the middle of the seventeenth century. Dr. Phillips studied medicine and became a practicing physician. In 1803, he moved to Georgia, where he remained for several years, then came to Huntsville. He practiced his profession there until 1815, at that time moving to Shelby County. He was elected to the constitutional convention from Shelby County in 1819, and later in the year, moved to Dallas County. At that time he withdrew from the practice of medicine and devoted his entire time to planting. When the first legislature of Alabama met, Dr. Phillips was a candidate for U. S. senator, but was defeated. He was elected to the State legislature from Dallas County in 1823, and to the State senate in 1831. He was one of the incorporators of the University of Alabama and was a trustee of the institution, 1821-1833. In 1814, during the Indian war, he served as surgeon under Gen. Andrew Jackson. He was a Whig and a Presbyterian. Married: (1) in Georgia, to Jemima, daughter of Lerol and Jemima (Jones) Pope; (2) to Mary Martin. Children, by first marriage: 1. Matilda E., m. William Blevins; 2. Eliza P.; 3. William S. (q. v.); 4. Francis M., m. Martha Sherrer; 5. Jemima G., m. William Johnson; 6. Robert M.; by second marriage: 7. George Crawford (q. v.); 8. Mary A., m. Andrew Hunter; 9. Emily R., m. Charles Lewis; 10. Nancy M.; 11. John B., m. (1) Mary Swift, (2) Isabella Porter. Last residence: Selma.

PHILLIPS, GEORGE CRAWFORD, planter, was born May 15, 1815, in Georgia, and died August 30, 1872, in Dallas County; son of George and Mary (Martin) Phillips (q. v.); brother of William Sidney Phillips (q. v.). He was, for the most part, reared in Dallas County, and attended the University of Alabama. He studied medicine under his father and was about to leave for a medical college, when the death of his father occurred. He became administrator of his father's estate and engaged in planting. He represented Dallas County in the State legislature in 1847 and again in 1853, serving in the latter session as a member of the committee on ways and means. For twenty-one years he was a member of the board of commissioners of Dallas County holding the office until the reconstruction period after the War of Secession. During the war he was a colonel of militia, but took active part only to the extent of aiding in the defense of Selma. He had been opposed to secession, but during the war gave his entire support to the Confederacy. He assisted in the organization of the Alabama and Tennessee River railroad, was a stockholder in the company and a director for several years. He was a Whig until the dissolution of that party, then became a Demo-

crat; and was a Presbyterian. Married: February 25, 1835, to Adoline Dillingham Crawford, of Dallas County, daughter of John Crawford, who came to Dallas County from Tennessee in 1817. Children: 1. and 2. d. in early life; 3. John Crawford, sergeant, Co. G, Forty-fourth Alabama infantry, C. S. Army, d. August 7, 1862, near Drury's Bluff, Va.; 4. Mrs. L. A. Privett; 5. Mrs. Frank H. Bates; 6. Miss E. R.; 7. Dr. W. C.; 8. George, corporal, fifth sergeant, orderly sergeant, Co. G, Sixth Alabama cavalry, brigade commissary sergeant, C. S. Army, warehouseman and planter, m. Sarah Ellen McIlwain, Selma. Last residence: Dallas County.

PHILLIPS, JOHN HERBERT, educator, superintendent city schools of Birmingham, was born December 12, 1853, at Covington, Ky.; son of Evan and Elizabeth (Herbert) Phillips, natives of Wales, who came to the United States in 1849, located at Louisville, Ky., later moved to Gallia County, O., and then to Jackson, O., where the former died in 1889; grandson of John and Jane (Davis) Herbert. He attended the common district schools of Kentucky and Ohio, and the Gallia academy, then taught in the rural schools of West Virginia, Kentucky and Ohio, from 1871-1875. He entered Marietta college, Marion, O., and was graduated from that institution A. B., 1880, A. M., 1883; has taken post graduate work at the University of Edinburgh and the University of Chicago. The degree of LL. D. was conferred upon him by Marietta college in 1905 and by the University of Alabama in 1906. He served as principal of a high school at Gallipolis, O., 1880-1883; and resigned that position in the latter year in order to accept the work of reorganizing and establishing the public school system of Birmingham. He has continued as superintendent of the public schools of that city since that time. In 1885, he was elected president of the chauteauqua class of 1889, and delivered addresses in connection with that work throughout the country. He was president of the Southern educational association in 1895; president of the council of education, National educational association, 1902; has contributed to numerous magazines; and is author of "History and Literature in Grammar Schools," 1892, "The Negro and Education," 1894, and "Old Tales and Modern Ideals," 1905. He is a Democrat; ruling elder in the Presbyterian church; a thirty-third degree Mason, a member of all branches of Masonry, and deputy to the sovereign inspector general for Alabama; and a member of Phi Beta Kappa. Married: (1) December 27, 1886, to Nellie T. Cobbs, who died in 1893; (2) August 17, 1898, in Washington, D. C., to Minnie M., daughter of B. O. and Fanny (Moore) Holman, who lived at Camden, the former a lawyer of Wilcox County, who died in a Federal prison in 1865. Residence: Birmingham.

PHILLIPS, J. W., Baptist minister; living in 1918. Residence: Mobile.

PHILLIPS, JOHN W., business man, was born April 17, 1860, in Mobile. He removed to Gadsden in 1887, engaged in the furniture

business; removed to Anniston in 1889; and returned to Mobile in 1893, where he again engaged in the furniture business. He sold his interest in that business in December, 1910; was one of the organizers of the American laundry company and the Gulf City works, and is president of both companies. He is a Mason. Married: September 3, 1882, to Lydia E. Goodman, of Mobile. Residence: Mobile.

PHILLIPS, JOSEPH, pioneer citizen, born probably about 1766, presumably in Wilkes County, Ga., and died in Clarke County; son of Joseph Phillips, of Wilkes County, a minute man in the Revolutionary War, who received a grant of two hundred and fifty acres of land in Washington County, Ga., for his services and died in Morgan County, Ga.; grandson of William and Harriet (Horn) Phillips, whose ancestors were Welsh. Colonel Phillips lived in Greene and Morgan Counties, Ga., and in 1811 or '12 was induced by Gen. Sam Dale to move to the present site of Jackson, Clarke County. He was a member of the committee to locate an academy in Washington or Clarke County, which decided upon St. Stephens, a flourishing school being the result. He was chief justice of the orphans court of Clarke County; owned a sawmill in the county which was named in honor of Gen. John Clarke, son of Col. Elijah Clarke, in whose command Col. Phillips' father served in the Revolutionary Army. Married: (1) Jane Walker, (2) Patsey Hall. Children: 1. Elizabeth, or "Betsey," m. Pascal Harrison; 2. Mary, m. Reuben Saffold (q. v.); 3. James Ray; 4. Sidney; by the second wife: 5. Amaranth Lowndes; 6. Zeno; 7. John Clarke. Last residence: Clark County.

PHILLIPS, PHILIP, member Alabama legislature, member congress and lawyer, was born December 17, 1807, in Charleston, S. C., and died January 14, 1884, in Washington, D. C. He was of Hebrew parentage. He was prepared for college in the private schools of Charleston; entered the Middletown military academy of Connecticut, in 1823, graduating in 1826, and in 1836 the South Carolina university conferred upon him the degree of A. M. He studied law under Mr. Gadsden, and was admitted to the bar, 1828. He located in Cheraw, Marlborough District, where he practiced law. He was a member of the nullification convention, 1832; member of South Carolina legislature, 1834. In 1835, he removed to Mobile and resided there twenty years. In 1844, he was elected to the Alabama legislature; was law partner with Gov. Gayle, Judge Dargan, R. B. Sewall and Thomas Williams; attorney for the Bank of Mobile until 1852; in 1840, prepared and published a digest of decisions of the Supreme court of Alabama which he edited in 1846, this work being the first of its kind for the State; delegate to Democratic convention, in Baltimore, that nominated President Pierce; elected to congress, 1852-53. In 1855, he removed to Washington, D. C., to practice his profession. When the War of Secession began, he and his wife were arrested and held for some time as "Southern sympathizers." When released, they removed to New Orleans where Mrs. Phillips incurred the displeasure of

Gen. Butler, through a misunderstanding, which she refused to explain. She was sent to Ship Island and with one woman companion, confined rigorously, in a rude cabin, for three months. Parton, the historian of Butler, says she was detained "several weeks and released;" he explains the reason of her imprisonment as having "insulted the remains of Lt. DeKay," as his funeral cortege passed her home. At the close of the war Mr. Phillips returned to Washington where he resided until his death. He was counsel in some of the most noted law cases in America. Author: besides the *Alabama Digest*, "The Practice of the supreme court of the United States." He was a member of the board of governors at the Metropolitan club of Washington. He was a Democrat; an ardent Southerner, but opposed to nullification and secession. Married: September 7, 1836, to Eugenia Levy. Children: 1. Clavius; 2. Fanny, m. Charles S. Hill, of Washington; 3. Caroline, m. Frederick Myers; 4. Salvadora; 5. Eugene; 6. John Walker; 7. John Randolph; 8. William Hallett; 9. Emma L., m. Octavius Cohen; 10. Philip Lee, of Washington, D. C. Last residence: Washington, D. C.

PHILLIPS, REUBEN, physician, was born December 25, 1800, in Wilkes County, Ga., and died May 12, 1851; son of David and Mary (Davis) Phillips, who lived in Wilkes County, Ga.; grandson of Jonathon and Lucy (Gibbs) Davis, the former a native of England, who came to America in 1730, when quite young, the latter a daughter of a prominent Virginia family. He studied medicine, and was graduated from a medical college in Philadelphia, Pa., and began the practice of his profession in Covington, Ga. After practicing in that place for several years, he moved to Talbotton, Ga., and from there came to Alabama. He located in Notasulga, as a physician, and continued his profession there until he was forced by failing health to retire. He was a Whig; a Baptist; and a member of the Sons of temperance. Married: May 26, 1825, in Covington, Ga., to Mary Baldwin, daughter of Francis Burwell and Eliza (Henderson) Smartt, of Smartt, Hillsboro, Ga. Children: 1. Julius Caesar, deceased, m. Anne E. Leftwich, Opelika; 2. Mary Ann Eliza, m. Dr. Myles Jefferson Greene (q. v.), Clanton; 3. Berrien Troup, killed at the battle of Seven Pines; 4. Frances Angelina, Clanton, m. John H. Hannon, deceased; 5. Amanda Cornelia, m. Benjamin F. Dupree, both deceased; 6. Randolph Macon, deceased, m. Martha Stroud, Sylacauga; 7. Reuben David, m. Achsah Beasley, both deceased; 8. Ella Clay, San Antonio, Tex., m. W. W. Pearce, deceased; 9. Emma Virginia, deceased, m. John Stroud, Gadsden; 10. Thomas Smartt, deceased, m. Glenara Lamar, Clanton; 11. William H., deceased, m. Eleanora Jackson. Last residence: Notasulga.

PHILLIPS, WILLIAM BATTLE, mining engineer, resident of Alabama, 1891-94, was born at Chapel Hill, N. C., July 4, 1857; son of Charles and Laura Caroline (Battle) Phillips, both of North Carolina. He received his early education in the private schools of North Carolina and at Bingham school, Asheville, N. C.;

later attended Davidson college, Davidson, N. C.; received the degrees of A. M. from the University of North Carolina, 1877, and Ph. D. from the same University, 1883; and studied at the Royal school of mines, Freiberg, Saxony. He has practiced his profession in New York City, Pittsburgh, Pa., Birmingham, and Austin, Tex.; and has taught in the universities of North Carolina, Alabama and Texas. He is a contributor to many scientific and technical publications. He is a Democrat; Mason; and Presbyterian. Married: (1) October 8, 1879, at Fayetteville, N. C., to Minerva Ruffin, daughter of George and Elizabeth (Drury) McNeill, of that place; (2) January 21, 1908, at Columbia, S. C., to Angie Isabel, daughter of John Martin and Mary Angelina (Nichols) Miller. Children: by first marriage, 1. William Battle, jr., m. Lida Fulton, of Pittsburgh, Pa.; 2. Drury McNeill, of Alba, Tex.; 3. Laurance U., of Austin, Tex. Residence: Houston, Texas.

PHILLIPS, WILLIAM SIDNEY, lawyer, member constitutional convention 1861, was born September 30, 1805, in Georgia, and died July 7, 1872, at Selma; son of George and Jemima (Pope) Phillips (q. v.); brother of George Crawford Phillips (q. v.). He studied law and was admitted to the bar in Georgia, but came with his parents to Dallas County at an early age. He practiced law at Cahaba for several years, but devoted his time chiefly to planting. He was elected to the State legislature from Dallas County in 1837, and in 1839; and served in the State senate from 1840-1842, being leader of the Whig party during the session. He was a member of the secession convention of 1861. Married: in 1842, near Marion, Perry County, to Louisa, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Wallace) Barron who lived at that place. Children: 1. Elizabeth J., m. Richard E. Baker; 2. George Crawford, served as fourth sergeant, Co. G, Sixth Alabama cavalry, C. S. Army, d. September 6, 1872; 3. John Barron, m. Bettie Craig; 4. Emily L.; 5. William M., m. Amanda Cunningham; 6. Mary A.; 7. Frances Jefferson, m. Eula Lassiter, Greenville, Tex.; 8. Carrie W. Last residence: Selma.

PICKEL, JAMES M., professor of chemistry and metallurgy, at the University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa, 1892-98. He held the degree of Ph. D.

PICKENS, EZEKIEL, lawyer, circuit judge, was born in December, 1794, in Charleston, S. C., and died August 30, 1860, in Jasper County, Miss.; son of Ezekiel Pickens, a lawyer, who married a Miss Bonneau of Huguenot descent; grandson of Gen. Andrew and Rebecca (Calhoun) Pickens, the former of Revolutionary fame, for whom the county of that name in Alabama was called. Left an orphan in 1811 or 1812, he was sent to school, and some time later was graduated from the South Carolina college with honors in law. For a short time after he left college, he acted as private secretary to his uncle, Andrew Pickens, who was governor of South Carolina at that time, then moved to Abbeville to study law under his brother-in-law,

Col. Patrick Noble. He moved to Alabama in March, 1820, and was admitted to the bar in May, at Cahaba. In January, 1821, he moved to Linden, Marengo County, where he began the practice of law, and soon after moved to Erie, Greene County, forming a partnership with Seth Barton. He moved to Greensboro in 1825, then to Dallas County, and settled near Selma. He was elected to the State legislature from Greene County in 1824, and from Dallas County in 1828. He was elected to the bench of the circuit court in 1835, and remained on the bench, declining a nomination for congress in 1839, until February, 1848, when he resigned because he had been defeated by Hon. Nat Cook for the position, although his term had not yet expired. In 1850, when the election was transferred from the legislature to the people, Judge Pickens was re-elected over Mr. Cook and another opponent, with a larger majority than the combined vote for his opponents. He was spoken of as a candidate for governor in 1850, but refused to allow his name to come before the nominating convention. He resigned from the circuit bench in 1852 and devoted his later years to farming. In 1857, he moved to Jasper County, Miss., where he died three years later. He was never married. Samuel B. Pickens of Dallas County and the first wife of Gov. Noble of South Carolina were his only brother and sister. He was a cousin of John Henderson Pickens (q. v.). Last residence: Jasper County, Miss.

PICKENS, ISRAEL, governor of Alabama, was born January 30, 1780, in Mecklenburg County, N. C., and died April 24, 1827, in Matanzas, Cuba; son of Capt. Samuel and Jane (Carrigan) Pickens, of North Carolina, the former a Revolutionary soldier and a descendant of French Huguenot settlers. He was educated in the private schools of his day and graduated from the law department of Washington college, Pennsylvania. He was a member of the North Carolina senate, 1808-10, and a representative in congress, 1811-17. In 1817, he removed to the Alabama Territory, just before the State was admitted to the union, and was register in the land office at St. Stephens. He represented Washington County, 1819, in the constitutional convention that formed the State of Alabama. In 1821, he was elected governor of the new state, holding the office four years; he was the third governor and is known as the "constructive governor," as he completed the thorough organization of the State. In 1826 he was appointed by Pres. John Quincy Adams to the U. S. senate to fill an unexpired term. During his term of governor, Gen. Lafayette visited Alabama and was met and welcomed by Gov. Pickens at Montgomery, and escorted to the capital city, Cahaba, where he was entertained. Gov. Pickens was given to scientific research and invented a lunar dial. In 1827, he went to Cuba, in search of health, and died there and was buried in Matanzas, but later the Alabama legislature made provision for the removal of his remains to this State, and he is buried in the family burying-ground, near the old Pickens homestead,

Greensboro. He was a Democrat; and a Presbyterian. Married: June 9, 1814, at Fort Defiance, Yadkin River, N. C., to Martha Orilla, daughter of Gen. William and Ann (Ballard) Lenoir, of North Carolina, the former a Revolutionary soldier. Children: 1. Julia, m. Lt. C. S. Howe, U. S. Army; 2. Andrew Lenoir, m. Caroline Gordon; 3. Israel, jr., m. Eliza Nelson. Last residence: Greensboro.

PICKENS, J. M., minister of the Christian church. Deceased.

PICKENS, JAMES, member of the constitutional convention of 1819, from Monroe County.

PICKENS, JOHN HENDERSON, assistant adjutant general, C. S. Army, was born February 1, 1842, at Marion, and died May 13, 1905, at Abilene, Tex.; son of Joseph and Caroline J. (Henderson) Pickens, who lived at Eutaw, the former a native of Hopewell, Pendleton District, S. C.; grandson of Gen. Andrew and Rebecca (Calhoun) Pickens, the former born September 19, 1739, in Paxton Township, Pa., lived at Tomassee, Pendleton District, S. C., commanded a division of Gen. Nathaniel Greene's army corps during the southern campaign, Revolutionary War, was at the battle of Eutaw Springs, and other memorable conflicts with the British; and of John D. and Elizabeth Henderson of Eutaw and Mobile; great-grandson of Ezekiel Calhoun. He was a cousin of Hon. Frank Pickens, the war governor of South Carolina during the Confederacy, and of Judge Ezekiel Pickens (q. v.). He attended private schools in Eutaw, and entered the University of Alabama in 1858. He was sent from the University as drill master to Mobile in the fall of 1860; joined the fourth Alabama regiment of infantry, and was made drill sergeant; was elected third lieutenant of Co. G, and rose to the captaincy of the company; served in the Deer Creek campaign and at the fall of Vicksburg; was exchanged at Vicksburg, and ordered to the army of the Tennessee; served under Gen. Joseph E. Johnston in Georgia, under Gen. Hood in his Tennessee campaign, with Gen. Stevenson, Gen. Clayton, and Gen. Holtzclaw as inspector general; had his horse shot under him at Atlanta, Ga.; acted as assistant adjutant general of Holtzclaw's brigade when Mobile was evacuated by Gen. Maury, and issued the last order in that department. After he was paroled, Capt. Pickens returned to Eutaw, engaged in farming and the drug business until July, 1868, when he went to California; served as deputy county clerk of San Francisco, Calif., 1876-1879; moved to Taylor County, Tex., and engaged in sheep-raising; served as deputy county clerk of Taylor County, Tex., 1886-1891; moved to Abilene, Tex., and entered the abstract business; served as secretary of the city of Abilene, and as assessor and collector of that city. He was a Democrat; a Presbyterian; and a Knight Templar. Married: November 12, 1890, at Abilene, Tex., to Mrs. Evalyn (Polk) Brigham, daughter of Horace M. and Ophelia (Bills) Polk, who lived in Bolivar, Tenn.; a descendant of Gen. Thomas Polk of



ALLAN H. WOODWARD

North Carolina, who signed the Mecklenburg declaration of independence and read it from the court house steps in Charlotte, N. C., who was made colonel of Salisbury District in 1775, was appointed colonel of the Fourth regiment and joined the army under Gen. Washington, and was one of the commissioners of his state to receive Gen. Lafayette on his return to the United States in 1824; a relative of President James K. Polk, and of Gen. Leonidas Polk, C. S. Army. Last residence: Abilene, Tex.

PICKENS, SAMUEL, State auditor, 1819.

PICKERING, ALFRED S., major, 20th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

PICKETT, ALBERT JAMES, planter and historian, was born August 13, 1810, in Anson County, N. C., and died October 28, 1858, in Montgomery County; son of Col. William Raiford and Frances (Dickson) Pickett (q. v.). He was educated in the private schools of Neil Blue and Joseph Hall. In 1827, he entered the military academy of Middletown, Conn.; and was later, 1828, a student of Stafford County academy, Virginia. In 1830, he returned home and studied law under his brother, William Dickson Pickett, but preferring to write for the newspapers, he became a regular contributor on political economy and historical subjects, his articles appearing in "The Alabama Journal" and "The Planters' Gazette." He acquired a large farm in the neighborhood of his father's home and gave some attention to agriculture. During the Creek War of 1836 he was active in the field and was made aid-de-camp to Gov. C. C. Clay. In 1837, he located permanently in Montgomery, acquiring the brick residence at the junction of Clayton and Moulton streets, now occupied by the Barnes school. By marriage, he also acquired the great tract of land now known as "Pickett Springs," on which Camp Sheridan was located in 1917-1919, during the World War. The residence on this plantation, which was occupied by A. J. Pickett for many years, was afterward bought by Mr. Malcolm Chisholm, with a large portion of land, and now comprises the little town of Chisholm, four miles north of Montgomery. In 1847, he began his "History of Alabama" and in 1851, it was published. He acted on the citizens' committee for the erection of the State capitol, at Montgomery. He was a Democrat, of the "Jackson school;" and an Episcopalian. Married: March 20, 1832, in Montgomery, to Sarah Smith, daughter of William and Mary (Alston) Harris, of "Pickett Springs," near Montgomery. Children: 1. William Raiford, m. Laura Holt; 2. Martha, m. Col. Michael Woods; 3. Corinne, m. Edward Brett Randolph; 4. Eliza W., m. Edwin Banks; 5. Mary, m. Rev. Samuel Harris (q. v.), bishop of Michigan; 6. Sarah Julia, m. Robert Carter Randolph; 7. Albert James, Jr., m. Eugenia Durden; 8. Alston Harris, m. Elizabeth Jackson; 9. John Gindrat. Last residence: "Forest Farms," Pickett Springs and interred in Oakwood cemetery.

PICKETT, ALEXANDER HAMILTON, planter and business man, was born December 8,

1836, on Chunnenuggee Ridge, Macon County, and died January 11, 1900, in Union Springs; son of James and Martha Amanda (Robinson) Pickett, pioneer settlers of Chunnenuggee Ridge, one of the richest and most aristocratic settlements of slave-holding planters in east Alabama. He was educated by tutors and graduated from the University of Alabama. He engaged in extensive planting, with slave labor. In the War of Secession, he was a captain and adjutant of Battle's brigade, Rhodes' division, C. S. Army. In 1870-71 he was one of the promoters of the Montgomery-Union Springs-Eufaula railroad, now a part of the Central of Georgia railroad system. In 1886, to 1898, he was clerk of the circuit court. He was a Democrat. Married: April 20, 1864, in Union Springs, to Virginia Eliza Powell. Last residence: Union Springs.

PICKETT, RICHARD ORRICK, lawyer, colonel of cavalry, C. S. Army, was born August 22, 1814, in Fauquier County, Va., and died November 27, 1898, at Leighton, Va.; son of Steptoe and Sarah Orrick (Chilton) Pickett, who moved to Alabama in 1829 and settled in Limestone County; grandson of Martin and Ann (Blackwell) Pickett, of Warrenton, Fauquier County, Va., the former who was lieutenant colonel of the Third Virginia infantry regiment, of Gen. Washington's Army, Revolutionary War, who was a delegate to the convention at Williamsburg, Va., in 1776, which declared Virginia independent of the British Empire, was a delegate from Fauquier County to the convention of 1788, which accepted the Federal constitution, and of Charles and Elizabeth (Blackwell) Orrick; great-grandson of Joseph and Lucie (Steptoe) Blackwell, and of Orrick and Felicia (Corbin) Chilton; great-great-grandson of William and Sarah (Orrick) Chilton, of Currioman, Westmoreland County, Va., the former a descendant of John Chilton, who came to Virginia in 1660, bought a tract of land in Westmoreland County, and called his estate Currioman, for whom the town of Chilton, Va., was named; great-great-great-grandson of John and Susannah (Hamond) Orrick, of Anne Arundel County, Md., the former a descendant of the Orrick family of Scotland and Maryland, who signed the Regman Roll in 1296, were lairds of a barony in Scotland; great-great-great-great-grandson of Col. Thomas and Lady Rebecca (Larkin) Hamond. The Chiltons came from an old English family of French origin, tracing their lineage to the time of the Crusades. The name was written de Chilton. Col. Pickett was educated in the common schools; studied law in the office of James Irvine at Florence; was admitted to the bar in 1845; and began the practice of law at Moulton, where he remained until the outbreak of the War of Secession. He was elected judge of Lawrence County in 1846; was a representative in the legislature in 1849, 1853, 1855, 1857, and 1861, and during the latter session was elected adjutant and inspector general of the state. He resigned that position soon after, and raised a company of infantry for the C. S. Army, which became Co. H, Thirty-fifth Alabama infantry, and of which he was elected captain. He led

his company at Baton Rouge, Champion Hill and Bakers Creek; was captured at Corinth, Miss.; exchanged at Vicksburg; entered the cavalry and became colonel of the Tenth Alabama cavalry, Roddy's command, with which he served until the end of the war. He resumed the practice of law at Florence; was a member of the constitutional convention of 1875; and was elected to the legislature, 1884-1885, and 1886-1887. He was a delegate to the Democratic national conventions which nominated Seymour, Buchanan and Cleveland for president; and was a Royal Arch Mason. Married: January 8, 1837, in Florence, to Fannie Louisa, daughter of William and Margaret Sarah (Wrenshall) Boggs, of Pittsburgh, Pa., the former a native of Ireland, the latter born in England, a daughter of Lady Spencer who married Frank Wrenshall of Ireland, and a descendant of the Duke of Argyle. Children: 1. Sarah Benington, deceased, m. Samuel Darwin; 2. Richard Orrick, d. in infancy; 3. Julia Plummer, deceased; 4. Fannie Corbin, deceased; 5. Emily Irvin, m. Stephen Ewing Rice, Apalachicola, Fla.; 6. Lucy Blackwell, deceased, m. Charles H. Patton; 7. Steptoe, m. Paul S. King, Leighton; 8. Richard Orrick, d. in infancy; 9. Katie Canton, deceased. Last residence: Leighton.

PICKETT, WILLIAM DIXON, circuit judge, 1834-37, vice John W. Paul.

PICKETT, WILLIAM RAIFORD, legislator, merchant and planter, was born in 1777, in Anson County, N. C., and died in Autauga County, in 1850. He removed his family to Autauga County, in 1818, and acquired large holdings of land, engaging in farming on an extensive scale. He built a large house on his plantation, three miles west of Autaugaville, which is still in a good state of preservation. He engaged in merchandising as well as planting, trading not only with the white settlers but with the Indians who were very numerous there at that time. It was this contact with the Indians that gave the son, Albert James, the historian of Alabama, his intimate knowledge of the red man. Mr. Pickett served his county in both branches of the State legislature and three times he was presidential elector of his party. He was a Democrat. Married: to Frances Dickson, of North Carolina. Children: 1. William Dickson; 2. ———, daughter, m. Gen. Mosely Baker (q. v.); 3. Albert James, historian (q. v.), m. Sarah Smith Harris, of Montgomery. Last residence: Autauga County.

PICKETT, WILLIAM RAIFORD, planter, was born April 2, 1833, at Montgomery, and died April 7, 1889, in the city of his birth; son of Albert James and Sarah Smith (Harris) Pickett (q. v.). He was educated in the public and private schools of Montgomery and attended a university. At the outbreak of the War of Secession he entered the army and held four commissions from the Confederate government, the last was that of quartermaster general for Alabama with station in Montgomery. He was an Episcopalian. Married: July 14,

1859, at Montgomery, to Laura, daughter of Samuel Doak and Laura (Hall) Holt (q. v.). Children: 1. Mary Alston, m. Josiah Morris Davidson, three children, (1) William Pickett, m. Bessie Werden, (2) James Armstrong, captain 81st Division, A. E. F.; (3) Florence, m. William B. Taylor, of Mobile; 2. Samuel Holt, died in infancy; 3. Albert James, m. Florence Lascellis Collins, general freight agent for the Mobile and Ohio railroad company, three children: (1) Albert James, jr.; (2) Robert William; (3) Laura Kate. Last residence: Montgomery.

PIERCE, CHARLES WILSON, farmer, representative in congress, was born October 7, 1823, at Benton, Gates County, N. Y., and died February 18, 1907, at Waverly, Nebr.; son of Spooner Reed and Mary (Wilson) Pierce who lived in Genesee County, N. Y., in Huntsville, O., and in Havana, Ill., the former who was born near Albany, N. Y.; grandson of Elisha and Susan (Castle) Pierce, who moved from Middleboro, Mass., to New York, the former a soldier in the War of 1812, and of Thaddeus and Bethania (Parshall) Wilson, of Rochester, N. Y., and later of Tiffin, O. The records of the Pierce ancestors, who came from England, had been traced back as far as 1313. The first Pierce in America settled in Plymouth colony in 1623. Maj. Pierce was graduated from the academy at Rochester, N. Y., and was occupied as a contracting painter until 1861. He enlisted as first lieutenant, Co. B, Eighty-fifth Illinois volunteer infantry, U. S. Army, in August, 1862; was transferred to the veteran reserve corps, November 2, 1863, because of poor health; was assigned to the quartermaster department and stationed at Camp Chase, Ohio; sent to Washington, D. C., as acting brigade quartermaster of Hardin's division; served on staff duty and was promoted to captain, then to major, for meritorious conduct; was ordered to Alabama on the staff of Gen. Swaim in 1865; was appointed head of the freedmen's bureau for a district of thirteen counties; and was mustered out of the service January 1, 1868. He was elected a member of the Fortieth congress from the fourth district of Alabama, 1867, and declined a re-nomination. In 1869, he was appointed assessor of internal revenue of the first district of Alabama; moved to Nebraska in 1872, and settled on a farm near Warsaw; was a member of the constitutional convention of that state in 1875, which drafted the present constitution of Nebraska; was elected State senator of Nebraska to fill a vacancy, and was re-elected for another term; served as register of the U. S. land office at Lincoln, Nebr., 1880-1886. He was a Republican; a Knight Templar; a Shriner; a member of the Loyal Legion; and of the Grand Army of the Republic. Married: November 5, 1850, at Republic, O., to Isabella Maria, daughter of William Smith and Nancy Emerson (Russell) Burton, who lived at Norwich, Vt. The progenitor of the family, John Burton, an Englishman, settled in Salem, Mass., in 1637, and was granted land adjoining that of Gov. Endicott. Children: 1. Charles Eugene, d. August 30, 1852; 2. James Burton,

d. April 27, 1856; 3. Edith Mary, d. June 25, 1856; 4. Florence Belle, Waverly, Nebr.; 5. Charles Albert, d. May 8, 1902, m. (1) Ida Shepard, (2) Mary Scott, Tecumseh, Nebr. Last residence: Waverly, Nebr.

PIERCE, HUGH, *soldier of the American Revolution*, and a resident of Jefferson County; private, particular service not shown; enrolled on September 17, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$30.—*Penston Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile.

PIERCE, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 82, and a resident of Dallas County; private S. C. Militia; enrolled on March 5, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$40; sums received to date of publication of list, \$120.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Dallas County, June 1, 1840, with Benjamin Crumblin, aged 95.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

PIERCE, JUNIUS J., major, 24th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

PIERCE, LOVICK, Methodist minister; pastor of the Court Street church, Montgomery, 1842.

PIERCE, SIMEON C., business man, was born February 22, 1822, in Somerset County, Me. He served for six years an apprenticeship as machinist at Lowell, Mass.; located in Columbus, Ga., in 1848, in order to put up some machinery for Governor Drew, of Florida, and Col. John G. Winter, the latter later employed him as manager of the Montgomery iron works where he remained until 1852, when he removed to Selma. He was employed by the Alabama manufacturing company for one year; served as locomotive engineer, Alabama and Tennessee rivers railroad company, 1853-55; and master mechanic, Alabama and Mississippi rivers railroad company. While in the latter position with his labor and under his direction, the "Canebrake," the first engine on that road, and the "Uniontown," the second, were put up. He held this position until the beginning of the War of Secession, when he entered business for himself. He left descendants, among these, George Pierce, of Selma.

PIGG, CHARLES, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 70, and a resident of Madison County; private Virginia Continental Line; enrolled on December 31, 1832, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$20; sums received to date of publication of list, \$60.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

PILLANS, HARRY, lawyer, member constitutional convention 1901, mayor of Mobile, was born June 27, 1847, at Bonham, Tex.; son of J. Palmer and Laura (Roberts) Pillans (q. v.).

He was educated in the public schools of Mobile, and was prepared under P. A. Towne to enter the junior class at college, when he enlisted in the C. S. Army in 1864. He served as a private during the last year of the war; studied law in the office of Peter Hamilton in 1866; was assistant city engineer and official of the city map and ward books of realty, 1867; read law in the office of Smith & Henderson, 1868-1870; and was admitted to the bar at Mobile, February, 1870. He practiced actively in the courts of Mobile, of Alabama, in the Mississippi supreme court, in the coast court, and from time to time in the Federal supreme court and the court of appeals of the fifth circuit. He was first associated in the practice with Huri-osco Austill (q. v.), later with George N. Steward, the early Alabama reporter and jurist, then with the firm of Rillans, Torrey & Hanaw, and finally in partnership with Henry Hanaw and Palmer Pillans, his eldest son. He was a member of the constitutional convention of 1901; a member of the Mobile River Commission for six years; and commissioner of the city of Mobile, for some time. During the reconstruction period, he served on the old Democratic central council; and while in the constitutional convention, was influential in amending and rendering more flexible the judiciary clause, and suggested and procured the adoption of a pardon board. He is a member of the board of trustees of the Medical college of Alabama; is a Democrat; and a member of the order of Moose. Married: April 28, 1875, at Claiborne, to Elizabeth Henshaw Torrey, daughter of Judge Rufus C. and Elizabeth (Henshaw) Torrey, who lived at that place, the former a native of Massachusetts, a graduate of Harvard university, who moved to Alabama in his youth, and lived there for the remainder of his life. Mrs. Pillans is a descendant of the Henshaws of Massachusetts and of the Isbells of Virginia, her New England ancestry running back to John Alden and his wife Priscilla. Ruth Alden, the daughter of John and Priscilla (Mullins) Alden, from whom John and John Quincy Adams were descended, married John Bass; Joseph Bass, son of the latter, married Mary Belcher; Elizabeth Bass, the latter's daughter, married Daniel Henshaw; their son, David Henshaw, married Mary Sargent; their son, Andrew, married Elizabeth Isbell; their daughter, Elizabeth Sargent Henshaw married Rufus C. Torrey. Mrs. Pillans' great-uncle, David Henshaw, was secretary of the navy, and her grandfather, Andrew Henshaw, was U. S. deputy surveyor. Children: 1. Palmer, was graduated from the University of Alabama, 1897, lawyer at Mobile, m. Emma D. Price; 2. Mary Isbell, m. George S. Gaines, Mobile; 3. Laura, Mobile; 4. Harry T., officer in the U. S. Army. Residence: Mobile.

PILLANS, JOB PALMER, lawyer, civil engineer, was born January 30, 1816, at Edisto Island, Colleton District, S. C., and died June 22, 1898, Mobile; son of John Christopher and Elizabeth (Palmer) Pillans, who lived at Charleston, S. C., where the former was born, at Edisto, S. C., and in Madison County, Fla.;

grandson of Robert and Ann (Clark) Pillans, of Charleston, S. C., natives, respectively of Edinburgh and of Glasgow, Scotland, who emigrated to South Carolina about 1780, the former a descendant of a Huguenot family who fled to Scotland after the revocation of the edict of Nantes, and of Job and Sarah (Morgan) Palmer, of Charleston, S. C., the former a native of Falmouth, Mass., born August 26, 1747, died in 1845, who moved to Charleston in March, 1772, the latter a native of Bermuda, who died in 1797; great-grandson of Rev. Samuel and Mercy (Parker) Palmer, respectively of Middlebury, Mass., and of Boston, the former a pastor in Falmouth, Mass., for forty-five years, whose son, "Esquire" Palmer served in the Revolutionary Army, and who was fifth in descent from William Palmer of Nottinghamshire, England, who emigrated to Plymouth in 1621 in the *Fortune*, the second ship to reach that place, his wife following him in the *Ann*, in 1623. Mr. Pillans was educated at Charleston, S. C., in Courtney's, Coates' and Bruns' schools, being a tutor in the last named; and was graduated from Charleston college, A. M., 1835, in a class of thirteen members. He read law in the office of Holmes & Bentham, Charleston, S. C., 1834-1835; taught school a year; volunteered in 1836 for the Seminole War, going out as sergeant, and later being commissioned lieutenant of Capt. Tripp's company, South Carolina volunteers; was engaged as a civil engineer in the survey of a railroad through Rabun Gap, Ga., from Charleston to Cincinnati; was in the service of the U. S. topographical reconnaissance of the Cherokee country, in North Carolina and Georgia, and in the early railroad project there; went to Texas and received a commission of major in the army of the republic of Texas from Sam Houston; later as a civilian and an owner in the Mercer colony, resided for a time in northern Texas and then went to Santa Fe, N. Mex.; led the party in opposition to a pure military autocracy in New Mexico; defeated the government party; was selected by the first convention for organizing a state as chief justice of New Mexico, but the state was denied admission. He was licensed to practice law in South Carolina and Florida, but never practiced except in Texas and New Mexico. He returned to Mobile in 1853; was city surveyor and later city engineer of Mobile, 1853-1871; a member of the police board of the port of Mobile; member of the board of commissioners of Mobile, 1880-1883. During the War of Secession, he was captain of the Mobile Grays, and later lieutenant colonel of the Second Alabama state regiment; and was engineer-in-chief in the field in connection with the fortifications of Mobile. He was a Democrat; a Presbyterian; a Master Mason; and was at one time grand master of the grand lodge of Alabama. Married: in 1845, at Mobile, to Laura Malvina Roberts, daughter of Dr. Willis and Asenath (Alexander) Roberts, of Putnam County, Ga.; granddaughter of Willis Roberts, of North Carolina, a Welshman, and his wife a Miss Herndon, and of Col. Samuel and Olivia (Wooten) Alexander, who moved from Georgia to North Carolina, the former of whom served

in the Continental Army with his brother James. Children: 1. Ida, Mobile, m. Orway B. Norvell, deceased; 2. Harry (q. v.); 3. Edith, m. Rev. Howard R. Walker, Mobile; 4-7. sons, all four of whom d. in infancy. Last residence: Mobile.

PILLEY, C. B., Methodist minister; member of the Alabama conference; living in 1913. Residence: Dothan.

PILLEY, HENRY BASCOM, lawyer and legislator, was born August 20, 1857, at Hardaway, in Macon County; son of Stephen Fatherly and Sarah B. (Graham) Pilley, the former a native of Darlington, S. C., who lived in Butler County; the latter was of Moss Point, Miss.; grandson of John Graham, of that place. Both maternal and paternal grandparents were soldiers in the War of the Revolution. He was educated in the common schools; admitted to the bar at Greenville, in November, 1878; and was appointed in December of that year register in chancery of Butler County. In 1903 he was one of the representatives in the legislature from Butler County. He is a Democrat; and a Methodist. Married: December 19, 1877, to Missouri A., daughter of William Porter and Martha (Hammons) Shine, of Butler County. Children: 1. Robert Floy; 2. Effie Gertrude; 3. Henry B., jr.; 4. Bettie Lewis; 5. Stephen Porter. Residence, Greenville.

PILLEY, STEPHEN F., pastor of the Court Street Methodist church, Montgomery, 1844.

PINCKARD, JAMES S., lawyer, was born August 4, 1859, at Forsyth, Ga.; son of James S. and Martha W. (Herbert) Pinckard, the former a lawyer for forty years at Forsyth, whose ancestors were among the pioneers of Monroe County, Ga. He was educated at Forsyth, Ga., studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1882. He began the practice of law at Forsyth, and soon moved to Montgomery, where after two years he formed a partnership with B. K. Collier, in the firm of Collier & Pinckard, for the general practice of law in all its branches. Later he was associated with Judge John M. Chilton, and at the present time is in partnership in both the practice of law and in the abstract business with Jack Thorington. The abstract business, owned by Mr. Pinckard, is conducted under the name of the Alabama Abstract Company. Married: to Nina Winter, daughter of Judge John G. and Sarah (Calhoun) Winter of Montgomery. Residence: Montgomery.

PINCKARD, LUCIUS, colonel, C. S. Army, was born August 4, 1841; son of William and Sarah (Calloway) Pinckard, of Tuskegee. He entered the University of Alabama in 1859 from Tuskegee, and left the University in 1861 to enter the C. S. Army. He was commissioned first lieutenant and adjutant of the Fourteenth Alabama regiment; was promoted to lieutenant colonel at the battle of Sharpsburg; and soon afterwards was appointed colonel of the Four-

teenth Alabama. He was elected sheriff of Macon County in 1884, and served in that position for four years. Later he moved to Atlanta, Ga., and engaged in the life insurance business at that place. Married: February 29, 1865, at Tuskegee, to Fannie L. Graves. Residence: Atlanta, Ga.

PINCKARD, WILLIAM E., major of the 61st, also called 59th, Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

PINCKARD, WILLIAM PEYTON, lawyer, was born in Chambers County; son of Peyton Jett and Edna Armstrong (Gross) Pinckard, the former who was born in Coweta County, Ga., who lived in Tallapoosa and Chambers Counties, in Troup County, Ga., and in Lee County, who was captain of Co. I, Thirty-fourth Alabama regiment, C. S. Army, and was honorably discharged for physical disability; grandson of Peyton and Elizabeth (Robinson) Pinckard, who lived near Newnan, Ga., and of Bluford and Elizabeth (Armstrong) Gross, who moved from Pike County, Ga., to Camp Hill, Tallapoosa County, about 1840; great-grandson of James and Elizabeth (Smith) Pinckard, who moved from Lancaster or Westmoreland County, Va., to Greene County, Ga., in 1783; great-great-grandson of Thomas and Ann Corbin (Griffin) Pinckard, of Lancaster County, Va., and of Peyton Smith, whose mother, Mary (Peyton) Smith, was the daughter of William Peyton, of Stafford County, Va.; great-great-great-grandson of Thomas and Eliza (Downman) Pinckard; great-great-great-great-grandson of Thomas and Frances (Anderson) Pinckard, and of William and Ann (Conway) Downman, the latter the sister of Eleanor (Conway) Madison, mother of James Madison, president of the United States; great-great-great-great-grandson of Capt. Thomas and Elizabeth Pinckard, the former who was sheriff and justice of Lancaster County, Va., of Rev. Charles Anderson, and of Edwin and Ann Elizabeth (Ball) Conway; great-great-great-great-great-grandson of Capt. John Pinckard, probably born in England of Norman-French ancestry, who was a Burgess and a justice of Lancaster County, Va., and whose residence in Virginia was first recorded in 1683, and of Joseph and Ann Elizabeth (Romney) Ball, the former whose daughter by a second marriage married Augustine Washington, and became the mother of George Washington. Mr. Pinckard attended the common schools of Chambers County, and of Troup County, Ga.; spent some years at Howard college; and was graduated in law at the University of Virginia. He was admitted to the bar of Alabama at Opelika and in the supreme court of Alabama at Montgomery, and practiced law in eastern Alabama for eight years. He was special attorney for the Corbin Banking Company at Tuscaloosa, 1882-1886; moved to Birmingham in 1886; was a pioneer in the development of the DeBartheleben Coal & Iron Company at Bessemer, of the Bessemer Land Company, the Bessemer Rolling Mills, the Bessemer & Birmingham Street Railway; helped found the old "Herald" com-

pany, and later the "Age-Herald" company; was a majority owner and directed the policies of the morning newspaper at Birmingham from its organization until 1894; helped organize the Republic Iron & Steel Company; opened up and developed a new and valuable coal and iron field at Dudley, Tuscaloosa County. He is a Democrat and a Missionary Baptist. Married: January 15, 1880, to Lucy E. Ryburn, daughter of Rev. P. M. and Antoinette (Lumpkin) Ryburn, of Georgia; granddaughter of Matthew and Elizabeth (McArthur) Ryburn, both of Scotch birth, and of Henry Hopson and Lucy (Milner) Lumpkin, of Georgia, the latter of English ancestry, who had a common ancestor with Lord Chatham, William Pitt. Children: 1. Ryburn; 2. Marie Lumpkin; 3. Peyton; 4. Peter; 5. Lucy; 6. Marian; 7. Paul. Residence: Opelika.

PINKSTON, GREEN BERRY, planter, was born in Sparta, Ga., and died in Mt. Meigs, Montgomery County. He removed to Alabama about 1818, being one of the first settlers of the eastern part of Montgomery County, and one of the founders of the Antioch Baptist church, near Mt. Meigs. He acquired large tracts of land, a part of which is still in the possession of his descendants and planted on an extensive scale. He was a Democrat; and a Baptist. Married three times. Children: 1. Miner, m. Louise Graves; 2. James, m. Matilda Mosely; 3. Ann, m. John Harper; 4. Dorothy, m. Frank Howard; 5. Evalina, m. William McLeMore; 6. Franklin C., m. (1) Miss Hopper (2) Christianna Nelson, (3) Aurelia Graves, children: (1) Alexander F., m. Mamie Howard; (2) Charles G. m. Sallie Judge; (3) John Henry m. Sallie Irby Burch; (4) Dr. Camillus Lewellyn, m. Posie Ellen Mitchell; (5) William Green, m. Mattie C. Ray; (6) James A., m. Elizabeth Jones; (7) George Belton, m. Pauline Hill; (8) Evie, m. L. Williams; 7. John Henry, m. Elizabeth Ann Ray, children: (1) John Ray, m. Carrie Jones; (2) William F., m. Capitola Haden; (3) James Conyers, m. Hattie Tuttle; (4) Martha Evalina, m. John C. Judkins; (5) Rebecca Ross, m. Bolling Kavanaugh; (6) Mamie S., unm. Last residence: Mt. Meigs.

PITCHLYNN, JOHN, United States interpreter for the Choctaw Nation. See Indian chiefs and associated characters.

PITTMAN, JOHN EDWIN, farmer and legislator, was born December 26, 1873, at Banks, Pike County; son of Elisha and Martha (Windham) Pittman; grandson of Hiram and Annie Pittman, and of Edwin Windham, all of whom came from South Carolina to Banks, Pike County. He was educated in the common schools of Pike County; represented Coffee County in the legislature of 1911; and is a farmer. He is a Democrat; Mason; Odd Fellow; Knight of Pythias; Red Man; and a Woodman of the World. Married: at Victoria, Coffee County, to Fannie, daughter of Thomas and Catherine Chapman, of that place. Children: 1. Hiram; 2. Mattie; 3. Cora; 4. Johnie Mae. Residence: Enterprise.

PITTMAN, MARTIN POLK, legislator, was born July 18, 1844, near Roanoke, Randolph County; son of James Madison and Emilia (Gathright) Pittman, the former who was born May 7, 1812, near Jefferson, Jackson County, Ga., where he remained till 1834, when he removed with his father's family to Roanoke, was a teacher, and a farmer; grandson of Martin Hughes and Nancy Pittman, who resided in Alabama, and of William Moseley and Emilia Gathright, who lived in Jefferson, Ga. Mr. Pittman was educated in the rural schools of Randolph County; served his county as justice of the peace from 1884 to 1888; as tax assessor for seventeen years; was elected to the legislature, 1918; and again in 1919; served in the C. S. Army, entering the army at Montgomery, July 19, 1861; was sergeant in Co. I, Thirtieth Alabama regiment; was in the army of Virginia from 1861 to 1865; and was wounded at Cold Harbor and Chancellorsville. He is a Democrat; and a member of the Christian church. Married: November 8, 1866, to Eliza Ellen Taylor, daughter of Tilman and Sarah (Brock) Taylor, who lived near Roanoke. Children: 1. Laura Varina, m. Daniel Brewer, Atlanta, Ga.; 2. Escar Albert, m. Hattie A. Davis, d. August 9, 1899; 3. Sarah Lola Emilia, m. Franklin Richard Wood, d. May 17, 1913. Residence: Roanoke.

PITTS, ALEXANDER DAVIDSON, lawyer, was born February 4, 1851, at Uniontown, Perry County; son of Philip Henry and Mary Margaret (Davidson) Pitts, the former who was a native of Lloyds, Essex County, Va., later removed to Uniontown, and was a planter; grandson of Thomas Daniel and Mary (Gray) Pitts, who resided at Uniontown, the former who was a captain in the War of 1812, and of John Howard and Martha (Caldwell) Davidson, who resided at Uniontown; a cousin of William Lee Pitts (q. v.) and a descendant of Alexander D. Pitts, who removed from Pennsylvania to Mecklenburg County, N. C., was a signer of the Mecklenburg Declaration of Independence, and a major in the Revolutionary War. The Pitts family came from England, settling in New York, but removed to Essex County, Va., before 1700; the Grays came from Scotland to Virginia; and the Caldwells came from Scotland to North Carolina, and were well represented in the Revolution. Mr. Pitts attended the common schools in Uniontown; was prepared for college by Henry Tutwiler at Green Springs; entered Davidson college, N. C., in 1868, and was graduated there in 1872. He was admitted to the bar at Uniontown in 1879; practiced there until 1893, when he removed to Selma; in 1875 was appointed tax assessor for Perry County; represented Perry County in the legislature of 1888-89; in 1906 was elected to the legislature from Dallas County; was re-elected in 1910; and December 20, 1913, was appointed U. S. attorney for the southern district of Alabama. He is a Democrat, served as county chairman during the Jones-Kolb gubernatorial campaign; is a Presbyterian; a Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: February 24, 1886, at Eutaw, Greene County, to Juliet Merriwether, daughter of John Samuel

and Alice (Coleman) Merriwether. Residence: Selma.

PITTS, JOHN W., farmer, was born August 5, 1836, in Dallas County; son of Noel and Clara (Dunn) Pitts, the former a native of North Carolina, a farmer who came to Dallas County in 1833, and died in Selma in 1874. He was reared on the farm, educated at Summerfield, and followed the profession of civil engineer for five years. In August, 1861, he enlisted in Co. I, Eighteenth Alabama infantry, C. S. Army, but as he was colonel of State militia at that time, he was ordered to return to his command. In March, 1862, he organized Co. K, Thirty-first Alabama infantry regiment, and became its captain, serving until December, 1862, when he met with an accident, resigned and returned home. The next year, he organized Co. C, Sixty-second Alabama infantry; and served as its captain until January, 1864, when he was elected major. He participated in the battles of Spanish Fort, Tazewell, and Murfreesboro; was taken prisoner in April, 1865, and held at Ship Island until the end of the war. After the war, he engaged in farming. He represented Shelby County in the State legislature, 1878-1879; is a Populist; a Presbyterian; and a Mason. Married: (1) in 1859, to Calvinia Condon, who died April 19, 1865, daughter of Calvin and Louisa (Singleton) Condon; (2) April 2, 1867, to Carrie H. Pitts, who died August 19, 1880, daughter of Miles G. and Mary F. (Adams) Pitts; (3) September 10, 1882, to Mary L. Creswell, who died December 31, 1890, daughter of Samuel and Louisa (Walton) Creswell. Children, by first marriage: 1. Lulu, m. W. H. Kidd; 2. John Singleton, elected tax assessor of Shelby County in 1896, and again in 1900, m. Ada McGraw, daughter of Dr. A. E. and Lucy (Fluker) McGraw; 3. Claude; by second marriage: 4. Peyton T.; 5. Giles; 6. E. D.; 7. deceased; by third marriage: 8. Walter C.; 9. Zemula W.; 10. Clara L. Residence: Shelby County.

PITTS, PHILLIP HENRY, lawyer and probate judge of Dallas County, was born January 27, 1849, at Uniontown, and died July 20, 1918, at Selma; son of Phillip Henry and Margaret (Davidson) Pitts, the former a native of Midway, Va., and a planter who early in life removed to Uniontown; grandson of Thomas Daniel and Mary (Grey) Pitts, natives of Virginia, the former a captain in the 6th Virginia volunteer regiment, War of 1812-14, and of Col. John H. and Martha (Caldwell) Davidson, natives of North Carolina, who early located in Uniontown; great-grandson of Henry Pitts and John Davidson, the latter a soldier in the Revolutionary War from Virginia; great-great-grandson of David Pitts who removed from New York to Virginia before 1735, and a descendant of Rev. David Caldwell of Alamance, N. C., for whose head the British offered a large reward, because of his allegiance to the revolutionary principles. Judge Pitts received his early education in the schools of Uniontown and at Green Springs academy under Dr. Henry Tutwiler; at the University of Alabama, 1863-1864;



DR. JAMES B. WHITFIELD

and at Davidson college, N. C., from which he graduated A. B., 1871. For one year he taught school in Uniontown, and took up the study of law, under Col. J. W. Bush; was admitted to the bar, 1874, by the circuit court, Marion, Perry County. In 1875 he formed a partnership with his preceptor, Col. Bush, and practiced at Uniontown until 1878 when he was appointed solicitor for Perry County, elected by the legislature in 1880 as solicitor for the 4th district, and was re-elected in 1886, thus holding the position fourteen years; removed to Selma in 1889 where he became the junior of the firm of Dawson and Pitts, 1891-93. Later he formed a partnership under the title of Pitts and Pitts; member house of representatives from Dallas County, 1896-97; member constitutional convention, 1901, and chairman of the committee on representation in that body. He was appointed probate judge of Dallas County, by Gov. W. D. Jelks in 1901, and by successive re-election filled the position until his death. Judge Pitts left the University of Alabama in March, 1864, with Capt. Shockley's company of cadets. Later he joined the 9th Alabama cavalry regiment, C. S. Army. He was a Democrat; Presbyterian; and Knight of Pythias. Married: (1) September 17, 1872, in Lincoln County, N. C., to Amanda Hope, daughter of Dr. William Bain and Catherine (Hope) McLean, and granddaughter of Dr. William McLean, who was a surgeon in the war of the Revolution; (2) October 16, 1889, in Selma, to Marie Louise, daughter of Judge William M. and Maria (Massey) Byrd (q. v.). Children: 1. William McLean, married Eleanor Kirvin; no children; 2. Kittie Mims, unmarried, Selma; 3. Maud Dickon, unmarried; 4. Arthur Morrison, m. Grace Lee Fitzpatrick, Selma; 5. Robert McLean, unmarried, Stanley, Lincoln County, N. C.; 6. Janié Caldwell, d. in infancy; 7. Phillip Henry, jr., d. in infancy. Last residence: Selma.

PITTS, SAMUEL R., merchant, planter, was born May 20, 1847, in Stewart County, Ga.; son of Richard M. and Maria (Calhoun) Pitts, the former a native of Sumter District, S. C., born in 1805, who was married in Macon, Ga., moved to Stewart County, Ga., in 1837, and lived there until 1842 when he moved with his family to Russell County, near Seale; grandson of John Pitts, born in the northern part of the United States, a sailor, who during a voyage to England married a Miss Ingram, an Englishwoman, returned to the United States and settled in Charleston, S. C., later moving to Sumter District, S. C., and then to Washington County, Ga., and grandson of John Calhoun, a relative of John C. Calhoun. Mr. Pitts enlisted in the Columbus Guards in April, 1861, as a private soldier. At the end of his first year's enlistment, he was elected first lieutenant of Co. C, Second Georgia volunteer regiment, and served through the war in that capacity, surrendering with Gen. Lee at Appomattox. He was in the seven days' fight around Richmond, at the second battle of Manassas, at Fredericksburg, Sharpsburg, South Mountain, Gettysburg, the Wilderness, where he was

badly wounded, and in the trenches around Richmond and Petersburg. After the war, he became a planter. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; and a Master Mason. Married: January 15, 1874, in Russell County, to Emma Anderson, daughter of Thomas Anderson, of Edgefield, S. C. Residence: Pittsboro.

PITTS, WILLIAM LEE, planter, was born December 7, 1849, in Perry County; son of David William and Eliza Violet (Campbell) Pitts, the former who was a native of Essex County, Virginia; became a planter at Uniontown, served in the C. S. Army as lieutenant, and was killed at the first battle of Manassas; grandson of Thomas Daniel and Mary (Gray) Pitts, the former who was of English descent, and served in the War of 1812, and the latter who was of English descent, and of William and Eliza (McLean) Campbell, the former who was a Scotch emigrant to South Carolina, but afterwards removed to North Carolina; and a cousin of Alexander Davidson Pitts (q. v.). Mr. Pitts received his education in the common schools about Uniontown; at Prof. Tutwiler's school at Green Springs; at Andrews military college, Statesville, N. C.; and at Davidson college, N. C. He was deputy collector of internal revenue during Cleveland's first administration; appointed U. S. internal revenue agent in Cleveland's second term; continued in office during the first administration of President McKinley, and then resigned. He is a Democrat; has been a member of the county democratic committee for several years; is a Presbyterian; a Mason; a Knight of Pythias; and a Knight of Honor. Married: November 14, 1871, at Selma, to Mattie Llewellyn, daughter of Dr. Llewellyn and Polly Ann (Horne) Blevins. Children: 1. William Llewellyn, lawyer, probate judge of Perry County, 1915, was captain of Co. M, Second Alabama volunteer infantry, U. S. volunteers, in Spanish-American War, d. February 7, 1917, m. Mattie Lea Harwood; 2. David Samuel, deceased; 3. Eliza Leonard, m. Allen Lewis Morgan. Residence: Uniontown.

PLANCK, DAVID ANDREW, Presbyterian minister, was born April 5, 1846, in Fleming County, Ky.; son of Isaac and Nancy (Howe) Planck, the former a Kentuckian, and a farmer, the latter a South Carolinian; grandson of Andrew and Charlotte Planck, and of David J. and Sarah Howe, all of Fleming County, Ky. He was educated in the schools of his native county, and is a graduate of Central college, now Central university, Louisville, Ky., 1869, and of Princeton theological seminary, 1873; received the honorary degree of D. D. from Southwestern Presbyterian university, Clarksville, Tenn. Dr. Planck entered the ministry, 1873, at Port Gibson, Miss., where he remained sixteen years. In 1899 he accepted a call from the Jackson street Presbyterian church, Mobile. For several years he was an instructor in the Chamberlain Hunt college. Author: "Bible course of study," 1885. Married: January 5, 1875, at Port Gibson, to Blanche, daughter of M. O. and Enfield (Johnson) Hopkins, of that place. Children: 1. Mary Enfield; 2. Nan Whar-

ton; 3. Ernest, m. Julia Lake, Mobile; 4. Blanche, m. D. H. Edington; 5. Susan. Residence: Mobile.

PLATTENBURG, WESLEY, planter, was born April 13, 1803, in Anne Arundel County, Md., and removed at the age of two with his parents to Brooke County, Va. He located in Selma, in 1829, engaging in the business of merchant tailor, later, when he came into possession of a fine estate, he became interested in planting. After some years he moved to Giles County, Tenn.

PLEASANTS, JAMES JAY, secretary of state, was born September 2, 1797, in Virginia, and died at Huntsville; son of Tarleton and Anna (Woodson) Pleasants, the former a planter, living near Richmond, Va., the latter a descendant of John Woodson, Dorsetshire, England. His ancestor, John Pleasants, born in 1645, in Norwich, England, founder of the family of Pleasants, and a member of the Society of Friends, who emigrated to Virginia in 1665, settled in Henrico County in 1668, married Jane, the widow of Samuel Forester, and died in 1698. Members of the Pleasants family of Virginia married with Randolphs, Cairys, Foresters, and other distinguished families of Virginia. Mr. Pleasants obtained his education in Richmond, Va., and in a printing office in Charlottesville, Va. He was a member of the cotton firm of Martin, Pleasants Company, and spent much of his time in New Orleans, La., where the firm was located. He was a Whig and a member of the new school of Presbyterians. Married: at Belle Mina, the family homestead, to Emily Julia Bibb, daughter of Gov. Thomas and Pamela (Thompson) Bibb, (q. v.). Children: 1. Thomas Bibb, d. in young manhood; 2. Julia, m. Judge David Creswell, Shreveport, La., both deceased; 3. Adaline Bradley, d. in young womanhood; 4. James Jay, d. August 3, 1898, in Huntsville, m. Laura Kathleen Robinson, Memphis, Tenn.; 5. Emily Bibb, d. in Memphis, Tenn., m. (1) William Keenan Hill, deceased, (2) Col. Creswell; 6. Samuel, deceased, m. (1) Mary Walter Robinson, deceased, (2) Mary Shelby, Huntsville; 7. Florence, m. Stith Green, Jackson, Miss., both deceased; 8. Robert St. George, d. unmarried. Last residence: Huntsville.

PLEASANTS, SHELBY S., lawyer and assistant U. S. district attorney, was born May 2, 1872, at Huntsville, where he died, June 20, 1916; son of Samuel and Marie (Shelby) Pleasants, the former a merchant of Huntsville; grandson of James and Emily (Bibb) Pleasants (q. v.), and of David and Mary (Bouldin) Shelby, the former a native of Tennessee, but who early in life removed to Madison County, where he lived and died. Judge David D. Shelby (q. v.) was his uncle. Mr. Pleasants was educated under private teachers, in the common schools of Huntsville, and in the school of Prof. Charles O. Shepherd. He read law in the office of his uncle, Judge Shelby, was admitted to practice in the trial courts August, 1891, admitted to the supreme court January 28, 1895, and admitted to the U. S. supreme

court, November 1, 1899. In 1897, he was appointed assistant U. S. attorney for the northern district of Alabama, but resigned in September, 1900, and returned to the practice. In May 1911, he was elected city attorney of Huntsville but declined the office. He was for some years a private soldier, a member of the Huntsville company of the Alabama national guard, 3rd infantry regiment, and on September 5, 1894, he was promoted lieutenant, a position he held for three years. He was a Republican; a Mason; a Knight of Pythias, an Odd Fellow, and an Elk. Unmarried. Last residence: Huntsville.

FLOWMAN, A. W., member of the constitutional convention of 1876, from Talladega County; father of Hon. T. S. Plowman (q. v.).

FLOWMAN, GEORGE PARIS, merchant, farmer, member constitutional convention of 1867, was born July 8, 1808, in Buncombe County, N. C., deceased; son of Jacob and Jane (Paris) Plowman, the former of England, the latter of North Carolina, who lived in North Carolina until 1812, when they moved to McMinnville, Tenn. He was educated at McMinnville, Tenn., under the direction of Charles P. Samuels, and became a merchant at that place until 1829, when, because of weak lungs, he learned the tanner's trade. He was a captain of volunteers in the Creek Indian war, and was a major of Alabama militia, prior to the War of Secession. He was mayor of Talladega in 1864 and 1865; was elected to the State legislature from Talladega County, in 1865 and 1866; and served as probate judge of Talladega County for two terms. Politically, he was an old line Whig, acting at all times with the party of Henry Clay as long as it existed. An unconditional Union man, he voted against secession, and opposed every measure of the War of Secession. After the war, he was a Republican. Married: August 12, 1835, at Talladega, to Agatha Tennessee Scales, daughter of Nicholas and Elizabeth (Parkins) Scales, who lived at Franklin, Tenn., and moved to Talladega in 1835. Among his children are Hon. Thomas S. Plowman, of Talladega, and George Harden Plowman, who was graduated from Harvard university, LL. B., 1872, a lawyer at Dallas, Tex., who married (1) Laura Worth McClellan of Talladega, and (2) Estelle Hunt of Riesel, Tex. Last residence: Talladega.

FLOWMAN, THOMAS SCALES, business man, was born June 8, 1848, at Talladega, Talladega County; son of George Paris and Agatha Tennessee (Scales) Plowman, the former who was a native of Buncombe County, resided in McMinnville, Tenn., removed to Talladega in 1833, was mayor of that place, a member of the legislature and probate judge of Talladega County; grandson of Jacob and Jane (Paris) Plowman, natives of England who emigrated to this country and settled in Buncombe County, N. C., and of Rev. Nicholas and Leah (Perkins) Scales, of Franklin, Tennessee. Mr. Plowman was educated in the common schools and in the Talladega Baptist college. On the outbreak of the War of Secession he enlisted in

Co. F, Fifty-first Alabama mounted infantry, commanded by Col. John Tyler Morgan, and was wounded in the battle at Atlanta. He was mayor of Talladega, 1872, 1879; was a member of the fifty-fifth congress, 1897-99, from the fourth congressional district; was a member and chairman of the Talladega County jury commission, 1910-11; and served as a State senator in the legislature of 1912. He is a Democrat, has served as chairman of the Democratic executive committee of Talladega County for several terms, and as chairman of the executive committee of the seventh judicial circuit; is a Methodist; a Mason; a Knight of Pythias; an Elk; and a Knight of Honor. Married: October 4, 1877, at Lincoln, to Annie Montgomery, daughter of James M. and Olivia (McClellan) Montgomery; and granddaughter of Gen. William B. McClellan, graduate of West Point, a brigadier-general of militia, and a colonel in the C. S. Army. Children: 1. Claude Montgomery, m. Anna Moody; 2. Thomas Scales, jr.; 3. Olive, m. T. Weir Labatt. Residence: Talladega.

PLUNKETT, J. T., Presbyterian minister; member of the North Alabama presbytery. Deceased. Last residence: Birmingham.

POE, WILLIAM T., major of the 8th, also called 9th, Alabama cavalry, C. S. Army.

POELLNITZ, CHARLES AUGUSTUS, lawyer, was born in 1807 on his father's plantation in Marlboro District, S. C., and died at Linden, Marengo County; son of Gen. Julius and Eliza (Rogers) Poellnitz; grandson of Baron Von Poellnitz (q. v.). He received his preparatory education in private classical schools, and graduated in 1828 at South Carolina college under the presidency of Dr. Thomas Cooper; was annual orator of the Euphradian society; read law in a private office and was admitted to the bar about 1832; practiced in Pee Dee circuit until 1836, when he removed to Linden and became head of the firm of Poellnitz and Brooks; retired to devote his entire time to his cotton plantations; and elected major general of militia in 1840. He was a Calhoun Democrat; and a Presbyterian. Married: Mary, daughter of Nicholas Peay of Fairfield District, S. C., a man of large wealth in cotton plantations and negroes. Children: 1. Euphradia, m. George D. Johnston (q. v.); 2. Elizabeth, m. Dr. T. J. DeYampert, of which union there was one son and one daughter; 3. Ellen, m. William A. Gunter (q. v.); 4. Charles Augustus, m. Mary Withers, of Hale County, of which union there were children; 5. John D. B.; 6. Julia, m. (1) — Keble of Selma, (2) — Sewell; 7. Eric; 8. Caroline; 9. Ida; 10. Stella, m. Capt. R. A. Hardie (q. v.). Last residence: Marengo County.

POELLNITZ, FREDERIC CHARLES HANS BRUNO VON, planter, son of Baron Wilhelm Christian Gottlieb Von Poellnitz, was of noble Prussian family, whose lineage dates from 1238. He was a great favorite of and had many honors conferred upon him by Frederick the Great. He removed to Marengo County with a French

colony of Napoleon's adherents about 1818. Married: in France to Mlle. DeBondelle. Children: 1. Wilhelmina; 2. Charles; 3. Alex; 4. Julius.

POINTER, MARCELLUS, lieutenant colonel, 12th Alabama cavalry, C. S. Army.

POLLARD, CHARLES T., planter and captain, C. S. Army, was born May 29, 1842, in Montgomery and died in that city; son of Charles T. and Emily Virginia (Scott) Pollard, the former a native of Fredericksburg, Va., a prominent railroad contractor, who built a number of important lines, including the Atlanta and West Point, the road from Montgomery to Selma, the Alabama and Florida line, and was president of the companies that managed these roads for years, the latter was a daughter of John B. Scott, a native of Virginia who built the State house at Milledgeville, Ga., and in whose honor Scottsboro, Ga., is named, later a citizen of Montgomery, and donor of the site on which St. John's Episcopal church stands, and also of Scott's free burying ground, Oakwood cemetery; brother of Joseph Pollard, a student in the University of Virginia at the beginning of the War of Secession, who enlisted as a private in the Montgomery Blues, was made a lieutenant of Semple's battery, and died of wounds received at the battle of Murfreesboro; brother of John S. Pollard, who enlisted at the age of sixteen years in the 7th Alabama cavalry, C. S. Army, and served until the end of the war, and who at the time of his death in 1873, was auditor of the Mobile and Montgomery railroad; brother-in-law of Dr. Paul C. Lee, who held the rank of surgeon in the Confederate Army, and cousin to James Boswell, who served as a major of engineers on the staff of Gen. Stonewall Jackson, and was killed at the battle of Chancellorsville. Captain Pollard attended the University of Virginia and was a classmate of Senator John W. Daniel, of Virginia. Returning home in June, 1861, he enlisted as a private in Co. A, 3rd Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, and was on duty with this regiment about Norfolk, Va., from the summer of 1861, until the spring of 1862, when he fought in the battles of Seven Pines, and through the seven days' battles before Richmond, closing with the assault on Malvern Hill, July 1, where he was wounded, causing his absence from the front until he rejoined the regiment at Shepherdstown. Subsequently he served four months as a drill officer and when the 61st Alabama infantry regiment arrived in Virginia and was attached to General Rodas' old brigade, then under General Battle, he was appointed its adjutant. In April, 1864, he was transferred to the western army, and assigned to the staff of Brig. Gen. William W. Allen, as aide-de-camp, with the rank of captain; serving in this capacity through the campaigns of General Wheeler in Georgia, Tennessee and Carolinas, and was paroled with the army of Gen. J. E. Johnston. At the close of the war he returned to Montgomery, and for many years was actively engaged as a planter. He held the offices of sheriff, and tax assessor of the county. Married: in June 1867, to Re-

becca Ann Marks. Children: 1. Virginia, m. Burwell Boykin, Mobile; 2. Dr. Charles T. (q. v.); 3. Rebecca, m. Erit Waeber, New York City. Last residence: Montgomery.

POLLARD, CHARLES TEED, jr., physician, was born September 9, 1872, in Dallas County; son of Charles Teed and Rebecca Ann (Marks) Pollard (q. v.). Dr. Pollard received his primary education in local schools and in 1885 entered Dr. F. L. Hall's preparatory school at Mitchell's Station, Va. In 1888 he was appointed to the United States naval academy, Annapolis, Md., but resigned with an honorable discharge in 1890. He entered the University of Virginia in 1892, graduating in medicine in 1894, and in 1895, passed the graduating examinations of Tulane university, entered the New Orleans charity hospital, graduating in 1897. During the fall of 1897 he was placed in charge of the yellow fever epidemic in Montgomery. In 1898 he was appointed major of the 5th Alabama volunteer infantry regiment, and was on active duty at Santiago, Cuba, during the Spanish-American War. He then entered the Alabama polytechnic institute graduating with the B. Sc. degree in 1901, and has practiced in Montgomery since that date, having also served as county physician. From February 1, 1918 to September 12, 1918, he was a member of the United States medical advisory board and on the latter date received a commission in the medical corps, United States army, with the rank of major. He was then made instructor of physical diagnosis and was also on the headquarters staff at Camp Greenleaf, Chickamauga Park, Ga. He is a member of the Montgomery City and County board of health. Married: October 1, 1907, to Juliet, daughter of George William and Jennie (Baldwin) Craik (q. v.). Children: 1. Jean Craik. Residence: Montgomery.

POLLARD, MRS. WILLIAM (WEBB), patriotic worker, was a native of Virginia. She gave much of her time and talents to the work in the Confederate hospitals and to the Ladies' memorial association, Montgomery. Married: William Pollard. Last residence: Montgomery.

POND, EBENEZER, an early citizen of Montgomery who removed to Coosa County.

POOL, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 74, and a resident of Perry County; private S. C. Militia; enrolled on June 5, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$20; sums received to date of publication of list, \$50.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

POOL, SAMUEL, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 80, resided in Russell County, June 1, 1840, with Matthew Pool.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

POOLE, FRANK ENGLISH, lawyer, was born April 14, 1875, in Choctaw County; son of Charles and Elizabeth (Maiben) Poole; grandson of Dr. R. and Christina (English) Maiben, of Finchburg. He was educated in the schools

of Choctaw County, and spent two years at the Southern university, but did not graduate. Entered upon the practice of law at Thomasville in 1896; represented Clarke County in the legislature of 1900-01, and was re-elected in 1902. He is a Democrat; and a Methodist. He is unmarried. Residence: Thomasville.

POOLE, ROBERT RANSOM, planter, was born February 9, 1853, near Uniontown, Perry County; son of Ransom R. and Susan (Ivey) Poole, the former who was a native of North Carolina; grandson of J. K. C. and Ridley (Ransom) Poole, both of Johnson County, N. C., the latter being a member of the Ransom family of that state. Mr. Poole attended the private schools; the Greene Springs academy; and the Howard college, but did not graduate. He was editor of the "Marengo Democrat," 1894-98; was a representative in the general assembly, 1898; in 1900 was elected commissioner of agriculture; and was re-elected in 1902; and has been chairman of the board of control of the Canebrake, agricultural school for a number of years. He is a Democrat; an Episcopalian; a Knight of Pythias; and an Elk. Married: December 10, 1874, to Corinne E. McRae, daughter of John and Josephine (Ravesies) McRae of Hale County. Residence: Faunsdale.

POPE, BENJAMIN F., grand master of the grand council, Masons, 1887-88.

POPE, BURWELL T., lawyer, circuit judge, was born January 7, 1813, in Oglethorpe County, Ga., and died May 8, 1868, in Gadsden; son of Wiley and Sarah (Davis) Pope, of English descent. He was educated at Athens, Ga.; read law under Judge Clayton; and was admitted to the bar in 1836. He went to Alabama the next year, and began the practice of law at Wetumpka; moved to Ashville in 1844, and practiced his profession at that place until he moved to Gadsden in 1867. He was elected to congress in 1865, over James Shield, but was refused his seat in that body. In 1867 he was appointed judge of the circuit court, and while on the bench in the courthouse at Jacksonville, in April, 1868, he was arrested by a lieutenant in the Federal army, and taken to jail for refusing, at the command of the officer, to place negroes on the juries. He was released within a few days, but being in feeble health, never recovered from the violence employed, and died soon after. Married: to Johanna T. Lester, who died in 1870, daughter of Joseph Lester of Wetumpka. Of the eight children born to that marriage, the following are living: 1. Benjamin F., taught school in the Ashville Academy, studied law, and became a law partner with his father, served as grand master of the grand council of Masons in 1888, and was elected solicitor of the city court of Gadsden, m. Sarah E. Germany, ten children; 2. Sarah Attalla, m. Richard Hammond, deceased; 3. Lula R., Birmingham. Last residence: Gadsden.

POPE, LEROY, lawyer, planter, Revolutionary soldier and pioneer settler, was born in 1765, in Westmoreland County, Va., and died

June 17, 1844, in Huntsville; son of John and Elizabeth (Mitchell) Pope. He received his education in his native state and in 1780, when fifteen years of age, he served in the Revolutionary Army and was in the siege and battle of Yorktown. In 1790, in company with a colony of friends, all in quest of new homes, he removed to Georgia, coming in 1809, to Alabama and settling in Madison County. He acquired the tract of land on which Huntsville is now built, and took an active interest in the establishment and growth of the town from its beginning to the day of his death. The name "Twickenham," first given to the site, proving unsatisfactory to a majority of the pioneer settlers, that of Huntsville was substituted, the honor going to John Hunt, the pioneer who first discovered the "Big Spring." Judge Pope was one of the five justices presiding over the first court held in Madison County, being the chief justice. A local historian has said: "Col. Pope was called upon to serve his people in varied capacities, and was the moving spirit and dominating influence of nearly all positive action in the life of the settlement." He was one of the promoters of the Indian Creek navigation company, and was among the founders of the first Episcopal church in Huntsville, which was organized June 15, 1830. He was a large slave owning planter. He was one of the commissioners named by the legislature of the Mississippi Territory, December 11, 1866, to open books at Huntsville for subscriptions to the capital stock of the first banking corporation organized in Alabama, then the eastern half of the Mississippi Territory, the "Planters and merchants bank of Huntsville," with an authorized capital of \$500,000. Married: Judith, daughter of Cornelius and Jane (Dawson) Sale, of Amherst County, Va. Children: among the descendants of this union was Malinda, who married John Williams Walker, and became the mother of LeRoy Pope Walker (q. v.). Last residence: Huntsville.

POPWELL, WILLIAM LAFAYETTE, planter and legislator, was born January 20, 1868, near Clanton; son of Madison and Louanza Jane (Wilson) Popwell, both of Chilton County; grandson of Reuben and Sallie (Moore) Popwell, of Chilton County, and of William Harris and Louanza (Goodwin) Wilson, of Maplesville; great-grandson of John Wilson, a Revolutionary soldier from North Carolina. He was educated in the common schools of Chilton County. He is a farmer and a mill man, and represented Chilton County in the legislature of 1911. He is a Republican. Married: December 23, 1893, in Chilton County, to Katie Lee, daughter of Benjamin Franklin and Nancy (Mullins) Atkinson, the former of Chilton County, the latter of Talladega. Children: 1. Horace; 2. Myrtle; 3. Mary Lee. Residence: Clanton.

PORTER, BENJAMIN FANEUIL, lawyer, author and editor, was born in 1808, at Charleston, S. C., and died June 4, 1868, at Greenville; son of Benjamin Richardson and Eliza (Seabrook) Fickling Porter. The father was born of English parents in the Bermudas, escaped from the vigilance of an uncle who was his

guardian, came to Charleston, S. C., as a stow-away, secured employment in a furniture store as bookkeeper and four years later, having married the proprietor's daughter, became owner of the business. The Porters are scattered over England, Ireland and Scotland. The American branch was originally descended from the De la Portes from Normandy, the name being finally anglicized to its present form. Mr. Porter received his early education in his native city, and at fourteen was placed by his father in a counting-house where he remained for more than a year. His next employment was in the office of Dr. Thomas Legare, where he began the study of the fundamentals of medicine, a science he later practiced professionally. Having occasion to visit the courts of the city on one occasion he heard the most eloquent orators of the period, Robert Y. Hayne and William Crafts, and at once he resolved to adopt the legal profession as his life's vocation. Arrangements were effected for his study of the law in the office of Mr. Crafts. In 1826 he was admitted to the bar, and located at Chester Court House, Chester District.

Two years later he removed to Claiborne, and for a while practiced medicine. Upon being admitted to the Alabama bar he gave up the former profession, and devoted himself to the law. He was elected to the legislature from Monroe County, 1832, 1833, and 1834; after removal to Tuscaloosa, was elected from that county to the legislature, 1837, 1838, 1839, and 1840; in 1832 he was elected judge of the court of Monroe County, and held that office until his removal to Tuscaloosa to accept the position of supreme court reporter to which he was elected in 1834, and while filling the latter place he brought out fifteen volumes of reports, nine of which were decisions handed down during his incumbency, and six during that of his predecessor, George N. Stewart. In 1840 while a member of the legislature, he was elected by that body judge of the tenth judicial circuit, but a few months later resigned, owing to the point being raised that he was ineligible because he had been a member of the legislature that created the office, and also because of his well known opposition to capital punishment, which he had several times attempted by bills, to have abolished in Alabama. He presided, however, one term in Mobile, which city was included in his circuit, and cleared the docket of several thousand cases, some of which had been pending for years. He also freed scores of miserable men and families who had been incarcerated in the jail without a hearing for a considerable period of time.

The legislative record of Mr. Porter was conspicuous. In 1837, when the State banks began to excite very considerable attention, a joint committee of both houses was raised of which Mr. Porter was chairman. From the figures of a carefully prepared statement, showing the proportion of circulation to specie, for five years, commencing with 1832, he disclosed the recklessness of bank management, which tended to arouse the legislature to a sense of danger. He thought, however, that the legislature went to the other extreme of error, with the haste

and suddenness with which it put the State bank system into liquidation, thus causing the financial ruin of many of the State's best citizens. It was upon the passage of a bill in 1839, introduced and vigorously advocated by him, that Alabama abolished imprisonment for debt; he advocated the abolition of summary executions upon insufficient evidence of guilt; a penitentiary for criminals, a measure that resulted in the establishment of the Alabama penitentiary; he was also the advocate of education and introduced a bill, which was defeated, whereby a common fund for public education should be created by taxation; and he was the author of the law setting apart for the wife the home and necessary appurtenances for making a living.

In 1850 he returned to Charleston, S. C., to reside, having been tendered the editorship of the "Charleston News;" and he also opened a law office in that city. But within a year, not having realized all the hopes that induced him to change his residence, he moved to Georgia, but finally returned to Alabama and settled in DeKalb County where for some years he had owned a summer home. He here practiced law, and edited the "Will's Valley Post," conducted a farm, was County superintendent of education, and president of the Will's Valley railroad. In 1860 he removed to Greenville, where he spent the remaining years of his life. In politics he was a Whig, but owing to the many political revolutions through which he lived he did not always vote with his party. After the War of Secession he accepted the judgeship of the 12th judicial district at the hands of the Republicans, then in power, and shortly thereafter died. While opposed to secession he was an ardent State's Rights advocate, and was a leader among those who emphasized that principle in the debates of the thirties. During his residence in Tuscaloosa he was made a trustee of the University and introduced the resolution creating the professorship of law. He was later appointed to fill the place, but as it was without salary and the fees from applicants for the proposed lectures were not sufficient to maintain the position creditably, he resigned. He was also attorney for that institution. Author: besides his work as editor of fifteen volumes of supreme court reports, and his editorial writings for the several newspapers with which he was connected at various periods of his life, he was the author of, "Treatise on the offices of executors and administrators;" "Forms and entries for judges and clerks of the orphan's court;" "Translation of Heinneicus' elements of the institutes;" "Characteristics of Alabama;" "Memories of O'Neal's bench and bar of South Carolina;" articles in "Southern quarterly review," "Hunt's merchant's magazine," and other magazines. He made numerous translations which he adapted as a "Southern Ode." During the four years of the war he wrote many war songs and poems, among which were, "War Song of the partizan rangers," dedicated to Capt. John H. Morgan, "Carnage, revenge and famine," a war ode, "When parting from the friends we love;" "The race in Dixie," "Ye cavaliers of Dixie;" "Eulogy," to the South-

ern men who fell in defence of southern independence; and "The Confederate banner." He left an unfinished document which he had intended to be the reminiscences of his own life and the story of events and public men of his times. He was an Episcopalian; and a member of Odd Fellows. Married: in 1829, at Buckhamsville, Chester District, S. C., to Eliza Taylor, daughter of Capt. John and Adelaide (Adair) Kidd, of that place, the former a soldier of the war of 1812, who emigrated to Monroe county; great niece of Baron Adair, founder of Chesterville, S. C., named for his home in England. Baron Adair brought to America four sons who fought for independence in the Revolutionary War. Mrs. Porter's memory is sacred because of her services in the Confederate hospital at Greenville during the War of Secession. Children: 1. John Richardson, physician and planter, freshman at the University of Alabama, 1846, graduate Nashville medical college, surgeon Walthall's brigade, C. S. Army, and killed in the battle of Franklin, Tenn., m. Lucy Meriwether Howard, about 1856; 2. Rev. James Dellett, adjutant of Blount's battalion, contracted pneumonia at Shiloh while burying his dead comrades in arms, but recovered his health, practiced law, edited a newspaper, filled the office of county clerk, rector St. Thomas' church, Greenville, where he died, m. Ellen (Ferguson) Porter of Burlington, Vt.; 3. Benjamin F., jr., m. Mary Thomas, railroad official, Eureka, Calif.; 4. Laura E. M., m. Maj. Joseph R. Abrams, civil engineer, Greenville, who had among other children, Kate, who married Frank Persons, a druggist, but now deceased; she and her sons reside in Montgomery, which for years had been the family home; 5. Julia R., m. John Pratt, inventor of the first typewriter in the world, the original model of which is now in the British Museum; 6. Emma H., m. Capt. Harry Bedell of Clanton's cavalry, Galveston, Tex.; 7. Annie, m. Capt. John Anderson, of Tennessee; 8. R. Yeadon, mayor, fire adjuster, m. Etta Wilson of Greenville; 9. Ina Marie, m. (1) Capt. George L. Henry, (2) Albion Ockenden, (q. v.); 10. a child who died at five years of age. Last residence: Greenville.

PORTER, JAMES, *soldier of the American Revolution*, age not given, a resident of Dallas County; service and date of enrollment not given because of the loss of papers by the burning of the office of the War Department, 1801 and 1814; payment to date from September 5, 1808; annual allowance, \$24, under which the sum of \$177.17 received; transferred from Ire-dell County, N. C., from September 4, 1824; on April 30, 1816, to date from Jan. 22, 1816, rate increased to annual allowance of \$48, under which the total sum of \$733.82 received; and "on account of increased disability," rate increased, to date from May 4, 1831, to annual allowance of \$96, under which the sum of \$272.27 received to date of publication of list.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Dallas County, June 1, 1840, aged 80.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.



WILLIAM H. STOCKHAM

PORTER, JOHN, member of the constitutional convention of 1865, from Cherokee County. *

PORTER, JOHN HENRY, farmer, was born January 25, 1841, at McDonough, Henry County, deceased; son of John and Sarah (McClane) Porter, who lived at McDonough, Henry County, Ga., and later at Stewartsville, where the former died, March 15, 1873. He was educated in the common schools of the county, and engaged in farming. He served in the C. S. Army as captain of Co. A, Fifty-ninth regiment of Alabama volunteers, army of northern Virginia, from May 12, 1862, to April 9, 1865. At the time of the surrender at Appomattox, he was in command of the Fifty-ninth Alabama regiment, as senior captain, all the regimental officers being wounded. He was appointed and commissioned colonel of militia forces of Coosa County, September 30, 1865; was elected to the State legislature, and served through the sessions of 1882-1883, 1896-1897, 1898-1899 and 1900-1901. He represented Coosa County in the Constitutional convention of 1901. He was an elector on the Weaver and Fields ticket for president in 1892; was the Republican candidate for secretary of state in 1900; and served as justice of the peace for twenty years. Before the War of Secession he was a Whig, and after that time a Republican. He was a steward in the Methodist church for thirty years. Married: October 25, 1860, at Stewartsville, to Frances A. Wood. Last residence: Iwana.

PORTER, MITCHELL ALBURTO, lawyer, was born August 17, 1859, at Elyton, Jefferson County, deceased; son of Mitchell Thomas and J. Catherine (Martin) Porter (q. v.). He received his early education at the old field schools at Elyton, and in the public schools at Birmingham; and was graduated from the University of Alabama, LL. B., 1881. He returned to Birmingham and engaged in the practice of law with his father under the firm name of Porter & Porter. The partnership lasted until the fall of 1884, when his father was appointed probate judge of Jefferson County. Mr. Porter then became associated with Hewitt & Walker, in the firm of Hewitt, Walker & Porter. He was elected to the State legislature in 1888 and served one term. He is an Episcopalian. Married: December 21, 1886, at Tyler, Tex., to Hattie Earle, of that place. Last residence: Birmingham.

PORTER, MITCHELL THOMAS, lawyer, lieutenant colonel, C. S. Army, was born October 10, 1825, at Montevallo; son of Dr. Mitchell A. and Mary (Wade) Porter, natives of Virginia, the former who came to Alabama from east Tennessee and practiced medicine at Montevallo, Shelby County, until his death in 1826, the latter who moved with her infant son to Elyton, near which place her father lived on a farm. He received his early schooling in Elyton, and was graduated from the East Tennessee University at Knoxville, in 1848. He returned to Elyton and read law under Judge William S. Mudd; was admitted

to the bar in 1850; and began the practice of law at Elyton. He took into partnership, Alberto Martin (q. v.), which association continued until the death of Mr. Martin in 1879, with the exception of the years of the War of Secession. On the outbreak of the war, Judge Porter organized Co. C, Twentieth Alabama infantry, and entered the C. S. Army as captain of that company in September, 1861. He was assigned to the Tennessee army and first saw service in Mobile. In 1862, his regiment was located in east Tennessee, and from there it was transferred to Kentucky, where he served under Gen. Kirby Smith. He served at the siege of Vicksburg and was at the surrender of that city in 1863, when he was paroled and afterward exchanged. He was nominated and elected State senator while he was with his command at Dalton, Ga., in 1863, and served one term. In the spring of 1864, when he had attained the rank of lieutenant colonel, he was forced by failing health to resign from the army, and returned to his home in Elyton. He moved to Birmingham in 1881, and continued his law practice in that city; was appointed judge of probate to fill an unexpired term of two years by Gov. O'Neal in 1884; was elected for a term of six years in 1886, and again in 1892. At the end of his fourteen years service on the bench, he declined re-election, and retired from active business. He was an Episcopalian and a Mason. Married: March 9, 1858, to J. Catherine Martin, who died in 1897, daughter of Col. John M. Martin of Jefferson County. Children: 1. Mrs. Sarah E. Hunley; 2. Mary C., m. J. P. Stiles; 3. Jennie, m. Mr. Ellis; 4. John M., a graduate of West Point; 5. Mitchell A. (q. v.); 6. William A., paying teller of the Alabama State Bank, who served for some time as clerk of the probate court; 7. Thomas W., deceased. Last residence: Birmingham.

PORTER, WILLIAM FRANKLIN, lawyer, was born August 1, 1877, at St. Stephens, Washington County; son of Benjamin Franklin and Mary E. (Shinn) Porter, who lived at St. Stephens, the former a native of Mobile, who was clerk of the circuit court for six years and probate judge for eighteen years, and served in the C. S. Army as a captain during the War of Secession; grandson of Thomas Shinn who lived in Washington County, and moved to Texas in 1886. He received his early education in the public schools of Washington County, and in the Mobile District high school at St. Stephens. He was graduated with honor from the law department of the University of Alabama, LL. B., 1899, and was admitted to the bar at Mobile in July, 1899. He began the practice of law at St. Stephens, and continued his profession at that place until 1901, when he moved to Bessemer. He became city attorney of Bessemer in September, 1901; represented Washington County in the State legislature, 1900-1902, serving as a member of the congressional executive committee; is a Democrat; Methodist; Elk; Knight of Pythias; Odd Fellow; and a Mason. Married: June 17, 1903, to Sallie P. Nicol, daughter of Capt. T. W. Nicol, of Mobile, who was a civil engineer for many years.

and was connected with the U. S. government engineering corps in Alabama. Residence: St. Stephens.

PORTIER, MICHAEL, Roman Catholic bishop of the diocese of Mobile, was born September 7, 1795, at Montbrison, France, and died May 14, 1859, in Mobile. His early education was obtained in the Seminary of Lyons, France, where he was ordained deacon. He then offered himself for the difficult and trying American mission and in company with Bishop Dubourg, sailed from Bordeaux. After a voyage of sixty-five days, he landed at Annapolis, Md., September 4, 1817. He spent nearly two months under the hospitable roof of the venerable Charles Carroll, of Carrollton, the last of the signers of the Declaration of Independence. He then went to St. Mary's college, Emmitsburg, Md., where he completed his theological studies. In this college he had for his preceptors Rev. John Du Bois, afterwards bishop of New York, and Rev. Simon Gabriel Brute, D. D., afterwards first bishop of Vincennes, Ind. He was ordained priest in June, 1818, at St. Louis, Mo., by Bishop Dubourg of New Orleans, and was at once appointed to work in the latter city. He realized the need of a high class college and established one on the Lancasterian system. He was made vicar-general of the diocese of Alabama, Florida, and Arkansas, being consecrated bishop of "Olona," i. p. i., in St. Louis cathedral, November 5, 1826, by Bishop Rosati. He immediately took charge of his extensive territories, and having need of more priests and teachers went to Europe and secured them. Some of these later became distinguished in the service of the church. Not only did he labor to supply the spiritual wants of his flock, but he also strove with zeal and success in the cause of education.

To his untiring efforts the Catholics of Alabama are indebted for the founding of Spring Hill college, the Academy of the Visitation, and also the schools of the Sacred Heart. Two presidents of Spring Hill college, Rev. Matthew Loras and Father John C. Bazin, were made bishops, the former of Dubuque, the latter of Vincennes. He built a convent and academy for the Nuns of the Visitation in 1832 at Summer-ville, and in 1835 began the Cathedral of Immaculate Conception, which was finished in 1850. He welcomed members of the Society of Jesus, founded orphan asylums, and introduced a colony of Sisters of Charity to conduct them. To him was due the introduction of the Brothers of Christian Instruction, and he also founded parish schools and a school for girls at St. Augustine, Fla. In 1849 he once more visited Europe, and was for some time previous to his death, senior bishop of the American hierarchy. Last residence: Mobile.

PORTIS, JOHN WESLEY, lawyer, colonel, C. S. Army, was born in 1818, in Nash County, N. C., deceased; son of Ira Portis, who went from North Carolina to Clarke County in 1818, and settled near Suggsville; grandson of John Portis, of Fishing Creek, Ransom's Bridge, Roanoke River, N. C.; great-grandson of George Portis, who came from Wales and settled on the Isle of Wight, Va., in 1760, and was buried in

the old Petersburg cemetery. Mr. Portis was educated at the University of Virginia, and studied law in the office of Cooper & Parsons, at Claiborne. He was admitted to the bar; engaged in the practice of law and in planting at Suggsville; was elected to the State legislature from Clarke County as a mixed basis Democrat in 1843, and was re-elected in 1844. He was a trustee of the University of Alabama from 1844 to 1860. On the beginning of the War of Secession in 1861, he volunteered as a private in the C. S. Army, and was later elected a lieutenant in the Forty-second Alabama regiment. A year later, he was elected colonel of the Forty-second Alabama; led it at Corinth, where he was wounded; resigned soon afterwards and returned home. After the war, he resumed the practice of law at Suggsville; served for some time as postmaster at that place; and engaged in merchandising to some extent. He was a Democrat, a delegate to the national conventions at Cincinnati, Charleston, and Baltimore, and a Methodist. Married: to Rebecca Griffin, daughter of Richard Rivers. Children: 1. Richard Rivers, b. October 24, 1845, d. May 4, 1885, private in the C. S. Army, 1864-1865, lawyer and merchant at Suggsville, m. (1) Maimie Deas, (2) Mary Barnes; 2. Ira David, b. October 24, 1845, private in C. S. Army, 1864-1865, lawyer at Suggsville, m. Onie Mae Poole; 3. Ira Rivers, b. May 24, 1847, private in C. S. Army, was graduated, M. D., from Tulane university, physician and planter in Smith County, Tex., until 1899, private, U. S. Army, Philippine War, 1898; 4. Emma; 5. Ella; 6. Mary; 7. Lucy. Last residence: Suggsville.

POSEY, HEZEKIAH, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 90, resided in Benton County, June 1, 1840.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

POSEY, HIRAM MOUNGER, business man, was born November 20, 1842, near Old Wakefield, Washington County; son of Andrew Trail and Eliza Ann (Mounger) Posey, the former who was a native of Spartanburg district, S. C., but at an early age emigrated to Alabama; grandson of Hiram and Berthenia (Denley) Mounger, of Washington County. Mr. Posey received his early education in the common schools and academies of the state. He was elected tax assessor of Washington County, 1884, for a four year term; was elected to the legislature, 1888; was re-elected in 1902; and later engaged in planting and milling. He served in Co. I, Thirty-sixth Alabama regiment infantry, June 1862, and was wounded in the battle of Chickamauga, and at New Hope church, Ga., was elected but never commissioned lieutenant of his company after the battle of Atlanta. He is a Democrat and a Methodist. Residence: Sunflower.

POSEY, SIDNEY CHERRY, lawyer, circuit judge, State senator, and member Secession convention, was born May 4, 1805, in Pendleton District, S. C., and died December 22, 1868, at Florence; son of Jesse N. and Eleanor (Brooks) Posey of South Carolina, who removed to Madison and later to Sumter County. He received his academic education in the common schools

of the period in Madison County, and after teaching school in Tusculumbia, read law and was admitted to the bar in that town. In 1832 he removed to Florence where he remained until his death. He was elected to the Alabama legislature, 1835-36, and to the State senate in 1837-44-47. Before this time he had served as judge of the county court of Lauderdale for several years. In 1847 he was elected circuit judge which place he held until 1850. He was a member of the Secession convention, but being bitterly opposed to the withdrawal of the State from the union, refused to sign the ordinance. In 1861 he was again elected to the lower house of the legislature and in 1865 was appointed judge of the circuit court by Gov. Lewis E. Parsons, and served several months, but failed of election. As chairman of the ways and means committee of the Alabama legislature, 1861, he rendered invaluable service in helping to devise ways of raising means for the public defence. In 1826 he was licensed as a Methodist minister, and while never entering the itineracy, his Christian qualities added greatly to his usefulness to Alabama. Married: February, 1833, to Calista, daughter of Horatio and Eliza (Harris) De Prieste, of Campbell Court House, Va. Children: 1. John Coffee, a student at the University of Alabama, 1851, private 4th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, and died August 12, 1861, from wounds received in the battle of Manassas; 2. Elizabeth Ellen, m.—Taylor; 3. Harriett Calista; 4. Mary L.; 5. Rachael A.; 6. Andrew Hutchings. Last residence: Florence.

POTTER, JOHN, member of the constitutional convention of 1861, from Cherokee County.

POUNDS, LEWIS BARNETT, farmer and Missionary Baptist minister, was born November 2, 1859, at Oakmulgee, Perry County, son of Isham and Harriet Elisabeth (Barnett) Pounds, who lived at Oakmulgee. He attended the country schools and the high school academy at Centerville, and was occupied at various times in teaching in the country schools, preaching, farming and merchandising. He was postmaster of Clanton, 1897-1899. He is a Populist and a Missionary Baptist. Married: (1) at Oakmulgee, to Lenanna Lawrence; (2) at Clanton, to Lutie Riggins. Residence: Thorsby.

POWELL, ABNER RILEY, lawyer and legislator, was born December 12, 1875, at Andalusia; son of N. B. Powell and wife, who was a Miss Smith, natives of Georgia; grandson of John Smith, also of that state. He was educated in the common schools of his native town, and studied law at the University of Alabama. Before engaging in the practice of law he was a journalist, edited "Covington Times," 1895-97; with M. S. Carmichael established in 1897, the "Elba Clipper"; returned to Andalusia, 1904, where he now practices his profession. He represented Covington County in the legislature of 1907. He is a Democrat; a Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. He is unmarried. Residence: Andalusia.

POWELL, DEMPSEY MONROE, lawyer, was born March 16, 1863, near Snow Hill, Wilcox County; son of Dempsey Monroe and Mary Ann (Scott) Powell, the former who was a native of Butler County, served under Forrest and later in the Seventeenth Alabama regiment during the War of Secession. Mr. Powell was educated in the common schools of Butler County, the Collegiate institute and other schools at Greenville. In 1881 he began to work as clerk in the office of his uncle, J. S. Powell, at Greenville; studied law there; was admitted to the bar in 1886; became connected with the law firm of Powell, Hamilton & Steinhart, of Greenville, Powell, Hamilton & Middleton of Hayneville, Sentell, Hamilton & Powell of Luverne, and Powell and Albritton of Andalusia; was elected to the State senate in 1900; and again represented the seventeenth district in 1903. He is a Democrat and a deacon in the Baptist church. Married: March 5, 1889, to Eugenia Hinnant, daughter of H. H. Dudley and Elmira Hinnant of Russell County. Residence: Greenville.

POWELL, EZEKIEL A., member of the constitutional convention of 1875, from the ninth district.

POWELL, EZEKIEL ABNER, merchant, lawyer, was born May 27, 1817, at Abbeville District, S. C., and died September 1, 1892; of Welsh descent, whose ancestors lived in South Carolina during the Revolutionary War. His parents came to Alabama during his boyhood, and settled in Fayette County, where he received six months schooling under his father. He worked on a farm in his early manhood, then went to Tuscaloosa County and was a merchant at Northport for several years. He studied law; was admitted to the bar; and entered a law partnership with James M. Van Hoose, in Tuscaloosa. From 1855 to 1867, he was almost continuously a member of one or the other branch of the State legislature, defeating Hon. Robert Jemison in 1865. He was an officer in the C. S. Army during the War of Secession; was ordained to the Methodist ministry during the last years of his life; and was author of a history entitled "Fifty Years of Alabama." He was a Democrat and a Mason. Married: (1) December 22, 1846, at Northport, to Malvina Lee, who died March 9, 1872, daughter of Isaac and Elizabeth (Prewitt) Lee, of that place, the former a descendant of one of three brothers who came to South Carolina from Ireland before the Revolutionary War, and who fought on the side of the colonies in that war, one of whom lost a leg at the battle of Cowpens, and another who was badly wounded under Gen. Greene at Guilford Court House; (2) August 27, 1873, to Mrs. Caroline Murray. Children: 1. Missouri Ann, d. October 1, 1892; 2. William James; 3. Reuben Lee, d. January 1, 1853; 4. Ezekiel Abner, Jr., d. August 17, 1883, in Sumter County; 5. Alice Amanda, d. November 3, 1862; 6. Susan Fletcher; 7. Sarah Elizabeth. Last residence: Northport.

POWELL, GEORGE, pioneer settler and historian of Blount County, was born in 1794, in

Pendleton District, S. C., and died February 5, 1872, at his home on the Warrior River; son of James and Rebecca (Bynum) Powell; grandson of John and Alice (Brewer) Powell; great-grandson of John, sr. and Mary (Cromwell) Powell, of South Carolina, the latter being a relative of Oliver Cromwell. He was educated in the log-house schools of Pendleton District and continued his education by means of a local study-club that progressed through the subject of trigonometry; he read, and later studied, surveying and geology. He removed to Alabama in 1819, and acquired lands on Turkey Creek, Blount County. He rendered important service to the U. S. surveyors on their original survey of this region. He erected the first grist mill, on Turkey Creek, in all that region. In 1821, he began to teach, and moved his school about to suit the convenience of the settlers. He was appointed to survey Blount County, and was county surveyor for forty years. He piloted the first flat-boat down the Warrior River to Mobile. In 1838, he began the study of geology and his private explorations and discoveries of mineral deposits attracted the attention of State geologist Toumey, who in 1848 visited him and from that time co-operated with him in mineral surveys of Blount, Jefferson, Winston, Walker, Marion, Lawrence and Franklin Counties. In respect for his geological and educational work, in 1855, he was elected a life member of the Alabama historical society. In 1850, he was a member of the Order of the Sons of Temperance, and an ardent prohibitionist. He was a Whig; then a Democrat and States Rights man. Married: in 1812, to Elizabeth, daughter of Jonathan and Nancy (Kirksey) Davis, of Pendleton, S. C. Children: 1. Anthony Wayne; 2. Jonathan Winchester; 3. Christopher Columbus; 4. Mary, m. Jesse Hughes; 5. Nancy Kirksey, m. Julius Tidmore; 6. Rebecca Laura; 7. Lumina Rogers, m. Thomas Eubanks; 8. Alice, m. Tyler Dickerson; 9. Violaulta Elizabeth, m. Wilson B. Clowdus, of Oneonta, Blount County. Last residence: Blount County.

POWELL, JAMES ROBERT, promoter and business man, was born December 7, 1814, in Brunswick County, Va., and died in 1883, on his plantation on the Yazoo River; son of Col. Addison Powell, of Virginia. He worked on a farm in Virginia for two years and came to Alabama in 1833. He had been well educated, and for a time assisted in the teachers' department of an academy in Lowndes County. Some time later his father joined him in Alabama, and together they conducted a hotel at Lowndesboro and at Montgomery. He moved to Wetumpka in 1836, and began his career as stage owner and mail contractor, which lasted for twenty-five years and was thick with stirring incidents. His contests with Robert Jemison of Tuscaloosa, John G. Winter of Montgomery, and others for the possession of stage routes and mail contracts, are among the fire-side stories of Alabama. His rate war with Mr. Jemison lasted until the rivals had practically ruined each other, when they came to terms, joined forces, and were known as Jemison, Powell, Ficklen & Company. Mr. Powell

engaged in cotton planting; served for some time as sheriff of Coosa County; and in 1845 represented the county in the legislature. He was elected to the State senate in 1853, and was re-elected in 1855. On the expiration of his term in the senate, he moved to Montgomery. During the War of Secession he furnished an entire company with horses at his own expense, and gave liberally towards their equipment. He gathered a large quantity of ice from the Alabama River during the winter of 1863, when the ports were blocked and ice could not be obtained; refused to sell the ice although offered forty thousand dollars for it; and presented the whole supply to the Confederate government for use of the wounded. He purchased many acres of cotton land in Mississippi during the war, and entered into a contract with John C. Calhoun, grandson of the famous statesman, to operate his plantation. He offered wages to his negro employees, and as a result, his lands were quickly colonized and rapidly increased in value.

Mr. Powell went to Birmingham in 1871, shortly after the site of the town had been located, and as president of the Elyton Land Company, laid the foundation of a manufacturing city in the midst of the mineral resources of Jefferson County. Under his direction grants of land for parks were made by the land company to the city; to the railroads for yards and depots; and to the churches, for lots on which to build. He invited capital and labor to locate in Birmingham, and advertised the coal and iron resources of the surrounding country in every part of America and Europe. In 1874, the press association of the city of New York convened in Montgomery at his invitation, at the same time as the Alabama press association met, and the papers throughout the civilized world published the facts placed before those bodies by Mr. Powell, drawing much attention at once to the immense iron deposits in the country surrounding Birmingham. Mr. Powell retired from Birmingham to his plantation in 1874. Four years later he was invited to return to Birmingham to canvass for the mayoralty, and after a bitter campaign was defeated. He contested the election and was again defeated. He returned to his plantation on the Yazoo, and in the fall of 1883 met death from a pistol shot. Three sisters of Mr. Powell were married to Hon. Thomas D. Clarke, of Talladega to Hon. J. H. Weaver of Coosa County, and to Joseph Phelan. Last residence: a plantation on the Yazoo River.

POWELL, JOHN BOLLING, business man, was born August 31, 1862, at Greenville, Butler County; son of Jonathan Louis and Lucinda Elizabeth (Bolling) Powell, the former who served in the C. S. Army as private and then as lieutenant in a company commanded by Capt. T. J. Burnett, in the Seventeenth Alabama infantry regiment, and was a lawyer; grandson of William and Mary (Yeldell) Powell and of Samuel Jackson and Mary (Ewing) Bolling, all of Butler County. The Powells came from South Carolina, and the Bollings from Virginia. Mr. Powell received his early education in the common schools of Green-

ville; attended Howard college, 1878-79; and the University of Alabama, 1879-80. He studied law; was admitted to the bar in 1890; resided in Escambia County for a few months; was county solicitor of that county, 1890; and later removed to Butler County, where he formed a partnership with Hon. Jesse F. Stallings in Butler County; was county solicitor of Butler County, 1890-94; in 1894 retired from practice; entered the real estate business; and served as tax commissioner from 1907-13. He is a Democrat; an Episcopalian; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: December 21, 1881, at Greenville, to Virginia Laura Reid, daughter of Archibald and Elizabeth (Herbert) Reid. Residence: Greenville.

POWELL, JOHN R., lieutenant colonel, 10th Alabama cavalry regiment, C. S. Army.

POWELL, LEVIN, merchant, postmaster, was born in 1794, in Loudon County, Va., and died in 1833. He was educated in Virginia and grew to manhood there. He served with Gen. Andrew Jackson during the War of 1812, and contracted rheumatism in camp, from the effects of which he never fully recovered. Shortly after the war, he went to Alabama and became a merchant at Huntsville in partnership with John M. Taylor and P. A. Foote. After a short time in that city, he moved to Tuscaloosa, and in 1822, was elected to the State senate from Tuscaloosa and one or two adjoining counties, and was retained in that body until his death, serving as president of the senate in 1828 and 1832. He was also postmaster and justice of the peace, and was very popular and influential with the people. For the last ten years of his life, in a majority of conflicts between citizens and neighbors throughout the county, the matters of difference were submitted to Mr. Powell. Married: to a sister of Hon. Washington Moody, who survived him and resided in Tuscaloosa County. Last residence: Tuscaloosa County.

POWELL, NORBORNE BERKELY, business man and legislator, was born November 30, 1849, at Chunnennuggee, Macon, now Bullock County; son of Richard Homes and Mary Anne (Blackmon) Powell, the former was a prominent lawyer of Union Springs, and was lieutenant colonel of the 3rd Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army; grandson of Norborne B. Powell, of Monticello, Ga., and of John P. and Mary Anne (Mobley) Blackburn. He was educated in the schools of Union Springs; is a merchant; was city clerk of Union Springs, 1881-86; was a member of the general assembly from Bullock County, 1888-89, 1890-91, 1903, and again in 1907. He is a Democrat; and a Methodist. He is unmarried. Residence: Union Springs.

POWELL, PEYTON, soldier of the American Revolution, and a resident of Madison County; lieutenant First Regular Virginia Line; enrolled on August 29, 1828, under act of Congress of May 15, 1828, payment to date from March 3, 1826; annual allowance, \$320; sums received to date of publication of list, \$2,720;

Lemuel Mead, agent.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Madison County, June 1, 1840, aged 80.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

POWELL, RICHARD HOLMES, planter, lawyer and editor, was born November 2, 1821, at Monticello, Jasper County, Ga., and died in 1884, at Union Springs; son of Norborne Berkeley and Eliza (Holmes) Powell, the former a native of Amherst, Va., a soldier of the War of 1812, physician, representative in both branches of the Georgia legislature while living in Talbot County, removed to Alabama with his family in 1839; grandson of Nathaniel and Elizabeth (Cowper) Powell, the former a member of the committee of safety in Amherst County, Va., 1775, soldier of the Revolution and present with Washington at the surrender of Cornwallis at Yorktown, and of Rev. Richard and Susannah (Johnstone) Holmes of Talbot County. The Powells were of Welsh origin. Richard Holmes Powell was given his early education in the Oldfield schools; in 1844 he entered Randolph-Macon college from which he graduated in 1843. He was president of the Franklin society. Prior to the War of Secession he was an extensive planter and slave owner, but after the end of that struggle he became a lawyer and an editor. In 1868 he was admitted to the bar in Union Springs. About this time he became proprietor and editor of the "Union Springs Herald." He was elected mayor of Union Springs in 1856 and re-elected a number of times. In 1860 he established the first bank in Union Springs. He represented this county in the legislature of 1882-83. He entered the Confederate Army as captain of the "Southern Rifles" which was mustered in the 3rd Alabama infantry regiment commanded by Col. Tennent Lomax; was promoted to major and later to lieutenant colonel of the regiment; was wounded at Malvern Hill and again at Spottsylvania. In 1868 he was president of the Alabama press association, and through his paper he vigorously fought the black menace of radicalism. He was a Methodist, and superintendent of the first Sunday school in Union Springs which was organized in his home; a delegate to the general conferences of 1870, 1874, and 1882. He was a Democrat; grand patriarch of the Alabama Sons of Temperance, grand worthy chief templar of the Independent Order of Good Templars; president State temperance alliance; chairman of the temperance committee during his membership in the Alabama legislature, and stumped the State at the age of twenty-one, with Gov. Henry W. Collier, for the cause of temperance. He is the author of a history of the 3rd Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, published in "Union Springs Herald," 1866-67; and was a regular contributor to the "Southern literary messenger" under the name of "Cottager." Married: in 1844, in Chunnennuggee, to Mary Ann, daughter of John Polk and Mary Ann (Mobley) Blackmon of Savannah. Children: 1. Virginia Eliza, m. Alex. H. Pickett; 2. Mary Carter; 3. Norborne Berkeley; 4. Homer Blackmon; 5. Nathaniel;

6. James Blackmon, m. Myra Hinson Brown. Last residence: Union Springs.

POWER, THEODORE DWIGHT, lawyer and legislator, was born March 20, 1862, in Cobb County, Ga.; son of George Abner and Winifred (Copeland) Power, the former a native of Laurens District, S. C., later residing in Franklin, Fulton and Cobb Counties, Ga.; grandson of Joseph and Isabella (Ballou) Power, who were married in Laurens District, S. C., in 1804, the latter being the cousin of President Garfield's mother; great-grandson of John Power, who was born and educated in Ireland, and who emigrated about 1760, with an uncle and settled in Maryland, married a Miss Woodall, served in the Revolutionary War, and was present at the surrender at Yorktown. Mr. Power was educated in the common schools of Fulton and Cobb Counties, Ga.; graduated, B. Ph., in 1886, from the University of Georgia; was admitted to the bar in 1889, at Marietta, Ga.; removed to Opelika, where he was a member of the city council from April, 1899, to April, 1901, and April, 1905 to 1907. He represented Lee County in the legislature of 1907. He is a Democrat; Methodist; Mason; Knight of Pythias; Odd Fellow; and Elk. Married: December 14, 1892, at West Point, Ga., to Fannie, daughter of George Ware and Nancy Poole (Ward) Houston, who resided in Harris County, Ga. Children: 1. Samuel Houston. Residence: Opelika.

POWERS, JAMES KNOX, teacher, president of the University of Alabama, and of Florence State normal college, was born August 15, 1851, near Oakland, Lauderdale County, and died August 15, 1913; son of Wm. and Rosanna (Reeder) Powers, the former a native of North Carolina who removed to Lauderdale County where he was tax assessor for several terms; grandson of Thomas and Jane Powers, who removed from North Carolina in 1820, and of Jacob and Sarah (Wesson) Reeder, all of whom were residing in Lauderdale County at the time of their deaths. The Powers family was of Scotch-Irish origin. He received his preparatory education in the neighborhood schools of his native county; in 1869 entered the Florence Wesleyan university where he remained two years as student and tutor; was graduated from the University of Alabama, A. M., 1873. His class record during his senior year there has never been equalled, averaging 99 1/5 in five subjects. His alma mater conferred upon him the honorary degree of LL. D., 1897. He was professor of mathematics, 1873-77, in the State normal college at Florence, successor of Florence Wesleyan university, which had passed out of existence immediately after the war for lack of patronage; in 1888 he became president of the school and held that position until 1897 when he was elected president of the University of Alabama. He resigned four years later, 1901. He then accepted a position with the B. F. Johnson publishing co., of Richmond, Va., and for ten years was the representative of that firm throughout the Southern States. His

career as an educator had been so creditable that in 1911 he was invited to once more take the presidency of the State normal school at Florence. A remarkable growth of the institution followed his return to its head, and at the time of his death it was enjoying its greatest popularity. He was superintendent of education of Lauderdale County, 1885-86, by appointment, and declined re-appointment. He was a Democrat; a Methodist and delegate to the general conference, 1894 in Memphis, Tenn.; a Knight of Pythias and a Knight of Honor. He was one of the founders of the Alabama educational association, and held its several offices, including the presidency. He was the author of numerous educational papers and addresses. Married: January 31, 1879, in Nashville, Tenn., to Lou Adeline, daughter of Calvin Allegre and Elizabeth (Abernathy) Reynolds, who lived near Pulaski, Tenn. Children: 1. Reynolds James, B. S., University of Alabama, 1899, graduate of U. S. military academy, 1903; and assigned to 8th U. S. cavalry, second lieutenant, promoted to first lieutenant, 1911, and killed in the Philippines in the line of duty, February 12, 1912; 2. Lula Knox, A. B., University of Alabama, 1903, A. M., Columbia university, N. Y., 1910, assistant in mathematics State normal college; 3. Pearl Polk, graduate Tuscaloosa female college and Florence State normal college, m. Mr. Moody; 4. Elizabeth Lee, graduate State normal college; 5. Anne M., graduate State normal college; 6. James K., jr., Denver, Colo.; 7. Marshall Wilson, d. in infancy. Last residence: Florence.

POYAS, FRANCIS DeLEISSELINE, early Methodist preacher in Pickens County.

POYNOR, DIGGES, planter and lawyer, was born November 14, 1835, at Lawrenceville, Brunswick County, Va.; son of Digges and Eliza Caroline Clifton (Purdy) Poynor, the former a native of Caswell County, N. C., who later removed to Lawrenceville. He is descended from English and French Huguenot stock that emigrated to America before the Revolutionary War. His maternal grandfather was an Irishman who located first in North Carolina and later removed to Virginia. Digges Poynor, the second, received his early education from his older brother, D. T. Poynor, who for many years taught a preparatory school in Brunswick County; and in 1856 he entered the Virginia military institute from which he graduated July 4, 1860. The following year he became instructor in infantry and artillery tactics, with the rank of captain, at the University of Alabama, a position which he held until that institution was burned by Federal soldiers, April 6, 1865. He was solicitor of Greene County, 1873-77. He is a Democrat, and an Episcopalian. Married: March 7, 1872, at Pleasant Ridge, to Mary Eleanor, daughter of Henry G. and Sarah (Kennedy) Jones of that place; granddaughter of Thomas Kennedy of South Carolina, who later removed to Alabama, and the great-niece of Anne Kennedy, of South Carolina who threw a British soldier out of the house, and rode sixty miles



LACEY EDMUNDSON

alone on horseback to carry a dispatch to the American officer, probably Gen. Francis Marion. Children: 1. Henry Purdy; 2. Eliza Mary, m. Wm. T. Horton, Pleasant Ridge; 3. Wilmer Smith, Episcopal minister, resides Columbia, S. C., and a twin sister; 4. Sallie Clifton; 5. Mattie Virginia, m. Henry B. Summerville of Eutaw; 6. David Thomas, Mt. Hebron; 7. Julia Ann, professor of Latin at the Alabama girls technical institute and college; 8. Lelia Kate, Mt. Hebron; 9. Dudley Digges, resides at Tuscaloosa. Residence: Mt. Hebron.

PRAIGG, JOHN GRANT, Presbyterian minister, was born June 27, 1837, at Louisville, Ky.; son of John Grant and Arabella Scott (Tod) Praigg, of Louisville, Ky., the former a native of Washington, Washington County, Pa., who engaged in the wholesale and retail hat, cap and fur business; grandson of James and Mary (Brice) Praigg, who lived at Washington, Pa., and of William and Margaret (Grant) Tod, who came from Scotland in 1801, and settled at Lexington, Ky., the former bringing with him, it is said, the first cotton spinning machinery that was established west of the Allegheny Mountains. He is of Scotch descent on both sides, his mother's grandfather on her mother's side, and one of the great-grandfathers of his father on his mother's side, both being named John Grant, and each living in the vicinity of Edinburgh. He received his early education in Louisville, Ky.; was graduated at Center college, Danville, Ky., A. B., 1857; received the honorary degree of A. M. from that institution in 1873, and of D. D. in 1893. He studied law under private instructors, and was licensed to practice at Harrodsburg, Ky., 1871. Later he turned his attention to the ministry, and was graduated from Union theological seminary, Virginia, B. D., 1879. He was ordained a minister in the Presbyterian church; has served several churches; was for seven years professor in Stillman institute; and for one year vice president and acting president of Daniel Baker college, Brownwood, Tex. He was elected superintendent of education of Pickens County, 1884-1885. During the War of Secession, he served throughout the war as a private in the C. S. Army, first under Gen. N. B. Forrest, and later under Gen. John H. Morgan. He is a Democrat, and has been stated clerk of the Tuscaloosa Presbytery for several years. Married: April 6, 1893, in Tuscaloosa, to Mesia Pleasants Lewis, daughter of Thomas Pleasants and Caroline Mary (Neal) Lewis, of Tuscaloosa; great-great-granddaughter of John Augustine Washington, brother of George Washington and great-granddaughter on her mother's side of Alice Page Skinner, of Prince William County, Va. Residence: Tuscaloosa.

PRATHER, JOHN S., major and later lieutenant colonel, 8th Confederate cavalry battalion, C. S. Army. Residence: Atlanta, Ga.

PRATHER, WILLIAM BUTLER, physician, was born September 25, 1846, at Green Hill, Stewart County, Ga., and died at Seale; son of William Clarke and Emily Carraway (Grimes)

Prather, the former born in Wilkes County but later lived in Harris and Stewart Counties, the latter of Muscogee County, Ga.; grandson of Richard and Jency (Jones) Prather, and of Josiah and (Carraway) Grimes; great-grandson of Joseph Prather of Maryland. The Prathers came to America from England in the seventeenth century. Dr. Prather was educated in the common schools of his county, and at the Atlanta medical college, graduating from the latter institution, 1874, but began the practice of medicine at Florence, Ga., three years before his graduation. He served as a private in the Warehouse Parish, Louisiana, reserve corps, C. S. Army, surrendering on May 26, 1865. He was a Democrat; and a Mason. Married: January 23, 1873, near Florence, Ga., to Martha Louise, daughter of Robert Christopher Columbus and Jemina (Moore) McGinty of Providence, Stewart County, Ga. Children: 1. Robert Clarke, m. Effie Howard, Girard; 2. Eva Butler, m. (1) Frank Manson Brannon, (2) I. S. Perkins; 3. Rosa, m. Robert F. Powell, Troy; 4. Martha, m. Samuel Franklin Rhodes; 5. John, physician. Last residence: Seale.

PRATT, A. M., physician, was born November, 1827, in York District, S. C.; son of John J. and Dorcas E. (Moore) Pratt, the former a native of Newberry, S. C., for twenty-one years probate judge of Union District, a planter, shoe and leather manufacturer and extensive slave owner who located in Cherokee County in 1851; grandson of John J. Pratt, a native of Salem, Mass., who removed to Fauquier County, Va., in 1780, and Newberry, S. C., 1790. His forefathers came to America in the "Mayflower" in 1620. He received his academic education in Unionville, S. C., where he was reared and graduated in medicine from the Colleges of Charleston, S. C., Jefferson, Philadelphia, Pa., and Stuyvesant university, N. Y. He entered upon the practice of his profession in his native state but removed to Carnesville, Ga. in 1853. In 1857 he located in Cherokee County, and in 1860 removed to Centre. He was appointed post surgeon in 1863 and held this position until the close of the war. He belonged to a gifted family, one of his sisters being distinguished in literature, his brother, John J., invented one of the first typewriters. He was a Mason. Married: in 1853, in Carnesville, Ga., to the daughter of Dr. Henry Freeman, a successful physician and member of the senate and house of the Georgia legislature. Last residence: Centre.

PRATT, DANIEL, sr., inventor, manufacturer and promoter, was born July 20, 1799, at Temple, N. H., and died May 13, 1873 at Prattville, Autauga County; son of Edward Pratt; grandson of Daniel and Asenath (Flint) Pratt of Reading, Mass.; and great-grandson of Ebenezer Flint of Welton, N. H. Mr. Pratt received a very limited elementary education, but through a wide experience became a man of culture. At the age of sixteen he was apprenticed to learn the trade of carpenter, served faithfully a period of five years, and in 1819 located in Savannah, Ga. He later removed to Milledgeville, and in 1831 located at Clinton,

Ga., where he associated himself with Samuel Griswold in the manufacture of cotton gins. In 1833 he removed to Autauga County, where after a brief experience he founded Prattville which bears his name. The Pratt gin factory became during his administration the largest of its kind in the world. He continued to make improvements and showed such marked skill as an inventor, that no cotton gin has yet surpassed his in merit. This claim is vouched by its world-wide use wherever cotton is grown. He owned extensive tracts of mineral land in north Alabama, and was among that group of pioneers who developed the Birmingham district. He built the furnace at Oxmoor and the Pratt coal mines were opened by his son-in-law, Henry F. DeBardeleben, and was named in his honor. In 1847 the University of Alabama conferred upon him the degree of Master of mechanical and useful arts. He represented Autauga in the Alabama legislature during the whole period from 1861 to 1865. He was a Methodist, a Mason and a Democrat. Married: in 1827, Esther, daughter of — Tickner of Jones County, Ga. Children: 1. Mary, d. in infancy; 2. Ellen, m. Henry F. DeBardeleben, of Birmingham; 3. Maria, d. in infancy. Last residence: Prattville.

PRATT, DANIEL, jr., manufacturer and banker, was born February 12, 1866, at Prattville, Autauga County; son of Merrill Edward and Julia Adelaide (Smith) Pratt (q. v.). He attended the common schools of his native town, and graduated at the University of Alabama, A. B., 1885. He entered the business of cotton-gin manufacturing in 1885; was elected treasurer of the Prattville cotton mill, in 1887; also the owner of the Northington-Munger-Pratt company of Birmingham, became manager of the Continental gin company at Prattville, 1900; was elected president Autauga banking and trust company, some years later; was member city council of Prattville for a number of years; was elected a member of the board of trustees of the University of Alabama in 1896, and he has served continuously since. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; a Mason and a Knight of Pythias. Married: November 2, 1887, at Prattville, to Ellen, daughter of Leonard and Sallie (Graham) Sims of that place. Children: 1. Merrill Edward, m. Florence Marks, daughter of Samuel B. and Clara Lee (Jewett) Marks, of Montgomery; 2. Leonard Sims; 3. Dora Ellen; 4. Julia; 5. Jennie Allyn. Residence: Prattville.

PRATT, HARRY SOUTHWORTH, professor of English literature, at the University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa, 1837-40. He held the degree of A. M.

PRATT, JACKSON MCPHERSON, teacher and legislator, was born February 16, 1881, at Palmetto, Pickens County; son of James Madison and Jane Lee Dorcas (Valentine) Pratt, the former served nine months in the C. S. Army and resided in Pickens County; grandson of James and Elizabeth (Brooks) Pratt, of Newberry, S. C., and of Joel Kennedy and

Hester (McPherson) Valentine, of Anderson District, S. C., the former served as a bugler in Co. G, General Martin's brigade, C. S. Army, and after the cessation of hostilities was a teacher in Vann's Valley academy, Rome, Ga. He was educated in the schools of Pickens County; and graduated 1905, from the Florence normal school. He has taught school at Reform and Carrollton. He established the Pratt library at the Carrollton academy, in 1906; began the agitation for local taxation in Pickens County, which was successful in 1905, and was leader of the movement for better school houses in that county. He represented Pickens County in the legislature of 1907. He is a Democrat; Mason; Odd Fellow; and a Knight of Pythias. Unmarried. Residence: Reform.

PRATT, JOHN WOOD, professor of English literature at the University of Alabama, 1850-55; of logic, rhetoric and oratory, 1855-65. He held the degree of A. M.

PRATT, MERRILL EDWARD, manufacturer, was born February 23, 1828, at Temple, Hillsboro County, N. H., and died at Prattville, November 23, 1889; son of Edward and Dorcas (Pevey) Pratt of Temple; grandson of Edward and Asenath (Flint) Pratt of Temple, and of Peter and Lucy (Cummings) Pevey of Andover, Mass., the former a Revolutionary soldier. Mr. Pratt received a common school education in his native town and in Prattville. He went to work in the gin business with his uncle, Daniel Pratt, with whom he was successfully associated for years, and whom he succeeded in the control of the business after the latter's death. He was mayor of Prattville, 1872-74; and a member of the legislature, 1838-39. He was 1st lieutenant, Co. K, 1st Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, serving with that command until captured at Port Hudson, July, 1863; sent to New Orleans as a prisoner of war, and after three months transferred to Johnson's Island, Lake Erie, where he was confined until 1864. He was a Methodist, and a Mason. Married: November 2, 1862, at Prattville, to Julia Adelaide, daughter of Samuel Parrish and Adelaide Julia (Allyn) Smith who lived at that place; granddaughter of Richard and Julia (Phelps) Allyn; great-granddaughter of Samuel and Jerusha (Bissell) Allyn; great-great-granddaughter of Peletiah and Mary (Stoughton) Allyn; great-great-great granddaughter of Matthew and Elizabeth (Wolcott) Allyn; great-great-great granddaughter of Samuel and Abigail (Warham) Allyn, the former a captain in the Continental militia. All of these families were of English stock, early seated in Massachusetts and other New England states. Children: 1. Daniel (q. v.), m. Ellen Sims, Prattville; 2. Mary Vaughn, m. Judge Joseph Bennett Bell (q. v.), Prattville; 3. Edward Samuel, died in infancy; 4. Dora Adelaide, m. Walter Herbert Barnes, Prattville; 5. Julia Augusta, m. Judge Columbus Eugene Thomas (q. v.), Prattville; 6. Henry Merrill, m. Lilla Young Franklin, Memphis, Tenn.; 7. Merrill Eugene, died in infancy. Last residence: Prattville.

PREER, C., Methodist minister; member of the Alabama conference. Residence: Tallassee.

PRESTON, WILLIAM H., farmer, Baptist minister, and legislator, was born March 25, 1845, at High Falls, Monroe County, Ga.; son of William G. and Delania (Smith) Preston, the former of Monticello, Ga., was a soldier in the Indian Wars of 1836, also in the War of Secession; grandson of Archibald and Sarah Smith, of Indian Springs, Ga. He was educated in the common schools of his native county; served as a corporal in Co. A, Bartow's battalion, 1864-65; is a farmer; was postmaster, Lineville, 1881-92; census enumerator. He was a member of the house of representatives from Clay County, 1903 and 1911. He is a Democrat; a Missionary Baptist; and a Mason. Married: July 23, 1863, in Randolph County, to Lovie W., daughter of Thomas J. and Miranda Rollins, of Lineville. Residence: Lineville.

PRESTRIDGE, JOHN ELIJAH, physician, was born November 8, 1817, in Shelby County, and died at Selma, February 24, 1867. He graduated in medicine at New Orleans, La.; practiced medicine in Perry County until 1865, when he moved to Selma and entered the business world. He was a Baptist; and a Mason. Married: in Perry County, to Sarah, daughter of Rev. Abner Gary and Mary (Jones) McCraw. Children: 1. Francis McCraw; 2. Bettie, m. B. F. Bagley, Louisville; 3. John Newton (q. v.), m. Fannie Clardy, Louisville; 4. Kate, m. Dr. A. P. Van Der Veer; 5. Sadie. Last residence: Selma.

PRESTRIDGE, JOHN NEWTON, Baptist minister and editor, was born February 5, 1853, at Selma, and died October 29, 1913; son of Dr. John Elijah and Sarah (McCraw) Prest-ridge (q. v.). Dr. Prestridge received his early education in the public schools of Selma; was a student at Howard college, 1869-71; Southern Baptist theological seminary, Louisville, Ky.; and was a D. D. of Furman university, S. C., 1900; Georgetown college, Ky., 1900, and Bethel college, Ky., 1900. He was ordained a Baptist minister, served churches in Kentucky and Texas; was president of Williamsburg institute, Ky., 1894-98; founder 1898, and editor, 1898-1908, of the Baptist Argus; was one of the organizers of the Baptist world publishing company which purchased the Baptist Argus and began the Baptist World, May 1, 1908. He also suggested and promoted to success the Baptist world congress, London, July, 1905, and was chosen secretary for America. Author: The church a composite life; Modern Baptist heroes and martyrs. Married: May 17, 1887, to Fannie Clardy, daughter of Dr. J. D. and Ann (Bacon) Clardy, of Hopkinsville, Ky. No children. Last residence: Louisville, Ky.

PRESTWOOD, JAMES MORGAN, was born April 24, 1881, at Andalusia, Covington County; son of James Austin and Mary Elizabeth (Fletcher) Prestwood, both of Covington County; grandson of Thomas Francis and Margurite Prestwood, of Coffee County, the former who fought in the War of Secession, falling

mortally wounded at Resaca, and of Andrew Jackson and Martha Fletcher, of Covington County; and great-grandson of John McIntosh, a native of Scotland. The Fletchers were originally from Virginia. Mr. Prestwood received his early education in the public and private schools of Andalusia; in 1901 was graduated from Howard college, A. B.; and received the degree of LL. B. at the University of Alabama in 1903. He has been practicing law in Andalusia since 1903; and served as senator from the seventeenth senatorial district in the 1919 session of the State legislature. He is a Democrat; a Baptist; a Mason; and a Woodman of the World. Married: October 19, 1904, at Andalusia, to Ellie Jane Snead, of Scotch ancestry, the daughter of John Morgan and Sibbie Annie (Kennedy) Snead, of that place, the former who was a soldier in the C. S. Army, a member of Co. H, Fifty-seventh Alabama, Scott's Brigade, Loring's Division, Johnson's Corps. Children: 1. Sibbie Louise; 2. Mary Rosalind; 3. Roger Austin; 4. James Morgan; 5. Hugh Loring; 6. Ara Jean. Residence: Andalusia.

PRICE, CALEB, mayor of Mobile, 1868-69.

PRICE, EDWARD MARION, physician; graduate of the medical department of the University of Alabama, Mobile, 1901; licensed to practice by the county board of Bibb, the same year. Residence: Birmingham.

PRICE, EDWIN ARMSTRONG, lawyer; graduate of the Alabama polytechnic institute, with the B. S. degree, 1880. Residence: Nashville, Tenn.

PRICE, GEORGE HUNTER, professor of diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat, in the medical department of the Vanderbilt university; graduate of the Alabama polytechnic institute, with the B. S. degree, 1878; M. S., 1879; M. D., 1888. Residence: Nashville, Tenn.

PRICE, JAMES L., lawyer and business man, was born in Richmond, Va., and died December 14, 1867. He removed to Alabama about 1833 or 1834 and settled in Perry County, where he practiced his profession for several years. Afterwards he devoted his time to planting and works of internal improvement. He served in the State legislature of 1866 and was the first president of the Selma and Meridian railroad. Last residence: Perry County.

PRICE, THOMAS H., lawyer, for a number of years a resident of Alabama, was born in 1829, died 1882; studied law at the Harvard law school; practiced law in Missouri until the War of Secession when he entered the C. S. Army, becoming major under the leadership of his distinguished uncle, Gen. Sterling Price, commander of the department of Arkansas. After the war, he removed to Mobile where he engaged in the practice of his profession and was a member of the house of representatives, 1875-76 and 1880-81. He died at the age of fifty-three. Last residence: Mobile.

PRICE, T. W., teacher, was born about 1808, in Virginia. He accompanied his father

to Alabama, 1817, and made his home with James Magoffin, Magoffin's store, Clarke County. His father went on to Mobile and died there. Mr. Price clerked in the Magoffin's store until 1829, attending school at the same time. At the age of twenty-one, he began teaching at Grove Hill; attended the school taught by William C. Dickinson, at White Hall, Marengo County; taught near Linden for two years; spent the year, 1832, in travel through Virginia; returned to Linden where he taught for one year and the following year took charge of a new academy in connection with Richard Dickinson; farmed in Marengo County, 1835-40; took charge of the academy at Dayton, at the same time keeping the hotel, 1840-49; opened a new school in Creagh's neighborhood, 1849, and remained there until 1851; taught at Rehoboth, Wilcox County, 1851-61; was admitted to the bar, and also to practice in the supreme court, 1859; practiced alone, 1861-68, when he formed a partnership with R. C. Jones, of Camden, which continued until 1871; was appointed claim commissioner, August, 1864, by the Confederate congress; elected judge of the new court of Wilcox County, 1871, and continued in this office until its discontinuation, in December, 1873. He was married in 1835 while in Virginia and to this union children were born. Last residence: Rehoboth.

PRICE, WILLIAM JONES, minister and legislator, was born October 24, 1850, at Glennville, Barbour County; son of William Edward Price and wife, who was Mrs. Emma M. (Hunt) Wood, the former of Charleston, S. C., the latter of Augusta, Ga.; grandson of William E. and Eliza Ann Price of South Carolina, originally immigrants to America. He was educated in the common schools; entered the Methodist ministry, December, 1879, and is now in the superannuate relation. He was mayor of Girard, 1906-07; represented Russell County in the legislature of 1907; and was State senator, 1915. He is a Mason; and an Odd Fellow. Married: Caroline Elizabeth, daughter of William and Harriet (Ray) Espy. Children: 1. William Edwina, m. Thomas Moore Hall; 2. Coleman Espy; 3. Emma Ray; 4. Hubert Dent; 5. Eloise; 6. Edward Barnett; 7. Wreford Stough. Residence: Girard.

PRIDDY, RICHARD, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 74, and a resident of Morgan County; sergeant Virginia Continental Line; enrolled on June 4, 1818, under act of Congress of March 18, 1818, payment to date from May 13, 1818; annual allowance, \$96; sums received to date of publication of list, \$1,228.90.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

PRIDE, BURTON, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 77, and a resident of Morgan County; private Virginia Militia; enrolled on July 2, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$60; sums received to date of publication of list, \$150.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

PRIDE, JAMES HARVEY, lawyer, was born in Madison County, April 3, 1877; son of J. Willsey and Katherine (Mason) Pride; grandson of James Harvey and Amanda (Butler) Pride, and of John Lettles and Elizabeth (Rowe) Mason, the former who served in the C. S. Army and was killed by Federal soldiers in Lincoln County, Tenn., 1863; great-grandson of Willsey Pride and a Miss Gray, the former who was from Virginia, and of Griffen and Martha (Toney) Butler, and of William Rowe, who came from Louisa County, Va., to Madison County, and served in the War of 1812; and great-great-grandson of William Butler, who served in the Revolutionary War. Mr. Pride received his early education in the public and private schools of Madison County; attended the South Kentucky college at Hopkinsville, from which he was graduated, B. S., in June, 1898; and was graduated LL. B. from the University of Alabama, 1900. He was admitted to the bar; began practice at Huntsville, 1900; about a year later formed a partnership with Milton H. Lanier; was solicitor of Madison County, 1907-11; was city superintendent of public schools in Huntsville, 1903-07; and was State senator from the fourth district, 1915. He is a Democrat and a member of Phi Delta Theta college fraternity. Married: December 30, 1908, in Huntsville, to Sallie LeRoy Betts, daughter of Judge Tancred and Maud Minor (Broun) Betts, the former who was a lawyer, for twenty years chairman of the State Democratic committee, solicitor of Madison County and first judge of the law and equity court of that county; granddaughter of Judge Edward Chambers and Virginia (Swoope) Betts, the former who was the first probate judge of Madison County and the first commissioner of agriculture of Alabama, and of Dr. William LeRoy and Sallie (Fleming) Broun, the former who was of Scotch and French descent, was an educator, and was for many years president of the Alabama polytechnic institute at Auburn, and the latter who was a Virginian and a direct descendant of George Washington, Robert E. Lee, Patrick Henry. Children: 1. Elizabeth Broun; 2. Carolynne Mason. Residence: Huntsville.

PRINCE, A. FULLER, merchant and captain C. S. Army, was born in 1845 in Tuscaloosa. He was educated at the University of Alabama, withdrawing in 1863, at the age of seventeen, to enlist in the Confederate Army, and was assigned to Co. F., 8th Alabama cavalry, under Col. Charles P. Ball. He was mustered in as a second lieutenant, and later promoted to first lieutenant and captain. In 1864 he took part in the engagement with Rouseau's raiders in northeast Alabama, and the attack upon Lafayette, Ga., under the command of General Pillow; was in the campaign from Rome, Ga., to Atlanta and Jonesboro, and subsequently served with the cavalry covering the rear of Hood's army during the march through Alabama. Later he was ordered to the Gulf region, where they combatted the Federal advance on Mobile in the spring of 1865. The last service of his regiment was fighting Wilson's raiders before Columbus and LaGrange, Ga.,

after which it was ordered to Gainesville, where it was paroled with the command of General Forrest. After the war he was a successful merchant in Tuscaloosa, and served several years as a member of the board of aldermen. Married: in 1866, to Sophia, daughter of Elijah Williford, a planter of Tuscaloosa County. Children: 1. Hugh. Residence: Tuscaloosa.

PRINCE, FRANCIS MARION, physician, was born June 6, 1827, at LaGrange, Franklin County, and died May 17, 1911, at Bessemer; son of Edmond and Elizabeth Toole (Lawrence) Prince, the former who was born near Hickford, Va., who came to Alabama in 1825, and was an extensive and wealthy planter at Tuscaloosa; grandson of Nicholas and Mary (Mitchell) Prince, who lived near Hickford, and of Josiah and Charity (Haywood) Lawrence, of Pitt County, N. C.; great-grandson of Col. William and Charity (Hare) Haywood, of Edgecombe County, N. C., the former who was colonel of the militia forces of Edgecombe County during the Revolutionary War, was a member of the council of safety for the Halifax District in 1776, a member of the provincial congress of North Carolina at Halifax, April, 1776, and again in November, 1776, and was a member of the committee in the latter body which drafted the state constitution and bill of rights, a member of the council of state in 1776, and one of the commissioners who signed the Revolutionary currency of North Carolina. Dr. Prince was graduated from the University of Alabama, A. B., 1846, and A. M., 1850; and from the Jefferson medical college, M. D., 1849. He practiced medicine in Dayton, Marengo County, for ten years; moved to Tuscaloosa and practiced there until 1861; organized a company at the beginning of the War of Secession and was elected captain, but before going into active service was commissioned surgeon by Jefferson Davis; travelled throughout the various encampments of the C. S. Army to inspect the hospitals; moved to Old Jonesboro, Jefferson County, after the war; and lived there until his death. He was a member and vice president of the State Medical Association of Alabama; a charter member of the Surgical and Gynecological Society; a member of the Tri-State Medical Society; organizer and president for many years of the Jefferson County Medical Society; and president of the Bessemer Medical Society; was a Democrat; chairman of the board of stewards of the Jonesboro Methodist Episcopal church; and a Mason. Married: January 29, 1860, in Jefferson County, to Martha Gaines Jordan, daughter of Mortimer and Lucy (Gray) Jordan, of Jefferson County. She was fifth in descent from Col. Robert Bolling, the first of the name of Bolling to settle in Virginia. He came from Bolling Hall, near Bradford, England, where many generations of his ancestors had lived, and settled in Virginia, in 1660. In 1675 he was married to Jane Rolfe, daughter of Capt. Thomas Rolfe, who was the son of John Rolfe and his wife, the Indian princess, Pocahontas. Children: 1. Francis Marion, jr., deceased, m. Mary Ray; 2. Mary Ella, m. John Wesley Beggs, Bessemer; 3. Martha Elizabeth,

m. Alexander Monroe Robertson, Abilene, Tex.; 4. Arabella, deceased, m. Dr. Thomas Franklin Robinson, Bessemer; 5. Lella Wetona, m. Dr. Elisha Miller Robinson, Birmingham; 6. Sarah Jordan, deceased, m. Richard Henry Carter, Birmingham; 7. Eva Grace, m. Arthur Henry Brigham, Miami, Fla.; 8. Margaret, m. Charles Fairchild DeBardeleben, Birmingham; 9. Edmond Mortimer, m. Sarah Hillhouse, Birmingham. Last residence: Bessemer.

PRINCE, SYDNEY TROTTER, lawyer, was born May 20, 1847, at Bladon Springs, Choctaw County, and died January 7, 1910, at Mobile; son of Thomas McCarroll and Lucy Anthony (Trotter) Prince (q. v.). He attended the University of Alabama where he was a member of the cadet corps, and left the University early in 1865, to join the C. S. Army. With two other cadets, he organized a company of cavalry from military cadets, and was elected second lieutenant of the company. On account of the absence of the captain, he commanded the company under Gen. Forrest during Wilson's raid through Alabama, and until the end of the war, and received the rank of brevet mayor. For a number of years after the close of the war, he engaged in the mercantile business at Mount Sterling, and during that time studied law. He was admitted to the bar in Choctaw County, 1875; practiced at Butler, Choctaw County, until 1880; moved to Mobile and entered a partnership with Harry T. Toulmin and George W. Taylor, under the firm name of Toulmin, Taylor & Prince; and on the dissolution of the firm in 1887, continued his practice alone. He was lieutenant colonel and chief of staff under Maj. Gen. Whitney, Alabama state troops; represented Choctaw County in the State legislature; and was a member of the constitutional convention of 1875. He was a Democrat, serving as a presidential elector on the Tilden ticket in 1876, and on the Cleveland ticket in 1884; was an Episcopalian; and a Mason. Married: May 20, 1873, at Livingston, to Helen Maria Rhodes, who died in April, 1887, daughter of James and Maria Edna (Kornegay) Rhodes, who lived at Bladon Springs, the former of whom moved to Alabama from Goldsboro, N. C.; granddaughter of Gen. James and Anna (Bass) Rhodes; great-granddaughter of Dr. Andrew Bass, a native of Wales, who emigrated to North Carolina, where he attained great prominence, becoming a member of the provincial congress which met at Halifax, October 15, 1776, and assisting in the organization of a civil government. Children: 1. Annie, m. Dr. Eugene DuBose Bondurant, Mobile; 2. Sydney Rhodes, Mobile; 3. Helen, m. William Tolson Kelly, Mobile; 4. Carroll Thomas, Mobile; 5. Mary Kate, m. William Norman Hunter, Mobile. Residence: Mobile.

PRINCE, THOMAS MCCARROLL, planter, was born in 1807, in North Carolina, and died October 16, 1871, in Choctaw County. He was graduated from the University of North Carolina, at Chapel Hill, 1827; moved to Alabama; and resided for some time at Mobile, where he was a merchant in the commission house of Prince & Garrett. He was elected to the State

legislature from Mobile County in 1840 and was again elected in 1845. Sometime later, he moved to a plantation in Choctaw County, and in 1855 was elected to the State senate from Sumter, Choctaw and Washington Counties, defeating Hon. William Woodward. At an early day he spent a year or two in Liverpool, England, as a member of a large commercial house there, for the transaction of American business, pursuant to the recommendations of a convention of Southern planters held in Macon, Ga., in 1839, so as to obtain advances on the cotton crop, through the agency of post notes, and to secure good prices for the cotton by holding the stock until it was demanded for immediate consumption by spinners. Among the agencies in Europe for the sale of American cotton, and for the carrying out of the plan agreed upon, was the house of Fontaine, Prince & Company. Mr. Prince was a Whig. Married: in Choctaw County, to Lucy Anthony Trotter. His son, Thomas McCarroll Prince, jr., born July 28, 1842, was lieutenant colonel of the Twenty-second regiment, Alabama volunteer infantry, C. S. Army. After the War of Secession, he became a planter at Louisville, Ky.; married Gertrude Ingersoll, at Mobile, 1867; and died in 1869. Last residence: Choctaw County.

PRITCHETT, JOHN ALBERT, physician, graduate of the University of Virginia, in 1870, admitted to the practice by the Lowndes County board, in 1873. Died in 1897. Last residence: Hayneville.

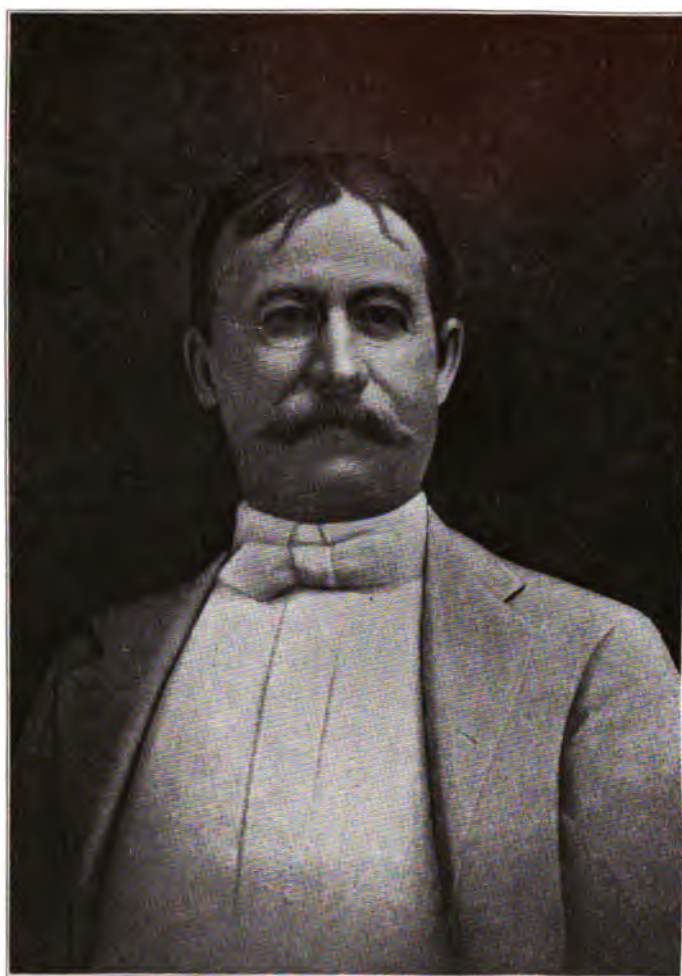
PROCTOR, JOHN FRANKLIN, lawyer, was born September 4, 1868, near Scottsboro, Jackson County; son of Robert Franklin and Mary E. (Bynum) Proctor, they lived near Scottsboro, the former of whom served in the War of Secession; grandson of John Bynum. He received his early education in the country schools, and in Scott academy at Scottsboro; attended the Winchester normal school, Winchester, Tenn., in 1887; was graduated from the State normal college at Florence, 1889; took a post graduate course at Scottsboro college and normal school in 1891; and was graduated from the law department of the University of Alabama, LL. B., 1893. He taught school at Oakman, 1889-1891; was clerk in the probate office at Scottsboro, 1886; assistant clerk of the house of representatives during the sessions, 1892-1893, 1894-1895; secretary of the senate, 1896-1897, 1898-1899; was appointed solicitor for Jackson County in 1899, and successively reappointed until 1910 when the office became elective; was elected to the office in 1910 for a term of four years; represented Jackson County in the constitutional convention of 1901; was a member of the board of directors of the State normal college until the administration of Gov. Comer; was a member of the State Democratic committee for several years; is a Presbyterian; a Mason; Odd Fellow; Knight of Pythias; Woodman of the World; and an Elk. Married: February 9, 1898, at Scottsboro, to Stella Moody, daughter of James W. Moody, who lived at Scottsboro. Children: 1. James Moody. Residence: Scottsboro.

PROSKANER, ADOLPH, major, 12th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

PROUTY, WILLIAM FREDERICK, geologist and mineralogist, for some years a resident of Alabama, was born August 15, 1879, at Putney, Vt.; son of Charles Eaton and Cora Sophia (Walker) Prouty, of Vermont and New York, respectively. He obtained his early education in the private and public schools of his State; received the degrees of B. S., 1903, and M. S. 1904, Syracuse university; and the PH. D. degree from Johns Hopkins university, in 1906. He has taught in both of his alma maters and is at present professor of geology and mineralogy, University of Alabama, and chief assistant State geologist. Married: June 9, 1909, at Tuscaloosa, to Lucile Thorington, daughter of William Sewell and Willella (Chilton) Thorington, (q. v.) of Montgomery. Children: 1. Frederick Morgan. Residence: University.

PROWELL, DAVID MYERS, planter, was born November 27, 1838, near Dayton, Marengo County; son of William J. and Sarah Elizabeth (Pickering) Prowell, both natives of South Carolina, whose ancestors had lived in that state for several generations. His parents both moved to Marengo County at an early day, and were married there. They settled three miles south of Dayton, on a plantation, and lived there for the rest of their lives. He attended the schools at Dayton, and the University of Alabama, leaving the latter institution on the death of his father, in his junior year, in order to take charge of the plantation. Since that time he has been engaged in planting in Marengo County. He represented Marengo County in the State legislature, 1874-1878, serving two terms; was mayor of Dayton for six successive terms; and was president of the board of trustees of the Dayton female academy for many years. During the War of Secession, he enlisted in the C. S. Army, joining Co. D, Fourth Alabama infantry, in April, 1861; was wounded at the second battle of Manassas, August, 1862; was detailed to the commissary department and stationed at Dayton during the rest of the war. Mr. Powell is a brother of William J. Powell, a lumber dealer at East Lake. Married: March 20, 1862, to Virginia S. Jones, of Linden. Children: eleven. Residence: Marengo County.

PRUDE, JAMES OSCAR, planter and county official, was born September 23, 1856, on his father's plantation in Tuscaloosa County; son of William Wellington and Lucretia Eliza (Owen) Prude, the former a native of Jefferson County, the only child of his parents, although each by former marriages had large families, and after the death of his parents he became a member of the household of his half brother and guardian, Col. James McAdory, was placed in the Jack Baker school at Jonesboro, where he remained four years, receiving a sound practical education, grew to manhood and became a large planter and slave owner in Jefferson County, owning the "Glenn Springs" property, west of the present city of Bessemer, going in 1848 to Tuscaloosa County, was for many



HENRY WARTEN

years member of the commission board of Tuscaloosa, rendered great aid to the Confederate cause as a manufacturer of clothing and shoes for the soldiers, died and is buried in Evergreen cemetery, Tuscaloosa; his wife, was born at what is now Birmingham, the Owen home standing on the site of the present Louisville & Nashville depot; grandson of William and Celia (McAshan) Prude, the former a native of Laurens District, S. C., who in 1815 settled on the Jones Valley trail in the Pleasant Hill community, near what is now McCalla, Jefferson County, removing to Tuscaloosa County in 1825, where he purchased lands twelve miles from the county site, in the Sipsey River bottoms, and conducted a cattle ranch, the latter a native of Ca Ira, Buckingham County, Va., who removed with her father to Christian County, Ky., where she met and married her first husband, Thomas McAdory, whose widow she was at the time of her marriage to Mr. Prude, and of Thomas and Mary Eliza (Elmore) Owen, the former a native of Abbeville District, S. C., was educated at the old LaGrange college, near Guntersville; located in Okolona, Miss., in 1849, and passed the remainder of his life there; great-grandson of John and Mary Prude, of Laurens District, S. C., the former a Revolutionary soldier, and of David and Lucy (McGraw) Owen, the former a Methodist minister who are both buried at Russellville, Franklin County; great-great-grandson of John Prude of Manchester, England, who came to America prior to the Revolutionary War, and located in Charleston, S. C. The Prude family is of French extraction, having emigrated from Normandy to England. The McAdory family is of Scotch-Irish origin, and the Owens are of Welsh stock. Mr. Prude received his preparatory education at the Pleasant Hill academy, under Prof. I. W. McAdory, 1870-73, and entered the University of Alabama from which he graduated with the B. S. degree, 1876. After completing his own education he was made principal of a rural school in Tuscaloosa, which position he held during 1877-79. During that time he read medicine under an eminent practitioner, but later abandoned the idea of becoming a physician. He was appointed clerk of the probate court of Tuscaloosa County, serving under Judge Newbern Hobbs Brown, and held that position during 1880-84, after which date he was elected sheriff for a term of four years. In 1892 he became clerk of the circuit court, and served six years. In 1898 he opened a bond and brokerage business in Tuscaloosa which he conducted until 1909, after which time he retired to his plantation, "Owenwood," to devote his entire time to agriculture and livestock. He is a progressive farmer and applies all modern methods to his business. He is a Democrat and a Methodist. Married: December 20, 1882, at Bolton, Hinds County, Miss., to Lucy Avery, daughter of Alonzo Latham and Agnes Emily (Brumby) Brown, residents of Hinds County, Miss., who refuged in 1863, to Greensboro, during the War of Secession, the family residence in Bolton having been taken by the Federal troops for use as a hospital, the former a graduate of the University of Mis-

issippi, a merchant and delta planter, a large slave owner, and soldier of the Mexican War, being under Col. Jefferson Davis, in the siege of Monterey, and during the War of Secession raised a cavalry company for the Confederacy in which he served; granddaughter of Jesse and Ann (Stevenson) Browne, of Benton, Holmes County, Miss., and of Dr. Robert Horatio and Agnes (Benlow) Brumby, the latter a native of Charleston, S. C., a Baptist and graduate of Judson college, Marion, and a descendant of Richard and Elizabeth (Hesse) Haynesworth, who settled in Sumter District, S. C., in 1738, and from whom descended a line of distinguished educators, and professional men of the south; great-great-granddaughter of Henry and Lucy (Warmack) Browne, of Wake County, N. C., Whigs and Episcopalians; great-great-granddaughter of Jesse Browne of South Hampton County, Va., native of Jerusalem, Va., born 1768, a physician, Episcopalian and Whig, who migrated to North Carolina; great - great - great - granddaughter of Jesse Browne who emigrated to America from England about 1735, whose father, prior to coming to the United States, was an eminent physician in Manchester, England, of Irish descent; great-great-great-great-granddaughter of Jesse Browne, a native of France and whose wife was of Irish descent. Mrs. Prude was born in Greensboro, at the Avery home, 1863, and was educated at Clinton, Miss., and at Mary Sharp college, Winchester, Tenn., and was a cultivated and lovable woman; died at Tuscaloosa, June 30, 1900, and is buried in Evergreen cemetery. Children: 1. Agnes Brumby; 2. James Oscar, jr.; 3. William Wellington, a graduate of the U. S. military academy, West Point, N. Y., and died in young manhood; 4. Mary Eloise; 5. Eugenia Owen; 6. Alonzo Latham; 7. Lucy Avery. Residence: Tuscaloosa.

PRUET, WILBOURNE ROUNDTREE, farmer, was born February 27, 1844, at McDonough, Newton County, Ga.; son of Alexander and Mildred Roundtree (Wilbourne) Pruet, the former who was a native of Spartanburg County, S. C., a veteran of the War of 1812; grandson of Obadiah and Mary (Palmer) Pruet, of South Carolina, and of Elisha and Mildred (Cox) Wilbourne, also of South Carolina, both grandfathers serving in the Revolutionary War. Mr. Pruet received his education in the common schools of what is now Clay County; was school trustee for thirteen years; was one of the county pension examiners, having entered on his service in 1899 and serving until 1905, and again going into office in 1911 and serving until 1915; and was a representative in the legislature of 1915 from Clay County. He was a member of Co. I, Thirtieth Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army; was wounded and captured at Baker's Creek, Miss.; imprisoned at Ft. Delaware, Md., and Pt. Lookout. He is commander of Camp Pettus, United Confederate Veterans, at Ashland, and a major in the Fourth Brigade, United Confederate Veterans. He is a Democrat; a Baptist; and a Mason. Married: September 12, 1867, to Susan Francis Danielly, daughter of John and Martha (Castleberry) Danielly, of Louisa; (2) September 6,

1883, to Lucy Ann Kirk, daughter of Stephen and Sarah Ann (Danielly) Kirk. Children, by first marriage: 1. Eliza Mildred, m. G. W. Arnold; 2. Nancy Malinda, m. Charlie O. Horn; 3. John Alexander, m. Leora Black; 4. Carson Floyd, deceased; 5. Bennett Wilbourne, m. Vernie Allen; 6. Francis Danielly, m. Myrtle Wesley; 7. Hiram Owen, deceased; by second marriage: 8. William Stephen, deceased; 9. Clarence Madison, m. Bessie Ellis; 10. Fannie Lola, deceased; 11. infant boy, deceased; 12. May, deceased; 13. Wilbourne Respus, deceased. Residence: Ashland.

PRUETT, DAVID P., physician; graduate of the medical department of the University of Alabama, Mobile, 1906; licensed to practice by the county board of Bullock County, the same year. Residence: Midway.

PRUETT, EUGENE MEALING, farmer, was born June 28, 1847, in Muscogee County, near Columbus, Ga.; son of Alvin Hamilton and Frances Elizabeth (Mealing) Pruett, the former who was a native of Harris County and the latter of Muscogee County, Ga.; grandson of Jacob Henry and Elizabeth (Knight) Pruett, and of William Mealing of Muscogee County, Ga. Mr. Pruett was educated in the schools of Midway; took a business course in Baltimore, 1869; engaged in farming; was county surveyor; served in the C. S. Army as a member of Co. F, Sixth Alabama cavalry, 1864-65; and was a member of the house of representatives, 1911. He is a Democrat; a Baptist; a Mason; a Woodman of the World; and a Knight of Honor. Married: June 9, 1870, at Midway, to Caroline, daughter of Haywood and Eliza (Cameron) Pipkin of Midway, the former who represented Barbour County in the legislature just after the War of Secession. Residence: Midway.

PRUETT, WILLIAM HENRY, probate judge, major, C. S. Army, was born May 20, 1841, in Barbour County; son of James M. Pruett, of Barbour County; brother of John E. Pruett, lieutenant of Co. I, Alabama infantry regiment, who was captured at Island No. 10, and killed at Port Hudson; of Samuel T., a lieutenant in the 63rd Alabama infantry regiment, who was wounded at Spanish Fort; and of James W., an orderly sergeant of the 63rd Alabama infantry regiment; grandson of John Pruett, son of a Revolutionary soldier who died in the war for independence. Judge Pruett was a student at the university of Virginia when the War of Secession began, and returning home assisted in the organization of a company for the 15th Alabama infantry regiment, of which he was made orderly sergeant. He resigned soon afterward and organized Co. I, 1st Alabama infantry regiment, of which he was elected captain, at Pensacola, Fla., early in 1862. The regiment was soon ordered to Island No. 10, in the Mississippi, where after arduous service under fire of the enemy's fleet the Confederate force was surrendered. He and about one hundred and sixty-five others of his regiment escaped across Reelfoot Lake to Memphis, and later he served at Fort Pillow until

the fall of that post. He participated in the two days' assault upon the Federal works at Corinth, in October; fought at Davis' Mill; in 1863, was promoted to major; next served at Port Hudson and gained distinction for gallant service both as artillerist and sharpshooter. May 20, 1863, he was captured and taken to New Orleans, but escaped and later was on post duty at Jackson, until 1863. In May, 1864, he took part in the battles of New Hope Church, Pine Mountain, Kenesaw Mountain, Peachtree Creek and Atlanta, and during Hood's Tennessee campaign fought at Franklin and Nashville. In the spring of 1865, his regiment joined the army in North Carolina just before the surrender at Greensboro. He was twice wounded during his service. At the close of the war he was engaged in business at Eufaula, and in 1892, was elected probate judge of Barbour County. He was the first commander of Barbour camp, United Confederate veterans. Married: (1) in 1867, to Anna Browder; (2) to Ann Roberts; (3) in 1894, to Mrs. Janie McDowell. Children: by first wife, 1. Browder; 2. Williannie; 3. James Garnett; by second wife, 4. Albert Roberts. Last residence: Eufaula.

PRYOR, LUKE, lawyer, U. S. senator, representative in congress, was born July 5, 1820, near Huntsville, Madison County, and died August 6, 1900, at Athens; son of Luke and Anne Batte (Lane) Pryor, the former a native of Virginia, who was first married to Martha Scott, sister of Gen. Winfield Scott, and who lived at Petersburg, Va., until after his second marriage in 1808, when he moved to Brunswick and later Nottoway Counties Va., and came to Alabama in 1820, first locating in Madison County, near Huntsville, where he farmed and taught school for a few years, and later moving to Limestone County, where he died in June, 1851; grandson of John and Anne (Bland) Pryor, the former a native of England, who came to America about 1700, and purchased land in Virginia, and of Benjamin and Sylvia (Perry) Lane, natives of Virginia, who lived in Brunswick County, Va.; great-grandson of Samuel and Prudence (Thornton) Pryor, and of Richard and Ann (Poythress) Bland, who lived at Jordan's Point, Va.; great-great-grandson of Col. William Thornton of Gloucester County, Va. Mr. Pryor received his early education at Mooresville, Limestone County, and for a short time was a student at Washington college, near Natchez, Miss. He began the study of law in 1841, under Judge Daniel Coleman, and received a license to practice in the local courts the same year. He entered into a partnership with Robert C. Brickell, the late chief justice of the supreme court of Alabama, and continued that association until 1843; was law partner of Col. Egbert Jones for a short time; was appointed with Gen. Leroy Pope Walker as bank attorney at Decatur, 1844; was re-appointed in 1845 with D. C. Humphries as attorney for the same bank; resigned that position later in the year, continuing the practice of law in connection with farming at Athens; was elected to the State legislature in 1855, pledged to the work of securing authority to subscribe two

hundred thousand dollars to the capital stock of the Tennessee and Alabama central railroad company, at Nashville and Decatur, and secured the bill raising that tax, enacted over the veto of Gov. Winston; entered into a partnership with George S. Houston in 1866, which lasted until 1874, when Mr. Houston was elected governor; continued his practice alone until in December, 1879, when he was appointed by Gov. Cobb to the U. S. senate to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Houston; served as senator from December 31, 1879, until the legislature met in November, 1880, when he declined to be a candidate to complete the unexpired term; abandoned the law and gave his attention to farming, remaining in quiet life for two years, until in 1883, without his knowledge, he was nominated for representative in congress from the eighth district by acclamation at the convention assembled in Decatur. He was elected and served 1883-1885, declining a second term.

Married: August 20, 1845, to Isabella Virginia Harris, born January 7, 1826, in Limestone County, who died in June, 1889, daughter of John H. and Frances (Rowzee) Harris, natives of Virginia, who lived in Albemarle County, Va., the former a captain in the War of 1812; granddaughter of Matthew and Elizabeth (Tate) Harris, and of John and Isabella (Miller) Rowzee, of Essex County, Va.; great-granddaughter of William and Mary (Netherland) Harris; great-great-granddaughter of Matthew and Elizabeth (Lee) Harris. Children: 1. Aurora, Athens, m. Robert A. McClellan, deceased; 2. William Richard, deceased, m. Ida Harris, Harris; 3. Memory, Athens, m. William Shirley Peebles, deceased; 4. Anne Battle Lane, deceased, m. Maclin Sloss, Birmingham; 5. Frances Snow, Athens; 6. Isabella Benjamin, d. in infancy; 7. Mary, m. Thomas Bass Leslie, West Point, Miss.; 8. Harriett Emily, deceased, m. Robert J. Lowe (q. v.). Last residence: Athens.

PRYOR, S. P., Presbyterian minister; living in 1913. Residence: Athens.

PUGH, E. S., educator; superintendent of city schools at Union Springs, in 1913.

PUGH, ISAAC, farmer, of Welsh descent, was born January 10, 1868, near Grove Hill, Clarke County; son of Jesse Pickens and Sophia Melissa (Bettis) Pugh, both of whom were natives of Clarke County, the former who was a lieutenant in the C. S. Army; grandson of Isaac and Hannah (Baskin) Pugh and Zack and Elizabeth (Talbert) Bettis, who lived at Grove Hill; great-grandson of Elijah Pugh, who was a soldier in the Revolutionary War from North Carolina, after the war went to Wilkes County, Ga., and in 1811 removed to Clarke County. Mr. Pugh received his education at King institute, Grove Hill; was connected with the Clarke County "Democrat" for several years; in 1900 engaged in farming; was U. S. commissioner in 1901-02; and in 1903, 1907 and 1915 represented Clarke County in the legislature. He is a Democrat, in 1888 was made chairman of the Clarke County

Democratic executive committee, and served also on the first congressional district executive committee of his party; a Missionary Baptist; and a Mason. Residence: Grove Hill.

PUGH, JAMES LAWRENCE, lawyer, representative in congress, U. S. senator, was born May 3, 1819, near Waynesboro, Burke County, Ga., and died March 9, 1907, at Washington, D. C.; son of Robert and Anne Silvia (Tilman) Pugh, who lived near Waynesboro, Ga., until the death of the latter in 1824, after which Mr. Pugh moved to Alabama with his son, and settled in Pike County, on some public lands immediately west of Pea River, known as the Hobdy plantation. His paternal ancestors were of Welsh descent. The name of Pugh, according to tradition, was Ap Hugh, the Welsh for "Son-of-Hugh," and the family traces its lineage from Hugh Glendower, a younger son of Sir Owen Glendower, the last prince of Wales. In 1666, Francis, Daniel and Thomas Pugh, gentlemen and sons of a Welsh squire of Caernarven Shire, emigrated with their families to Jamestown, Va. Daniel and his family moved to Georgia or South Carolina, and from his branch were descended Senator Pugh, and George E. Pugh, lawyer and U. S. senator from Ohio. After his father's death in 1830, Senator Pugh, then eleven years old, moved to the home of his cousin, James Pugh, at Louisville, Barbour County. He attended school for ten months at Louisville, Barbour County; and at Rocky Mount, Autauga County, for ten months, in 1832. For four months of the next year, he attended the school of Samuel Brown, a teacher, store-keeper, inn keeper and mail contractor, in payment for which he carried the horse mails on Saturdays from Louisville to Franklin, on Chatahoochee River, in Henry County, returning on Sundays. In 1834, he was a student at a night school in Irwinton, and clerked for Selden Walkley during the day. He attended the school of Otis Smith, at LaGrange, Ga., for nine months in 1835, and afterward finished his academic education at the schools of Allen K. Merrill at Eufaula, and Mr. Goldthwaite, afterwards justice of the supreme court of Alabama, and U. S. senator.

In 1836, he joined the Eufaula Rifles, commanded by Seth Lowe, for service in the Indian War, and was honorably discharged with the company at the end of that war. He studied law in the office of John Gill Shorter and Jefferson M. Buford, in Eufaula, and was admitted to the bar there in 1841. He practiced law at Eufaula for thirty-nine years; for twelve years in partnership with Jefferson Buford, and later with Judge John Cochran, in the firm of Pugh and Cochran. He canvassed the state for William Henry Harrison for president in 1840; supported Henry Clay in 1844; was an elector at large for Taylor and Fillmore in 1848; was an unsuccessful candidate for congress against Hon. Henry W. Hilliard, former minister to Belgium, 1849; was elector at large for Buchanan in 1856; elected to the Thirty-sixth congress without opposition in 1859; resigned from congress when Alabama seceded from the Union, December, 1860; enlisted as a private

in the Eufaula Rifles, Co. A, First Alabama infantry, 1861, which company acted as escort to Jefferson Davis when he was inaugurated president of the Confederate States of America; served for a year in the C. S. Army; was elected to the First and Second Confederate congresses, serving from February 22, 1862, to the close of the Confederate government; resumed the practice of law at Eufaula in 1865; was elected president of the State convention of the Democratic and Conservative party, which nominated George S. Houston for governor in 1874; was a member of the State constitutional convention of 1875; an elector at large for Tilden and Hendricks in 1876; was a candidate for the U. S. senate in 1878 against Gov. George S. Houston and was defeated by two votes; was elected to the U. S. senate in 1880, to fill the unexpired term of Senator Houston, deceased; was re-elected to the senate in 1884 without opposition; and was again elected to the U. S. Senate in 1890, and served until March 3, 1897, a period of sixteen successive years. He was chairman of the judiciary committee of the senate in the Fifty-third and Fifty-fourth congresses, and his report on the Tenure of Office Act, during the Forty-ninth congress, was said to have been "one of the greatest State papers of the last forty years." In 1888 President Cleveland in an autographed letter, offered the position of justice of the supreme court of the United States to Mr. Pugh, who declined because of his advanced age of sixty-six years. He was a Whig until 1850, then became a Democrat, supporting the doctrine of the sovereignty of the state; was a Presbyterian until after his marriage when he became an Episcopalian; was a Mason. He is buried at Eufaula.

Married: in 1847, in Eufaula, to Sarah Sarena Hunter, who died November 22, 1911, in Washington, D. C., and was buried at the side of her husband in Eufaula, daughter of John Linguard and Sarah Elizabeth (Bowler) Hunter (q. v.), of Eufaula, who moved from South Carolina where they owned a plantation and many slaves, to Irwinton, now Eufaula, about 1832, and acquired large landed estate immediately south of and in Eufaula, the former who served throughout the Indian war of 1836; grand-niece of Mrs. Barefield, better known in her later life as Aunt Polly, who built the first Methodist Episcopal church in Barbour County. Mrs. Pugh's ancestors were of English and Scotch descent. She was a descendant on her mother's side of the Aikens and the Barnwells of South Carolina. Children: 1. Laura Theresa, m. Alfred W. Cochran, New York City; 2. Edward Lawrence, chief bureau of equipment, interstate commerce commission, Washington, D. C., m. October 19, 1898, at New York, to Anais O'Conner, of Charleston, S. C.; 3. James Lawrence, jr., m. Bessie Sowden of Allentown, Pa., Washington, D. C.; 4. Sallie Sarena, m. Albert Elliott of York, Pa., Atlanta, Ga.; 5. John Cochran (q. v.); 6. Henry Linguard, assistant cashier, Washington gas light company, lawyer, Baltimore, Md., married; and Sarah Sarena, Jefferson Buford, and Robert, all of whom died in infancy. Last residence: Washington, D. C.

PUGH, JOHN COCHRAN, lawyer, circuit judge, was born January 10, 1869, at Eufaula, Barbour County; son of James Lawrence and Sarah Sarena (Hunter) Pugh (q. v.). He received his early schooling at Eufaula until 1881; attended the academic schools of Georgetown university, District of Columbia, 1881-1882; entered the University of Alabama in 1882, and was graduated, A. B., 1886; was graduated from Georgetown university, LL. B., 1888. He moved to Gadsden in 1889, and studied law in the office of William H. Denson; was admitted to the bar in 1889 at Gadsden; purchased an interest in and became manager and associate editor with Col. Denson of the Gadsden "Leader" during the political campaigns of 1890-1892; began the active practice of law at Gadsden, in partnership with Oliver R. Hood, under the firm name of Pugh and Hood, 1891; moved to Birmingham in 1897, and continues the practice of law at the place. Judge Pugh was solicitor of the tenth judicial circuit of Alabama, 1904-1906; and was appointed by Gov. O'Neal, judge of the circuit court of Jefferson County, April 13, 1911. He participated in the organization of the Etowah rifles, which became Co. C, Third infantry, Alabama National Guard, 1889, and served successively as first sergeant, second lieutenant, first lieutenant, and captain. He delivered the memorial address at Gadsden upon the occasion of the public services held on the day of the burial of Jefferson Davis; was elector for the state at large for Bryan and Knox in 1908; is a Democrat, serving on county and state committees, and as delegate to many Democratic conventions; is a Baptist; a member of Alpha Tau Omega fraternity; a Knight of Pythias; and an Elk. Married: June 6, 1906, at Florence, to Inez, daughter of Benjamin Franklin and Frances (Kennedy) Powers, of that place, the former who served throughout the War of Secession under Gen. Bedford Forrest, and was clerk of the circuit court of Lauderdale County for six years; granddaughter of Rev. Enoch and Rebecca Louisa (Chisholm) Kennedy, of Lauderdale County, the former a minister in the Methodist church. Children: 1. John Cochran, jr., b. March 12, 1906, at Birmingham; 2. James Lawrence, b. February 23, 1911, at Birmingham. Residence: Birmingham.

PULLEN, WILLIAM, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 76, and a resident of Jefferson county; private Virginia Continental Line; enrolled on April 12, 1831, under act of Congress of March 18, 1818, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$96; sums received to date of publication of list, \$240.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Jefferson County, June 1, 1840, aged 82.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

The grave of William Pullen is in Jefferson county, in the suburbs of Birmingham, in an old family burying ground about fifty yards from the old Avondale street car line, south-side, between 34th and 35th streets. For many years this old graveyard was as isolated and

secluded as if situated in the heart of a lonely forest, but, in the last year or two, houses have been built up thickly around it and are encroaching upon its boundaries. The grave of the soldier lies at the foot of a large oak tree; it is a rough mound of brown stones with a flat tablet topping them which bears this inscription:

Sacred to the
Memory of
WILLIAM PULLEN
A Soldier of the
Revolution,
Who died April 4th, 1845,
Aged 37 years.

"His wife lies at his feet but the lettering of the tablet at her grave is illegible, only the words 'Wife of William Pullen.' William Pullen was born in Virginia in 1758, on the Appomattox River near Petersburg. He entered the Revolutionary War from Virginia and was in service for seven years. Soon after the Revolution he moved to South Carolina and in 1820 he came to Alabama and settled near where he was subsequently buried.

"It is shown in the files of the Record and Pension Office, 'that one William Pullen served as a private in Captain George Lambert's company of Continental regulars of the 14th battalion, 14th Virginia regiment of foot, commanded by Colonel Charles Lewis, Revolutionary War.' He enlisted January 1, 1777, to serve three years, and his name last appears as that of a private on a roll dated Camp near Morristown, December 9, 1779, of Captain Overton's company, 10th Virginia regiment, commanded by Col. William Davies. The records further show that the 14th Virginia Regiment became the 10th Virginia regiment about November, 1778, and that about May, 1779, the 1st and 10th Virginia regiments were incorporated and designated the 1st and 10th Virginia regiment."—Mrs. P. H. Mell, in *Transactions of the Alabama Historical Society*, Vol. iv, pp. 558-560.

Children: 1. Clarissa, who married Jesse Hickman, and they were the parents of W. P. Hickman, at one time county commissioner for Jefferson County; 2. Sarah who married James Rowan, the parents of Peyton Rowan, of Jacksonville; 3. William, married Nancy Brooks; 4. Martha, married Joseph Hickman; 5. Mary, married Samuel Rowan; 6. Elizabeth, married Richard Tankersley.

PULLEY, EDWARD L., lawyer, was born May 21, 1871, at Huntsville; son of Robert L. and Georgia Anna (Strong) Pulley, who lived at Huntsville, the former who was born and reared in Coffee County, Tenn. He was prepared for college in Huntsville, in the public schools, and entered Vanderbilt university, September, 1884, graduating, B. A., in June, 1888, and B. L., 1890. He practiced law in Huntsville from 1890 until 1896, and in New York City, 1896-1897, returning to Huntsville after the latter year. He was city attorney for Huntsville, 1891-1893; served as first lieutenant of Co. M, Third Alabama national guard, 1893-1896; and was elected State senator from the

Fourth district of Alabama, 1898-1902. He is a Democrat, and is author of "Manual of Parliamentary Law," 1888. Residence: Huntsville.

PURCELL, CLARE, Methodist minister, was born November 17, 1884, at Columbia, Henry County; son of William Henry and Mary E. (Callen) Purcell, the former a native of Robeson County, N. C., of Scotch and English descent, who left Davidson college, North Carolina, to join the C. S. Army, enlisting in Co. B, Thirteenth battalion, North Carolina light artillery in 1861, and served throughout the War of Secession; grandson of Malcolm and Clarky (Drake) Purcell, who lived in Robeson County, N. C., the latter a descendant of one of the Drake lines leading back to the time of Sir Francis Drake of Spanish Armada fame, in 1588, and of Dr. Thomas A. and Mildred D. (Smith) Callen, of Columbia. He obtained his early schooling in Columbia; was graduated from Roanoke college, A. B., 1903; attended Emory college, Georgia, 1904-1905; and received a diploma in theology from Vanderbilt university, 1910. He became a minister of the gospel, and received his first appointment to Wedowee in 1906. He supplied the First Methodist church at Huntsville during the fall of 1910; was appointed to the church at Madison, 1910, 1911, 1912, during that time serving as president of the North Alabama conference epworth league; and is at present pastor in charge of the Methodist church at Hartselle. He has served as assistant secretary of the North Alabama annual conference; is a Knight of Pythias; and a Woodman of the World. Married: December 28, 1910, at Roanoke, to Ida Bernice, daughter of Robert Toombs and Willie (Wood) West, of Roanoke. Children: 1. William Woodrowe, b. December 19, 1911. Residence: Hartselle.

PURIFOY, JOHN, judge, was born March 21, 1842, near Minter, Dallas County; son of Francis Marion and Lucinda (Thigpen) Purifoy of Dallas and Wilcox Counties; grandson of John and Nancy (Williams) Purifoy and of John and Susanna (Scott) Thigpen; and a descendant of Capt. Thomas Purifoy, who was principal commander of Elizabeth City County, Va., in 1631, was a member of the house of burgesses, 1629-30, and a member of the council in 1631. The Purifoy and Thigpens were early settlers in Virginia and North Carolina, whence they came to Georgia and other southern states. Mr. Purifoy was educated in the common schools of Wilcox County, and the Tennessee university, Knoxville, from which institution he entered the C. S. Army, April, 1861, in the Jeff Davis artillery and served throughout the war. After the war he taught school for several years; engaged in farming; served as probate judge of Wilcox County, 1880-86; was elected a member of the house of representatives from Wilcox County, 1890; and in June, 1892, was appointed by Gov. Thomas G. Jones to fill the unexpired term of Cyrus D. Hogue as state auditor, and in November of that year was elected for a full term; was re-elected in 1894; served as state deputy tax

commissioner for a few months in 1897; was examiner of accounts, 1897-1900; from 1900-1907, acted as expert accountant; in 1907 was named examiner of accounts by Gov. B. B. Comer; in 1910 was elected state treasurer; and November 3, 1914, was elected secretary of state, in opposition to Frank Feltus, Republican, T. T. Nock, Progressive, and R. E. L. Connolley, Socialist. Married: December 6, 1895, to Elizabeth S., daughter of William P. and Sarah (Watts) Routon, of Greenville, Butler County. Children: 1. Martha H., m. J. E. Wood, East Lake; 2. James L., m. Kate P. Davis; 3. Francis M.; 4. John, jr.; and four other children who are deceased. Residence: Montgomery.

PURSER, DAVID INGRAM, Baptist minister, was born December 24, 1843, in Copiah County, Miss. His parents were natives of South Carolina who spent a few years in Pike County, finally settling in Mississippi. He received his early education in the neighborhood schools and attended the high school at Hazlehurst, Miss. At the age of seventeen and a half years, he entered the C. S. Army, as a member of "The seven stars artillery," and served throughout the war in this company. Immediately after the war he entered upon a business career; was licensed to preach in 1868, but did not take up this work until two years later. He began to preach in October, 1870, and four months later was ordained a minister. He began as a missionary in West Mississippi; was pastor of several churches in that state, but soon became a noted evangelist and labored from New Orleans to St. Louis. In 1883 he was appointed State evangelist by the mission board of the Alabama convention; accepted a call to the First Baptist church, Birmingham, April 1, 1884, at the same time serving as city evangelist, and building chapels and Sunday Schools in the city and its environments. Married: (1) October 7, 1864, to Dicy Jane Bass, of Covington County, Miss.; (2) June 28, 1883, to Sallie A., daughter of Judge Washington Moody (q. v.). Children: There were six children by the first marriage, three of whom died young, and two by the second marriage, a son and a daughter, of whom David Ingram Purser, jr., a Baptist minister, was one. His widow resides in Gadsden.

PYRNELLE, LOUISE (CLARKE), author, was born July 10, 1850, at Uniontown, and died in Birmingham, August 26, 1907; daughter of Dr. Richard and Elizabeth Carson (Bates) Clarke, the former a prominent physician and the organizer of the "Canebrake rifle guards," Co. D, 4th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, of which he was made captain; granddaughter of Col. William and Anne (Rowlette) Clarke, of Virginia, the former a member of Gen. Lafayette's staff in the Revolution, and of Gen. William and Annie (Carson) Bates of Alabama, the former served in the Indian war and was at the Fort Mims massacre. Mrs. Pynelle received her early education under the direction of private tutors; attended Hamner Hall, Montgomery, 1865-67; later attended Mrs. Anna Randall Diehl's college of education, Long Island, and graduated from Prof. McKay's Delsarte

academy, New York City. She began the profession of teaching as a governess, later teaching in the public schools of Texas, Alabama, Georgia and Florida. She also gave public readings throughout the South. She was an Episcopalian. Author: "Diddie, Dumps and Tot;" "Tales and romances of the Southland;" "Sugar babe;" "Among the hill billies;" "Elocution as I teach it;" "Miss Li'l Tweety," 1917. Married: in 1880, at Columbus, Ga., to John R. Parnell. Last residence: Birmingham.

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QUARLES, WILLIAM WASHINGTON, lawyer, was born May 24, 1865, at Pleasant Hill, Dallas County; son of William Washington Quarles, who came from Edgefield District, S. C., in the territorial days of Alabama, served in the C. S. Army, and died about the close of the War of Secession from pneumonia contracted from exposure while in the service; a descendant of Robert Quarles, at one time poet laureate of England; relatives of Gen. J. M. Quarles, of Nashville, Tenn., of Judge W. W. Quarles, of Clarksville, Tenn., and Senator Roger Quarles Mills, of Texas. Col. Quarles was successful as a boy farmer, and educated himself out of the proceeds of his farm products. He was graduated from Moore's business university in 1881; read law under Capt. Joseph F. Johnston in Selma for two years, and under Col. S. W. John for one year; was graduated from the University of Alabama, A. B. and LL. B., 1887, and A. M., 1892. During his attendance at the University of Alabama, he was, by appointment of the faculty, one of the three editors of the Alabama university Monthly, and one of the two editors of the "Commencement Daily," issued during the commencement of 1887. He became principal of the Greenville public schools in 1887; was elected president of the South Alabama institute in 1888, but declined the management of the school; was licensed by the supreme court of Alabama to practice law in all the courts of the state, June 30, 1888; returned to Selma, where he entered the practice of law in partnership, successively, with Col. S. W. John, H. S. D. Mallory, and Mr. McLeod; was elected city attorney of Selma in May, 1888, and re-elected in 1889; was elected to the State legislature in 1890 from Dallas County, serving as a member of the judiciary and revision of laws committee, and as chairman of the committee on military; declined re-election to the legislature in 1892; was elected by the State legislature as solicitor of the fourth judicial circuit, comprising Dallas, Hale, Lowndes, Perry and Wilcox Counties, November 21, 1892; held that position until 1904, when he declined to run for re-election; and since that time has been engaged in the general practice of law in Selma, Dallas County, and the surrounding counties, and in conducting his private and farming interests. At the organization of the Third Alabama regiment in 1885, Col. Quarles was appointed sergeant major of the regiment; was made adjutant with the rank of captain in 1886; and elected colonel, 1888, resigning that position July 11, 1891. In January 1891, he was one of five delegates from Alabama to the



DR. BENJAMIN B. GLASGOW

national guard convention at Washington, D. C. He is a member of Phi Delta Theta college fraternity, and has served as national historian and national president of the fraternity. Married: February 24, 1892, to Ida B., daughter of Washington M. Smith, deceased. Children: 1. Sherrod H., a graduate of Annapolis, who served through the war with Germany on the cruiser Birmingham, and left Norfolk, January 8, 1920, with the Atlantic fleet for Cuba, as first lieutenant, first assistant engineer on the Oklahoma; 2. William W., jr., student at the Massachusetts institute of technology; 3. George P., Selma. Residence: Selma.

QUEEN, THOMAS, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 82, and a resident of Morgan County; private N. C. Militia; enrolled on July 2, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$55; sums received to date of publication of list, \$165.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st Sess., 1833-34. He resided in Morgan County, June 1, 1840, aged 80.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

QUIN, WILLIAM EVERETT, physician, was born April 21, 1851 at Palo Alto, Chickasaw County, Miss.; son of William Staughton and Margaret Graham (Moore) Quin, the former who was a native of Lincolnton, N. C., removed to Floyd County, Ga., when fourteen years of age, or in the year 1834, served as orderly sergeant in the Mexican War, belonged to the Mississippi state troops in C. S. Army, was captured at Vicksburg, exchanged and joined Sixth Mississippi cavalry as orderly sergeant, removed to Mississippi after the war, was at one time treasurer of Clay County, and was a member of the Mississippi legislature; grandson of Hugh and Frances (Curneth) Quin, the former who removed from Floyd County, Ga., to Mississippi with his son William S. Quin, and of Col. Everett Byrd and Annie (Graham) Moore, the former who was an early emigrant from Tennessee to St. Clair and shortly afterwards to Shelby County, Alabama; great-grandson of Peter Quin who removed from North Carolina and settled in Pike or Amite County, Miss., in 1813. The Quins were emigrants from Ireland in the colonial times and settled in the two Carolinas, Lincolnton, N. C., becoming their home, while the Moores were of English origin. William E. Quin was educated in the Quin academy at Palo Alto, Miss., and in the Clinton college, same state, from which latter institution he was graduated, A. B., in 1874; studied medicine and attended school of medicine, University of Louisville, Ky., and was graduated, M. D., in 1881. He has several times been mayor of Fort Payne, once serving six consecutive years; in 1898 he was appointed by Gov. Johnston civil surgeon to help organize the examining board, and to examine the First Alabama regiment of volunteers for the Spanish-American War; during the session of 1911 was a member of the house of representatives from Dekalb County. He is a member of the Dekalb medical society and of the

State medical association, the former which he has served as president and of which he is now serving his second term as secretary, and has also served several times as delegate to the meetings of the State medical association. He is a Democrat, serving for more than twelve years as chairman of the Democratic executive committee of Dekalb County, and a Knight of Pythias. Married: October, 1883, at Chattanooga, Tenn., to Marie Jane, a daughter of Joe John and Maggie Caroline (Wisdom) Nix of Chattanooga, the latter who was a daughter of Abner James Wisdom, who was at one time a resident of Rome, Ga., and afterwards of Chattanooga. Children: 1. Hugh Langdon, graduate of Mobile school of pharmacy, in drug business at West End, Birmingham; 2. William Everett, jr., graduate of St. Louis watch making school, m. Jennie White, Fort Payne; 3. Joe John, drug clerk, Fort Payne; 4. Margaret Graham, Fort Payne; 5. Marie J. Residence: Fort Payne.

QUINLAN, JOHN, second Roman Catholic Bishop of the Diocese of Mobile, was born October 19, 1826, at Cloyne, County Cork, Ireland, and died March 9, 1883, in New Orleans, La. He came to America in 1844, and entered the theological department of Mount St. Mary's seminary, Emmitsburg, Md., where he was a classmate of William George McCloskey, later bishop of Louisville, Ky., and of Richard Gilmore, who became bishop of Cleveland, O., and a student of Dr. John McCaffrey and Dr. William H. Elder, afterwards archbishop of Cincinnati, O. He was graduated with honor, and was ordained priest in Cincinnati by Archbishop Purcell, August 30, 1852, and was placed in charge of St. Mary's parish, Piqua, O. He was appointed assistant pastor of St. Patrick's church, Cincinnati, 1856, and at the same time served as president and professor of philosophy and theology at Mount St. Mary's college. In 1859, he was elected bishop of the diocese of Mobile, and was consecrated at New Orleans, La., December 4, 1859, by Archbishop Blanc, assisted by Bishop Elder of Natchez and Bishop Coadjutor Wood of Philadelphia. In 1860, he went to Europe to secure means and laborers to cover the needs of his diocese and to pay a visit to the pope, and during the War of Secession ministered to the wants of the wounded on both sides. He built St. Patrick's and St. Mary's churches in Mobile, and many church schools, convents and mission stations in different places. In 1869, he went to Rome, and took part in the deliberations of the Vatican Council; and while visiting Rome again in 1882, contracted the Roman fever from which he never fully recovered. It was at his invitation that the Benedictine Fathers came to Alabama. Last residence: New Orleans, La.

QUINN, MICHAEL, *soldier of the American Revolution*, private, particular service not disclosed; annual allowance, \$96; transferred to South Carolina.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile.

QUISENBERRY, RALPH DICKINSON, manufacturer, was born August 15, 1875, at Laurel

Brook, Spottsylvania County, Va.; son of William and Jane (Hiter) Quisenberry, who lived at Belmont, Va., the former a native of that place; grandson of Elijah and Lucy (Nelson) Quisenberry, who lived at Rose Valley, Spottsylvania County, Va., the former who was born March 10, 1781, and died June 29, 1845, the latter, born April 18, 1783, died January 10, 1848, a lineal descendant of the first Thomas Nelson, of Yorktown, Va. He received his early education in the public schools of Spottsylvania County, Va., and in the Glade Spring military academy, Virginia, under the instruction of Paul V. Bomar, later president of Judson college. He taught in the public schools for two years; attended Richmond college, Richmond, Va., 1895-1897, receiving diplomas in English, physics and chemistry; took a stenographic course in the Mueller school, Cincinnati, O.; received a diploma from the business department of the Massey business college; and on leaving school, entered the manufacturing business. He is a member of the Chamber of Commerce of Montgomery; was formerly president of the Montgomery Rotary club; governor of the fifth district, International Rotary clubs; and is a thirty-second degree Scottish Rite Mason. Married: December 22, 1904, at Montgomery, to Nellie, daughter of Richard Stanley and Mary (Sweeney) Williams, of Montgomery. Children: 1. Elva, b. December 9, 1906; 2. Ralph Dickinson, jr., b. August 20, 1912. Residence: Montgomery.

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RABB, C. S., lawyer; living in 1913. Residence: Evergreen.

RABB, MILTON A., lawyer; living in 1913, Brewton.

RABB, WILLIAM, sr., pioneer settler, was born January 10, 1775, in Fairfield District, S. C., and died September 20, 1859, at Rabbville, Conecuh County. His father was a native of Ireland. His educational advantages were meagre owing to the conditions of those days. He removed to Alabama, in 1819, settling what was subsequently known as Rabbville, or Rabb's Store, five miles east of Evergreen, in Conecuh County, and becoming a merchant and planter. Married: in 1804, to Sarah McDonald, of Edgefield District, S. C., and of Scotch parentage. He left descendants. Last residence: Rabbville.

RABB, YOUNG M., planter, was born April 4, 1826, in Old Town Beat, five miles east of Evergreen, Conecuh County. He was educated at the Evergreen academy, but was unable to graduate on account of the death of his brother, as the management of his father's estate fell upon his shoulders. He was a successful planter and a deacon in the Baptist church of Evergreen for a number of years. In 1856 he entered the mercantile business in Evergreen with S. A. Barnett, and was a member of the commissioner's court of that county. After the War of Secession he removed to Escambia County, Fla., and embarked in the timber business. He later returned to Conecuh County,

was a candidate for judge of the probate court but was defeated. Married: in 1848, to Polly H. Stallworth. Last residence: Evergreen.

RAGLAND, EDWARD MERCER, editor, cotton statistician, and legislator, was born April 6, 1852, at Chattanooga, Tenn.; son of George Orville and Mary (Foote) Ragland, of Tuscumbia, the former coming to Tuscumbia from Virginia on horseback; grandson of Edward Mercer and Ursula (Dudley) Ragland. The Ragland family is of Welsh descent, came to America in the 17th century, and is related to the Davis and Dudley families of Virginia. He was educated in the primary schools, and entered the office of the "Tuscumbia North Alabamian" in 1867. He established the "Sheffield Standard" which he edited. From 1911 to 1915 he served as State cotton statistician. He is a Democrat; a Presbyterian; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: October 26, 1892, to Ellen, daughter of John and Catherine (Griffith) O'Sullivan, both natives of County Kerry, Ireland, who came to America in early life and lived at Jefferson City, Mo. Residence: Sheffield.

RAGLAND, PATRICK, librarian of the Alabama supreme court library, 1868-72; secretary of State, 1872.

RAGSDALE, MILTON CLAY, physician, was born March 29, 1847, in Philadelphia, Monroe County, Tenn.; son of Sterling and Sarah Alice (Hicks) Ragsdale; grandson of Edward and Ruth (Farris) Ragsdale, of Madisonville, Tenn.; great-grandson of Harrison Ragsdale, of Virginia; great-great-grandson of Hubbard Ragsdale, an emigrant from England. He removed with mother's family to Jackson County, Ark., in November, 1860; enlisted in Co. H, 32d Arkansas infantry regiment, C. S. Army, in May, 1862; paroled at Marshall, Tex., in April, 1865. He studied medicine and began the practice in Independence County, Ark., 1869; removed to Tuscaloosa, 1871; and to McCalla, January, 1873. He represented Jefferson County in the legislature, 1907. Married: (1) December 20, 1871, to Louisa E., daughter of Rev. Robert and Louisa (Hill) Oldham, of Bibb County; (2) August 25, 1892, to Alice, daughter of A. W. and Rachel (Miller) Varmon. Children: 1. Ethel L.; 2. Eugene H.; 3. Robert O.; 4. M. Clay; 5. Velspan; 6. Stirling B.; 7. Rosebud; 8. Ruby A.; 9. Luney V.; 10. Alonzo B.; 11. Rachel E.; 12. John M.; 13. Alice V. Residence: McCalla.

RAILEY, CHARLES R., lieutenant colonel, Confederate Guards, Louisiana militia, during the War of Secession.

RAILEY, F. G., Presbyterian minister; member of the Tuscaloosa presbytery. Residence: Selma.

RAINER, STERLING PRICE, business man, was born January 24, 1850, in Bruceville, Bullock County; son of Joel Herron and Roxana (Ellis) Rainer; grandson of Jarvis and Hannah (Ward) Rainer, who lived in Sampson County, N. C., the former who was a planter

and the latter who was the daughter of James Wood, a North Carolina planter of Scotch ancestry, and of Isaac W. and Betsy (Alford) Ellis, who lived near Pine Level, Montgomery County. His father, Capt. Joel H. Rainer, was a native of Sampson County, N. C.; was educated in the schools of Troy in young manhood; taught school for a year; engaged in merchandising at Bruceville; removed to Alabama from Sampson County, N. C.; in 1860 represented Pike County in the legislature; enlisted in the C. S. Army, September 15, 1861, as a private in Co. I, Seventeenth Alabama infantry regiment; was elected first lieutenant after the battle of Shiloh; was soon afterwards made captain on Gen. George D. Johnson's staff, remaining there until the surrender at Greensboro, N. C., at the close of the war; farmed until 1869; removed to Union Springs and entered the mercantile business which he followed for many years; and was president of the Merchants' and farmers' bank at that place. S. P. Rainer received his early education in the common schools of his county and later attended the Eastman business college, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., graduating in 1878. Became interested in the mercantile business and went into business in 1880 with J. H. Rainer, sr., and W. W. Rainer and continued in this business until 1902; sold his interests and is now engaged in farming and the buying of cotton; in 1907 he was a member of the house of representatives from Bullock County; in 1909 was a member of the city council of Union Springs; and has been a director in the Merchants' and farmers' bank; served in War of Secession, first as first lieutenant, but promoted captain. He is a Democrat and for more than twelve years was chairman of Third congressional district committee, and member of the county executive committee. Married: March 12, 1884, at Union Springs, to Minnie Lee, daughter of Col. Isaac Ball and Sarah (Hall) Feagan (q. v.), the former who was a colonel of the Fifteenth Alabama infantry regiment, lost a leg during the war, served as sheriff of Barbour and Bullock Counties after the war, and in 1880 was elected probate judge of the latter county. Children: 1. Sterling Price, jr.; 2. James Walton; 3. Minnie Lee; 4. Isaac Feagan; 5. Joel Herron. Residence: Union Springs.

RAINEY, LILIUS BRATTON, lawyer and representative in congress, was born July 21, 1876, at Dadeville, Tallapoosa County; son of Samuel Laurence and Elizabeth Bass (Walker) Rainey, the former who was born in Dadeville, Tallapoosa County, and who lives at Ft. Payne, De Kalb County; grandson of Samuel Laurence and Caroline Rainey, who lived at Dadeville, and of James A. and Sarah Walker, who lived at Ireland Home, Tallapoosa County; great-grandson of Dr. James Maurice Rainey; great-great-grandson of Samuel Rainey, who was born in 1743, served in the Revolutionary War under Brig-Gen. Thomas Sumter, and was one of the one hundred and thirty-three Whigs who defeated a body of Tories at Brattonsville, July 12, 1780, while serving under Col. William Bratton. His early education was obtained at the schools in Dadeville

and Ft. Payne. He attended the Alabama polytechnic institute at Auburn from January, 1896, to June, 1899; and the University of Alabama law school, from which he was graduated, LL. B., June, 1902. He practiced law from July, 1902, to September 30, 1919, serving as circuit solicitor from January 15, 1911, to January 15, 1917; was captain of the Alabama National Guard, Co. C, Third regiment, from 1903-1907; and was elected representative to congress, 1919. He is a member of the Democratic party and served as secretary of Etowah County Democratic committee, from 1904-1908. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, and is a Mason; Shriner; Odd Fellow; Elk; Woodman of the World; member of the Junior Order of the United American Mechanics; and of the Knights of Pythias. Married: at Rome, Ga., July 18, 1911, to Julia La Coste, daughter of James B. and Julia Smith of Gadsden; and a relative of the La Costes of South Carolina, and the Butterfields of New York. Children: 1. Audrey Rainey; 2. Lilius Bratton, jr.; 3. Samuel Laurence, jr.; 4. Kenneth La Coste. Residence: Gadsden.

RAINS, JOHN, State senator, was born in Newbern, N. C., and died at Linden, Marengo County, about 1839 or 1841; son of Gabriel M. and Esther (Ambrose) Rains, the former a furniture merchant between New York and the West Indies, who later located at Newbern, N. C., the latter the daughter of a retired English army officer, who had taken up his residence on Albemarle Sound; grandson of John Rains, "a man of enlarged views and philosophic tastes and a great traveller in his day" (Representative men of the South); great-grandson of John Rains, a native of England who migrated to America and settled in Essex County, Va., early in the eighteenth century; and the oldest brother of Gen. Gabriel Rains and Col. George Washington Rains, of the C. S. Army. Mr. Rains was a graduate of the University of North Carolina, 1823, and afterwards studied law in the office of Judge William Gaston. He located in Alabama shortly after it was admitted to the Union, where he established himself as a planter. He afterwards became a prominent lawyer of Linden, Marengo County; represented that county in the legislature of 1833 and 1834; was a member of the senate, 1835 and 1836, and served as chairman of judiciary committee while in that body. He was a Whig. Married: Martha Jane Bondurant, of Cumberland County, Va. Children, among others: 1. John Bondurant, lawyer, b. at Linden, June 23, 1830; student at Lebanon Tenn., and Pennsylvania; captain Co. A., 11th Alabama infantry regiment; m. Elizabeth Simmons, a daughter of John Benton and Elizabeth (Kimbrow) Bruce, natives of North and South Carolina, respectively, who located in Alabama in the thirties; d. at Nashville, Tenn., December 16, 1886, leaving a wife and two children. Last residence: Linden.

RAISLER, CHARLES W., cabinet maker, druggist, soldier and legislator, was born in

Pennsylvania; son of Frederick and Elizabeth (Himeberger) Raisler, natives of Wurtemberg, Germany. He learned the cabinet maker's trade when a lad in New York City, and later located in New Orleans, from which point he joined Co. F, 2nd Louisiana regiment of volunteers, and served throughout the Mexican War, under Gen. Zachary Taylor. He came to Alabama and settled in Triana, where he engaged in the manufacture of furniture until 1856 when his business was destroyed by fire. He then removed to Athens where he worked as cabinet maker until the beginning of the War of Secession. He raised a company of volunteers, May, 1861, which became a part of the 40th Tennessee infantry regiment, C. S. Army, and was with his command until captured at Island No. 10, and taken to Johnson Island where he was held as prisoner for fourteen months. Upon being paroled his command was re-organized with the 54th Alabama Infantry regiment, and he was assigned to the captaincy of Co. B, and was with his troops until captured near Jackson, following the battle of Baker's Creek, and again sent to Johnson's Island, where he was held until within one month of the fall of Richmond, being one of the eighteen survivors of his original company of one hundred and twenty-seven men. Captain Raisler represented Limestone County in the legislatures of 1865-66-67-70-71-82, and 1883; was mayor of Athens, 1878; later he engaged in the drug business. He was a Democrat; Mason; Knight of Honor; Golden Rule; and an Episcopalian. Last residence: Athens.

RALEY, CHARLES, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 70, and a resident of Morgan County; private of Cavalry Virginia Continental Line; enrolled on September 17, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$77.72; sums received to date of publication of list, \$194.30—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

RALLS, JOHN PERKINS, physician, member of constitutional convention 1861, representative in the Confederate congress, was born January 1, 1822, at Greensboro, Greene County, Ga., and died November 23, 1904, at Gadsden; son of Hector and Sallie (Stowe) Ralls, the former a native of Virginia; grandson of Abraham and Mary (Harris) Stowe, who lived on Yadkin River, Surry County, N. C. Three Stowe brothers came from England and settled in Virginia, and one of the three afterwards settled in the north. The Ralls family also came from England. Dr. Ralls received his early education at the academy in Greensboro, Ga., and at Cassville, Ga., and later attended the Medical college at Augusta, Ga., where he graduated in the spring of 1845. In the summer of 1844, he commenced practice at Cassville; attended hospitals in Paris, France, in 1846, and a part of 1847. He later became county and city physician of Gadsden. He was a delegate from Cherokee County to the Secession convention in Montgomery, in 1861; was a representative in the Confederate States congress from 1862-63, defeating Hon. W. R. W. Cobb of Jackson; a mem-

ber of the constitutional convention in 1875; and a member of the legislature in 1878. He was a member of the democratic party, and of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, of which he was local elder. He was a prohibitionist. Married: in Cassville, Ga., August 1, 1847, to Agnes Mary Hamilton, who died November 27, 1899, a daughter of Joseph and Sarah (Blount) Hamilton who lived at Cassville, Ga.; granddaughter of Thomas Blount of Jones County; and niece of Hon. James Blount, at one time a member of congress from the Macon District, Ga. Children: 1. Helen Slade, m. William N. Moody, Atlanta, Ga., five children; 2. Hamilton Blount, m. Emma Williams, Montevallo, nine children, one of whom is Dr. Arthur William Ralls of Gadsden, who was born August 5, 1881, is physician and surgeon of Hammond's mines, physician to federal prisoners, and examiner for the Penn mutual, Washington life, New England mutual, National life of the United States of America, Security trust and life, and Manhattan life insurance companies; 3. Oscar Black, m. Lucy Slade, Gadsden, five children; 4. John Perkins, m. Ada Tolson, Atlanta, Ga., two children; 5. Sallie Stowe, m. William Clinton Ballinger, Gadsden, eight children; 6. Edgar Lee, m. Addie Selbert, Birmingham, four children. Last residence: Gadsden.

RAMSAY, ERSKINE, mining engineer, inventor, business man, vice president and chief engineer of the Pratt consolidated coal company, was born September 24, 1864, at Six Mile Ferry, a suburb of Pittsburgh, Pa.; son of Robert and Janet (Erskine) Ramsay, the former born October 28, 1840, near Dunfermline, Fifeshire, Scotland, married January 4, 1861, at Elgin Colliery, near that place, came to America with his father, William Ramsay, in 1863, and went to work in Hays' coal mines, near Pittsburgh on the Monongahela River, and later was a machinist in Robinson and Reed's Pittsburgh shops, removed in 1865 to Shafton, on the Pennsylvania railroad where he became hoisting engineer for the Shafton coal company, at the first coal shaft in the United States west of the Alleghany Mountains, was later put in control as mine boss, promoted superintendent of the company in 1870, with entire charge of all operations, at the same time studying engineering, surveying the mines, making maps, and inventing devices for improving the operating machinery, became in 1881, superintendent and engineer of the Carnegie's Monastery coal mines and coke works near Latrobe, Pa., owned by Carnegie brothers and company, limited, and when the property was consolidated with the Frick interests was made superintendent of all the mines of the new H. C. Frick coke company, making all examinations and reports on new properties, became consulting engineer of the entire company, and superintendent of the Standard mines in 1888, in association with his brother, Morris Ramsay, chief engineer of the H. C. Frick coke company, he planned and built the new Standard works, the then model of the Connellsville coke region, the shaft holding the world's record for the largest daily output from a single shaft mine, invented self oiling mine car wheel, coal weighing basket, safety

cages, self acting incline, empty car hoist, automatic car-stops, automatic gravity switch, steam mine-car dump, devices for the utilization of waste heat and gas from bee-hive coke ovens in the generation of steam, and died in Scotland while on a visit to relatives, August 11, 1899, his remains being brought back to America by his widow and children and interred at Shafter, Pa.; a Mason, a musician of marked talent, being a master of the violin, piano and other instruments; grandson of William and Elizabeth (Sharp) Ramsay, of Dunfermline, Scotland, the former a coal miner and operator, who migrated to Pennsylvania in 1852, returned to his native land four years later, but again came to America in 1863, and permanently located at Larimer, Pa., died and is interred in the family burying ground at Shafter, Pa., and of William and Margaret (White) Erskine, the former a coal miner who lived at Elgin Colliery, near Dunfermline, Scotland; great-grandson of Robert and Elizabeth (Morris) Ramsay, coal miner in Lady Elgin pit, Milesmark, and later coal operator at "White Threshes," near Cowdenbeath, both buried in the churchyard of the old abbey of Dunfermline, in which is interred the body of King Robert the Bruce; great-great-grandson of William Ramsay, a native of Fifeshire, Scotland, a coal miner in the Dunfermline district, the workings, among the oldest in Britain, date back to 1291, A. D., and still in active operation.

Erskine Ramsay received his early education in the Wentling, Shafter and Irwin public schools of Pennsylvania. In 1882, he entered as a day pupil, St. Vincent college, Westmoreland County, Pa., graduating in 1883 at the head of his class, winner of the college gold medal, having taken in addition to the regular academic course, technical and commercial courses. His first instruction in engineering and mechanics was derived from experience, under the guidance of his father and uncle, Morris Ramsay, while engaged in their profession for the Shafter, Carnegie and Frick companies. While still a youth he had done practical work in the railroad car-shops, blacksmith, and machine shops, and was familiar with handling every type of machinery used in the operation of the coal and coke business. He also had early training in the administration and sales side of the business. Almost immediately upon graduation, at the age of eighteen, he became superintendent of the Frick company's Monastery mines and coke works, a plant of two hundred and eight ovens, succeeding his father, whose promotion to the mine superintendency of all the Frick company's operations required his removal to Mount Pleasant, Pa. His success in making low cost and output records attracted the attention of Mr. Frick and brought him high praise. In 1885 he was put in charge of the Morewood coke company, ltd., one of the Frick holdings and the second largest works in the coke region, an exceptional responsibility for a young man just attaining his majority. To this position was quickly added the superintendency of the South West coal company, with works at Tarr and Stonerville, to which was soon added by purchase, the Red Top works. A consolidation of these operations under the name of the South

West coal and coke company made it the third largest coke company in the region. The following year, 1886, he became assistant engineer for the H. C. Frick coke company, being put in charge, along with other work, of the construction of the new Standard plant at Mount Pleasant, Pa., planned and built by his father and uncle.

In 1887, upon a tender from T. T. Hillman, vice president of the Tennessee coal, iron and railroad company, he became superintendent and chief engineer of that company's Pratt mines division, and removed to Alabama, locating at Pratt mines. He at once organized a corps of engineers and surveyed and mapped the mines, brought the physical conditions of the plant to a higher standard, and introduced many improvements, and by the installation of accepted and original inventions brought about an increase in output and enlargements in the works. During the years immediately following the industry faced many vicissitudes but by great ingenuity weathered the economic storms of the panicky era, and marked a steady growth. In 1894 Mr. Ramsay was made chief engineer and assistant general manager of the entire company holdings. He remained with that company for fifteen years, making many changes and improvements in its various plants covering a wide range, taking in the plan of ore and coal mine workings, the ventilation, including the introduction of the split system, the improvement of tracks, mechanical haulage and changes in the type of mine cars and wheels, the complete re-design of tipples, shaking screens and coal washers, the installation of boiler plants at beehive coke ovens for raising steam from the waste heat and gasses, the introduction of inside boilers furnishing steam to pump and haulage engines and giving mine ventilation of the furnace order. During his connection with the Tennessee coal, iron and railroad company, many mines were opened and plants constructed, the design and construction of which were looked after by Mr. Ramsay in detail. In 1897, Pratt mines was producing two and a third million tons of coal annually, half of the total coal then mined in the entire State of Alabama, and employed three thousand men. He was the pioneer in the introduction at bituminous mines in this country, of shaking screens, the first one being designed by him and installed at Slope No. 4, about 1890. When the Tennessee company organized the Birmingham southern railway company to which it transferred all of its Alabama railroad property, the engineering work incident to new locations and extension was done by Mr. Ramsay. The Pratt consolidated coal company, organized in 1904, and of which Mr. Ramsay is first vice-president and chief engineer, now owns about one hundred thousand acres of the best coal lands in Alabama and operates a number of mines, the nearest being only five miles from Birmingham, the most remote fifty miles distant, the annual production being two and one-half million tons. His company also has large operations in the State of Tennessee. The openings are nearly all drifts, but there are several slopes and one shaft mine. All the mines are equipped with the best and most

modern machinery, hoisting, hauling, pumping and undercutting being done very largely with electric power. He is a one-half owner in the New Castle property and is connected with a number of other coal property developments. Besides his large coal operations he has assisted in the development of banking, commercial, real estate, construction, manufacturing and investment companies in the Birmingham district as well as in other states outside of Alabama. His position in the coal world was recognized by the government in 1911, when he was chosen as a member of the engineering commission sent by the U. S. bureau of mines to study the coal mines and conditions of Europe. During the European War he was appointed by the president to membership on the fuel board and assigned to the committee on coal production, of which he was designated as one of the two members of the board who were technical engineers. He is now vice president of the National coal association. Author: numerous technical and scientific articles bearing on coal, coke and iron, contributed to various journals of the country specializing in those subjects. Inventor: a number, all relating to machinery and devices in connection with the operation of coal mines and furnaces, the preparation of coal for the market, improved coke ovens and plants, the manufacture of pig iron and the operation of blast furnaces. During his connection with Alabama development, Mr. Ramsey has been offered many tempting positions by the largest mining companies in the United States and Canada, but he steadfastly clung to his belief in the future of this State to whose material development he has made an immense contribution. He takes an active part in all social, civic, patriotic and philanthropic movements of his city and country; belongs to a number of organizations and clubs; is a Kiwanian and a Presbyterian. Unmarried. Residence: Birmingham.

RAMSAY, JOSEPH REID, merchant, was born January 30, 1869, near Gainesville, Sumter County; son of Joseph Reid and Sarah Elizabeth (Wrenn) Ramsay, the former who was a native of Pendleton District, S. C., and who lived near Gainesville, served three times as a member of the lower house of representatives of Alabama, and was a private in the First Alabama battalion, C. S. Army; grandson of Alexander and Sarah (Reid) Ramsay, of Pendleton District, S. C., who later resided in what is now Oconee County, S. C., and of James and Eliza Phillips (McDow) Wrenn, of Gainesville; great-grandson of a Reid and Alexander Ramsay, both of whom served in the Revolutionary War and were discharged at Ninety-Six, S. C. The Ramsays came from Scotland about the middle of the eighteenth century, first settling in Pennsylvania and afterward emigrating to South Carolina. Joseph R. Ramsay was educated in the schools of Gainesville and Sumterville. After completing his education he started in the mercantile business at Hamner, in 1899, and has been engaged in the same line of business at Sumterville. During the session of 1911 he was a member of the house of representatives from Sumter County. He is a

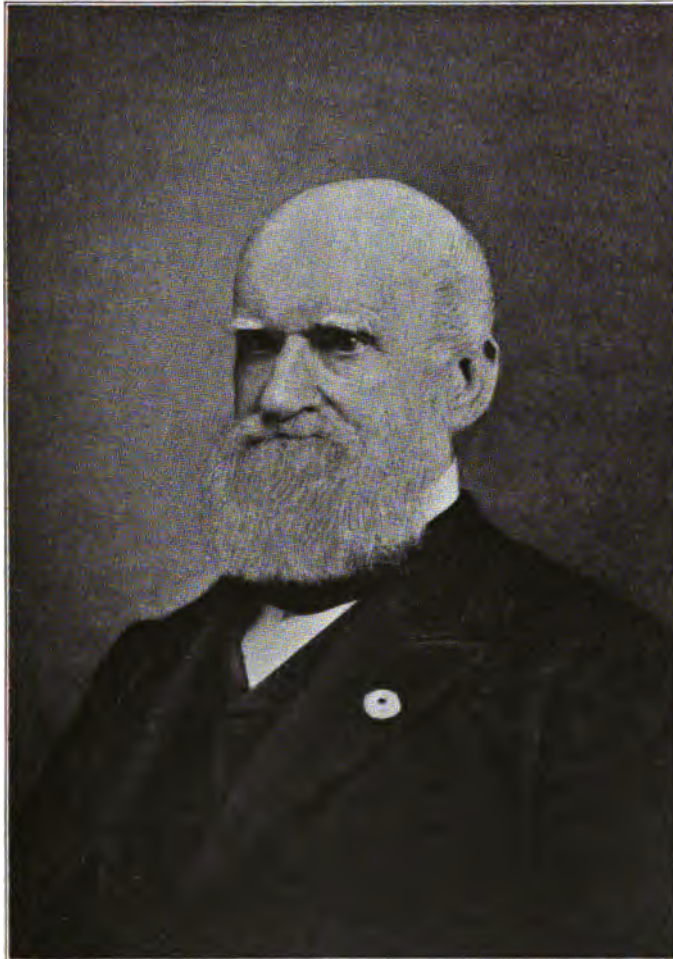
Democrat, has been a member of the Democratic executive committee, and is a ruling elder in the Presbyterian church. Married: (1) to Lucie, a daughter of Dr. J. M. Godfrey of Sumterville; (2) June 23, 1909, at Union Springs, to Nellie, daughter of Raymond Barnard and Mary Catherine Sloan, of Nashville, Tenn., the former who was a native of Virginia, was a lawyer, judge of the criminal court for many years, president of the Jeffersonian club, of Nashville, captain and lieutenant-colonel in the C. S. Army, was wounded at Chickamauga, and was in command of the Confederate gunboat, *Alphanta*, which was stationed on the Coosa River when the war was closed: Children: 1. Godfrey Reid. Residence: Sumterville.

RAMSEY, D. W., Missionary Baptist minister living in 1913. Residence: Pine Apple.

RAMSEY, THOMAS YANCEY, teacher, Methodist minister, was born September 7, 1818, and died March 15, 1891; son of Ambrose Knox and Nancy Graves (Yancey) Ramsey, of Sumter County; brother of James B. Ramsey, who was a student at the University of Alabama, 1839-40. He entered the University of Alabama from Tuscaloosa, in 1836, was graduated A. B., in 1838, and received the honorary degree of A. M., in 1847. He was professor of chemistry at the Centenary institute, at Summerfield, 1851-54; was president of Greensboro female college, 1865-67. He was licensed to preach and served as pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, at Mobile; at Greensboro, Marion, and Summerfield; and at Columbus, Miss.; was presiding elder in the Mississippi conference for eighteen years; was traveling preacher for forty-seven years; and was trustee of the Vanderbilt university. Married: February 4, 1846, to Elizabeth Bancroft of Mobile. Last residence: Durant, Miss.

RANALDSON, J. A., clerk of the Alabama Baptist State convention, 1823-24.

RAND, PARKER N. G., planter, was born in October, 1829, at La Grange, Colbert County; son of John and Martha (Curtis) Rand, both natives of Wake County, N. C., the former of Scotch-Irish ancestry, who was a planter, settled in Alabama in 1826, and located near Franklin, now Colbert County, and the latter who was a daughter of John Curtis of Wake County, N. C., and of Irish ancestry. He is a brother of Dr. John W. Rand, who was born at Raleigh, N. C., in 1822, came with his parents in 1831 to Alabama, and settled near Leighton. He was a graduate from La Grange college and from Louisville, where he received his M. D. degree. He practiced at Leighton until 1859, when he engaged extensively in planting. After the War of Secession he resumed farming, and afterwards his practice of medicine, being a physician at St. Joseph, Tenn., for many years. Parker N. G. Rand was brought up on a farm, and received a common school education. In 1845, he entered La Grange college, and was graduated A. B. in 1849. He then engaged in farming with his father until 1855, when he



JOEL WHITE

was married, then farmed near La Grange. He was elected magistrate and held that office for over thirty years. In the spring of 1863, he raised a company of soldiers, was elected their captain, and entered a battalion under Major Williams of the C. S. Army. This company was merged with another, and later, Major Williams was killed, when it merged with Co. H, Eleventh Alabama, commanded by Col. James Burtwell, a West Point graduate. He served with the regiment until the end of the war, in 1865, being in the battles of Tishomingo Creek, and at the fall of Selma. After the war, he resumed farming and was the magistrate of Colbert County for more than forty years. In 1892, he attempted to secure the nomination for probate judge, and was defeated, but rendered all the assistance in his power to his party, with the result that Colbert County was carried by the Democratic party for the first time in years. He represented Colbert County in the State legislature from 1894-1895. He was a Democrat; a member of the Methodist Episcopal church; of which he was steward for many years, and the worshipful master of his Masonic lodge. Married: on February 8, 1855, to Martha A. Smith, daughter of John and Susan (Rogers) Smith, of Lawrence County. Children: 1. Dr. Edgar, m. Jessie Rand of Holly Springs; 2. Henry A., m. Pattie King; 3. Pattie, m. Henry Kumpke; 4. Parker Jr.; 5. John B. m. Lena Burton; 6. Hal, merchant and farmer, deceased; 7. Mary Sue. Residence: La Grange, Colbert County.

RANDLE, E. TROUP, Confederate soldier, was born September 18, 1825, near Sparta, Hancock County, Ga., and died March 14, 1903; son of Edmund and Sarah Hines (Colquitt) Randle, the former who was a descendant of a family from Virginia that settled in Georgia, the name Randle being an abbreviation of Randolph, the original English family name, and was a lieutenant under Gen. Andrew Jackson, in the War of 1812, and the latter who was a sister of Walter H. Colquitt, senator from Georgia, an aunt of Alfred H. Colquitt who was a major-general in the C. S. Army, governor of Georgia, and U. S. senator, a kinswoman of Col. Hines Holt, jurist and statesman of Columbus, O.; grandson of Henry and Nancy Singleton (Holt) Colquitt, the latter who after the death of her husband, married Hartwell Traver of Hancock County, Ga. Capt. Randle had three brothers all of whom served in the War of Secession. He was educated in Georgia under the tutorship of Carlyle B. Beman. In 1846, he went to Alabama and engaged in farming, in what is now Bullock County, but was then a part of Macon. In April, 1861, he went to Lynchburg, Va., where he was mustered in as third sergeant of the Southern Rifles, Co. D, Third Alabama infantry, under Col. Jones M. Withers; was elected first lieutenant under Capt. P. H. Powell, in the spring of 1862; and in 1863, was commissioned captain. He participated in the battles of Seven Pines, the Seven Days battles before Richmond, and in September, 1862, in the Maryland campaign, sharing the famous defense of the gaps of South Mountain against McClellan's army. He was shot

through the hips at Boonesboro Gap, and was disabled for six months. He was again wounded at Chancellorsville, when he led the Third Alabama through the Wilderness over the Federal works, his arm being shattered, necessitating amputation, and in 1864, he withdrew from active service. He again engaged in agricultural pursuits, after the war, and from 1866-67, served as sheriff of Bullock County. He was grand marshal for life of the Daughters of the Confederacy, and E. Troup Randle Camp, Sons of the Confederacy, of Bullock County is named in honor of him. Married: On November 22, 1866, to Mary Carter, daughter of Col. James F. and Mary (Powell) Carter, the latter who was of "Chunnenuggee," seat of the most aristocratic families in southeastern Alabama; granddaughter of Farish and Eliza (McDonald) Carter, and of Norborne Berkely and Eliza Ann (Holmes) Powell; great-granddaughter of Col. Carter and of Charles McDonald, who was born in "Dumfrieliem" Castle, Isle of Skye, Scotland. Children: 1. Annie E.; 2. Emily Colquitt; 3. Sarah Hines; 4. Mary Carter; 5. Edmund Troup; 6. Lucy Powell; 7. James Henry. Last residence: Bullock County.

RANDOLPH, ABRAHAM, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 72, and a resident of Lawrence County; private N. C. Militia; enrolled on April 13, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$20.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

RANDOLPH, FRANCIS CORBIN, soldier, lawyer, jurist, major, 7th Alabama cavalry and probate judge, was born December 6, 1841, at Tuscaloosa, and died May 27, 1906, at Montgomery; son of Benjamin Franklin and Anna Page (Corbin) Randolph, the former born in Fredericksburg, Va., who in 1819 came to Tuscaloosa, and in 1850 moved to Montgomery; grandson of Brett and Lucy M. (Beverley) Randolph, who lived at Curl's Neck, on the James River, then in Culpeper County, Va., and of Francis and Anna Munford (Beverly) Corbin, who lived at "The Reeds," Caroline County, Va.; great-grandson of Richard and Jane (Bolling) Randolph, the former of Curl's Neck, in 1736 treasurer of the Colony of Virginia, his wife, fourth in descent from the Indian princess, Pocahontas, and of Richard Corbin, of Laneville, Va., in 1776 receiver-general, and president of the King's council of Virginia; great-great-grandson of William Randolph, who emigrated from York County, England, and settled in Virginia, wherein he was, in 1696, a member of the Royal council, and was attorney-general. Judge Randolph received his early education in Montgomery and at Dr. Henry Tutwiler's school at Greene Springs. He obtained a collegiate education at the University of Virginia, an accident causing him to leave before time for graduation. In 1860 he studied law, and was admitted to the bar. In 1865 he began practice in Montgomery; in 1866 was justice of the peace at Montgomery, and from October, 1880, to March, 1895, was judge of the probate court of Montgomery.

County. In the War of Secession he was a member of the "Metropolitan Guards" of Montgomery; in 1863 adjutant of the 7th Alabama cavalry, and captain of Co. A in this regiment, in 1864; major of the 7th regiment, at the age of twenty-one, and known as "the boy major." In the battle of Nashville, December, 1864, Major Randolph and the 7th Alabama regiment pressed back a large force of Federal cavalry and effected the escape of Gen. E. W. Rucker, who had been surrounded. After the war, Gen. N. B. Forrest, in whose command the 7th Alabama served, stated publicly in Montgomery that, by the movement named, Major Randolph saved the Army of Tennessee. He was always a Democrat, was Chairman of the Central Committee of the County, and a member of the State Committee and was very efficient in the time of Reconstruction, in establishing the control of his party. He was an Episcopalian; a member of the Knights of Pythias; Knights of Honor; and the Ancient Order of United Workmen. Married: December 6, 1866, at Uniontown, Sarah Tayloe, daughter of Robert Wormeley and Mary (Shearer) Nicholson, who lived at Uniontown. Her ancestors included four of the Virginia line bearing the name of "Ralph Wormeley," and holding responsible posts, such as members of the King's council, and secretary of colonies, Sir Dudley Digges, of England, Edward Digges, colonial governor of Virginia, and John Tayloe of Virginia, signer of the Declaration of Independence. Children: 1. Mary Nicholson, m. Dr. James R. Jordan, deceased of Elmore; 2. Anna Page, m. Cecil Wilcox, Jacksonville, Fla.; 3. Evelyn Byrd, m. Harris Wilcox, Charlotte, N. C.; 4. Emily Nicholson, m. William L. Stewart, Montgomery; 5. Frank. Last residence: Montgomery.

RANDOLPH, HUGH, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 85, resided in Franklin County, June 1, 1840, with David Fuller.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

RANDOLPH, RYLAND, journalist. Deceased. Last residence: Birmingham.

RANJEL, RODRIGO, private secretary to Hernando DeSoto, chronicler and explorer. Aside from the events connected with the DeSoto expedition nothing is known of Ranjel's history. He kept a diary, and each step of the route covered by the expedition is given in detail in his narratives. This account remained unpublished until 1851. The first American edition is that edited by Bourne, 1904.

RANKIN, CHARLES F., business man and mayor of Brewton, was born July 10, 1849, in Monroe County; son of Duncan and Nancy (Baggett) Rankin, a Monroe County planter, soldier of the Creek War, under Gen. Andrew Jackson; grandson of Duncan and Janet Rankin, natives of Glasgow, Scotland, who came to the United States in 1797, and settled in South Carolina, where they resided until 1822, at which time they removed to Alabama. Mr. Rankin's early education was limited to a brief attendance in the common schools, interrupted

by the War of Secession, which carried his four elder brothers into Confederate service and left him to do his part by toiling in the fields for the support of his parents. He later engaged in merchandising in Brewton. He is a Democrat; Baptist; Knight of Honor and Knight of Pythias. Married: (1) in 1875, at Brewton, to Lillie Lovelace, who died of yellow fever in 1883; (2) in 1887, at Union Springs, to Susan, daughter of William Martin, of Mallock County. Children: by the first wife: 1. Albert L.; 2. Herbert C.; 3. Howard P.; 4. Clifford; by the second wife, 5. Gordon; 6. Lillie Bell. Residence: Brewton.

RANKIN, ROBERT, *soldier of the American Revolution*, a resident of Washington County; Lieutenant 3rd Regular Virginia Line; enrolled on September 8, 1828, under act of Congress of May 15, 1828, payment to date from March 3, 1826; annual allowance, \$320; sums received to date of publication of list, \$2,880; W. Crawford, agent.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

RAOUL, NICHOLAS, soldier, was a native of France, where he probably died. He was a colonel under Napoleon, accompanied him in his banishment to Elba and led his advance guard of two hundred grenadiers upon his return march to Paris. He was among the group of French colonists who settled the Vine and Olive colony, near Demopolis. For a time he kept a ferry on Big Prairie Creek, and later on French Creek. In 1824, he went to Mexico where he took part in the revolution. Finally he returned to France where he became a general in the French army and held other important positions in the service of his country, among which was governor of Toulon. Married: the Marchioness of Sinibaldi, who was a native of Naples. She and her two children by a former marriage accompanied the Colonel in his travels. Last residence: France.

RAPIER, CHARLES WILLIAM, lawyer, circuit judge, was born in 1819, in Nelson County, Ky., his father being a farmer of English descent. He received his education at Bardonia and Lexington, graduating from the law school at the latter place. He read law with Judge Rowan, afterwards federal senator. In 1842, he went to Mobile, where he opened a law office; in 1853, was elected to the circuit bench over the incumbent, Hon. John A. Cuthbert; and in 1859 was again elected for a second term of six years over Major O. S. Jewett of Clarke. The war ended at the close of his term, and he was kept on the bench by Gov. Parsons at the request of the bar, and was again re-elected in May, 1866. He held this position until the congressional reconstruction of July, 1868, forced him to withdraw from office. Married, in 1867, to Miss Labretta, a Mobile lady of Italian birth. Last residence: Mobile.

RAPIER, JAMES T., congressman and slave, was born in 1840 in Florence. He completed his preparatory studies; studied law; was admitted to the bar; practiced; and held various

local offices. He was elected as a Republican to the Forty-third congress, serving from March 4, 1873-March 3, 1875, and was defeated for the Forty-fourth congress.

RAPIER, JOHN LAWRENCE, editor and publisher, was born June 15, 1842, at Spring Hill, Mobile County; son of Thomas Gwynne and Melina (Senac) Rapier, the former who was born near Bardstown, Ky.; grandson of Pierre and Agnes (Krebs) Senac of Pensacola, Fla. After receiving a good education he became identified with commercial interests, and engaged as a clerk in a mercantile business in Mobile, until 1861, when the War of Secession broke out. He enlisted in the Chasseurs-a-pied, under the command of Henry St. Paul, going with that organization, first to Pensacola, and then to Virginia. The company afterwards became a part of a Louisiana battalion, commanded by St. Paul, as major. In 1862, when the reorganization took place, the battalion was assigned to the First Battalion Zouaves, under command of Col. Gaston Coppens, with which Wheat's command was consolidated at a later date. After the battle of Seven Pines, he was promoted to the rank of sergeant-major of the battalion, and a month later, during the Seven Days' battle, was promoted to adjutant. He participated in the campaign of second Manassas, Sharpsburg, and Fredericksburg, while serving with the Second Louisiana brigade under command of Gen. W. E. Stark, and was then transferred to southeastern Virginia. He took part in the siege of Suffolk, and several fights in this vicinity, during Longstreet's campaign. In December, 1863, Mr. Rapier was ordered to Richmond for examination to enter the regular service of the C. S. Army, and was commissioned and assigned to duty at Drewry's Bluff, below Richmond, and afterwards at Mobile. He was appointed adjutant of a battalion, August 3, 1864, which was organized to reinforce the forts for the impending combat with the enemy, and being stationed at Ft. Gaines, was captured there, August 5, when the combined forces of the Federal fleet and army attacked the fort. He was imprisoned first at the Picayune, and then in the Union Press at New Orleans, was selected for exchange in three weeks, and was removed to a business office, and kept under guard. On the night of October 13, 1864, thirteen of the party escaped through a hole in a brick wall, leaving only five of their comrades behind, among them being Paymaster Richardson who was disabled by a wound. Mr. Rapier and his friend Fendall, sought refuge with friends in the city, and after securing some money, were taken out of the city, and after seven days and nights of travel on the treacherous bayous, reached Ponchatoula, a distance of fifty miles. He returned to Mobile and meeting Capt. Fry, a confederate naval officer who lost his life years after at the hands of the Spaniards at Santiago, Cuba, was given command of two thirty-two pounder guns on his gunboat, which position he held until the boat surrendered, April 21, 1865, on the Tombigee River. After the war he engaged in the newspaper business at

Mobile, establishing "The Register" and becoming president of The Mobile Register Company. During the second administration of Cleveland, he was appointed postmaster of Mobile. Residence: Mobile.

RATHER, JOHN DANIEL, lawyer, circuit judge, was born January 7, 1823, at Somerville, Morgan County, and died March, 4, 1910, at Tuscumbia; son of John Taylor and Barbara (McClellan) Rather (q. v.). His education was received at the Somerville academy, and the common schools of the county and at East Tennessee college. He read law under Judge Coleman in Athens, and in 1843, commenced the practice of law, first at Somerville and then at Decatur. In 1849, he represented Morgan County in the legislature, and was re-elected in 1851, accepted the Compromise adjustment of the territorial questions, and at the opening of the session was elected speaker of the house over Nathaniel Davis. He was elected brigadier-general of militia about 1846, or 1848. In 1856, he was on the Democratic electoral ticket; in 1857, was elected to the senate from the district of Morgan and Limestone; and in 1859, was elected president of the senate, serving in that capacity for two years. In 1864, he was appointed by Gov. Watts as judge of the circuit court, to fill the vacancy created by Judge Lewis' resignation. At the close of the war he returned to Tuscumbia and opened a law office where he practiced for many years. He was elected to the State senate in 1878, and re-elected in 1880, serving during the latter session as president of the senate. Prior to the War of Secession, he had served as brigadier-general of militia. He was vice-president and afterwards president of the Memphis & Charleston railroad. Married: (1) January 26, 1843, at Athens, to Jane Charlotte Keyes, who was a sister of Hon. Wade Keyes of Lauderdale; (2) February 21, 1856, in Franklin County, to Letitia S. Pearsall, who was a daughter of Edward Pearsall of Morgan County. Children: by first marriage, 1. George Taylor, b. January 5, 1844, m. Fannie Godley; children, Jessie Godley, m. Robert H. Jones, resides at Dallas, Tex., and Frances Taylor; 2. Silas Parsons, b. February 18, 1846, and died March 16, 1901, served in the C. S. Army, and served in each branch of the general assembly, being state senator at the time of his death, m. Annie Dixon Kirby, children, Margaret, Jane, Barbara, John D., all of whom died in infancy, and Ella Augusta, m. William Day, resides at Ancon, Panama; 3. Eldon Rutledge, b. November 23, 1848, m. Julia Cooper, children, Elizabeth Cloyd, and Letitia Palmer living in Tuscumbia, and William Taylor who died in infancy; 4. Mattie Keyes, d. in infancy; by second marriage: 5. Henry Chambers, b. January 12, 1857, m. Eliza Jabine, children, John Daniel III, Hal Jabine, Charles Pearsall, and Gordon Smeade, all residing in Little Rock, Ark., and Lucy who died in infancy; 6. Ella Pearsall, b. September 6, 1857, m. James T. Kirk, one child, Mary Wallace, resides at Tuscumbia; 7. Jane Keyes, d. in infancy; 8. John Taylor, d. in infancy; 9. Anne Eva, b. February 18, 1865, m. John B. Weakley,

reside at Birmingham; 10. Charles Courtney, b. September 19, 1866, d. December 3, 1910; 11. Pearsall, b. December 16, 1869, d. April 15, 1894, A. B. University of Alabama; 12. John D. Rather, jr., b. March 30, 1876, A. B. at University of Alabama, m. Nona Pratt Wildberger, one child, John Daniel IV, reside at Tuscumbia; 13. Mary Wallace, twin of John D., d. in 1881. Last residence: Tuscumbia.

RATHER, JOHN TAYLOR, merchant, public official, was born March 14, 1792, in Prince Edward County, and died at Tuscumbia, January 3, 1881; son of Daniel and Frankey (Taylor) Rather, the former who moved from Virginia to Tennessee and thence to Huntsville, in 1811, and was a soldier in the Revolutionary War. When a young man he moved to Alabama and settled in Madison County. In 1812, he was appointed deputy sheriff, and in the same year was commissioned lieutenant in the Seventh U. S. infantry serving in the War of 1812, and was in the recruiting duty, descending the Mississippi River with troops in flat boats, when Jackson fought the battle of New Orleans. He was mustered out in 1815, and again became deputy sheriff of Madison. He came to Morgan County in 1818 and engaged in the mercantile business at Somerville, and built with his own hands the first house that was ever erected at Somerville. In 1820 he was chosen to represent the county in the lower house of the general assembly, when the capital was at Cahaba. He was re-elected to this position nine times, and in 1835, was chosen a member of the senate. In 1841, he was on the Whig "general ticket" for congress, and in 1865, was commissioned to represent Morgan County in the Reconstruction convention. About 1867, he moved to Tuscumbia, where he made his home with his only son, John Daniel Rather, until his death. He was a member of the Methodist church, and had held the office of steward during the greater part of his life. Married: (1) in 1819, at Somerville, to Barbara McClellan, who was a sister of Gen. W. B. McClellan, of Talladega; (2) to a Miss Roberts of Somerville, who was a sister of Mrs. John Banks. Children, by first marriage: 1. John Daniel Rather (q. v.). Last residence: Tuscumbia.

RATTRAY, CHARLES, farmer, was born March 19, 1835, at Upham Parish, Kings County, Province of New Brunswick, British America; son of James and Lidia (Ganter) Rattray, the former who was a native of Dunkeld, Perthshire, Scotland; grandson of James Rattray who lived in Dunkeld, Perthshire, Scotland, and of William Ganter of Sussex Vale, N. B. The Ganters were Dutch and the Rattrays were Highland Scotch, the genealogy of the Rattray family dating back to the eleventh century. Charles Rattray was educated in Upham Parish, and in 1852 removed with his father to Illinois, where his education was continued in private schools. He engaged in farming until 1861; enlisted as private in Co. I, Twelfth Illinois infantry regiment, U. S. Army; at expiration of three months service re-enlisted as first sergeant; was commissioned captain in 1862; later became major and lieutenant-colonel; was

brevetted colonel by the U. S. senate; was mustered out of service, July, 1865, at Ridgeway, Ky. He came to Alabama in 1868; engaged as a farmer and contractor; served in the legislature, 1888-89, and voted, among other things, for an appropriation to erect a monument commemorative of the valor of Confederate dead; served in legislature again in 1907. He was a Democrat and an Odd Fellow. Married: On June 30, 1873, at Gaylesville, to Theodora McWhorter, the daughter of Dr. Abbott and Malala Jane (Davis) McWhorter. Children: 1. Charles McWhorter, m. Carrie Cannon; 2. Abbott Milton, m. Willie Sue Wimpey; 3. Jessie Blanch, m. Charles Jager; 4. Mary Ethel, m. James Clarke; 5. Benjamin Franklin, deceased; 6. James Malcolm; 7. Leon McTyeire; 8. Robert Kyle, deceased; 9. Herbert Marvin. Residence: Jamestown.

RAWLINS, RICHARD H., president of Judson college, Marion, 1872-75.

RAWLS, JAMES BENJAMIN, lawyer and probate judge, was born at Snuggsville, Clarke County; son of John Franklin and Lucretia Jaqueline (Davis) Rawls, the former a native of Harris County, Ga., later a resident of Mobile; grandson of William and Frances (Dancy) Rawls of Harris County, Ga., and of Shugan Ransom and Mary (Sorsby) Davis of near Ransom's Bridge, Halifax County, N. C., the former served in the War of 1812, from North Carolina, stationed at Norfolk, Va.; great-grandson of William and Amy (Ransom) Davis, of North Carolina, and of Benjamin and Susan (Davis) Sorsby, the former was of English descent, and served in the Revolutionary Army, enlisted in Nash County, N. C., under Capt. Jacob Turner's company, 3rd North Carolina infantry regiment, commanded by Col. Jethro Sumner. He received his early education in private schools in Mobile and at Summerville institute, Noxubee County, Miss. He read law by a correspondence course and entered upon the practice, having successfully passed an examination before the presiding judge of the circuit court of Washington County, 1905. He has served as notary public and justice of the peace several years; was county commissioner two terms; probate judge one term, and elected tax commissioner of Washington County, 1907, an office he still holds. He was a member of the home guard of Mobile at the close of the War of Secession, having been taken prisoner at the capture of Mobile and held until Lee's surrender at Appomattox. He is a Democrat, Methodist, and Mason. Married: February 4, 1873, near Columbus, Ky., to Ruth Morrison, daughter of Edwin Ruthven and Harriet Magruda (Brown) Ray, of that place; granddaughter of Col. Peter W. and Susan (Ray) Brown of Lebanon, Ky., and Dennis and Nancy (Hayes) Ray of Clinton, Ky. Children: 1. Carrie L., m. John C. Maclay, Moss Point, Miss.; 2. Harriet M., m. William R. Leon, Deer Park; 3. James B., jr., unmarried, Lucedale, Miss.; 4. Mary D., m. Dr. Warren D. Ratliff, Lucedale, Miss.; 5. Ellen H., unmarried, St. Stephens; 6. Ruth R., m. Samuel E. McGlathery, Chatom; 7. Dennis B.,

Mobile; 8. Robert M., Francis, Okla.; 9. Fletcher H., St. Stephens; 10. Antoinette, St. Stephens; 11. Louise D., Mobile; 12. Edgar D., St. Stephens; 13. Ebenezer T., St. Stephens. Residence: St. Stephens.

RAWLS, ROBERT M., editor and publisher, was born January 6, 1861, in Lincoln County, Tenn., son of Luke H. Rawls, who was a merchant during his life and died in 1878 at the age of sixty-six years. He received his education at Jackson, Tenn., and when sixteen years of age entered a newspaper office there and learned the printer's trade. After working on Fayetteville "Observer," for eighteen months, he took charge of the "Sentinel," at Lynchburg, Tenn., and left there within a few months for a position on the Nashville "World." He remained on the "World" until January, 1883, when he went to Athens, and in partnership with J. J. Turrentine, purchased the "Alabama Courier," a weekly Democratic paper. Mr. Turrentine withdrew from the paper in 1884, and since that time, Mr. Rawls has been sole proprietor. In May, 1886, he was elected treasurer of the Alabama Press Association, which position he held for some time. Married: in Athens, May 8, 1883, to Fannie Black, daughter of John W. Black. To this union two children have been born, a son and a daughter. Residence: Athens.

RAY, FREDERICK, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 75, and resident of Tuscaloosa County; private Virginia State Troops; enrolled on April 23, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$36.66.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

RAY, JACOB USRY, physician, was born May 4, 1864, at Woodstock, Tuscaloosa County; son of Jacob Usry and Laura (Brown) Ray, the former was a native of Woodstock, Tuscaloosa County; grandson of James and Lucinda Ray of Woodstock, and of Randall R. and May Brown who resided northeast of Tuscaloosa on the Tuscaloosa and Huntsville road; great-grandson of John A. Brown, who came from Virginia to Alabama in 1819; and a descendant of Usry Ray, who came from Woodstock, England to Jamestown, Va., in the seventeenth century. His education was received in the county schools, and he later attended the University of Alabama. He then attended the medical college of the University of Tennessee, at Nashville, Tenn., where he was graduated M. D., in 1893. He practiced medicine for five years in Blocton, and two years of that time for the Coal, Iron & Railroad company. He then practiced for over a year and a half at Greensboro, and retired from active service in 1901. He has done only office work since that time. He was appointed postmaster at Woodstock, March 12, 1903, which position he filled for several years. He also served as health officer for Bibb County; as censor in Bibb and Hale Counties; counsellor in the Medical Association of the state of Alabama; and as secretary and treasurer of the Association of

Surgeons of Southern Railroad, being elected to this position in 1904. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; a Shriner and a Knight Templar. Married: September 26, 1896, to Sarah Nelson Waller, daughter of Robert B. and Virginia I. Waller who resided at Greensboro. Children: 1. Robert Usry, b. April 21, 1902; 2. Laura Virginia, b. October 11, 1905. Residence: Woodstock.

RAY, JAMES JASPER, lawyer, of English ancestry, was born July 31, 1857, near Pilgrim P. O., Fayette County; son of Elijah and Lucy Ann (Wright) Ray, both of whom were natives of Virginia, but emigrated to Fayette County; grandson of Jesse and Elizabeth Wright. Judge Ray received his education in the common schools, and was graduated from the University of Alabama with the LL. B. degree in 1881; in that year was admitted to the bar; practiced in Fayette for some time, later removing to Jasper; was register in chancery, July 16, 1883, to November 10, 1900; was state senator from the twelfth district, 1900-01; was appointed judge of the newly created fourteenth judicial circuit on February 25, 1907. He is a member of the Democratic party. Married: (1) On October 14, 1884, at Newtonville, to Ida J. Jones, d. August 31, 1887, daughter of Dr. W. W. Jones; (2) on May 1, 1890, to Ella E. Edney, daughter of John M. Edney. Children, by first marriage: 1. Alex B.; by second marriage: 2. Ida Louise. Residence: Jasper.

RAY, S. O. Y., Missionary Baptist minister; living in 1913. Residence: Alabama.

RAY, WILLIAM O., business man, was born in Mt. Meigs, Montgomery County, and died in Montgomery; son of John Washington and Martha (Conyers) Ray, of Greene County, Va., who removed to Mt. Meigs, among the early settlers of the county; grandson of Ross and Betty (Denson) Conyers, of Franklin County, N. C., who removed to Georgia; great-grandson of William and Mary (Ross) Conyers, of Sumter, S. C., the former a soldier in the Revolution; great-great-grandson of Capt. Richard and Margaret (Arrundel) Conyers, of North Carolina, who came from the Bermudas, before the Revolution, and who assisted in establishing American independence. He was educated in the schools of Mt. Meigs community; removed to Montgomery and engaged in business, as a cotton-broker and a wholesale grocer. He was a Democrat and a Baptist. Married: about 1849, in Montgomery County to Mary Steele. Children: 1. Sallie, m. Thos. Wilkerson; 2. Mattie, m. Capt. William B. Jones; 3. John, m. Maggie Smith. Last residence: Montgomery.

RAYBURN, SAMUEL KING, merchant, major-general of militia, was born in Beach Grove, Bedford County, Tenn., October 15, 1812, and died July 15, 1892, at Guntersville; son of John and Elizabeth (Shanklin) Rayburn, both natives of Botetourt, Va., the former who moved to Barren County, Ky., about 1795, and thence to Tennessee, where he settled about fifty miles from Nashville, the latter who was

a daughter of Capt. John Shanklin, who served in the Revolutionary War; grandson of John and Jean (McClarín) Rayburn, the former who was a large land owner, and settled in Bote-tourt County, Va., near Salem, the latter who was of Scotch birth; great-grandson of Henry Rayburn and a Miss Ross, the former who emigrated to America from the north of Ireland some years before the Revolutionary War, and settled in Virginia, east of the Alleghanies, near the Roanoke River, the latter who was a native of north Ireland. He received a common school education, and in 1819 came to Alabama with his parents. In 1834 he went to Guntersville, where he engaged in the mercantile business, and with the exception of two years was in that business until 1847, when he volunteered as a member of Capt. John M. Gee's Independent company, and served in the Mexican War. He returned to Guntersville in 1848; was elected, in 1849, as clerk of the circuit court of Marshall County, which office he held for eight years; in 1857, was elected to the State senate; and in November, 1858, was elected president of the Tennessee & Coosa Railroad Company, holding that office until 1868. In 1861, at the outbreak of the War of Secession, he was elected by the people of Marshall, Jackson, DeKalb, and Cherokee Counties, major-general of militia, resigned in 1862, and was appointed on the staff of Gov. Moore. In the fall of the same year he raised a company of volunteers, was commissioned captain of Co. B, Forty-eighth Alabama infantry, was compelled by sickness to resign, returned home, and in the early part of 1863, was appointed deputy collector of revenue, which position he held until the close of the war. In 1866, he was appointed register in chancery, holding the office until his death; from 1870-1876, he was county solicitor; was justice of the peace; and mayor of Guntersville, several times. He was one of the organizers of the Tennessee & Coosa Railroad, was one of its directors and for about ten years held the position of its secretary. He was a Democrat and a member of the Cumberland Presbyterian church. Married: (1) in 1840, to Mrs. Sarah Davenport, who died in January, 1860; (2) in May, 1861, to Mrs. Evergreen (Rainney) Findley, who was killed by the explosion of a shell of the enemy at Guntersville, in 1862; (3) in December, 1863, at Guntersville, to Nannie Nix, who died November, 1874; (4) in May, 1880, to Jane Warren of DeKalb County. Children, by first marriage, 1. Capt. John Rayburn, a graduate of Cumberland university, and a captain in the Ninth Alabama infantry, commanded by Col. Wilcox, who lost his life at Sharpsburg, Md.; by third marriage, 2. Mrs. Brooking; 3. Samuel King, jr., b. June 21, 1876, teacher, Guntersville academy, d. December 23, 1888; 4. John S.; 5. William C.; 6. Mrs. John D. Chandler. Last residence: Guntersville.

RAYBURN, WILLIAM C., lawyer; living in 1913. Residence: Guntersville.

REA, B. F., physician, was born in November, 1819, in Greene County, Ga.; son of Robert and

Jane (Smith) Rea, both of Scotch-Irish extraction, the former, a farmer, who was born in Cumberland County, Pa., in 1775, moved to Greene County, Ga., where he lived until 1845, and then moved to La Fayette, Chambers County, having represented Greene County for twenty-three years, in the Georgia legislature, serving during that time in both branches, and was for many years one of the judges of the inferior county court; grandson of Samuel Rea, who came to this country a few years before the Revolutionary War, took an active part in the struggle, and settled in Cumberland County, Pa., and of William Smith who came from near Dublin, Ireland, with Samuel Rea, and who served as an officer in the Revolutionary War, resided in Greene County, Ga., for a number of years, and afterwards went to Tennessee. He received his early education in Greensboro, Ga., began the study of medicine with Dr. T. W. Grimes, of that place, and remained there for two years. He then entered Jefferson medical college at Philadelphia, from which he graduated in 1842, and during his two years in this college was a private pupil of Dr. Robley Dunglison. After his graduation he returned to Greensboro, where he practiced until 1852, when he moved to Lafayette. During the War of Secession, he was a surgeon in Gen. Joseph E. Johnston's army. He was president of the Chambers County Medical Society for several years, serving at the same time as president of the board of censors; was a Democrat, a Master Mason and an elder in the Presbyterian church. Married: (1) in 1847, to Laura V. Gresham, who was born in Georgetown, D. C., but who resided in Greensboro, Ga., and who died in 1858; (2) in 1855, to Sarah Williams, a native of Tuskegee, who died in 1865. Children: by second marriage: 1. Ida, deceased; 2. Carrie Lee, m. Charles Schuessler of Lafayette; 3. William R., salesman, resides at Roanoke; 4. Frances M., deceased; 5. B. Franklin, physician at Lafayette; 6. Sarah, deceased. Last residence: Lafayette.

READ, GEORGE WASHINGTON, Methodist minister, was born April 15, 1861, in Philadelphia, Pa.; son of John Randolph and Kate (Weingartner) Read; grandson of Franklin and Catharine Read, the former a nephew of Deborah Read, wife of Benjamin Franklin, and closely related to George Read who signed the Declaration of Independence. He received his early education in the public schools of Philadelphia and graduated, B. P., from the Birmingham college, May 31, 1899; D. D. from the Blountsville agricultural school, 1900. He is a Methodist minister; secretary board of education; assistant secretary of the conference and chairman of the examining committee; member of committee to locate, build and equip the Birmingham college, chairman of the building committee and treasurer of the board of trustees until the work was completed. He is at present stationed at Athens. He is a Mason. Editor: "Christian Advocate," "Spectator" and "Ensley Herald." Married: August 28, 1879, in Philadelphia, to Clara Virginia, daughter of



DAVID ROBERTS

Sylvester and Frances (Shanks) Harvey of that city. Children: 1. Harry George, deceased; 2. Frances H., m. M. W. Glasgow, physician, Ensley; 3. Wesley, Gadsden. Residence: Athens.

READ, JOHN BRANAN, physician, inventor, was born June 11, 1816, at Huntsville, and died January 20, 1900, at Tuscaloosa; son of Col. John Read, a native of Bedford County, who resided at Huntsville, was ensign for two years serving in the U. S. Army under Gen. Wilkinson, removed to Huntsville in 1811, where he established the first U. S. land office, was appointed register, and after being in the mercantile business for five years, retired; grandson of Lord Talbot, Earl of Salisbury, of England. His early education was received in the schools of Huntsville. In 1834 he graduated from the University of Alabama with the degree of A. B., and in 1850 the degree of A. M. was conferred on him. In 1842 he received his M. D. degree from the University of Louisiana, at New Orleans. He practiced medicine and surgery at Tuscaloosa, and during the War of Secession, he served as surgeon of the Alabama corps of cadets, with the rank of major, at the University of Alabama. He was professor of physics and astronomy, at the Agricultural and mechanical college of Alabama, from 1872-73; and was surgeon at the University of Alabama, 1874-1878; and was county health officer, Tuscaloosa, from 1890-99. Dr. Read was an inventor of some note, having invented the rifle shell system now in use with rifle guns of the U. S. army and navy, and a process for making good paper from the okra plant. He was a member of the Democratic party, and a member of the Presbyterian church, which he served as elder for more than fifty years and as superintendent of the Sunday school for forty years. Dr. Read wrote for medical journals, and had completed a book "A New Cosmogony," which has never been published. Married: in Tuscaloosa, August 16, 1837, to Susan Weaver Childress, daughter of Maj. James L. and Mary (Phifer) Childress, the former who was born in Virginia in 1773, removed in early manhood to North Carolina, was married at Salisbury, came to Tuscaloosa in 1818, and resided at Childress Hall, which was located where the capitol building now stands, the latter who was a daughter of Martin Phifer. Children, an adopted daughter, Susie Read, president Stonewall chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy, Chicago, m. August 16, 1888, to William Benton Logan, who died October, 1891, (2) on June 13, 1893, to John Willis Heatfield, Chicago, Ill. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

READY, SHADRACK, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 88, and a resident of Madison County; private Virginia Continental Line; enrolled on December 5, 1820, under act of Congress of March 18, 1818, payment to date from September 11, 1820; annual allowance, \$96; sums received to date of publication of list, \$438.13. Died April 3, 1825.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

REAGOR, L. A., Presbyterian minister; living in 1913. Residence: Winchester, Tenn.

REAVES, R. L., educator, principal of the Pickens County high school, 1913. Residence: Reform.

REAVIS, TURNER, lawyer, circuit judge and State senator, was born June 18, 1812, in Wake or Johnson County, N. C., and died June 18, 1872, at Gainesville, Sumter County. His educational advantages were limited to six months in the school room, but being gifted by nature with a brilliant mind and a studious disposition, he acquired a remarkable range of knowledge and accumulated the best private library in the state. Very little is known of his antecedents, save that they were eminently respectable farmers of North Carolina. He was apprenticed at twelve years of age to a confectioner at Hillsboro, that state, and upon his employer's removal to Raleigh accompanied him thither. At the age of nineteen he entered the employ, as a clerk, of a mercantile firm in Raleigh, N. C., and later the same capacity in a dry goods store at Smithfield, N. C. A short time afterwards in partnership with two friends, an independent mercantile company was formed under the firm name of Reavis, Gully and Minnie. A ship load of goods, that was insured by the buyers, was lost on the Atlantic coast, and the claim was placed by Mr. Reavis in the hands of a Smithfield lawyer, a Mr. Husted. This gentleman, recognizing the extraordinary mental qualities of his client placed in his hands the law books relating to the subject. Within three days the young merchant had not only become an authority on insurance laws, but had determined to master the legal profession. Through the continued courtesy of Mr. Husted he had the use of the necessary law books for private study and six months later stood one of the most brilliant examinations before the supreme court of North Carolina recorded in the history of that body, and was at once admitted to the practice. During this period, 1838, in company with a number of North Carolinians removing to Alabama he came to this state and located at Gainesville, Sumter County, where he passed the last thirty-four years of his useful life. His immediate partnership connection was with Harrison W. Covington, also from North Carolina. In September 1851, upon the election of Judge William R. Smith to congress, followed by his resignation as circuit judge, Governor Collier, without the solicitation of Mr. Reavis, who represented in political views another party, appointed him to the vacancy. This selection was made because of the superior legal abilities, judicial temperament and freedom from acrimony and prejudice of the appointee. Owing to political questions he was defeated for election the following year, but two years later, 1854, he was again appointed circuit judge by the newly elected governor, John A. Winston. In 1860 Judge Reavis was a strong supporter of Breckenridge and Lane and assisted in the campaign for these candidates. In 1861 he was elected State senator from the counties of Sumter and Choctaw and served four years in

that body, taking always a leading part in the measures designed to aid secession. He was very active in regard to the loan for the defense of the Confederate States, traveling and taking subscriptions for the fund. At this time he was a Whig, but after the war he became an ardent Democrat and freely gave of his valuable council in activities of that party. While not a member of any church, he assisted in the support of all denominations, realizing the value of Christian influences in the upbuilding of the State. Author: in 1847 he commenced the "Digest of the decisions of the Supreme Court of Alabama" and executed the arduous task with great credit to himself, and to the satisfaction of the legal profession. In 1850, under appointment of Gov. Andrew Moore he revised the code of Alabama. He made occasional contributions to the press on the public issues of the times, and always with telling effect. Judge Reavis was married three times, his widow still surviving and making her home in Little Rock, Ark. Married: (1) to Susan Gatlin, daughter of Ex-Gov. Gatlin of North Carolina, who lived but a short time; (2) to Mary Strathan (Barret) Jesse, daughter of Dr. John S. and Nancy (Temple) Barret who at one time lived in Gainesville, granddaughter of Col. Benj. and Mary (Baylor) Temple of Virginia, the former holding the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel in the Revolutionary War; (3) to Sarah Jane, to whom he was married a year before his death, daughter of Prof. John S. and Frances Brooks (Newman) Mosby, of Natchez, Miss, the former was descended from the Virginia family of that name and was himself a gentleman and scholar of the highest order, a teacher by profession, the latter descended from the venerable Brooks family of Massachusetts and related to Philips Brooks, the noted Episcopal bishop. Children: by the first wife, 1. Susan Gatlin, m. Hon. Charles Cooke of Virginia; by the second wife, 2. Lucie Barret, m. Maj. T. H. Jackson of South Carolina; 3. Mittie, m. Capt. John V. Moore of New Orleans, La.; by the third wife, 4. Sallie Turner, m. Julian Hamilton Miller formerly of Natchez, Miss., but now living in Little Rock, Ark. Last residence: Gainesville.

REDDEN, R. D., major, 26th, O'Neal's, Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

REDDEN, ROBERT JAMES, physician, was born June 16, 1848, near Russellville, Franklin County; son of Raymond Dial and Elizabeth Charlotte (Kirk) Redden, the former born in Lancaster District, S. C., removed to Alabama and resided in Pickens, Tuscaloosa, and Lamar Counties, served in the 26th Alabama infantry regiment, first as captain and later as major, physician and surgeon; grandson of Jesse Redden and wife, and of William and Elizabeth Kirk, all of Lancaster District, S. C. He was educated in the common schools; studied medicine at the University of Louisville, Ky., 1869-70, and graduated with M. D. degree from Washington university, Baltimore, Md., February 22, 1872. He has been engaged in the practice of medicine since 1870. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; and a Mason. Married: to Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Daniel and Margaret

(Miller) Hollis (q. v.). Children: 1. Blanche Kathleen, m. Robert Green Hill; 2. Stella, m. Albert Sidney Gray; 3. Raymond, m. Mildred Eudocia Cobb; 4. Robert Grey, m. Ella Mayberry; 5. Inez, m. Clyde Vernon Matthews. Residence: Sulligent.

REDWOOD, RICHARD H., major, 8th, Hatch's, also called 9th, Alabama cavalry regiment, C. S. Army.

REED, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 82, and a resident of Fayette County; private N. C. Militia; enrolled on November 15, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$30; sums received to date of publication of list, \$90.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

REED, NATHAN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 72, and a resident of Perry County; private N. C. Militia; enrolled on September 17, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$30; sums received to date of publication of list, \$75.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

REED, ROBERT, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 77, and a resident of St. Clair County; private and sergeant N. C. Militia; enrolled on February 4, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$65; sums received to date of publication of list, \$195.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in St. Clair County, June 1, 1840, aged 75.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

REEDER, WILLIAM C., major and later, lieutenant colonel, 26th, O'Neal's, Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

REESE, CARLOS H., manufacturer and Confederate soldier, was born May 4, 1847, at Eutaw, Greene County; son of Edwin and Charlotte (McKinstry) Reese, the former a native of South Carolina, who served as captain of home guards during the War of Secession, the latter a native of Connecticut. He was reared in his native town, and in the spring of 1862, volunteered as a private in Capt. W. H. Fowler's battery, C. S. Army, serving with this command at Mobile until the spring of 1863, when it joined General Bragg's army at Tullahoma, Tenn. He was in the battles at Chickamauga, Missionary Ridge, Dalton-Atlanta campaign, Franklin and Nashville, ending at Mobile. After the capitulation of General Taylor he was paroled at Meridian, Miss. Since 1882, he has resided at Birmingham and is a manufacturer. Married: in 1872, to Mary Clinton. Children: two daughters. Residence: Birmingham.

REESE, GEORGE, planter and State senator, was born September 16, 1776, in Pendleton District, S. C., and died January 26, 1877, in

Chambers County; son of George and Ann (Story) Reese of Pendleton District; grandson of David Reese, of near Charlotte, Mecklenburg County, N. C., signer of the Mecklenburg Declaration of Independence, May 20, 1775, and a Presbyterian. He was the fourth son of his parents and received his education from a Mr. Breckenridge who taught school in the community school house made of hewn logs and erected by the first settlers in 1800, among whom were the Whitner, Calhoun, Pickens and Taylor families. When he was twenty-three years of age, his parents, having determined upon an agricultural career for him, sent him on horseback to New England to see the model farms of that section. While on this journey he visited Yale college, at New Haven, and also met a number of celebrities at other points. In his journal he has left an interesting narrative of his experience on this journey. He met Joseph Bonaparte and was entertained in his home in New Jersey, saw Aaron Burr, and Van Buren in New York, and in Washington City found Senator Earl of South Carolina "sitting in his seat with his hat on, dressed in homespun." In 1836 he volunteered to fight the Indians and was assigned to the command of Major-Gen. Thomas Pinckney. He was elected to the South Carolina legislature, and later removed to Georgia, and thence to Chambers County, 1839. He was elected, by the Democratic party, to the senate of this State and served three terms. In 1865 he was a candidate for congress from the 3rd district but was defeated by Gen. Cullen Battle. Married: in 1824, in Sumter, S. C., to Mary Ann, daughter of Gavin Witherspoon of Revolutionary fame, descendant of John Witherspoon, D. D., of Princeton, signer of the Declaration of Independence and a brother-in-law of John Knox, the noted Scotch Presbyterian minister. Children: 1. David Addison; 2. Anna Story; 3. Gavin Witherspoon; 4. Jeanette Amelia, educated at LaGrange college, Ga., m. Donom Witherspoon, her cousin, of Yorkville, S. C.; 5. Osenappa; 6. Milton Eli, educated at the University of Georgia and read law at the University of Virginia, m. Mrs. Ella Cooper Hagerty, Wetumpka; 7. Edwin Horatio; 8. Marah. Mr. and Mrs. George Reese celebrated their golden wedding in 1874 at the home of their son, Milton E., West Point, Ga. Last residence: Chambers County.

REESE, HENRY FONTAINE, lawyer, was born December 15, 1863, near Demopolis, Marengo County; son of Henry Winston and Julia Malvina (Winn) Reese, the former who was a native of Buckingham County, Va., settled in Marengo County about 1836, was a physician, soon becoming one of the leading physicians of that section of the state, and was a third cousin of Patrick Henry, and the latter who was a descendant of the ancient Winn, Wynne, or Gynne family of Welsh ancestry who claim to trace their lineage back to the ancient rulers and princes of Wales as far as to the date of the Christian era; grandson of Herod and Frances Winston (Walker) Reese, who lived in Buckingham County, Virginia, and of Capt. Asa B.

Winn and a Miss Schwartz who lived in Marengo County, near what is now Van Dorn; great-grandson of Lieut. William Winston, who was an officer of the colonial military service of Great Britain for many years before American independence. Henry F. Reese received his early education under a governess, Miss Rose Pendleton, daughter of Gen. W. N. Pendleton, C. S. Army; later attended Howard college for three years; entered the state university and was graduated A. B., in 1883; graduated from the law department of Georgetown university, 1885, with LL. B. degree, and from the same department in 1888 with the degree of LL. M.; was admitted to the bar of the supreme court of the District of Columbia in 1886; practiced in Washington, D. C., from June, 1889, to December, 1889; then removed to Selma; was for five years president of the bar association of Dallas County; was law clerk in the U. S. treasury department, 1884 to 1889; represented Dallas County in the constitutional convention of 1901; served on the committees on education, legislative department and state and county boundaries; was the author of and responsible for the constitutional provisions providing for private trials in rape cases, of provision fixing property basis of representation in legislature, and also of an ordinance providing for an election of a railroad commission; was a member of the committee of the convention which prepared an address to the people of Alabama, advising the adoption of the present constitution, and in November, 1906, was elected to the state senate. He is a Democrat, a Mason, and was for three terms a member of the committee on Masonic Jurisprudence of the Grand Royal Arch chapter of Alabama, and a Baptist. Married: on December 8, 1886, in Selma, to Miss Kate Lamar, daughter of Dent and Elizabeth (Law) Lamar. Children: 1. Henry Fontaine, jr.; 2. Katherine Lamar; 3. Frances Lamar. Residence: Selma.

REESE, JAMES ELEY, lawyer and State senator, was born July 12, 1802, in Pendleton District, S. C., and died July 2, 1876, in Opelika, while temporarily absent from his home; sixth son of George and Ann (Story) Reese of South Carolina and brother of George Reese (q. v.). He received his preparatory education in his native county and graduated in both the academic and the law departments, South Carolina college, Columbia, S. C. He removed to Lafayette in 1842 and entered upon the successful practice of his profession. He was a Whig in politics and represented that party in the Alabama State senate in 1843, succeeding his brother, George, who had previously served in the upper branch of the legislature as a Democrat. He was a Presbyterian. His remains were interred in the old Hopewell cemetery, West Point, Ga. Married: in 1843 in Lafayette, to Lucy Allison, of that place. Last residence: Lafayette.

REESE, LITTLETON, soldier of the American Revolution, aged 76, resided in Autauga County, June 1, 1840.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

REESE, WALTER P., physician, was born November 30, 1818, in Putnam County, Ga., and died February 21, 1878, at Selma. His early education was received at Rocky Mount, Autauga County. In 1840, he attended one course of lectures at the Medical university of Pennsylvania, and in 1842, attended a second course of lectures at the Medical university of Louisville, where he graduated in 1842. In 1843, he removed near Pleasant Hill, Lowndes County, where he commenced to practice medicine, and in 1851, removed to Selma. He was elected a member of the State medical association, in 1848; was treasurer of that association from 1852-1857; was president of the Selma medical society, 1865-66; was president of the Selma board of health, in 1875; and in 1876-77, was sanitary superintendent and register of vital statistics of Selma. He contributed freely to various medical journals, was the author of an essay on yellow and typhoid fevers, and the following articles: "Marasmus peculiar to the black race," "Hypodermic Medication," published in 1861, "On the use of the Obstetric Forceps," "Influence of the mind in health and disease," "Abortions," "Public Hygiene," "Sickness Tax," "Drainage," "Food Inspection," "School Hygiene," "Preventive Medicine," "Sanitary Science," "Water Pollution," and many others. He was an Old Line Whig, and in 1860, supported Bell and Everett. He was a member of the Cumberland Presbyterian church. Married: to Mary Turner. Children: 1. William, b. June 7, 1846, courier in the Jeff Davis artillery, C. S. Army, d. in C. S. Army. Last residence: Selma.

REESE, WARREN STONE, planter, cotton merchant, mayor of Montgomery, was born October 12, 1842, at Sylacauga, and died December 16, 1898, at Montgomery; son of Dr. James Thomas and Mary Spencer (Powell) Reese, the former who was a Virginian, practiced medicine at Rome, Ga., was mayor of Selma before the War of Secession, served in the Creek War of 1836, and was surgeon in the C. S. Army, the latter who was a sister of Col. James R. Powell (q. v.); grandson of Col. Addison and Katherine (Spencer) Powell, who lived at King George County, Va., and moved to Coosa County, in 1820; a descendant of members of the Powell and Reese family who were engaged in the early development of the country, and who fought in the Revolutionary War, and of David Reese, a Presbyterian minister, who was the son of a Presbyterian minister, who moved from Pennsylvania, to North Carolina. He received his education in the country schools, later attending Marion institute. At the outbreak of the War of Secession, he was engaged in business for his uncle, but resigning, he enlisted in the Montgomery mounted rifles. He was made a first lieutenant when the company merged into a regiment, and when the regiment went into Kentucky, under the command of Gen. Bragg, he was promoted to captain. When he was nineteen years old he was promoted to the rank of colonel by Gen. Joseph Wheeler, for gallantry on the field of Chickamauga, and was assigned to the Twelfth Alabama cavalry, with which he served until

the close of the war. He was recommended for promotion as brigadier-general, but because of the condition of affairs, the papers never reached headquarters, and the commission was never received. Colonel Reese was the youngest colonel in the army of the Tennessee. After the war he returned to Montgomery, and engaged in the planting and cotton commission business. He served as mayor of Montgomery in 1885-87, and 1887-89, but was absent for a time in 1887, when he attended the Paris exposition, having received his appointment of commissioner from President Cleveland. In 1896, he was the fusion candidate for election to the U. S. senate, but was defeated by John T. Morgan. He was a delegate to the Presbyterian convention; was influential in raising money for the erection of a soldier's monument at Montgomery; was president of the Alabama soldier's monument association; was originator of the Hon. Jefferson Davis tour through Alabama and Georgia, was president of the Montgomery shooting club; and of the Alabama sportsman association. He was a Mason; an Elk; Knight of Pythias; Knight of Honor; and a Redman. Married: on December 29, 1846, in Montgomery, to Mary Ludlow, daughter of Col. John A. and Laura (Martin) Elmore, who lived at Edgefield, S. C.; granddaughter of John A. Elmore (q. v.). Children: 1. Mary Powell Elmore, resides at Montgomery, m. William Elijah Richardson, lawyer of Montgomery, b. December 15, 1855, A. M. and LL. B. from the University of Alabama, d. June 13, 1895, children, (1) Minnie Reese, m. George Bushrod Magg, (2) Coralye Reese; 2. Warren Stone, b. January 31, 1866, LL. B., from University of Alabama, U. S. attorney, middle district of Alabama, 1897 and for several years, m. Essie Lee Whitfield of Brunswick, Ga., lawyer at Montgomery, children, Warren III; 3. Laura Martin, deceased, m. Lord Dodd; 4. Kathryn Spencer; 5. Carrie Bostick, deceased, m. William Pullum. Last residence: Montgomery.

REEVES, JAMES AVERY, lawyer, examiner of accounts, was born November 22, 1842, in Jasper County, Ga., and died February 11, 1900, at Center; son of James Madison and Susan Rice (Watt) Reeves, who came from Georgia in the early thirties and settled at Cedar Bluff, Cherokee County. His father died when he was twelve years old, and his mother married Rev. O. D. McNeely. He received his education in the schools of Cherokee County, entered the college of Murfreesboro, Tenn., in 1858, and withdrew the year he was to have graduated to enter the C. S. Army. He enlisted in August, 1861, in the Nineteenth Alabama, was severely wounded at Shiloh, discharged, and in the fall of 1863, entered the quartermasters department, in which he was assigned to post duty at Center and Golden. He was appointed by the governor as special aid in 1864, with the rank of colonel, and was assigned to the duty of raising and organizing state troops. In September, 1865, he began the study of law, was admitted to the bar at Center, in the fall of 1867, and entered into partnership with Maj. Thomas B. Cooper. He was elected county treasurer in 1865, held that office for one year, and from

1866-1867, was journal clerk of the House of Representatives. He had been appointed register in chancery, in 1865, and held this office in addition to his other duties until 1880. In February, 1868, he was elected to the legislature, and was appointed state examiner of public accounts by Gov. Seay, in the spring of 1887, holding this office through Govs. Jones' and Oates' administrations. He was a member of the Democratic party, and in 1874, when the radical party had control of the state, and George S. Houston was running for governor, Mr. Reeves, Henry Clay Tompkins, Gen. James Clanton, his intimate friend, and B. B. Lewis, toured the state in the interests of the Democratic party. He was a Mason. Married: (1) on December 20, 1866, to Mary E. Haynes of Center; (2) to Elizabeth Harrison, daughter of Marion Augustus and Celia (Fitzpatrick) Baldwin (q. v.), who lived at Montgomery, the former who was for nineteen years attorney general of the state, the latter who was a niece of Gov. Ben Fitzpatrick; granddaughter of Joseph Fitzpatrick, who represented Montgomery County in the legislature in 1820-22; and a descendant of Abraham Baldwin, who was the founder of the University of Georgia, and for whom Baldwin County is named. Children, by first marriage: 1. Maggie, Rome, Ga.; 2. James Haynes, captain in the U. S. Army, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.; 3. Mary T.; 4. John A., B. S., 1896, Center college; by second marriage: 5. Helen Baldwin, m. December 11, 1912, to Hon. Oscar Alexander Lane, an attorney of Greenville, one daughter, Helen Elizabeth. Last residence: Center.

REEVES, WILLIAM N., major, 4th battalion artillery, Hilliard's Alabama Legion, C. S. Army.

REID, AUGUSTA (RANDOLPH), manager woman's department State fair and author, was born July 25, 1859, at Eutaw, Greene County; daughter of Brett and Emma (Herdon) Randolph, the former, during several terms, State senator from Blount County; granddaughter of Victor Moreau and Augusta (Granberry) Randolph, the former commander of the "Albany," and of Thomas H. and Emma (Toulmin) Herndon, who lived at Erie, Hale County. Mrs. Reid was educated at Miss Quigley's school in Mobile. In 1898 she was made manager of the woman's department of the Alabama State fair, at Birmingham, and has held that position to date. Author: numerous special feature articles and fiction for the current press. She is an Episcopalian. Married: October 2, 1878, at Blount Springs, to John Bradley, son of Dr. John H. and Ann (Perry) Reid, who lived at Marion. Mrs. Reid, sr., m. (2), Samuel H. Fowkes, of Marion. Children: 1. Emma Toulmin, m. H. S. Ryall, Birmingham; 2. Annie Perry, deceased, m. John Wade Watts, Birmingham; 3. Augusta Randolph, m. W. Lee Roueche, Birmingham; 4. Brett Randolph, m. Rufus A. Russell, Birmingham; 5. John B., jr.; 6. Oliver Fowkes. Residence: Birmingham.

REID, CLIVE ESKELE, lawyer, was born January 8, 1867, near Mount Willing, Lowndes

County; son of George Edward and Laura Olivia (Harris) Reid; the former who was born at Ft. Deposit, and was a lieutenant in Co. F, Twenty-third Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army; grandson of Alexander and Nancy (Cook) Reid, and of Buckner and Sarah Marion (McKeithen) Harris. Clive Eskelle Reid received his education in the county schools and in the Ft. Deposit high school. He has been a bookkeeper; engaged as a teacher; was a railroad agent; read law and was admitted to the bar in 1897; was a member of the Lowndes County Rifles, 1888, 1889 and 1894; was elected to the state senate in November, 1906, and again in 1907. He is a Democrat; a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, which he has served as steward; a Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: (1) in 1890, to Josephine Tennille, daughter of Joseph C. and Mary E. (Douglas) Avent; (2) in 1900, to Rose, daughter of W. W. Drane of Hayneville; (3) in 1903, to Mary Charlotte, daughter of S. M. and Sallie E. (Frierson) Cumming. Residence: Andalusia.

REID, GEORGE P. L., deputy grand commander, grand commandery, Masons, 1878.

REID, JOHN COLEMAN, lawyer, colonel in C. S. Army, was born December 6, 1824, in Tuscaloosa County; son of Thomas and Mary (Coleman) Reid, the former, who was of Irish ancestry, was a planter, a native of North Carolina, who came to Alabama in 1818, lived for many years in Tuscaloosa County, and then removed to Memphis County, where he died, the latter who was a descendant of the branch of the Coleman family that traced its ancestry to Germany. He received his education at Memphis; at the age of nineteen began to study law; was admitted to the bar at Jacksonville, Tenn., in 1848; began to practice at Purdy, Tenn.; went to Kingston where he lived from 1845-51; and then removed to Marion, where he remained for seventeen years. In 1856, Col. Reid, at the head of a company of twenty-eight men, started on a volunteer expedition to explore the "Gadsden Purchase," the territory which now comprises Arizona and that part of New Mexico lying west of the Rio Grande. The expedition lasted ten months. Col. Reid, at the time he purposed to go on the expedition was prominent in politics, was a member of the legislature, and a Fillmore elector, and it was to get out of politics that he went on this "tramp." The story of the expedition was published under the title of "Reid's Tramp" in 1858. In 1860, he supported Bell and Everett, was opposed to secession, however, after the election of Lincoln, he gave his unqualified support to the south. He was a "Know nothing" and was at one time elected to the State legislature. In April, 1861, he entered the C. S. Army, as first lieutenant of Co. A, Eighth Alabama, and in the following October was commissioned to raise a regiment of infantry, afterward known as the Twenty-eighth Alabama, of which he was lieutenant-colonel, until just before the battle of Murfreesboro, when he was promoted to the rank of colonel. In the fall of

1864, he was advanced, by Gen. Johnston, to the rank of brigadier-general, and was in command in north Alabama of a part of a cavalry brigade, from that time until the end of the war. He was with Magruder on the expedition across the peninsula of the James and York Rivers, and as colonel of his regiment, participated in the battles of Murfreesboro, and Chickamauga. At the close of the war, he resumed his law practice at Marion, and removed to Selma, in 1871. He was a Catholic. Married: (1) in 1850, to Mrs. Alice Coughlin, who died eighteen months after her marriage; (2) at Robertson's Spring, to Adelaide O. Reid, who died October 22, 1883; (3) in February, 1886, at Selma, to Mary Frances, daughter of Francis Erwin, Esq., of Dallas, Tex. Residence: Selma.

REID, SAMUEL GERSHAM, editor, was born September 17, 1834, at Greensboro, Hale County, and died in April, 1881, at his home near Montgomery. Mr. Reid came of distinguished ancestry on both sides of the house, his grandfather being a descendant of the Lord High Admiral of Scotland in the great days of Bruce, while his grandmother was of old colonial and English stock. The family came from England to America and settled in North Carolina. Mr. Reid began his education in Greensboro and later attended Davidson college and the University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill. He entered upon his professional career as editor in Marion, 1853. On account of having weak lungs he could not enter the active fighting militia service of the Confederacy, but his pen was busy defending the principles of States Rights for which the South was fighting. For a short time during the contest between the slaves and the free rollers, he conducted a Southern rights paper in Kansas, and attained distinction as a vigorous writer. In 1859 he became editor of "The Montgomery Advertiser" and throughout the period of his connection as editor and part owner, he was an ardent advocate of the theory of Secession, and was the close personal and political friend of Wm. L. Yancey. In 1868 he disposed of his holding in the newspaper and in 1870 joined the Republican party. He was an Episcopalian. Married: January 3, 1861, in Montgomery, to Clara Medford, daughter of Pearley and Camilla (Sanford) Gerald (q. v.) of that city. Children: 1. Pearley, d. in childhood; 2. Hattie, m. (1) James Johnson; (2) Leon Logan, reside at Chimney Rock, N. C.; 3. Camilla, unmarried; 4. Emily, m. W. H. Lawrence, of Livingston; 5. Helen, m. James W. Singleton, Florence; 6. Gaston, d. in infancy; 7. Maude, m. Edward Wood Naylor, lives in Montgomery; 8. Julia, d. unmarried. Last residence: Montgomery.

REILLY, ANDREW JACKSON, civil and mining engineer, was born January 3, 1858, at Philadelphia, Pa.; son of Andrew Jackson and Catharine Elizabeth (Cassaday) Reilly, the former a major in the Federal Army during the War of Secession and for thirty-five years clerk in the court of common pleas in Philadelphia,

a position held by his father, Paul Reilly, for twenty-five years previous to his appointment. The latter was a soldier of the war of 1812, and a Jackson Democrat. Mr. Reilly was educated until fourteen years of age in the public schools of his native city. At twenty-two he entered upon his professional career and practiced it in Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Maryland and for the past fifteen years in Alabama. He was justice of the peace in Charlotte County, Va., 1879-80. He is a Democrat and a Catholic. Married: May 31, 1879, in Philadelphia, to Katherine Theresa Dolan of that city. Residence: Ensley.

REMBERT, JAMES MONROE, planter, was born at Camden, Sumter County, S. C., in 1819, and died from wounds received at the battle of Shiloh; son of Caleb and Mary Magdeline (Michau) Rembert, the former a native of South Carolina, who removed to Alabama, located at Rembert Hills, Marengo County, where he became an extensive farmer. Capt. Rembert was educated in the schools of Marengo County and later at the University of Alabama. He served as captain of the 21st Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, and was mortally wounded at the battle of Shiloh. Married: to Elizabeth De Bondelle, daughter of Gen. Julius and Elizabeth (Rogers) Poellnitz (q. v.). Children: 1. James, d. in infancy; 2. Celeste, m. Frank N. Kitchell; 3. Mary Louise, d. in infancy; 4. Caleb, m. Gus Askew; 5. Elizabeth, d. in infancy; 6. Julius, m. Susie Lyon, who with his family, except Helen and Rosa, were drowned in a steamboat explosion, near Demopolis. Last residence: "Rembert Hills," Marengo County.

RENFRO, NOAH P., banker and legislator, was born October 3, 1855, at Cusseta, Chambers County; son of N. P. and Nancy (Rinehart) Renfro, the former was a farmer and died in July, 1855. He was educated in the schools of Cusseta; later at West Point, Ga.; attended Howard college, Marion; and in 1877 engaged in the grocery business with his brothers, F. and F. M. Renfro. In 1888 this business became a banking and warehouse firm exclusively. He became vice-president of the First national bank of Opelika in March, 1886, and a member of the city council of Opelika. He is a stock holder in the Cherwackia lime works, situated near Opelika. He was one of the delegates from Lee County to the constitutional convention of 1901; and a member of the State senate from the twenty-seventh district in 1911. He is a Democrat; Methodist; Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: in 1885, at Greenville, to Maggie, daughter of T. P. and Laura (Williamson) McCall, of that place. Children: 1. Neville P. Residence: Opelika.

RENFROE, JOHN JEFFERSON DEYAMP-ERT, Baptist minister, chaplain in C. S. Army, was born August 30, 1830, in Montgomery County, and died June 2, 1888, at Birmingham. He had meagre educational advantages, and in 1848 was baptized into the fellowship of the Caleb Baptist church, in Macon County, by Rev. A. N.



MAJOR F. Y. ANDERSON

Worthy, and was soon authorized by the church to preach. He then studied for a time at Prof. John's scientific institute at Tuskegee, and going as pastor to Cherokee County, continued his studies as best he could. In 1852, he was ordained to the full work of the ministry, and served churches in Calhoun and Cherokee Counties for the next five years. On January 1, 1858, he became pastor of the church in Talladega, where he remained over twenty-nine years. His brother, Rev. N. D. Renfro, pastor at Jacksonville, entered the C. S. Army at the beginning of the war, as lieutenant, and was killed when in command of his company, near Hamilton's Crossing, in the battle of Fredericksburg, December 13, 1862, and it was in this same year that Rev. Renfro began service in the C. S. Army, as chaplain of the Tenth Alabama Regiment in the army of northern Virginia, with which he served until the end of the war. In 1872, at the meeting of the Alabama Baptist state convention in Eufaula, he championed the organization of a state mission board; in 1875, the degree of D. D., was conferred upon him by Howard college. He made addresses throughout the state during the Centennial convention of 1876; and was one of the editors of the "Alabama Baptist." For more than a year before his death, in 1880, he was pastor of the Southside Baptist church of Birmingham. He published a sermon he had preached in the army of northern Virginia after the defeat at Gettysburg, and has left a volume of war sermon notes, together with incidentals of their delivery. He was a Democrat and a Mason. Married: in Cherokee County, to Elsie Lee, who died in September, 1887, daughter of Dr. Lee, who lived at Washington County, Ga., but moved to Cherokee County during the childhood of Mrs. Renfro. Children: 1. Graves; 2. Theodosia; 3. Curry; 4. Annie, m. Dr. John R. Sampey (q. v.), reside at Louisville, Ky.; 5. Croquette; 6. John; 7. Elsie Lee; 8. Ruby; all deceased except Mrs. Sampey. Last residence: Birmingham.

RENFROE, N. D., Baptist minister, was born October 7, 1833, in Macon County, was killed, December 13, 1862, in the battle of Fredericksburg, Va., and is buried in Talladega. He received his education at Cedar Bluff academy and Union university, Tenn. He was ordained as pastor of the Jacksonville church, in 1859. He entered the Confederate service at the opening of the War of Secession. He was unmarried. Last residence: Jacksonville.

RENO, CONRAD, lawyer and inventor, was born December 28, 1859, at Mt. Vernon; son of Maj. Gen. Jesse Lee and Mary Bradley Beanes (Cross) Reno, the former a native of Wheeling, W. Va., a brigadier-general in the Union Army, who at one time, 1859-60, had charge of the arsenal at Mt. Vernon, and who was killed in action, September 14, 1862. Conrad Reno was a student at Lehigh university, 1878-80, and Harvard law school, 1880-82; received the LL. B. degree from Boston university, 1883; and attended John Hopkins university, 1913-14. He practiced in Boston, 1883-

1914; drafted the public service tri-partnership bill, 1907, for regulating rates and changes, dividends and wages in public service corporations; also the railroad tri-partnership bill, 1908; gas tri-partnership bill, 1909; business tri-partnership bill, 1911; and the interstate tri-partnership bill, 1911. He is the inventor of the "stream" method of wireless transmission of energy. He was a member of the First corps of cadets of Boston, 1887-90, and of the Veterans' association, 1915-18. Author: "State regulation of wages," 1891; "Non-Residents and foreign corporations," 1892; "Employers' liability acts," 1896-1903; "History of the judicial system of New England," 1900; "The Partnership of man"; also a contributor to law and other journals. Married: April 13, 1887, to Susan M., daughter of Rev. William T. Eustis, of Springfield, Mass. Residence: Springfield, Mass.

REPASS, W. G., major, 7th Confederate battalion, C. S. Army.

REQUIER, AUGUSTUS JULIAN, lawyer, Federal and Confederate district attorney, author, was born May 27, 1825, at Charleston, S. C. and died March 19, 1887, in New York City. His father was a native of Marseilles, France, and his mother was the daughter of a French Haytian planter who fled to the United States during the insurrection. He received a classical education, and in 1844 was admitted to the bar in his native city. Six years later he removed to Marion, S. C., where he continued the practice of the law. In 1850 located in Mobile, and three years later, 1853, he was appointed by President Buchanan, U. S. district attorney for the southern district of Alabama. At the beginning of the War of Secession he was continued as Confederate States attorney. After the war closed, he removed to New York City where he at once took a secure place at that bar, and was later appointed assistant district attorney. He was a corporation lawyer of much ability. While not a practical politician he took a prominent part in Tammany. In 1842, at the age of seventeen, he wrote a play, "The Spanish Exile," in blank verse which was acted with success, and which gave him prosperity as an author. "The Old Sanctuary," a pre-Revolutionary romance, appeared two years later. In 1859 he published "Marco Bozzaris: A Tragedy"; "Crystalline, and Other Poems." Other poems of merit were "Ashes of glory"; "Only a dream"; "Clouds in the West"; "Who was it"; "The legend of Tremaine"; "Ode to Shakespeare"; "Ode to victory, 1862-64." He wrote a number of Confederate poems of which "Ashes of glory" a martial lyric, was written as a reply to Father Ryan's "Conquered banner." Upon his departure from Mobile to make his home in New York a newspaper of the former city said: "It is natural that we should grant grudgingly what we cannot afford to part with; and in the present case we thus constrainedly contribute a jurist of eminent skill, energy and acquirements; an orator who blends the impassioned fervor of Prentiss with the laboriously informed acumen of Pinckney; a litterateur whose productions are foremost

among those which illustrate the artistic resources of his section; and last but not least, a gentleman whose amiable deportment and refined manners are the genuine reflex of a soul incapable of guile." Last residence: New York City.

REYNOLDS, BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, Chickasaw Indian agent, was born in 1788 in Fayette County, Ky., and died in 1843, at Newport, Franklin County. He removed to Maury County, Tenn., in 1807 and served in both branches of the legislature of that State. He was captain in the 39th regiment and was wounded in the battle of Horseshoe Bend. He assisted in burying Maj. Lemuel P. Montgomery, who fell in the first charge in that sanguinary battle. When General Jackson became President he appointed Capt. Reynolds agent for the Chickasaw Indians and in 1830 he removed to Franklin County. He was elected to the house of representatives from that county three terms, 1839, 1840 and 1841. He was a presidential elector in 1840. He was a Democrat. Married: Mrs. Katherine (Gray) Allen, of Kentucky. Children: 1. Chambers, m. Levenia Cowan, Riverton; 2. Montgomery, m. Amelia Carter; 3. Marandy, m. Julian Carter, moved to Texas; 4. James Allen, m. Cynthia Allan, Newport; 5. Benjamin Franklin, jr., m. Cornelia Ann Avery, was killed in the Mexican War, 1846, while fighting under Sam Houston, Newport; 6. Thomas, m. Sara Tuberville, Riverton; 7. Katherine, m. Alexander Dugger, Iuka, Miss.; 8. Nancy, m. Mastin Green, Allsboro. Last residence: Newport.

REYNOLDS, FIELDING, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 70, and a resident of Dallas County; private and sergeant S. C. State Troops; enrolled on March 8, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$93.33; sums received to date of publication of list, \$279.99.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

REYNOLDS, HENRY CLAY, business man and first president Alabama girl's technical institute, was born March 11, 1838, in Warren County, Tenn.; son of Elisha and Nancy (Petty) Reynolds, the former left Tennessee in 1841, located in Alabama, and resided successively in Montgomery, Greenville, Selma and Montevallo, in association with Wade Allen established a line of stages between Montgomery and Mobile, was a mail contractor, during the Mexican War ran a "pony express," and died in Shelby County; grandson of a Revolutionary soldier whose home was in North Carolina. He was reared in Selma, where he received his early education; also attended school in Montgomery and Greenville, and for one year attended the Georgia military institute at Marietta; served in the War of Secession under Colonel John T. Morgan, in the first Alabama "Partisan Rangers" later known as the 51st Alabama cavalry regiment, was orderly sergeant, 1st lieutenant and captain. He was a Democrat, and a Baptist. Married: (1) April 30, 1861, to

Mary Jane, daughter of Hugh and Elizabeth Boyd, of Chester, S. C.; (2) Mrs. Hattie Meredith; (3) Mrs. Augusta Nelson. Children: all by first marriage: 1. William Boyd, m. Martha, daughter of Mims Walker of Faunsdale; 2. Bessie Elminor, m. R. S. Allen, merchant of Birmingham; 3. Eugene DuBose, m. Sallie, daughter of Mims Walker, Faunsdale; 4. Herbert Elisha (q. v.), graduate of the University of Alabama and of the University of Virginia, a lawyer and merchant, member of the State Senate, died in Birmingham from an operation for appendicitis, m. Nora, daughter of Judge John Leeper; 5. Frederick Knox, a physician residing in Birmingham, m. Maud Thompson; 6. Fannie Belle, m. Frederick Rogan; Montevallo; 7. Henry Clay, jr., Birmingham; 8. Mary Maud, Montevallo, dec. m. Emmet Jones; 9. Cecil Cleveland, d. in infancy; 10. Lucia Louise, m. Henry White, lives in Marion. Last residence: Montevallo.

REYNOLDS, HERBERT E., lawyer, merchant and legislator, was born October 8, 1869, at Montevallo, Shelby County; son of Henry Clay and Mary J. (Boyd) Reynolds (q. v.). He was educated in the schools of Montevallo; graduated A. B., 1889, and LL. B., 1890, from the University of Alabama; attended the University of Virginia, 1890-91; and from 1891 to 1894 practiced his profession at Columbiana. From 1900 to 1904 he was mayor of Centerville; and was for sometime a member of the Bibb County board of education. He is now a planter, and in the cotton and mercantile business. He was State senator from the eighteenth district in the legislature of 1901. He was a Democrat; and a Baptist. Married: October 20, 1896, at Birmingham, to Nora (Woodruff) Leeper, daughter of Judge John and Francis (Woodruff) Leeper; granddaughter of Judge Samuel Leeper, of Shelby County. Children: 1. John Leeper; 2. Eugene Du Bose. Last residence: Centerville.

REYNOLDS, JAMES, farmer and merchant, was born July 12, 1818, at Woodville, Greene County, Ga., and died November 1, 1899, at Butler Springs; son of John Reynolds of Woodville. He was a successful farmer and merchant and was for many years prior to the War of Secession postmaster at Pine Flat, Butler County, to which place he moved in early manhood. He purchased the home of his father-in-law, and resided there from 1848 to his death, more than fifty years. He was a Methodist, and a steward in the local church for thirty years. Married: March 7, 1846, at Pine Flat, to Martha M., daughter of Abel and Martha Barge of that place. Children: 1. Molly, m. Wm. H. Lloyd, Pine Apple; 2. Seaborn Marion, m. Susie C. Key, Liberty; 3. Mattie E., m. (1) Jerre C. Lloyd, (2) Elder A. V. Atkins, Los Angeles, Calif.; 4. Emma E., m. John A. Smith, Los Angeles; 5. Minnie E., m. J. T. Moncrief. Last residence: Butler Springs.

REYNOLDS, LEWIS HENRY, merchant and probate judge, was born October 16, 1864, at Tuskegee; son of William Jobe and Susan Mor-

ris (Jordan) Reynolds, the former a native of Tuskegee, and a member of Co. K, 45th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, was shot in the eye while in the service, and located in Chilton County in 1872; grandson of William Lewis and Nancy Reynolds, of Edgefield District, S. C., and of Samuel and Sarah Jordan, of Campbell County, Va. W. A. Reynolds, a brother of L. H. Reynolds, was a member of the legislature of Alabama, 1919. Judge Reynolds was educated in the country schools, and is a farmer and a merchant. He was a representative from Chilton County in the legislature, 1896-97, 1898-99, and 1903. He was a delegate to the constitutional convention of 1901 from Chilton County, serving on the committees on local legislation and banks and banking; and was probate judge of the county, 1904-1910. He is a Progressive Republican; a Methodist; a Mason; a Shriner; a Woodman; and a Red Man. Married: February 26, 1888, at Birmingham, to Dora Cornelia, daughter of James and Margaret Marshall, of Watkinsville, Ga. Children: 1. Grady, a lawyer at Clanton; 2. Lewis Claude; 3. Winnie Davis; 4. Willey Myrtle; 5. Omar. Residence: Clanton.

REYNOLDS, ROBERT DAVIS, physician; graduate of the medical department of the University of Alabama, 1880; licensed to practice by the county board of Dale, 1887. Residence: Ozark.

REYNOLDS, ROBERT MCCONNELL, State auditor, was born August 27, 1826, at Rix Mills, Muskingum County, Ohio, and died June 1, 1885, as the result of an accident, at St. Louis, Mo.; son of John and Agnes (McConnell) Reynolds, a native of McConnellsville, Pa., later a resident of Rix Mills, Ohio; grandson of Judge McConnell of Morgan County, Ohio. The family is of Scotch-Irish descent, and Covenanters in religion. He was principal of a private school at North Prairie, Ill., later principal of a large private school in Keokuk, Iowa, and later still president of the North Protestant Methodist college, then located at Henry, Ill., but now at Adrian, Mich. He enlisted in the Union Army, June, 1861, as 1st lieutenant, Co. A, 1st Iowa volunteer cavalry, was promoted captain, and severely wounded at Little Rock, Ark. After the War of Secession he located in Alabama; was a delegate from Wilcox County to the constitutional convention of 1867; appointed State auditor, 1868; appointed collector of the Port at Mobile, 1872; appointed U. S. Minister to Bolivia, South America, 1874; auditor in the U. S. treasury department, 1878-1885. He was a Republican and Presbyterian. Married: February 19, 1850, at Laharpe, Ill., to Orpha Wood, daughter of Rev. Rufus and Jemima (Gittings) Richardson, D. D., M. D., of that place; granddaughter of Jesse and Annie (Jones) Richardson, the former a Revolutionary soldier who served in the Connecticut line, and of Ason and Eliza (Clark) Gittings; great-granddaughter of David and Rachael (Richards) Richardson, who was of English stock. Children: 1. Rollo; 2. Annie Jones; 3. Susie; 4. Lovell Knowles, captain U. S. Navy, the recipient of four medals for bravery in line of duty, and died in

February, 1893, in Washington, D. C., at the age of thirty-six; 5. Robert McConnell; 6. Francis Joseph, m. Martha Isabel Maloney, residence New York City. Last residence: Washington, D. C.

REYNOLDS, THOMAS HENRY, planter, was born May 11, 1828, at Forsyth, Warren County, Ga., and died October 29, 1892, at Nottingham, Talladega County; son of Walker and Epsey Ann (Gibson) Reynolds (q. v.). He received a good early education in the private and public schools of Talladega, in 1844, entered the University of Georgia, and in 1845 entered the University of Alabama, as a sophomore. During the War of Secession he served in the commissary department of the C. S. Army. He was defeated for secretary of state, by Mr. Langdon, of Mobile, in the early eighties, and engaged in planting in Talladega County. He was a member of the Democratic party, a Baptist and a Mason. Married: (1) on September 27, 1849, at Aberdeen, Miss., to Morglan Reynolds, his first cousin, who died December 24, 1858; (2) on December 12, 1860, at Shorters, Macon County, to Elizabeth Amanda Jordan, daughter of Jesse James and Amanda Frances Jordan of Montgomery. Children: by first marriage, three who died in infancy, 1. Walker; 2. Young; 3. Tallulah; by second marriage, 4. Jessie A., Atlanta, Ga., m. Thomas Finley, deceased, child, Thomas Reynolds; 5. Thomas Jordan, b. January 27, 1864, teller Merchants' and Planters' National Bank, president of the Fourth National Bank, Montgomery, m. (1) Mollie E. Mitchell, (2) Emily E. Allen, Montgomery, children, Joseph Allen, Thomas Jordan, Jr., Emily Campbell; 6. Walker Reynolds, Rendalia; 7. Henry Pearly, deceased; 8. Jordan Fred, deceased; 9. Gibson, b. January 16, 1877, A. B. degree from University of Alabama, 1897, M. D., 1901, Columbia university, N. Y., interne at the General memorial hospital, N. Y., unmarried. Last residence: Nottingham.

REYNOLDS, WALKER, planter, promoter, was born August 28, 1799, in Warren County, Ga., and died January 18, 1871; son of Reuben and Margaret (Walker) Reynolds, the former who was a native of Madison County, Va., the latter who was a Georgian; grandson of Thomas Reynolds, who was of Scotch-Irish descent, and who lived and died on the Rapidan River, Va., and of George Walker, who came from Ireland and settled in Burke County, Ga. He received a limited education in the oldfield schools of that day, and did some studying and reading at home. He came to Alabama in 1832, and settled among the Indians in Talladega County. In 1849 he was elected to the legislature on the Whig ticket, and during his service there, he succeeded in securing the passing of a charter giving to the county a railroad running through its entire length, then known as Alabama & Tennessee Rivers Railway, and afterwards as the Selma, Rome & Dalton Railroad. After the session of 1849, he was not again in public life, but engaged in planting and milling, and the buying and selling of public lands. He opposed secession, but went with his adopted state when she seceded. Because of his age he could not

enter the C. S. Army but he aided largely in the support of the needy families of the Confederate soldiers during the war, and raised and equipped a company at his own expense. He was known by the title of major, presumably, from his connection with the militia. He was a Baptist. Married: (1) to Epsey Ann Gibson, who died in 1838, daughter of Churchill and Polly (Thompson) Gibson, the former taught school in Warren County, Ga., about 1828, and they lived on the railroad between Carnak and Mesena, the old house which is still standing is known as the "Polly Gibson Place;" granddaughter of Luke Gibson, who served in the Revolutionary War; (2) in Talladega County, in 1841, to Hannah Elizabeth Welch, daughter of Rev. Oliver and Elizabeth (Mallory) Welch, who lived near Alpine, Talladega County, the former who was a pioneer Baptist minister of the old school from Virginia. Children: by first marriage, 1. Thomas Henry (q. v.); by second marriage, 2. Eppie Ann, d. in 1876, m. (1) to Capt. Newton McCraw, of Selma, deceased, (2) to Dr. I. T. Tichenor, at one time president of the Alabama polytechnic institute, at Auburn; 3. Jane Pincard, Montevallo, m. Capt. James Crook of Jacksonville, d. in 1918; 4. Margaret Elizabeth, Birmingham, m. Capt. Hugh A. Haralson of Selma, d. in 1904; 5. Mary Welch, m. John F. Flournoy, Columbus, Ga.; 6. Oliver Mallory, postmaster at Anniston, was elected to the legislature in 1882 by the Democratic party from Talladega County, m. in 1879, in Frankfort, Ky., to Eliza Talbot Smith, daughter of Col. E. R. and Margaret E. (Dudley) Smith, children, Randolph, Margaret D., Walker, Hannah E., 7. Maude, principal of the W. M. U. Baptist Training School, Louisville, Ky., m. Thomas E. McLure, of Chester, S. C., d. in 1899. Last residence: Talladega County.

REYNOLDS, WILLIAM ARCHIE, merchant, was born June 11, 1870, near Tuskegee, Macon County; son of William Job and Susan J. (Jordan) Reynolds, the former who was a native of South Carolina, came to Tuskegee at the age of fourteen years, in 1872 removed to Chilton County, was a member of Co. A, Twenty-fifth infantry, was wounded at Perryville, Ky., and still resides in Chilton County, at Clanton; grandson of William Reynolds, who was a colonel in the state militia prior to 1860 in Macon County, and of a Jordan and his wife a Miss Walker who lived first in Virginia and later removed to Tennessee, and finally to Alabama, where the former died of yellow fever in Montgomery about 1860. William Archie Reynolds received his education in the public schools of Chilton County. He later engaged in the mercantile business and has remained in that business for twenty-five years. From 1900-08 he was postmaster of Jemison, and for two years was mayor of Jemison. He is a Republican, a Methodist, and a Mason. Married: to Miss Sudie Lenora, daughter of Albert J. and — (O'Neal) Ware, who lived in Perry County, the former who served in the Confederate army in the company of Gen. Pettus. Children: 1. Lesie, graduate of the University of Alabama

with the class of 1913; 2. Annie; 3. Rubin, served on the Mexican border, later was attached to Headquarters Company, One Hundred and Sixty-seventh, U. S. infantry, served in the World war, in the battles of the Champagne front, Chateau Thierry, St. Mihiel, and Argonne forest, gassed October 26, 1918 and was in hospital until March, 1919; 4. Myrtle; 5. Julius W.; 6. Hoyt Brown; 7. Willadean. Residence: Clanton.

RHETT, ROBERT BARNWELL, planter, editor, author, was born in 1828, in Charleston, S. C.; son of Robert Barnwell and — (Burnets) Rhett; great-grandson of a Burnets who came from Aberdeen, Scotland, in the colonial days, and of Daniel DeSaussure, whose son, W. H. DeSaussure, was first controller of the U. S. mint, and whose wife, Sarah McPherson, was of Badenoch-Cluny descent. He was prepared for college chiefly by William R. Abbott, of Georgetown, D. C., and entered Harvard from Charleston in 1845. He was a speaker at the June exhibition of the class of 1847, 1848, and on commencement day in 1849. After graduation he returned to Charleston, studied law in the office of James L. Petigru, and was admitted to the bar at Columbia, S. C., in 1851. He also served on the staff of Governor Means. In 1853, he became a rice planter in Colleton District, N. C., and two years later, after close application to business and study, he dispensed with an overseer and managed his own plantation, at the same time supervising his father's plantations and overseer. While engaged in planting, his cousin, William R. Taber, editor of the Charleston "Mercury," was killed in a duel. He had been challenged for publishing an anonymous communication from a personally responsible author, who criticized in stringent terms, a candidate to succeed Hon. William Aiken in congress. Col. Rhett bought the interests of Taber in the "Mercury," and later that of his partner, John Heart. He then gave up planting and in March, 1857, edited the "Mercury." Early in the summer of 1860, after the death of his first wife, and while at Saratoga for his health he was elected, in August, to the legislature from Charleston. In November, upon the election of Mr. Lincoln to the presidency of the United States, Col. Rhett, through the Columbia "Guardian," called a meeting of the members of the legislature, at Kinsler's Hall, on Main street. At this meeting, he presented a number of letters he had obtained from public men of the different southern states, having the confidence and respect of the people of South Carolina, which were replies to specific questions as to what course South Carolina should pursue in the contingency anticipated. He was then in the House of Representatives, and offered a joint resolution in that body for the call of a state convention, on December 6, for the election of delegates, and December 17, for the assembling of the body, and this resolution, in the form of a bill was passed unanimously, by both houses. The State convention then met at Columbia, adjourned to Charleston, and unanimously adopted the ordinance of secession, on

December 20. When Major Anderson transferred his command from Ft. Moultrie, to Ft. Sumter, on December 24, Col. Rhett urged its immediate seizure, by the state authorities, as this move was held contrary to the understanding of the committee of the state, with President Buchanan. For the flag of South Carolina, he proposed the old blue field, and white crescent with a colorless palmetto added, and this proposition was carried. He first suggested Montgomery, as the meeting place for the convention of the seceding states, in an editorial in the "Mercury," and on February 4, the delegates assembled there. In 1861-1862, he served on the staff of Gen. R. S. Kipley, in South Carolina; edited the "Mercury," and served as a member of the legislature. After the evacuation of Charleston he was appointed on the staff of Gen. J. E. Johnston. He had four brothers who served in the C. S. army from the beginning to the close of the war; Lieut. Robert W. Rhett, who was killed at Cold Harbor in 1862; Capt. Edmund Rhett and Maj. A. B. Rhett, both of whom died a few years after the war from the effects of wounds; and Col. Alfred Rhett, of Fort Sumter fame. The course employed by Col. Rhett, in editing the "Mercury" during the war, was distinct and positive in regard to foreign diplomacy, financial matters, and military and naval affairs. After the war, when suffrage was conferred upon the negroes, he failed in his attempt to impress upon the people the importance of canvassing among the new voters before the agents of the Freedman's bureau could array them as Republicans against their white neighbors, and for ten years the Union League had its own way. The publication of the "Mercury" was resumed in 1866, and in 1868, Col. Rhett advocated the nomination of Gen. Hancock for president, by the New York Democratic convention. When the reconstruction convention was held in Charleston, he exposed a number of Republican politicians, was threatened with assassination by them, and was also threatened with imprisonment in Castle Pinckney, by Gen. Sickles. In 1870, he moved to Alabama, and engaged in cotton planting in Madison County and in Noxubee County, Miss. In 1872, he opened the state canvass of Alabama with Col. Herndon, nominee for governor, and they offered resolutions supporting Mr. Greeley, not as a Democrat, but as an alternative to Grant. He soon afterward accepted an invitation from the "N. O. Printing and Publishing Company," to edit the "Picayune," during which time he exposed the various men who had engaged in Kellogg's enterprise of fraud and usurpation, and while defending Louisiana, the "Picayune," and himself, he became personally involved with Judge William H. Cooley, and a duel was fought between them at Montgomery Station, Miss., in which Judge Cooley fell at the second fire. He took an active and responsible part in the canvass which freed Mississippi from carpetbag domination, in 1875. He became editor of the Charleston "Journal of Commerce," in 1876, was elected to the legislature, with Gen. Rutledge, and assisted in the rehabilitation of the state, the settlement of the state debt and the reestablishment of her credit. In 1878,

he returned to Huntsville, and in 1880 advocated the nomination of Hancock and engaged in the election of Gen. Wheeler as a member of congress from the eighth district. In 1882, he opened the canvass for state offices at Athens; in 1884, attended the Chicago Democratic Convention; was chairman of the Democratic Convention of Alabama, in 1886, which endorsed the administration of Mr. Cleveland, and he proposed two planks, civil service reform and an equitable revision of the tariff for revenue; was elected head of the executive committee of the state; and was appointed by Gov. O'Neal, trustee of the University of Alabama. He presided over the first meeting in Huntsville for the building of the Elora Railroad to connect with Nashville, Tenn., and over the first meeting concerning the Cincinnati, Huntsville & Birmingham Railroad. He was the author of an article among the "War Papers" of the "Century" Magazine on the confederate government of Montgomery. He was president of the Cleveland Club at Huntsville, a member of Phi Beta Kappa fraternity. Married: (1) to a young lady of Huntsville, who died in 1860; (2) in 1867, to Harriett Moore, daughter of Dr. David Moore (q. v.). Children: by second marriage, 1. Harry Moore, b. December 28, 1873, student at University of Virginia, 1895-1897. Last residence: Huntsville.

RHODES, WILLIAM JAMES, business man, was born November 11, 1831, in Mobile, and died August 26, 1898, in Talladega. He entered the Confederate service as lieutenant of Co. I, 31st Alabama infantry regiment, originally known as "Alabama Rifles," and was later captain of his company. He was twice mayor of Talladega. He was a Mason. Last residence: Talladega.

RICE, AMANDA BUTLER (PEARSON), patriotic worker, was a native of Winsboro, S. C.; daughter of Dr. Edward and Lavinia Pearson, of the same place. Mrs. Rice was one of the most prominent members of the Ladies' Confederate memorial association, Montgomery. Married: Samuel F. Rice (q. v.). Last residence: Montgomery.

RICE, FLEETWOOD, lawyer, was born December 3, 1875, in Fayette County; son of Tolbert Alexander and Sarah Elizabeth (Shelton) Rice, the former who was a native of Fayette County, enlisted for the War of Secession at the age of sixteen years and served four years as private in Roddy's cavalry; grandson of James and Mariah T. Rice who lived in Fayette County, the former who was a native of Anderson District, S. C., and came to Tuscaloosa with his father Orthonville, being among the early settlers of the state, and of Joseph and Jane (Chancellor) Shelton, who lived in Tuscaloosa County. Fleetwood Rice received his early education in the common schools of Tuscaloosa County; in the preparatory department of Howard college, East Lake; later entered the freshmen class at the University of Alabama, 1894, and was graduated B. S. in 1898; in 1903 received the degree of LL. B. from the same institution; represented the university in the Gulf State Intercollegiate

Oratorical contest in 1898; served as quartermaster sergeant in the cadet corps; practiced law at Tuscaloosa; was a member of the legislature from Tuscaloosa County in the session of 1907; in the same year was appointed aide-de-camp with rank of colonel on Gov. Comer's staff; was re-elected to the legislature in 1911. He is a Democrat, a Baptist, and a Mason. Married: on September 19, 1899, at Midway, to Josephine Tait Ray, daughter of S. O. Y. and Josephine (Tait) Ray. Residence: Tuscaloosa.

RICE, FRANCISCO, physician and probate judge, was born December 6, 1822, at New Market, Madison County, and died January 20, 1896, at Huntsville; son of Joseph and Hannah (Bayless) Rice, the former who was of Irish descent, was a native of Coke County, Tenn., served in the War of 1812, with Gen. Andrew Jackson, was justice of the peace for fifty years, and lived at New Market at the time of his death, the latter who was of Welsh descent; grandson of Spencer Rice, a soldier in the Revolutionary War, who resided in Maryland, Tennessee, and North Carolina, but finally removed to Alabama where he died, in 1807, and of Heseekiah and Jane (Evans) Bayless, the former who was a soldier in the Revolutionary War, and had resided in Maryland, Tennessee, North Carolina, and came to New Market, in 1806. He received a common school education and later accepted a position as clerk in a store at New Market. He then assisted his father in shipping cotton to New Orleans. When he was about twenty-one years of age he was severely injured by a sawlog falling on him, and he went west in search of health. In 1846, while in Texas, he joined a Texas regiment commanded by Col. Albert Sydney Johnston, and engaged in the Mexican War. After his term of enlistment expired he returned to New Market. In 1852, he was graduated M. D., from the Memphis medical college, and started in to practice medicine at New Market and the adjoining country, in partnership with Dr. Roberts. In 1854, he moved to Jackson county, where he resided for about ten years. Before the War of Secession, he practiced medicine and engaged in the mercantile business. In 1860, he was elected to the State senate over Gen. Austin, and when the war broke out, having refused a position as brigade surgeon, he joined the Fourth Tennessee cavalry, and was elected captain of Co. K. He obtained leave of absence from the army when the general assembly of Alabama was in session, and went to Montgomery. When that body adjourned, he returned to the army, thus performing the duties of both soldier and statesman throughout the war. He was elected to the legislature in 1870, being on the first Democratic ticket that was successful after the war; was elected again in 1874, in 1876, and in 1878. In 1884, he was a candidate for state auditor, but was defeated by Hon. Malcolm C. Burke; in 1886, was a candidate for probate judge, but was defeated by Hon. Thomas J. Taylor, and was nominated and elected to the state senate; he was candidate for probate judge in 1892, was again defeated by Judge

Taylor, and with Hon. A. S. Fletcher, was nominated and elected to the legislature. The office of probate judge becoming vacant on the death of Judge Taylor, November, 1894, he was appointed by Gov. Thomas J. Jones, to fill the vacancy. He served Jackson County, four years in the Alabama senate, and Madison County ten years in the senate and six in the lower house, making a total of twenty years service. He was a Democrat and a member of the New Market Baptist church, where he served as deacon, a Mason and an Odd Fellow. Married: (1) in 1847, to Cyrena Caroline Taliaferro, who died early in 1859, daughter of Rev. Richard Taliaferro, a Baptist minister; (2) on March 25, 1860, to Adelia T. Haden, who died October 30, 1885, daughter of Anthony Winston Haden; (3) in May, 1888, to Mrs. Sallie Childress, daughter of John Whitaker, of Lincoln County, Tenn. Children: 1. Bettie, m. W. A. Power, widow, resides at Huntsville; 2. Joseph T., m. Ophelia Brown, reside at Texarkana, Ark.; 3. Rev. N. E., Baptist minister, m. Mollie Spelce, reside at New Market; 4. Carter H., m. Lena Stone, reside at New Market; 5. Solon F., m. Jennie Lipscomb, reside at Huntsville; 6. Adelia T., deceased, m. George T. Willson; 7. Mary Oats, m. Joseph W. Macon, reside at Chase; 8. Sophia Tate, m. Dr. William Cannon, reside at Fayetteville, Tenn.; 9. George W., resides at Fayetteville, Tenn.; 10. Holden, Fayetteville, Tenn.; 11. Florence, Fayetteville, Tenn. Last residence: Huntsville.

RICE, GREEN PRYOR, lawyer, public official, was born about 1795, in Missouri, and died in Somerville, March 4, 1857; son of Joel and Mary (Hickman) Rice, the former a North Carolinian, who was among the early settlers of Madison County, where he engaged in farming. He grew to manhood in Madison County, but later moved to Illinois where he lived for two or three years. He was at one time a minister of the gospel in Kentucky, and practiced law at St. Joseph, Mo. He returned to Alabama and was several times a member of the general assembly. At the time of his election to the Alabama senate, in 1838, he was judge of the county court, and at the session of 1839, he was elected president of the senate. He was re-elected in 1840, and after serving his term was, in 1842, returned to the house of representatives, and was in the legislature for the last time in 1855. He was a Democrat, a Presbyterian, and a Master Mason. Married: in Somerville, April 10, 1822, to Ann Eliza Turner, daughter of Sugars and Nancy Turner, who resided at Somerville. Children: 1. Green Pryor, deceased, m. Mary Jane Campbell; 2. Turner Benjamin, deceased; 3. Jackson, deceased, m. Lizzie Lester; 4. Hamilton, deceased; 5. Edward, deceased, m. Sarah Malone; 6. Mary, deceased, m. John Bedford Weakley (q. v.); 7. Josephine, m. Josiah Patterson (q. v.), reside at Memphis, Tenn.; 8. Septimus Decimus, m. Eliza Brock, reside at Florence. Last residence: Somerville.

RICE, JOHN ANDREW, Methodist minister and author; a native of South Carolina who was transferred to the Alabama conference,



F. W. MONNISH

and appointed to the pastorate of the Court Street church, Montgomery, 1903-06. Residence: South Carolina.

RICE, NEANDER H., secretary of State, 1873.

RICE, RIGHT, *soldier of the American Revolution*, and a resident of Wilcox County; private, particular service not shown; enrolled on January 26, 1835, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$20.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile.

RICE, SAMUEL FARROW, lawyer, chief justice, legislator, state printer and editor, was born June 2, 1816, in Union District, S. C., and died in Montgomery; son of William and Sarah (Herndon) Rice of Union District, State senator and for twenty years the judge of ordinary in that district; grandson of Heseekiah and Mary (Sanders) Rice, also of Union District. The Rices were of Welch ancestry and the Herndons were of English origin. Judge Rice graduated at the South Carolina college, Columbia, in 1833, read law in the office of U. S. Senator William C. Preston and was licensed to practice in 1838. He opened an office in Winnsboro, S. C., but during the same year removed to Talladega County. During his residence in that county, he practiced with Philip E. Pearson, John T. Morgan and Thomas D. Clark. He owned "The Watchtower" in Talladega which he edited for six years. He was elected to the Alabama legislature, 1840-41, and showed marked skill in debate. In 1841, he was elected State printer but resigned three months later to devote himself to his profession. During this year he was nominated by the Democratic party for congress but was defeated by Gen. Felix G. McConnell. He was again nominated in 1847, as a Tyler man but was defeated by F. W. Bowden. In 1851, he was nominated by the Southern Rights Party for congress but was defeated by Alexander White. In 1852, he removed to Montgomery and the following year was elected to the supreme court. One year later he became chief justice, which position he held for three years. He retired from the bench to return to the practice of law. In 1854, he was elected to the legislature, and to the State senate from the Montgomery and Autauga District, 1861-65. During his residence in Montgomery as a practicing lawyer he was associated in partnership at various times with Col. James E. Belser, George Goldthwaite and Henry Semple. He became a Know Nothing in 1855 and a Republican in 1870. He was for many years connected with the Methodist Church. Married: (1) June 10, 1835, at Winslow, S. C., to Amanda Butler, daughter of Rev. Dr. Edward and Lavinia Pearson; (2) October 8, 1872, at Montgomery, to Mary Ellen Fitzgibbon. Children: by the first wife: 1. Lavinia, m. Ferrie Henshaw; 2. Ida, m. Henry Bethea; 3. Samuel F., jr.; 4. Willie, daughter; 5. Edward Pearson; 6. Benjamin Adolphus; 7. Daisy, m. (1) James G. Glaze, (2) George H. Smathers; by the second wife, 8. Ferrie, dec.; 9. Edwin, dec.; 10. Cornelia,

dec.; 11. Samuel B.; 12. Nell, dec.; 13. Marguerite, m. Dr. J. N. Baker (q. v.). Last residence. Montgomery.

RICE, SEPTIMUS P., educator; president of the State normal college, Florence, 1873-81. Deceased.

RICH, JOSEPH CARLOS, lawyer and mayor of Mobile, was born in Perry County, September 10, 1859; son of Sterling Brown and Anna Elizabeth (Daniel) Rich, of Wilson County, Tenn.; grandson of Joseph and Rebecca Daniel, of Perry County. Mr. Rich was educated in the country schools of State Line, Miss.; in the University of Mississippi at Oxford; and Vanderbilt university. He opened his office at Mobile in March, 1881, and excepting enforced absences on official duty, has successfully continued in the active practice of law to the present date. He was a member of the city council in 1882; mayor of Mobile from 1888 to 1894 inclusive; and was elected to the house of representatives of 1903, and served as chairman of the judiciary committee of that body. He is a Democrat; and a Methodist. Married: January 8, 1885, at Mobile, to Mary Toulmin, daughter of Samuel and Mary (Campbell) Adams of Mobile. Residence: Mobile.

RICHARDS, EVAN GOODWIN, minister and lawyer, was born August 26, 1807, at Northampton County, N. C., and died December 31, 1893; son of Evan and Nancy (Malone) Richards, the former who was a native of Wales, who settled in North Carolina and in 1815, moved to Madison County. He went to the country schools of that county for less than two years, and in the fall of 1825, he, wishing to prepare for the ministry, joined the Methodist church. In the fall of 1830, he was licensed, at a quarterly conference held at Decatur, by Joshua Boucher, presiding elder. On December 15, 1834, he was ordained a deacon at Greensboro, by Bishop Andrew, and on January 20, 1844, was ordained elder by Bishop Soule, at Columbus, Ga. He came to Lafayette, October 1, 1833, and December 11, 1833 attended a session of the Alabama Conference at Montgomery, with the result that the Alabama Conference sent two ministers, Sidney Squires and Hugh M. Finley, in 1834, to what was then called the Creek territory, and they organized the Methodist church at Lafayette, which was constituted with only three members, Kittora Driver, Sarah Dudley, and Evan G. Richards. In 1834 he was admitted to practice law at La Grange, Ga. He later settled in Lafayette, where he practiced law for more than fifty years. He was appointed to represent the state as prosecuting attorney at the first court ever held in Chambers County, and was probate judge of Chambers County from 1836-1840. He was not in the regular service of the C. S. Army, being over age, but was appointed judge advocate of a regiment of old men and boys, called to camps at West Point, Ga., in 1864. He was a member of the state constitutional convention of 1875. He was one of the chief promoters of the Opelika, Oxford & Guntersville Railroad, and was the first president of this

road. He was also among the first to advocate the building of cotton factories in the south after the war, and with other citizens of Chambers County, and of West Point, Ga., organized the company that built the first of the three large cotton factories located on the Alabama bank of the Chattahoochee River, in Chambers County, and was for many years one of its directors. He was a Democrat, and one of the sixty in Chambers County, who supported Stephen Douglas in 1860. Married: In Perry County, May 21, 1835, to Sarah Dickens Clark Webb, daughter of Thomas and Martha (Dickens) Webb who resided in Perry County; granddaughter of William Webb, who was a native of Essex County, Va., moved to Greenville, N. C., in 1776, was a physician and tobacco grower. Children: 1. Thomas E., b. May 31, 1836, private in C. S. Army, m. (1) Alabama E. Todd, who died in 1857, (2) to Sarah J. Hally, daughter of Greenlee Hally of Tallapoosa County; 2. Martha A., b. February 15, 1838, m. James M. Reid of West Point, Ga.; 3. Robert Webb, b. April 28, 1840, first lieutenant in Co. A, Sixteenth Georgia battalion, d. in Graham, Tex., May, 1870, m. Mary J. Fretwell; 4. John Henry, b. December 19, 1841, served in the Fourteenth Alabama regiment, C. S. Army, d. December, 1873, m. Sarah J. Bullard, of Lee County; 5. Andrew Jackson, b. March 15, 1844, member of Co. I, Thirty-seventh Alabama regiment, m. Jimmie E. G. Winston; 6. Mary Parthenia, b. March 8, 1846, m. John E. Roberts of West Point, Ga., reside in San Diego, Calif.; 7. James M. Richards, b. February 8, 1848, was too young to enter the C. S. Army, but under Gen. Forrest with other young boys and some old men, helped to defend Selma, when that city was attacked and captured April 3, 1865, was a newspaper man, having published the Chambers "Tribune," the LaFayette "Reporter," the Pensacola "Mail," the Opelika "Locomotive," and the "Morning News," was admitted to the bar in 1869, in 1872, was elected on the Democratic ticket, as county solicitor of Chambers County, in 1879, was elected county judge, attended every state convention in Alabama from 1872 to 1876, was alternate elector on the Tilden and Hendrick's ticket for the fifth congressional district of Alabama in 1876, and in 1896, was elected as a delegate from the eighth congressional district of Texas, to the National Democratic Convention at Chicago, m. Irene C. Hawkins, Weatherford, Tex; 8. Elizabeth Ridley, b. July 23, 1849, m. Benjamin L. Dyer, reside at Opelika; 9. Frances Lucretia, b. November 6, 1851, d. 1872, m. Capt. Isaac H. Vincent; 10. William Webb, deceased; 11. Sarah Emma, deceased; 12. Charles Sidney, b. January 31, 1857, m. Martha Le Grand, Hereford, Tex.; 13. Stephen Malone, b. Feb. 29, 1860, at the time of his death in 1902 was holding the office of sheriff of Chambers County, m. Dora Stanley. Last residence: Lafayette.

RICHARDS, J. DE FOREST, professor of natural sciences and astronomy, at the University of Alabama, 1869-71.

RICHARDSON, ASON GITTINGS, planter, sheriff and member Alabama legislature, was born May 1, 1830, at Zanesville, Muskingum County, Ohio, and died November 11, 1903, at Wichita, Kan.; son of Rev. Rufus and Jemima (Gittings) Richardson, D. D., M. D., the former a native of Somers, Tolland County, Conn., soldier of the War of 1812, teacher, physician, Methodist minister, located in Otsego, Ohio, later removed to Laharpe, Ill., where he is buried; grandson of Jesse and Annie (Jones) Richardson of Somers, and of Ason and Eliza (Clark) Gittings of Fairfax County, Va.; great-grandson of David and Rachael (Richards) Richardson, of Scotch and English ancestry, respectively, married in the former country, a Revolutionary soldier of the Connecticut line. Ason Gittings Richardson acquired his early education in the private schools of Laharpe, Ill., and completed his academic studies at Knox college, Galesburg, Ill., where he received the degree of bachelor of liberal arts upon graduation in June, 1853. In early life, through an accident he lost an arm, and hence could not perform military services. He located in Alabama during the reconstruction period, having acquired a plantation in Wilcox, which county he served as sheriff in 1867 under the authority of the constitutional convention which appointed him to that office. He was a member of the Alabama legislature in 1868-69. In 1870 he removed to Harvey County, Kan., and served as county commissioner there, 1872-74, and was elected to the legislature of that state, 1874-75. After this service he was again elected county commissioner. While in both Alabama and Kansas he owned and operated farms, upon scientific principles. He was a Republican; and a Presbyterian. Married: May 21, 1877, at Zanesville, Muskingum County, Ohio, to Eliza Wylie, daughter of John and Eliza (Watson) Anderson of that place. The Watsons were of Scotch-Irish descent, of Covenant stock, and ardent abolitionists. Children: 1. Rufus Gittings, m. Mary Elizabeth White, Foraker, Okla.; 2. Robert Anderson, m. Florence Fay Wolfe, Wichita, Kan.; 3. John Levi; 4. Orpha Edna, Wichita; 5. Ralph Lovell. Last residence: Wichita, Kan.

RICHARDSON, JULIUS CEASAR, lawyer, was born April 18, 1851, in Key West, Fla., and was killed in an automobile accident, August 9, 1910, between Greenville and Montgomery; son of Rev. Simon Peter and Mary Eliza (Arledge) Richardson; grandson of Peter and Katherine (Hornung) Richardson of Newberry, S. C., and a lineal descendant of the Richardsons and Canteys, pioneer settlers of Camden, S. C., and Revolutionary soldiers. He was educated at the East Alabama male college, Auburn, now the Alabama polytechnic institute, at Summerfield, and the Southern university, Greensboro. He taught school two years. In 1873 he received the LL.B. degree from the law department of Cumberland university; in 1874, began the practice in Greenville; State senator, 1886, and member of the joint committee to revise the code of Alabama; elected judge of the 2nd judicial circuit in 1898; re-

elected in 1904 and held that office at time of death. He was a Democrat; a Knight of Pythias; and a Methodist. Married: November 22, 1874, in Greenville, to Bettie McCall, daughter of D. T. and Martha (Cook) McCall, of Butler County. Children: 1. Judge Terry, m. Margaret Crommelin (q. v.). Last residence: Montgomery.

RICHARDSON, NICHOLAS DAVIS, physician, was born November 30, 1832, at Athens, and died January 3, 1895, in Nashville, Tenn.; son of Wm. and Anne Bradley (Davis) Richardson (q. v.). Dr. Richardson was educated at the academy of John Frazer in Athens; at La-Grange college, the University of Virginia, 1852-54, and the Jefferson medical college, Philadelphia, M. D., 1856. He located at Mooresville and practiced there and at Athens until 1881 when he removed to Nashville, Tenn. He entered the Confederate Army in 1861 as 1st lieutenant, Capt. Jim Henry Malone's company, but was later made surgeon of the 26th Alabama infantry regiment, which afterwards became the 26th-50th regiment; and was paroled in 1865. He was of Whig antecedents, but became a Democrat after the war. He was a Methodist; and a Mason. He was the grand cyclops of the Limestone division of the Ku Klux Klan from 1868-69, and together with Robert Anderson McClellan and Robert Donwell, contributed strong aid to the maintenance of order in that day of civil disorder. Married: (1) at the home of her uncle, James M. Malone in Limestone County, to Sarah Elizabeth, daughter of Roswell and Mary Hobbs (Malone) Hine, of that place; (2) Mrs. O. D. Sledge. Children, by first marriage: 1. Roswell Hine, m. Mary Eloise Walker, of Athens; 2. Anne Davis, m. Thos. Maclin Hobbs (q. v.); 3. Charles Beaumont, d. unmarried; 4. Wm. Edward, d. unmarried; 5. Mary Pleasants, m. George Augustine Washington, jr. and resides in Mobile; 6. Nicholas Davis, surgeon with rank of captain in the U. S. marine medical corps, d. at San Francisco, Calif., m. Eloise Gregory. Last residence: Nashville, Tenn.

RICHARDSON, SCHUYLER HARRIS, lawyer, was born May 9, 1890, at Quid Nunc plantation, the parental home in Limestone County; son of Wm. Nicholas and Minnie (Harris) Richardson (q. v.). He was prepared for college at Branham and Hughes' school, 1902-05, and graduated major of 1st. battalion cadet corps, Alabama polytechnic institute, B. S., 1909, and from the law department of the University of Alabama, 1911. He began the practice of law in Birmingham immediately after graduation. He is unmarried. Residence: Birmingham.

RICHARDSON, TERRY McCALL, lawyer, circuit judge, was born December 24, 1876, in Greenville, and died September 16, 1907, at Luverne; son of Judge Julius Caesar and Bettie (McCall) Richardson, of Greenville; grandson of Rev. Simon Peter Richardson, of the Alabama M. E. conference. He was educated in the collegiate institute at Greenville, entered

the University of Alabama, 1892, graduating in 1896 from the law department, and in 1898, was admitted to the practice. He located in Troy, and was city attorney 1897-99; captain Co. I, Troy rifles, A. N. G., 1898-99, Spanish American War. He removed to Montgomery and was made county solicitor in 1901; was appointed by Gov. Jelks to succeed Judge John G. Winter, deceased, judge of the 15th judicial circuit, which position he held at the time of his death by accident. He was a Democrat; Knight of Pythias; Elk; Red Man; member of the Sigma Nu fraternity, and a Methodist. Married: February 5, 1902, in Montgomery, to Margaret, daughter of Henry and Lucie (Metcalf) Crommelin, of that place. Children: 1. Henry Crommelin; 2. Terry; 3. Margaret Lucie. Last residence: Montgomery.

RICHARDSON, WARFIELD CREATH, educator and author, was born June 23, 1823, in Maysville, Ky., and died in Tuscaloosa 191—; son of Thomas Gaines and Sarah (Perry) Richardson, formerly of Virginia, removing to Kentucky as a pioneer settler of Maysville; locating in Tuscaloosa. Dr. Richardson's education was received at Maysville academy, where he was the schoolmate of Ulysses S. Grant. In 1839 he entered the University of Alabama, graduating with the A. B. degree in 1843 and A. M., 1846. The Alabama polytechnic institute conferred the degree of Ph.D. on him in 1878 and the University of Alabama, the LL.D. degree in 1906. He was a teacher for more than thirty-five years; principal of Wilcox academy, Camden 1851-55; professor of natural sciences, Centenary institute, Summerfield, 1855-62; lecturer in chemistry, University of Alabama, 1864-65; president, Tuscaloosa female college 1866-68; acting-professor of Greek, University of Alabama 1876-77; adjunct professor of English literature and instructor in mineralogy and geology, 1877—. He was in demand as a lecturer on education and temperance themes. Author: edited the first two temperance papers in Alabama, "The Crystal Fount," in Tuscaloosa and, "The Orion," in Montgomery. He contributed to other papers and magazines, and was the author of "Gaspar" a political romance; "The fall of the Alamo" a poem, "The wondrous age," "Semi-centennial ode." He was a State Rights Democrat; organizer of the Sons of Temperance, in Tuscaloosa County and city; and a Methodist. Married: November 16, 1855; in Camden, to Kate Cole, daughter of Rev. John Cargill and Mary Ann (Walker) Jones, of that place; great-granddaughter of John Jones, twice speaker of the Virginia house of burgesses, occupying the chair when Patrick Henry made his historic speech. She was also the sister of Miss Sallie Jones, of Camden, the organizer of the Alabama division, U. D. C. Children: 1. Lucy Belle, m. John Calhoun Harrison; 2. Clement Warburton, deceased; 3. Ida May, m. Sterling A. Wood, of Birmingham. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

RICHARDSON, WILLIAM, sr., lawyer, was born December 21, 1797, in Goochland County, Va., and died December 15, 1866 in Athens; son of George Richardson of an old Virginia fam-

ily. He removed to Limestone County in 1825, and located in Athens, where he practiced law until his death. He, a Whig in a strong Democratic County, was elected to the house of representatives in 1830 and again in 1832. He was a Methodist and was one of the founders of the Athens female college, and from 1844 until his death was a trustee of that institution. Married: about 1827, to Anne Bradley, daughter of Nicholas and Martha (Hargrave) Davis, sr. (q. v.). Children: 1. Mary Pleasants, m. (1) Joshua Richardson, and had among other children, William N. Richardson (q. v.); and (2) Thompson Anderson, merchant, of Nashville, Tenn., and had children; 2. Nicholas Davis (q. v.), m. (1) Sarah E. Hines, (2) Mrs. O. D. Sledge; 3. Sarah Elizabeth, m. Dr. L. H. Binford, of Courtland, and had three sons; 4. Edward Ripley, m. Susan Hamilton, Nashville, and reared a large family; 5. Anne, m. Henry E. Jones of Nashville, and had children; 6. William Richardson (q. v.), m. Elizabeth Rucker; 7. James Benagh, m. Sarah Evans, of Nashville, and reared a family; 8. David Michel, physician, d. unmarried; 9. Samuel, d. young; 10. George, drowned in boyhood. Last residence: Athens.

RICHARDSON, WILLIAM, lawyer, judge, and member of congress, was born May 8, 1839, in Athens, Limestone County, and died March 31, 1914, at Atlantic City, N. J.; son of William and Ann Bradley (Davis) Richardson (q. v.). He was educated in the common schools, and at Florence Wesleyan university. Early in 1861 he entered the C. S. Army, at Athens, as a private. He was severely wounded at Shiloh and taken prisoner. He escaped from the Federal authorities and in endeavoring to come through the lines at Nashville in company with James Paul, a spy, was recaptured and ordered to be shot as a spy, but was rescued by General N. B. Forrest before the hour set for their execution. Captain Richardson was disabled for further military service by wounds received in the battle of Chickamauga, 1863, at which time he was captain of Co. E, 50th Alabama infantry regiment. Upon the cessation of hostilities he entered upon the study of law, and in 1867 was admitted to the bar. He represented Limestone County in the legislature of 1874; and in 1875 was elected probate judge of Madison County, which position he filled until 1886. In 1888 he was a Democratic elector for the state-at-large. Judge Richardson was a candidate for the Democratic nomination for governor in 1890, and although he had a strong following, withdrew his name at the convention in Montgomery in order to bring harmony to the party. On July 3, 1900, he was elected by acclamation to succeed Gen. Joseph Wheeler in congress, the latter's resignation having taken effect April 20, of that year, and served as a member of that body from December 3, 1900, until his death, March 31, 1914. In a memorial address delivered in congress, January 31, 1915, Mr. Mann, of Illinois stated: "I had the honor of serving with him for many years on the committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce, during a time when that committee had charge of many

important matters of legislation. The Revenue letter service was reorganized; the Public Health Service was reorganized; the Light-house Service was reorganized; the Life-Saving Service was greatly extended; the Department of Commerce and Labor was created; the Bureau of Corporations was organized; the powers of the Interstate Commerce Commission were made adequate; the Panama Canal was provided for and largely constructed, and in all of these matters Mr. Richardson had very great prominence." He also served as a member of the committee on pensions, of which he was for several years chairman. He was a member of the Tennessee river improvement association; Madison County and the Alabama bar associations. He was a Democrat and an Episcopalian. Married: December 18, 1872, to Elizabeth B., daughter of Ambrose B. and Sarah Jane (Benagh) Rucker, of Lynchburg, Va. Children: 1. Sara, m. Sledge Tatum; 2. Anne, m. William S. Wells; 3. Elizabeth, m. Thomas B. Howell; 4. Barnes, Washington, D. C.; 5. William, m. Katherine Branch. Last residence: Huntsville.

RICHARDSON, WILLIAM NICHOLAS, planter, was born January 29, 1849, in Athens, and died at Athens; son of Joshua Clinton and Mary P. (Richardson) Richardson, the former a native of Tennessee, who located at Athens in 1847, practiced law, married, and in 1850 returned to his native state where three years later he was elected to the legislature and was a lieutenant in the Mexican War; grandson of Wm. and Anne Bradley (Davis) Richardson (q. v.); and great-grandson of Capt. Nicholas and Martha (Hargrave) Davis (q. v.). Mr. Richardson, was reared and educated in Athens, and at the age of fifteen entered the Confederate Army as a member of the Georgia militia, but was later transferred to Ward's battery, and, while with the latter organization, was captured at Selma, thrown into the Federal stockade at that place, and after the surrender at Appomattox was paroled at Montgomery. He was a man of great courage and active after the war in the movement to re-establish white supremacy in Alabama. He took a commercial course in Pittsburgh, Pa., and for two years thereafter held clerical positions with mercantile or industrial concerns in Alabama and Tennessee, finally returning to plantation life. Married: April 1875, in Athens, to Minnie, daughter of Schuyler and Anne (DeWoody) Harris, natives of Virginia who removed to Limestone County. Children: 1. Anna D.; 2. Minnie L.; 3. Ruby; 4. William N.; 5. Schuyler Harris; 6. James B.; 7 and 8 deceased. Last residence: Limestone County.

RICHARDSON, WILLIAM W., deceased Presbyterian minister, mentioned in Stillman's "Dead of the Synod of Alabama," 1882-90.

RICHARDSON, WILSON GAINES, Presbyterian minister and teacher, was born December 9, 1825, in Maysville, Ky., and died July 5, 1886; son of Thomas Gaines and Sarah (Perry) Richardson of Tuscaloosa; brother of Dr. Warfield Creath Richardson (q. v.). He was educated

in Kentucky and in Alabama; began the career of teacher, as tutor in ancient languages at the University of Alabama, 1846-49; professor of languages and English literature, 1849-50; professor of Latin and French at the University of Mississippi, 1854-59; and in Oakland college, Miss., 1859-62; assistant paymaster C. S. Navy, 1862-65; professor of ancient languages and French, at Davidson college, N. C., 1866-74; professor Latin and French, Central university of Kentucky; graduate of Princeton theological seminary, 1883; ordained to preach and pastor of Presbyterian churches at Danceyville, and Staunton, Tenn., until his death. Married: (1) February 4, 1857, in Jackson, Miss., to Louise Hinson Kennon; (2) February 10, 1876, at Harrisburg, Va., to Mrs. Anne Herring McAfee. Last residence: Staunton, Tenn.

RICHESON, CHARLES GIBSON, teacher and legislator, was born December 9, 1882, at Cherry Hill, Franklin County; son of William Elliott and Mary Elizabeth (Farned) Richeson, the former of Cherry Hill, the latter of Russellville; grandson of Jesse and Celina Gibson (Childs) Richeson, of Newberg, and of William and Adeline (Sugg) Farned, of Russellville. He was educated in the common schools and at the State normal college, of Florence. He was one of the representatives from Franklin County in the legislature of 1911. He is a Democrat; Methodist; and a Woodman of the World. He is unmarried. Residence: Russellville.

RICKS, RICHARD HENRY, lawyer and planter, was born March 28, 1820, at Raleigh, Halifax County, N. C., and died February 24, 1858, at LaGrange; son of Abraham and Charlotte Bryant (Foort) Ricks, the former of English ancestry who moved to Courtland in 1823, and then in 1825, to LaGrange, Colbert County, then Franklin County, where he engaged in farming, until his death, November 23, 1852; grandson of S. and Charlotte (Bryant) Foort, the former who was of Scotch ancestry; and a brother of William F. Ricks, planter, who lived in LaGrange. His early education was received in the schools of the county, and he later attended the University of Alabama, from where he was graduated A. B., 1838, and A. M., 1842. He was a law student at Harvard university from August 12, 1840, to July 10, 1842, when he was recommended to the practice of law, receiving his diploma from there August 24, 1842. He became a planter and never practiced law. In 1847-1848, he represented Franklin County in the legislature, and was a member of the State senate, from 1851-1853. He was a Whig. He was never married. Last residence: LaGrange.

RIDDICK, CORNELIUS B., Methodist minister, transferred to the North Alabama conference, and appointed to the pastorate of the first Methodist church, Birmingham, prior to 1900. He later removed west. Residence: San Diego, Cal.

RIDDLE, JAMES HAMILTON, teacher, was born at Fair Mount, Gordon County, Ga.; son of James Washington and Senith Matilda (Frank-

lin) Riddle, the former a native of Calens, Pittsylvania County, Va., farmer, Confederate soldier and captured in Kentucky, lived for forty years near Fair Mount; grandson of James A. and Nancy (Evans) Riddle of Swansonville, Va., and of Samuel and Senith Franklin of near Fair Mount, Ga. The first American ancestor came from England or Ireland to Maryland, thence to Loudoun and Pittsylvania Counties, Va., whence they removed to Gordon County, Ga. Mr. Riddle received his elementary education in the public schools of his native place and later attended Rinehardt college, Waleska, Ga., and Wesleyan university, Athens, Tenn., from which he graduated in May, 1887, with the degree of Ph.B. He entered upon the profession of teaching in Whitfield County, Ga., 1876, and taught in Cherokee County, Ga., and in Lineville, Ashland, and Hartselle, having taught thirty years. He surveyed the boundary line between Clay and Talladega counties. He is a Democrat; Methodist; Mason. Married: Mary Emma, daughter of Rev. John R. and Sarah (McKennon) Conger, of Hackneyville. The McKennons are of Scotch ancestry. Residence: Hartselle.

RIDNER, SAMUEL, soldier of the American Revolution, aged 80, resided in Benton County, June 1, 1840, with Jos. Ridner.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

RIGGS, BENJAMIN HOGAN, physician, was born August 18, 1838, at Mobile, and died January 11, 1888, in Selma; son of Daniel M. and Ann (Hogan) Riggs (q. v.). Dr. Riggs was educated at Barton academy; studied medicine in the office of Drs. Mabry and Kent, Selma, 1855; attended lectures in the medical department of the University of Louisiana, 1856; spent two years, 1857-58, at the Marine hospital, Mobile, and was graduated from the Medical department, University of Pennsylvania, 1859. He began the practice of his profession at Prairie Bluff but soon gave this up to enter the Confederate service; enlisted as private in Captain Robbins, "Wilcox Rangers," rose rapidly to the rank of senior surgeon and served under Generals Bragg, Johnston and Hood, until the end of the war. At the close of the war he returned to Selma there to continue the practice of medicine until his death. He was president of the Alabama state medical association, 1884, and a member of the State board of censors and committee of public health; an Episcopalian; and a Mason. He was a contributor of many important articles to the Medical monthly and the Medical and surgical journal. Married: June, 1867, to Fannie Gray, daughter of Henry C. Robertson. To this union three sons and one daughter were born. Last residence: Selma.

RIGGS, DANIEL M., banker, for a number of years a resident of Alabama, was born in 1800, in Surry County, North Carolina, and died at Selma, in 1860; son of Zadock and Nancy (Fleming) Riggs, of North Carolina, and brother of Joel Riggs, (q. v.) and of the wife of Dr. A. G. Mabry, (q. v.). He removed with his parents at an early age to Tennessee, later

to Alabama, residing in Cahaba about 1819, where he was in the land office. Upon the removal of the capital to Tuscaloosa, he also made the change and became connected with the banking interests of the State. After its removal to Montgomery he accepted the position of cashier in the Merchants and planters bank, of Mobile, about 1883, and took up his residence there. He purchased a plantation in Dallas County, 1844, and resided there until a few years after the financial crash of 1847, in which he lost heavily, when he removed to Selma. Married: near Cahaba, to Ann Hogan, sister of Dr. Benjamin Rush Hogan (q. v.). Children: 1. Daniel; 2. Annie, m. Bacchus W. Huntington; 3. Dr. Benjamin Hogan, m. Fannie Gray Robertson (q. v.); 4. Jane, m. brother of Judge Price Williams; 5. Victoria, m. Col. A. W. Speight; 6. Joel; 7. Gertrude, m. Dr. Frank Tipton; 8. John Zadock. Last residence: Selma.

RIGGS, EDWARD POWELL, physician, graduate of the College of physicians and surgeons, Baltimore, 1881, and licensed to practice by the County board of Dallas that year. Residence: Birmingham.

RIGGS, JOEL, banker and comptroller of public accounts, for a number of years a resident of Alabama, was born April 30, 1812, near Stone Mountain, N. C., and died in Montgomery, November 13, 1865; son of Zadock and Nancy (Fleming) Riggs, of North Carolina, and brother of Daniel M. Riggs (q. v.) and of the wife of Dr. A. G. Mabry (q. v.). Mr. Riggs came to Alabama when young, and was sent to the Military academy at West Point, where he received his education. For several years he was teller in the State bank, and was noted for the accuracy with which he kept his accounts. As comptroller he managed the affairs of his office with great regularity, bringing order out of confusion and introducing system, of which very little had been practiced for years. He opened an entirely new set of books, and digested the tax returns with little or no help. As the head of his department, he stood at his desk from morn till night rendering to the State honest services for the compensation he received. His official reports showed the results in the information they furnished as a basis for estimating the public revenue from taxation, and other sources, to replenish the treasury. He later became one of the editors of the "Mail." Married: (1) at Tuscaloosa, to Georgena Rebecca, daughter of Junius Alexander and Eliza Inglis (Clitherall) Moore, and niece of Judge Alexander Clitherall; (2) Martha Jones, of Tuscaloosa. Children: 1. Eliza Moore, m. Benjamin Tarver; 2. William Crutcher; 3. Junius Alexander; 4. James; 5. Annie Fleming, m. Edward Pegram Galt; 6. Junius Moore, m. Elizabeth Harris Green (q. v.). Last residence: Montgomery.

RIGGS, JUNIUS MOORE, librarian of the supreme court, was born November 29, 1851, at Montgomery; son of Joel and Georgena Rebecca (Moore) Riggs (q. v.). He received a common school education. He has been mar-

shal and librarian of the supreme court since 1874. He is a Knight of Pythias; Knight of Honor, and a member of the National fraternal union; a Democrat; and Episcopalian. He is the compiler of the catalogues of the supreme court library and the state library. Married: April 11, 1888, at Selma, to Elizabeth, daughter of John Templeton and Elizabeth (Harris) Green, of Vicksburg, Miss., granddaughter of Thomas M. and Mary (Templeton) Green. Residence: Montgomery.

RIGGS, WALTER MERRITT, educator, graduate of Clemson college, S. C., with the B. S. degree in 1893; E. and M. E., 1894; director of the engineering department and professor of electrical engineering and acting president of Clemson college.

RILEY, BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, Baptist minister, was born July 16, 1849, near Pineville, Monroe County; son of Enoch and Sophronia Irving (Autrey) Riley, the former who was a native of Edgefield District, S. C., and who lived near Pineville, Monroe County; grandson of Jeremiah and Jane Riley, who resided at Monroe County, and of Alexander and Parthenia Autrey, who lived near Sparta, Conecuh County; a descendent of three brothers, then called by the name of O'Riley, who came to America from Ireland, some time before the Revolutionary War, one settling in the north, another in the middle west, and another in the south. The Autreys were of Norman ancestry, the name Autrey, being D'Autrey, and were descended from Count D'Autrey, an ancestor of the maternal grandfather, who was a member of the LaSalle expedition. He received his early education at Pineville; was graduated A. B., from Erskine college, 1872; received the degree of D. D., in 1885, from the University of Alabama, in 1887, from Erskine college; and in 1903, from Baylor; the degree of F. S. Sc. from the Society of Science, Letters and Art, London, 1898; and the degree of LL. D., Simmons college, Tex., 1907. He attended the Southern Baptist theological seminary, Greenville, S. C., and Crozer theological seminary, near Philadelphia, Pa. He was ordained Baptist minister in 1873, at Pineville, and served the following pastorates, Snow Hill, Opelika, Albany, Ga., Livingston, and Houston, Tex. In 1888, he was elected president of Howard college, and was professor of English and oratory at the University of Georgia, from 1898-1900. He was influential in securing the enforcement of the law closing the saloons on Sunday in Texas, and in making gambling in that state a felony, and was active in the adjustment of race relationship in the south. By addresses, lectures and writing, he aided in the elevation of the negro, and in relieving him of the oppression to which he had been subjected. He was a prohibitionist, and was superintendent of the Texas Anti-Saloon league, 1907-1909. He was the author of "History of Conecuh County," 1884, "Alabama As It Is," 1888, "History of the Baptists of Alabama," 1893, "A History of the Baptists of the Southern States East of the Mississippi," 1898, "History of the Baptists of Texas," 1907, "The White Man's Burden,"



C. H. NESBITT

"History of the Pulpit Oratory of the South," "The Saloon," "The Negro Problem," besides numerous pamphlets, and contributions to periodicals. He is a member of the American historical association; a Democrat; had served as vice-president of the Georgia and Texas Baptist convention, and was once vice-president of the Southern Baptist convention; and is a Knight of Pythias. Married: at Pineville, Conecuh County, June 21, 1876, to Emma, daughter of John and Permelia Shaw, who lived at Belleville and Pineville, the former who was of Scotch ancestry and the latter who was of English ancestry. Children: 1. Oscar Ernest, m. Rosa Vanardo, Hillsdale, La.; 2. B. F., jr., M. D., m. Sallie Lowe Durham of Woodville, Ga., reside at Thomson, Ga.; 3. Mary Kate, m. Nogle Clement Hoyt, Houston, Tex.; 4. Ashby Autrey, civil engineer, Southern Pacific, Houston, Tex.; 5. Emma Lois, Birmingham; 6. Alice Grace, Birmingham; 7. John Enoch, Birmingham; 8. Elizabeth D'Autrey, Birmingham. Residence: Birmingham.

RILEY, CLAUDE, lawyer, living in 1913. Residence: Elba.

RILEY, FRANK LESLIE, merchant and legislator, was born October 10, 1873, at Midway, Monroe County; son of William George and Narcissa Jane (Davison) Riley, the former a native of near Pineville, Monroe County, entered the C. S. Army in 1861, served in the Army of Northern Virginia and later under Gen. N. B. Forrest; grandson of Enoch and Sophronia Irvin (Autrey) Riley, and of James M. and Sarah Jane (Leslie) Davison. The Riley family is of Irish descent, while the Davisons are of Scotch origin. The pioneer ancestors of both lines settled in South Carolina about 1780, and their descendants located in Monroe County, early in the 19th century. He was educated by his mother, in the schools of Evergreen, and at Howard college, 1891-92. He is a merchant, entering business on his own account, 1901. He was orderly sergeant, Co. K, Alabama national guard, 1894 to 1897. He represented Conecuh County in the legislature of 1915. He is a Democrat; a Baptist; a Woodman of the World; a Knight of Pythias; and a Red Man. Married: February 16, 1910, at Abbeville, S. C., to Alpha, daughter of Augustus and Emma (Wright) Haddon, of Hodges, S. C. The paternal ancestors of Mrs. Riley immigrated from Scotland to Ireland, thence to the United States, and settled in South Carolina. Her paternal ancestors came from Ireland to Georgia. Residence: Evergreen.

RISON, WILLIAM R., banker, was born January 20, 1837, at Huntsville; son of Archibald and Martha (Bibb) Rison, the former who was born near Carthage, Tenn., came to Huntsville about 1822, and was among the first manufacturers of cotton gins in that city, the latter who was a native of Huntsville; grandson of Richard Rison, a Virginian, of Welsh ancestry who removed to Tennessee about 1785, and became a planter. John L. Rison, a druggist of Huntsville, is a brother of William R. He established

a drug store of his own in 1860, conducted the business for many years, and was married, February 22, 1860, to Martha T. Erwin, daughter of Rev. A. R. and Martha (Boyd) Erwin, the former who was a minister of the Tennessee conference of the Methodist church, and president of the Huntsville female college. Mr. Rison received a common school education, and at the age of fifteen accepted a position as clerk in a grocery store, which position he held until 1853. He then kept books in a dry goods house until 1859, when he went into the Northern bank of Alabama, where he remained until he was detailed into the mining department in the military service of the C. S. Army. In the summer of 1864, he was attached to the Fourth Alabama cavalry as first lieutenant, and served until the close of the war, at which time he was commanding the company. After the war he went to Aberdeen, Miss., where he engaged in the mercantile business, until March, 1866, when he went to Huntsville, and established a private bank. Later his son engaged with him in the business, the firm becoming W. R. Rison and co. In 1872, he was appointed county treasurer of Madison County, and was elected to that office in 1874. His bank was the recognized financial agent of the state to pay the interest on "the horse shoe money," during 1872-1882. He has been a director of the Huntsville cotton mill, and vice-president of the Dallas manufacturing company. He is a Royal Arch Mason, and a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. Married: on June 18, 1858, to Maria L., daughter of Leroy and Mary (Brandon) Jones, of Huntsville. Children: 1. Archie L., resides at Huntsville. Residence: Huntsville.

RIVERS, RICHARD MALICHI, merchant, was born February 15, 1866, at Warrior, Jefferson County; son of Frederick W. and Synthia (Knight) Rivers, the former who lived at Warrior until 1872, when he moved to Winston. He attended the country schools until he was twenty-one years of age, then spent a short time at Houston seminary. He taught in the country schools, together with merchandising, 1888-1890; was elected justice of the peace in 1888, and held that position through three terms, serving until 1900; and represented Winston County in the State legislature in 1901. He is a Republican and a Methodist. Married: January 16, 1889, at Houston, to Sarah Louisa Wilson. Residence: Double Springs.

RIVES, GEORGE, physician, was born August 26, 1827, in Elmore County; son of Dr. George and Eliza Ann (Glenn) Rives, the former a native of Bedford County, Va., and a cousin of William C. Rives, John Y. Mason, and Gen. Winfield Scott, all Virginians, and who was graduated M. D., from the University of Pennsylvania, came to Alabama and settled in Elmore County, in 1818, and was a member of the secession convention of that state, and the latter who was a native of Hancock County, Ga.; grandson of Nathaniel Rives, who was a native of Lynchburg, Va., and of Scotch-Irish ancestry, and of Capt. Robert and Mary (Lewis) Glenn, the former probably a native of Virginia, who settled in Alabama in 1817, in Elmore

County, and the latter an aunt of Dixon H. Lewis. He received his education in the common schools, and for a few years engaged in farming. In 1849, he began the study of medicine with Dr. William Rives, and in 1852, graduated from the University of Pennsylvania, and soon afterward began the practice of medicine, at Snowdoun, Montgomery County. In the summer of 1861, he served in Virginia with the Independent Rifles, but was not regularly enlisted. He joined Co. A, Fifty-sixth Alabama cavalry, in 1862, and fought at Mud Creek, in the Mississippi campaign, and from Rome, Ga., to Atlanta. He was in the Carolinas with Johnston, when the surrender came. After the war, he again resumed the practice of medicine. He was in Waxahatchie, Tex., from 1870 to 1876. He was also extensively engaged in farming in Elmore County. Married: in 1853, to Mary W., daughter of Henry and Ann (Walker) Holmes, who came to Alabama in 1820, and settled in Montgomery County for the remainder of their lives; the former a native of South Carolina and the latter a native of Virginia. Children: 1. Henry Holmes, d. in infancy; 2. George, farmer in Elmore County; 3. Edward Walker, farmer, Elmore County; 4. Frank Lewis, deceased; 5. Robert Glenn, farmer, Elmore County. Last residence: Snowdoun.

RIVES, GEORGE M., grand secretary, grand lodge, Masons, 1822.

ROANE, JAMES H., *soldier of the American Revolution*, age not given, a resident of Morgan county; 2nd lieutenant 10th Regular U. S. Infantry; enrolled on April 18, 1825, payment to date from January 28, 1825; annual allowance, \$90; sums received to date of publication of list, \$684.22; Acts military establishment.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

ROBBINS, GASTON AHI, lawyer, representative in congress, was born September 26, 1858, in Goldsboro, N. C., deceased; son of Capt. Julius A. Robbins and a Miss Alford, the former who was a native of North Carolina, practiced law at Selma, served throughout the War of Secession, and was killed just before the surrender, at Mt. Sterling, Ky., while leading a cavalry charge, made by a division of the brigade of Gen. John H. Morgan, the latter who was a lineal descendant of Henry Alford, Dean of Canterbury; and a brother of Mary LaFayette Robbins, author of "Alabama Women in Literature," which was published in 1895. He moved from Goldsboro to Randolph County, N. C., attended Trinity college, and was graduated from the University of North Carolina in 1879. He studied law; was admitted to the bar, in 1880, and practiced at Selma. He became editor of the "Southern Argus," in 1881, which he published for many years, finally sold it to the Times publishing company, and by consolidation, it became the "Times-Argus." He was presidential elector on the Cleveland and Hendricks ticket, in 1884; was elected as a Democrat to the Fifty-third and Fifty-fourth congresses, and served from March 4, 1893, to

March 13, 1896, when William F. Aldrich, who had contested his election, succeeded him; was re-elected to the Fifty-sixth congress, and served from March 4, 1899, to March 8, 1900, when he was again succeeded by William F. Aldrich, who contested this election. He was unmarried. Last residence: Selma.

ROBBINS, JOSEPH H., hardware merchant, was born March 17, 1830, in Bertie County, N. C.; son of John Robbins and a Miss Harrall, the former who was a farmer, a native of Virginia, and of English descent, who died in 1846, the latter who after the death of her husband came to Alabama, in 1850, with her sons. He attended Bertie academy, and was graduated M. D., from the University of Louisiana, in 1854. He then commenced the practice of medicine on his plantation, continuing until 1865, when he engaged in the hardware business with his brother and a Mr. Aram, at Selma. In 1869, he purchased the interest of his partners, and became sole owner. In 1874, his son, Eugene, became a member of the firm, and in 1883, J. Syd., another son became a member. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church and a Mason. Married: in 1854, in Dallas County, to Mary Ann Jackson, of North Carolina Quaker descent, and a daughter of Nathan Jackson, planter, of Dallas County. Children: 1. Eugene, b. February 15, 1855, merchant at Selma, m. Cammie Smith; 2. J. Syd., Selma. Residence: Selma.

ROBBINS, MARY L., author. Residence: Selma.

ROBBINS, W. MACK, major, 4th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

ROBERSON, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 74, and a resident of Tuscaloosa County; private Virginia Militia; enrolled on July 20, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$28.11; sums received to date of publication of list, \$70.38.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

ROBERSON, JONES FALL, merchant, was born December 21, 1876, at Cropwell, St. Clair County; son of James Russell and Addie (Jones) Roberson, both of whom are natives of Cropwell, St. Clair County; grandson of James and Hulda (Williamson) Roberson, who resided at Cropwell, and of John William and Anne (McLeod) Jones, who resided in Cropwell, the former who was in charge of the militia at Cropwell during the War of Secession; great-grandson of John Roberson of Abbeville District, S. C., who was a colonel in the War of 1812. The McLeods are descendants of John McLeod who came from the parish of Engh, Lewis Island, off the coast of Scotland and settled in Wilmington, N. C., two years prior to the revolution. Jones Fall Roberson received his primary education in the school at Cropwell, under Prof. I. W. Hill, and later attended Howard college at East Lake.

Since 1900 he has been engaged in the mercantile business. He has served as a member of the executive committee of St. Clair County, and also as secretary of the committee. He is a Democrat and a Baptist. Married: July 29, 1905, at Selma, to Nellie Drew, daughter of William Lewis and Mary Frances (Smith) Thompson, of Selma; a descendant of Col. William Claiborne, who was secretary of state of the colony of Virginia, and a member of the council and treasurer of Virginia, the line of descent coming through Thomas Fox who was a first lieutenant in the Tenth Virginia infantry, Continental army, and who married Philadelphia Claiborne, great-granddaughter of William Claiborne. Children: 1. James Russell, jr.; 2. Jones Fall, jr. Residence: Cropwell.

ROBERT, KATE (AYERS), author, was born February 7, 1859, in Mobile; daughter of William Thomas and Julia Ann (Crooker) Ayers, of Mobile; granddaughter of Andrew and Catherine (McCusker) Ayers, who migrated to America, locating first in Philadelphia and later removing to Mobile, where they met and married, and of Herman Norman and Mary Ann (Bemis) Crooker, natives respectively of Boston and Randolph, Mass., later residents of Mobile. Mrs. Robert was educated in the Cathedral parish school, taught by the Sisters of Charity, and graduated in the Springfield (Mass.) home correspondence school in poetics and versification in August, 1919. She began teaching in 1892, as assistant in the school of Mrs. C. Mullekin, who was her aunt, and after whose death she continued to carry on the school, which was founded in 1871 by Miss M. C. Mullekin. She is president of the Alabama auxiliary league of American pen women. She is a Roman Catholic. Author: booklets and verse, "A School time Souvenir," "Mary's first kiss," "The wheat of Bethlehem," "The Porter's trip," negro dialect; St. J. L. M. B. A. silver jubilee poem, 1918; "Two gardens;" published songs, "Lemme see yer laugh;" "Americans first;" "Dear land of the Tallapoosa." Married: November 24, 1879, at Battles Wharf, Baldwin County, to Paul Jones Robert, of New Orleans, journalist, lawyer, distinguished linguist, and member of the Astronomical society of Paris, France, now deceased; son of Alexis and Honorine (Albert) Robert, of New Orleans, La., the former a native of France who came in infancy with his parents who located in New Orleans; attorney for the archbishop there, his wife being a native of Louisiana. Residence: Mobile.

ROBERTS, DAVID, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 89, and a resident of Shelby County; private S. C. Militia; enrolled on March 12, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$60; sums received to date of publication of list, \$180.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

ROBERTS, ORAN MILO, lawyer, was born in Laurens District, S. C., July 9, 1815, and died

at Austin, Tex., May 28, 1898; son of Obe and Margaret (Ewing) Roberts, of South Carolina. When quite young he removed to Alabama with his parents, settling near Ashville. He received his early education in the old field schools of St. Clair County; entered the University of Alabama graduating 1836, B. A., the same college conferring the degree of LL. D.; represented St. Clair County, in the house of the State legislature, 1839-40; removed to Texas, 1841; appointed district attorney, 1844; district judge, 1846-51; and associate justice of the supreme court, 1857-61. He was chosen president of the secession convention, 1861; served as colonel of a Texas regiment, C. S. Army, 1862-64; chief justice of the supreme court, 1864; senator elect, 1866; taught law in the Gilmer law school, 1868-70; again elected chief justice of the supreme court, 1876-78; governor of Texas, 1878-82; and professor of law at the University of Texas, 1882-92. Author: "Description of Texas," 1881; "Elements of Texas pleading," 1891; "Our Federal relations," 1892; and "The Political history of Texas since its annexation to the United States." Married: (1) December 12, 1837, to Frances W. Edwards, of St. Clair County; (2) December 15, 1887, to Catherine E. Borden, of Marble Falls, Tex. Last residence: Austin, Tex.

ROBERTS, PARKUS, Methodist minister, was born September 26, 1826, in Brunswick County, Va., and died August 29, 1901, at Columbiana; son of William Batchelor and Harriet (Cashon) Roberts, natives of Virginia; grandson of Samuel Cashon, a soldier in the War of 1812; his great-great-grandfathers Cashon, Wilkinson, and Roberts were soldiers in the Revolutionary War. He was educated in Tennessee to which state he was carried early by his father; came to Alabama in 1847; settled at Marion; licensed to preach in 1863; charter member of the North Alabama conference, his first appointment being the Jones Valley circuit; served many important stations while in the ministry. Married: (1) March 24, 1853, at Greensboro, to Lou Winne, who died in 1861; (2) October 9, 1863, to Mrs. Nancy Caroline Fisher (nee Morris) the daughter of William Greene and Sarah (Evans) Morris, and sister of Rev. J. T. Morris. Children: 1. Mrs. Sallie Evans Elliott; 2. Mrs. Willie Prince White; 3. Mrs. Nan Virginia Lane; 4. Rev. Thomas Keener (q. v.); 5. J. P.; 6. H. M. Last residence: Columbiana.

ROBERTS, THOMAS KEENER, Methodist minister, was born October 1, 1870 at Haygood's Cross Roads, Jefferson County; son of Thomas Parkus and Nancy Caroline (Morris) Roberts (q. v.). He was thoroughly grounded in his early education in public schools of Fayetteville, Columbiana and Old Jonesboro; attended the Southern university for four years graduating with the degrees of A. B. and A. M., in 1894. He was tutor in his alma mater for two years; president, college Y. M. C. A., challenge debater; assistant editor, college journal; principal, Columbia fitting school, 1894-95; licensed to preach, 1895, and appointed as supply to succeed Rev. G. M. Roper, Dexter ave-

nue M. E. church, Montgomery, and appointed pastor, 1896; student Vanderbilt university; taking course preparatory for mission work, but because of failing health was forced to abandon that field of service; joined North Alabama conference, 1901, and served pastorates at Columbiana circuit, Glen Addie, Alexandria, Oxford, Coleanor, Fountain Heights church, Birmingham, Collinsville; and was superannuated December, 1911. He is a Democrat, and a member of the Alpha Tau Omega college fraternity. Author: "Shut in but not excused," 1901. Married: December 6, 1899, at Easonville, St. Clair County, to Sue Euphemia, daughter of George Washington and Anne Euphemia (Brown) Stone of that place, and great niece of Chief Justice Stone of Alabama. No children. Residence: Columbiana.

ROBERTSON, C. S., Lieutenant colonel, 1st also called 12th, Confederate cavalry, C. S. Army.

ROBERTSON, HENRY M., president of the Alabama home building and loan association. Residence: Birmingham.

ROBERTSON, JAMES, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 71, and a resident of Tuscaloosa County; private S. C. Continental Line; enrolled on October 29, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832; payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance \$80; sums received to date of publication of list, \$240.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

The grave of James Robertson is located in Tuscaloosa County on the Black Warrior River near Sanders' ferry, in the old family burying-ground. He was the famous "Horseshoe Robertson" of Revolutionary fame in South Carolina, and the hero of the novel of that name written by John Pendleton Kennedy in 1835. The name "Horseshoe" was given because of a bend in a creek in his plantation in South Carolina shaped like a horseshoe.

The following inscription is from his tomb:

"MAJOR JAMES ROBERTSON,

A native of S. C.

died April 26, 1838, aged 79 years,
and was buried here.

Well known as Horseshoe Robinson, he earned a Just fame in the war of independence, in which he was eminent in courage, patriotism and suffering. He lived fifty-six years with his worthy partner, useful and respected, and died in hopes of a blessed immortality. His children erect this monument as a tribute justly due a good husband, father, neighbor, patriot and soldier."

James Robertson was born in 1759; and his epitaph states that he was a native of South Carolina. He was married in 1782 and "lived fifty-six years with his worthy partner"; she died in January, 1838, and he died April 26, 1838. The name of his wife was Sarah Morris —, which tradition says was Hayden. They left several children. James Robertson was a famous scout during the Revolution and a terror to the Tories. After the war he settled in Pendleton district and was living there when

Kennedy met him in 1818. In the preface to Kennedy's *Horseshoe Robinson*, he gives an account of the circumstances which led him to write the story.

He says that in the winter of 1818-19 he had occasion to visit the western section of South Carolina. He went from Augusta to Edgefield, then to Abbeville and thence to Pendleton, in the old district of Ninety-six, just at the foot of the mountains. His course was still westward until he came to the Seneca River, a tributary of the Savannah. He describes how he happened to spend the night at the home of Col. T—, who lived thirty miles from Pendleton. Horseshoe Robertson came there that night. "What a man I saw! Tall, broad, brawny and erect. His homely dress, his free stride, his face radiant with kindness, the natural gracefulness of his motions, all afforded a ready index to his character. It was evident he was a man to confide in."

The novel *Horseshoe Robinson* is interesting reading even in this critical and blase twentieth century. Judge A. B. Meek says that "Mr. Kennedy, the author of 'Horseshoe Robinson,' has in that inimitable 'Tale of the Tory Ascendancy' in South Carolina proved the suitability of American subjects for fictitious composition of the most elevated kind. Although in his incidents and characters he has done little more than presented a faithful chronicle of facts, using throughout the veritable names of persons and places as they were stated to him by his hero himself, yet such is the thrilling interest of the story, the vivid pictures of scenery, manners, customs, and language, the striking contrasts of characters and the pervading beauty and power of style and description throughout the work, that we think we do not err in saying that it is not inferior in any respect to the best of the Waverly series."

The home of James Robertson in South Carolina, where he lived for a third of a century, is said to be still standing. It is in Oconee County a few miles from Westminster. It is now owned by a Mr. Cox and travelers frequently visit the place, drawn thither by the fame of *Horseshoe Robinson*.—Mrs. P. H. Mell, in Alabama Historical Society, *Transactions*, vol. iv, pp. 560-564.

ROBERTSON, JOHN SOLON, educator and Methodist minister, was born on February 20, 1860, near Louisville, Barbour County; son of Theophilus Ithamar and Martha Jane (Lowe) Robertson, the former, a native of Georgia, who came, at the age of fourteen years, with his parents to Alabama and lived in Tallapoosa, Macon and Barbour Counties, the latter, of English descent, a native of North Carolina, came in 1846 with her parents to Alabama, lived in Russell and Barbour Counties; grandson of Anderson Thomas Jefferson and Elizabeth (Whitehurst) Robertson, the latter of Georgia and of Dutch descent, and of Robert and Mary Harmon (Lynch) Lowe, who lived at, or near, Lynchburg, Va., which was named for Mrs. Lowe's ancestors; great-grandfather, Robertson, with two brothers, immigrated about 1750 to Savannah from England, the life-work of each being teaching, their families having

gone originally from Scotland to England. The great-grandfather Lowe was a Methodist minister in early times in North Carolina. Rev. Mr. Robertson was educated by his mother until he reached the age of fifteen years, after which he attended Louisville academy, and the high school at Union Springs. During two and a half years he was a student of the Southern university, Greensboro, graduating there in June, 1887, with the degree of B. S., and representative for his society in joint debate. In December, 1887, at Tuscaloosa, he joined the North Alabama conference of the M. E. church South, and has been presiding elder of the Gadsden and Roanoke districts. He was a member of the general conference in Dallas, Texas, May 1902; member of the commission to establish Birmingham college, and on the board of trustees; for a while president of the college. He was one of the joint commissioners to establish the Woman's college at Montgomery and for a while a member of the board of trustees. He is a Democrat; and a Prohibitionist; member of the Sigma Alpha Epsilon college fraternity; a Mason and Odd Fellow. Married: September 27, 1892, at Powderly, Jefferson County, Hattie Lee, daughter of Robert Franklin and Nannie Rebecca (McClure) Lacey, who lived at that place. Children: 1. John Crawford; 2. Frank Solon; 3. Ottilie Louise; 4. Mary Harmon; 5. Hattie Elizabeth; 6. and 7. (twins) Asa Lee and Lacey Lowe; 8. Ella Blanche. Residence: Roanoke.

ROBERTSON, MAURICE LINDEN, business man, was born August 22, 1869, near Quantico, Wicomico County, Md.; son of Robert G. and Rebecca C. (Bacon) Robertson, the former who was born in Baron Creek District, Wicomico County, Md., lived near Quantico where he engaged in farming until 1894, when he moved to Mardela Springs, and became deputy county treasurer, from which office he retired, January 1, 1912; grandson of Robert D. and Susan Robertson, who resided in Baron Creek District, on a farm, and of William and Maria Bacon, who resided at Baron Creek Springs, Md. He entered the rural school of Wicomico County, Md., at the age of four years, and later attended the Maryland state normal school, where he completed a four years' course in two years, was given the honorary address at graduation, and received a teacher's diploma good for life, in the state of Maryland. He taught school in Maryland for four years, two years of that time as principal of a grammar school at Pittsville, and the other two years, as principal of the high school at Aberdeen, Md. Because of failing health he retired from teaching in 1892. He then accepted the position as office manager for the Alexander lumber company, at Alexander, W. Va., and held that position until December, 1895, when he came to Alabama and located at Cullman. He purchased the Cullman "Tribune," and was editor and publisher of this paper until 1899, when he sold it, and entered the banking house of Parker and company as bookkeeper, and in 1904, became cashier of the bank. He was elected treasurer of the city of Cullman, in September,

1908, and held the position until September, 1910, when he was elected mayor. Under his administration, fifteen miles of cement sidewalks were laid, and other street improvements were made. He was for some time president of the Decatur-Birmingham highway association. He is a Democrat; a Mason; and Knight of Pythias. Married: in Cullman, September 23, 1897, to Mary Alice Parker, who died at Cullman, December 18, 1907, daughter of George H. and Cora A. Parker, who lived at Cullman, the former who was an Ohioan and the latter a Kentuckian. Children: 1. Marion L., Cullman; 2. Ruth V., Cullman. Residence: Cullman.

ROBERTSON, SAMUEL LOWRIE, teacher, was born November 18, 1838, in Jackson County, deceased; son of Rev. John Murray Robertson who was an Episcopal minister. When he was four years old he accompanied his parents to Huntsville, where he attended school until he was seventeen years of age. He then went to Mississippi, where he taught school for a year; attended the University of Virginia two years; then went to Raleigh, N. C., where he studied law; and in December, 1859, after being examined by Judge Manley Battle, and his preceptor, Chief Justice Pearson of the Richmond Hill law school, received his license to practice; opened a law office at Charlotte, N. C., but his health failed and he returned to Huntsville, where he was a briefless barrister until the outbreak of the War of Secession. He joined the Madison Rifles, which later became Co. D, Seventh Alabama regiment of infantry, with which he served until after one year's service, it was disbanded at Corinth. He was captured in north Alabama, remained in prison until August 30, 1862, when the Union forces evacuated Huntsville; joined a company of cavalry, commanded by Capt. Gaston, and served with Gen. Forrest, Gen. W. T. Martin of Mississippi, and Gen. Wheeler; was captured a second time near Moulton, and was held a prisoner some six months at Camp Chase, New Orleans, and Marine barracks, Vicksburg, Miss; and was paroled in June, 1865. After the war he engaged in business as editor, civil engineer, and school teacher. He was tax assessor of Jefferson County. He was author of "Dora," a volume of verse, and other writings. He was a Democrat; adjutant of Camp Hardee Confederate Veterans; an Episcopalian; a Mason and a Knight of Pythias. Married: at Tuscaloosa, in 1871, to Mrs. William Norris, widow of Dr. William Norris of Marengo County. Children: 1. Stella; 2. Annie Peek; 3. Belle D.; 4. Samuel Lowrie, jr.; 5. William D. O.; 6. Joanna Rebecca Murray. Last residence: Birmingham.

ROBERTSON, THADDEUS LINDLEY, physician, was born January 27, 1837, at Durham, N. C., and died August 16, 1912, at Birmingham; was the son of Willis Benjamin and Catherine H. (Coley) Robertson, the former born in Virginia of Scotch ancestry, who resided at Durham, N. C., and finally at Oxford; grandson of George Robertson of Virginia. His maternal ancestors were also from Scotland.

He received his academic education in Oxford. He completed a medical course at Jefferson medical college, Philadelphia, in 1861. He practiced in Ashville, 1861-65, Springville, 1865-72, Oxford, 1872-87, and Birmingham, 1887-1911. He served as president of the Jefferson County medical society; was for several terms a member of its committee of public health, and was a member of the board of censors of the Medical association of Alabama. He was a Democrat; and a Baptist. Married: (1) April 24, 1862, at Springville, to Hepsilabeth Luthenia, daughter of Louis and Hepsilabeth (Worthington) Herring, of that place; granddaughter of Benjamin and Juda (Stedham) Worthington, both born in Virginia, lived in Hopkinsville, Ky., and in 1817 moved to Jefferson County; (2) February 20, 1879, in Birmingham, to Mary Caroline, a first cousin to his first wife, daughter of Benjamin Pinckney and Caroline (Mitchell) Worthington, of Birmingham, and granddaughter of Thomas and Elizabeth (Starnes) Mitchell, the former born in South Carolina, lived in Jefferson County, and in Hillsborough County, Fla., where he died in 1859, the latter born in Jefferson County, died in 1885, in Hillsborough, Fla. Children: 1. Frances Worthington, m. Vasco Cramer Wedgworth, Fort Worth, Tex.; 2. Annie Louise, m. Charles Morris Cory, Lexington, Ky.; 3. Ida Manly, m. John Edward Zinnerman Riley; 4. Walter Worthington, Birmingham; 5. Janie Lindley, Birmingham; 6. Benjamin Pinckney, m. Elizabeth Norris Querbacker, Birmingham. Last residence: Birmingham.

ROBERTSON, THOMAS HUSTON, farmer, teacher and legislator, was born August 15, 1861, in Fannin County, Ga.; son of Elisha Robertson, who was born in Ireland in 1800. He was reared on the farm and educated in the common schools. During 1879 he attended a business school in Atlanta. From 1878 until 1888 he was engaged in teaching. Since that time he has been a farmer. He represented Cullman County in the legislature of 1919. He is a Democrat; and a Methodist. Married: at Pulaski, Tenn., to Sallie V., daughter of Marion and Nancy Biggars, of Athens, that state. Residence: Cullman.

ROBERTSON, WILLIAM G., merchant, register in chancery, was born September 25, 1839, near Tuscaloosa, Tuscaloosa County; son of John and Martha B. (Walser) Robertson, the former who was a native of Georgia, came to Alabama with his parents, from Tennessee, in 1836, located in Tuscaloosa County, and worked as laborer and overseer; grandson of Loddick and Nancy Robertson, both natives of Virginia, who emigrated at an early day to Georgia, later to Lynchburg, Moore County, then Lincoln County, Tenn., the former who served in the Indian wars, and engaged in farming. He received his early education in the local schools of the county. At the age of nineteen he became a clerk in a store in Tuscaloosa; when twenty-two years old, enlisted in the C. S. Army, as orderly sergeant of Co. E, Eighteenth Alabama infantry, under command of Col. E. C. Bullock; was promoted to second lieutenant of

his company, 1862; and was captured at Missionary Ridge and taken to Johnson's Island, where he was held prisoner until the close of the war. After the war he returned to Tuscaloosa, where he engaged as clerk for a short time; removed to Pickens County in 1866, where he engaged in farming for a year; in December, 1866, engaged in the mercantile business with his father-in-law, James T. Gardner, for six years, and after Mr. Gardner's death, assumed control of the entire business. He was mayor of Carrollton for one year; was elected circuit clerk of Pickens County, in 1874, which office he held for twelve years, and served as notary public. He is a member of the Baptist church of which he is a deacon, and is a Mason. Married: in 1862, to Sarah A., daughter of James T. and Rebecca (Cureton) Gardner, both natives of South Carolina, the former who was a farmer and merchant and at one time represented Pickens county in the State legislature. Children: 1. Henry L., m. Fannie Young; 2. Eliza S., m. Thomas D. Nettles; 3. Sarah E., m. Dr. Gilbert B. Wimberly; 4. Martha, d. at the age of seven years; 5. John W. d. in childhood; 6. Marietta, died at the age of eight years. Residence: Carrollton.

ROBINS, JOSIAH, planter, colonel, C. S. Army, was born October 7, 1825, at Saint Martins, Worcester County, Md., and died at Lower Peachtree, June 11, 1901; son of John Lyttleton Bowdoin and Henrietta (Showell) Robins, the former who was born near Berlin, Worcester County, Md., lived on his plantation at Saint Martins, Worcester County, Md., until the fall of 1838, when he removed to Canton Bend, Wilcox County, and engaged in planting; grandson of Lyttleton and Martha (Horsey) Robins, who lived at Worcester County, Md., and of Lemuel and Hannah (Dale) Showell, who lived at Saint Martins, Worcester County, Md.; great-grandson of John Purnell and Anna (Spence) Robins, the former who was an ensign of the Ninth Virginia regiment from February 5, 1777, was promoted to lieutenant, August 25, 1778, transferred to First Virginia, September 14, 1778, transferred to Fifth Virginia, February 12, 1781, and made lieutenant of the Continental Dragoons, October 1, 1781, serving until the end of the Revolutionary War; a direct descendant of Col. Obedience Robins, who was born in Berkeley, England, son of Thomas and Mary (Brackley) Robins, of Berkeley, England, and who came to Virginia in 1621, in company with his brother Edward, settled on the James River, in 1628 removed to Accomack, Va., was a member of the general assembly of Virginia from Accomack from 1629-1630, was commander of the "Accomack Plantations," in 1632, and when the plantation was made a county it was divided and the upper half was called "Northampton," after the shire of his birth, was one of the signers of "The Remonstrance of the General Assembly to the Crown," in April, 1624, was one of the burgesses from Northampton County, in October, 1644, and April, 1652, and from 1655 to 1660, was a member of the governor's council, of Sir Thomas Lyttleton, of the King's Bench, of Col. Edward Southey, and



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of Elizabeth Bowdoin of Rochelle, France, who came to Virginia with her brother, Peter Bowdoin, and who was aunt of Gov. James Bowdoin of Massachusetts.

His education was obtained at home and later at the high school at Canton Bend. He bought a small farm near his father's and soon after a larger plantation, in Black's Bend, and after his father's death sold his farms, and purchased his father's plantation, near Prairie Bluff, known as the Robins plantation. In 1861, he enlisted in the C. S. Army, in Co. C, Third Alabama cavalry regiment, of which he was elected captain. On December 29, 1862, Captain Robins was made major of the Third Alabama cavalry; in 1864, was promoted to lieutenant colonel, and in 1865, was promoted to colonel. He participated in the battle of Shiloh, and was severely wounded in his right shoulder at the battle of Monroe farm. After the war he resumed his planting, and was for many years a cotton factor of Mobile. Prior to the War of Secession he was a Whig, but after the war, became a Democrat. He was a member of the Hopewell Presbyterian church, Lower Peachtree, was a ruling elder for many years before his death, and was a Mason. Married: at Lower Peachtree, April 16, 1856, to Sarah Strother, daughter of Capt. Robert H. and Elizabeth Hicks (Strother) Gregg; granddaughter of William and Lucy (Hicks) Strother, the former who was a member of the second provincial congress, of South Carolina, was a member of the first general assembly of South Carolina, and was elected sheriff of Cheraw District, South Carolina, and of John Gregg, who served in the Revolutionary War; great-granddaughter of Col. George and Sarah James (Gardner) Hicks, the former who was a colonel of Hicks' regiment, McIntosh brigade, South Carolina troops in the Revolutionary War, was a member of the first provincial congress of South Carolina, and chairman of the committee of safety for St. David's Parish, South Carolina, the latter who was a daughter of Rev. Philip James, a native of Pennesec, Pa., who was the first pastor of Welsh Neck Baptist church. Children: 1. Henrietta Gregg, m. William S. Irby, Lower Peachtree; 2. Samuel Wales, deceased; 3. Elizabeth Adele, m. Leo Donald Bryant, Lower Peachtree; 4. Josiah Howell, m. Katherine Lee McLaughlin, Catherine; 5. Henry Bowdoin, deceased; 6. Jane Margaret, m. James W. Wood, Columbia; 7. John Lyttleton Brooks, m. Mary Moore, Catherine; 8. Sarah Strother, m. Rev. Francis Tappey, Huntsville; 9. Oliver Gregg; deceased; 10. Martha Ezra, m. William Joel Bonner, Camden. Last residence: Lower Peachtree.

ROBINSON, ANDREW JACKSON, physician, was born January 16, 1832, at Fayetteville, Ga., and died November 9, 1883, at Brooklyn; son of Charles J. and Sallie (Davis) Robinson, the former who was a native of Georgia, who lived at Fayetteville, and served as judge and legislator for a number of years, the latter who was a cousin of Jefferson Davis, president of the Confederacy. He received his education at McDonough, Ga., studied medicine under Dr.

Scott, and finished his study of medicine at Memphis, Tenn. He then began the practice of medicine at Brooklyn. In July, 1861, he was appointed captain of the Twenty-eighth regiment, Eighth brigade, and Eleventh division, C. S. Army, but did not accept the appointment, serving instead as army surgeon throughout the war. He was a member of the legislature for four years, his first term being in 1880 and 1881. He was a Democrat; a member of the Baptist church, of which he was moderator of the Bethlehem association for many years, holding that position at the time of his death; and a Mason. Married: on August 17, 1852, at McDonough, Ga., to Josephine Caroline, who was a daughter of Jacob and Sarah (Saunders) Moffat; granddaughter of Thomas Moffat, a soldier in the Revolutionary War; great-granddaughter of James Moffat, who came to this country from Scotland. Children: 1. Charles Moffat, deceased, m. Julia Rabun; 2. Willard Judson, d. young; 3. Josephine, m. Mathew H. Saunders, Brooklyn; 4. Andrew Jackson, deceased; 5. Estelle, m. John F. Williams, Brooklyn. Last residence: Brooklyn.

ROBINSON, CORNELIUS, planter, representative in Confederate congress, was born September 25, 1805, at Wadesboro, Anson County, N. C., and died July 29, 1867, at Church Hill, Lowndes County; son of Todd and Martha (Terry) Robinson, the former who was a native and planter of Wadesboro, N. C.; grandson of Cornelius and Elizabeth (Pickett) Robinson, who lived at Anson County, N. C., and of James and Ann (Roberts) Terry, who lived at Anson County, N. C., the former who was a Tory, and was forced to vacate his seat in the state legislature because of Tory sentiments; great-grandson of William Pickett, of Anson County, N. C., who was a captain in the First regiment commanded by James Moore, was elected as delegate to congress, November 12, 1776, was delegate to the provincial congress at Hillsboro, N. C., in 1775, and in 1777, was in the house of commons; a brother of William Robinson (q. v.); and a descendant of Gen. Pickett of Gettysburg fame. He received his education at Chapel Hill, N. C., where he was graduated LL. B., in 1824. He never practiced law. He served in the Indian War of 1836, as captain of Benton Company of Lowndes County, with the battalion commanded by Col. R. E. B. Baylor, of Dallas, Tex. He was also general of the state militia at one time. He was a brigadier-general in the Mexican War, and a member of Gen. Bragg's staff during the War of Secession. He was a member of the Confederate congress, 1861-2, and engaged in the planting and commission business at Mobile for many years, then moved to Lowndes County, where he continued planting until his death. He was a Democrat and a Methodist. Married: January 3, 1828, at Montgomery, to Martha Owen, daughter of Mumford and Frances Hannah (Pickett) De Jarnette, who lived at Wadesboro, Anson County, N. C.; granddaughter of John De Jarnette, who was a captain in the Revolutionary War, was born in Prince Edward County, Va., and was descended from the Huguenots who left France for America at

the Revocation of the Edict of Nantes, and was a member of the state legislature of North Carolina after the war, and of James Pickett, son of William Pickett of Anson County, N. C. Children: 1. Cornelius Byron, deceased, m. Cora Wyatt; 2. Mumford De Jarnette, deceased, m. Malinda Tarrant; 3. Martha Frances, m. (1) to Dr. James Shelby, (2) to Major William Hunter, reside at Birmingham; 4. John William, deceased, m. Mary May; 5. Eli Terry, b. in 1851, in Lowndes County, planter, m. Emma Kendall, reside at Marion; five other children died in their infancy. Last residence: Church Hill, Lowndes County.

ROBINSON, EDWARD MURPHY, lawyer, was born March 11, 1873, at Stockton; son of George W. and Martha A. (McMillan) Robinson, the former who was a native of New York City, came to Alabama with his parents, resided at Stockton, where he was elected a member of the legislature from Baldwin County, in 1865, served as first lieutenant in the C. S. Army, in Co. I, Wirt Adams Independent cavalry, and was wounded near Vicksburg, in 1864, removed to Mobile in 1887, where he died; grandson of Edward and Sarah Robinson, natives of England, who came to America in 1833, and later located in Stockton, and of Murphy and Celia A. McMillan, of Stockton. He received a good early education, having attended both public and private schools, and at the age of fourteen years, entered the University of Alabama. He was captain and adjutant of the cadet corps, received the degree of B. A., in 1890, and at the commencement in 1891, received his LL. B. degree. He studied law at the University of Virginia, 1892-93, and in the fall of 1893, went to Mobile, where he began the practice of his profession. He was elected to the general assembly of the Alabama legislature in 1894, and served until 1899; was recorder of Mobile, 1897-98; was captain of Co. C, Second Alabama Volunteers, Spanish-American War, 1898; was made major of the First regiment infantry, Alabama National Guard, in command of the Mobile battalion, in June, 1899. He was made a trustee of the Troy normal school, and of the Alabama hospital for the insane, and during the years 1901-02, he was president of the society of the alumni of the University of Alabama. He is a Democrat; a Presbyterian; and a Knight of Pythias. Residence: Mobile.

ROBINSON, ELISHA MILLER, physician, was born May 9, 1863, at Arkadelphia, Blount County; son of Elisha Miller and Elizabeth (Duncan) Robinson, and a brother of Dr. Thomas F. Robinson (q. v.). He was educated in the common schools of Arkadelphia, with one year, 1882-83 at the University of Alabama. In 1885 he graduated from the medical department of Vanderbilt university, and in 1885-86, took a course in the Bellevue hospital medical college and Bellevue hospital in New York. He entered upon the practice at Bessemer where he was city physician 1892-93, and on various dates local surgeon of the Louisville and Nashville railroad co., and the Kansas City, Memphis and Birmingham railroad. Removing to

Birmingham, he opened an infirmary which he still maintains. He is a Democrat and a Methodist. Married: February 13, 1889, Lella Weetona, daughter of Francis Marion and Martha Gaines (Jordan) Prince (q. v.). Children: 1. Marion, m. Nathaniel McWhorter Banks, Attalla; 2. Marguerite; 3. Lella; 4. Elisha Miller, jr.; 5. Thomas Haywood. Last residence: Birmingham.

ROBINSON, J. C., member of the constitutional convention of 1875, from the Thirty-second district.

ROBINSON, JAMES JEFFERSON, member of the constitutional convention, 1901, was born October 10, 1840, at Lafayette, Chambers County, and died April 12, 1919, at Lafayette; son of James Jefferson and Mary Ann (Davis) Robinson. He received his education in the country schools of Chambers County, until he was fifteen years of age, and later attended the University of Georgia, at Athens, where he was graduated, A. B., in 1861. He then joined the West Point Guards, Fourth Georgia regiment, and went to the army of Virginia, as a private. On May 2, 1863, he was wounded in the right arm and in the side at the battle of Chancellorsville, and his arm was amputated. In the fall of 1865, he was admitted to the bar at Lafayette. He was elected to the State senate in 1872, and re-elected in 1876, serving eight years. In 1882, he was elected a member of the house of representatives of Alabama; in 1883, was appointed judge of the probate court of Chambers County, on the death of Judge P. M. Rowland; in 1886, was re-elected judge of the probate court, and held that office until 1892. He then practiced law at Lafayette as a member of the firm of Robinson and Duke. He was a member of the constitutional convention of 1901, from the Ninth senatorial district. He was a Democrat. Married: at Lafayette, April 30, 1866, to Josephine B., daughter of George Huguley. Children: James Jefferson, jr., b. March 27, 1867, graduate of Alabama university with degree of A. B., business man and at one time member of the state board of agriculture, m. Kate Lee, reside at Lafayette; 2. Joseph Huguley, b. February 17, 1869, d. West Point, Ga., July 21, 1889; 3. Wyche Jackson, m. Emma Pearson, reside at Lafayette; 4. Earle, d. when three years old. Last residence: Lafayette.

ROBINSON, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 81, resided in Benton County, June 1, 1840, with J. H. Morison.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 150.

ROBINSON, JULIUS G., member of the constitutional convention of 1865, from Covington County.

ROBINSON, THOMAS FRANKLIN, physician, was born July 18, 1855, at Arkadelphia, Blount County; son of Elisha Miller and Elizabeth (Duncan) Robinson, the former of Tryon, Walker County, Ga., a member of McCaskell's company, a part of one of the first regiments recruited in this State, promoted 1st lieutenant

and captain, captured in 1862 and confined at Johnson's prison until the close of the war, grandson of Joseph and Mary (Miller) Robinson and of Absalom D. and Margaret Trippe (Foster) Duncan, all of South Carolina, the latter from Spartanburg District; great-grandson of Amos Robinson, whose father came from Ireland to South Carolina in 1770, and of William Duncan of Spartanburg District, S. C.; great-great-grandson of John and Margaret (Trippe) Foster, natives of South Carolina. He was educated in the county schools at Arkadelphia; in 1878 entered the medical department of Vanderbilt university from which he graduated in 1880; and graduated from New York polyclinic in 1890. He was admitted to practice by the Blount County board, and located at Jonesboro, now a part of Bessemer, in 1880. He has been junior councilor of the Medical association of Alabama; twice president of the Bessemer medical society; vice-president, Jefferson County medical society; was a member of the National association of railway surgeons; surgeon for the Louisville and Nashville railroad co. fifteen years; and surgeon for Alabama great southern, Birmingham southern, and Bessemer and Birmingham railways for several years. He served as member board of aldermen of Bessemer 1888-92. He is now engaged in the practice at Mobile. He is a Methodist; a Mason; a Knight of Pythias; and a Democrat. Married: (1) November 5, 1884, to Belle, daughter of Dr. Francis Marion and Martha Gaines (Jordan) Prince (q. v.), (2) December 5, 1899, to Caro, daughter of J. Winthrop Marston of Mobile. She was the great-great-granddaughter of John Winthrop of Massachusetts. Children: by first wife, 1. Elise; 2. Tom; 3-5, died young. Residence: Mobile.

ROBINSON, THOMAS LAWRENCE, business man, was born August 6, 1852, at Blakely, Ga., and died January 10, 1919; son of William Thomas and Frances Adelaide (Perry) Robinson, the former a veteran of the War of Secession and a descendant of the original Virginia colonists. Members of his family intermarried with the well known Rives, Steth, Haynes, Eton, and Bolling families, the old Virginia aristocracy, and his ancestry is traced back to Pocahontas. Thomas L. Robinson grew up in the unfavorable period following the war and received only a high school education but because of inherited tendencies he became a brilliant thinker and writer and also a fine business man. In early life he engaged in buying and selling cotton and was the manager of the well known Howell cotton company in Anniston from the year 1887 until the name was changed to Robinson brothers, some time in the '90s. He later built the Adelaide yarn mills and practically owned this property until the time of his death. He was a Democrat and a member of the Baptist church and contributed liberally to all good and charitable institutions. Married: July 22, 1880, to Kate Carlton, daughter of Shaler Granby Hillyer, D. D., a well known Baptist minister of Georgia. Children: 1. Mary Adelaide, m. Scott Roberts; 2. Frances Leone, m. Neil P. Sterne; 3. Carlton

Hillyer, m. Ruby Price; 4. Walter Wade. Last residence: Anniston.

ROBINSON, WILLIAM, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 75, and a resident of Montgomery County; private S. C. State Troops; enrolled on January 4, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$80; sums received to date of publication of list, \$240.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

ROBINSON, WILLIAM, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 75, and a resident of Autauga County; private S. C. Continental Line and Militia; enrolled on February 11, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$40.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in part 3, vol. xlii, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

ROBINSON, WILLIAM, planter, was born February 8, 1799, in North Carolina, and died at Lowndesboro, in 1882; son of Todd and Martha Robinson; and brother of Cornelius Robinson (q. v.). He came to Alabama with his parents in 1817, and settled in Autauga County. He received a liberal education, and after his marriage settled in Lowndes County, on the river, and engaged in planting. He was a member of the Protestant Methodist church. Married: on April 15, 1825, to Eliza J. Ware, a native of Georgia, and a sister of Dr. Robert J. Ware, at one time a resident of Montgomery, and a member of the legislature. Children: 1. Robert Todd, b. March 15, 1826, d. about 1870; 2. Henry W., of Texas; 3. William, captain of a Texas regiment in the C. S. Army, killed in the battle of the Wilderness; 4. Gilbert M., served in the Third Alabama infantry of the C. S. Army, deceased; 5. Cornelius, captain in the Third Alabama infantry throughout the War of Secession, deceased; 6. James R., d. when a young man; 7. Charles, d. young; 8. Martha J., deceased; 9. Todd, d. young; 10. Mary E., m. Capt. Thomas Brown; 11. Kittie A., deceased; 12. Eli W., b. in 1849, merchant and planter of Lowndesboro, m. Juliet Isadora McCain, daughter of William and Bettie McCain, natives of Montgomery County, the former was in the Tennessee army during the War of Secession. Last residence: Lowndesboro.

ROBISON, HORATIO H., farmer, deputy sheriff, and Confederate soldier, was born November 16, 1840, at Wetumpka, and died there some years ago; son of Allen V. and Caroline A. (Phillips) Robison, the latter of Virginian ancestry. At the beginning of the secession period, he was a member of the "Wetumpka Light Guards," with which he went to Pensacola in January, 1861, taking part in the occupation of the navy yard and Forts Barrancas and McRee. Returning in February he volunteered for twelve months in the Confederate service, and left for Virginia April 27, with his company and nine others composing the 3rd regiment, which was mustered in at Lynchburg, Va., May 5, and assigned to duty at Norfolk.

He served under Rodes, O'Neal and Battle throughout the entire career of the army of northern Virginia, his principal battles being Seven Pines, second Manassas, South Mountain, Sharpsburg, Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville, Gettysburg, Bristow Station, the Wilderness, Spottsylvania Court House, Hanover Junction, Second Cold Harbor, Winchester, Cedar Creek, and in 1865, was on duty in the Petersburg trenches, and at the retreat to Appomattox, where he surrendered with the army of General Lee. He was slightly wounded at Seven Pines. At the end of the war he returned to Wetumpka and farmed and later served as deputy sheriff of Elmore County. For years he kept the toll gate of the Coosa River bridge. Married: in 1868, to Mary F. Adams. Children: 1. Anna A., m. Spencer J. McMorris, Wetumpka; 2. Leon R., m. Mary Bell Shackelford, Wetumpka; 3. Horatio A., m. Clara Lull, Wetumpka; 4. George D., m. Frances McKnight, Saranac, N. Y.; 5. Elbert Vaughn, m. Laura Hill, Montgomery; 6. Gordon, unmarried; 7. Mary Adams, m. Reynolds May, Greenville. Last residence: Wetumpka.

ROCHE, EMMA LANGDON, author, was born March 26, 1878, at Mobile; daughter of Thomas T. and Annie Laura (James) Roche, the former who was born at Monaghan, Monaghan County, Ireland, lived at New Orleans, La., and Woodville, Miss., served throughout the War of Secession, was with Lee at the surrender at Appomattox, was wounded at Second Manassas, was one of the few survivors of his company at Bloody Angle, wrote war articles for the Philadelphia "Weekly Times," and for the New Orleans "Times Democrat," entered into controversial articles with Gen. Longstreet, was one of the organizers of the Raphael Semmes Camp, Mobile, and was its first commander; granddaughter of Thomas Simmons and Laura (Spalding) Bell James, the former born in Princess Ann County, Va., who came to Mobile in 1835, was an architect and builder, and designed and constructed many buildings in Mobile, Mississippi, and Louisiana, the latter who was a daughter of Frances Abby (Mervin) Spalding, lived at Blakely and later settled in Mobile, and was a widow of Dr. Alexander Bell of the English Army, who was lost at sea; great-granddaughter of Charles and Elizabeth (Simmons) James, whose families were English colonials, and whose farms were raided by the English, during the Revolutionary War, the father of the former being taken captive and impressed as a seaman; niece of Dr. Frank L. James, chemist, microscopist, physician, writer, and of Frances James Mosby, educator, for many years professor of history at the University at Columbus, Miss. Her early education was received at home under a maternal aunt, Margaret Shepherd James, and later she attended the Convent of Visitation, where she was graduated in 1895. She studied art at the Art student's league in New York under Frank du Mond, William Chase, and George Bridgeman. She is an artist, writer, housekeeper and farmer; author of "Historic Sketches of the South," illustrated by drawings and photographs made by Miss Roche; of "Hab-

its of Native Birds," "Diseases of Trees," and various other articles, and has also contributed educational articles on art to the various papers. Residence: Mobile.

ROCKETT, JOHN RICHARD, teacher, county superintendent of education, and lawyer, was born March 14, 1838, at Elyton, Jefferson County, and died June 21, 1914, in Birmingham; son of Thomas Ware and Sarah W. (Martin) Rockett, the former a native of Catawba County, N. C., who removed to Elyton where he merchandised many years; grandson of Richard and Rosa (Sadler) Rockett, who lived near the present site of Bessemer, having emigrated to Alabama from North Carolina about 1816, and of John and Lydia Reese (Findley) Martin, who lived near Elyton; great-grandson of Dr. Thomas Reese, a noted Presbyterian divine of South Carolina, the first D. D. graduate of Princeton university, for many years pastor of the historic old stone church at Pendleton, and author of several theological books that gained him a wide reputation among contemporaries; great-great-grandson of David Reese, a signer of the Mecklenburg declaration of independence. The Rockett ancestor emigrated from England and settled on the present site of Richmond, Va., about 1731, one section of that city being still called "Rocketts." Mr. Rockett received his preparatory education at Elyton under the instruction of Jacob Baker, a well known educator of that day, and graduated from the University of Alabama, 1859, with the degree of A. B.; read law in a private office and was admitted to the bar in 1866. He was principal of the Jonesboro school, 1860, and taught at Elyton, 1865, and in Birmingham, 1878. He was made superintendent of education of Jefferson County, 1868-78; deputy clerk circuit court, Jefferson County, 1883-86. He entered the C. S. Army as lieutenant, Co. G., 11th Alabama infantry regiment, and was wounded at Chickamauga. He was a Democrat and a Presbyterian. Married: June 21, 1871, at Clinton, Greene County, to Eliza Ida, daughter of Grief and Druscilla (Taylor) Richardson of that place; great-granddaughter of Major Samuel Taylor of Revolutionary fame. Children: 1. William Richardson, m. Florida M. Colmant, Birmingham; 2. Thomas Percy, deceased; 3. Ida Nora, m. Charles P. Burgess, San Francisco, Calif. Last residence: Birmingham.

RODDY, PHILLIP DALE, commission merchant and brigadier general, C. S. Army, was born about 1820, in Moulton, Lawrence County, and died in 1897, in London; son of Mrs. Sarah Roddy, of Moulton. He received meager educational advantages owing to the humble circumstances of his parents. For several years he followed the occupation of a tailor. He was elected to the office of sheriff about 1846, and served for three years. He then removed to Chickasaw, in what is now Colbert County and engaged in the steamboat business. At the beginning of the War of Secession, he recruited a company of mounted men and entered the service as its captain. He was complimented on the field for gallantry at the battle of Shiloh where his company served

as Bragg's escort; later returned to the Tennessee Valley, increased his command to a regiment, and took a prominent part in heading off the invading army in North Alabama. In December, 1862, he was commissioned colonel of the Fourth Alabama cavalry, and with this force resisted the advance at Little Bear Creek of Col. T. W. Sweeny, who was sent from Corinth to make an expedition as far east as Tusculumbia. A little later he met another raid at Bartons and successfully drove it back. Colonel Roddy's command went to middle Tennessee with General Van Dorn, and on March 28, 1863, it was ordered back to northern Alabama, and Colonel Roddy himself was placed in command of that district. On April 17, 1863, he met Gen. G. M. Dodge's force that had moved up the valley in order to cover and protect the raid of Colonel Streight, and was successful in retarding their progress. Colonel Roddy was commissioned brigadier-general, August 3, 1863, his command being composed of his old regiment, the 5th and 53rd Alabama, Capt. William R. Julian's battalion and Capt. C. B. Ferrill's Georgia battery. With this brigade General Roddy cooperated with General Wheeler in his raid in Tennessee against Rosecrans' communications in October, 1863. He was called, with his command, in February, 1864, to Dalton, Ga., and put in command of a cavalry division, but soon was ordered back to northern Alabama and placed in command of a cavalry division. Here he continued to harass and cripple the enemy. On September 25, 1864, the district of North Alabama was divided into two districts, known as the north and central districts and General Roddy was placed in command of the former. He was of great service to General Hood in keeping his communication open. Removing to Georgia early in 1865, he stopped a federal raid at Newnan, did gallant service with Forrest at Harrisburg, Tishomingo, Athens, Sulphur Trestle and other places and cooperated in the defense of Selma. After the war he engaged in business as a commission merchant in New York city. At the time of his death he was interested in a patent pump and was in England negotiating for the sale of the patent. Married: Margaret A. McGaughey, of Lawrence County. Children: order conjectural, 1. George, private, Co. H, 4th Alabama cavalry regiment, C. S. Army; 2. Philip D., m. Tessa C. Willingham, of Sylvan; 3. Margaret, m. J. R. Burgett; 4. daughter. Last residence: New York.

RODEN, BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, business man, was born January 5, 1844, at DeKalb County, and died in Birmingham, February 23, 1908; son of William B. and Viola (Harrison) Roden, who were natives of Tennessee, but came with their parents to Alabama, before it was a state, the former who engaged in planting, and served in the Seminole War in Florida, the latter who was a second cousin of A. H. Harrison of Virginia; grandson of Joseph D. Harrison, who was a representative of the first legislature of the state, and of John B. and Nancy Roden, the former a native of South Carolina who went to Kentucky with Daniel Boone, was an engineer in the War of

1812, and was the first tax collector of Blount County; great-grandson of Jerry Roden, who was an orderly sergeant under Gen. Francis Marion in the Revolutionary War. He was reared upon a farm, and received a common school education in DeKalb County. In August, 1861, at the age of seventeen he enlisted as private in Co. G, Twenty-seventh Alabama infantry, which was subsequently formed into the Thirty-first regiment. In January, 1863, he was sent to Nashville, and in the same year was promoted to second sergeant, on February 1 he was appointed assistant commissary of the regiment and on March 1, 1862, was appointed orderly on the staff of Gen. John C. Breckinridge. He was severely wounded in the battle of Shiloh, was taken prisoner two days later, and after being held for eight days was recaptured by Col. N. B. Forrest, afterward Gen. Forrest, and sent to Corinth, Miss., and later to Mobile, where he remained six months and then returned home. At the end of a year, he was assigned to the tax department, which position he held until December, 1864, when he was assigned to secret service duty. He surrendered on June 6, 1865. After the war he went to Texas, and attended the McKenzie college, for over two years, and was teacher in the Choctaw Nation, Indian Territory, for two years. He then went to Gadsden, where he entered the mercantile business, under the name of Latham and Roden, and he remained there for four years. In 1871, he came to Birmingham, where he spent the remainder of his life. He assisted in building up the business portion of the town, and one of the business blocks in the city bears his name. He was the founder and the president of the Avondale land company; was one of the founders of the Birmingham gas and electric light company of which he was vice-president, general manager and treasurer; was one of the founders of the Birmingham chain works; was president of the Birmingham insurance company; was one of the directors of the Alabama national bank; served as alderman for ten years, and was the founder and the president of the first street railroad. He was a Democrat, and a Methodist. Married: in Marion, November 29, 1872, to Ella Lee, daughter of James and Dorcas C. (Dorroh) Didlake of that place, the former who was a Virginian; granddaughter of John and Jane (Cunningham) Dorroh, of Laurens District, S. C. Children: 1. Viola Harrison, m. George E. Redin, Paris, France; 2. Florence, m. Charles G. Davis, Silver Plume, Col.; 3. Lillian, m. A. J. Bowron, Birmingham; 4. Benjamin Franklin, m. Elizabeth Bowman, Marvel; 5. Maibelle, m. Isaac Croom Beatty, Birmingham. Last residence: Birmingham.

RODEN, JOHN B., stationer, was born July 28, 1848, in DeKalb County; son of William and Viola (Harrison) Roden, and a brother of B. F. Roden (q. v.). He was educated in the common schools of Blount and DeKalb Counties; entered the grocery business in 1868 at Gadsden; lived subsequently in Atlanta, Hot Springs, Ark., and Texas; and in 1873 located in Birmingham where he has since resided. His business interests and connections in the

last named field were varied. He was proprietor of a chain of music stores in Birmingham, Gadsden and other towns, and had an interest in the Avondale land company, and in the Birmingham gas and illuminating company. He was a Knight of Pythias; and a Presbyterian. Married: April 13, 1879, to Cora J. Gillingham, of Perry County. Residence: Birmingham.

RODES, ROBERT EMMET, major-general, C. S. Army, was born March 29, 1829, near Liberty, Bedford County, Va., and died September 19, 1864, at Winchester, Va.; son of David and Martha (Yancey) Rodes, the former who was always known as Gen. Rodes, was born in Albemarle County, lived in Lynchburg, was clerk of the court many years, and died in 1862; grandson of Matthew and Mary (Mills) Rodes, the former who was born about 1833 and died in 1893, and of Robert Yancey and his wife who was a Miss Harrison, the former who lived in Lynchburg; great-grandson of David Rodes. Robert Emmet Rodes obtained his early education in the schools of Lynchburg; attended the Virginia military institute, from which he was graduated July 4, 1848; following this was assistant professor in the institute for two years; was assistant engineer for the Southside railroad until 1854; then went to Marshall, Tenn., where he engaged in railroad construction; came to Tuscaloosa, in April, 1855, and joined the corps who were working on what is now the Alabama great southern. This work disbanded in the fall of 1855; went to North Carolina where he engaged in engineering; thence to Missouri; when work in Alabama was resumed he returned; in November, 1857, he was elected chief engineer of the lower portion of the N. W. and S. W. railroad from Jefferson to Meridian, Miss.; held this position until 1861, and left because of military duties. In January, 1861, he was captain of the "Warrior Guards;" led the company to Ft. Morgan, remaining there until February when it returned to Tuscaloosa; when Ft. Sumter fell, Capt. Rodes offered the service of the company to the governor of Alabama; early in May he was ordered to report at Montgomery with his company; on May 5, at Montgomery the Fifth Alabama was organized, Capt. Rodes being elected colonel of his company. The regiment reported to Gen. Bragg at Pensacola; a few weeks later went to Richmond and took a position near Manassas Junction in Gen. Ewell's brigade; the brigade was not actively engaged in the first battle of Manassas. On October 21, 1861, Col. Rodes was commissioned brigadier-general and assigned to the brigade composed of the Fifth, Sixth Twelfth Alabama, the Twelfth Mississippi regiment and the King William, Virginia, Artillery; led this brigade at Williamsburg and at Seven Pines, May 31, 1862; in the latter battle he received a severe wound and was compelled to turn over his command to Col. Gordon. Not long after the battle of Seven Pines the Twelfth Mississippi was detached from the brigade and the Third and Twenty-sixth Alabama were added to it. With his wound still unhealed Gen. Rodes led his brigade of 1,460 men at Haines' Mill, June 27, but near the close of the day

because of the condition of his arm and the consequent sickness, he was again compelled to turn over his command to Col. Gordon. Gen. Rodes was in the Maryland campaign, at the Battles of Chancellorsville, Gettysburg, the Wilderness, Spottsylvania and the second Cold Harbor; when Early retired from Maryland, Gen. Rodes repulsed the foe at Castleman's Ferry, and Kernstown; and it was at Winchester, September 19, 1864, that he was struck behind the ear by a fragment of a shell and died within a few hours. Married: September 10, 1857, in Tuscaloosa, to Virginia Hortense, daughter of David and Eliza Antoinette (Bell) Woodruff (q. v.); the former who was a prominent bookseller in Tuscaloosa, and was born September 29, 1798, in Connecticut and the latter who was born April 30, 1811, in Norfolk, Va., lived near Winchester some years; moved to Shelbyville, Tenn.; went to Tuscaloosa in 1827 or 1828 to take charge of a female institute; was married October 29, 1829; d. December 18, 1884. Her ancestors came from England in 1620 and the homestead built in 1640 by Matthew Woodruff, her great-great-great-grandfather was, until its destruction by fire, a notable landmark in Connecticut. Children: 1. Robert Emmet, b. September 30, 1863, m. March 21, 1896, to Birdie L. McKinnis; 2. Bell Yancey, b. January 11, 1865, m. R. J. Treanor, in June, 1884. Last residence: Winchester, Va.

RODGERS, JAMES, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 80, resided in Pickens County, June 1, 1840.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

RODGERS, THOMAS A., member of the constitutional convention of 1819, from Shelby County; elected secretary of State by the legislature, 1819. Died September 28, 1821.

ROGAN, JAMES, probate judge and representative from St. Clair County, 1838, was born in Botetourt County, Va.; son of Daniel and Catherine (Crawford) Rogan, the former a native of Belfast, Ireland, and migrated to America, landing in Baltimore, Md., August 25, 1791, when twenty years of age, and who brought with him a large and valuable library. He lived at Kingsport, Sullivan County, Tenn., to which point he moved with his parents in early life and where he was married. With his wife and two children he moved to Gunter's landing, Jackson County, in the spring of 1826, going from thence in 1830 to Ashville, St. Clair County, where he was conspicuous in fraternizing with and civilizing the Indians, becoming intimate with a number of the Indian chiefs. He served as probate judge and representative in the State legislature, 1838. He, with his family, moved from Ashville to Ripley, Tippah County, Miss., where he was probate judge for twenty-five years. Five of his sons served in the Confederate Army, three of whom, Richard Cornelius, John Netherland and Leonidas were killed in battle. He was a prominent elder in the Presbyterian church for forty years. Author: numerous unpublished poems and historical sketches are preserved by his descendants. Married: Sarah, daughter of Richard



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and Margaret (Woods) Netherland, of Powhatan, Va.; sister of Col. John Netherland, one of Tennessee's greatest jury lawyers, who in 1833 served as a member of the Tennessee State senate; in 1848 he was an elector from the State-at-large; represented Hawkins County in the Tennessee legislature, 1851; was defeated by Isham G. Harris for governor of that State following a heated campaign. Children: there were several children, among whom were the three sons who were killed during the War of Secession and La Fayette Rogan (q. v.). Last residence: Ripley, Miss.

ROGAN, LA FAYETTE, farmer and merchant, was born January 21, 1831, at Ashville, St. Clair County, and died November 12, 1906, at Birmingham; son of James and Sarah (Netherland) Rogan (q. v.). He was educated in the public schools of Ripley, Miss., and became a merchant and farmer at that place. In 1887 he located in Birmingham, and merchandised there until 1901. He enlisted in Co. B, 44th Mississippi infantry regiment, C. S. Army in 1861, and was later quartermaster for Walthall's brigade, Bragg's army; was captured at Missionary Ridge and imprisoned at Rock Island, Ill., until the close of the war. He was a Democrat and was a member of the county and district committees of his party in Tippah County. He entertained a deep interest in education and owing to this fact the Lafayette Rogan school for boys, at Ripley, was named in his honor. He was a Methodist; and a Knight of Honor. Married: October 13, 1858, at Ripley, Miss., to Ellen Jane, daughter of Daniel and Sarah Lenoir (Thurmond) Hunt of that place, the former probate judge of Tippah County, Miss.; maternal granddaughter of Sarah Gwyn, niece of Gen. William Lenoir, a French officer of Revolutionary fame; great-granddaughter of James and Amelia Gwyn; great-great-granddaughter of Col. Hugh Gwyn who emigrated from Wales and landed at Jamestown, Va., 1610. The year following while exploring the coast of Chesapeake Bay stopped at a small island and while there he saved Pocohontas from drowning, for which act Powhatan gave him the island and named it Gwyn's Island. Both the Gwyn and Lenoir families display armorial bearings. Children: 1. Daniel Hunt, unm., San Diego, Calif.; 2. Sue, m. Charles Fredrick Markell, Birmingham; 3. Mary, m. Frank Goodbar Jones, Aberdeen, Wash.; 4 and 5. Sarah Thurmond and Kate Hunt, twins, the former the wife of Lieut. Gov. Nathan L. Miller (q. v.), the latter unmarried and resides in San Diego, Calif.; 6. Nat, m. Ethel Strickland of Chicago, Ill., and lives in San Diego, Calif.; there were four other children who died in infancy. Last residence: Birmingham.

ROGERS, ALPHA CLAYTON, business man, was born June 3, 1875, in Speigner, Elmore County; son of Jonathan Rountree and Mary (Hogan) Rogers, the former who was a native of Autauga County, served as a private and fought through the entire War of Secession, participating in the battles of Chicka-

mauga and Missionary Ridge, the latter who was a native of Wetumpka, Elmore County; grandson of Jonathan and Sarah (Rountree) Rogers, both natives of North Carolina, the former who fought through the War of 1812, and in 1856 removed to Camden, Ark., where his death occurred in 1873, and of Daniel and Sarah (Motley) Hogan, of South Carolina. Alpha C. Rogers was educated at a country school near Cold Springs, and later attended Massey's business college in Montgomery, from which he was graduated in the commercial and stenographic course in 1897. He is a farmer, merchant, and railroad man, having been connected with the Louisville and Nashville railroad since 1897. He is a Democrat and a member of the Methodist church which he serves as steward. Married: May 26, 1909, at Eclectic, Elmore County, to Laura, daughter of Joel P. and Susie (Kidd) Pearson, who lived at Eclectic, the latter who was a member of the Kidd family who first settled that part of Elmore County where Eclectic is now located, having come to this state from Virginia in the early eighties. Children: 1. Laura Gayle; 2. Sarah Claire. Residence: Speigner.

ROGERS, CHARLES PLATT, sr., civil engineer and planter, was born August 8, 1832, at Petersburg, Va.; son of Charles and Carolina (Adone) Rogers, the former was born at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., and later removed to Petersburg, Va., and still later to Apalachicola, Fla., resided in Columbus, Ga., in the summer, and Apalachicola in the winter, was a cotton factor and business agent for Baring brothers and Dennistown and co. of London and Liverpool; grandson of Charles Platt and Caroline Rogers, the former a civil engineer and afterwards one of the leading merchants of New York city, and of Peter Estave and Catherine Adone; great-grandson of James and Elizabeth (Platt) Rogers, the latter a sister of Col. Charles C. Platt, an aide-de-camp of Washington, and a colonel in the Revolutionary Army; great-great-grandson of Epiphiah Platt, who was a prisoner of war on the British prison ship in New York harbor. The maternal ancestors of Senator Rogers came from Huntington, England, and settled on Long Island before the American Revolution, naming their seat "Huntington." His maternal ancestors came from France and lived in Williamsburg, Va., during the colonial period. They were ardent Whigs and suffered many hardships from the British during the Revolutionary War. They all afterwards lived in Petersburg, Va., and are buried in old Blandford cemetery. Senator Rogers was educated in the common schools at Petersburg; and prepared for college by B. F. Shine, a celebrated educator. He entered Princeton college but left without graduation to enter an engineering corps. He began his career as civil engineer in 1852 on the Columbus branch of the Montgomery and West Point railroad. He served for seven years as resident engineer for the Montgomery and Mobile railroad and the resident engineer for the South and North railroad, and as chief engineer of the road from

Opelika to Lafayette. He has also done engineering work on a number of railroads in Alabama, North Carolina, Georgia, Florida and Louisiana. On January 9, 1861, prior to the seceding of the State of Alabama, Senator Rogers, as a private in the "Montgomery True Blues" went with the 2nd Alabama volunteer regiment, Alabama volunteer corps, to Pensacola, where he performed a short tour of service. Later he entered as a private in Company H, 37th Alabama infantry regiment, 1862, under Col. James F. Dowdell. He was promoted to captain and assistant quartermaster in 1863 and served with that command through all the campaign until the end in 1865. Although not in any sense a politician, Senator Rogers has served his county in many capacities. He was a representative from Lowndes County 1886-87, 1888-89, 1892-93, 1894-95, 1900-01, and senator from Lowndes and Autauga Counties 1902 and 1903. He served as a member of the constitutional convention in 1901. He was again elected to the senate of 1911. He is a Democrat, and has served with distinction in the councils of his party. He is an Episcopalian and a Mason. Married: (1) August 23, 1857, at Hayneville, to Mary A. C., daughter of E. L. and Mahara Sanderson, both of Lowndes County, but originally from North Carolina; and (2) August 12, 1884, in Brooklyn, N. Y., to Eliza B., daughter of James and Eliza Carmen, an old Revolutionary family. Children, all by first wife: 1. Charles Platt, jr., m. Fannie Pritchett; 2. Edmund Lee, m. Annie Shackelford; 3. Blanche, m. W. A. Jeffrey; 4. Alice B.; 5. Eugene M., m. Mattie Mitchell; 6. Cecile T.; m. — Lewis; 7. Wilmer, m. J. B. Mitchell. Residence: Letohatchee.

ROGERS, CLEON BRUTUS, chairman State board of control, president board of convict inspectors and business man, was born February 7, 1866, at Bessemer, Jefferson County; son of Nathaniel Edward and Derra Grisella (McAllister) Rogers, the former a private in the C. S. Army, 1861-63; grandson of John and Jennie Rogers, of Jefferson County, and of Franklin and Hannah McAllister, of Tuscaloosa County. He received his early education in the country schools and at Pleasant Hill academy, taught by Prof. I. W. McAdory; attended Mississippi normal college, 1891. He was a manufacturer, 1892-1907; organized North Birmingham trust and savings bank, 1907, and has been president ever since; member board of revenue, Jefferson County, 1908-12; county treasurer, 1912-16; president board of convict inspectors, March 1, 1919, until his appointment by Governor Kilby to succeed W. D. Nesbit, resigned, as chairman of the State board of control, July 1, 1920. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; Mason; Knight of Pythias; and an Elk. Married: October 11, 1892, to Claudia, daughter of Edree and Sarah Falkner, of Troy, Miss. Children: 1. Bertha M.; 2. Gaspard; 3. Beryl; 4. Claude Brutus. Residence: Birmingham.

ROGERS, EDWARD, soldier of the American Revolution, aged 89, and a resident of Tus-

caloosa County; private S. C. State Troops; enrolled on August 12, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$80; sums received to date of publication of list, \$240.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

ROGERS, F. A., Methodist minister, member of the Alabama conference. Residence: Eu-faula.

ROGERS, JOHN ADUSTON, merchant, farmer, was born September 1, 1861, in Sumter County; son of Charles McPherson Aduston and Anne Eliza (Barnes) Rogers, the former who was a native of Greensboro, Hale County, was a planter of North Sumter, and served in the War of Secession; grandson of Alexander Aduston and Sarah (Jolly) Rogers, who were planters in North Sumter County, and of John R. and Nancy Barnes, who resided in North Sumter County; great-grandson of William Aduston and Sarah (McPherson) Rogers, the former who came from England and the latter from Scotland and who settled in Virginia, and of William and Elizabeth Barnes who came from England and settled in Edgecomb County, N. C. John A. Rogers received his early education in his native county; later attended the University of Alabama, 1878-1881, from which institution he graduated with the degree of A. M. He began his business career as a merchant in Gainesville, but in 1893 engaged in farming and stock raising. He was a member of the Alabama state senate, 1894-95-96-97; in 1901 was a member of the constitutional convention; was returned to the state senate in 1903, and again in 1919. He is a Democrat, was a member of the national convention of 1904, and a Knight of Honor. Married: January 25, 1888, at Gainesville, to Lula, daughter of John W. and Jane Robertson (Dunlap) Bradshaw of that place, and who were descendants of Irish ancestry; granddaughter of Robert and Elizabeth (Roycraft) Bradshaw, the former who was principal of the Gainesville academy, and superintendent of education of Sumter County at the time of his death. Children: 1. John Aduston; 2. Charles McPherson Aduston; 3. Jane Bradshaw; 4. Elizabeth Roycraft; 5. Albert Gallatin Barnes Aduston. Residence: Gainesville.

ROGERS, LAFAYETTE, optician and legislator, was born August 20, 1879, at Cullomburg, Choctaw County; son of Zachariah and Martha (Elliott) Rogers, the former was born at Frost Bridge, Wayne County, Miss., and later resided at Cullomburg, served in Co. B, 23rd Alabama infantry regiment, under Col. J. B. Bibb; grandson of Samuel and Eliza (Harrell) Rogers, and of Davis and Mary (Morgan) Elliott; great-grandson of Zachariah and Elizabeth (Carr) Rogers, the former resided at Isney, Choctaw County, the latter was a native of Pensacola, Fla., and of Spanish descent. He was educated in the schools of Choctaw County. He is an optician by profession, entering the practice in 1911. He represented Choctaw County in the legislature of 1915. He is a Democrat; a Bap-

tist; and a Mason. He is unmarried. Residence: Cullomburg.

ROGERS, THOMAS AMIS, was born March 18, 1792, at Rogersville, Tenn., and died in Alabama, November 22, 1821; son of Joseph and Mary (Amis) Rogers, the former a native of Cook's Town, Ireland, who emigrated to America and founded Rogersville, Tenn., the latter a native of Duplin County, N. C., of Huguenot descent. He removed to Shelby County and was appointed, 1818, with John Cunningham and Alexander McLaughlan, by George Phillips, chief justice of the county, superintendents of the election for county representative; was licensed to practice law in the Shelby County court, January 1819; and the same year, with George Shelby, represented his county in the first constitutional convention; was secretary of the senate, 1819; and secretary of the state, 1819-21. The minutes of Shelby County court January 4, 1820, show that the sum of fifty-three dollars was to be paid to him for the erection of a court house, "the house to be twenty-four feet long, twenty feet wide, eight feet to the eaves; clap-board roof; lined and chinked—with benches—door with shutters—said house to be finished against the next session of the county court." His sister, Francis, married James Taylor, son of Capt. James and Elizabeth (Strother) Gaines, the former of Revolutionary fame and captain of artillery at the battle of Guilford Court House. Married: March 26, 1816, to Matilda Nail. Children: Names and number unknown. Last residence: Shelby County.

ROLAND, ALICE KATE, novelist, poet and song writer, was born July 7, 1853, on a farm in Logan County, Ky.; daughter of Major and Margaret (Hughs) Cash, the former a farmer of Logan County, Ky.; granddaughter of Samuel and Joyce Cash, and of Samuel and Katherine (Adams) Hughs, of Todd County, Ky. Mrs. Roland was educated by a governess, in the public schools of her native county and later attended a private school for girls in Russell, Ky. Among her published books are "Latter day sinners," and "Rosalind Morton," 1898. Married: — Roland. Children: 1. Annie, m. Claude M. Russell; 2. Frank; 3. Dorothy, m. Robert McGee King. Residence: Birmingham.

ROLAND, R. W., president Birmingham iron & foundry co. Residence: Birmingham.

ROPER, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 75, resided in Benton County, June 1, 1840, with Stephen Roper.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

ROPER, JOHN FLETCHER, lawyer, was born December 13, 1848, and died February 13, 1894, at Prattville; son of Joseph F. and Margaret H. (McEwen) Roper, of Rocky Mount. He was educated in the common schools of his county and at the University of Alabama. He was agent for the Daniel Pratt gin co., 1872; assistant clerk of the supreme court, 1872; clerk,

circuit court of Autauga County, 1873-1878; mayor of Columbia, Henry County, 1886-1887; United States commissioner, 1881-94; hardware merchant, Columbia, 1887-91. Married: September 12, 1872 at Tuscaloosa, to Kate A. Miller. Last residence: Prattville.

ROQUEMORE, C. HUNTER, lawyer. Residence: Montgomery.

ROQUEMORE, JOHN DUPREE, business man, lawyer and State senator, was born August 27, 1846, in Barbour County, and died in Montgomery, March 12, 1900; son of Zachariah and Julia Ann (McGibony) Roquemore, natives of Georgia who migrated to Alabama in 1836, settling in Russell County, but later removing to Barbour County where he became an extensive planter. His early education was received in the country schools of Barbour County and in the town of Eufaula. He entered the University of Alabama in 1862 but did not complete his course owing to his entrance into the Confederate Army, as a member "Nelson's Rangers," a company which was assigned to duty as escort to Gen. Stephen D. Lee, in which service he continued until the close of hostilities. Returning home he began the study of law and in May, 1867, at Clanton was admitted to the bar. He at once opened an office at Eufaula, where he entered upon the practice. He was appointed in 1876, when he had been less than ten years at the bar, as one of the commissioners to revise and codify the statutes of the State, succeeding Fern Manly Wood who died in office. In 1878 he entered the State senate from Barbour County and in the session of 1880 was elected as president of the senate to succeed Hon. William G. Little, deceased. In 1886 he formed a partnership with Hon. J. M. White of Clanton, and together they removed to Montgomery and began the practice under the firm name of Roquemore, White and Long, Mr. Long remaining in Eufaula. Later S. H. Dent, jr., was taken into the firm in the place of Mr. Long, deceased, and the firm became Roquemore, White and Dent. He was for a number of years attorney of the Central railroad and banking company of Georgia. In several cases for that company brought by him to the supreme court of Alabama, principles important to the jurisprudence of Alabama were first settled, notable cases in point being the Central R. R. and B. Co. vs. Carr, 76 Ala. 389, and Central R. R. and B. Co. vs. Smith, 76 Ala. 576. Attracted by the enlarged business opportunities of North Alabama, he went to Decatur, in 1887, where his firm opened a branch law office. In this new field he soon became identified with many of the most important business enterprises, being vice-president and counsel of the Exchange bank; director of the Decatur land improvement and furnace company; president and counsel of the water works company. The demands of his practice increasing, he returned to Montgomery, where he continued in the law until his death. His last association was with his son under the name of John D. and C. H. Roquemore. He was a Baptist; a Knight

Templar; Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: (1) January 28, 1867, in Eufaula, to Mary Linguard, daughter of James Linguard and Sarah Elizabeth (Shorter) Hunter; granddaughter of Gen. Reuben and Mary (Gill) Shorter and of John Linguard Hunter, who came from Charleston district, S. C., to Barbour County, son of John Hunter, of Scotch ancestry, the Linguards are of French origin; (2) October 26, 1887, to Henrietta L., daughter of Capt. David Brown of Boston, Mass. Children: by first wife, 1. Charles Hunter, m. Annie Alexander, three children, Montgomery; 2. Annie Dupree, m. (1) Laurris Rogers, (2) Blair Rudd, Florida; 3. Mary Linguard, deceased; 4. John Dupree, m. Lula West; 5. Zach, married and resides in New York; by the second wife; 6. Therese, m. John Jones, Boston; 7. Richard; 8. Katherine. Last residence: Montgomery.

ROREX, JAMES K. P., physician and surgeon, was born March 3, 1845, at Fayetteville, Tenn.; son of David and Sarah A. (Wilkinson) Rorex, the former a native of East Tennessee who removed to Alabama in January, 1858, locating in Scottsboro, where he became a merchant. Dr. Rorex received a common school education. He left school at the age of fifteen to enter the Confederate service, joining the 6th Alabama infantry regiment. He was in the seven days' fighting around Richmond; was wounded at the battle of Chancellorsville, in the battle of Gettysburg, and again at the second battle of the Wilderness. He attended school at Stevenson for one year after the war; was a student at the University of Virginia; taught three years at home, at the same time studying medicine; attended two courses of lectures in Nashville; graduated M. D., from medical college at Mobile, in March, 1875; and attended Louisiana State medical college, New Orleans, in 1884. He has practiced medicine in Scottsboro since 1875. He is a member of the State and County medical associations; Christian church; and an Odd Fellow. Married: November 6, 1876, to Ella Lou, daughter of William Whitworth of Tennessee. Children: 1. Louis Wyeth; 2. Fannie Polk; 3. William David. Residence: Scottsboro.

ROSAMOND, WILLIAM LUCIUS, physician; graduate of the Kentucky school of medicine, 1891; licensed to practice by the county board of Walker. Married: Ozella Appling of Jasper. Residence: Birmingham.

ROSE, HOWELL, lawyer member first session, Alabama legislature, was born in North Carolina, about 1791, and died in Elmore County in 1866. No facts have been preserved of his early life, of his ancestry or his family connection, apart from the fact that his parents were in humble circumstances, and in his childhood moved to Putnam County, Ga., where he grew to manhood. Owing to the poverty of his parents he received only a limited education. On attaining his majority he became an overseer on a plantation, which in a rural community at the time, was considered a remunerative occupation. He not long afterwards be-

came a planter and merchant in Eatonton, and removed to Alabama about 1816 opening a plantation in the present Autauga County about three miles west of Wetumpka. His great energy and sound common sense soon made him a marked man in his community, and he was elected a senator to the first legislature of the State, which convened in Huntsville in 1819. For twenty years thereafter, Col. Rose, as he was thenceforth called, devoted his energies to the increase of his private fortune, and apart from his possessions in Autauga and Lowndes Counties, became an extensive land owner in Coosa County, which then embraced much of the present Elmore County. He became a citizen of the latter county in 1834, settling a few miles from Wetumpka. From 1843 to 1847 he represented Coosa County in the general assembly. In 1846, the absorbing question being the removal of the capital of the State from Tuscaloosa, Col. Rose was a warm advocate of Wetumpka as the most eligible location, opposing the claims of Tuscaloosa and Montgomery. Many ballottings took place, combinations were formed, but through all Col. Rose stood firmly by Wetumpka until the final decision was given in favor of Montgomery. He was a Democrat of the Jackson school and was opposed to secession, but quietly yielded to the decision of his State. The great pecuniary losses resulting from the war and its disastrous termination wrought heavily upon the mind of Col. Rose and no doubt hastened his death. Married: in Putnam County, Ga., to a Miss Bryant. There were no children born of this union. Last residence: Wetumpka.

ROSE, THADDEUS, L., business man, was born January 14, 1855, in Yazoo County, Miss.; son of E. D. L. and Jane (Hyatt) Rose, the former who was a native of Virginia, graduated from Yale, moved to Macon, Ga., to Yazoo City, Miss., and then to Selma, served in the C. S. Army, and after the war moved to Washington, where he died, and the latter who was of English descent. After the death of his father, the family removed to State Line, Miss., where Mr. Rose accepted a position in the railroad office of the Mobile and Ohio railroad, and at the age of fourteen years was in sole charge of the office. He was then moved to Mobile, where he remained until 1880, when after a short stay in Montgomery, he was stationed at Georgiana, where he has been agent of the Louisville and Nashville railroad, and has had charge of the railroad interests and cotton yard. He has studied law, and his health failing, lectured for one year in the southern states on educational topics. In March, 1891, he went to Europe, Egypt and the Holy Land, and after returning to this country lectured in different places on the experiences of his trip. He is a member of the Baptist church, and has never married. Residence: Georgiana.

ROSS, BENNETT BATTLE, sr., Methodist minister and teacher, was born June 28, 1828, near Raleigh, N. C., and died at Auburn, February 14, 1878; son of James and Sandal Lille (Fort) Ross, of North Carolina and later Mis-

Mississippi; grandson of Daniel and Ann (Battle) Ross, of Edgecombe County, N. C.; great-grandson of Elisha Battle, who was a member of the North Carolina assembly during the Revolution and who helped in furthering the cause of the Revolution. Rev. Mr. Ross was educated in the private schools of Mississippi and Alabama; graduated from La Grange college, A. B., 1847, later A. M.; began the study of law and was admitted to the bar, but soon after, 1850, was licensed to preach by the North Mississippi conference. He served several churches in that State; was a teacher in La Grange college, 1854; elected president of the Female college, Tuskegee, 1856; pastor at Mobile, later presiding elder, Mobile District; served under Gen. Clanton, C. S. Army; after the war was pastor at Huntsville, Tuskegee and other places; was professor in East Alabama male college, now the Alabama polytechnic institute, 1871, and professor of English literature and moral philosophy, 1872. He was a Democrat, and a Mason. Married: July 26, 1855, to Charlotte Augusta, daughter of William and Mary Ann (Tullis) Walker, of Abbeville District, S. C. Children: 1. James William; 2. Frank Walker; 3. Mary Fort, m. William Dana Taylor (q. v.); 4. Bennett Battle (q. v.) m. Letitia Dowdell; 5. Charles Hunter (q. v.). Last residence: Auburn.

ROSS, BENNETT BATTLE, State chemist, was born December 25, 1864, at Tuskegee; son of Rev. Bennett Battle and Charlotte Augusta (Walker) Ross (q. v.). Dr. Ross was educated in the public schools of Tuskegee, Huntsville and Auburn; graduated at the Agricultural and mechanical college, now the Alabama polytechnic institute, Auburn, A. B., 1881, and the postgraduate degree, M. S., 1886; was assistant chemist of the Alabama polytechnic institute, 1881-87; professor of chemistry in the University of Louisiana, January, 1887, to September, 1893, and professor of chemistry, dean of the college of agricultural sciences, and State chemist, September, 1893, to date; in 1895-96 was president of the Association of official agricultural chemists; has taken advanced courses at the University of Chicago; and spent one year at the Universities of Goettingen and Berlin. Dr. Ross is the author of numerous bulletins on subjects of agricultural chemistry, published through the State experiment station, and has made many contributions to scientific journals. He holds the position of State chemist by virtue of his position as professor of chemistry of the Alabama polytechnic institute. Although actively engaged in teaching he takes an interest in business, and is a director in the Bank of Auburn and of the Opelika cotton mills. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; a Knight of Pythias; member of the American chemical society, the American association for the advancement of science, the French association of sugar chemists, the German chemical society, the Association of official agricultural chemists, the Alpha Tau Omega college fraternity; and a member of the committee on organization of international congress of applied chemistry at Berlin, 1903. Mar-

ried: August 18, 1897, at Auburn, to Letitia Roane, daughter of William Crawford and Elizabeth Caroline (Thomas) Dowdell; granddaughter of Lewis and Elizabeth (Farley) Dowdell, of Harris County, Ga., and of William Callahan and Catherine H. (Dowdell) Thomas. Mrs. Ross is a first cousin of the late Gov. William J. Samford, and of ex-chief justice J. R. Dowdell. She is a member of the Daughters of the American Revolution and of the United Daughters of the Confederacy, and has served as president of the Alabama federation of women's clubs. Residence: Auburn.

ROSS, CHARLES, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 85, and a resident of Morgan County; private Virginia Continental Line; enrolled on May 27, 1824, under act of Congress of March 18, 1818, payment to date from April 26, 1824; annual allowance, \$96; sums received to date of publication of list, \$670.98.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

ROSS, CHARLES HUNTER, teacher, was born October 14, 1867, at Tuskegee, Macon County, and died February 23, 1900, at El Paso, Tex.; son of Bennett Battle and Charlotte Augusta (Walker) Ross (q. v.). He was educated in the schools of Huntsville and Auburn, and among his early teachers was Mrs. Susan L. Samford, mother of Governor Samford. He graduated from the Alabama polytechnic institute, in 1886 with the degree of B. E.; was among the class orators, participated in several public debates, and was editor-in-chief of the college periodical. He took a post-graduate course at Johns Hopkins university for three years and received the degree of Ph. D. in 1892. He entered upon the career of a teacher at Clinton, Ky., where he taught during 1886-87, after which he was instructor in the Alabama polytechnic institute for one year; professor of English at South Western university, Georgetown, Tex., 1890-91; professor Romance languages, Alabama polytechnic institute, 1892, until his death. He lectured upon literary topics at the Mountain Lake Chautauqua, Md., and also to several colleges in Alabama as well as before literary groups in various towns of the state. Author: "The absolute participle in Old English," 1892, also articles in various reviews on Henry Timrod, Wm. Gilmore Simms, Paul Hayne, Wm. Watson, etc. Sometime prior to his death he had been engaged in the preparation of a life of Henry Timrod. He belonged to the Modern language association and contributed to its journal. He was a Democrat; Methodist; and Knight of Pythias. Last residence: Auburn.

ROSS, D. A. G., member Alabama legislature and farmer, was born December 15, 1830, in Monroe County, Ga.; son of Wiseman and Elvira (Harper) Ross, the former a Georgian, farmer and colonel in the third militia, who came to Lafayette, Chambers County, from Hancock County, Ga., in 1840; grandson of George Ross, who emigrated from South Carolina to Georgia when quite a young man and

a farmer; great-grandson of William Ross who came to America from Ireland with two brothers, locating in South Carolina; great-nephew of George Ross of New Jersey, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence. He received a common school education; and engaged in farming all of his life; entered Wheeler's cavalry, C. S. Army, 1861, remaining with that organization until transferred to the 8th Confederate cavalry in 1863. He represented Tallapoosa County in the legislature of 1874, 1876, and 1886; commissioner of Tallapoosa County four years. He was a Democrat; and member of the Universalist church. Married: (1) 1852, to Jane, daughter of J. J. Slaughter; (2) 1885, to Mrs. N. F. Row. Children: by first wife: 1. William; 2. Frances, m. W. A. Langley, of Tallapoosa County. Last residence: Tallapoosa County.

ROSS, FRANK ARMSTRONG, physician, was born at St. Stephens, February, 1821, and died in Mobile, 1885; son of Jack Ferrill and Anne Amelia (Fisher) Ross (q. v.) and brother of William Henry Ross (q. v.). He was partially educated at Spring Hill college, Mobile; graduated from the University of Virginia; studied medicine in Mobile under Dr. Henry S. Le Vert; and graduated with distinction from the medical department of the University of Pennsylvania. He returned to Mobile and began the practice of his profession; was appointed medical director on the staff of Gen. Pierce Butler in the War with Mexico; after the war he returned to Mobile and resumed his practice; in the War of Secession he was appointed medical director of the Department of the Gulf. Again returning to Mobile he was constantly engaged in the practice of medicine until his death. Married: to Helen, daughter of Anne Toulmin Hunter, and granddaughter of Judge Harry Toulmin (q. v.). Children: 1. Lightfoot, merchant of Galveston, Tex., and a student at the University of Alabama, 1861-67; m. Helen Lyon Prince, of Mobile; 2. William Henry, jr., physician, and a graduate of the University of Alabama, B. A., 1865, m. Miss Perry, of Pensacola; 3. Martha M. Last residence: Mobile.

ROSS, GEORGE, lawyer, was born November 3, 1883, at Bessemer; son of Albert Alexander and Marie Antoinette (Nabors) Ross, the former who was a native of South Carolina, later came to Jefferson County, and served one year in the C. S. Army; grandson of Taylor and Emaline Ross, the former who came from South Carolina to Jefferson County about sixty years ago, and of Ira and Abigail Nabors, who lived at Parkwood, Jefferson County. George Ross received his education at the rural schools of Jefferson County and the public schools of Bessemer. He attended the law department of the University of Alabama for four months; was admitted to the bar in 1908 and has been engaged in the practice of law since that date. He was president of the city council of Bessemer for ten years; a member of the city council for two years; and was elected a member of the legislature in 1918. He is a Democrat; a member of the Methodist Episcopal church; a Mason and a Shriner;

an Odd Fellow; Woodman of the World; and an Elk. Married: August 11, 1910, at Bessemer, to Willie Henrietta, daughter of Bird H. Young who lived at Bessemer. Residence: Bessemer.

ROSS, ISAAC I., planter, settled at a very early date in Montgomery County. "He was from South Carolina and was a man of wealth and of the very highest respectability, and was inferior to no man of his day. He had a splendid family of sons and daughters." He lived in the fork, now Elmore County, and is buried there. Married: about 1742, to Parthenia Anne, daughter of John and Mary (Davis) Browne, of Virginia. Children: 1. Isaac II (q. v.), m. (1) Frances M. Barnett, (2) Narcissa Whitfield Sledge; 2. Sarah, m. Walter Ross (q. v.); 3. Mary, m. (1) — Taylor, (2) Henry Lucas, of Mt. Meigs; 4. Evelina, m. James Abercombie, (q. v.); 5. Parthenia, m. Charles Crommelin (q. v.); 6. Jane, m. Benjamin Chappell, of near Wetumpka; 7. William, m. Clara Sledge; 8. John. Last residence: Fort Jackson.

ROSS, ISAAC, II, planter, was born February 4, 1798, near Columbia, S. C., and died at Fort Jackson, Montgomery County, June 12, 1866; son of Isaac, I, and Parthenia Anne (Browne) Ross (q. v.). At the age of fifteen, he removed with his parents to Montgomery County. Shortly after, 1827, he moved with his family to near La Grange, Troup County, Ga., where he remained until 1834, returning at that date to Alabama and settling on a plantation in Chambers County. The Indian troubles soon compelled the family to seek refuge in Troup County, Ga., but as soon as the trouble was over, they again returned to their Alabama home. He was one of the founders of Oak Bowery female college and took up his residence at that place in order that his children might have the best educational advantages. In 1853, he moved with his family to Elmore County where he spent the remaining days of his life. He was a student along scientific lines and often hypnotized his slaves when they were hurt in an effort to alleviate their pain. He used both money and influence in promoting any project for the betterment of his state and community; served in the State militia and in the Indian war. In politics he was an old line Whig. Married: (1) May 12, 1824, to Frances M., daughter of William and Mary Barnett; (2) June 21, 1827, to Narcissa Whitfield, daughter of Chappell and Jane (Harris) Sledge, of Columbia, S. C. Children: by first wife: 1. William Edwin; 2. Frances Barnett, m. Dr. Marshall, of Society Hill; by second wife: 3. William Chappell (q. v.), m. Sarah Toomer, of Portsmouth, Va.; 4. Clara E., m. Absolem Barton; 5. John Brown, m. Carrie Spratling; 6. Elizabeth Helen, m. Thomas Glenn, of Auburn; 7. Eliza Parthenia, m. James Jackson Abercombie (q. v.); 8. Mary Ann, m. James Russell, of Columbus, Ga.; 9. Ella N., m. Judge Thomas L. Frazer, (q. v.); 10. Thomas Taylor; 11. Isaac III, (q. v.), m. (1) Adelaide McCurdy, (2) Belle May Allen; 12. Walter, m. Eula Jones, Opelika; 13. Wiley, m.



J. B. McCLARY

Mary Frances Thomas, Opelika. Last residence: Opelika.

ROSS, ISAAC, III, planter, was born at Oak Bowery, Chambers County, April 25, 1847, and died March 21, 1902; son of Isaac, II, and Narcissa Whitfield (Sledge) Ross (q. v.). He received his early education at Oak Bowery male academy; attended the Alabama polytechnic institute and the University of Alabama, and later obtained a professional education at Moore's business college, Atlanta. During the last year of his college course, he entered the C. S. Army as private in Co. E, Clanton's escort, and later, 1865, was brigade drill master; was assistant director of Agricultural and mechanical college experiment station, 1889-91. He was a planter in Chambers and Lee Counties having fallen heir to the family home at Rosedale, this tract of land having been obtained by the government from the Indians. He was a Democrat; and a Methodist. Married; (1) to Addie, daughter of Edward and Mary (Harris) McCurdy, of Oak Bowery, the former a wealthy planter; (2) January 9, 1894, to Belle May, daughter of Maj. A. M. and Sallie (Bellinger) Allen, and granddaughter of Dr. Carnot and Sarah (Halls) Bellinger (q. v.). Children: by first wife: 1. Mary Addie, m. E. P. Flowers, of Montgomery; by second wife: 2. Isaac Massillon. Last residence: Opelika.

ROSS, JACK FERRILL, first territorial and first State treasurer, was born in Franklin County, N. C., October 29, 1791, and died at Mobile, October 12, 1837; son of John and Temperance (Ferrill) Ross, the former a resident of North Carolina, who served as representative of Martin County, 1784, in the house of commons. He received his early education in the local schools, later attending the University at Chapel Hill. He enlisted in the army during the War of 1812, appointed as 3rd lieutenant, 3rd infantry, May 20, 1813; 2nd lieutenant, February, 1814; 1st lieutenant, July, 1814; retained December, 1815, as 2nd lieutenant, light artillery, with brevet; and resigned April 15, 1817. He was in active service in the South under Gen. Jackson during these four years and shortly before his resignation went to Mobile to pay off the troops. After his resignation he became a merchant at Ft. Stephens. He was appointed first territorial treasurer and when the State was admitted to the Union, he was chosen by the legislature, 1819, to succeed himself. In December, 1818, his dwelling and store were destroyed and with them all of his papers as well as some of the Territory moneys. He was one of the incorporators of the second bank established within the limits of Alabama, the first having been established at Huntsville. He removed to Mobile, 1824, where he engaged extensively in the mercantile business, at the same time owning and operating large plantations in Greene and Clarke Counties. He was sheriff of Mobile County for one term; represented this county in the house of representatives, 1826, 1827 and 1835, and in senate, 1828. He died of yellow fever in Mobile. Married: February 11, 1817, to Anne Amelia, daughter of Col. George and Catherine (Sossa-

man) Fisher (q. v.). Children: 1. Sarah Bee, m. William B. Lightfoot, of Baltimore, Md.; 2. William Henry, (q. v.) m. Mary A. Lyon; 3. Frank Armstrong (q. v.) m. Helen Hunter; 4. Alfred Greene, d. unm. Last residence: Mobile.

ROSS, WALTER, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 74, and a resident of Autauga County; private N. C. Militia; enrolled on October 29, 1833, under the act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$30; sums received to date of publication of list, \$90.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in Part 3, vol. xiii, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Autauga County, June 1, 1840, aged 81.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

ROSS, WALTER RALEIGH, farmer and State senator, was born about 1800, in Fauquier County, Va., and died in 1849 or '50, at Havana, Greene County; of Scotch-Irish extraction. He was educated in the common schools; a farmer all his life; senator from Wilcox County, 1838 and 1841, and representative, 1829-32, and 1837. He fought under Gen. Andrew Jackson in the battle of New Orleans, at the age of fourteen, and again with Jackson in the Indian Wars of 1838. He was a Whig. Married: (1) in Montgomery County, a Miss Ross, who was no relation; (2) a Miss Spenser, of Wilcox County; (3) a Mrs. Roseman, of Greene County, about 1845. Children: by first wife, 1. Mary Ann, m. Dr. Isaac Foote Dortch; by third wife, 2. Annie, m. Dr. James T. Searcy (q. v.). Last residence: Havana.

ROSS, WILLIAM CHAPPELL, planter, was born in Troup County, Ga., February 2, 1839; son of Isaac II and Narcissa Whitfield (Sledge) Ross (q. v.). He received his preparatory education at a Catholic school near Lebanon, Ky., and later attended a college at Harrisburg, Ky. He was a wealthy planter, owning about 3,000 acres of land and raising from 1,000 to 1,500 bales of cotton annually. Married: in 1854, in Portsmouth, Va., to Sarah Toomer. There were eight children born to this union six of whom lived to adult age. Children: 1. James T.; 2. Clara E.; 3. Alice; 4. Mary; 5. Willie, m. Osceola Kyle (q. v.); 6. William C., jr. Last residence: Opelika.

ROSS, WILLIAM HENRY, merchant, cotton factor and capitalist, was born at St. Stephens, December 8, 1819, and died in Mobile; son of Jack Ferrill and Anne Amelia (Fisher) Ross (q. v.), and brother of Frank Armstrong Ross (q. v.). He was educated at Spring Hill college, Mobile, began his business career as a clerk in Mobile, 1836; and later established himself in the grocery business, continuing in this work until the outbreak of the War of Secession. He entered the C. S. Army, 1861, as commissary of Gen. Withers' division, and later became assistant commissary on Gen. Bragg's staff. After the war, he returned to Mobile and became engaged in the cotton factorage business and several other interests. Married: in 1845, to Mary A., daughter of Hon. Francis Strother and Sarah Serena (Glover) Lyon (q. v.). Children: 1. Sarah Lyon, m.

John R., son of William S., and Nannie (Jenifer) Triplett, of Virginia; 2. Frank Lyon; 3. Jack Ferrill, m. Emma Elizabeth, daughter of Col. William A. and Margaret (Langdon) Buck, of Mobile; 4. Amelia L., m. James L., son of James Lloyd and Anna Lewis (Blake) Abbott, of Boston; 5. Alfred Green, d. unmarried; 6. Helen Deas, m. James H., son of Z. M. P. and Virginia (Ashlin) Maury, of Tennessee and Virginia respectively; 7. Eugenia Lyon; 8. William Lightfoot, m. Kathleen, daughter of Thomas J. and Clara (Stevenson) Hughes, of North Carolina; 9. Norwood Prince, d. unmarried. Last residence: Mobile.

ROSSELL, WILLIAM TRENT, army officer, was born October 11, 1849, at Mount Vernon, Mobile County; son of Major William H. and Lucinda (Eastin) Rossell. He was appointed to the U. S. military academy from New Jersey graduating, 1873; commissioned second lieutenant of engineers, June 13, 1873; first lieutenant, September 12, 1877; captain, March 17, 1884; major, January 6, 1896; lieutenant colonel, April 23, 1904; colonel, February 28, 1908; brigadier general and chief of engineers, U. S. A., August 12, 1913. He has served on the Atlantic and Gulf Coast and on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers; was a member of the Mississippi River commission, 1906-13; president of the examining board for promotion of engineers officers; senior member of the Harbor line board, New York harbor, and board of Engineers fortification; division engineer of the Eastern division, was retired by operation of law, October 11, 1913; advisory engineer, N. Y. State highway commission, 1914; federal commissioner, N. Y. harbor line commission, 1915; and was called into active duty, April, 1917. Residence: New Brighton, L. I., N. Y.

ROSSER, JOHN LEONIDAS, Baptist minister, for seven years a resident of Alabama, was born December 1, 1875, near Rustburg, Campbell County, Va.; son of George Thomas and Keziah Penick (Arnold) Rosser, the former a Confederate soldier. Rev. Mr. Rosser received his early education in the public schools of his native county; graduated from Roanoke college, Salem, Va., A. B., 1897; Southern Baptist theological seminary, M. T., 1903; began his services as a Baptist minister by organizing the Memorial Baptist church, Hampton, Va., 1903; two years later removed to Richmond; and in 1906 accepted a call to the pastorate of the First Baptist church at Selma, where he remained until 1913. He is now pastor of the First Baptist church, Bristol, Va. He is a Democrat; and a Mason. Author: "Our Southern Quintette and other poems," 1908. Married: November 24, 1909, at Selma, to Evelyn, daughter of Walter H. and Annie Craig, of that place. Children: 1. John Leonidas; 2. Paul Woodburn. Residence: Bristol, Va.

ROSSON, JOSEPH ROBERT, editor and physician, was born August 21, 1869, at Scottsboro, Jackson County; son of Abner and Mary (Thomas) Rosson, the former a native of Belle-

font, private in the Twelfth Alabama infantry regiment C. S. Army, and served through the war, merchant and manufacturer, mayor of Scottsboro for eighteen consecutive years; grandson of Joseph and Elizabeth (Riddle) Rosson, the former colonel of artillery under Jackson at New Orleans, and of Robert and Mary Thomas of Bellefont; great-grandson of Abner Rosson, colonel of artillery under Gen. Washington in the Revolutionary War, his two brothers, James and Joseph, also holding the position of colonels in the Revolutionary War. Two brothers of Joseph Rosson were officers in the War of 1812. James and Robert Rosson founders of the American branch of the family immigrated from Scotland to Eastern Virginia, in 1636, later removed to Culpeper Court House from which point the family scattered, one branch settling in Alabama in 1790. Others removed to Texas and have left descendants who are citizens of importance in that state. The branch remaining in Virginia has held many offices of state and government there. Joseph Robert Rosson received his primary education at Scott academy, Scottsboro. He graduated from the Medical college of Alabama, Mobile, with the degree of M. D., in 1888, practiced his profession in Scottsboro for one year; became editor "The Cullman Democrat," Cullman, January, 1903; secretary, Alabama press association since 1912; councilman, 1892; railway postal clerk, 1893-94; postoffice inspector, 1895-1902; presidential elector, 1904; trustee Alabama school for deaf and blind since 1912; member executive committee State Centennial Committee since 1912. He is a Democrat; Methodist; Mason; and Woodman. Married: June 12, 1887, at Guntersville, to Fanny, daughter of James Wesley and Parthenia (Bledsoe) Hodges of Guntersville. Children: 1. Fanny; 2. Lucile, m. Fred E. Cook of Jackson, Tenn.; 3. Robert. Residence: Cullman.

ROULHAC, THOMAS R., lawyer, circuit judge, U. S. district attorney, was born November 8, 1846, at Raleigh, N. C.; son of Joseph B. G. Roulhac and a Miss Ruffin, the former who was a member of the state convention of North Carolina, in 1833, was president of the Raleigh and Gaston railroad, the first railroad in that state, and a merchant; grandson of Chief-Justice Thomas Ruffin, who served as chief-justice of the supreme court of North Carolina for thirty-five consecutive years; a descendant of a member of the Roulhac family who came from France to America before the Revolutionary War, settled in eastern North Carolina, and was a staunch supporter of the colonists, and whose brother, Capt. Joseph Grégoire Roulhac, was an officer under Marquis de Lafayette, and who after the declaration of peace returned to France, married, brought his wife to America and settled in eastern North Carolina. He attended Alexander Wilson's school at Melville; entered the military academy at Hillsboro; entered the service of his state, the day after its secession, remaining in this service the first year of the war. He then returned to school for a few months; re-entered the army as a private in Ramseur's battery, commanded by

Capt. Basil Manley, in which he remained until after the battle of Gettysburg, and the return of Gen. Lee's army to Virginia; was commissioned a lieutenant in the Forty-ninth North Carolina regiment of infantry; took part in all of the battles of Lee's army, to that of Five Forks, on April 1, 1865; and was captured and held prisoner until the close of the war. After the war he returned to North Carolina, read law with his grandfather, Judge Ruffin, and received his first license in that state, June, 1867; in 1868 went to Merced County, Calif., where he practiced for three years; in December, 1870, he went to Greensboro, where he was married; went into law partnership with Col. Robert H. Smith of Mobile, his partner dying in 1878; continued the practice until 1889, when he was elected as attorney for the Sheffield land company, removed to Sheffield, and opened a law office in partnership with Joseph H. Nathan. He was at one time mayor of Greensboro; was judge of the eleventh judicial circuit, 1894-98; and in 1902 was appointed by President Roosevelt, U. S. attorney for the northern district of Alabama. He has been a Democrat, and a Knight of Pythias. Married: December 29, 1870, to Julia Erwin, daughter of Col. Allen C. Jones. Six children were born to this union. Residence: Sheffield.

ROUNTREE, JENNIE MAUDE (McIVER), past president, Alabama division, United Daughters of the Confederacy, club woman and poet, was born October 22, 1875, at Wichita, Kan.; daughter of John Shelby and Selene (Edmundson) McIver, the former a native of Nashville, Tenn., member Co. B, 8th Texas cavalry regiment, C. S. Army, entered the service when sixteen years of age, served three years and was wounded twice; granddaughter of John King Edmundson of Nashville, Tenn., and John and Jane Robertson (Martin) McIver. The McIvers were seated at "Gress," Stonnaway, Scotland, and were one of the seven original clans of that country. The family was of Norse and Celtic origin. The first American ancestor, John McIver, with his brother, Colin, settled in 1791 at Alexandria, Va., where the latter died and received a Masonic burial. John married Margaret Cooper, the paternal great-grandparents of Mrs. Rountree. Among her Revolutionary ancestors she reckons, through the Martin line, General Sumner, Maj. Elisha Battle, and Maj. Henry Horn. Through her maternal line she is descended from Andrew Greer, I, who came to America in 1750, from Gaughwaugher, Ireland, and settled in the vicinity of Philadelphia, Pa., thence removing to Staunton, Va., and later to North Carolina and East Tennessee, a Revolutionary soldier under Capt. James Robertson, and Colonel Preston, and his memory is perpetuated with other Revolutionary soldiers by a monument erected in Nashville, Tenn. Mrs. Rountree was educated in private schools in Nashville, and under Miss Julia Tutwiler, at Livingston. She has since reaching maturity evinced a deep interest in civic, patriotic, literary and philanthropic movements. She organized the Writer's club of Birmingham, and was its president during 1907-09, inclusive, and 1915-16; vice-president Wom-

an's national press association, 1908-11, inclusive; literary editor "Dixie Home Magazine," published in Birmingham, 1913-16; treasurer, League of Southern writers, 1912; charter member, Alabama Daughters of the Confederacy, organized in 1897; charter member and later president, Pelham chapter United Daughters Confederacy, during whose administration the Confederate monument was erected in Capitol Park, Birmingham; editor, recorder of crosses of honor, State vice-president and president, United Daughters Confederacy, holding the latter office, 1917-18; regent for Alabama of the Confederate museum, Richmond, Va., since 1914, during which time the State's endowment fund has been brought from one hundred dollars to over two thousand dollars and many valuable relics added to this museum. Through her efforts the state and national organizations of the United Daughters Confederacy agreed that all war relief work undertaken by the Daughters of the Confederacy should be under the direction and supervision of the American Red Cross. She was general chairman of the war relief work of the United Daughters of the Confederacy during the period of the European War, and had supervision of all war work done by members throughout the thirty-five states in which the organization is active. The results showed twenty-five million dollars expended by the organization in war relief work, besides the endowment of seven wards in the American Red Cross hospital, Neuilly, France. She organized Red Cross chapters at Tuscaloosa, Demopolis, Jasper and Oneonta, and fifty-five branches and auxiliaries. She was a member of the official four minute speakers bureau, organized by the government, for the period of the war. She designed the permanent badge of the Alabama United Daughters of the Confederacy, and the World War United Daughters of the Confederacy relief gold pin. She is a Democrat and Episcopalian. Author: a number of patriotic and lyric poems, and short stories. Married: June 6, 1895, in Opelika, to John Asa Rountree (q. v.). Children: 1. John Asa, jr.; 2. Selene; 3. Walter McIver. Residence: Birmingham.

ROUNTREE, JOHN ASA, editor, publisher, secretary Bankhead highway association, was born March 22, 1867, at Hartsells, Morgan County; son of Scott Lefevre and George Anna (Thompson) Rountree, the former a physician and native of Avery, Tenn., who after graduation in medicine at the University of Pennsylvania, located in Morgan County, enlisted in the first company organized for Confederate service, 1861, and was surgeon of Hardee's brigade, later surgeon of the 9th Tennessee cavalry for two years and transferred to the 8th Alabama, and was its surgeon until the close of the war; grandson of John and Ann (Scott) Rountree, the former a native of North Carolina, the latter of Virginia, removed to Maury, Tenn., and of Robert Asa and Mary (Williams) Thompson, the former a native of Washington County, Ga., the latter a Kentuckian. Mr. Rountree was educated in the public schools of Morgan County, and entered upon journalism. In 1887, he

established the "Alabama Enquirer," at Hartsells, and was its editor for nine years. He removed to Birmingham, 1896, and purchased an interest in the "Daily State Herald"; was elected to the directorate and made general manager of the Age Herald publishing company a few years later, and was afterwards made president and manager. In 1897, he disposed of his interest in that publication and devoted all his time to "The Dixie Home," a magazine he had established at Hartsells and which he now removed to Birmingham, later to become the "Dixie Manufacturer." He was for twelve years secretary of the Alabama press association; member executive committee, National editorial association, 1896-97, and delegate to the annual meeting for fourteen years. He was one of the founders of the Birmingham press club, of which he was made vice president; past vice president, Birmingham commercial club; one of the founders of the North Alabama good roads association, organized, 1891, and its secretary; charter member, Alabama good roads association, 1901, and its secretary; delegate to the National good roads association, 1902; secretary of the Bankhead highway, the proposed trans-continental road across the continent, named in honor of Senator J. H. Bankhead. He is a Democrat; Mason; Knight of Honor, and a Knight of Pythias. Married: June 6, 1895, to Maude McIver (q. v.). Children: 1. John Asa, jr.; 2. Selene; 3. Walter McIver. Residence: Birmingham.

ROUSSEAU, JAMES P., teacher and farmer, was born in 1824, in Greene County; son of Mozeas and Martha (Carson) Rousseau, the former a native of Putman County, Ga., and an Indian War veteran, the latter of Alabama; grandson of John Rousseau, a farmer, of French extraction, whose American ancestors settled in Virginia, and their descendants emigrated to Georgia, and of James Carson, a native of South Carolina who removed to Alabama about 1819, and whose wife was a descendant of Gen. Andrew Pickens of Revolutionary fame. Mr. Rousseau was reared by his maternal uncle, James Pickens, of Marengo County, and was sent to Davidson college, N. C., when thirteen years of age, remaining there until he was eighteen. He located in Texas, where he taught school for one year, then he removed to Georgia, where he taught for thirteen years. He finally came to Alabama, locating first in Covington County, later living for a few years in Crenshaw, but returned to Covington, where he bought four hundred acres of land near Rose Hill and settled as a farmer. In 1874 he represented Crenshaw County in the Alabama legislature and assisted in the overthrow of radical rule; represented Covington County, 1890, and served on the committees on temperance and penitentiary. He served two years as 1st lieutenant, Co. A, 42nd Infantry regiment, C. S. Army, and was honorably discharged on account of ill health. He is a local Methodist preacher; a Democrat; and a Mason. Married: in 1847, in Pike County, to Elizabeth, daughter of William and Sarah Matthews, the former a farmer, both of Putman County, Ga. Children:

1. George M., deceased, dentist, m. Phillipa, daughter of Dr. James Berney (q. v.); 2. Endora, m. William Riley; 3. Lavinia, m. George M. Crittenden, Texas; 4. Elizabeth A., m. Noah Caton; 5. Ida, m. Clant A. O'Neal (q. v.). Residence: Covington County.

ROWAN, PEYTON, banker and merchant, was born October 18, 1816, in Pendleton District, S. C., and died in Jacksonville August 10, 1907; son of James and Sarah (Pullen) Rowan, of the same place, the former of whom removed to Alabama in 1820, locating near the present site of Birmingham where he remained three years and then purchased lands in St. Clair County, where he lived until his death at the age of ninety-three; grandson of William and Nancy (Gordon) Rowan who came from Ireland and settled in South Carolina, the former a descendant of the Rev. Andrew Rowan of Ireland, the common ancestor of the several branches of the family living in New York, Kentucky, Virginia, and South Carolina; and of William and Mary (Haynes) Pullen, a Revolutionary soldier (q. v.). Peyton Rowan received his early education in St. Clair County, and later attended the Bingham academy, N. C. Having lost his property by the War of Secession, he removed in 1868 to Jacksonville, where he engaged in every movement looking to the upbuilding of that city; in 1890 he was instrumental in establishing the Tredegar national bank, now the First national bank of which he was president until his retirement from active business; was a large stockholder in the Jacksonville mining and manufacturing co.; owned large interests in a number of coal companies; was a merchant, real estate dealer, a miner, and a banker. In 1842 he was elected treasurer of St. Clair County and held the office by successive re-election for fourteen years; had passed the age for active service during the War of Secession, but belonged to the home guards and was very active in protecting his section from the Unionists and Tories. He was a Democrat; an Episcopalian; and a Mason. Married: April 16, 1856, in Jacksonville, Anne, daughter of Jacob and Sarah (Hoke) Forney. She was born in Lincolnton, N. C., December 11, 1826, and was the granddaughter of Jacob Forney, a Huguenot, and his wife, Maria Bergner, of Switzerland, and of Gen. Peter Forney of Lincolnton, N. C., and his wife, Nancy Abernathy, the former a gallant soldier in the cause of American freedom. Children: 1. Dr. John Forney, m. Mary Carrol of New York; 2. Sarah; 3. Emma Forney, m. Bernard Gaston, Montgomery, son of Dr. John Brown Gaston (q. v.); 4. George Hope, m. Julia Gunter, daughter of Capt. Wm. A. Gunter (q. v.) and resides in Jacksonville. Last residence: Jacksonville.

ROWAN, SAMUEL, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 70, and a resident of Jackson County; private S. C. Continental Line; enrolled on November 22, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832; payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$39.44; sums received to date of publication of list, \$118.32. —*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

ROWE, JOSHUA, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 79, resided in Coosa County, June 1, 1840, with Daniel Rowe.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

ROWE, NATHAN MATSON, farmer and legislator, was born May 1, 1847, in Limestone County; son of William and Nancy (Gooch) Rowe, the former was born in Louisa County, Va., September 1, 1792, served in the War of 1812, and emigrated with his parents to Madison County; grandson of John and Sarah (Anderson) Rowe, and of Rowland and Elizabeth (McGehee) Gooch, all of whom emigrated from Virginia to Madison County in 1819. He was educated in the public schools at Triana, Madison County, and the high school at Pettusville, Limestone County. He has been a farmer all his life. He represented Madison County in the legislature of 1894-95, and again in 1907. He is a Democrat and a Methodist. Married: October 26, 1875, near Triana, to Alice Cornelia, daughter of Caleb and Margaret (Miller) Toney. Children: 1. Roland Henry; 2. William C. Residence: Madison.

ROWLEY, DAISY WOODRUFF, music teacher and composer, was born in Montevallo, Shelby County; daughter of Charles Sylvester and Caroline (Bailey) Rowley, the former a native of "East Farms," Farmington, Conn., later a resident of Selma and Montevallo, merchant, Confederate soldier; granddaughter of Simeon and Eliza (Woodruff) Rowley of Farmington, and of Hayman and Sarah (Kennedy) Bailey of Summerfield; great-granddaughter of Augustus Rowley and wife, a Miss Griswold, of England, of Sylvester and Mary (Barker) Woodruff, of Andre Bailey of England and of Gilbert and Elizabeth (Dixon) Kennedy, the former a native of Ireland, the latter of France. The first member of the Rowley family of this line in America was Simeon Rowley of Windsor, Conn., who married Katherine, daughter of Silas Tyler, in 1770, and settled in Newfield where he established a "meeting house." The Bailey branch of this connection has for five generations been Methodist ministers. Miss Rowley was educated in private schools in Birmingham; was graduated in 1889 from the Tuscaloosa female college where she also received degrees in music and expression; studied music in Dresden, Germany, in 1895, where she was two years a student in the Royal conservatory of music; also a student under the great master Kraus, as well as under Schmale, Pétich, and Brunwroth; passed her examinations in counterpoint from Wilhelm Reschbieter, late member of the Royal Academy of Musical Art at Rome, Italy. She is director and proprietor of the Academy of music in Birmingham, established in 1900; honorary member "Birmingham Rifles," a courtesy extended her during the Spanish-American War. She is a Methodist. Author: "Nine hundred model lessons for piano teachers," "Friendship book for college students," "Lessons in elementary theory," "Counterpoint-poets and musicians," Songs: "Blessed Be The Great Jehovah," "Unrequited," "Dreaming," "Good night," "Come weary soul," Piano composition: "Variation on theme of Dixie,"

"The Harvest," "Aire de Ballet," words and music of an opera: "Terra Sortis" which was composed and presented for the benefit of St. Vincent's hospital. Residence: Birmingham.

ROWSEY, EDMOND, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 71, and a resident of Fayette County; private Virginia Militia; enrolled on February 11, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$20; sums received to date of publication of list, \$60.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

ROY, T. B., lawyer, was born October 12, 1838, near Front Royal, Warren County, Va.; a descendant of ancestors who were early settlers of Virginia and prominent in both church and state. He enlisted as a private soldier in Co. B, Seventeenth Virginia Infantry, C. S. Army, April 18, 1861, and was subsequently promoted to the rank of captain, major and lieutenant-colonel, in the adjutant-general's department, C. S. A. He was appointed adjutant-general and chief of staff to Lieut. Gen. Hardee, in April, 1862, and held that position until the end of the war. He participated in the battles of Shiloh, Perryville, Murfreesboro, Missionary Ridge, the Dalton and Atlanta campaign, the battles of Atlanta, siege of Savannah, and the battles of Ayresboro and Bentonville, N. C. After the close of the war he went to Selma, in 1867, and became a member of the firm known for five years as Brooks, Haralson and Roy, and after the retirement of Judge Haralson, as Brooks and Roy for ten years. He has been a director of the Commercial bank of Selma. He is an Episcopalian, and has been vestryman of St. Paul's church, Selma, for seventeen years. Married: on April 18, 1871, to Sallie Hardee. Residence: Selma.

ROYSTON, YOUNG LEA, lawyer, colonel in C. S. Army, was born June 22, 1819, in Perry County, and died in 1884; son of Robertus and Varilla (Lea) Royston, who came to Alabama from Georgia and settled in Perry County. He was graduated A. B., from the University of Alabama, 1838, read law at Marion and was later admitted to the bar, becoming a lawyer and planter in Perry County. In 1855 he was elected solicitor of the first judicial circuit without opposition, and served until 1865; entered the C. S. Army, raising a company, of which he became captain, in a very few days in Perry County, and entered the Eighth Alabama regiment. He was later promoted to the rank of lieutenant-colonel, and then to colonel. He participated in the battles of Williamsburg, Seven Pines, Gaines' Mill, and Salem church, being severely wounded in the last two battles. His wounds made him unfit for service in the Eighth Alabama regiment, and he was assigned to post duty at Selma, as commander, and was holding that position when Gen. Wilson captured Selma, in April, 1865. After the war he engaged in the cotton warehouse and general commission business for some time in Selma. He never married. Last residence: Selma.

RUCKER, ANDREW WOOLEY, farmer and legislator, was born November 2, 1844, at Clanton, Chilton County, then Autauga; son of John and Emily (Williams) Rucker, both natives of Bibb County, the former was a farmer who lived first at what is now Clanton, then at Maplesville, Bibb County, and still later at Kingston, Autauga County, where he was twice elected sheriff; grandson of Joseph and Jane Elizabeth Williams, and of Burton Rucker, a native of Virginia, who removed to Georgia, and in 1818 located in Bibb County, a planter and tanner. Both his grandfathers, Williams and Rucker, were farmers and served in the War of 1812. Mr. Rucker was educated in the common schools of Kingston; in 1862 enlisted in Co. A, 56th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, surrendered in 1865 at Greensboro, N. C. He was elected tax assessor, 1884 and tax collector of Elmore County, 1888; and is now a farmer. He represented Elmore County in the legislature of 1903. He is a Democrat; a Methodist Protestant; and a Mason. Married: January 11, 1866, at Centreville, to Mary J., daughter of Judge G. W. Benson, of Kingston. Children: 1. Anson; 2. William A.; 3. Mary E., m. E. D. Roger; 4. Myra; 5. Thomas J.; 6. Ross; 7. Sadie; 8. Maurice; two died in infancy. Residence: Elmore.

RUCKER, EDMUND WINCHESTER, railroad official, colonel in the C. S. Army, was born July 22, 1836, in Rutherford County, Tenn.; son of Edmund and Louisa (Winchester) Rucker, the former a native of Virginia, and the latter a native of Tennessee; grandson of Thomas Rucker and Gen. James Winchester, both officers in the War of 1812, the former whose ancestors came from Amsterdam. He received his education in the common schools of Wilson County, Tenn., and spent his early youth on a farm. When he was eighteen years of age, he left the farm, and went to Memphis, where he engaged in civil engineering and was, at the outbreak of the War of Secession, city engineer of that city. He entered into the service of the C. S. Army, at an early date, with a company of sappers and miners, and was assigned to build defenses on the Mississippi River at Columbus, Ky., and at Ft. Pillow. He was second lieutenant of engineers in the state service until 1862, when he was appointed lieutenant of cavalry in the C. S. Army, assigned to duty in the artillery corps, and placed in command of a battery at Island No. 10, of which he held command until the surrender. He rendered good service in the commands of Gens. Polk and Forrest at Knoxville, at Corinth, at Chattanooga, and was in command of the post at Kingston, Tenn. He was later put in command of the Twelfth and Sixteenth battalions of Tennessee cavalry, being promoted by President Davis as commander of "Rucker's Legion," and was afterwards brigaded with Gen. John P. Pegram, remaining with him until the evacuation of Chattanooga, after which he was placed in command of a brigade of cavalry, covered Polk's retreat from Chattanooga, was again attached to Pegram's cavalry and fought at the battle of Chickamauga. He was captured

in December, 1864, while in command of a brigade, was severely wounded, losing his right arm, was finally exchanged, and was on his way home when Lee surrendered. At the time of his capture he was called "general," being in command of a brigade, though he was never commissioned. He then returned to Memphis, and in company with Gen. Forrest took a contract to build forty miles of the Memphis & Little Rock Railroad. He came to Alabama in 1869, did considerable railroading for two years, and was then made president of the Salem, Marion & Memphis Railroad, which office he held until 1881, when he removed to Birmingham. He has been president of the Birmingham Compress and Warehouse Company; president of the East Birmingham Iron Roofing & Corrugating Company; and vice-president of the Sloas Iron and Steel Company. He was at one time vice-president and director of the Alabama National Bank; vice-president of the American Coal Company; alderman of Highlands, and director of the Alabama Loan Company, at Selma. He is a member of St. Mary's Episcopal church and has been vestryman for some time. Married: (1) Mary A. Woodfin, who died; (2) in 1886, to Mary T. Bentley, of Columbus, Tenn. Children: by first marriage, 1. Mary; 2. Louise; 3. Edmund. Residence: Birmingham.

RUDOLPH, JOHN BARRETT, planter, was born at Benton, Lowndes County, October 10, 1835, and died Pleasant Hill, Dallas County, in April, 1910; son of Zebulon, jr., and Mary Elizabeth (Watson) Rudolph, the former a wealthy planter of Lowndes County. John B. Rudolph received his early education in the county schools, attended Howard college, at Marion, and graduated at the University of Alabama in 1856. While at the University he was one of the founders of the Sigma Alpha Epsilon fraternity and the designer of its badge. He returned to Lowndes County after graduation and became a prosperous planter; entered the C. S. Army as captain of the 10th Alabama cavalry, rose in rank successively as major and colonel, and lost his left arm at the battle of Pumpkin Vine Creek. He removed to Pleasant Hill, Dallas County, after the War; was president and trustee of Pleasant Hill academy, and was tax assessor of Dallas County, 1889-92. Married: July 2, 1856, at Tuscaloosa, to Virginia Blount, of Macon, Ga. Children: 1. Zebulon Thomas, A. B. University of Alabama, of Birmingham. Last residence: Pleasant Hill.

RUFFIN, MARGARET ELLEN HENRY, author, was born August 26, 1857, at Daphne, Baldwin County, daughter of Thomas and Mary (Nugent) Henry, the former a native of Kilglas, County Roscommon, Ireland who came to Mobile in 1837, and was a merchant, president Mobile Knights Templars; granddaughter of John and Margaret (McGuire) Henry, also of Kilglas, and of Michael and Ellen (O'Reilly) Nugent of County Meath, Ireland; great-granddaughter of Col. Jerome and Ellen (Tennerly) Nugent, the former a Huguenot officer of the French Army who refuged to Ireland, a mem-



F. H. MANNING

ber of the family of Sir Richard Nugent, present Earl of Westmeath who in recent political changes in Ireland has recovered the family titles and estates lost in past years. Mrs. Ruffin's O'Reilly ancestors are of the same family of Bernardo O'Reilly who immigrated from Westmeath to Spain, thence to America and was the last Spanish governor of Louisiana. Mrs. Ruffin was educated at the Immaculate Conception school, and in languages at Visitation convent, both at Mobile; graduated in 1877 from St. Josephs college, Emmitsburg, Md., where she was given the honorary degree of doctor of literature in 1907. On a wager with Father Ryan that her poem "Reunited" would pass the critics as his own she placed it in his collection with the result that at a reading in Baltimore Oliver Wendell Holmes asked the poet priest to read this very poem saying it was his favorite of his compositions. Explanations were made by Father Ryan and Mrs. Ruffin came into her meed of due praise. She is a Roman Catholic, and president of the Catholic Knights and Ladies of America, Branch No. 180. Author of "John Gildart," a story in verse, "the North Star," a novel of early Norway; "Eden on the James," a story of Jamestown settlement, used as a serial in several magazines; and "The Shield of Silence." Married: April 20, 1887, in Mobile, to Francis Gildart, jr., son of Francis Gildart and Caryanne (Randolph) Ruffin, natives of Edge Hill, Albemarle County, Va.; grandson of Col. Thomas Jefferson Randolph; great-grandson of Gov. Thomas Mann Randolph of Tuckahoe, Va., and great-great-grandson of Thomas Jefferson, whose daughter, Martha, was the wife of Governor Randolph. He is a descendant of Capt. Francis Gildart who was territorial agent of Mississippi after the Revolution. Children: 1. Frances Gildart; 2. Mary Ruffin, a Sister of Charity, St. Aloysius school of Littlestown, Pa.; 3. Ellen Randolph, deceased; 4. Thomas Henry; 5. Thomas Jefferson; 6. Caroline Randolph. Residence: Mobile.

RUGELEY, ROWLAND DAGG, lawyer and soldier, was born March 27, 1841, in Montgomery, and died in April, 1902, at Mt. McGregor, Tex., while on his return from the Confederate Veterans' reunion, at Dallas; son of Henry R. and Sarah J. Rugeley; grandson of Col. Rowland and Mary (Mickle) Rugeley, who removed with his family from South Carolina to Lowndes County in 1825. He was educated in the common schools of Alabama. With his father's family he removed, about the year 1857, to Milton, Fla., where he engaged in the newspaper business with his father. He entered the Confederate service in 1861 as a member of Simpson's Florida mounted rangers; was transferred to the 15th Confederate regiment and remained in that regiment until the close of the war. After returning home he resumed the newspaper work, was admitted to the bar in 1866, and began the practice in Hayneville, Lowndes County. In 1871, he located in Montgomery and became a partner in the firm of Stone, Clopton, and Clanton. He removed to Texas in 1877, practicing in Montague County courts, and serving for two terms as county

judge. Married: (1) in 1868, to Nannie Davidson of Lowndesboro; (2) in 1881, to Ella Bailey, of Montague, Tex. Three sons and a daughter survived him. Last residence: Texas.

RUMPH, JAMES D., physician, was born in 1810, in Orangeburg District, S. C., deceased; son of John Rumph, a native of Orangeburg District, S. C., who was a planter; grandson of Gen. Jacob Rumph, a native of Charleston District, S. C., who was a captain in Col. Thompson's regiment, Gen. Marion's corps, in the Revolutionary War, was in an encounter with Bill Cunningham, a notorious Tory, and his bravery in this encounter was rewarded with the promotion to brigadier-general at the close of the war, and of Louis Gholston, a German, who came to America in the colonial times, died in South Carolina, was a farmer, and had two sons, John and Louis, who served throughout the Revolutionary War, one with the rank of colonel; great-grandson of a Rumph, who came to America from Germany in the colonial times, and who died in South Carolina. He received a good preparatory education, and on March 9, 1836, was graduated M. D., from the South Carolina Medical college at Charleston. He practiced in his native district until 1854, when he removed to Alabama, and settled near Mount Andrew, Barbour County, where he continued to practice until 1882, when he removed to Perote. He was at one time counselor of the Charleston Medical Association, and surgeon of the Fifteenth South Carolina militia, and was a volunteer for the Florida war of 1836. He was a Democrat and a Methodist. Married: (1) to Caroline M. Rumph, a cousin, who died in 1855, daughter of Christian Herresberger Rumph, a native of Orangeburg District, S. C., and an itinerant minister; (2) name unknown. Children: 1. Hon. Christian Wilber, who in 1861 joined Co. B, First Alabama infantry, in 1862, joined Co. B, Fifty-first Alabama cavalry as sergeant, under Gen. John T. Morgan, participated in many battles, was captured June 27, 1863, at Shelbyville, Tenn., was imprisoned at Nashville, Camp Chase, Ft. Delaware, and Point Lookout, was finally exchanged, and was discharged at Augusta, Ga., after the war engaged in planting in Barbour County, m. Alberta Laney, moved to Perote, served as justice of the peace, was in the State senate from 1878-1882, has been a delegate of the Democratic party to the State conventions, and has been chairman of the Bullock County Democratic executive committee; 2. Langdon Leslie, d. in 1861, private in the First Alabama volunteers; 3. James D., jr., d. about 1882, was a member of Davidson's cavalry in the War of Secession, was graduated M. D., from the University of Louisiana; 4. John Melvin, d. about 1882; 5. Margaret Mary, m. Newton Cochrane, Rome, Ga.; 6. Mrs. E. R. Haslin, of Perote. Last residence: Perote, Bullock County.

RUSH, CHARLES, planter, was born in North Carolina, his father being a native of Holland who had migrated to that state, settling near Raleigh, and raised a large family, his sons moving to South Carolina, Arkansas

or Texas, one to Georgia, one remaining home, while Charles came to Alabama, settling at Old Washington, Autauga County, removing from thence to Montgomery County, finally locating in Tuskegee. Mr. Rush learned the trade of a blacksmith in his youth, but his life work was that of a planter. He was raised in the Lutheran church but upon coming to a pioneer county where there was no church of his denomination he united with the Methodists. Married: (1) a Miss De Bardelaben of Autauga County, (2) Sarah, the widow of A. Walton, and daughter of William and Sarah Norman, who lived in Georgia, a major in the Revolutionary Army, being wounded at the battle of Brandywine, the anniversary of which was always celebrated in his home by a big barbecue and dance. Captain and Mrs. Charles Rush were noted for their charities, and raised, including their own children and grandchildren and orphans, forty children. Children: by the first wife, 1. William m. — Bennett, Texas; 2. George; 3. Mary; 4. Julia, m. — Cox, Columbus, Miss.; 5. David; by the second wife, 6. Benjamin, m. Mattie Pace; 7. Amanda, m. John G. Harris; 8. Ellen, m. Felix L. Ashley; 9. John Wesley, m. Octavia Osgood Andrew.

RUSH, CHARLES ANDREW, Methodist minister, was born near Tuskegee, Macon County; son of John Wesley and Octavia Osgood (Andrew) Rush (q. v.); and brother of John Osgood Rush (q. v.). He received a good early education and attended school at Marion seminary, Mobile institute, Barton academy, Prattville academy, Central institute at Summerfield, and was graduated A. B., in 1886, from the Southern university, at Greensboro. He studied for the ministry, was licensed, and entered the Alabama Conference, in December, 1885. He was pastor at Greensboro mission, Citronella Circuit, Loachapoka, Roxanna, Tallassee, at the Dexter Avenue church, Montgomery, Union Springs, at the Government Street church, Mobile, at the Trinity church, Opelika. He was at one time chaplain of the Southern university, and was presiding elder of Marianna, Selma, Prattville, Evergreen, and Montgomery Districts. He was president of Southern university from 1914 to 1917, and is a trustee of the Southern university, and the Thomas industrial institute. He is a Mason. Married: January 3, 1887, at Birmingham, to Julia Rosaline Roebuck, daughter of Alfred Hamilton and Elizabeth (Cunningham) Roebuck, of Elyton; granddaughter of George Roebuck, who came to Alabama from South Carolina, and fought in the Revolutionary War, and of Joseph Cunningham, who came to Alabama from Tennessee. Children: 1. Richard Cox, b. January 1, 1888, at Birmingham, practicing medicine at Fairfield, m. May Lopez, of San Fernando, Calif.; 2. Charles Wesley, b. October 9, 1890, m. Dorothy McFadden, Decatur; 3. Rosalind Octavia, b. October 24, 1893, m. Robert Park Davison, Montgomery; 4. Annie Elizabeth, b. August 19, 1897, Opelika; 5. John Alfred, b. November 12, 1900, Covington, Ga.; 6. James Andrew, b. September 19, 1904, Opelika. Residence: Opelika.

RUSH, JOHN OSGOOD, physician, was born June 17, 1878, at Summerfield, Dallas County; son of John Wesley and Octavia Osgood (Andrew) Rush (q. v.), and brother of Charles Andrew Rush (q. v.). He received his education at the private schools in Selma, attended Prof. J. M. Stark's school at Montgomery, the preparatory school at Southern university, Greensboro, and the district high school at Notasulga. He attended the Alabama polytechnic institute, at Auburn, from which he was graduated in 1899, with the degree of B. S., and took a post graduate course there the following year. He was graduated Ph. G., from the school of medicine at the University of Alabama, Mobile, in 1902, M. D., in 1904, and took a post graduate course at the University of Pennsylvania, 1910-1912. He was medical supervisor of the disinfecting plant at Quarantine Station, Mobile Bay, Ft. Morgan, 1902; was marine medical inspector on the steamships, Hispania and Ft. Gaines, 1903; was marine medical inspector on the steamships Bradford, Brighton, and Telefon, 1904; was resident physician of the city hospital at Mobile, 1904-05; was assistant quarantine physician, 1905; was physician and assistant to the chief surgeon, Mobile & Ohio Railroad, 1907-12; was on the surgical staff of the city hospital, 1907-11; was attending genito and urinary surgeon at the city hospital, and university dispensary, 1907-13; was associate professor, genito urinary surgery and venereal diseases, school of medicine, University of Alabama, 1912-13; and was chief genito urinary surgeon, university dispensary, 1913. He was assistant army surgeon, U. S. post hospital and marine hospital service, 1906-13, and was first lieutenant of the Medical Reserve corps, U. S. Army, 1910-13. He has written several papers on medical subjects. He is a Democrat, a member of the St. Francis Street Methodist church, Mobile, of which he has been a steward since 1908, and is a Mason and an Elk. Married: at New Orleans, La., June 16, 1910, to Mathilde Anne Baquie, daughter of Joseph Phillip Numa and Adeline (Yoenes) Baquie, who resided at New Orleans, the former's family who came direct from France to New Orleans, and the latter's family from Holland. Children: 1. Adeline Myrthe Le Grand, b. July 21, 1911; 2. John George, d. in infancy. Residence: Mobile.

RUSH, JOHN WESLEY, Methodist minister, was born March 22, 1833, at Oak Grove Mount, Montgomery County, and died October 6, 1905; son of Charles George and Sarah (Norman) Rush, the former who was born at Lincolnton, Lincoln County, N. C., removed to Alabama in 1818, and was captain in the militia of North Carolina, the latter whose mother was a Harrison, a cousin of William Henry Harrison, president of the United States; grandson of a Rush, who came to America from Holland, and of a Norman, who was a major in the Revolutionary War, and was wounded at the battle of Brandywine. When he was four years of age, he was taken by his parents, to Tuskegee, Macon County, where he later attended a military institute. He entered Emory college, at Oxford,

Ga., in 1848, was graduated in 1853 and later received the degree of D. D. from Emory college and from the Agricultural and mechanical college of Alabama. He decided to take up law after his graduation, but circumstances interfered. He went to Russell County, where he taught school for about six months, and then commenced to preach in the Methodist Episcopal church, South, when he was about twenty-one years of age and served the church in various capacities for fifty years. In the fall of 1854, he was admitted into the Alabama Conference, and in the fall of 1857, was sent as missionary to the negroes. In 1858, his health failed, and he was elected a professor in the Female college, at Tuskegee. In the fall of 1861, he entered the C. S. Army, as captain of the Macon rifles, and served as such for fifteen months. He was captured at Island No. 10, sent to Camp Chase, Ohio, and later to Johnson's Island, where he was held for about six months. He was then exchanged, discharged because of physical disability and returned to Alabama, locating in Clarke County, and was serving as presiding elder of the Selma district at the end of the war. He was sent to Marion for three years, Mobile four years, Prattville two years, and Selma district four years. He then went to Birmingham where he remained for four years, and was editor of the "Christian Advocate," went to Selma for four years, and in the fall of 1890, removed to Montgomery. He was for many years a trustee of the male college, at Greensboro, and of the female College at Tuskegee. He was a Democrat, a member of the Methodist church; a Mason, and a Knight of Honor. Married: on April 25, 1854, at Oxford, Ga., to Octavia Osgood Andrew, daughter of James Osgood and Ann Amelia Andrew, (q. v.). Children: 1. Sarah Amelia, d. in childhood; 2. Emily Elizabeth, m. Thomas Mitchell, who is deceased; 3. Mary Henrietta, m. Frank Norris; 4. Charles Andrew (q. v.); 5. Mattie Ellen, Selma, m. Wolsey Sturdevant, deceased; 6. Octavia, m. Benton Holt, Montgomery; 7. Estelle, m. Richard Lester, Covington, Ga.; 8. John Osgood (q. v.), Mobile. Last residence: Montgomery.

RUSHING, FRANCIS M., physician, was born in 1833, in Montgomery County, deceased; son of Malachi and Telitha (Dykes) Rushing, both natives of Beaufort District, S. C., who removed to Montgomery, in 1818, the former a farmer and a soldier in the War of 1812; grandson of Mathew Rushing, who was born, lived and died in South Carolina, and whose wife moved to Alabama and died in Pike County. He was left an orphan, when he was about twelve years old and with a brother went to Pike County, where he lived with an uncle, worked on the farm, and attended school in the winter. When he was sixteen years old, he started life for himself, and worked on farms, attending school as he had means, and succeeded in obtaining a fair education. In 1855, he became a clerk in the office of P. D. Costello, then probate judge, where he remained until 1857, when he became a clerk in a store, and at the same time read medicine with Dr. Blue and Dr. Moore. He was graduated from

the medical department of the University of Louisiana, M. D., in 1861, and commenced practice at Elba, where he remained, until 1862, when he was made surgeon of the Twenty-fifth Alabama, and spent some time at Corinth, Miss. He resigned because of ill health, returned home, and practiced at Bullock until 1863, when he joined the home guards as first lieutenant and served at Pollard, Pensacola and other places. He was a member of the State medical association, was one of the counselors for six years, and president for some time of the Coffee County Medical Society; was elected to the legislature in 1878, and in 1880, to the senate from Coffee, Henry, Dale, and Geneva Counties, during which time he introduced several measures that became laws; and in August, 1892, was elected probate judge of Coffee County. He was a Mason. Married: in 1859, to Fannie V. Yelverton, who died in 1877, daughter of Judge G. T. and Mrs. Yelverton, the former who came from Georgia to Alabama, located at Elba, was an attorney, a member of the legislature, county judge of Dale and Coffee Counties, commissioner to Florida to negotiate for the transfer of West Florida to Alabama, a member of the secession convention, and raised a regiment for service in the War of Secession, but was not called into active service. Children: 1. Martha A., m. John B. Harper of Geneva; 2. William M.; 3. John Burrell, cadet, U. S. Military Academy, West Point, N. Y., 1885-87, register in chancery, Coffee County, 1891-99, clerk, probate office, Coffee County, 1899-1900, d. June 21, 1900, m. Mary Ada Ham; 4. Grappa M., physician at Nevada, Tex.; 5. Fannie M.; 6. Tupp; 7. Delia; 8. Mineola. Last residence: Elba.

RUSHTON, MADISON WEBSTER, lawyer, was born October 5, 1858, at Dublin, Montgomery County; son of Basil Manly and Sarah Elizabeth (Urquhart) Rushton, the former who was a native of Edgefield District, S. C., and resided in Dublin, Montgomery County, this state; grandson of Moses and Sarah (Posey) Rushton, the former who came to America from England, first settled in South Carolina, and later removed to Montgomery County, and of Rev. Norman Urquhart who was a native of Georgia, of Scotch-Irish descent, was a Methodist circuit rider for more than fifty years, and had settled in Montgomery County on first coming to this state. Madison W. Rushton received his education in the common schools of Montgomery County; attended the law department of the University of Alabama from which he was graduated LL. B., in 1886. Began to practice law at Rutledge; in 1893 removed to Luverne where he continued his practice; was county solicitor for Crenshaw, 1886-1898; was appointed register in chancery for that county in 1887, which place he held until 1898; was a councilman of Luverne from 1899-1901; was elected representative in the legislature in 1902, and was re-elected in 1906; is one of the directors and the vice president of the Luverne bank. He is a Democrat, and was chairman of the Democratic executive committee of Crenshaw County, 1890-94; a member of the Masonic

lodge, having organized Luverne Masonic Lodge, No. 630, of which he was master until June, 1909, is a Royal Arch Mason, and is a member of the committee on masonic jurisprudence of the Alabama Grand Chapter, and the correspondent for Idaho; and a member of the Baptist church, which he serves as deacon and was superintendent of the Luverne Sunday school, 1893-1907. Residence: Luverne.

RUSHTON, RAY, lawyer, was born December 19, 1868, at Raif, Montgomery County; son of Oliver C. and Margaret Snow (Graham) Rushton, the former a native of Aiken, Orangeburg District, S. C., who came to Alabama in 1840, and located in Montgomery County, where later he entered the Confederate Army as captain in the quartermaster department, a farmer, and died February 26, 1896; the latter a native of Butler County; grandson of Moses and Sarah (Posey) Rushton, the former a private in the War of 1812, whose father had come to America from Bedfordshire, England, settled in Orangeburg, S. C., and of Samuel and Mary (Browning) Graham, the former of Scotch-Irish descent who came from Williamsburg District, S. C., to Lowndes County, in 1830, and was a soldier in the second Seminole War. Mr. Rushton received his elementary education in the country schools at Old Dublin, Montgomery County, and in the preparatory department of Highland Home school, Crenshaw County. He attended Howard college, at Marion, and at Birmingham after the school was removed to that place, and graduated from that institution in 1888, with the degree of A. M. He studied law while teaching and was for several months in the office of Jones and Falkner, at Montgomery. He was admitted to the practice by the supreme court of Alabama in June, 1890, and has practised continuously in Montgomery since that date. He was city alderman, 1899-1903; city attorney, 1903-1905; first vice-president, Commercial and industrial association; president, advisory board City infirmary; trustee and secretary, Carnegie library; chairman for several years of the Montgomery County Democratic executive committee. He was a candidate to fill the unexpired term of the late Joseph F. Johnston, U. S. senator from Alabama, but was defeated by Frank S. White; in 1920 he was a candidate to succeed U. S. Senator Bankhead, whose death left an unexpired term of five years but was defeated by J. Thomas Heflin. He is a Baptist; Mason and Knight of Pythias. Married: January 3, 1893, at Marion, to Mary Josephine, daughter of William C. and Mary (Moore) Wyatt. The Wyatts came to Alabama from Virginia in the early part of the nineteenth century, and the Moores came to Alabama from Spartanburg, S. C. in the early part of the last century. Gov. Andrew B. Moore was the great-uncle of Mary J. Wyatt. Children: 1. Marion, graduate of University of Virginia, student and instructor in Harvard university, 1915, m. Marian Hebin; 2. Wyatt, graduate University of Alabama, 1915, student University of Wisconsin; Rhodes scholar to Oxford, England, died at sea enroute home, while in the service of the U. S. during the European War, 1918; 3. Eugene

Ray, student Marion institute; 4. Rachel; 5. Mary Wyatt; 6. Graham Moore. Residence: Montgomery.

RUSSELL, EDWARD LAFAYETTE, lawyer and railroad president, was born August 19, 1845, in Franklin County, and died January 28, 1911, in Washington, D. C., and is buried in Mobile; son of Rev. George and E. M. (Stovall) Russell; grandson of George Russell; great-grandson of Major William Russell, chief of staff, to Gen. Andrew Jackson, at the battle of New Orleans and pioneer settler of Franklin County, for whom the valley and county seat, "Russellville" are named. His education was obtained in the common schools of Franklin County. In 1853, his father removed the family to Pontotoc County, Miss., where again, for two years, he attended the county schools; later engaging in farm work. At the outbreak of the War of Secession, he enlisted in Capt. Thomas Ashcraft's company, Forty-first Mississippi infantry regiment, C. S. Army, Gen. W. F. Tucker's command, and was in the battle of Corinth, in Bragg's campaign in Kentucky and Tennessee; wounded at Murfreesboro and again at Chickamauga, the battles of Chattanooga and Missionary Ridge; color-bearer for the Forty-first infantry regiment at Jonesboro, Franklin and Nashville, 1864-65. After the surrender, he returned to Verona, Miss., and planted a crop of corn and cotton, May, 1865. He attended school in the winter of 1865-66; raised another crop in 1866. In 1868, he entered the mercantile house of Norton & Co., Tupelo, Miss., studying law at every leisure time. In 1871 he removed to Caldwell County, Texas, and engaged in farming. Being admitted to the bar, 1871, he returned to Verona, Miss., in 1872, to practice. In 1875 he was selected as the legal representative, in Mississippi, of the Mobile & Ohio R. R.; in 1876, he was made general solicitor, and later, successively general counsel, vice-president, general manager, and finally in 1898, president of the Mobile & Ohio R. R. system, which position he held at the time of his death. He removed from Mississippi, to Mobile, and in 1898, Governor Johnston appointed him trustee of the State university, for the first district. He was a Democrat, and an elector of his district, in 1888 and 1892. Married: (1) January 20, 1869, to Emma Davis, daughter of Marion J. Davis of Mississippi; (2) to Margaret Tarleton Billups of Mobile, who since her widowhood has engaged in religious work throughout the State, in especial relation to Bible study. Children: by the first wife, 1. Eoline, unmarried, Mobile; 2. a son who died before reaching man's estate. Last residence: Mobile.

RUSSELL, GEORGE BRYAN, teacher and Cumberland Presbyterian minister, was born May 11, 1846, in Cherokee County; son of Rev. Samuel R. and Nancy Ann (Gamble) Russell, and brother of Samuel and La Fayette Russell (q. v.). He was reared on a farm; attended the neighborhood schools and graduated in 1873 from the Gaylesville high school. He later entered the Cumberland university at Lebanon, Tenn., where he passed two years.

Early after leaving college he began teaching and following that occupation, together with farming, for a number of years. In 1877 he located at Cross Plains, where he had charge of a school and farm; in 1881 he removed to Jacksonville where he became assistant principal of the Cross Plains educational institution, which was some time afterwards chartered. He was superintendent of education for Calhoun County twelve years and, in 1888, second vice-president of the Alabama education association. In 1870 he was licensed to preach by the Cumberland Presbyterian church; founded the churches at Piedmont and Attalla; served pastorate at Ft. Payne; also organized and built several country churches; and represented his Presbytery in the general assembly several times. He was a Mason; Knight of Honor, and an advocate of Temperance, having been elected by the Calhoun County temperance convention, 1880, as delegate to the State convention and in 1886, became president of the County temperance convention held in Anniston. Married: September 28, 1873, in Cherokee County, to Sarah A., daughter of John Hampton of that county. Children: 1. Samuel; 2. John Floyd; 3. James Gordon. Residence: Calhoun County.

RUSSELL, GORDON, judge and congressman, was born in Huntsville; son of Henry A. and Mary (Gordon) Russell. He attended the Sam Bailey institute, Griffin, Ga.; Crawford high school, Dalton, Ga. and graduated A. B., in 1878, from the University of Georgia. He taught school at Dalton, Ga., at the same time reading law, and was admitted to the bar. He removed to Texas in 1879, locating in Van Zandt County, later, 1895, moving to Tyler. He was elected judge of Van Zandt County, in 1884; resumed the practice of law; elected district attorney of the seventh judicial district, in 1892; re-elected in 1894; elected district judge of the seventh judicial district in 1896, and re-elected in 1900. He was elected as a Democrat to the Fifty-seventh congress, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Reese C. De Graffenreid; was re-elected to the Fifty-eighth, Fifty-ninth, Sixtieth, and Sixty-first congresses, serving from December 2, 1902, to June 15, 1910, when he resigned to become United States district judge, eastern district of Texas. Married: (1) Jennie Matthews; (2) Annie Ford. Residence: Sherman, Tex.

RUSSELL, JAMES MONROE, lawyer, was born March 3, 1851, in Jefferson County; son of Robert and Martha Ann (Darden) Russell, the former a native of Georgia, who moved to Jefferson County in 1832; grandson of Hiram and Sarah (Hughes) Russell, who lived near Elyton, Jefferson County, after coming to Alabama from Georgia, in 1832, and of Simlon and Essie Darden, who lived at or near Tuscaloosa; great-grandson of Robert Russell; great-great-grandson of Stephen Russell, who came from England to South Carolina, and was killed in an Indian attack, and whose widow moved with their two children to Augusta, Ga. He had meagre educational opportunities, and began life for himself at an early age. He assisted in clearing the right of way of the south

and north division of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad, between Village and Five Mile Creeks, and the Alabama Great Southern Railroad and Hillman. He spent three years in Union County, Miss., and returned to Jefferson County in April, 1874. After teaching school for three months, he farmed north of Birmingham, and read law in his spare time. In October, 1876, he went to Birmingham and read law in the office of Porter & Martin, and in January, 1877, entered the law department of the University of Alabama, remaining there until May 25, 1877, when he was admitted to the bar in Jefferson County. He began the practice of law in Birmingham in June, 1877, and has continued his profession there. He held the office of justice of the peace for three months when he resigned; is a Democrat; a Baptist; a Knight of Pythias; and a Woodman of the World. Married: November 10, 1874, to Sarah Isabelle Ellord, daughter of Willie and Clislee (Montgomery) Ellord, who lived at East Lake. Children: 1. Mrs. N. H. Erwin; 2. Mrs. J. C. Thames; 3. John, deceased, m. Minnie Guthrie; 4. Gertrude; and six children who are deceased. Residence: Birmingham.

RUSSELL, JOHN H., physician, was born in 1833, in Lowndes County, deceased; brother of Hon. Robert W. Russell (q. v.). He was reared on a farm, and received a common school education. He later attended Emory college, at Oxford, Ga., for a short time, and then entered the junior class of the University of Tennessee at Knoxville. He then read medicine with a cousin, Dr. Thomas M. Stewart of Georgia, attended the Reformed medical college of the South at Macon, Ga., where he learned the eclectic system, and was graduated, 1857, from the Metropolitan college of New York. In 1855, he began practice in Sumter County, Ga., and before graduating, removed to Union Springs, Bullock County, where he lived for a short time, then spent two years in Dale County, finally removing to Lowndes County. In addition to the practice of medicine, Dr. Russell engaged in farming and in the mercantile business for a few years in Sandy Ridge; was county commissioner for a number of years after 1866, and in 1888-89, was a member of the lower house of the legislature, where he served on the committees of temperance and health. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church and a Mason. Married: in 1856, to Theresa H. Lassater, daughter of Lenore Lassater, who was a native of North Carolina, and died in Clarke County. Children: 1. Robert L., m. Clara Crenshaw, of Mobile; 2. Mary L., d. in early childhood; 3. Dr. W. Payne, graduate of the Atlanta medical college, m. Mildred Brewer, of Hayneville; 4. Kate Coleman, m. H. W. Haynes; 5. Elizabeth B.; 6. Elmira J.; 7. J. W. Stone; 8. Maria G. Last residence: Sandy Ridge.

RUSSELL, JOHN JOSEPH, printer, was born July 18, 1861, at Mobile; son of Joseph Hamilton and Emma (Young) Russell, the former who was a native of Dandridge, Jefferson County, Tenn., and was a second lieutenant in the Twenty-fourth Alabama regiment dur-

ing the War of Secession; grandson of John and Nancy (Ellis) Russell, who lived in Dandridge, Tenn., the former who served in the War of 1812, receiving permanent wounds, and of Joseph Henderson and Caroline (Howard) Young, who lived in Charleston, S. C., and later in Mobile; great-grandson of Capt. Andrew and Margaret (Christian) Russell, who lived in Jefferson County, Tenn., the former who served as a member of the Fiftieth Virginia regiment, in the Revolutionary War, and the latter who was of a prominent Revolutionary family, and of Capt. Joseph Young, a shipmaster from Yarmouth, Me., who later settled in Charleston, S. C. John J. Russell received his education in the public schools of Mobile. He later became a printer; entered the office of the "Weekly Cycle," edited by the late Maj. W. T. Walthall; later entered the employ of T. C. DeLeon, publisher; and worked for the "Daily Register" of Mobile; was for twenty-five years secretary of the Mobile Typographical Union; was for four years secretary of the Central Trades Council; was secretary of the draft board for the southern district of Alabama, during the World war and served until the disorganization of the board. He is a Democrat; an Episcopalian, serving as senior warden; an Odd Fellow, being past grand representative to the Sovereign Grand Lodge and past grand patriarch of Alabama. Residence: Mobile.

RUSSELL, ROBERT W., planter, was born in 1824, in Lowndes County, at the time it was a part of Montgomery County; son of Robert and Louisa W. (Stone) Russell, the former who was a native of Oglethorpe County, Ga., who came to Alabama in 1817, and settled in Lowndes County, then a part of Montgomery County, was deputy sheriff of that county, and was one of the very first settlers there, the latter who was a native of Clarke County, Ga.; grandson of Robert Russell and a Miss Rutherford, the former who lived and died in Georgia, and the latter who was a member of the Rutherford family of North Carolina, and of Warren Stone, who was a native of Maryland, moved to Georgia, came to Alabama in 1818, being one of the first settlers in what is now Lowndes County, and an extensive planter; and a brother of Dr. John H. Russell (q. v.). Mr. Russell, resided on a farm, and received about two years' schooling in the country schools. He left home at the age of eighteen, clerked for eighteen months, and for the next three years, managed his grandfather's store and plantation. In January, 1848, he purchased a farm in Lowndes County. In 1864, he was for a short time in the State militia; served as commissioner of the board of revenue for eight years, and resigned this office in 1884; was elected to the legislature, and was a member of the committees on temperance, and public highways. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, and a Mason. Married: (1) in April, 1847, to Clara Powell, who died in 1870, daughter of Seymour and Ursula M. Powell, both natives of Georgia, who came to Alabama at an early date, and settled in Lowndes County; (2) in 1897, to Mrs. M. E. Powell, née

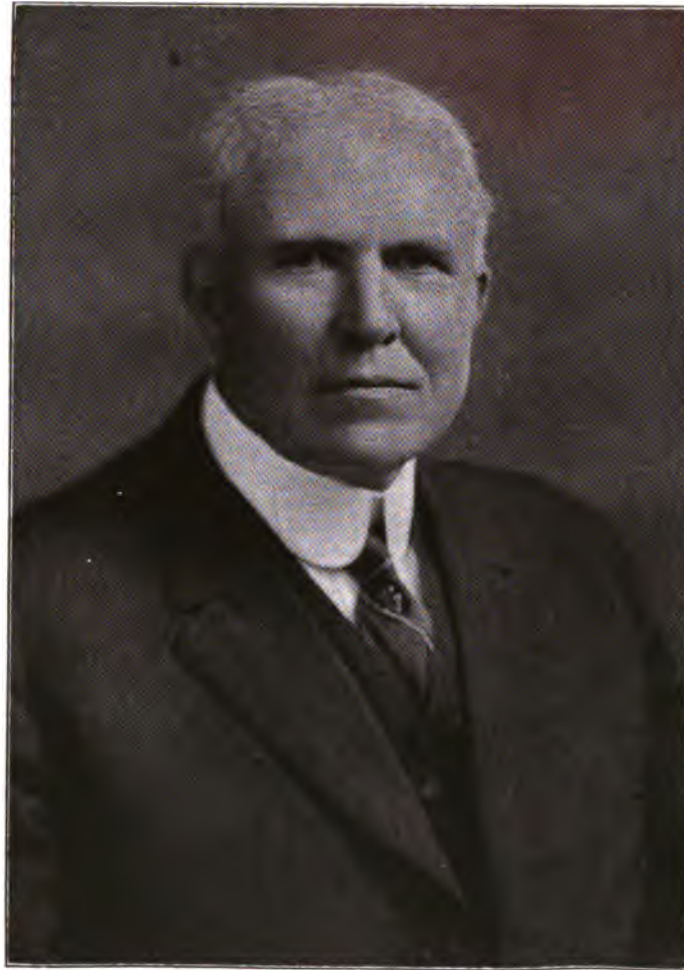
Miller, who was a native of Montgomery County. Children: by first marriage; 1. Mattie L., m. Henry L. Smith, who died; 2. Callie P.; 3. Bettie, m. R. M. Williamson; 4. Josiah; five other children died young. Last residence: Lowndes County.

RUSSELL, SAMUEL LA FAYETTE, Cumberland Presbyterian Minister and teacher, was born February 28, 1837, near Gaylesville, Cherokee County, and died October 7, 1896, at that place; son of Samuel Ramsey and Nancy Ann (Gamble) Russell, the former a native of Virginia, who later removed to East Tennessee and was among the first white settlers of North Alabama, a Cumberland Presbyterian minister, serving both the whites and Indians, and a civil engineer. The maternal grandfather was John Gamble of East Tennessee. Both branches of the family were of Scotch-Irish origin. Rev. Mr. Russell received his early education in the common schools of his native county and was a student at the Cumberland university, Lebanon, Tenn. Before graduation he entered the Confederate Army as a private in Co. H, Nineteenth Alabama infantry regiment. He received the honorary degrees of A. M. from his alma mater and of D. D. from the University of Alabama. He was superintendent of education of Cherokee County for a number of years, and founded the Gaylesville high school of which he was principal for a quarter of a century. Married: (1) 1858, to Margaret Griffiths, (2) 1892, Lucinda Henderson. Children: 1. Lula Ellen, m. H. O. Settle, Ft. Worth Texas; 2. Althea Jane, Claremont, Calif.; 3. Prof. William Polk, Claremont, Calif.; 4. Nancy Elisabeth, Claremont, Calif.; 5. T. Blake, Childersburg. Last residence: Gaylesville.

RUSSELL, THOMAS, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 74, and a resident of Jackson County; private of Cavalry N. C. Continental Line; enrolled on April 22, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$41.66.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Jackson County, June 1, 1840, aged 79.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

RUSSELL, T. J., physician and author; father of Hon. J. T. Russell of Monroeville.

RUSSELL, TIMOTHY JOHN, member secession convention, planter, lawyer and Baptist minister, was born January 12, 1812, at Edgefield, S. C., and died June 6, 1868, at Island Home, Tallapoosa County; son of John Commander and Sarah (Holtzclaw) Russell, the former a native of Charleston, S. C., but later removed to Edgefield, and from there to Wilkes and Henry Counties, Ga., before settling in 1835, in Lafayette, Chambers County; grandson of John Russell and wife, a Miss Stansell, of Charleston, S. C., the former a Revolutionary soldier, present at Eutaw Springs and Guilford Court House, captured and parolled, judge of the superior court in Henry County, Ga., and of Timothy and Lucinda Holtzclaw of Columbus, Ga. Rev. Mr. Russell



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received his early education in the community schools in which he resided, and for a while was a student at Mercer university, then located at Penfield, Ga. He read law in Lafayette, was admitted to the bar and practiced with Mat Harris. After his marriage he abandoned the legal profession and became a planter. He was a member of the county court of commissioners of Chambers County for a number of years, but removed in 1856, to Talladega County, from which he went as a delegate to the Secession convention of 1861, his colleague being Gen. M. J. Bulger. He was also a member of the convention that accepted the Federal terms, in 1865-66, by which the State again became a member of the Union. He was a Whig, but upon the dissolution of that party became a Know Nothing. In his latter days he was a Democrat. He was a Baptist and for the last fourteen years of his life a minister of the gospel; moderator of the central association from 1854 until his death. He was a Mason. Married: August 16, 1836, in Jackson, Butts County, Ga., to Emily Morton, daughter of Morton and Mary (Brockman) Bledsoe of Oglethorpe County, Ga., the former a native of Virginia, a descendant of the Clavier family, soldier of the Revolutionary War, and held the rare honor of having eight sons in the Confederate Army. Children: 1. Thomas Morton, 1st lieutenant, Co. H, 14th Alabama volunteers, C. S. Army, began as first sergeant and fought in every battle of the Virginia Army from Manassas to the Wilderness, and at twenty-three years of age died in a Richmond hospital of pneumonia contracted by exposure in the field; 2. Myra Eliza, m. Benjamin Walker, of Upson County, Ga.; 3. Sarah Emily, m. Lieut. B. L. Goodman, Tyler, Texas. Last residence: Island Home, Tallapoosa County.

RUSSELL, WILLIAM, soldier and pioneer settler of Franklin County, was born, it is supposed in Tennessee and died at Newburg, ten miles east of Russellville, where he is buried. He was the grandfather of Rev. George D. Russell, Baptist minister, and of Oran Sargent; the great-grandfather of B. H. Sargent, Dr. Russell M. Cunningham of Birmingham (q. v.) and of Edward La Fayette Russell, deceased, president of the Mobile & Ohio R. R. He came into Alabama, in 1815, with Gen. Jackson's troops, as they marched to the defense of New Orleans. In that battle, he was the chief of staff. About 1816, he removed from Tennessee to Alabama, locating in "Russell's Valley," Franklin County. He founded the old town of Russellville and when the site was changed, his name was given to the new town. He acquired extensive holdings of land, carried large farming operations and encouraged the establishment of various industries including iron production. Many of these industries were destroyed by the Federal troops, in 1865. He was a Democrat. Children: 1. William; 2. George, m. Leah Judson; 3. a daughter, m. Temple Sargent. Last residence: Newburg.

RUTH, CHARLES LEONIDAS, jeweler, was born at Shelbyville, Tenn., January 17, 1841, and died in Montgomery, January 1, 1917; son

of George Washington and Anne (Downs) Ruth, the former a native of Granville county, N. C., a watchmaker by trade, who removed to Alabama, lived for a while at Mobile, St. Stephen, and Huntsville, finally locating in Shelbyville, Tenn., where he served for a time as mayor; grandson of David and Mary (MacLochlin) Ruth, the former a native of Pennsylvania, who served in the Revolutionary army, was in the battle of Brandywine, and who later removed to Granville county, N. C.; great-grandson of James and Jean (McCalla) Ruth, natives of the counties of Ayr and Lanark, Scotland, and adherents of the Pretender, who were compelled to leave Scotland after the battle of Culloden in 1746, emigrated to America and located in Philadelphia where the former worked at the combined trades of wheelwright, gilder and carver. Charles L. Ruth learned the watchmaker's trade from his father. He entered the services of the C. S. Army in August, 1861, as a member of the 23rd Tennessee infantry regiment, later was on detached duty in the medical department of Surg.-Gen. Ramsey. He surrendered at Marion, Va., was arrested while proceeding home from Jonesboro, Tenn., and sent to a Federal prison at Chattanooga, where he was placed on parole. He was released from this parole by Gen. Canby on condition that he leave the State; removed to Alabama and located in Montgomery where he worked for other jewelers until 1873, when he established business for himself. He was a Mason; United Confederate Veteran, and an Episcopalian. Married: July 16, 1867, to Juliet, daughter of William Hardwick (q. v.). Children: 1. William Hardwick (q. v.). Last residence: Montgomery.

RUTH, WILLIAM HARDWICK, jeweler, was born in Montgomery, September 12, 1869; son of Charles Leonidas and Juliet (Hardwick) Ruth (q. v.). W. Hardwick Ruth received his early education in the private schools of Montgomery, attended the University of the South, Sewanee, for the years 1883-86; was a student at Parson's school of horology, Laporte, Ind., 1887; and spent the year 1888 in New York City, graduating from two schools for opticians. He returned to Montgomery, engaged in business with his father and was admitted to partnership in 1900. He is a member of the Sons of the American Revolution, Sons of the Confederate Veterans, and an Episcopalian. Married: January 17, 1884 at Jacksonville, to Maud, daughter of Emmett Crook, of Calhoun county. Children: 1. Emmett Crook; 2. Charles Leon; 3. Sarah Crook; 4. Juliet Hardwick. Residence: Montgomery.

RUTHERFORD, WILLIAM, planter, died in May, 1844, in Cahaba. He was the son of Thomas B. Rutherford, who lived at Sandersville, Ga., moved to Alabama and was a member of the Alabama legislature from Dallas County, in 1822. He was a planter in Dallas County and was known as Col. William Rutherford, probably for his service in one of the Indian wars. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. Married: to Elindor Pinson, daughter of a Mr. Pinson and his wife Elizabeth, who re-

sided near Opelika. Children: Alabama, m. Thomas Craig, of Cahaba; 2. Louisiana R., m. William J. Norris, Selma; 3. Nancy H., m. Col. White, White's Bluff; 4. Thomas B., d. in 1845, in Havana, Cuba. Last residence: Cahaba.

RUTLAND, JAMES RICHARD, college professor and librarian, was born November 8, 1879, at Fredonia, Chambers County; son of John Blake and Eugenia (Askew) Rutland, the former a physician living from 1880 to 1899 at Fredonia, where for many years he was chairman of the board of school trustees, in the latter year he removed to Lanett, where he became a prominent member of the county medical society and was mayor of Lanett three times; grandson of James and Susan Williamson (Bonner) Rutland of Fredonia, and of Richard and Frances Elizabeth (Chivers) Askew; great-grandson of Reddick and Dorothy (Smith) Rutland, who resided near Spartanburg, S. C. His great-great-grandfather Rutland emigrated from England to America where he married a Miss Reddick. Professor Rutland was educated in the public schools of Fredonia; the Alabama polytechnic institute, from which he graduated in 1900 with the B. S. degree, and received the M. S. degree the following year; Harvard university, 1903-04, graduating with the A. B. degree; University of Chicago, summer sessions of 1908-1910. During 1900-01 he taught in the Alabama polytechnic institute; principal, Wylam school, Wylam, 1901-02; Memphis military institute, 1902-03; instructor in English and mathematics, Alabama polytechnic institute, 1904-05; librarian, Alabama polytechnic institute 1905-1915; associate professor of English, 1908-1912; director Auburn summer school, 1913; county high school inspector, 1908-1911; member board of directors, Alabama reading circle. He is a Democrat; Methodist; member of the Kappa Sigma college fraternity; a Knight of Pythias; and vice-president Alabama library association. Author: edited Irving's "Tales of a Traveller"; "Old Testament Stories"; Auburn Alumni quarterly. Married: June 22, 1910, at Birmingham, to Hulda Mary, daughter of Robert Lionel and Hulda Augusta (Boyd) Horton, of Pleasant Ridge. Children: James Richard, jr. Residence: Auburn.

RYAN, ABRAM JOSEPH, poet, Roman Catholic priest, was born August 15, 1839, at Norfolk, Va., and died April 22, 1886, at Louisville, Ky. He was of Irish ancestry. When he was seven or eight years of age, he moved with his parents to St. Louis, where he received training under the brothers of the Christian schools. Having obtained the necessary preparatory work, he entered the ecclesiastical seminary, at Niagara, N. Y., and was ordained a Roman Catholic priest, at St. Louis, soon after he became of age, in 1861. He served as chaplain in the C. S. Army, throughout the War of Secession, and during this period published a number of lyric poems, written under the nom de plume of "Moina." At the close of the war, he was stationed at Nashville, after-

wards, at Clarksville, Tenn., and then at Augusta, Ga., where he founded the "Banner of the South," which paper he published for about five years. In 1870, he was stationed at the Cathedral at Mobile, and in 1877, became the pastor of St. Mary's church in the suburbs of Mobile. In 1878, during the yellow fever epidemic, he was one of the most able and dependable workers. Up to this time his poems had been published in newspapers and magazines, but on the suggestion of a friend, they were gathered into book form and published at the "Mobile Register." In December, 1880, he went north to Baltimore to have his poems published and to go on a lecture tour. His poems were published, as "Poems, Patriotic, Religious, and Miscellaneous," in December, 1880. His lecture tour proved to be a failure and he returned to the south. His death occurred in a Franciscan monastery, in Louisville, Ky., in 1886. A bronze monument, a memorial to Father Ryan, "the poet-priest of the Confederacy," was erected by the people of Mobile, and unveiled in that city, July 13, 1913. He was author of the following poems: "The Conquered Banner," "The Lost Cause," "The Sword of Robert E. Lee," "The Flag of Erin," an epic, "Their Story Runneth Thus," "Song of the Mystic," "In Memory of the Very Rev. J. B. Etienne," "After the Sickness at Milan," "March of the Deathless Dead," "Sentinel Songs," "C. S. A.," "Sea Dreamings," "St. Mary's"; "Nocturne"; and an ode to his beloved brother, Capt. David J. Ryan, a confederate soldier, who was killed in battle. He was writing a "Life of Christ," at the time of his death. Last residence: Louisville, Ky.

RYAN, JOSEPH, Baptist minister, was born October 3, 1782, in Fairfield District, S. C., and died in 1848; son of a Revolutionary soldier. Rev. Mr. Ryan was a soldier in the War of 1812; joined the Baptist church in 1814; and soon afterwards entered the ministry. He came to Mississippi Territory in 1815, settling in Greene County, now Alabama. He organized and was the first pastor of the Salem church, near Greensboro, and was pastor for twenty-one years. He also helped to organize the Cahaba and Tuscaloosa associations. In 1837 he removed to Sumter County. He was married and left seven children, among these, Dr. J. K. Ryan, also a Baptist minister.

RYAN, REUBEN ELBERT, legislator, was born December 30, 1878, at Center Grove, Morgan County; son of Henry Washington and Cathrine Louisa (Lancaster) Ryan, the former was a member of Co. H, 27th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, being promoted from sergeant to captain, serving under Gen. Joe Wheeler; grandson of Thomas and Rosina (Basham) Ryan, and of James Walker and Nancy (McLeod) Lancaster, the former lived at Center Grove, the latter at Turkeytown, Cherokee County; great-grandson of Philip Ryan, a native of Ireland who more than a hundred years ago immigrated to Kentucky, but later located in that part of Washington County, afterwards embraced in Choctaw, and of Thomas Lancaster who built and occupied the

first house in Nashville, Tenn. He was educated in the public schools of his native county, and at Birmingham college. He represented Cullman County in the legislature of 1915. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; a Mason; Knight of Pythias; and an Odd Fellow. Married: (1) October 26, 1900, at Gadsden, to Lilla, daughter of Jane (Haynes) Thomas; and (2) on September 22, 1903, at Summit, to Lyda Mae, daughter of Alfred and Amanda (Carnes) Russell, of that place. Children: by first wife: 1. died in infancy. Residence: Cullman.

RYAN, WILLIAM, editor, was born April 3, 1851, at Marysville, Mason County, Ky.; son of Michael and Maria Louisa (Richeson) Ryan, of Marysville, Ky., and Charlottesville, Va., respectively; grandson of Dr. Michael and Elizabeth (Hampton) Ryan, the former born in Dublin, Ireland, graduated as master of arts from Trinity college, after which he studied medicine at that institute and emigrated to America where he located first in Baltimore, Md., and later at Marysville, Ky., practising his profession at both places, his wife being a native of New Jersey, and of Col. James Holt and Mildred (Ragsdale) Richeson, of Virginia. The Richesons came to America from England and were living in King William County, Va., at the time of the Revolutionary War; great-great-grandson of Holt Richeson a major in the Revolution and a friend of Washington. Mr. Ryan was educated in the private schools of Marysville, Ky., but was forced on account of ill health, to discontinue his studies at the age of sixteen. When twenty-two he removed from Kentucky to Richmond, Va., where the greater part of his life was spent engaged in newspaper work; managing editor, then editor-in-chief of the "Daily State," later becoming president of the State publishing company. He removed from Richmond, Va., to Birmingham, in 1898 and has since that date resided there, taking an active interest in Alabama educational affairs especially. He is now managing editor and editorial writer on "The Age-Herald," Birmingham. He was collector of U. S. internal revenue for the eastern district of Virginia, 1893-97; member of the Virginia democratic executive committee, 1888; chairman same year of the Richmond city commission. He is a director of the Birmingham chamber of commerce, and of the associated charities. He is a Catholic and a member of the Knights of Columbus. He is unmarried. Residence: Birmingham.

RYLANCE, JOSEPH BOZEMAN, lawyer, was born in New York City, deceased; son of Joseph Hinesford and Fannie Lamar (Bozeman) Rylance, the former who was a native of Paris, France, later removed to New York City, was a graduate of Columbia and Yale universities, and a member of the law firm of Peckam, Warner & Strong of that city; grandson of Rev. Dr. Joseph H. and Lucretia (Hammersley) Rylance, who resided in New York City, the former a native of England who came to America during the Civil war, bearing resolutions to President Lincoln from the people of Manchester, England, on the battle of Gettys-

burg, who was first a Methodist minister and later an Episcopal rector in Cleveland, Ohio, Chicago, and New York, and of Dr. Nathan and Geraldine (Lamar) Bozeman, who lived in New York City, Montgomery, and later removed to New Orleans, La., the former who was reared in Lowndes and Coosa Counties, was a physician of prominence in America and Europe, was in the medical service of the C. S. Army during the War of Secession, and was at one time a partner of Dr. J. Marion Sims of Montgomery. The families of Lamar and Bozeman are prominent in Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, and Texas history; the Lamars of French, the Bozemans of Dutch, and the Rylances are of English descent. All of the families were represented in the Revolutionary War. U. S. Senator L. Q. C. Lamar was a close relation. Joseph B. Rylance obtained his education in the Berkeley school, New York, the Sewanee military academy, Sewanee, Tenn., and later entered the University of the South, Sewanee, Tenn., where he pursued an academic and law course, and was graduated LL. B. in 1906. He entered into law practice in New York City; was connected with the defensive legal department of the Standard Oil Company, 1906; formed a partnership with Thomas Bulger at Dadeville, 1907, the firm being known as Bulger & Rylance; was elected to the office of mayor of Dadeville, March, 1907; re-elected in March, 1909; was nominated for representative in the legislature at the Democratic primary, May 2, 1910; represented Tallapoosa County in the legislature of 1911; on July 12, 1915, was appointed state highway commissioner, succeeding Julien Smith who was called upon to fill the unexpired term of V. B. Atkins. He is a Democrat; an Episcopalian; a Knight of Pythias; a Mason, having run through all degrees to the Shriners; and a member of the Independent Order of Beavers. Married: April 5, 1905, at Dadeville, to Bessie Cade Bulger, daughter of Thomas L. and Mollie Cade (Bass) Bulger who lived at Dadeville; granddaughter of Gen. M. J. Bulger of Alabama who fought in the Mexican War and War of Secession, serving as colonel of the Forty-seventh Alabama regiment in the latter war. Last residence: Dadeville.

RYLAND, VIRGIL HOMER, merchant, was born April 10, 1850, in Lowndes County, Miss., and died June 29, 1897, at Ryland, Madison County; son of Joseph Dorch and Sara Hart (Wyche) Ryland, the former a native of Brunswick County, Va., migrated in 1846 to Lowndes County, Miss.; grandson of Iverson and Lucy (Dorch) Ryland, who lived in Virginia, the former an immigrant from Ireland who settled in Brunswick County, Va., and of Henry and Sara (Hart) Wyche, who lived in Greenville County, Va. He received a collegiate education at Sicilian college and graduated in bookkeeping, in 1871, at Lineville, and a few years later, at Poughkeepsie, N. Y. He conducted a mercantile business at Tibbee, Bolivar, and West Point, Miss., and at Huntsville and Ryland, in Alabama. He was a Democrat, and a Methodist. Married: January 25, 1875, in Tibbee,

Miss., to Bettie Ross, daughter of Kennon Harris and Mary Elizabeth (Wall) Steger, who lived at Brownsboro. Children: 1. Virgil Homer, jr., m. Alma Webb, Weleetka, Okla.; 2. Sarah Hart, d. in childhood; 3. Mary Steger, m. Robert H. Hester, Pelahatchee, Miss.; 4. Harris Steger, m. ——— Ostrander, Albert Lea, Minn.; 5. Frank Ross, m. Carrie Lucretia Owen, Montgomery; 6. Joseph Henry, m. Janie Belle McAdory, Los Angeles, Cal.; 7. Lucy Alice, d. in childhood. Last residence: Ryland.

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SADLER, THOMAS WILLIAM, lawyer and member of congress, was born April 17, 1831, in Franklin County, and died October 24, 1896, in Prattville, Autauga County; son of Allious T. and Caroline M. (Owen) Sadler, the former a native of North Carolina, the latter of the present locality of Birmingham; grandson of William Sadler, who emigrated to Alabama from North Carolina and settled near the site of the present town of Jonesboro which is built upon land he once owned, and of Thomas and Mary Eliza Owen. He received his education in the schools of Jonesboro, at Summerfield, and at the Alabama university. For some years he was a merchant and a farmer. At the age of twenty-one he was elected justice of the peace of Jefferson County. He read law and was admitted to the bar. On account of delicate health he did not serve in the military branch of the Confederate government but was heartily in favor of its principle. In 1874 he was appointed superintendent of education of Autauga County and held this office for about ten years. In 1880 he was a presidential elector on the Hancock ticket and in 1884 he was elected to represent the fifth Alabama district in the United States congress and served on the committee on private land claims and territories. After serving his term he declined all further political honors. He was a Methodist; and a Mason. Married: (1) in 1854, at Prattville, to Catherine, daughter of Shadrach and Elizabeth Mims, natives respectively of Georgia and of Columbus, Miss.; (2) November 13, 1884, to Mary, daughter of Dr. James H. and Ann (Montgomery) Bowen, of Macon, Ga., later of Baton Rouge, La. Ten children were born of the first marriage, five of whom died in infancy, unnamed. The following survived: 1. Allious, deceased, m. Minnie Hurd; 2. Wilber F., m. (1) Eugenia Coyne, (2) Avelia Barrett; 3. Katie Cook, m. Forney Osburn, Tuscaloosa; 4. Ethel, m. (1) J. Virgil Smith, (2) Cyrus P. Simmonds; 5. Caroline, m. (1) Tony Moore, (2) John E. Maxwell, (3) Floyd Gaitther; by the second wife, 6. Annie, m. Henry T. Knight, Montgomery; 7. Julia, m. J. Otis Williamson. Last residence: Prattville.

SAFFOLD, ADDISON JACKSON, lawyer, was born 1816, at Jackson, Clarke County, at that time in the Mississippi Territory, and died of yellow fever, 1854, in New Orleans, while carrying his slaves to Texas, where he intended to reside, and is buried at "Belvoir"; son of Reuben and Mary (Phillips) Saffold (q. v.). He received his primary education in Dallas County; attended the University of Alabama, 1831-33; graduated in law from the

University of Virginia. For many years he was judge of the probate court of Dallas County.

SAFFOLD, BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, lawyer, member constitutional convention and jurist, was born April 20, 1826, at "Belvoir," Dallas County, and died April 9, 1889, at his home in Selma; son of Reuben and Mary (Phillips) Saffold (q. v.). He received his early education in Dallas County, was a student at the University of Alabama, 1842-45, graduating with the degree of A. B., and in 1849 received the A. M. degree. He studied law under his father's guidance and in 1847 was licensed, by order of the Supreme Court of the State, to practice at Cahaba and Selma. He was judge of the first judicial circuit of Alabama, 1865; mayor of Selma, 1867; member of constitutional convention of Alabama, 1868-74; state senator, 1875-77. In the course of a series of articles, on "Justices of the Supreme Court," Honorable George M. Cruikshank wrote: "He was a just and fair man, noted for his personal integrity. No stain ever rested on his character, and the bitterness of the political contests of those days has long passed and Judge Saffold is entitled to a place in Alabama's hall of fame, as a great lawyer and jurist." Before the War of Secession he was a Democrat, after the war a Republican. He was an Episcopalian, and a Mason. Married: October 9, 1851, at Selma, Mary Ellen, daughter of John S. and Elizabeth Hixon (Turner) Brown, the former a lawyer, practicing in Selma; great-granddaughter of James McElwee, of South Carolina, who was in the Revolutionary Army, at the siege of Charleston. Children: 1. Mary Ellen, died in childhood; 2. Ida Elizabeth, m. Oliver Bascom Haldt, lineal descendant of the family of Heidts mentioned in "The Salsburgers," a history of the early colonization in Georgia; 3. Marion Bolling (q. v.); 4. Florence Evelyn, m. Richard Leonidas Brooks, lawyer, Selma; 5. Francis, died in young womanhood; 6. William Berney (q. v.); 7. Ivan, died in childhood; 8. Frederic Tarver, died in infancy; 9. Ray Phillips, A. B. and LL. B. University of Alabama, 1894, A. M., 1898, lawyer, administrator of Dallas County, 1895-97, teacher in the high school of Selma, 1900, removed to San Francisco, Cal., teacher and attorney in that city, m. in 1897 to Camilla Robbins. Last residence: Selma.

SAFFOLD, BIRD, stockman, was born December 19, 1796, in Wilkes County, Ga., and died May 24, 1860, at the home of his son, in Harrison County, Miss. He resided in Dallas County and in Newton County, Miss., a man of large means. In 1853, he moved to Guadalupe County, Tex., brother of Reuben Saffold (q. v.). Married: December 19, 1820, Matilda Cade, who died July 14, 1848, in Newton County, Miss. Children: 1. Robert Cade, a student at the University of Alabama, 1835-36, legislator, lumberman, and planter, Confederate soldier, unmarried, Hanson County, Miss.; 2. Sarah D., m. ——— Herring, of Mississippi, moved in 1853, to Guadalupe County, Tex.; 3. William, attended University of Ala-

bama, 1845-48, graduating with the degree of A. B., lawyer, planter, capitalist, moved in 1853, from Newton County, Miss., to Guadalupe County, Tex., and resided near Seguin, was adjutant general, Texas State Troops, 1860-61, serving in the Confederate Army, died of accident August 6, 1896, and interred in Newton County, Miss., unmarried. Last residence: Harrison County, Miss.

SAFFOLD, JOSEPH PHILLIPS, lawyer, legislator and chancellor, was born January 12, 1812, in Wilkes County, Ga., and died November 4, 1853, in Montgomery; son of Reuben and Mary (Phillips) Saffold (q. v.). He received his early education in Dallas County, and later attended Franklin college (University of Georgia), Athens, Ga., was junior orator, 1830 and valedictorian and honor graduate, A. B. degree, 1831. He received the honorary degree of M. A., from the University of Alabama, 1843. He read law under his father, in Dallas County, and attended the law school of Yale university, 1833-34; admitted to the practice 1833 and located in Cahaba, later removing to Montgomery. He served in the Alabama legislature, 1835, and on October 18, 1853, was appointed chancellor of the southern division of the State. He was a Democrat, a Methodist, and a Mason. Married: February 11, 1845, at Montgomery, Frances Elvira, daughter of Rev. Peyton and Martha (Cobb) Bibb of that city, owner of two Alabama river boats "Monroe" and "Caroline," Methodist minister and business man; granddaughter of Thomas and Patsey (Martin) Cobb, of Columbia County, Ga., the former a judge of the court of ordinary, and of William Bibb, captain of cavalry, Virginia line, Revolutionary Army, brother of William Wyatt Bibb, and Thomas Bibb, the first and second governors of Alabama; great-granddaughter of Charles and Patsey (Moon) Martin, of Albemarle County, Va., and Edgefield and Abbeville Districts, S. C.; great-great-granddaughter of Jacob Moon, an officer in the Revolutionary Army, who was killed in the battle of Guilford Court House, N. C., 1781. Members of the Martin family were also in the Revolutionary Army. Children: 1. William Reuben, died in childhood; 2. Peyton Bibb, m. Mrs. Laura (McDaniel) Morse, Montgomery; 3. Mary Ellen, m. William Finley Joseph, Montgomery; 4. Joseph Phillips, Montgomery. Last residence: Montgomery.

SAFFOLD, MARION BOLLING, U. S. Army officer, was born September 1, 1856, at Selma, and was killed in action October 8, 1899, on the Island of Luzon, P. I.; son of Benjamin Franklin and Mary Ellen (Brown) Saffold (q. v.). He received his early education in Selma, and in 1874 entered the United States military academy at West Point, N. Y., graduating, with the M. A. degree, June 13, 1879; appointed second lieutenant, 13th infantry regiment, U. S. A., September 1, 1879; served in campaigns against Indians in the West and in the Spanish-American War, being promoted to a captaincy for gallantry at San Juan; ordered to the Philippine Islands, May, 1899, and in an

attack on Novaletta, near Manila, October 8, 1899, while acting as major, commanding a battalion, he received a mortal wound. Under Federal authority, his remains were interred in Arlington cemetery, near Washington, D. C. In a report to the war department, Brig. Gen. Theodore Schwan, recommended that certain officers who have died of wounds received in action be appointed to the brevet of the grade next above that actually held by them, one of these officers being Capt. Marion B. Saffold, 13th infantry, for gallantry in action near Pritol, October 8, 1899. "Battery Saffold," the Presidio, a military reservation at the entrance to the Bay of San Francisco, was named in his honor and a tablet was placed in Memorial Hall, U. S. military academy, to his memory placed there by his class mates. He was unmarried.

SAFFOLD, MILTON JEFFERSON, lawyer and jurist, was born March 18, 1828, at "Belvain," Dallas County, and died July 4, 1879, in San Francisco, Cal.; son of Reuben and Mary (Phillips) Saffold (q. v.). He attended primary schools in Dallas County, and was a student at the University of Alabama, 1843-45. He read law under the direction of his father, and entered the practice at Haynesville, Lowndes County. Later he practiced in Montgomery, and in San Francisco, Cal. He was district solicitor, 1848; representative from Montgomery in the legislature, 1859; chancellor, 1859-61; judge of circuit court, 1869. Married: (1) Martha James, daughter of Col. Edmund Harrison (q. v.); (2) Eleanor Georgia, daughter of John and Elizabeth Whiting, of Montgomery. Children: by the first wife, 1. Stark Selbert, president, Provident life and trust company, m. Harriet P., daughter of James Lamborn and Susan Rapp (Graeff) Webb of colonial and revolutionary ancestry, Cleveland, Ohio; 2. James Phillips, physician, m. Sarah Eleanor Linthiam, of English ancestry, Washington, D. C.; 3. Reuben Edmund, deceased, journalist, m. Elizabeth Carl, Rochester, N. Y.; by the second wife, 4. William Arthur, deceased, insurance and bonds, m. Minnie E. Reynolds. Last residence: San Francisco, Cal.

SAFFOLD, PEYTON BIBB, lecturer, writer, and preacher, was born October 25, 1847, in the "Lafayette House," which was the family residence, Montgomery; son of Joseph Phillips and Frances Elvira (Bibb) Saffold (q. v.), the latter a daughter of Rev. Peyton and Martha (Cobb) Bibb (q. v.). He received his primary education in private schools of Montgomery and attended the University of Alabama, from October, 1864, to January, 1865, the University of Virginia from January, 1866, to June, 1867, the Southern university, Greensboro, 1869-70. In 1868, he taught school at Oak Grove, now Barachias, Montgomery County, in May, 1869, was licensed to preach by the Methodist Episcopal church, South, December, 1870, was admitted in Montgomery on trial to the Alabama conference, December, 1872, into full connection, the following year. He held charges in Alabama and West Florida until December,

1875, when he was transferred to the Texas conference. In December, 1880, he retired from the itinerant ministry, and in 1881, withdrew entirely from ministry of the church. In November, 1882, at Giddings, Tex., he was licensed to practice law, and practiced at Georgetown, Tex., where he also edited a newspaper. From 1882 to 1895, he was an independent preacher, and in 1897, returned to Alabama, where he preached and lectured, laying especial stress on mental and religious liberty and the search for absolute truth. In July, 1864, he was a volunteer to aid in repelling the Federal raid at Chehaw, and in August, 1864, became a member of Capt. Watkins Phelan's temporary company from Montgomery, which was stationed, with Captain Clements' company from Lowndes County, near Choctaw, Mobile County, and together constituting a battalion. He was a Democrat. Married: November 29, 1882, at Georgetown, Tex., Laura Morse, daughter of Henry and Ann Eliza (Stovall) McDaniel, who lived near Holly Springs, Marshall County, Miss., a planter who in 1853, moved to Williamson County, Tex. Last residence: Montgomery.

SAFFOLD, REUBEN, lawyer and chief justice Alabama supreme court, was born September 4, 1788, in Wilkes County, Ga., and died in Dallas County; son of Reuben and Sarah (Lynde) Saffold, the former an early settler of Wilkes County, a planter, minute man in the Revolutionary Army, and later received a grant of two hundred and fifty acres of land in Washington County, Ga., in gratitude for his services; nephew of William Saffold, also a Georgia Revolutionary soldier, and of Elizabeth Saffold, who married James Fannin, and was probably the grandmother of Col. James W. Fannin, whose life was sacrificed in the struggle for Texas' independence. Family tradition claims that the original ancestor in America, was brought secretly, in infancy, to Charleston, S. C., to prevent his inheritance of valuable property in England. The name Saffold, seems to have originated in Saxony, Germany. Judge Saffold received his academic education in his native county, taught school and read law in the office of Maj. Edward Payne, Watkinsville, Morgan County, Ga., and temporarily located at that place after being licensed to practice. In June, 1813, he removed to Jackson, Clarke County, Miss. Ter., conducted thence by Gen. Sam Dale, the picturesque frontier guide and Indian fighter. Here he resumed the practice of his profession, which was shortly interrupted by his engagement in the war with the Creek Indians. He was in the battle of Burnt Corn, commanded a company in service along the Perdido river, and had an appointment as colonel in the militia of Mississippi Territory. After the establishment of peace he resumed the practice of his profession. He was a member, from Clarke County, of the legislature of Mississippi Territory and of the convention, 1819, in Huntsville, which framed the first Constitution for the State of Alabama, and was elected as judge of a second circuit court, thereby being ex-officio a member of the state supreme

court. In 1832, when a separate court of last resort was organized, he was chosen as one of the three members of the supreme court, the chief justice of the court having resigned, he was appointed, 1835, to the position made vacant, but resigned the following year. In 1819 he removed to Dallas County, Cahaba being the state capital, but upon resigning as chief justice, removed to Mobile. After the expiration of a few years he returned to "Belvoir," his former home, a few miles northward from Pleasant Hill, and here resumed the practice of law, having an office on his own grounds. In 1843, Governor Fitzpatrick tendered him the position of associate justice of the supreme court, but he declined the honor. Col. Albert James Pickett, author of the state's early history, said of Judge Saffold: "The reports of the supreme court of Alabama are enduring memorials of his strength of mind, patient investigation, deep research and profound learning." Married: April 1, 1811, in Morgan County, Ga., Mary, daughter of Col. Joseph and Jane (Walker) Phillips, who lived in Morgan County, Ga.; granddaughter of Joseph Phillips, a minute man in the Revolutionary command of Col. Elijah Clarke, in Georgia, and who received, in 1785, from the State of Georgia, a grant of 550 acres of land in Washington County, for his services. At the time of the massacre at Fort Mims, August 30, 1813, Mrs. Saffold was in a neighboring fort, and heard the firing at the former place. She was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, and is buried at "Belvoir." Children: 1. Joseph Phillips (q. v.); 2. William Bird, lawyer, unmarried, Hayneville; 3. Addison Jackson (q. v.); 4. Jane Elizabeth, m. Dr. James Berney (q. v.); 5. Mary Anne, m. Col. J. M. Bolling (q. v.); 6. Reuben Washington, physician, in the battle of Selma, April, 1865, died July, 1892, at Summerfield, Dallas County, m. Mary Pouncey; 7. Zeno Roy; 8. Sarah Caroline; 9. Benjamin Franklin (q. v.); 10. Milton Jefferson (q. v.); 11. Caroline Sarah, m. Dr. P. N. Cilley (q. v.); 12. Eliza Evelyn. Last residence: "Belvoir," Dallas County.

SAFFOLD, WILLIAM ARTHUR, casualty and fire insurance agent, was born July 15, 1863, in Montgomery, and died March 4, 1919, in that city; son of Judge Milton Jefferson and Georgia Eleanor (Whiting) Saffold; (q. v.); grandson of Chief Justice Reuben and Mary (Phillips) Saffold (q. v.), and of John and Elizabeth (Bell) Whiting, of Montgomery. Mr. Saffold received his education in private schools in his native city and early entered upon his business career. For many years he was at the head of a general insurance agency, which in his later years included a real estate mortgage department. During his early manhood he was a member of the "Montgomery Greys." He was a Presbyterian; and a member of the Knights of Pythias. Married: January 16, 1889, in Montgomery, to Mildred, daughter of William James and Julianne (Holloway) Reynolds, who lived at Reynolds, Bullock County, but were temporarily residing in Montgomery. Children: 1. Georgia Whiting,



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m. William Calvin Oates, jr., Montgomery; 2. William Arthur, jr.; 3. Mildred, m. Robert Ourbeck Winkler, Greenville; 4. Evelyn Phillips, m. Major William Audley Tabor, U. S. Army; 5. Paul Whiting, m. Oneita Green, Montgomery; 6. Jule d'Vant. Last residence: Montgomery.

SAFFOLD, WILLIAM BERNEY, college professor, was born July 11, 1867, at Selma; son of Benjamin Franklin and Mary Ellen (Brown) Saffold (q. v.). He received his early education in his native town, and in 1887 graduated from the University of Alabama with the A. B. degree, and in 1888, with the LL. B. degree, followed the next year by the A. M. degree. He was fellow in Latin at Johns Hopkins university, 1896-97, and in 1898 was awarded the Ph. D. degree by that institution. He has also pursued studies in Europe. He was tutor in the University of Alabama, 1887-88; professor of Latin and Greek in Marion military institute, Marion, 1888-91, and in Suite Rock academy, 1892-94. He returned to Alabama 1897, to fill the chair of Latin and Greek, and has remained there since. He was temporary president of the university, from July 1911, to January 1912. Author: "The Construction with Inbeo," 1902. Married: November 6, 1902, at Wetumpka, to Margaret, daughter of Lewis E. and Kate (Kelly) Parsons; granddaughter of Gov. Lewis E. Parsons (q. v.). Children: died in infancy. Residence: Tuscaloosa.

SALE, JOHN BURRUSS, lawyer, probate judge, for a number of years a resident of Alabama, was born June 7, 1818, in Amherst County, Va., and died in Memphis, Tenn., January 24, 1876; son of Rev. Alexander and Sarah (Burruss) Sale, formerly of Virginia but later of Courtland, Lawrence County. He was educated at La Grange college, graduating in 1837; studied law in Courtland, commenced practice in Moulton, 1839, and was elected probate judge near the expiration of 1840. He removed to Aberdeen, Miss., and later to Memphis, Tenn. He served throughout the War of Secession in various capacities, at one time being judge advocate general, resigning from that position to accept a colonelcy under Gen. Braxton Bragg. Married: (1) Susan Turner, daughter of Dr. William A. and Rebecca Sykes, of Decatur, and Aberdeen, Miss.; (2) Miss Nannie T. Mills, of Aberdeen, Miss.; (3) Lou Leigh, daughter of Rev. Hezekiah G. Leigh, Columbus, Miss.; (4) Annie, daughter of William Cornelius, of New Orleans, La. Last residence, Memphis, Tenn.

SALE, MELVILLE W., major, 11th, also called 10th, Alabama cavalry, C. S. Army.

SALTER, GEORGE WASHINGTON, jr., editor, was born October 4, 1870, at Monroeville, Monroe County; son of George Washington and Ellender (Frye) Salter; and brother of Q. Salter (q. v.). George W. Salter received his education in the public schools of Monroeville. He later engaged in the newspaper business and established the "Evergreen Courant," October 4, 1895, and has conducted this business continuously since that time. He has

served as a member of the court of county commissioners of Conecuh County; was quartermaster sergeant of the Monroe County corps organized in 1889, at Monroeville; and was a representative in the legislative session of 1919, from Conecuh County. He is a Democrat; a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, South; a Knight of Pythias; Woodman of the World; and Columbian Woodman. Married: to Virginia Elizabeth Cargill, daughter of Thomas Coker and Mary Jane Cargill of Evergreen. Residence: Evergreen.

SALTER, Q., editor, was born September 24, 1867, at Monroeville, Monroe County; son of George Washington and Ellender (Frye) Salter, the former who was a native of Stockton, Baldwin County, and served in the C. S. Army as sergeant of Co. F, Thirty-sixth Alabama infantry; grandson of Isaac and Sarah (Walker) Salter, the former who was a Georgian, and of Andrew and Nancy (Hendrix) Frye of Monroeville, the former who was a native of South Carolina and later settled in Monroe County; and brother of George Washington Salter, jr., (q. v.). The Salters were of Scotch-Irish-English ancestry, their forefathers coming from Georgia to Alabama during the early years of the last century. The Fryes were of Dutch ancestry, natives of Orangeburg District, S. C., and came to Alabama with the first settlers of Monroe County. Q. Salter received his education in the common schools; began apprenticeship as printer in the office of the "Monroe Journal," November 6, 1883, and later became owner and editor of this paper, January 7, 1887. He served as councilman for some time; was a Democrat; and was at one time chairman of the county Democratic executive committee; a Methodist, which church he served as steward and secretary for eighteen years; a Mason; a Knight of Pythias. Married: October 6, 1887, at Monroeville, to Alma Jones, daughter of Francis Marion and Elizabeth (Gordon) Jones of that place, the former who was a lieutenant of Co. E, Twenty-third Alabama infantry, and served as tax assessor of Monroe County eighteen consecutive years. Residence: Monroeville.

SALTONSTALL, GURDON, professor of mathematics and natural philosophy, University of Alabama, 1831-33. He held the degree of A. M.

SAMFORD, THOMAS DRAKE, lawyer and U. S. district attorney, was born November 2, 1868, at Auburn; son of Gov. William James and Caroline Elizabeth (Drake) Samford (q. v.). He was educated in private schools at Auburn and Opelika, and in 1885 entered the Agricultural and mechanical college, now Alabama polytechnic institute, from which he graduated with the degree of B. S., 1888. He was assistant to the professor of botany and meteorology, Alabama polytechnic institute, 1888-1889; and professor of mathematics and English and commandant, North Alabama agricultural school, Athens, 1889-1890; and captain, Co. H., Alabama State troops, 1892. While teaching he studied law; was admitted to the bar Jan-

uary, 1891; at once located in Opelika; and was continuously associated in the practice with his father. He served as U. S. commissioner at Opelika, 1896-1901. On the election of his father as governor, he became his private secretary, acting during the brief term of service of the latter, 1900-1901. He was president of the alumni association of Alabama polytechnic institute, 1892-1900, and 1902-1906; since 1902, a member of the board of trustees of the institute. He was appointed by President Wilson as U. S. district attorney for the middle district of Alabama, December, 1913, to which position he was reappointed January 8, 1918. He was a member of the State democratic executive committee, 1895-1896; member of State campaign committee, 1900; chairman of democratic executive committee, Lee County, 1900-1913. He is a Methodist and was a delegate to the general conference, Methodist Episcopal church, South, in Birmingham, 1910; delegate to the ecumenical conference at Toronto in 1911. He is a Mason; a member of the Elks; was grand chancellor of Knights of Pythias of Alabama, 1908-1909, and supreme representative from Alabama to supreme lodge, 1912-1916. Married: July 5, 1899, in Montgomery, to Louise Andrew, the daughter of Millard Ames and Camilla Gerald (Bunkley) Westcott and granddaughter of William D. and Lucinda (Keene) Bunkley. Children: 1. William James; 2. Thomas Drake; 3. Millard Westcott. Residence: Opelika.

SAMFORD, WILLIAM FLEWELLEN, lawyer, planter and political writer, was born in 1818, in Wilkinson County, Ga., and died in Auburn; son of Rev. Thomas and Jane (Burleson) Samford, of South Carolina, who removed to Georgia. He was educated in private schools and by tutors, attended high school at Covington, Ga., and graduated from Randolph-Macon college, 1837. He was elected professor of belles lettres, Emory college, Oxford, Ga., 1838; studied law, and admitted to the practice, 1839. In 1844, he was a Georgia elector, on the Polk ticket; in 1845, he declined the ambassadorship to Rome, Italy. In 1847, he removed to Macon County, where he acquired large holdings of land, near Auburn, now Lee County. Ill health compelled his withdrawal from active political life, and he devoted himself to writing thereby giving the public the benefit of his knowledge of affairs. He edited a newspaper in Tuskegee, 1856-57, and contributed articles on the Southern political situation, to the New York papers, "The Day Book" under the pen-names of "Zeno" and "Warwick." Under the latter title he presented to Northern readers, facts in regard to "Reconstruction," following the War of Secession. These articles are said to present the most reliable data of that period. In 1867, Randolph-Macon college conferred on him the degree of LL. D. He was a Democrat; an ardent States Rights man; president of Oakbowery college; and a Methodist. Married: to Susan Lewis, daughter of Lewis J. Dowdell, a descendant of the Dowdell family of Virginia. Children: 1. Elizabeth J., m. Thomas P. Fullilove of Lou-

isiana; 2. Thomas Lewis, m. Mary E. Wimberly of Loachapoka; 3. William James (q. v.), governor of Alabama, m. Caroline Drake; 4. Fanny, m. Benjamin Hill Myrick; 5. S. Georgia, m. J. Timothy Pearce, Oxford; 6. Walter, m. (1) Rosa Nerring, (2) Fannie Baldwin; 7. Dowdell Turbeville, d. 3 years of age; 8. Randolph Macon, m. Katie Logan, Texas; 9. Mary C., Auburn; 10. Annie Laurie, d. at age of 12 months; 11. Crawford Alexander Lipscomb, m. Mary Lucas, Opelika; 12. G. F., d. three years of age; 13. Norris P. D., Methodist minister, d. m. Sallie Burrow of Georgia, child May Susan, d. Last residence: Auburn.

SAMFORD, WILLIAM HODGES, lawyer, member constitutional convention, 1901, and judge court of appeals, was born August 7, 1866, at Auburn; son of Gov. William James and Caroline E. (Drake) Samford (q. v.). He received his early education in a primary school at Auburn and in the high school of Opelika under Prof. D. M. Banks. He then entered the Agricultural and mechanical college, now Alabama polytechnic institute, from which he withdrew at the end of two years, 1883, on account of ill health. On reaching his majority he was a civil engineer for a few years in Tennessee, Georgia, and Alabama. Having completed his law studies under his father, he was admitted to the bar in 1894, and at once began the practice in Troy; was in partnership with Judge A. B. Foster and J. S. Carroll, 1894-1909; was solicitor of Pike County, January, 1895 to January, 1902; city attorney of Troy, 1901 to 1907; on April 23, 1901, elected a member of the constitutional convention of 1901 from the 25th senatorial district, and was a member of the committees on judiciary and the executive departments. He was presidential elector from the State at large, and was president of the electoral college of Alabama, 1904; and member of the State Democratic executive committee, 1900-1905. He is a Methodist; a trustee of Woman's college of Alabama; and a delegate to the general conference of his church in 1906. He is a Mason; a Knight of Pythias, and a member of the Alpha Tau Omega college fraternity. Married, December 18, 1890, at Troy, to Kate Connor, daughter of Robert Henry and Alia A. (Hill) Park. Children: 1. William Connor, LL. B. University of Alabama; entered first officer's training camp at Ft. McPherson, commissioned provisional 2nd lieutenant, July, 1917, and (1919) with 5th U. S. infantry, Army of Occupation in Germany; 2. Frank Park, educated Alabama polytechnic institute; deputy insurance commissioner, 1915-1919; and manager Lumberman's indemnity insurance company, headquarters, Birmingham; 3. Yetta Glenn, educated Alabama polytechnic institute; entered first officer's training camp at Ft. McPherson, and commissioned 2nd lieutenant of artillery; attached to 13th field artillery; landed in France, June 16, 1918; executive officer of his battery; was in every battle from Chateau Thierry to the Armistice; cited for promotion October 27, 1918, mustered out of service December 18, 1918; and resides at

Opelika; 4. James Drake, educated in Barnes school for boys at Montgomery; enlisted as a private in the National Army, September, 1918; and mustered out November 11, 1918; 5. Katherine, at home with her parents. Residence: Montgomery.

SAMFORD, WILLIAM JAMES, lawyer, thirty-first governor of Alabama, was born September 16, 1844, at Greenville, Meriwether County, Ga., and died June 11, 1901, at Montgomery; son of William Flewellyn and Susan Lewis (Dowdell) Samford (q. v.). He received his early education in the private schools of Auburn, and worked in a newspaper office as typesetter. He attended the East Alabama male college at Auburn, now the Agricultural and mechanical college, for one year, and afterwards studied at the University of Georgia, Athens, for even a shorter time, leaving in the spring of 1862, at the age of seventeen years to enlist in the C. S. Army. He enlisted as private, being later appointed sergeant-major in Co. G, Forty-sixth Alabama regiment, with which command he was in the Tennessee and Kentucky campaigns. He was transferred to Mississippi, and in May, 1863, was captured at the battle of Baker's Creek, Mississippi, and was imprisoned for eighteen months at Johnson's Island, Lake Erie. He had been promoted to the rank of lieutenant prior to his capture. While he was imprisoned, Prof. Slaton, his old preceptor, also a prisoner, arrived at the island, and under him Lieut. Samford resumed his studies until his final release in the winter of 1864, when he returned to his regiment and remained until the end of the war. He engaged in cotton planting, in 1865, and in 1867, was admitted to the bar, and began the practice of law at Opelika. He practiced in Alabama and Georgia, and to some extent in several other southern states. He was alderman of Opelika, 1872-73; was delegate to the State Democratic convention, and alternate elector on the Greeley ticket, 1872; in 1874, he was a member of the State executive committee of the Democratic and Conservative party in the Houston campaign; was a member of the Alabama constitutional convention of 1875; in 1876, was alternate presidential elector for the state at large; in 1879-81, represented the third Alabama District in the Forty-sixth congress; in 1882, was elected from Lee County to the Alabama house of representatives; in 1884-88 and 1892-96, was a member of the State senate from Lee County, serving two years as president of the senate; in 1896, he was appointed a trustee of the University of Alabama; and in 1900, was nominated and elected governor by the Democratic party, and died at Tuscaloosa while serving in that office. Gov. Samford was a licensed preacher in the Methodist Episcopal church, South, and during the last years of his life, revived the office of "Methodist exhorter," and preached many powerful sermons. He was a member of the board of stewards of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, was several times a delegate to the Alabama Annual Conference, was delegate to the general conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, at

St. Louis, in 1890, and was elected by the college of bishops as a delegate to the Methodist Ecumenical Conference in London, England, in 1901, but could not attend, because of ill health and many official duties.

Governor Samford showed his interest in historical, patriotic, and literary work in various ways. He delivered many literary addresses and lectures before the leading educational institutions of Alabama and other Southern states; was a contributor to various periodicals and magazines on current topics and literary subjects; and ranked as one of the foremost orators of the State. He was a Mason, Knight of Pythias, a member of the American Legion of Honor, and of the Alabama Historical Society, which he joined, January 2, 1899. During his gubernatorial service, he aided in bringing about the establishment by the legislature of the Department of Archives and History. Married: in October, 1865, to Caroline Elizabeth Drake, daughter of Dr. John Hodges and Polly Richard Susan (Williams) Drake, who lived at Auburn, but came there from Nash County, N. C.; granddaughter of James Drake of Nash County, N. C., who served in the Revolutionary War; great-granddaughter of Major John Williams, who was an officer in the Revolutionary War; great-great-granddaughter of Arthur Forbis, an officer in the Revolutionary War, who was killed at the battle of Guilford Court House, and has a monument to his memory on the battlefield. Children: 1. William Hodges (q. v.), m. Kate Park, Montgomery; 2. Thomas Drake, m. Louise Andrew Westcott, Opelika; 3. Willie Jamie, deceased, m. Silas A. Dowdell; 4. Richard Lewis, m. Nellie Bridges, Opelika; 5. Susan George, m. James O. Smith, Mobile; 6. Caroline Elizabeth, m. William Charlton Giles; 7. Crawford Alexander Lipscomb, deceased; 8. Walter Robert, Opelika; 9. Mary Katherine, Opelika. Last residence: Montgomery.

SAMPELS, JESSE, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 79, resided in Jackson County, June 1, 1840.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

SAMPEY, JOHN, stock grower and farmer, was born April 20, 1801, in Belfast, Ireland, and died July 8, 1877, at Belleville, Conecuh County; son of Francis and Nancy (Walker) Sampey, originally Sampler; grandson of John Sampler, who with three other members of the family made their escape to Ireland from France with the Huguenots when the Protestants were being put to death there during the reign of Louis XIV, and of James and Margaret Walker. John Sampey sailed from Belfast to New York, September 12, 1824, landing October 6, 1824, going immediately to Belleville, Conecuh County, where he lived until his death. He was educated privately, taking every possible advantage given him, being a master of Greek and Latin. He was always a loyal Democrat and secessionist. He was originally a devout member of the Church of England, in which he was reared, but upon removing to Conecuh County where there was no Episcopal church he became a member of the Methodist church and

was for fifty years member of the board of stewards and for thirty years a member of the board of finance of the Alabama conference. He was a Royal Arch Mason and brought his demit from the grand lodge of Ireland with him, written both in English and Latin. Married: April 19, 1827, at Belleville, to Drucilla, daughter of Rev. James and Priscilla King, the former of whom was a Methodist minister, the first man that ever preached in the city of Montgomery, then called "Alabama Town." He also preached the funeral sermon of Mrs. Andrew Dexter, the wife of the founder of the city of Montgomery. Children: 1. Ann Jane Walker, m. William Watson, both dead; 2. Frances Eliza, m. Joseph J. Locke; 3. James Lewis, m. Zylphia Louisa Cochrane; 4. William Alexander, m. (1) Mattie Wilson; (2) Susan Mizell; (3) wife unknown, is a minister in Southern Texas, M. E. conference; 5. John Watkins, m. Hattie Herrington; 6. Joshua Blanton, d. young; 7. Francis Moultrie, m. Susan Stallworth; 8. Joseph Richard Hawthorne, died in the service of the Confederate Army; 9. Greenberry Garrett m. Harriet Burnett, was member of Co. E, 4th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army; 10. Everett Ramsey, m. Alice Finch, was a member of the 32nd Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army; 11. Anthony Dickinson, m. Eunice Adelaide Robbins. Last residence, Belleville.

SAMPEY, JOHN RICHARD, Baptist minister, author and teacher, was born September 27, 1863, at Ft. Deposit, Lowndes County; son of James Lewis and Zylphia Louisa (Cochrane) Sampey, the former of whom was for about thirteen years a Methodist minister in Alabama, Mississippi and Arkansas, united with the Baptist Church at Ramer, in July, 1866, and was ordained to the ministry in December, 1866, serving country churches, and earning a living by farming, keeping a general store and teaching school; grandson of John and Drucilla (King) Sampey (q. v.) of Belleville, Conecuh County, and of Allan and Annie (Moody) Cochran; great grandson of Rev. James and Priscilla King, the former of whom was born in North Carolina, December 10, 1782, and who died in Wilcox County, January 10, 1870. He received his early education at the academy in Ramer, taught by Rev. B. A. Jackson, and from his father who taught him Latin. He entered Howard college, Marion, in the fall of 1879, and was graduated with first honor in June, 1882, with the degree of A. B. In the fall of 1882 he entered the Southern Baptist theological seminary, Louisville, Ky., and was graduated in the full course in May, 1885; licensed to preach in July, 1879, in his sixteenth year and preached occasional sermons in 1880-81; acted as supply of St. Francis street Baptist church, Mobile, in the summer of 1884 and again in 1887; ordained to the full work of the ministry in September, 1885, as pastor of the Forks of Elkhorn Baptist church, Woodford County, Ky. He served this church six years, and Glen's Creek Baptist church, Woodford County, Ky., for five years. After an absence of twelve years he returned to the pastorate of Forks of Elkhorn church, January, 1904, a

position he still holds. He was elected assistant instructor in the Southern Baptist theological seminary, Louisville, Ky., in 1885, assisting in the departments of Greek, Hebrew, and homiletics; promoted to the position of assistant professor in 1887; and has since 1892 been full professor of Old Testament interpretation. In the spring of 1897 he made an extended tour through Bible lands, eleven weeks of the time in the saddle in the Holy Lands. Since 1895 he has been a member of the international lesson committee, having throughout that long period been chairman of the subcommittee on Old Testament lessons. For some years he has done much Bible work in connection with Chautauquas. He was given the honorary degree of D. D. by Washington and Lee university, 1887, and honorary degree of LL. D. from Howard college, 1901. He is a Mason and member of the Sigma Nu college fraternity. Author: "The Southern Baptist theological seminary," 1859-1889; "Syllabus for Old Testament Study," "The ethical teaching of Jesus"; "The heart of the Old Testament"; "The International lesson system"; revised light books for "The improved edition of the Bible." He has contributed leading articles to "Hastings' Dictionary of Christ and the gospels," "The cross-reference Bible," and "The Bible Cyclopaedia." Married: September 16, 1886, at Talladega, to Annie, daughter of Rev. Dr. J. J. D. and Elsie (Lee) Renfro, the former was of humble ancestry, but rose to a position of great influence among the Baptists of Alabama, was chaplain of the 10th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, from 1862-1865; served the Talladega church as pastor for twenty-nine years; was editor of the Alabama Baptist for many years, the latter the daughter of a physician in Georgia and whose family were prominent in their section of the state. Children: 1. Elenora Scott; 2. John Richard, jr.; 3. Elsie Louise. Residence: Louisville, Ky.

SAMPLE, JOHN, sr., *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 75, and a resident of Marengo County; private S. C. Militia; enrolled on July 25, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$30.88.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

SAMPLE, JOHN R., lawyer, living in 1913. Residence: Decatur.

SAMPLE, JOHN ROBERT, lawyer and legislator, was born February 6, 1875, near Somerville, Morgan County; son of Robert Hamilton and Josie Ann (Smith) Sample; grandson of Armstead LaFayette and Mary Jane (Quarles) Smith. He was educated in the common schools of his county; and graduated B. S. in June, 1896, from Somerville college; attended law school of the University of Alabama, six months in 1897-98; was admitted to the bar, November 25, 1897; and entered on practice, October 1, 1898, at New Decatur; removed to Hartselle, September 15, 1900; and was one of the representatives in the legislature of 1907 from Morgan County. He is a Democrat;

Methodist; and a Knight of Pythias. He is unmarried. Residence: Hartselle.

SANDERS, ALEXANDER CADENHEAD, teacher and farmer, was born March 3, 1871, at Spring Hill, Pike County; son of John Randolph and Nellison Rebecca (Bryan) Sanders, the former who was a native of Upson County, Ga., and a member of the Fifty-seventh Alabama regiment during the War of Secession, and the latter who was a native of Mossy Grove, Pike County; grandson of James Isaac and Elizabeth Naoma (Cadenhead) Sanders of Upson County, Ga., who were of Scotch-Irish descent, and pioneer settlers in South Carolina, having four sons in the C. S. Army, and of John and Elizabeth Jane (Gibson) Bryan, of Mossy Grove, Pike County. Alexander C. Sanders was educated in the common schools and at the state normal college, of Troy. He is a farmer and a teacher, and was a member of the board of education of Pike County. In 1911 he was a member of the house of representatives from Pike County. He is a Democrat. Married: December 21, 1893, to Cora Dalton, daughter of Percy Woodward and Nancy Mariah (Jordan) Dalton of Henderson, Pike County. Residence: Goshen.

SANDERS, BENTON, sheriff, probate judge and merchant, was born November 10, 1829, at "The Ridge," twelve miles east of Athens, Limestone County, and died March 13, 1897; son of William and Sarah (Fox) Sanders, natives respectively, of Georgia and Virginia, the former a soldier in the War of 1812 and represented Limestone County in the legislature in 1830, 1831, and 1833; was a banker in Decatur, 1834-35; grandson of Isaac Fox, of Petersburg, Va., said to be a relative of Charles Fox, the great English premier. Judge Sanders received his education in the county schools of Limestone County and in the preparatory school at Tuscaloosa. He later attended college in La-Grange, under Dr. Edward Wardsworth, but did not complete his course of study; studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1850 but never practiced the profession. He was elected sheriff of Limestone County and served three years. Later he engaged in mercantile pursuits until the beginning of the War of Secession. Soon after the close of that struggle he was appointed register in chancery and served until 1874, when he was elected probate judge of the county, and served until 1880 when he declined a renomination. From 1880 to 1890 Judge Sanders was engaged in mercantile pursuits under the firm name of Sanders and Richardson. In March, 1883, he was selected by Governor O'Neal as examiner of accounts of the State, acting under a legislative enactment, but declined the honor. He was a Democrat; and a Methodist. Married: January 23, 1853, at Athens, to Eliza Frances, the daughter of Thomas H. and Frances (Sanderfer) Thach, an extensive planter and merchant of Mooresville. Children: 1. Florence, m. Thomas J. Turrentine, d. Athens; 2. Sarah, m. James W. Woodruff, Mooresville; 3. Rowena, unmarried; 4. William Thomas (q. v.) m. Annie Beadles, of Ashland, Va., residence, Athens; 5. Nina,

m. Henry F. Fusch, Athens. Last residence: Athens.

SANDERS, CHARLES PEAKE, physician, was born September 1, 1812, at Charleston, S. C., and died June 25, 1889, at Pleasant Ridge; son of William and Martha (Ditman) Sanders, the former who was born in England, emigrated to America when very young, lived in Charleston for a number of years, and later in life moved to Anderson, S. C., the latter who was of French descent, was left an orphan when very young and resided in Charleston, S. C. His early education was obtained at Charleston, and he later attended the Transylvania medical college, at Lexington, Ky., where he received the degree of M. D. He practiced for two years in Tuscaloosa County, and then moved to Clinton, where he practiced until during the War of Secession, after which time he moved to Pleasant Ridge. He was a Democrat; a member of the Presbyterian church, which he served as elder for many years; and an Odd Fellow. Married: on December 19, 1835, at Anderson, S. C., to Elizabeth Ann Thomson, daughter of Mathew and Annabella (Keys) Thomson, who lived at Anderson, S. C., the former who was a physician; granddaughter of a Keys, who came to America from Ireland, and settled near Anderson, S. C. Children: 1. Judge Mathew Thomson, deceased, m. Sarah Alexander, Helena, Ark.; 2. William Henry (q. v.); 3. Brig-Gen. John Caldwell Calhoun (q. v.); 4. Fannie Annabella Steele, Birmingham, m. John James Steele, deceased; 5. Martha Cornelia, m. David Milton Montgomery, Pleasant Ridge, both deceased; 6. Elizabeth Charles, Houston, Tex., m. William Carter Oliver, deceased; 7. Clara Peake, Birmingham, m. Rufus Kirkland Horton, deceased. Last residence: Pleasant Ridge.

SANDERS, JACOB FRANK, lawyer, was born September 1, 1874, at Marianna, Jackson County, Fla., and died October 3, 1911, at Elba; son of George Whitfield and Luvenia Susie (Williford) Sanders, the former who was a native of Georgia, was a merchant at Columbia, served in the C. S. Army, as second sergeant of Co. F, Thirty-second Georgia regiment, and was later made quartermaster under Maj. McAlpine; grandson of Thomas William and Judith Ann (Staples) Sanders, the former who was a soldier in the C. S. Army, and engaged in planting in Columbia County, Ga., and of Samuel and Lucinda Williford, who were planters near Greenwood, Fla., where they had emigrated from their native state, Virginia, the former who held the office of county surveyor, and was a large land and slave owner; great-grandson of Rueben Alexander and Catherine Sanders, the former of English ancestry, lived in Virginia at the time of the War of 1812, and took part in that war, and later moved to Columbia County, Ga., and of Stephen Staples, who lived in Warren County, Ga., and who served in the C. S. Army. Mr. Sanders was educated at Columbia college, under Prof. M. S. Smith; studied law with his brother W. W. Sanders, and in 1895, was admitted to practice. He

practiced with his brother for three years, and then removed to Elba. In October, 1903, he was appointed judge of the city court of Elba, and was elected mayor in 1900, and in the same year was appointed financial commissioner for Coffee County, to refund the indebtedness of the county. He at one time served as president of the school board by appointment of the governor. He was a Democrat, a Methodist, and a Knight of Pythias. Married: on July 17, 1902, at Elba, to Julia Broughton Lee, daughter of Charles Stephen and Mary J. Lee, who resided at Brewton, the former who served in both branches of the legislature, served in the C. S. Army, as second lieutenant Co. F, First Alabama cavalry, and was captured and imprisoned at Ship Island, and whose great-grandfather was a first cousin of Gen. Robert E. Lee; granddaughter of Silas Jernigan. Last residence: Elba.

SANDERS, JOHN CALDWELL CALHOUN, brigadier general, C. S. Army, was born March 18, 1840, in Tuscaloosa, killed August 21, 1864, at the battle of Petersburg, Va., and is buried in Richmond; son of Dr. Charles Peake and Elizabeth Ann (Thomson) Sanders, the former a native of Charleston, S. C., who removed to Alabama locating in Tuscaloosa, later settling at Clinton, Greene County, practicing the profession of medicine with success in these places; grandson of William and Martha (Ditmire) Sanders, of Anderson, S. C., and of Mathew and Arrabelle (Keys) Thomson, of Anderson, S. C., later of Tuscaloosa County. He entered the University of Alabama in 1858, leaving in his senior year to enter the C. S. Army, but receiving the A. B. degree from this institution. He was detailed to drill a company at Clinton, returned to the university and after a few weeks was unanimously elected captain of this same company which was known as Co. B, 11th Alabama infantry regiment. He led his company at Seven Pines, Gaines' Mill and Frazier's Farm. In the last named battle he was severely wounded by a fragment of shell, which tore the deeper tissues of his leg, but notwithstanding this wound he remained on the field until after dark. He rejoined and took command of his regiment on August 11, 1862. At the battle of Sharpsburg he was again wounded by pebbles thrown up by a cannon ball striking him in the face. He was commissioned colonel upon the return of the army to Virginia. He was under fire at Fredericksburg; was conspicuous for gallantry at Salem church during the Chancellorsville campaign; and was wounded in the knee by a minie ball at Gettysburg. During the winter of 1863-64 he was president of the division court martial. At the Wilderness, May, 1864, he led his regiment and in the famous charge at Spotsylvania, after the fall of General Perrin, he led the brigade. He was made brigadier general, May 31, 1864, for gallantry on this occasion and his command consisted of the 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th and 14th Alabama regiments. This brigade fought June 22, 23, 25, 29 in the battles around Petersburg. On August 16, 1864, at Deep Bottom, he commanded his own and a North Carolina brig-

ade. General Sanders fell on August 21, 1864, while advancing on foot along the Weldon railroad, a minie ball having passed through both of his thighs, severing the femoral arteries. He expired a few minutes later after having been removed a short distance by his adjutant, Captain Clarke. He was unmarried. Last residence: Clinton.

SANDERS, JOHN THOMAS, merchant and legislator, was born August 26, 1862, at Troy, Pike County; son of John Randolph and Melissa Rebecca (Bryan) Sanders, the former served as a lieutenant in the 37th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army; grandson of Isaac and Naomi (Cadenhead) Sanders, of Georgia, and of John and Elizabeth (Gibson) Bryan, of South Carolina; great-grandson of James Cadenhead, a Revolutionary soldier who was killed at the battle of Eutaw Springs. He was educated in the common schools of Pike County, and is now a farmer and merchant. He represented his native county in the legislature of 1907. He is a Democrat, and a Baptist. Married: December 25, 1887, to Cora, daughter of William Nathan and Martha (Carlisle) Harvill, of Milo, Pike County. Children: 1. Horace Elmer; 2. Willy Hollis. Residence: Goshen.

SANDERS, LINN B., member of the constitutional convention of 1865, from Macon County.

SANDERS, WILLIAM BRYAN, physician, graduate of the Atlanta-Southern, medical college, 1885; licensed to practice by the county board of Pike. Residence: Troy.

SANDERS, WILLIAM HENRY, physician, second State health officer, was born July 9, 1838, in Tuscaloosa, and died January 2, 1918, in Montgomery, where he is buried; son of Dr. Charles Peak and Elizabeth Ann (Thompson) Sanders, natives of Charleston, S. C., who migrated to Alabama, settling in Tuscaloosa, whence they removed to Clinton, Greene County; grandson of William and Martha (Ditmire) Sanders, the former a native of England who located in Charleston, S. C., and of Dr. Matthew and Arabella (Keys) Thompson, of Anderson District, S. C.; brother of Brig.-Gen. John Caldwell Sanders (q. v.). After a good elementary education Dr. Sanders entered the University of Alabama, 1856, and graduated with the A. B. degree in 1858. Later he entered the Jefferson medical college, Philadelphia, from which he graduated in 1861. He enlisted as a private in Co. C, 11th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, which became a part of Wilcox's brigade, Anderson's division, Longstreet's corps, Army of Northern Virginia, and participated actively in all the campaigns and battles of that famous corps. Upon the death of Gen. Stonewall Jackson, the Alabama infantry regiment became a part of A. P. Hill's corps, and during the siege of Petersburg and the Appomattox campaign belonged to Mahone's famous division. Being examined by an army medical board he was promoted to assistant surgeon, and later to surgeon in which capacity he served during the remainder of the war. After the cessation of hostilities he located in Greene County, and



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in 1873, went to Europe to pursue the study of the higher scientific branches of his profession, and for practical study afforded by the hospitals of Berlin, Munich, Vienna, Strassburg, Paris and London. Upon his return to Alabama, 1877, he located in Mobile. Upon the death of Dr. Jerome Cochran in 1897, he was chosen by the State medical association to succeed him as State health officer, a place he held until 1916. Dr. Sanders served as professor of the diseases of eye, ear, nose and throat in the University of Alabama medical school at Mobile for a number of years. He was elected to the college of counselors, Alabama state medical association, in 1881, and held that position until his death. He was president of the State medical association, 1890-91. He was a Democrat. Unmarried. Last residence: Montgomery.

SANDERS, WILLIAM SHELBY, physician, was born April 9, 1868, at Milo, Pike County; son of Alexander Cadenhead and Martha Amanda (Carter) Sanders, the former who was a native of Upson County, Ga.; grandson of Isaac and Naomi (Cadenhead) Sanders who lived at Troy, and of Joel and Amelia Ann (Bently) Carter who lived at Twiggs County, Ga., the former who moved to Troy before the war, and married again, his first wife, Amelia Ann, dying in Georgia. He received his preliminary education at the Spring Hill school at Milo, and later attended the State normal college, at Troy, where he was graduated in 1889, with a life state teacher's certificate. He then attended the University of Alabama and Vanderbilt university at Nashville, Tenn., where he was graduated March, 1892, M. D. He commenced the practice of medicine at Milo, in April, 1892, and moved to Troy, August, 1903, where he continued in his profession. He served as county health officer, and county physician, and is an active member of the county, state, and national medical associations. He is a Democrat and a Knight of Pythias. Married: on November 8, 1894, at Troy, to Annie Lou Mathews, daughter of George Asbury Chappel and Lucinda (Wilson) Mathews, who lived at Brundidge, the former who served throughout the War of Secession, and was captain of Co. K., Fifteenth Alabama regiment, C. S. Army. Children: 1. Lancelot Mathew; 2. Earle Bently. Residence: Troy.

SANDERS, WILLIAM THOMAS, lawyer, was born July 1, 1867, in Athens; son of Benton and Eliza Frances (Thach) Sanders (q. v.). He was educated in the local schools, and at Vanderbilt university, A. B., 1888. He commenced the practice of the law in 1889 at Athens and has been continuously engaged in the practice since that date; was nominated as a delegate to the proposed constitutional convention of Alabama in 1899; and was a member of the constitutional convention of 1901 from the first senatorial district, serving on the committees on local legislation and militia in that body. He was judge advocate-general on the staff of Gov. Wm. C. Oates, 1894-96; has been a member of the State executive committee of the Democratic party since 1900; and long served as president of the board of trustees

of the Athens female college. In collaboration with J. J. Turrentine, he published a "Comparative index of the sections of the Code of 1876 and 1886," 1889; in June, 1900, he delivered the address before the Alumni association of Vanderbilt university, on "Suffrage in the South," published in pamphlet form; and at the meeting of the Alabama State bar association in Huntsville, July 4, 1902, he read a paper on "Legislation touching local matters under the new constitution," which appears in the published Proceedings of that meeting. He was a member of the railroad commission of Alabama, 1903-1907, and declined appointment as judge of the eighth judicial circuit on the death of Judge H. C. Speake. He is a Methodist. Married: November 6, 1890, in Ashland, Hanover County, Va., to Annie, daughter of Robert and Rebecca (Holladay) Beadles of Richmond, Va. Children: 1. William Thomas, jr.; 2. Frances Blackwell; 3. Margaret; 4. Harris Holloday; 5. Annie Beadles. Residence: Athens.

SANDERSON, DAVID DAVIDSON, Presbyterian minister, was born November 15, 1821, on the Juniata River, Pennsylvania, and died May 15, 1891, at Eutaw; son of Alexander and Anna (Davidson) Sanderson, the former who was born in Scotland, came to America and settled in Perry County, was a cavalry officer and was killed by the fall of a horse. He was brought by his parents to Perry County, when just a child. When he was twenty years of age, he resolved to be a minister, and was educated and prepared for the ministry, at Tuscarora academy, Pennsylvania, and at Princeton college, and theological seminary, N. J. He was licensed and ordained by the presbytery of south Alabama, and in 1850, accepted his first charge at Fairview and Newbern, Perry County, where he remained until November, 1859. At that time he was called to the pastorate of the church at Eutaw, and remained there for over thirty years. During a part of this period he served three other churches, at Greensboro, Bethlehem, and New Hope, in connection with his Eutaw charge. He was for a number of years, superintendent of education in Greene County, and wrote many tracts and articles for the local newspapers. In 1879, the degree of D. D. was conferred on him by the University of North Carolina. He was a Democrat, and a member of Beta Theta Pi fraternity. Married: on November 16, 1850, at Pottsville, Penn., to Matilda Beatty, daughter of James Alexander and Elizabeth (Gill) Beatty, who lived at New York city, the former who was of French ancestry and came from Ireland, and the latter who was of English birth. Children: 1. James Alexander, m. Ellen G. Bocock, French Camp, Miss.; 2. Henry Wells, teacher, principal of Eutaw academy, 1885-89, Duck Hill, Miss., public schools, 1889-92, Terry, Miss., 1893-94, Oakland, Miss., graded schools in 1895 and for some years, m. Edna Griffen, Vandalia, Ark.; 3. Edward, merchant, m. Lizzie Fornelle Webb, Eutaw; 4. Matilda, French Camp, Miss.; 5. Robert, m. Della Bardwell, Winona, Miss.; 6. Frederick, deceased; 7. Elizabeth, Greenwood, Miss., m. J. L. McLean, deceased; 8. Julia, m.

H. K. W. Smith; and 9. Mary; 10. David, and 11. Cornelia, who died in infancy. Last residence; Eutaw.

SANDS, ROBERT M., major and later lieutenant colonel, 3d Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

SANDSTONE, E. P., professor of horticulture and forestry at the Alabama polytechnic institute, and State horticulturist. Residence: Auburn.

SANFORD, HENRY C., member Alabama legislature, and the Secession and constitutional conventions of 1861 and 1865, was born May 20, 1808, in Greenville District, S. C., and died May 28, 1888, in Cherokee County. He was the son of Hezekiah P. and Priscilla (Chambers) Sanford, a soldier in the War of 1812, grandson of Thomas P. Sanford, and wife, a Miss Rutledge, the former a Revolutionary soldier, and of Philip Chambers, and wife, a Miss Suggs. He attended school only ten months, but having a vigorous mind instructed himself and in time became proficient in arithmetic and algebra and acquired a fair scholarship in Greek and Latin. He also read law but with no intention of entering the practice. About 1832 he went to East Tennessee where he remained for some time, then removed to Turkeytown, Cherokee County, where he merchandised. He next moved to Gaylesville, but after a short stay, he returned to East Tennessee where he lived ten years, engaged in teaching school. During these years he also became a Methodist minister. His last move was back to Cherokee County, which he represented in the legislature, 1853-1857. He was a member of the Secession convention, 1861, and was opposed to the State's withdrawal from the Union. He was also a member of the constitutional convention of 1865. Married: (1) February 18, 1829, to Mary C. Long; (2) Harriet White; (3) Name unknown. Children: by first wife: 1. Lucila S., m. Mr. Thompson; 2. Luvina E.; 3. Lumina A., m. Mr. Norton; 4. Lucina S., m. Mr. Erkson; 5. Leila P. m. Mr. Lyboss; 6. L. H.; 7. Looney L.; 8. and 9. twins, Luviney S., and Lumintia H., m. Mr. Hudson; by the second wife: 10. Russell; 11. Henry B.; no children by the third wife. Last residence: Cherokee County.

SANFORD, JAMES BRAXTON, lawyer and legislator, was born November 12, 1870, in Talladega County; son of James Braxton and Lula (Moberly) Sanford, the former was a native of Meriwether County, Ga., and during the latter part of the War of Secession was a surgeon; grandson of Charles and Polly (Scott) Sanford, and Ichabod and Mary Moberly, of Talladega County. He was educated in the schools of Sylacauga, and was two years at Howard college. In 1896 he was admitted to the bar in Talladega; was a member of the city council of Sylacauga, 1902-04, and was one of the representatives in the legislature of 1907, from Talladega County. He is a Democrat; Baptist; Mason; and Knight of Pythias. Married: February 26, 1896, to Pollie L., daughter

of Ephraim and Lucy (Gooden) Ledbetter, of Sycamore. Children: 1. Ruth; 2. Zula B. Residence: Sylacauga.

SANFORD, JOHN WILLIAM AUGUSTINE, colonel 60th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, attorney general of Alabama, lawyer, clerk of State supreme court, was born November 3, 1825, in Milledgeville, Ga., and died August 7, 1913, in Montgomery; son of John William Augustine and Marianne Ridley (Blount) Sanford, of Milledgeville, Ga., the former was born about 1798 in Hancock County, where he received his early education, afterwards completed a course of instruction in Yale college, was aide-de-camp to General Floyd in the celebrated controversy between that officer and President Adams in 1827, in 1832 was elected major-general by the legislature of Georgia, and as such commanded the Georgia troops in the Creek War of 1836, prior to this war had been elected a member of the Federal congress but resigned without taking his seat, at the earnest request of President Andrew Jackson, in order that he might serve the government as certifying agent of the sale of the Creek lands, was afterwards secretary of state of Georgia, in 1861 was the commissioner of Georgia to Alabama and Texas, relative to the secession of these states, at the commencement of the war resigned his office of major-general, volunteered as a private in the "Baldwin Blues" which formed a part of the 4th Georgia infantry regiment, and went with that organization to Virginia, was offered the command of the regiment but declined it, saying that in such a war the station of a private was the post of honor, but as he was well known to many of the officers of the army, on the arrival of the regiment at Norfolk he was made aide-de-camp to Major-General Huger; grandson of Captain Jesse and Martha Goodwyn (Mitchell) Sanford, the former a civil engineer by profession, and an officer in the Revolutionary Army under Washington. After the revolution he emigrated with his family to Hancock County, Ga., and of Col. Richard Augustus Blount of Southhampton, Va.; great-grandson of William and Rachel (Medford) Sanford, of Loudoun County, Va., and of John Mitchell, also of Virginia. John William Augustine Sanford, jr., received his early education in the schools of Milledgeville and in Midway, near that city. He then attended Oglethorpe university, from which he was graduated November 13, 1844, with the degree of B. A. In July, 1851, he was graduated from Harvard university with the degree of B. L. and in July, 1878, received from the University of Alabama, the degree of LL. D. He was admitted to the bar, October 19, 1852, and located, for the practice of his profession, in Montgomery, which was thenceforth his home. He built up a lucrative practice in Montgomery and in the adjoining counties, in the Federal courts and in the supreme court of Alabama. In 1856 he was an elector on the Buchanan and Breckenridge ticket and as such he thoroughly canvassed the third congressional ticket. A States Rights Democrat of the strictest sect, four years later, he used every

exertion to secure the election of Breckenridge and Lane and on the election of Mr. Lincoln he advocated secession as the only resort left to Alabama to protect her people and preserve her rights. He was elected attorney general of the state in November, 1865. In 1868 he and others were displaced by General Meade, the commander of the military district, to make room for others under the reconstruction government established by Congress. Upon his removal, General Sanford wrote a letter to General Meade, asserting the right of Alabama to establish a government for herself, commenting on the iniquity of the reconstruction laws, and protesting against the tyranny and usurpation of the Federal authorities. This letter was widely published and everywhere met the approval of the people with the result that in September, 1870, he was renominated for attorney general and in the following November was elected by a large popular vote. He was re-elected in 1874 and again in 1876, but in 1878 he declined another nomination. December 1, 1880, he was tendered the clerkship of the supreme court, which he accepted and held until his resignation, November 5, 1892. In 1896 he was elector for the State at large on the Bryan and Sewell ticket, and on April 23, 1901, was elected delegate from Montgomery County to the constitutional convention. This was his last public service extending over a period of near fifty years. On April 2, 1861, he joined as a private, Co. F, 3rd Alabama infantry regiment, but was soon promoted to assistant quartermaster with the rank of captain on the staff of Col. J. M. Withers and later on the staff of Col. Tennant Lomax of the same regiment. He served in this capacity until March, 1862, when he was authorized by the secretary of war to return to Alabama and raise a regiment. He was elected lieutenant colonel of the 3rd battalion, Hilliard's legion, on June 25, 1862, and on November 25, 1863 was promoted colonel of the 60th Alabama infantry regiment, which formed a part of Gracie's brigade. He served through the East Tennessee campaign, and was with the brigade in the engagements around Richmond and Drury's Bluff and in all the engagements prior to the surrender at Appomattox Courthouse. He was an Episcopalian. Author: compiled the code of the city of Montgomery in 1860, 1861, and reported the 59th volume of the sessions of the supreme court of Alabama in 1879 and left numerous manuscripts of addresses before colleges, academies, and Confederate camps, all of high literary merit, and well worthy of publication. Married: March 7, 1860, in Montgomery to Sallie Maria, daughter of Col. William H. Taylor (q. v.). Children: 1. John W. A. Sanford, III, who married Minnie Smoot, of Mobile, and died, leaving a family of several children. Last residence: Montgomery.

SANFORD, THADDEUS, journalist, public official, was born in 1790, in Connecticut, and died April 30, 1867. He received an elementary education, and in early life went to New York city, where he engaged in commercial pursuits. He came to Mobile in 1822, engaged in the

mercantile business, and remained in that business until 1828, when he became editor and proprietor of the Mobile "Register." He continued in that business for twenty-six years, with the exception of four years. He was elected by the legislature, in 1833, as president of the branch bank in Mobile, which office he held for eleven years. He was appointed collector of customs by President Pierce, for the port of Mobile, in 1853, and in 1854, he sold the "Register." He was continued in the collectorship by Presidents Buchanan and Davis, and he held the position until 1865. Last residence: Mobile.

SANGUINETTI, PAUL, soldier C. S. Army, capitol watchman, was born September 6, 1847, on the Island of Corsica. He came to America in 1859, and located in Richmond, Va. In April, 1862, he joined Co. K, 19th Virginia infantry regiment, C. S. Army, as a drummer boy, but shouldering a musket the following year he took part in all the campaigns and battles of Pickett's brigade and Pickett's division of Longstreet's corps, Army of northern Virginia, from the Seven Days' battle before Richmond to Five Forks and Appomattox, rising to the rank of non-commissioned officer. He removed to Montgomery in 1867, and in 1874 was appointed on the staff of Gov. George S. Houston, as ordnance officer, with rank of captain of artillery, and was continued in that position under Governors Rufus W. Cobb, 1878-82; Edward O'Neal, 1882-86; Thomas Seay, 1886-90; Thomas G. Jones, 1890-94; and William C. Oates, 1894-96. He is adjutant of Lomax Camp, No. 151, United Confederate Veterans, and assistant chief of ordnance, with the rank of major on the staff of General Harrison, commanding the Alabama division, U. C. V. He was appointed watchman in the State Capitol by Gov. Thomas E. Kilby and holds that position at this time. Married: in 1881, to Eugenia Conniff. Children: 1. Stella, m. George Ryan; 2. Alma, m. Aubrey Nelson; 3. Lucile, m. Woodford Judkins. Residence: Montgomery.

SANKEY, JOHN A., lawyer, was born November 18, 1889, at Snowdown; son of William Daniel and Carrie Lee (Sanderson) Sankey, the former a native of Snowdown, and a well known planter; grandson of Dr. John T. and Rebecca (Daniel) Sankey, the former also a native of Snowdown, where he practiced medicine, and of Almond and Elizabeth Sanderson, of Hope Hull; great-grandson of William D. Sankey, who came to Montgomery County in 1830. John A. Sankey attended the private and public schools of Montgomery County; spent three years at the Presbyterian college, Anniston; and graduated B. L., 1917 from the University of Alabama. He spent three years as a teacher and two as an employee of the Montgomery post-office after leaving the Presbyterian college and before entering the University of Alabama. In October, 1917, he began the practice of law at Montgomery. He entered the European War in 1917, was second lieutenant 12th Field artillery, 2nd U. S. division; served seventeen months in France and Germany; was in three major operations; and received two

divisional citations for exceptional bravery in action. He is a Democrat and a Presbyterian. Married: Myrtle, daughter of Harvey and Kate (Quarles) Crumpton, of Montgomery. Residence: Montgomery.

SANKEY, JOHN T., physician, was born in 1825, in Greene County, Ga., deceased; son of William D. and Margaret D. (Daniel) Sankey, who were natives of Taliaferro County, Ga., and moved to Montgomery County about 1835, where the former engaged in planting; grandson of Dr. John T. Sankey, who was a native of Virginia, and later removed to Greene County, Ga., where he practiced medicine for many years, and of James Daniel, who was a native of Georgia, was of Irish descent, engaged in farming, and served in the Revolutionary War; great-grandson of Rev. Richard Sankey, and a Miss Thompson, the former a Presbyterian minister who was a native of Ireland, and came to America about 1777, and the latter who was a native of Scotland. Dr. Sankey came to Alabama with his parents, but soon after returned to Georgia, where he made his home with his uncle. He received his education in Greene County, afterward attended the University of Alabama at Tuscaloosa, and in 1850, was graduated M. D., from the University of Pennsylvania, and began practice in Montgomery County. Early in the War of Secession, he joined the First Alabama cavalry, but, because of his being a physician, was petitioned for home service. He was a Presbyterian. Married: in 1851, to Rebecca H. Daniel, daughter of Dr. James and Mary Daniel, who removed from Virginia to Georgia, and later came to Alabama, and settled in Montgomery County, where the former at first engaged in farming. Children: 1. George, was graduated M. D., from the Louisville medical college; 2. Ella, d. in early childhood; 3. Bettie, m. E. H. Grant; 4. William; 5. Maggie; 6. Robert, d. in early childhood; 7. Frank; 8. died in infancy and was not named. Last residence: Montgomery County.

SANSOM, EMMA, Confederate heroine, was born in 1846, in Social Circle, Walton County, Ga., and died August 22, 1900, in Texas, daughter of Micajah and Levina (Vance) Sansom, of Walton County, Ga., who removed to Etowah County about 1837 and settled upon a farm near Gadsden. Her educational advantages were limited but she had no superior in courage and patriotism. Upon the death of her father in 1859, she contributed her share of energy and labor towards the successful maintenance of the non-slave owning farm home. When, in 1861, her brother entered the Confederate Army, she and her sister aided their widowed mother in planting and cultivating the crops. On May 2, 1863, during Gen. N. B. Forrest's pursuit of Col. Abel D. Streight of the Federal Army, through north Alabama, the latter being under the orders of Gen. Rosecrans to burn all railroad bridges leading to Rome, Ga., in order to cut off Confederate supplies and munitions, the course led through Etowah County. From pursuit to skirmish, escape and again pursuit, the two resourceful commanders had contended

over many miles of mountain. At this time Streight and his men were in the lead, with Forrest and his followers close upon their heels. Two miles from Gadsden, Black Creek was spanned by a wooden bridge, which after crossing, the Federals fired, leaving guards to prevent Forrest from approaching. "The Wizard of the Saddle," and his boys in grey came upon their quarry while the smoke of the burnt bridge still hazed the air. But once more Streight had escaped! General Forrest rode up to the Sansom home to inquire about the character of the stream. He found that the waters of Black Creek were swollen from recent rains and the banks were precipitous. Emma Sansom whom General Forrest had addressed, assured him that she had noticed the cattle of their farm crossing the creek at a certain point and volunteered to serve as pilot, accepting General Forrest's invitation to ride behind him upon his cavalry mount. So fearless was this Southern girl that when the bullets from the enemy guns pierced her skirt she waved her sun bonnet in defiance. This challenge so stirred the admiration of the boys in blue that they gallantly ceased firing until her errand was accomplished and she was safely restored to her home by her compatriots. By this service on the part of the tawny haired country lass General Forrest achieved his aims, overtook and captured Colonel Streight and his men and prevented the planned raid upon Rome. In recognition of her heroism and the ends accomplished through her assistance, the Confederate Congress voted its thanks to her, and ordered a gold medal to be presented to her. The State of Alabama through the legislature, voted her a section of land, but on account of the confusion of civic affairs at this period she received little benefit from these several acts of gratitude. A life-sized bust portrait of her hangs in the Department of Archives and History, Montgomery, presented by the Alabama Division, United Daughters of the Confederacy. In Gadsden, at the approach to the bridge over Black Creek, a marble monument bearing her effigy was erected in 1907 by the Gadsden Chapter, U. D. C., to commemorate her service to her country. Married: October 29, 1864, to C. B. Johnson, private, Co. I, 10th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, and in 1876 they removed to Texas. Children: five sons and two daughters. Last residence: Texas.

SARGENT, HARVEY OWEN, teacher, was born October 24, 1875, near Russellville, Franklin County; son of Harvey Gholson and Rebecca (Harris) Sargent, the former a member of the 16th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, wounded twice at Murfreesboro and lost his left arm from a wound; grandson of Oran and Mary (Gholson) Sargent and of Benjamin and Nancy Harris of Franklin County. He was educated in the common schools of Franklin County and the Alabama polytechnic institute where he graduated with degree of B. S., in 1901, and with the degree of M. S., for post graduate work, the same year took special course in agriculture and chemistry at that institution. He has taught at the Ninth district

agricultural school, Jackson; president Sixth district agricultural school, Hamilton, since 1905 to the present time. He is a Democrat; a Baptist; Mason; Knight of Pythias; Odd Fellow. Married: October 17, 1906, at Hamilton, to Minnie Mack, daughter of Judge Mack Pearce of Marion County. Children: 1. Mack Pearce; 2. Gwendolyn; 3. Eloise. Residence: Hamilton.

SARGENT, WINTHROP, Governor of the Mississippi Territory. See Indian chiefs and associated characters.

SATTERFIELD, JAMES ROBERT, lawyer, was born November 12, 1839, in Person County, N. C. He received a classical education and attended the Columbian College, now the George Washington University, at Washington, D. C., from which he was graduated, LL. B., in 1869. He was exempt from military service during the War of Secession because of ill health. He entered upon the practice of law at Selma in the fall of 1869, in partnership with Augustus P. Young, the firm being Satterfield & Young. This partnership continued until the death of Mr. Young in 1900, after which Mr. Satterfield practiced alone. He was the first Democratic senator from Dallas County after the reconstruction, serving a term of four years beginning in 1878, and was active in Democratic committee work during the time of the redemption of the black belt from negro domination. He is unmarried. Residence: Selma.

SAUNDERS, EUGENIUS A., merchant, was born June 15, 1848, in Oglethorpe County, Ga.; son of Payton D. and Parmelia Ann (Davis) Saunders, the former who was a native of Virginia, removed to Georgia when he was eighteen years of age, and in 1858, removed to Alabama settling in Henry County, where he engaged in planting, the latter who was a native of Randolph County, Ga. He was brought up on a farm and received his education in the common schools of the country. When he was eighteen years of age he entered the store of Dr. Martin of Hardwicksburg, as clerk, and remained there for three years. He entered into partnership with Dr. Martin, the firm name being Martin & Saunders, and they continued to do business for fifteen consecutive years. Dr. Martin later retired from business, and was succeeded by his son, the firm name at the same time being changed to Saunders & Martin. This firm continued in business until 1890, when it divided. Mr. Saunders continued in the business, and for many years used his safes for keeping the funds of the county commissioners, and it was customary for him to pay off the county debts, taking receipts for same. Mrs. Saunders operated a millinery establishment in connection with the store. He is a Democrat, a member of the Missionary Baptist church, and a Knight of Honor, of which organization he is treasurer. Married: in October, 1876, Melissa E. Martin, daughter of Rev. Dr. Martin, a Baptist minister of Henry County. Children: 1. Robert M.; 2. James A.; 3. Payton D.; and three other children, deceased. Residence: Abbeville.

SAUNDERS, JAMES E., lawyer, State legislator, collector of customs, member General Forrest's staff, was born May 7, 1806, in Brunswick County, Virginia, and died August 23, 1896, in Courtland; son of Rev. Turner H. and Frances (Dunn) Saunders, both natives of Virginia, who later located in Williamson, Tenn.; grandson of Thomas and Elizabeth (Hubbard) Saunders, and of Ishmael and Mildred Dunn, all of Virginia. His early education was obtained under private instructors, one being the Rev. Gideon Blackburn, then principal of Franklin academy. He entered the University of Georgia during the presidency of Rev. Moses Waddell where he remained until he graduated; read law in the office of Foster and Fogg in Nashville, and was admitted to the bar in 1826, locating in Moulton to practice his profession. Three years later he removed to Courtland and formed a partnership with J. J. Ormand which continued until Mr. Ormand was elected to the supreme bench of the State. In 1840 he represented Lawrence County in the legislature and was assigned to the judiciary committee. He was a member of the board of trustees of the University of Alabama for many years, and in 1837 contributed to bring about that change in the administration which resulted in the elevation of Dr. Basil Manly to the presidency, succeeding Dr. Alva Woods. In 1842 he removed to Mobile, and engaged in the commission business as a member of the firm of Bradford and Saunders, afterwards Saunders and Son. He was opposed to secession, but when Alabama withdrew from the Union, he recognized that his first allegiance was due to his State and threw himself body and soul into the Southern cause. He entered the army and served until the close of the war. He was first staff officer of General Forrest, whom he greatly admired, and it was mainly through his influence that Forrest was appointed brigadier-general. He was with Forrest in his campaign in middle Tennessee and was severely wounded at Murfreesboro by a ball passing through his body. He finally recovered and again resumed his army duties. He was honorably mentioned many times in "The life of General Albert Sidney Johnston," in the "Campaigns of Lieut. Gen. Forrest" and in other Confederate works. After the war he returned to his home at Courtland and devoted himself to agriculture, his favorite pursuit. In 1845 President Polk appointed him collector of customs of the port of Mobile, which office he held until the close of that administration. In 1852 he was on the Democratic electoral ticket, and assisted to cast the vote of Alabama for Pierce and King. In 1860 he was president of the Douglas convention held in Montgomery; in 1861, just about the outbreak of the war, he returned to his old home at Courtland. He was a Democrat and a Methodist. Author: Lawrence County is indebted to him for preserving much of her history, through some very fine memorials of her prominent families and settlers, which since his death has been published. Married: July 14, 1824, to Mary F., daughter of Robert A. Watkins of Lawrence County, formerly of Georgia. Children: 1. Frances A., d. young; 2. Robert T., Confederate soldier, d. unmarried in 1879; 3.

Elizabeth Dunn, m. Dr. Bruno B. Poellnitz; 4. Mary Louisa, m. H. D. Blair, Mobile; 5. Dr. Dudley Dunn, m. (1) Catherine S. Wheatley of Memphis, (2) Mary E. Wheatley, sister of first wife; 6. Sarah, m. Dr. J. M. Hayes; 7. James, d. young; 8. Fannie D., d. young; 9. Prudence, d. young; 10. Lawrence, Confederate soldier, a prisoner of war at Camp Chase, died at home shortly after being released; 11. Ellen Virginia, m. Judge L. B. McFarland, of Memphis, Tenn. Last residence: Courtland.

SAUNDERS, JOSEPH, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 77, and a resident of Lawrence County; lieutenant of navy, Virginia State Navy; enrolled on February 14, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$365.20.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

SAVAGE, DENNIS, Catholic priest, was born at Carligtoohil, Cork County, Ireland, July 28, 1844; son of John and Ellen (Kirby) Savage, of Cork County, Ireland. He was educated at Queenstown national school; Middleton classical school; St. Coleman's college, Fermoy; Mount Melleray under the Cistercian monks; All Hallows college, Drumcondra, Dublin, Ireland, and continued his studies at Spring Hill college, Mobile, after emigrating to America. He was ordained, September 18, 1869, in the Cathedral at Mobile; was pastor of the church of the Most Holy Redeemer, Eufaula, 1869-74; pastor of St. Peter's church, Montgomery, 1874-1919, when he was retired by Bishop Edward P. Allen. The honorary title of monsignor was conferred upon him June 29, 1915. Monsignor Savage celebrated his golden jubilee at Montgomery October 15, 1919. Residence: Montgomery.

SAVAGE, JAMES H., major, 19th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

SAVAGE, ROBERT R., probate judge, was born September 21, 1831, in Union District, S. C.; son of James P. Savage, a native of South Carolina, who settled in Goshen, Cherokee County, 1848, and removed in 1873 to Cross Plains, Calhoun County, where he died the following year; grandson of James Savage, a native of Pennsylvania, who emigrated to South Carolina. Judge Savage acquired a fair education in the common schools of Union District, S. C., and followed a farmer's life until 1869 when he was elected tax collector of Cherokee County. In 1880 he was elected probate judge of the county, and re-elected in 1886. In February, 1862, he enlisted in Co. E, 47th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, and was elected first lieutenant. At the end of nine months he resigned his office, returned home and joined General Wheeler's escort, in which he served until the close of the war. He was a Methodist. Married: February 24, 1852, to Louisa J., daughter of Willis and Cynthia E. (Hall) Geer, of Cherokee County. Six children were born of this marriage. Last residence: Cherokee County.

SAVARY, JOSEPH, soldier, was born December 2, 1788, in France, and died August 6, 1871, at Selma. He served as drummer boy in Napoleon's army. Married: Josephine Gilette, a native of France. They settled in Marengo County. Children: 1. Cornelius, m. Steve Bishop, Texas; 2. Mary, m. Archie Stilts, resided in Selma, both deceased; 4. Charlie, resided in Selma, deceased. Last residence: Selma.

SAWYER, ARTHUR B., lawyer, was born February 29, 1860, in Orangeburg, S. C.; son of Wilkes and Elizabeth (Bamberg) Sawyer, the former who served in the C. S. Army in the War of Secession, as private in Co. A., First regiment, South Carolina volunteers, Col. James Haygood, commander, and refused proffered promotions, and after the war engaged in farming and merchandising; grandson of George and Katherine (Shealy) Sawyer. The paternal ancestors were Welsh, and Charles and William Sawyer, merchants, emigrated to America during the colonial times, settled in Charleston when the State government was under the Lords proprietors. Their descendants were scattered to Saxe-Gotho, now Lexington and Edgefield Counties, where they became slave owners and planters, and served in the Revolutionary War, participating in the battles of Camden, Ninety-Six, Cowpens, King's Mountain and other South Carolina battles. The maternal ancestors were German, the great-grandfather served as surgeon general in the English army, and after the surrender of the British at Yorktown, brought his family from Germany to South Carolina, and spent the remainder of his life in Barnwell County. He was a Lutheran minister, organized the first Lutheran church in that state, and preached the first sermon of the organized church at Charleston, S. C. Arthur B. Sawyer received his education in public schools and the Dalton Institute, N. C., which he attended from 1876-77. He was assistant clerk of the supreme court of South Carolina for six years, read law during this period, was admitted to the bar, in 1881, and practiced law until 1895. He removed to Anniston, in 1896, and engaged in the merchandising business; in 1900 was elected justice of the peace, disposed of the merchandising business; and has been for many years practicing attorney of Anniston. He is a Methodist and a Knight of Pythias. Married: (1) April 26, 1883, in Columbia, S. C., to Annie E. S. Canady, who died January 26, 1884; (2) on August 11, 1887, to Eula F. Woolley, daughter of Dr. A. L. and Fannie Woolley, of Maplesville. Children: by first marriage, 1. Arthur B., d. in infancy; by second marriage, 2. Esten Wilkes, b. September 8, 1888; 3. Irma Bamberg, b. January 25, 1890; 4. Alberta Frances, b. May 19, 1892; 5. Claude Chandler, b. January 26, 1895; 6. Gladys, d. in infancy; 7. Annie E., b. March 19, 1902. Residence: Anniston.

SAWYER, BENJAMIN F., editor, was born May 18, 1833, at Jumper's Springs, now Mardisville, Talladega County; son of Ansel and Sarah (Norris) Sawyer, both natives of South Carolina, the former a direct descendant of



SAMUEL R. BUTLER

Henri de Saussure, a Huguenot of Lausanne, Switzerland, who immigrated to South Carolina in 1730. He was reared on a farm and was self educated. From the age of eighteen to twenty-three he superintended his mother's farm and then for four years was a merchant in Columbiana. In June, 1861, he enlisted as a private in Co. K, 10th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, and in the following July was commissioned to raise a company, which he did, equipping it at his own expense. At the head of the company as an independent command he participated in the battles of Belmont and Columbus. In the fall of 1861 he joined a Mississippi regiment and was wounded at the battle of Shiloh. This caused him to retire from the service for a while, but he rejoined his command in the fall and at Murfreesboro he was again wounded. On account of his wound he was temporarily put in command of the post of Chattanooga. In the spring of 1863 his company, Co. K, was transferred to the 24th Alabama infantry regiment, and Captain Sawyer was promoted to lieutenant-colonel of the regiment. He shared in all the subsequent battles of the regiment, until he was wounded at Bentonville, where he retired from service. On the return of peace he followed farming and merchandising until 1869, when he established the "Mountain Home" in Talladega. After a year's editorship of this paper, he took charge, for a brief period, of the "Rome Daily," and later the "Rome Courier," Georgia papers which he edited for about five years.

He then established the "Rome Tribune," and conducted it for two years. In 1874 he edited the Atlanta "Evening Commonwealth." In 1883 after his removal to Anniston he established the Oxanna "Tribune." His literary work at this time was principally in correspondence and many contributions to the Atlanta, Philadelphia, Boston and New York papers. In 1887, in association with W. S. Larned, he established the South Anniston hardware company. Married September 7, 1857, to Charlotte Amberster, of Talladega County. Last residence: Anniston.

SAWYER, SEYMOUR B., Methodist minister; pastor of Court Street church, Montgomery, 1832-34.

SAWYER, STEPHEN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 75, and a resident of Greene County; private N. C. Militia; enrolled on March 21, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$40.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

SAXON, JAMES, *soldier of the American Revolution*, a resident of Autauga County; private, particular service not shown; enrolled on February 16, 1820, under act of Congress of March 18, 1818, payment to date from September 4, 1834; annual allowance, \$96; died January 17, 1836.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile.

SAXON, LYD P., State treasurer, was born in Laurens County, S. C., and died at We-

tumpka, about 1869; son of Lewis Saxon of Laurens County, S. C. He received his education at West Point, and later engaged in farming. He was at one time colonel of the State militia. In 1865-68 he was treasurer of Alabama. He was a Democrat, a member of the Presbyterian church, and a Mason. Married: in Laurens County, S. C., to Mary Crenshaw. Children: 1. Laura, m. William Graham; 2. Sallie, m. Lenard Townsend; 3. Lewis, unmarried; 4. Mattie. All are deceased. Last residence: Wetumpka.

SAYRE, ANTHONY DICKINSON, lawyer and associate justice Alabama supreme court, was born April 29, 1858, at Tuskegee; son of Daniel and Musidora (Morgan) Sayre (q. v.). He received his primary education in private schools, and graduated from Roanoke college, Va., with the A. M. degree in 1878; read law in the office of Judge Thomas M. Arrington, of Montgomery, and was admitted to the bar in 1880. He was clerk of the city court of Montgomery, 1883-89; member of the legislature from Montgomery County, 1890-91, and 1892-93; member of the State senate, 1894-95, and president of that body, 1896-97; nominated to the senate for judge of the city court of Montgomery, and elected in 1897; nominated for re-election in 1903; was a member of the board of education in the city of Montgomery, 1891-1911. In 1909 he was appointed by Gov. B. B. Comer, as associate justice of the Alabama supreme court to succeed Judge James R. Dowdell; elected November 8, 1910, his own successor; re-elected November 5, 1912 for a term of six years, and again re-elected in 1918. He is a Democrat and a Mason. Married: January 17, 1884, at Eddysville, Ky., to Minnie Buckner, daughter of W. B. and Victoria Machen of that place, the former U. S. senator from Kentucky. Children: 1. Majorie, m. Minor W. Brinson, Montgomery; 2. Daniel Morgan, died in childhood; 3. Rosalind, m. Maj. Newman H. Smith, who saw service with the A. E. F. in the European War, New York; 4. Clothilde, m. Lt. John M. Palmer, New York; 5. Anthony Dickinson, Montgomery; 6. Zelda, m. F. Scott Fitzgerald, author, New York. Residence: Montgomery.

SAYRE, DANIEL, merchant, editor, was born January 13, 1808, at Franklin, Warren County, Ohio, and died April 7, 1888, in Montgomery; son of Calvin and Mary (Dickinson) Sayre, natives of Morristown, N. J., both of whom died in early life. Mr. Sayre came to Alabama with his brother William Sayre, in 1819. In early manhood he was a merchant in Jacksonville, but in 1830 he founded and edited the "Talladega Reporter," later the "Beacon-Republican." Later he removed to Montgomery and edited the "Post." He was a Whig, later a Democrat; and a Mason. Married: November 26, 1835, at Huntsville, to Musidora, daughter of George and Frances (Irby) Morgan, natives of New York State; sister of John T. Morgan (q. v.). Children: 1. Daniel Morgan, Confederate soldier, died in Virginia, June 30, 1862; 2. Calvin William, San Francisco, Calif.; 3. Anthony Dickinson (q. v.),

Montgomery; 4. John Reid, Montgomery; and five daughters who died in childhood. Last residence: Montgomery.

SAYRE, HERBERT ARMISTEAD, educator, was born August 2, 1866, in Montgomery, and died December 2, 1916; son of Paul Tucker and Eliza Rowe (Armistead) Sayre (q. v.); half-brother of Thomas Scott Sayre (q. v.). He entered the University of Alabama in October, 1884, but did not graduate as he left in order to enter business. In February, 1892, he was a student at the University of Virginia at the same time serving as an assistant at the McCormick observatory. In February of the same year, he entered Johns Hopkins university, studying mathematics, astronomy and physics. He received from the University of Alabama in 1894, the B. E. degree, extra ordirem, and the Ph. D. degree from Johns Hopkins university in 1896; and spent the summer of 1898 in special study at the University of Chicago. He was elected in February, 1897, professor of mathematics, physics and astronomy, in Ursinus college, Collegeville, Pa., and in June, 1898, professor of physics and astronomy, in the University of Alabama. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

SAYRE, PAUL TUCKER, lawyer, was born September 6, 1821, in Norfolk, Va., and died June 4, 1887, in Montgomery; son of William and Frances Margaretta Marsden (Baker) Sayre (q. v.). He was a graduate of Princeton university and studied law with John A. Campbell, of Mobile. He practiced law in Eufaula until 1854, was for many years prior solicitor of that circuit, and removed to Montgomery in 1854. At the time of his death he had practiced law in Alabama for over forty years. Married: (1) August 1, 1855, to Mary Virginia (Scott) Nesbitt, daughter of Thomas Scott, of Lowndes County; granddaughter of John Scott, one of the first settlers of Montgomery; (2) June 13, 1864, to Eliza Rowe Armistead. Children: by first marriage, 1. Thomas Scott (q. v.); William Marks, d. young; 3. Mary Grace, m. Du Val Radford, of Lynchburg, Va.; 4. John Scott, deceased; by second wife, 5. Herbert Armistead, (q. v.); 6. Rebekah Mathews; 7. Paul Tucker, jr.; 8. Rosalie Virginia; 9. Elizabeth Armistead; 10. Lucy Boyd. Last residence: Montgomery.

SAYRE, THOMAS SCOTT, lawyer, was born May 20, 1856, in Montgomery; son of Paul Tucker Sayre (q. v) and wife, who was Mrs. Mary Virginia (Scott) Nesbitt; half-brother of Herbert A. Sayre (q. v.). He left school at the age of seventeen in order to begin the study of law in the office of his father; was admitted to the bar in 1879, and practiced for several years for himself. He formed a partnership with Horace Stringfellow and Paul LeGrand in October, 1887, continuing until October, 1891, since which date he has practiced alone. Unmarried. Residence: Montgomery.

SAYRE, WILLIAM, merchant, was born October 29, 1791, in Essex County, N. J., and died May 25, 1861, in Mobile; son of Calvin

and Mary (Dickerson) Sayre, the former a native of Connecticut Farm, N. J., later of Warren County, O., and New York City; grandson of Daniel and Margaret (Sturges) Sayre, the former born probably at Southampton, L. I., who owned several hundred acres of land in the present town of Union, Union County, N. J., and of John Dickerson, jr., a descendant of Philemon Dickerson, one of the early settlers of Southold, L. I.; great-grandson of Daniel and Phebe (Rayner) Sayre, the former a native of Southampton, L. I., who removed to Elizabeth, N. J., about 1730; great-great-grandson of Daniel and Sarah Sayre, the former a farmer of Southampton, L. I., collector of Southampton, in 1712, lieutenant in the company of Colonel Schuyler, 1709, sheriff of Suffolk County, N. Y., 1711-12, and justice of Southampton, 1718-33, and of Isaac Rayner; great-great-great-grandson of Daniel Sayre, probably born in Bedfordshire, England, an inhabitant of Southampton, L. I., in 1657, and later a weaver of Bridgehampton, N. Y., who married, first, Hannah Foster, daughter of Christopher and Frances Foster, and, second, Sarah ———; great-great-great-grandson of Thomas Sayre, the first emigrant ancestor, who was born in Leighton Buzzard, Bedfordshire, England, for some time a resident of Lynn, Mass., later one of the founders of Southampton, L. I., a farmer and a tanner, and one of the most prominent figures in the life of that colony; great-great-great-great-grandson of Francis and Elizabeth (Atkins) Sayre, of Leighton Buzzard, Bedfordshire, England, the former a mercer or silkman; great-great-great-great-grandson of William and Elizabeth Sayre; great-great-great-great-great-grandson of William and Alice (Squyre) Sayre, of Hinwick, parish of Podington, Bedfordshire, England. The Sayre family has been represented in every war in which this country has taken part. William Sayre was educated in the common schools of New Jersey. He was a merchant of Raleigh, N. C., for several years; removed to Alabama in 1818 and was a planter and merchant of Montgomery until 1835, when he removed to Mobile where he was in the wholesale grocery and cotton commission business. He was mayor of Mobile about 1840. He was a Whig; and a Presbyterian, being one of the founders of the First Presbyterian church of Montgomery. Married: (1) May 10, 1815, at Raleigh, N. C., to Frances Margaretta Marsden, daughter of Hance and Rebecca Marsden (Mosely) Baker, formerly of Morrisville, Pa.; (2) October 17, 1844, at Norfolk, Va., to Frances Blow, daughter of Mallory Moore and Fanny (Dick) Todd, of the same place. Children: by first wife: 1. William Baker, died in childhood; 2. Marlon Mettauer, died young; 3. Paul Tucker (q. v.), m. (1) Mary Virginia (Scott) Nesbitt, (2) Eliza Rowe Armistead; 4. William Baker, deceased; 5. Hance Calvin, deceased; 6. Bassett Mosely, deceased; 7. Rebecca Frances, d. in childhood; 8. Frances Adelaide Bonford, deceased, m. Charles Schroeder; 9. Alexena Cunningham, d. in childhood; 10. Cary Barrand, died from fever in 1863, contracted while serving in the

C. S. Army; 11. Milton Mittauer, d. in infancy; 12. Marsden Atkinson, deceased; by second wife, 13. Mallory, d. young; 14. Alice Dick, d. young; 15. Westwood Campbell; 16. Philemon Clayton, d. in childhood; 17. William Henry, deceased. Last residence: Mobile.

SCARBROUGH, ELIAS, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 94, resided in Clarke County, June 1, 1840.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

SCHANFARBER, TOBIAS, rabbi, for about three years a resident of Alabama, was born at Cleveland, O., December 20, 1862; son of Aaron, and Sarah (Newman) Schanfarber, natives of Germany, who emigrated to America and located in New York and later in Cleveland. Dr. Schanfarber was educated in the public schools of Cleveland; took his A. B. from the University of Cincinnati, 1885; graduated as rabbi from Hebrew union college, Cincinnati, 1886; and had a special course in Semitics under Paul Haupt, at Johns Hopkins university, 1894-99. He has served in Ohio, Indiana, Maryland, Alabama, and Illinois. While in Alabama, 1899-1901, he was rabbi of the Mobile congregation, and at the same time editor and publisher of the "Jewish Chronicle" at Mobile. He is a Republican; member of the B'nai B'rith, and an Elk. He is the author of "The problem of ethical instruction in the public schools," and has done editorial work on the "Baltimore Sun," "Baltimore American," "Jewish Comment," of Baltimore, the "Chicago Israelite," and the "Reform Advocate," also of Chicago. Married: October 15, 1890, at Warsaw, Ind., to Carrie, daughter of Marcus and Regina (Beifuss) Philipson, of that place. Residence: Chicago, Ill.

SCHERB, EMMANUEL VITALIS, professor of modern languages at the University of Alabama, 1853. He held the degree of A. M.

SCHOWALTER, VOLNEY McR., physician, graduate of the medical department of the University of Alabama, Mobile, 1890, and licensed by the county board of Baldwin the same year. Residence: Bay Minette.

SCHUESSLER, LEWIS STEPHEN, merchant and legislator, was born February 23, 1847, at Lafayette; son of Lewis and Mary (Dasinger) Schuessler, the former a native of Baden, Germany, emigrated to Montgomery, thence to Lafayette in 1845, the latter of a Bavarian family. He was educated in the Lafayette schools and represented Chambers County in the legislature of 1903. He is a Democrat; and a Methodist. Married: October 22, 1868, to Sallie Susan, daughter of Elisha and Mary C. (Dunlap) Trammell, of White Sulphur Springs, Ga. Residence: Lafayette.

SCHUSTER, BENJAMIN JOSEPH, merchant, was born December 9, 1857, at Mobile, Mobile County; son of Joseph Benjamin and Babetta (Goldsmith) Schuster, the former who was born in Driburg, state of Bavaria, Germany, came to Mobile, in 1850, and in 1869, removed to Selma, the latter who was born at

Manheim, Germany, and came to Mobile, in 1852; grandson of Liepold and Helen Goldsmith, who lived at Manheim, Germany. He moved with his parents in 1869, and settled in Dallas County. He received his education in Mobile, and in early life started to work. At the age of twenty years, he entered into the mercantile business for himself. He was jury commissioner for Dallas County, for many years sinking fund commissioner for the city of Selma, and was a member of Gov. O'Neal's staff, with the rank of colonel. He is a Democrat and has served on many committees in Dallas County, and is a trustee of the congregation, Mishkan Israel. He is a Knight of Pythias; in 1890 was elected grand chancellor of Alabama, and in 1896, was elected a representative to the supreme Lodge of the Knights of Pythias of the World; and is a thirty-second degree Mason; an Odd Fellow; and an Elk. Married: on March 28, 1886, at Selma, to Rebecca Lillienthal, daughter of Moses and Kate Lillienthal, who resided at Selma. Children: 1. Bertha, m. Myer Gerson, jr., Montgomery; 2. Maude, Selma; 3. Helen, Selma; 4. Josephine, Selma. Residence: Selma.

SCHWARZ, LAZ, city commissioner, of Mobile, 1911; mayor, 1911-13.

SCOTT, CHARLES HERRINGTON, business man, was born December 27, 1870, at Montgomery; son of Thomas Jefferson and Mary A. (Taylor) Scott; and brother of Hal Lawson Scott of Montgomery. He received his education at the Montgomery high school, and entered the University of Alabama, which he left in 1887, his junior year. He then entered Howard college, and left there in 1888, his senior year. He has been, since 1890, engaged in mineral and timber land business in the firm of T. J. Scott & Son, of which he is senior member. He is a director of the Empire Land Company, Alabama Marble Quarries; Scott Investment Company, and Alabama Colony Company. In 1898, served as captain of Co. A, Third Alabama Volunteers, in the Spanish War, and was detailed as assistant adjutant general of the First Division, Third Army corps, Camp Shipp. He served as U. S. deputy marshal, 1893-1894; as engineer for the Perdido Land Company, and the Van Kirk Land Company, in 1897; was appointed Republican referee by President Roosevelt, 1903; was a member of the Republican National Committee, from Alabama, 1904; and was the progressive Republican candidate for governor of Alabama in 1910. He is a Baptist. Married: August 22, 1900, to Josephine Bennett of Jefferson, Ga. Residence: Montgomery.

SCOTT, CHARLES LEWIS, U. S. Minister to Venezuela, planter, lawyer, and editor, was born January 27, 1827, at Richmond, Va., and died April 30, 1899, at Mt. Pleasant, Monroe County; son of Robert Gomain and Sarah (Madison) Scott (q. v.). He was educated in the schools of Richmond, Va., and in William and Mary college, Williamsburg, Va., from which latter institution he graduated in 1847. He removed to California during the late 40's

and practiced law in that state from 1850 to 1861 and in Alabama during 1880-90. He was a member of congress from California 1857-61 and minister to Venezuela under President Cleveland's first administration, 1885-88. He resigned his seat in congress to return to the South and enlisted as a private in the 4th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, of which he was afterwards elected major. He was wounded at the first battle of Manassas, again in the seven days fight around Richmond, and was impaired for further military duty. He located in Camden, Wilcox County, and became a planter and editor of "The Vindicator" which devoted its efforts towards the perpetuation of white supremacy during the dark days following Republicanism and reconstruction in Alabama. He was a Democrat; delegate to the National Conventions of 1876-88-94; and a Mason. Married: in 1857, in Mobile, to Anne Vivian, daughter of Gladin and Jane Vivian (Wormeley) Gavin, who lived in Marengo County. Her grand-parents were Tennesseans. Children: 1. Charles Lewis, jr., lawyer, Selma; 2. Robert Gomain, m. Mary McClellan English (q. v.), Mt. Pleasant; 3. Gladin Gavin, m. Katie Shomo; 4. Edwin G. Last residence: Mt. Pleasant.

SCOTT, DAVID, merchant and manufacturer, was born April 5, 1803, at Turkey Creek, York District, S. C., and died August 8, 1868, at Scottsville, Bibb County; son of James and Jane Scott, immigrants from Scotland, via Ireland, who settled in South Carolina, 1789, and in 1817 removed to Perry County. He was educated in the common schools of South Carolina and Alabama. About 1834, he began merchandising in Tuscaloosa and later built a cotton mill and manufactured cotton goods. He removed to Bibb County, and built a cotton mill around which sprang up the village of Scottsville, where he lived and died. This mill was in active operation when burned, with many bales of cotton, by Wilson's raiders, 1865. He held no public offices, save county commissioner. He was an old-line Whig; and a Methodist. Married: (1) August 10, 1830, in Tuscaloosa, to Stella Houghton, daughter of William and Marilla (Clay) Houghton, of Putney, Vt., the former, a brother of H. D. Houghton, founder of the Riverside press, and firm of Houghton Mifflin & co., publishers; (2) January 13, 1847, at Elyton, to Mary Elizabeth Marshall, daughter of Francis and Eliza (Howle) Marshall, of New Kent, Va.; (3) to Mrs. Eliza Van Slyke, of Wetumpka. Children: by first wife: 1. Harriet Cornelia, m. Bishop Robert K. Hargrove; 2. and 3. (twins) Jane Marilla, m. John Wesley McConnell, of Scottsville, and William James; 4. Mary Vincent, m. Col. John Jones; 5. Abby Maria, m. Dr. W. J. Vaughan, of Nashville; 6. Stella Houghton, m. Prof. Arthur Gilman of Harvard (q. v.); children by the second wife, 7. David Marshall, m. Lillie Norris (q. v.); 8. Ella Summers, m. F. C. Herrick of Nashville; 9. Margaret Ann Eliza, artist, of Nashville; 10. Mary Marshall, teacher. Last residence: Scottsville.

SCOTT, DAVID MARSHALL, merchant and postmaster, was born December 23, 1847, at Tuscaloosa, Tuscaloosa County; son of David and Mary Elizabeth (Marshall) Scott (q. v.); grandson of James and Jane Scott of Perry County, and of Francis and Eliza (Howle) Marshall of Kent County, Va. and Hale County; great-grandson of Josiah Marshall who was an officer in Washington's "Life Guards" during the Revolution, and of John Howle, who was also an officer of the same company. The Scotts were of Scotch origin of the same family as Sir Walter Scott, the American branch going first into Ireland as dissenters from the Church of England and becoming linen manufacturers. James Scott immigrated to South Carolina and located in Tuscaloosa, April, 1817. Mr. Scott was educated in the public schools of Alabama and attended Howard college at Marion in 1866; was deputy register in chancery, Dallas County, 1867; removed to New York City the same year, and located in Tuscaloosa in 1872 where he merchandised; was alderman 1873-4, removed to Selma where he was councilman eight years; was appointed postmaster at that place by President Roosevelt and reappointed by President Wilson. He was orderly sergeant Co. F, 62nd Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, 1863-65; 1st lieutenant, "Dallas Dragoons," A. N. G.; captain, Rodes-Warrior guards, Tuscaloosa 1872-77; and quartermaster general, 1st brigade, A. N. G. for sixteen years. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; Mason; Odd Fellow; Knight of Pythias; Knight of Honor; Owl. Married: January 24, 1872, at Selma, to Lillian, daughter of William J. and Louisiana (Rutherford) Norris of that place, the former a native of Madison, Ga., a merchant and banker, the latter the daughter of Col. John Rutherford, a planter of Dallas County and descendant of the Rutherfords of Scotland. Children: 1. Lillian O'Neal, m. King Sparks, living in Atlanta; 2. Frank Norris, m. Mary Boggs; 3. David Marshall, jr. Residence: Selma.

SCOTT, JOHN BAYTOP, jr., physician and planter, was born October 16, 1831, in Lowndes County, and died in 1894, at "Scotia," near Mt. Meigs, Montgomery County; son of Thomas Baytop and Martha Gaines (Marks) Scott, who came from Virginia, and located in Lowndes County; grandson of Gen. John Baytop Scott, Revolutionary soldier of Virginia, and pioneer settler of Montgomery, who gave the site of the Court street Methodist church, part of the site of St. John's Episcopal church and half of Oakwood cemetery. Dr. J. B. Scott was educated in the Tutwiler school and finished in Green Briar institute. He studied medicine under Dr. J. Marion Sims. He planted on an extensive scale, naming his plantation "Scotia." He was a member of the "True Blues," and saw active service at Pensacola, Fla., at the beginning of the War of Secession, later he was a member of Semple's battery. He was a Democrat; and an Episcopalian. Married: in 1864, at Mt. Meigs, to Grace Roe, daughter of Robert and Elizabeth Priscilla (Cooper) Tyler, of Washington and Montgomery, and grand-daugh-

fer of President John Tyler. Children: 1. James Marks, m. Adelaide Beaulieu; 2. Mary Virginia, m. Charles Coleman; 3. Julia Campbell, m. William A. Gunter, jr. (q. v.); 4. Robert Tyler, deceased; 5. Thomas Baytop, m. Kathleen Anne Swain; 6. Priscilla Cooper, m. Dr. Charles Lewis Marks. Last residence: Scotia.

SCOTT, JOHN FLETCHER, business man, was born October 10, 1839, in Brooke County, Va.; son of Charles and Anna (Cully) Scott, of Virginia, who removed in 1840 to Illinois, and thence to Lancaster, Wis. He received his education in the common schools. Early in life he worked in the lead mines, later he engaged in commercial business. In 1865, he engaged in building the railroad from Vera Cruz to Mexico City, but in 1866, he removed to the States and located in Decatur. During the "boom" days of the eighties, he was prominent. He is a stockholder in the Decatur land and improvement company, the Decatur building and loan association and the Exchange bank of Decatur. He erected the large brick building on the corner of Bank and Lafayette streets, in 1887. He acquired a large orange grove in Florida. Married: January 1, 1877, to Mrs. Mary J. (Smith) McCallum. Residence: Decatur.

SCOTT, LEGH RICHMOND, Presbyterian minister, was born May 28, 1889, at Point Pleasant, Mason County, W. Va., son of John Addison and Lucy Payne (Waddell) Scott, the former who was born at Houston, Halifax County, Va., and who resided at Lexington, Warrenton, and Hat Creek, Va., Point Pleasant, W. Va.; Statesville, N. C., and Uniontown and Gainesville, received the degree of A. B. from Hampden-Sidney, and the degree of B. D., from Union theological seminary at Virginia, and was president of Mitchell College, North Carolina, 1900-15; grandson of John Andrew and Mary Carter (McLelland) Scott, who lived in Virginia, the former who was a chaplain in the C. S. Army, and moderator of the centennial synod of Virginia in 1888, and of Legh Richard and Belle (Hill) Waddell, who lived in Albemarle County, Va.; and a descendant of Archibald Scott, the first of the family in America, who came to Pennsylvania when a boy, was a Presbyterian minister, and served as such during the Revolutionary War, and of William N. Scott, who was a missionary, in 1822-56, and was known as the "Apostle of Hardy County, W. Va.," and of Rev. James Waddell, the famous blind preacher. His early education was received in the public schools of Uniontown, and Gainesville, and at Mitchell college, North Carolina. He then attended Davidson college, North Carolina, where he was graduated A. B., in 1908, with honors. In 1915, he obtained the degree of B. D., from the Union theological seminary, Virginia; was ordained January 12, 1916, at Montgomery; and in 1916, was appointed pastor of the Trinity Presbyterian church, at Montgomery. He is a Democrat. Married: April 25, 1918, at Savannah, Ga., to Margaret Neal Anderson, daughter of Neal Lar-

kin and Anna Howard (Faison) Anderson (q. v.). Children: 1. Neal Anderson, b. May 21, 1919. Residence: Montgomery.

SCOTT, NATHANIEL J., planter, State senator, deceased. He came from Georgia and settled in Macon, Calhoun County, where he first entered the State legislature in 1841, and was re-elected in 1844. In 1847, he was elected to the senate, and after serving that session, retired and engaged in planting. He aided in the establishment and building up of the East-Alabama male college, at Auburn, under the patronage of the Methodist Episcopal church, and was for many years a trustee. Last residence: Macon.

SCOTT, NIMROD WHITFIELD, merchant and legislator, was born August 11, 1858, near Rome, Floyd County, Ga.; son of Pillberry and Emily A. (Anthony) Scott, the former of whom died at the age of twenty-four in the Confederate Army; grandson of Nimrod Scott, an early settler of Floyd County, Ga., and of Whitfield and Lucinda (Miller) Anthony, the former was a Methodist minister for sixty-three years. He was educated at the country schools of Jefferson County, and had one year in high school at Wrightsville, Ga. He was reared on the farm until he was twenty, and taught school for five years. Since about 1900 he has been a merchant in Ensley and Pratt City. He was mayor of the former town four terms, 1899 to 1906. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; an Odd Fellow; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: in 1882, in Jefferson County, to Estella, daughter of Judge Valentine and Jane Samples of Pratt City. Children: 1. Roscoe Elmer; 2. Maude, m. Floyd Place; 3. Lester, m. Morris Johnson; 4. Edith, m. Brice Jones; 5. Ola; 6. Paul; 7. Romane; 8. Jessie Gregg. Residence: Ensley.

SCOTT, ROBERT GOMAIN, lawyer, was born December 22, 1791, at Savannah, Ga., and died 1870 at Claiborne, Monroe County; son of Capt. James Scott, a native of Georgia and nephew of Gen. Charles Scott who served in the Revolution and was afterwards governor of Kentucky. He graduated at the University of Georgia and at William and Mary college, Williamsburg, Va., where he practiced his profession prior to settling in Richmond, Va. Later in life he removed to Alabama. He was a member of the Virginia legislature and afterwards was elected a member of the council of state. He was a noted criminal lawyer and had a large practice outside of Virginia. He was captain of cavalry in the War of 1812, a Democrat in politics and consul to Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, under President Polk. He was an Episcopalian; and a Mason. He was an ardent states rights man and Confederate sympathizer. At the age of seventy-five, he went to Mobile and volunteered to defend that city during the War of Secession. Married: (1) in 1810, at Williamsburg, Va., to Sarah, daughter of Bishop James Madison and a Miss Randolph, the former first Episcopal bishop of Virginia, and close cousin to President James Madison, whose family came to America from Scotland

about 1750; (2) the widow of Hon. James Dellet, member of congress from Alabama in 1854. Children: by the first wife: 1. James Madison, m. — LaFevre; 2. William; 3. Sarah Madison, m. Harvey Chamberlain; 4. Robert Gomain, captain in the Mexican War, m. Anne Thompson; 5. John Harvey; 6. Susan E., m. Dr. — Clarke; 7. Charles Lewis (q. v.) m. Anne Vivian Gavin; 8. Walter. Last residence: Claiborne.

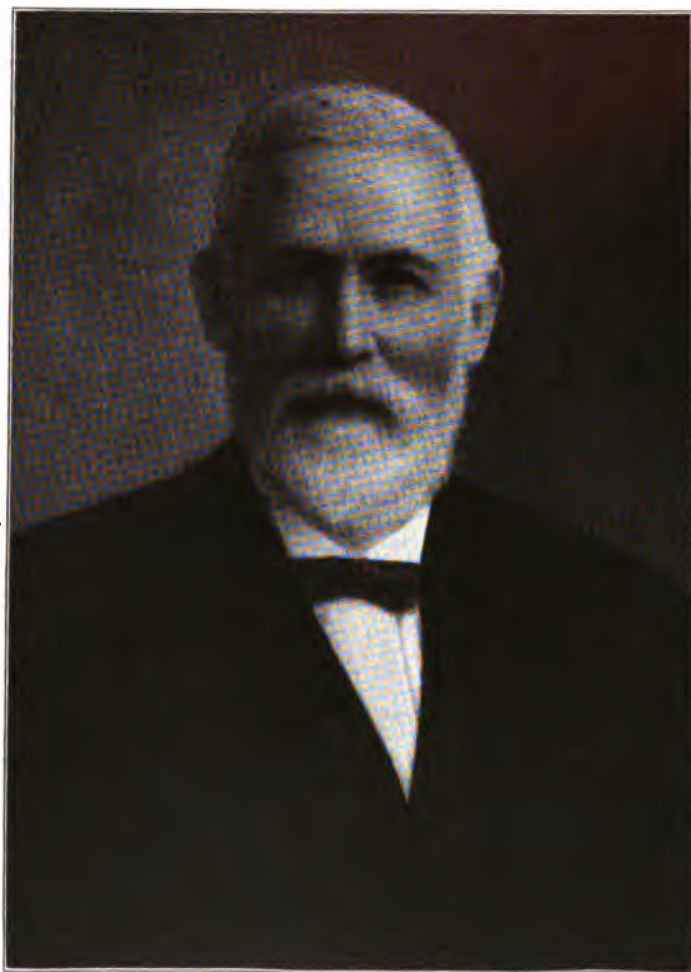
SCOTT, ROBERT GOMAIN, III, planter, was born November 30, 1860, at Shiloh, Marengo County; son of Charles Lewis and Anne Vivian (Gavin) Scott (q. v.). He received his education at Camden, Wilcox County, and is a planter. He is a Democrat; Episcopalian; and Mason. Married: December 14, 1882, at Mt. Pleasant, to Mary McClellan, daughter of Thomas Cassander and Fredrica (McClellan) English, of that place, the former a large planter of Alabama, whose family came to this state from South Carolina; granddaughter of Dr. George McClellan, founder of the Jefferson medical college, Philadelphia, Pa., a noted surgeon and physician, and niece of Gen. George Brinton McClellan, U. S. Army, of War of Secession fame. Children: 1. Charles Lewis, 15th cavalry, U. S. Army, graduate of West Point, 1905, m. Helen Patterson of St. Paul, Minn.; 2. Fredrica McClellan, m. E. R. Morrisette, Jr., Monroeville; 3. Anne Gavin, Eliska; 4. Helen English; 5. George McClellan, m. Elizabeth Lee Morrisette, Eliska. Residence: Eliska.

SCOTT, ROBERT THOMAS, farmer, boundary commissioner, was born about 1798, in North Carolina, and died June 18, 1863, at Scottsboro; son of William Alexander and Jane (Thomas) Scott, the former who came to this country from Glasgow, Scotland, was a cousin of Gen. Winfield Scott, was owner and captain of a sailing vessel and served in the Revolutionary War with John Paul Jones, the latter who was of English parentage. He came with his parents to Alabama in 1817, having previously been educated at Raleigh and Chapel Hill, N. C., and later attended a law school at Franklin, Tenn. He settled in Madison County, and engaged in planting, until 1830, when he represented that county in the lower house, and soon after removed to Jackson County. He bought a road house or tavern with a farm attached to it, which was known as the Belle Tavern of old Bellefonte, once the capital of Jackson County. In 1836, he was elected to the legislature from Jackson County; was elected circuit clerk in 1838; and while holding office in 1839, was again elected to the legislature. He was sworn in as a member when the constitutional point was raised that he could not hold two offices, and he was refused a seat in the legislature. He again went before the county as a candidate, was elected, went back to Tuscaloosa, and presented his credentials, but as he had not resigned from the office of circuit clerk, he was again refused a seat. He was in all elected four times to one session of the legislature. He was re-elected to the legislature in 1842, his term of office as circuit clerk having expired, and was appointed by Gov. Fitzpatrick as agent to settle the "two and three

percent" fund, in connection with the financial troubles of the state incident to the failure of the state bank and its branches. During the administration of Gov. Collier, he was appointed on a commission to adjust the boundary line between Alabama and Georgia. He spent much of his time in Washington City, where he was engaged in prosecuting the claims of Alabama for advances made on account of the Indian and Mexican wars, and at one time was presidential elector. In 1847, he returned to the legislature, and during this session served as chairman of the committee on ways and means. He then retired from public life, lived to see his state secede, but was too old for service in the C. S. Army. He was the author of two or three books in manuscript form, which were never published, being destroyed when the Federal "Bushwhackers" destroyed his home. He was a Democrat, and in 1860, was a delegate to the convention in Baltimore that nominated John C. Breckinridge for president, and a Methodist. Married: to Elizabeth Ann Parsons of Morven, N. C. Children: 1. Mary Jane, m. Dr. James M. Parks, resided at Scottsboro, both deceased; 2. Charlotte C., m. James T. Skelton, merchant and planter, resided at Scottsboro, both deceased; 3. Dr. Robert T., m. Judith M. Buchanan, resided at Scottsboro, both deceased; 4. Walter A., m. Missouri Chambliss, Maysville, both deceased; 5. Lucy, Scottsboro, m. Robert H. Bynum, merchant and planter, deceased. Last residence: Scottsboro.

SCOTT, STELLA GILMAN, writer, was born April 9, 1844, in Tuscaloosa, and resides at Cambridge, Mass.; daughter of David and Stella (Houghton) Scott, of South Carolina and Alabama; granddaughter of James and Jane (Scott) Scott, of South Carolina, and of William and Marilla (Clay) Houghton of Lindon, Vt. Her education was in private schools of Tuscaloosa. At the age of twelve she entered a New York school for girls and later attended the University of LeRoy, N. Y.; graduating, in 1862, from the Methodist college, at Summerfield. At the close of the War of Secession, she went to Cambridge, Mass., to live with the family of her uncle, H. Houghton, senior member of Houghton, Mifflin & co., publishers, and proprietors of the Riverside press. She became a writer and interested in the higher education of women. Author: "A Mother's record," "Mothers in council," and has written for the papers and magazines. Her educational efforts resulted in the establishment of Radcliff college, Harvard university, for women students. Married: July 11, 1876, to Prof. Arthur F. Gilman, of Harvard university, teacher and author and founder of Radcliff college. Children: 1. Dorothea; 2. Alice; 3. Arthur. Residence: Cambridge, Mass.

SCOTT, SUTTON SELWYN, lawyer, Confederate commissioner of Indian affairs, author, was born November 26, 1829, in Huntsville; son of James Greene and Ann (Biddle) Scott, both residents of Madison County, the former a native of Dinwiddie County, Va., the latter of Raleigh, N. C.; grandson of John Scott; and great-grandson of John Scott, a Scotch emigrant



O. W. COOPER

to Dinwiddie County. The Scotts were well-to-do planters and slave owners, and were related to the Darvells and Thompsons of Virginia. S. S. Scott received his early education in the schools of Huntsville, then entered the University of Tennessee, where he graduated, 1850. He studied law; was admitted to the bar, and entered upon the practice in Huntsville. He was elected to the house of representatives in 1857, and re-elected in 1859, after a most exciting canvass. "His speech in this canvass at Huntsville, upon the vote of which the election hinged, was said to have been one of great eloquence and power, so much so as to call forth the wildest applause." He was a member of the extra session of the legislature called by Gov. A. B. Moore about the time the states were on the point of withdrawing from the Union. He was a member of the committee, with E. C. Bullock, John T. Morgan, Thomas H. Watts, John D. Phelan, James H. Clanton, A. B. Meek and others, appointed by the governor to meet President-elect Jefferson Davis at West Point, Ga., and to escort him to Montgomery. From the position of an assistant, Mr. Scott was promoted, February 26, 1863, to the responsible post of commissioner of Indian affairs to succeed David Hubbard. Mr. Scott labored diligently in this position until the end of the war. On the return of peace he settled on his plantation in Russell County. He represented the county in the constitutional convention of 1875, and also in the house of representatives, 1884-1886, and 1890-1891. He was a delegate to the Cincinnati Democratic convention of 1880. In 1885 he was appointed by President Cleveland a commissioner to adjudicate depredation claims in New Mexico; and during Mr. Cleveland's second term he was chairman of the commission to arrange the land troubles with the Ute Indians upon their reservation in Utah. While he was an active and capable man of affairs, Mr. Scott was in an equal degree a student and a man of fine literary and historical tastes. Author: "South-booke," 1880; "The Mobilians, or talks about the South," 1896; "The Alabama legislature of 1857-8 and 1859-60," in Publication of the Alabama Historical Society, 1904, vol. 5; "Recollections of the Alabama Democratic State Convention of 1860," in Publications of the Alabama Historical Society, 1899-1903, vol. 4; and "Some Account of Confederate Indian Affairs," in Gulf State Historical Magazine, 1903-04, vol. 2. Married: in 1864, to Lula M., daughter of William Hurt, planter of Russell County, and granddaughter of William Hurt, of North Carolina, a soldier of the Revolution. There were children to this union. Last residence: Auburn.

SCREWS, BENJAMIN HARRISON, lawyer, was born April 11, 1843, at Glennville, Barbour, now Russell County, and died at Montgomery, February 22, 1905; a brother of William Wallace Screws (q. v.). Benjamin H. Screws was educated in the common schools of Barbour County. On the outbreak of the War of Secession he enlisted, becoming lieutenant, then captain of Co. K, and later adjutant of the Twenty-ninth Alabama infantry regiment, his

service dating from January 20, 1861, to April 26, 1865, being wounded at Atlanta. After the war he devoted himself to journalism and law; later became magistrate; was secretary of the constitutional convention of 1875; was a member of the house of representatives in 1890-91, 1894-95, 1898-99, and 1900-01; and in November, 1902, was elected a state senator. He was the author of "The Loll Legislature of Alabama," purporting to be a history of the so-called legislature composed of unlettered negroes and alien whites, who met under military protection in the capitol in 1868. Married: October 8, 1867, at Wetumpka, to Emma McNeill, daughter of Dr. Daniel S. and Elizabeth (Jeffries) McNeill. Children: 1. Michael Hamilton. Last residence: Montgomery.

SCREWS, MICHEL HAMILTON, lawyer, was born May 4, 1882, at Montgomery; son of Benjamin Harrison and Emma (McNeill) Screws (q. v.) and nephew of William Wallace Screws (q. v.). Michel H. Screws was educated in the public schools of Montgomery, in the university school and later attended the University of Alabama, from which latter institution he was graduated LL. B. in 1900. On June 15, 1900, he commenced to practice law in Montgomery, and has since continued with the exception of a short time spent in Texas. He was recording secretary under Govs. Samford and Jelks, 1901-07; was a representative of the twenty-eighth senatorial district in the legislature of 1911; and in 1911, after the adjournment of the session, he was appointed by Gov. O'Neal as judge of the court of common pleas of Montgomery, which position he held until January, 1917. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; an Odd Fellow; Woodman of the World; Knight of Pythias; Elk; Tribe of Ben Hur; Red Men; and a member of the Phi Delta Theta fraternity. Married: to May Jennis, daughter of Dr. Allan and May (Sherman) Jennis of Port Arthur, Tex. One child, a girl, has been born to this union. Residence: Montgomery.

SCREWS, WILLIAM WALLACE, editor, lawyer, secretary of State for Alabama, postmaster and Confederate soldier, was born February 25, 1839, at Jernigan, Barbour, now Russell County, died August 7, 1913, at his country place near Coosada, Elmore County, and is buried in Oakwood cemetery, Montgomery; son of Benjamin and Mourning Jones (Drake) Screws, both of Nash County, N. C., who removed to Barbour County in the early history of the State, the former a merchant at Glenville, circuit clerk, and a powerful factor in the ante-bellum politics in his section of the State; grandson of John Screws and wife, who was a Miss Whitehead, and of James and Nancy (Arrington) Drake, all of Nash County, N. C. Major Screws' ancestors, on both lines, were English. The Drakes and Arringtons went to North Carolina from Massachusetts and Virginia, respectively. He received his early education in Glenville, then Barbour, now Russell County, among his teachers being Alpheus Baker, later a distinguished Confederate general. He made a good record in Latin,

Greek and English literature, but left school at sixteen years of age, financial reverses that overtook his father depriving him of the college course for which he had been trained. He went to Montgomery in early manhood and read law under Thomas H. Watts, afterwards governor of Alabama and attorney-general of the Confederacy, and was admitted to the bar in the circuit court of Montgomery County, June 15, 1859, entering immediately upon the practice of the profession, under special statute owing to his not being of age. In 1906, he received the honorary degree of LL. D. from the University of Alabama. In the epoch-making campaign of 1860, he supported the Bell and Everett ticket, standing for the preservation of the Union, and the maintenance of the rights of the south under the constitution. He served as secretary of State from 1878 to 1882, continuing his editorial work, however, upon "The Advertiser." During President Cleveland's first administration he held a position in the library of congress and during the second Cleveland administration was postmaster of Montgomery from July 1, 1893, to November 15, 1897.

Although opposed to secession Major Screws was one of the first young men in Alabama to volunteer for military service, following the State's withdrawal from the union, and left Montgomery with the "True Blues" for Fort Barancas, near Pensacola. Afterwards he enlisted in Hilliard's legion, and was in service in Tennessee and Kentucky, participating, September, 1863, in the battle of Chickamauga. Upon the reorganization of the legion into the 59th and 60th regiments, he was made first lieutenant of Co. E, 59th regiment. Under command of General Longstreet he took part in the siege of Knoxville and minor engagements. He went from Tennessee to Petersburg, Va., with Gracie's brigade, Bushrod Johnson's division, and with the troops under General Beauregard aided in repulsing General Butler's movements against the Confederate capital. In May, 1864, he was wounded at Drewry's Bluff. Later he took part in the battles about Petersburg, 1864, and was on siege duty and in various engagements, until the evacuation, April 2, 1865. Four days later he was captured at Sailor's Creek and taken to Johnson's Island, Lake Erie, from which he was not released until June 19, 1865. He returned to Alabama, making a brief visit to his old home in Glenville, then went to Montgomery where he resumed his permanent residence. He received his title of major by reason of his service on the staff of Gen. James T. Holtzclaw in the Alabama state troops.

Major Screws manifested a talent for writing while still a country youth, in Glenville, contributing letters of a political and controversial character to the press, during 1852 and later. While a soldier in the Confederate Army he sent frequent letters to "The Advertiser" from the scenes of strife that so strongly convinced the owner and editor of that paper, Samuel G. Reid, of his abilities that upon the restoration of peace he offered his correspondent a position on the editorial staff. Major Screws had returned to Montgomery with the

intention of making the law his life's work, but Mr. Reid's overtures, accompanied with an offer to sell a half interest in the paper to the young soldier for a few hundred dollars, and his own time to discharge the debt, definitely changed the course of his life. His editorial connection with "The Advertiser" covered a period of forty-eight years and during this almost half century, his pen was always wielded for conservative government, white supremacy and in behalf of every movement tending to the educational, civic, religious and political welfare of the state and the nation. In 1885, Frank P. Glass became associated with Major Screws in the conduct and control of "The Advertiser," the former giving his talents to the business department, while Major Screws continued in control of the editorial policies. Following the announcement of his death statesmen and publicists all over the nation expressed high praise of Major Screws. Col. Hillary A. Herbert, a life long friend, secretary of the navy under President Cleveland, paid a tribute that epitomized the expression of all: "Controlling the great central organ of the Democratic party, Wallace Screws occupied the most difficult position in his State for nearly half a century. This was the most eventful period in the history of Alabama. Self government and preservation of white civilization were at stake. The God in whom the great Christian editor always trusted mercifully lengthened out his life until the battle was won, and now that our faithful servant has died at his post, the impartial verdict of history will be that while in the heat of conflict others won wider fame, Wallace Screws was the most useful citizen of his day. Others reaped honor and the emoluments of office that were the fruits of his labor. He was as modest and self-denying as he was courageous." Gov. Thomas G. Jones said on hearing his distinguished fellow citizen was dead: "No man ever lived in Alabama who labored more unselfishly for the good of the State or set a finer example in his career of devotion to the things that make for the uplift of man. His convictions always marked out his pathway, whether it was followed by few or many, and he never hesitated to differ with and argue against the opinions of the majority, if he felt them wrong or believed that their success would not redound to the good of society. He felt that his position as the head of a great newspaper was a sacred trust, and not a mere personal possession." He was a Democrat; a Royal Arch Mason; Knight Templar, and a member of the council of Royal and select master. He was an Episcopalian, at the time of his death being senior warden of St. John's church, and had served as a member of every council of the diocese of Alabama from 1885, with two exceptions, until his death; delegate to the general conventions of the Protestant Episcopal church at Boston, 1904, Richmond, 1907, and Cincinnati, 1910. Author: in addition to his editorial writings in "The Advertiser," he contributed a history of Alabama journalism to the "Memorial Record of Alabama," vol. 2, pp. 158-235. Married: April 25, 1867, in Montgomery, to Emily Frances, daughter of Judge William

White and Mary (Ware) Holt, both of Augusta, Ga. Judge Holt was an officer in the War of 1812, first mayor of the city of Augusta, and for many years judge of the superior court of the Augusta circuit. Children: 1. William Wallace, jr.; 2. Elizabeth Walton, deceased, m. Robert Newton Pitts, physician; 3. William Joseph Holt; 4. Benjamin. Last residence: Montgomery.

SCROGGS, WILLIAM OSCAR, college professor, a resident of Alabama for a number of years, was born March 30, 1879, at Monroe, Union County, N. C.; son of William Junius and Lucy (Pearsall) Scroggs, both residents of North Carolina. Dr. Scroggs received his early education at Lexington seminary, Lexington, N. C., and Grady institute, Fort Valley, Ga.; entered the Alabama polytechnic institute, 1896, graduating with first honors and the degree of B. S., 1899, M. S., 1900; graduate student Harvard university, 1904-07, A. M., 1905, and Ph. D. 1911. He was a graduate student and assistant in English at the Alabama polytechnic institute, 1899-1900; librarian, 1900-04; fellow in history and government at Harvard university, 1905-07; for one year on the editorial staff of the *Encyclopaedia Britannica*; in 1908 became assistant professor of history and economics, University of Louisiana, and is now professor of economics and sociology. Author: "Fill-busters and financiers," 1916. He has also contributed many historical and economic subjects to the *Encyclopaedia Britannica* and various periodicals. He is a Democrat; Methodist; and a member of the Kappa Alpha college fraternity. He is unmarried. Residence: Baton Rouge, La.

SCRUGGS, LAWRENCE HOUSTON, cotton factor, was born June 13, 1836, at Bellefonte, Jackson County; son of Judge Henry Fielding and Sarah (Scruggs) Scruggs, the former a native of Virginia who moved to Alabama with his parents, was a member of the house of representatives from Sumter County, 1843; probate judge, 1844; and removed to Morgan County, where he practiced law until his death; grandson of Oglesby and Christian (Leake) Scruggs and of Gross and Mary (Tate) Scruggs, both families removing from Virginia and settled near Huntsville. He received his early education in the county schools of Sumter and Madison; began his business career as a merchant in Huntsville, 1858-61; enlisted as a private, 1861, Co. I, Fourth Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, promoted to captain, September, 1861; major, 1863; and lieutenant colonel, September, 1863. He surrendered with Gen. Lee at Appomattox. After the war he entered the cotton trade business at Huntsville, later becoming a member of the firm of Murray, Scruggs and co., real estate, stock and bond brokers in Decatur. He is a Democrat, a Methodist; a Mason; Knight of Honor; Knight of Pythias, and a member of the Ancient Order of United Workmen. Married: October 18, 1872, at Nashville, Tenn., to Mary Emma, daughter of Sullivan and Mary (Lanier) Cooley, of that place. Children: 1. Henry Cooley, m.

Lenore Puryear, of Franklin County, Tenn.; 2. Charles Julian; 3. Mary Lanier, m. John Barbour Gray, of Louisville, Ky.; 4. Theodore Fielding; 5. Willoise. Residence: Huntsville.

SCRUGGS, THOMAS MURPHY, banker, was born at Decatur, September, 1855; son of Phineas Thomas and Elizabeth Marshall (Murphy) Scruggs, the former a druggist of Decatur; grandson of Rev. Finch Philip and Martha (Kittrell) Scruggs, the former a native of Buckingham County, Va., who removed to Tennessee at an early date; settled in Colbert County in the '30's; removing to Decatur, 1840, and who served as a Methodist minister from 1820 until the date of his death, September 26, 1881, in Holly Springs, Miss. Mr. Scruggs received his early education in the school at Grenada, Miss.; attended the University of the South, Tennessee, 1872-75; and graduated from the University of Virginia, LL. B., 1876. He immediately began the practice of law in partnership with J. E. R. Ray, at Memphis, Tenn. He was made secretary of the Decatur mineral and land company, 1887, and is interested financially in several corporations in both Decatur and Memphis. He is an Odd Fellow and an Episcopalian. Residence: Decatur.

SCULLY, JOSEPH BAMPTON, business man, adjutant general of Alabama, was born January 9, 1880, in Detroit, Mich.; son of William and Mary (Graham) Scully, who came from Ireland to Michigan about 1870, settled in Birmingham in 1885, the former having construction of one of the first iron producing furnaces; grandson of James Scully of Dublin, Ireland. Joseph B. Scully received his education in the Birmingham public schools and later attended the Wheeler business college, at Birmingham. He was secretary and treasurer of the White-Blakeslee manufacturing company, 1902-11; enlisted in 1898 in Co. G, Third regiment, Alabama National Guard; was promoted to first sergeant, Co. G, 1900; in 1903 to second lieutenant, Co. A; captain of Co. A, in 1904; elected major of Third regiment in 1910; and appointed adjutant general of the Alabama National Guard, with the rank of brigadier-general, January 17, 1911. He is a Democrat and has served as chairman of the Jefferson County Anti-amendment campaign committee, the Jefferson County Emmet O'Neal campaign committee, managed the campaign of George H. Bodeker for chief of police of Birmingham, and was chairman of the Democratic campaign committee for Jefferson County in the general election of 1910. He is a Presbyterian and a Mason. Married: June 27, 1903, at Birmingham to Marcella Rothschild, daughter of E. and Sarah Rothschild of Vicksburg, Miss. Residence: Birmingham.

SEALE, JARVIS, *soldier of the American Revolution*, and a resident of Greene County; private, particular service not shown; enrolled on July 8, 1835, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$20.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile.

SEALE, ROBERT LEE, lawyer, was born May 13, 1867, at Gaston, Sumter County; son of Thomas Franklin and Mary Eliza (Lockard) Seale; grandson of John and Anna (Stewart) Lockard of Gaston. Robert L. Seale received his education in the common schools of his native county. He studied law; was admitted to the bar; commenced practicing in Livingston in 1897; and has since continuously practiced there. He was elected to the legislature in 1894, was re-elected in 1902, and was again returned to the legislature in 1906. He is a Democrat and a member of the Baptist church. Residence: Livingston.

SEARCY, CHARLES BARKLEY, farmer and legislator, was born August 9, 1848, at Lawrenceville, Henry County; son of James and Delilah (Searcy) Searcy, the former a native of North Carolina, who returned to Alabama and in 1853-57, was state senator from Henry County; grandson of John Searcy, of North Carolina and of Aaron Searcy, of Milledgeville, Ga. He was educated in the common schools of Lawrenceville, and from 1892 to 1898 was clerk of the circuit court, with residence at Abbeville. He was elected a representative from Henry County in the legislature of 1903. He is a Democrat; and a Baptist. Married: November 16, 1869, to Elizabeth, daughter of James and Jane (Bush) Orr, of Barbour County. Children: 1. James Edwin, m. Ella Rollin; 2. Wynona May, m. N. B. Crawford; 3. Mattie Dean, m. J. H. Galloway; 4. William Orr; 5. Annie Laura, m. James Saunders; 6. Clara Lillie; 7. Charlie Morris; 8. Eloise Elizabeth; 9. Charlie Arrington, deceased; 10. Delilah Jane, deceased. Residence: Abbeville.

SEARCY, GEORGE ALEXANDER, banker, was born September 27, 1851, at Tuscaloosa; son of Reuben and Mary Abigail (Fitch) Searcy; and a brother of Dr. James T. Searcy (q. v.). George A. Searcy was educated in a private school and later attended the University of Mississippi, 1869-1870. He engaged in the mercantile business until 1887, when he became president of the Merchants' National bank, and later president of the Merchants Bank and Trust company, its successor; was alderman of Tuscaloosa for ten years; city treasurer for many years; a member of the Alabama constitutional convention of 1901; a member of the board of public works of Tuscaloosa County in 1903, having been appointed by Gov. Jelks; and a member of the state banking board, 1911—. He is a Democrat; a Mason; a Knight of Pythias; an Elk; and a Knight of Honor. Married: at Greensboro, May, 1890, to Cammie Tunstall, daughter of Col. Wiley C. and Augusta (Hobson) Tunstall, of that place, the former who was a member of the railroad commission of Alabama for twenty years. Residence: Tuscaloosa.

SEARCY, JAMES THOMAS, physician, superintendent of Alabama insane hospital, was born December 10, 1839, at Tuscaloosa, deceased; son of Dr. Reuben and Mary Abigail (Fitch) Searcy, the former, born at Chapel

Hill, Orange County, N. C., was a graduate of the medical department of the Transylvania university, Lexington, Ky., removed to Tuscaloosa about 1830, and was for thirty years president of the board of trustees of the Alabama insane hospital; grandson of Thomas and Ann (Martin) Searcy, of Rockingham County, N. C., and of James and Lydia (Clay) Fitch of Putney, Vt.; great grandson of Reuben and Susan (Henderson) Searcy, the former a colonel in a Kentucky regiment during the Revolutionary War; and brother of George Alexander Searcy (q. v.). The Searcy family were originally from England, near the border of Wales. Dr. James T. Searcy was educated in the common schools of Tuscaloosa; and later entered the University of Alabama from which he was graduated A. B. in 1859; graduated from the medical department of the University of New York in 1867; in that same year entered upon the practice of his profession with his father; received the honorary degree of A. M., from the University of Alabama in 1873. In 1887, he became president of the board of trustees of the Alabama insane hospital; in 1892, after the death of Dr. Peter Bryce, was elected superintendent of the Alabama Bryce insane hospital; and in 1901 was elected superintendent of the Alabama insane hospital. Dr. Searcy is a member of the medical association of Alabama of which he has been president; of the state board of health and medical examiner, of the American medical association, of the medicolegal society of New York, and of the American-medico psychological association; he is prominent in other medical and scientific societies; and has been a frequent contributor to medical journals. In December, 1861, he enlisted as a private in Lumsden's battery; was transferred, in 1862, to a reserve battalion of artillery, and served as sergeant major of that command until the close of the War of Secession. He was a Democrat; and a member of the Presbyterian church which he served as ruling elder. Married: on January 22, 1868, at Tuscaloosa, to Annie Ross, daughter of Capt. Walter and Ann Sorsby (Bozeman) Ross, the former who was a quartermaster in the Creek War under Gen. Jackson. Children: 1. Reuben Martin, b. November 2, 1868, M. D., Georgetown university, 1892, assistant chemist, University of Alabama, 1887-88, medical student, University of Virginia, 1888-89, instructor in chemistry, University of Virginia, 1889-92, d. July 16, 1892; 2. Walter Ross, druggist, b. May 17, 1870, graduated in pharmacy, University of Virginia, 1890, m. Lizzie Douthitt; 3. James T. Jr., broker, b. April 4, 1872, student of mechanical engineering, Cornell University, 1891-93; superintendent cotton mill, 1891-93, m. Mattie Hilton; 4. Battle S., dentist, b. November 20, 1873, D. D. S., Baltimore college of dental surgery, student at Pennsylvania industrial school of arts, 1893-94, superintendent of the cotton mill at Samantha, 1894-96, m. Mary Standwick; 5. Annie Ross, b. July 22, 1875, teacher in A. C. F. college, 1899-1900, teacher in Tuscaloosa female college, 1901-02; 6. George Harris, physician, b. February 14, 1877, medical student at Tulane

university, M. D., University of Michigan, 1901, interne in hospital, 1901—; 7. Joseph Alexander, b. March 28, 1879; 8. Abbie Fitch, b. February 25, 1881, m. Henry A. Snow; 9. Peter Bryce, b. December 11, 1882; 10. Harvey Brown, b. September 15, 1884; 11. Evelyn Gray; 12. Julia Dearing. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

SEARCY, JAMES THOMAS, farmer, was born January 19, 1872, near Woods Mill, Barbour County; son of Lemuel Dallas and Maggie (Craddock) Searcy, the former was born near Lawrenceville, Barbour County, and was a veteran of the War of Secession; grandson of William and Lottie Craddock, who lived near Lawrenceville; cousin of Charlie B. Searcy, who served one term as clerk of the court in Henry County, and was a member of the legislature from that county. His early education was obtained in the country schools, and later he attended the Abbeville agricultural school. He was elected to the office of superintendent of education, in 1908, and after serving one term was reelected without opposition. He is a Methodist and a Mason. Married: December 25, 1898, at her father's residence, to Florence Estelle Ray, daughter of Albert Lee and Ida Ray, who lived near Baker Hill, the former who was a Primitive Baptist minister; and a niece of Dr. William Belcher. Residence: Clayton.

SEARCY, REUBEN M., tutor in chemistry at the University of Alabama, 1887-88; son of Dr. J. T. Searcy (q. v.). Deceased. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

SEARS, JOHN WILLIAM, physician, was born January 21, 1830, at Sandy Hook, Va., and died December 13, 1896, at Birmingham; son of Robert H. and Mary (Allen) Sears, of Loudoun County, Va., the former who was a physician. He was educated at the Flint Hill academy, and under private tutors until the was eighteen years of age, when he engaged in the study of medicine, under his father's instructions. He then entered the University of Pennsylvania at Philadelphia, and after a full medical course of study, was graduated in April, 1850. For five years he practiced medicine in conjunction with his father, and then removed to Chattanooga, Tenn., where he formed a partnership with Dr. L. Y. Green. He went to Summerfield, in 1858, and remained there until 1860. On the outbreak of the War of Secession, he accepted a position as surgeon in the C. S. Army, and spent four years in the army of northern Virginia. He was associated for a short time at Charlottesville, Va., with Prof. John Staige Davis, who filled an important chair in the medical department of the University of Virginia, and immediately after this, organized a hospital at Warrenton, Va., and had charge of it until the evacuation of Manassas, in March, 1862. He then joined the Seventh Virginia regiment, under Col. James Kemper, afterward Gov. Kemper of Virginia, and took part in the seven day's fight around Richmond, and also the second battle of Manassas. Immediately after this battle, he was ordered back to Warrenton, remained there un-

til after the battle of Sharpsburg, and then was associated with Dr. Samuel H. Moffett, and Dr. Joseph E. Claggett, during the rest of the war. He returned to Alabama after the war and practiced medicine with his father one year at Sandy Hook; later located in Jefferson County; and in 1871, began practicing in Birmingham. He was a member and at one time vice-president of the State medical association, was made counsellor, in 1877, raised to senior counsellor in 1882, and to grand senior counsellor in 1887, and for many years was chairman of the county board of censors. He was the author of an article on "Scarlatina as it appeared in Birmingham," and a paper on "The Birmingham Epidemic of Jaundice." He was a Democrat, a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, and a Mason. Married: in April, 1857, to Theodosia A. Findlay, daughter of Alexander and Catherine Spiller Findlay, of Abingdon, Va. Children: 1. an adopted daughter, Ella Newbourne, m. John D. Elliott, Birmingham. Last residence: Birmingham.

SEAWELL, LEONARD HENDERSON, physician and planter, was born November 30, 1805, at Raleigh, Wake County, N. C., and died at Marion, November 24, 1858; son of Henry and Leonard Grizzle (Hinton) Seawell, the former was born at Raleigh in 1772 and often represented his county in the legislature; in 1810 the governor appointed him one of the judges of the superior courts, but the legislature did not ratify the appointment; was elected judge in 1813, resigning in 1819, but in 1832 again elected to that position which he held until his death, October 6, 1835, received an appointment from President Monroe as one of the commissioners under the provisions of the treaty of Ghent with Great Britain; grandson of Joseph James and Martha (Macon) Seawell, who lived at Hillsboro, N. C., the latter being the sister of Nathaniel Macon, and of John and Pheribee (Smith) Hinton, the former a major in the War of the Revolution, and a member of the North Carolina house of commons in 1779, living at Clay Hill on the Neuse, which he built; great-grandson of Benjamin Seawell of Bute County, of Gideon Macon, and of Col. John Hinton, who was a member of the provisional congress which met at Hillsboro in August, 1775, and a colonel of North Carolina militia, also a member of the committee of public safety for Hillsboro. Dr. Seawell was educated at the Bingham school near Asheville, N. C., and later attended the University of North Carolina where he graduated in 1825. Deciding to study medicine he became a student at the Jefferson college of medicine, in Philadelphia, completing the course creditably in 1826. Upon the removal of his family to Alabama in 1833 he came with them and owning large possessions of land, turned his attention to planting cotton and stock raising on a large scale. He was an Episcopalian, St. Wilfrid's church in Marion being built largely through his donations to the work. He contributed liberally to Howard and Judson colleges after their founding at Marion. Married: September 4, 1827, in Louisburg, N. C., to Mary, daughter of Joshua and Mary (Boddie)

Perry, natives of that place. She died March 12, 1896, in Marion at her old colonial home just outside of the town. Children: 1. Mary Indiana, m. Robert T. Jones, C. S. Army, killed at Seven Pines, May 30, 1862; 2. Henry Green, unmarried; 3. Joseph James, born November, 1831, at Raleigh, N. C., died at Marion, October 5, 1878, educated in common schools and at the University of North Carolina, removed with his parents to Alabama where he began planting at Marion, captain, Co. I, 51st Alabama cavalry regiment, lost leg at Farmington, Tennessee campaign, Democrat, and a representative from Perry County, 1866, Episcopalian, married his cousin Ann Eliza, daughter of William and Eliza (Keenon) Seawell, two children; 4. Nancy Perry, died in infancy; 5. Frances Rush, m. William Augustus Jones of Greenville, S. C.; 6. Leonard Henderson, jr., m. Eliza Foster and their son, Foster Seawell, resides in Birmingham; 7. Martha Macon, born January 2, 1840, m. Samuel Wilson McKerral (q. v.); 8. Charles Hinton, planter, register in chancery of Perry county, born at Marion, March 18, 1844, educated at Summerfield academy, and subsequently at St. James college, Md., entered the C. S. Army in 1861, and soon joined the 8th Alabama infantry regiment, was promoted first lieutenant and captain, engaged in farming until 1881, when he was elected register in chancery, an Episcopalian, married in Mobile, in 1886, Miss Ravasies; 8. Margaret, born February 4, 1847, unmarried; 9. Richard Bullock, planter, student University of Alabama, 1864-1865, married Mary Perry. Last residence: Marion.

SEAY, ALEXANDER GILLESPIE, teacher and lawyer, was born March 21, 1869, on Big Creek, Coffee County; son of William James and Jane Adeline (Knowles) Seay, the former who was a native of Georgia, lived in Brundidge the greater part of his life, but spent three or four years on Big Creek, Coffee County, and served throughout the War of Secession, as private; grandson of Robert and Rebecca Knowles, who lived at Hilliard's Cross Roads, Pike County. He received his early education in the schools at Brundidge, and later attended the University of Alabama, where he was graduated with the degree of A. B., in 1895, and as captain of Co. B, of the university cadets. He was principal of a school at Clinton, 1895-96; professor of mathematics and English, at the Hargrove college, Ardmore, Indian Territory, 1896-97; principal of a school at Trinity, Tex., 1897-98; first assistant of the Fourth District agricultural school, Sylacauga, 1898 to February, 1899; president of the same school February, 1899-1902; and was principal of a school at Blakely, Ga., 1902-03. He was cashier of the First National Bank, Brundidge, 1904-08, and in August, 1908, began the practice of law. He was mayor of Brundidge, 1908-09; was elected city attorney in 1909; was chairman of the board of education of Brundidge, from October, 1908 to March, 1909; and was elected solicitor for Pike County, January 1, 1911. He is a Democrat, and was appointed chairman of the Pike County Democratic executive committee, in 1912, and was a delegate to the State

convention in 1910, and 1912. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, of which he has been steward, and a Knight of Pythias. Married: December 24, 1900, to Mary Alice Riddle, who lived at Choccolocco. Residence: Troy.

SEAY, FRANK, Methodist minister and teacher, was born December 17, 1881, at New Orleans, La.; and died February 14, 1920, at Dallas, Tex.; son of Thomas and Clara (De Lesdernier) Seay (q. v.). He received his elementary and preparatory education in the public schools of Montgomery and the preparatory department of the Southern university, graduating from that institution with the A. M. degree in 1899. He attended Vanderbilt university, 1900-02, receiving the D. D. degree; Harvard university, 1902-03; University of Chicago, taking the summer course two years. In 1906 he attended the universities of Halle and Berlin, Germany, and Oxford, England. He joined the Alabama conference, December, 1903, and served pastorates in Montgomery, Mobile and Uniontown, and was transferred to the Texas conference in 1909 where he became a member of the faculty in the Southwestern university, Georgetown, Tex. In 1915 he was elected to the faculty of the Southern Methodist university, Dallas, Tex., where he taught New Testament, Greek and interpretation. He was a member of the board of education of the Texas conference. He was a member of Troop A, Alabama national guard, 1905. He was a Democrat; Mason; Odd Fellow; Red Man. Author: "Gist of the Old Testament," 1905, "The Story of the Old Testament," 1912; "An outline for the study of Old Testament history," written at the request of the College of bishops of the M. E. church, South, for conference course of study for young ministers, 1917; also many published addresses on commencement, historical and religious topics. Married: October 27, 1908, at Selma, to Clara daughter of Darby M. and Hibernia (Hooker) Callaway of that place; granddaughter of Christopher Columbus and Zerilda Emerine (Denton) Callaway, a member of the Alabama Methodist conference and under whose leadership the money was raised for the establishment of the Southern university, Greensboro, and of Dr. and Lockey (Rice) Hooper, the former a native of Ipswich, England, who lived in Pickens County, the latter the daughter of an Autauga County planter; great-granddaughter of Gad Callaway and wife, a Miss Loggins, the former a native of Lincoln County, Tenn., and of John Francis and M. Elizabeth (Davis) Denton who lived near Plantersville, Talladega County; great-great-granddaughter of Francis Callaway, and of Jacob Denton, a preacher; great-great-great-great granddaughter of Francis Callaway, a Revolutionary soldier, in the Virginia troops. Children: 1. Hibernia; 2. De Lesdernier. Last residence: Dallas, Texas.

SEAY, THOMAS, lawyer, twenty-seventh governor of Alabama, was born November 20, 1846, near Erie, Hale County, in what was at that time a part of Greene County, and died March 30, 1896, in Greensboro, Hale County; son of



W. W. STRINGFELLOW

Reuben and Ann Green (McGee) Seay, the former who was a native of Georgia, a planter, who moved to Alabama about the time it was admitted into the Union, settled near old Erie on the Warrior River and purchased a plantation, and was a descendent of the family of that name who came to Virginia in the early colonial days, and settled in Hanover and Amelia Counties where some of their descendents still live, while others soon afterwards removed to Georgia; grandson of Julius and Susan (Howard) Seay, who lived in Georgia, and of Frank and Annie (McAlpine) McGee, who lived at old Greene County, the former who was of Irish ancestry, and came to Alabama while it was still a territory; great-grandson of a McAlpine of Scotch descent, who married Mary Moore, the latter who was a daughter of Anne Greene, of the family of Gen. Nathaniel Greene. His early life was spent on his father's plantation, where he attended the country schools until he was about twelve years of age. At that time his father went to Greensboro, and there he received his preparatory education. He entered the Southern university, of which at that time, Bishop W. S. Wightman was president, but his studies were interrupted by the outbreak of the War of Secession, and in 1863, at the age of seventeen years, he enlisted in the C. S. Army as private and went with his company and regiment to Mobile. He was captured at Spanish Fort and at Blakely, and was imprisoned on Ship Island. After the war he again entered the Southern university to complete his course of study, and was graduated A. M., in 1867. After completing his collegiate course, he read law in the office of Judge A. A. Coleman at Greensboro, and in 1869, was admitted to the supreme court of Alabama. He immediately began practice as junior member of the firm of Coleman & Seay, and continued in his profession until 1885. He also engaged in planting. In 1876, he was elected on the Democratic ticket, to represent Hale County as a separate senatorial district, in the Alabama senate; and twice re-elected, and in 1884, was elected president of that body. He was elected governor in 1886, and was again elected in 1888. He was the friend and champion of the negro's rights and education, and it was said of him by Booker T. Washington that he was the best friend the negro race ever had. In 1890, at the close of his second gubernatorial term, Gov. Seay was a candidate for the U. S. senate, but was defeated by the Hon. James M. Pugh. He was a delegate to the Democratic National Convention, in 1880; in 1884, was chairman of the convention which nominated Gen. Hancock for the presidency; and was at one time vice-president of the National Prison Association. Married: (1) July 12, 1865, to Ellen Smaw, a native of Greene, now Hale County, who died February 15, 1879, daughter of Isaiah Buxton and Jane Tignee (McAlpine) Smaw; granddaughter of Col. Alexander and Annie McAlpine and of William and Elinor (Rourk) Smaw, who moved to Alabama from North Carolina in 1837, and settled in Perry County; (2) on March 22, 1881, to Clara De Lesdernier, daughter of Francis and Charlotte

(Foster) De Lesdernier, who lived at New Orleans, La. Children, by first marriage: 1. Fannie, m. Dr. David Castleman, child, Evelyn; 2. Reuben, m. Lucy Mason, of Marion, four children; by second marriage: 3. Frank; 4. Amy, m. L. J. Lawson, jr., Greensboro, three children; 5. Annie, deceased; 6. Howard, m. Elise Jones of Selma, Montgomery. Last residence: Greensboro.

SEDBERRY, GEORGE FLETCHER, examiner of accounts, was born December 3, 1842, at Wetumpka, Elmore County; son of S. H. and Anna Jane (Fletcher) Sedberry, the former who was of Elmore County. George F. Sedberry received his education in the common schools, and from early youth until 1888 engaged in the mercantile business. After that time he gave his attention to public office; was clerk in the probate judge's office at Wetumpka, 1888-1892; in 1892 served as clerk for a time in the office of state superintendent of education, was sheriff of Elmore County, 1893-1896; and was deputy clerk of the circuit court, 1898-1900. In 1900 he was appointed assistant examiner of public accounts. He volunteered in the Wetumpka Light Guards, Second regiment of Alabama state troops in 1861; was sent to Pensacola; on the return home of that company his company became a part of the Third Alabama regiment infantry, C. S. A.; participated in battle of Seven Pines, and saw active service with Lee's army until the surrender, April 9, 1865; and he was captured at the battle of Cedar Creek. He is a Baptist and a Democrat. Married: December 31, 1868, to Carrie E. Thomas. Last residence: Wetumpka.

SEED, WALTER DUDLEY, Sr., business man, lieutenant governor, was born June 26, 1864, at Tuscaloosa; son of Charles Clinton and Mattie Cordet (White) Seed, the former who was a native of Weimar, grand duchy of Saxe-Weimar, emigrated to America with his parents when six months of age, resided in Michigan and Tennessee until about 1861 when he removed to Tuscaloosa and engaged in the manufacture of cloth. In 1865 his factory was burned by federal soldiers, was a cotton merchant, and never held any official position other than alderman of the city of Tuscaloosa; grandson of Carl and Adelgunda (Neesen) Seed, the former who inherited the office of doctor de Rechte, or judge, but who later emigrated to America, the latter whose father was mayor of Köhn, Cologne, and of Charles and Mary (Jenkins) White who lived at Camden, Ark. The White family is of Irish stock, John White having come from that country and settling in South Carolina, three miles from Chester on lands now in possession of the family in the seventh generation, members of which families served in the Revolutionary War. Walter D. Seed received his education in the schools of Tuscaloosa, and later entered the University of Alabama, from which he was graduated A. B., in 1883; was one of the editors of the University Monthly; and was lieutenant quartermaster in the corps of cadets. He later entered into the business world; in 1898 was a strong factor in defeat-

ing the populist party in Tuscaloosa County; was treasurer of that county from 1896-1900; in 1906 was nominated as state treasurer over Charles A. Allen; in 1910 was elected lieutenant governor. He is a Democrat; a member of the Methodist church, having been for nearly fifteen years a member of the board of stewards, and for nearly the same length of time a teacher in the Sunday school; a Mason; Knight Templar; Woodmen of the World; Knight of Pythias; and the Mystic Circle. Married: on September 21, 1887, in Foster's settlement, to Ellen E. Foster, daughter of J. Luther and Rebecca (Thornton) Foster, the former whose family located in Tuscaloosa at an early day. Children: Walter D., jr. Residence: Tuscaloosa.

SEELYE, SAMUEL DIBBLE, physician, was born March 14, 1829, in Bethel, Conn., son of Frederick and Polly M. (Dibble) Seelye, natives of Connecticut, the former who resided for many years in New York City. He is of Welsh descent, his ancestors having come to this country, in 1665, and the Seelye family have received much literary distinction in England. He attended the schools of Bethel, and Danbury academy, and after completing his academic education, engaged in the mercantile business in New York City and Vicksburg, Va., until 1853. During the latter year, he entered the Medical college of New York, and was graduated from there in 1855. For the next four years he practiced in New York City, and in 1859, came to Montgomery, where he resumed his practice, and in 1869, formed a partnership with Dr. E. A. Semple, which partnership continued until the latter's death in 1871, after which time Dr. Seelye practiced alone. He was a member of the Montgomery Medical society since its organization after the war; was twice its president; was a member of its board of censors, which is also the committee of public health, and of the board of medical examiners of the county, since 1873, when it received its charter as a constituent member of the medical association of the state. In 1868, he became a member of the Medical Association of Alabama, and continued on the roll of permanent members until, 1871; in 1874, delivered the oration at the Selma session; in 1876, was elected counselor of the association, which position he held for many years; was a member of the state board of censors, the state board of medical examiners, and the state board of health since 1877; and in 1886, was made president of that association. He was vice-president of the American Medical association, in 1875 or 1876. He was the author of many medical papers, among the principal papers being: "Arterial Embolism and Heart Clot," "Cell Life, the Basis of All Force Both Physical and Mental," "Drainage and Underdrainage in their Sanitary and Economic Aspects," and the "Sewage of Cities." He has been a member of the First Presbyterian church for many years, and has served as deacon. Married: in November, 1885, to Amelia J. Bigelow, daughter of William and Elizabeth Bigelow of New York City. Children: daughter, d. in childhood. Residence: Montgomery.

SEIBELS, ANNIE (GOLDTHWAITE), patriotic worker, daughter of Judge George Goldthwaite (q. v.). She was one of the pioneer workers in the Ladies Confederate memorial association of Montgomery. Married: Maj. Emmet Seibels (q. v.). Last residence: Montgomery.

SEIBELS, EMMET, lawyer and colonel, 7th South Carolina volunteers, C. S. Army, was born October 3, 1821, at Columbia, S. C., and died December 19, 1899, in Montgomery; son of John Temple and Ann Bonner (Smith) Seibels, the former a native of Charleston, but later a resident of Columbia, the latter, born in Virginia; grandson of John Jacob and Sarah (Temple) Seibels, of Columbia, S. C. He received both his academic and professional education at the South Carolina college, Columbia. He graduated in 1844, and located in his native city, where he built up a lucrative practice. At the outbreak of the War of Secession he assisted in raising troops, and organizing the 7th Carolina regiment of volunteers, C. S. Army, of which he was elected major. Upon the resignation of the two ranking officers of the command, he was elected to the colonelcy, 1862, and took part in the battles at Manassas, Yorktown, Trevillians, Cold Harbor, Gaines Mills, and other fights. He came to Montgomery after the close of hostilities and practiced his profession. During President Cleveland's administration he was appointed special land agent. He was a Democrat and Episcopalian. Married: Annie, daughter of George and Olivia Price (Wallach) Goldthwaite (q. v.). Children: 1. Annie Laurie; 2. George Goldthwaite, captain, paymaster in the U. S. Navy, m. Aileen Pettit; 3. William Temple, lawyer, legislator and solicitor for Montgomery County, m. Florence Dawson; 4. Robert Emmet, vice president, Fourth national bank, m. Fanny Marks, Montgomery; 5. Henry Goldthwaite, fire insurance business, m. Esther Kelly. Last residence: Montgomery.

SELHEIMER, HENRY CLAY, lawyer, and special council for the State in 1907, was born September 3, 1858, at Lewistown, Mifflin County, Pa., and died February 29, 1920, in California; son of John Beale and Eliza (Mathews) Selheimer, the former a native of Mifflin County, Pa., who lived at Lewistown, served as a colonel in the U. S. Army, War of Secession, and as a member of the Pennsylvania state senate, 1885-1889; grandson of William B. and Eleanor (Beale) Selheimer, of Mifflin County, Pa., and of Joseph and Rebecca (Brotherline) Mathews, of Lewistown, Pa.; great-great-grandson of Nicholas Selheimer, who came to America from Germany in 1760, and participated with the Pennsylvania troops throughout the Revolutionary War. Thomas Beale, the American ancestor of the Beale family, came from England with William Penn in 1682, and, as a surveyor, assisted in laying out the city of Philadelphia. The Mathews ancestors came from Edinburgh, Scotland, in 1735, and the Brotherlines came from England about the same time. Mr. Selheimer was edu-

cated in the public schools of Lewistown, Pa., at Lewistown academy, and was graduated from Princeton university, B. A., 1881. He read law in the office of Rufus E. Shapley, at Philadelphia, Pa.; was admitted to the bar at Philadelphia, 1884; and began to practice law in Birmingham in May, 1885. In September, 1899, he became associated with Judge James J. Banks in the practice of law, and represented Jefferson County in the constitutional convention of 1901. He was special counsel for the state in the railroad rate litigation cases which arose during the administration of Gov. Comer, 1907. His last public service was that of Federal umpire for the Alabama coal field under the fuel administration of the U. S. government. He was a Democrat. Last residence: Birmingham.

SELLERS, ANGUS LA FAYETTE, Methodist minister, was born December 28, 1854, near Pine Level, Montgomery County, son of Calvin King and Elizabeth (Talbot) Sellers, the former who was born in Brunswick County, N. C., and came with his parents to Alabama in early life; grandson of William and Ellender (Edwards) Sellers, the former who was a native of North Carolina, who later moved to Alabama, and of Edmund Talbot who lived at Orion, Pike County; great-grandson of Mathew Sellers. His early life was spent in Butler County, not a great way from what is now known as Vanpelt, where he attended school, and in the winter of 1869-70, he moved with his parents to the western part of the county near Bear's store. During a part of 1859-69, he lived in the city of Greenville. When he was about twenty years of age, he went to Georgiana where he attended school for a few months and then removed to China Grove, Pike County. He secured a school at Scotland, Bullock, now Monroe County, and while there was licensed to preach by the quarterly conference of the Perote charge, at the Wilkie Springs camp meeting. In the same year, 1877, he preached his first sermon at Inverness, Bullock County, and in December, 1872, was received into the Alabama Conference on trial, and was appointed to Monroeville, where he remained for one year. He was then appointed to the Geneva circuit, and served this charge from 1880-82. During the next four years, from 1883-86, he served the Eclo charge; in 1887-88, the Eufaula circuit; during 1889-91, the Ozark charge; during 1892, the Wetumpka charge; in 1893, Perote; in 1894-95, the Midway charge; in 1896-97, the Luverne charge; in 1898-99, Forest Home; in 1900, Lapine; in 1901, Andalusia; in 1902-03, Havana charge; in 1904-05, Gainesville charge; in 1906, Fort Deposit; and from 1907-10, Luverne charge. On December 15, 1892, he received the degree of Master of Ancient Literature, from Kimberlin Heights, Tenn., and on July 30, 1904, received the same degree from Christian College, Oskaloosa, Iowa. He served as missionary evangelist, 1911-12, and in 1913, was appointed presiding elder of the Thomasville District. He is at present pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church at Hartford. He is a Royal Arch Mason, an Odd Fellow, and a Knight of Pythias. Married: on

November 21, 1878, in Bullock County, near Inverness, to Mattie Louise Cameron, daughter of Archibald and Louisa Cameron, who lived near Inverness, the former who was of Scotch ancestry. Children: 1. Calvin Cameron, b. October 18, 1880, m. Nettie Abernethy, Montgomery; 2. Olin Herbert, b. March 5, 1883, m. Emma Bennett, daughter of Dr. Bennett of Opelika, College Station, Tex.; 3. Walter Monroe, b. March 23, 1885, Auburn; 4. Angus Mason, b. April 9, 1890; 5. Hubert, d. in infancy; 6. Clarence, d. in infancy. Residence: Hartford.

SELLERS, JOHN A., business man. Residence: Montgomery.

SEMMES, OLIVER JOHN, lawyer, jurist, legislator, and Confederate soldier, was born August 29, 1839, at Norfolk, Va., and died in January, 1918, in Mobile; son of Admiral Raphael and Anne E. (Spencer) Semmes (q. v.). He was educated at Spring Hill college, near Mobile, and in 1858 was appointed to the U. S. military academy, West Point, N. Y., where he was a cadet until January, 1861, when upon the secession of Alabama, he returned to Mobile to fight for the South. He was appointed second lieutenant by President Davis and was assigned to duty at Fort Morgan, as instructor of volunteers. In April, 1861, he was assigned to command the only artillery company then in the regular army of the Confederate States, which afterwards was known as Semmes' battery, being stationed at New Orleans until the fall of that city, August, 1862, and having participated in the battle at Baton Rouge. Following this event he was stationed at Port Hudson having been transferred with his battery to Gen. Richard Taylor's command in western Louisiana, and was engaged in several artillery fights with Federal gunboats under Admiral Farragut. He was placed in command of the Confederate gunboat, "Diana," and participated in the battle of Camp Bisland in Bayou Teche, April 13, 1863. Being ordered to cover the retreat of General Taylor, he performed that duty until abandoned without support, he was compelled to burn the boat and surrender, at Franklin. The Confederate military history, vol. 7, page 794-95, says: "He was sent to Fortress Monroe as a prisoner of war, and put on board a transport to be taken to Fort Delaware, with ninety-one other officers. In Hampton Roads they seized the boat, put into shore and landed on the coast of southeast Virginia, whence they made their way through the Dismal Swamp, after twenty-one days, to Richmond. When the party of officers landed, Captain Semmes was selected as commander, under a regular company organization, and his good judgment doubtless contributed to the success of their escape." Was promoted to major upon rejoining his artillery, and given command of six six-gun batteries, attached to Moulton's division. He participated in the battle of Mansfield, where the Confederates won a great victory; was chief of artillery, cavalry division, Pleasant Hill, and was conspicuous for his leadership in the battles attending the Federal retreat, notably Mansura and Yellow Bayou.

He was later attached to the staff of General Taylor, as chief of artillery. After the surrender he located in Mobile, where he read law, being admitted to the bar in 1866. He served in the Alabama legislature during 1870, and in 1874 was elected judge of the city court, a position he held until his death, a period of forty-four years. He was a member of the Manassas club of Mobile; a Democrat; and an Episcopalian. Married: in 1874, to Mrs. Amante Hamlin, daughter of Dr. E. P. Gaines (q. v.). Children: 1. Raphael, physician, deceased, married, Camden; 2. Oliver John, jr.; vice president and manager of the Export fuel and ice company, Pensacola, Fla., graduate of the Alabama polytechnic institute, with the degree of B. S., 1897; 3. Amante, m. Percy Finley, Memphis, Tenn. Last residence: Mobile.

SEMMES, RAPHAEL, lawyer and admiral, Confederate States Navy, was born September 27, 1809, in Charles County, Md., and died August 30, 1877, at Mobile; son of Richard Thompson and Catherine Taliaferro (Middleton) Semmes; grandson of Joseph and Henrietta (Thompson) Semmes, and of Samuel Middleton and wife, who was Mrs. Catherine Taliaferro (Hooe) Winter, widow of William Winter of Effton Hills, Charles County, Md.; great-grandson of Richard and Annie (Ireland) Hooe, of Maryland, and of Richard and Henrietta (Jenkins nee Boarman) Thompson, of Charles County, Md.; great-great-grandson of Rice and Catherine (Taliaferro) Hooe, of Thomas and Jane (Tant) Thompson, of Charles County, Md., of John Baptist and Elizabeth (Edelen) Boarman, of Charles County, Md., and of James and Mary (Simpson) Semmes, of Charles County, Md.; great-great-great-grandson of Rice Hooe, and wife, Lady Frances Townsend, widow Dade, of William and Victoria (Matthews) Thompson, of St. Mary's of Charles County, Md., of Richard and Anne Maria (Neale) Edelen, of Charles County, Md., of John and Margaret Tant, of St. Mary's County, Md., of Maj. William and Mary (Jarboe) Boarman, the former the founder of the family who came to America in 1645, locating in Maryland, captain of St. Mary's County militia, 1661-76, presiding justice, 1678, member house of burgesses, 1671-75, and high sheriff, 1678-79, of Andrew and Elizabeth (Green) Simpson, and of James and Mary (Anderson nee Goodrick) of Charles County, Md.; great-great-great-great-grandson of Rhuys, or Rice, and Jane (Seymour or St. Maur) Hooe, both natives of England, emigrated to Virginia in 1635, was Burgess for Shirley Hundred Island, in 1642, and for Charles City County, in 1644, 1645, and 1646, and who received many grants of valuable land, of William and Mary (Bretton) Thompson, of St. Mary's County, Md., of Dr. Thomas and Jane (Cockshutt) Matthews, of Charles County, Md., the former an immigrant to Maryland in 1638, of Lieut.-Col. John and Mary (Tettershall) Jarboe, the former a native of Dijon, France, who came to Maryland about 1657, justice of St. Mary's County, 1663-65, member house of burgesses, 1674, and commissioned lieutenant, March 15, 1658, of Raphael Neale, of Richard and Mary Edelen,

immigrants to Maryland in 1664, of Marmaduke Semmes, and wife who was Mrs. Fortune Medford, widow of Bulwer Medford, the former the progenitor of the Semmes family in Maryland, date and place from which he came unknown, who married in Maryland, of Robert Goodrick, of Maryland, and of Robert and Mary Green; great-great-great-great-grandson of William and Anne Thompson, immigrants to America in 1646, of William and Mary (Nabbs) Bretton, of St. Mary's County, Md., of John Cockshutt, immigrant to Maryland, of Gov. Thomas and Winifred (Seybourne or Seyborn) Green, the former the second proprietary governor of Maryland who came to that state from England in 1633; great-great-great-great-great-grandson of Thomas Nabbs. Raphael Semmes received an academic education and in 1826 was appointed a midshipman by President J. Q. Adams. In 1832 he passed an examination after having studied naval tactics at Norfolk, Va. He studied law under his brother at Cumberland, Md., while on furlough, and was admitted to the bar in 1834. He was commissioned a lieutenant in 1837, after having served as second master and later as acting lieutenant of a frigate. In 1842, he became a citizen of Alabama, removing his family to a home on the west bank of the Perdido River, and in 1849 locating in Mobile. He was first lieutenant of the brig "Porpoise" at the outbreak of the war with Mexico but was transferred later to the "Cumberland" and subsequently to the "Raritan." He was in command of the battery of heavy guns sent ashore from the "Raritan" at the battle of Vera Cruz. Afterwards he was placed in command of the "Somers" and was blockading Vera Cruz when she capsized and went down in a heavy storm, half of her crew drowning. After the Mexican War he was for several years inspector of lighthouses on the gulf coast. In 1855 he was promoted to the rank of commander and three years later became secretary of the lighthouse board at Washington. He resigned his commission at the outbreak of the War of Secession and was recommissioned with the same rank by the Confederate government. He was immediately sent to New York to purchase materials for the navy, remaining in that city until the latter part of March, 1861, when he returned south and was placed in charge of the lighthouse bureau. After the combat at Fort Sumter he sought service in the navy, was ordered to New Orleans and there equipped and fitted up a five hundred ton merchantman called the "Sumter." With this little vessel he passed through the West Indies, cruised along the coast of South America, captured seventeen merchantmen, crossed the ocean, and landed at Gibraltar where he was blockaded. Selling the "Sumter," he went to England, thence to the Azores where he was promoted to a captaincy, returned to England, and was ordered to the command of the "Alabama," which had been built for the Confederacy at Liverpool, and had been fitted out at the Azores. In August, 1862, he began his second famous cruise, spending some time in the vicinity of the Azores where he made depredation upon the whaling fleet of the enemy. He then

moved up to within two hundred miles of New York City, remaining there and effecting captures for several days, passing from there to the West Indies and then to Texas. On the night of January 11, 1863, he fought and sank the federal steamer "Hatteras." He then skirted the coast of South America, crossed to the Cape of Good Hope, thence across the Indian Ocean to the southeast coast of Asia, returned to the Cape of Good Hope, and finally dropped anchor at Cherbourg, France, where he was blockaded by the federal steamer "Kearsarge." He challenged the enemy, June 19, 1864, the battle lasting over an hour and ending by the sinking of the "Alabama" just after she had struck her color. The Alabama fired three hundred and seventy shots, of which only twenty-eight struck as the "Kearsarge" was protected by her armor. The "Kearsarge" fired one hundred and seventy-three shots of which nearly all took effect. Twenty minutes after her surrender, the "Alabama" sank, nine of her crew were killed, ten were drowned, and twenty-one wounded. Semmes and forty officers and men, who went down with the boat, were picked up by the English yacht "Deerhound" owned by John Lancaster, who had been a spectator of the battle. The men were taken safely to England, the English government refusing to turn them over to the enemy, and Captain Semmes was presented with a handsome sword by a number of British officers to replace the one that he had thrown into the sea at the end of the battle. He sailed from England, October 3, 1864, reaching Richmond, by way of Matamoras, January 16, 1865. In February, 1865, he was commissioned a rear-admiral and assigned to the Confederate fleet on the James River. When Richmond was evacuated, he blew up his ships which consisted of three iron clad and five wooden steamers, and repaired to Danville, Va., where his four hundred men were organized into a brigade and assigned to Gen. J. E. Johnston's army. He returned to Mobile after the surrender at Greensboro, N. C., and opened a law office. In December, 1865, he was arrested and confined in the marine barracks at Washington for four months, and was then released by the president's proclamation. Several weeks after his release, he was elected judge of the probate court of Mobile, but was notified by the war department that he would not be permitted to hold the office. He again took up the practice of law, was editor of a Mobile newspaper for a short while, became a professor in the Louisiana military institute, edited a daily journal of Memphis, Tenn., finally returning to the practice of law in Mobile. Author: "Service afloat and ashore;" "Campaign of General Scott in the Valley of Mexico;" "Memoirs of service afloat during the war between the states," 1869. Married: May 5, 1837, to Annie Elizabeth, daughter of Oliver Marlborough and Electra (Oliver) Spencer, of Cincinnati, Ohio, granddaughter of Col. Oliver and Anne (Ogden) Spencer. Children: 1. Samuel Spencer, deceased, m. (1) his distant cousin, Pauline Semmes, (2) Frances Harding Morris; 2. Oliver John (q. v.); 3. Electra Louise, m. Pendleton Colston, of Mobile; 4. Catherine Middleton, m.

Luke Edward Wright, of Memphis, Tenn., ex-governor of Philippine Islands and ex-secretary of war, under President Roosevelt; 5. Ann Elizabeth, m. Charles Bailey Bryan, of Memphis, Tenn.; 6. Raphael, m. Marion Adams, of Clarksville, Tenn. Last residence: Mobile.

SEMPLE, HENRY CHURCHILL, lawyer and major, C. S. Army, was born January 14, 1822, at Williamsburgh, Va., and died February 13, 1894, in Montgomery; son of Judge James and Joanna (McKenzie) Semple, the former a lawyer, who served in the Virginia legislature, was judge of the general court, and professor of law in William and Mary college, from 1819 until his death in 1831; grandson of Rev. James and Rebecca (Allen) Semple, the former a native of Long Dreghorn, Ayrshire, Scotland, who came to Virginia in 1755 and was minister of St. Peter's Parish, New Kent County, the latter of New Kent County; great-grandson of Rev. James and Margaret (Gemmil) Semple, of Long Dreghorn, Ayrshire, Scotland, the former descended from the younger branch of the Lords Semple through Gabriel Semple of Cathcart. The first Lord Semple was knighted by Robert Bruce after the battle of Bannockburn. From that date on the Lords of Semple were the sword bearers to the King of Scotland, high stewards of Rendrew and Ayrshire, down to the days of Queen Mary Stuart, when Marie Semple, was one of the six Maries, ladies in waiting to her majesty. Major Semple received the A. B. and L. B. degrees from William and Mary college, 1841, and the degree of L. B. from Harvard university in 1845. He began the practice of his profession in Montgomery as a member of the firm of Goldthwaite, Rice and Semple, and later Brickell, Semple and Gunter. At the outbreak of the War of Secession he served as an aide-de-camp on the staff of General Bragg and after about a year's duty in that service he was made captain of an artillery battery that was organized in Montgomery in March, 1862, and was known as Semple's battery. During the Kentucky campaign, including the battle of Perryville, the Tullahoma campaign, and the battle of Murfreesboro, he commanded the battery. He acted as chief of artillery of Cleburne's division at the battle of Chickamauga, and was praised for conspicuous gallantry and efficiency on the field and his battery was also highly praised. In 1864 he was promoted to major and transferred to Mobile to assist in Gulf defense. On May 12, 1865, he surrendered with Gen. Richard Taylor's army. After the war he returned to Montgomery and resumed the practice of law. He was a Democrat and a Roman Catholic. Married: November 22, 1848, to Emily Virginia, daughter of Lorenzo and Eliza (Scott) James (q. v.). Children: 1. Emily Virginia, deceased; 2. James McKenzie, deceased; m. Aimée Coudert; 3. Henry Churchill, Jesuit priest, moderator of theological conferences of New Orleans; 4. Alfred Scott, deceased; 5. Mary Countiss, superioress, Visitation monastery, City of Mexico; 6. Thomas Darrington, deceased, m. Rosa Gunter, daughter of Col. William A. Gunter; 7. William Armistead, deceased; 8. Lorenzo Elliott, lawyer, of the firm Coudert brothers, New York City; 9. Irene; 10. Eliza Coleman,

deceased; 11. Margaret Harris, deceased; 12. Emily. Last residence: Montgomery.

SEMPLE, IRENE (WHITE), patriotic worker, was born in Tuscaloosa and died in 1875; daughter of Joel and Sarah (Hopkins) White, the latter a native of Halifax, Nova Scotia, the former a native of Rutland, Vt., who removed to New York City, in 1831 located in Tuscaloosa, and in 1847 removed to Montgomery where he continued his famous book store; granddaughter of Steven and Bettle (Mayhew) Hopkins, of Nova Scotia, Halifax. Mrs. Semple was one of the most prominent and energetic workers of the Ladies' memorial association. Married: Dr. Edward A. Semple, surgeon, 3rd Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army. Residence: Montgomery.

SENN, CHARLES A., lawyer, judge of the city court of Birmingham, was born November 17, 1858, at Graniteville, Aiken, formerly Edgefield, County, S. C., and died October 18, 1912, at Birmingham; son of Thomas John and Nancy Elizabeth (Marchant) Senn, both natives of South Carolina, the former who was born near Columbia, Richland County; grandson of Rufus Henry and Nancy (Clark) Senn, who lived in Lexington County, S. C., the former who came to this country from Germany, and of Wesley and Mary (Hooke) Marchant, who lived near Charleston, S. C. His early education was received at Graniteville, S. C., and later at Charlotte, N. C., where he attended a school for boys. During the years, 1879-1880, he attended Furman university, and was school commissioner for Aiken County, S. C., from 1880-83. He read law in the office of Judge William T. Gary, of Augusta, Ga., in 1881, and in 1882, entered Georgetown university, Washington, D. C., where he took a two years' course in one year, and was graduated in 1883, LL. B. In the fall of the same year he went to Portland, Ore., where he first practiced law, but early in the year of 1884, returned to Alabama, and settled in Birmingham, where he formed a partnership with B. M. Allen, and later with William Bethea. In 1887, he was register in chancery and held that office until he became associate judge of the city court. At the time of his death he was senior judge of the city court. In 1880-82, he was an officer in the Palmetto rifles, a local military organization of Aiken, S. C. He was a Democrat, and at one time was chairman of the county Democratic executive committee, was a Baptist; a Mason; a Knight of Pythias; and a member of Kappa Alpha fraternity. Married: On June 21, 1887, at Memphis, Tenn., to Mary Belle Watts, daughter of William Courtney and Nannie (Ferguson) Watts who lived in Kentucky, the former who was a banker and commission merchant, and had resided in New Orleans, La., New York City, and England. Children: 1. Clara Belle, Birmingham; 2. Thomas Courtney, m. Mayme Kay Duglin, Birmingham; 3. Rosser, deceased; 4. Robert Ferguson, deceased. Last residence: Birmingham.

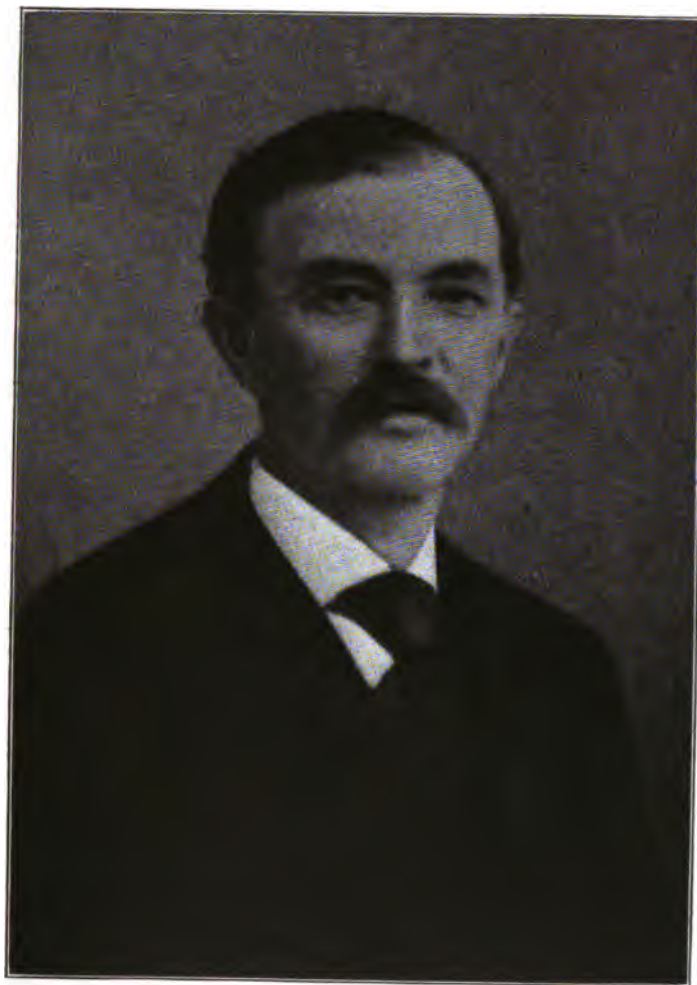
SENTELL, JAMES OSCAR, lawyer, member of the constitutional convention of 1901, was born March 4, 1863, at Mt. Hilliard, Bullock County; son of John Troup and Martha Fletcher (Willbanks) Sentell, the former who was born in Fulton County, Ga., removed to Alabama before the War of Secession, settled in Pike County, later removed to Ramer, Montgomery County, to Rutledge, Crenshaw County, in 1880 and finally to Andalusia, Covington County, was superintendent of education in Crenshaw County for eight years. He received his early education in the common schools at Ramer, Montgomery County, and later attended the Florence normal school, at Florence, and the Southern university at Greensboro. He taught school from 1883-88, was in the mercantile business from 1889-92, studied law, and was admitted to the practice at Luverne, in 1892. Was elected first mayor of Luverne, in 1889, was re-elected July 1, 1892, and in 1897, was again elected. He had previously surveyed and laid out the town site. From 1896-98, he was chairman of the Democratic executive committee of Crenshaw County. He was a member of the legislature from Crenshaw, 1900-01, and was a member of the constitutional convention of 1901. He is a Democrat; Methodist; Knight of Pythias; and Red Man. Married: August 26, 1884, to Fannie Washington Cody, daughter of Francis M. Cody of Rutledge, who was for nineteen years clerk of the circuit court of Crenshaw County, at Rutledge, and later removed to Luverne. Children: 1. Ellie Verne; 2. James Leland; 3. Mildred Mary. Residence: Luverne.

SEQUOYA, or GEORGE GUESS, inventor of the Cherokee alphabet. See Indian chiefs and associated characters.

SERGEANT, TEMPLE, member Alabama legislature, was born December 2, 1781, in Caswell County, N. C., and died in Russellville, Alabama, August 10, 1850. He represented Franklin County in the legislature in 1819, 1820, 1823, 1827, and 1834; was a deacon in the Baptist church for many years. Married: (1) to a daughter of Major Russell, who settled in Russell valley, for whom it was named; (2) to a Miss Lester. Children: 1. Oran; 2. James; 3. Roan, who resides in Caddo, Okla.

SESSION, R. E., educator, superintendent of the city schools of Huntsville, 1913.

SEVIER, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, governor of the state of Franklin, 1784, first governor of Tennessee, 1796, serving three terms, United States commissioner, was born September 23, 1745, in Rockingham County, Va., and died at Fort Decatur, now Milstead, Macon County, September 24, 1815; son of Valentine Xavier, a descendant of a Huguenot family of Navarre, himself born in London, immigrating to America about 1740, settling on the Shenandoah River, Va., removing to Watauga, N. C., marrying Joanna Goade, finally settling on the Nolachucky, at Plum Grove. Governor Sevier died while en-



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gaged in the settlement of the boundary line between Georgia and the Creek Territory in Alabama, and was buried on the east bank of the Tallapoosa River, at the fort, where his remains rested until 1888, when they were removed to Knoxville, in Tennessee. Married: (1) in 1761, to Sarah Hawkins, (2) in 1780, to Catherine, daughter of Samuel Sherrill, of Watauga County, N. C. Children: by first wife, ten; by second wife, eight. Last residence: Tennessee.

SEVIER, LANDERS, railroad official, was born March 4, 1866, at Canton, Madison County, Miss.; son of Thomas and Mary O. (Elliott) Sevier, the former a resident of Mississippi, and an extensive planter; grandson of Charles and Elizabeth (Briscoe) Sevier, the former of whom was born in Greenville, Tenn., removed to Madison County, Miss., where his wife was born, where he married and where he remained until his death; and of William and Elizabeth (Sanders) Elliott, of Tennessee; great-grandson of Valentine and Nancy (Dinwiddie) Sevier, the former of whom was clerk of the court at Greenville, Tenn., for fifty-two years; great-great-grandson of Capt. Robert and Keziah (Robertson) Sevier, the former probably born in 1749, in Rockingham County, Va., accompanied his father to Tennessee in 1772, participated in the battle of King's Mountain and was mortally wounded; great-great-great-grandson of Valentine II, and Joanna (Goode) Sevier, the former ran away from his home in England, came to America, married in Baltimore, and moved from Maryland following the train of emigration to the south, and settled first in Culpeper County, then in Rockingham County, Va., early in the decade between 1740 and 1750, and of Charles Robertson, of Virginia; great-great-great-great-grandson of Valentine and Mary (Smith) Sevier, natives of London, but sprung from French Huguenot stock of a name originally spelled Xavier. Gov. John Sevier, famous as a pioneer and as a commonwealth builder was a son of Valentine and Joanna (Goode) Sevier, of Tennessee. Landers Sevier was educated in the public and private schools of Canton, but did not attend after he was fourteen years of age. At eighteen he entered the railway service; was clerk and cashier, 1896; soliciting freight agent, 1896-98; and general freight agent, May, 1898, to January, 1907, of the Queen and Crescent route, at Birmingham. From January, 1907 to July, 1909, he was president of the Seaboard air line railway, at Norfolk, Va. On the latter date he became general agent of the executive department of the Alabama great southern R. R. co., Mobile and Ohio R. R. co., and the Southern railway, with headquarters at Birmingham. Mr. Sevier has thrown his wonderful energies into the upbuilding of the State, and has been a leader in the development of the railroad and transportation interests. He is a Democrat. Married: March 10, 1887, at Canton, Miss., to Meta, daughter of T. H. and M. J. Weathersby, both of that place. Children: 1. Kirby W., unmarried and resides at Birmingham; 2. Landers, jr., m. Lilla Tynes. Residence: Birmingham.

SEXTON, ALBERT CAMPBELL, business man, was born July 12, 1870, at Chatham Hill, Smyth County, Va., and died at Montgomery; son of Charles McDonald and Emily Bradley (Campbell) Sexton, the former who was a member of Co. D, Fourth Virginia infantry regiment, enlisting April 4, 1861, and served in the army of northern Virginia until the surrender at Appomattox; was superintendent of education, Smyth County, about 1884-5, was registrar of his home precinct from shortly after the war till 1880, justice of peace from 1890-92, postmaster of Valley View, Va., 1880-86, postmaster at Chatham Hill, Va., 1886-1890; grandson of John Gateswood and Sarah (McDonald) Sexton, who lived at Chatham Hill, Va., and of Spottswood M. Campbell. Albert C. Sexton received his education in the common schools of his native county, and was graduated from Marion academy, Smyth County. He came to Alabama in 1894; settled first in Cleburne and afterwards in Cullman County; was appointed chief clerk in the office of secretary of state, October 22, 1900, by Robert P. McDavid, and served in that position until January 19, 1903; re-appointed by J. Thomas Heflin, serving until May 1, 1904; re-appointed by E. R. McDavid, and served until July 16, 1906; appointed deputy insurance commissioner, succeeding H. R. Shorter, resigned; was re-appointed by Frank N. Julian, January 13, 1907; removed to Atlanta, October 1, 1910, and accepted a position with the Southern States Insurance Company; in 1903 was appointed aide-de-camp, with rank of captain on the staff of Brig-Gen. Louis V. Clark, Alabama national guard; and re-appointed to same position in 1907; was elected adjutant of Camp Holtzclaw, United Sons Confederate Veterans, May 20, 1905, and was annually re-elected until his removal to Atlanta when he was appointed adjutant of Alabama Division, United Sons Confederate Veterans, 1905; on May 1, 1906, was appointed general and chief of staff, United Sons Confederate Veterans, by Dr. Thomas M. Owen, the commander-in-chief; and on June 4, 1907, was appointed commander of the Alabama Division. He was a Democrat, a member of the Cullman County executive committee in 1900-01; a member of the Episcopal church; and a Knight of Pythias. He was the author of: 1. the "Alabama Official Directory," 1902-03-05; 2. the Alabama Insurance "Report," 1906; 3. "Preliminary Report" of the insurance department, 1907; "List" of foreign corporations, 1903; and "Semi-Annual Statement," Department of Insurance, 1907. Married: on April 15, 1901, in Birmingham, to Mrs. Catherine Baigrie (Carnduff) Forker, widow of H. G. Forker and daughter of John J. and Euphemia (Baigrie) Carnduff, natives of Scotland, the former who was a minister in the Christian church. Last residence: Montgomery.

SEYMOUR, WILLIAM HENRY, business man, was born December 29, 1867, near Pushmataha, Choctaw County; son of Robert Henry and Leah Ann (Harris) Seymour, the former who was a native of St. Tammany, La., lived in Greene, Choctaw and Sumter Counties,

removing to Alabama when an infant with his parents, prior to the War of Secession; grandson of Henry Merrill and Margaret (Stallworth) Seymour, of Virginia, and of John and Robert and Mary Ann (Miller) Harris, who lived at or near Akron, Greene, now Hale County; great-grandson of William and Lucy (Rose) Seymour, the former was a native of Accomac County, Va., and the latter whose family home was the Castle of Kilrovoek, Scotland. The Harris family came from near Raleigh, N. C., while the Millers and Stallworths were from South Carolina. William H. Seymour obtained his education in the common schools and in the Livingston male academy; attended the University of Alabama, 1884-85; and the United States naval academy, 1885-88. He studied law but never applied for admission to practice; from 1888-1890 was principal of the Livingston male academy; in 1890-92 was chief clerk in the Alabama state department of education; was a member of the house of representatives from Sumter County, 1892-93, and 1898-99; U. S. consul to Palermo, Italy, 1893-98; was formerly the director of the Alabama bureau of cotton statistics, receiving the appointment in April, 1907, and serving until January, 1911. Mr. Seymour was president of the Alabama division of the Southern cotton association, from its organization in 1904, until 1907; was elected first president and organizer of the Mississippi-Alabama lumber exchange. Following his appointment as director of the bureau of cotton statistics, he proposed the plan, readily adopted by the U. S. department of agriculture whereby the federal government, would without cost, allow the Alabama bureau of cotton statistics to use the paid correspondents of the former to collect data for the benefit of the state. From January 18, 1915, to December 20, 1915, he served as pure food and drugs clerk in the department of agriculture and industries. He is a Democrat; a Baptist; a Knight of Pythias; and an Elk. Married: on October 5, 1892, to Mamie Amerine, daughter of Capt. Miles H. and Lena (Lee) Amerine of Montgomery; and granddaughter of Col. Charles Stephen and Mary Elizabeth (Broughton) Lee, of Elba. Children: 1. Henrietta Roberta, b. at Palermo, Italy. Residence: Montgomery.

SHACKELFORD, EDWARD MADISON, educator, president Troy normal college, was born February 1, 1863, at Pintlala, Montgomery County; son of Madison and Sophronia Jane (Ledbetter) Shackelford, the former a native of Pintlala, a farmer, enlisted, March 12, 1862, as 3rd lieutenant, Co. F, 2nd Alabama cavalry regiment, Ferguson's brigade, C. S. Army, rose to be first lieutenant, and served as one of President Davis's escorts; grandson of George and Annette (Jeter) Shackelford, early settlers of Montgomery County, the former a farmer and Baptist, emigrated from Edgefield, S. C., in 1818, and of David E. and Pattie Harrison (Smith) Ledbetter, of Morganville, now Tyson, great-grandson of Francis Shackelford, a captain in 1764; great-great-grandson of John Shackelford, born April 9, 1712; and great-great-great-grandson of Francis Shackelford. The

Shackelfords came from South Carolina, the Ledbetters from Petersburg, Va., and the Jeters from Georgia. Professor Shackelford was educated in the rural schools of his native county; and graduated A. B. from the University of Alabama in 1885. In that year he began teaching in Troy; was assistant in the male high school two years; and was professor of civics and English in Troy normal school for twelve years. Since 1899 he has been president of that institution. He served as captain of the Oates rifles, Co. B, 2nd regiment, Alabama State Troops, and also commanded the Troy rifles, Co. H, 1st regiment. For two terms he was secretary of the Alabama educational association. He is a Democrat; a Baptist; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: February 1, 1886, to Rosa Lee, daughter of Thomas Kirven and Sarah (Hill) Brantley, of Troy. Children: 1. Lucy, deceased; 2. Ruth, m. John Wesley Solomon; 3. Eddie Lee, m. William Reid Lancaster; 4. Thomas Madison, m. Zula Manning; 5. Joseph Francis, unm.; 6. Mary, deceased; 7. Annette. Residence: Troy.

SHACKELFORD, JOSEPHUS, teacher, Baptist minister and member Alabama legislature, was born February 6, 1830, at Portsmouth, Va., and died May 5, 1915, at Tuskegee; son of Satterwhite and Courtney Ann (Brown) Shackelford of Portsmouth, the former served as a marine on the frigate "Constitution," during the War of 1812, and immigrated to Mississippi in 1835 with his wife and five children, settling in Pontotoc where he died August, 1855. The Shackelfords were of English origin, settling at an early day in the tidewater region of Virginia. The Browns were North Carolinians. Rev. Mr. Shackelford attended the schools of Pontotoc, and by 1847 had acquired a good English education. In 1849 he joined the Baptist church, and resolved to devote his life to the ministry. Feeling acutely the disadvantages of his imperfect education, he went to work and through the means acquired from his cotton field, supplemented by a loan from a friend and together with the help given by the Baptist educational society of Georgia, he was enabled, in the winter of 1850-51, to enter the Theological department of Mercer university, from which institution he was graduated in July, 1855, with the degree of A. B. Three years later this college conferred upon him the degree of A. M. In August, 1855, he took charge of a mission station in Memphis, Tenn., and carried on the work there for several months. In January, 1856, he became president of the Baptist female institute at Moulton, and at the same time, was called to the pastorate of the Moulton Baptist church, also serving churches at Courtland, Liberty and Mount Pleasant. From 1867 until late in 1876 he was pastor of the Baptist church in Tuscumbia. He also, in this interval, for two years taught the Male academy in Tuscumbia. In December, 1876, he removed to Forest City, Ark., where, until January, 1879, he had charge of the Baptist church and a school in that place. From January, 1879, until June, 1889, with the exception of one year, he taught the Mountain View

high school, near Trinity, Morgan County, and the next year had charge of the school at Leighton. He was president of the North Alabama Baptist collegiate institute and normal school in 1893, 1894, 1897, 1898. He was a member of the legislature in 1882-1883. In 1847 during the progress of the War with Mexico, when only seventeen years of age, he was so anxious to become a soldier that in defiance of the wishes and commands of his parents he ran away from home and joined a company at Vicksburg, commanded by Capt. John T. Wray and was mustered into the United States service. Captain Wray's company, with some others, formed a battalion commanded by Capt. Patton Anderson. Young Shackelford was a corporal in his company. The battalion landed at Tampico, Mexico, in January, 1848, but the war being nearly over the battalion had no duties to perform apart from drilling and guard duty. In June the battalion returned from Mexico and the July following, young Shackelford arrived home in such a wretched physical condition that it was six months before he regained his normal health. In the fall of 1862 he was elected captain of a company of cavalry in Colonel Johnson's regiment, General Roddy's brigade, resigned after one year of service and became chaplain of the regiment, but later returned home and resumed his educational and ministerial work. Apart from ministerial and educational work, Dr. Shackelford was a factor in the newspaper world. Soon after the war, in connection with Maj. D. C. White, the permission of the Federal authorities having been secured, he began the publication of a Baptist paper in Moulton, "The Christian Herald" which he edited, the first issue being July 18, 1865. The paper was removed to Tusculumbia in 1867, where he bought out Major White's interest, and in 1872 the paper was removed to Nashville. In 1868 while living in Tusculumbia, he began the publication of "The Tusculumbia Times," which was afterwards absorbed into "The North Alabamian" of which he was editor and proprietor until he sold out in 1875. In 1886 he became associate editor of "The Alabama Baptist," and was connected with that paper one year. In addition to his newspaper work Dr. Shackelford is the author of, "History of the Muscle Shoals Baptist Association, with a History of the churches of the same and Biographical sketches of its ministers." He was moderator of this association several times, and was its clerk for more than twenty-five years. He was a Democrat; and a Mason. Married: June 18, 1855, at Penfield, Ga., to Ann Cordelia, daughter of E. B. and Susan (Underwood) Stow, the former a native of Connecticut, a member of the highly respected family of that state. Children: 1. Emma Cordelia, unmarried; 2. Sarah Elizabeth, m. Charles W. Hare (q. v.) Tuskegee; 3. Mary Ellis, m. Walter Lee Stanley, Tusculumbia; 4. Anna Courtney, m. John Sims, Richland, Ga.; 5. William Bryan, m. Anne Stone, Decatur; 6. Edward, deceased; 7. Carrie, deceased; 8. Susan Josephine, m. Albert W. Briscoe (q. v.) Lafayette. Last residence: Tuskegee.

SHACKLEFORD, THADDEUS H., major, 4th Confederate infantry; major and later lieutenant colonel 54th Alabama infantry, C. S. Army.

SHAFFER, WALTER RUSSELL, lawyer and legislator, was born March 17, 1876, at Charlotte, N. C.; son of Joseph Conklin and Jennie Estelle (Suther) Shafer, the former served in the Federal Army, 1861-65; grandson of Allen and Elvira Suther, of South Carolina. He attended the public schools of Selma; graduated B. S., 1895, at Alabama polytechnic institute; and LL. B., 1897, from the University of Alabama, and at once entered the practice of law in Selma. He has been city attorney of Selma; referee in bankruptcy, and was a representative from Dallas County in the legislature of 1903. He is a Democrat; and a Presbyterian. Married: September 16, 1902, at Blowing Rock, N. C., to Mary Deane, daughter of James Pendleton and Jennie Scott, of Richmond, Va. Residence: Selma.

SHAFFER, JOHN PILGRIM, Baptist minister, was born March 13, 1841, in Talladega County, and died at Lineville, May 10, 1909; son of Simon P., and Martha (Foreman) Shaffer, the former a native of Fairfield District, S. C., who removed to Coosa County and became a merchant, mill owner and hotel keeper, and died in 1858; grandson of William Shaffer and wife, who was a Miss Simpson, the former a native of South Carolina, descendant of an ancient and honorable German family, the latter of Welsh ancestry. He received his academic education at the East Alabama Masonic institute, Rockford, and was given the honorary degree of D. D. from Howard college; ordained to the ministry, 1863; superintendent of education in Talladega County, 1866-67; founded Lineville academy, 1868; organized Roanoke college, 1875 and its president for ten years; financial secretary of Howard college, 1888; trustee of Howard and Judson colleges. He entered the Confederate Army as a private in the 14th Alabama infantry regiment, and was afterwards promoted to a lieutenancy, and again promoted for gallantry on the field of battle. On account of the loss of part of a foot, due to wounds, he became incapacitated for further military service and returned to his home. He was ordained to the full work of the ministry in 1863 at the request of the Lineville church and at once entered upon his ministerial duties. He was pastor of the Lineville church for ten years, and of Roanoke church for twenty years. Afterwards he was pastor of Dadeville, Goodwater, and Camp Hill churches. He was a Prohibitionist; a member of the State mission board; the Bible and Colportage board; and moderator of the East Liberty association. Married: December 26, 1862, to Margaret (Steed) Bell, widow of Capt. John Bell. Children: 1. Mattie Lee, m. Dr. Wyatt Heflin Blake, of Sheffield; 2. Carrie Lee, m. Wilson Lumpkin Hill, president of Rosedale manufacturing company; 3. Rosalie, m. Guy Hartwell Handley, of Roanoke; 4. Lizzie Virginia, m. Berry Oliver Driver, of Roanoke; 5. Graves; 6. Curry, dec. Residence: Roanoke.

SHAPIRO, ISADORO, lawyer, was born April 30, 1888, in Birmingham; son of Moses and Matilda (Rosenberg) Shapiro, the former a native of Russia who came to Birmingham in 1886; grandson of Jacob Harry and Fannie Shapiro, and of Phillip and Rosa Rosenberg, all of Russia; great-grandson of Samuel Ashkenazi, city judge of Brest, Russia; and great-great-grandson of Moses Phidotin, chief rabbi in Jerusalem over a century ago. He was educated in the common schools of Jefferson County; later attended Yale university, graduating from the law school in 1910. While there he was president of Yale Wayland debating club; president Yale senate; critic Yale Kent debating club, and on several important debating teams, winning first prize in debating in his senior year. He was admitted to the practice of law, and entered on his profession in his native city. He represented Jefferson County in the legislature, 1915. He is a Democrat; Knight of Pythias; is past grand orator B'nai B'rith; a Beaver; was founder, director, and chairman executive committee of Birmingham free legal aid bureau; founder and past president Young Men's Hebrew Association of Birmingham; member of the first executive committee, Alabama sociological congress; has been secretary-treasurer of the Yale alumni association; was several years corresponding secretary, Lawyers league of Birmingham; chairman Birmingham market league; director Birmingham humane society; director Birmingham Hebrew court of arbitration; councilor National economic league; councilor National committee on prisons and prison labor; members Alabama child labor committee; American association for labor legislation; National popular government league; Birmingham playgrounds association; and Birmingham association of social workers. Married: Winifred Freeman. Residence: New York.

SHARKEY, WILLIAM LEWIS, governor of Mississippi, and for some years a resident of Mississippi Territory, was born in 1797, at Muscle Shoals, Tenn., and died April 29, 1873, in Washington; son of Patrick Sharkey and wife, a Miss Rhodes, the former a native of Ireland; grandson of Robert Sharkey, also a native of Ireland, who was reared near Dublin, and who emigrated to America prior to the Revolutionary War, and of Robert Rhodes, a native of Cologne, Germany. Governor Sharkey removed to Mississippi Territory, in 1803, with his parents. He was engaged in the battle of New Orleans, January 8, 1815, as a substitute for his uncle. He graduated from Greenville college, Tenn., and was admitted to the bar at Natchez, Miss. Ter., in 1822. He practiced at Warrenton, Miss. Ter., 1822-25, and in 1825 removed to Vicksburg. He represented Vicksburg in the state legislature in 1827; was chief justice of the court of errors and appeals, 1832-50, and presided over the Nashville convention of 1850. He became provisional governor of Mississippi by appointment from President Johnson, June 13, 1865, and served until October, 1866, when he was elected U. S. senator. Married: Mrs.

Highland (nee Glass). There were no children. Last residence: Washington, D. C.

SHARP, SPENCER, horticulturist, was born October 23, 1809, in Wood County, Va., deceased; son of Spencer and Ann (Arnold) Sharp, the former who was a native of Wood County, Va., farmed in the Blue Ridge Mountains, served in the latter part of the Revolutionary War, being present at the surrender of Lord Cornwallis, and in later life moved to Ohio where he died, the latter who was a native of eastern Virginia. Mr. Sharp was reared a farmer, but on becoming of age, he sought other methods of livelihood. He was first employed as a teamster for the Ohio canal company, and at the end of four months, engaged in the trade of carpenter and joiner, but because of rather a frail constitution, he found this work too laborious and had to relinquish it. He engaged in various lighter occupations, until 1839, when he came south with Capt. Tatem, and worked as carpenter on his boat for a year. He was then employed at miscellaneous occupations, until 1846, when he located on Mon Louis Island, in the southeast end of Mobile County, where he engaged in orange culture, being the first to try the experiment in Alabama. He resided on Mon Louis Island for thirty years, and had entire charge of the interests of Capt. Frank Stone, who resided near Montrose. He was a Democrat, and never married. Last residence: Baldwin County.

SHARPE, HENRY AUGUSTUS, lawyer, was born June 10, 1848, near Decatur, Morgan County; son of William and Lucy Gale (Reese) Sharpe, the former who was a native of near Richmond, Henrico County, Va., and later resided near Decatur; grandson of Beverly and Sarah (Clark) Sharpe, who lived near Richmond, Va., and of Hugh and Lucy (Chappell) Reese, who resided near Lynchburg, Va. Henry A. Sharpe received his education in the common schools, and later attended the law department of Cumberland university, Tenn., from which he was graduated LL. B. in 1870. In July, 1870, he was admitted to practice at Somerville, Morgan County; was a representative in the general assembly from his native county, 1878-79; removed to Birmingham in 1881, and formed a partnership with James Weatherly, continuing in practice; in December, 1884, after the creation of the city court of Birmingham, he was appointed by Gov. O'Neal, as its first judge; served as judge of the city court until August, 1898; in that year was elected associate justice of the supreme court; entered upon his duties as justice of supreme court, November, 1898, and served until 1909; in 1907 was again elected city court judge, serving until 1916; in 1916 was elected one of the judges of the tenth circuit. He is a Democrat; is a Knight of Honor and a member of the Legion of Honor. Married: on May 19, 1875, at Decatur, to Mary Mae Hansell, daughter of John Hamilton and Martha (Jackson) Hansell of Lawrence County. Children: 1. Augusta Mae, m. Dr. William M. Jordan; 2. Lucy Gayle, m. Arthur Clarke Eastwood; 3. Ethel Hansell, m. Albert M. Lynn; 4. Caroline

Billie, m. Paschal G. Shook. Residence: Birmingham.

SHAVER, LEWELLYN A., lawyer, was born January 18, 1844, near Bowling Green, Ky.; son of Oscar Hill and Caroline M. (Taylor) Shaver, the former a native of Abingdon, Va., and a minister of the Protestant Methodist church who removed about 1850 from Bowling Green to Montgomery, where he died in 1858, the latter a member of the noted Taylor family of Kentucky. Mr. Shaver received his early education in Warsaw and Gainesville, Sumter County, and in Montgomery. He graduated in 1863 with the degree of A. B. from Lynchburg college, Virginia. He studied law after the war in the office of Gov. Thomas Watts and Col. D. L. Troy, and was admitted to the practice in 1867; was superintendent of education for Montgomery County from 1880 to 1888, at which date he removed to Washington, D. C. In the early fall of 1863 he enlisted in the "Gilmer Greys" of Montgomery, which formed part of the Hilliard's legion and was with his command, in the battle of Chickamauga and in Longstreet's East Tennessee campaign. He was promoted from the ranks for gallant conduct at Bean's Station and made sergeant major of the 60th Alabama infantry regiment, then in Gracie's brigade. This brigade joined Gen. Lee's army at Deep Bottom, Va., and was at the battle of Drury's Bluff and in the eight months constant fighting in the trenches at Petersburg. While at Petersburg he was selected first lieutenant, but owing to the rapid close of the war, he failed to receive his commission. He served with his command until the surrender at Appomattox. He is a Democrat and was active in political affairs during the reconstruction period; elected chairman of the Democratic county committee 1879, which position he held as long as he was a citizen of the county. He was a presidential elector in 1884, and as such canvassed with the Hon. Hilary Herbert the entire second Alabama district, speaking at thirty-nine different places in that district. In 1888, Mr. Shaver was appointed by Secretary Vilas, one of the assistant attorneys in the land division of the interior department, and subsequently was made solicitor of the interstate commerce commission in which capacity he served over eighteen years, conducting and arguing cases in behalf of the commission and against railway common carriers in most of the Federal courts from San Francisco and Los Angeles to New York and particularly in the Supreme Court at Washington. Author: "History of the 60th Alabama regiment, C. S. Army." Married: November 25, 1873, in Montgomery, to Clara, daughter of Dr. A. A. and Mrs. Margaret P. Wilson. Residence: Washington.

SHAW, JAMES, editor and legislator, was born July 9, 1840, at Ashton-under-Lyne, County Lancashire, England; son of James and Anne (Clement) Shaw of that place who emigrated to America in 1848, and settled in Portsmouth, N. H., where he resided until his death in 1869. He was educated in the graded

schools of Portsmouth and learned the trade of printer in the office of the "Portsmouth Daily Chronicle." In 1865 he removed to Chicago, where he was a printer on the "Daily Republican." In December of that year he came to Mobile and helped to conduct "The Nationalist," a Republican paper, projected to promote the interests of the negro race. In 1867, he established another Republican paper, "The Selma Press," in Selma, where he remained until 1874 when he removed to Aurora, Ill. He was a member of the first Alabama legislature in 1876 under Republican reconstruction methods; appointed librarian of the public library of Aurora, Ill., in 1884, a position which he held for many years. He was elected clerk of the city board of Aurora, 1884, and held that office for sixteen years by four successive elections. In 1888 he was appointed official reporter of the circuit court of Kane County, Ill., and has since held the position by appointment at the hands of various judges; in 1905 he was elected member of the board of education of West Aurora, and by the board was chosen secretary. He served in the War of Secession as a private in the 16th New Hampshire volunteer infantry, his service terminating in Louisiana by expiration of enlistment soon after the surrender of Fort Hudson. He is a Republican; an Episcopalian; a Mason; an Elk; and member of the G. A. R. Author: of numerous newspaper articles and of reports as librarian of the city of Aurora. Married: June 29, 1885, at Portsmouth, N. H., to Ella Dora, daughter of William B. and Rebecca (Shaw) Loud, all of Portsmouth. Children: 1. Alice Ada; 2. Marian Hannah, deceased. Residence: Aurora, Ill.

SHAW, JOHN LANE, physician, was born December 22, 1814, in Robeson County, N. C., and died October 8, 1885, at Belleville; son of John and Sarah (McLoud) Shaw, the former who was born in Scotland, and lived at Fayetteville, Cumberland County, N. C. He received his education at Donaldson academy in Fayetteville, taught for a number of years in his native state, and in 1841, removed to Alabama, where he taught school at Prattville. He studied medicine with Dr. Kelly of Coosa County, and attended lectures at Louisville, Ky. He returned to Alabama, practiced for one year at Talladega, and in April, 1845, removed to Evergreen, Conecuh County. In 1846, he went to Belleville, where he continued his practice; in 1858, removed to Pineville, Monroe County; in 1867, to Evergreen; returned to Pineville, in 1868; and in 1874, finally settled in Belleville. Besides being a physician, he was also a farmer. He was a Democrat, and a member of the Presbyterian church, of which he was elder. Married: on January 15, 1846, at Belleville, to Permelia Crosby, daughter of Chesley and Sarah (Hughes) Crosby, who lived at Belleville, Conecuh County, and great-granddaughter of a Thomas, who resided in South Carolina, was killed by the Tories during the Revolutionary War. Children: 1. John Crosby, physician, Stranger, Tex., b. November 22, 1846, M. D., Mobile, 1871, private, Co. F, Eighth Alabama reg-

iment, C. S. Army, m. Nannie Buck Sybert; 2. Frances Shaw, deceased, m. Prof. Charles Dudley Sneed; 3. Nancy, deceased; 4. Sarah deceased, m. John H. Stamps; 5. Emma, m. B. F. Riley (q. v.); 6. Amanda, m. George William Caldwell, Belleville; 7. Dr. William Chesley, deceased, m. Kittie Carter. Last residence: Belleville.

SHAW, WILLIAM HAMPTON, lawyer, was born December 5, 1884, at Blountsville, Blount County; son of Adamson Tannehill and Margaret Isabella (Key) Shaw, the former who was a native of Springhill, Marengo County, and was a music teacher; grandson of Adamson Tannehill and Piercia (Westbrook) Shaw, who lived at Leighton, Colbert County, and of Dr. George and Margaret (Bolling) Key, who lived at Gandy's Cave near Falkville; great-grandson of Adamson Tannehill and Frances (Hampton) Shaw, the former who was a native of Scotland, later settled in North Carolina and in 1819 removed to Alabama, settling near Leighton, the latter who was a native of North Carolina, of English descent, being a member of the same branch of the Hampton family as Wade Hampton, a Confederate soldier, and of Pleasant Key who emigrated from Hull, England, to North Carolina, and later removed to Morgan County, settling near Falkville about 1819. William H. Shaw received his education at the Mount Hope high school and the Town Creek high school, later attended the Falkville normal college and was graduated LL. B. from the University of Chattanooga, 1906. He began practice at Tusculumbia, October, 1908, where he has since remained. He has been county solicitor for Colbert County since January 1, 1914; a member of the house of representatives from Colbert County, having been elected in 1918 for a term of four years, and served on the committees of rules, roads, military, judiciary and was chairman on the revision of the general committee; was government appeal agent for Colbert County, 1917-18; was campaign director for Colbert County for the Alabama memorial, 1919; was author of the prohibition bill enacted by the legislature of 1919, known as the "Bone Dry Law," of the "Blue Sky Law," and also of House Bill 842, to encourage the manufacture of atmospheric nitrogen. He is a Democrat; a Methodist, and has served as steward in the Methodist church at Tusculumbia since October, 1909; a Woodman of the World; and an Odd Fellow. Married: on October 2, 1904, at Hanceville, Cullman County, to Marguerite Eliza Simmons, daughter of Henry Clay and Antoinette (Saxon) Simmons who lived at Millerville, Clay County, the former who was a teacher, minister, orator and scholar, representing Clay County in the legislature of Alabama in 1886; and a descendant of the Burns family of which Robert Burns was a member. Children: 1. Marguerite Simmons, b. August 7, 1905; 2. Piercia Lucile, b. July 20, 1907; 3. Frances Isabella, b. December 10, 1909; 4. Mabel Antoinette, b. April 16, 1912; 5. Hattie Elizabeth, b. June 15, 1914; 6. Mary Zura, b. December 12, 1917. Residence: Tusculumbia.

SHEARER, GILBERT, pioneer and promoter, was born in 1789, in Newburgh, Orange County, N. Y., deceased. He was of German descent. When he was about twenty years of age, he removed to Georgia and later to Alabama, where he, Col. George Phillips, and William Rufus King, at one time vice-president of the United States, laid out the town of Selma, giving it its present name. He established the first bank in Selma, the Real Estate Banking company, and was its president, in 1838. In the year, 1836, he was major-general of the Sixth division, Alabama militia, and was active in suppressing the Creek Indian uprising. He was one of the early members of the Episcopal church in Alabama. He is buried in The Live Oak Cemetery at Selma, and his will is on record in the probate court of Dallas County. Married: in 1810, at Augusta, Ga., to Martha Ann Cowles, daughter of William Marston and Anna (Meriwether) Cowles, who lived at Augusta, Ga., the former who came to Alabama in 1819; and a sister of Thomas Meriwether Cowles, who projected the South and North railroad, now the Louisville & Nashville, and of John Cowles, a leading physician of Alabama. Children: 1. Martha Ann, m. Dr. Frank Phillips of Lexington, Miss., both deceased, child, Dr. George Phillips, resides in Lexington, Miss.; 2. Louisa, m. James L. Price, both deceased; 3. William Shearer, m. Mary Elizabeth Nance, both deceased, child, Mrs. Willie Shearer Robertson, resides at Selma; 4. Edwin, deceased; 5. Dr. Henry, m. Elizabeth Waters, both deceased; 6. Mary, m. Robert Nicholson, both deceased; 7. Thomas Cowles, m. Sallie Boling, both deceased; 8. Emily, m. Alfred Huntington, both deceased. Last residence: Selma.

SHEATS, CHARLES CHRISTOPHER, U. S. commissioner, consul to Denmark, member of congress, member State legislature and the constitutional convention, 1865, was born April 10, 1839, in Walker County; son of William W. and Mary (Garner) Sheats, the former a native of Wilkes County, Ga., born October 22, 1809, and removed to Walker County, the latter a native of Tennessee, born in 1811; grandson of Archibald and Amanda (Gibson) Sheats, natives of Georgia who removed to Lawrence County in 1822, and of Jacob and Mary (Hunter) Garner, the former a soldier in the Texas revolution, and the Mexican War. Mr. Sheats was reared on a farm, received a good education at Somerville academy in Morgan County, and began teaching school at eighteen years of age. He represented Winston County in the session of 1861 and strenuously opposed the secession of the State. At the next term of the legislature, 1862, he was expelled from the house on account of alleged disloyalty to the Confederate government. He was arraigned, indicted and imprisoned for treason. The Federal general, Thomas, in December, 1863, retaliated by ordering Gen. Crook, at Huntsville to arrest William McDowell and confine him in jail as a hostage for Christopher Sheats. Nothing further was done with Mr. Sheats except to hold him in duress until the end of



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the war. In September, 1865, he was elected a member of the constitutional convention for Winston County. In the same year he was a candidate for congress from the sixth district. In 1868 he was a Grant elector and the next year was appointed U. S. consul to Denmark where he remained three years. In 1872 he was a delegate to the Philadelphia convention, which nominated Grant for his second term, and the same year was elected to congress from that state at large by a majority of ten thousand over Gen. Alpheus Baker. In 1874 he was an unsuccessful candidate for congress. In 1875 he was sixth auditor of the United States treasury for the post office department, which he held until 1877, when he resigned and was appointed appraiser of merchandise for the port of Mobile. He served in this capacity until 1878, when he was appointed assistant collector of internal revenue for the State of Alabama and served until the inauguration of Cleveland. Married: January 27, 1887, to Mrs. Mary Anderson, nee Dickson, a lady of English ancestry. Residence: Mobile.

SHEEHAN, WILLIAM THOMAS, editor, was born January 8, 1874, at Eufaula, Barbour County; son of William Thomas and Emma (Garreth) Sheehan, the former also a native of Eufaula, but in 1878 removed to Birmingham, engaged in construction work with W. J. Keboe, and died there that year during an epidemic of cholera; grandson of Daniel T. and Martha Naomi (Ashurst) Sheehan, who located at Wetumpka but in 1850 removed to Eufaula, the former a native of Cork, Ireland, and of James M. and Mary Williams (Anderson) Garreth, also of Eufaula, the former being killed and scalped by the Indians in the Creek uprising of 1836, between old Monticello in Pike County and the Pea River; great-grandson of John and Frances (Hill) Ashurst, the former being one of the earliest settlers in Montgomery County, having in 1817, at the government sale held at Milledgeville, Ga., bought a large tract of land lying between the Three Mile Branch and Mount Meigs, where the following year he built the first frame house in the county, a structure that was still standing, in 1920, at the nine mile post; great-great-grandson of William and Phoebe (Flournoy) Hill, the former a Revolutionary soldier, who enlisted at the age of sixteen at Mannikin Town, in the Virginia militia, and served in that line throughout the war, afterwards went to Mennike Town, a French Huguenot settlement between Richmond and Petersburg, on the "Old Hundred Road," where he was married, moved finally to Edenton, Ga., where he died at the age of ninety. The Ashurst family was seated in Sussex, England, the American founder having come to this county in 1740. Captain Sheehan received his early education in private and public schools of Eufaula, and completed the high school course. In 1894 he was elected to the public school faculty and taught in the grammar grades until 1897, when he was elected assistant principal of the high school. He resigned from this position at the outbreak of the Spanish-American war, and was the first member of the "Eufaula Rifles," which company

he had formerly assisted in organizing, to volunteer for service in the war. He served throughout that period as first sergeant, Co. G, 2nd Alabama regiment of volunteers. Twice he was elected to a lieutenancy of the company, and remained with the National Guard until 1907, when he retired as lieutenant-colonel. After returning home from active military service following the war, he decided to enter journalism and accepted reportorial work on the "Birmingham Age Herald." Later he became associated with Gov. W. D. Jelks in the "Eufaula Times and News," which the latter edited. In November, 1899, he came to Montgomery and was connected with the "Montgomery Journal," and in 1902 began work for the "Montgomery Advertiser." For two years he did reportorial work for that paper, being especially assigned to the capitol. In 1904 he became special correspondent; in 1907, assistant editor to Major W. W. Screws, holding that position until the latter's death in 1913 when he became editor-in-chief. In 1915, with Charles H. Allen, he bought the half interest in the paper owned by Frank P. Glass, and became president of the company, retaining its editorship. His early acquaintance with leading men of the State brought him in close touch with public affairs and made of him a student of events. Through his years of newspaper training, he entered upon the responsible duties of editing a great state daily with fine preparation. His paper holds a peculiar and unique position in that it has a larger following and exerts a more direct influence on its clientele, and is more widely quoted by the national press, than any other newspaper in the South. Fully alive to the importance of education to a citizenry, Captain Sheehan has been the consistent advocate of every movement or institution looking to that end. When the plans of a proposed department of archives and history were brought to his attention by Dr. Thomas M. Owen, founder and director of that department, he lent his full influence to its firm establishment and permanency and the popularization of history by his free will gift of publicity and editorial support. When the educational agencies of the State planned progressive reforms and it was necessary to amend the State constitution to levy taxes for that work, he not only wielded his clear and convincing pen for the cause, but at heavy expense to his paper, for a year or more maintained a special educational section of "The Advertiser." From 1911 to 1919, he was a member of the State normal school board, and took an active part in the advance of the teacher-training institutions during that time. He served as tax collector of Montgomery County, by appointment of Gov. Emmet O'Neal, from November, 1913, to September, 1917. He is a Democrat, and through his paper as well as his personal activities is a leader in his party. In 1904 he was electoral messenger to Washington. In his editorial work Captain Sheehan has devoted himself not only to politics and economy, but to history, literature, sociology and agriculture, the State's basic industry. He has sustained the fundamental truths of

religion, morality and the basic virtues and has stood out against radicalism and senseless changes. He is a Presbyterian. Married: November 12, 1907, at "Oak Hill" plantation, Sumter County, to Elizabeth Houston, daughter of Charles Henry and Irene Houston (Park) Winston, of that place, a descendant of Isaac Winston, a Revolutionary soldier who is buried near Tusculumbia, and member of the family which produced Gov. John A. Winston, Senator Edmund W. Pettus, of Alabama, and Gov. John J. Pettus of Mississippi. Other representatives of the family have figured in the history of Virginia, Alabama, and North Carolina. Children: 1. Charles Winston; 2. William Thomas; 3. Anne Garrett; 4. Irene Houston. Residence: Montgomery.

SHEFFIELD, JAMES LAWRENCE, colonel 48th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, member Secession convention, and State senator, was born December 5, 1819, in Huntsville, and died July 2, 1892, in Montgomery; son of Nicholas and Mary (Martin) Sheffield respectively of Virginia and North Carolina, and who came to Huntsville in 1818, a carriage-maker. He was educated in the common schools of Madison County and in 1837 removed to Marshall County where he clerked in a store for four years at Claysville. Some years later he owned a well stocked plantation, operated by negro slaves. After the War of Secession he began merchandising, first at Guntersville and later at Warrenton, but discontinued this business in 1884. In 1886 he was a clerk in the State department of education and at the time of his death was in the employ of the Western railway of Alabama. He was a deputy sheriff at Claysville from 1844-47; member of the constitutional Conventions of 1861 and 1865; member of the Secession convention in 1860, and vigorously opposed secession, but when the ordinance was passed he signed it by instruction of his constituents and became at once one of the most zealous upholders of the Confederate cause. He represented Marshall County in the lower house of the legislature in 1855, 1857 and 1865, and as State senator in 1886, represented Marshall, DeKalb and Jackson Counties. While a member of the senate in 1886 he took an active stand in favor of an appropriation for the building of the Confederate monument in Montgomery and the success of the movement was largely due to his influence. He entered the Confederate service in 1861 as Lieutenant of Co. K, 9th Alabama infantry regiment, and was in time promoted to a captaincy. In April, 1862, he returned home with authority to raise a regiment. Within one month he raised the 48th Alabama infantry regiment at his own personal expense, fifty-seven thousand dollars in money. A part of this sum was afterward returned to him by the Confederate government, but as it was deposited in a Richmond bank he lost the entire amount when that city surrendered. He was unanimously elected colonel of this regiment which he led to Richmond without delay. He commanded Taliaferro's brigade for about eight months and led Law's brigade at Gettysburg and Chickamauga. At this last battle he was

so injured by the concussion of a shell that by the advice of a board of surgeons he retired from the army, but he never ceased to labor for the Confederate cause. Col. Sheffield was a Democrat of the strongest convictions. He supported Douglas in the presidential campaign of 1860, and made numerous speeches in favor of that ticket. After the war he was a most bitter opponent of the fifteenth amendment and after reconstruction, in spite of Federal militarism he fearlessly canvassed the counties of north Alabama and everywhere made vehement speeches in behalf of the Democratic party. He was a member of the Masonic lodge at Warrenton; was many times its worshipful master, and on Masonic celebrations was often the orator of the day. Married: June 21, 1844, at Warrenton, to Mary Ann, widow of Rev. Oliver Day Street, and daughter of Thomas and Rebecca (Tate) Atkins, granddaughter of Abner Tate, a native of Kentucky, who removed to Hazel Green about 1809, in 1814 was appointed a member of the orphans' court of Madison County, of which Leroy Pope and Dr. David Monroe were at the same time members. Children: 1. Mary, m. Creed L. Taylor, at Guntersville; 2. Andrew Moore, a daughter, unmarried, Tuscaloosa; 3. James Bradley, Lauderdale; 4. Rebecca, dec., m. Alonzo S. Mitchell, Corsicana, Texas; 5. Lucinda, dec., m. John H. Fennell; 6. William Smith, Santa Anna, Calif. Last residence: Montgomery.

SHEILD, EDWIN, teacher and planter, was born December 27, 1810, in York County, Va., and died March 6, 1893, at Uniontown; son of Samuel and Maria (Drummond) Sheild, both natives of Virginia, the former who was a farmer, clerk of the superior and county court of York and Warwick Counties, Va.; grandson of Robert Sheild, a native of Virginia, and of John Drummond who came to Virginia from Scotland; great-grandson of Samuel Sheild, who was an early emigrant from England to Virginia. He was reared in York County, Va., and was graduated from William and Mary college, in Virginia, in 1830. He afterward studied law, but gave that up, and taught school. He came to Alabama in 1848, located first in Marengo County, and on November 27, 1853, removed to Perry County, and settled near Uniontown, where he purchased a plantation. He resided there for some time, managing his plantation and occasionally teaching a private school. He later removed to Uniontown where he retired from active life. He was a Democrat and a member of the Presbyterian Episcopal church. Married: November 27, 1853, to Mary Jane Semple, a native of New Kent County, Va.; daughter of James and Elizabeth (Miller) Semple, the former who was a native of Williamsburg, Va., and the latter of Goochland County, Va., and of Huguenot descent; granddaughter of Judge James Semple of the general court of Virginia and of Scotch descent. Children: 1. Mary S. Hungerford of Uniontown; 2. Edwin, Jr., b. December 16, 1856, was graduated A. B., and A. M., from the University of Alabama, 1878, cotton buyer at Montgomery, 1880-87, member of the firm of J. C. Graham & company, Cotton Exchange, New York, m. Mil-

dred Christian, reside at Westfield, N. J.; and three other children who died in infancy. Last residence: Uniontown.

SHELburne, JAMES MADISON, Baptist minister, president of Howard college, was born May 27, 1867, at Little Mount, Spencer County, Ky.; son of John Wesley and Jennie (Goodwine) Shelburne, the former who was a native of Southville, Shelby County, Ky., lived at Little Mount, was a farmer, tax assessor for his county, and district magistrate for a long term of years, and whose ancestors came from England and settled first in Virginia; grandson of James M. and Pauline (Ashley) Shelburne, who lived at Southville, Shelby County, Ky., and of Elias and Eliza M. Goodwine, who lived near Taylorsville, Ky.; great-grandson of Augustus Shelbourne, who was a soldier in the Revolutionary War, and immediately after the war removed to Shelby County. He attended the public schools in Spencer County, Ky., and a private school in Taylorsville, under the instruction of Mrs. G. W. Overstreet. He attended Georgetown college, at Kentucky, and was graduated 1897, M. A. He received the degree of Th. M., 1900, from the Southern theological seminary, after three years' work, and in 1907, the degree of D. D. was conferred upon him by Georgetown college. He was president of Howard college, 1912-18, and previous to this time had served as pastor of two churches. Married: June 27, 1900, at Birmingham, to Martha W. Crumpton, daughter of Rev. W. B. and Ellen C. Crumpton (q. v.). Children: 1. Kingman Cody; 2. Ellen Bryan; 3. James Crumpton; 4. Harriette Mathilde; 5. Mary Frances. Residence: Gadsden.

SHELBY, DAVID, physician in Madison County, where he practiced for more than forty years; grandfather of Judge David Shelby (q. v.).

SHELBY, DAVID DAVIE, lawyer, State senator and U. S. circuit judge, was born October 24, 1847, in Madison County, and died in 1914, at Huntsville; son of Dr. David and Mary Tabitha (Bouldin) Shelby, who practiced medicine in Madison County for over forty years; grandson of Anthony Bledsoe and Marian (Winchester) Shelby, who lived at Dixon Springs, Tenn., Galveston, Tex., and Brandon, Miss., and was one of the supreme court judges of the republic of Texas, 1840-44, and of William Graves and Bettie (Hammond) Bouldin, who lived in Madison County and in Washington County, Tex., a descendant of Col. Thomas Bouldin of the colony of Virginia; great-grandson of David and Sarah (Bledsoe) Shelby, a native of Virginia, soldier of the Revolution, in the command of his kinsman, Col. Isaac Shelby, fought at King's Mountain, N. C., and was afterwards a member from Sumner County, of Tennessee's first constitution convention; of Mayor John Shelby and of Anthony Bledsoe; great-great-grandson of Evan Shelby who emigrated from Wales and settled in Maryland. Judge Shelby was educated at home by his parents except a short attendance at a country school taught by W. B. Murphy and the Rev. Joseph R. Mor-

ris. His ambition to enter college was interrupted by the War of Secession. He studied law at Cumberland university, Lebanon, Tenn., under Professors Robert L. Caruthers and Nathan Green; was admitted to the practice in the Alabama courts, April, 1870, at Huntsville, and was partner successively with Gen. Leroy Pope Walker, 1875-82, Hon. William Richardson, Judge Richard W. Walker, Hon. R. E. Spragins and Hon. Shelby S. Pleasants. He was city attorney of Huntsville, 1874; member Alabama State senate, 1882-86; appointed U. S. circuit judge, March 3, 1899, and entered upon his duties as judge of the U. S. circuit court of appeals, for the 5th circuit. Owing to his youth he was not regularly enlisted in the Confederate Army, but served four months with the 4th Alabama cavalry regiment, in a Georgia campaign. He was a Republican in politics but held no official position in the party organization. He was connected with no church. Married: August 8, 1872, in Huntsville, to Eason, daughter of Zebulon Pike and Wilhametta (Eason) Davis of that place; granddaughter of Nicholas Davis, a native of Virginia, a distinguished leader of the Whig party in Alabama, and president of the Alabama State senate for several years, a descendant of John Davis, a soldier of the American Revolution. There were no children. Last residence: Huntsville.

SHELDON, LESLIE B., lawyer, was born November 27, 1855, at Mobile; son of Thomas Franklin and Sarah Frances (Bragg) Sheldon, the former who was a native of Pawtucket, Providence County, R. I., removed to Ohio, and from there to Greensboro, and afterwards to Mobile, was a bookkeeper, and kept books for the C. S. government at Mobile during the War of Secession, and after the war engaged as a partner in the firm of Parker Lake & Company, a cotton commission and wholesale grocery business, the latter a native of Washington, N. C.; grandson of Christopher and Amelia (Holmes) Sheldon, the former who was a native of Pawtucket, R. I., and of Thomas and Priscilla (Pope) Bragg, who lived in Washington, N. C., and then in Greensboro; great-grandson of Remington and Hulda (Green) Sheldon, and of Joseph and Frances Bragg, the former who was a descendant of the Bragg family of North Carolina, from which Gen. Braxton Bragg was also descended, and Redding and Sarah Pope; great-great-grandson of Christopher and Rosanna (Arnold) Sheldon; great-great-great-grandson of Joseph and Lydia (Arnold) Sheldon; great-great-great-great-grandson of Nicholas and Abigail (Tillinghaast) Sheldon; great-great-great-great-great-grandson of John and Johanna (Van Buren) Sheldon, the progenitors of the Sheldon family in America, who came to this country from England, settled in Massachusetts, became followers of Roger Williams, and removed to Rhode Island. He received his education in the public and private schools of Mobile, until he was fifteen years of age, and at the age of seventeen began to read law in the office of Judge Alexander McKinstry of Mobile. On November 9, 1875, he was admitted to the bar in the Mobile city court; to the circuit court on January 21, 1878;

to the supreme court of Alabama, on November 8, 1880; and to the U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for the fifth circuit, in March, 1891. In 1880, he was elected as a Democrat to the state legislature from Mobile County; in 1886, was elected by the general assembly, solicitor for Mobile County, which office he held for six years. In 1896, he was re-elected to the State legislature, and during this session served on the committees of revisions of laws, local legislation, and appropriations. In the same year he was a candidate for the Democratic nomination to congress, but was defeated. He was appointed by the district court of the United States, as U. S. commissioner for the southern district of Alabama, which position he resigned after holding it a few months. He then commenced the practice of law in Mobile. He was for many years an official member of the Methodist Episcopal church, but is now a communicant of the Episcopal church, Trinity parish. He is an Odd Fellow. Married: (1) on November 13, 1882, to Mattie Dent Abercrombie, who died, March 25, 1896, daughter of John Lucas and America (Watson) Abercrombie, the former who was a planter of Barbour County; granddaughter of Hon. James Abercrombie (q. v.); great-granddaughter of Major Charles Abercrombie, who was a soldier in the Revolutionary War; (2) September 15, 1897, to Wilhelmina Frederika Stoutz, daughter of William F. and Julia G. Stoutz, of Mobile, the former who was consul for Austria-Hungary. Children, by first marriage: 1. Vera Abercrombie, deceased; 2. Ethel Lane, deceased; m. Joseph E. Skinner; 3. Evelyn Pope, Mobile; 4. Pauline Burke, m. Thomas A. Johnson, Jr., Mobile; 5. Leslie Bragg, Jr., m. Hazel Ursebach, Dallas, Tex.; 6. John Abercrombie, deceased; by second marriage: 7. Julia Stoutz, Mobile. Residence: Mobile.

SHELLEY, CHARLES MILLER, lawyer, brigadier-general, C. S. Army, sheriff, representative in congress, and fourth auditor U. S. treasury, was born December 28, 1833, in Sullivan County, Tenn., and died January 19, 1907, in Birmingham; son of William Percy and Margaret (Etter) Shelley, the former a native of Guilford Court House, N. C., moved to Sullivan County, Tenn., finally removing to Alabama and locating in Talladega where he was a contractor and builder; brother of James B. Shelley, lieutenant-colonel of the 10th Alabama infantry regiment, who was killed at Petersburg, and of Nathan Shelley, lawyer, member of state legislature from Talladega County, 1851, and 1853, removed to Texas, attorney general, 1862, and brigadier-general, Texas state troops, War of Secession; great-great-grandson of John Shelley, who came from England and settled in North Carolina. General Shelley received a limited education, and early in life he learned the trade of architect and builder. In February, 1861, he enlisted in the C. S. Army, as lieutenant, serving at Fort Morgan and Mobile. After six weeks service, this company returned to Talladega, was re-organized and he was commissioned, April 2, 1861, as captain of Co. E, subsequently known as Co. B, 5th Alabama infantry regiment. This

regiment was ordered to Virginia where it served for one year. On January 31, 1862, he was appointed colonel, temporary rank, and assigned to duty with the 30th Alabama infantry regiment. From this date he shared the military services of this regiment. He took part in the first battle of Bull Run, Port Gibson, Baker's Creek, was captured at Vicksburg, July 4, 1863, and paroled at the same place on July 8. His clothes were rent by seven balls on the field at Baker's Creek and he received special praise from General Lee for his conduct in this battle. He again took command of his regiment and served in the battles of Lookout Mountain, Missionary Ridge, Rocky Face Ridge, Resaca, Marietta, Atlanta, Jonesboro and all the battles in the Georgia campaign. He took command of Cumming's brigade the day after the battle at Jonesboro, remaining in command for one month. On September 23, 1864, he was appointed brigadier-general, temporary rank, to rank from September 17, 1864, and in December it was made permanent. General Shelley commanded Caney's old brigade, the 17th, 26th and 29th Alabama, and the 37th Mississippi, in Walthall's division, under Hood, in the Tennessee campaign. General Hood said that the strategy of General Shelley saved Stuart's corps from capture at Franklin. He and his brigade were again distinguished at the battles of Hillsboro pike and Nashville, and in 1865, they were ordered to Danville, in order to protect the stores. Shortly afterwards the decimated Alabama regiments of Scott's, Quarles', and Lowrey's brigades were united and these twelve regiments were placed under his command. The surrender occurring about the time he returned to Alabama, located in Selma, and resumed his business. He held the office of sheriff for two years. He was elected as a Democrat to the Forty-fifth and Forty-sixth congresses, March 4, 1877-March 3, 1881; presented credentials as a member-elect to the forty-seventh congress, but the election was contested by James Q. Smith, and the seat declared vacant, July 20, 1882; subsequently elected to fill vacancy thus caused, and served from November 7, 1882, to March 3, 1883; presented credentials as a member of the forty-eighth congress, and served until January 9, 1885, when he was succeeded by George H. Craig, who contested his election. President Cleveland appointed him fourth auditor of the treasury which office he held for four years. He was also a member of the law firm of Shelley, Butler and Martin. After a few years he removed to Birmingham, residing in that city until his death. He was a Methodist, Mason, and Odd Fellow. Married: (1) June 15, 1865, to Kathleen, and later in life, (2) Ann Olivia, both daughters of Felix Grundy McConnell (q. v.). Children: 1. McConnell, deceased; 2. James Etter, special student, University of Alabama, 1894-95; captain, 5th volunteer regiment, Spanish-American War, July, 1898-May 31, 1899, chief inspector, Civil guard, Santiago de Cuba; appointed lieutenant, U. S. Army, 1901; captain, 11th Cavalry, U. S. Army, 1913; m. Christine Roosevelt; 3. Elizabeth. Last residence: Birmingham.

SHELTON, HENRY S., grand master, grand council, Masons, 1856-58.

SHELTON, JULIA (FINLEY), deceased author.

SHELTON, MASON BRADFORD, merchant, was born February 27, 1838, in Jackson County; son of William F. and Elizabeth (Wood) Shelton, the former who came to Alabama with his parents in 1827, being one of the early settlers of Jackson County, the latter who was a native of Tennessee. His education was obtained in the common schools of the county, and for eight months of each year, for ten years, he taught school in Jackson County and vicinities. The rest of the time he spent in stores, posting books and clerking. Because of ill health, he was unable to enter active service in the C. S. Army, but in 1862, he went to Gen. Pillow at Huntsville, who sent him to Dr. Stout at Chattanooga, where he was assigned to duty at Ringgold, Ga., to fill a vacancy in a Confederate hospital. He remained there for some time in the capacity of nurse, and was then appointed private secretary to Dr. Curry, surgeon in charge of the Ford hospital, of which he became steward. Later, having regained his health, he was sent to Shelbyville, Tenn., where he joined the Fourth Confederate Tennessee infantry, and forty days after joining his regiment, while with Gen. Bragg on his retreat from Tennessee, he was captured. Being dressed in citizen's clothes he was taken for a spy, and was sent to Camp Chase, Ohio, where he was imprisoned for twenty-two months, and it was only through the intervention of U. S. senator Powell, later governor of Kentucky, with President Abraham Lincoln, that he was released, his discharge being signed by the president himself. He then went to Henderson, Ky., and engaged as a salesman for Soper & Dallam, merchants, and remained there three months. At the close of the war he returned to Jackson County, and accepted a position in a store with his cousin, C. C. Shelton, now of Chattanooga, Tenn., and remained there until January 1, 1867. He then started to the mining camps of the Rocky Mountains, and after six weeks reached Denver, and from there went to Georgetown. He returned to Alabama, about nine years later, bought out the firm he had previously worked for, and engaged in the mercantile business at Larkinsville. He lost his store by fire, December 23, 1880, and in 1881, moved to Florence, where he formed a partnership with John H. Young, the firm name being Shelton & Young, and a few months later opened up another store in partnership with a Mr. Ragsdale, under the name of Shelton & Ragsdale. After eighteen months, he dissolved his partnership with Mr. Young, and continued in the other firm. Mr. Ragsdale retired from the business about 1885, and since then Mr. Shelton has conducted the business by himself. He was one of the organizers of the Merchant's Bank of Florence, which was opened in 1892, and has been vice-president and a member of its board of directors. He is a Mason. Married: on February 23, 1875, to Endora Pittman. Children: 1. Effie, d. in in-

fancy; 2. Lida G.; 3. Alta P. Residence: Florence.

SHEPHERD, F. B., lieutenant colonel, 5th battalion Alabama infantry regiment, temporary commander, C. S. Army.

SHEPHERD, JAMES W., planter, probate judge, was born December 24, 1850, in Walker County; son of Linson and Minerva (Rayburn) Shepherd, the former who was a native of South Carolina, and the latter a native of Tennessee. He was of Scotch-Irish descent. He received his education in the schools of his native county, and taught school for three years, after which time he turned his attention to farming. He was superintendent of education of Walker County, from 1877-1884; was elected sheriff of the county in 1888; and in 1892, was candidate for election to the office of probate judge. He has been president of the Carbon Hill, Lost Creek Coal and Coke Company, and a stockholder in the Jasper Trust Company. He is a Democrat, a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, a Mason, a Knight of Pythias, and a member of the Order of the Improved Red Men. Married: in 1887, to Eustatia Palmer, daughter of Robert Palmer of Georgia. Children: 1. Willie Lee; 2. Jack P.; 3. John C.; 4. Robert H.; 5. Annie L. Residence: Jasper.

SHEPHERD, JOHN WESLEY, lawyer, was born July 24, 1826, in Huntsville, and died May 1, 1894, in Montgomery; son of Levin Wilson and Catherine (Eversole) Shepherd; grandson of Charles and Eleanor (Wilson) Shepherd, of English and Scotch stock, and of Daniel and Annie (Ainsworth) Eversole who lived in Fauquier County, Va., the latter of Dutch (Holland) ancestry. He received his early education in the schools of Huntsville, where he was prepared for college; entered Yale college in 1841, and was graduated from there in 1844, receiving the second honor in a class of one hundred and four members. He read law in Huntsville under S. Parson and S. D. Cabaniss, and was admitted to the bar in 1847, and formed a partnership with Robert C. Brickell. In 1851, he moved to Montgomery, where January 8, 1852, he was admitted to the bar of the supreme court; appointed reporter of the decisions of the supreme court under the code of 1852, and remained reporter until 1868. He was again appointed reporter in 1880 and remained in the office until his death; clerk of the supreme court from February, 1864, to January 1, 1866. He published "Shepherd's Digest of the Alabama Reports" from the 17th to the 29th volume inclusive, in 1858, and reported Alabama Reports, vols. 19, 20, 21, 49, 50, 51, and 60. As state reporter he reported from vol. 24 to 41, inclusive and, except 67, 69, 71, 73, 75, 80, 81, and 84, specially reported, from vol. 63 to 69, inclusive. Married: September, 1854, in Montgomery, to Mary Elizabeth, daughter of John Hancock and Ann Evelyn (Hewitt) Sommerville, who were natives of Tennessee, later settling in Tuscaloosa, and in 1831 removed to Montgomery. Children: 1. Catherine, m. James Taylor Roberts, Montgomery; 2. Evelyn Hewitt, m. (1) Benja-

min Fitzpatrick, (2) Albert H. Munger, Kansas City, Mo.; 3. Mary Sommerville, m. Alva Fitzpatrick, Montgomery; 4. Roberta, m. Alexander Stephens Knowles, Montgomery; 5. Martha Bibb, m. William Crawford Bibb, Montgomery; 6. Sallie Ellen, m. Alfred Pelham Agee, Anniston. Last residence: Montgomery.

SHEPHERD, R. S., *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 73, resided in Jefferson County, June 1, 1840, with Sarah Nabers.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

SHEPPARD, F. J., sr., president of the Pioneer lumber and creosoting company. Residence: Ensley.

SHEPPARD, JOHN LEVI, representative in congress from Texas, was born April 13, 1854, at Bluffton, and died at Texarkana, Texas, October 11, 1902; son of John Levi and Amanda (Morris) Sheppard and descendant of the Sheppards of South Carolina. He removed with his mother, at an early period in his life, to Texas and rose to offices of distinction. From 1899-1902, was Democratic representative from Texas to the 56th and 57th congresses and upon his death, his son, Morris, was elected to complete his unexpired term. Married: December 18, 1873, to Alice daughter of Richard Benson Blake and Nancy (Peters) Eddins, of Monterey, Caddo Parish, La. Last residence: Texarkana, Tex.

SHERARD, FRANK ROSS, physician; graduate of the medical department of the University of Pennsylvania, 1894; licensed to practice by the county board of Mobile, the same year. Residence: Mobile.

SHERER, JOHN MADISON, lawyer, was born June 7, 1874, at Dry Creek, Fayette County; son of Jonathan D. and Mary (Eason) Sherer, the former a native of near York, York District, S. C., who removed to Alabama, settling first in Walker, later at Dry Creek, Fayette County, and was of the nine men who were first from that county to offer their services to the Confederate cause, walking to Moulton from Jasper to join the army, was captured at Franklin, Tenn., and carried to Black Island prison; in 1916 was county commissioner of Fayette County; grandson of Thomas and Jane Sherer who lived at Jasper from 1856 to 1884, and of Harrison and Mary Eason, of Dry Creek; great-grandson of William Sherer, who located in York, S. C., about 1800. The founder of the family in America was John Christopher Sherer, who came to this country, October 13, 1709, from Hundsrück, on the west side of the Rhine River. When eighteen years of age, left home on the ship "Minerva," commanded by Captain Arnold. He settled in Reading, Pa., where he married Julianna Philippi, the first female child born in that place. He was a sergeant in Washington's Continental Army and was wounded at the battle of the Brandywine. He was one of the immortal eleven hundred who crossed the Delaware River with General Washington, in spite of the ice. The following morning the battle of

Trenton Heights was fought. His two sons were John and Jonathan. Mr. Sherer received his early education in the public schools of his community, often taught in cabins and country churches, as was the custom a quarter of a century ago. He attended high school at Fayette, and studied law at the University of Alabama; admitted to the bar at Fayette, 1896; entered upon the practice at Gainesville, where he remained for two years, removed to Ensley in 1899, and to Jasper in 1900; solicitor of Walker County, 1904-05; city attorney, 1906. He was a Democrat and chairman of the county executive committee 1904-05; a Baptist; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: May 11, 1898, at Gainesville, to Lucy Reavis, daughter of Thomas Klugh and Lucy Burt (Reavis) Jackson, of that place, the former a graduate of West Point, 1858, lieutenant in the U. S. Army, resigned and served on the staff of Gen. Albert Sidney Johnston, wounded at the battle of Shiloh, served during the remainder of the war as major, in charge of the quartermaster department and in the army of Gen. Joseph E. Johnston; granddaughter of Turner Reavis, planter, circuit judge of Sumter County prior to the War of Secession, who resided at Gainesville. Children: 1. John M., jr. Residence: Jasper.

SHERMAN, ELOISE LEE, deceased author and writer.

SHERMAN, SAMUEL STERLING, educator, was born November 24, 1815, at Rupert, Bennington County, Vt., and died November 23, 1914, at Chicago, Ill.; son of Sterling and Jane (Noble) Sherman the former who was a native of Sandgate, Bennington County, Vt., lived at West Rupert, Vt., engaged in farming, and represented the county in the State legislature; grandson of Enoch and Catherine (Seeley) Sherman of Sandgate, Vt., the former who served in the Revolutionary War under Lafayette, and witnessed the execution of Major Andre, and the latter who was a small girl at the time the British invaded Connecticut, her native state, and whose father was killed in the Revolutionary War, and of Luke and Mary (McCleary) Noble, the former who was a native of Southwick, Mass., and served in the Revolutionary War with Ethan Allen and his Green Mountain boys, on the western frontier; great-grandson of Josiah and Miriam (Gregory) Sherman; great-great-grandson of Enos and Abigail (Walker) Sherman; great-great-great-grandson of Benjamin and Rebekah (Phippany) Sherman; great-great-great-grandson of Samuel and Sarah (Mitchell) Sherman, the former who came to America with his parents when he was fourteen years of age, and in 1650, settled in Stratford, Conn.; a descendant of Henry and Agnes (Butler) Sherman, the former who was a native of Dedham, Essex County, England, who died in 1589, and of Thomas Noble, the progenitor of the Noble family in America, who was born in England, in 1632, later came to America, and settled in Westfield, Mass., and married Hannah Wariner, a native of Westfield, Mass. He was related to Senator John Sherman, and Gen. W.



PORTER BIBB

T. Sherman, who were lineal descendants of Samuel Sherman, and also to Roger Sherman, a signer of the Declaration of Independence, and Senator Sherman, of Connecticut, who were descended from a collateral branch. His early education was received at Salem, N. Y., New Hampton, N. H., and Bennington, Vt., where he was prepared for college, and he later entered Middlebury college, Middlebury, Vt., where he was graduated, A. B., in 1838, later receiving the degrees of A. M., and LL. D. Soon afterward he went to Tuscaloosa, where he opened a private school, preparatory to the university. He continued the private school for sometime until he was elected tutor in ancient languages at the University of Alabama, by the board of trustees at their annual meeting on the suggestion of Dr. Manly, president of the university. He at first declined the honor, but later accepted, also serving as librarian, and having as private pupils the sons of Dr. Manly and Prof. Pratt. When the Baptists of Alabama were endeavoring to lay the foundation of an institution that should become a college or university in the control of that denomination, and solicited his aid, he resigned his duties at the university, which he had served for three years, and went to Marion, in 1842, where he established an English and classical school with nine boys as students. The school grew rapidly and soon a chair of theology was endowed; in 1847, regular college classes were organized; and in 1848, a class of seven young men was graduated, after which the institution assumed the name and the privileges conferred by its charter, Howard college, with Dr. Sherman as president. Ten years later, he resigned the presidency, and went to LaGrange, Ga., where he had purchased a private institution known as Brownwood. After the retirement of Prof. Jewett, as principal of the Judson female institute, in 1858, he sold Brownwood, and returned to Marion, where he assumed the principalship of the institute. In 1859, he resigned from this charge, and settled in Milwaukee, Wis. The War of Secession soon followed, and he was permitted by the Federal authorities to administer to the prisoners at Camp Douglas and Johnson's Island.

Dr. Sherman served for many years on the city board of education of Milwaukee, on the Wisconsin state board of normal school regents, was also a trustee and for a short time, principal of the Milwaukee female college. He was offered the presidency of the University of Wisconsin, on its organization in 1866, but declined. He was for some time president of the National Bank of Beaver Dam, and in April, 1866, became a partner in the firm of West & Company, booksellers of Milwaukee. In 1867, his friend Dr. M. P. Jewett, former president of the Judson female institute, originator and first president of Vassar college, resigned from the presidency of that college and removed to Milwaukee. Associating with themselves another business man, Dr. Sherman and Dr. Jewett formed a co-partnership, under the firm name of Jewett & Sherman, dealers in tea, coffee, and spices. The members of the firm were increased in time, and the firm was changed to

a joint stock corporation, under the name of the Jewett & Sherman Company. Dr. Sherman withdrew from this corporation in 1878, moved to Chicago, and established the firm of Sherman Brothers & Company, and in 1898, transferring both the firm name and the assets to others, he retired from business. He was a member of the LaSalle Avenue Baptist church, Chicago. Married: on August 19, 1845, at Philadelphia, Pa., to Eliza Dewey, daughter of William and Hannah (Bond) Dewey, of Augusta, Me., granddaughter of Henry and Hannah (Stearns) Bond; great-granddaughter of Capt. Phineas Stearns, who served as a soldier at Lake George in 1756, and was a member of the Boston Tea Party, and of William Bond, who was a lieutenant-colonel at the battle of Bunker Hill, and the colonel being killed, succeeded to the command of the regiment and was sent on the unfortunate invasion of Canada, by way of the lakes and after his return, died in camp at Mount Independence, August 3, 1776; great-great-granddaughter of Josiah Stearns; great-great-great-granddaughter of John Stearns; great-great-great-great-granddaughter of Isaac Stearns, who was the progenitor of the Stearns family in America, and who came to this county, in 1630, in the same ship with Gov. Winthrop, and Sir Richard Saltonstall. Children: 1. Henry Bond, m. Emma Lancey. Children, Henry Lancey and Emma Louisa, Pasadena, Calif.; 2. Elizabeth Jane, Chicago, Ill.; 3. Frederick Sterling, m. Evelyn Hardin, children, Annie Hardin, Elizabeth Evelyn, and Samuel, Chicago. Last residence: Chicago.

SHERROD, BENJAMIN, planter and railroad builder, was born January 21, 1786, in Halifax County, N. C., and died February, 1857, at Courtland; son of Isaac and Mary (Ricks) Sherrod of Halifax, N. C., who died four months before the birth of his son, his wife, who was a widow Copeland before marrying Mr. Sherrod, dying soon afterwards. He was reared by his grandfather Ricks. The Sherrods were of English stock and were among the first settlers of North Carolina. He was educated at Chapel Hill, N. C., and after graduation engaged in planting; moved to Wilkes County, Ga., where he again followed planting. In 1818, he came to Alabama and established plantations in the Tennessee Valley that were worked by seven hundred slaves. He accumulated his wealth solely by planting, as he never speculated. His plows moved abreast like a company of cavalry in a charge. The foreman with a mule of average speed set the gait, the fast mules being kept back, and the slow ones speeded up. He was one of the few men who used clover in this valley as a renovator. He wasted nothing which could maintain the fertility of the soil. Apart from his reputation as a great cotton planter "Colonel" Sherrod should be remembered as one who, in 1832, promoted the first Alabama railroad and the third built in the United States, the Tuscumbia-Courtland railroad, which afterwards became a part of the Memphis and Charleston railroad. He was president of the board of directors and when the road proved a financial failure he paid

the debt of the corporation, five hundred thousand dollars, as he had endorsed all its papers. He continued so prosperous in his planting operations that he bequeathed to each of his children a fine plantation well stocked with negroes. During the Indian War of 1813, he was an army contractor with the commissary department, and supplied the Georgia troops with provisions. From this service he acquired the title of colonel. He was a Whig in his politics but never was a candidate for any office. Married: (1) Eliza, daughter of Samuel and Nellie Watkins of Wilkes County, Ga., the former a merchant of Petersburg, Va., and subsequently a large planter on Broad River, Ga.; (2) in 1822, to Tabitha, daughter of John and Ann (Freeman) Goode of Edgefield, S. C. Children: by the first wife, 1. Felix; 2. Frederick; 3. Antoinette; 4. Samuel; by the second wife, 5. Eliza, died young; 6. Adelaide, m. Col. Samuel W. Shackelford, son of Capt. Jack Shackelford who commanded the "Red Rovers" who were massacred at Goliad, Texas; 7. Charles Fox, m. Susan Billups of Columbus, Miss; 8. William Crawford, m. Amanda Morgan, of Nashville, Tenn. Last residence: Courtland.

SHERROD, CHARLES MORGAN, lawyer and editor, was born October 1, 1860, at Courtland, Lawrence County; son of William C. and Amanda (Morgan) Sherrod; grandson of Benjamin and Tabitha (Goode) Sherrod, the former emigrated to Lawrence County in 1818, settling four miles north of Courtland near an Indian village, known as "Gourdtown," largely built, and was the first president of the Tusculum and Courtland railroad, now a part of the Memphis division of the Southern railway, and of Samuel D. and Matilda (McIntosh) Morgan, who lived in Nashville, Tenn. He was educated in the schools of Town Creek, then Jonesboro, and Courtland; attended the old Agricultural & mechanical college, 1878-79; graduated in the law school at Lebanon, Tenn., June, 1880. He began the practice of law at Courtland in 1884; was at Moulton, 1886-1894; spent 1894-1899 in Texas, where he was appointed judge of the district court, Wichita County, 1896; mayor of Courtland, 1902-1906; chairman Democratic Committee, Lawrence County, 1890-94; delegate to state conventions, 1890-94, 1900 and 1906; member house of representatives from Lawrence County, 1907, and of senate from the second district in 1911 and 1913. Editor: "Courtland Enterprise," 1899-1900; "Franklin Times," 1901. He is a Democrat; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: September 24, 1890, to Helen, daughter of John Rush and Lou (Foster) Gates. Children: 1. Adylise; 2. Miriam; 3. Morgan. Residence: Courtland.

SHERROD, WILLIAM CRAWFORD, planter and congressman, was born August 17, 1831, at the Cotton Garden plantation, in Lawrence County; son of Benjamin and Tabitha (Goode) Sherrod (q. v.). His first education was given by governesses in his father's house, and he was prepared for college by Mr. McClintock, of Edgefield, S. C., completing his education at Chapel Hill, N. C. He returned home and entered upon the life of a cotton planter in Ala-

bama and Desha County, Arkansas, owning a large plantation with numerous slaves in each state. On the surrender of Arkansas post, during the War of Secession, he had one thousand bales of cotton on his Arkansas plantation which he burned to prevent it falling into the hands of the enemy. He represented Lawrence County in the lower house in the legislature of 1859, 1860, and was one of the three men who refused to sign the ordinance of secession. In 1879 he was a state senator and a member of the finance committee. He was a delegate to the Charleston and Baltimore conventions in 1860, supported Stephen H. Douglas in each convention, and canvassed for him in the campaign that followed. He was a member of the forty-first congress, where he indulged in no political discussion, but devoted his time to the advancement of internal improvements. He was on the committee on railroads and canals, and carried through successfully the Southern Pacific railroad bill. Notwithstanding his opposition to secession, when it became an accomplished fact, like all true Southern men he threw himself heartily into the Confederate cause. He was appointed captain commissary for Patterson's brigade of cavalry, with which he remained until the close of the war, sharing in all its hardships, privations, skirmishes and battles. After the war he returned to plantation life. He made his home in Florence, 1883, for the purpose of educating his children, and he formulated the Florence boom, being one of the originators of the Florence land and mining co.; the W. B. Wood furnace co., of which he was vice-president; the Florence coal, coke and iron co.; the Florence, Tuscaloosa and Montgomery railroad co.; and the Tennessee and Alabama railroad; the Alabama, Florence & Cincinnati railway; and the Florence and St. Louis railroad. He is a Catholic. Married: October 21, 1856, in Nashville, to Amanda, daughter of Samuel and Matilda (McIntosh) Morgan. Samuel Morgan was an uncle of Gen. John T. Morgan and cousin of H. J. T. Morgan of Alabama. Children: 1. Charles M., m. Helen Gates, Courtland; 2. William C., jr., unmarried, Wichita Falls, Texas; 3. St. Clair; 4. Lillian, m. Charles B. Loney, Wichita Falls, Texas; 5. Benjamin, m. Marietta Jones, El Paso, Texas; 6. Lucile, Wichita Falls, Texas; 7. Eugene, m. Virginia Withers, Wichita Falls, Texas. Last residence: Wichita Falls, Texas.

SHERROD, WILLIAM LOWNDES YANCEY, farmer, was born February 10, 1858, near Marr's Hill, Lauderdale County; son of McHenry Irwin and Agnes Elizabeth (Hoge) Sherrod, the former who was born near Oakland, where he lived throughout his entire life, was a farmer, enlisted as private in Co. I, Thirty-fifth Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, was captured at Vicksburg; grandson of Robert and Elizabeth (Lassiter) Sherrod, who lived near Oakland, removing here from Northampton County, N. C., in 1819, the former who was of Irish ancestry, and of Hiram J. and Mary Elizabeth (Rice) Hoge, who lived near Marr's Hill. W. L. Y. Sherrod was educated in the schools of Lauderdale County and after com-

pleting his education engaged in farming, which occupation he has followed throughout his life. He was local school trustee; registrar of elections, 1911-18; volunteered for army service during the World War and was assigned to Battery B, Seventy-first coast artillery, went to France in September, 1918, and was mustered out in March, 1919; member of the house of representatives from Lauderdale County, 1919. He is a Democrat; a member of the Christian church; and a Woodman of the World. Married: On August 29, 1888, near Oakland, to Dora J. Cantrell, daughter of Lee T. and Mary (Pullen) Cantrell, who lived in Lawrence County, Tenn., the former who was of Scotch descent and followed the profession of teaching. Children: 1. Mary Agnes; 2. William L. Gordon; 3. Alta. Residence: Florence.

SHIELDS, BENJAMIN GLOVER, member Alabama legislature, congressman, and U. S. representative to Venezuela, was born about 1808, probably in Abbeville District, S. C. His father, Samuel B. Shields, was an early settler in Clarke County, where his son passed his boyhood days. There is no record of his early life but he evidently had good opportunities for obtaining a fair education and a thorough training in the legal profession. The time of his becoming a planter in Marengo County is also unknown. He represented the county as a Democrat in the legislature in 1835, 1836, 1837, 1838, and was during part of that time speaker of the house. In 1841 he was elected to congress from the Mobile District and served one term. A few years later President Polk appointed him U. S. minister to Venezuela, and he was abroad for a number of years. In 1851, his friends brought him out as a candidate for governor against Henry W. Collier, but the latter was elected by a large majority. About 1854 he removed to Texas, and for a few years took an active part in the politics of his adopted state. The year of his death is not known. Married: Sarah Thomas Harwell. A son, Samuel Roland Shields, born November 2, 1837, was first lieutenant Cook's artillery, C. S. Army, and died in the military service at Galveston, September 4, 1864. Last residence: Texas.

SHIELDS, JOHN B., judge and member of Alabama legislature, was born August 25, 1840, at Marshall's Ferry, Granger County, Tenn.; son of Dr. Milton and Priscilla (Bradson) Shields, the former was born in Green County, Tenn., in 1804, and died in Sevier County, Tenn., December 20, 1866, owner of paper mills at Marshall's Ferry and at Middlebrook, near Knoxville, in the '30's and '40's and at the same time had an interest in an iron furnace, who made all the writing and printing paper used in all the contiguous Southern counties, much of which was shipped down the Tennessee River, this paper was at first made by hand, one sheet being moulded at a time; grandson of James Shields, who was of Irish descent. Judge Shields attended the old field schools of his neighborhood until he was fifteen years of age, when he was sent to Greenville college

where he pursued his studies two years. His medical studies were brought to a close by the outbreak of the War of Secession. After the war he merchandised eighteen months in Newnan, Ga., then returned to his old Tennessee home, which he found in ruins. After rebuilding the old homestead, still in possession of some of the family, he became a clerk in Morristown. In 1868 he moved to the terminus of the Cincinnati, Cumberland Gap and Charleston railroad at Wolf Creek, and there for three years was a merchant and station agent. In 1872 he moved to Carroll County, Ga., to superintend the Georgia paper manufacturing company, as he had become familiar with paper making in early life. Two years later he moved to Walker county, where he became a merchant and a miller. After three years he sold out his interest, moved to South Lowell, and there operated a steam saw and planing mill, which he conducted individually for ten years. He was elected to the legislature in 1878 on the Greenback ticket, but was not seated. In 1844 he was again elected to the legislature as an Independent and served in 1884-85. In 1866 he was elected probate judge of Walker County. He was first lieutenant in Co. I, 59th Tennessee infantry regiment C. S. Army, which organization was in the siege and surrender of Vicksburg, but was soon paroled, and later mounted with a cavalry regiment, part of Gen. J. C. Vaughn's brigade. His brigade made a campaign in 1864 in Maryland under General Early, and afterwards operated in western Virginia and east Tennessee. In these latter campaigns Judge Shields served as captain of his company. He was engaged in the battles of Grand Gulf, the siege of Vicksburg, Baker's Creek, Piedmont, Morristown, Bull's Gap, Monocacy Junction and Winchester. He is a Presbyterian; and a Mason. Married: September 19, 1866, in Carrollton, Ga., to Carrie E., youngest daughter of Judge John Long, a native of Tennessee who settled in Carroll County, Ga., in 1826, and there served as judge, legislator, and in other offices for more than twenty-five years. Children: 1. Nannie P.; 2. Lily Lou, deceased; 3. Carrie May; 4. Maud; 5. John B. Residence: Jasper.

SHIVERS, JESSE B., lawyer, major, probate judge, superintendent of education of Perry County, veteran C. S. Army, was born April 27, 1839, in Marengo County; son of Dr. Orlando Lunsford and Catherine (Woodfin) Shivers, the former from North Carolina who served in the Mexican War, the latter a cousin of Col. John H. Mosly, and kinsman of the McLaurin family, of colonial distinction. He received his higher education in Howard College, from which he graduated in June, 1859. He taught a private school in Wilcox County for about a year; after which he attended Cumberland University, where he was pursuing his law studies at the outbreak of the War of Secession. In 1863 he was admitted to the bar; elected mayor of Marion and held the office for four years, at the end of which time, 1867, he was ousted by the carpetbaggers. Later he was elected mayor and remained in that office about six years. From 1876 to 1886

he was superintendent of education of Perry County, and in 1887, was elected probate judge and re-elected in 1892. In 1861 he enlisted in Co. K, Eighth Alabama infantry regiment, but was subsequently transferred to the 11th infantry regiment, with which he fought during the days around Richmond. He received seven severe wounds at Frazer's Farm, one of which resulted in the amputation of his left arm. This was done on the field and was so unsuccessful that he had to submit to a second amputation at the hospital. He was brought home by his father and was eleven months in recovering. Married: June, 1871, to Maria L. Robinson, of Huntsville. Children: 1. Kate M., m. O. B. Ward; 2. Fanny Otey; 3. James B.; 4. Augusta; 5. Walter O. Last residence: Marion.

SHIVERS, ORLANDO LUNSFORD, Jr., physician, was born May 24, 1849, at Marion, Perry County; son of Dr. Orlando Lunsford and Catherine (Woodfin) Shivers and brother of Jesse B. Shivers (q. v.). He received his education in Howard college from which he was graduated, June 27, 1867; taught school for a brief period at Hickory, Miss., but returned to Alabama and farmed for three years near Marion. He studied medicine under Dr. E. B. Thompson until he entered Tulane university, graduating from the medical department in 1873. He first practiced in Perry County and later, for nine years, at Newbern, Hale County. In 1885 he returned to Marion which henceforth was his permanent home. In 1886 he was instrumental in organizing the Alabama surgical and gynecological association, from which a year later was evolved the Southern surgical and gynecological association. In 1888 he devised a treatment for hemorrhoids, which dispenses with the use of the knife and was endorsed by many able physicians and surgeons as the best appliance ever invented for this purpose. He is a member of several medical societies or associations, among them the American medical association. He is a member of the board of trustees of the public schools and is part owner of the Marion oil mills. He is a Baptist. Married: in 1875, to Minnie, daughter of Jack F. Cöcke. Five children, two sons and three daughters were born of this union. Residence: Marion.

SHOCKLEY, THOMAS BASCOM, timber merchant, was born October 17, 1844, at Meridian, Miss., and died in 1876, in Milton, Fla.; son of William Martin and Lydia (Bascom) Shockley, natives respectively of Sheffield and London, England, the former a Methodist minister for forty years. He was educated in a military school at Greensboro, and as a cadet at the University of Alabama, being captain of a mixed company of cadets and young men who served as escort to Gen. Wirt Adams, C. S. Army. After the war he was a bookkeeper and later a timber merchant. He was a Methodist; and a Mason. Married: October 27, 1871, at Milton, Fla., to Mary Janette, daughter of William Washington and Maria (Cotton) Harrison, of that place, originally from Virginia, the former a first cousin to President William Henry

Harrison, and whose father was a member of the Alabama legislature. Children: 1. Laura Isabelle, m. ———— Beasley; 2. Branche, deceased. Last residence: Milton, Fla.

SHOFNER, JAMES MARTIN, Methodist minister, was born June 3, 1863, at Rehoboth, Wilcox County; son of Martin and Willie Jane (Glover) Shofner, the former who was born near Columbus, Muscogee County, Ga.; grandson of Henry Shofner; and of William and Martha Glover. He attended school for a few months in Georgiana, and later in Ft. Deposit. On July 26, 1884, he was licensed to exhort; on November 26, 1886, was licensed to preach in the Methodist church; in December, 1887, was admitted on trial into the Alabama Conference; was ordained deacon on December 8, 1889, by Bishop W. W. Duncan at Greenville; and was ordained elder by Bishop E. R. Hendrix, at Selma. He became president of the Dowling industrial school for girls, in 1904, and holds that position at the present time. Married. Children: 1. James E.; 2. Eva Inez; 3. Bula Lee; 4. Clyde Mixon; 5. Willie May; 6. Nelson Frank. Residence: Brewton.

SHOLL, EDWARD HENRY, physician, was born September 17, 1832, at Hanover, York County, Pa., and died in 1919, at Birmingham; son of Rev. William Nace and Henrietta (Wampler) Sholl, the former who was a native of Hanover, York County, Pa., was a minister of the Lutheran church, and was at one time president of the Hartwick seminary, N. Y.; grandson of John and Catherine (Nace) Sholl, who lived at Hanover, Pa., and of Dr. Henry and Anna Maria (Ebert) Wampler; great-grandson of Adam and Gloria (Hoke) Ebert, and of Philip and Magdalene (Letch) Sholl, and of Ludwig Wampler, born in Maryland, and married a Scotchwoman; great-great-grandson of Martin Letch and of Mathias and Catherine (Bowman) Nace, the latter who was of German ancestry. He received his early education in Germantown, Pa., and received further education under Daniel B. Hagar in New York, until 1850, when together with Judge W. Coleman, of the Alabama supreme court, Col. W. A. Percy of Greenville, and Dr. Joseph Jones of Tulane university, he entered Princeton college, and was graduated A. M. in 1853. He taught a select school in Eutaw for ten months after he graduated. In 1854, he entered the Pennsylvania medical college, was graduated in 1856, and located in Clinton, where he practiced until October, 1858, when he removed to Warsaw. In May, 1862, he entered the C. S. Army, as private in the Thirty-sixth Alabama regiment, until December of that year, when he was appointed assistant surgeon. He served in this position during the remainder of the war, the last seventeen months of which time were spent in Gen. Forrest's command. He was in the following engagements: March, 1864, Bolivar, Tenn.; July 12, 13, 14, 1864, Harrisburg, Miss.; June 24, 1864, Lafayette, Ga.; August, 1864, Hurricane Creek, Miss.; August 21, 1864, Memphis, Tenn.; September 24, 1864, Athens; September 25, 1864, Sulphur Trestle; September 25, 1864, Pulaski, Tenn.; September 30, 1864,

Huntsville; and October 1, 1864, Athens. On May, 11, 1865, he was paroled at Gainesville, where he practiced medicine, until May, 1883, when he removed to Birmingham. He was a member of the state board of health and censors; chairman of the committee of health of Jefferson County; and chairman of the charity hospital staff of Birmingham. He was a contributor to medical journals, one of his articles, "The Negro, and his Death Rate," was published in the *Virginia Medical Monthly*, June, 1891. He was a Democrat and a member of the Second Presbyterian church of which he was elder. Married: (1) in April, 1858, to Sarah Ann Pearson, of Mt. Hebron, Greene County, daughter of George and Eliza Pearson, of that place; (2) in February, 1866, to Ellen Raymond Stillman, daughter of Rev. C. A. Stillman (q. v.). Children, by first marriage: 1. Edward Pearson; by second marriage: 2. Charles Stillman, pastor of the Canal Street Presbyterian church, New Orleans, La.; 3. Emma Raymond, deceased; 4. Mary Hammond, m. W. C. Bonham; 5. William Nace, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, Decatur. Last residence: Birmingham.

SHOMO, JOSEPH, U. S. army officer and planter, was born December 27, 1790, in Berkes County, Pa., and died in Pensacola, Fla., February 27, 1853. His father, whose name is not preserved by Alabama descendants, removed from Pennsylvania to near New Market, Va., 1801, and when his son, Joseph, was nineteen years of age he joined the army during the War of 1812, being elected captain of his company, Col. James P. Preston's regiment. He was ensign, March 12, 1812; 3rd lieutenant March 20, 1813; 2nd lieutenant March 24, 1814; transferred to 4th infantry, May 17, 1815; 1st lieutenant December 31, 1818; captain, March 1, 1819. Later he was stationed in Alabama after the war, resigned from the army, December 31, 1820, and purchased a farm in Clarke County, his residence, however, being at Mt. Pleasant, Monroe County. He was an Odd Fellow, a Democrat and a Methodist. Married: December 25, 1821, at the head of Perdido River, to Rosanah, daughter of Charles and Sehoy (McGilvary) Weatherford of Mount Pella, Baldwin County, and sister of William Weatherford (q. v.), the Creek Indian chief. She attended neighborhood schools until sixteen years of age, after which she was taken by her half brother, David Tate (q. v.), to Raleigh, N. C., and kept there in school for two years. She was a descendant of Sehoy Marchand, the princess of the "tribe of the wind," the ruling family of the Creek Indians, with their village at the confluence of the Tallapoosa and Coosa Rivers. She was a Methodist. Children: 1. David Tate, physician; 2. Joseph Weatherford, physician; 3. James Preston; 4. Francis William; 5. Virginia Elizabeth; 6. William Augustus; 7. Francis Blount. Last residence: Pensacola, Fla.

SHOOK, R. D., Cumberland Presbyterian minister; living in 1913. Residence: Scottsboro.

SHORES, J. W., Methodist minister, who lived to a great age, and served charges and

pastorates in Alabama from ante-bellum days until recent times. Deceased. Last residence: Montgomery.

SHORTER, ELI SIMS, lawyer, representative in congress, and colonel C. S. Army, was born March 15, 1823, in Montevallo, Ga., and died in Eufaula, April 29, 1879; son of Gen. Reuben C. and Mary Butler (Gill) Shorter (q. v.), brother of Gov. John G. Shorter (q. v.). He received his early education in Georgia, and came with his father to Eufaula, then Irwinton, in 1836. A few years later he entered Yale college, from which he graduated in 1843, delivering the salutatory oration. The next year he graduated from the law department of Yale, returned to Eufaula, and entered upon the practice with his brother, John Gill Shorter. They had a large and remunerative business and were considered one of the strongest firms in east Alabama. A part from his high rank as a lawyer, Eli Shorter, in time became prominent as a political leader. In 1855 he was the Democratic nominee for congress, and though living in a strong Whig district, he was elected over Julius C. Alford of Pike, who had previously served in the house of representatives from Georgia. He was re-elected in 1857 over Batt Patterson of Barbour, carrying every county in the district. During the four years of his congressional career, he acted with the Southern Rights wing of the Democratic party, and acquired a national reputation as a platform speaker. He was fluent and convincing in his oratory, and often arose to the loftiest flights of eloquence. At the close of his second term, he returned to his law practice, but appeared again in public life in 1860 as an elector on the Breckenridge ticket. In the presidential campaign of 1868 he was prevailed upon to canvass the northwestern states for the Seymour and Blair ticket. Again in 1876, at the earnest request of his friend, Thomas Hendricks, he performed the same service for the Tilden and Hendricks ticket. True to his southern convictions, Eli Shorter was an ardent supporter of the Confederate cause. On the organization of the 18th Alabama infantry regiment, September 4, 1861, he was appointed by President Davis lieutenant-colonel, and was later promoted colonel. Colonel Shorter commanded the regiment at the battle of Shiloh and his report of the first day's battle shows that the casualties of the regiment were 120 killed, wounded, and missing. The regiment did not participate in the second day's battle as it was detailed to escort the brigade of Gen. Prentiss to the rear, a command which the regiment had largely aided to capture. The rigors of camp life proved too severe for Colonel Shorter's by no means strong constitution. This rendered it imperative for him to resign, which he did in 1862, not long after the battle of Shiloh. This was followed by his appointment by Gov. Shorter as one of his aides, and in January, 1863, he was sent to Richmond to confer with the secretary of war in reference to the military defense of southeast Alabama and west Florida. After the war Col. Shorter devoted himself to his profession, to planting, and to his duties as president of the Vicksburg and Brunswick railroad. He was a Knight Templar,

Mason, and a Baptist. During the latter years of his life he was very active in church work, and at the time of his death, was president of the Baptist state convention. Married: January 12, 1848, in La Grange, Ga., to Marietta Fannin, a niece of Col. James Fannin, who perished with his command in the massacre at Goliad. Children: 1. Annie Bell, m. A. H. Leftwich, of Lynchburg, Va., later of Spartanburg, S. C.; 2. William A., died in Rome, Ga.; 3. Clement C., born February 1, 1856, died unmarried June 16, 1890; 4. Eli, Jr., m. Wileyna, daughter of Col. Henry J. Lamar, lawyer, member from Barbour County 1882-83, 1884-85, 1886-87, and speaker house of representatives 1888-89. Last residence: Eufaula.

SHORTER, HENRY RUSSELL, lawyer, president of the railroad commission of Alabama, was born February 28, 1833, at Monticello, and died at Eufaula, November 28, 1898; son of Gen. Reuben Clarke and Mary Butler (Gill) Shorter (q. v.); brother of John Gill Shorter (q. v.), and of Eli Sims Shorter (q. v.). In 1836, he came with his parents to Eufaula, and in 1849 entered the University of North Carolina, from which he was graduated in 1853, A. B. He then read law with his brother Eli S. Shorter, at Eufaula, and in May, 1854, was admitted to the bar. He associated with his brother in the practice of law under the firm name of Shorter & Brother, and was actively engaged in that business, and in planting until the outbreak of the War of Secession. He enlisted as a private in Co. A, First regiment Alabama Volunteer infantry, early in 1861, and served twelve months. He then joined the army of northern Virginia, with the rank of first lieutenant and aide-de-camp, on the staff of Brig.-Gen. C. A. Battle, where he remained until the close of the war. He was wounded May 5, 1864, during the battle of the Wilderness, and left the service with the full rank of major, acting adjutant and inspector general. Preferring a lower rank upon the staff of Gen. Battle, he refused the promotion tendered him by Gen. R. E. Rhodes, on May 12, 1864, at Spotsylvania, as lieutenant-colonel on his staff, and when Gen. Battle was severely wounded, October 19, 1864, at the battle of Cedar Creek, Va., Maj. Shorter accompanied him home to Alabama. At the close of the war he resumed his law practice, and in February, 1885, Gov. O'Neal appointed him president of the railroad commission of Alabama, one of the most important departments of the state, which position he held until 1897, being reappointed by Gov. Seay and Gov. Jones. In 1874, at the November election in Eufaula, while contending for the rights of his state, a street battle was fought between the Democrats and Radicals, in which he was twice shot, his life however, being spared. He was the elector from his district on the Greeley ticket, and when Thomas Seay, was candidate for governor, he toured the state with him. In 1897, he returned to Eufaula, and devoted the remainder of his life to the interests of several large loan corporations represented by him. He was an Episcopalian. Married: May 9, 1854, at Eufaula, to Addie Keitt, daughter of John Keitt of Orangeburg, S. C.,

and a cousin of Col. Lawrence M. Keitt, who lost his life at Petersburg, while commanding his regiment. Children: 1. Adell, m. Maj. Charles C. Hanson, now of Memphis, Tenn.; 2. Alice, m. Gov. William D. Jelks (q. v.); 3. Henry Russell, Jr., graduated University of Alabama, A. B., 1889, register in U. S. land office, Indian Territory, 1893-94, deputy insurance commissioner of Alabama, 1903-07, and since 1907, in the insurance business in Birmingham; 4. Louise, deceased. Last residence: Eufaula.

SHORTER, JOHN GILL, lawyer, representative in the Confederate congress, seventeenth governor of Alabama, was born April 23, 1818, in Monticello, Ga., and died May 29, 1872, in Eufaula; son of Gen. Reuben Clarke and Mary Butler (Gill) Shorter (q. v.); brother of Hon. Eli Sims Shorter, who was a member of congress from Alabama, 1855-59, of Reuben C. Shorter, who was a lawyer and of Henry Russell Shorter (q. v.). He graduated from Franklin college, now the University of Georgia at Athens, in 1837, removed to Alabama, settling in Eufaula, and after a course of law studies was admitted to the bar in 1838, and commenced the practice of his profession. In 1842, he was appointed by Gov. Fitzpatrick, solicitor for his judicial district; in 1845, represented Barbour County in the State senate; and in 1851, represented that county in the lower house. He was later appointed by Gov. Collier to succeed Judge Goldthwaite on the circuit bench; the appointment was confirmed by re-election, in 1852, and for nine years he served in this position. In 1852, he had been elected to the office over F. S. Jackson, and in 1858, was re-elected without opposition. While he was serving in this position, Gov. Moore appointed him commissioner to Georgia, to attend the secession convention of 1861, and he urged the legislature of that state to co-operate in the movement for separation. He was elected to represent his district in the provisional Confederate congress, while attending the Georgia convention, and was elected governor, over Hon. T. H. Watts of Montgomery, at one time attorney-general of the C. S. Army, while in Richmond attending a sitting of the provisional congress. He was an ardent advocate of secession, and devoted himself to the success of the Confederate cause. He was unremitting in his efforts to provide for the soldiers' families, and to construct defenses for Mobile. During the latter part of his administration, the Federal forces, who had been driven out of northern Alabama in 1862, returned, bringing destruction with resultant suffering to the citizens; and in the northern counties, Forrest's pursuit of Staight and the capture of his forces in May, 1863, took place. These hardships of war caused popular discontent, which reacted against the governor, and in 1863, he was defeated by Hon. T. H. Watts. He was never again active in public life, and after peace was declared, resumed the practice of law at Eufaula. He was a member of the Baptist church. Married: in 1843, at Eufaula, to Mary Jane Battle, daughter of Dr. Cullen and Jane (Lamon) Battle, the former who was a native of North Carolina, and



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removed to Alabama in 1836, and the sister of Rev. Archibald J. Battle of Macon, Ga., and Gen. Cullen A. Battle of Macon County, the latter who was a lawyer, planter, and a brigadier-general in the C. S. Army. Children: 1. Mary Jane, m. Benjamin Willingham, deceased, resides at Eufaula; and other children who died in early life. Last residence: Eufaula.

SHORTER, REUBEN CLARKE, physician, planter, and legislator, was born March 13, 1787, in Culpeper County, Va., and died July 14, 1853, at Eufaula. He was educated at the University of Pennsylvania. He removed to Georgia, settled in Twiggs County, later removed to Monticello, Jasper County, served in both houses of the Georgia legislature and was a major general of militia. In 1836, he removed to Eufaula where he practiced his profession and was also a planter. He was a Baptist. Married: May 31, 1812, at Monticello, Ga., to Mary Butler Gill. Children: 1. Emily Frances, m. David C. Kolb, parents of Reuben F. Kolb (q. v.); 2. John Gill (q. v.) m. Mary Jane Battle; 3. Sarah Elizabeth, m. James Lingard Hunter; 4. Martha Gill, m. William Henry McKleroy (q. v.); 5. Eli Sims (q. v.), m. Marietta Fannin; 6. Reuben C., m. Caroline Billingsly; 7. Sophia H., m. Tennant Lomax (q. v.); 8. Mary Butler, m. William H. Thornton; 9. Henry Russell (q. v.), m. Adrianna Keitt; 10. Laura M., m. Thomas Cowles; 11-13, died in infancy. Last residence: Eufaula.

SHORTRIDGE, ELI, lawyer, member State legislature, justice Alabama supreme court, was born in 1794, in Paris, Ky., and died July 20, 1843, in Talladega, where he is buried; son of David Shortridge, and wife, who was a Miss Muir, of Virginia, who removed to Greenup County, Ky., the former being killed, in 1804, in a property dispute, in Cabel County, Va., by one of the Hampton family. Two little sons went in a canoe, from Kentucky to Virginia, via the Ohio River, and brought back their father's body. Mr. Shortridge was educated in the high schools of Virginia and read law at Mt. Sterling, Ky. In 1822, he removed to Tuscaloosa, where he practiced law. In 1828, he was appointed for a short term to the supreme court bench. He represented Tuscaloosa County in the legislature; in 1835 elected to the circuit court, which judgeship he held to the date of his death. He was a Democrat; a Mason; and an Episcopalian. Married: to Leah Howell of the Howard family of Virginia and Georgia. Children: 1. George David, m. Elizabeth King (q. v.); 2. Margaret, m. Adolphus Pearson, Texas; 3. Elizabeth, m. Dr. Paul Hamilton Lewis, Mobile; 4. Maria, m. Burwell Boykin; 5. Howard. Last residence: Talladega.

SHORTRIDGE, GEORGE DAVID, mayor, county solicitor and circuit judge, was born in 1814, in Mt. Sterling, Ky., and died July 1, 1870, in Montevallo, Shelby County; son of Judge Eli and Leah (Howell) Shortridge (q. v.). He was educated in the schools of Tuscaloosa; graduated from the University of Alabama, 1833, the degree of A. M. being conferred later; studied law and admitted to the

bar, 1835. He removed to Montgomery; was appointed county solicitor; elected mayor of the city, and a director in the State bank. He removed to Montevallo and in 1838 was elected circuit judge and served ten years. He was nominated for governor of Alabama on the American or Know-nothing ticket, but was defeated; was a member of the Secession convention, 1861. Author: contributed to the Southern literary messenger, and De Bow's review. He was a "Know-nothing" but changed to the Democratic party; was a Secessionist; an Odd Fellow; and a Baptist. Married: in 1836, in Montevallo, to Elizabeth, daughter of Edmund and Nancy (Reagan) King, of Montevallo. Children: 1. George David, jr., m. Victoria Echols; 2. Louisa, m. Judge Reuben Gains; 3. Eli, Confederate soldier, killed at the battle of Seven Pines; 4. Frank Forester, Confederate soldier, lieutenant, killed at Atlanta; 5. Lella, m. W. J. Sedberry; 6. William Webb, of Birmingham. Last residence: Montevallo.

SHUMAKER, HARMON, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 73, and a resident of Fayette County; private Maryland militia; enrolled on July 12, 1834, under act of congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$40.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

SIBERT, MARTIN D., tutor in drawing in the department of engineering, University of Alabama, 1887-88, and of mathematics and engineering, 1888-89. Deceased.

SIBERT, WILLIAM J., farmer and merchant, was born October 17, 1833, in St. Clair County; son of David and Elizabeth (Cook) Sibert, natives of Abbeville District, S. C., the former a planter who moved to St. Clair County in 1819, and thence to De Kalb County in 1833, where he purchased lands from the Indians, eighty acres of which, according to their tradition, had been in cultivation over one hundred years. David Sibert's father came to America as a soldier in the British Army, served his term of enlistment, then adopted this country as his own and at once joined the Colonial Army under General Marion. He married a Miss Wilmore, of Virginia, and died in South Carolina, where he had been a farmer, and a Lutheran preacher. Mr. Sibert was reared on a farm, and received a common school education. He served several months as 2nd lieutenant, of Co. I, 10th Alabama infantry regiment, but resigned on account of ill health. In the spring of 1862, he joined Co. G, 48th Alabama infantry regiment, and participated in the second battle of Manassas, the Wilderness, and Petersburg. He was wounded at Manassas, and at Petersburg was forced from the effects of his wounds to retire from the field. He then accepted a position in the quartermaster's department and remained there to the close of the war. After farming two years, he removed to Gadsden and engaged in the hotel business from 1867 until 1879, then in the mercantile business. He was a Methodist; and a Mason. Married: September 20, 1856, to Mary E. Ward.

Children: 1. Charicle, m. A. J. Blair; 2. William Luther, (q. v.); 3. Samuel H.; 4. Martin D., b. Feb. 26, 1867, B.M.E., B.C.E., A.M. '89, LL.B. '91, lawyer, owner and editor Gadsden "Tribune", d. Oct. 24, 1896; 5. Fannie B.; 6. Olin W. Last residence: Gadsden.

SIBERT, WILLIAM LUTHER, major-general, U. S. Army, was born October 12, 1860, in Etowah County; son of William Joshua and Marietta (Ward) Sibert, the former a farmer and merchant living near Gadsden, served in an Alabama regiment in the C. S. Army, being wounded at the second battle of Bull Run; grandson of Martin David Sibert and his wife, a Miss Cook, a native of Ireland who moved to Alabama from Abbeville District, S. C., in 1819. His great-grandfather was a resident of Abbeville District, S. C., and was known to have been there prior to the Revolutionary War. Family tradition indicates that he moved from the Alsace Lorraine Country to South Carolina, and that that particular section of the country was selected because of the fact that the climate was suitable for making wine and silks. The family records in South Carolina were destroyed by fire and further ancestral data is unavailable. General Sibert attended schools at Gadsden until he was fourteen years of age when he went to work on his father's farm where he remained until 1878, when he entered the University of Alabama, and was appointed to the United States military academy at West Point by Colonel Forney, and after special training by Dr. Parker, professor of modern languages at the University, entered West Point in the spring of 1880. In 1884 he graduated from the academy and was assigned to the corps of engineers, U. S. Army as a second lieutenant; promoted first lieutenant, 1888, captain, 1896, major, 1904, lieutenant colonel, 1909, and was made a brigadier-general by special act of congress in recognition of services in connection with the building of the Panama canal, March 4, 1915, receiving the thanks of congress at the same time the promotion was made; and major-general, May 15, 1917. He was awarded the distinguished service medal for his services in the European War, 1917-1918, and was made a commander of the Legion of Honor by the French government, 1917-1918. He was in local charge of the construction of one-half of the ship canal in the connecting waters of the great lakes, 1892-94; chief engineer of the 8th Army corps, Philippines, 1899-1900; chief engineer and general manager of the Manila and Dagupan railroad, 1899-1900; in charge of the engineering, river and harbor districts with headquarters in Louisville and Pittsburgh, 1900-1907, and served as a member of the Isthmian Canal commission, March, 1907 to April, 1914. He built Gatun locks and dam, Panama Canal; the west breakwater, in Colon harbor; and excavated the harbor from Gatun to the Atlantic Ocean. Under authority of a special act of congress he served as chairman of the board of engineers on flood prevention in Hwai River Valley, China, from June to October, 1914. In June, 1917, General Sibert was assigned as commander of the First division, American ex-

peditionary forces in France. He returned to America in January, 1918, and organized the Chemical warfare service of which he was director. The service involved the research and manufacture of toxic substances, and developing the tactical use of the same, the development of all appliances to protect the troops from toxic substances and the manufacture of the same, and the training of troops in both offensive and defensive gas warfare. He has been awarded the degree of Doctor of Engineering, by the University of Nebraska, 1919, and the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws, by the University of Alabama, 1919. He is a Mason, and a member of the American society of civil engineers. Author: "The construction of the Panama Canal." Married: (1) in the fall of 1887, at Brownsville, Tex., to Mary Margaret, daughter of Franklin and Anne Mildred (Jones) Cummings, the former was a lawyer of Portland, Me., and the latter a native of Montgomery County, Md.; (2) in June, 1917, at Pittsburgh, Pa., to Juliette Roberts. Children: 1. William Olin, major, chemical warfare service, U. S. Army, m. Elizabeth Carson; 2. Franklin Cummings, lieutenant colonel, infantry, U. S. Army, m. Helen Rogers; 3. Harold Ward, served as a major of engineers during European War, 1917-1918; 4. Martin Luther, first lieutenant, field artillery, U. S. Army, m. Laura Carey; 5. Martin David, served as a corporal of infantry during European War, 1917-1918; 6. Mary Elizabeth. Residence: Washington, D. C.

SIBLEY, BARNEY DUNBAR, physician, was born October 18, 1870, at Augusta, Ga.; son of William Crapon Sibley, who was a native of Augusta, Ga.; and grandson of Josiah Sibley. His early education was obtained in the public schools of Augusta, and he later attended the University of Georgia. He began the study of medicine at the age of twenty-five years, and was graduated from the Birmingham medical college, M. D., in 1898. He began the practice of his profession in Warrington, and continued in the general practice for five years. In 1903, he went north for a year to study as an eye, ear, nose and throat specialist and in 1904, located in Birmingham. He has served as visiting aurist, phinologist, and laryngologist at St. Vincent's hospital, Hillman hospital, and Davis infirmary, at Birmingham. He is a Democrat, a Presbyterian, and a Mason. Married: November 10, 1892, at Thompson, Ga., to Carrie Harriass, daughter of James Harriass who lived at Columbus County, Ga. Children: 1. Margaret; 2. Langley; 3. Carolyn Dunbar. Residence: Birmingham.

SIBLEY, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, sergeant, particular service not disclosed; annual allowance, \$120; records do not show that any payments were ever made.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile.

SIBLEY, JOHN WILLIAM, was born January 5, 1869, in New Orleans, La.; son of William Crapon and Jane Eliza (Thomas) Sibley, of Augusta, Ga., major in Gen. John K. Jackson's brigade of the Confederate Army, builder

and for many years president of the Langley and Sibley cotton mills of Augusta; grandson of Josiah and Sarah Ann (Crapon) Sibley of Augusta, Ga., and of Grigsby E. and Mary Ann (Shivers) Thomas of Columbus, Ga. The Sibley family were emigrants, at some time during the Colonial era, from Wales to Massachusetts, whence in later times three brothers of the family moved to Augusta, Ga., where for three generations the Sibley name has been associated with the industrial, civic and church affairs in the Augusta district. Josiah Sibley was one of these three brothers. Mr. Sibley was educated in the public schools of Augusta and in the Richmond academy, from which he was a first honor graduate, after which he was for three years, 1885-1887, a student in the University of Virginia. After finishing his education, he began business in the cotton warehouse business in Augusta, but finally moved to Coaldale, to become secretary of the coal and brick companies there. He was later president of the Sibley-Menge brick and coal company; treasurer of the National brick manufacturers' association of America, which position he held for more than twenty years. He was the president of the builders' exchange of Birmingham, 1911-12, president of the chamber of commerce of Birmingham, 1913. He is a Democrat; a Presbyterian; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: (1) to Hattie Augusta, daughter of James D. and Elizabeth (Dugas) Cole, of Augusta, Ga.; (2) in 1892, Mrs. Will Casey, a widow, daughter of Columbus and Camilla (Barnes) Richards of Thomson, Ga. The last Mrs. Sibley was for twenty years president of the Georgia State Woman's Christian temperance union. Children: by the last wife: 1. Hettie Camille. Residence: Birmingham.

SIBLEY, ORIGEN, merchant and lumberman, was born in 1840, in Baldwin County; son of Origen and Elizabeth (Barlow) Sibley, the former a native of Connecticut who located in Blakely in 1820 and engaged in the sawmilling business, the latter a native of Alabama, but of Kentucky parentage. At the outbreak of the war Mr. Sibley joined the "Baldwin Star rangers," a cavalry company commanded by Capt. Joseph Booth, jr. In August, 1861, he resigned his commission with this company and enlisted in the "Mobile Cadets," which was Co. A, 3rd Alabama infantry regiment, stationed at Norfolk, Va., and commanded by Col. Tennent Lomax. He served as a private until April, 1862, when he was elected first lieutenant of a Baldwin County cavalry company, ordered to do picket duty from the Perdido River to the mouth of Pearl River, Miss., his company becoming Co. C, 15th Confederate regiment, in 1864. With his regiment he participated in several skirmishes while serving in the vicinity of Mobile and Pensacola. He was paroled at Gainesville, and located in Mobile where he merchandised and carried on the lumber mill business established by his father. Married: in 1866, to Harriet Brainard, of Mobile. Children: 1. son; 2. Guy; 3. daughter, m. W. S. McNeill, Mobile. Last residence: Mobile.

SIGLIN, WILLIAM, farmer, was born August 25, 1857, at Willow Creek, Lee County, Ill.; son of Amos and Catherine (Sutton) Siglin, the former a native of Wilkesbarre, Pa.; grandson of William and Barbara Sutton, of Lee County. He was educated in the common schools of Illinois, and was for two years a student in Teachers institute and classical seminary of De Kalb County, Ill., but did not graduate. He was for two years clerk and four years alderman of Paw Paw, Ill., 1880-1886; removed to Alabama; and represented Cherokee County in the legislature of 1903 and 1916. He is a farmer and a Democrat. He is unmarried. Residence: Bluffton.

SIKES, JESSE H., major, 10th Georgia cavalry regiment; major, 7th Confederate cavalry, C. S. Army.

SILSBY, JOHN, member of the constitutional convention of 1867 from the sixteenth district. Last residence: Dallas County.

SILVER, JOSEPH, member of the constitutional convention of 1861, from Baldwin County.

SIMMONS, ROBERT JASPER HOGUE, teacher, was born at Clopton, Dale County; son of John Woodard and Sarah Maxie (Gammage) Simmons, the former who was a native of South Hampton County, Va., lived in Dale County for more than forty years, served as quartermaster and later as captain in the C. S. Army, War of Secession, taught school, was elected probate judge of Dale County, in 1880, and held the office six years; grandson of Alcy and Mourning (Law) Gammage, who lived in Sumter County, Ga., and of John Taylor and Mary (Woodard) Simmons, who lived in South Hampton County, Va. His early education was obtained in the log school houses of Dale County, and at Brundidge and Prattville. He then entered the Polytechnic institute at Auburn, where he was graduated, B. S., in 1886, with honors in mathematics, Latin and French. He then engaged in teaching and taught at Hurtsboro, 1886-87; at Evergreen, 1887-88; two years at Monroeville; from 1890-1900, taught most of the time at Ozark, with the exception of one year at Thomasville, and two years at the Alabama Girls' Technical Institute, at Montevallo. From 1900-04, he taught at Geneva; from 1904-07 at Hartford; one year at Luverne; and from 1909-11 at Geneva. Since that time he has been teaching in Elba. He is the author of: "First Book on English Composition", and "Advanced Grammar". He is a Democrat, a Baptist and a Knight of Pythias. Married: June 20, 1900, at Eclectic, to Carrie Elizabeth Still, daughter of William Cason and Fannie (Cousins) Still, who reside at Wetumpka, descendants of Scotch ancestry; granddaughter of John Still of South Carolina, and of Morris and Susan (Jackson) Cousins, the latter who was a native of Virginia. Residence: Elba.

SIMMS, BENJAMIN BRITT, physician, was born May 4, 1859, in Coosa County; son of Frank R. and Susan F. (Gary) Simms, natives of Coweta County, Ga., the former who was

a planter, and for twelve years treasurer of Coosa County. His paternal grandparents were natives of Georgia, and his maternal grandparents, Jerry and Emily (Sanford) Gary, settled in Coosa County, in 1838. His common school education was obtained in Coosa County, and he afterwards attended Howard college, at Marion, now at East Lake, and was graduated from the Jefferson medical college of Philadelphia, M. D., in 1885. He commenced practice in Coosa County, where he remained a year, after which he went to Talladega. He has served as president of the Talladega County Medical Society, as a member of the board of medical examiners, and is a member of the college of councilors of the Alabama State Medical association. He conducted a successful mosquito extermination campaign in Talladega, in 1902. He has been a member of the city council and of the light and water commission. He is a Democrat, a Knight of Pythias, and an Odd Fellow. Married: on December 18, 1888, to Ola Arnold, daughter of J. W. Arnold of Georgia. Children: 1. Marie Boyd; 2. Gary Gladys; 3. Frances Ola; 4. Benjamin Arnold; 5. Emma Lou; 6. Elizabeth. Residence: Talladega.

SIMMS, MRS. MARGARET D., living author and writer. Residence: Calvert.

SIMPSON, ELISHA, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 76, and a resident of Washington County; private N. C. Militia; enrolled on September 24, 1833, under act of congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$36.66.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

SIMPSON, HUGH LEE, farmer, was born June 25, 1862, near Daviston, Tallapoosa County; son of Henry Milton and Nancy (Smith) Simpson, the former who served in the Indian War of 1836, the War of Secession, and represented Tallapoosa County in the State legislature of 1857; grandson of Robert and Rachel (Holland) Simpson, of West Point, Ga., and of David and Margaret (Griffin) Smith, of Newville, Ala.; great-grandson of Robert Simpson, who was a native of Belfast, Ireland. Hugh L. Simpson received his education in the public schools of Tallapoosa County. He is a farmer; served on the jury commission from 1912 to 1918; and was a representative in the State legislature in 1919 from Tallapoosa County. He is a Democrat, and was a member of the Democratic executive committee several terms; a Worshipful Master Mason; a Knight of Pythias and a Woodman of the World. Married March 1, 1888, to Louisiana Beatrice Motley, daughter of John and Artemissia Motley, of Daviston. Children: 1. John Milton; 2. Green Coleman, m. Rena Horne, Daviston; 3. Nancy Beatrice, m. James M. Radney, Wadley. Residence: Wadley.

SIMPSON, JAMES, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 79, resided in Randolph County, June 1, 1840, with William Simpson.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

SIMPSON, JAMES B., journalist, was born November 23, 1857, in Greenville and died in January, 1896, in Montgomery; son of Myles and Mary (Lynch) Simpson, the former a native of County Leitrim, Ireland. He came with his parents to Montgomery in 1862, and was educated in the parochial schools of that city. At the age of sixteen he entered the law office of William P. Chilton and the next year became a clerk in a local news stand and held that position for two years. He then clerked in a hardware store for seven years. In 1885 he became a reporter on "The Daily Dispatch", finally advancing to the management of that paper, in 1889. He formed a partnership with Horace Hood (q. v.) and established the "Montgomery Journal." Married: in 1888, to Ellen J., daughter of Patrick H. Dawes. Children: 1. Mary Ethel. Last residence: Montgomery.

SIMPSON, JAMES H., farmer, teacher and county official, was born June 26, 1832, in Lincoln County, Tenn.; son of Sol. P. and Lucinda (Conway) Simpson, the former a native of Union District, S. C., born in 1805, removed to Lincoln County, Tenn., where he became a farmer, served in the Florida War, and in 1850, settled near Florence, on a plantation, later removing to Lawrence County where he remained until his death in 1875; grandson of Edwin Simpson, who was born in Ireland and migrated to America prior to the Revolutionary War, and served with the continental troops, and of Frederick and Winnie Conway, natives of Georgia who later located in Lincoln County, Tenn. Mr. Simpson received his early education in the neighborhood schools, near his father's farm. At sixteen years of age he began teaching, a profession he followed for fifteen years; afterwards he became salesman and bookkeeper. He enlisted in the Confederate Army, in 1862, in Captain Julian's command, under Colonel Roddy, serving as sergeant for one year, after which time he was transferred to Colonel Forrest's regiment, serving in the ordnance department for three years. In 1865 he removed to Tuscumbia where he became a member of the firm of Inman, Simpson and company, retail and wholesale grocers. In 1875 he sold his interests in the business and resumed teaching. He was elected tax collector of Colbert County in 1877, and held that office for ten years, when he was appointed clerk of the circuit court. Married: (1) January 25, 1853, to Ada White; (2) October, 1860, to Sue E., daughter of John and Mary (Mason) Gibbs; (3) Sally C. Gibbs. There was one child by the first wife, six by the second, and four by the third. Last residence: Tuscumbia.

SIMPSON, JAMES MORRIS, commandant Confederate soldier's home, was born November 11, 1838, at Wetumpka, Coosa, now Elmore County; son of Mungo Dick and Anne (Scott) Simpson, the former who was a native of Edinburgh, Scotland, lived at Pickensville, Pickens County, and at Wetumpka, and was editor and publisher of the "State Argus", of Wetumpka, at the time of his death in 1839; grandson of a Simpson and Betty (Dick) Simpson, who lived at Edinburgh and later at Dundee, Scot-

land, and of a Scott and Elizabeth Scott, who lived at Edinburgh and later in Quebec, Canada. His education was received in the common schools only, and at the age of fourteen he commenced to work, continuing his studies at night. He started to work in Tallassee, in a cotton mill, and in February, 1852, was put into the factory store. He remained at this work until 1861, when in June of that year he enlisted in the C. S. Army, as second lieutenant of Co. F, Fifteenth Alabama infantry. He was later promoted to captain and served throughout the war. After the war he returned to Tallassee, and resumed his position at the mills, remaining there until 1876. He then went to Montgomery, where he followed clerical and mercantile pursuits, with the exception of three years spent in the mercantile business in Anniston. On July 1, 1906, he was appointed commandant of the Confederate Soldier's Home of Alabama at Mountain Creek. He is a Democrat, and served in the Chilton County committee two years, a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, since 1858, and has served as steward, recording steward, and as delegate to the annual conferences, and is a Mason. Married: (1) on September 9, 1852, at Tallassee, to Adaline Alden, daughter of Amasa and Clarissa (Wight) Alden, who lived at Tallassee, formerly at Dedham, Mass., and Fayetteville, N. C., and who were direct descendants of John Alden who landed at Plymouth Rock; (2) to Mrs. Rachael Patterson Crozer of Philadelphia, who was of Irish descent. Children: 1. Annie James, m. Wade Allen, Richmond, Va.; 2. Frank Rush, m. Mary Frech, Birmingham; 3. Carrie Benton, Mountain Creek, m. J. R. McMaster, deceased; 4. Ada Leonard, m. M. J. Smollen, Birmingham; 5. Bessie Morris, m. John S. Hestle, Cullman; 6. Cameron, m. James Y. Braure, jr., Birmingham; 7. Johnnie Patterson, m. John M. Bruner, Westminister, S. C.; 8. Lucy Grenville, Mountain Creek. Residence: Birmingham.

SIMPSON, JOHN DIXON, Methodist minister, was born April 22, 1858, at Bradford, Coosa County; son of William Kennedy and Susan Frances (Dixon) Simpson, the former who was born in Old Pendleton District, S. C., lived at Marietta, Ga., and later at Tuskegee, Bradford, Prattville, and Birmingham; grandson of John and Mary Simpson who lived at Marietta, Ga., and of Matthew Lyle and Elizabeth (Henderson) Dixon, who lived at Winchester, Tenn., and Talladega, the former who was a veteran of the War of 1812; brother of William Kelly Simpson (q. v.); and first cousin of George Fleming Moore (q. v.). He received his education at Prattville, and at the age of nineteen years entered the ministry, and the itinerant connection of the church, the next year joining the Alabama Conference. He remained there for five years, until 1883, when he was transferred to the North Alabama Conference. After three years' service there his health failed, and leaving the active ministry for a time he went to Greensboro. He entered Southern university there, from which he was graduated, Ph. B., 1887, and A. B., 1896. He then re-entered the ministry. He has served the follow-

ing charges: Rembert Hill Circuit, three years; Evergreen, 2 years; Pratt City; Wesley Chapel; Avondale; presiding elder of the Decatur District, two years; Huntsville, four years; Tuscaloosa, one year; president of the Tuscaloosa female college, three years; presiding elder of the Tuscaloosa district, one year; Decatur, two years; Birmingham District, four years; Florence District, one year; Anniston four years; Ensley, six months; and president Birmingham college, three years. He is now in charge of the Woodlawn First church, Birmingham. He is a Democrat, Mason, Odd Fellow, and Knight of Pythias. Married: on April 13, 1880, at Mobile, to Hortense Wilson, daughter of Joseph James and Ann Amelia Wilson who lived at Mobile. Children: 1. John William; 2. Hortense Hemphill. Residence: Birmingham.

SIMPSON, ROBERT EDWARD, lawyer, major Spanish-American War, was born November 23, 1871 at Rogersville, Lauderdale County; son of Preston and Katherine (Jackson) Simpson, the former of Rogersville, the latter of Center Star. He received his early education in the schools of Lauderdale County and graduated from the State normal college at Florence, 1891. He was admitted to the practice of law before the supreme court of Virginia, 1896, and the following year began the practice at Florence; member of the house of representatives in the legislature, 1900-01; was register in chancery of Lauderdale County, 1903; removed to Oklahoma, 1908; practiced law at Henryetta and Okmulgee, Okmulgee County; city attorney, Henryetta, 1913-14; and county attorney, 1915-16. He enlisted as a private in Co. B, 3rd Alabama infantry, National guard, June 1, 1896 and rapidly rose to the rank of major. This regiment was the first Alabama regiment to volunteer after war with Spain was declared, and was called the First regiment of United States volunteer infantry. Married: November 12, 1901, to Katie, daughter of the late Capt. Robert and Kate McFarland, of Florence; and (2) October 2, 1911, at Amarillo, Tex., to Carolyn, daughter of John H. and Susan Harris, of Courtland. Children: by second wife, 1. Robert Edward, jr.; 2. John Harris. Residence: Okmulgee, Okla.

SIMPSON, ROBERT TENNENT, lawyer, associate justice Alabama supreme court, was born June 5, 1837, at Florence and died August 12, 1912, at the same place; son of John and Margaret (Patton) Simpson, the former a native of County Tyrone, Ireland, who came to Florence in 1818; grandson of William Patton and wife, a Miss Tennent, of Belfast, Ireland. Both the Simpson and Patton branches of this family are Scotch-Irish. Judge Simpson received his early education in the schools of Florence; graduated from Princeton college in 1857 with the degree of A. B., and received from his alma mater, in 1887, the honorary degree of A. M. He graduated in 1859 from the law department of the Cumberland university with the degree of LL. B., and went to Des Arc, Ark., to practice. After 1865 he located in Camden, thence returned to Florence where he continued the practice. In April,

1861, soon after the beginning of hostilities, he enlisted in the 4th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army; was later commissioned second lieutenant, 1st Alabama battalion artillery, September, 1861, in which he was later promoted first lieutenant; adjutant of post at Fort Morgan; adjutant general of Liddell's brigade; captain in 63rd Alabama infantry regiment; and captured with the last named command at Blakeley, April 9, 1865, taken to Ship Island, and paroled at Meridian, Miss., May 10, 1865. In 1882 he represented Lauderdale County in the general assembly; in 1884 was elected State senator and was chairman of the judiciary committee in that body. In 1890 he was appointed to the board of convict managers, serving four years, and at the general election of 1902 was elected to the legislature. On November 8, 1904, he was elected an associate justice of the State supreme court, serving until his death. He was a Democrat; and a Presbyterian. Married: September 2, 1861, at Florence, to Mattie, daughter of Wyatt and Janet Douglas (Walker) Collier, the latter a native of Scotland. Children: 1. Robert T.; 2. Janet Collier; 3. Mary C., m. James F. Johnston; 4. Katie; 5. Marguerite. Last residence: Florence.

SIMPSON, THOMAS WESLEY, farmer, was born March 23, 1806, in South Carolina, and died June 1, 1861, at his home near Belleville, Conecuh County; son of Thomas Wesley and Rachael Simpson. The family was of English stock. He came to that county with his father in 1818, and although having limited educational advantages he became one of the most successful planters and business men of his section, being noted for his public spirit and hospitality. He was a Democrat; Methodist; Odd Fellow; Mason and a Son of Temperance. Married: at Belleville, to Civility Jackson, whose parents resided in North Carolina and died in Florida. Children: 1. Jane; 2. Elizabeth; 3. John W., m. Lavinia Hobdy; 4. Martha, m. Dabney Palmer; 5. Ransom O., m. Elizabeth Ann Gulley, of Snow Hill, Wilcox County. Last residence: Belleville.

SIMPSON, WILLIAM HENRY, lawyer, was born July 15, 1857, at Danville, Morgan County, and died February 18, 1915, at New Decatur; son of Stephen and Malinda (Stovall) Simpson, the former who was a merchant of Danville; grandson of Moses and Nancy Simpson, who lived near Danville, and of Drewry and Margaret Stovall, who resided near Danville. William H. Simpson received his early education at the Danville high school and in 1879, received the degree of LL. B. from the University of Alabama. He began the practice of law in 1879; was a member of the house of representatives, 1886-87; in February, 1889, was appointed by Gov. Seay as judge of the newly established city court of Decatur; elected in 1892 for a six year term; on the abolition of the city court in 1895, and the creation of the new northern chancery division, he was appointed chancellor by Gov. William C. Oates; re-elected in 1898 and in 1904, all elections being without opposition; and was again re-elected chancellor

in 1910, for a term of six years. He was a Democrat; a deacon in the Missionary Baptist church. Married: on March 26, 1882, to Mary Daniel Johnson, daughter of Daniel and Carrie L. Johnson, the former who was a member of the C. S. Army and was killed at the battle of Shiloh. Last residence: New Decatur.

SIMPSON, WILLIAM KELLY, Methodist minister, was born December 3, 1861, at Bradford, Coosa County; son of William Kennedy and Susan Frances (Dixon) Simpson; and brother of Dr. J. D. Simpson (q. v.). His education was received at the Prattville academy, the only school he ever attended. He studied for the ministry and in 1890, joined the North Alabama conference, and was for three years a member of the Los Angeles conference. He served in the Spanish American War as chaplain of the Fifth U. S. Volunteer infantry, at Santiago, Cuba, and established the first Methodist mission there. He was after the war removed to Montevallo station, where he is pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church, South. He is a Democrat, Mason, Odd Fellow, Knight of Pythias, and Woodman of the World. Married: on November 9, 1892, at Murfreesboro, Tenn., to Elizabeth Battle Ransom, daughter of Benjamin Clemons, and Susan Catharine (Simms) Ransom, who lived at Shelbyville and Murfreesboro, Tenn. Residence: Montevallo.

SIMS, ALEXANDER THEODORE, Baptist minister, was born July 16, 1849, at Starlington, Butler County; son of Arthur and Sarah Caroline (Austin) Sims, the former who was a native of Charleston County, S. C., lived at Starlington, Butler County for many years, served in the Creek Indian War, and was a second cousin of Dr. J. Marion Sims; grandson of Stephen Sims, who lived at Pine Flat, Butler County, and of David and Elener (Hill) Austin, who lived at Albany, Ga., the latter who was the first cousin of the mother of Gov. Thomas Hill Watts, and was a relative of Gen. B. H. Hill. His education was received in the common schools, studied for the ministry, and in 1871, was ordained minister of the Baptist church, at Forest Home. He was pastor of the Forest Home Baptist church, from 1871-1884; Prattville church, 1894-1901; Geneva church, 1907-13; spent several years in missionary work, under the auspices of the Baptist State Board of Missions, in southern Alabama and western Florida; and spent six years in Sunday school work by appointment of the American Sunday School Union, at Philadelphia. He has organized and built twenty-five churches. For forty years he was an active leader in prohibition and temperance work. He became pastor of the Moulton Baptist church, Lawrence County, January 1, 1913. He is a Mason and a Knight of Pythias. Married: (1) on December 9, 1869, at Butler Springs, to Nancy Adella Hilson; (2) on December 13, 1906, at Beatrice, to Annie Laurie Harper, daughter of James B. and Margaret (Watts) Harper who lived at Bear Creek, Wilcox County. Children: 1. Capers Oscar, m. Hallie Cochrane; 2. Comer, Mobile; 3. Graves, deceased; 4. Maud Caroline, m. Charles Sims, Georgiana;



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5. Enda, m. Phillip Noguhart, Florida; 6. Lillian; 7. Nina, m. James W. Coor, Mobile; 8. Gladys Scott; 9. Margaret. Residence: Moulton.

SIMS, EDWARD, merchant, was born in Caswell County, N. C., in 1783, and died at Tuscaloosa, August 4, 1840. He removed to Alabama in 1822 and took up his residence at Tuscaloosa where he entered into the mercantile business with David Scott. He was a public spirited man and spent his wealth in the advancement of education and religion. He erected by October 1, 1828, and turned over to the board of trustees of the Methodist Episcopal church, a two story brick building to be used for school purposes. It was called the "Sims female academy" but proved unpopular with the masses, as it was under the auspices of the Methodists, and this denomination was not numerous enough at that day to give it the patronage that it deserved and needed. Later he proposed the building of a female academy free from sectarianism. This resulted in the Tuscaloosa female academy. Married: in 1811, in Elbert County, Ga., to Sarah, daughter of Ralph and Rachel (Alston) Jones, natives of Virginia and North Carolina respectively, who removed to the Broad River settlement, Elbert County, Ga. Children: 1. Jerusha, m. Mr. Reedy, of Wetumpka; 2. Mary Jane, m. Felix Franklin Hemphill, of Tuscaloosa; 3. Jane Hamilton, m. Washington Moody (q. v.); 4. Frances Tenett, m. Benjamin Trimble (q. v.); 5. Priscilla, m. Hon. William Crawford Bibb, sr. (q. v.). Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

SIMS, EDWARD DROMGOOLE, educator, was born March 24, 1805, in Virginia, and died April 18, 1845, at Tuscaloosa. No facts are attainable as to his parents, his ancestry, his early education. After graduating from the University of North Carolina, he taught school in Alabama; preached two years in Tennessee, and then became professor of ancient languages in the Randolph-Macon college. From 1836-38 he studied Greek, Latin and oriental languages in the University of Halle in Germany. On his return to America he was professor of English literature in Randolph-Macon college until 1843 when he accepted a chair in the University of Alabama. He was the first man in the South to teach Anglo-Saxon in a college course. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

SIMS, GALLATIN ALBERT, physician, was born April 6, 1844, at Mardisville, Talladega County, and died August 8, 1910; son of Henry and Martha Louise (Hayes) Sims, the former a native of Culpeper County, Va., who came to Alabama in 1837, settled in Talladega County, practiced law for some years, was an elector on the Whig ticket when Gen. William Henry Harrison was candidate for the presidency, held the office of justice of the peace, in 1863 was elected a member of the legislature with Lewis E. Parsons and L. W. Lawler, was an elector for Alabama on the Clay ticket, at the time of the presidential election between Henry Clay and James K. Polk, and was not in favor of secession; and the latter who was a native of Habersham

County, Ga.; grandson of James Sims and a Miss Towles, the former who fought in the Revolutionary War, and the latter who was a sister of Maj. Harry Towles, who served in the Revolutionary War, and of Henry Hayes and a Miss Holt of Georgia, the former who served in the Revolutionary War and was with Gen. Greene at Guilford Court House. Both the Hayes and Sims families are of English descent. Dr. Sims received his early education in the public schools of Talladega County, and during the years 1861-62, attended the University of Alabama. In 1863, he enlisted in Co. F, Thirtieth Alabama infantry, C. S. Army, and while at Atlanta was promoted to the rank of first lieutenant. He participated in all the battles in which his company was engaged from Missionary Ridge to Atlanta, and after that was in the engagements at Jonesboro, Nashville, Kinston and Bentonville, in command of his company, Captain Webb being on detached service. After the war he entered the medical department of the University of Nashville, where he was graduated in 1869, and in the same year began the practice of his profession at Renfroe, in Talladega County. He was public health officer for seventeen years; served as postmaster for a number of years at Renfroe; and held for many years the office of township school trustee for his township. He was a member and senior counselor of the Alabama State Medical Association, and was president of the Talladega County Medical Society. He was a Royal Arch Mason, a Knight of Honor, and a Knight of Pythias. Married: November 12, 1873, to Kate Fannin Allen, daughter of Francis M. and Margaret Porter (Fannin) Allen; the latter who was a daughter of Jephtha Fannin, and was a first cousin of Col. James Fannin, of Georgia, who became famous in the Texan war of independence, and was killed at Goliad by the Mexican Army, under Santa Anna. Children: 1. Marion Hayes (q. v.); 2. Henry Porter, engineer on the Birmingham & Atlanta Railroad; 3. Louise Fannin; 4. Albert G., jr., M. D., at Garnsey; 5. James Anthony; 6. Margaret Watson; 7. Claude Bernard; 8. Kate Allen; 9. Ruth Lee. Last residence: Talladega.

SIMS, HENRY UPSON, lawyer was born June 27, 1873 at Columbus, Miss.; son of William Henry and Elizabeth Louisa (Upton) Sims (q. v.). He attended a private school at Columbus, then the Franklin academy, and later the Bellevue high school, at Bellevue, Va. He was graduated from the University of Virginia, B. A., 1894, and from the Harvard law school, in 1897. In April, 1899, he was admitted to the bar in Birmingham, and of later years has been drifting almost entirely into chancery practice. He was a member of the Centre Council, State Bar Association, 1909, was for a time chairman of the Centre council; a member of the local council of the American Bar association for some time; member of the Alabama Judicial commission; lecturer in chancery practice at the University of Alabama, 1910-12; and has served as chairman on the committee of taxation and finances, Birmingham Chamber of Commerce, investigating tax conditions. He

is the author of "A Treatise on Covenants which Run with Land Other Than Covenants for Title," and "Chancery Pleading and Practice in Alabama," the former which was published in 1901, and the latter in 1909, in Chicago. He is a Democrat, and a member of the South Highlands Presbyterian church, at Birmingham, which he has served as deacon since 1905, and of Phi Delta Phi and Beta Theta Pi fraternities. Married: on October 25, 1910, at Birmingham, to Alice Pinckney Graham, daughter of John Franklin and Ella (Worthington) Graham, who live at Birmingham, the former whose ancestors came from North Carolina; granddaughter of Benjamin Pinckney and Catherine (Mitchell) Worthington, who came to Jefferson County, from Maryland before the War of Secession. Residence: Birmingham.

SIMS, JAMES MARION, physician and surgeon, was born January 25, 1813, in Lancaster District, S. C., and died November 13, 1883, in New York City; son of John and Mahala (Mackey) Sims, the former a native of South Carolina, who was over twenty-three years of age before he attended school and then for only six months, but who became an expert accountant and bookkeeper, a soldier of the War of 1812, colonel of a regiment of militia, a surveyor, kept the village hotel at Lancaster, S. C., and was sheriff from 1830-34; grandson of Charles and Lydia Mackey, of Scotch-Irish descent, who came to America about 1740, the former a soldier of the Revolutionary War; great-grandson of Sherrod Sims, a native of Virginia who served through the Revolutionary War, and afterwards removed to Lancaster County, S. C. Dr. Sims received his early education at the common schools and under private tutors. He graduated from South Carolina college in 1832; studied medicine under a local physician at Charleston, S. C.; entered Charleston medical school, in November, 1833; received the M. D. degree from Jefferson medical college, in 1835, and the honorary degree of LL. D., from the same college, in 1881. He began the practice of his profession in Lancaster, S. C., staying only a short time and removing to Mt. Meigs, Montgomery County, in the fall of 1835. He remained here until 1837, removed to Macon County, settled near Cross Keys, and after three years, he located in Montgomery. He was the first physician in the South to have success in the treatment of strabismus and clubfoot, and in 1845, he announced a new hypothesis in explanation of trismus nascentium, attributing the disease to mechanical pressure on the base of the brain. The same year he conceived a method of curing vesico-vaginal fistula, and established and supported at his own expense a hospital into which he collected cases. From 1849 he was known chiefly as a gynecologist. He was the first to begin the use of silver wire instead of silk sutures in cases of surgery where sutures were needed. He invented the duck-bill speculum, to which his name is now attached, and several other instruments of great usefulness. He removed to New York in 1852, where he began a movement for the establishment of a woman's hospital. In 1861 he went to Europe

in order to study hospital architecture as he was dissatisfied with the plans for the new building, a temporary building having been in use since 1855. After his return in 1862, he persuaded the board of governors to adopt the pavilion style. While in Europe he operated by request before classes in hospitals in Paris, Brussels, London, Dublin, and for physicians in private practice, and the Legion of Honor was conferred upon him by the French government. He returned to Europe in 1862, in order to place his children in school, and practiced his profession in Paris until 1864, in London until 1868, when he returned to New York as surgeon-in-chief of the Woman's hospital. He returned to Paris in 1870 and when the Franco-Prussian War began he became surgeon-in-chief of an ambulance corps organized by the American colony. Later he organized the Anglo-American ambulance corps and arrived at Sedan immediately after the battle. He returned to New York in 1871, and in January, 1872, was reappointed surgeon-in-chief of the Woman's hospital, and resigned on December 1, 1874. He was an active or corresponding member of many medical societies in America and Europe, besides being an honorary member of the Edinburgh, Brussels, Berlin, Christiania, Paris, and Dublin societies; fellow of the Obstetrical society of London; member of the Alabama State medical association; New York County and State medical society; New York academy of medicine; New York neurological, pathological and surgical society; honorary member of the Connecticut State, Virginia, South Carolina, and California State medical societies; member of the American gynecological society. Author: "Clinical notes on uterine surgery," 1865; "Intra-uterine fibroid tumors"; "Microscope in the sterile condition"; "Treatise on ovariectomy," 1873; "History of the discovery of anaesthesia"; "The story of my life," 1844; besides many contributions to medical journals. Married: December 21, 1836, to Eliza Theresa, daughter of Dr. Bartlett and Theresa Jones, of Lancaster, S. C. Children: order conjectural, 1. Mary; 2. Merry; 3. Fanny; 4. Eliza; 5. Carrie; 6. Harry; 7. Henry; 8. William; 9. Knickerbocker. Last residence: New York City.

SIMS, LITTLEPAGE, member of the constitutional convention of 1819, from Cahawba, now Bibb County.

SIMS, MARION HAYES, was born December 13, 1874, at Renfroe, Talladega County; son of Dr. Albert Gallatin and Kate (Allen) Sims (q. v.). Marion H. Sims received his early education in the public and private schools of Talladega County, and later attended the law department of the University of Alabama, graduating LL. B., in 1901. He began the practice of law in 1901 at Talladega, where he has since remained. He was clerk of the circuit and city courts of Talladega County, 1903-1906; solicitor of city court of Talladega, 1906 to 1914; judge of city court of Talladega, 1914-1916; elected a member of State senate from Talladega County but resigned when appointed judge of the city court of Talladega; elected to the State senate,

1918. He is a Democrat; a Mason; Knight of Pythias; and Elk; and a member of the Kappa Alpha fraternity. Residence: Talladega.

SIMS, SHELTON, lawyer; living in 1913. Residence: Mobile.

SIMS, THOMAS WILKINS, associate member state tax commission, was born February 23, 1882, at Mobile; son of Thomas Wilkins and Virginia Pauline (Stewart) Sims, the former of Greensboro, Greene County, Ga., the latter of Mobile; grandson of Benjamin and Sarah (Brown) Sims, and of George Noble and Marie Pauline (David) Stewart, of Mobile. He was educated in the private and public schools of Mobile, and at Webb's school at Bell Buckle, Tenn., and attended the University of Virginia, 1900-1902, taking one year of the law course there. After leaving school he was in the real estate business in Mobile until his appointment to the State Board of Equalization by Governor Henderson on July 9, 1915. He was reappointed as a member of the State tax commission by Governor Kilby after his inauguration. He is a Democrat; Methodist; and a thirty-second degree Mason. Residence: Montgomery.

SIMS, WILLIAM HENRY, lawyer, lieutenant governor of Mississippi, was born July 31, 1837, at Lexington, Oglethorpe County, Ga., and died February 28, 1920, at Birmingham; son of James Saunders and Amanda Booker (Moore) Sims, who were both of Virginia extraction, the former who was for fifty years a prominent physician of middle Georgia. Mr. Sims received his general education at Meeson Academy, Lexington, Ga., and at the University of Georgia, at Athens, where he was graduated. He studied law in the office of Thomas R. R. Cobb, and at the Harvard Law school, Cambridge, Mass. He removed from Georgia to Columbus, Miss., in 1859, where he became a member of the bar, and was just beginning his practice when the War of Secession broke out. He enlisted in the C. S. Army in the Tombligbee Rangers, with the rank of first orderly sergeant, and soon became second lieutenant of his company, which became a part of an infantry brigade under Gen. Frank Cheatham at Union City, Tenn., and began service as Co. A, Blyth's battalion. It was afterwards Co. A, Forty-fourth Mississippi regiment. He participated in the battle of Belmont, Mo., and was promoted to the rank of captain after the battle of Shiloh. His regiment fell back with Bragg's army to, Salltillo, Miss., was transferred to Tennessee, and engaged in the three days fight against Rosecrans at Stone River. He was wounded at Chickamauga, but remained in active service during the four months fighting between Dalton and Atlanta. At the beginning of that campaign, he was detached from regimental duty, and was occupied as inspector-general of Tucker's brigade, until Hood's flank movement into Tennessee. After the fall of Atlanta, he was put in command of his regiment as lieutenant-colonel. In December, 1864, at the battle of

Franklin, Tenn., while leading his regiment in a night fight, he received a severe wound through the knee joint, was taken to Columbia, Tenn., to the hospital, and as a result of this wound, the lower part of his left leg was amputated. He was captured by the U. S. army, on the fall of Columbia, and after remaining in the hospital for three months, was imprisoned at Louisville, and under President Andrew Johnson's order that conscious rebels should not be discharged from prison, but should be held for trial for treason, was one of the three last officers released from the prison. He returned to his home at Columbus, Miss., and resumed his law practice; was elected probate judge of his county, in 1866; but in 1869, was removed from office under the reconstruction military regime, and again practiced law. He formed a partnership with Col. Samuel M. Meek; later Judge Jehu A. Orr joined the firm, and subsequently the firm became merely Orr & Sims. In 1875, Col. Sims was nominated and elected State senator, from the eighteenth district of Mississippi, composed of Lowndes, Oktibbeha, and Clay Counties, and when John M. Stone, president pro tempore of the senate, succeeded to the governorship, he was made president of the senate, and became as such, acting lieutenant-governor. At the next election, in 1878, he was elected lieutenant-governor for a four year term, thus holding this office for six years; and after declining other nominations, returned to Columbus, Miss., in 1882, to practice law. He was offered appointments to positions on the circuit court and supreme court benches of Mississippi, but declined them both. In 1885, he served as both temporary and permanent president of the State Democratic convention; was a delegate from the state at large to the national Democratic convention at St. Louis, Mo., 1888, and to the convention at Chicago, in 1892, when he acted as chairman of his delegation; and was first assistant secretary of the interior during President Cleveland's administration, from 1893-97. In 1898, he removed to Birmingham with his son, Henry Upson Sims, and from then until his death on February 28, 1920, in his eighty-third year, he kept in close touch with his business interests, which were quite extensive in Birmingham; but he never practiced law in Alabama. In commenting upon his death, the Birmingham Ledger, on February 28, 1920, said:—

"Col. Sims was a fine type of the real southern gentleman. He was courteous and kindly. He was one of the best-read men and most cultivated. He had no use for little and mean things and was open in expression of disapproval of anything which deflected from the high standard of southern manhood which he set for himself.

"Largely owing to the loss of his foot and the inconvenience of an artificial limb, becoming more cumbersome as he grew older, Col. Sims' life during the past few years had been largely that of a recluse in his handsome home on South Twelfth avenue, but even there he kept in close touch with the outside world and his opinion of big men and events was eagerly sought by the scholarly and cultured.

"Governor Sims was a man of scrupulous integrity, whose word was literally as good as his bond. He held honor highest of manly traits and in that respect was unyielding to compromise."

Married: August 11, 1870, at Lexington, Ga., to Louisa Upson, daughter of Francis Lewis and Serena (McKinley) Upson; granddaughter of Stephen Upson, one of Georgia's lawyers in the time of Andrew Jackson, who came from Connecticut to Lexington, Ga., about 1808 or 1809, and for whom Upson County, Ga., was named; great-granddaughter of Dr. Francis Davis Cummins, a Presbyterian minister who accompanied Capt. Jack from Mecklinburg County, N. C., to Philadelphia, when Capt. Jack was a delegate from the Mecklinburg convention to bear the announcement of the Mecklinburg Declaration of Independence to the Philadelphia convention. Mrs. Sims was the first State regent in Mississippi of the Daughters of the American Revolution in that state, and continued state regent of Mississippi until removing her residence to Birmingham. Mrs. Sims died in Birmingham July 21, 1913. William H. Sims had but one child, Henry Upson Sims (q. v.). Last residence: Birmingham.

SINNOTT, WILLIAM ISIDORE, Presbyterian minister, was born November 24, 1855, at Mobile; son of John Augustine and Caroline Elizabeth (Chester) Sinnott, the former who was a native of Maryland, and lived in New Orleans, La., the greater part of his life; grandson of John Fox and Caroline (Wood) Chester, who lived at Mobile. He was of Irish ancestry on his father's side, and English on his mother's side, the latter ancestors who came from England and settled in Connecticut at an early date. He attended Oxford college, and later the University of Mississippi, where he was graduated, in 1877, A. B., and in 1882, from Princeton university with the degree of A. M. He attended the Presbyterian theological seminary, Princeton, N. J., for two years, and the Union theological seminary, at Hampden-Sidney, Va., for one year. In 1882, he was licensed to preach, and in January, 1884, was ordained to the full work of the ministry. He preached for five years in Lafayette County, Miss., and one and one half years at Birmingham. He was pastor at Columbiana, fifteen years, and at Centerville, six and one half years. For twenty-four years he was clerk of the North Alabama Presbytery, and of the Synod of Alabama, for twenty-two years. He was superintendent of the Orphan's Home, Synod of Alabama, 1892-93, and assistant superintendent of the Stillman institute, 1904-05. He is unmarried. Residence: Salters Depot, S. C.

SKAGGS, WILLIAM H., banker, was born in 1861, in Talladega County. Having lost his father during his boyhood he was thrown upon his own resources, and aided in the support of his mother's household. In 1885, he was elected mayor of Talladega, and he immediately began to put in operation a number of practical reforms, one of the first being the establishment of a system of water works, which

when completed supplied from purest springs, was considered the finest in the southern states. He encouraged the formation of a fire company, had shade trees planted along the side walks, fountains erected in the public square and inaugurated other civic improvements. He established the Citizens bank, in 1886, then called the Bank of Talladega, of which he was president. He established the public school system of Talladega which was put into operation in 1886. Residence: Chicago.

SKANES, ADAM, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 85, resided in Butler County, June 1, 1840, with Adam Skanes, sr.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

SKEGGS, HENRY ALEXANDER, jr., merchant, mine operator and real estate agent, was born May 12, 1854, in Huntsville; son of Henry Alexander and Mary J. (Hunt) Skeggs. He was reared in Huntsville, receiving his early education in the common schools of that place. After his mother's death he lived with Col. Russell Kelley, near Maysville. At the close of the war he attended school in Huntsville until 1872, and at the age of seventeen years became a salesman in the grocery of J. B. Trotman and son. In October, 1875, he was employed as bookkeeper and salesman with L. M. Falk, of Decatur. In May, 1874, he worked for J. H. Goodhart and co., of Cincinnati, Ohio, as a cotton buyer and subsequently for other houses until June, 1877, at which time he went to Colorado, and engaged in mining at Georgetown. Returning to Decatur, November, 1878, he was again employed as salesman for L. M. Falk. Desiring to enter business for themselves he and his brother organized a mercantile business known as H. A. Skeggs and bro., which was successfully conducted until 1887, when it was sold on account of Mr. Skeggs' entry into the real estate field. He made investments in a number of stock companies of Decatur; is prominent in the mineral land company; member of the city council of Decatur, and secretary of the school board. He is a Mason; Knight of Pythias; an Episcopalian. Married: June 7, 1883, to Sue A., a daughter of Thaddeus and Mary (Tie) Burkett, natives of Kentucky but then residents of Trinity. Children: 1. William T.; 2. Annie C.; 3. Thomas H. Residence: Decatur.

SKEGGS, WILLIAM ELMER, lawyer, probate judge, state senator and business man, was born April 27, 1852, at Huntsville; son of Henry Alexander and Mary J. (Hunt) Skeggs. His early education was received at the private school of Capt. C. O. Shepherd and Huntsville academy under Prof. C. G. Smith, later president of the State university. He removed to Decatur in the fall of 1871, and remained there until 1874 teaching a private school, took charge of the Somerville academy and served as its head until 1879. After having spent several years under private tutors in the study of law he was admitted to the bar at Somerville where he practiced his profession until 1887. He then removed to Decatur and continued the practice there until 1896.

He was appointed superintendent of education of Morgan County in 1874, but declined; was a member of the legislature of 1880-81; appointed register in chancery of Morgan County in 1883 and served until September, 1887; member of the State senate from the third senatorial district, 1888-89, and 1890-91, renominated in 1892 but declined; appointed judge of the probate court of Morgan County in November, 1896, elected in 1898, reelected in 1904 and 1910. He is a stockholder in both land companies of Decatur, the First national bank, the Electric light company, and the cotton compress, helped organize and is vice-president of the Morgan County national bank. He began the good road movement in Alabama and built the macadam road in Morgan County. He is a Democrat; a Mason; Odd Fellow; Knight of Honor; Elk; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: November 23, 1879, at Shoal Creek church, Morgan County, to Celia Ellen, daughter of Benjamin F. and Mary J. (Garner) Bean, who lived between Somerville and Decatur; granddaughter of William and Susan (Troup) Bean, who came to Morgan County from York District, S. C., of Scotch descent. Children: 1. Henry Alexander, merchant, Nashville, Tenn., m. Helen, daughter of Marcus B. Toney; 2. John Hunt, employed at one time by the Birmingham guaranty and title company, civil engineer for the Pacific electric ry., m. Florence Fairchild of San Francisco; 3. Ella Bean, m. William E. Crawford, postmaster at Decatur; 4. Oliver Hunt, died in 1911; 5. Frank B., commercial traveler, Dallas, Texas; 6. William Erskine, drug clerk, New Decatur. Residence: New Decatur.

SKINNER, J. H., Presbyterian minister, mentioned in Burgett's "Dead of the Synod of Alabama," 1890 to 1900.

SKINNER, LUTHER S., grand treasurer, grand lodge, 1838-41; grand treasurer, grand chapter, Masons, 1841.

SKINNER, THEOPHILUS, Baptist minister and member Alabama legislature, was born in Kentucky, and died in Franklin County, 1844; nephew of two Revolutionary soldiers. Nothing is preserved by his connections of his early life. He came to Alabama with his wife, Mary, and settled in Russell Valley, Franklin County, in 1817 or 1818. He joined the Russell Valley church, March 7, 1818, and the following July was ordained a minister. He assisted in building four churches in the county during that year, and the year following Town Creek, Hepzibah, Carmel and Bethel, and served through his ministerial career several local churches. He was one of the founders of the Muscle Shoals association; represented Franklin County in the legislature, 1836-37. He was uncle of William Skinner (q. v.). Last residence: Franklin County.

SKINNER, WILLIAM, lawyer, chancellor, and member constitutional convention, 1867, was born about 1809, in Lexington, Ky., and died in Franklin County, September 17, 1874; son of William Skinner, sr., and wife who was a

Miss Thomas, who came to Franklin County in 1818, and nephew of Rev. Theophilus Skinner (q. v.). He belonged to a Revolutionary family, his two great uncles having served in that cause. He read law in a Mississippi college but returned to Franklin County to practice his profession. He was chancellor of the first district, northern division of Alabama, from 1868 until his death. He was a Whig in politics until the dissolution of that party after which he became a Republican and during the War of Secession strongly maintained union principles, being the focus of the anti-Confederate sentiment in his county. He was a member of the constitutional convention of 1867. He was a Universalist. Married: August 12, 1831, near Russellville, to Elizabeth Farned, who died in 1844. Children: 1. William; 2. Mary Ross. Both died in infancy. Last residence: Franklin County.

SLADE, MARMADUKE JOHNSON, editor, was born January 1, 1805, in Warren County, N. C., and died July 14, 1857, at Tuscaloosa; son of Ebenezer Slade and a Miss Johnson, the former who was a native of Martin County, N. C.; grandson of Ebenezer and Chloe (Blount) Slade, who resided in Martin County, N. C.; great-grandson of Ebenezer and Agnes (McNare) Slade; great-great-grandson of William and Frances (Sylvesten) Slade; and great-great-great-grandson of Henry and Hannah (Loveridge) Slade, the former who was the first of the family in America, and who settled in Hyde County, N. C., in 1700. He was editor and publisher of the "Independent Monitor," a newspaper published weekly in Tuscaloosa. He was a Baptist. Married: near Clinton, Ga., to Ann Gray Blount, daughter of Thomas and Martha (Emanuel) Blount, who resided in Jones County, Ga., granddaughter of Thomas and Anne (Gray) Blunt, of Southampton County, Va., and of David Emanuel, a colonial governor of Georgia; a descendant of Richard Blunt of Surry County, Va., in 1650. Children: 1. Thomas Blount, teacher, editor, planter, deceased, m. Ann Gray Comegys. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

SLATON, SAMUEL TOLIVER, Methodist minister, was born October 15, 1875, at Tuskegee, Macon County; son of John Yarbrough and Tabitha Jane (Strickland) Slaton, the former who was born in Cobb County, Ga., served as steward in the hospital at Camp Watts, near Cheraw, during the War of Secession, the latter who was a native of Meriwether County, Ga.; grandson of William Presley and Thurza Ralls (Hunter) Slaton, who lived in Cobb County, Ga., and later moved to Macon County, and of Solomon Toliver and Sarah Ann (Dent) Strickland who lived at Warrior stand, Macon County, and afterwards moved to Tallahassee, Tallapoosa County, the former who conducted a private school at Warrior stand, entered the C. S. Army as captain, was later promoted to major, and then to lieutenant colonel; great-grandson of Tabitha Bradford Cade, and of Ezekial Strickland of Meriwether County, Ga. He attended the public school at the Armstrong Methodist church, at the Concord Baptist

church and the McKee school house, all in Macon County, and in 1894, attended the Montgomery District high school at Notasulga. In September, 1894, he entered the Alabama polytechnic institute, at Auburn and was graduated B. S., June 16, 1897. He entered the theological department of the Vanderbilt university, in September, 1899, and was graduated from there, in June, 1902, B. D. In August, 1912, at the summer convocation of the University of Chicago, after having done one year's work in residence, he was granted the degree of S. B. From September, 1897, to June, 1898, he was first assistant in the Southeast Alabama agricultural school, at Abbeville, from June, 1898, to June, 1899, was president of the West Alabama agricultural school, at Hamilton; from September to November, 1902, was pastor of Dadeville and Camp Hill; from November, 1902, to August, 1904, was pastor of the Hartselle Circuit; from August, 1904, to June, 1909, was professor of natural sciences in Birmingham college; from December, 1909, to November, 1912, was pastor of the Fountain Heights Methodist Episcopal church, South; was pastor of the Norwood Methodist Episcopal church, South, Birmingham, for many years, and is now in charge of the Methodist church at Tusculumbia. In 1904, at Hartselle, he was one of the men chosen by the county Democratic executive committee, as inspector at the first election, held under the new election laws of the state. In 1910, he was the author of a series of articles on the work of the organized classes, in the Sunday school, for the "Adult Student," a publication issued by the publishing house of the Methodist Episcopal church. In 1911, he was chairman of the social service committee of the Men and Religion Forward Movement, in Birmingham; and was one of the committee of five, who organized the Inter-Church Association of Birmingham, of which he has been director, and chairman of its social service committee. He is a member of the Alabama child labor committee, and has been a member of the commission on social conditions of the negro. He is a Democrat, and a Master Mason. Married: on August 28, 1901, at Sulligent, Lamar County, to Cora Adele Guthrie, daughter of David Isham and Elvira (Loyd) Guthrie, who lived at Sulligent; granddaughter of James Henry and Nancy (King) Guthrie, and of James and Charity (Paine) Loyd. Children: 1. John Guthrie Slaton, Birmingham. Residence: Tusculumbia.

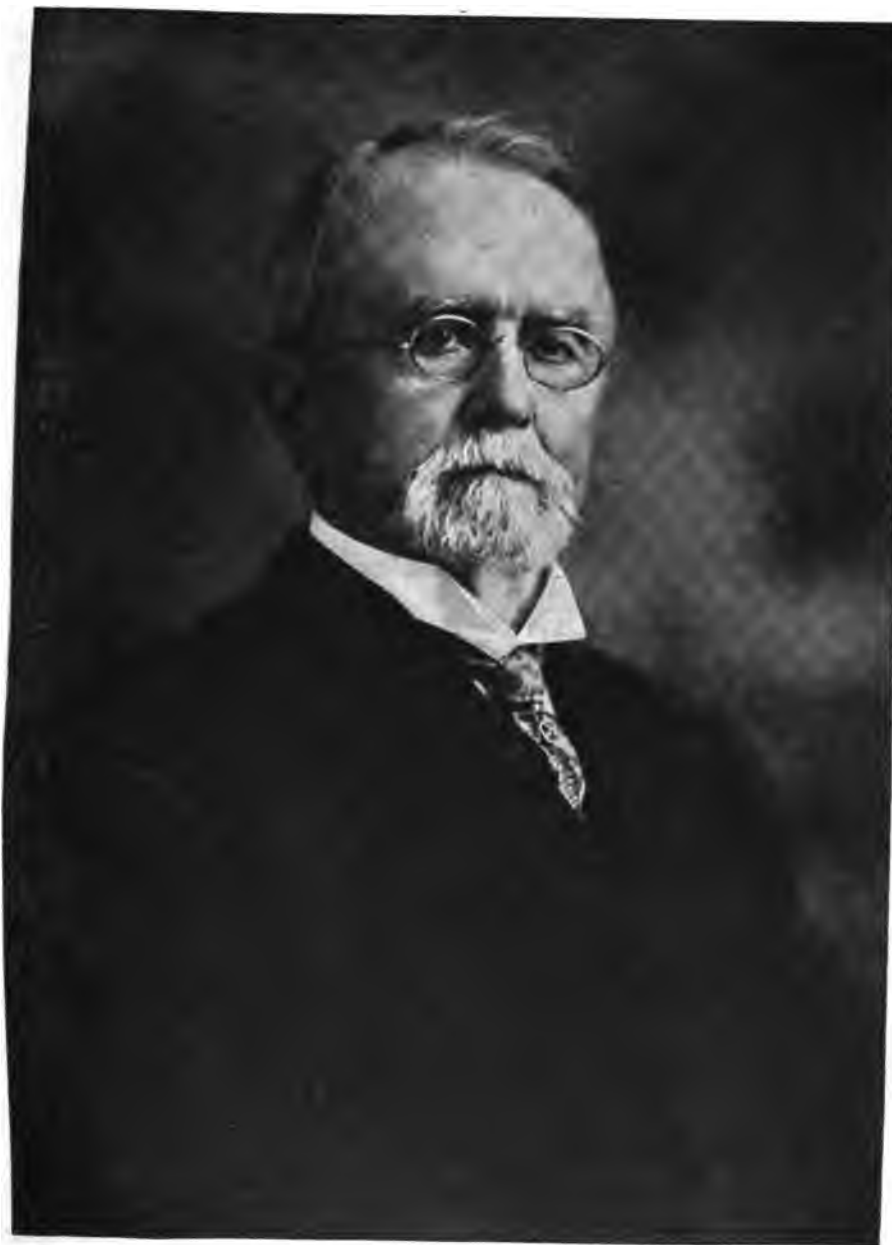
SLATON, WILLIAM F., major, 37th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

SLAUGHTER, D. P., Methodist minister; member of the Alabama conference. Residence: Andalusia.

SLAUGHTER, HOWELL W., farmer and turpentine operator, was born June 11, 1857, in Baldwin County; son of Dr. William H. and Harriet (Hays) Slaughter. He was reared on his father's plantation, and at an early age began to assist in its management. He studied at home in his spare time, his only schooling consisting of a nine months course taken in

1872. He was bookkeeper for his father, and also turned his attention to the accumulation of realty. In 1892, he was elected sheriff of Baldwin County. He is a Democrat and a Mason. Married: to Eliza Belt, daughter of Dr. T. W. and Eliza (Booth) Belt, the former who was a native of North Carolina, but settled in Baldwin County, when a young man, the latter who was a native of Baldwin County. Children: 1. William; 2. Wright B.; 3. Howell; 4. Morton. Residence: Tensaw.

SLAUGHTER, JOHN NICHOLSON, member Alabama legislature, farmer, and major C. S. Army, was born November 4, 1828, in Greene County, Ga., and died December 22, 1909, at Goodwater; son of John Robins and Temperance (Harris) Slaughter, natives of Greene County, Ga., who removed to Tallapoosa County in 1837, the former a farmer, local Methodist minister, at one time sheriff of the county and president and one of the original promoters of the Talladega and Opelika railroad; grandson of John and Elizabeth (Sayrs) Slaughter, the former a native of Virginia who removed to Georgia after the close of the Revolutionary War, the latter a native of North Carolina, and of Mathew and Hannah (Ross) Harris, natives of Mecklenburg County, N. C., who removed to Georgia after the Revolutionary War, the former a Whig, and brother of Robert and James Harris, signers of the Mecklenburg Declaration of Independence; great-grandson of Samuel and Martha (Laird) Harris, the former an Irish immigrant, the first settler in Mecklenburg County, N. C., coming over in the same ship with the girl who later became his wife, and buried in the same grave with her in Greene County, Ga. Mr. Slaughter received his early education in the country schools of Heard County, Ga.; prepared for college in the schools of Tallapoosa, and graduated from the University of Georgia, in 1851, with the degree of A. M.; studied medicine a while and then taught school for several years in Tallapoosa, Talladega and Coosa Counties. He owned and operated a farm near Goodwater; member of the Alabama legislature, 1880-81, from Tallapoosa County; treasurer, Coosa County, 1896-1900. He enlisted in the C. S. Army, March, 1862, and organized Co. B., 34th Alabama infantry regiment of which he was made captain, was afterwards promoted to a majority, and commanded the regiment, most of the time until its surrender at High Point, N. C.; was wounded in the first days of battle at Nashville. He was a Democrat; a Presbyterian; and a Mason. Married: December 20, 1855, in Coosa County, to Celia Robert, daughter of Robert and Emily (McKinney) McAdory, who lived at Socopato, the former a native of Christian County, Ky., the latter of Georgia, both coming to Alabama at an early date. He died in Alabama, in 1837, and his widow in Texas in 1861. Children: Robert McAdory, teacher, farmer, graduated at the University of Alabama, 1888, with the degree of A. B. and A. M., m. Fannie Quens; 2. Emmie T. m. M. B. Nolen, Elmonte, Calif.; 3. M. J., m. Vida Foshee. Last residence: Goodwater.



Art. Meisner

SLAUGHTER, M. G., member of the constitutional convention of 1861, from Talladega County.

SLAUGHTER, M. J., physician; graduate of the medical department of the University of Alabama, 1906, and licensed to practice the same year by the county board of Clay. Residence: Millerville.

SLAUGHTER, MILES M., major, 5th battalion cavalry, Hilliard's Alabama Legion; Lieutenant Colonel, 10th Confederate cavalry, C. S. Army.

SLEDD, ANDREW, college professor, for five years a resident of Alabama, was born November 7, 1870, at Lynchburg, Va.; son of Dr. Robert Newton and Frances Cary (Greene) Sledd, the former for forty-five years a Methodist minister in the Virginia conference. Dr. Sledd received his early education in the private schools of Virginia; A. B. and A. M., Randolph-Macon college, Ashland, Va.; LL. D., University of South Carolina, 1905, and D. D., University of Florida, 1909; A. M. Harvard university, 1896, and Ph. D. of Yale, 1903. He taught at Randolph-Macon college, Vanderbilt university and Emory college, before coming to Alabama to accept the position of professor of Greek, Southern university, Greensboro. He retained this position for only one year, removing to Florida to accept the presidency of the University of that state where he remained, 1904-09; returned to Greensboro as president of Southern university, 1910-14; and since that date has been connected with Emory university, Atlanta, Ga., as professor of New Testament Greek and librarian of the theological department. He is a Methodist; a Democrat; and a member of the Phi Delta Theta college fraternity. Married: March 14, 1899, at Oxford, Ga., to Annie Florence, daughter of Bishop Warren Akln and Sarah Antoinette (Curtright) Candler, of LaGrange. Children: 1. Frances Cary; 2. Andrew, jr.; 3. Warren Candler; 4. Robert Newton; 5. Marvin Banks. Residence: Decatur, Ga.

SLEDGE, ALEXANDER, physician and planter, was born in 1789, in Craven County, N. C., and died August 13, 1861, at Greensboro; son of Archibald Sledge, a North Carolinian. He was graduated in medicine at Philadelphia. He removed to Alabama in 1822, and commenced the practice of the profession. At the outbreak of the War of Secession, he enlisted as private in an Alabama regiment, refusing the office of surgeon, in order to be with his sons. He was one of the founders of La Grange College, in north Alabama, and established a scholarship there, which he kept up as long as the school was in existence. He also endowed a scholarship at the Southern university, at Greensboro. He was a Methodist. Married: in 1818, near Newberne, N. C., to Winnifred Bryan Lane, daughter of Levin and Nancy (Bryan) Lane, who lived at Newberne, N. C.; granddaughter of Nathan Bryan, who served in the Revolutionary War, was a member of congress when that body met in Philadelphia, and died during the ses-

sion of congress. Children: 1. Levin Alexander, m. (1) Elizabeth Foscue, (2) Martha Strudwick; 2. Maria; 3. Julia, m. Littleberry Mauldin; 4. Mary Winifred, m. Rev. Edward Wadsworth (q. v.); 5. Margaret, m. Dr. F. M. Petersen (q. v.); 6. Alexander, m. Octavia Lemay; 7. Arabella, m. D. J. Castleman; 8. James Nathan, private in Fourth Alabama regiment, and Fifteenth Regiment cavalry, C. S. Army, planter at Greensboro, m. (1) Fidelia Lemay, (2) Martha Benners. Last residence: Greensboro.

SLEDGE, CHAPPELL, planter, was born in Hancock County, Ga., and died in 1840, in Montgomery County. He owned a large river plantation and was a very successful planter. He was a Democrat and a Methodist. Married: in Hancock County, Ga., to Jane Harris, daughter of Edmund Harris of Hancock County, Ga., who came to Alabama, settling in Montgomery County, in 1820. Children: 1. Nathaniel; 2. Augustus, m. Dorothy Young; 3. Chappell, deceased; 4. Clara, m. William Ross, of South Carolina; 5. Narcissa, m. Isaac Ross, South Carolina; 6. Pamela, m. Lucien Pinkston, of Montgomery County; 7. Anne, deceased; 8. Sarah Jane, m. Joseph Huguenin Beck, of South Carolina; 9. Elizabeth Chappell, m. John Keyes Barton, of Montgomery County; 10. Helen, m. Neil Smith, Autauga County; 11. Laura, m. Milton Cooper, Wetumpka; 12. Amanda, m. Edward-Sims Ready, Wetumpka. Last residence: Wetumpka.

✓**SLEDGE, WILLIAM HENRY**, physician and surgeon, was born December 8, 1855, at Sumterville, Sumter County; son of Dr. William Henry and Amanda Malvina (Simmons) Sledge, the former of Clarksville, Tenn., a physician by profession, was graduated from the medical department of the University of Louisville in 1842, and served as a field surgeon in Claiborne's division, C. S. Army, died May 13, 1877, his wife survived him four days, dying May 17, 1877; grandson of Joshua Sledge, a native of North Carolina, a planter by occupation, of English extraction, and of Lewis Simmons, one of the most substantial and influential farmers of Marengo County. Dr. Sledge received a good elementary education, and entered upon the study of medicine under Dr. W. G. Hunter, of Glasgow, Ky., attending the medical department of the University of Louisville in 1877-79, and entered the Medical college of Alabama from which he graduated in 1880. He began the practice of his profession at Jefferson, Marengo County, removing in January, 1855, to Livingston, Sumter County, and in May, 1891, to Mobile where he has since remained. He has taken three post graduate degrees, courses at the New York Polytechnic hospital, giving special attention to picroscopy and gynecology. He has been a member of the college of counselors of the Alabama State medical association since 1882, and secretary of the Mobile County medical society. He is a Mason; a Presbyterian; a Democrat, and a Knight of Pythias. Married: November 15, 1882, to Kate M. Harris, of Mobile, by whom he has two sons. Residence: Mobile.

SLOAN, JAMES BARTLEY, lawyer, was born near Warrior, Jefferson County, March 3, 1873; son of George Seaborn and Lucinda (Thomas) Sloan, the former who was a native of Carroll County, Ga., later removed to Blount County, where his death occurred, was a Missionary Baptist preacher, a Confederate soldier, and a member of the legislature from Blount County, 1898-99; grandson of George Sloan and his wife, a Miss Jones, both of whom were natives of Ireland but emigrated to America, settling in North Carolina, and of William and Elizabeth (Blackburn) Thomas, both of whom were of English ancestry and resided in Virginia. James B. Sloan received his education in the schools of Jefferson and Blount Counties and later attended Blount college, from which he was graduated in 1895. He then studied law in the office of M. L. Ward of Oneonta and was admitted to the bar in Blount County, December, 1897. He has since practiced his profession in that city. He was alderman of the city of Oneonta in 1902; mayor of Oneonta, 1903-04; was elected to the constitutional convention of Alabama from Blount County, 1901; and September 6, 1912, was appointed U. S. district attorney for the southern district of Alabama, and served until December 20, 1913. He is a Republican and was chairman of the executive committee of Blount County for five years; is a member of the Cumberland Presbyterian church, of which he has been ruling elder; and belongs to the Odd Fellows. Married: on June 23, 1903, at Oneonta, to Annie Rosalea Daughdrill, daughter of James H. and Mattie Daughdrill of Gadsden; granddaughter of Judge Whitlock and a Miss Bridges, the latter who served as judge of the judicial circuit for twenty-four years. Children: 1. Ruby Elizabeth, aged seven years; 2. Rosalea Clair, aged two years. Residence: Oneonta.

SLOAN, MATHEW, chief engineer Mobile fire department, was born June 18, 1848, in Mobile; son of John and (Bridget) Sloan, both natives of Ireland, who married in the United States about 1845. He received a common school education and in early youth became an apprentice to a copper and sheet-iron worker. In 1862, at the age of fourteen, he entered the C. S. Navy and served one year on the iron clad "Baltic." In 1863 he joined the marines and remained with that branch until the close of the war. Soon after the evacuation of Richmond, the naval and marine service were formed into a naval brigade. He served in Co. A, of this brigade, with the rank of orderly sergeant until the surrender of Gen. Johnston, at Greensboro, N. C. Returning home to Mobile he was a teamster under the Federal government for one year, after which he was for two years in steamboat service on Mobile Bay. While in this service he joined the volunteer fire department of Mobile. In 1868 he was elected house keeper of the Phoenix fire company, no. 6. He held this position until 1873, when he was elected foreman of the same company, serving two years in this capacity. In 1875 he was elected assistant engineer of the fire department, and held this position one

year. After that he was a private member of the fire department until 1877, when he was re-elected foreman of the Phoenix company, serving in that capacity until 1881, after which he was engineer, a position which he still holds. On September 1, 1887, he organized a paid fire department, which through his efforts was soon brought up to its present high standard. He is a Catholic; a member of the Catholic Knights of America; and of the Ancient order of United workmen. Married: (1) April 11, 1873, to Mary Elizabeth Scott; (2) August 15, 1886, to Catherine E. Graham. There were three sons by the first marriage. Residence: Mobile.

SLOAN, MATTHEW SCOTT, assistant to the president of the Birmingham railway, light and power company; graduate of the Alabama polytechnic institute, with the degree of B. S., 1901, M. S., 1902.

SLOAN, SAMUEL, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 76, and a resident of Limestone County; private N. C. Continental Line; enrolled on February 29, 1832, under act of Congress of March 18, 1818, payment to date from February 24, 1832; annual allowance, \$96; sums received to date of publication of list, \$146.48.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

SLOSS, JAMES LONG, Presbyterian minister, was born in 1792, in the parish of Bellaghy, County Derry, Ireland, and died in 1844, in Florence; son of Robert and Ann (Long) Sloss, natives of Ireland who emigrated in 1803, to Lexington, Va.; uncle of James Withers Sloss (q. v.). He came to America as a youth and was educated at Princeton university. After graduation he entered the Presbyterian ministry and removed to Alabama where he served churches at Cahaba, Selma, Somerville and Florence. He was also a teacher in the schools of Somerville and Florence. Married: Letitia V., daughter of David and Elizabeth (Outlaw) Campbell, the former a lawyer, was first federal judge of Tennessee Territory and later judge of the supreme court of Tennessee; granddaughter of David and Mary (Hamilton) Campbell, of Virginia and Tennessee, and of Col. Alexander and Penelope (Smith) Outlaw; great-granddaughter of John Campbell, who came from Ireland to America in 1726, locating in Lancaster County, Pa., later removed to Augusta County, Va. Children: four sons and three daughters, order conjectural, 1. Ann Eliza, m. Col. Alexander D. Coffee (q. v.); 2. Mary L., m. M. T. Warren; 3. Letitia V., m. Gen. F. S. Rutherford; 4. Thomas M., captain, C. S. Army, circuit judge in Texas, deceased; 5. Robert C.; 6. Joseph Humphreys (q. v.). Last residence: Florence.

SLOSS, JAMES WITHERS, merchant, planter, railroad president, pioneer coal operator, iron manufacturer, was born April 7, 1820, at Mooresville, Limestone County, and died May 4, 1890, in Birmingham; son of Joseph and Clarissa (Wasson) Sloss, of Bellaghy, County Derry, Ireland, who came to America in 1803, settling in Virginia, the former a soldier in

the War of 1812; grandson of Robert and Ann (Long) Sloss, who also emigrated from Ireland in 1830, and of Alexander and Elizabeth (Parry) Wasson, of Scotch-Irish descent, who moved to Huntsville from Virginia in 1814. Receiving only a limited education he began his business career at the age of fifteen as a bookkeeper. For seven years he continued this work, studying as best he could, and at the end of this time buying a county store at Athens with his savings. By the late fifties he had extended his mercantile interests throughout the entire northern section of the State, owned several plantations and had taken up the fight for railroads. He was president of the Nashville and Decatur railroad, a north Alabama road, which was organized on January 1, 1867, by consolidation with the Central, Southern, Tennessee, and Alabama railroad companies, and later merged into the Louisville and Nashville system. In 1876, he and James Thomas leased the Oxmoore furnace plant. Later he became interested in the Pratt coal seam and was one of the managers of the Eureka mining and transportation company, the first company organized for the making of coke pig iron in Birmingham. In 1877 he formed a partnership with Truman Aldrich and in January, 1878, a company was organized and known as the Pratt coal and coke company, the first big coal company of Alabama, of which he was secretary and treasurer. The camp near the mines shortly became Pratt City. He resigned from the Pratt coal and coke company, in 1879 to give his attention exclusively to iron making, returning to the Oxmoore furnaces. In 1881 he formed the Sloss furnace company, at the same time severing his connections with the Eureka company. This company later became the big Sloss-Sheffield steel and iron company and at the same time, 1886, passed out of the hands of Mr. Sloss who was then nearing his seventieth year. He was interested in the educational progress of the South and served as president of the Lake DeFuniak Chautauqua association. He was a Methodist. Married: (1) Mary, daughter of Joseph and Rachel Bigger, of Belfast, Ireland; (2) Martha, daughter of Thomas and Winifred Lundie, of Oxford, Miss. Children: by first wife, 1. Letitia, deceased; 2. Mary Eliza, m. Arthur W. Smith, Birmingham; 3. Clara, deceased; 4. Rachel, deceased; 5. Rosnell, deceased; 6. Frederick, Birmingham; 7. Maclin, Birmingham; 8. Evaline, deceased; 9. James W., deceased; by second wife, 10. James Lundie, Faunsdale; 11. Baxter, Birmingham; 12. Rosa, m. John H. Minge (q. v.). Last residence: Birmingham.

SLOSS, JOSEPH HUMPHREYS, U. S. marshal and representative in congress, was born October 12, 1826, at Somerville, and died January 27, 1911, in Memphis, Tenn.; son of Rev. James Long and Letitia V. (Campbell) Sloss (q. v.). He received his education under his father, who taught a classical school and was the pastor of the Presbyterian church, and studied law at Athens, Tenn., under his kinsman, Thomas Nixon Vandyke. He was admitted to the bar at eighteen and practiced his profession in St. Louis, four years, after which he removed to

Edwardsville, Ill. During the contest for the U. S. senatorship between Judge Douglas and Mr. Lincoln in 1858, he was elected to the Illinois legislature and there assisted in the election of Judge Douglas. In 1861, with his family, he left Illinois to return to Alabama and offer his services to the Confederate Army. He raised a company in Lauderdale County, which was attached to the 4th Alabama cavalry, of which he was elected captain. In 1863 he was promoted to a majority for gallantry, and served in the field until the close of the war. He took part in a number of engagements. In 1865 he formed a law partnership in Tuscumbia with Gov. R. B. Lindsay. The next year he was elected mayor of Tuscumbia and though removed by Gen. Pope, he was re-elected. He continued in the practice of law with Gov. Lindsay until 1871, when he was elected to the U. S. congress, serving through the forty-second and forty-third congresses. In 1879 he was appointed U. S. marshal for the northern district of Alabama, a position that required a residence in Huntsville to which place he removed. He resigned from the office in 1882 to devote his entire time to editing the "Huntsville advocate" and to conducting a real estate business. He was a Democrat; Presbyterian; a Mason, and an Odd Fellow. Married: April 2, 1850, in Edwardsville, Ill., to Mary L. Lusk. Children: 1. James Long, died young; 2. Mary Louise, died in girlhood; 3. Josie, deceased; 4. Percy M.; 5. Annie Coffee, m. Fariss Smith, of Huntsville. Last residence: Memphis, Tenn.

SLOUGH, R. H., mayor of Mobile, 1861-65.

SMALL, A. W., Presbyterian minister; killed in an attack on Selma by Federal troops in 1865.

SMAW, WILLIAM, member Alabama legislature, planter and lawyer, was born October 10, 1851, at McAlpine, Greene County, and died July 14, 1911, at Greensboro; son of Isaiah Buxton and Janie Tignor (McAlpine) Smau, the former a native of Bath, Beaufort County, N. C., later a resident of Boligee; grandson of William and Elinor (Ronek) Smau, who lived on their plantation in Perry County; and of Col. Alexander and Ann McAlpine who resided upon their landed estate, near Greensboro. He was educated in private schools, and the Southern university at Greensboro, before entering Mt. St. Mary's college, Emmitsburg, Md., where he graduated with first honors, taking the A. M. degree, July, 1870. He studied law with Morgan and Jolly, of Eutaw, and practiced his profession in that place for ten years, before being obliged to retire to his plantation near Boligee, on account of ill health, thereafter devoting himself exclusively to agriculture. He was a member of the Alabama legislature two sessions from Greene County, 1892-93, was a Democrat; and a Mason. Married: September 16, 1874, at Eutaw, to Sarah Johnson, daughter of Harry Toulmin and Sarah Johnson (Inge) Herndon of that place. Children: 1. Sarah Inge, m. W. H. Knight, Greensboro; 2. Isaiah Buxton; 3. Ellen, m. Dr. J. W. McGehn, New Orleans, La.; 4. William Ronek; 5. Harry Toul-

min; 6. Alexander McAlpine; 7. Morgan William; 8. Robert Bruce McAlpine; 9. Richard Inge; 10. Thomas Seay. Last residence: Greensboro.

SMEDLEY, DAVID B., deputy grand master, grand lodge, Masons, 1865-66.

SMITH, ADDISON GILLESPIE, lawyer, circuit solicitor, division counsel, Alabama Great Southern railroad company, was born October 1, 1851, at Livingston, Sumter County; son of Edward Ward and Martha Ann (Houston) Smith, the former a native of Wayne County, N. C., who lived later at Livingston, member of the Alabama legislature from Sumter County, 1870-71-72, a Confederate soldier, surrendered with Johnston's army at Greensboro, N. C., lawyer, and mayor of Livingston for a number of terms; grandson of Stephen and Sarah (Rhodes) Smith, who lived near Dudley Depot, Wayne County, N. C., and after the death of her husband the latter removed to Alabama, locating in Livingston, and of Mathew C. and Martha (Gillespie) Houston, of Livingston; great-great-grandson on the paternal line of Andrew Bass, a delegate from Hobbs County, N. C., to the Halifax convention, and a soldier of the Revolutionary Army. The paternal ancestry was English and Welsh, and emigrated from these countries to North Carolina. The maternal line was Scotch-Irish, and settled in Pennsylvania and Virginia, descendants removing thence to East Tennessee and Alabama. Ancestors on both sides were Revolutionary soldiers. Mr. Smith received his preparatory education in schools of Alabama and North Carolina, and his college course at Cumberland university, Lebanon, Tenn., graduating also in law from that institution, June, 1873. He at once entered upon the practice of his profession at Livingston, and held the position of solicitor of the sixth judicial circuit, 1887-91, resigning the latter year on account of removal of residence. He has been, since the latter date, division counsel for the Alabama Great Southern railroad company, with headquarters and home in Birmingham since 1891. Four generations of his family have served that company with distinction, covering a period of sixty years. He was State senator from Sumter County, 1880-84; and mayor, Livingston, for several terms. He is a Democrat; Episcopalian, and Mason. Married: December 1, 1875, at Mobile, to Florence Devereux, daughter of Devereux and Elizabeth Hopkins, who lived at Stockton, Calif., and Livingston. She is descended from the Boones and Besses, her great-great-grandfather and that of her husband being brothers. Children: 1. Edward Devereux, m. Florida Graves, the former a lawyer, and at present general solicitor of the Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company, with headquarters in Atlanta; 2. Kate, m. J. T. Stokely, division counsel for the Southern railway in the State of Alabama, Birmingham; 3. Sidney Preston, m. Dorothy Johnson, lawyer, division counsel for the Southern railway, Birmingham, who served overseas in command of Battery D, 2nd Field artillery, American Expeditionary Forces. Residence: Birmingham.

SMITH, ARMAND PFISTER, physician, probate judge, and member of legislature, 1919, was born January 17, 1852, at Union, Greene County; son of James Thomas and Sarah (Kim-brough) Smith, the former a teacher, enlisted in Co. E, 20th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, served as lieutenant and later captain under Gen. Joseph E. Johnston, tax assessor, Greene County, 1870-74; grandson of Rev. Mathew and Rianah Smith, natives of Virginia who removed to Alabama about 1825, and of Marmaduke and Elizabeth Kimbrough, natives of South Carolina, who removed to Alabama about 1824. Dr. Smith received his early education at Beula academy, near Union, and at Plato academy, Knoxville. He received the A. B. degree from Howard college, Marion, 1873, and the M. D. degree from Kentucky school of medicine, 1875. He has practiced at Union, Knoxville, and Eutaw. He was appointed by Gov. Thomas G. Jones, and later elected, probate judge of Greene County, serving from May 1, 1893, to January, 1917, and was elected a member of the 1919 legislature. He is a Democrat; a Baptist; and a Shriner. Married: December 28, 1875, at Knoxville, to Mary Elizabeth, daughter of David and Mary E. (Thornton) McGiffert, of that place; granddaughter of Elisha and Mary Thornton who removed from South Carolina to Greene County about 1825. Children: 1. Armand W., m. Hallie Apsey, of Eutaw, both deceased; 2. Robert E., m. Nettie Beasley, of Eutaw, both deceased; 3. Mary Edna, m. B. D. Palmer, of Eutaw; 4. Minnie, m. J. C. Duboise, of Ashville; 5. Thomas McGiffert, physician, Eutaw; 6. J. K., m. Alice ———, Eutaw; 7. Sarah, Eutaw; 8. Kirby W., Eutaw. Residence: Eutaw.

SMITH, ARNOLD SHANK, Baptist minister, was born May 18, 1864, at Mill Town, Chambers County; son of West Goodrich and Jane (Shank) Smith, the former who was a native of South Carolina, but resided in Newton County, Ga.; grandson of Matthew and Mary (Turner) Smith, who lived in Virginia, the former who was of Irish descent, and of John and Mary (Jennings) Shank, who lived in Troup County, Ga., the former who came from Germany to this country and settled in Georgia. His early education was obtained in the schools at Shiloh, Mill Town and Lafayette, and in the fall of 1887, he entered Howard college, where he was graduated, A. B., and was president of his class. In September, 1884, he was licensed to preach by the Baptist church at Mill Town, and was ordained, October 4, 1885, by a presbytery consisting of D. S. Moore, Dr. J. P. Shaffer, F. H. Moss, G. E. Brewer, and W. C. Bledsoe. During the session of 1892-93, he attended the Southern Baptist theological seminary, at Louisville, Ky. He has served as pastor at the following places: Liberty; Mill Town; Mt. Tim; Lystra; Rock Springs; Fredonia, Chambers County; Elyton Baptist church, Birmingham; Utica Baptist church, Illinois; Roanoke Baptist church, Alabama, 1892-96; First Baptist church, Phoenix City, 1896-98; Columbia Baptist church, 1898-99; First Baptist church, Alexander City and Dadeville Baptist church, 1899-1905; Alexander City and Eclectic

Baptist churches, 1905-13. In 1912, he received the degree of D. D. He has been pastor of the Alexander City church for more than fourteen years. He has been a member of the executive board and of the state board of missions of the Alabama Baptist convention. He is a Democrat; a Mason; and a Woodman. Married: (1) June 6, 1894, at La Grange, Ga., to Mamie Lou Watt, deceased; (2) December 21, 1898, at Forest Home, to Annie Blanche Watt, both daughters of Charles Phillip and Sarah Frances (Ely) Watt, of Muscogee County, Ga., who were natives of Georgia, and moved to Alabama before the War of Secession, the former who served in the cavalry in the C. S. Army, 1863-65. Children, by first marriage: 1. Mary Mildred, Alexander City; 2. Ely Watt, Alexander City; by second marriage: 3. Manly Arnold, Alexander City; 4. Kathleen Roberta, Alexander City; 5. Charles William, Alexander City. Residence: Alexander City.

SMITH, BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, lawyer, was born August 6, 1884, at Alexander City, Tallapoosa County; son of William Denson and Henry Cynthia (Skipper) Smith, the former who was a native of Shiloh, Coosa County, in 1857, removed with his parents to Tallapoosa County and located four miles south of Alexander City, and later removed to Alexander City, where he engaged in contracting, farming, and the mercantile business; grandson of Andy Swanson and Mary (Crow) Smith, who lived near Alexander City, the former who was a native of Coosa County, served in the C. S. Army, as quarter-master sergeant in Capt. Young's company, Forty-seventh Alabama regiment, in 1852, removed to Tallapoosa County, served as justice of the peace for twenty-four years, and engaged in agricultural pursuits, and of Henry C. and Elizabeth S. (Horsley) Skipper, the former who was a native of Virginia, came to Meriwether County, Ga., when a young man, served in the C. S. Army, and died of typhoid fever soon after the seven days battle before Richmond, the latter whose property was confiscated and burned by the Federal soldiers, and who moved to Tallapoosa County; great-grandson of William and Mary Smith, who moved from North Carolina to Coosa County, in 1827, and of Denson Crow, who moved from Troup County, Ga., to Coosa County, in 1843, and later to Tallapoosa County, served in the Fourteenth Alabama regiment, C. S. Army, was a Methodist minister, and also engaged in agricultural pursuits. He received his early education at the public and high school of Alexander City, and after completing his high school work, taught school at Speed, Coosa County, until September, 1904, when he entered the sophomore class of the University of Alabama, where in 1907, he was graduated, A. B., and in 1910, LL. B. He also attended summer school at the University of Michigan, 1911. He was principal of the Sumterville high school, 1907-08; taught history and French in the Madison County high school, 1908-09 and on June 4, 1910, was appointed president of the State Normal school at Moundville, where he remained for a number of years, and later removed to Birmingham, where he engaged in the

practice of law. He was for three years a member of the State militia, belonging to Co. H, Third regiment, Alexander City. He is a Democrat; Baptist; Mason; and Knight of Pythias. He is unmarried. Residence: Birmingham.

SMITH, BENJAMIN HARRIS, lawyer, was born March 8, 1883, at Newburg, Franklin County; son of James William Clarke and Elizabeth Caroline (Knight) Smith, the former who was a native of Newburg, Franklin County, lived there his entire life, served throughout the War of Secession as captain of Co. H, Sixteenth Alabama regiment, and received wounds in wreck at Knoxville, Tenn., which resulted in his blindness for twenty-five years; grandson of James and Nancy (Mullens) Smith, the former who was a native of Virginia, removing from South Carolina with his parents to Madison County and thence to Franklin County, served in the War of 1812 under Gen. Jackson, and of Carlisle Woodson and Caroline Cordelia (Jackson) Knight, who lived at Mt. Pleasant, Tenn.; great-grandson of Matthew and Sallie (Wallace) Smith, the former who was a native of Rutherford County, Va., served seven years under Gen. Greene in the Revolutionary War, and participated in the battle of King's Mountain, and the latter who was a native of Ireland; great-great-grandson of Matthew Simpson Smith, who was a native of England; brother of Reginald Knight and Wallace Bruce Smith, surgeons in the U. S. navy, the former who was on the Baltimore at the battle of Manila Bay and dressed the wounds of the only American men wounded in that battle. Benjamin H. Smith received his early education in the common schools at Newburg, and later in life commenced the practice of law. He began teaching school in 1900 and taught in Franklin County for six years. In 1907 he was a member of the house of representatives from Franklin County. He is a Democrat, served as committeeman for two years and in 1904 was a member of the state convention; and a Methodist, which church he has served in the capacity of superintendent and steward. Married: on December 27, 1905, at Newburg, to Laura Effie Sugg, daughter of William Edward and Laura Frances (Henly) Sugg, who resided at Newburg. Residence: Newburg.

SMITH, CARLOS GREENE, teacher, sixth president of the University of Alabama, was born December 18, 1813, in Oglethorpe County, Ga., and died October 14, 1892, at Palatka, Fla.; son of Rev. James Smith and a Miss Greene, who shortly after their marriage moved to Georgia, the former who was a native of Cumberland County, Va., and the latter a native of Prince Edward County, Va. During the infancy of Dr. Smith, his parents returned to Virginia, where they resided until 1831, when they removed to western Tennessee. For several years he studied under John B. Clausell, and after leaving this school, taught for several years near the home of his boyhood. He entered the University of Nashville, in 1837, and was graduated in 1838, LL. D., and for two

years after graduation was tutor in ancient languages and mathematics at the University of Nashville. In 1841, he was elected professor of mathematics in Hume academy, Nashville, but soon afterwards resigned his position because of failing health, and entered the Medical college of Louisville, Ky. He was given the chair of ancient languages in the old La Grange college in north Alabama, in 1843, and at a later date resumed his study of medicine, this time at the University of Pennsylvania, where he was graduated in 1847. He returned to Alabama, and accepted a position in the Green Springs school, which was conducted by his brother-in-law, Dr. Henry Tutwiler (q. v.). He was elected principal of the Green academy at Huntsville, in 1853, but gave up this position soon after to establish the Mountain Home academy in Lawrence County, which school continued until the outbreak of the War of Secession when it was destroyed. From 1865 to 1874, he taught continuously at Huntsville. He was elected president of the University of Alabama in 1874, and remained there until 1878, when he took charge of the Normal college for girls at Livingston. In 1886, because of his age and failing health he retired to Palatka, Fla., where his death occurred, October 14, 1892. Married: to Martha Ashe, daughter of Paoli Pascal Ashe (q. v.). Among the children are: 1. Carlos Greene, railroad employee, b. March 28, 1858, m. Willie Wright, Ft. Worth, Tex.; 2. Robert Fontaine, bank cashier, b. December 18, 1861, m. Agnes Young Ruffin; 3. Paoli Ashe, civil engineer, b. March 18, 1860, d. February 7, 1892, resident engineer of Texas & Pacific Railroad, m. Gessner Harrison, Tutwiler; 4. Bessie; 5. Mrs. Flora Roberts; 6. Ruffin Smith of St. Louis, Mo. Last residence: Palatka, Fla.

SMITH, CHARLES BROOKS, insurance commissioner, was born May 26, 1860, at Livingston, Sumter County; son of John Thomas and Cornelia E. (Houston) Smith, the former who was a native of near Greensboro, Wayne County, N. C., later removed to Livingston, and served in the War of Secession; grandson of Stephen and Sarah A. (Rhoads) Smith, the former who was of English descent, and the latter who was a descendant of Dr. Andrew Bass, who came to North Carolina before the Revolutionary War from Wales, and of M. C. and Martha L. Houston, who lived at Livingston, both of whom were of Scotch-Irish descent, their ancestors having come from Scotland to the north of Ireland, and emigrated from there to the state of Pennsylvania about 1735; great-grandson of John Smith, who was a native of England. Charles B. Smith received his education in his native county. For about fifteen years he was a member of the Democratic executive committee of Hale County; later resigning, he came to Montgomery to accept a clerkship in the auditor's office, where he served for ten years as a member of the state executive committee; served as state auditor, 1907-11; was chief clerk in the state treasurer's office, January 18, 1915, to October 2, 1915; and in 1915 was appointed insurance commissioner to head the new department created by act of

September 25, previous. He is a member of the Episcopal church. Residence: Montgomery.

SMITH, CLARE BATEMAN, lawyer, and judge, was born June 2, 1878, at Fayetteville, Lincoln County, Tenn.; son of John Bateman and Gabriella (McCord) Smith, the former though born in Nashville spent much of his life at Fayetteville and Pulaski, Tenn., where he was owner and editor of country newspapers; grandson of William Henry and Caroline Charlotte Smith, of Nashville, and of Samuel and Susan McCord, of Moulton, and LaGrange. The Smiths were English people who came early to Virginia, while the maternal ancestors were of Scotch-Irish and Dutch descent, who first came to North Carolina, thence to Tennessee and to Alabama. He was educated in the public schools and at Martin college, Pulaski; later attended Wharton's academic school, Nashville; and graduated from the University of Tennessee, B. S., 1898; and in 1900 from the law school of Cumberland university, Lebanon, Tenn. He entered upon the practice in Birmingham that year and continued in his profession until elected one of the judges of the tenth judicial circuits in November, 1912, a position he still fills. During the Spanish-American War he served as first lieutenant, 4th regiment, Tennessee volunteers, and spent some months in Cuba. He is a Democrat; Methodist; Mason; Knight of Pythias; Elk; and a member of the Kappa Sigma college fraternity. Married: June 14, 1911, at Birmingham, to Alta Rutledge, daughter of Thomas and Sarah (Rutledge) Brown, early settlers of Birmingham. Residence: Birmingham.

SMITH, DREWRY, H., major, 39th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

SMITH, EDMUND KIRBY, president of the Atlantic and Pacific telegraph company, professor of mathematics, U. S. military academy, and lieutenant-general, C. S. Army, was born May 16, 1824, in St. Augustine, Fla., and died March 28, 1893, in Sewanee, Tenn.; son of Judge Joseph Lee and Frances Marvin (Kirby) Smith, the former a major of infantry during the war of 1812, attained the rank of colonel, in 1818, and was judge of the superior court of Florida, 1823-37; grandson of Elnathan Smith, an officer in the Revolutionary army, and of Ephraim Kirby (q. v.). He graduated from the U. S. military academy, at West Point, as brevet second lieutenant and was assigned to the 5th infantry regiment, July 1, 1845, and served throughout the war with Mexico, being promoted second lieutenant, 7th infantry, August 22, 1846, and brevetted first lieutenant, April 18, 1847, for gallantry at Cerro Gordo, and brevetted captain, August 20, 1847, for Contreras. He was assistant professor of mathematics at the U. S. military academy, 1849-52; and promoted major, January 31, 1861. He resigned from the U. S. Army, April 6, 1861, and joined the Confederate Army, in which he was commissioned lieutenant-colonel of cavalry. On June 17, 1861, he was promoted brigadier-general commanding the 4th brigade, Army of



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the Shenandoah, under Gen. Joseph E. Johnston, and at the battle of Manassas, July 21, 1861, was severely wounded while leading a charge. On October 11, 1861, he was promoted major-general and assumed command of the department of east Tennessee, March, 1862, with headquarters at Charleston, S. C. He recommended the arrest and incarceration in southern prisons of the leading citizens who were not in arms. He commanded the advance of Bragg's army in the Kentucky campaign; defeated Gen. William Wilson at Mt. Zion Church, Ky., August 30, 1862; was promoted lieutenant-general, October 9, 1862; succeeded Gen. T. H. Holmes to the command of the department of the Trans-Mississippi, which comprised all the Confederate forces west of the Mississippi, March 17, 1863; and commanded the Confederate Army, composed of the district of west Louisiana, and a detachment of Price's army in the Red River campaign, in April, 1864. In May, 1865, he surrendered his army at Baton Rouge, La., being the last of the Confederate troops to lay down their arms. During 1866-68, he was president of the Atlantic and Pacific telegraph co., 1866-68, and from 1870 to 1875 was chancellor of the University of Nashville. He was professor of mathematics in the University of the South, Sewanee, Tenn., from 1875 to 1893. Last residence: Sewanee, Tenn.

SMITH, EDNA KENDERDINE, portrait painter, was born January 4, 1880, at Rockford, Ill.; daughter of Charles Henry and Jennie Agnes (McConnell) Smith of Adrian, Mich., who lived in the foregoing states and in Virginia at various periods of his life; granddaughter of Samuel Mather and Laura (Ainsworth) Smith of Utica, N. Y., and of James Wallace and Esther (Coleman) McConnell, natives of Glasgow, Scotland, who emigrated to America shortly after their marriage and settled in Connecticut; great-granddaughter of Solomon and Mollie (Dewey) Scovell of Connecticut, of English ancestry, and some of whose forebears are buried in Trinity churchyard, New York City. In 1662, Lieut. Samuel Smith of New London, Conn., was granted twenty pounds, with William Rodgers of England, for procuring the charter for the Colony of Connecticut. His descendant, Samuel Smith, married Jirusha, daughter of Cotton Mather. Their son, Cotton Mather Smith, settled in Sharon, Conn., and died full of honors in 1845, being the last governor of that state under the "old regime." The family traces its descent from a long line of worthies, dating as far back as the feudal period of French Flanders, 1120. The Ainsworths came of Puritan stock, with John Ainsworth of Lancaster, England, 1369, as the founder, and of Thomas Ainsworth of Woodstock, Conn., a connecting link in the line of descent. Miss Smith was graduated from the high school of Birmingham, and studied art in Paris, France, a pupil of Academie Julian, under M. Benjamin-Constant, Jean Paul Laurens, M. Baschet and M. Schonomer. She was an exhibitor in the salon, 1900, and in 1902 opened her studio in Birmingham. She has painted the portraits of a number of notable

Alabamians. In the portrait gallery of the department of Archives and History, the Capitol, Montgomery are portraits of Gov. Arthur P. Bagby, Gov. Gabriel Moore, Dr. Eugene A. Smith, and Miss Julia Tutwiler. She is an Episcopalian. Residence: Birmingham and New York.

SMITH, EMMETT PRESTON, Baptist minister, chaplain U. S. Army, was born November 23, 1877, at Columbus, Ga.; son of Benjamin J. and Caroline L. (Phelts) Smith, the former who was a native of Talbotton, Talbot County, Ga., lived at Columbus and Thomaston, Ga., served in the C. S. Army, 1863-65, under Gen. Braxton Bragg, Gen. Joseph E. Johnston, and Gen. John B. Hood, and surrendered in 1865; grandson of Caleb A. and Melissa C. Smith, who lived at Talbotton, Ga., the former who was a veteran in the war with Mexico, serving as a volunteer in the American Army, under command of Gen. Winfield Scott, in the operations at Vera Cruz and before Mexico City, and as a volunteer in the C. S. Army, and of Solomon and Leanthia (Mathis) Phelts, who lived near Columbus, Ga., the former who served as a volunteer in the C. S. Army; great-grandson of Artemus Smith, who was a veteran of the War of 1812; great-great-grandson of James A. Smith, who was a veteran of the Revolutionary War. He had eight uncles who served in the C. S. Army. Dr. Smith attended the public schools of Columbus, Ga., the Wynton military college, and Mercer university, at Macon, Ga. On June 21, 1899, he was ordained a minister of the gospel, and has served as pastor of Baptist churches at Columbus, Ga., Carrollton, Atlanta, Fernandina, Fla., Chipley, Fla., and Midway. In April, 1917, he entered the service of the Alabama National Guard; was commissioned chaplain of the Fourth Alabama infantry, April 16, 1917, by Hon. Charles Henderson, governor of Alabama; was commissioned chaplain of the One Hundred and Sixty-seventh U. S. infantry, August 5, 1917, by President Wilson; served in Europe, 1917-19; and in 1919, was chaplain of the U. S. Army. The degree of D. D. was conferred on him by Howard college, June 4, 1919. He is a Democrat; a Mason; Odd Fellow; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: to Annie Mae, daughter of Robert Walker and Elizabeth (Smith) Johnson, who lived at Uchee, Russell County; and a descendant of the Johnson, Smith and Walker families who were among the first settlers of east Alabama, coming from Hancock County, Ga., to Russell County in the early thirties. Children: 1. Earle Russell; 2. Caroline Elizabeth; 3. Alma Eugenia. Residence: Midway.

SMITH, EUGENE ALLEN, State geologist, was born October 27, 1841, at Washington, Autauga County; son of Samuel Parrish and Adelaide Julia (Allen) Smith (q. v.); grandson of Richard and Julia (Phelps) Allen, of Poquonock, Conn.; great-grandson of Samuel and Jerusha (Bissell) Allyn, and of Josiah and Mary (Phelps) Phelps; great-great-grandson of Capt. Josiah and Ann (Denslow) Phelps, of Samuel Wolcott and Jerusha (Mills) Allyn, and of Capt. Ebenezer Fitch and Ester (Hay-

den) Bizzell; great-great-great-grandson of Capt. Peletiah and Mary (Stoughton) Allyn, of Daniel and Jerusha (Fitch) Bizzell, and of Capt. Josiah and Ann (Griswold) Phelps; great-great-great-great-grandson of Col. Matthew and Elizabeth (Wolcott) Allyn, of Maj. James and Alice (Bradford) Fitch, the former a native of Saybrook, Conn., landowner, soldier in the Indian Wars, an early patron of Yale college, to which he gave the glass and nails for its first edifice, and in 1701 an endowment of six hundred and thirty-seven acres of land, and of Josiah and Sarah (Winchell) Phelps; great-great-great-great-great-grandson of Capt. Thomas and Abigail (Warham) Allyn, of Maj. William Bradford, of Samuel and Sarah (Griswold) Phelps, and of Henry and Abiale (Gaffe) Walcott; great-great-great-great-great-great-grandson of Gov. William Bradford, a native of Austerfield, Yorkshire, England, who emigrated to America, settled in Plymouth, Mass., in 1607, and was second governor of Plymouth Colony, of Matthew and Ann (Amith) Allyn, the former a native of Brampton, County Devon, England, who emigrated to America, resided in the colony of Connecticut from 1637 to 1671, was a member of the council of the supreme court of Connecticut, a representative to the general court from 1648 to 1658, except 1653, magistrate of the colony, 1657 to 1667, commissioner for the United Colonies of New England, 1660-64, and in 1661 moderator and a member of the committee to petition for the charter, in which document, granted to Connecticut by Charles II, he was named as one of the grantees, of Henry and Sarah (Newberry) Walcott, of William and Elizabeth Phelps, the former a native of Tewksbury, Gloucester County, England, who emigrated to America in 1630, and settling in Dorchester, Mass., later in Windsor, a magistrate for several years and deputy to the general court, 1645-51, and 1657, and of Rev. John Warham, also an emigrant from England; great-great-great-great-great-great-great-grandson of Henry and Elizabeth (Saunders) Wolcott, the former a native of Tolland, County Somersetshire, England, who emigrated to America, located in Windsor, Conn., member of the lower house of the general assembly, 1643, and also a member of the house of magistrates. Dr. Smith was educated in the private schools of Prattville and the public schools of Philadelphia, Pa.; entered the junior class, University of Alabama, 1860, and received the A. B. degree, in 1862; attended the Universities of Berlin, Goettingen, and Heidelberg, receiving from the latter the degrees of A. M. and Ph. D., *summa cum laude*, 1868; spent the summers while in Europe in travel; and received the honorary degree of LL. D. from the University of Mississippi, in 1899. In April, 1862, all of the members of his class at the University of Alabama were sent to various parts of the state for the purpose of drilling recruits. Dr. Smith was sent to Greenville and he enlisted in Co. K, one of the companies that he was drilling, as a private. Upon the reorganization of the company at the beginning of the Tennessee-Kentucky campaign he was elected second lieutenant, serving in this capacity until he was detailed by President

Davis as state captain and instructor in tactics at the University of Alabama. He served in this capacity from December, 1862, to April 5, 1865. He went at once, upon his return to America from Europe, December, 1868, to the University of Mississippi as assistant in the geological survey and remained until June, 1871, when he was elected professor of mineralogy and geology at the University of Alabama, and has been connected ever since with this institution as professor of mineralogy and geology; mineralogy, geology and natural history; chemistry, mineralogy and geology and professor of mineralogy and geology. In 1873, upon the revision of the State geological and agricultural survey, he was appointed State geologist by the legislature and has held this position to the present time. As State geologist he has performed permanent and invaluable work in the exploration of the vast and varied mineral resources of the State. His voluminous official as well as his fragmentary reports and writings for the press have given to the world proof of the mineral wealth of the State never before known. He was appointed honorary commissioner for Alabama at the Paris exposition, 1878; special agent for the tenth census, on cotton culture in Alabama and Florida, 1880; one of the commissioners to select public lands donated to the University of Alabama by congress, 1884; member American committee, International geological congress, 1884-89; member of the council, Geological society of America, 1892-95; member of the jury of awards at the Atlanta exposition, 1895; Nashville exposition, 1897; Louisiana purchase exposition, 1904; vice-president and chairman of section E, of the American association for the advancement of science, 1904; delegate to the international mining congress, Boise City, Idaho, 1901; member of the council, 1892-95, second vice-president, 1906, and president, 1913, Geological society of America. He is an Episcopalian and a Democrat. Married: July 10, 1872, to Jane Henry Meredith, daughter of Dr. Landon Cabell and Louise Frances (Garland) Garland (q. v.). Children: 1. Eugene Allen, Jr., deceased; 2. Julia Allyn, deceased; 3. Landon Garland; 4. Truman Aldrich, m. Pearl Boyles, of Mobile; 5. Merrill Pratt. Residence: University.

SMITH, FELIX LESLIE, lawyer, was born April 30, 1847, at Dadeville, Tallapoosa County; son of Simeon Lowry and Sarah Rebecca (Persons) Smith, the former who was a native of Jefferson County, Ga., where he lived until 1846, when he removed to Dadeville, the latter who was a relative of Henry R. Persons, who was a member of congress from Georgia; grandson of Thomas Smith, a veteran of the Revolutionary War, and of Jones and Diana (O'Neal) Persons, at one time residents of Upson County, Ga.; great-grandson of Josiah Persons, who was a native of Butte County, was a commissioned officer in the Revolutionary War, and was among the first settlers of Upson County, Ga. He received his early education in Dadeville, and left school to enter the C. S. Army. He was under age at the beginning of the war, but in February, 1863, joined Co. L, Twelfth

Louisiana regiment, at Port Hudson and took a position in the commissary department. He was at the naval engagement, March 10, 1863, when the "Mississippi," on which Dewey was the flag officer, was destroyed by the Confederate batteries, and was at the battles of Baker's Creek, Resaca, Marietta, and Jonesboro. He was ordered to Vicksburg from Baker's Creek, and made his escape from there on Saturday night, before Grant completed his lines around that place; joined "Loring's division," at Jackson, Miss., and remained with the army of Mississippi, until it joined the army of Tennessee, at Resaca, in April, 1864, and was with the army of Tennessee from Resaca to Atlanta and Jonesboro, and back with Hood to Franklin, Tenn., thence to North Carolina where he surrendered. After the war he returned to Dadeville, operated a grist and saw mill; read law in the office of Oliver and Vaughn; admitted to the bar in 1871; and began the practice of the profession at Dadeville, until 1878 when he removed to Rockford. He was county solicitor of Tallapoosa County in 1872, and served in this office for four years. In 1884-85, he was mayor of Dadeville, and in 1884, was presidential elector. He has been a chairman of the Democratic county committees of Tallapoosa and Coosa counties, of the congressional committee, and of the state committee. He organized and was commander of Camp Henry W. Cox, No. 276, U. C. V., and has been a member of the staff of the Alabama division, U. C. V. He is a Democrat. Married: in 1878, at Nixburg, to Ida Ione, daughter of Allen J. Thomas, who lived at Nixburg. Children: 1. Bertha; 2. Posey; 3. Beatrice; 4. Maxie; 5. Felix. Residence: Rockford.

SMITH, FREDERICK H., State treasurer, 1884.

SMITH, G. FRANK, deputy grand master, grand lodge, Masons, 1871.

SMITH, GAYNES C., Lieutenant colonel, 9th Alabama Infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

SMITH, GEORGE HOLMES, druggist and legislator, was born February 12, 1871, in Montgomery; son of James Monroe and Narcissa (Douglas) Smith, the former a resident of Wetumpka, who served as a courier in the 3rd Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, and was a commission merchant; grandson of George Wright and Mary (Campbell) Smith, and of William and Mary Elizabeth (Small) Douglas, residents of Wetumpka, but natives of Edinburgh, Scotland. He was educated in the public schools of Wetumpka; was licensed to practice pharmacy, May 28, 1897, and is now in the retail drug business in Luverne. He was mayor of Wetumpka, 1898-1900; a member of the town council of Luverne in 1915; and a member of the legislature of 1915 from Crenshaw County. He is a Democrat; was reared a Presbyterian but is now a Methodist; Mason; Red Man; Knight of Pythias and Woodman of the World. Married: May 15, 1895, at Wetumpka, to Mary Eugenia, daughter of George

Bernard and Sarah (Webb) Judkins, formerly of Macon County, later residents of Wetumpka. Children: 1. James Holmes; 2. Mary Eugenia. Residence: Luverne.

SMITH, GREGORY LITTLE, lawyer, member of the constitutional convention of 1901 was born July 7, 1853, in Baldwin County; son of Robert Hardy and Helen (Herndon) Smith, the former who was a native of Edenton, N. C., removed to Livingston and later to Mobile, was a lawyer, colonel of the Thirty-sixth Alabama regiment in the War of Secession, was a member of the Confederate provisional congress; grandson of Robert Hardy and Elizabeth (Gregory) Smith, of North Carolina, and of Thomas Hood and Emma (Toulmin) Herndon, of Erie, the former who was a native of Virginia, of Welsh descent, located at Forkland, and engaged in farming; great-grandson of Joseph E. Smith, who was an officer in the English navy. He received his elementary education in Mobile, and later attended the school of Prof. William H. Holcolm in Bedford County, Va., and the O'Grady academy at Baltimore. He matriculated at the University of Virginia, in 1869, took a miscellaneous course, graduated in several of the special classes, devoted the sessions of 1874-75, to the law department, and in 1875, received his diploma. He returned to Mobile after graduation, and in October, 1875, was admitted to the bar, and a month later to practice in the supreme court of the state. He formed a partnership with the firm of R. R. Inge and G. L. Smith, and in 1879, after the death of the senior member formed a co-partnership under the firm name of J. Little and G. L. Smith, which partnership was dissolved in 1886, and the firm of Gregory L. Smith and H. T. Smith was formed. In 1893, the criminal practice was abandoned and only civil cases taken. In 1878, he was appointed chief attorney for the Mobile and Montgomery railway company, and held this position until the road was absorbed by the Louisville and Nashville. He has been attorney for the two largest banks in Mobile, of the Louisville and Nashville railway company, for the street railway system of Mobile, and other corporations and merchants. He was a member of the Alabama constitutional convention in 1901, and while a member of that body, was chairman of the committee on credentials, chairman of the judiciary committee, member of the committee on rules and a member of the franchise committee. He is a Democrat; a Knight of Honor; and is identified with the Episcopal church. Married: April 6, 1879, at Mobile, to Gertrude C., daughter of Sydenham and Amanda (Hobson) Moore (q. v.). Children: 1. Helen Herndon, m. Edward L. Moore, of Birmingham; 2. Hattie Beverly, m. Sydney R. Prince, of Mobile; 3. Gertrude Cresswell, m. William J. Atkinson, of Mobile; 4. Gregory Little, jr.; 5. Harry Hardy, lawyer, of Mobile. Residence: Mobile.

SMITH, H. A., deceased Presbyterian minister, mentioned in Burgett's "Dead of the Synod of Alabama," 1890-1900.

SMITH, HARRY TAULMAN, lawyer, was born August 14, 1863, at Mobile; son of Robert H. and Helen H. Smith of that city. He received his early education in the schools of Mobile and later attended the University of Alabama, from which he was graduated in 1884. He studied law and was a member of the firm of Gregory L. and H. T. Smith from 1886 until August, 1915, and since that time has been with the firm of Harry T. Smith and Caffey at Mobile. Married: April 30, 1890, at Mobile, to Annie, daughter of Major George Holt, a graduate of West Point. Children: 1. E. Herndon; 2. G. Hardy; 3. Damaris, m. Lieut. John W. Moreland. Residence: Mobile.

SMITH, HENRY D., planter, was born about 1803, in North Carolina, and died in 1869. He came to Lauderdale from North Carolina about 1828, and engaged in planting. He was elected to the general assembly, first in 1838, and last about 1862, serving in the house for twelve years. He was a delegate to the Charleston and Baltimore conventions, in 1860, and followed the course of Mr. Yancey. Last residence: Lauderdale.

SMITH, HENRY PAYNE, merchant and legislator, was born July 11, 1867, near Keener, Etowah County; son of Thomas Fielding and Cinderella Florence (Coats) Smith, the former was a native of Newberry, S. C., a Confederate soldier, having served in Co. G, 49th Alabama infantry regiment; grandson of Jehu and Mary Coats, of South Carolina, the former was a justice of the peace and a school teacher. Mr. Smith was educated in the common schools and graduated, 1893, from Walnut Grove college. He is a farmer and merchant; was appointed census taker, 1880; member of the board of education of Etowah County, 1893; and represented his native county in the legislature of 1907. He is a Democrat; Missionary Baptist; Mason; Knight of Pythias; and Odd Fellow. Married: June 27, 1895, to Ida Jane, daughter of Green B. and Mary J. Guest, of Keener, but natives of Georgia. Children: 1. Lamar Mabrey Coats; 2. Mary Alma; 3. Rosalie; 4. Henry Ralph; 5. Ida Nell. Residence: Keener.

SMITH, HERBERT HUNTINGTON, naturalist, was born January 21, 1851, at Manlius, Onondaga County, N. Y., and killed in a railroad accident at the University of Alabama, March 22, 1919; son of Charles and Julia Marie (Huntington) Smith, the former a merchant, killed by accident, 1855; grandson of Azariah and Zilpah (Mack) Smith, the former a successful business man, several times a member of the New York legislature, having been interested in the legislation in connection with the Erie Canal, the Onondaga salt works and several of the early railroads, and of Joel Huntington, and wife, a Miss Cheney, the former having served in the War of 1812. Samuel Huntington, a close relative, was a signer of the Declaration of Independence. Both the Smiths and Huntingtons came from England to Boston in 1628. The Cheney, being a corruption of the French "Chenin," family were Huguenots. Herbert H. Smith secured his

early education in the common schools and the Academy of Manlius. He attended Cornell university, 1868-1870, but did not graduate, leaving school to accompany an expedition to the Amazon, under Prof. C. F. Hartt, from whom he had taken a special course in geology. In 1877-1878, he was attached to the Brazilian geological survey under Prof. Hartt. Much of his time after 1870 was spent as a traveling naturalist. He was on the Amazon, 1873-77, in Brazil, Argentina, and Bolivia, 1881-1885, in Mexico, 1888, West Indies, 1889-1890, Colombia, 1898-1901, and the collections made on these expeditions are to be found in every important museum in the world, including the British, the Berlin, Vienna, the Jardin des Plantes, Paris, the Kew, Edinburgh, and the American, National, Carnegie and Field Museums in America. His work in Mexico was for "Biologia Centrali-Americana," and in the West Indies, was under the auspices of the joint West Indian committee of the Royal society and British association. From 1896 to 1898, he was connected with the Carnegie Museum of Pittsburgh, being curator the first year, and temporarily in charge during the last two years. During some months in 1906 and 1907 he was connected with the entomological department of the National Museum. He took up his work for the Alabama geological survey in 1909 and after 1910 was, until his death, curator of the Alabama Museum of natural history at the State University. From 1904 to 1908, he made a special study of Alabama mollusca, the expense of this work being defrayed by a body of naturalists from without the state. He was independent in politics; and a Congregationalist. Author: "Brazil: The Amazon and the Coast," 1880; "De Rio de Janeiro á Cuyabá" (in Portuguese), Rio Janeiro, 1887; "His majesty's sloop diamond rock," 1905; and numerous articles in Johnson's Cyclopedia, Century Dictionary, Century Cyclopedia of Names, and Century Magazine. Married: October 5, 1879, in Brooklyn, N. Y., to Amelia Woolworth, daughter of Daniel Tompkins and Zelia Robertjat (Tappen) Smith, of Boston, the former was a wood engraver, and William Bingham Tappen, the grandfather, was author of a number of church hymns. Her maternal great-grandfather Bingham was one of the first missionaries to the Sandwich Islands. Children: 1. Holland Huntington, m. Rosabell Meredith, Pittsburgh. The name Smith was dropped by legal act while an infant, his father's middle name, Huntington, being made his surname. Last residence: University.

SMITH, J. MORGAN, lawyer and captain, C. S. Army, was born August 9, 1842, at Columbus, Ga., and died in Birmingham; son of Hampton S. and Sarah (Redd) Smith, the former a banker and native of South Carolina, the latter a Virginian and related to Senator John W. Daniel. He removed with his parents to Mobile in 1853, and was educated at the University of Georgia until the war began, when he returned home and enlisted in the Mobile cadets, Co. A, 3rd Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, under Col. J. M. Withers, serving at Norfolk and vicinity. Upon the expiration of his enlist-

ment he returned home on furlough and took part in the organization of Co. F, 22nd Alabama infantry regiment, of which he was appointed second lieutenant, and soon promoted first lieutenant. His company took part in the battles of Murfreesboro and Jackson and later he was transferred to the provost marshal general's department, with the rank of captain. At the close of the war he located in Talladega where he practiced law. He was elected mayor of that city. In 1888, he removed to Birmingham. Married: in 1863, in Talladega, to Kate Duncan, a lady of colonial ancestry, and who for a number of years was State regent of the Daughters of the American Revolution and a leading figure in civic and patriotic circles. Children: 1. Ross, m. Jessie Eubank, Birmingham; 2. Hampton, m. Hattie Hewitt, daughter of Hon. G. W. Hewitt (q. v.), Birmingham; 3. Lucile, m. Samuel Earle. Last residence: Birmingham.

SMITH, MRS. J. MORGAN, first regent of the Alabama division, Daughters of the American Revolution. Residence: Birmingham.

SMITH, JAMES, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 81, resided in Jackson County, June 1, 1840, with James P. Smith.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

SMITH, JAMES CRAIG, planter and State treasurer, was born September 13, 1859, at Orrville, Dallas County; son of Frederick Horton and Margaret Alice (Quarles) Smith, the former a native of Hancock, Ga., who resided at Orrville and Montgomery, represented Dallas County in the legislature and was State treasurer for three terms; grandson of Horace and Jane (Horton) Smith of Hancock County, Ga., and of William Hamlin and Catherine (Bozeman) Quarles of Edgefield District, S. C., and Dallas County. The Smith family traces its ancestry to Henry Smith, an English minister, who left the north of England in 1635 on account of religious persecution, and settled in Suffield, Conn., being the first minister of the gospel to settle in that place. J. Craig Smith was educated in the village schools; attended the University of Alabama, 1876-77, and also Vanderbilt university, Nashville, Tenn. He became a cotton planter after finishing his education. He represented Dallas County in the legislature, 1890-91 and 1896-97; was State treasurer, 1892-96, again in 1900, and re-elected in 1902. He is at present one of the most extensive planters of Alabama. He is a Methodist; Mason; Odd Fellow; Knight of Pythias; and a member of the Phi Delta Theta college fraternity. Married: (1) September 3, 1894, to Eloise, daughter of Dr. M. P. and Louise (Jones) Le Grand (q. v.); (2) February 10, 1904, to Mignon, daughter of Gov. Braxton B. and Eva J. (Harris) Comer (q. v.). Children: by first wife, 1. Legrande, m. Davis, son of Dr. Charles P. Stakely (q. v.); by second wife, 2. James Craig, jr.; 3. Jane. Residence: Dallas County.

SMITH, JAMES QUINTON, attorney general and lawyer, was born May 12, 1881, at Montgomery; son of Judge James Q. and Marie

Louise (Fair) Smith, the former a native of Ireland who practiced law at Marion and Montgomery; grandson of Gen. E. Y. Fair (q. v.). He received his early education in the private and public schools of Montgomery; attended Marion institute; and received the degree of LL. B. from the University of Alabama, 1900. He entered in the practice of law at Birmingham; was city prosecutor, 1903-1911; and was elected attorney general of the State, January, 1919. He served as major of artillery, Alabama national guard, 1902-1914. He is a Democrat; Episcopalian; and a member of the Sigma Nu college fraternity. Married: in Birmingham, to Erline, daughter of Judge M. H. and Sallie J. (Goodrich) Crittenden (q. v.) of that place. Children: 1. Marie Erline. Residence: Montgomery.

SMITH, JAMES S. EASBY, living author and writer. Residence: Washington, D. C.

SMITH, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 69, and a resident of Madison County; private N. C. Militia; enrolled on September 26, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$80.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. vix, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Jackson County, June 1, 1840, with Larkin Smith, aged 77.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

SMITH, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 73, and a resident of Bibb County; private S. C. Militia and Continental Line; enrolled on May 29, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$80; sums received to date of publication of list, \$240.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in part 3, vol. xiii, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

SMITH, JOHN B., major, 30th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

SMITH, JOHN GILBERT, real estate and insurance dealer, was born September 15, 1838, in Georgetown, Ga., and died April 30, 1919, at Birmingham. He enlisted early in the War of Secession, served with distinction, and before the surrender of Gen. Lee, he was promoted to the rank of captain. He went to Oglethorpe, Ga., after the war, and three days after his arrival there, accepted the position as agent of the Southwestern railroad, now the Central of Georgia railroad. In 1868, his agency was changed to Eufaula, and in September of that year, he removed there. He was elected mayor of Eufaula, and served as such for a term of years. He left Eufaula, in 1882, and removed to Atlanta, Ga., where he engaged in the real estate and insurance business until 1884, when he removed to Birmingham, and engaged in the same business until his death. He was a member of the United Confederate Veterans and at the time of his death was brigadier-general of the Third brigade, Third division, of that organization. He was elected deputy grand high priest, December 30, 1891, in the grand chapter of Masons of Alabama; December 4, 1894, was elected

grand high priest, and re-elected, December 3, 1895; was elected grand principal conductor of work, in the grand council of Masons of Alabama, November 30, 1891, and most illustrious grand master of the grand council, December 2, 1895; and again elected, November 30, 1896; and was senior past grand commander of the grand commandery of Knights Templar. Last residence: Birmingham.

SMITH, JOHN LITTLE, lawyer, was born March 29, 1822, at Elizabeth City, N. C., and died May 15, 1890; son of Robert Hardy and Elizabeth (Gregory) Smith, the former who was a native of Edenton, N. C.; grandson of Gen. Gregory of Suffolk, Va., and of Joseph Smith and Elizabeth Hardy, who lived at Edenton, N. C., the former who was an officer in the British navy, and had emigrated from Alston in the shire of Cumberland, the latter a daughter of Robert Hardy of Edenton, N. C. Mr. Smith came to Alabama when fifteen years of age, and later entered the University of Alabama, where he was graduated B. A. in 1845, and M. A., in 1847. The two years following he attended the law school at Harvard, and in 1849, was admitted to practice in the supreme court of Alabama. He then commenced practicing in Sumter and adjoining counties, which he continued for four years. In 1852, he went to France, to enter upon the study of international law, and entered the L'Academie de Droit at Paris, from which he was graduated in 1854. He then continued his legal studies at the University of Paris, until 1857, when he was graduated and received the diploma "de Licence en Droit," an honor never before conferred upon an American. In 1858, he returned to this country, his studies having been completed, and in February, 1858, was admitted to the bar of the U. S. supreme court upon the motion of J. P. Benjamin. Soon after he became a member of the bar of Mobile. He was a member of the Alabama legislature in 1878-79, and subsequently became counsellor. He was offered a place on the bench of the supreme court during the administration of Gov. O'Neal, but refused it, wishing to devote all of his time to the practice of his profession. At different times he was a member of the firms of R. H. and J. L. Smith, Smith and Herndon and Herndon and Smith. He was a Democrat. Married: September 26, 1854, at Clinton, to Virginia A., daughter of Thomas W. and Emma S. (Toulmin) Herndon, the former who was a Virginian, came to Alabama about the time it was admitted as a state into the union, and settled at Erie, where he engaged in the mercantile business. Children: 1. Thomas H.; 2. Emma Toulmin, deceased; 3. Virginia, m. Ernest Holzborn, at one time German vice-consul at Mobile; 4. Robert Hardy, deceased. Last residence: Mobile.

SMITH, JOHN T., major, 13th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

SMITH, JOHN V., lawyer, legislator, and president Alabama railroad commission, was born March 15, 1860, at Hamilton, Harris

County, Ga.; and died August 4, 1913, in Montgomery; son of John William and Martha W. (Patrick) Smith, of Georgia, but whose last residence was Seale; grandson of William and Winnie (Oslin) Smith, both of Greene County, Ga., and of William and Elizabeth (Pharr) Patrick. His ancestors were all well-to-do planters and slave holders. Mr. Smith was educated in the common schools of Alabama; and spent two years at the Agricultural and mechanical college, Auburn, but did not graduate. He was admitted to the bar in 1881, and in 1882 began the practice of his profession at Rutledge, Crenshaw County. In April, 1885, he located at Seale, Russell County; was register in chancery, of that county, 1886-1890; member of the house of representatives, 1888-89, and 1890-91; solicitor of the third judicial circuit, 1892 to January, 1901, which position he resigned to accept the presidency of the Alabama railroad commission. In 1904 he located in Montgomery and represented that county in the legislature of 1911. He was city attorney of Montgomery at the time of his death. He was a Democrat; a Methodist; and a Royal Arch Mason. Married: September 12, 1880, to Cornelia Elizabeth, daughter of William C. and Caroline S. (Houser) McTyeire, of Bessemer, the former a native of Barnwell District, S. C., the latter of Autauga. Mrs. Smith is the niece of the late Bishop Holland N. McTyeire (q. v.). Children: 1. Holland McTyeire, m. Ada Wilkinson; 2. Corrie C., m. Robert P. Boyd. Last residence: Montgomery.

SMITH, JOSEPH RILEY, jr., coal operator, was born February 23, 1856, at Elyton, Jefferson County; son of Dr. Joseph Riley, and Margaret Harvie (Jordan) Smith; grandson of John and Sallie (Riley) Smith, the former who was a native of Union District, South Carolina, of Welsh descent, and soon after 1814, settled near Elyton, was a cotton planter, and for many years magistrate and county commissioner, the latter who was of Irish descent whose parents were among the pioneers of Kentucky, and of Mortimer Harvie and Lucy (Gray) Jordan, who lived in Jefferson County, the former who was one of the early settlers of Jefferson County, coming there in 1828, and was a cotton planter; great-grandson of Joseph and Elizabeth (Hammonds) Riley, both natives of Kentucky, of David and Elizabeth (Fluellen) Smith, natives of Union District, S. C., and of Hezekiah and Frances (Scott) Gray; great-great-grandson of James Scott, who was a native of Carolina County, Va., was captain of a Virginia company during the Revolutionary War, and was a descendant of Sir Walter Scott, and of Thomas Jordan, who served as burgess from Nansenford County, Va., 1696-97. His father Dr. Joseph Riley Smith, besides being a physician, was interested in the mercantile business and real estate. In 1843, he came to Elyton where he spent the remainder of his life. He was the founder of a suburban town, Smithfield; started the first newspaper published in Jefferson County in connection with Baylis E. Grace, sr.; was a director in the Birmingham Insurance company; was a stockholder in the First national bank; and was a



HON. THOMAS E. KILBY

director of the Birmingham and Pratt mines street railroad.

Mr. Smith received his education in the common schools of Elyton, Jefferson County, and later attended the University of Alabama, where he was graduated B. S., in 1875. He then engaged in business as a coal operator. He is a Democrat. Married: (1) April 26, 1876, at Birmingham, to Kate Julia, daughter of Marshall Harris and Julia Toombs (Dubose) Molton, who lived at Montgomery and Birmingham; great-granddaughter of Charles Hooks, a native of North Carolina, a veteran of the Revolutionary War, and who represented North Carolina in the Fourteenth, Sixteenth, Seventeenth, and Eighteenth congresses; (2) to Minnie Voltz, of Wilcox County. Children, by first marriage: 1. Margaret Julia, m. Hugh Morrow (q. v.), Birmingham; 2. Joseph Molton, graduated from University of Alabama with degree of A. B., m. Elizabeth Murphee, Franklin, Tenn.; 3. Annie Octavia, m. Calvin Jones, Birmingham; 4. Henley Jordan, unmarried; by second marriage: Joseph Riley, jr. Residence: Birmingham.

SMITH, JOSIAH HENRY, planter, was born September 8, 1836, at Berlin, Dallas County; son of Josiah Henry and Eleanor Harriet (Scott) Smith, the former who was a native of Charleston, S. C., and later removed to Carlowville; grandson of William and Juliet (Waring) Smith, who lived at Charleston, S. C., and of Richard and Harriet (Smith) Scott, who lived in South Carolina; and a descendant of "Landgrave" Thomas Smith, and Baroness Schinkina, of Germany, the former who was born in England, came to America, in 1639, was appointed governor and commander-in-chief of the colonies, and introduced the culture of rice in the colonies, the latter who was a widow of John D'Arsues, a Frenchman. He received his education in Carlowville, and in Charleston, S. C. When the War of Secession broke out, he enlisted and served three years in the C. S. Army. He engaged in farming, and was county commissioner of Dallas County for a number of years. He is a Democrat and a member of the Episcopal church, which he has served as vestryman. Married: September 8, 1857, at Carlowville, to Harriet Eliza, daughter of Dr. Jacob Martin and Rebecca (Fishburne) Lee (q. v.), who lived at Carlowville; granddaughter of Paul S. H. and Jane (Martin) Lee, who lived in Charleston, S. C. Children: 1. Henry Martin, manager, oil, ice plant and grain mill, m. (1) to Virginia C. Saffold, (2) to Eleanor Harris, Selma; 2. Ellen, m. Ernest Lamar, Selma; 3. Rebecca Fishburne, deceased; 4. Julien Lee, graduated from University of Alabama, B. E., 1886, and C. E., 1888, county engineer, Dallas County, city engineer, Selma, dealer in real estate and insurance, m. (1) to Fannie Watson, (2) to Mrs. Emma Lanford Lee, (3) Julia Smith, Selma. Residence: Selma.

SMITH, LAMAR CANTALOU, merchant, was born February 12, 1871, at Montgomery; son of James Monroe and Narcissa (Douglas) Smith, the former who was a native of Wetumpka, Coosa County, and lived in that place

practically all of his life except from 1872-73 when he resided in St. Louis; was a courier in the Wetumpka light guards, Third Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, and engaged in the commission business; grandson of George Wright and Mary (Campbell) Smith, who live at Wetumpka, and of William and Mary Elizabeth (Small) Douglas, who resided at Wetumpka, but were natives of Edinburgh, Scotland. Lamar C. Smith received his education in the private schools at Wetumpka, and after completing his education engaged in business as a farmer and merchant. He was clerk of the circuit court of Elmore County, 1898-1902; postmaster at Wetumpka, 1893-97; and a member of the house of representatives from Elmore County, 1907. He is a Democrat, and a member of the county executive committee; a Presbyterian; Odd Fellow; and Red Man. Married: in April, 1892, at Wetumpka, to Sarah Evans, daughter of George Bernard and Sarah (Webb) Judkins, who live at Shorters, Macon County. Residence: Tallassee.

SMITH, LESTER CHAUNCEY, lawyer, was born March 26, 1850, in Montgomery, and died February 5, 1897, in Montgomery; son of William Henry and Julia Pauline (Hannon) Smith (q. v.). He received his early education in Franklin academy, Montgomery, and later attended Emory and Henry college, at Virginia, from which he was graduated in 1869. He then entered into the mercantile business at his home until 1878, when he began the study of law in the office of Col. Hilary A. Herbert, and then in the office of Judge David Clopton. He was admitted to the bar in January, 1879, and began to practice in Montgomery, first in partnership with Gordon McDonald, under the firm name of Smith and McDonald, and in 1885, he formed a partnership with Judge William S. Thorington, under the name of Thorington and Smith, which continued until 1888, after which time he practiced alone. He represented Montgomery County in the legislature, 1886-87, and was a member of the code committee. He was flag bearer in the Watts' Cadets, which served as home guard, and participated in the inauguration of Gov. Watts. He was a Democrat; a member of the Court Street Methodist church, which he served as steward for many years; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: December 20, 1877, in Montgomery, to Annie, daughter of John William Alexander and Martha (Barnett) Jackson, who lived at Montgomery; granddaughter of Abraham and Nancy (Urquhart) Jackson, and of Asa and Elizabeth (Williams) Barnett; great-granddaughter of Norman and Jane (Bethune) Urquhart, who came to this country from Scotland, and of William and Elizabeth (Moore) Jackson. Children: 1. Pauline, m. Harvey Files Crenshaw, Montgomery; 2. Annie Hathaway, m. William H. Chambers; 3. Lester Chauncey, m. Mary Baldwin Williams, New Orleans, La.; 4. William Jackson, Montgomery. Last residence: Montgomery.

SMITH, LUTHER MARTIN, Methodist minister, teacher, was born September 20, 1826, at Oglethorpe, Ga., and died July 4, 1879; son of

Ira Ellis and Ellen (Peniston) Smith, the former who was a native of Virginia, and afterwards removed near Newnan, Coweta County, Ga., where he practiced medicine for many years. He removed with his parents to Coweta County, at an early age, and received his education at the country school near his home. He taught at the same school and made enough money to pay his expenses through college. He entered Emory college, Oxford County, Ga., and was graduated with honor, 1848, A. B. He studied law, and was admitted to the bar, and after practicing in Newnan, Ga., for two years, entered the ministry. He was ordained, and throughout his life was a minister of the Methodist Episcopal church, South. In 1851, he accepted the Greek professorship at Emory college, held this position for sixteen years, was elected president of the college, on the resignation of President James R. Thomas. He filled that office until his resignation in 1871. He went to Greensboro, in 1875, as chancellor of the Southern university, and his death occurred there July 4, 1879. Married: (1) in January, 1849, to Mary Eliza Greenwood, who died in 1859, step-daughter of Bishop James O. Andrew; (2) in May, 1865, to Caroline Lane. Children, by first marriage: 1. Leonora, d. in childhood; 2. Caroline, m. Dr. W. H. LaPrade, Hazelhurst, Miss.; 3. Ira Ellis, deceased, m. Bessie Scarlet, Brunswick, Ga.; 4. Augusta, Greensboro; 5. Flossie, m. C. A. Grote (q. v.); by second marriage; 6. Lucia, m. Dr. H. C. Howard (q. v.); 7. Luther Lane, deceased; 8. Charles Elmore, Greensboro; 9. Marvin Andrew, d. when twelve years of age. Last residence: Greensboro.

SMITH, LUTHER ROMINOR, lawyer, member of the constitutional convention, 1867, circuit judge, was born March 2, 1838, at Colerain, Franklin County, Mass., and died May 11, 1913; son of Rominor and Sarah Snow (Willis) Smith, the former who was a native of Colerain, Franklin County, Mass., a farmer, and represented Colerain in the general court; grandson of Deacon Rominor and Hannah (Wilkinson) Smith, who lived at Colerain, Mass., and of Maj. Daniel and Martha (Snow) Willis; great-grandson of Hezekiah Smith who came from England with two brothers, settled in Hardstock, Conn., later went to Colerain, was a veteran of the Revolutionary War, and of Hopestill Willis, who served in the Revolutionary War, as private in 1775, in Capt. John Nixon's company of minute men, at Sudbury, Mass., and was later promoted to lieutenant in Capt. Ashail Wheel's company. His early education was received in the common schools of Colerain, and at the academy at Shelburne Falls, Franklin County, Mass. He was graduated from Amherst in 1859, A. B., and A. M. He studied law with Judge Vose of Walpole, N. H., in 1862, was admitted to the bar by the supreme court, and became associated with the Duffield firm of Detroit. In the same year he enlisted as junior first lieutenant, in Daniel's battery, horse artillery, Michigan, and in 1864, was promoted to captain of Battery I, First Michigan light artillery. He participated in the battles of Gettysburg, New Hope church,

Marietta, Peach Tree Creek, and Atlanta. On July 14, 1865, he was mustered out with the battery at Detroit. He was notary public, Michigan, 1862; member of the Alabama constitutional convention, 1867; defeated for the house of representatives; circuit judge of the seventh judicial district of Alabama, 1868-74; re-elected and served from 1874-80; in July, 1883, accepted an appointment in the general land office, Washington, D. C.; and in July, 1884, was appointed law clerk in the office of the assistant attorney general for the interior department. He engaged in the practice of law, at Washington, D. C., during the second term of President Cleveland; was appointed assistant attorney by Secretary Cornelius Bliss, under President McKinley, in the office of the assistant attorney general for the interior department; and in August, 1898, was made chief of the Indian Territory division in the office of the secretary of the interior, having charge of the enrollment of members of the five civilized tribes, and the allotment of their lands in severalty in the Indian territory. He was a Republican; a Baptist; a member of the Grand Army of the Republic; and Loyal Legion. Married: (1) August 16, 1871, at Freehold, N. J., to Adaline Ely, who died October 9, 1875; (2) October 5, 1881, at Freehold, N. J., to Helen Ely. His wives were sisters, and daughters of Horatio and Helen (Conover) Ely, who lived at Freehold. Children: by first marriage, 1. Luther Ely, lawyer, St. Louis, Mo. Last residence: Washington, D. C.

SMITH, McQUEEN, planter and representative in the legislature, was born at Prattville, Autauga County, and died April 1, 1917, at Prattville; son of William James and Mary Frances (McQueen) Smith, the former having been the first Democrat from Autauga County to the legislature after the War of Secession; grandson of Malcolm and Mary (Graham) Smith, and of John and Martha (McLemore) McQueen. Both the Smith and McQueen families came from Scotland, locating first in North Carolina, and later settling in Alabama. He was educated at the Prattville academy, and had among other teachers Sidney Lanier, the noted Southern poet. When fourteen years of age he took charge of his father's plantation, and when twenty-one entered upon his career independently. He was an enthusiastic advocate of good roads; and practiced diversified farming. From 1891 to 1899 he was county commissioner of Autauga. He was a Democrat; and a Presbyterian. Married: February 20, 1879, at Prattville, to Lila Hannah, daughter of Benjamin Franklin and Sarah Asenath Smith of that place, both natives of New Hampshire, he coming to Alabama when eighteen, and she arriving at the age of nine with her mother, who was a sister of Daniel Pratt (q. v.); granddaughter of Daniel and Hannah (Tuck) Smith, and Daniel and Eliza (Pratt) Holt. Children: 1. Mary McQueen, m. Hopson Owen Murfee (q. v.); 2. Sarah Asenath, m. Benjamin P. Powell, Union Springs; 3. William Howard, m. Louise Maytag, of Newton, Iowa; 4. Eugenia Graham, m. Edward Northington, of Prattville; 5. Julia Pratt, m. Percy

Slack; 6. Hazen Eager. Last residence: Prattville.

SMITH, MALCOLM ALEXANDER, lawyer, was born November 31, 1840, north of Wetumpka, in Elmore, formerly Coosa, County, and died February 24, 1915, at Prattville; son of Malcolm and Mary Baker (Graham) Smith, the former who was a native of Moore County, N. C., moved to Autauga County, in 1820, engaged in farming, later moved to Coosa County, and in 1843, returned to Autauga County, the latter who was a native of Cumberland County, N. C.; grandson of Neill and Mary Baker (Graham) Smith, the former who lived in Cumberland County, and with his brother John Smith, was a veteran of the Revolutionary War, having served as a member of Capt. McCrary's company, and Armstrong's command of North Carolina militia, and of Archibald and Euphemia Graham, who lived near Fayetteville, N. C., both who were natives of Argyleshire, Scotland, having emigrated to America about 1760, or 1770, and settled in Cumberland County; great-great-grandson of Malcolm Smith who was born in Argyleshire, Scotland and came to North Carolina about 1730, or 1734, and settled in Cumberland County. He received his early education in the schools near his home, and entered the sophomore class at Oglethorpe university, Georgia, in the fall of 1859, and continued his studies there until May, 1861, when he went to his home to stay with his mother, his three brothers, Alfred, Whitfield and Virgil, having enlisted in the C. S. Army. In 1862, he enlisted as private in Co. K, First Alabama regiment, was soon transferred to Co. E, Cox's battalion of sharpshooters, and while with this battalion was wounded at the battle of Murfreesboro. He was a private in the Fifty-eighth Alabama regiment, was again wounded, September 20, 1863, at Chickamauga, and was sergeant of Co. B, Thirty-second and Fifty-eighth consolidated regiments of Alabama infantry. During the remainder of the war he was detailed and served as clerk in the pay department of Clayton's division. After the war he returned to his home, studied law in the office of Col. W. H. Northington of Prattville, and in 1867, was admitted to practice by the supreme court of Alabama, but continued his planting, until his mother's death, when he commenced the practice of law, in 1870. He was notary public and justice of the peace for several years, having been appointed by Gov. George S. Houston. He was mayor of Prattville for three terms, and represented his county in the state legislature at the sessions of 1882-83, 1894, and 1895. He was elected to the senate from Lowndes and Autauga Counties, 1890 and 1892, and served on the committees on judiciary, on divisions of roads, on local legislation, on enrolled bills, and was a member of the conference committee to redistrict the state into judicial circuits. In 1901, he was a member of the constitutional convention, from Autauga County. He was for more than fifteen years president of the board of trustees of the Prattville academy, and grade school. Married: December 7, 1887, at Prattville, to Mrs. Lillie Maria Merritt Foster, a widow of John Foster

and daughter of John and Emily Merritt, who lived near Prattville. Children: 1. Malcolm Alexander, jr. Last residence: Prattville.

SMITH, MALCOLM DANIEL, physician; graduate of the medical department of the University of New York, 1891; licensed to practice the same year by the county board of Coosa. Residence: Prattville.

SMITH, MARCUS MARTIN, lawyer, was born May 6, 1852, in Talladega County; son of Stephen and Nancy W. (Smith) Smith, the former who was a native of North Carolina; grandson of William and Elizabeth Smith, of North Carolina, and of Henry and Rebecca (Colley) Smith, the former who resided in South Carolina, and was a farmer; brother of Miles M., James H., Henry and William Q. Smith, who fought in the War of Secession. His ancestors came to America from England, first settling in Virginia, and his great-grandfathers were veterans of the Revolutionary War. When he was nine years of age the War of Secession broke out, and four of his brothers enlisted, two being killed in the service. He helped support the family, and his early education was very limited. After attaining manhood, he attended the common schools of Clay and Talladega Counties, and the high school at Lineville, and at the age of twenty-six years began teaching school in Calhoun, Clay, and Randolph Counties, where he taught for three or four years. He began the study of law, and entered the office of D. K. Castleberry, attorney at law, of Talladega, and later the offices of Bradford, Barkley and Bradford, where he remained until April 16, 1880, when he was licensed to practice. He began his practice at Ashland, and remained there until November 8, 1880, when he removed to Ashville, where he resided until June 27, 1903. He then took up his residence at Pell City. He was general attorney for the Lathrop lumber company of Riverside; attorney for the Pell City manufacturing company, and for the Ragland coal company; was registrar of St. Clair County for four years, 1888-92; mayor of Ashville two terms; and was nominated by the Democratic party for state senator, from the sixteenth district, in 1902, but was defeated by Dr. James A. Hunt. He is a member of the Baptist church, which he has served as clerk; is a Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: (1) December 7, 1882, to Alice Herring, who died January 10, 1897; (2) October 15, 1899, to Rena Herring, both daughters of W. P. and Martha (Wood) Herring, of St. Clair County, the former of whom served in the C. S. Army. Children: 1. Isla Belle, deceased; 2. Victor H.; 3. Algie H.; 4. Howard L.; 5. Austin W.; 6. Orlin Eline; 7. Marcus M., jr. Residence: Ashville.

SMITH, MORGAN M., delegate to the constitutional convention of 1901 from the fifth congressional district. Residence: Autauga-ville.

SMITH, NEAL, physician and planter, was born February 11, 1784, at Fayetteville, N. C.,

and died July 7, 1868, at Gainestown; son of Malcolm and Sarah Maron (Smith) Smith, the former who was a native of Cross Creek, now Fayetteville, N. C., served in the Revolutionary Army, and was a member of the house of commons from Raleigh, N. C., and while serving there his death occurred, in December, 1795; grandson of Malcolm and Margaret (Peterson) Smith, the former who with his six sons, served in the Revolutionary War, and of John and Margaret Smith, who came from Knapdale, Scotland to Fayetteville, N. C., in 1768, the former who was a member of the committee of safety from Wilmington District, appointed by the provisional congress as early as 1775; great-grandson of John and Janette (McNeill) Smith, who with their two children, Malcolm and Janette came from Scotland, and settled at Cross Creek, now Fayetteville, N. C., about 1734. His early education was received under the instruction of Scotch teachers, and he later attended the medical college at Philadelphia. He was a physician and surgeon at Richmond, N. C., in 1811, came to St. Stephen in 1812, and in the same year served as surgeon in the War of 1812. He was a member of the house of commons from Raleigh, Richmond County, N. C., in 1810 and 1811. In 1816, he removed to Suggsville, represented Clarke County in both branches of the legislature, and was senator for twelve years. He was surgeon in the Indian war of 1814, and was surgeon of the Third Militia regiment, under Gen. Claiborne's command, in the War of Secession. He was state elector on the Van Buren ticket. He was a Democrat, and a member of the old Scotch Presbyterian denomination. Married: May 10, 1821, at Suggsville, to Jane Westmoreland, daughter of Capt. William and Elizabeth Westmoreland Lewis-Morris Armistead, the former who was a Virginian, and a veteran of the Revolutionary War; granddaughter of a Lewis and Jane Westmoreland, of Virginia. Children: 1. Julia Elizabeth, deceased, m. J. M. Jackson; 2. Louisa Sarah, deceased, m. J. B. Savage; 3. Margaret, m. Asa M. Lewis; 4. Robert Armistead, d. December 3, 1864, while a prisoner of war on Ship Island; 5. Neal, surgeon in C. S. Army, d. in December, 1886, m. Nannie Watkins, children, two sons and one daughter; 6. Jane Armistead, m. J. D. Bryant; 7. Martha Rebecca, m. Richard Starkey Jones, children, Drury Fair, deceased, Sallie Jones Featherston; 8. Cathrine Janette, m. H. G. Davis; 9. Mary Caroline, m. T. J. Boroughs, child, Dr. W. M. Boroughs, Pine Hill. Last residence: Gainestown.

SMITH, OLIN THEODORE, merchant, was born November 15, 1877, at Lineville, Clay County; son of Woodie B. and Sarah Catherine (Griffin) Smith, the former who was a native of Hickory Flat, Chambers County, taught school for four years, engaged in farming and the mercantile business, served as a member of Co. F, Sixty-second regiment, Alabama volunteers, C. S. Army, volunteering April, 1864, at Talladega, and has been senior member of the firm W. B. Smith and company; grandson of Washington Cyrus and Emily R. (Humphries) Smith, of Troup County, Ga., the former who

was born in North Carolina, located later in Georgia, finally settling in Alabama in 1841, entered the Confederate service in 1862, was a member of Co. I, Fourteenth Alabama volunteers, and was wounded at the second battle of Manassas, and of Robert and Mary Ann (Wise) Griffin, the former who was born in North Carolina but removed to Georgia, was in the service of the C. S. Army and received his parole, April 18, 1867; and a brother of Carl C. Smith, who was killed on September 12, 1918, at St. Mihiel, France, while serving as a member of Co. B, One Hundred and Sixty-seventh infantry, Forty-second or Rainbow Division. Olin T. Smith received his early education at Lineville college, Lineville, and later attended Howard college, from which latter institution he was graduated A. B., in 1899. He taught in the Alabama schools for five years; has been engaged in the mercantile business for the past seventeen years; and was elected State senator in 1919 from the thirty-fourth district. He is a Democrat; a Baptist, which church he has served as Sunday school superintendent for seventeen or eighteen years and was treasurer and county president of the interdenominational Sunday school work for several years; a Mason; and a Columbian Woodman. Married: on December 24, 1901, at Good Water, to Linnie, daughter of Col. Madison and Sarah Elizabeth Crew of that place. Children: 1. Sara Mildred; 2. Olin Theodore, jr.; 3. Mary Ruth; 4. James Leon; 5. Robert Crew. Residence: Goodwater.

SMITH, OTIS DAVIS, educator, was born June 27, 1831, at New Haven, Addison County, Vt., and died in 1905, at Auburn; son of Oliver and Adaline (Doud) Smith, the former a native of New Haven, who filled many positions of trust in his State, being at different times a member of the Vermont legislature, Constitutional convention and a county judge; grandson of David and Clara (Van Deusen) Smith, natives of Rensselaer County, who later lived in Lanesboro, Mass., and New Haven, Vt., and of Silas and Irena (Scovill) Doud, who lived at Tyringham, Mass., and New Haven, Vt.; great-grandson of Col. Jonathan Smith of Lanesboro, Mass., lieutenant colonel Massachusetts State troops, several times a member of the Massachusetts legislature, general court 1776-83, member of the constitutional convention of 1788 which ratified the Federal constitution, and of Capt. Giles Doud of Middleton, Conn., who was with Gen. Montgomery at Quebec, descendant of Henry Doud, of Guilford, Surrey County, England, who settled in Guilford, Conn., in 1639, his wife, Esther (Bacon) Doud, was descended from Nathaniel Bacon, of the celebrated English Bacon family who settled in Middletown, Conn., in 1650; great-great-grandson of Jonathan Smith of Connecticut; great-great-grandson of John and Grace Smith, who settled in Milford, Conn., in 1639. These several lines of descent are of English and Knickerbocker stock. Professor Smith received his early education in the common schools of New Haven, and was prepared for college at the Bakersfield academy, Bakersfield, Vt. He was

graduated from the University of Vermont in 1853 with the A. B. degree and in 1876 received from the same university the A. M. degree. He was a member of the Phi Beta Kappa college fraternity. In 1897 the University of Alabama gave him the honorary degree of LL. D. He studied law in LaGrange, Ga., and was ready to be admitted to the bar at the outbreak of the war. He came to Alabama in 1854, and except during the four years of the War of Secession, constantly engaged in educational work, having the unique record of teaching for fifty years in the same county. For a period of some years he was principal of private schools. In 1873 he was elected professor of English in the Agricultural and mechanical college, now the Alabama polytechnic institute of Alabama. The next year he was transferred to the chair of mathematics in that college, which position he held until his death. He was an ardent supporter of an advanced and efficient system of public schools; was president Alabama educational association; member American mathematical society; trustee of the East Alabama college, an institution under the control of the Methodist church; for six years trustee of the University of Alabama, holding that position while a professor in the Alabama polytechnic institute, a unique honor; member State board of education, 1870-76. He secured the passage in 1872, of the law that established the first State normal school for negroes, carrying also an appropriation for its support, a notable tribute to his character and leadership at that period of history in the State. He enlisted in the Confederate Army at the beginning of the War of Secession as a member of the 6th Alabama infantry regiment, under Gen. John B. Gordon's command. He was severely wounded at South Mountain, Md., where he was taken prisoner. After severe suffering and privations on a prison ship in Chesapeake Bay he was exchanged in the spring of 1863. On his release he was connected with the Army of the West, in the quartermaster department in West Alabama and Mississippi. He was a Whig before the war, but a Democrat afterward; Methodist; and a Mason. Author: Numerous articles for the current press on educational topics, and to educational and mathematical publications. Married: July 18, 1866, at Smith's Station, to Mary Antoinette, daughter of John David and Eliza Armistead (Porter) Howell of Columbus, Ga.; granddaughter of John D. and Sarah A. (Smith) Howell, of St. Luke's Parish, Beaufort District, S. C., the former a man of scholarly tastes and attainments, a pioneer settler of Columbus, Ga., where he had large business interests, a descendant of Capt. Howell of "The Hyler of the Georgia Inlets," a notable character of the Revolution, and of Douglas Watson and Annabella (Burwell) Porter of Greene County, Ga., and Mecklenburg County, Va., respectively, who lived near Madison, Morgan County, Ga., the former was descended from John and May (Anthony) Porter, who emigrated from England to Belfast, Ireland, during the time of Cromwell, and from there to Prince Edward County, Va., in 1750, where he served in the Revolutionary War as a private in the 5th Virginia infantry com-

manded by Col. Josiah Parker. He was the father of Oliver Porter, also a Revolutionary soldier, for twenty-one years a member of the Georgia legislature, founder of Milledgeville, four times a Whig presidential elector, and the great-grandfather of Professor Smith. The Burwells were of distinguished English ancestry who emigrated to Virginia in 1640. Children: 1. Otis; 2. Nellie, m. Charles C. Thach (q. v.); 3. Harry, m. Julia Moore, step-daughter of "Betsy Hamilton," the author, residence, Virginia. Last residence: Auburn.

SMITH, REBECCA, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 39, resided in Jackson County, June 1, 1840.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

SMITH, RICHARD MCALISTER, teacher and author, was born August 5, 1860, at Warrenton, Fauquier County, Va.; son of Richard McAlister and Ellen Harris (Blackwell) Smith, the former who was a native of Fauquier County, Va., was a teacher at Warrenton, editor at Alexandria and Richmond, Va., and professor at Randolph-Macon college, Ashland, Va.; grandson of William R. and Lucy (Blackwell) Smith, who lived on their farm near Warrenton, Va., and of John and Rebecca (Davenport) Blackwell, who resided on their farm near Warrenton, Va., the former who was an uncle of William Smith, twice governor of Virginia; brother of William Waugh Smith, educator, founder of the Randolph-Macon woman's college, and of the Randolph-Macon academies, and professor and then president of the Randolph-Macon male college at Ashland; and nephew of Major Albert Gallatin Smith, a veteran of the C. S. Army, and founder of the Bethel academy near Warrenton. The Smiths and Blackwells came from England and settled in Virginia. He received his education at Ashland and at Bethel academy, later attended the University of Virginia where he was graduated, M. A., in 1879, and remained at the University where he took a two years' post graduate course, and during that time acted as assistant professor of Latin. In 1885, he received the degree of Ph. D., from Leipzig, Germany. He taught at the Randolph-Macon college, from 1885 to 1895, and then resigned that position to become a Universalist minister. He later removed to Alabama, where for several years, he taught in Stark's university school, Montgomery, where he remained for a while, then resigned and was made principal of the public school at Fitzpatrick, Elmore County. He has held like positions in other parts of Alabama. He is the author of the following works: "Studies in the Greek New Testament"; "Light to the Ancient Greeks"; "Two Sermons by a Universalist Minister"; "Everlasting Misery in God's Creation"; an appeal to the Christian church; "The Message"; and "Faith". He is a Democrat. Married: (1) June, 1889, in Cumberland County, to Minnie Hawes, daughter of Dr. John Lawrence and Alice Brown (Hobson) Banks, who were descended from the Frye family of Virginia, and a descendant of a Frye who was a senior officer to Washington just before Braddock's defeat; (2) name un-

known. Children: 1. Ellen Blackwell, Ashland, Va.; 2. Lawrence Banks, Montgomery; 3. Elizabeth Carson, Fitzpatrick; 4. William Waugh, Fitzpatrick; 5. Alice Hobson, Fitzpatrick; 6. Richard McAlister, Fitzpatrick; 7. Marion Howison, Fitzpatrick. Residence: Birmingham.

SMITH, ROBERT A., Methodist minister; pastor of the Court Street church, Montgomery, 1836.

SMITH, ROBERT CLANTON, lawyer and legislator, was born April 13, 1872, at Cusseta, Chambers County; son of Lawrence and Susan Elizabeth (Harrell) Smith, the former was born near Madison, Morgan County, Ga., attended college at Maryville, Ga., afterwards studied medicine, and graduated from the medical department of the University of Georgia, during the War of Secession was surgeon of the 37th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, and continued the practice of his profession at Cusseta after the war; grandson of Asa and Mary (Smith) Smith, and of Alfred and Mahala (Whatley) Harrell. His ancestors on both sides were English. He received his primary education in the common schools of Chambers County; graduated at the Alabama polytechnic institute, Auburn, June, 1891, with degree of B. Sc.; University of Alabama, LL. B., 1893; and has practiced law in Opelika continuously since September, 1893. He represented Lee County in the legislature of 1907. He is a Democrat; Methodist; and an Odd Fellow. Married: October 19, 1895, to Odille Orme, daughter of Garrett Newton and Ida Lucas (Dorsey) Hudson. Children: Mary Corinne. Residence: Opelika.

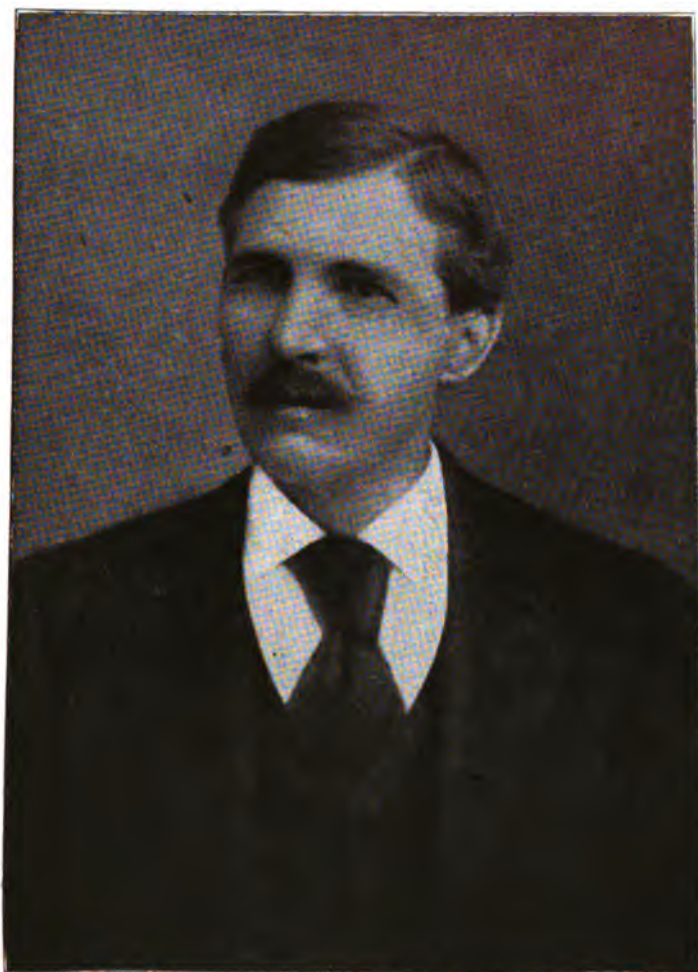
SMITH, ROBERT D., Methodist minister; pastor Court Street church, Montgomery, 1831.

SMITH, ROBERT HARDY, lawyer and colonel, was born October 21, 1814, in Camden County, N. C.; son of Robert Hardy and Elizabeth (Gregory) Smith, the former of Edenton and Washington, N. C.; grandson of William and Sarah (Moore) Gregory, the former of Gates County, N. C., the latter of Perquimans County, N. C., and of Joseph and Elizabeth (Hardy) Smith, the former a native of London, England; great-grandson of William and Patience (Godwin) Gregory of Suffolk, Va., of Capt. Robert and Agnes (Little) Hardy, of Edenton, N. C., and of Maj. Charles Moore of the Revolutionary Army and wife, Sarah Hunter. Col. Smith was well educated and received an appointment to West Point but did not graduate. He removed in 1834 to Dallas County, where he taught for several years, later teaching in Greene and Sumter Counties. He was admitted to the bar in 1837 and located in Livingston; represented Sumter County in the legislature, 1849, and was defeated for the State senate in 1851, by Governor Winston. He removed to Mobile in 1853, where he entered the practice of law with Daniel Chandler; was appointed by Governor Moore, commissioner to confer with North Carolina on the subject of a union; elected a member of the provincial congress, 1861; organized the 36th Alabama in-

fantry regiment, C. S. Army, and elected colonel, resigned in April, 1862, in consequence of infirm health, returning to private life. Married: (1) to Evalina; (2) to Emily, daughters of Richard Inge, sr. (q. v.), (3) to Helen, daughter of Thomas H. Herndon (q. v.). Children: among those by the first marriage, 1. Richard Inge, lawyer, adjutant 5th Alabama infantry regiment, later first lieutenant, C. S. Army; by second wife, 2. Gregory L., lawyer, Mobile; 3. Harry T., lawyer, LL. B. 1884, University of Alabama, m. Mary Anne Holt of Mobile. Last residence: Mobile.

SMITH, ROBERT T., member of the constitutional convention of 1865, from Randolph County; state auditor, 1872. Last residence: Wedowee.

SMITH, ROBERT WHITE, merchant, planter and financier, was born November 18, 1817, at Warrenton, Fauquier County, Va., and died March 23, 1889, in Mobile; son of John Adams Washington and Maria Love (Hawkins) Smith, both natives of Virginia, the former a large land owner, and clerk of Fauquier County Court; grandson of Thomas and Elizabeth (Adams) Smith and of Capt. John and Alice Corbin (Thompson) Hawkins, all of Virginia. The earliest ancestor in this country, was John Smith, son of a wealthy English merchant doing a large business with the Virginia colony. He came from Bristol, England, in 1700, and settled in Westmoreland County, Va., where he married Mary Ann Adkins of Wales, a niece of Lady Washington. His son, Augustus, married Nannie Marshall, aunt of Chief Justice Marshall. Their son, Thomas, married Elizabeth Adams, member of a distinguished English family, the founder of which, John Adams, had come to this country to Maryland about the time of Charles II. His mother was a sister of Sir Thomas Lyttleton, cousin of Lord Lyttleton, the great premier of England. John Hawkins, Mr. Smith's maternal grandfather was a captain in the 3rd Virginia regiment and served throughout the Revolution. His great-grandmother was Lettice Lee, granddaughter of Richard Lee, 1st, of Essex, England, who settled in Virginia in 1640 and was the head of the great family by that name which produced "Light Horse" Harry Lee and Gen. Robert E. Lee. The great-great-grandfather was John Marshall of the "Forrest". Mr. Smith obtained his early education under tutors in his father's home and in the schools of his native county. He applied to Pres. Andrew Jackson for a midshipman's warrant in 1832 and would have received it but he had his name withdrawn. His first business experience was that of clerk in a commercial house in Fredericksburg, Va. In 1834 he started South on horseback to seek his fortune. Arriving in Alabama he stopped first at Huntsville and then located in Montgomery. At the outbreak of the Seminole War he enlisted in the Montgomery "True Blues" as a private and went through the war with that gallant company. In 1835 he settled in Mobile where he joined the "Mobile Rifles," of which company he was a member for many years, and with which he was mustered into the U. S.



W. C. SHACKELFORD

service as part of the 1st Alabama volunteers for the Mexican War, holding the rank of first lieutenant. Later, upon the reorganization of the regiment, he was elected major, with T. J. Butler as colonel. Upon the promotion of Col. Butler to higher rank, Lt. Col. Todd was advanced to the regimental command and Maj. Smith became lieutenant colonel. In 1839 he formed a partnership with Oliver S. Beers as commission merchants and dealers in cotton bagging and rope. In 1849 the firm of Robt. W. Smith and co. was organized with Cary A. Butt as the other member. In 1858, having accumulated a handsome fortune, Col. Smith sold his interest in this business to his brother, Marshall J. Smith of New Orleans. He then retired to his cotton plantation near Pleasant Hill in Dallas County, where he resided until the outbreak of the War of Secession. In the fall of 1861, having received a captain's commission, he organized from the citizens of Mobile and Dallas counties, a cavalry company, the "Crocheron Light Dragoons," which joined Gen. Braxton Bragg's army, and became that distinguished officer's body guard at the battle of Shiloh, Capt. Smith acting as special aid to Gen. Bragg on that occasion. Because of "meritorious conduct on the field of battle", he was promoted to the rank of colonel of cavalry the day following, and was made civil and military governor of Corinth, Miss., while that town was occupied by the Confederate Army. He was also military governor of Tupelo, Miss., for a while. At the close of the war he returned to Mobile and again engaged in the commission business, as a member of the firm of Walsh, Smith and co., and later of Crawford, Walsh, Smith and co. During his business life in Mobile, Col. Smith was identified with nearly all the prominent enterprises in the place. He was for many years a director of the Southern bank of Alabama, the Bank of Mobile, the Mobile and Ohio railroad co.; and director and first vice-president of the Mobile and Alabama grand trunk railroad co., and director in many of the local insurance companies and other business corporations of that section. In 1873 he retired from business on account of ill health. He was an Episcopalian; and a 33rd degree Mason, having taken the degree in Edinburgh, Scotland, prior to the War of Secession. Married: July 19, 1848, at Pleasant Hill, Dallas County, to Sarah, daughter of Judge John Starke and Theodosia (Jones) Hunter (q. v.) of Clarke County. Judge Hunter took a prominent part in the early history of Alabama both as a lawyer and a statesman; a man of large wealth and of distinguished Virginia and South Carolina ancestry. The Jones family of South Carolina to which his wife, Theodosia, belonged, was of aristocratic lineage, descendants of John Smith, the gallant captain of Revolutionary fame. Children: 1. John Hunter; 2. Fannie E., m. John Scott Pollard, Montgomery; 3. Mildred; 4. Maria Theodosia; 5. Lettice Lee, m. Gaylord B. Clark (q. v.); 6. Alice, m. John S. Stump, Baltimore, Md.; 7. Ellen E.; 8. Robert White, jr., m. Alice McCurdy, Montgomery. Last residence: Mobile.

SMITH, SAMUEL PARRISH, physician and surgeon, was born September 8, 1814, in Clinton, Jones County, Ga., and died March 28, 1891, at Prattville; son of Thomas and Mary (Scott) Smith, natives of near Chapel Hill, N. C., who later lived in Clinton, Ga., and near Robinson Springs, Autauga, now Elmore County; grandson of Daniel Smith, of near Chapel Hill. His maternal grandfather Scott married Mary Mitchell, both of near Chapel Hill, N. C. On the paternal line Dr. Smith is sprung from English-Scotch stock, and on the maternal line these two nationalities were admixed with an Irish strain. He received his education in private schools at Rocky Mount and Indian Hill, Autauga County. For part of one year, 1835, he taught a school at Booth's Bridge and in the fall of that year entered the Jefferson medical school, Philadelphia, Pa., where he remained two years. Afterwards he attended the Medical college in New Orleans, La., and received the M. D. degree from that institution. Upon graduation he located at Washington, Autauga County, and a few years later, 1843, he removed to Prattville. He was health officer of Autauga County for a number of years. Owing to his age and the need of his professional services at home, he did not serve with the Confederate Army. He was a Whig prior to the War of Secession, and afterwards a Democrat; Methodist; Mason; Odd Fellow. Author: Reports to Alabama medical association incapacity of county health officer. Married: February 18, 1840, at Washington, Autauga County, to Adelaide Julia, daughter of Richard and Julia (Phelps) Allen or Allyn, who lived at Poquonock, Conn., prior to settling in Alabama. Children: 1. Eugene Allen (q. v.) m. Jennie Henry Garland; 2. Julia Adelaide, m. Edward Pratt (q. v.) of Prattville; 3. Mary Phelps; 4. Ella Adele, m. William T. Northington (q. v.), Prattville; 5. Edward Clarence; 6. Ida Moore. Last residence: Prattville.

SMITH, SIDNEY, deputy grand master, grand lodge, Masons, 1852-53.

SMITH, THOMAS HERNDON, lawyer and chancellor, was born May 19, 1856, in Seville, Spain; son of John Little and Virginia A. (Herndon) Smith (q. v.). He was educated in the common schools; at the University of the South; and at the University of Alabama. He located in Mobile for the practice of law, and has since resided there. He was a member of the house of representatives, 1894-95, and of the State senate, 1896-97. In 1898 he was elected chancellor of the southwestern division, a position which he held by successive re-election until 1917. Married: October 16, 1890, to Lily, daughter of John and Mary (Purvis) Goldthwaite, and granddaughter of Judge Henry Goldthwaite. Residence: Mobile.

SMITH, THOMAS TIPTON, county commissioner and traveling salesman, was born November 18, 1819, in Sumner County, Tenn., and died February 10, 1886, at Smithville, Henry County; son of John Skelton and Jane Cosby (Yancey) Smith, the former a native of Virginia, a Revolutionary soldier, having entered

the service at the age of fifteen, his wife a native of Louisa County, Va., and both later residents of near Hartsville, Sumner County, Tenn. He was a candidate for the legislature in 1852 on the Southern rights ticket, but was defeated by his Union Whig opponent. In 1861 he was elected, with Judge H. E. Owens, as delegate to the Secession convention that passed the ordinance withdrawing Alabama from the Union. Soon thereafter he raised a company of volunteers, the "Columbia Blues" and entered the Confederate service as captain of the company, a part of the 6th Alabama infantry regiment, commanded by Col. J. J. Seibles. Hard service in the field undermined his health and forced his resignation and return home. After the war closed he was appointed revenue collector to collect the cotton tax in Dale County. In 1871 he was elected county commissioner and served in that position during his term of office, after which he became the traveling representative of the Pratt gin co. for Alabama, Southern Georgia and Florida. He was a Democrat; Baptist; and a Mason. Married: December 10, 1840, in Sumner County, Tenn., to Ellen Wyvial, daughter of John W. and Harriet (Conner) Franklin; granddaughter of William and Elinor (Wyvial) Conner, and of Richard and Artridge Franklin. Children: 1. John Skelton, Confederate soldier, died at Ft. Delaware in 1863 or '64, a prisoner of the enemy; 2. Bartlett Alexander, Confederate soldier, died of wounds received in the battle of Baker's Creek, Miss., May 16, 1863; 3. Harriet Elizabeth; 4. Sarah Jane, m. A. R. Godwin, Columbia; 5. Thomas Perrin; 6. Mary Ellen; 7. Eliza Mildred, m. J. G. Russ, Cottondale, Fla.; 8. Eugenia Holmes; 9. Isabella Caroline; 10. Yancy Wyvial, m. Anna Espy. Last residence: Columbia, Houston County.

SMITH, WALTER, grand commander, grand commandery, Knights Templar, 1907-08, was born March 19, 1862, at New Sharon, Franklin County, Me. He removed to Tuscaloosa about 1891. Married: February 17, 1891, to Jennie B. Newbern, of Jackson, Tenn. Residence: Tuscaloosa.

SMITH, WALTER SCOTT, lawyer, was born July 20, 1875, at Lineville, Clay County; son of Woodie B. and Mary Ann (Griffin) Smith; and brother of Olin T. Smith (q. v.). Walter S. Smith received his education in the common schools of Lineville; attended the Lineville college, from which he was graduated A. B., in 1896; entered the law department of Columbian university, Washington, D. C., in 1896, and was graduated LL. B., in 1898; entered the school of comparative jurisprudence and diplomacy at Columbian university in the fall of 1898, and graduated LL. M. in 1899; and with the degree of doctor of civil law in 1900. He was admitted to the bar in 1899 at Washington city and returned to practice in his native state. He was elected to the State senate, November, 1902, and to the house of representatives the following year. He is a Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: on September 16, 1903, at Lineville, to Carrie Mae Bell, daughter of

James A. and Arabella (Parker) Bell of that place. Residence: Lineville.

SMITH, WILLIAM A., member of the constitutional convention of 1875, from Chilton County.

SMITH, WILLIAM HENRY, planter and cotton merchant, was born June 21, 1814, at Suffield, Conn., and died in February, 1890; son of Ichabod and Elizabeth (Hathaway) Smith; grandson of Ichabod and Susannah (Pomroy) Smith, who lived at Suffield; a relative of Sophia Smith, founder of Smith College, Northampton, Mass.; cousin of Gen. Ichabod Smith; a descendant of Capt. Simeon Smith, of Sharon, Conn., who raised and equipped a company of Sharon men, at his own expense, and served under George Washington, in 1776, in his unfortunate Long Island campaign, and in 1777, raised and equipped another company to resist Burgoyne's advance; of Rev. Henry Smith, who came to this country in 1735, and was the first settled pastor of the first settled town, Wethersfield, Conn., and of John Colton Smith, governor of Connecticut, 1712-17. The name of the house of the Smiths of Edmondthorse, of Withcote visitation of Leicester, was Herez or Harris, and tradition links them with the ancient Cuerdley stock, from whom came the Smiths of Hough, Oxford, etc. At the time of William the seventh, William Herez assumed the name Smith, and in 1499, received a grant of arms. He was married to Catherine Ashby. Rev. Henry Smith was a grandson of John Smith who was a son of William and Catherine (Ashby) Smith. Mr. Smith came to Montgomery in 1835, and worked in a hardware store, and after the War of Secession, was associated with William C. Ray, under the name of Smith & Ray in the cotton broker business. He later associated with Sayre, under the name of Sayre and Smith, cotton merchants. Besides his mercantile pursuits he was a planter. He was city treasurer of Montgomery about 1889, to February, 1890. He was a Democrat and a member of the Methodist church, in which he served as steward and trustee. Married: May 23, 1849, at Montgomery, to Julia Pauline Hannon, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Wright) Hannon, who lived at Hancock County, Ga. Children: 1. Lester Chauncey (q. v.); 2. Mary Elizabeth, m. William J. Cameron (q. v.); 3. Elliott Hannon, deceased; 4. William Hathaway, deceased, m. Mary Lester, Dalton, Ga.; 5. Phillimon Sayre, deceased; 6. Paul Wright, deceased, was with the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company, at Montgomery, was bookkeeper and teller of the Commercial Fire Insurance and Banking Company of Montgomery, was vice-president and general manager of the Sheffield Mining and Manufacturing Company, and was vice-president of the North Alabama Abstract and Real Estate Company, of Sheffield, m. Eugenia Bragg, daughter of Walter Bragg (q. v.); 7. Henry Spencer, d. in infancy; 8. Henry Hamilton, m. Maude Glenn, Douglas, Ga. Last residence: Montgomery.

SMITH, WILLIAM HENRY, business man, was born March 17, 1863, at Burnsville, Tisho-

mingo County, Miss.; son of Moses Milton and Mary Ann (Johnson) Smith, the former of Burnsville, Miss., and the latter of Somerville; grandson of William A. and Margarette Smith, who resided at Burnsville, Miss., and of Louis and Sarah Johnson, who lived at Somerville. The Smith family emigrated from England and the Johnson family from Ireland. William H. Smith was educated in the common schools of Tishomingo County, Miss. He was a railroad agent and telegraph operator for eighteen years, beginning in 1888; agent at Town Creek, Scottsboro and Russellville; merchant for thirteen years; now secretary-treasurer of The Farmers Supply Company, of Town Creek, which corporation he organized in January, 1919. He was a member of the State senate from the second district in 1919. He is a Democrat; Prohibitionist; Methodist; Royal Arch Mason; and an Odd Fellow. Married: on May 7, 1893, at Town Creek, to Laura Sophia Davis, daughter of Chesley and Sarah Davis, of that place; and granddaughter of Orin Davis, who came to Tennessee Valley from Washington, D. C., during the early days of Alabama, and of William McGregor, of Scottish descent, one of the early settlers of Lawrence County, Alabama. Children: 1. Leonidas Houston, m. Edna Twetty, Miss.; 2. Jessie Lee, Town Creek; 3. Martha Helen, Town Creek; 4. Raymond Henry, Town Creek. Residence: Town Creek.

SMITH, WILLIAM RUSSELL, lawyer, author, and representative in Congress, was born March 27, 1815, in Russellville, Ky., and died in Washington, February 26, 1896; son of Ezekial and Elizabeth (Hampton) Smith, the former a captain in the War of 1812, a pioneer and planter of Kentucky, whose death occurred at Bowling Green, the latter who was a descendant of the Lowrys, Russells, and Hamptons; great-grandson of William Russell Smith, and grandnephew of General William Russell Smith of Virginia, for whom Russellville, Ky., was named. After the death of his father he moved with his mother, brothers and sisters to Huntsville, where they remained for a while and then removed to Tuscaloosa. In 1823, the mother died leaving the children in straightened circumstances. They were taken into different homes, he being taken to the home of a Mrs. Potts, from where he soon ran away, and joined his brother Sidney. His sister Louisa married William A. McDaniel, a tailor, and he worked in his brother-in-law's shop for some time. Gen. George W. Crabb, realizing the boy's genius, was eager to assist him, and advanced him the money for his education. In 1826, or 1827, he entered the school taught by Dr. Reuben Searcy, and in 1829, the school of Rev. Nathaniel H. Harris, M. A., where he spent two years, preparing for college. On the opening day of the University of Alabama, in the spring of 1831, at the age of sixteen years, he entered the University, but was never graduated being compelled, from the necessity of earning a livelihood, to leave the university in 1834. He then entered the law office of Gen. Crabb, and at the end of one year was admitted to the bar. At the age of twenty years, he began the practice of his profession at Greensboro, 1835. His brother, Sidney, was

killed in the Goliad massacre of March 27, 1836, which news he received after returning from the Creek War. He had raised a company of mounted infantry of which he was elected captain, and had proceeded, in the regiment commanded by Col. Joseph P. Frazier, to the seat of war, reaching there only to find that the war had closed. On learning of his brother's death, he recruited a company of Texans, to avenge his death and that of other American patriots. The company only got as far as Mobile, however, when news was received of the victory of the Texans at the battle of San Jacinto. He remained in Mobile for a while, devoted himself to literature for a year, and soon established a magazine, "The Bachelor's Button", a monthly periodical, the first number of which was published in December, 1836. The first four numbers of this magazine were published in Mobile, but in 1837, he removed to Tuscaloosa, where the fifth and the sixth numbers were published. The publishing of the magazine was discontinued in 1837. He resumed the practice of law at Tuscaloosa, in 1838 became editor of "The Monitor", a Whig newspaper, and in 1839, was elected mayor. He supported Gen. William Henry Harrison for president in 1840, and in 1841, and 1842, was elected as a Whig to the general assembly of Alabama, which met in Tuscaloosa, then the capital. He severed his connection with the Whig party, in 1843, because of his opposition to Henry Clay's views on the tariff and other questions. During these years he was a frequent contributor to "The Southron", a Tuscaloosa magazine. In 1844, he removed to Fayette, was elected brigadier-general of the militia, and continued the law practice. In 1850, Gen. Smith was elected judge of the circuit court over Judge Chapman, but in 1851, resigned to take his seat in Congress, to which he had been elected over Hon. John Erwin of Greene County, and it was during that session that he received the national reputation as the "Kossuth-Killer", being most influential in preventing the foreign entanglement into which the United States was being led by espousing Louis Kossuth's cause, Kossuth's purpose being to enlist the active aid of the United States in the behalf of Hungary against Austria and Russia. He was re-elected to Congress in 1853, over Sydenham Moore and S. F. Hale of Greene County and in 1855, was again elected to congress for his third term, but was defeated in the election of 1856, by Judge Sydenham Moore, and resumed his law practice in Tuscaloosa. He was invited by the Alabama Alpha of Phi Beta Kappa, to read a poem at the commencement of the University in 1860, and this poem "The Uses of Solitude", is considered by many critics to place him among the great American poets. In 1861, he was a delegate to the state convention at Montgomery, and upon the adjournment of the convention, in 1861, he returned home and raised the Sixth Alabama battalion, which afterwards became the Twenty-sixth Alabama regiment, of which he was commissioned colonel. He went into camp for instruction, but left soon afterwards for the Confederate house of representatives, to which he had been elected, and which he served in that body from the beginning of the war to the end

in 1865. After the close of the war, he ran for governor, 1865, but was defeated, and in 1873, was defeated for congress. He resumed his practice in Tuscaloosa, and also engaged in literary pursuits, translating into English couplets, parts of Homer's "Iliad". He, also, under a joint resolution of the general assembly, began a condensation of the Alabama reports, which were published in ten volumes, the first in 1870, and the tenth in 1879. They covered all the reports from Minor to the Eighth Alabama reports. He was elected president of the University of Alabama, in 1870, which position he held for about a year, when he retired. In 1879, he removed with his family to Washington, where he practiced law, and devoted himself to literary pursuits for the remainder of his life. In the early eighties, he edited and published "The Law-Central", to which he contributed a series of exhaustive studies in criminal insanity. He was the author of: "College Musings", in 1833; "The Bridal Eve", 1834; "Hard Cider", 1840; "War and Its Incidents", published in the "Southern Quarterly Review", of January, 1848; "Kossuth and His Mission", a speech made in the house of representatives, January 15, 1855; "The American Party and Its Mission", speech in the house of representatives, January 15, 1855; "The Uses of Solitude", 1860; "As It Is", 1860; "History and Debates of the Convention", 1861; "The Royal Ape", 1863; "Diomedes, from Homer's 'Iliad'", 1869; "Key to Homer's 'Iliad'", 1872; "Polyxena, a Tragedy", 1879; "Assassination and Insanity: Guiteau's Case Examined", 1881; "Reminiscences of a Long Life", 1889; "Was It A Pistol: A Nut for Lawyers", 1890, and "Aaron Burr, a Tragedy," which was produced, he himself, playing a part. He was a Catholic. Married: (1) in 1843, to Jane Binion, who died in 1844, daughter of John H. and Elizabeth (Strong) Binion, the latter who was a member of one of the leading families of New Lexington; (2) in 1847, at Fayette, to Mary Jane Murray, who died in 1863, daughter of James and Mary (Moore) Murray, who were early pioneers of Jefferson and Fayette Counties, the former who was at one time sheriff of Jackson County; (3) in 1854, at Washington, to Wilhelmine M. Easby, daughter of Capt. William and Ann Agnes Maria (King) Easby, the former who came from a Yorkshire family, early settling in Philadelphia, and the latter who was also of English descent; granddaughter of Benjamin and Hannah (Davis) King, the former who was a soldier in the Revolutionary War, and afterwards settled in Baltimore, and the latter who was a lineal descendant of Richard Miles, who settled in the early part of the seventeenth century, on the "Welch Tract", in New Castle County, Pa. Children, by first marriage: 1. Sidney Binion, who was a captain in the Twenty-sixth Alabama regiment, C. S. Army, and afterwards practiced medicine in Mississippi, d. in 1888; by second marriage: 2. Lucy, d. in childhood; 3. Sophie, m. William F. Walker, deceased; 4. William R., lawyer and editor, d. April 1, 1898, m. Florence Livenia Smith; by third marriage, 5. James S. Easby, graduate of University of Georgetown, A. B., A. M., LL. B., LL. M., was examiner in the department of jus-

tice, 1893-99; in 1899, was appointed pardon attorney, is an author, member of the faculty of the law school of Georgetown university, and has been assistant U. S. district attorney, m. Lillian Strong; 6. William Easby, electrician, telephone expert for the United States, m. Mary Agnes Boyle. Last residence: Washington, D. C.

SMITH, WILLIAM THOMAS, farmer and merchant, was born January 4, 1844, at Petersburg, Va., and died April 23, 1915, at Wilsonville; son of William and Mary (Jones) Smith, the former a native of New York, who located in Petersburg and lost his life in a railroad accident, when his son was a lad five years of age; grandson of Theodore Thomas Smith, a native of London, England, who married Annie McCloud of Scotland and emigrated to New York, and of Thomas and Mary Jones of Richmond, Va. After the death of his father, Col. Smith came with his widowed mother to St. Clair County and in the school of Cropwell he received his education. When seventeen years of age he began merchandising, having secured credit for his bill of goods, but before he was well launched in business the War of Secession broke out and he left his store in the care of a clerk and enlisted in Co. F, 10th Alabama infantry regiment, under Capt. J. D. Truss. He was made first sergeant of the company, elected first lieutenant upon the death of R. N. Allen, who held the office, and two years later was promoted to the captaincy. In 1864 he was made colonel of the regiment and held that position until the close of the war. Upon returning home he found his mercantile business ruined and he began farming, but soon opened his store once more and continued to farm, merchandise and operate lumber interests all with marked success. He located in Wilsonville in 1871; was elected to the Alabama legislature, 1886-88, and was for many years active in State and county politics. He was a Democrat; a Baptist; and a Mason. Married: (1) in 1865, in De Kalb County, to Martha, daughter of Rev. Madison and Martha Hendrix; (2) Henrietta, daughter of Dr. William and Catherine (Bevill) Fields, of Camden, both formerly of Darlington, S. C., whose paternal great-grandfather was a native of France and his wife was an English woman. Children: by the first wife: 1. Clara Fanny, m. A. G. Weldon, Talladega; 2. George T., m. Lilla Ivey, Covington, Ga.; 3. Cora Lee; 4. William Richard, Richmond, Va.; by the second marriage: 5. Alonzo Field, m. Olive Cooper, Mobile; 6. Roy Draper, m. Helen Boyer, Jackson, Miss.; 7. Oland Densler, Wilsonville; 8. Daisey. Last residence: Wilsonville.

SMITH, WILLIAM WALTER, physician and legislator, was born August 11, 1861, near Campbellton, Jackson County, Fla.; son of William and Elizabeth (Mills) Smith, the former a native of Monroeville, Monroe County, a school teacher and millwright, who joined the Confederate Army, and was killed at the battle of Seven Pines; grandson of Reddin and Mary Mills, of Troy, Pike County. He was educated in the common schools of his county, and graduated

1900 as M. D. from Chattanooga medical college. He entered upon the practice of his profession at Coffee Springs the same year. He represented Geneva County in the legislature of 1915. He is a Democrat; Missionary Baptist; Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: October 30, 1907, at Bronwood, Ga., to Kate, daughter of David Jonathan and Catherine Denton, of that place. The Denton family came from South Carolina in 1818 to Terrell County, Ga., settled among the Indians, and became farmers and cattle raisers. Children: 1. John C.; 2. Alfred H.; 3. Loucile; 4. David Catherine; 5. Thomas E.; 6. Nellie Z. Residence: Coffee Springs.

SMITHERMAN, THOMAS J., lawyer, probate judge, was born February 28, 1837, in Centerville, Bibb County; son of Joseph and Sarah (Latham) Smitherman, both natives of North Carolina, the former who came from North Carolina to Bibb County, and was township trustee for twenty years. He lived on a farm until he was sixteen years of age, and after attending school at Benson, Chilton County, Summerfield and Selma, where he prepared himself for his professional work, he entered the Lebanon law school, in Tennessee, and was graduated in 1860. He then located in Centerville and began the practice of law. He enlisted in Co. B, Eleventh Alabama infantry, under Capt. J. L. Davidson, in 1861, and served as a private until 1863, when he was discharged. He enlisted in Co. H, Alabama infantry, under Capt. F. M. Goode, and served until 1864, when he was elected lieutenant of his company. He returned home, was appointed register in chancery of his county, holding this position until 1865, when he was elected to the office of superintendent of education, which office he held until 1870. In that year he represented Bibb County in the legislature, and in 1867, was appointed to fill the vacancy left by the death of Probate Judge J. Gardner. He was county solicitor, member of the city council, and for ten years administrator of the county. He is a member of the Presbyterian church which he has served as elder; and a Mason. Married: June 20, 1861, to Mary E., daughter of George W. and Teresa (Coleman) Howard. Children: 1. Fannie M.; 2. Joseph F.; 3. Wiley J.; 4. Nellie; 5. Thomas J., Jr.; 6. Howard; 7. Coleman, deceased; 8. Mary; 9. Eva, deceased. Residence: Centerville.

SMITHSON, NOBLE, lawyer, was born December 7, 1841, near Nolensville, Williamson County, Tenn.; son of John Greene and Ann Vaughn (Ladd) Smithson, the former who was a native of Danville, Va., who later came to Alabama and thence to Georgia, and was a planter, and the latter who was a native of Williamson County, Tenn.; grandson of Hezekiah Powell and Henrietta (Carter) Smithson, who were natives of Virginia, and of Noble and Mary (Burton) Ladd, the former who was a native of Rockingham County, N. C., and the latter of Stokes County, N. C.; great-grandson of Francis Smithson and of Peter Burton, who was a native of Ireland; great-great-grandson

of Capt. Powell, a veteran of the Revolutionary War. Both the Smithson and Ladd families were of English descent, the Smithsons coming from Northumberland County, England, to Virginia before the Revolution. Mr. Smithson's education was obtained in the old field schools of his neighborhood, and in early life he was a salesman and bookkeeper in a country store, and later taught a country school. He studied medicine for a while, but soon gave that up and studied law. In December, 1866, he was admitted to the bar at Pulaski, Tenn., and continued to practice at Pulaski, in the courts of Tennessee, and the supreme court of Tennessee, until March 1, 1887, when he removed to Birmingham. He was district attorney general of the eleventh circuit of Tennessee, composed of Williamson, Maury, Marshall, Giles, Lawrence, Wayne, and Lewis Counties, from November, 1867, to September, 1870. He was state senator in the Tennessee legislature from 1873-74, was chairman of the senate committee on judiciary, and was chairman of a special committee appointed to investigate the affairs of the bank of Tennessee. While residing in Tennessee, he was a state director in the Nashville and Decatur railroad company, a director in the National bank of Pulaski, and served as special judge of the circuit courts, by appointment of the governor. In 1888, when the American national bank of Birmingham was organized, he was elected one of its directors, and also attorney for the bank, which position he held until the bank went into liquidation, in 1892. In 1889, he made application to the president of the United States for the office of district attorney for the northern and middle district of Alabama, but the office was tendered to another applicant. He was nominated republican candidate for governor of the state, June 4, 1890, but declined the nomination, being ineligible to the office because he had not been a resident of the state seven years. He is a member of the Tennessee historical society, of the bar associations of Tennessee and Alabama, and has been an attorney of the supreme court of the United States. He is a Republican; Mason; Odd Fellow; Knight of Honor; Knight of Pythias; Knight Templar; and a member of the American Legion of Honor; and the Ancient Order of United Workmen. Married: April 2, 1865, to Alice Patterson. Children: 1. William Noble; 2. John; 3. Tully; 4. Guy; 5. Alma; 6. Annie Laura, deceased. Residence: Birmingham.

SMYTH, PATRICK HENRY, section director, U. S. weather bureau, was born July 26, 1863, at Charleston, Charleston County, S. C.; son of John Lochry and Margaret Ellen (O'Connor) Smyth, the former who was a native of Donegal County, Ireland, and came to this country in 1846, and the latter who came to America from Ireland in 1848; grandson of Patrick and Annie (Lochry) Smyth, who resided at Donegal, Ireland, and of Henry and Margaret (McCarthy) O'Connor, who resided at County Limerick, Ireland. Patrick Henry Smyth received his education in the public and parochial schools. By profession Mr. Smyth is an electrician, but on September 4, 1888, he entered the government

service as weather observer. From March 1, 1907, to June 30, 1909, while on leave of absence from the government service, he engaged as secretary, treasurer and manager of the Weber dry goods company at Cairo, Ill., but July 1, 1909, resigned this position and returned to the government service as section director, U. S. weather bureau. He was a member of the public school board of Cairo, from April, 1908, to July 1, 1909, and was one of the organizers of and for three years actively connected with an association in Cairo, which had for its object the care of and placing in good homes, dependent children. He acted as observer, signal service, U. S. Army, from September 4, 1888, until October 1, 1901, when he was transferred to the weather bureau of the department of agriculture. He is a Democrat; a Catholic; an Elk; a Knight of Columbus; and a member of the Ancient Order of Hibernians. Married: (1) on June 5, 1889, at Charleston, S. C., to Nellie Frances Hassett, who died September 8, 1896; (2) on April 26, 1899, at Laporte, Ind., to Mattie Alice Wilkinson of Aroma, Ill., daughter of Edwin Ruthven and Sarah A. (Van Meter) Wilkinson of that place; and seventh in descent from Lawrence Wilkinson of England, who came to America in 1645. Children: 1. Lucile Margaret; 2. Lawrence John. Residence: Montgomery.

SNEDECOR, JAMES GEORGE, lawyer and Presbyterian minister, was born June 21, 1855, at Louisville, Winston County, Miss., and died November 20, 1916, at Tuscaloosa; son of George Gaines and Harriet Augusta (Godden) Snedecor, the former, a native of Mt. Hebron, Greene County, lived at Gainsville, in 1845-48 was attorney at law at Eutaw, went as first lieutenant of the Eutaw Rangers, in the Mexican War of 1848, and was later promoted to adjutant of his regiment, removed to Louisville, Miss., in 1850, and in 1856 to Lexington, Miss.; grandson of James and Sallie (Orear) Snedecor, who lived at Mt. Hebron, the former who went to Kentucky from Virginia, and later removed to Mt. Hebron, and of Amzé and Dorothea Godden, who resided at Huntsville, the former who was a teacher, removed to Eutaw and taught for years in the old Mesopotamia academy; and a connection of Judge E. C. Orear, at one time on the bench of the supreme court of Kentucky. His ancestors were Holland-Dutch, who settled in New York, then in Pennsylvania, Virginia and West Virginia. His early life was spent on his parents' plantation, near Lexington, Ky. While drilling a company for service in the C. S. Army, in 1860, his father was killed by his horse, and in 1865, his mother married Rev. John N. Waddell, and they moved to Oxford, Miss., where Rev. Waddell was chancellor of the University of Mississippi. At the age of fourteen years he entered the preparatory department and later the university, where he remained through his junior year. He attended Cornell university, 1873-1875, and the law department of Washington university, St. Louis, 1878-79. In 1906, he received the degree of LL. D. from the University of Alabama. From 1879-82, he practiced law at Memphis, Tenn., and was assistant attorney for the Louisville and Nashville railroad. His health failed him

and he then spent five years in Florida. After his recovery he was ordained into the Southern Presbyterian ministry, 1889, and served the pastorates at Dunedin, Fla., 1889-90, Vinehill, 1890-91; Avondale church, Birmingham, 1891-1906, and Woodlawn church, Birmingham, 1897-1903. He was secretary of the executive committee of Home missions, Presbyterian churches of the United States; was head of the Stillman institute, a theological school for negroes, at Tuscaloosa; a trustee of the Thorwell orphan's college, S. C.; and trustee of the Abbeville polytechnic institute. He was a Democrat and an Odd Fellow. Married: January 22, 1880, at Memphis, Tenn., to Emily Alston, daughter of Bedford Morgan and Sarah Jane (Johnston) Estes, who lived at Memphis, Tenn.; granddaughter of Emily Alston Johnston; great-granddaughter of Phillip Alston; great-great-granddaughter of Phillip Alston, a soldier of the Revolutionary War. Children: 1. George Waddell, m. Gertrude Crozier, Sherman, Tex.; 2. Elizabeth, m. James A. Campbell, Atlanta, Ga.; 3. Morgan Estes, attorney at law, Portland, Ore., international president of the Rotary Club, m. Julia Searcy, daughter of Dr. James T. Searcy (q. v.); 4. Harriet, m. B. H. Somerville, Aliceville; 5. Ione, m. Jesse C. Maxwell, Tuscaloosa; 6. Palmer Godden, civil engineer, Portland, Ore.; 7. James Gayle; 8. Phillip Alston, Tuscaloosa. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

SNODGRASS, JOHN, merchant, colonel, C. S. Army, was born May 19, 1836, in Jackson County, and died August 19, 1888, at Scottsboro; son of Thomas and Caroline (Martin) Snodgrass, the former, who was a native of Jackson County; grandson of John and Jane (Long) Snodgrass, who lived at Bellefonte, and of John and Ruth (Burns) Martin, who lived at Bellefonte; great-grandson of Col. William Snodgrass of Tennessee who was a veteran of the Revolutionary war, of John Burns, of South Carolina, who served in the American Army, 1777-79, and of Captain John Martin, who was a veteran of the Revolutionary War; great-great-grandson of Abraham and Elizabeth (Marshall) Martin, the latter who delivered despatches to Gen. Greene which her daughter had taken from a courier; and nephew of Gen. Benjamin Snodgrass, at one time a resident of Jackson County. His early education was received under the instruction of his cousin, Alex Snodgrass, and he was then sent to Huntsville to finish his education. He was a merchant at Bellefonte when the War of Secession broke out, and he enlisted, in May, 1861, in the C. S. Army, as captain of one of the first companies raised in the county. He served in Martin's Second Confederate regiment under Gen. Albert Sidney Johnston, and with this regiment fought at Shiloh. He was then made lieutenant-colonel of a battalion of six companies, which was called Snodgrass's battalion, and he led this command at Baton Rouge, Corinth, and until February, 1863, when Norwood's battalion was thrown with his, and the Fifty-fifth Alabama regiment organized, of which he became colonel. He served with that regiment and the western army, until the close of the war, commanding Scott's brigade, consisting of the Twelfth

Louisiana, the Ninth Arkansas, and the Twenty-seventh, Thirty-fifth, Forty-ninth, Fifty-fifth, and Fifty-seventh Alabama regiments, from the battle of Franklin until Hood left Tennessee. After the war, he returned home and engaged in the mercantile business which business he continued in until his death. He was a Democrat, and often served as chairman of the executive committee, and was a delegate to the national convention that named Grover Cleveland presidential candidate. He was a member of the Episcopal church, and served as senior warden and lay reader of St. Luke's church, at Scottsboro, and was an Odd Fellow and Knight of Honor. Married: in 1861, in Jackson County to a Miss Brown, daughter of Jeremiah and Mary (Williams) Brown who lived in Jackson County; granddaughter of Samuel and Margaret (Gwynne) Williams, the latter who was of the Virginia line, who owned Gwynne's Island, and who trace their ancestry to a common ancestor of the King of England; great-granddaughter of Samuel and Mary M. Williams. Children: 1. Elizabeth, m. R. E. Saunders, New Decatur. Last residence: Scottsboro.

SNODGRASS, ROBERT B., major, 24th battalion Alabama cavalry regiment, C. S. Army.

SNOW, CHARLES, physician and druggist, was born July 24, 1803, at Fitchburg, Mass., and died January 16, 1884, at Northport; son of Dr. Peter Snow; brother of Henry Adams Snow (q. v.). Dr. Snow practiced medicine in Tuscaloosa County in the early history of that section and managed the drug department of the Henry A. Snow and company business of which he was a partner. He was a Whig and an Episcopalian. Married: (1) October 7, 1828, to Sarah Myra Perkins; (2) May 24, 1831, to Virginia Penn. Children: by second wife, 1. Elizabeth Adams; 2. Julia Penn; 3. John, Ukiah, Calif. Last residence: Northport.

SNOW, EDWARD NICHOLAS COBBS, merchant, was born October 16, 1845, in Tuscaloosa, son of Henry Adams and Abby (Hazard) Snow, of Fitchburg, Mass., who came to Tuscaloosa, 1822, where he established the first cotton-seed oil mill, 1834; grandson of Dr. Peter and Elizabeth (Adams) Snow, of Fitchburg, and of Capt. Charles and Ann (Bours) Hazard, of New London, Conn.; great-grandson of Rev. Zabdiel Adams, double first-cousin of President John Adams, of Revolutionary fame. The Snow family came from England and were among the founders of Bridgewater, Mass., in 1637. The first Hazard came from Wales in 1639, and settled in Connecticut. The Bours family came from Holland. Mr. Snow was educated in the schools of Tuscaloosa; in 1862, entered the University; in 1864, was on the staff of Col. J. T. Murfee, Alabama cadets, Lidell's brigade, C. S. Army and was later made 1st lieutenant Co. B, of same. In 1865 he resumed his studies at the University and graduated with the degree of A. B. He began business for himself in 1870 and continued to 1887, when he became cashier of the Merchants national bank, Tusca-

loosa; president of cotton mills to 1894; member of city council, 1878 to 1908; president city board of education, 1912. He is a Democrat; Mason and an Episcopalian. Married: November 12, 1872, in Tuscaloosa, to Carrie Theresa, daughter of Richard Castlereigh and Mary Theresa (Simonton) McLester, and great-great-granddaughter of Capt. Joseph McLester, an officer in the Revolutionary Army. Both the McLester and Simonton families were from North Carolina, the former being of Scotch stock while the Simontons are of English origin. Children: 1. Henry Adams, m. Abby Fitch Searcy; 2. Richard McLester, resides at Tuscaloosa; 3. Edward Courtlandt, resides at Saranac Lake, N. Y.; 4. Lester Jared, resides at Tuscaloosa; 5. Alden Hazard, resides at Tuscaloosa. Residence: Tuscaloosa.

SNOW, HENRY A., grand treasurer, grand chapter of Alabama, Masons, 1825, 1827, 1828, and 1830, there being no sessions for 1829, 1831 and 1836.

SNOW, HENRY ADAMS, merchant, was born January 17, 1798, at Fitchburg, Mass., and died February 28, 1864, at Tuscaloosa; son of Dr. Peter and Elizabeth (Adams) Snow, who practiced medicine at Fitchburg for thirty-four years; grandson of Peter Snow and wife, Miss Godfrey, and of Rev. Zabdiel and Elizabeth (Stearns) Adams, of Lunenburg, Mass., double first-cousin of John Quincy Adams. The American founder of the family was William Snow who came from England in 1637, settled in Duxbury, Mass., 1645, being later one of the first settlers in Bridgewater, Mass., 1657. Mr. Snow was educated in his native town and located in Savannah, Ga., in 1818, where he merchandised. He came shortly afterwards to Alabama, stopping for a while at St. Stephens, but removing, in 1822, to Tuscaloosa, where he established the mercantile firm Henry A. Snow and company, his associates being his two brothers, Zabdiel Boylston and Dr. Charles Snow. He was a Whig; Mason; and Episcopalian. Married: November 7, 1828, at St. Stephens, to Abby, daughter of Capt. Charles and Anne (Bours) Hazard (q. v.). Children: 1. Henry Boylston; 2. Caroline Elizabeth, m. Alexander Perry Hogan; 3. Mary Ann, m. Dr. John James Ormond; 4. George Hazard; 5. Abby Myra; 6. Edward Nicholas Cobbs, m. Carrie Teresa McLester, Tuscaloosa. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

SNOW, JOHN, merchant, was born May 24, 1843, near Tuscaloosa; son of Dr. Charles and Virginia (Penn) Snow, natives respectively of Massachusetts and Virginia, who removed to Alabama about 1840. He was educated in the schools of Tuscaloosa and in 1861, enlisted in Lounsden's battery, C. S. Army, serving throughout the four years of the war. In 1866, he entered mercantile life, establishing a large hardware business. He is a Democrat; Mason; and Episcopalian. Married: August 28, 1868, to Norma, daughter of Dr. S. J. Leach. Children: 1. Lizzie F.; 2. Virginia C.; 3. Charles Henry Boyleston, died by accident, 1884; 4.

John Adams. Residence: "Hurricane," his plantation home near Tuscaloosa.

SNOW, ZABDIEL BOYLSTON, merchant, was born June 22, 1800, at Fitchburg, Mass., and died October 23, 1839, at Tuscaloosa; son of Dr. Peter Snow; brother of Henry Adams Snow (q. v.). He was a member of the firm of Henry A. Snow and company; a Whig and Episcopalian. Married: September 25, 1834, probably at Tuscaloosa, to Anne Bours, daughter of Capt. Charles and Anne (Bours) Hazard, the former a native of New London, Conn., and a sea captain who died at sea; sister of John B. Hazard (q. v.); granddaughter of Dr. Robert and Elizabeth Hazard, the former acquired his medical education in Boston, and located at Point Judith, R. I., the latter of an English family which left the old country for Virginia, but the ship on which they sailed encountered storms and was driven by the winds into Newport, R. I., where they settled, and of John Bours, also of Newport, and of Dutch descent. Children: 1. George Henry; 2. Charles Cartlandt; 3. John Boylston, all of whom died in childhood. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

SNYDER, WILLIAM O., merchant, was born September 4, 1862, in Greencastle, Pa. After leaving school he engaged in business with his father for several years. He removed to Birmingham early in 1887 and has been a merchant of that city ever since. He is a Mason. Married: February 25, 1891, to May V. Rhodes, of Greencastle, Pa. Residence: Birmingham.

SOLLIE, MICHAEL, lawyer, judge and farmer, was born October 13, 1864, at Farmersville, Union Parish, La.; son of John William and Elenor Elizabeth (Craddock) Sollie, the former early in life entered upon the work of a miner on the slopes of the Rocky Mountains, later removed to Alabama finally locating in Farmersville, La., where he did contract levee work on the Mississippi River, and its tributaries, served nearly four years in the C. S. Army, and died just before the cessation of hostilities; grandson of William and Lottie Craddock, who lived near Lawrenceville, Henry County. The paternal grandfather with his twelve sons, came from Ireland, their descendants settling in Southern and Western States. The Craddocks were of English origin. He was educated in the schools of Hilliardsville and Lawrenceville; and graduated A. B. from the University of Alabama, in 1888. He taught school in Georgia and Alabama; and later practiced law at Eufaula, Abbeville and at Ozark. He was a delegate from the third congressional district to the constitutional convention of 1901. On November 8, 1910, he was elected judge of the third judicial circuit, continuing to serve in that position until his resignation, September 12, 1915, at which time he resumed the practice of law with his son, Michael Sollie, jr. He is a Democrat; Methodist; Mason; Knight of Pythias and an Elk. Married: (1) June 28, 1889, to Howard's Landing, Early County, Ga., to Sarah Rebecca, daughter of Anthony and Sarah Rebecca

Hutchins, members of old Southwest Georgia families; (2) December 27, 1905, at Elba, Coffee County, Mrs. Alice Everett (Rainer) Wright, daughter of Young and Isabella Rainer, descendants of pioneer families of southeast Alabama. Children: 1. Michael William; 2. Mary Jane Vinson. Residence: Ozark.

SOMERVILLE, JAMES, tutor in Latin and Greek, at the University of Alabama, 1844-46. He held the A. M. degree.

SOMERVILLE, JAMES, ante bellum physician in Tuscaloosa; father of Hon. H. M. Somerville, (q. v.).

SOMERVILLE, JAMES, Presbyterian minister, was born in 1811, in South Carolina, and died in January, 1888. He removed to Alabama and was licensed by the Tuscaloosa presbytery in 1843, and ordained in 1845. He preached at Oak Grove, Bethseda, Mt. Olivet and again at Oak Grove. Last residence: Oak Grove.

SOMERVILLE, ORMOND, lawyer and associate justice of the supreme court, was born November 26, 1868, at Tuscaloosa; son of Henderson Middleton and Cornelia Banks (Harris) Somerville, the former a native of Madison County, Va., who lived in Tuscaloosa until 1880, when he was appointed associate justice of the supreme court of Alabama, removing from Montgomery in 1890, to New York City, upon his appointment as chairman of the board of Customs appraisers; grandson of Dr. James and Helen (Wallace) Somerville (q. v.), and of Richard Norfleet and Amanda (Banks) Harris (q. v.). He was educated in the schools of Tuscaloosa; and graduated, A. B., 1897, A. M. and LL. B. 1899, from the University of Alabama. He was instructor of Latin and English in the University of Alabama; principal of the high school at Macon, Miss., 1888-89; professor of law in the University of Alabama, 1896-1909, succeeding Col. A. C. Hargrove. He began the practice of his profession, August, 1890, at Tuscaloosa, as junior member of the firm of Fitts and Somerville; was senior member of the firm of Somerville and Weaver, during 1895-96. He resigned his law professorship, September 1, 1909, to become a candidate for the Alabama supreme court bench to which he was elected November 8, 1910, and re-elected, in 1916. He is a Democrat; Presbyterian; member of the Phi Beta Kappa honorary college fraternity and of the Sigma Nu college fraternity. Married: (1) in Tuscaloosa, to Kate Walter, who died in 1895; (2) December 22, 1898, at Shelbyville, Tenn., to Bessie Kandolph, daughter of Prof. George Matthews and Rebecca (Fry) Edgar (q. v.). Children: by first wife: 1. Cornelia; by second wife: 2. Elizabeth Fry; 3. Ormond, jr. Residence: Montgomery.

SOMERVILLE, WILLIAM G., physician and surgeon at the University of Alabama, 1894-97-98. Residence: Tuscaloosa.

SORRELL, B. M., lawyer; living in 1913. Residence: Athens.

SORRELL, GEORGE ANDREW, lawyer and legislator, was born August 26, 1865, near Mill Town, Chambers County, and died at Alexander City, in 1920; son of Green B. and Mittie (Weldon) Sorrell, the former a native of Chambers County, a member of Co. H, 47th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, and surrendered with General Lee, at Appomattox; grandson of Green J. Sorrell, one of the early settlers of Alabama, and of A. J. Weldon of Troup County, Ga. He was educated at Mill Town under Dr. W. H. Bruce, now president of the North Texas State normal college at Denison, Tex. Reading law in the office of Col. W. D. Bulger, at Dadeville, he was admitted to the bar in May, 1887, locating at Alexander City, where he practiced until his death. He was a delegate to the constitutional convention of 1901 from Tallapoosa County, and represented that county in the legislature of 1915. He was a Democrat; a Baptist; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: June 15, 1890, in Coosa County, to Linda M., daughter of Willis M. and Mattie Maxwell, of that county. Children: 1. Clifford M.; 2. Julius A.; 3. Minnie Beth. Last residence: Alexander City.

SOUTHALL, JAMES POWELL COCKE, teacher, a resident of Alabama, 1901-14, was born April 4, 1871, at Norfolk, Va.; son of James Cocke and Eliza Frances (Sharp) Southall, both of Virginia. He attended McGuier's school, and Richmond college, Richmond, Virginia; received the degrees of B. A. from the University of Virginia, 1891, M. A., 1893; and was a fellow at Johns Hopkins, in physics, 1898. He taught at McGuier's school, Richmond, Va., 1890-91; instructor in physics, University of Virginia, 1891-93; professor of physics and mathematics, Miller manual training school, Albemarle, Va., 1893-98; Prendergast professor of physics, Hobart college, Geneva, N. Y., 1899-1901; professor of physics, Alabama polytechnic institute, 1901-14; assistant professor of physics, 1914-17, and associate professor of physics 1917 to present date, at Columbia university. Author: while at Auburn, 1910, he published "Principles and methods of geometrical optics, especially as applied to the theory of optical instruments." Married: December 23, 1899, at Bellevue, Va., to Jeannie Oliver, daughter of William Richardson and Lucy Ridgway (Minor) Abbot. Children: 1. James C., deceased; 2. William R. A. Residence: New York City.

SOUTHERLAND, ROBERT W., grand high priest, grand chapter of Alabama, Masons, 1908.

SOUTHERLAND, ROBERT WILLIAM, business man, was born May 20, 1868, at Mount Olive, Duplin County, N. C., and died October 11, 1909, in Mobile; son of Robert W. and Martha Southerland, of Mount Olive, N. C. He was educated in the public schools of his native county. At the age of nineteen he removed to Fayetteville, N. C., later to Savannah, Ga., at both places being connected with the firm of McMillan brothers, manufacturers of copper turpentine stills. In 1896 he located

in Mobile as manager of the branch of the same firm. He was the inventor of a number of improvements to turpentine stills. He was a Mason, and a Presbyterian. Married: January 16, 1900, to Margaret D. Cordes. Children: 1. son; 2. daughter. Last residence: Mobile.

SOWELL, THOMAS LAMAR, lawyer, was born February 24, 1858, at Claiborne, Monroe County; son of William Calvin and Isabella (Roberts) Sowell, the former who was a native of the district of Lancaster, S. C., removed to Monroe County in 1847, and was probate judge of that county for three consecutive terms, commencing after the election of 1874; grandson of James Lawrence and Mary (Hunley) Sowell, the former who was a native of South Carolina, enlisted in the U. S. cavalry service in Lancaster District, March, 1836, served in the Seminole War, being honorably discharged at the close of the war, removed to Monroe County, and was judge of the orphans' court, and of Thomas Lamar and Catherine (McColl) Roberts, the latter who was a native of Marlborough district, S. C., of Scottish descent, her father having emigrated from Scotland about the time of the Revolutionary War; great-grandson of Capt. James and Ann (Cook) Sowell, the former who was a native of Sumter district, S. C., and removed about 1817 or 1818 to Monroe County, and of Absalom and Nancy Hunley, the former who was a native of Virginia, and of John Roberts, who removed with his family to Alabama from Edgefield district, S. C., in 1819. Judge Sowell was educated in the common schools of Monroe County. He read law in the office of Hon. Charles J. Torrey, at Monroeville; was admitted to the bar in January, 1879; continued to practice in Monroe County until 1887, when he removed to Jasper, Walker County; held the office of register in chancery in Monroe County from 1881 to 1887; representative in legislature, 1892; solicitor of that county, 1895-1900; state senator, 1898-1900; elected to office of state auditor, 1900, re-elected in 1902, resigning in 1905; was appointed judge of the Walker County law and equity court, and served until the court was abolished; was elected circuit judge of the fourteenth judicial circuit of Alabama. He is a Democrat, and a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, of which he is a member of the board of stewards. Married: January 17, 1894, at Jasper, to Margaret Eleanor, daughter of John B. and Harriet T. (Taylor) Lollar. Residence: Jasper.

SPAIN, JOHN BATT KENNEDY, Methodist minister, was born February 14, 1859, at Hickman, Tuscaloosa County, and died August 4, 1910, at Troy; son of John Henry and Harriet Caroline (Gregory) Spain, the former who was a native of Georgia, and lived in Hickman, Tuscaloosa County, until the war, served four years in the C. S. Army, moved to Columbus, Miss., late in 1865, and died there; grandson of John and Elizabeth (Hunnicut) Spain, the former who with his brothers Cad and Henry, came from England and settled in Virginia, and were the first of the name in this country; and of

Rev. Isaac and Harriet (Johnson) Gregory, who lived at Union District, S. C., and later moved to Pickens County; great-great-grandson of Batt Hunnicutt, a prominent Pennsylvania Quaker. He received a meagre early education. In August, 1881, he was licensed to preach, and in the same year entered the theological and literary departments at the Vanderbilt university, and was graduated A. B. in 1885. He left Vanderbilt and went to Troy where he filled the vacancy in the Methodist Episcopal church, South, left by Dr. Humphrey; joined the Alabama Conference, December, 1885; served as pastor at Citronelle for two years, Whistler for one year, Demopolis for three years, Unlontown for four years, Marion for three years, Auburn for three years, Marshall, Tex., for three years, Mobile, Government Street church for three years, and was presiding elder of the Troy District for three years. He was active in the local fight for prohibition in Marshall, Tex., 1904, and in the state fight in Alabama, 1907. He was treasurer of the mission board for ten years. He was author of the "Giants of Gath," was a Democrat and a Mason. Married: June 17, 1886, at Troy, to Ida L. (Lockard) Botto, daughter of William Walker and Sarah Elizabeth (Anderson) Lockard, who lived at Memphis, Tenn., the former who came from North Carolina and located at Medon, Tenn., and was a merchant. Her paternal grandmother was a McKissick, a relative of Judge McKissick of Memphis, Tenn., and of Prof. McKissick, of Auburn. Children: 1. Batt Lockard, m. Marion Squire, head of commercial department of centrifugal compressors General Electric company, Lynn, Mass.; 2. Helen, m. Fred C. Riley, Geneva; 3. Frank E., attorney, Birmingham; 4. Louise, Birmingham. Last residence: Troy.

SPANGLER, FRANK MICHAEL, cartoonist, was born March 15, 1881, at Osborn, Greene County, O.; son of Aaron and Susan Emeline (Serface) Spangler, the former a native of Bethlehem, Penn., a lieutenant colonel in the 110th Ohio Infantry, U. S. Volunteers, 1861-65, at one time president of the board of education, Springfield, O., mayor of Osborn, O., and from 1894-98 commissioner of Clark County, O.; grandson of Michael and Sarah Ann (Harrises) Spangler, of Bethlehem, Penn., and of Simon and Mary Ann (Lawall) Serface, of Clark County, O.; great-grandson of Michael Spangler; great-great-grandson of Michael and Catharina (Braunin) Spangler; great-great-great-grandson of Adam and Juliana Braun. Mr. Spangler is of German and French descent. He was educated in the schools of Springfield, O., and graduated from Wittenberg college at that place in 1893. His professional education was received at the Chase School of Art and the Art students league, of New York City. He was newspaper and commercial artist for the "Montgomery Advertiser," cartoonist, "Pennsylvania Gist," foreman of art department, "Atlanta Georgian," and is now cartoonist of the "Montgomery Advertiser." He was a musician in Battery B, 1st artillery, Ohio National Guard, until its disbandment, and a private, 1st cavalry, Alabama National Guard, 1908-12. He is a

Democrat; Lutheran; Mason; Knight Templar; Shriner; and a member of the Phi Kappa Psi college fraternity. Married: October 11, 1911, at Prattville, to Lucile, daughter of Judge W. F. and Ida (McConaughy) Wilkinson (q. v.). Children: 1. Frank Michael, jr.; 2. Lucile I. Residence: Montgomery.

SPARKS, CHAUNCEY, lawyer, was born October 8, 1884, in Barbour County; son of George Washington and Sarah E. (Castellow) Sparks, the former who was a native of Muscogee County, Ga., later removing to Barbour County; grandson of Samuel and Mary (Lawhon) Sparks, who formerly lived in Muscogee County, Ga., later moving to Barbour County, and of William H. and Lucy (Pie) Castellow, who were also Georgians, residing in Quitman County. Chauncey Sparks was educated in the public schools of Quitman County, Ga.; graduated with A. B. degree from Mercer university, Macon, Ga., 1907; received the L. B. degree from Mercer university in 1910. He entered upon the practice of law in November, 1910, at Eufaula; was appointed by Gov. O'Neal as judge of inferior court, precinct five, Barbour County, serving from July, 1911, to December, 1916; and was representative in the legislature from Barbour County in 1919. He was second lieutenant Co. G, Second infantry, Alabama national guard, April, 1912, to April, 1915. He is a Democrat; a Baptist; and an Elk. Residence: Eufaula.

SPEAKE, DANIEL WEBSTER, lawyer, farmer, was born July 8, 1856, at Oakville, Lawrence County, and died January 3, 1915, at Decatur; son of James B. and Sarah Brooks (Lindsey) Speake, the former who was a native of Washington County, Ky., lived at Oakville from 1833 to 1890, was a teacher, farmer, superintendent of education, was twice a member of the legislature, and was a member of the constitutional convention of 1865; grandson of John Speake, who lived in Washington County, Ky., and of Dennis and Jennie Lindsey, who lived at Oakville but were originally of Kentucky. The Speakes are of Dutch and English ancestry, the first members of the family in this country having come with Lord Baltimore and settled in Maryland. The Lindseys are of Scotch-Irish descent, the ancestors having settled in this country before the Revolutionary War, in which they took an active part. Daniel W. Speake received his early education in the schools of Lawrence County, and later attended the University of Alabama, from which he was graduated A. M., in 1878, and LL. B. in July, 1879. He commenced the practice of law at Moulton in September, 1879; was solicitor for Jackson County from 1885-89; and was appointed judge of the eighth judicial circuit, July 23, 1904, and re-elected in November of that year, serving until his death. He was a Democrat and served as deacon in the Presbyterian church. Married: on December 14, 1881, at Tuscaloosa, to Caro McCalla, daughter of Major R. C. and Margaret E. (Lewis) McCalla of that place, the former who was of Scotch-Irish-French ancestry, was major of engineers in the C. S. Army of Virginia, and the

latter who was a South Carolinian, and a member of the Gaston family of that state and of North Carolina. Children: 1. Richard, deceased; 2. Elizabeth; 3. Charles Lewis; 4. Daniel W.; 5. Carolee; 6. Neal; 7. Margaret Lindsey. Last residence: Decatur.

SPEAKE, HENRY CLAY, lawyer, circuit judge, was born June 17, 1834, in Lawrence County, and died December, 1900, at Huntsville; son of James B. and Sarah B. (Lindsey) Speake, the former who was a native of Kentucky, located in Lawrence County, in 1832, taught school near Oakdale, served as county superintendent of Lawrence County for several terms, was a member of the Alabama constitutional convention, 1865, and was in the legislature in 1870, 1872, 1876, 1878; grandson of Basil Speake, who came from Maryland to Kentucky about 1790, and whose ancestors came from England with Lord Baltimore and settled in Maryland. He was reared on a farm, received a common school education, and at the age of twenty years taught school. He attended the law school at Cumberland university, Lebanon, Tenn., was graduated in January, 1857, and in February of that year removed to Decatur, where he lived, with the exception of six months spent in Texas in 1860, until the outbreak of the War of Secession. In August, 1862, he enlisted in the C. S. Army, as private in Co. D, Fourth Alabama Cavalry regiment, was soon after promoted to the rank of sergeant-major, and later to adjutant of the regiment. About January, 1864, he was appointed quarter-master of the same regiment and was captured with a part of Forrest's command near Columbus, Ga. He settled in Moulton after the war, and in 1874, was Democratic candidate for nomination to congress, and was defeated. He was elected chancellor of the northern division of Alabama, in 1874, which position he held until 1880. In 1876, he removed to Huntsville. In August, 1880, he was elected judge of the eighth judicial circuit of the state, and in August, 1886, 1892, and 1898, was re-elected. He was a Campbellite; a Mason; and a member of Egbert J. Jones Camp, United Confederate Veterans. Married: January 27, 1860, to Carrie O. Mayhew, daughter of Jonathan Mayhew of New England; and a direct descendant of Sir Thomas Mayhew, first governor of Martha's Vineyard. Children: 1. Kate M.; 2. Henry C.; 3. Paul (q. v.); 4. Sallie May, deceased; 5. James M., deceased; 6. Carrie Belle, deceased. Last residence: Huntsville.

SPEAKE, JAMES B., member of the constitutional convention of 1865, from Lawrence County.

SPEAKE, PAUL, lawyer and circuit judge, was born June 17, 1871, at Moulton, Lawrence County; son of Henry Clay and Carrie Olivia (Mayhew) Speake (q. v.). His early education was received at Huntsville, and he later attended the University of Alabama for a part of the session, 1887-88, being unable to finish because of failing health. While a stenographer in the office of Humes, Walker & Sheffey, he studied law, and in 1890, was admitted to the

bar. He became a member of the firm of Humes, Sheffey & Speake, later of the firm Humes & Speake, and subsequently of Spragins & Speake. In November, 1903, he was appointed judge of the sixteenth judicial district, and was nominated in the Democratic primary, 1904, but the act creating the office was declared unconstitutional in the fall of 1904. He was a Democrat, a Presbyterian, served as elder, a Mason and a Woodman of the World. Married: January 17, 1895, at Huntsville, to Florence Inez Hoy, daughter of Clarence E. and Clara Hoy, who lived at Huntsville, and who were natives of Michigan, moved to Decatur in 1888, and to Huntsville, in 1894. Children: 1. Dorothy C.; 2. Margery M.; 3. Paul Meredith; all reside in Huntsville. Residence: Huntsville.

SPEARS, NAPOLEON BONAPARTE, lawyer, member of the constitutional convention, 1901, was born December 6, 1848, at Pikeville, Bledsoe County, Tenn.; son of James Gallant and Adaline Kendrick (Brown) Spears, the former who lived at Pikeville, Tenn., and was a brigadier-general in the U. S. Army, during the War of Secession. Both of his grandfathers served in Jackson's Army and in the battle of New Orleans. He received a common school education, and attended the Emory and Henry College, at Virginia. In 1869, he began the practice of law and practiced in Tennessee, Alabama, and Georgia. He was a member of the Tennessee legislature in 1874 and 1875; representing six counties; was a member of the Alabama legislature, 1898-1899, 1900-1901; and was a member of the constitutional convention in 1901. He is a Republican, and a Methodist. Married: October 26, 1876, at Jasper, Tenn., to Florence Eugenia Mitchell. Residence: Pell City.

SPEED, JOSEPH H., teacher, member constitutional convention, 1867, and superintendent of education; was born September 12, 1834, on his father's plantation in Mecklenburg County, Va.; son of Edward and Frances (Young) Speed, natives of North Carolina; grandson of John and Mary (Wade) Speed, of Mecklenburg County; and seventh in descent from John Speed, English historian, geographer and antiquarian who Bishop Nicholson says "had a head the best disposed toward history of any of our writers." He was educated at Hampton Sidney college, Va., graduating in 1856, taking first honors in scholarship and receiving the gold medal awarded by his literary society. The faculty said that "He was the best scholar and most thoroughly informed graduate they had up to the time turned out." Soon after his graduation he located at Marion, and became a teacher. He served in the C. S. Army as a captain in the 28th Alabama infantry regiment. He was a Whig in politics and opposed secession, "believing no adequate cause existed for such a step"; after the war allied himself with the Republicans; was a delegate from Perry County to the Republican convention held in June, 1867; represented the 21st district in the constitutional convention of 1867, and prepared the minority report of the com-

mittee on franchise. He served as U. S. marshal for Alabama several years; and in 1872 was elected State superintendent of education, serving one term; was a large property holder at Marion; a successful planter; and for many years was president of the Marion female seminary. Married: (1) Virginia M. Lockett, a native of Virginia; (2) Pattie T. Pack of Alabama. Children, by first wife: 1. Edward; 2. Frances Virginia; by second wife: 3. John; 4. James; 5. Rosa; 6. Alice; 7. Pattie; 8. Francis. Last residence: Marion.

SPEER, WALTER BROOKS, teacher, was born September 14, 1876, at Speed, Coosa County; a son of Francis Brooks and Melissa Helen (Ruffin) Speer, the former who was a native of South Carolina; grandson of William Speer, who lived at Speed, Coosa County, and of Wiley and Elizabeth Ruffin, who lived near Buyck. His ancestors came from Ireland and settled in Abbeville District, South Carolina, just before the Revolutionary War, and his great-grandfather served in the Revolutionary War. Later one of the family settled in Pennsylvania. His early education was obtained in the public schools of Elmore County, and he later attended the Briarfield Normal Institute, in Bibb County, where he obtained a teacher's certificate. He then attended the State Normal school at Troy, and afterwards taught for several years in the public schools of Alabama. He went to Birmingham where he attended the Wheeler business college, studied bookkeeping and shorthand, taught in the stenographic department for two years, and obtained the degree of master of accounts. He resumed teaching in Coosa County, and has taught in the public schools; business college; was principal of the Healing Springs industrial academy for two years; was principal of the Boaz high school; and for two years taught mathematics and bookkeeping in the Daphne State Normal school. He is a Democrat, a Baptist, and a Mason. Married: May 5, 1903, at Deatsville, to Roxie Butler, daughter of Whit and Telitha (Cumi) Butler, who lived at Deatsville. Children: 1. Robert Brooks; 2. Evelyn Marie. Residence: Daphne.

SPEIR, ROSS, physician, was born August 11, 1884, at Furman, Wilcox County; son of James Philip and Mary Ann (Henderson) Speir, the former who was a native of Cow Creek, Kemper County, Miss., lived at Furman from 1866 to 1912, served in the War of Secession as captain of a Texas company, received two wounds, was brevetted colonel near close of war, and was a member of the Alabama legislature, 1892-93; grandson of Henry Polk and Jane (Handley) Speir, who lived at Cow Creek, Miss., and in Texas, and of Lindsay and Mary Ann (Breckinridge) Henderson, who lived at Pleasant Springs, Miss.; great-grandson of Richard Breckinridge, who served in the War of 1812, and was a brother of John Breckinridge, who removed to Kentucky and later became the father of John C. Breckinridge, one of the candidates for U. S. president in 1860; great-great-grandson of James B. Breckinridge, who emigrated from Ireland to the southern

colonies in 1775, settled in Scrivner County, Ga., and served in the Georgia and Carolina campaigns of the Revolutionary War; great-great-grandson of John Breckinridge, who removed from Scotland to Ireland. Ross Speir received his early education in the public schools of Furman, and later attended the University of Alabama, from which he was graduated A. B., in 1904; attended the University of Chicago for one summer quarter; and was graduated from the University of Louisville, M. D., in 1908. Practiced medicine at Snow Hill from July, 1908, to December, 1909, and then removed three miles east of Furman, where he combined planting with his practice. He is a Democrat; a Baptist; Mason; and Knight of Pythias. Married: June 19, 1913, in Birmingham, to Emma Parker, daughter of James Benjamin and Fannie (White) Parker of Memphis, Pickens County; granddaughter of Dr. Walter White, who resided in Mississippi. Children: 1. Frances Marie, b. September 19, 1914. Residence: Furman.

SPENCE, J. K., Presbyterian minister, was born in 1843, in South Carolina, and died December 20, 1893. He removed from South Carolina to Alabama in 1857. For a number of years he was ruling elder in Oak Grove church, Tuscaloosa presbytery; was taken under the care of that presbytery in 1883; later transferred to the East Alabama presbytery; licensed to preach and ordained as evangelist in 1887; and for six years served as a missionary in five or six churches.

SPENCER, GEORGE ELIPHAZ, lawyer, brevet brigadier-general, U. S. Army, U. S. senator, was born November 1, 1836, in Champion, Jefferson County, N. Y.; and died February 19, 1893, at Washington, D. C.; son of Dr. Gordon P. Spencer, a native of Salisbury, Conn., from which state the Spencer family emigrated to New York, and who was a surgeon in the U. S. Army during the War of 1812; and a descendant of Hon. John C. Spencer and Ambrose Spencer, statesmen and lawyers. He received a liberal education at Montreal college, Canada, and returning to his home in Watertown, N. Y., engaged in the study of law. He then went to Iowa, where in 1857, he was admitted to the bar, and was chosen secretary of the Iowa State senate at its session of 1857-58. When the War of Secession broke out, he was prospecting the mineral resources of Colorado and adjacent territory, but stopping this work he enlisted in the U. S. Army, as captain and assistant adjutant-general of volunteers, and served as chief of staff to Maj.-Gen. Grenville M. Dodge. In 1863, he recruited and raised the First regiment of Alabama cavalry, U. S. Army, composed of mountaineers of that state, and commanded a brigade of cavalry on Sherman's famous march to the sea, as colonel. He was brevetted a brigadier-general for gallantry on the field, March 13, 1865. He resumed the practice of law at Decatur after the war; was appointed register in bankruptcy, by Chief Justice Chase, in May, 1867; was elected a Republican senator in congress, July 21, 1868, for a term of six years; and was re-elected in 1873. He was

chairman of the committee on military affairs in the Forty-fifth congress; in 1881, was prominent in the exposure of the star-route postal lines, and in the establishment of two cent letter postage, in 1883. The last two years of his life, he spent on a ranch in Nevada, where he had mining interests. Married: (1) in 1862, to Bella Zilfa, a native of London, England, who was the author of "Ura, The Lost Wife," 1864, "Tried and True, a Story of the Rebellion," 1866, and "Surface and Depth," 1867, who died August 1, 1867; (2) in 1877, to William Loring, author. Last residence: Washington, D. C.

SPENCER, WILLIAM MICAJAH, lawyer and planter, was born July 21, 1860, in Greene County; son of Alvis Harper and Susan Elizabeth Spencer, the former who was a planter and an officer in the Confederate army; grandson of Thomas and Sarah (Berry) Burress of Prentiss County, Miss., and of Samuel Otts Spencer, who resided in Pickens and Greene Counties. The earliest ancestry came from Scotland and England, the great-grandparents settling in Virginia. Mr. Spencer attended a preparatory school at Knoxville, Greene County; also the University of Alabama, where he graduated with the degree of A. B. in 1882, and from the law school in 1883. He entered upon the practice of law at Nashville; removed to Birmingham in 1887, following his profession there until 1895; because of ill health removed to the Canebrake region of Hale County, near Gallion, to look after his planting interests, but retaining his place at the bar; and was elected State senator in November, 1902. He is a Democrat, and a Presbyterian. Married: on July 10, 1889, at the "Waldwic" plantation near Gallion, to Bertha Gracey Steele, daughter of Sinclair Ninian and Mary Elizabeth (Smith) Steele, a native of South Carolina, who removed to Gallion; granddaughter of Robert Gracey and William Smith, both officers in the Revolutionary War, the latter who was elected to congress after the war and was a personal friend of George Washington. Residence: Gallion.

SPESSARD, ALVIN MILTON, teacher and legislator, was born November 14, 1860, at Cavetown, Washington County, Md.; son of Samuel H. and Susan R. (Hawkins) Spessard; grandson of David and Annie (Weaver) Spessard, and of John and Anna (Kuhn) Hawkins, all of Cavetown, Md. He was educated in the public schools of his state and at St. Johns college, Annapolis, Md. In 1880, he began teaching, and has since followed that profession in Maryland and Alabama. From 1898 to 1903 he was superintendent of education of Perry County, and has been a member of the county board of education since 1904. He is a member of the State text book commission. In 1915 he was one of the representatives in the legislature from Perry County. He is a Democrat; a Presbyterian; a Mason; a Knight of Pythias; and a Woodman of the World. Married: Annie, daughter of John Henry and Ella (Sims) White, of Uniontown. Residence: Uniontown.

SPIEGEL, OSCAR PENDLETON, minister Christian church, was born May 11, 1866, at Falkville, Morgan County; son of Samuel and Mary Elizabeth (Tapscott) Spiegel, the former a native of Morgan County, who was a member of Joe Wheeler's cavalry during the War of Secession; grandson of Henry and Mary Spiegel, who lived where Falkville now is, the former who came from Germany at the age of seven, lived in Pennsylvania, North Carolina, and later settled in Alabama; and of James and Mary Elizabeth Tapscott, who lived where Falkville is now, the former who came from Scotland when very young and settled in Morgan County. His early education was received in the country schools at Piney Grove, Morgan County, and later he attended Mars' Hill Bible college, and College of the Bible; the Transylvania university; and the Chicago university. He was minister for one year at the following places: Franklin, Ky., Anniston, and Mayfield, Ky.; was Alabama State evangelist, 1894-97; minister at Birmingham, 1898-1901; Chicago, 1902; and at New Orleans, in December, 1902. From 1903, to 1911, he was general independent evangelist of the Christian church, or the Disciples of Christ, and held revivals in New York, Chicago, Charleston, Pittsburg, Jacksonville, New Orleans, Atlanta, Savannah, St. Louis, Lexington, Louisville, Cincinnati, Washington City, and Los Angeles. He is pastor of the Central Christian church at Montgomery. For some years he was editor of the "Gospel Messenger," and the "Alabama Christian," at Montgomery. He is an Odd Fellow. Married: October 10, 1893, at Franklin, Simpson County, Ky., to Annie Brawner Widener, daughter of Samuel and Mary (Hoy) Widener, who lived at Franklin, Ky., the former who was a captain in the seventy-first Ohio regiment in the battle of Chickamauga; granddaughter of George Washington Hoy, who was captain of the Third Kentucky cavalry in the War of Secession; great-granddaughter of John Hoy, who was a veteran of the Revolutionary War. Residence: Montgomery.

SPIEGEL, S. P., minister of the Christian church. Residence: Birmingham.

SPLANN, CORNELIUS, *soldier of the American Revolution*, age not given, a resident of Morgan County; sergeant 8th Regular U. S. Infantry; enrolled on October 15, 1818, payment to date from July 23, 1818; annual allowance, \$48; sums received to date of publication of list, \$557.69; acts military establishment.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23d Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

SPOTSWOOD, DILLON, physician; graduate of the medical department of the University of Alabama, 1890; licensed to practice by the county board of Mobile, 1892. Residence: Mobile.

SPOTSWOOD, WILLIAM AUGUSTINE WASHINGTON, physician, was born October 2, 1806, at Spotswood estate, Orange County, Va., and died September 7, 1891, at Mobile;

son of George Washington and Lucy (Spotswood) Spotswood, cousins, the former who was a native of Virginia; grandson of Gen. Alexander and Elizabeth (Washington) Spotswood, who lived at Virginia, the former who was an officer in the Revolutionary War, and a personal friend of George Washington, who presented him with a sword, and of George Willis Spotswood. His great-great-grandfather was Gov. Alexander Spotswood, who was a native of Tangier, Africa, born in 1676. He became a soldier and served under the Duke of Marlborough at Blenheim, and was promoted to the rank of quartermaster-general in the British army. In 1710, he was appointed governor of Virginia; was instrumental in the restoration of William and Mary college, and in the establishment of a school for Indian children. He formed the first exploration party to the Appalachian mountains in 1716, named Mounts George and Spotswood, and took possession of the Valley of Virginia in the name of King George I. He encouraged further explorations; secured a treaty in 1772, with the Six Nations; introduced the plan to extend the Virginia settlements, to interrupt the means of communication between Canada and the Gulf of Mexico; and in 1772, was removed from the governorship; was deputy postmaster-general of the colonies, 1780-89; was postmaster of Pennsylvania; established the first iron smelting furnace in Virginia; was appointed major general in 1740, and was given command of an expedition to the West Indies, but his death occurred before time for embarkation. Dr. Spotswood's education was received in private schools, and he later attended the University of Virginia, where he was graduated, M. D. He then took a post graduate course at Philadelphia, and in 1830, entered the U. S. Navy, as assistant surgeon. He was later made surgeon and then chief of the bureau of surgery, C. S. Navy, 1861-65. He was a Democrat and an Episcopalian. Married: in December, 1842, at Mt. Vernon, to Mary Reese Eastin, daughter of Col. Thomas and Lucinda (Gayle) Eastin (q. v.), the latter who was a sister of George John Gayle (q. v.). Children: 1. George Willis, deceased; 2. Thomas Eastin; 3. John Gayle, deceased; 4. Montgomery Barkeley; 5. William Chase; 6. Dillon Jordan, was graduated A. B., from the University of Alabama, M. D., 1890, Mobile, graduate course, New York, 1890, acting assistant surgeon of the U. S. Army, 1890-92, surgeon, Sea Board Manufacturing Company and Railroad, 1893-96; 7. LITTLE G., deceased, m. Robert B. Morris of Mobile. Last residence: Mobile.

SPRAGINS, ROBERT ELIAS, lawyer, was born October 14, 1861, at Huntsville; son of Robert Stith and Sarah Agnes (Crutcher) Spragins. He received his early education in the private school of Prof. Charles O. Shepherd of Huntsville, and he later attended the University of Alabama, from which he was graduated M. A., in 1880. In 1883 he began the practice of law at Huntsville; was district delegate to the constitutional convention of 1901, serving on the committees on militia, order, consistency and harmony in that body; was

elected to the State senate in November, 1902; was re-elected in 1906, and again in 1910; on April 11, 1911, was chosen chairman of the state highway commission; and in 1913 was a senator from the fourth district. He is a Democrat and a Presbyterian. Married: on December 28, 1886, to Susan Patton Echols, daughter of William H. and Mary E. (Patton) Echols, the former who was a graduate of West Point, and the latter who was the daughter of Dr. Charles H. Patton. Residence: Huntsville.

SPRATLING, WILLIAM PHILIP, physician, was born October 13, 1863, in Chambers County; son of William Philip and Mary Ann Spratling. He attended the Alabama polytechnic institute, Auburn, for one term; Vanderbilt university, Nashville, as medical student; and graduated with the degree of M. D., from College of physicians and surgeons, Baltimore, 1886; entered the U. S. Marine hospital service as a medical interne, 1887, and after leaving that work became a specialist in nervous and mental diseases, at one time being medical superintendent of the Craig colony for epileptics, the first institution of its kind in the world. Married: December 11, 1901, to Miss Annie Gorton, of Brooklyn, N. Y. Residence: Lafayette.

SPROTT, SAMUEL HENRY, lawyer, was born June 24, 1840, near Gaston, Sumter County; son of Robert and Mary (Bothwell) Sprott, the former who was born in County Down, Ireland, came to America in 1838, and in January, 1840, settled in Sumter County, was engaged in farming until his death; grandson of James and Margaret (Hamilton) Sprott, who resided in County Down, Ireland, and of Arthur and Mary (Adams) Bothwell, who were residents of County Down, Ireland. The great-grandfathers on both sides were Scotch of the Clan Douglas, and were both at the battle of Culloden on the side of Charles Edward the Pretender. After the battle they made their escape to the north of Ireland. The name "Sprott" was originally "Spratt," the change in spelling evidently being brought about by a differentiation in pronunciation. Samuel H. Sprott was educated in the old field schools of Sumter County. He entered the C. S. Army in March, 1862, and served as first lieutenant of Co. A, and later as captain of Co. B, Fortieth Alabama infantry regiment. After the war he studied law in the office of Chancellor Thomas Cobbs; was admitted to the bar in 1867; practiced continuously in Livingston until his appointment as judge of the sixth judicial circuit, March 18, 1883; held this position by successive re-elections until 1910, then declined to stand for re-election; in 1910 was elected to represent Pickens and Sumter Counties in the State senate, and re-elected in 1913. He is a Democrat; a ruling elder in the Presbyterian church; and a Mason. He is author of a history of the Fortieth Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. A. Married: on December 23, 1868, at Livingston, to Leonora Brockway, daughter of Dr. Augustus E. and Martha E. (Horn) Brockway, the former who was a native of Connecticut, the latter a daughter of

Jacob and Mary Horn, natives of North Carolina. Children: 1. Mary Augusta, m. Thomas L. Long; 2. Mattie Bothwell, m. Thomas H. Robertson; 3. Nonie Belle, m. J. O. Long; 4. S. H., jr.; 5. Margaret Bothwell; 6. Robert. Residence: Livingston.

SPROTT, SAMUEL HENRY, Jr., lawyer, was born September 4, 1879, at Livingston; son of Samuel Henry and Leonora (Brockway) Sprott (q. v.). The early education of S. H. Sprott, jr., was received in the Livingston male academy, and he later attended the University of Alabama, 1894-98, graduating in that latter year, A. B. He then attended the law department of the University of Alabama, graduating LL. B., in 1902. During the years 1891-1901, he taught school with Julius T. Wright at the University military school at Mobile; entered the practice of law at Tuscaloosa in 1903, forming a partnership with A. S. Van de Graaff; was U. S. commissioner for the northern district of Alabama, 1906-12; and was elected president of the board of commissioners of Tuscaloosa, July, 1911. He is a Democrat, was a member of the state convention in 1910, and 1912; a deacon in the First Presbyterian church at Tuscaloosa; a Royal Arch Mason; and a Knight Templar. Residence: Tuscaloosa.

ST. JOHN, COLUMBUS B., major, 48th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

ST. JOHN, F. E., lawyer; living in 1913. Residence: Cullman.

ST. JOHN, WILLIAM POPE, banker, was born February 19, 1849, in Mobile, and died on February 24, 1897, in that city; son of Newton and Maria Jane (Pope) St. John, of Mobile. He received his early education in his native town, continued it in Europe and spent one year at Andover, Mass.; received the honorary degree of M. A., from Williams college; entered the banking business in New York and rapidly rose to the front, but on account of his advocacy of free coinage, was forced to resign as president of the Mercantile national bank and director of the Second national bank of New York City. Last residence: Mobile.

ST. PAUL, HENRY, lawyer, was born October 15, 1815, at Antwerp, Belgium, and died February 26, 1886, at New Orleans; son of Andre St. Paul de Léchard, a native of Paris, France, who served in Napoleon's Army and was wounded at Waterloo. The name de Léchard, was dropped during the French revolution, resumed afterwards, but again fell into disuse after Henry St. Paul's emigration to America. His early boyhood was spent in Paris, where he studied art, and in 1830, he came to America, and settled in New Orleans. He attended law school at the Transylvania university, Ky., was graduated LL. B., in 1841 and in the same year was admitted to practice by the supreme court of Louisiana. He practiced law in New Orleans from 1841, until the War of Secession. He was a member of the constitutional convention of Louisiana in 1862, and in 1866, was elected to the State senate.

As commander of the New Orleans legion of artillery, in June, 1866, he was ordered by Gen. Palfrey to defend the state arsenal against an expected attack from the Know-Nothings, and later he, with Hon. T. J. Semmes, carried on a political campaign against the same party in the region of the Attakapas. At the outbreak of the War of Secession, he resigned his command of the Orleans artillery, and organized and equipped, at his own expense, a company of "Chasseurs-a-pied," foot rifles, of which he was captain. The Chasseurs were ordered to Fort Pickens, and remained there until 1862. The battalion was then transferred to active service in Virginia. He was promoted to lieutenant-colonel, and then major; was transferred to the Trans Mississippi, to the staff of Gen. Dick Taylor; and was then transferred to the quartermaster's department at Mobile. He participated in the battle of Seven Pines, was at Ft. Morgan when Farragut passed up the bay, and at the time of surrender was stationed at Mobile. After the war he removed to Mobile, and resumed his law practice, until his death. He was auditor of the city of Mobile about 1880; from 1865-72, he was editor of the Mobile "Times"; and at intervals from 1872-80, was editor of the Mobile "Register." He was a contributor to the Mobile Sunday papers, and among his articles was a "Weekly Review of European Politics." He was a Democrat, and a Catholic. Married: in April, 1843, at New Orleans, La., to Amanda Eugenie Puchen, daughter of Jules Puchen of New Orleans. Children: 1. Stella, deceased, m. Philip La Barthe; 2. Regina, deceased, m. John L. Rapier; 3. Alba, Mobile, m. George A. Russell, deceased; 4. Oneida, New Orleans; 5. Amanda, deceased, a Sister of Charity; 6. John, judge of court of appeals, New Orleans, La.; 7. George, public accountant, New Orleans, La. Last residence: New Orleans.

STAFFORD, DAVID, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 74, and a resident of Morgan County; private Virginia Continental Line; enrolled on May 16, 1826, under act of Congress of March 18, 1818, payment to date from April 22, 1826; annual allowance, \$96; sums received to date of publication of list, \$707.46.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

STAFFORD, SAMUEL M., professor of ancient languages, at the University of Alabama, 1837-56. He held the degree of A. M.

STAGG, JOHN WELDON, Presbyterian minister, a resident of Alabama for a number of years, was born August 17, 1864, at Richmond, Va., and died at Orlando, Fla., December 24, 1915; son of John Fox and Sarah Ann (Brazel) Stagg. Dr. Stagg graduated from Westminster college, 1885; A. B. and B. D. Southwestern Presbyterian university, 1888; studied at Berlin, 1896-97; received the honorary degree of D. D., Davidson college, N. C., 1896; was ordained a Presbyterian minister, 1888; served churches in Tennessee, Kentucky and North Carolina before accepting a call to the First church, Birmingham, 1903, where he re-

mained until 1909, when he was chosen president of the Alabama Presbyterian college for men at Anniston. He gave up the presidency in 1914. Author: "Calvin, Twisse and Edwards on universal salvation of infants," 1902. "The race problem in the South," 1904; "Racial ideals," 1905. Married: June 4, 1891, to Nellie Rice, of Richmond, Va. Last residence: Orlando, Fla.

STAKELY, CHARLES AVERETT, Baptist minister, was born March 3, —, at Madisonville, Monroe County, Tenn.; son of Samuel Smith and Susan Frances (Fonville) Stakely, the former a native of Madisonville who later settled in Montgomery, a Confederate soldier, captain quartermaster 59th Tennessee Infantry regiment; grandson of William Maulsby and Sarah (Smith) Stakely of Madisonville, and of Rev. John Averett and Rachael (Sloan) Fonville, of Darlington, S. C. and Hickory Grove. The Stakelys were of German ancestry, coming first to Lancaster settlement, Pa., then to Tennessee. The name was originally Stöckl. The Fonvilles were of French ancestry coming originally to Virginia and North Carolina. The first form of the name was de Fontvieille. Dr. Stakely's Revolutionary ancestors were Martin Myers of Tennessee and Needham Bryan and Needham Bryan, jr., of North Carolina. He received his elementary education in Montgomery, and La Grange, Ga.; attended Mercer university where he graduated with the A. M. degree in 1884. He received the honorary degree of D. D. from Richmond college, Va., and LL. D. from Furman university, S. C. He studied law in the office of Tuggle and Cox at La Grange, and in his eighteenth year was admitted to the bar after standing the prescribed examination in open court. He was the first solicitor appointed under the county court system in Georgia and this before he was of age. He was ordained in the Baptist ministry at La Grange in 1880 and has served pastorates at Elberton. Hartwell and Augusta, Ga., Citadel square, Charleston, S. C., First Baptist church, Washington, D. C., and First Baptist church, Montgomery. He is a trustee of the Southern Baptist theological seminary. Dr. Stakely has the unique distinction of having built a new church in each place he has served, those in Washington, Charleston and Montgomery being imposing structures. He is a Prohibitionist; a member of the Thirteen, a literary club of Montgomery. Author: "Poems" two volumes, published during his youth, "Introduction of the Negro into the United States" published in the Magazine of American history, 1892; "Fanny Crosby, or the contribution of women to Christian hymnology," published in "Review and expositor," Louisville, Ky., 1915; numerous articles and sermons. He has in preparation: "Religious history of the negro in the United States"; "Boys and girls in American history," and "Our American Baptist Hymnology." Married: February 15, 1882, at Hephzibah, Richmond County, Ga., to Sarah Jessie, daughter of Rev. William Hudson and Sarah Anne (Kilpatrick) Davis, of that place; granddaughter of Rev. William Davis, of Virginia a Revolutionary soldier,

wounded at Yorktown and cared for by Lafayette in his own tent. Her paternal ancestors were English and Welsh, her maternal Scotch-Irish and English. Her great-great-grandfather, Peter Jones, was the founder of Petersburg, Va. Children: 1. Davis Fonville, m. LeGrand Smith, Montgomery; 2. Anne Kilpatrick, m. Henry F. Martin, Atlanta; 3. Frances Sloan, m. James DeWitt Wilcox, Birmingham; 4. Flora McIver, m. Aurelian H. Cooledge. 5. Charles A., Jr., Atlanta, Ga. Residence: Montgomery.

STALLINGS, JESSE FRANCIS, lawyer, representative in congress, was born April 4, 1856, near Manningsham, Butler County; son of Reuben and Lucinda (Ferguson) Stallings, the former who was a resident of Butler County, a farmer, and served throughout the War of Secession under Gen. Robert E. Lee, and the latter who was a native of Alabama. The grandfathers of Mr. Stallings were among the early settlers of Butler County, having settled there in 1818. He was brought up on a farm, but was later sent to the Universities of Kentucky and Alabama, and was graduated A. B., from the latter university, in 1877. He taught school for one year and then commenced the study of law under J. C. Richardson of Greenville, and in 1879, was admitted to the bar. He began to practice at Greenville, formed a partnership with L. E. Brooks, which was dissolved at the end of two years and a partnership with C. L. Wilkerson was formed. He has been a delegate from Butler County, to all the state conventions since 1880, and in 1886, was elected solicitor for the second judicial district for a term of six years. He was a delegate to the Democratic National convention, in 1888. In 1892, he was nominated for congress over three other aspirants, and was elected. He was elected as a Democrat to the Fifty-third, and to the three succeeding congresses, from March 4, 1893, to March 3, 1901. He then removed to Birmingham where he resumed the practice of law. He is a Knight of Pythias. Married: (1) March 7, 1883, at Eufaula, to Ella McCallister, who died, daughter of A. M. McCallister of Eufaula; (2) in July, 1887, to Belle McCallister, sister of his former wife. Residence: Birmingham.

STALLWORTH, EMMETT LEMUEL, physician; graduate of the medical department of the University of Alabama, 1894; licensed to practice by the county board of Conecuh. Residence: Evergreen.

STALLWORTH, JAMES ADAMS, lawyer, representative in congress, was born April 7, 1822, near Evergreen, and died August 31, 1861, in Evergreen; son of Nicholas and Polly (Adams) Stallworth (q. v.), and brother of Nicholas Stallworth (q. v.). When he was three years of age, his mother died and eleven years later he was left parentless by the death of his father. His education was obtained in the academy at Evergreen. He began planting and had pursued that occupation for several years when he was elected on the Democratic

ticket for representative to the legislature, in 1845. In 1847, he was renominated and elected over his Whig competitor, Judge H. F. Stearns. He began the study of law during his last term of service in the legislature, and in 1848 was licensed to practice, and in 1850, was elected solicitor of the second judicial district. He resigned this position in 1855, and accepted nomination for congress of the Democratic party over Col. Percy Walker of Mobile, the candidate of the Know-Nothing Party, but was defeated. He was, however, elected to congress, in 1857, over Col. John McKaskill, of Wilcox County, and was again elected, in 1859, defeating Col. Fred Sheppherd of Mobile. He remained in congress until the passage of the ordinance of secession by the Alabama convention, when together with the remainder of the Alabama delegation, he withdrew. His health did not permit active service in the C. S. Army, but he contributed largely of his means to the cause. His death occurred in the first year of the war. He was a Mason. Married: about 1840, to Harriet Emmaline Crosby, daughter of John Crosby, of Belleville. Children: 1. Mary Elizabeth, deceased, m. William Edward Broughton, who died in the C. S. Army; 2. John Crosby, first lieutenant, Fifteenth Alabama regiment, 1861, and adjutant, Thirty-third Alabama regiment, C. S. A., 1862, d. in military service, 1862; 3. Nicholas (q. v.); 4. James Adams, first lieutenant, C. S. A., d. at the University of Virginia, November, 1866; 5. Sallie Allen, d. in childhood. Last residence: Evergreen.

STALLWORTH, NICHOLAS, pioneer and farmer, was born April 25, 1777, at Edgefield District, S. C., and died December 6, 1836, at Evergreen; son of William and Jemima (Trippe) Stallworth, the former who resided in Edgefield District, S. C. He later removed to Clarke County, where he remained only one year, and in 1818, the hostilities of the Indians having subsided, he together with several others removed to the east side of the Alabama River. He located four miles southeast of Evergreen, on what is now known as the Evergreen and Brooklyn public road, and he continued to reside there until his death. Married: (1) to Polly Adams, daughter of James Adams of Edgefield District, S. C.; (2) to Sallie Allen, daughter of James Allen, a native of Edgefield District, S. C. Children, by first marriage: 1. a daughter, deceased, m. Starling Kemp; 2. Lemuel, deceased, m. a Miss Lee; 3. Pamela, deceased, m. a Longmire; 4. Calloway Hodges, deceased, m. Susan Thomas; 5. William M., deceased; 6. Nancy, deceased; 7. Nicholas (q. v.); 8. Mary Ann, deceased; 9. Mark Parker, deceased, m. Nellie Lee; 10. Mary Ann, deceased, m. John D. Travis; 11. Joseph Jackson, deceased, m. Ophelia Crosby, and their sons, Robert L., deceased, planter, m. Susan Ophelia Stallworth, and Nicholas Chesly, deceased, planter, m. (1) Parthenia Jane Riley, (2) Emma Sophie Schreiber, deceased; 12. Sarah, deceased, m. James Tomlinson; 13. James Adams (q. v.); by second marriage: 14. William A., deceased, m. Selina McCants; 15. Benjamin F., deceased; 16. Eldredge, deceased. Last residence: Evergreen.

STALLWORTH, NICHOLAS, JR., farmer, was born February 21, 1810, in Edgefield District, S. C., and died in 1853, son of Nicholas and Polly (Adams) Stallworth (q. v.). When he was eight years of age he came with the remainder of his father's family to Alabama, at a time when few or no schools existed, and he had to depend altogether on self-training. He was at one time circuit clerk of Conecuh County, and in 1850, when the office of judge of probate was made elective, he was influential in getting A. D. Carey to be a candidate. Married: to Martha Travis, daughter of Rev. Alexander Travis (q. v.). Among the seven children born to this union were: 1. Robert P., deceased, m. Pollie A. Mosely; 2. Nicholas, Jr., Capt. Co. F, First battalion, Hilliard's legion, C. S. A., promoted to Major, Twenty-third battalion, Alabama volunteers, C. S. A., March, 1864, tax assessor, Falls County, m. Lucy M. Turk; 3. a daughter, who died, m. Hon. Samuel A. Barnett; 4. Frank M., of Falls County, Tex. Last residence: Conecuh County.

STALLWORTH, NICHOLAS, lawyer, was born August 9, 1845, at Evergreen and died June 9, 1909, at Evergreen; son of James Adams and Harriet Emeline (Crosby) Stallworth (q. v.). He received a good common school education, and leaving school at the age of fourteen, accompanied his father to Washington, where he spent the winters of 1859, 1860, and 1861. In the latter year he returned with his father to Conecuh, and at once joined the Conecuh guards, C. S. Army. He refused the commission of lieutenant in the regular army, preferring to take his place in the ranks. He went into Virginia, with the Fourth Alabama Regiment, and served in all the campaigns and battles participated in by the regiment until at the battle of Cold Harbor, when he was wounded. He returned home, soon after entered the junior class of the University of Alabama, 1863, and the degree of A. B. was conferred upon him as a member of the class of 1864, whose university course was interrupted by service in the C. S. Army. His health failed him and eight months later, he returned to his home. He was offered a position on the staff of Gen. Samuel Adams, but before he could respond to the offer, Gen. Adams was killed. He was then offered a position on the staff of Gen. Thomas C. Hindman, but declined, and subsequently he accepted the adjutancy of the Twenty-third regiment of Alabama, then under the command of Maj. Nick Stallworth. He left his home and succeeded in getting as far as Petersburg, when the communication was cut off between that place and Richmond, and after several attempts to reach his command he returned home. After the close of the war, he studied law with P. D. Page, and was soon after admitted to practice. He represented Conecuh County in the legislature, in 1872, and again in 1874, and at the session of 1875-76, was elected solicitor of the eleventh judicial circuit. He continued in the active practice of his profession and was a successful planter until his death. He was a Democrat, Episcopalian, Knight of Pythias, and a Mason. Married: October 24, 1864, to Sarah

Eugenia Hines, daughter of James Jackson and Georgia (Bird) Hines, who lived at Savannah, Ga. Children: 1. Georgia Emma, Georgiana; 2. Laura Vernon, deceased; 3. James Adams, graduated from the University of Alabama, A. B., and LL. B., in 1892, m. Mattie Lee; 4. Nicholas Eugene, A. B., and LL. B., from the University of Alabama, 1895, m. Gelene Armor, Mobile; 5. Sallie, m. (1) George H. Bryan, deceased; (2) Dr. S. R. Hartley; 6. John Lester, deceased, m. Mary Lou Brooke; 7. Mary Elizabeth, Georgiana. Last residence: Evergreen.

STALLWORTH, N. E., lawyer; living in 1913. Residence: Mobile.

STALLWORTH, NICHOLAS JAMES, farmer, merchant, probate judge, was born June 30, 1834, in Evergreen; son of Mark Parker and Eliza (Lee) Stallworth; grandson of Nicholas and Polly (Adams) Stallworth (q. v.), and of William and Susan (Slater) Lee, early settlers of Conecuh County. He received a common school education, and served in the War of Secession as a member of the Crocheron Light Dragoons, under Gens. Braxton Bragg and Joseph E. Johnston. Until 1892, Judge Stallworth, who had always engaged in the farming and mercantile business, with the exception of 1886, when he represented his county in the legislature, was elected probate judge of Monroe County. He has since been frequently re-elected to that office. He is a Methodist, a Mason, and a Knight of Pythias. Married: in 1866, in Monroe County, to Mary Rebecca Burgess, daughter of James M. Burgess, who came to Monroe County, from South Carolina. Children: 1. Corrie, m. John R. Posey, Mobile; 2. Kate, m. T. L. Roberts, Monroeville; 3. Sallie, m. W. C. Neville, Monroeville; 4. James P.; 5. Lizzie; 6. John Burgess; 7. Nicholas T.; 8. Mary; 9. Cleveland; 10. Lallie; 11. Ouida. Residence: Monroeville.

STANDIFER, LEMUEL J., lawyer, probate judge, and U. S. commissioner, was born in 1805, in Tennessee, and died in Gadsden; son of William H. Standifer, and wife, who was a Miss Hogue, natives of Georgia, who removed to Bledsoe County, Tenn., and later settled in Cherokee County. He received his early education in the local schools and read law; was admitted to the bar and entered upon the practice at Rome, Ga. He returned to Alabama and farmed until the late fifties, when he was elected probate judge. At the outbreak of the War of Secession he entered the Confederate Army and served until honorably discharged on account of physical disabilities. He returned home and resumed the duties of probate judge, which he performed until 1868. He again began the practice of law and in 1874, when sixty-nine years of age was appointed U. S. commissioner and located at Gadsden, holding the office for several years. He was a Presbyterian. Married: Sarah T. Underwood, a native of Cold Springs, Ga. Children: 1. Leoni, m. John L. Daughrill; 2. William H. (q. v.); 3. L. V., m. C. H. Harrison, deceased; 4. Augusta G., m. John H. Disque; 5. Walter S. (q. v.); 6. Florence, m. W. W. Stevenson; 7. John; 8. Ada. Last residence: Gadsden.

STANDIFER, WALTER S., business man and postmaster, was born March 6, 1856, in Cherokee County, but removed to Gadsden with his parents in 1869. His educational advantages were limited. He entered the furniture business in 1880, and in 1890 opened a sash, door and blind factory. He superintended the building of the Chattanooga Southern railroad at the Gadsden end of that line, until September 1891, at which date he was appointed postmaster at Gadsden by President Harrison. He is a Republican; Mason, Odd Fellow, Knight of Pythias, and Methodist. Married: November 8, 1887, to Kate M., daughter of W. P. Hollingsworth. Children: 1. Fred H.; 2. Edward M.; 3. Mary; 4. Walter; 5. Charles L. Residence: Gadsden.

STANDIFER, WILLIAM HENDERSON, lawyer and mayor, was born in December, 1850, in Cherokee County; son of Lemuel J. and Sarah T. (Underwood) Standifer (q. v.). He was reared in the country and educated in the common schools; read law, and was admitted to the bar in DeKalb County; entered upon the practice in Gadsden, where he has since resided. He has been mayor of that town three terms and during his administration the city water works and a system of street improvements were established. In 1882, he was appointed justice of the peace and was elected to that office in 1884. Residence: Gadsden.

STANFORD, THOMAS, *soldier of the American Revolution*, age not given; resided in Marion County, June 1, 1840.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

STANLEY, JAMES BERNEY, editor, was born August 9, 1844, at Hayneville, Lowndes County; son of Robert Hendricks and Emma (Stone) Stanley, the former a native of Columbia, Richland County, S. C., who removed to Alabama in 1833, settling in Hayneville, Lowndes County, where he remained until his removal to Greenville at which place he merchandised until his death, 1880, at the age of seventy-two, was too old for active military service but joined the home guards and sent four sons into the Confederate Army; grandson of Samuel and Martha (Hendricks) Stanley, of Columbia, S. C., the former's father came to America from England between 1740 and 1750 and settled in Virginia, and the latter was a descendant of William Byrd of Westover, Va., and of Valentine and Annette (Courtois) Stone, of Paris, France. Valentine Stone's father was a British officer during the Franco-British War of 1795-1801, was taken prisoner and granted a pardon of honor by Napoleon. Colonel Stanley attended school in Greenville until prepared for college, and entered the Collegiate and military institute, at Glenville, from which he joined the Confederate Army, as a member of the 17th Alabama infantry regiment. His brother, William Hendricks, was killed in the battle of Malvern Hill, Va., and in the same battle another brother, John Calhoun, was crippled for life. His brother, Duke, was shot during one of the battles around Atlanta and he, himself, was so severely wounded at the bat-

tle of Franklin that he did not rejoin his regiment. In the fall of 1865, on his return from the war, he began the publication of the "Greenville Advocate" and has for more than fifty years successfully edited and conducted that paper. He has been a member of the city council and of the school board; has held many offices of an honorary nature, in state and national press associations; vice-president National press association, one term, first vice-president, one term, and declined to stand for president; four times president Alabama press association and declined further honors. He was appointed by Gov. William C. Oates as brigadier-general State militia, 2nd congressional district; appointed by Acting-Gov. R. M. Cunningham, member of the board of control of the Alabama old soldier's home. He is a Methodist; a Democrat; a Mason; Knight of Pythias; Knight of Honor. Married: (1) December 17, 1867, to Lucinda Cornelia, daughter of Archibald McCoy and Elizabeth (Herbert) Reid, a descendant of Capt. Samuel Reid of the Revolutionary War; granddaughter of Dr. Hiliary Herbert of South Carolina; (2) July 19, 1887, in Greenville, to Ella Theodosia, daughter of Foster Cornelius and Caroline Elizabeth (Watson) Webb, the former a member of both branches of the Alabama legislature; granddaughter of Pleasant Fleming and Frances Fitzhugh (Egmon) Webb, who moved from Virginia to Alabama in 1831 and settled in Lowndes County; great-granddaughter of Lewis and Eliza (Bickerton) Webb; great-great-granddaughter of Foster and Theodosia (Cooke) Webb; great-great-great-granddaughter of George and Lucy Jones (Foster) Webb; great-great-great-great-granddaughter of Conrad Webb, a native of London, England, who came to America the latter part of the 16th century and of Col. Joseph Foster of New Kent County. Children: by the first marriage: 1. Robert Hendricks, A. B., A. M., University of Alabama, physician, m. Elizabeth Day Hollingsworth, Albany, Ga.; 2 Irene; 3 Elizabeth, m. William Ephriam Smith, Albany, Ga.; 4. Ethel Byrd, m. Henry Bragg Parker, Savannah, Ga.; by the second wife, 5. Foster Webb, m. Carrie Brown Joseph, Greenville; 6. John Glenn. Residence: Greenville.

STANSEL, MARTIN LUTHER, lawyer, colonel C. S. Army, was born April 23, 1822, in Washington County, Ga., and died June 25, 1903, at Carrollton; son of Rev. William Roberts and Jane C. Hanesworth (Riddle) Stansel, the former who was a native of Edgefield District, S. C., went to Pickens County, in 1831, was a planter, a Baptist minister, and a veteran of the War of 1812, the latter who was a native of North Carolina; grandson of William Stansel and a Miss Roberts, the former who was of English birth, who came to America with the Huguenots, and settled among them in South Carolina, and of Capt. Cato and Martha (Tomlinson) Riddle, the former who was a veteran of the Revolutionary War. The first William Stansel resided in Barnwell District, S. C., while the Riddles came from Chatham County, N. C., to Washington County, Ga. Col. Stansel came to Pickens County with his parents about

1831 or 1832, and there received a good common school education. He entered the University of Alabama at Tuscaloosa, in 1840, and was graduated A. B., 1843, and A. M., in 1846. He began the study of law under Judge Peter Martin, in 1844, and in December, 1845, was admitted to the practice of law, before the State supreme court at Tuscaloosa. He then went to Carrollton where he practiced continuously, except for four years spent in the C. S. Army, until his death. He was elected judge of the county court by the legislature, in 1849. The probate court system was adopted in this year, and in May, 1850, he was defeated for the office of judge by Tristram Sandy Thomas. He was elected to the legislature in 1861 and in 1862, he joined the C. S. Army, as major of the Forty-first Alabama regiment of infantry, which was composed of men from Tuscaloosa, Greene, and Pickens Counties. He was soon promoted to the rank of colonel, and participated in the battles of Murfreesboro, Jackson, Miss., Chickamauga, Drewry's Bluff, and in front of Richmond and Petersburg in the closing months of the war. He was wounded at Murfreesboro. On the illness of Gen. Moody, Col. Stansel commanded the brigade consisting of the Forty-first, Forty-third, Fifty-ninth, and Sixtieth Alabama regiments, and the Twenty-third Alabama battalion, in the battle of White Oak Road, and on the retreat to Appomattox, where he surrendered it. He returned to his home and was elected to the constitutional convention of 1865, and in the same year was elected to the State senate, where he served until 1868. For twenty years, following his term as senator, he continued his practice of law. He was, however, in 1888, elected to represent the lower house, and in 1890, was chosen to the senate for four years, where he served as chairman of the judiciary committee. In 1896, he was again elected to the lower house, and served as chairman of the joint committee of both houses on the code. He was a trustee of the University of Alabama, 1856-62, 1892-1900; of the Auburn polytechnic college; of the Agricultural and mechanical college, 1872-92; and was president of the Alabama State Bar Association, 1882-83. He was one of the corresponding editors of the "Southern Law Journal," which was conducted by A. B. McEachin, of Tuscaloosa, 1878-79, and contributed the papers: "The Code of 1876, and the Common Law," "Evidence-Compensation of Experts," "Ad Quod Damnum," and "Champerty." He was a Democrat, was a delegate to and attended the Democratic National Conventions of 1856 and 1876, and from 1868, to 1874, was chairman of the executive committee of Pickens County, and was a Baptist. Married: (1) January 18, 1849, to Laura Sherrod; (2) May 13, 1858, to Oliva Sherrod, both daughters of James Bayard and Caroline (White) Sherrod, whose families were among the early settlers of Pickens County. Children: by first marriage, 1. James Bayard, lawyer, mayor of Carrollton, 1880-88, county solicitor, 1879-83, resides at Carrollton; by second marriage; 2. Mary E., m. P. P. Pearson, deceased; 3. Olive Lou. Last residence: Carrollton.

STANSEL, WILLIAM ROBERTS, Baptist minister and planter, was born September 15, 1792, in Barnwell District, S. C., and died September 6, 1860, in Pickens County; son of William Stansel, and wife, who was a Miss Roberts, the former was a planter, slave owner, minister, and both of Huguenot ancestry who lived and died in Barnwell District, the latter the daughter of a Revolutionary soldier. Rev. Mr. Stansel's early education was limited; was an ordained minister in the Baptist church; served in the War of 1812 in a South Carolina regiment; engaged in early life in mail and stage contracting in Georgia; removed to Pickens County, 1831, to the neighborhood of the Garden, where he purchased lands and slave property; served as pastor of Enon church, near Garden, and also other churches in the Union association; and both he and wife are buried in the Garden cemetery. Married: August 2, 1821, in Washington County, Ga., to Jane C. Hanesworth, daughter of Capt. Cato and Martha (Tomlinson) Riddle, formerly of Chatham County, N. C., who later located in Georgia. Capt. Riddle served in the Revolutionary war and was at the battles of Guilford Court House and Cowpens. Children: 1. Martin Luther (q. v.), m. (1) Laura Sherrod; (2) Olivia Sherrod, her sister; 2. Martha A. M., m. Parks E. Ball, no children; 3. Richard Wickliffe, d. unmarried; 4. John Calvin, physician, m. (1) Sarah Frances Gilmer; (2) Mary L. Little; no children by either marriage; 5. Mary E. J., m. (1) James H. Trantham, (2) William A. Hines, descendants by each marriage reside in Pickens County; 6. Sarah L. G., m. Thomas J. Miles, farmer, and lieutenant of engineers, C. S. Army, resides in Pickens County; three children; 7. Elenor Frances L. A., m. Wm. S. Newell, a farmer of Greene County; several children; 8. William Elisha Battle, farmer, m. Mary L. Cravens; one child; 9. Alva Horace, unmarried, member "Pickensville Blues," C. S. Army, and killed at Seven Pines, 1862; 10. Octavia L. Hanesworth, m. Robert N. Morrow, and d. without children. Last residence: Pickens County.

STANTON, MYRON, railroad superintendent, was born January 21, 1833, in Warren County, Pa., and was killed in a railroad wreck February, 1879. His parents became estranged during his boyhood and he took his mother's maiden name. At the age of thirteen he entered a printing office and in two years acquired a knowledge of the typographic art. At fifteen he went into a telegraph office at Elmira, N. Y. and quickly became an expert operator. At seventeen he began work as a brakeman on the Erie railroad, and thenceforward was a railroad man. He was rapidly promoted and was a conductor several years on roads running into St. Louis, Mo., and afterwards into Memphis, Tenn. From 1858 to 1863 he was with the Mississippi central, and in 1863 was appointed by the Federal commander, military superintendent of the Little Rock and other roads in which position he remained until the close of the war. In 1866 he came to Alabama and for about seven years was assistant superintendent of the Selma, Rome

and Dalton railroad. In 1873 he was appointed superintendent of the South and North railroad, serving about eighteen months. In 1874 he became general superintendent of the Selma, Rome and Dalton road. His wife had preceded him to the grave and he was buried by her side in the Selma cemetery. There were no children. Last residence: Selma.

STARKE, ALEXANDER WALLACE, lawyer, editor and member of Alabama legislature, was born April 17, 1830, in Hanover County, Va., and died February 6, 1866, at Troy; son of Col. Bowling and Eliza Gregory (New) Starke, the former a native of Pleasant Level, Hanover County, and later a resident of Richmond, Va.; grandson of John and Elizabeth (Sheppard) Starke, and of Col. Anthony and Nancy (Wyatt) New, of Caroline County, Va., and later of Kentucky, the former a native of Gloucester County, member of Virginia legislature of 1787, representative from Virginia to the 3rd-8th congresses, serving from December 2, 1793, to March 3, 1805, and who after the removal to Elkton, Ky., represented that state in the 12th, 15th, and 17th congresses; great-grandson of John and Ann (Wyatt) Starke. Both the grandfather and great-grandfather Starke were members of the committee of safety, November 8, 1775, for Hanover County. He received both his academic and legal training in Richmond; located in Pike County about 1852 and practiced law and edited a newspaper at Troy. He was a member of Gov. Gabriel Moore's staff; trustee of the University of Alabama; member of Alabama legislature, 1859-61. He enlisted in the Confederate Army; was lieutenant in Captain Benjamin Gardner's company, the first that left Troy. This company joined a regiment at Columbus, Ga., and was sent to the front in Virginia. He came home on a furlough to attend the legislature of which he was a member; returned to his regiment but resigned on account of failing health. He was a Democrat. Married: December 23, 1857, at Milledgeville, Ga., to Georgia Anne, daughter of George Washington and Frances Simpson (West) Harrison, the former a farmer, member of the legislature from Randolph County for several years, secretary of State; granddaughter of Moses and Abigail (Morgan) Harrison, the former a native of Virginia, and of Joseph and Sarah (Stanley) West of North Carolina. The ancestry was English. Children: 1. Alexander Wallace; 2. Nora Belle, both of Atlanta, Ga. Last residence: Troy.

STARKE, BOWLING WILLIAM, lawyer, probate judge, Mexican and War of Secession veteran, was born in 1822, near the city of Richmond, Va., and died July 5, 1901, son of Col. Bowling and Eliza Gregory (New) Starke; brother of Alexander Wallace Starke (q. v.). He received his early education in the county schools; studied law; was admitted to the bar and began the practice of his profession in Richmond. Later he removed to Tennessee and taught there until the declaration of war with Mexico; was among the first to answer the call to arms; was present at the capture of Mexico City; returned to Richmond at the close

of the war and again resumed the practice of law. Upon the advice of his brother, A. W. Starke, who was already in the South, he settled in Elba, Coffee County, and was elected judge of probate of this county, 1860; resigned from this position, 1861, to accept the position of adjutant of the 18th Alabama regiment, C. S. Army; was severely wounded at the battle of Shiloh, and forced on account of disabilities, to resign. He resumed the office of probate judge and during the latter part of the war performed faithfully and well the duty of his office, that of looking after and distributing government support to the widows and orphans of Confederate soldiers. In 1870 he located in Troy and during the latter years of his life was notary public of Pike County. He was a Mason; and a Baptist. Married: On March 11, — to Fannie Gardner of Troy. Children: 1. Fannie Lou, deceased. Last residence: Troy.

STARKE, ELI W., member of the constitutional convention of 1861, from Pike County.

STARKE, JOHN METCALFE, teacher, was born June 27, 1860, at Hicksford, Greenville County, Va.; son of Dr. George Cary and Maria Jocasta (Land) Starke, the former a native of East View, near Petersburg, Dinwiddie County, Va., physician who lived at Hicksford and later at Petersburg, and surgeon, C. S. Army; grandson of Belfield and Nancy Stith (Cary) Starke of East View and of Nathaniel and Maria (Pendleton) Land, of Village View, near Hicksford, Greenville County, Va.; great-grandson of Bolling Starke, member of the convention of 1775, also of the governor's council, and state auditor of Virginia. The Starkes came from Killemont, Scotland. The original emigrant, Dr. Richard Starke, settling in York County, Va., where he died in 1704. Professor Starke graduated from the public high school of Petersburg, Va., attended McCabe's university school, at that place, and was a student in the University of Virginia, 1879-82, where he graduated in the schools of Latin and mathematics. He first taught as a tutor for the three sons of George Lee at Richmond, Va., 1882-83, and later taught mathematics at the Davis military school, LaGrange, N. C., 1883-86; was principal of the Louisburg male academy, 1886-87, and principal and founder of the University school, Montgomery, since the latter date to the present time. He is a Methodist. Married: July 6, 1898, at Montgomery, to Frances Louise, daughter of Marcellus Hutcherson and Sallie (Bolling) Powell, of Greenville, the latter a daughter of Judge Samuel Jackson Bolling of that place. Children: 1. George Cary; 2. and 3. John Metcalfe, jr., and Samuel Clayton, jr., twins, who died in infancy; 4. John Metcalfe, jr.; 5. Bolling Powell; 6. Sarah Bolling. Residence: Montgomery.

STARNES, NICHOLAS, a Revolutionary soldier, private in the Virginia militia; living in Jefferson County, July, 1834.

STARR, ELBERT SOULE, business man and legislator, was born February 3, 1845, at Oakbowery, Chambers County; son of John Wesley

and Hannah (Miller) Starr; grandson of John and Hannah Miller, all of Wilkes County, N. C. He was educated in the schools of Oakbowery and Summerfield; matriculated in 1861 at Southern university, leaving however, to enter the C. S. Army. He never held a commission, but was from time to time given important details. In 1866 he went to Brierfield iron works as clerk; later entered the mercantile business at Opelika on his own account; in 1869 removed to Selma as book-keeper, later became a merchant; and was mayor of Selma from 1889 to 1891. He represented Dallas County in the legislature of 1903. He is a Democrat; and a Methodist. Married: Oct. 27, 1868, to Sallie Ann, daughter of Abijah and Sarah (Dunn) Bennett, both families being among old settlers in this state. Residence: Selma.

STARR, LUCIUS ERNEST, physician, was born March 21, 1838, at Madison, Morgan County, Ga., and died March 15, 1913; son of John Wesley and Hannah (Miller) Starr, the former who was born near Washington, Wilkes County, Ga., who was an itinerant Methodist minister, joined the Georgia Conference in 1826, and later the Alabama conference; grandson of Joshua Starr, who lived near Washington, Ga., and of John Paul and Elizabeth (Shiptrine) Miller, who lived near Washington, Ga. He was a descendant from one of the three Starr brothers who came to this country from England in the seventeenth century. This ancestor located in Maryland and his descendants removed to Virginia, the Carolinas, Georgia and Alabama. His great-grandparents on his mother's side came from Holland and settled in Augusta, Ga. Ancestors on both sides served in the Revolutionary War. His early education was obtained for the most part in Summerfield, and because of ill health he attended no university. He received his professional education at the Atlanta medical college, and in 1861, was graduated from the Mobile medical college. In the same year he began the practice of medicine in Bibb County, which he continued until 1862, when he joined the first Alabama battalion of cavalry, was soon promoted to sergeant, and served with Gen. Bragg in his Kentucky campaign. He was wounded at Barboursville, Ky., August 22, when he was sent as captain of a squad to carry information to Gen. Churchill, an ounce ball passing through the thigh, with the result that he was a cripple the remainder of his life, one limb shortening three inches. Recovering from his wound he resumed practice in Bibb County, until 1882, when he removed to Wilcox County. He was one of the organizers of the Bibb County Medical society in 1868; a delegate to the state medical association at Selma in 1874, when he was elected councilor, being the first elected to that position; was elector senior vice-president of the association in 1885, at the Greenville session; and in 1894, was transferred to the role of grand senior life councilor; and was president of the Wilcox County medical society for several terms. He was a Democrat, a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, which he served for many years as steward and Sunday

school superintendent, and a Mason. Married: January 16, 1879, to Mary Eloisa Tepper, daughter of Samuel and Eloisa (Rosser) Tepper, who lived at Camden, the former who came to this country from England when a young man; granddaughter of Mary Turner Tepper, who was a first cousin to J. M. W. Turner, landscape artist, and of Col. Daniel Rosser, who resided for several years in Camden, was at one time sheriff of Wilcox County, and later removed to Granada, Miss., where he spent the remainder of his life. Children: 1. Samuel Ernest, m. Bertha Ernestelle Smith, Montgomery; 2. John Paul, m. Lois Evelyn Arnold, Camden; 3. Mary Turner, m. Joe Powell Primm, Camden. Last residence: Camden.

STEAGALL, HENRY BASCOM, lawyer, was born May 19, 1873, at Clopton, Dale County; son of William Collinsworth and Mary Jane (Peacock) Steagall, the former who was a native of Eatonton, Putnam County, Ga., physician, commenced practice in Alabama, 1855, was state secretary of the twenty-third district, 1888-92, and enlisted in cavalry under W. I. McCall; grandson of Ivey Finch and Sidney (Purifay) Steagall, who lived at Thomaston, Ga., the former who came from England, settled first in Virginia, then in Georgia, was a Methodist minister in the Georgia conference, and presiding elder of the Chattahoochee district, and of Alex and Harriett Peacock, who lived at Skipperville, Dale County; great-grandson of Henry B. Steagall, who was a Methodist minister. The great-great-grandfather on the paternal side was wounded on a naval vessel in the battle at Charleston during the Revolutionary War, and died as a result of this wound. Henry B. Steagall received his education in the common schools of his county; attended the southeast Alabama agricultural school, at Abbeville, from which he was graduated in June, 1892; and graduated from the law school of the University of Alabama, June, 1893. He was admitted to the bar at Union Springs in 1893; in 1898 was appointed county solicitor of Dale County; represented Dale County in the legislature, 1907; in 1910 was elected solicitor of the third judicial circuit for a term of four years; defeated for nomination to sixty-fourth congress in the Democratic primary, April 6, 1914, by Henry D. Clayton; after resignation of Mr. Clayton was nominated, and on November 3, 1914, elected to the sixty-fourth congress without opposition. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; a Mason; and a member of Sigma Nu college fraternity. Married: on December 27, 1900, to Sallie Mae Thompson, daughter of William Philip and Mary (Jordan) Thompson of Tuskegee, the former who served in the C. S. Army. Children: 1. Margaret Thompson; 2. Mabelle Massey; 3. Myra Mitchell; 4. Porter Collinsworth. Residence: Ozark.

STEARNS, HENRY FRANKLIN, pioneer settler, was born March 21, 1805, in Stanstead County, Ontario, Canada, and died February 3, 1857, at Claiborne, Monroe County. He was of English descent, and was a graduate of a college in New Brunswick. He came to Con-

ecuh County in 1830 and engaged in teaching near Belleville; took up the study of law and was admitted to the practice in 1834 or 1835. In about two years he was appointed judge of the county court. He was defeated as a Whig candidate for representation in the general assembly, but was honored with being appointed a delegate to the National Whig convention which nominated Henry Clay for the presidency. He went to Texas in 1856 in the interest of a plantation in that state and died while returning home. Last residence: Conecuh County.

STEDHAM, WINSTON, delegate Secession Convention, 1861, farmer and surveyor, was born November 10, 1810, at Winchester, Franklin County, Tenn., and died September 29, 1895, at Bexar; son of Isaac and Mary (Hallmark) Stedham of Franklin County, Tenn., after whose death the latter and her children removed to Blount County; grandson of Benjamin Stedham and wife, both of whom migrated from England and settled in Tennessee. He attended school but three months, his education being acquired by study at home. When nineteen years of age he joined a surveying party and went to Marion County and in 1829-30 helped to survey the original land lines west of Gaines' Trace. In 1832 he located on a farm and engaged in agricultural pursuits the remainder of his life. He was a justice of the peace in Marion County for twenty years; senior delegate from his county, with Lang Allen, to the secession convention, 1861; senior member Alabama legislature, with John Hollis Bankhead, 1866; a Douglass Democrat and voted against Alabama leaving the Union; a Methodist, and a Mason. Married: (1) in 1831, near Bexar, to Mary Ann Markham who lived at Barnesville; (2) in 1838, at Shotville, to Miss Stone, daughter of John Stone who was born in Virginia in 1785, and died in 1896, being among the early settlers of Marion County. Children: by first wife, 1. Serena, m. ——— Clayton; 2. Nancy Elvira, m. ——— Hayes; 3. Carter W.; by second wife, 4. Sopronia Jane, m. William Shotts; 5. Lucinda Emmaline, m. J. M. Shotts; 6. Mary Evaline, m. ——— Lindsey; 7. Mahala Caroline, m. Asbury Ballard; 8. Elvira Elizabeth, m. William Lindsey; 9. Telitha, m. John Duke; 10. Kansasa; 11. John Haben; 12. Dillmus LaFayette. Last residence: Bexar.

STEED, CHARLES L., member of the constitutional convention of 1867, from the thirtieth election district. Last residence: Cleburne County.

STEEDMAN, ISIAH G. W., physician and colonel, C. S. Army, for a number of years a resident of Alabama, was born in Lexington County, S. C., in 1835. He entered the South Carolina military academy, 1852, graduated 1856; attended the South Carolina medical college; graduated, 1859, from a school of medicine in New Orleans; began to practice in Wilcox County; entered the Confederate Army as captain, and in 1862 was promoted to the colonelcy of the 1st Alabama infantry regiment; removed

to Missouri, 1866, resuming the practice of medicine. Married: in October, 1865, at St. Louis, Mo., to Dora, daughter of James Harrison and wife, of that place. Residence: St. Louis, Mo.

STEELE, ABNER N., physician, was born July 9, 1860, in Northport, Tuscaloosa County; son of Abner N. and Eleanor C. (Thompson) Steele, the former who was a pharmacist at Northport, enlisted in the Eleventh Alabama infantry, C. S. Army, and was killed at the battle of Frazer's farm, in Virginia, in 1862, grandson of Dr. Matthew and Annabelle (Keys) Thompson. His education was obtained in the public schools of Greene County, and later he attended an institution at Okolona. After spending eight years, traveling in the north and west, from Canada to Montana and down to Texas, he returned to Alabama and commenced to read medicine with Dr. W. H. Sanders of Mobile. In 1890, he was graduated from the medical college at Mobile, and in 1891, he was interne in the Charity hospital there. He then removed to Bethany, Pickens County, where he practiced for two years, after which he signed a contract as surgeon for the Worthington Ore Company, in Jefferson County. He later settled in Columbus, Miss., where he continued to practice, until 1896, when he removed to Anniston. He has become a member of a drug firm, in addition to his professional work. He is a Democrat, Baptist, and Knight of Pythias, and a member of the state and county medical societies. Married: in March, 1894, to Fannie Miller, daughter of Drury and Julia (Long) Miller of Anniston. Residence: Anniston.

STEELE, ISAAC DONNELL, Presbyterian minister, was born October 26, 1852, near Athens, Limestone County; son of John Newton and Mary Ann (Steele) Steele, the former for many years major in the Alabama State militia, who removed to Mississippi in 1855. Dr. Steele received his early education in the private schools of Corinth, Miss.; later attended the University of Mississippi, Cooper college, Miss., and received the degrees of A. B., B. T., B. S., A. M., and the honorary degree of D. D. from the University of Lebanon, Tenn. He served as Presbyterian minister at Nashville, Tenn.; was at Birmingham for thirteen years and is now at Chattanooga, Tenn. He represented his denomination in the World's Presbyterian alliance in London, 1888, and in New York, 1908. He is a Mason and an Odd Fellow. Married: December 19, 1883, at Rienzi, Miss., to Anna, daughter of Rev. Jacob Theophilus and Mary (Jackson) Borah, of that place. Residence: Chattanooga, Tenn.

STEELE, JOHN, planter, was born in 1796, near Lexington, Rockbridge County, Va., and died June 11, 1863; son of Samuel Steele, a native of Tennessee. He received some education in the schools of his neighborhood, but at an early age, left home and went to Maryville, Tenn., where he engaged in the saddlery business. He remained there until about 1819, when he removed to Lowndes County, and with his brother David, opened up a general mer-

cantile business at Sandtown, now White Hall. He later sold out his business and removed to Milledgeville, Ga., where he accepted the position as clerk in the store of Daniel Stone. When Daniel Stone went to Autauga County, he went also, and obtained land adjoining Mr. Stone's. He was elected as a Democrat to the State legislature defeating Jesse R. Jones, a Whig candidate, in 1842. He was a member of the Methodist Protestant church. Married in 1826, to Lucy Locket Stone, daughter of Daniel and Lucy (Osborne) White Stone, who lived near Staunton, Va. Children: 1. Sarah, d. in infancy; 2. Osborne David; 3. Samuel Pollack; 4. Virgil; 5. Daniel. Last residence: Autauga County.

STEELE, JOHN ANTHONY, lawyer, probate judge Colbert County, member Alabama legislature and Secession convention of 1861, planter, was born July 25, 1835, at Gainesville, Sumter County, and died March 9, 1916, at Tuscumbia; son of William Jemison and Mary D. (Winston) Steele, the former a native of Woodford County, Ky., born August 10, 1809 and died January 11, 1884, at Versailles, Ky., read law with John J. Crittendon at Frankfort, was admitted to the bar in Kentucky, elected county judge several times, planter; grandson of John and Annie Steele who lived near Versailles, Ky., the former a native of Ireland, sheriff of Woodford County, Ky., member of the legislature of that State representing the Whig party, a Presbyterian and officer of the War of 1812, and of Anthony and Sarah (Watson) Winston, the former a native of Virginia who settled in Tuscumbia in 1818, and was a member of the first legislature of this State. The great-grandfather Thomas Steele, with his brother, Andrew, came to America from Londonderry, Ireland, during the latter part of the 18th Century. They were of Scotch-Irish Presbyterian ancestry and among the earliest pioneer settlers of Kentucky, contemporaries of Daniel Boone in wresting Kentucky from the Indians. The paternal great-grandfather, Anthony Winston, sr., married Zekiah Jones of Virginia, the former a member of the Virginia house of burgesses, member of the Virginia convention of 1775, which voted to arm the colony and virtually declared war on Great Britain, and was a captain in the Revolutionary War. Mr. Steele received his early education in his native town and at Versailles, Ky. He held the unique distinction of being the youngest graduate of Princeton university, being but sixteen in 1852, when he received his diploma in the classical course of that institution. He studied law at Transylvania university, Lexington, Ky., and at Marietta, Ohio; was admitted to the bar in 1854, and located at Tuscumbia. He was a member of the Secession convention of 1861, and vigorously opposed the State's withdrawal from the Union, but when the contrary opinion prevailed he threw his whole energy with the cause of the Confederacy. Early in 1862 he was made 2nd Lieutenant in William Julian's company, Jeff Forrest's regiment. After Streight's raid he was promoted captain of Co. F, 11th Alabama, Brutwell's regiment, Forrest brigade, Buford di-

vision of N. B. Forrest's cavalry. This promotion was in recognition of his "gallant service in the battle of the Day's Gap." He was with the gallant Forrest through all his Mississippi, Alabama and Tennessee campaigns; was captured near Selma, 1865, and carried prisoner to Macon, Ga., where with other soldiers he was paroled by Wilson, colonel of the 7th Ohio regiment. Along with all Confederate soldiers who had served in any official position he was disfranchised by act of congress but in 1870 his pardon was gotten for him by Senator Warner. After the war he engaged in farming; was later appointed internal revenue collector for Alabama by Pres. U. S. Grant and was confirmed by the senate, but declined the office. He was elected to the Alabama legislature, on the Democratic ticket, 1870-71-72, and in 1878-79, as a Republican. In 1880 he was elected probate judge of Colbert County and in 1886 re-elected, serving twelve years in that position. He was appointed register for the U. S. land office at Huntsville by Pres. William McKinley; was deputy U. S. marshal under Pope Long, with headquarters in Birmingham; appointed receiver of public money, by Presidents Roosevelt and Taft and held-over under the latter appointment through a portion of President Woodrow Wilson's administration, resigning on account of ill health. He was a delegate to the Republican convention, Chicago, in 1900, and took a keen interest in that party until his death. He was a Mason; Presbyterian; Knight of Honor; and Knight of Pythias. Married: April 3, 1856, in Tuscumbia, to Martha Bacon, daughter of William and Judith McCraw (Jones) Winston, of that place. Children: 1. William Winston, Tuscumbia; 2. John Anthony; 3. Thomas Winston; 4. Annie Helen, m. Otey Figures; 5. Mary Bacon, m. Robert Lee Armistead, Washington, D. C.; 6. Judith McCraw, m. Edward Lane Goodloe, Tuscumbia; 7. Sarah Watson, second wife of Otey Figures; 8. Andrew Metcalf, m. Mattie McCleskey, Selma; 9. Edmund Winston, m. Helen Allen, Tuscumbia. Last residence: Tuscumbia.

STEELE, MATTHEW W., lawyer, merchant, aide-de-camp, C. S. Army, was born November 17, 1824, in Huntsville; son of Capt. George and Eliza Ann Weaver Steele, both of Virginia ancestry; grandson of George Steele, who fought under General Washington in the Revolutionary War; brother of John F. Steele who served as a private in the 4th Alabama infantry regiment, serving at First Manassas, Seven Pines, and the seven days' battles before Richmond, and from 1863, as first lieutenant of engineers. He was reared at Huntsville, and graduated at the University of Alabama in 1844. Reading law he was admitted to the bar, but did not practice, becoming a merchant in New Orleans. Returning to Huntsville a few years later he managed his father's estate until he entered the Confederate service in April, 1861, as a private in Co. I, 4th Alabama infantry regiment, commanded by his brother-in-law, Capt. E. D. Tracy (q. v.). He served as aide-de-camp at the battle of Murfreesboro, and later was detailed for duty in

the nitre and mining bureau, and also put in charge of the Red Mountain iron works, at the site of the present town of Oxmoor. He took part in the battle of Selma, April, 1865, and surrendered at Moulton at the close of the war. He was commander of W. J. Hardee camp, United Confederate veterans. Married: in 1848, to Catherine Erskine, daughter of Dr. Thomas Fearn, (q. v.). Children: among these, Matthew Forney, a graduate of the United States military academy, 1883, served with the 8th cavalry commanding troops during the Sitting Bull Indian war, was aide-de-camp to Gen. Joseph Wheeler during the Spanish-American War and later major of the 30th U. S. infantry. Residence: Avondale.

STEEVER, WEST, lieutenant-colonel, Provisional Army of the Confederate States, temporarily assigned to the 5th Walkers' Confederate infantry.

STEGER, JOHN CRADDOCK WISDOM, physician, was born Feb. 28, —, on a farm in Madison County; son of Benjamin and Mary Harris (Wisdom) Steger, the former a native of Powhatan County, Va., who located upon a farm sixteen miles east of Huntsville, where he resided until his death; grandson of John Bennett and Rebecca (Mason) Steger of Madison County; and of Craddock and Ann (Glen) Wisdom of Boston Hill, Cumberland County, Va. The children of the first settlers were denied educational advantages owing to the conditions that surrounded the pioneers, but from the libraries brought by their parents from Virginia they gained a fair general culture. The first teachers of note who located in Madison County were Prof. William A. Hays, in 1820, followed by J. H. Posey and John C. Nash. Mr. Steger received his preparatory education in the neighborhood school and a private school. He attended one term of the Georgia military institute, Marietta, Ga., and one, 1855, at LaGrange college. He graduated in medicine in 1857 from the Nashville medical college, and located at Carthage, Tenn. In 1858 he removed to Stewart, Tenn., where he remained until 1862, when he entered the Confederate service as surgeon, assigned to the 4th Alabama cavalry regiment. He was a member of the Tennessee legislature, 1872; trustee of Woods, Yeatman and company, iron manufacturers, with a landed estate of 150,000 acres; and operated a cold blast furnace three years. He owned and edited "The Courier," Dover, Tenn., for several years and aided in getting rid of the dives that sprang up during the reconstruction. He was chairman of the board of high school directors, in Dover, and gave much time to the establishing schools in Stewart County, Tenn. He is a member of the Medical association of officers of the Army and Navy U. C. V. and served one term as vice-president. He is a Methodist; and a Democrat. Residence: Gurley.

STEGER, KENNON HARRIS, farmer, was born January 23, 1806, on his father's plantation, Powhatan County, Va., and died July 12, 1892, in Madison County; son of John Perratt

and Rebecca (Macon) Steger, also of Powhatan County who lived in Virginia until his removal to Alabama in 1810; grandson of John Perratt Steger, sr., who lived on the James River in the Colony of Virginia. The maternal ancestors were also colonial Virginians. Mr. Steger was educated in the neighborhood schools of the pioneer period, and held tenaciously to an agricultural career at which he was eminently successful. Being far beyond the age for military service during the War of Secession he was exempt from military service, but gave his only son to the cause. He was a Democrat; Methodist; and a Mason. Married: December 12, 1838, to Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Alexander and Mary (Cooper) Wall, who lived upon their farm near Huntsville, Madison County. The father and maternal grandfather came to Alabama in 1819 from Buckingham County, Va. Children: 1. Mary Ann; 2. Cornelia Conrad; 3. Helen Gray, m. Alexander Simpson; 4. John Alexander, m. Mary Ella Simpson; 5. Laura Augustus; 6. Sallie Lacey; 7. Olivia James, m. John W. Nelson; 8. Bettie Ross, m. Virgil H. Ryland; 9. Fannie Rebecca; 10. Lucy Allen; 11. Carrie DeLancy, m. Robert E. Short. Last residence: Gurley.

STEINER, BURGHARD, banker and industrial financier, was born April 24, 1857, in Bohemia, Austria; son of Emanuel and Katrina (Gutwillig) Steiner of Pilsen, Bohemia; grandson of Samuel and Sarah Steiner and of Samuel and Anna Hecht, natives of Oschelin and of Kurschin, respectively. He was educated in the common schools of his country, and at a college in Pilsen; was a bookkeeper in his native city for three years, and in 1874 emigrated to America and settled in Uniontown, where for three years he clerked in a store. Desiring to go into business for himself he located at Hamburg, where he merchandised until 1887 at which time he removed to Birmingham, where with his brother, he opened the banking house of Steiner brothers. He was elected an honorary member of the "Birmingham Rifles"; is director of the Birmingham and Atlantic railroad; president Birmingham, Powderly and Bessemer railroad; secretary-treasurer Mutual loan and trust company, being chairman of the finance committee for years; director Meridian, Miss., Gas light company; director Talladega gas light and water co.; director Pleasant Valley land company. He is a Mason, Knight of Pythias; and a Jew. Married: in 1885, to Rosa, daughter of A. Bresler of Tusculumbia. Children: 1. Arthur S.; 2. Herbert E. Residence: Birmingham.

STEINER, LEO K., banker was born February 17, 1870, at Kurschin, Bohemia, Austria; son of Ignatius and Lottie (Hecht) Steiner, the former a native of Oschelin, Bohemia, a soldier in the Austrian army; grandson of Emanuel and Sarah Steiner of Oschelin and of Samuel and Anna Hecht of Kurschin. He received his early education in a Catholic school in Austria. He immigrated from Austria to Hamburg, Perry County, in 1885 and entered

the mercantile business. After taking a course in the Eastman business college, at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., he located in Birmingham, and in 1888 went into the banking business. In 1902 he was elected president of the Steiner brothers bank, Birmingham. He was also vice-president of the Empire coal company and president of the Cullman property company and associated with the B. and S. Steiner bank of New York city. He is a trustee of Temple Emanuel of Birmingham and president of the Phoenix club. Married: November 28, 1900, to Dian, daughter of Bernhard and Eva (Klein) Holzer, of Greenville. Children: 1. Leo K., jr.; 2. Bernhard S. Residence: Birmingham.

STEINER, ROBERT EUGENE, lawyer and brigadier-general, American Expeditionary Forces, European War, was born May 9, 1862, near Greenville, Butler County; son of Joseph and Margaret M. (Camp) Steiner, the former a native of Bohemia, Czecho-Slovakia, Austria, emigrated to America and located in Greenville, where he was a merchant and banker until his death in 1889, and served in the Confederate Army; grandson of Bernard and Catherine Steiner, of Bohemia, and of Thomas H. and Elizabeth Camp, who lived near Greenville. General Steiner received his education in the public schools of Greenville, and at the University of Alabama, where he graduated with the A. B. degree in 1880, and the A. M. degree in 1881. He was prepared for his profession in the law department of Harvard university, from which he graduated, 1884, entering upon the practice the same year, being at this time the senior member of the firm of Steiner, Crum and Weil. He was a member of the Alabama legislature, 1886; the State senate, 1892; and has been city attorney of Montgomery. He is a trustee of the University of Alabama. Having received sound military training at the university, he has retained his interest in that activity, and was major of the 2nd Alabama regiment, National Guard, 1892; organized, 1916, and elected colonel of the 1st Alabama cavalry, which formed the personnel of the 116th and 117th field artillery, National Army; brigadier-general, 62nd infantry brigade, American Expeditionary Forces, 1917-19. Upon his return from overseas and the reorganization of the army, he was appointed brigadier-general Alabama National Guard, 1920. He is a Methodist; a Democrat; and a Mason. Married: December 16, 1884, to May, daughter of John Jefferson and Kate (Brooks) Flowers (q. v.). Children: 1. Robert, jr., lawyer, Montgomery; 2. Kate, m. Morris Baldwin, Montgomery; 3. Helen, m. Dr. Enoch Marvin Mason, Birmingham; 4. John Jefferson Flowers, a West Point graduate, major in the European War, resigned after peace was declared, m. Marian Baldwin, of Lakewood, N. J., and temporarily resides in South America; 5. May Flowers. Residence: Montgomery.

STEINER, SIGFRIED, banker, was born in 1859, in Bohemia, Austria; brother of Burghard Steiner (q. v.). At the age of sixteen he left school and joined his brother at Uniontown. Later the two embarked in the mercantile busi-

ness at Hamburg, and removed to Birmingham where they jointly established the Steiner brothers banking house. He is interested with his brother also in industrial and commercial investments. Married: May, 1891, to Mamie, daughter of Sol Stern of New Orleans, La. Children: 1. Irwin B. Residence: New York, N. Y.

STEPHENS, REUBEN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 77, resided in Chambers County, June 1, 1840.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

STEPHENSON, HODGE L., farmer, was born June 30, 1802, at Mt. Hope, Lawrence County, and died September 7, 1897, at Mt. Hope; son of Hugh W. and Margaret (Stinson) Stephenson, the former who was a native of Ireland. He was a justice of the peace of the county, and a representative of Lawrence County in the lower house and senate of the Alabama legislature for seventeen years, from 1836-53. He engaged in the merchandise business for some time at Mt. Hope, and then engaged in farming. He was a Democrat, and a member of the Presbyterian church which he served as elder. Married: (1) Elizabeth P. Wasson; (2) name unknown. Children: by first marriage, 1. Alfred W., deceased; 2. Artemissa, m. James D. Pickens, both deceased; 3. William Argyle, m. Mary A. Steenson, both deceased; 4. Harriet Adeline, m. John Ewing Steenson, both deceased; 5. James Monroe, m. Laura Dukemeler, Mt. Hope; 6. Eliza Jones, m. James G. Dement; by his second marriage, 7. Annie Inez, m. Calvin Martin. Last residence: Mt. Hope.

STEPHENSON, HUGH WATSON, physician, was born December 24, 1854, at St. Charles, Ark.; son of Hugh Stewart and Jane (Morrow) Stephenson, the former who was a native of Mt. Hope, was a practicing physician, and located in St. Charles County, Ark.; grandson of William Watson and Melinda (Johnston) Stephenson, the former who lived in Columbia, Tenn., 1812-14, enlisted in Gen. Jackson's Army and was in the battle of Horseshoe Bend and other battles with the Creek Indians, and in 1819 settled in Lawrence County; and of Molita Morrow of Morgan County; great-grandson of Hugh W. Stephenson; great-great-grandson of William Stephenson, a Scotch-Irishman who emigrated to Rocky Creek, Chester District, S. C., and served in the Revolutionary War. Hugh Watson Stephenson was educated in the country schools near Mt. Hope; graduated from the Alabama medical college, M. D., in 1880; and five years later took a post graduate course in Tulane university, New Orleans. He began the practice of medicine at Avoca, Lawrence County, 1880; seven years later removed to Oakman, Walker County; and he has often served as alderman of Oakman. He is a Democrat; a Methodist, of which church he has served as steward for about twenty years; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: in 1884, at Mt. Hope, to Sallie Ellen Masterson, daughter of James Newton and Mahala (Vandever) Masterson, of that place, the latter being of French descent. Children: 1. Roscoe Owen; 2. Irene, m. H. W.

Ward; 3. Claude M.; 4. Pearl; 5. Paul; 6. Pauline, deceased; 7. Inez, deceased. Residence: Oakman.

STERN, PHILIP HARRY, soldier and lawyer, was born August 9, 1870, at Montgomery, and died February 8, 1918; son of Charles A. and Sarah (Kraus) Stern, the former a native of Fulda, Hessen Kassel, Germany, but who resided in Montgomery from 1858, until his death, a private in Water's battery, C. S. Army, and a successful business man; grandson of Loeb and Mariana Stern of Germany and of Philip and Babet Kraus of Montgomery. He received his early education in private schools of Montgomery taught by Miss Gussie Woodruff, Miss Sarah Ready and Prof. Casey; entered the College of New York, from which he graduated with the A. B. degree in 1891 and the M. A. degree in 1896; read law in the office of Tompkins and Troy, in Montgomery and was admitted to the bar in 1892. He was solicitor for Montgomery county, January 1, 1909, to November 15, 1910. At the outbreak of the Spanish-American war he entered the military service of the United States as 1st lieutenant, 5th U. S. volunteers and was sent with his command to the island of Cuba, 1898. On February 3, 1899 he was elected captain of his company and in July of that year was sent to the Philippine Islands where he remained until June, 1901, when peace being effected he resigned from the army. He was a Democrat, and a Jew. Married: September 15, 1904, in Cincinnati, Ohio, to Blanche, daughter of Meir and Helena Bettman of that city. Children: 1. Elizabeth Bettman; 2. Phillis Harriet. Last residence: Montgomery.

STERRETT, ALPHONSO A., member of the constitutional convention of 1875, from the eighth election district.

STERRETT, MAJOR DOWELL, physician, was born June 22, 1840, near Columbiana, Shelby County, and died October 24, 1919, at Beckville, Texas, son of Alphonso Anderson and Elizabeth Matilda (Gooch) Sterrett, the former a native of Frankfort, Ky., who later removed to Columbiana, was successively elected to both branches of the legislature, and to the constitutional convention of 1875; grandson of Robert and Sallie (Brooks) Sterrett, who lived near Montevallo, and of Henry and Nancy Gooch, of "Gooch Hill," three miles from Columbiana. The paternal great-grandfather was born in England of English parentage, migrated to America and settled in Maryland, near Baltimore, and afterwards removed to Virginia, probably Albemarle County, and thence to Kentucky. The paternal grandmother was born in Ireland of Irish descent. Dr. Sterrett attended a military school at Camden, Wilcox County, taught by a Professor Johnson and a Major Grover. He entered the University of Virginia in 1857, was a student in that institution for three years, and received certificates of distinction under Drs. McGuffey, Schele de Vere and S. Maupin, but on account of the approaching war he did not return to complete his last year's work. He was tutored

in medicine by Dr. P. H. Cabell, at Selma, 1860, examined by the Shelby County medical board and licensed to practice in 1866. During the summer of this year, he attended the Atlanta medical college of Georgia, where he received the first class honors and was elected valedictorian. He entered upon the practice in 1867 at Grand Bluff, Texas, where he remained for twenty years after which time he removed to Beckville, Texas. He enlisted as a private in the Confederate Army, "Magnolia Cadets," April, 1861, under Capt. N. H. R. Dawson, which afterwards became Co. C, 4th Alabama regiment. At the expiration of twelve months service he was elected first lieutenant and later was elected captain of the company. At the battle of Antietam he was so severely wounded that his right leg was amputated in order to save his life, and being no longer able to undergo active military service he was appointed supervisor of the collection of tax in kind for Shelby County, and stationed at Wilsontonville, where he remained until the surrender. When the militia was re-organized, he was commissioned by Gov. L. E. Parsons lieutenant colonel for Shelby County with headquarters at Columbiana. He was a Democrat; Baptist; Mason; Odd Fellow, member of the Texas state medical association, and also the Panola county medical association. Married: January 19, 1870, at Marshall County, Texas, to Sarah Julia, daughter of Col. Lewis E. and Martha (Weir) Vawter of Grand Bluff, Texas. Her paternal grandfather, David Vawter, the youngest son of Philemon Vawter, with three brothers, John, Bartholomew, and Angus, of Norman origin, came to this country from Plymouth, England, in 1683. Their descendants were in the Revolutionary war, and the War of 1812. Children: 1. Mary Alphene, m. Edward Marshall, Texarkana, Ark.; 2. Martha Elizabeth, m. S. Bell, Tenaha, Texas; 3. Robert Alphonzo, physician, m. Etta Davis, Jefferson, Texas; 4. Polly; 5. Sara Julia; 6. Carrie Belle, graduate college of industrial arts, Denton, Texas, B. A. university of Texas, principal of high school, Jacksonville, Texas, now State supervisor of rural schools, Austin, Texas; 7. Dave Louise, graduate industrial arts, Denton, Texas. Last residence: Beckville, Texas.

STEVENS, HENRY WILBURNE, first judge of the Montgomery County court, was born May 6, 1788, in Canaan, Conn., and died in Bibb County, September 2, 1823; son of Andrew and Cynthia (Brownele) Stevens, of Canaan, Conn. Judge Stevens was educated at the Litchfield law school, Conn. He removed to Alabama and was the first judge of the Montgomery County court, 1816. Married: Sarah (Brooks) Sterrett, daughter of James Brooks, of Albemarle County, Va. Children: 1. David unmarried; 2. Margaret Elizabeth Warwick, m. William Phineas Browne (q. v.). Last residence: Bibb County.

STEVENS, PHILIP ORLANDO, lawyer, was born November 16, 1852, near Berlin, Chambers County; son of Hubbard Wallace and Caroline (Powledge) Stevens, natives of Georgia, the former who was a teacher, served in the

War of Secession as first lieutenant being afterwards appointed to a captaincy; grand-son of Theophilus Stevens and a Miss Devaughn, the former who came from Wales, settled in North Carolina, and later moved to Alabama where he settled in Chambers County, and of Gideon Powledge and a Miss Godfrey, the former who was a native of Georgia, who moved to Florida after the War of Secession, where he spent the remainder of his life. His early education was obtained from his father and he later attended the common schools. He went to Montgomery and read law in the office of Troy & Tompkins, where he remained for eleven months. He then removed to Opelika, where he studied with Judge J. M. Chilton, and in 1880, was admitted to the bar. He began the practice of his profession at Opelika, and remained there until 1885, when he went to Alexander City. In 1898, he was elected State senator from the tenth district of Alabama, comprising Tallapoosa and Coosa Counties. He is a Democrat, and a member of the Baptist church. Married: February 17, 1888, at Alexander City, to Etta J. Bailey, daughter of J. J. Bailey of that place. Residence: Alexander City.

STEVENS, THOMAS McCORVEY, lawyer, was born July 31, 1866, at Perdue Hill, Monroe County; son of Thomas Jefferson and Lydia A. (McCorvey) Stevens, the former who was a native of Monroeville, lived there until about 1890, then removed to Brewton, served throughout the War of Secession in the Fifty-third Alabama cavalry, was tax collector of Monroe County; grandson of Matthew P. and Nancy Stevens, who lived in Monroe County, and of Murdoch and Lydia R. McCorvey, who lived at Monroeville, the former who was one of the foremost educators of his section of the country and served several terms as probate judge of Monroe County. The ancestors were early emigrants of the clan of Campbell from Scotland to Robeson County, N. C., from which place some members of the clan went to Monroe County, early in the eighteenth century, and founded a village called Scotland. Thomas M. Stevens was educated in the village schools of Monroeville; later attended the University of Alabama, from which he was graduated A. B., in 1888; and in 1890 was graduated LL. B., from the law school of the University of Alabama. He began the practice of law at Brewton, in 1890; removed to Mobile in January, 1896; was deputy solicitor for Escambia County during the whole period of his residence there with the exception of about six months; for about six months was circuit solicitor, filling the unexpired term of Hon. Jesse Stallings, who had been nominated for congress; during the legislature of 1911, represented the thirty-third senatorial district; and was again State senator in 1913. He is a Democrat, and served as a member of the State Democratic executive committee from the state at large for about eight years. Residence: Mobile.

STEVENSON, FORNEY CALDWELL, physician, was born June 20, 1873, in Jacksonville, Calhoun County; son of Horace Lee and

Mary Amelia (Abernathy) Stevenson (q. v.). He received his preparatory education in the public schools of his native town and graduated from the State normal school at that place, 1890. In 1893 he graduated from Columbia university, New York, with the degree of M. D. and the following year entered upon the practice of his profession in Montgomery. He was president of the Montgomery County medical society, 1899, and was later a member of the county and city board of health, acting president, Montgomery Y. M. C. A. and chairman executive committee of Montgomery anti-tuberculosis league. He is a Democrat; Episcopalian and an Odd Fellow. Married: November 22, 1899, at Montgomery, to Priscilla Tyler, daughter of Thomas Gardner and Eliza (Tyler) Foster of that city; granddaughter of Thomas Flournoy Foster, member of congress; great-granddaughter of John Tyler, president of the United States. Children: 1. Elizabeth Tyler; 2. Frances Abernathy. Residence: Montgomery.

STEVENSON, HENRY MUNN, Methodist minister, was born August 11, 1875, at Barton Station, Colbert County; son of John Baxter and Sarah Cook (Munn) Stevenson, the former who was a native of Bryson, Giles County, Tenn., later came to Alabama, was a charter member of the North Alabama Conference, was chaplain in the C. S. Army in Virginia, was for forty-seven years a minister in the Southern Methodist church, served as circuit and station preacher, and presiding elder, and was several times a delegate to the general conference; grandson of Elam E. Stevenson and a Miss Payne, who moved from North Carolina and settled in Giles County, Tenn., and of Mathias and Rosannah (Finney) Munn, who after their marriage came south and settled in northern Alabama, the former who was a native of New Jersey, was a captain in the U. S. Army in the war with Mexico, the latter who was a native of Ireland. His early education was obtained in the public schools of northern and eastern Alabama, and he later attended Vanderbilt university, where he was graduated from the Biblical department. He became a minister of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, was licensed in May, 1899, at Nashville, Tenn., and in December, 1901, joined the North Alabama Conference. He has occupied several important charges and is now pastor of the West End Station, Birmingham. In 1907, he was influential in bringing about prohibition in Tallapoosa County, and spoke in interest of the proposed amendments to the constitution of Alabama in 1909. He has written several short poems and various articles for the press. Married: October 5, 1904, at Lafayette, to Mayme Gene Fuller, daughter of Thomas Hamer and Anna (Burton) Fuller, who lived at Lafayette, having originally come from Georgia. Children: 1. Leon McKay; 2. Alma Elizabeth; 3. Olin Hamer; 4. John Burton, deceased. Residence: Birmingham.

STEVENSON, HORACE LEE, lawyer and State solicitor, was born January 28, 1843, at Mt. Tabor, Union District, S. C.; son of James

Ainsley and Lucy McDonald (Shelton) Stevenson, the former a native of York, York District, S. C., farmer and merchant who located in Jacksonville, Calhoun County, in 1852, and contributed largely to the Confederacy; grandson of Thomas and Sarah (Thomas) Shelton of Fairfield District, S. C. The Stevensons were of Scotch-Irish stock, and the Sheltons were of English origin. The American founder of the Stevenson family settled in Pennsylvania, later in Virginia and finally in South Carolina. Mr. Stevenson received his early education in the neighborhood log cabin school in his native district, and later attended the academy at Jacksonville, and the high school of Col. Simpson Fonch, Rome, Ga. He was a student at South Carolina college, 1860-61, and left to go to Ft. Sumter where he participated in its capture, April 12, 1861. After the capture of Ft. Sumter he joined Co. D, 10th Alabama brigade and participated in a number of battles. He studied law under Gen. William H. Forney and taught school at the same time; was admitted to the bar, 1867, and entered upon the practice at Jacksonville the following year. He was appointed county solicitor and State solicitor, 1868; held the office of county solicitor for sixteen years; elected mayor of Jacksonville in 1874 and held that office for twenty years; president Tredegar national bank of Jacksonville, 1902-13; chairman of the Democratic executive committee, Calhoun County; chairman senatorial, judicial and congressional conventions, and a Presbyterian. Married: December 19, 1866, in Jacksonville, to Mary, daughter of Miles Washington and Ann (Hoke) Abernathy who removed to Jacksonville from Lincolnton, N. C.; granddaughter of John and Susan (Forney) Abernathy of Lincolnton, N. C., who located in Jacksonville in 1834, the former a member of the Alabama legislature in the forties and the State senate, 1854, a planter and mill owner, and of Daniel and Nancy (Ramseur) of North Carolina, who located in Jacksonville, 1832, bought a large tract of land and built a flouring mill. Children: 1. Macon A., m. Salvina Hoke Forney; 2. Forney Caldwell (q. v.) m. Priscilla Foster, Montgomery; 3. Annie Lucile, m. J. Henry Edwards, Jacksonville; 4. Alberta Chapman, m. William R. Bice, Anniston; 5. Mary Caroline, m. William C. Irby, Laurence, S. C.; 6. Jessica, Florence; 7. Sarah Louise. Residence: Jacksonville.

STEWART, CHARLES S., major and later, lieutenant colonel, 21st Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

STEWART, FREDERICK, major, 21st Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

STEWART, GEORGE NOBLE, lawyer, was born July 26, 1799, in Burlington, N. J.; son of Noble Caldwell and Helena (Counsell) Stewart, the former a native of Londonderry, Ireland, who came to America at an early age, served in the U. S. Navy as an apprentice, later entered the mercantile service, and resided in New York and Philadelphia; grandson of Peter Counsell, a native of England, who was resid-

ing in Cadiz, Spain, at the time of his daughter's marriage. He was educated in the private schools of Philadelphia and early became interested in chemistry and geology. He was engaged for some time as a student in a laboratory in Philadelphia and later became a clerk in a large drug establishment. In 1817 he came to Alabama as secretary of the association formed to locate the "Vine and olive company." In this way he became a resident of Demopolis, and took up the study of law under Judge Abner S. Lipscomb, being admitted to the bar in 1821, later admitted to practice in the supreme court and in the states of Mississippi and Kentucky, as well as in the supreme court of the United States, the latter privilege being on the motion of Attorney-General Caleb Cushing, in the year 1854. He removed to Tuscaloosa in 1827, and entered into the practice with Seth Barton; was later appointed reporter of the supreme court, and published, in 1830, the first volume of "Stewart's Reports," which was followed by his second and third volumes. After his resignation, he turned over his notes to Benjamin F. Porter, who published the fourth volume as "Stewart and Porter's Reports." He was one of the directors of the State bank at Tuscaloosa and served for one year as mayor of the city. He removed to Mobile in 1835 and was employed in many of the land controversies existing there. He served as senator from Mobile in the State legislature of 1847, and became one of the most prominent men of Mobile. Married: March 16, 1826, at Arcola, Marengo County, to Marie Pauline, daughter of Gen. Henry and Adele (DeSevré) Henry, the former an officer in the French Army, who accompanied Jerome Bonaparte on his visit to Philadelphia, was married there, returned to France, shortly after died, and his widow returning to America, married Frederick Ravesses, a French merchant of Philadelphia, who came to Alabama and settled a plantation in Marengo County. Children: among these, order conjectural, 1. Frederick G., member Mobile cadets, 1st regiment, Alabama volunteers, C. S. Army, killed at battle of Malvern Hill; 2. son; 3. daughter, m. Thomas W. Sims. Last residence: Mobile.

STEWART, GEORGE T., Alabama author and writer; supreme court reporter, 1827-31.

STEWART, HENRY ARCHIBALD, business man, was born December 29, 1859, at Munford, Talladega County; son of John Archibald and Sarah Elizabeth (Weatherly) Stewart, the former who was a farmer, served in the C. S. Army; grandson of Samuel Dwight and Nancy (Gallahaw) Stewart, who came from Georgia in 1840 and settled in Randolph County, and of Martin and Martha (Ball) Weatherly, both natives of Virginia, who lived near Munford, the former who was a relative of Martha Washington, wife of George Washington; great-grandson of John Stewart of South Carolina, who was a brother-in-law of Anthony Wayne, general of the Revolutionary War. Henry A. Stewart attended school at Munford; worked on the farm; at the age of seventeen years accepted a position as agent for the Southern

railway, which he held for several years; held various clerical positions; became connected with the Jenifer furnace company at Jenifer, and in 1904 was made auditor and trustee; during 1892 and 1893, while engaged in business at Munford, was editor of the "Munford Leader"; and was assistant postmaster at Munford under R. T. Conley, after whose death he was acting postmaster for the remainder of the term. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; a Knight of Pythias; and an Elk. Married: on November 11, 1885, in Munford, to Mary Victoria, daughter of Martin Hill and Elizabeth Frances (Mynatt) Hansard of that place, the former who was a native of Tennessee, came to Alabama when quite young, and served as a member of Co. C, Fifty-first Alabama cavalry regiment, C. S. Army. Children: 1. Clara Clotilde, m. Julius Herman Priebe; 2. Lena Lucile; 3. Ethel Elizabeth. Residence: Jenifer.

STEWART, HORACE HEZEKIAH, wholesale grocer, was born December 18, 1844, in Newberry District, S. C.; son of James and Ellen Ford (Wright) Stewart, the former who was a native of Newberry District, S. C., of English descent, who in 1849, removed to Marengo County, served in the War of Secession in the militia, and the latter who was a native of Westmoreland County, Va. He received his education in the schools of Marengo and Dallas Counties, and at seventeen years of age joined the Independent Rangers, under the command of Capt. Lewis. During the attack on the jail at LaFayette, Ga., which the Federals were defending, he was severely wounded. At the close of the war, he was color bearer of a cavalry battalion. After the war he went to Athens, where he engaged as a clerk in a country dry goods store, and at the same time studied bookkeeping and Latin and French. For one year he was bookkeeper for Jeffries and Ware, at Uniontown; removed to Selma in 1868, and was bookkeeper and salesman in different establishments; when he went into business for himself, in 1874, conducting a wholesale grocery business; in 1878, his wholesale grocery business failed; and he later established himself in the brokerage business. In 1877, he was elected a member of the city council, served eight years, and during this time was one of the commissioners appointed by the governor to adjust the city debt of Selma; was at one time a delegate to a county convention; was a delegate to several State conventions, being a member of the convention that first nominated Judge Haralson to the supreme court bench of Alabama; in 1885, he was defeated for the mayoralty by Hon. H. S. D. Mallory; was elected mayor in 1890; after retiring as mayor he served as city clerk, in conjunction with his brokerage business for six years; and in 1911, was appointed to fill the unexpired term of Ben F. Toler, who had died; and was re-elected the following year. He was a member of the executive board of the Alabama Methodist orphanage at Summerfield. He is a Democrat and a Methodist and served his church as superintendent of the Sunday school and as steward. Married: in 1868, to Ella Josephine, daughter of William Cabe of Dallas

County. Children: 1. Elva Pearl, deceased; 2. William Walton, served in the Spanish-American War, under Roosevelt, and died November 22, 1903, in Texas as a result of exposure during the war; m. Carrie B. Tarver, children: Elva Pearl, and Annie Walton; 3. Horace H., m. Mary Finley Craig, children, Josephine, deceased, George Craig, Horace Hezekiah, Alvina Craig; 4. Paul Wright, unmarried; 5. Ona, m. Melville Harris Morrison, children, Josephine Stewart, deceased, Margaret, Katheryne, Melville Harris; 6. Ellen; 7. Claude Cabe, unmarried; 8. Edgar Allan, m. Irma Mallory, child, Edgar Allan, jr. All these children and their families reside at Selma. Residence: Selma.

STEWART, JAMES HARVEY, lawyer, member of the constitutional convention of 1901, was born February 10, 1841, in Greene, now Hale County, and died January 23, 1912; son of Warren Dubose and Hannah Holliday (Rodgers) Stewart, the former, who was a South Carolinian, came to Alabama when about seven years of age, was a planter, and resided in Greene County, until 1848, when he removed to Kemper County, Miss., where his death occurred; grandson of Allen Stewart and a Miss Swilley, the former who was a native of Scotland, came to the United States in 1799, settled near Camden, S. C., later removed to Tuscaloosa County, and served as captain in the Revolutionary War, and of Enos and Nancy (Hart) Rodgers, who lived at Greensboro, the former who was a native of Greene County, N. C., and of Irish descent, and the latter who was of English descent. He received his early education in the old-field schools, and later was prepared for college at Prof. Tutwiler's Green Springs academy. He then attended the University of Virginia, for about two years, 1860-61, when he withdrew and joined the C. S. Army as private in Co. D, Eleventh Alabama infantry. He participated in the battles of Seven Pines, Gaines' Mill, Gettysburg, and all of the battles up to the surrender at Appomattox. He was wounded at Gaines' Mill, and Gettysburg. During the latter part of the war, he served with a battalion of sharpshooters, acting as courier for the major of his division. After the war he went to Marengo County, studied law, was admitted to the bar in 1866, and removed to Uniontown where he commenced the practice, in connection with J. B. Christian, and later the firm of Christian, Lovelace and Stewart, was formed. He took part with Gen. E. W. Pettus without pay or remuneration in the famous prosecutions of black-belt citizens for voting charges in defending the prosecutions of those citizens instituted in Federal courts by carpet-baggers. In 1880, he was elected probate judge of Perry County, for the term of six years. In November, 1886, he removed to Marion, where he continued to practice law. In 1901, he was a member of the constitutional convention, and a member of the suffrage committee. He was for a number of years one of the trustees of Marion female seminary. He was a Democrat, and a member of the St. Wilfred Episcopal church, at Marion which he served as vestryman. Married: in November, 1866, to Virginia, daughter of Thomas Madison and Elizabeth Lou

(Willburn) Graves, who lived in Madison County. Children: 1. Enos R., m. Jessie Haynes, Birmingham; 2. Annie E., m. Joseph L. Crenshaw, Carson; 3. James H., unmarried, Los Angeles, Calif.; 4. Arthur W., lawyer, m. Jean Minor, Marion; 5. Hannah H., m. Mem C. Webb, Demopolis. Last residence: Marion.

STEWART, JAMES WILLIAM, physician, was born in 1806, at Newberry, Smith County, S. C., and died in 1891, in Florence. His parents and ancestors were Scotch, coming from Scotland and settling in Newberry, S. C. His early education was obtained in the country schools, and he later attended the New Orleans medical college, where he received the degree of M. D. He practiced his profession in South Carolina, later in Alabama in Lauderdale County, and during the War of Secession, was physician in Colbert's Reserve at Pensacola, Fla. He was a member of the State senate, 1862-63, and 1863-64. He was a Democrat; a Methodist; and a Mason. Married: in 1833, near Florence, to Mary Jane, daughter of James Alexander and Mary Smith (Downy) Noel, who were originally from Wilmington, N. C. Children: 1. James Robert, physician, deceased; 2. John Alexander, physician, deceased; 3. William Henry, d. at Middleton, Tenn., m. a Miss McKenzie; 4. Mary Lavenia, m. John Ridley, Florence; 5. Edmond Monroe, d. in Florence, m. Millie Malone. Last residence: Florence.

STEWART, JOHN POPE, physician, was born March 28, 1860, at Frankfort, Franklin County; son of Oscar William and Mary Ann (Pope) Stewart, the former a Tennessean, who was a physician, practiced in Alabama and Tennessee, volunteered as a private in the War of Secession, but was made surgeon, and after the war practiced at Auburn, then Etowah County; grandson of William Stewart, who was of Scotch descent, came from Virginia to Tennessee, was treasurer of Franklin County, for thirty years, had six sons who were veterans of the War of Secession, Gen. A. P., Col. L. H., Capt. John W., Samuel, a chaplain, Charles, band leader, and Oscar William, surgeon, and of William and Mary Ann (Hurst) Pope, who resided at Russellville. His early education was received in the grammar schools at Auburn and at Gadsden. He attended a private school for boys at West Point, Miss., and in 1883, matriculated in the Mobile medical college, where he was graduated in 1884. He was then appointed by the faculty, as superintendent of the city hospital. He began practice in Attalla, in 1886, and in 1894-95, was lecturer of physiology in the medical department of Grant university, at Chattanooga, Tenn. He has been president of the county medical society several times; chairman of the county board of health for the city of Attalla; counsellor for the Alabama State medical association, and in 1910, was its orator at the Mobile session; and has served as alderman several times. He is a Democrat; a member of the Methodist church which he has served as steward; Mason; Odd Fellow; and Knight of Pythias. Married: (1) April 15, 1886, to Elvina M. Sancier, who died November 18, 1902, daughter of M. and Honora (Collins) Sancier, who

lived at Mobile, the former who was a native of France; (2) June 22, 1904, to Theodosia C., daughter of Col. John C. and Eleanor (Cund) Wickliffe, who lived at Louisville, Ky., the former who was a colonel in the C. S. Army. Children: 1. Eugene M.; 2. Edna B., m. H. A. Bradford, Sparta, Tenn.; 3. Wallace F., Attalla; 4. John Creeps Wickliffe, Attalla. Residence: Attalla.

STEWART, JOHN WILLIAM, Baptist minister, was born February 20, 1854, near Louina, Randolph County; son of Milton Alexander and Jane (Holmes) Stewart, the former who was a Georgian; grandson of Alexander Stewart and a Miss Burgess, the latter who was a native of Dublin, Ireland, and who came to America when she was seven years of age, and of William and Lucy Holmes, who lived near Red Hill, S. C. He entered Jasper academy at Jasper, when he was twenty-three years of age, and later attended Howard college, where he was graduated, B. S., in 1884, and was captain of Co. B. cadets. He attended the Southern Baptist theological seminary at Louisville, Ky., from 1884-86. He was ordained a Baptist minister, October 23, 1880. He served the following pastorates: Orrville, one and a half years; Evergreen, twenty-one years; Birmingham, five years. He organized the first Sunbeam band in the State Woman's mission union of Alabama, and founded, built and directed for sixteen years, the Baptist orphanage at Evergreen. Married: October 1, 1891, at Evergreen, to Mary Leigh, daughter of John Wesley and Elizabeth Crook, who lived at Evergreen; granddaughter of William and Martha (Leigh) Crook, and of John Tolever and Mary Amanda (Mauldin) Henderson. Children: 1. John William, jr.; 2. Grace; 3. Mary; 4. Wayland Crook. Residence: Birmingham.

STEWART, NATHANIEL EDMOND, farmer and legislator, was born October 12, 1854, near Scottsville, Bibb County; son of George and Elizabeth Jane (Steele) Stewart, of Bibb County, the former was a member of the board of county commissioners from 1874-77, and from 1880 to 1884, was born in Jones County, Ga., removed to Alabama in 1842, located near Scottsville, served in Capt. Pat Crenshaw's company of home guards, C. S. Army; grandson of John and Nancy Steele, who lived in Bibb County. His paternal and maternal ancestors came from Ireland and Scotland respectively. He was educated in the common schools of Bibb County; appointed township school trustee, 1891, serving thirteen years; was district trustee from 1904 to 1912; elected member of the County board of education, serving, 1912-16; county commissioner 1892-96, 1900-1904, and re-elected, 1916; was road supervisor, 1908-1910; and elected a representative from Bibb County to the legislature of 1919. He is a farmer. He was formerly a Populist, but is now a Democrat. He is a member of the Farmer's alliance, and a Methodist. Married: August 31, 1876, near Scottsville, to Sarah Amanda, daughter of John Archibald and Martha J. (Mink) Wood, the former a prominent farmer of that place. Children: 1. George Wood, m. Lou Murphy;

2. Ellen, m. Prude Hubbard; 3. John; 4. Mary Pearl, deceased; 5. Florence, m. T. S. Lewis; 6. Lillie, m. Nim Reach; 7. Edmund Commadore; 8. Essie. Residence: Blocton.

STEWART, THOMAS, soldier of the American Revolution, aged 76, and a resident of Autauga County; private N. C. State Troops; enrolled on August 12, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$51.45; sums received to date of publication of list, \$154.35.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in part 3, vol. xiii, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

STIDHAM, WINSTON, farmer, member secession convention, 1861, was born November 12, 1810, near Winchester, Franklin County, Tenn., and died September 15, 1894, at Bexar; son of Isaac and Mary (Halmark) Stidham; grandson of Benjamin Stidham, and a Mr. Halmark, both of whom came to America from England and settled in Tennessee in early boyhood. He had few educational advantages, and later engaged in farming. He was a member of the secession convention, which met in Montgomery in January, 1861, and was a member of the legislature from Marion County, from 1865-66, and 1866-67. He was a Methodist and a Mason. Married: (1) Susan Markham, deceased; (2) Mary, daughter of John and Mary (Smith) Stone, who lived at Shottsville. The Stones came from South Carolina to Alabama in the early part of the nineteenth century. Children, by first marriage: 1. Nancy, deceased, m. Joe Hays; 2. Serena, deceased, m. John Clayton; 3. Carter, deceased; by second marriage: 4. Sophrona J., Bexar, m. William P. Shotts, deceased; 5. Lucinda E., m. John M. Shotts, Shottsville; 6. Mary, m. Thomas W. Lindsey, both deceased; 7. Mahala, Bexar, m. Isaac A. Ballard, deceased; 8. Elizabeth, m. Stephen E. Lindsey, Bexar; 9. Telitha Ann, m. John M. Duke, Bexar; 10. John H., m. Hepzi-Ann Stone, both deceased; 11. Dilmus L., m. Ellen Lindsey, Bexar; 12. Canada, d. in childhood. Last residence: Bexar.

STIFF, LAFAYETTE MARION, printer, was born in 1826, at Baltimore City, Baltimore County, Md., and died February 7, 1866, at Center; son of Edward Stiff, a native of Bedford County, Va., who lived in Baltimore City, was a newspaper man, was editor and publisher of "The Cherokee Sentinel", and was author of the "Texas Immigrant", a history of Texas from the earliest days to 1840. He received his education in the common schools of Baltimore. He entered the newspaper business in Cincinnati, O., and was a practical printer. In 1846, he came to Alabama with his father and they established "The Cherokee Sentinel", at Cedar Bluff, Cherokee County. He was receiver of public moneys for Coosa land district of the land office in Center in the late fifties up to the time Alabama seceded and demanded the gold. In 1857-58, he was a member of the Alabama legislature. In 1862-65, he served in the War of Secession as captain of Co. C, Sixth Georgia infantry, and also had served formerly as private in the war with Mexico. He was a Democrat and a Royal Arch Mason. Married: April

15, 1851, at Summerfield, Ga., to Helena Jane, daughter of Washington and Elizabeth Hale, who lived at Center; granddaughter of Louis Hale who came to this country from Kent, England, and settled in Grayson county, Va. Children: 1. Washington Clemens, m. Martha Augusta Senter, Center; 2. Maria Agnes, m. George J. Harper, Birmingham; 3. Laura Virginia, d., in 1876; 4. William Lafayette, d. 1890; 5. Edward, d. in infancy; 6. Rosa Lee, d. in infancy. Last residence: Center.

STIKES, AUGUST, 12th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

STILLMAN, CHARLES ALLEN, Presbyterian minister, was born March 14, 1819, in Charleston, S. C., and died January 23, 1895, at Tuscaloosa; son of James and Mary (Raymond) Stillman, the former who was a native of Bridgeport, Conn., and later removed to Charleston, S. C., where for many years he was engaged in the custom house; grandson of Naphthill and Anne Raymond, the former who was a captain in the Revolutionary War, served in the Indian wars, and was present at the massacre of San Domingo; and a descendant of Richard Raymond, who was a member of the old church of Salem, Mass., and received a land grant for services rendered. He received a good early education and in January, 1836, connected himself with the Second Presbyterian church of Charleston, of which Dr. Smith was then the pastor. In 1838, he entered the sophomore class of Oglethorpe university, Midway, Ga., and was graduated in 1841, with high honors. In November, 1841, he entered the Theological seminary at Columbia, S. C., and was graduated from there in 1844. In the same year he was licensed by the Charleston Presbytery, and took charge of the Second Presbyterian church at Charleston for six months. He went to Eutaw, in the autumn of 1844, to serve as pastor of the Presbyterian church there, and in 1845, was ordained by the Presbytery of Tuscaloosa. He remained at Eutaw for nine years. In 1853, he went to Gainesville, and remained there for seventeen years. In 1870, he went to Tuscaloosa and served as pastor there for twenty-five years until his death. He was for many years director of the Columbia theological seminary; a member of the board of control of the Clarksville southwestern university; and in 1876, was moderator of the general assembly of New Orleans. He was one of the founders of the institute at Tuscaloosa for training colored ministers, and was superintendent of this institute to a few months previous to his death. When he retired from that office the assembly named it the Stillman institute for training colored ministers. He was on the editorial staff of the Southern Presbyterian for a number of years. He was a Democrat. Married: (1) October 15, 1846, to Martha Hammond; (2) April 17, 1866, to Fannie Collins, who died in 1873; (3) April 17, 1872, to Elfreda Walker. Children, by first marriage: 1. Ellen Raymond, deceased, m. Dr. Edward H. Sholl; 2. Mary, d. in 1870; 3. Sallie, d. in 1860; 4. Carrie Frazer, d. in 1880; 5. John Hammond, m. Mary Brit-

tain, Birmingham; by second marriage: 6. Fannie Collins, d. 1873; by third marriage: 7. Charles Allen, Chicago; 8. Anna Marrast, Birmingham; 9. James Sydney, Catasauqua, Pa. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

STILLWAGON ———, *soldier of the American Revolution*. "Mrs. Elizabeth Stillwagon was accidentally burnt to death at Connellsville on the 6th. She was 115 years old, and her husband was a Revolutionary soldier."—*The Southern Advocate*, Huntsville, Ala., Feb. 22, 1854.

STOCKMON, CHRISTOPHER, *soldier of the American Revolution*, and a resident of Mobile County; private, particular service not shown; enrolled on May 20, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$20; transferred from North Carolina.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile.

STODDARD, WILLIAM HAWTHORNE, lawyer, was born October 10, 1877, in Crenshaw County; son of Hiram Edward and Georgia A. (Stowers) Stoddard, the former who was justice of peace at Bradleyton, for forty years. The name Stoddard is derived from the office of standard bearer, and was anciently written De-La Standard. William Stoddard, a Knight, came from Normandy to England, 1066 A. D., with William the Conqueror, who was his cousin. Anthony Stoddard, the progenitor of the family in America, came from England to Boston about 1639, was admitted a freeman in 1640, and was a representative in 1650-59-60 and during twenty successive years from 1665 to 1684. William H. Stoddard received his early education in the common schools of his county; received the degree of Bachelor of Pedagogy at the State normal college, Troy, 1903, finishing the course in three years, at the same time teaching to help defray his expenses; read law while working as clerk in the probate office of Crenshaw County under Judge F. M. T. Tankersley; admitted to the bar, December, 1905; received the degree of LL. B. at Yale university, 1913; admitted to the bar of the supreme court of the United States, January, 1913. He has practiced law in the courts of Alabama, Florida and Texas; was chief clerk probate court, Crenshaw County, 1905 to 1912; solicitor county court, 1913 to 1918; and representative in legislature from Crenshaw County, 1919. He has served in the Alabama national guard, entering in 1903 as a private, Company Twelve, Second Alabama infantry; became second lieutenant in 1905; first lieutenant in 1906 and captain in 1907. He is a Democrat, was a member of the state executive committee, 1914-1918; is a Methodist; a Mason; a Knight of Pythias; and a Woodman of the World. He is the author of "Contracts of Trustees." Married: on September 21, 1912, to Mattie Belle, daughter of Charles H. and Asenath (Norman) Webster, of La Pine. Children: 1. John Chilton, b. October 24, 1915. Residence: Luverne.

STOKES, CHARLES ASBURY, business man and legislator, was born November 9, 1856, at Louisville, Barbour County; son of Seborn Glenn and Emma Simeon (Laney) Stokes, the former was a business man and resided in Dale, Henry, and Barbour Counties, served in Capt. William H. Stuckey's company, Alabama regiment, C. S. Army, and died in Knoxville, Tenn., December 14, 1862; grandson of Maj. Henry and Rhoda (Dowling) Stokes, and of Evan and Leah (Segrest) Laney. The Stokes and Dowling families came from Virginia to Georgia and thence to south-east Alabama. He was educated in the common schools of Dale and Henry Counties. He is a merchant and live stock dealer, having entered this business in 1899. He is a director of the Planters and merchants bank, president of the Mutual fertilizer company; president of the C. H. Stokes live stock company. He represented the twenty-third senatorial district in the legislature of 1911. He is a Democrat; Methodist; Mason; and Woodman of the World. Married: January 14, 1875, Nancy Ellen, daughter of Daniel and Eliza (Jernigan) Beasley, natives of North Carolina. Children: while they have no children of their own, they have raised and educated twenty orphans, four of whom have married. Residence: Ozark.

STOKES, JOEL ALLEN, planter, was born in 1815, in Caswell County, N. C., and died April, 1847, in Bonham, Texas; son of Sylvanus and Rebecca Stokes, the former a planter, member of the North Carolina legislature for several times and Stokes County, that state, was named in his honor. He was educated in the common schools of North Carolina; at the Danville, Va., male academy, and the Normal college of North Carolina. In 1836, he removed to McGehee's Switch, Montgomery County, carrying with him his slaves, and buying a plantation near that of his brother-in-law, Col. Albert Gallatin McGehee, but later sold that land and purchased a plantation on the Norman Bridge Road. He was a successful planter and was for a number of years justice of the peace in the beat in which he lived. He was a Whig and a Methodist. Married: in 1836, in Amelia County, Va., to Elizabeth Caroline, daughter of William and Sarah Scott (Hudson) Payne of that place. Children: 1. Walter Scott, m. Martha Shakelford, Montgomery; 2. Sarah Ann; 3. Jane Frances, m. Rev. W. W. Lewis. Last residence: Montgomery County.

STOKES, SYLVESTER, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 35, and a resident of Lawrence County; private Virginia Continental Line; enrolled on March 14, 1827, under act of Congress of March 18, 1818, payment to date from February 2, 1827; annual allowance, \$96; sums received to date of publication of list, \$536.51.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

STOLLENWERCK, FRANK, banker, lumberman and real estate dealer, was born September 20, 1860, at Marion, died July 30, 1912, while on a business trip in the west, and is

buried in Montgomery; son of Augustus Gustavus and Julia Frances (Fowlkes) Stollenwerck, who was educated in the famous Green Spring school conducted by Henry Tutwiler, member of the 24th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, lived successively in Greensboro, Marion and Birmingham; grandson of Louie Marie Augustus and Aimé Françoise (Coupéry) Stollenwerck who lived in France, and moved thence to San Domingo, coming later to New York and finally in 1820, to Alabama, and of Edward Taylor and Mary Ann (Foster) Fowlkes, who lived at Franklinton, N. C., and later located in Alabama. Mr. Stollenwerck was educated in private schools, and received a preparatory course at the Dallas academy, Selma. He was not privileged to attend college as he went to work at the age of fifteen. Reaching manhood, he entered the cotton business in Selma, going in 1885 to Anniston where he did an extensive brokerage business. The following year he removed to Greenville where for six years he was cashier in the bank of Joseph Steiner and son. About 1888 his brother-in-law, Willie Herbert Calhoun, became secretary and treasurer of the Dunham lumber co., at Dunham, and through him Mr. Stollenwerck was induced to invest in stock in the company. A few years later after the death of Mr. Calhoun, in 1898, whose foreseeing business policy had acquired large tracts of virgin pine, Mr. Stollenwerck bought out the interest of the president, Capt. D. B. McKenzie, and thus became sole proprietor of the business, and continued that connection until 1907 when he moved to Montgomery and entered the real estate, lumber and banking business, being vice-president of the First national bank of that city at the time of his death. In 1911, he was city commissioner of Montgomery but served for part of his term only, resigning for lack of time to perform the duties of the position. He was a Democrat; a vestryman in St. Thomas church, Greenville, and St. John's church, Montgomery. He was also a member of the Knights of Honor. Married: July 6, 1882, at Greenville, to Emma, daughter of Willis Boyd and Aurelice Isabella (Herbert) Calhoun, who lived near Macon, Noxubee County, Miss. Through her parents she was a member of the Herbert, Young, Teague and Mason families of South Carolina and Virginia, and of the Calhoun, Sims and Pickett families of South Carolina. Col. Hillary A. Herbert (q. v.) was her maternal uncle. She was orphaned at an early age and was reared by her maternal aunt, Mrs. Flora (Herbert) Buell, in Greenville. Children: 1. Frank, jr. (q. v.). Last residence: Montgomery.

STOLLENWERCK, FRANK, jr., lawyer and legislator, was born March 24, 1883, at Selma, Dallas County; son of Frank and Emma (Calhoun) Stollenwerck (q. v.). He received his education in private schools in Greenville, at Starke's university school, Montgomery, being a medalist in the primary department of that school, and was for two years in the Boys' Latin school in Baltimore, the last year leader of sixth form, the most advanced class of the school. He graduated in 1904 with

the A. B. degree at Johns Hopkins university, and from the Harvard law school, Cambridge, Mass., in 1908; entered upon the practice, October, 1907, and has since practiced in Montgomery. He served in the Alabama legislature, 1909-10. He is a Democrat; vestryman of St. John's Episcopal church; Knight of Pythias; Knight of Khorassan; and member of the Kappa Alpha college fraternity. Married: June 20, 1917, at Midway, to Dixie, daughter of Gustavus Adolphus and Dixie (Feagin) Orum, of Bullock County, granddaughter of Maj. Madison and Almira (Cole) Feagin, of Georgia, and Alabama, respectively, the former a soldier of the last wars with the Creek Indians, ending in the battle of Pea River, Barbour County, 1833, who gave two sons to the Confederate Army, and himself a member of the Home Guards, and of James and Sarah (Rogers) Orum, of that part of Montgomery County that is in Bullock; great-granddaughter of Samuel and Nancy (Wadsworth) Feagin, of Moore County, N. C., who later lived in Jones County, Ga., and Barbour County, and of Noah B. and Weltha (Taylor) Cole, the former a soldier of the War of 1812 in Georgia, removed to Alabama, and thence to Louisiana; great-great-granddaughter of Richardson and Martha Feagin, of Feaginville, now Carthage, N. C., and of James and Jane (Peavy) Wadsworth, of Warren County, Ga., and probably from Virginia originally, of Daniel and Marie (DuBose) Cole, of Edgefield, S. C., who removed to Georgia, and thence to Alabama, the latter, according to family tradition is descended from Jacques DuBose, French Huguenot refugee, and of Rev. William and Sarah (Billingsley) Taylor, jr., Baptist minister in the famous old Kehukee association, in North Carolina, a soldier of the Revolutionary Army; great-great-great-granddaughter of William Taylor, high sheriff of Edgecombe County, N. C., 1748 to 1756, his wife being Mary Battle. The Taylor and Cole families were of English stock, and the Feagin's Irish. The Orum family furnished soldiers to the Revolutionary Army from Maryland and North Carolina. Residence: Montgomery.

STONE, BARTON WARREN, planter, was born March 24, 1800, at Oglethorpe, Ga., and died January 14, 1884, in Montgomery; son of Warren and Martha (Bedell) Stone; grandson of John and Mary (Warren) Stone, the former a Revolutionary soldier. After her husband's death Mrs. Stone removed to a farm near the Dan River, Pittsylvania County, Va., below the Blue Mountains, carrying her children and servants. Her sons, Boston, Absalom and Warren, settled at a very early date west of Montgomery. Barton establishing himself upon a large plantation ten miles from the present city of Montgomery and built a handsome residence which he furnished suitably. He was a Methodist. Married: (1) to Caroline Walton, widow, of Macon County, Ga.; (2) to Carolina, daughter of Henry and Louisa (Houser) Whetstone, of Autauga County; (3) to Beatrice Wall of Coosa County. Children: by the first wife: 1. Mary, m. John Harris; 2. Sarah, m. Robert Motley of Texas; 3. Warren, m. Helen Benton; 4. Cal-

lie, m. Joe Harris; 5. George, killed at the battle of Seven Pines; 6. Eliza, m. James M. Lewis; by second wife; 7. Henry Lewis, physician, m. Willie Eliza Frazier; 8. Barton William. No children were born of the third marriage. Last residence: Montgomery County.

STONE, F. S., lawyer; living in 1913. Residence: Bay Minette.

STONE, FRANK SINGLETON, sr., steamboat owner, was born October 3, 1839, at Bladen Springs, Choctaw County, and died at Montrose, Baldwin County; son of Capt. Sardine Graham Stone, and brother of S. G. Stone, treasurer of Mobile County. His parents removed to Mobile in 1847, and he received his early education in that city. At the age of twelve he entered the shipyard of J. and D. Howard, Jeffersonville, Ind., for the purpose of learning the business, a year later he went to Mississippi where he completed his literary studies under Alexander Demitry. In 1854, he returned to Mobile and worked as shipping clerk, and the next year he began his career as a river man. His first position was that of second clerk on the "Ben Lee," running in the Tombigbee River trade. In 1858, he was on the "Eliza Battle" as clerk and when that boat burned during a passage he saved several lives for which act he was commended by rescued persons and the Masons of the state, the latter giving him a gold medal for his daring. In 1864, he became captain of the steamer "The Admiral," plying the Tombigbee River, and later had command of a company of boats. Later in life he retired from the river man's life to his home "Montrose" in Baldwin County, and became widely known as a scientific horticulturist. Married: September 4, 1862, to Mary, daughter of Dr. Augustus C. Hawkins, the latter a native of Georgia, who practiced medicine in Union Springs before finally locating in Waverly, Miss., where he died in 1856. Children: 1. Frank S. Jr., student University of Alabama, 1880-83; LL. B., University of Georgia, 1886; clerk, supreme court of Georgia, 1887-88; solicitor, Baldwin County, 1894-99; tax commissioner, Baldwin County, 1899-1900; m. Mary Alice Staats, of Daphne; 2. Mary, deceased; 3. Robert O. Last residence: Baldwin County.

STONE, GEORGE WASHINGTON, lawyer, was born October 24, 1811, in Bedford County, Va., and died March 11, 1894, in Montgomery; son of Micajah and Sarah (Leftwich) Stone, of Bedford County, Va., who removed to Lincoln County, Tenn., in 1818; grandson of Micajah Stone, a native of England who emigrated to America and settled in Bedford County, Va.; grand nephew of Jabez Leftwich (q. v.). Judge Stone was educated in the common schools of Lincoln County, Tenn., later attending the village academy. He studied law in the office of James Fulton, of Fayetteville, Tenn.; removed to Alabama; was admitted to practice his profession in that State, May, 1834, and opened an office in Talladega; entered into partnership with William P. Chilton, later chief justice of the supreme court of Alabama; appointed judge of the circuit court, August, 1843; elected to the same position for a term of six years by the

legislature, in December, 1843; resigned in January, 1849, and removed to Hayneville, Lowndes County, practicing in succession with Nathan Cook, T. J. Judge, and S. Perry Ne-Smith. He was elected associate justice of the Alabama supreme court bench, January, 1856, re-elected in 1862, and upon the reconstruction of the State government after the War of Secession retired from the bench and again took up the practice of his profession in Montgomery. He formed a partnership in 1866 with David Clopton and Gen. James H. Clanton. Upon the death of General Clanton the firm was continued under the name of Stone and Clopton. Judge Stone was again appointed in March, 1876, as associate justice of the supreme court by Governor Houston to fill an unexpired term; elected by the people in 1880 for a term of six years; appointed chief justice by Governor O'Neal in 1884; and elected to the same office for a term of six years in 1886; after which he returned to his practice. He served on the supreme court bench for nearly a quarter of a century and delivered over two thousand and one hundred decisions. These decisions are to be found in the twenty-eight to the thirty-ninth, and fifty-third to the eighty-ninth volumes of the Alabama State reports, inclusive. Married: (1) December 16, 1834, to Mary, daughter of George and Martha (Morgan) Gillespie, of Franklin, Tenn.; (2) September 4, 1849, to Emily, daughter of William and Dolly (Rutherford) Moore, of Lowndes County; (3) February 8, 1866, to Mrs. Mary E. (Harrison) Wright, daughter of Paschal and Elizabeth (Phillips) Harrison, of Georgia, later of Lowndes County. He left numerous descendants. Last residence: Montgomery.

STONE, LEWIS MAXWELL, speaker of the house Alabama legislature, State senator and member constitutional convention, was born December 11, 1819, in Baldwin County, Ga., and died June 26, 1890, in Carrollton; son of William De Saix and Elizabeth (Lewis) Stone, the former a native of Liberty County, Georgia, and died while in Mobile about the middle of January, 1855; grandson of Thomas and Ann (Maxwell) Stone, and of John and Elizabeth (Kennon) Lewis, all of Georgia, brother of Thomas Oswald Stone. The Lewises and Kennons were of Virginia stock. Mr. Stone received his early education in Georgia, and came with his parents to Alabama in 1834. He completed his education at the University of Alabama in 1839, graduating with the degree of A. M. He studied law at Harvard university from which he was graduated in 1841. Having acquired a license to practice his profession he located in 1843, in Carrollton, where he soon acquired a large and lucrative practice. He represented his county in the lower house of the legislature in 1849-50 and 1851-52 and in the senate in 1859-63. He was a member of the constitutional convention of 1861, and again represented his county in the lower house in 1868-69, the reconstruction period, in which he was speaker of the house; member of the constitutional convention of 1875. He represented his county the fourth time in 1888-89, which was his last legislative service. He was a Baptist. Married: the widow of Mr. Gershom

Kelly of Pickens County, née, Elizabeth Brooks. Last residence: Carrollton.

STONE, LUCIUS BENNETT, business man, was born October 15, 1835, at Homer, Cortland County, N. Y.; son of Jacob Thompson and Mary (Bennett) Stone; grandson of Mary Webb Stone who was on the maternal side a direct descendant of Gov. William Bradford and on the paternal side the Webb family is of Scotch origin, tracing its line of descent back to Harry Webb who settled in Warwickshire, England, in 1377; great-grandson of Thomas Stone who was a private in Col. Artemus Ward's regiment in the Revolutionary War, and participated in many battles among them being the battle of Bunker Hill, and of Asa Bennett and a Miss Barrows, the former who served as a lieutenant in the Revolutionary War, and the latter who was a daughter of Capt. Thomas Barrows. Lucius B. Stone received his education in the Cortland academy at Homer, and at the age of twenty years because of ill health he went to Georgia. On January 23, 1861, he enlisted in Jackson's battery, Georgia state troops with whom he marched to the coast; in April, 1861, enlisted in the second Georgia battalion of infantry, going to Norfolk, Va.; was assigned to the Forty-ninth Georgia infantry, C. S. A., as drill master; and later he was appointed ordnance sergeant. In 1876, he came to Cherokee County; engaged in merchandising, mining, and farming; was elected state senator from the twenty-ninth district, 1900, was re-elected in 1902, and again in 1903. Married: on December 3, 1874, at Cave Springs, Ga., to Martha Shorten, daughter of Moses Rochester and Elizabeth (Harper) Wright, of that place; great-granddaughter of Armstead Richardson who served as major in the Mexican War, and served throughout the War of Secession; great-granddaughter of Lieut. Daniel Richardson of Culpeper, Va., who served three years in the Revolutionary War, and received a land grant of four thousand acres for services rendered Virginia. Residence: Farill.

STONE, PATTIE, author, was born August 2, 1852, at "River Side," Cherokee County; daughter of Moses Rochester and Elizabeth (Harper) Wright, the former of Augusta, Ga., was educated at Athens, and later removed to his home "Solitaire," in Cherokee County; granddaughter of William and Mary (McCall) Wright and of Alexander and Frances Long (Richardson) Harper of "Ravenswood," near Cave Springs, Ga.; and great-granddaughter of Armistead and Elizabeth (Grigg) Richardson, of Revolutionary stock. Her early education was received at "Solitaire" under a governess; and later attended the female seminary at Cave Springs, Ga. She is a devout Baptist. Author: edited "As we sow," and has written "A Tale of a Hundred years" in manuscript. Married: December 3, 1874, to Lucius Bennet Stone at Cave Springs, Ga. No children. Residence: Farill.

STONE, REUBEN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 79, and a resident of Madison County; private S. C. Continental Line; enrolled on January 4, 1834, under act of Con-

gress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$80.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

STONE, SARDINE GRAHAM, Confederate naval officer, was born February 4, 1841, at Bladen Springs; son of Captain Sardine Graham and Mary Ann (Richardson) Stone, the former a native of the territory of Mississippi, and a river steamboat captain; brother of Frank S. Stone (q. v.); grandson of Columbus C. and Caryntha (Graham) Stone, the former a native of Ohio, the latter of Darlington District, S. C., and of William Richardson, a native of Kentucky. The Stone family is descended from Gregory Stone, who came from England to America in 1634, settling in Massachusetts. Lieut. Stone was educated in the public schools of Mobile and attended the University of Tennessee for one year. He was appointed a cadet to the U. S. Naval academy, in 1857, entering September 24, of the same year, and resigning January 13, 1861, on account of the secession of Alabama. He returned home and was appointed February 11, 1861, lieutenant of artillery, by Gov. Andrew B. Moore, and on the same day appointed first lieutenant in the revenue service of the State of Alabama, by Thaddeus Sanford, the collector of customs at that port. He performed the duties of revenue officer until the Confederate States government was established, being appointed by President Jefferson Davis, April 13, 1861, a midshipman in the Confederate Navy, and was attached to the seagoing vessel McCree. From that date until June, 1862, he served first as midshipman, then as master, and finally as lieutenant on the McCree, the ironclad ram Manassas, and the Gen. Polk. He was sent to Mobile in June, 1862, made lieutenant on the ironclad Baltic; in November, 1862, ordered to the seagoing steamer, Florida, as lieutenant and navigating officer, and continued on that vessel until she was surprised and seized by the Federal steamer, Wachusett, in the Bay of All Saints, October 7, 1864. The crew of the Florida was taken as prisoners to Point Lookout, Md., from there to Washington City, and later to Boston. He was paroled, February 1, 1865, on the condition that he quit the jurisdiction of the United States in ten days. He at once sailed for Liverpool, England, remained abroad in London and Paris until November, 1865, when he returned to Mobile. For several years he ran a steamboat between Mobile and New Orleans; was appointed a clerk in the probate court of Mobile in November, 1868, served until March 24, 1881, when he was appointed treasurer of Mobile County, by Gov. Rufus W. Cobb; elected in 1884, 1888, and 1892, to the same position. He is a Democrat; Mason; and a member of the United Confederate Veterans. Married: December 28, 1865, to Eliza J., daughter of Judge Gustavus Horton (q. v.). Children: 1. Sardine Graham, physician of Marengo County; 2. Raymond, cadet, Annapolis, 1890-94; naval cadet, 1894-96; naval officer; m. Esther King Suydam, of Elizabeth, N. J.; 3. George Edwin, lawyer; A. B., A. M., 1895, LL. B., 1896, University of Alabama; assistant chemical laboratory, University of Alabama, 1894-95;

treasurer, Mobile County, 1900-; m. Claudia Ione Kirkpatrick, of Selma. Residence: Mobile.

STONE, THOMAS OSWALD, physician, lieutenant colonel, 40th Alabama infantry regiment, was born April 3, 1834, in Mobile, and died May 5, 1864, at Dalton, Ga.; son of William De Saix and Elizabeth (Lewis) Stone, a resident of Liberty County, Ga., who removed to Alabama and died in Mobile in 1855; grandson of Thomas and Ann (Maxwell) Stone and of John and Elizabeth (Kennon) Lewis; brother of Lewis Maxwell Stone (q. v.). The grandparents were all residents of Georgia. The Lewises and Kennons were of well known Virginia families. Dr. Stone studied medicine under Dr. Levert, and was for four years at the Charity hospital, Mobile; took a course in New Orleans and graduated from the Medical college in Philadelphia. He began the practice of his profession at Fairfield, Pickens County, January 1, 1856; entered the Confederate States Army, in the spring of 1862 as a lieutenant of Co. G, 40th Alabama infantry regiment, and was elected major of the regiment. Later he was promoted lieutenant colonel, which rank he was holding at the time of his death. He was a Democrat; and a Presbyterian. Married: in November 1855, to Ellen, daughter of John Drakeford and Elizabeth (Goodwin) Sanders, who lived in South Carolina; granddaughter of Daniel and Sarah (Owens) Goodwin, of South Carolina, later of Pickens County, and descendant of Gen. Robert Lewis of the Revolutionary Army. Children: 1. Elizabeth Rebekah, m. Woodson Kennon Saulsbury, of Birmingham; 2. Mary Frances, m. George S. Root; 3. Thomas Oswald, daughter, m. (1)—Williams, (2) Arthur C. Sharpley. Last residence: Pickensville.

STONE, WILLIAM D., grand secretary, grand chapter, Masons, 1825-27.

STORRS, JOHN STRONG, lawyer, was born December 19, 1811, at Middlebury, Vt., and died November 11, 1862; brother of Seth Paddock Storrs (q. v.). He received a good early education and was graduated from Middlebury college, A. B., and A. M., in 1832. He then came to Montevallo where he read and practiced law with Hon. David E. Watrous. He was a member of the legislature for ten successive years, commencing in 1841, and represented Shelby and Jefferson Counties in the senate, from 1857-59. During his service in the legislature he advocated the establishment of railroads in order to develop the mineral region of Alabama, which roads have since been established, and in 1849 was a candidate for secretary of state but was defeated. During the War of Secession, he was legal adviser for the soldiers' wives, in Shelby County, without compensation, and was a generous contributor to the southern cause. He was president of the Alabama coal company. He was also a planter; a Whig; and a Congregationalist. Married: in 1851, near Shelby Springs, to Martha, daughter of John B. and Mary Fairfax (Aylett) Hazard (q. v.), who lived at St. Stephens; great-granddaughter of Col. William Aylett, who came to America from

England, settled in Virginia, was colonel and assistant commissary general of Virginia during the Revolutionary War; and whose great-grandmother was a first cousin of Mrs. Washington, and of Robert E. Lee. Children: 1. Mary Fairfax, deceased, m. G. G. Fletcher; 2. Electa Strong, Chattanooga, Tenn.; 3. Elizabeth, m. (1) John Troy, (2) D. P. Sparrow, Birmingham; 4. John Seth, m. L. North, Cincinnati. Last residence: Montevallo.

STORRS, SETH PADDOCK, lawyer, was born June 5, 1798, at Middlebury, Vt., and died October 1, 1854, at Wetumpka; son of Seth and Electa (Strong) Storrs, the former who was a native of Mansfield, Conn., lived at Middlebury, Vt., was a graduate of Yale with Noah Webster, was appointed first states attorney, and held that office for ten years, was founder of Middlebury college, and gave the college and cemetery grounds to the town; grandson of Thomas and Eunice (Paddock) Storrs, who lived at Mansfield, Conn., and of Gen. Samuel Strong, who lived at Rutland, Vt., who was presented with a handsome sword for gallantry, by Gen. Washington; and a brother of John Strong Storrs, (q. v.). The Storrs family were originally from Norway. Two brothers emigrated to England, and Samuel and Thomas Storrs came to America and settled in Mansfield, Conn. He was graduated from Middlebury college, studied law with his uncle, Gen. Moses Strong, of Rutland, Vt., and commenced the practice of law at Covington, Ga. At the time it was necessary to have military protection from the Indians, he was colonel of the Georgia militia. He later removed to Wetumpka, and was mayor of the town several times. In 1847, he was elected to the senate as a successor to S. W. Harris, and in 1849, was re-elected. In August, 1854, he was appointed by Judge Winston as judge of the circuit court, but his death occurred soon after. He was a Democrat and a Presbyterian. Married: at Covington, Ga., to Jane Ruth Bigelow, daughter of Aaron Bigelow and a Miss Reynolds who lived near New York, and whose ancestors served in the Revolutionary War. Children: 1. Elizabeth G., deceased, m. Capt. T. H. Smith; 2. Charlotte B.; 3. Henry Reynolds, served in C. S. Army, as lieutenant in the Wetumpka Light guards, was killed at Norfolk, 1861; 4. George Strong, graduate of Annapolis, in class with Dewey and Schley, served as major of artillery in the C. S. Army, Dallas, Tex.; 5. Charles Paddock, LL. B., University of Michigan, captain of a cadet company in Forrest's cavalry, Gen. Rucker's escort, C. S. Army, assistant secretary, Virginia security and endowment company, Birmingham, m. (1) Maggie Barnett, Tallahassee, (2) Marilla Houghton. Last residence: Wetumpka.

STORY, HENRY, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 77, and a resident of Greene County; sergeant S. C. Militia; enrolled on July 2, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832; payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$120; sums received to date of publication of list, \$360.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

STOUGH, THOMAS JEFFERSON, physician, city commissioner of Montgomery, 1915-1919, and legislator, was born June 7, 1865, at Highland Home, Crenshaw County; son of Daniel Jackson and Mary Allen (Cox) Stough, the former was a native of Upson County, Ga.; grandson of Jacob and Sophy Stough, and of William and Clementine Cox, all residents of Dadeville. He was educated in the common schools; at Highland Home college; and graduated M. D., March 24, 1893, from the University of Tennessee. He entered upon the practice of his profession in April, 1894, at Petry, Crenshaw County, but later removed to Montgomery. He represented Montgomery County in the legislature of 1915. He was one of the city commissioners of Montgomery from 1915 to 1919. He is now engaged in the practice of his profession. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: at Moss Point, Miss., to Carrie Bell, daughter of Jerold and Hortense Reed, of Evergreen. Children: 1. Vivian, m. Stuart May; 2. Bernard Hill. Residence: Montgomery.

STOUT, PLATT, Baptist minister, clerk of the Alabama Baptist State convention, 1848-49-51-52. Deceased. Last residence: Montgomery.

STOVALL, ABSALOM T., Baptist minister, was born December 25, 1809, in Giles County, Tenn., and died July 4, 1872, near Tupelo, Miss. When quite young he moved with his parents to Lawrence County, joined the Baptist church in 1829, and began to preach, in 1841. He served the following churches near his home in Lawrence County; Town Creek, Moulton, Macedonia, and Courtland. The latter church he served from 1845-50. He was clerk of the Muscle Shoals association, 1840-50; was moderator from 1851-52; and in 1852, was employed by the trustees of the Baptist female institute at Moulton, as agent to raise funds for building purposes. In 1852, he removed to Tupelo, Miss., where he spent the remainder of his life, assisted in organizing the Judson association in Mississippi, and up to the time of his death was its moderator. He was pastor of three churches, Tupelo, Centerville, and Pilgrim's Rest, at the time of his death in 1872. Married: in 1830, to Miss M. K. Harris. Among their children is James Tatum Stovall, Texas. Last residence: Tupelo, Miss.

STOVALL, ANDREW McADAMS, physician, was born December 14, 1857, at Jasper; son of Davis Lewis and Mary (McLeese) Stovall, the former who was a native of Jefferson County, lived in both Jefferson and Walker Counties, and was clerk of the circuit court of the latter county for twenty-two years; grandson of William Pool Stovall, who resided in St. Clair, Jefferson and Walker Counties. His early education was received in the public schools of Jasper. He studied medicine under Dr. L. G. Freeman and Dr. W. C. Rosamond; attended three sessions of the Louisville medical college, and was graduated in February, 1880. During this course he received two gold medals, one for materia medica, and the other for obstetrics.

In 1880, he commenced the practice of medicine in Jasper. He has been a member of the Walker County medical society, and secretary of its board of examiners; vice president of the Medical association of Alabama; a member of the American medical association. He is life councillor of the Medical association of Alabama. He has also served as alderman and a member of the school board. He is a Democrat; a member of the Methodist church, which he has served as steward; a Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: in 1889, to Nancy, daughter of Ezekial Dodson, who resided in Walker county. Children: 1. Irene; 2. Chilton; 3. Andrew. Residence: Jasper.

STOVES, GEORGE, Methodist minister, for a number of years a resident of Alabama, was born September 30, 1870, at Gelsenkerchen, Germany, where his father was temporarily resident, the representative of a coal and mining syndicate; son of William and Anne (Joyce) Stoves, native of England and who came to America where the former became a coal mine operator; grandson of William and Rebecca Stoves. Rev. Mr. Stoves attended the public schools in England and for four years was a student at Southern university, Greensboro. He joined the North Alabama conference, 1898, and has held pastorates at Birmingham, Tusculumbia, Roanoke station, Anniston, Bessemer and is now pastor of the West End church, Nashville, Tenn. He is a Mason; Knight Templar; Odd Fellow; and Knight of Pythias. Married: October 26, 1899, at Childersburg, to Clara, daughter of Shelby W. and Jennie (Camack) Chadwick, of Greensboro. Children: 1. Joseph Shelby; 2. Mildred Jackson; 3. George, jr. Residence: Nashville, Tenn.

STRANGE, ABNER A., *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 73, and a resident of Limestone County; private and sergeant Virginia Continental Militia; enrolled on February 23, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832; payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$40; sums received to date of publication of list, \$100.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

STRANGE, LITTLEBER, member of the constitutional convention of 1867, from the fourteenth election district; circuit judge, 1868. Last residence: Macon County.

STRASSBURGER, HERMAN, wholesale grocer, was born November 12, 1837; son of L. and Frances (Schloss) Strassburger, natives of Germany. He was educated in the Franciscan convent in Bavaria; came to America June 15, 1860; located in Montgomery; entered the house of Cain Albright and co., and clerked there until the commencement of the War of Secession; enlisted in the "Gilmer Grays," Hilliard's legion, and being severely wounded at the battle of Knoxville, Tenn., in 1863, returned to Montgomery and was elected lieutenant in the provost guard. In the line of his new duties, he visited adjacent points and ultimately attained the rank of major. After the cessation of hostilities he established a

family bakery in Montgomery going later into the wholesale grocery business. He has been at one time or another engaged in many enterprises, all of which proved successful. Mr. Strassburger was a member of the city council from 1866 to 1868, and was for many years a director in the Capital City insurance company of Montgomery. He is a Democrat. Married: November 2, 1864, to Fannie, daughter of Isaac Loeb, of Alsace. Children: 1. Frances, m. L. Plaut; 2. Gustav; 3. Lionel; 4. Emil Houston; 5. Homer; 6. Ione; 7. infant deceased. Residence: Montgomery.

STRATTON, W. M., Presbyterian minister, was born in 1846, in Virginia, and died in January, 1886. He was reared and educated in Louisiana, spent one year at Union seminary and one at Columbia. He was licensed in 1875 by the Louisiana presbytery and ordained by the Presbytery of Potosi, Mo. He preached at Pisgah, Potosi, and Irondale, Mo., Baton Rouge, La., and after removing to Alabama served at Bladen Springs, Jackson, Demopolis, and York.

STRAUGHN, FIELDING, pioneer settler, was born in 1783, in Chatham County, N. C., and died in 1867. He came to Conecuh County in 1817 and served for many years as one of its commissioners. He left many descendants, among these two sons, Pinkney, of Monroe County, and James, of Conecuh County.

STRAUSS, LEOPOLD, business man, was born in Montgomery, July 14, 1864; son of Jacob and Sophie (Myer) Strauss, natives of Alsace, France, the former served as a private in the 1st Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army. Mr. Strauss attended the schools of his native city until 1879, when he entered the office of Lehman, Durr and co., cotton merchants where he remained thirteen years. Later he engaged in the real estate and insurance business under the firm name of Holt and Strauss. He is now engaged in the insurance business alone, representing the Prudential life insurance company and the Aetna and citizens fire insurance companies. He served from 1895 to 1899 as a member of the city council, and has been secretary of several state and county conventions. He was made assistant secretary of the two National Democratic conventions which met at St. Louis in 1888 and at Chicago in 1896. He is a Democrat; and a member of the Jewish congregation in Montgomery. He is a member of the Rotary club; Standard club; Chamber of Commerce; Independent Order of B'nai B'rith, Elks; Red Men; Knights of Pythias; and Sons of Confederate Veterans. Mr. Strauss is a director in the United Hebrew charities, and a trustee of the Jewish congregation. Married: in 1897, in Montgomery, to Sophie Wolff. Residence: Montgomery.

STREET, JABEZ CURRY, president of the Opelika cotton oil and refining company; graduate of the Alabama polytechnic institute, with the E. E. degree, 1880. Residence: Opelika.

STREET, OLIVER DAY, lawyer and U. S. district attorney, was born December 6, 1866,

at Warrenton, Marshall County; son of Thomas Atkins and Julia Ann (Beard) Street (q. v.), the former for four years probate judge of Marshall County and major of the 49th Alabama regiment, C. S. Army; grandson of Oliver Day and Mary Ann (Atkins) Street, the former one of the pioneer ministers of the Cumberland Presbyterian church in Alabama, and of Arthur Campbell and Pherriba Jane (Moore) Beard, of Beard's Bluff, Marshall County; great-grandson of William Henry Street, long a prominent citizen of Winchester, Tenn., and of Maj. Arthur Campbell Beard, who represented Marshall County in the Secession convention of Alabama, 1861, and a member of the 4th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army; great-great-grandson of Col. Arthur Campbell, the noted pioneer of Abingdon, Va., of whom mention is made quite often by Theodore Roosevelt in his "Winning of the West"; and great-great-nephew of William Campbell, the hero of King's Mountain. Mr. Street was educated in the Guntersville public schools; received the degrees of A. B., 1887, and LL. B., 1888, from the University of Alabama; was associate editor of the "Tuscaloosa Times" while attending the law school; admitted to the bar, 1888; Republican nominee for congress from the 7th Alabama district, 1898 and 1902; U. S. district attorney for the northern district of Alabama, 1907-14; special assistant to the attorney general of the U. S. since March, 1914. He was chairman of the Republican executive committee, 7th congressional district of Alabama, 1904-08; delegate to the Republican national conventions, 1912 and 1916; member of Republican national committee, 1916-20; nominated by Republican party of Alabama for governor, 1914, but declined. He is a Methodist; Mason; Knight of Pythias; secretary-treasurer of the Tennessee Valley historical society; and was a trustee of the Department of Archives and History of Alabama. Author: of monographs and articles on Alabama state and local history and many articles and lectures on Freemasonry. Married: February 17, 1892, at Guntersville, to Mary Emma, daughter of Dr. Lorenzi D. and Mary Emma (Loveless) Lusk (q. v.). Children: 1. Margarette; 2. Mary Julia; 3. Oliver Day; 4. Thomas Atkins; 5. John Edwin Campbell. Residence: Guntersville.

STREET, THOMAS ATKINS, planter, probate judge, major 49th Alabama infantry regiment, was born July 30, 1838, at Warrenton, Marshall County, and died December 12, 1904, at Guntersville; son of Oliver Day and Mary Ann (Atkins) Street, the former a native of Winchester, Tenn., born 1810, a Cumberland Presbyterian minister; grandson of William Henry and Elizabeth (Herndon) Street of Winchester, Tenn., the former a native of Halifax County, Virginia, born in 1771 and died in Winchester, Tenn., December, 1836, and of Thomas and Rebecca (Tate) Atkins, of Warrenton, the former a native of Laurens District, S. C., who settled in Madison County in 1813, a substantial farmer and soldier of the War of 1812. The earliest American ancestor was Anthony Street of Halifax County, Va., whom tradition says fought in the Revolutionary War

and who about 1805, with his wife, Elizabeth, settled at Winchester, Tenn., where he died in 1825. Mr. Street was educated in the public schools near his home; at Somerville, Morgan County, and at Cumberland university, Lebanon, Tenn., where he graduated in 1859 with the degree of A. B. He returned to Warrenton and at once assumed the management of a large plantation, of which he was the owner and which was well stocked with negro slaves. In 1874 he was elected probate judge of Marshall County, and re-elected in 1880, and 1886 and 1892. He, in November, 1861, enlisted as a private in a company, organized for the Confederate service. This company was ordered to Nashville, Tenn., where it became Co. E, 29th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army. Capt. Montgomery Gilbraith, having been elected lieutenant-colonel of the regiment, Mr. Street was chosen captain. While at Nashville the regiment was chiefly engaged in drilling and outpost duty. About the time of the fall of Ft. Donelson and the consequent retreat of the Confederate forces from Nashville, the 49th Alabama infantry regiment had become disorganized, and had lost nearly two hundred men by a most virulent type of measles and camp fever. The colonel retired from the army and the regiment at this crisis, was reorganized with Jephtha E. Edmonds, as colonel, John D. Weedon as lieutenant-colonel, and Thomas A. Street as major. At this time the latter was suffering from measles and camp fever and was unable to rejoin his regiment until after the battle of Shiloh. On his return, the command of regiment devolved upon him, owing to the absence of the colonel and the lieutenant-colonel, and he was in command at Corinth, and at Port Hudson, where by the surrender of that post on July 9, 1863, he became a prisoner of war, and passed the remaining period in Federal prisons at Ft. Delaware, Point Lookout, and Johnson's Island, Lake Erie. He arrived home in August, 1865, to find the dwelling and improvements on his plantation all swept away by the devastations of the Federal Army. He was a Democrat until 1892, when he joined the People's party. He was a Methodist and a Mason. Married: December 6, 1865, at Beard's Bluff, to Julia Ann, daughter of Arthur Campbell and Pherriba Jane (Moore) Beard, all of Beard's Bluff, and great-granddaughter of Col. Arthur Campbell of Southwest Virginia. Children: 1. Oliver Day, m. Emma Lusk, Guntersville (q. v.); 2. Jane Moore, m. Edward F. Whitman, Boaz; 3. Arthur B., d. in infancy; 4. Thomas Atkins, m. Lallie Abercombie, Manila, P. I.; 5. Julia, m. William E. Snead, Boaz; 6. Mary Tate, d. unmarried, Boaz; 7. Edwin Campbell, m. Dora Ferguson, Waco, Tex.; 8. Ernestine, d. unmarried; 9. Rebecca, d. in infancy. Last residence: Guntersville.

STREETY, JOHN P., merchant and planter, was born February 14, 1820, in Bladen County, N. C., and died at Hayneville, June 22, 1894; son of William and Anne Jane (Poynter) Streety, both of North Carolina, the former having been sheriff of his county for twenty-one years. John P. Streety was born on a farm, received a limited education in the

county schools, later attended school at Fayetteville, N. C.; moved to Apalachicola, Fla., 1835; and the following year removed to Butler County where he spent one year in the office of his brother who was circuit court clerk. He finally removed to Lowndes County where he engaged in the mercantile business for over fifty years. He joined Co. D, 53rd Alabama infantry (mounted), Hannon's regiment, and was in the office of the quartermaster of the regiment, receiving his discharge in South Carolina, May, 1865, and returning to Alabama on horseback. He was appointed county commissioner by Gov. George S. Houston. He was a Baptist. Married: (1) in 1864, to Anna, daughter of Ebenezer Martin, of New York; (2) April 22, 1854, to Eleanor, daughter of Hugh and Mary (McCall) McCall, of Lowndes County. There were two children by each wife, but one, by the second died in infancy. Children: 1. Cynthia L., m. Dr. J. P. Muskat; 2. John P., jr., called the Boy commander of Montgomery, who died during the war; 3. Anne Mary, m. W. R. Houghton (q. v.). Last residence: Hayneville.

STRICKLAND, SOLOMON LAFAYETTE, business man and legislator, was born November 23, 1837, near Grantville, Coweta County, Ga.; son of Elisha and Nancy (Akins) Strickland, the former of Meriwether, the latter of Coweta County, Ga.; grandson of Ezekiel Strickland and wife, of Meriwether County, Ga., and of James Akins and wife of Coweta County, Ga., the former was a soldier in the War of the Revolution, and was from Ireland. He was educated in the common schools. During the War of Secession he served in Co. I, 3rd Georgia cavalry regiment, C. S. Army. He was at one time a member of the board of revenue of Marengo County, and has served as justice of the peace. He represented Marengo County in the legislature of 1915. He is a Democrat; Methodist; and a Mason. Married: December 1, 1863, at Warrior Stand, Macon County, to Martha Ann, daughter of Spencer and Mary (Sanders) Atkins, of that place. Children: 1. James Oliver, m. Annie E. —; 2. Martha Jane, m. Pickett L. Vick; 3. Simeon LaFayette, m. Annie Green; 4. Lousinda Ann, m. John B. Thompson; 5. Mary Nancy Frances, d. young; 6. Robert Strickland, m. Bettie Estelle; 7. Fannie Lovenia, m. James Walter Neely; 8. Solomon, m. Fannie Bridges; 9. Edward, m. Bessie Walker. Residence: Vine-land.

STRINGFELLOW, HENRY JACKSON, teacher, was born November 27, 1863, near Colquitt, Miller County, Ga.; son of Wade Hampton and Elendor (Fulgham) Stringfellow. His early education was very limited, and at the age of fifteen he left home, and arrived in Eufaula, January 28, 1879. He attended high school at Lawrenceville for seven months, and at Clopton for about the same length of time. In the summer of 1887, he began to teach school. He was justice of the peace from 1896-1900, and was elected to the Alabama legislature from Barbour County, in August, 1900. He is a Democrat, and a Baptist. Married: November

8, 1891, at Reeder's Mill, to Annie Leler Reeder. Residence: Barbour County.

STRINGFELLOW, HORACE, lawyer, residence: Montgomery.

STRINGFELLOW, HORACE, Episcopal clergyman, was born at Madison Court House, Va., August 6, 1827, and died in Montgomery, November 7, 1893; son of Rev. Horace and Louise G. (Strother) Stringfellow, of Spottsylvania Court House, Va.; grandson of Robert Stringfellow of Culpeper, Va., and of William Strother. Dr. Stringfellow was educated at Columbia college, District of Columbia, graduating in 1847; he studied law for a while, but decided on the Episcopal ministry, and entered the Theological seminary of Virginia, 1847; graduated, and was ordained deacon, in 1850. The degree of D. D. was conferred upon him by William and Mary college in 1872. He first served at Harper's Ferry; in 1852, was called to St. Paul's, Baltimore, as assistant rector and was later elected rector of St. Andrews in the same city. In 1855, he was called to St. James, Hyde Park, N. Y. and in 1859 to Christ church, Indianapolis. At the outbreak of the War of Secession he returned to Virginia and at the close of hostilities resumed his labors at Indianapolis, at the urgent solicitation of his former parishioners. Here he built the cathedral. In 1869 he answered the call to St. John's church Montgomery, where he remained until his death. Married: July, 1849, to Mary, daughter of James Green, of Alexandria, Va. Children: 1. James, Episcopal clergyman, married Lula B. Haskins of Virginia; 2. Horace, jr., married Orill Bush; 3. Robert, married Ward Hall; 4. Mary, unmarried; 5. Evelyn, unmarried, both live in Montgomery. Last residence: Montgomery.

STRIPLIN, WALTER EVANS, teacher, was born at Oaklone, Clay County, December 5, 1873, and died at Gadsden; son of William Marcus and Mary Laura (Armstrong) Striplin, of Clay County, the former a member of the Co. E, Tenth Tennessee infantry regiment, C. S. Army; grandson of John W. and Secludia A. (Kennedy) Striplin, of Clay County, and of Henry W. and Cynthia J. (Smith) Armstrong, of the same county; great-grandson of Benjamin Striplin, a native of England, who emigrated to America, was a Methodist minister and a soldier in the War of 1812, and of James K. Armstrong, who fought under Jackson in the War of 1812; great-great-grandson of William Armstrong, a native of Ireland, who came to America at an early age, and who fought under Gen. Sumter in the Revolutionary War. Mr. Striplin received his early education in the public schools of his county; graduated from Oxford college, A. B., 1892; attended summer courses at Vanderbilt university and the University of Tennessee; was principal of the Heflin high school, 1892-93; president of the Cleburne institute, Edwardsville, 1893-94; superintendent, Tallassee public schools, 1894-1902; and superintendent, Gadsden schools 1902 until his death. He represented Elmore County in the legislature, 1900-01. He was a Democrat;

a Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: October 20, 1897, at Auburn, to Elizabeth Howard, daughter of Rev. Dr. James O. and Mollie (Gray) Andrew (q. v.) of Montgomery. Last residence; Gadsden.

STRONG, JOHNSON, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 75, and a resident of Fayette County; private Virginia Militia; enrolled on January 9, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$33; sums received to date of publication of list, \$99.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Fayette County, June 1, 1840, aged 82.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

STRONG, SAMUEL D., planter, was born in 1823, in Rockingham County, N. C., and died December 22, 1878, in Russell County. His parents were natives of North Carolina. He removed to Alabama in 1843, and first settled in Chambers County, later locating permanently in Russell. In time he became a large slaveholder, but never sold a slave. He enlisted in the Confederate Army and served to its close. He was an Old Line Whig and opposed Secession, but, after 1865, he was a Democrat. Married: in 1843, in Chambers County, to Alletha Stillwell. Children: 1. John Z.; 2. Charles D., died of yellow fever; 3. Maggie, m. John A. Tarver; 4. Thomas J.; 5. Louis W.; 6. William H., m. Annie Lovelace (q. v.); 7. Nannie, m. W. A. Lovelace. Last residence: Russell County.

STRONG, W. B., Presbyterian minister; living in 1913. Residence: Birmingham.

STRONG, WILLIAM H., business man, was born October 27, 1853, in Russell County; son of Samuel D. and Alletha (Stillwell) Strong (q. v.). His education was limited by conditions following the War of Secession. He was forced to abandon all ideas of a collegiate course. After finishing his academy work, he studied law, but before being admitted to the practice, moved to Escambia County, in 1876, and engaged in the timber business, which he followed successfully until 1883. He erected a large sawmill on the Alabama River, in Monroe County; in 1884-86, he shipped timber to Europe. He was appointed U. S. commissioner for the southern district of Alabama, and served until 1890; was a councilman of Brewton; treasurer of that town; township superintendent of education; and is now engaged in the wholesale and retail mercantile business. He is a Democrat. Married: June 1, 1879, in Escambia County, to Annie Lovelace, daughter of B. M. Lovelace. Children: 1. Russell A.; 2. Annie V.; 3. Willie M. Residence: Brewton.

STROTHER, JAMES WILLIAM, lawyer, of Scotch, Irish, English, and French ancestry, was born January 4, 1860, near Milltown, Chambers County; son of George M. and Elizabeth M. (Hardy) Strother, the former who served in the C. S. Army and died a prisoner of war at Camp Chase, Ohio; grandson of

James M. and Elizabeth A. (Bland) Hardy, and of Aaron and Jane (McMillan) Strother, the former who served in the War of 1812, was of Virginian ancestry, removed to Chambers County about 1833, and later to Camden, Ark., where his death occurred. James W. Strother received his education in the common schools of Chambers County and at the Milltown institute. He taught school for some years; studied law; was admitted to the bar and began practice at Dadeville, in 1890; was attorney for Tallapoosa County, 1893-1900; was Democratic presidential elector for the fifth district in 1900; was for a number of years a member of the Democratic executive committee of the fifth congressional district; was chairman of the Tallapoosa County committee; was elected a member of the house of representatives, November, 1902; in 1901 was elected to the school board of Dadeville, and served until 1909; was president of the school board from 1906-1909; and in 1906, was elected to the state senate. Married: on February 6, 1887, to Mattie D., daughter of Davis W. and Annie E. (Whitlow) Gardner, who resided near Lafayette. Residence: Dadeville.

STROUEL, MATHEW, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 87, and a resident of Shelby County; private N. C. State Troops; enrolled on June 17, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$20.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. Also resided in Bibb County.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile.

STRUDWICK, EDMOND, physician, was born November 27, 1835, in Hillsboro, N. C., deceased; son of Edmond and Ann (Nash) Strudwick, the former who was a physician and a native of North Carolina; grandson of William Franklin Strudwick, who was a member of congress from North Carolina, and a member of the state legislature for several terms, and of Chief Justice Nash of North Carolina. Owing to frail health he did not attempt a collegiate education, but received a good academic education. He later attended the Jefferson medical college at Philadelphia, Pa., from which he was graduated in 1856. He then went to Europe where he spent a year in the hospitals in London, Paris, and Edinburgh, and at the University of Dublin. He returned to the United States and for about two years practiced with with father at Hillsboro, N. C. In 1858, he removed to Dayton, where he spent the remainder of his life. In 1861, he entered the C. S. Army as assistant surgeon at Fort Morgan, where he remained for a year, and was then sent to the hospital at Richmond, where he served as surgeon until the end of the war. He was a member of the State medical association, and of the Marengo County medical society; was a Presbyterian and a Mason. Married: in 1861, to Fannie E. Stewart, of Dayton. Six children were born to that union, five being deceased. Last residence: Dayton.

STUART, JOHN, Superintendent of Indian affairs. See Indian chiefs and associated characters.

STUBBLEFIELD, CHARLES WOOTEN, public official, was born April 30, 1865, on Wolf Creek, Fayette County; son of William Thomas and Elizabeth (Kelley) Stubblefield, the former who was a native of Washington, Wilkes County, Ga., was clerk of the court of Coosa County for many years, was first sergeant of the First Alabama volunteer regiment in the war with Mexico, was major of the Second battalion of Hilliard's legion in the War of Secession, and represented Walker County in the legislature, one year after the war; grandson of John Stubblefield and a Miss Wooten, who lived at Washington, Wilkes County, Ga., later removed to Talladega County, then to Coosa County, and were among the early settlers of the state, and of John and Martha (Franklin) Kelley, who lived in Coosa County until 1853, at which time they removed to Eldridge, Walker County. His education was received in the common schools of the county and at the Godfrey high school. He later attended Eastman college at Poughkeepsie, N. Y. He was tax assessor from 1896-1917. He is a Democrat, Methodist, has been steward and recording steward for twenty years, and a Mason. Married: May 13, 1891, at Double Springs, to Ida Emily, daughter of Elijah and Mary (Isbell) Blanton, who lived at Double Springs and Haleyville. Children: 1. Bernice; 2. Erin; 3. Mary Elizabeth. Residence: Jasper.

STUBBLEFIELD, WILLIAM T., major, 2nd battalion infantry regiment, Hilliard's Alabama Legion, C. S. Army.

STUBBS, WILLIAM CARTER, educator and scientist, for a number of years a resident of Alabama, was born December 7, 1846, at Valley Front, Gloucester County, Va.; son of Jefferson Washington and Ann Walker Carter (Baytop) Stubbs, both of Virginia. He was a student at William and Mary college, 1860; graduated from Randolph-Macon college, 1862; University of Virginia, 1867; member of Co. D, 24th Virginia cavalry, C. S. Army; professor of natural sciences, East Alabama college, 1867-72; professor of chemistry, Agricultural and mechanical college of Alabama, 1872-85; State chemist of Alabama, 1882-85; since that time has held various offices in Louisiana. Married: July 25, 1875, at Rocky Hill, Lawrence County, to Elizabeth Saunders, daughter of Henry Dickinson and Mary Louise (Saunders) Blair, of Mobile. Residence: New Orleans, La.

STUDDARD, S. L., member of the constitutional convention of 1901, from Fayette County.

STUDROE, READY, *soldier of the American Revolution*, enrolled under act of Congress of March 18, 1818; no further details disclosed.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile.

STURDEVANT, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*. "At his residence, in Summerfield, Dallas County, of apoplexy, on Satur-

day morning, the 21st December, 1856, ROBERT STURDEVANT, Esq., one of the oldest citizens of this county.

"Mr. Sturdevant was born in Dinwiddie county, Virginia, on the 28th of July, 1789, and was the son of Mr. John Sturdevant, a soldier of the Revolution. Mr. Sturdevant was brought to Hancock, Georgia, when quite young, by his father, and remained there until 1818, when he removed to Alabama.

"We knew Mr. Sturdevant, by report and personally, for the greater portion of our life, and when we came to Selma to reside, in 1845, he gave us the warmest and heartiest welcome. He was kind, liberal and hospitable—a sincere christian—a charitable man—a good friend of ours and it is with profound sorrow we record his death."—*The Dallas Gazette*, Cahaba, Ala., Jan. 9, 1857.

STURDIVANT, JAMES OLIN, was born July 12, 1869, in Alexander City; son of William M. and Louisa (Pearson) Sturdivant. He received his education in the schools of Alabama and later entered Hiwassee college in Tennessee, from which he was graduated A. M. in 1896. Residence: Odenville.

STURDIVANT, JOEL FLETCHER, Methodist minister, was born May 11, 1859, near Alexander City, Tallapoosa County; son of William Milton and Louisa (Pearson) Sturdivant, the former who was born near West Point, Troup County, Ga., lived in that state for a time, later removed to Coosa County, and then to Tallapoosa County, was a Methodist minister, and a veteran of the Indian war; grandson of Joel and Malinda (Cochran) Sturdivant, who lived in Troup County, Ga., and engaged in farming, and of Thomas and Susan Pearson, who resided near Alexander City. His early education was obtained in the schools of the county, and at Alexander City. He later entered Hiwassee college, Tennessee, where he was graduated A. B., in 1881, and A. M., in 1884. From 1881-84, he held the chair of Greek at that college, and the chair of English and history at the Southern university, 1884-1890. He attended the summer sessions of 1884 and 1886, at Monteagle studying Greek and Hebrew, and the session of 1887, at Chautauqua, N. Y. On June 28, 1879, he was licensed to preach at the quarterly conference, held at Alexander City, and in 1884, he joined the north Alabama conference. He served the following pastorates: Cullman and Hanceville, five months in 1890; Center circuit, one year; Lafayette Station, two years; Talladega station, three years; Methodist church, Anniston, three years; Jasper district as presiding elder, three years; Gadsden station, two years; Huntsville district as presiding elder, four years; Bessemer station, four years; presiding elder of Bessemer district. He is now pastor of the Hamilton station. He received the degree of D. D. from the Hiwassee college, 1904. He has written a pamphlet, "A Plain Discussion of Baptism." He is a Democrat; a Mason; Odd Fellow; and Knight of Pythias; member of Golden Cross and a Beaver. Married: December 22, 1887, at Greensboro, to Sadie Elizabeth, daughter of Lewis and Jane Lawson,

who lived at Greensboro, the former who was of Swedish birth, and the latter of English birth; and a sister of Col. L. J. Lawson, a veteran of the War of Secession, and of Dr. H. Lawson, both of Greensboro. Children: 1. Rev. Lewis Garner; 2. Joel Fletcher, graduated from Birmingham college, A. B.; 3. Sadie Louise, graduated A. B., from the Athens female college; 4. Alice Young. Residence: Hamilton.

STURDIVANT, WILLIAM HARRISON, farmer and minister, was born June 15, 1845, in DeKalb County, Ga.; son of Sherrod and Elizabeth (Dooley) Sturdivant of Butts County, Ga., the former who served as a private in the Mexican war; grandson of James Dooley who lived in Edgefield District, S. C. William H. Sturdivant received but little education in his native county, and in later life became a farmer and a minister. He served as private in the Twentieth Alabama infantry regiment, from 1861 to June, 1864, and was captured and imprisoned until 1865. Before the close of hostilities, however, he enlisted in the U. S. Army and served thirteen months on the western frontier. He was a member of the legislature in 1911. He is a Republican; a Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: on March 10, 1864, at Hillsboro, to Cynthia Adeline, daughter of Thomas and Margaret C. (Bailey) Ray of that place; granddaughter of Ranson Ray, a native of Meriwether County, Ga.; great-granddaughter of William Ray, of Dadeville, who served in the Indian War. Residence: Bamford.

STURGIS, HENRY HOWARD, Baptist minister, for a number of years a resident of Alabama, was born October 29, 1843, at Forsyth, Monroe County, Ga.; son of Columbus Franklin and Almyra (Plumb) Sturgis, the former a noted Baptist divine of Georgia, who removed to Tuscaloosa in 1843, to become president of the old Atheneum, later located in Clarke County where he died. Mr. Sturgis left Carlowville male academy to enter the C. S. Army, serving first in the cavalry and later transferred to Co. G, 44th Alabama infantry regiment; taught for one year, 1866; and entered the Baptist ministry in 1867, serving churches in various parts of the state until 1889 when he removed to Florida. He is a Mason. Married: December 22, 1867, to Margaret Isabella, daughter of Thomas and (Waller) Mason, of Fatama, Wilcox County. Children: 1. Henry M., deceased; 2. Boardman, deceased; 3. Mrs. Anna Viola Cobb, of Brooksville, Fla.; 4. Myra Bell, m. Theodore J. Lee, of Sanford, Fla.; 5. Mrs. Harriet Corine Boothe, of St. Cloud, Fla. Residence: Florida.

STURGISS, C. F., Baptist minister, deceased, served for many years at Carlowville, and other churches in that part of the State. Author: "The Duties of masters to their servants," an essay.

SULLIVAN, DUNKLIN, State senator, probate judge and lawyer, was born February 27, 1791, in Greenville District, S. C., and died December 1, 1837, at Tuscaloosa, while attend-

ing a session of the Alabama legislature; son of Hewlett Sullivan of South Carolina. He removed at an early age to Tennessee where he acquired an academic education and began the study of law. In 1819 he settled in Cahaba, Dallas County, where he practiced law. In 1822 he removed to Perry County, of which he was probate judge for a number of years, and a representative in both branches of the legislature, being a member of the senate, 1822-24, 1825-27, and of the house in 1837. He retired from the practice of his profession and lived upon his farm, near Marion, several years before his death. He was a Democrat. Married: at Centerville, Bibb County, to Mary Mayberry. Children: 1. Jane, m. E. G. Byrne, Selma; 2. Lumley, m. (1) Joseph Walker, (2) Elam Parish; 3. Hewlett, Texas; 4. Joseph, Texas; 5. Dunklin, Jr.; 6. Monroe. Residence: Marion.

SULLIVAN, GEORGE JOHN, lawyer, was born April 22, 1867, at Mobile; son of John and Hannah (Crowley) Sullivan, natives of Bandon, County Cork, Ireland, the former who emigrated from Ireland in the thirties, lived in several northern cities, located permanently in Mobile prior to the War of Secession, and served as a member of Capt. Todd's battery, C. S. A.; grandson of Florence Crowley of Bandon, County Cork, Ireland. G. J. Sullivan received his education in the Catholic parochial schools; graduated from Mount St. Mary's college, Emmettsburg, Md., A. B., in 1885, A. M., in 1887; received the honorary degree of LL. B., from Spring Hill college, 1908; and attended the law school at the University of Pennsylvania, 1885-86. He is a lawyer; has been attorney for Mobile County; was a member of the Alabama house of representatives, 1890-1, was re-elected in 1911, and again in 1913. He is a Democrat; has been chairman of the Mobile City and County Democratic executive committee since 1900; delegate from the first congressional district of Alabama to the national Democratic convention at Denver, 1908; is a trustee of the McGill institute; is a Catholic; and a Knight of Columbus. Married: on August 19, 1890, at Asheville, N. C., to Alice, daughter of Walter and Martha (Anderson) Graham of Mobile, the former who served in both the Mexican War and the War of Secession. Children: 1. Edith; 2. Florence; 3. John; 4. Graham. Residence: Mobile.

SUMNER, MARTIN T., president of Judson college, 1875-76; father of Martin T. Sumner, jr., (q. v.), of Boligee.

SUMNER, MARTIN T., planter, was born August 8, 1852, at Longroe Plantation, Hanover County, Va.; son of Rev. Martin T. and Georgiana Squire (Hubbell) Sumner, the former who was a native of Massachusetts, was a graduate of Brown university, in February, 1840; removed to Richmond, Va., in 1843, was ordained a Baptist minister, preached and taught in Richmond until 1858, when he removed to Marion; grandson of Philip and Laura (Squire) Hubbell of Bennington Center, Vt.; great-grandson of Capt. Elijah Dewey, a

soldier of the American Revolution and a relative of Admiral George Dewey, and of Turner and Abigail (Marvin) Squire, the former who was an attorney and secretary of the state of Vermont, and the latter who was the daughter of Judge Ebenezer Marvin. Martin T. Sumner was prepared for college at home by his mother; entered Howard college from which he was graduated A. B., in 1872; studied architecture and engineering; was graduated in law under Judge Powhatan Lockett at Howard college in 1875, but has never practiced the profession; was county surveyor of Perry County, 1872-1880; of Greene County, 1895; of Jefferson County, 1900; of Greene and Sumter, 1906-1912; and in 1915 was representative in the legislature from Greene County. He served as private in the Marion Rifles during the days of reconstruction, 1871-74. He is a Democrat and a Baptist. Married: (1) to Sallie Billingslea, daughter of Cyrus and Sallie (Hogue) Billingslea; (2) to Ada, daughter of Robert A. and Mary (Hays) Hairston. Children, by second marriage: 1. Percy Hairston. Residence: Boligee.

SUTTON, GEORGE, *soldier of the American Revolution*, age not given, a resident of Mobile County; private 7th Reg. U. S. Infantry; enrolled on April 18, 1825, payment to date from January 28, 1825; annual allowance, \$96; sums received to date of publication of list, \$826.10; acts military establishment.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

SUTTON, ROBERT, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 76, and a resident of Lawrence County; private S. C. Continental Line; enrolled on January 24, 1824, under act of Congress of March 18, 1818, payment to date from November 10, 1823; annual allowance, \$96; sums received to date of publication of list, \$950.66.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

SUTTON, ROBERT LEE, physician, was born July 5, 1864, five miles west of Lafayette, Chambers County; son of Francis Marion and Susan A. (Wilkerson) Sutton, of that place, the former of whom taught school and merchandised in Tallapoosa, Lee and Coosa Counties; grandson of Seaborn and Emily (Norris) Sutton, also of Chambers County, and of Jephthah and Annis (Montgomery) Wilkerson of Lafayette; great-grandson of Anne (Martin) Montgomery and of Jacob Sutton, and wife, a Miss Ellsberry. He was educated in private schools taught by Profs. McKemie and Banks in Opelika, and in 1883 graduated from the Agricultural and mechanical college, with the degree of A. B. He was editor of the first Auburn college paper "The Society Scroll," graduated at the Columbia university, 1889, in the department of medicine; was later resident physician at the Emergency hospital, Washington, D. C.; studied at the Polyclinic, New Orleans, La. He took up a temporary residence in Opelika while investigating a permanent location and was made county health officer of Lee County, 1891; settled at Orrville,

Dallas County, where he still resides. He was elected a member of the college of counsellors of the Alabama medical association of 1895, and vice-president Alabama medical association 1910-11. He is a medical examiner for a number of life insurance companies operating in his section of the State and surgeon for the Louisville and Nashville railroad at that point and health officer of Orrville since its incorporation. He has always taken a lively interest in military matters graduating as first lieutenant Co. B, Auburn cadet corps, 1883; was a private in the regular U. S. army, signal service school of instruction, 1884, and was transferred to the headquarters of the war department in Washington, D. C. where he was located for five years. He was also surgeon for the "Lee light infantry" State militia, at Opelika, 1890. He is a Democrat; Baptist; and a Mason. Married: January 3, 1893, at Orrville, to Mattie Weaver, daughter of Benjamin Franklin and Josephine (Weaver) Ellis (q. v.). Children: 1. Josephine Ellis; 2. Robert Lee, Jr.; 3. Maude Ellis. Residence: Orrville.

SWAINE, M. P., author, deceased, married Dr. Moseley.

SWAN, JOSEPH NELSON, teacher, was born August 19, 1829, at Loveville, Tenn., and died September 25, 1900, at Spring Garden; son of James Denny and Isabella Gillespie (Hood) Swan, the former who was a native of Maryville, Blount County, Tenn., who resided at Campbell Station and engaged in farming; grandson of George and Elizabeth (Graham) Swan, who resided at Maryville, Blount County, Tenn., and of Nathaniel and Abigail (Reagan) Hood, who lived at Lewisville, Blount County, Tenn., cousin of Capt. J. N. Hood. The family were of Scotch-Irish descent and came to this country from Scotland, first settling in Pennsylvania, and later removing to Blount County, Tenn. His early education was received in the public schools of Campbell Station, Knox County, at the Presbyterian academy, at Pleasant Forest, and later he attended Holston college, Tennessee. He commenced teaching in Blount County, taught for some time in Tennessee, and then removed to Spring Garden, where he taught for twenty years. He served in the War of Secession as first lieutenant in the Forty-ninth Alabama regiment, Hood's Brigade, from 1862-64, when he was discharged, because of the loss of a leg, which resulted from being wounded at the battle of Chickamauga. He represented Cherokee County in the legislature, from 1882-83, and was a member of the constitutional convention, in 1875. He was a Democrat, and an elder in the Presbyterian church. Married: October 2, 1861, at Spring Garden, to Mary Frances, daughter of James and Elizabeth J. (Ingram) Montgomery, who lived at Spring Garden, the former who first settled in South Carolina, but came to Cherokee County several years before the War of Secession; granddaughter of Thomas and Rebecca (Bussy) Ingram, and of John and Elizabeth (Nougher) Montgomery; great-granddaughter of Hezekiah and Amy Bussy and of Daniel and Elizabeth Nougher. Children: 1. James Har-

vey, Fort Worth, Tex.; 2. Mary Frances, m. a Mr. Armstrong, deceased, child, Joseph N., Ft. Worth, Tex.; 3. Ellen Florence, m. a Mr. Sivan, Ft. Worth, Tex. Last residence: Spring Garden.

SWANN, EDWARD, physician, was born November 7, 1869, at Sprott, Perry County; son of Jerre and Virilla Rogers (Mitchell) Swann, the former who was a native of Blount Springs, Blount County, was in Gen. Forrest's command during the War of Secession, and after the war lived in Sprott; grandson of Edward and Hannah Swann, who lived in Pendleton District, S. C., for several years, removed to Cherokee County, Ga., and then removed to Blount County, where they spent the remainder of their lives, and of F. M. and Lucy Mitchell, who lived at Sprott. His early education was obtained in the common schools, and he later attended the Kentucky school of medicine, where he was graduated in 1895. He attended the New York post graduate school of medicine, 1897, and 1900. He began the practice of his profession in 1895, in Sprott, where he remained until January 17, 1912, when he removed to Marion. He is a Democrat; a member of the Disciples church; and a Mason. Married: May 2, 1894, to Lula B., daughter of John S. and A. J. Balling, who lived at Sprott, granddaughter of Benjamin F. Balling; niece of S. M. Balling, who was at one time a member of the legislature of Alabama. Children: 1. Lottie V.; 2. Josie E.; 3. Ora; 4. Cecil Collins; 5. Maurice Edward; 6. Julius; 7. Robert Lee; 8. Murray Balling. Residence: Marion.

SWARTZ, MIFFLIN WYATT, educator and president Woman's college, was born October 12, 1874, at Winchester, Frederick County, Va.; son of Edward Pendleton and Laura Bertram (Clowe) Swartz, the former a native of Bunker Hill, Berkley County, Va., now West Virginia, a Confederate soldier, orderly to Maj. Holmes Conrad of the 2nd Virginia cavalry regiment; grandson of John and Amelia (Bowers) Swartz of Bunker Hill, and of Henry Wyatt and Sarah Ann (Belsterling) Clowe, of Harpers Ferry, W. Va., the former was superintendent of the government armory at Harpersburg during the presidency of Buchanan, his commission signed by Jefferson Davis, secretary of war, and his family was still living in the superintendent's house, though his term of appointment had just expired, at the time of the John Brown raid; great-grandson of Anthony Belsterling, lieutenant and later captain in the Pennsylvania guards during the War of 1812. Dr. Swartz received his preparatory education in the public schools of Winchester, Va., and graduated at the University of Virginia, with the A. B. degree, 1898, M. A., 1900, and Ph. D. 1910; fellow of the University of Virginia, 1899-1900, Phi Beta Kappa, 1910; attended summer school at the University of Chicago four quarters, 1906-09. He entered upon the profession of teaching as professor of English, Shenandoah Valley academy, Winchester, Va., and held the chairs of Latin and Greek at Fort Worth university, Texas, 1900-03; Greek and German at Milwaukee academy, Wisconsin, 1903-04; Latin and Greek at Millsaps college, Jackson, Miss., 1904-

15; president of the Woman's college of Alabama, Montgomery, 1915 to date. He is a Democrat; Methodist; member Phi Kappa Alpha college fraternity. Author: "Personal characteristics of the old dramas in Euripides;" "A topical analysis of the Latin verb," and numerous articles published in current magazines and press. Married: May 21, 1902, at Fort Worth, Tex., to Gertrude Dora, daughter of Alexander and Dora Elizabeth (Hobbs) MacBrien, who lived at Waddington, St. Lawrence County, N. Y., the former a native of Ireland who came to America at the age of eleven, the latter a member of the well known Hobbs family of Northern New York. Children: 1. a son, died in infancy. Residence: Montgomery.

SWAYNE, WAGER, soldier and lawyer, at one time a resident of Alabama, was born November 10, 1834, at Columbus, Ohio, and died in New York City, December 18, 1902; son of Judge Noah Haynes and Sarah Ann (Wager) Swayne, the former associate justice of the U. S. supreme court. He was graduated from Yale, A. B. 1856; Cincinnati Law school, LL. B. 1859; admitted to the bar, 1859; entered services of the Ohio volunteers as major and rose to the rank of brigadier-general; transferred to the regular army and made major-general; commissioner of the Freedmen's bureau in Alabama, 1865-68; organized an extensive system of schools for the colored people, and established at Montgomery, Selma, and Mobile, high schools and also Talladega college, for negroes. He retired in 1870 and practiced law in Toledo, Ohio, and later in New York City until the time of his death. Married: December 22, 1868, to Ellen, daughter of Alfred and Levina (Bate) Harris, of Louisville, Ky. Last residence: New York City.

SWINDALL, A. C., Missionary Baptist minister; living in 1913. Residence: East Lake.

SWINDALL, OWEN CALVIN, farmer and legislator, was born September 3, 1835, in Lowndes County; son of Owen and Eliza J. (Campbell) Swindall, both natives of Bladen County, N. C.; grandson of James and Margaret (Lammon) Campbell, of Bladen County, N. C. He is of Welsh and Scotch-Irish descent. He was educated in the common schools of Montgomery County, and at Central institute, Coosa County. He has been engaged in teaching and farming since 1858; served in 46th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army. He was one of the representatives of Elmore County in the legislature of 1903. He is a Democrat; and a Missionary Baptist. Married: December 27, 1859, in Coosa, now Elmore County, to Frances L., daughter of Rev. Charles and Sarah (Ealan) Gregory, both natives of Georgia, the former being at youth apprenticed to a saddler in Philadelphia. Residence: Floyd.

SYKES, FRANCIS WINFIELD, physician, planter and State senator, was born April 19, 1816, in Chatham County, N. C., and died January 5, 1883 at Courtland; son of James Turner and Sarah Winfield (Dancy) Sykes, the for-

mer a native of Fairfax Court House, Va., later a resident of Mobile, commander of the 8th Virginia infantry in the War of 1812; grandson of William and Burchett (Turner) Sykes of Hicks Ford, and Fairfax Court House, Va., and of Charles W. and Mary (Winfield) Dancy of Edgecombe County, N. C. The Sykes ancestors came from Wales and every male member in America during the Revolutionary War fought for the independence of the colonies. The male line of descent beginning with William, Ben, Simon, and Joseph Sykes. Dr. Sykes received a common school education in his native state and at LaGrange and finished at the University of Nashville. In 1840 he was graduated in medicine from Transylvania university, Philadelphia, Pa., and entered upon the practice at Decatur, later locating at Courtland. In 1849 he became interested in agriculture and devoted a part of his time to his landed interests. He represented Lawrence County in the Alabama legislature in 1855, and during the War of Secession was also a member of the lower house of that body. In 1865 he was elected to the senate from Walker, Winston and Lawrence Counties; was on the Seymour electoral ticket in 1868. In 1870 he was among those voted for by the Alabama legislature for the position of U. S. senator. He was a member of the constitutional convention. He was a Democrat; Methodist; Mason, and Odd Fellow. Married: January 31, 1844, at Decatur, to Susan Elizabeth, daughter of Gen. Jesse Winston and Unity Spottswood (Dandridge) Garth (q. v.), the latter a native of Charlottesville, Va. Children: 1. Eunice, m. H. C. Michie; 2. Frank Dancy, who died in 1872; 3. Mollie, m. F. S. Michie. Last residence: Courtland.

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TABOR, WILLIAM, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 73, and a resident of Bibb County; ensign and lieutenant N. C. Militia; enrolled on January 2, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$100; sums received to date of publication of list, \$300.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in part 3, vol. xiii, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

TAIT, CHARLES, lawyer, first Federal district judge in Alabama, was born February 1, 1768, in Louisa County, Va., and died October 7, 1835, near Claiborne; son of James and Rebecca (Hudson) Tait, the former a Virginian, who moved to Georgia in 1783, and settled near Petersburg, Elbert County; grandson of William and Lucy (Bullock) Tait, who settled at the mouth of Christopher's Creek on Pamunky River, Hanover, now Louisa County, Va., and of Charles and Susan (Patrick) Hudson, who lived in Prince Edward County, Va.; great-grandson of Robert Tait, and of John and Elizabeth (Harris) Hudson, the former an Englishman who settled in Hanover County, Va., near Page's Ware House; great-great-grandson of a Scotchman, the progenitor of the Tait family, who also settled near Page's Ware House, Va. Judge Tait was a cousin of Henry Clay. He attended Wilkes academy, Washington, Ga., 1786-1787, when Gen. Samuel Black-

burn was rector of the academy; and was a student in Cokesburg college, Abingdon, Md., 1788. In September of that year, he was elected to an instructorship in the school, and was put in charge of the French classes and the charity pupils. He taught at Cokesburg college until 1794, studying law during that time, and in February, 1795, was admitted to the bar at Elberton, Ga. A few weeks later he was elected rector or headmaster of Richmond academy, and held that position until 1798, when he began to practice law. He also practiced in Lexington, Oglethorpe County, Ga.; was elected judge of the western circuit of Georgia in 1803; and served in that capacity until 1809. He was elected U. S. senator, in 1809, to succeed John Milledge who resigned; and was re-elected on the expiration of his term, serving until March 4, 1819. While in the senate, he became a friend of John C. Calhoun, secretary of war, and the two maintained a correspondence for years. Calhoun, in a letter dated, July 20, 1818, says "Your political course has been without an aberration so far as I have seen it." He was influential in securing the admission of Alabama into the Union, and secured from congress an appropriation of one million dollars for the U. S. Navy. Senator Tait moved to Alabama in 1819, and in 1820 was appointed by President Monroe the first Federal district judge of Alabama. He resigned his office in 1826, and gave his entire attention to planting in Wilcox County, making his home at Claiborne. He was offered the mission to Great Britain in 1828, but declined it. Married: (1) January 3, 1790, in Maryland, to Mrs. Anne (Lucas) Simpson; (2) in 1822, to Mrs. Sarah (Williamson) Griffin, widow of Judge Griffin of Georgia, and sister of Judge Peter Williamson of Lowndes County. Children by first marriage: 1. Capt. James Asbury, m. Elizabeth Caroline Goode; 2. Charles Jefferson, d. in infancy. Senator Tait was grandfather of John A. Campbell, formerly justice of the U. S. supreme court; and great-grandfather of Lucius Q. C. Lamar, another justice of the supreme court. Last residence: near Claiborne.

TAIT, FELIX, planter, was born November 13, 1822, at Burnt Corn, and died July 10, 1899, in Wilcox County; son of James Asbury and Elizabeth Caroline (Goode) Tait. His early education was obtained in the private schools of Wilcox County, and in 1840, he entered the University of Alabama, from which he was graduated, A. B., 1843, and A. M., in 1850. He engaged in planting in Wilcox County, near Camden. He served as private in the First Texas cavalry, Mexican War; was a representative in the Alabama general assembly, 1857-61; was trustee of the University of Alabama, 1856-61; served as major of the Twenty-third regiment, Alabama infantry, C. S. Army; and in 1874, was State senator. He was a Democrat; a Methodist; and a Mason. Married: September 10, 1850, at Marion, to Narcissa, daughter of John Rabb and Sarah Elizabeth (King) Goree, who lived at Marion, Perry County; granddaughter of Gen. Edwin Davis King of Marion. Children: 1. John, d. young; 2. Caroline, m. Rev. Henry D. Moore,

Knoxville, Tenn.; 3. Anne, m. William E. Moore; 4. Sarah, d. young; 5. James Asbury, d. in 1898; 6. Charles Edwin, m. Adah Foster, Wilcox County; 7. Julia, m. Samuel W. McDowell; 8. Felix, m. Fannie Merriweather, Palmetto, Fla.; 9. Laura, m. Willis N. Bragg, Selma; 10. Albert Lucas, deceased; 11. Porter King, physician, m. Daisie Berney, Dora; 12. Elinor Elizabeth, m. Leonard Godbold, Wilcox County. Last residence: Wilcox County.

TAIT, JAMES GOODE, planter, was born July 4, 1833, at Dry Fork, Wilcox County, and died May 23, 1911, at Nellie; son of James Asbury and Caroline Elizabeth (Goode) Tait. His early education was received at Summerfield, near Selma. He attended the University of Alabama in 1849-1850; and was graduated from Harvard, A. B., in 1853. He engaged in planting at Nellie, Wilcox County. He was a Democrat and a Methodist. Married: (1) to Adele Augusta Barnes, daughter of Sam Tom and Caroline Olivia (Patterson) Barnes, of Sugsville; (2) to Minnie Amelia Barnes, daughter of John and Amelia (Allen) Barnes of Mobile. Children: 1. Mary, d. in childhood; 2. Martha, d. in childhood; 3. Caroline, d. in childhood; 4. Roberta, d. in infancy; 5. Edward Barnes, m. Manerva C. Watson, Camden; 6. Augusta, d. in infancy; 7. Adele, d. at the age of seventeen years; 8. Gertrude, d. in infancy; 9. Felix Milton, m. Irma McCants, Coy, children, Porter E., Harvey J., and Augusta; 10. James G., m. Fannie Preston, children, James G., deceased, William P., Fannie Adele, and Charles P., residence, Coy; 11. Helen, d. in infancy; 12. Albert Lucas, m. Elizabeth Sellers, children, Edwin, Olivia, Myrtle, and Daisy, residence, Camden; 13. Olivia, Tuscaloosa; 13. Julia, m. Charles H. McMillan, physician, children, Mildred, Julia E., and James D., residence, Coy or Bellevue. Last residence: Nellie.

TAIT, JOHN, Indian agent. See Indian chiefs and associated characters.

TAIT, PORTER KING, physician, was born September 6, 1869, at Camden, Wilcox County; son of Major Felix and Narcissa (Goree) Tait (q. v.). Dr. Tait received his early education in the common schools of Wilcox County, and in the private school of Prof. Vaiden, at Marion. He obtained his professional education in the medical department at Mobile, of the University of Alabama, and in Birmingham medical college, graduating, 1903, in the latter. In May, 1903, he began the practice at Dora, as physician for the Sloss-Sheffield steel and iron co. In the Spanish-American War he was quartermaster of Co. A, 1st Alabama infantry regiment, the company commanded by Captain W. J. Parke. He is a Democrat; a Baptist; and a Mason. Married: September 19, 1901, at Birmingham, to Daisie, daughter of Jacob Kemps and Amanda L. (Hanby) Billheimer of Dayton, Ohio, the former a native of Virginia and for twenty years a missionary in Africa, and the latter born and reared in Westerville, Ohio. Children: 1. Porter King, Jr.; 2. Albert Lewis. Address: Birmingham.

TALBIRD, HENRY, Baptist minister, colonel C. S. Army, was born November 7, 1811, on Hilton Head Island, Beaufort District, S. C.; grandson of John Talbird, a commissioned officer in the Revolutionary Army. His ancestors were among the earliest settlers and prominent citizens of South Carolina. He was educated at Madison university, New York, taking a full collegiate and theological course at that place. After graduating from the theological department in 1841, he was called to the pastorate of the Baptist church at Tuscaloosa, and served at that place for one year. He accepted a call to Montgomery, and remained in charge of the Baptist church there for nine years, at the end of which time he was elected to the professorship of theology of Howard college, at Marion, assuming the chair in January, 1852. At the close of his first year on the faculty of the college, he was elected president and maintained that position until the beginning of the War of Secession. In 1861 he entered the C. S. Army as captain of a company in the Seventh Alabama infantry regiment, and at the close of the first campaign became colonel and organized the Forty-first Alabama regiment. After three years' service he was compelled to resign his commission because of ill health. After the close of the war, his health was still poor, and he accepted a country pastorate, where the duties were not so heavy as in his former charges. He spent two and a half years in Carlowville, Dallas County, then as his health remained feeble, resigned his pastorate and spent some time in travels. Six months later he accepted the charge of the Baptist church at Henderson, Ky., and remained there for three years; became pastor of the First Baptist church at Lexington, Mo., April 11, 1872, and continued in that charge for many years. The degree of D. D. was conferred upon Dr. Talbird, by the University of Alabama in 1854. He was elected a trustee of William Jewell college, and served as president of its board of education. Last residence: Lexington, Mo.

TALBOT, BAILEY MONTGOMERY, merchant, was born August 19, 1834, at Orion, Pike County, and died July 20, 1864, at Troy; son of Hale and Mary A. (Townsend) Talbot, the former a native of South Carolina, who located in Pike County, and who served as a soldier in the Mexican War, 1848. Mr. Talbot was educated in the common schools of Orion, and was a merchant. He was captain of Co. H., 57th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, and was killed in battle of Peachtree Creek, near Atlanta, July 20, 1864. He was a Baptist. Married: January 18, 1859, near Troy, to Mary Ann America, daughter of Thomas K. and Amelia Mullins, of that place. Children: 1. Nettie, m. Jere C. Henderson (q. v.); 2. Bailey Montgomery, Jr., m. Minnie Gellerstadt of Troy. Last residence: Orion.

TALIAFERRO, CHARLES T., physician and planter, was born March 15, 1833, in Caroline County, Va., and died in Evergreen, June 19, 1902; son of Charles and Susan (Moxley) Taliaferro, natives of Virginia, the former a promi-

ent planter of Caroline County, and a soldier in the War of 1812; grandson of William T. Taliaferro, also a Virginian. The family is of Italian origin, but the American branch is descended from an English immigrant, who came over before the Revolution. Mr. Taliaferro came to Alabama with his mother as a boy, settling in Conecuh County. He attended the common schools of his new home; studied one year preparatory to a medical course; later attended Louisiana university at New Orleans; and subsequently studied at Atlanta medical college, graduating there in 1859. He then took a course at Jefferson medical college, Philadelphia, but because of sectional excitement went to Richmond, Va., where he further pursued his professional studies. He located and practiced a year at Sparta, when in April, 1861, he enlisted as a member of the Conecuh guards; was promoted lieutenant, 1862; appointed assistant surgeon in 1863; full surgeon in 1864, and served until close of war. He returned home and resumed his practice; engaged in planting, 1885; was mayor of Evergreen, 1889; and elected probate judge of Conecuh County, 1892. He was a Democrat and Mason. Married: January 12, 1866, to Mary Ann, daughter of Capt. Wilson Ashley (q. v.). Children: 1. Mary S., m. Rev. M. S. Jones, both deceased, of Salisbury, N. C.; 2. Charles R., m. Irene A. Lee, residence, Evergreen; 3. William A., m. Nanny B. Grandberry, residence Savannah, Ga.; 4. Kate L., m. Walter H. Wild, residence Evergreen. Last residence: Evergreen.

TALIAFERRO, DAVID MERIWETHER, planter, was born May 4, 1795, at Broad River settlement, Ga., and died in 1825, in Tuscaloosa; son of Benjamin and Martha (Meriwether) Taliaferro, the former born in Amherst County, Va., served under General Lee in the Revolutionary War, captured at Charleston, promoted to captain, removed to Georgia in 1784, settling on the Broad River, was president of the state senate, representative in congress, 1798 and 1800, and later judge of the superior court; grandson of Zachariah and Mary (Boutwell) Taliaferro, the former a native of Williamsburg County, Va., who located in Amherst County, captain of a ship in early life, and at one time justice or sheriff of the latter county, and of David and Mary (Harvie) Meriwether, the former a native of Amherst County, Va., who removed to Georgia at an early date, great-grandson of Capt. Richard and Rose (Berryman) Taliaferro, the former of Caroline County, Va., who prior to 1746, had patented more than 10,000 acres of land in the present counties of Amherst and Nelson, and of Thomas and Elizabeth (Thornton) Meriwether, of Albemarle County, Va.; great-great-grandson of Zachariah Taliaferro, of Virginia, and of David and Anne (Holmes) Meriwether, of Virginia; great-great-grandson of John and Sarah (Smith) Taliaferro, the former a lieutenant of a company of mounted rangers against the Indians in 1692, and justice of the peace of Essex County, Va., in 1695, and of Nicholas and Elizabeth (Crawford) Meriwether, the former an emigrant from Wales, who located in New Kent County,

Va.; great-great-great-grandson of Robert Taliaferro and wife, daughter of Rev. Charles Grymes, an Episcopal clergyman, the former of Norman descent who located in Rappahannock County, Va., in 1666, and removed to Gloucester County, in 1682. David M. Taliaferro removed from the Broad River settlement, Elbert County, Ga., to Mount Meigs, when he became one of the largest plantation owners and wealthiest men of Montgomery County. He died suddenly and was buried in Tuscaloosa, where he had gone to attend to business concerning the deeds to his land. Married: about 1816, to Mary, daughter of William and Mary (Jemison) Meriwether. Children: 1. Mary Elizabeth, m. Dr. Bolling A. Blakey; 2. Martha Meriwether, m. Henry O. Micou; 3. Emily, m. Dr. B. R. Jones (q. v.). Last residence: Montgomery County.

TALIAFERRO, E. T., lawyer, was born in 1849, in Paris, Henry County, Tenn.; son of Dr. Edwin T. and Jane B. (Pope) Taliaferro, natives respectively, of King William County, Va., and Henry County, Tenn., the former a physician, who practiced at Paris, Tenn., for twenty-five years, moved to Alabama with his family in 1866, continued his practice there, and represented Madison County in the State legislature, 1884-1885. His ancestors settled in the Virginia colony in 1774, took part in the war for independence and later in the War of 1812. He received a common school education and attended Manchester college, Tennessee, for two years. He began to study law in 1868 under John C. Brown of Pulaski, Tenn., later governor of that state; studied law and taught school for three years; was admitted to the bar at Pulaski, January, 1871; and practiced there from that time until January, 1883, being associated first with Maj. B. F. Matthews, and later with John T. Allen, both natives of Tennessee. He was elected to the legislature of Tennessee in 1876, and was chosen speaker of the house; was elected permanent president of the judicial convention called to nominate five supreme court judges; was an elector on the Hancock and English presidential ticket in 1880; was chosen as one of the twelve leading lawyers of Tennessee to file a bill in the chancery court of Nashville to have declared unconstitutional a bill passed by the legislature to settle the debt of the state with three per cent bonds in 1881; moved to Fort Smith, Ark., in 1883, where he practiced two years in association with B. H. Tabor; located in Birmingham in 1885, and continued his practice in that place. He is a Knight Templar. Married: October 13, 1874, to Eva Sloss, daughter of Col. J. W. Sloss. Of the four children born to that marriage, the two following are living: 1. Edwin T.; 2. Mary. Residence: Birmingham.

TALIAFERRO, RICHARD, *soldier of the American Revolution*, Mildred, wife of Richard Taliaferro, who was a resident of Pickens County, captain of infantry; enrolled on August 4, 1838, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$480.—*Pension Book*, State Branch

Bank, Mobile. Mildred Talliaferro resided in Pickens County, June 1, 1840, aged 78.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

TALLEY, C. S., Methodist minister; member of the Alabama conference. Residence: Greenville.

TALLEY, DYER FINDLEY, physician, associate professor medical college, member State board of medical examiners, was born December 5, 1865, at Woodlawn, Jefferson County; son of Nicholas Davis and Mary Ann Matilda (Hawkins) Talley, the former a native of Trussville, Jefferson County, who lived at Woodlawn, Jonesboro, and Birmingham; grandson of Nicholas and Elizabeth (Hunt) Talley, who lived at Trussville, and of David and Polly Ann Hawkins, who owned and lived at Hawkins Spring. He received his early education at Pleasant Hill school, and his collegiate education in the University of Alabama, graduating in 1887 with the degree of A. B., and receiving, in 1892, the honorary degree of A. M. In 1892 he graduated with the degree of M. D. from medical department of Tulane university, New Orleans, La., and spent two years of service in the Charity hospital of that city. In 1899 he studied in Europe, spending the greater part of the time in the hospitals of London, and began the practice of his profession, May, 1892, in Birmingham. He became connected with the Birmingham medical college when it was organized in 1893, and served as associate professor of surgery, having held this chair for more than ten years. In 1898, with the co-operation of Dr. G. C. Chapman, he established a private infirmary in Birmingham. After Dr. Chapman's death in 1901, Dr. W. P. McAdory was associated with him until 1909. Since that date the infirmary has been conducted by Dr. Talley alone. In 1897 he was president of the Jefferson County medical society. During eleven years he has been a member of the committee of health and of the board of censors of the society, and for seven years a member of the State board of medical examiners. He is a member of the Alabama State medical association; the Southern medical association; the Southern surgical and gynecological Society; American Society for obstetricians and gynecologists; the alumni society of the charity hospital of New Orleans; and the Pan-American medical society. He is a Democrat; and a Mason. Married: October 17, 1917, to Elizabeth Fitzhugh Byrd. Residence: Birmingham.

TALLIAFERRO, H. E., deceased pioneer Missionary Baptist preacher. Last residence: Tuskegee.

TALLMAN, JAMES A., probate judge, was born November 27, 1818, at Abbeville Court House, S. C.; son of Thomas W. and Margaret (Taggart) Tallman, the former who came from New York City to Charleston, S. C., at an early age; grandson of Moses Taggart, a native of Ireland who came to America about the close of the Revolutionary War, and settled in South Carolina in the Calhoun settlement, and who was a school teacher and for several years pro-

bate judge of the county. Mr. Tallman engaged in the printing business when he was a boy, and when he was sixteen years old, clerked in a country store. He went to Alabama in 1838, and located in Greene County, where he was employed as a salesman and bookkeeper in a mercantile establishment until 1853. He conducted his own mercantile house at Greensboro from 1853 until 1861; was appointed postmaster at Greensboro during the War of Secession by President Davis; was interested in the hotel business at Greensboro and Selma, 1866-1868; served as bookkeeper for W. P. Hollingsworth in 1868; was elected tax assessor in 1877, and held that position until 1887; resigned to become probate judge of Etowah County. He was a Presbyterian and a Mason. Married: (1) in October, 1842, in Greene County, to Julia A. Dorroh, who died in 1856; daughter of James and Malinda (Wright) Dorroh; (2) in 1858, to Annie H. Webb, daughter of Dr. Henry Webb. Children, by first marriage: 1. Elizabeth; 2. Timothy T.; 3. Harriet W.; by second marriage, 4. Julia, m. James F. Woodliff; 5. Margaret, deceased. Last residence: Gadsden.

TALLY, JOHN B., lawyer and jurist; living in 1913. Residence: Scottsboro.

TANNER, JOHN THOMAS, public official, temperance promoter, was born August 25, 1820, in Madison County, deceased; son of Samuel Tanner, a Virginian, who came to Alabama in 1818, moved to Athens in 1825, and was a merchant all his life; brother of W. P. Tanner, deceased, who was formerly secretary and treasurer of the Cotton Seed Oil Mill at Montgomery, and of Meridith Tanner. He was educated at Athens; began clerking for his father at the age of thirteen years; engaged in the cotton business at New Orleans in 1842; moved to Shreveport, La., in 1844; returned to Athens in 1847 and engaged in the mercantile business with his father until 1852; became a banker until the War of Secession; was secretary and treasurer of the North & South Railroad during the War of Secession, and in association with Hon. Luke Pryor (q. v.) and others, was conspicuous in the organization and construction of the North & South Railroad, being officially connected with that road for twenty-five years; was appointed U. S. revenue collector in 1866, and held that office for eighteen months; became a real estate dealer, immigration agent and dealer in exchange at Athens in 1871; was connected officially with the Athens female college for over thirty years, part of the time as vice president, and after the death of Senator Houston, as president; was mayor of Athens for five years; was one of the most conspicuous advocates of prohibition in the South, organizing and holding at his office the first State temperance alliance, in 1881; was chairman of the first convention called in Alabama in the interest of prohibition; was a delegate to the convention in Pittsburgh, Pa., and in the roll-call of states placed the Hon. John P. St. John in nomination for the presidency of the United States; was nominated for governor of Alabama on the Prohibition ticket in 1886; was one of the vice presidents of the National Temperance Society;

chairman of the executive committee of the Prohibition party for the state of Alabama; was a candidate for the nomination to the vice presidency of the United States on the Prohibition ticket in 1888; was a Methodist. Married: November 26, 1846, at Greenwood, La., to Susan Owen Wilson, a native of Jackson, Tenn. Children: 1. John B., cotton broker, Athens; 2. Jason S., deceased; 3. Stephen, deceased; 4. Maria, deceased; 5. Margaret Elizabeth, m. Dr. W. R. McWilliams; 6. Mary Ruth, m. J. L. Thompson; 7. Susan O., m. C. F. Carter. Last residence: Athens.

TAPPEY, FRANCIS, Presbyterian minister, member of the North Alabama presbytery. Residence: Huntsville.

TARRANT, ANDREW JACKSON, farmer and county official, was born June 17, 1832, in Jefferson County; son of Benjamin and Mourning (Richardson) Tarrant, the former a native of Amherst, Va., later a resident of South Carolina, a soldier of the War of 1812; grandson of James Tarrant (q. v.), and of Mathias Richardson, a prominent farmer of Pendleton District, S. C., who, with his wife and two children removed to Jefferson County in 1819, and located near what is now known as the Bethlehem church, below Elyton, residing there until his death in 1840. Mr. Tarrant entered the Confederate service as first sergeant, Co. C, 20th Alabama volunteers, and was in the battles of Port Gibson, Baker's Creek, the siege of Vicksburg where he was wounded, surrendered, paroled and exchanged. He rejoined his command and fought at Missionary Ridge, from Dalton to Atlanta; accompanied Hood into Tennessee and fought at Franklin, Columbia, Nashville, Tupelo, and in several engagements in North Carolina, including the battle of Bentonville. After the war he resumed farming. In 1880 he was elected tax assessor of Jefferson County; re-elected in 1884, and served eight years; elected assistant tax assessor in 1890 and served six years. In 1900 he was elected a member of the board of revenue, and made its president. He is a Methodist; Odd Fellow; and a Democrat. Married: November 20, 1860, to Martha J., daughter of John B. and Sarah Ayres, who emigrated to Alabama from South Carolina. Children: 1. Mattie J., m. Frank Culverhouse, Pratt City; 2. George B., m. Addell, daughter of Henry Paul and Fredrica (Betts) Lewis, natives of Missouri, but residents for many years of Birmingham. Residence: Birmingham.

TARRANT, FELIX ISHAM, business man, was born February 6, 1863, near Winchester, Franklin County, Tenn.; son of Reuben and Jennie (Hatchett) Tarrant, the former who was a native of Lincoln County, Ky., served two years in the C. S. Army from Tennessee, resided at Salem, Tenn., and later removed to Paint Rock Valley, near Princeton, Jackson County; grandson of Carter and Frances (Woodruff) Tarrant, who lived in Lincoln County, Ky., and of Caldwell and Sallie Hatchett who lived near Summitt, Blount County; great-grandson of Reuben Tarrant and a Miss

Harrison, the former who was a native of Greenville County, S. C., served in the Revolutionary War, and the latter who was a member of the well known Harrison family of Virginia. Felix I. Tarrant received his education in the common schools of Alabama; attended the Southern university at Greensboro a part of the year 1887-88; and graduated in dentistry at Vanderbilt university, April 1, 1897. He located in Milton, Fla., in 1897; practiced for two years there; removed to Brewton, where he practiced four years; in 1901 returned to Jefferson County; engaged in the real estate business; was chosen at a special election, June 19, 1909, to succeed Dr. R. F. Lovelady in the legislature from Jefferson County, and in 1915 was a representative in the legislature from Jefferson County. He is a Democrat; a steward in the Methodist Episcopal church, South; a Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: on April 19, 1899, at Brewton, to Mary McMillan, daughter of Judge Marion and Mary (McDavid) McMillan, of Pollard, both members of old Scotch families of Alabama. Children: 1. Mary Adah, b. February 9, 1900. Residence: Birmingham.

TARRANT, JAMES, Revolutionary soldier, was a native of Virginia; one of six sons of Leonard Tarrant, a native of Scotland who emigrated to America about the beginning of the 17th century, settled at Jamestown and married a lady of English and Welsh descent. All the Tarrants in America trace their ancestry to Leonard Tarrant. James Tarrant, sr., was residing with his son, James, in Jefferson County in June 1800.

TARRANT, JOHN FREDERICK, educator, was born October 17, 1838, and died October 14, 1874, at Danville, Ky.; son of Edward and Permella A. (Vanzandt) Tarrant; graduate of the University of Alabama, A. B., 1860, A. M., 1861; principal of the Tuscaloosa male academy, 1858-60; taught at the Columbia institute, 1860-61; private in the Confederate Army; tutor in Latin and Greek at the University of Alabama, 1863-64; principal of the Dayton female institute, 1864-69; principal of the Columbus, Miss., female institute, 1869-72; president of the Crab Orchard Spring, Ky., college, 1872-74; principal of the Caldwell institute, Danville, Ky., 1874. Author: "Huguenots in America." Married: September 14, 1864, at Hale Springs, Sue F. Hale. Last residence: Danville, Ky.

TARRANT, LEONARD, Methodist minister, Indian agent, and legislator. He was an early settler in the state; member of the legislature and later of the State senate from Shelby County, serving in the latter body in 1849; appointed Indian agent by President Jackson, to superintend the sale of the Creek reservations. He was for many years a Methodist minister. Until 1836 he had been a Democrat, but in that year he joined the Whigs. He lived to a ripe age.

TARRANT, SUSAN FRANCES HALE, teacher, was born April 16, 1834, in Cumber-

land, R. I., and died in Birmingham, daughter of Gardner and Ann Susan (Ballow) Hale, of Swansea, Mass., who removed in 1848, to Prattville, Autauga County, to superintend the Pratt cotton mills; granddaughter of Levi and Eunice Hale, of Mansfield, Mass., and of Absalom and Annie Ballow, of Cumberland, R. I. She was educated in the Prattville school; entered the Providence seminary, at East Greenwich, R. I., graduating, with honors, in 1852. She began to teach in the fall of 1852, and taught for fifty-five years, without missing an entire session. In 1907, she retired to her home in Birmingham, and spent her last years in the home of her son. She contributed to educational journals and prepared a biography of Daniel Pratt, the inventor of the Pratt cotton gin. Married: September 14, 1864, in Tuscaloosa, to Rev. John Frederick Tarrant, professor in the University of Alabama. Children: Among her five children is: 1. Hale Van Zandt, m. Florence Marlon. Last residence: Birmingham.

TARVER, BENJAMIN FREDERICK, farmer, was born January 5, 1804, at Rappahannock, Va., and died November 9, 1861; son of Benjamin Frederick and Elizabeth (Hickson) Tarver, the former a native of London, England, who migrated to Virginia, later removing to Milledgeville, Ga., and finally settling in Dallas County. He received a sound preparatory education and graduated at Milledgeville with first honors. He was a farmer, a Democrat; and a Methodist. Married: in Lowndes County, to Anna Louise, daughter of Rev. Britton and Ellen (Terrell) Chapel of that place.

TATE, AUGUSTUS WALTER, educator, was born February 2, 1861, at Arbachoochee, Cleburne County; son of Thomas James and Martha Susan (Watson) Tate, the former born near Jacksonville, Calhoun County, who lived at Arbachoochee; served in the C. S. Army, in Lee's army in Virginia, Longstreet's corps, Hood's division, under Capt. Denman, Forty-fourth Alabama regiment, was wounded at the battle of the Wilderness and again in May, 1864, and surrendered at Appomattox Court House, 1865; grandson of Cooper Bennett and Nancy (White) Tate, who lived at Carnesville, Ga., the latter living in Calhoun County, before her marriage, and of John B. and Mary (Furlow) Watson, who came from Milledgeville, Ga., to Alabama in 1844. The Tate's descended from Anglo-Saxon stock; the great-great-grandfather Tate came from England with his brother before the Revolutionary War, ran away from home when he was fourteen years of age, and joined the revolutionists at Green Mountain. The great-great-grandfather Watson came from Holland before the Revolution and settled in Carolina. Mr. Tate's early education was obtained in the rural schools. For his professional education, he studied systems and methods of some of the old European countries, and formulated his own methods. He taught in the rural schools in 1880, attended the State normal college at Florence, 1881-1885, and was graduated in the latter year. After his graduation, he resumed teaching. He

founded the Baptist collegiate institute at Newton in 1898, beginning in a two-room building with twenty-six pupils, and remained principal of the school for many years. He is a Democrat and a Baptist. Married: (1) to Katherine Barnes, daughter of William H. Barnes, a paper manufacturer at Detroit, Mich.; (2) to Florence Victoria Stanford, daughter of James Polk and Elizabeth Ellen (Bolin) Stanford, who lived at Crews, Lamar County; granddaughter of James Stanford and great-granddaughter of William Stanford, who emigrated from Ireland to Georgia, and whose ancestors on her mother's side were descendants of the Ann Bolin family and settled in North Carolina before the Revolutionary War. Children, by first marriage: 1. Thomas Barnes, d. in infancy; by second marriage: 2. Katherine Belle, 3. Nellie Claire; 4. Augusta Mae; 5. Lygia Lee; 6. Mary Ellen; 7. Ouida Maude, deceased; 8. Augustus Walter, jr., deceased; 9. Annie Florence, deceased; 10. Samuel Franklin; 11. Alfred William. Residence: Newton.

TATE, CALEB, Revolutionary soldier, buried at Valley Creek Cemetery; great-grandfather of John E. Tate, of Selma.

TATE, FREDERICK LOYD, lawyer, was born November 18, 1872, at Atlanta, Ga.; son of William Greene and Victoria (Turner) Drake. The mother of Judge Tate died soon after his birth and he was adopted by his uncle and aunt, Col. John F. and Sarah Temperance (Drake) Tate, the latter who was a sister of his father William Green Drake. He was educated in the common schools of Alabama and Georgia; was graduated B. S., at the Alabama polytechnic institute, 1897, and M. S., 1898 and during the summer of 1899 attended the summer law course at the University of Virginia. From 1898 until 1900 he taught school at the first district agricultural school, Jackson; on March 1, 1901, at Wetumpka was admitted to the bar; by appointment of Governor William D. Jelks, became solicitor of the fifteenth circuit; in 1910 he was elected to this position, and was re-elected in 1914; from June 1, to November 18, 1918, was attorney general of Alabama; and on November 18, 1918, was appointed supernumerary judge. In 1905, Judge Tate was president of the Wetumpka commercial club. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; a Mason; an Odd Fellow; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: on December 29, 1899, at Jackson, to Lucia Phillips, daughter of Little Berry and Eugenia (Hand) Phillips, of Tuskegee; granddaughter of Dr. J. R. and Lucia Moore (Pinckard) Hand. Children: 1. Lucia Loyd, b. May 26, 1901; 2. Margaret Kirtley, b. March 6, 1904; 3. Eugenia, b. January 15, 1908. Residence: Wetumpka.

TATE, JAMES MADISON, lawyer, Methodist minister, teacher, and Confederate soldier, was born December 29, 1837, at Girard; son of Thomas Stribling and Mariah Louisa (Reed) Tate, the former a native of Edgefield Court House, S. C., who removed to Russell County, where he was sheriff, county clerk, and probate judge, later moving to Macon County where

he was elected to the State legislature, a supporter of Bell and Everett in the presidential campaign of 1860, signer of the ordinance of secession, 1861, and quartermaster general in the home guards; grandson of Samuel and Frances (Stribling) Tate, of Edgefield, S. C., the former a captain in the War of 1812, and of Stephen and Delilah Reed, of Gainesville, Ga., the former having served under General Marion in the Revolutionary War. The Tates are of Scotch-Irish descent, coming from County Cork, Ireland, to America during the seventeenth century. Professor Tate received his early education in the old field schools of Alabama; spent two years at Emory college, Oxford, Ga.; took a law course at Cumberland university, Tenn., and was licensed to practice in Wilson County, Tenn. Receiving a telegram from Capt. Cullen Battle to report for service as a member of the Tuskegee light infantry against John Brown's raid, he left for Tuskegee, arriving after John Brown had been captured. He then attended the law school of Chancellor Wade Keys, took an examination before the supreme court of Alabama and in June, 1860, was granted license to practice. He became a member of the firm of Belser, Rice and Tate. In December, 1860, as a member of the Tuskegee light infantry, he reported for duty in Montgomery. As a private in Co. C, 3rd Alabama infantry regiment he participated in the capture of the Pensacola navy yard, January 12, 1861. On May 1, 1862, he reenlisted for the war and held all the commissions from sergeant to first lieutenant. He was wounded three times at Malvern Hill, South Mountain, Md., and Bloody Angle Spottsylvania Court House. He was detailed to recruit the depleted ranks of his company and later was assigned by Governor Watts to Buford's cavalry. After the war he began teaching near Tuskegee and in the spring of 1866 opened a high school for boys at Tuskegee. He was marshal of Tuskegee, in 1866, and county surveyor, in 1870. In 1878 he removed to Florida and for eight years was principal of the Roberts and Ferry Pass schools, relinquishing the principalship of the latter at that time and for thirty-five consecutive years serving as principal of the former. He was justice of the peace, third district of Florida, 1881; legislator, 1885-86; executive committeeman, 1888-1903, and justice of the peace, 1914-18. A high school has been built at Gonzalez, Fla., and named the James M. Tate agricultural school, in recognition of his lengthy service as an educator. For fifty-one years he has been a local minister of the Alabama conference, Methodist Episcopal church, South. He is a Democrat and an Odd Fellow. Married: January 31, 1867, at Tuskegee, to Elizabeth, daughter of Batte Peterson and Mary (Thweatt) Clark, of that place the former a veteran of the Mexican War and Confederate Army. Children: 1. Mariah Louisa, m. John D. Cary; 2. Mollie Frances, deceased. Residence: Pensacola, Fla.

TATOM, THOMAS, *soldier of the American Revolution*. "Mr. Clay, yielding to his feelings excited in behalf of the son of a Revolutionary Patriot, who was captured at Mier, a citizen of Alabama, addressed a letter to President Santa Anna, requesting his libera-

tion. We understand that he has just received a polite letter from Santa Anna, informing him of the prompt discharge of the captive according to his request."—*Lexington Observer*. [The person alluded to above was Mr. Thomas Tatom, son of Capt. Tatom of Morgan county, Ala.]—*Southern Advocate*, Huntsville, Ala., Oct. 25, 1844, p. 2.

TATUM, BERRY, wholesale grocer, was born March 26, 1829, in Autauga County, and died September 11, 1895, in Montgomery; son of Peter E. and Martha (Gause) Tatum, the former was born in Greene County, Ga., 1796, came to Alabama when a youth, and was one of the commissioners appointed to convey the Seminole Indians from Florida to Arkansas; grandson of Howell Tatum, who was a native of Georgia and one of the first settlers of Alabama. The Tatum ancestors came from Ireland to America before the Revolution. He was educated in the schools of Montgomery and at Tuskegee military institute. His first position was that of clerk in Montgomery, 1847-49, and from 1849 until 1854 he was engaged in farming. In the latter year he entered the wholesale grocery business in Montgomery and for many years followed this business with the exception of 1863-65 when he was engaged in running the blockade for the Confederacy, carrying ammunition to the southern Army. He served as president and vice-president of the Capital City insurance company, and before the war served two terms as a councilman. He was a Mason; and a Baptist. Married: November 15, 1849, to Francis Jennette, daughter of Griffin L. Hogan, of South Carolina. Children: 1. Ella, d. in childhood; 2. Edward, d. unmarried; 3. Haywood, deceased, m. Mary Robinson, Montgomery; 4. Martha Jeannette, d. in infancy; 5. William, m. Ida Smith, both deceased, Montgomery; 6. Griffin, m. Rosa Shryock, Montgomery; 7. Berry, m. Minnie Clark, both deceased. Last residence: Montgomery.

TATUM, EDITH BRITTAIN CRENSHAW, author, was born September 2, 1877, in Greenville, Butler County; daughter of Edward and Sarah Edith (Brittain) Crenshaw, the former also a native of Butler County, a lawyer, captain in the 58th Alabama infantry regiment, U. S. Army, and was wounded at Chickamauga, afterwards serving on board the Tallahassee; granddaughter of Walter Henry and Sarah (Anderson) Crenshaw (q. v.) and of William and Sarah (King) Brittain of Georgetown, South America, and Toledo, Ohio; the former was born in Ireland, educated at Trinity college, Dublin, afterwards became a clergyman in the Church of England and for years a missionary in South America; great-granddaughter of Chancellor Anderson Crenshaw (q. v.) and of Col. Sir Henry King, who was breveted for bravery at Waterloo; great-great-granddaughter of Gen. John Archer Elmore (q. v.). Mrs. Tatum was educated in the home by her father and her aunt, Leonora Crenshaw, and studied voice and piano under William Battenhausen, a pupil of the German master, Ignas Maschles. She is an Episcopalian, and a member of the Father Ryan chapter U. D. C. Au-

thor: "When the bugle called"; "Terry"; and numerous magazine stories and articles since 1905. Married: February 21, 1900, at Greenville, to George Hamlet, son of Setha and Sarah (Stinson) Tatum who lived near La Grange, Ga.; the former graduated at Harvard university, practiced law for awhile and then became a planter. The Tatums are of Scotch, Irish and English stock, and are members of the Stinson, Hardaway, Cody, Sledge and Hamlet families. George Hamlet Tatum is president of the Bank of Greenville. Children: 1. Sarah Edward. Residence: Greenville.

TATUM, SAMUEL CARTER, physician, was born May 13, 1871, near Center, Cherokee County; son of John Wesley and Cynthia E. (McElrath) Tatum, the former a native of Jacksonville, Calhoun County, who lived at Center; grandson of Wesley and Eliza Tatum, who lived near Jacksonville, and of Dr. William and Rebecca McElrath, who lived near Center. He received his preparatory education at Center and his collegiate education at Oxford. He was graduated from Vanderbilt university, at Nashville, Tenn., M. D., 1893, and later in that year located at Center in the practice of medicine. Since that time, he has conducted his profession at that place. He has served as president of the Cherokee County Medical Society, as president of the Cherokee County board of health, and as the county health officer; is a Methodist; was first conference lay leader of the North Alabama Conference; is a member of the board of missions of the conference; is a Shriner, a Knight Templar and a thirty-second degree Scottish Rite Mason; is an Odd Fellow; a Knight of Pythias; and a Woodman of the World. Married: February 14, 1892, at Center, to Nettie Joe Wood, daughter of Joseph and Elivia Wood, who lived at that place. Children: 1. William Briggs, Center; 2. Mary Carter, Center. Residence: Center.

TAUL, MICAH, secretary of State, railroad commissioner, lawyer and planter, was born November 25, 1832, in Winchester, Tenn., and died February 13, 1873, at Mardisville; son of Micah and Mary (Hayter) Taul, the former born May 14, 1785, in Montgomery County, Md., about twelve miles north of Washington, D. C., and died in Talladega County, May 27, 1850, colonel of the Wayne County, Ky., volunteers in the War of 1812, his command joining Gen. Harrison on Lake Erie, September 11, 1812, being mustered out the following year, and in 1814 was elected to congress, representing his district one term, denying re-election; grandson of Arthur Thomas and Mary Anne (Johnson) Taul, the former a native of Bladensburg, Md., born in 1749, the latter of Clarksburg, Md., born March 11, 1830, removing to Fayette County, Ky. In 1784 Mr. Taul read law with Col. A. S. Colyar, and entered into a partnership under the firm name of Colyar, Carter and Taul. Owing to poor health he gave up the practice of law and devoted himself to agriculture, residing through the growing season upon his plantation at Mardisville, near Talladega, and spending the winters in Montgomery. He was

secretary of the State senate, 1856-57, and became secretary of State during Governor Patton's administration, 1865-68. Upon the creation of a State railroad commission, he was named as one of the three members, and served from that date until his death. He was a lieutenant in a cavalry company organized at Talladega; a Democrat; and a Mason. Married: September 18, 1854, in Jackson County, to Louisiana Taul, daughter of Rev. Lewis and Sarah (Bradford) Roach, both natives of Virginia; granddaughter of Benjamin and Mary (McFarland) Bradford, the former was born February 15, 1774; great-granddaughter of Benjamin and Mary (Blackburn) of Virginia, the ancestors of the former belonging to the McFarland clan of Scotland, a Revolutionary soldier, a member of the 3rd Virginia regiment, commanded by Lieut.-Colonel Heth. Children: 1. Marianne Bradford, m. John Marcus McClellan, deceased, Decatur, Ga.; 2. Charles Micah, m. Georgia Love, Birmingham. Last residence: Mardisville.

TAYLOE, HENRY AUGUSTINE, planter, was born April 7, 1808, at the Octagon, Washington, D. C., and died July 15, 1903, at Gallion; son of John and Anne (Ogle) Tayloe, the former who was a native of Mount Airy, Richmond County, Va., who lived in Richmond, Va., and Washington, D. C., and was a personal friend of George Washington; grandson of Col. John and Rebecca (Plater) Tayloe, who lived at Mount Airy, and of Gov. Benjamin Ogle, who was first governor of Maryland when it was admitted to the statehood; great-grandson of William Tayloe, a native of London, England, who came to Richmond County, Va., in 1650, and became the proprietor of large estates, and of Gov. Ogle, provincial governor of Maryland; brother of John Tayloe, who was a cadet on the Constitution at the time of its battle with the Guerriere, and was a veteran of the war of 1812, of Benjamin Ogle, who was secretary of the American legation at London during the administration of President Monroe, of Edward Thornton Tayloe, who was secretary of the American legation in Mexico during the administration of the first President Harrison, and of Catherine Tayloe, who married an Englishman, James Baker, who was associated with the British legation in Washington, and who was afterwards transferred to Spain as consul at Corunna; and a nephew of William Augustine Washington, who was a nephew of George Washington. The Tayloe family intermarried with the Randolphs, Carters, Beverlys, Platers, Carys, Washingtons, Ogles, and Thorntons. Records of the family show that the name was originally Taylor. Capt. Tayloe's boyhood was spent in Washington, D. C., where he attended the grammar schools. He went to a preparatory school at Alexandria, and later entered the University of Virginia, which he left before graduating, due to his father's death. While there he was an intimate friend of Archibald Cary and the two Randolph boys, grandsons of Thomas Jefferson, and he spent much time at the latter's home in Monticello. He then went to Essex County, Va., to take charge of a plantation, and there he remained for about three

years. In 1834, he removed to Alabama, and settled near Uniontown, then Woodville; later removed to Walnut Grove, near Prairieville; and still later removed to New Hope, near Macon station, Hale County, now Gallion. In 1846, during the Mexican War, he was captain of the Cherokee Legion, but succeeded in getting only as far as Mobile, when the war was ended. He was too old for active service during the War of Secession, but served as a member of the home guards, and assisted in building fortifications near Demopolis. He gave the first railroad the right of way in 1861, and at that time was serving as postmaster, which position he held for forty years. He was also notary public and justice of the peace. He was a Democrat, and a member of the Episcopal church, which he served as vestryman and senior warden, and was for twenty-seven years secretary of the Council for the Diocese of Alabama. Married: in 1838, to Narcissa Jamieson, daughter of John and Virginia (Adair) Jamieson, who lived at Uniontown, having come from Newberry, S. C., and settled in Alabama. Children: 1. Anne Ogle, m. (1) R. L. Maupin, deceased, (2) Dr. Samuel R. Olliphant, deceased; 2. Henrietta Key, d. in infancy; 3. Narcissa Elizabeth, m. Benjamin Francis Hatch, deceased, Gallion; 4. Henry Augustine, d. in infancy; 5. Charles, d. in infancy; 6. William Henry, m. Lucy Lea Langhorne, Uniontown; 7. Kate Beverly, m. David Woodfin Shivers, Montevallo; 8. Lucy Randolph, d. in infancy. Last residence: Gallion.

TAYLOE, WILLIAM HENRY, State senator, chancellor, member constitutional convention, 1901, was born August 26, 1852, at Prairieville, Marengo County, now Gallion, Hale County; son of Henry Augustine and Narcissa (Jamieson) Tayloe, the former a native of Washington, D. C., who lived in his ancestral home near Warsaw, Richmond County, Va., until 1834, when he removed to Prairieville, a planter, and captain of a cavalry company of militia but too old to serve in the Confederate Army; grandson of John and Anne (Ogle) Tayloe of Annapolis, Md., and of John Jamieson, a native of Newberry, S. C., who later located in Uniontown. He was educated by private instruction in his parental home and in schools taught by Prof. E. H. Murfee at Arcola, and E. L. Stickney at Lindes farm, near Marion, attended Washington and Lee university, Lexington, Va., 1869-78, during part of which time Gen. Robert E. Lee was president of the institution. He received the medal in 1873 for superior scholarship in modern languages and graduated with the degrees of B. A. and M. A. that year. In 1875 he received the B. L. degree; delivered the Cincinnati oration, the highest honor in the class, in 1874; and won two free scholarships on his merit. During his course in law, he had for his professors the eminent lawyers, John Randolph Tucker and C. A. Graves, the latter the successor at the University of Virginia of Prof. John B. Minor. He entered upon the practice of his profession November 1st, 1878, at Demopolis, subsequently removing to Linden and finally located at Uniontown. He was senator from

Marengo County, 1886-90; Chancellor southwestern division of Alabama, 1898-1908; member of the constitutional convention of 1901; member of Uniontown council 1902-11. He is a Democrat; Episcopalian; Mason; and Knight of Pythias. Married: to Lucy Lea, daughter of Dr. John M. and Lucy (Lea) Langhorne of Uniontown, granddaughter of Henry C. Lea (q. v.). The Langhornes were natives of Virginia. The Leas were descended from George Reade, who was sent by Charles II as secretary of Virginia. Residence: Uniontown.

TAYLOR, BENJAMIN ASBURY, city chemist and bacteriologist for Montgomery; graduate of the Alabama polytechnic institute, with the degree of B. S., 1896, and M. S. 1897.

TAYLOR, C. B., member of the constitutional convention of 1785, from the eleventh election district.

TAYLOR, DAVID, pioneer, deceased, came to Alabama in 1812, from Augusta, Ga., where he had been a merchant, and settled in that business at Jackson. Married: in 1816, to Judith C. Parker, daughter of Jesse and Charlotte Parker, sister of William R. Parker. Among his children were: 1. Walter, deceased, attended the University of Alabama, was graduated from Augusta college, Maysville, Ky., A. B., 1835, studied law at Transylvania university, Pennsylvania, farmed in Illinois, 1856-1859, returned to Jackson as a merchant and farmer, m. Amanda Langford, eight children; 2. John, merchant at Jackson, in 1853; 3. Seth P., merchant at Jackson, in 1853; 4. David; 5. Robert H.; 6. William J.; 7. Charlotte A. E., m. Col. A. R. Lankford. Last residence: Jackson

TAYLOR, ELIJAH, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 81, and a resident of Limestone County; private and sergeant N. C. militia; enrolled on July 29, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$33.33.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

TAYLOR, GEORGE, *a soldier of the American Revolution*, was born in Virginia about 1762, and died in Madison County, 1826. In his seventeenth year he entered the Revolutionary Army; was under fire at the battle of Monmouth, 1778; was in the disastrous charge at King's Bridge, where only five, out of the advance guard of twenty, made good their retreat; was in South Carolina with "Light Horse Harry" Lee's command, serving in many battles and skirmishes; and at the end of the struggle held the rank of lieutenant. For more than ten years after the close of the war he commanded a scouting party, organized at Lexington, Ga., for the defense against the Indians; and he was also captain in the militia. From Georgia he moved first to Winchester, Tenn., 1805, and later, 1810, settled on the banks of the Flint River, in Madison County, where he lived until his death and where he is buried.—Mrs. P. H. Mell in *Transactions of the Alabama Historical Society*, vol. iv, pp. 566-

567. Married: Miss Jennings, of Lexington, Oglethorpe County, Ga. It is believed that she was related to Miles Jennings, a noted Indian fighter, of the same county. Children: among others, Matthew who m. Nancy J. McCartney, and they were the parents of Thomas J. Taylor (q. v.). Last residence: Madison County.

TAYLOR, GEORGE, member of the constitutional convention of 1861, from Coosa County.

TAYLOR, GEORGE WASHINGTON, lawyer, member of congress, State legislature, circuit solicitor, was born on his father's plantation in Montgomery County; son of Edward Fisher and Anne Sewell (Trezevant) Taylor, both natives of Columbia, S. C., the former a graduate of the South Carolina college, a graduate in the law, but not a practitioner, removed to Alabama, and settled on a plantation in Montgomery County, entered the Confederate Army in 1861 and died in 1862, holding the rank of corporal in Semple's battery after the first Tennessee and Kentucky campaigns; grandson of Thomas and Mary (Taylor) Taylor of Columbia, S. C., and Shreveport, La., and of Dr. Samuel Haywood and Anne (Sewell) Trezevant, also of Columbia, prior to their settlement in Montgomery County; great-grandson of Thomas Taylor and of James Taylor, brothers, whose children, Thomas and Mary, married each other. Mr. Taylor received his preparatory education in the best private schools of Montgomery and Columbia, S. C., and graduated from the South Carolina college, Columbia, in 1867. He taught school at Mobile while reading law under Hon. Harry T. Toulmin, and was admitted to the bar, November, 1871. He entered upon the practice in Choctaw County and afterwards in Marengo County, and the territory in that judicial circuit. He was elected to the Alabama legislature from Choctaw County for the session of 1878-79; was elected State solicitor for the first judicial circuit, November 1880, served six years and was re-elected; elected to congress from the first district, November, 1896, and was successfully re-elected for nine terms, making a total of eighteen years in the position. He served three terms on the committee on appropriation and was transferred to the rivers and harbors committee, in order to more specifically serve his constituents. He wrote the first primary election regulations in the Democratic party organization adopted in Alabama for party government in Choctaw County. He entered the Confederate Army, November 1864, as a member of the South Carolina state troops, while a fifteen year old school boy, and served on the coast near Savannah and then enlisted as a private in Co. D., 1st South Carolina cavalry regiment and served as a courier for Gen. George P. Harrison until the close of the war. He is a Democrat and was chairman of the Choctaw County executive committee for several years; chairman of the State Democratic convention which called the constitutional convention in 1901. He is an Episcopalian; Mason; S. W. & J. W.; Knight of Pythias; Elk. Married: January 13, 1881, at Montgomery, Margaretta V. T., daughter of Eliphaleb Henry

and Mary Jones (Bonner) Metcalf of that place. On her paternal line Mrs. Taylor is of English-Puritan ancestry who arrived in Massachusetts about 1635. On her mother's side she is of Dutch stock, which arrived in New York in 1628. Other colonial ancestors settled in Virginia, North Carolina and Georgia. She is a member of the Colonial Dames, the U. D. C.'s and entitled to membership in Americans of Royal Descent through the Green branch of her mother's family. Children: 1. Mary, m. Hughs Turnley Reynolds, Rome, Ga.; 2. Maggie Metcalf; 3. Edward; 4. Lucie Crommelin, m. W. B. Morton, New York, N. Y.; 5. Anne Trezevant; 6. Sadie Lyon; 7. George Margaretta. Residence: Demopolis.

TAYLOR, HANNIS, lawyer, diplomat and author, was born September 12, 1851, in Newbern, N. C.; son of Richard Nixon and Susan (Stevenson) Taylor, descendants of two colonial families that settled in North Carolina prior to the Revolutionary War, the former a merchant by occupation; brother of Richard V. Taylor (q. v.); grandson of William and Mary (Hannis) Taylor and of James C. and Elizabeth (Sears) Stevenson, also of North Carolina, a merchant and ship owner. The American founder of the family was William Taylor, a native of Scotland, who with his brother Isaac, settled in North Carolina. Dr. Taylor was prepared for college at Lovejoy's school for boys, Raleigh, N. C., and in a school taught by Dr. Wilson of Almanance County, N. C. In 1867 he entered the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, as a freshman, but owing to financial reverses his father was compelled to discontinue his college education. At seventeen years of age he began the study of law in the office of John N. Washington, Newbern, and in 1869 he removed with his father's family to Mobile, and continued the study of law in that city in the office of Anderson and Bond. On December 16, 1869, he was admitted to the bar, and in 1872 was admitted to practice in the supreme court of Alabama. In 1885 he was admitted to practice in the U. S. supreme court. His first professional position was that of solicitor for Baldwin County, which he held in spite of the fact that he resided in Mobile. Without college training and by private instruction in law, he has achieved a reputation throughout the world as one of the most eminent living authorities on constitutional history and constitutional law. Having gained a solid reputation at the bar and through his first published works, he was appointed minister to Spain by President Cleveland in 1893, which post he held until 1897. Among the celebrated cases in which he was counsel in his earlier practice was *Watson vs. the city of Mobile*, and the freedom of the press cases, both of which were argued before the U. S. supreme court. In 1892 he was appointed special counsel of the government of the United States before the Spanish treaty claims commission, and in April, 1903, was selected by the Secretary of State as counsel for the United States, before the Alaska boundary commission, Jacob M. Dickinson of Chicago and David T. Watson being his associates. He has been professor

of constitutional and institutional law at Columbian, now George Washington university, since 1892. Before his present duties carried him from Alabama he was several times president of the Alabama bar association. He received the honorary degree of LL.D. from seven universities, including Dublin and Edinburgh. Author: "The Origin and growth of the English constitution"; "International public law"; "The science of jurisprudence"; "Jurisdiction and procedure of the supreme court of the United States"; "Cicero, a sketch of his life and works"; "The process of law." Dr. Taylor also brought to light the pamphlet published by Pelatiah Webster, February 16, 1783, at Philadelphia, in which it appears the paternity of the plan of our Federal Constitution was evolved by that author. At Dr. Taylor's instance this Webster pamphlet, containing the former's commentary, was reprinted May, 1908, after an interval of 116 years, as Senate document No. 461, sixteenth congress, first session. Married: May 8, 1878, in Mobile, to Leonora, daughter of William A. and Eliza LeBaron of that city. Children: 1. Charles LeBaron, m. Mary Hannon; 2. Mary Lillie, m. Dr. Reid Hunt, Boston, Mass.; 3. Hannis, jr.; 4. Hannah, m. Charles Clay Bayly, Washington, D. C.; 5. Richard. Residence: Washington, D. C.

TAYLOR, HENRY L., librarian of the Alabama Supreme Court library, 1866-68.

TAYLOR, HUGH MCGEEHEE, civil engineer, railroad builder, U. S. transportation corps, and member of the French academy of science, was born March 6, 1870, in Montgomery; son of William and Mary (Hubbard) Taylor of Snowdoun, Montgomery County; grandson of William and Ann Scott (McGehee) Taylor (q. v.), and of Samuel Dana and Frances (Russell) Hubbard (q. v.); great-grandson of Abner McGehee (q. v.). Both grandfathers and great-grandfather were pioneer settlers of Montgomery County. He was educated in the public schools of the county; was graduated from the Alabama polytechnic institute, with the degree of A. B. and C. E., 1888. He joined his brother, W. Dana Taylor, in Mexico, and studied railroad-building, the two constructing the Mexican national railway system, a work that engaged him for sixteen years. He succeeded his brother as superintendent of the Mexican national railroad, when W. Dana Taylor returned to the United States. When Huerta forced Americans out of Mexico, he went to Brazil to build railway lines; thence to Cuba to assist that government in railway organization. When America entered the World war, he offered his services to the U. S. government and was sent to Brest, France, in command of the 60th regiment U. S. Infantry, assigned to transportation duty and was placed by Gen. Pershing in command of the 16th Grand division, transportation corps. He moved over 400,000 troops from Brest, via Paris, Tours, and Le Mans. He built railway lines, bridges and assembled transportation facilities, with such accuracy, speed and success that he was cited by Gen. Pershing for the efficiency of his work.

These services covered eighteen months. The French government presented him with a distinguished service medal, and in March, 1920, made him a member of the French academy of science. Gen. Pershing, in his citation, said: "Lt.-Col. H. McG. Taylor, T. C., for exceptionally meritorious service rendered as general superintendent of the 16th Grand Division. This railway grand division, under Col. Taylor's management, handled more than 400,000 troops during the months of March, April and May, without serious accident. Colonel Taylor's work has been distinguished for its technical perfection, and the actual strength which has actuated all his subordinates. His cordial co-operative strength has done much to make easier and more pleasant the natural difficulties of the Franco-American inter-allied transportation operations." He is a Democrat; and a Presbyterian. Married: in San Antonio, Texas, to Isadore Means, daughter of Rev. John Means, of that place, a cousin of the late Dr. Means, of Montgomery and nephew of the late Dr. Means of Emory college, Oxford, Ga. Children: 1. Isadore; 2. Margaret; 3. Alice. Residence: San Antonio, Southern Department, U. S. Engineers.

TAYLOR, JAMES ROBERT, road contractor, was born July 9, 1864, at Pinson, Jefferson County; son of James Andrew Jackson and Fanny (Lovett) Taylor, the former, who was a native of Jefferson County, and was a veteran of the War of Secession; grandson of Aaron and Phoebe Taylor, who lived in South Carolina, the former who was a native of Tennessee, and of Ellige B. Lovett; great-grandson of Thomas and Rhoda (Roberson) Lovett. He received only a common school education. He engaged in farming, mined mineral coal for some time, did grade work on the public roads, and at the general election of November, 1910, was elected road supervisor of Jefferson County. He is a Democrat, a member of the Methodist Episcopal church South, and an Odd Fellow. Married: October 4, 1896, at Pinson, to Ella Taylor Johnson, daughter of William Marian and Mary Jane (Bently) Johnson, who lived at Pinson; granddaughter of Mathew Johnson, who removed to Alabama from South Carolina about 1800, and of William Bently, a native of Calhoun County, and of Irish ancestry. Children: 1. Walter; 2. Pluma; 3. Mary Lou; 4. Thelma; 5. Robert Cunningham. Residence: Pinson.

TAYLOR, JOHN B., State superintendent of education, 1865.

TAYLOR, JOHN D., warehouseman, was born May 9, 1830, in Habersham County, Ga., son of Theophilus and Anna (Dykes) Taylor, natives respectively of South Carolina and Georgia, the former a hatter and a farmer, who was born in 1790, was a soldier in the War of 1812, came to Georgia when a boy and died there in 1853; grandson of Jerry and Lea (White) Taylor, both of English descent, the former a Virginian who fought in the Revolutionary War, moved to South Carolina when a young man, and later to Georgia, and of John Dykes. He

was reared on a farm; received his early education at home; began clerking in Jackson County in 1850; studied law; went to Guntersville in 1855, and sold goods for some time; was admitted to the bar at Guntersville, 1857, and practiced law at that place for two years; was employed by a wholesale house in Nashville, Tenn., in 1860; enlisted in Co. E, Forty-eighth Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, in March, 1862; was promoted to ordnance sergeant; returned home in December, 1864, and entered a clerkship in a store; entered the warehouse and commission business in 1871; erected a warehouse in Guntersville in 1885; served as justice of the peace and notary; was a Methodist Episcopalian and an Odd Fellow. Married: (1) June 4, 1861, to Mrs. Virginia Moore, who died August 9, 1869, daughter of William Patton, who came from Virginia, settled near Huntsville, and married a Miss Miller; (2) October 10, 1870, to Catherine Black, daughter of George and Margaret (Phinizee) Bell, of Jackson County, Va., the former of whom was a blacksmith and farmer. Children, by first marriage: 1. Warren P.; 2. Clarence M.; 3. Herbert Lee. Last residence: Guntersville.

TAYLOR, J. J., pioneer missionary Baptist preacher; pastor of Mobile and at Knoxville, Tenn.

TAYLOR, JOHN M., lawyer, member constitutional convention 1819, was born about 1788, in Orange County, Va., and died in 1859 or 1860 in Mississippi. He came from an excellent family and was well educated, practiced law for several years in Virginia, and came to Huntsville in 1817. For a short time he labored as a merchant there, but soon resumed his profession. He was a member of the constitutional convention of Alabama in 1819, and was one of the three sub-committeemen who drafted the first constitution of the state. Later he became a law partner of Judge Minor, whom he succeeded on the supreme court bench in 1825. After eight years' service on the supreme bench, he resigned, and a year or two later moved to Mississippi, where he practiced law until his death. Married: Miss Foote, a sister of Philip Foote, a merchant of Huntsville. Last residence: Mississippi.

TAYLOR, JOSEPH WALTERS, lawyer, was born July 12, 1820, in Burksville, Cumberland County, Ky. His parents were Virginians, his father a lawyer of prominence and his mother a Miss Stockton. He was graduated at Cumberland college, Kentucky, in 1838, and went to Alabama, where for two years he taught school in Greene County. He read law in the office of Judge Harry I. Thornton in Eutaw, was admitted to the bar, and practiced law for about twenty years. In 1844 he was on the Clay electoral ticket; represented Greene County in the State legislature in 1845; and was re-elected to the legislature in 1847. He was for several years the law partner of Col. Hale; was elected to the State senate from Greene and Marengo Counties over Hon. William E. Clarke; served as chairman of the senate committee on education; was a candi-

date for elector at large on the Bell ticket in 1860; was opposed to disunion, but supported the state when it seceded; was elected to the U. S. congress over Hon. C. W. Lea of Perry County, in 1865, but was not allowed to take his seat in that body; was for some time in control of the editorial department of the Eutaw "Whig"; and later moved to Tuscaloosa, where he edited the "Times." He was president of the board of trustees of Southern university at Greensboro. Married: to a Miss McAlpine, daughter of Hon. Samuel McAlpine, of Greene County. A son, Samuel McAlpine Taylor, was an attorney at Waco, Texas. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

TAYLOR, MARIE LOUISE, writer, was born September 22, 1838, at Talladega; daughter of Dr. Henry and Amanda Louise (Talmadge) Taylor, the former a native of Deep River, Chatham County, N. C., who lived at his ancestral home until 1831, when he emigrated to Alabama, settling first for a year in Montgomery, and moving in 1832 to Talladega, who was a graduate of the University of North Carolina, and of the medical department of Transylvania university, Lexington, Ky.; granddaughter of Murdock and Rebecca (Tyson) McKenzie, who lived at Chatham County, N. C., the former of whom was a native of Scotland, and of Thomas and Bythe (Washburn) Talmadge, who lived at Shelbyville, Ky., the former a soldier in the Revolution, whose ancestors came from Wales and settled in New Jersey; great-granddaughter of Kenneth McKenzie, who served in the army of Charles Edward, fought at the battle of Culloden, and in consequence of the defeat of the Pretender had to leave Scotland, and came to America in 1745, and of Margaret (Delaney) Talmadge, daughter of Daniel Delaney, one of the first settlers of Annapolis, Md., who had six sons in the Revolutionary Army. Mrs. Taylor is author of a number of historical sketches, including "History of the Battle of Talladega," published in the American Monthly, Washington, D. C., 1901. Married: to Richard N. Taylor, deceased, formerly of Mobile. Child: Henry M. Residence: Talladega.

TAYLOR, MEREDITH, *soldier of the American Revolution*, and a resident of Pickens County; private, particular service not shown; enrolled on November 11, 1837, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832; annual allowance, \$46.66; transferred from South Carolina.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile. He resided in Pickens County, June 1, 1840, with James Bonner, aged 78.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

TAYLOR, R. P., Presbyterian minister, living in 1913. Residence: Leeds.

TAYLOR, RICHARD VIPON, vice-president Mobile and Ohio railroad, was born August 11, 1859, at Newbern, Craven County, N. C.; son of Richard Nixon and Susan (Stevenson) Taylor and brother of Hannis Taylor (q. v.). He received his early education in the grammar schools of Mobile, and at the Barton academy. He was librarian of Mobile law library, 1871-

72. On September 27, 1877, he entered the accounting department of the Mobile and Ohio railroad company, with which corporation he has since remained, filling respectively the positions of bookkeeper, chief clerk, general auditor, in 1914, general manager, and in February, 1911, elected vice-president. In 1918, he was appointed Federal manager of the Mobile and Ohio, Southern, and Gulf, Mobile and Northern railways. He is a Democrat, a Baptist, and an Odd Fellow. Married: August 10, 1882, at Mobile, to Helen, daughter of Col. William Amos and Margaret (Langdon) Buck, of that city. Children: 1. Ardian Stevenson, m. Annie May Cox, a resident surgeon at Johns Hopkins hospital until September, 1920, when he sailed for China to be at the head of the surgical department of the Rockefeller medical school; 2. Richard V., jr., m. Anne Russell Sampson, now a medical missionary to China; 3. William Buck, m. Florence Davidson, assistant cashier Merchants bank, Mobile; 4. Helen Buck, m. James Lloyd Abbot, manager Horticultural development company, Mobile. Residence: Mobile.

TAYLOR, SAMUEL OLIVER, principal engineer of the national lines of railroad of Mexico; graduate of the Alabama polytechnic institute, with the B. S. degree in 1888. Residence: Monterey, Mexico.

TAYLOR, THOMAS, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 56, resided in Chambers County, June 1, 1840, with Jonathan Music.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

TAYLOR, THOMAS JONES, probate judge, was born July 2, 1829, at Talladega, and died November 12, 1894, at Huntsville; son of Mai and Ann Johnson (McCartney) Taylor, the former a native of Lexington, Ga., who came to Talladega, and later to Madison County, and was a farmer and a merchant, the latter a native of Madison County; grandson of George and Hannah (Jennings) Taylor, the former who was born near Richmond, Va., in 1762, was a lieutenant in the Revolutionary Army under Harry Lee, participated in the battles of Monmouth, Guilford Court House and King's Mountain, settled in Georgia after the war, and was for many years captain of militia, moved to Tennessee in 1806, and to Madison County in 1809, and of John and Mary (Cotton) McCartney, who lived near Maysville, Madison County, the former of Scotch descent. The Taylor family is descended from William Taylor, one of three brothers, who came to America with Lord Baltimore in 1729; his son James lived on Cow Pasture Creek, Henry County, Va., moved to Tennessee in 1765 and settled at Marshall's Ferry, where he died in 1817. Judge Taylor received his early education in the old field school of Madison County, and at a school at Walnut Grove, Tenn. He taught for some years; was elected county surveyor in 1858 and held that office until January, 1862; entered the C. S. Army as second lieutenant of Co. K, Forty-ninth Alabama regiment; was elected captain of that company after the battle of Shiloh; was captured at Port Hudson and

detained until the end of the war; taught school for three years after the war; was again elected county surveyor in 1868; served in that position until 1871, when he was elected tax assessor for six years; was elected clerk of the circuit court in 1880-1886; was elected probate judge in 1886 and re-elected in 1892, holding that office at the time of his death. He was author of an early history of Madison County; was a Democrat; a Presbyterian; an Odd Fellow, Knight of Honor, Knight Templar, and member of Camp Egbert Jones, United Confederate Veterans. Married: in 1850, near Paint Rock, to Lockey Thompson Douglas, daughter of John and Catherine Augusta (Nowlin) Douglas, of Madison County, natives of Westmoreland County, Va., who came to Madison County in the early part of the nineteenth century, the former whose mother was Miss Jude of Virginia, before her marriage. Children: 1. Catherine Augusta, d. 1892; m. S. M. Stewart; 2. George Mai, d. 1861; 3. John Edward, d. 1856; 4. Ann Johnson, m. W. L. Jones, New Decatur; 5. Lillian, m. W. A. Wall, Gurley, Madison County; 6. Thomas Jones, jr., d. 1884; 7. Laura Lucy, m. Will Wingo, Birmingham; 8. Margaret Douglas, d. 1873; 9. Wade Douglas, lawyer, general administrator of Madison County, 1898-1904, m. Grace Hannah Nolan, Huntsville. Last residence: Huntsville.

TAYLOR, WALTER L., commandant, University of Alabama, 1893-94, holding the rank of second lieutenant, 20th infantry, U. S. Army.

TAYLOR, WILLIAM, physician, was born August 18, 1824, near Nashville, Tenn., and died April 7, 1907; son of John K. and Jane W. (Caldwell) Taylor, the former a native of Lancashire County, England, who lived near Gallatin, Tenn., where for some years he engaged in the manufacture of spinning jinnies of his own invention; grandson of William and Elizabeth (Kenott) Taylor, who lived at Godley, Lancashire, England, and of David and Rachel (Smith) Caldwell, who lived twenty miles from Nashville, Tenn., the former who served with his brother in the Revolution, taking part in the battles of Remseur's Mill, King's Mountain, Cowpens, and others; great-grandson of Charles Caldwell, a lieutenant in the Irish dragoons, British royal service, who disposed of his commission and emigrated to Delaware in 1752, and finally settled in Mecklenburg County, N. C., and of Col. Smith of the Colonial army. Beyond attending two terms in a country school, Dr. Taylor was self educated. He read medicine under Dr. Henry McKenzie in 1846, and was graduated from Louisville medical college, 1848. He began to practice medicine in partnership with Dr. J. W. Hudson of Fish Head Valley; went to Louisiana and practiced at Indian Village in partnership with Dr. T. W. McLeroy for fifteen months; spent a year in California, 1850; returned to Talladega, where he practiced until the beginning of the War of Secession; edited the "Watchtower" at Talladega, 1858-1861; enlisted in the C. S. Army as surgeon of the Seventh Alabama regiment; became surgeon of the Tenth Alabama; was promoted to chief surgeon

of Wilcox's Division, and served in that capacity until the surrender; after the war returned to Talladega to his medical practice; was connected with the management of the "Daily Messenger" at Selma for some time; retired from the practice of medicine, and devoted his attention to agriculture and milling at Cragdale, near Talladega; was elected to the State legislature, 1877-1878; and to the State senate, 1880-1881; was one of the incorporators of the Talladega Deaf and Dumb Asylum; was a member of the board of management from the organization of that institution until his death, and from 1881-1907, was president of the board; was a member of the Medical Association of Alabama; was a Democrat and a Mason. Married: (1) in 1854, to Mary Frances Elston, who died in 1857, daughter of Allen and Elizabeth (Blair) Elston, who lived near Eastaboga, Talladega County; (2) December 18, 1871, to Mrs. Mary Minerva (Green) Whatley. Children, by first marriage: 1. William Elston, m. Ida Alexander, Pensacola, Fla.; by second marriage: 2. John Ross, Atlanta, Ga.; 3. Joseph Johnson, m. Ruby Liner, Dothan; 4. Mary Elizabeth, m. Edward L. Jones, Atlanta, Ga. Last residence: Talladega.

TAYLOR, WILLIAM, Sr., planter, was born August 14, 1798, on the Broad River, Wilkes County, Ga., and died in Montgomery May 21, 1882; son of Clark Taylor and wife, a Miss Whitehead, of Virginia, who moved to Kentucky and from there to Wilkes County, Ga., his wife being a member of the pioneer Whitehead family of Oglethorpe County, Ga. He was educated in the log-house schools of his day and removed to Alabama, with the Georgia colony that came about 1819 to Montgomery County. He acquired large tracts of land at Snowdown, became interested in public affairs and established a warehouse business. He was interested in the building of railroads into Montgomery and also joined Col. Joseph Winter in building the plank road from Montgomery to Snowdown at which place he built a large brick residence, the first in the county, thereby earning the nick-name of "Brickhouse Billy Taylor." He also built a large residence in the city, on the East side of South Perry street, which property is still in the hands of his grandchildren. Here he lived, after the close of the War of Secession until his death. He fought in the Indian wars, was a Whig-Democrat; and a member of the Methodist Protestant church. Married: May 27, 1824, in Wilkes County, Ga., to Ann Scott, daughter of Abner and Charlotte (Spencer) McGehee (q. v.), of the Broad River settlement, Wilkes County. Children: 1. Elizabeth, d. in infancy; 2. Clark, m. Ellen Calloway; 3. Samuel Swenson, m. Elizabeth Williams; 4. Harriet Mildred, m. James T. Andrew; 5. Martha Jane, m. Dudley Battle; 6. William, jr., b. Mary Hubbard; 7. James Micajah, m. David Calloway; 8. Susan, d. young; 9. Mary Charlotte, m. S. Dana Hubbard, jr. (q. v.); 10. George Benjamin, d. young; 11. Richard Patrick, d. young; 12. Ann Scott, d. young. Last residence: Montgomery.

TAYLOR, WILLIAM DANA, civil engineer and railroad builder, was born February 20,

1858, in Montgomery, died August 26, 1911, in Chicago and is buried in Montgomery; son of William and Mary (Hubbard) Taylor of Snowdown, Montgomery County, the former a Confederate soldier, first lieutenant, 56th Alabama cavalry regiment; grandson of William and Ann Scott (McGehee) Taylor, of Snowdown, and of Samuel Dana and Frances (Russell) Hubbard, of Montgomery; great-grandson of Abner McGehee (q. v.). He was educated in the public schools of the county; graduated from the Alabama polytechnic institute, C. E., 1881, with an average of one hundred per cent for the whole scholastic time; entered Johns Hopkins university and later Boston's school of technology. He also studied at the University of Chicago. He assisted Col. Hardaway in building the Atlantic coast line in Alabama, and later entered the service of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad; assisted in the completion of the Mexican national railway, Mexico City. In 1899-1900 he built the Chicago and Alton railroad bridge over the Missouri river at Glasgow, Mo.; was professor of railway engineering in University of Louisiana, 1897-01; also in the University of Wisconsin, 1901-06; chief engineer of the Chicago and Alton R. R., 1906-11 and at time of death consulting engineer with international reputation. He served as a captain of engineers at Jefferson Barracks, during the Spanish-American War, and rejected numerous offers from foreign governments and corporations. He was a Mason; Democrat; and Presbyterian. Author: articles published in the Engineering news; the Engineering record; the London Times and others, on engineering subjects. Married (1) in 1884, to Mary, daughter of Rev. Bennett Battle and Charlotte (Walker) Ross, sr. (q. v.); (2) in 1897, to Annie Lou, daughter of Hamilton and Martha (Mastin) McIntyre of LeGrande, Montgomery County. Children, by the first wife: 1. Lily; 2. Kate, m. Arthur Minot Reed, of Cambridge, Mass.; 3. Bennett Ross; children, by second wife: 4. Hamilton Dana; 5. Daniel Gilman; 6. Martha. Last residence: Chicago.

TAYLOR, WILLIAM HENRY, planter, was born June 1, 1801, in Columbia, S. C., and died September 25, 1879, in Montgomery; son of Thomas and Mary (Taylor) Taylor II, both of the pioneer family of Taylors of South Carolina; grandson of Thomas and Ann (Wyche) Taylor I, of Columbia, the former a member of the Provincial congress of 1775, colonel of militia under Gen. Sumter in the Revolutionary Army, member of the first U. S. constitutional convention, member of the Jacksonboro assembly and the State legislature, also the donor to the State of the land upon which Columbia was first laid out; great-grandson of John Taylor of Virginia and South Carolina, and of Peter and Alice (Scott) Wyche of Virginia. He was trained by tutors and graduated from the South Carolina college in a class with members of the Rhett, Pinckney, Halls, Elmore and Bellinger families. He studied law, but never practiced the profession, devoting himself to extensive planting interests, having holdings in the Yazoo Valley, as well as South Carolina. About 1833 he removed to Montgomery County with a colony from Columbia, including the

Taylor, Hall, Cheney, Bellinger, McGinney and Elmore families. As they journeyed overland they witnessed the "falling of the stars" which took place in 1833. He entered lands near Oak Grove, about fourteen miles from Montgomery, later removed to the city of Montgomery and built a home on the present McDonough street which is still standing. In addition to conducting his planting interests he engaged in the cotton business with William Knox, banker, and in 1869, through cotton speculation, lost his fortune. After this financial catastrophe he took charge of the Madison House, located at the corner of Dexter avenue and Perry street, and successfully conducted that hostelry. In 1873 he moved to Mobile to serve as assistant inspector of the port of Mobile, under his son-in-law, Maj. Albert Elmore (q. v.). He was a democrat; and a Methodist. He was also an ardent Secessionist, aiding that movement in every way; and three of his sons served in the C. S. Army. Married: in 1827, in Columbia, S. C., to Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Capt. Robert and Sarah (Bozler) Halls (q. v.). Children: 1. William Henry, Jr., m. Elizabeth Powell; 2. Mary Jane, m. Maj. Albert Elmore (q. v.); 3. Sarah Maria, m. Col. John W. A. Sanford (q. v.); 4. Thomas, III, a Confederate soldier, unmarried; 5. Halls, a Confederate soldier, m. Julia Goodwyn, sister of Alber T. Goodwyn (q. v.), both reside in Montgomery; 6. George Washington, deceased; 7. Albert McGinney, deceased; 8. Albert James, a Confederate soldier, m. Annie Catherine Tighlman, both reside in Montgomery; 9. Elmore, m. Kate Redmond. Last residence: Montgomery.

TEAGUE, ELDRED BURDER, Baptist minister, was born January 20, 1820, in Newberry District, S. C., and died November 24, 1902, in Abertant, Tuscaloosa County; son of John Williams and Mary (Davis) Teague, the former a farmer who removed from South Carolina to Greene County in the spring of 1822, and in the fall of the same year to Shelby County; grandson of the Rev. James Teague, a Baptist minister. He received a very limited elementary education in the public schools of Shelby County, but by close application he acquired sufficient preparation to enter the University of Alabama in 1836, and in the main worked his way through college, graduating with second honor, December 16, 1840. Three years later he received the degree of A. M. The degree of D. D. was conferred upon him by Howard college in 1872. Immediately after graduation he began teaching in Montgomery County. During the six years devoted to this occupation he began preparing himself for the ministry. In 1844 he was ordained to the Baptist ministry and filled pastorates in Alabama for ten years after which he assumed charge of the Baptist church at LaGrange, Ga., and held that pastorate ten years. He was elected president of the East Alabama female college, Tuskegee, and remained in that position three years, during a part of which time he was pastor of the Baptist church of that town. Feeling the urge to return to the active ministry, he assumed the pastorate of the Baptist church at Selma, and

remained there eight years. Later he served pastorates in middle Alabama and in East Lake. He was mainly instrumental in removing Howard college from Marion to Birmingham, and was for many years a trustee of that institution. He is reputed to have made the first secession speech in Georgia, and was made chairman of the relief committee after war began. He was with the Army of Tennessee from Chattanooga until Hood's expedition entered into that state. He was one of the founders of the "Alabama Baptist," and one of the editors of that organ. He was a frequent contributor to the religious press, and left a ms. memoir of five hundred pages covering the history of the Baptist denomination in Alabama, which is deposited in the archives of the Southern theological seminary, Louisville, Ky. He was a Democrat and a Mason. Married: (1) June 15, 1843, at Tuscaloosa, to Sophia Nelson, daughter of James G. Blount, captain in the Indian War, sheriff, member of the legislature of Alabama from Tuscaloosa County; (2) June, 1861, at Tuskegee, to Louise Emeline, daughter of William H. Philpot, a planter. Children: 1. Melancthon Blount, merchant, St. Louis, Mo.; 2. Anne Mary, m. W. H. Shank, a farmer in Smith County, Texas; 3. Andrew Fuller; 4. Sophia Blanche, m. H. F. Wood, contractor, East Lake; 5. Eldred Burder; 6. John Shepherd Bealle; children by second marriage: 7. Felicia Pauline; 8. Sarah Purnal; 9. Elburda; 10. William Calloway; 11. Imogene; 12. Frank Philpot; 13. Gertrude; 14. Louella, m. Dr. Thomas G. Nelson; 15. Edward B.; 16. Bessie Reynolds. Last residence: Abertant.

TEAGUE, ROBERT STERLING, business man, was born January 22, 1863, at Greenville; son of William Martin and Eugenia Isabella (Jackson) Teague (q. v.). He attended the Greenville collegiate institute until 1883 when he removed to Montgomery with his parents; entered the University of Alabama in 1884, graduated, A. B., 1887, A. M., 1892, LL. B., 1896. He practiced his profession in Montgomery in partnership with George Fleming Moore, from 1897 to 1901. At the latter date he became a member of the Teague and sons hardware company, of which he is now secretary-treasurer. He served as captain, 2nd regiment, Alabama National Guard, 1894-96; major and judge advocate, 1st brigade, Alabama National Guard; major and commissary of subsistence, 1st brigade, Alabama National Guard; and was commissioned by President McKinley as captain, 5th U. S. volunteer infantry, May 15, 1898, and served in the Spanish-American War. He commanded Co. M.; was in Santiago de Cuba from August 13, 1898, to March 26, 1899; commanded a company post at Sagua de Tanamo, Cuba, from March 30, to April 27, 1899; and was mustered out at Camp Meade, Pa., May 31, 1899. He is a Methodist and a Mason. Married: October 17, 1912, to Sarah McGehee (q. v.), daughter of Alexander Humphreys and Sallie McGehee (Graves) Clark, of Hope Hull. Children: 1. Robert S., Jr.; 2. Teyton Clark; 3. Eugene Jackson; 4. Dorothy. Residence: Montgomery.

TEAGUE, SARAH McGEHEE (CLARK), teacher and member of the State board of examiners for teachers. Married: Robert S. Teague (q. v.). Residence: Montgomery.

TEAGUE, WILLIAM MARTIN, business man, was born December 7, 1843, in Benton, now Calhoun County, deceased; son of Abner A. and Julia (Scarborough) Teague, the former a South Carolinian, who came to Alabama in 1836, and engaged in farming; grandson of Elias Teague, a South Carolinian and a farmer who came to Alabama with his son and died in Calhoun County, and of Lemuel and Nancy (Christian) Scarborough, of North Carolina; great-grandson of William Christian of North Carolina who moved to Alabama in 1836. He was educated in private schools, under Judge Graham at Lowndesboro, and at Bragg's, near Wetumpka, being a student at the latter school at the outbreak of the War of Secession. He joined the Wetumpka Light Guards under Capt. E. S. Ready in 1861, and became a member of Co. I, Third Alabama Infantry, under command of Col. Lomax. He was wounded in the seven days' fight around Richmond, and at the battle of Gettysburg; fell into the hands of the enemy at the latter place, and was paroled; was transferred to the commissary department at Eufaula; and served there until the close of the war. After the war he became occupied in farming and merchandising; moved to Greenville in 1866, and conducted a mercantile business; disposed of his interests in Greenville and moved to Montgomery in 1883; formed a partnership with his brother-in-law, Henry M. Hobbie, under the firm name of Hobbie & Teague; formed the wholesale hardware firm of Teague & Sons, February, 1892; was elected alderman at large in 1903; is a Democrat, a Knight of Honor, member of the National Union, and an Elk. Married: December 29, 1864, to Eugenia Isabella Jackson, daughter of John W. A. and Martha E. (Barnett) Jackson of Brier Hill. Children: 1. Julia F., m. John F. Gay; 2. Robert S. (q. v.); 3. Abner J.; 4. William M., jr.; 5. Bessie; 6. Oscar; 7. Eugenia; 8. Ethel; 9. Frederick W.; 10. Edwin H. Last residence: Montgomery.

TEASLEY, CHARLES BUNTEN, probate judge, planter, business man, and legislator, was born August 31, 1872, at Pine Level, Montgomery County; son of Robert Daniel and Lucy (Nall) Teasley, the former a native of Colbert County, Ga., who spent practically his whole life in Pugh, twenty-one miles south of Montgomery, during the War of Secession served in the Montgomery mounted rifles, 1st Alabama cavalry regiment, C. S. Army; grandson of James and Frances Teasley, who resided in Colbert County, Ga., and of Martin M. and Mary Ann Nall, who lived at Troy. He was educated in the public schools of Pine Level, and later took a course at the Eastman business college. He served as State senator from the twenty-eighth district in 1907; was elected tax collector of Montgomery County in that year; appointed probate judge, November 6, 1913, to fill the unexpired term of Judge J. B. Gaston, and was on November 3, 1914, regularly elected to that office and, in 1916,

re-elected for six years, but on June 1, 1920, on account of his business interests resigned. He was elected to fill the unexpired term of William A. Gunter, jr., as State senator in 1919. He is a Democrat; a Mason; an Odd Fellow; Red Man; and an Elk. Married: January 26, 1899, to Mary, daughter of Thomas Elliott and Sarah Overton (Gilmer) Hannon of Montgomery. Residence: Montgomery.

TEBBETTS, WILLIAM FRYE, business man, collector of customs, Mobile, captain in Spanish-American War, was born December 16, 1872, in New York City; son of Joseph F. and Dora Caroline (Smith) Tebbetts, a soldier in the Federal Army during the War of Secession, who resided in New York and Washington, D. C.; grandson of Col. Temple and Sarah Tebbetts who lived in Maine and New York, and of Godfrey and Elmira (Foster) Smith of New Brunswick, Canada; great-grandson of Gen. Joseph Frye, a distinguished soldier of the Revolutionary War and first brigadier-general commissioned by the Continental congress; descended from a noble house in Saxony whose family records go back to the year 1239, was given a tract of land at Fryeburg, Me., in recognition of his distinguished services in behalf of independence. He received his preparatory education in a private school at Farmington, Me., supplemented by attendance on the public schools of New York. At an early age, owing to the death of his parents, he was thrown on his own resources and occupied various positions including clerkships in a law office and a bank. For a while he was a newspaper reporter. In 1894 he opened a real estate and local stock and bond business at Wilkesbarre, Pa., but two years later returned to New York City and took up the study of law while engaged in the bond and mortgage business; was a member of Co. E, 22nd Infantry, New York national guard, and was commissioned captain of Co. A, 10th U. S. volunteer infantry, by President William McKinley during the Spanish-American War; was mustered out with his regiment at Macon, Ga., and located in Anniston. Shortly afterwards he was chosen captain, Co. D, 3rd Infantry, Alabama national guard. On December 19, 1900, he was appointed collector of customs for the port of Mobile by President McKinley, and since that time has been prominent in the Republican party in Alabama. He organized the Mobile Republican club. He is a Presbyterian; a Mason; and an Odd Fellow. He was a member of the Mobile joint committee of rivers and harbors. Married: June 1, 1898, at Anniston, to Harriet, daughter of John and Martha I. (Woods) McKelroy, granddaughter of General Henry Woods of Eufaula. Children: 1. John. Residence: Mobile.

TEMPLE, JOHN, soldier of the American Revolution, aged 76, and a resident of Montgomery County; private Virginia Continental Line; enrolled on December 14, 1819, under act of Congress of March 18, 1818; payment to date from July 23, 1818; annual allowance, \$96; sums received to date of publication of list, \$1,451.38; transferred from Edgefield District, S. C., from March 4, 1830.—*Revolutionary Pen-*

ston Roll, in Vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

TENNILLE, ALEXANDER ST. CLAIR, physician and manufacturer, was born September 16, 1838, at Needwood, Washington County, Ga., and died July 4, 1907, in Montgomery; son of Major Algernon Sidney and Louisa Dunbar (Roe) Tennille, the former born at Tennille, Washington County, Ga., later lived at Fort Gaines, Ga., then at Randolph County, now Clay, and in 1864 moved to Jackson County, Fla., organizer of the "Silver Greys," a company of old men who volunteered for home defense during the War of Secession; grandson of Lt.-Colonel Francis and Mary Bacon (Dixon) Tennille, for whom the town of Tennille was named, and of Alexander I. and Tryphena Dunbar (Morel) Roe, of Savannah, Ga.; great-great-grandson of the Honorable Thomas Dunbar, member of the English parliament from Liverpool, and of Capt. George Lyddell Bacon; great-great-great-grandson of John Nathaniel Bacon, who was the son of Gen. Nathaniel Bacon, a native of Suffolk, England, later of Bacon's Rebellion, a thrilling chapter in early American history and whose father was Thomas Bacon of Tristram Hall, cousin of Lord Bacon, his mother, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Robert Brooke. The Tennilles emigrated from Picardy, France, to the Isle of Man or to Ireland following the Edict of Nantes, and settled in America. Lt.-Col. Francis Tennille, founder of the Georgia branch, was born in Prince William County, Va., and removed to Georgia during the colonial period, being a lieutenant in the 2nd battalion, Georgia brigade, Continental line. He was voted a grant of land, with other officers, by the Georgia house of assembly, "in recognition of their services, in that they voluntarily did duty in common with the privates of the militia under Col. Elijah Clark." After the Revolutionary War, Lt. Tennille received from the general government a commission as captain in recognition of his services in the Continental Army. He was a Mason and member of the Society of the Cincinnati in Georgia. Pierre Morel, a native of Zurich, Switzerland, emigrated to America about 1732, bringing his family and two white servants and settled in South Carolina, later removing to Savannah, Ga. His grandson, John Morel, was a member of the committee of safety, 1775. His son, John Morel, was a captain in the Revolutionary War and afterwards held political office in Georgia. Dr. Tennille received his education at the University of Nashville, graduated in medicine at that institution, February 13, 1861; entered the War of Secession immediately, as physician and surgeon in the C. S. Army; served one year with the Co. D, 9th Georgia infantry regiment; was appointed commissary to the regiment and later was a member of General Field's staff. The close of the war found him in Marianna, Fla., where he practiced his profession, later locating in Troy. In the latter town he was councilman, later mayor, and while serving in that office, 1886, caused to be established the first waterworks system there. In 1888 he discontinued the practice of medicine and built the Troy fertilizer factory, a pioneer industry

at that point. He was the originator of the plan to build the Alabama Midland Railroad and was its first vice-president. He removed to Montgomery where he built a large cotton seed oil mill. Married: June 20, 1872, at Greenwood, Fla., to Sarah, daughter of William and Sarah (Folsom) Butler, who lived at Marianna, the former a native of Fayetteville, N. C., the latter of Newberryport, Mass.; granddaughter of Daniel and Ann (McDonald) Butler, the former a native of Wilmington, N. C., the latter of Scotland, and of Benjamin and Sarah (Hale) Folsom. Children: 1. Eloise, m. Warren Beal Burton, Mobile; 2. Clara, m. Arthur William McCord; 3. William Butler. Last residence: Montgomery.

TERRELL, JOHN DABNEY, surveyor and planter, was born about 1760, at Hanover Court House, Hanover County, Va., deceased; son of Harry and Anne (Dabney) Terrell, the former who was a native of Hanover Court House, Va., and resided in Virginia, and in North and South Carolina; grandson of Joel Terrell, who lived in Hanover County, and of Cornelius and Sarah (Jennings) Dabney, who lived in Hanover County, Va., the former who was a veteran of the Revolutionary War; great-grandson of William and Susanna Terrell; nephew of David, Joel, and Pete Terrell; great nephew of Henry Terrell; and a relative of Alexander Terrell of Austin, Tex., ex-minister to Turkey, of Edwin H. Terrell of San Antonio, Tex., ex-minister to Belgium, and of Joseph W. Terrell, ex-governor of Georgia. He was a surveyor and planter, and helped to survey the Chickasaw land in Alabama and Mississippi. He was a member of the Alabama constitutional convention of 1819, and was county judge of Marion County. He was a Whig and a Baptist. Married: to Elizabeth Warren of North Carolina. Children: 1. Edward Garland, m. Rachael Land of Georgia, both of whom died and are buried near Military Ford on the Buttahatchie, and whose descendants live near Hamilton; 2. James, m. A. Hughes, who died at Dangerfield, Tex., and whose descendants live near there; 3. William Henry, lived and died in Noxubee County, Miss., and who was disinherited because he was a Presbyterian and a Democrat; 4. John Dabney, jr. (q. v.); 5. Sarah, m. (1) Harvey Tuttle, deceased, who was a lawyer from Vermont, county clerk of Martin County, and whose descendants live at Chickasha and Minco, Okla., (2) Judge Harvey, child, Henry Harvey, who lived near Dangerfield, Tex.; 6. Eliza, m. a Mr. Smith of Chickasaw Co., Miss., both deceased; 7. Bocla, m. Robert Clark, they lived, died and were buried at Fulton Bridge on the Buttahatchie, and their descendants reside at Hamilton; 8. Alpha, m. J. T. Neal, a veteran of the War of 1812, and the son of Thomas Neal, a veteran of the Revolutionary War, who lived and died on their farm at Neal's Ferry, and whose descendants reside near Commerce, Tex.; 9. Sarah, m. James Bankhead, and lived and died three miles west of Sulligent. Last residence: Pikeville.

TERRELL, JOHN DABNEY, planter, probate judge and circuit clerk, was born in 1801 near

Savannah, Chatham County, Ga., and died in 1885, in Pikeville; son of John Dabney and Lydia (Warren) Terrell of Hanover Court House, Va., the former a profound student, gifted orator, practical surveyor, member of the Alabama legislature, member constitutional convention from Marion county, and probate judge of Marion County for a number of years; grandson of Col. Harry and Anne (Dabney) Terrell of Hanover County, Va., and either Virginia or North Carolina respectively, a colonel in the Continental Army of Virginia, whose children received five thousand acres of land granted on account of his military services. John Dabney Terrell, jr., owing to the lack of advantages afforded in the pioneer period in which he spent his youth, received but a limited education. He was a successful planter, and on account of the scarcity of physicians, practiced rudimentary medicine without charge. He was county clerk of Marion County and later was probate judge of the county until disqualified by age and infirmities. He was at one time treasurer of the county and also circuit clerk. His ancestry was of Quaker stock and he was bitterly opposed to war. He was also opposed to any form of secret orders. Prior to the war he was a Whig in politics, but after 1874 he voted the Democratic ticket. Married: in 1834, in Pikeville, to Eliza (Bugg) Meadows, a widow. Children: 1. Rosa Ann, m. John Mitchell Allman; 2. William Tazewell, member of Company H, 26th Alabama infantry regiment, who died at Richmond, Va., 1862; 3. Mary, m. Albert James Hamilton of Hamilton; 4. Sarah Catherine, m. Judge John A. Pope; 5. Medora Ann, m. Berry Middleton Cantrell of Barnesville. Last residence: Pikeville.

TERRELL, LEE R., lieutenant-colonel, 47th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

TERRELL, ROBERT ARMISTEAD, merchant, banker, was born September 20, 1862, at Elyton, Jefferson County; son of Robert Armistead and Mary Agnes (Roberts) Terrell, the former a native of New Kent County, Va., who came to Alabama and located at Greensboro in 1847, moved to Elyton in 1857, lived at Uniontown, 1866-1870, returned to Elyton and remained there until his death, served as a lieutenant in the C. S. Army; grandson of Thomas Holt and Eliza Churchill (Armistead) Terrell, who lived at "Chriss Cross," New Kent County, Va., and of John and Martha Gibson (Jones) Roberts. He received his early education under Samuel L. Robertson and Samuel E. Greene; clerked in the store of P. H. Earle, 1876-1883; member of the firm of P. H. Earle & Company, and of Earle, Terrell & Company, 1883-1906; director of the Birmingham Trust & Savings Company; director of the Title Guarantee Loan & Trust Company; president of the Bank of Alabama, at Ensley. He is a Democrat and an Episcopalian. Married: February 22, 1887, in Elyton, to Jimmie Allen, daughter of James and Mary Jane (Brasher) Allen, who lived at Columbiana. Children: 1. Mary Agnes; 2. Margaret S.; 3. Kate Earle; 4. Robert Allen; 5. Jimmie. Residence: Birmingham.

TERRY, JOHN TALIAFERRO, lawyer, was born August 31, 1831, in Chester District, S. C., and died June 16, 1890, at Birmingham; son of John W. and Emily (Taliaferro) Terry, who were of English and Norman extraction, their ancestors settling in America early in the sixteenth century, and lived in Chester District, S. C., until 1835, when they moved to Alabama, locating on a farm near Pickensville; grandson of John and Priscilla (Stokes) Terry, of Chester District, S. C. Upon the death of his father in 1841, Mr. Terry was placed under the guardianship of Col. Robert Johnston. He attended the University of Alabama in 1846 and 1847; entered the law class of the University of Louisville in 1850, but was forced to return home on account of ill health; taught school in 1852; was licensed to practice law in that year; opened a law office in partnership with Mr. Johnston, in Carrollton, 1853; was appointed registrar in chancery for Pickens County by Chancellor Clark in 1854; resigned that office in the following year, to devote himself more fully to his practice; was an unsuccessful candidate for the State legislature from Pickens County, 1856; formed a law partnership with Hon. Turner Reavis in 1857; entered the C. S. Army in 1862 as first lieutenant of an infantry company, and served in the field until 1863, when he was honorably discharged because of ill health; resumed the practice of law in Carrollton in 1865; moved from Pickens County to Birmingham in 1872, and continued the practice of law there until a few years before his death; was city attorney for Birmingham for one year; was superintendent of education for some time; was a Whig and later a Democrat; a Methodist; and a Mason. Married: (1) in March, 1858, to Elizabeth Kerr, who died July 7, 1873, daughter of William and Sarah Kerr of Sumter County; (2) June 18, 1874, to Elizabeth Taylor of Greene County; Children, by first marriage: 1. Reavis J., New York; 2. Minnie, m. A. O. Lane (q. v.); 3. William Kerr, lawyer, attorney for board of revenue for Jefferson County, trustee of Alabama polytechnic institute, Birmingham; 4. Helen J., m. Henry L. Badham, Birmingham; 5. John T., deceased; 6. Percy W., deceased; by second marriage: 7. Benjamin T., New York. Last residence: Birmingham.

TERRY, JOHN WILSON, grand treasurer, grand lodge of Masons, Alabama, 1911-12; grand treasurer, grand council, 1911-12.

TERRY, NATHANIEL, planter, was born toward the close of the eighteenth century in Bedford County, Va., deceased. He received a very meagre education, and settled in Limestone County as a planter in 1818. He made his first appearance in public life in 1836, when he was elected to the senate, and he continued in that position for nine years. For the last four years of his service in the senate, he was president of that body. He was a candidate for governor of Alabama in 1845, but was defeated by Hon. J. L. Martin of Tuscaloosa. After that time he made no attempt to resume public life, but confined his attention to his very large estates in northern Alabama, and to

the improvement of horses and other blooded stock. In 1852, he moved to Texas, and some time later served in the legislature of that state. Married: to Miss Jones, a sister of Hon. Joel W. Jones of Mobile. Last residence: Texas.

THACH, CHARLES COLEMAN, educator, was born March 15, 1860, at Athens, Limestone County; son of Robert Henry and Elisa Lockhart (Coleman) Thach, of Mooresville, Limestone County, the former was a graduate of Emory and Henry college, Va.; was a soldier in the army of northern Virginia, C. S. A., and a practicing lawyer at the Athens bar; grandson of William Thomas and Frances Anne (Sandifer) Thach, of Mooresville, and of Daniel and Elizabeth Lockhart (Peterson) Coleman of Athens, the former who was judge of the probate, circuit, and supreme courts; great-grandson of Daniel and Martha (Cocke) Coleman, the former who was a colonel in the Revolutionary War from Virginia, and the latter who was a daughter of Hartwell Cocke, a member of the Virginia house of burgesses; brother of Robert Henry Thach (q. v.). The Petersons are from North Carolina. Charles C. Thach was educated in the private academies of Athens; at the agricultural and mechanical college, now the Alabama polytechnic institute, Auburn, from which he was graduated, B. E., in 1877; later took a special course at the Johns Hopkins university; received the honorary degree of A. M.; and in 1904 he was given the honorary degree of LL. B., by the University of Alabama. He taught in Major O. J. Ferrell's private academy at Hopkinsville, Ky., 1877; was professor of modern languages, Austin college, Texas, 1881-82; professor of English at the Alabama polytechnic institute, 1885; and on the death of Dr. William Leroy Broun was made president of that institution, June 9, 1902. Dr. Thach is a member of the Alabama educational association, the Southern educational association, the National educational association, and the American economic association, and before all of which he has presented papers; was a member of the Alabama history commission, appointed in 1899, by Governor Joseph F. Johnston; was a member of the Alabama text book commission, appointed, 1903, by Governor William D. Jelks; is first vice president of the National association of agricultural colleges and experiment stations; was one of the organizers of the Alabama library association in 1904, and has served as one of its vice presidents. In 1919, he was made president emeritus of the Alabama polytechnic institute. He is a steward in the Methodist church, and a member of the Knights of Pythias. Married: on November 11, 1885, at Auburn, to Ellen Stanford Smith, daughter of Dr. Otis David and Antoinette (Howell) Smith, the former who was a lineal descendant of Jonathan Smith of Revolutionary fame; was a member of the Sixth Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. A., and long professor of mathematics in the Alabama polytechnic institute, and the latter who was a descendant of the Burwell family of Virginia. Children: (1) Elizabeth Lockhart, m. Na-

thaniel C. Curtis, New Orleans; (2) Otis David; (3) Charles Coleman, jr.; (4) Richard Hartwell; (5) Harry Smith. Residence: Auburn.

THACH, HENRY CLYDE, lawyer, was born December 1, 1873, at Mooresville, Limestone County, deceased; son of William Thomas and Catherine Cordelia (Girault) Thach, the former who was a native of Mooresville, was a physician and served as lieutenant of the Thirty-fifth Alabama regiment, C. S. Army; grandson of James Augustus and Susan (Dunbar) Thach, who lived in Mississippi; the former who served as clerk of the court of appeals and errors till 1842, was appointed by President John Tyler receiver of public moneys for the Grenada district; great-grandson of Col. John Girault, a native of London, who settled in Virginia, enlisted as a colonel of artillery in the Revolutionary War, later went to the Mississippi Territory, served as clerk of the court of appeals and errors, acted as interpreter in the French and Indian Wars, and held a captain's commission in the War of 1812, and of James Dunbar who was a native of Edinburgh, Scotland; great-great-grandson of John Girault, who was a Huguenot, was born in France and later fled to London then came to America. H. C. Thach was educated in the schools of Mooresville; at Bedford college, Tennessee; at Webb Brothers school at Bell Buckle, Tenn., from which institution he was graduated in 1892; and entered Vanderbilt university in 1893 for a special course. In 1895-96, he taught in the high school at Hamburg, Ark.; in 1897, began to practice law; served three years as a notary public, 1896-99; was chairman of the board of registrars of Limestone County under the new constitution; in November, 1902, was elected representative in the legislature without opposition; was county solicitor of Limestone County, 1905-1915; and on the resignation of Hon. James E. Horton, jr., he was elected to fill his unexpired term in the state senate, 1915. He was a Democrat and a member of the Cumberland Presbyterian church. Married: on September 1, 1903, to Edith Mason, daughter of Rainer Hall Mason. Children: 1. Henry Clyde, jr.; 2. William Mason. Last residence: Athens.

THACH, ROBERT HENRY, lawyer, was born November 9, 1866, in Athens; son of Robert H. and Elizabeth L. (Coleman) Thach; and brother of Dr. Charles C. Thach (q. v.). He was educated at the Alabama polytechnic institute, graduating, B. S., 1885; served as professor of mathematics at Marvin college, 1885-1886; was appointed vice consul to St. Etienne, France, during Cleveland's first administration, 1886-1888; read law during his stay in Europe, and on his return to Birmingham, was admitted to the bar; formed a law partnership with Judge John C. Carmichael and practiced law for ten years under the firm name of Carmichael & Thach; became a member of the firm of Garret, Underwood & Thach in 1898, and of the firm of Weatherly, Underwood & Thach, 1902; was a member, four years, and chairman, two years, of the Democratic executive commit-

tee of Jefferson County; was a member of the board of aldermen of Birmingham for six years; and a member of the State Democratic committee. Married: February 9, 1891, at New Orleans, La., to Stella Bringier. Children: 1. Robert, was in aviation section, U. S. signal corps, in the American Expeditionary Forces, and was promoted to captain, m. 1917, to Mary Munger; 2. Stella Mayo. Residence: Birmingham.

THETFORD, W. F., jr., lawyer. Residence: Montgomery.

THIGPEN, CHARLES ALSTON, physician, major medical officers reserve corps, was born December 19, 1865, at Greenville, Butler County; son of Job and Martha (Watts) Thigpen (q. v.). He received his early education at Greenville, from J. M. Thigpen, G. W. Thigpen, and Rev. B. H. Crumpton; was graduated from Howard college at Marion, M. A., June, 1886, and from Tulane university, Louisiana, M. D., April, 1888; studied at the New York polyclinic hospital, at the Moorfield eye hospital, London, at the University of Vienna, and at the Heidelberg university eye clinic. He practiced medicine at Greenville, 1888-1889, and has continued his profession at Montgomery since January, 1893. During the European War, he enlisted in the U. S. Army; was commissioned in the medical officers reserve corps as captain, July 17, 1917; was ordered to duty, September 10, 1917, at Camp Sheridan, Montgomery; was commissioned major, November 7, 1917; was ordered to duty at Fort Monroe, Virginia, July 9, 1918; and was honorably discharged, December 7, 1918. He is a Democrat and a Baptist. Married: November 17, 1896, at Charleston, S. C., to Daisie Lee Bissell, daughter of John Bennett and Sarah (Baker) Bissell, at Charleston, S. C. Children: 1. Dorothy Bissell; 2. Elizabeth Baldwin; 3. Charles Alston, jr. Residence: Montgomery.

THIGPEN, MRS. CHARLES, patriotic and civic worker. See Addenda for sketch.

THIGPEN, GEORGE HENRY, president of the Fourth District agricultural school, Sylacauga, 1908-19, superintendent of the Masonic home, Montgomery, was born April 18, 1865, at Greenville, Butler County; son of Joseph Malachi and Hester Maria (Scott) Thigpen, the former who was a native of Manningham, Butler County, was a captain in the C. S. Army, and was president of the South Alabama female institute for twenty years; grandson of Grey and Penelope Thigpen, who came from Edgfield District, S. C., in 1800, and settled near Manningham, in Butler County, and of William M. and Mary Scott, who lived at Richmond, Va. He received his early education at the Greenville male high school, and later at tended several sessions at Knoxville, Tenn. He studied law and January 19, 1898, was admitted to the bar at Luverne, where he practiced for one year. He was at one time county solicitor for Crenshaw County. During the session of 1898-99 he was a member of the State legislature. He engaged in teaching, and has

taught for twenty-five years in his native state, at Georgiana, Dunham, Elba, Opp, Brantley, and Sylacauga. From 1908-1919, he was president of the Fourth District agricultural school of Sylacauga, and since then has been superintendent of the Masonic home at Montgomery. He is a Democrat, a member of the Baptist church which he has served as deacon, a Mason, Elk, and Knight of Pythias. Married: November 24, 1886, at Greenville, to Mary Clara Milner, daughter of Elisha C. and Mary C. Milner, who lived at Georgiana, the former who was a captain in the C. S. Army, and was tax assessor for Butler County for several years. Children: 1. Ruth; 2. Roy Milner; 3. Mary George. Residence: Montgomery.

THIGPEN, GREY, farmer, was born September 4, 1788, at Edgecombe District, N. C., and died April 7, 1878, at Manningham; son of Dennis and Sarah (Grey) Thigpen, the former a Revolutionary soldier, a native of Edgecombe District, N. C., who spent his life in that district; brother of Lemuel and Redden Thigpen who went to Butler County, Ala. He obtained his early education in the village schools; served in the Indian wars; moved from North Carolina to Alabama about the year 1815; and became a farmer in Manningham, Butler County. He was a Democrat and a Baptist. Married: June 29, 1815, to Penelope Stallings, who was born June 28, 1798, daughter of Job and Mary (Alston) Stallings, who lived in Edgecombe County, N. C. Children: 1. Absilla, deceased, m. George Peagler; 2. Gideon Alston, unmarried, deceased; 3. James, deceased, m. Frances Rogers; 4. Mary, deceased; 5. Sarah, deceased, m. Artemas Peagler; 6. Grey, jr., deceased, m. Kate Thomas; 7. William, deceased, m. Prudence Watts; 8. Job (q. v.); 9. Thomas, deceased, m. Martha Carter; 10. Gilead, deceased, m. Emily Dewberry; 11. Joseph Malichi, m. Hester Scott, their son, George H. Thigpen, has for years been prominent as an educator in Alabama, serving for some time as president of the Fourth District agricultural school, and is now superintendent of the Masonic Home at Montgomery; 12. George W., m. Matilda Farrior, their son, Dr. William Grey Thigpen, was commissioned as captain in the Medical Officers Reserve Corps, May 1, 1918, was ordered to duty June 1, 1918, at Camp Hancock, Augusta, Ga., was ordered to Camp Travis, Texas, then to Camp Devens, Massachusetts, and discharged at Camp Gordon, Georgia, October 18, 1919, is a practicing physician, residing in Montgomery, engaged in the practice with his cousins, Dr. Charles A. Thigpen and Dr. Francis M. Thigpen, brothers; 13. Francis Marion, enlisted as a lieutenant in the C. S. Army, d. at Verona, Miss., June 7, 1862, unmarried. Last residence: Manningham.

THIGPEN, JOB, physician, was born July 26, 1828, at Manningham, Butler County, and died February 1, 1894, at Greenville; son of Grey and Penelope (Stallings) Thigpen (q. v.). He received his early education in the village school at Manningham; attended Tulane medical college, New Orleans, La., and was graduated from the medical department of the Uni-

versity of Georgia, at Augusta, M. D., 1856. He began the practice of his profession in Montgomery, but soon after removed to Greenville, where he continued his profession until his death. During the War of Secession, he remained at home to take care of the women and children while his brothers fought in the C. S. Army. At the time of his death he was president of his local medical society; was made counsellor of the Medical Association of Alabama in 1879; later was made grand senior counsellor, and was vice president of the association in 1886. He was a Democrat; a deacon in the Baptist church; and a Knight of Honor. Married: August 11, 1859, at Monterey, to Martha Watts, daughter of Wiley and Mary (Paul) Watts, who lived at that place; and a niece of Gov. Thomas H. Watts, of Montgomery. Children: 1. Mary Louise, d. July 18, 1862; 2. Laura Estelle, m. W. C. Cater, Greenville; 3. Dr. Charles Alston; 4. Francis Marlon, practicing physician at Montgomery, m. Stella White; 5. Martha, m. James Ramsay, Jacksonville, Fla.; 6. Penelope, m. Dr. I. L. Watkins (q. v.). Last residence: Greenville.

THIGPEN, JOSEPH, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 76, and a resident of Perry County; private N. C. militia; enrolled on September 24, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$20; sums received to date of publication of list, \$50.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

THOMAS, CHARLES E., vice-president of the Jefferson County savings bank. Residence: Birmingham.

THOMAS, COLUMBUS EUGENE, banker, merchant, farmer and stock raiser, was born February 11, 1869, at Gold Hill, Chambers County; son of William Crawford and Emma Jane (Avery) Thomas, and brother of Judge W. H. Thomas (q. v.). He was educated at Oak Bowery institute, and at Gold Hill, later attending the University of Alabama where he graduated in 1891. He began business as a clerk in a general store at Gold Hill and was promoted manager in 1893, remaining as such until 1895 when he removed to Prattville. In 1897 he was elected president of the Prattville mercantile company. He is president of the Autauga banking and trust company; president, Autauga oil and fertilizer company; was probate judge of Autauga County, from March 8, 1911, to June 1, 1913; served six years on city council; member school board of Autauga County, four years; treasurer of county school funds, and treasurer county high school. He was on the staff of Gov. Emmet O'Neal with the rank of lieutenant colonel. He is a Methodist; Democrat, Knight of Pythias and Woodman. Married: November 14, 1894, at Prattville, to Julia Augusta, daughter of Merrill and Julia A. Pratt, niece of Hon. Daniel Pratt (q. v.). Children: 1. William Pratt; 2. Emma Julia; 3. Mary Augusta; 4. Daniel Holcombe. Residence: Prattville.

THOMAS, ELIAS PERRY, lawyer, was born August 26, 1872, at Otho, Henry County; son of Elias Hugh and Nancy (Hays) Thomas, the former who was a native of Talbotton, Ga., removed to Henry County, settling on a farm in the forties, served in the War of Secession and also in the Creek Indian War of 1836; grandson of Hugh and Nancy (Hays) Thomas of Laurens County, Ga., and of Alexander and Polly (Harris) Hays of Cedar Springs, Ga. Judge Thomas received his education in the common schools and at the Southeast Alabama agricultural school, at Abbeville; in 1891 entered the junior class at the University of Alabama; and in 1892 entered upon the study of law at Clayton. He began the practice in 1893; was elected mayor of Clayton in 1899, and re-elected in 1901; in November, 1902, was elected to the state senate, and was re-elected in November, 1906; served as president pro tempore of the senate for four years; on October 10, 1912, was commissioned associate judge of the court of appeals, to succeed Judge Edward de Graffenried; was defeated in the Democratic primary of 1914, by Hon. J. Bascom Brown, for the remainder of the unexpired term; upon the resignation of Judge Richard W. Walker as presiding judge and the promotion of Judge John Pelham as his successor by seniority service, Judge Thomas was appointed to the vacancy caused by such promotion and was commissioned October 15, 1914; he resigned April 1, 1916, and became associated with the district attorney's office of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad. He is a Democrat, and served as a member of the Democratic executive committee, four years; a Baptist; an Elk; and a member of Sigma Nu fraternity. Married: on April 18, 1900, to Nell Pritchett, daughter of Dr. Edward Hill and Elizabeth (Swanson) Pritchett, of Hayneville. Children: 1. Elizabeth; 2. Nell; 3. Elias Perry, jr. Residence: Montgomery.

THOMAS, FREDERICK W., professor of English literature, University of Alabama, 1847-48.

THOMAS, GEORGE, planter and member Alabama legislature, was born February 27, 1797, on a plantation in Richmond County, N. C., and died March 16, 1867, at Lowndesboro, Lowndes County; son of William and Sarah (Tarburton) Thomas, the former a native of Anson County, N. C., who removed to Richmond County where he settled on the Pee Dee River, known as "Silverheeled Billy," because of a bullet of silver which was extracted from his foot after a fight with the British, devoted himself largely to agriculture and the public welfare of his native state after the Revolutionary War, was elected to the lower branch of the legislature of North Carolina 1810-16-19-20, and to the State senate, 1821, a prosperous planter and left his heirs a comfortable estate, his first wife, Mary Everett, bore him four children, Hannah, Rebecca, Mary and William, and his second wife, Sarah Tarburton, was also the mother of four, John, James, George, and Rachel; grandson of William and Rachel (Roe)

Thomas, of Virginia, who later settled in Anson County, N. C., the former not only a planter, but also a man of public affairs, was placed on the committee of safety at Wadesboro, N. C., 1775, the duty of which was to apprehend, arrest and bring to trial the Tories of the section, a member of the first and second Colonial congress of North Carolina, which met at Newbern and Hillsboro, respectively, 1774-75, and after the Declaration of Independence one of two men elected to the Colonial congress, also a Revolutionary soldier, of a scientific turn of mind, and the father of ten children, several of whom fought in the Revolutionary War; great-grandson of Stephen Thomas, who was also a native of Virginia, but later a resident of Anson County, N. C. Mr. Thomas received a sound education in his native county, and accumulated a fine library, consisting in the main of scientific books. In 1819 he settled on a farm on the Pee Dee River, near Rockingham, N. C., where he remained until 1840, at which time he removed to Alabama and located on a cotton plantation near Montgomery which he purchased from Thomas Gilmer. Later he sold this tract, consisting of two thousand acres, and removed to Lowndes County, where he built a handsome residence at the county site, the first of a number of stately homes in that community. He was among the founders of the Lowndesboro institute, a school for girls established in 1852, which was quickly recognized as equal to any like school in the State. Before leaving North Carolina he had been a member of the legislature of that state, serving in the lower house during the terms of 1827-35-36; and in the State senate 1837-38. He was an ardent supporter of the Confederate cause and gave liberally of his means for the triumph of its principles. Being too old to actively participate in hostilities, he gave his only two living sons to the Confederate Army, one of whom was killed in battle. During the memorable Wilson's raid he suffered so many indignities at the hands of the Federal soldiers, that his health, already poor, became so much worse, that he became an incurable invalid. Had it not been for the protection and loyalty of his negro servants, these brutal invaders would certainly have shot him, old and feeble as he was. He was an old line Whig; a Methodist; and Mason. Married: July 6, 1819, in Marlborough District, S. C., to Mary, daughter of Shockley and Isabella (McRae) Adams of that place, the former born in 1781, died 1824, was the son of Jonathan Adams, a native of Virginia, whose wife was Mary Robeson of Robeson County, N. C. Jonathan Adams with his family moved to Marlborough District, S. C., about 1760, and was a valiant Revolutionary soldier, in Gen. Francis Marion's brigade, and died of wounds and hardships on his way home after the war had ended. His parents were natives of Pennsylvania and he was a direct descendant of Henry Adams, founder of the Adams family in America. This Henry Adams, a native of England, settled in Mt. Wallaston, Mass., now Quincy. Of his eight sons one returned to England, one remained at Mt. Wallaston, four settled in neighboring towns, two went to Pennsylvania and thence to Virginia.

The McRaes were of Highland Scott ancestry. Children: 1. William Adams, m. Susan Cook, Lowndes County; 2. Catherine Isabelle; 3. Sarah Jane; 4. Shockley; 5. George Washington, m. Mary Jane Warner of Georgia; 6. John Milton; 7. Eliza Gunter; 8. Henrietta Maloy; 9. Mary Adams, m. Lysander Royster Moore, of Mecklenberg, Va., now a widow, residing in Kansas City, Mo.; 10. Charles Gunter, killed in battle at Malvern Hill, Va., July 1, 1862, aged twenty-two, his body when found was in advance of his dead comrades on the field of glory; 11. Martha Adeline the only one of the children born in Alabama, died in childhood. Last residence: Lowndesboro.

THOMAS, GEORGE WARREN, educator, was born January 1, 1826, at Hubbardton, Rutland County, Vt., and died February 14, 1905, in Montgomery; son of Zebina and Polly (Holmes) Thomas of Massachusetts and Vermont, respectively; grandson of William and Mary Thomas and of Walter and Nobley (Bradford) Holmes, of Hubbardton, Vt. On his mother's side he was the sixth generation from Gov. William Bradford of Massachusetts, who wrote the first history of that state. Professor Thomas received his early education in Brandon, Vt., and later attended Middlebury college, where he graduated in 1853. The honorary degree of LL. D. was conferred upon him by Howard college, Birmingham. He came south and for a number of years taught Latin and mathematics in the old Tuskegee female institute; removing to Montgomery, he conducted a private school, later becoming president of the Alabama central female college. He was principal of the boys' high school of Montgomery for several sessions, after which he became the principal of a private school which he conducted until his death. On account of exemption from duty in the Confederate Army he served as colonel of home guards during the War of Secession. He was a Democrat; and Baptist. Married: (1) August 13, 1856, in Roxbury, Mass., to Lizzie Leland Adams; (2) to Julia Leland Adams, sister of his first wife; (3) to Mary Marbury, daughter of William and Mary (Marbury) Hatchett of Virginia, descendants of the Gwathmeys and Temples. Children: by the first wife, 1. Helen May, d. in infancy; by the second wife, 2. George Adams, real estate and insurance, m. Mildred A. McGehee, of Montgomery; 3. Julia Delle, unmarried; by the third wife, 4. May Bradford, m. Earl G. Lutz; 5. Rutson, a son, d. in infancy. Last residence: Montgomery.

THOMAS, JAMES GREY, physician and surgeon, was born December 15, 1835, in Franklin County, N. C.; son of Maj. Joseph J. and Sarah (Sill) Thomas, natives of North Carolina and Virginia respectively, the former a farmer by occupation; grandson of Joseph Thomas, a large land owner, and Josiah Sill, both of Virginia. He received a good common school education in his native county, and soon afterward began the study of medicine under Dr. Franklin Drake, of Washington County, N. C., and continued his studies under Dr. Solomon William. From 1854 to 1856 he was a student in the

medical department of the University of Pennsylvania, where he graduated in the latter year; did post graduate work in Philadelphia, 1858. He located in 1856 at Cedar Rock, Franklin County, N. C., for practice, but afterwards settled at Wilson, Wilson County, N. C. In 1861 he was appointed surgeon in the C. S. Army, but on account of failing health was transferred to the C. S. Navy, with which he remained until the close of the war. In 1881 he removed to Mobile and practiced there until 1889, at which time he was appointed by the governor as the commissioner from Alabama to the World's exposition, held in Paris. While in Europe, Dr. Thomas visited all of the most prominent hospitals and infirmaries in France, England, Scotland and Ireland. Returning to Mobile he again engaged in the practice of his profession. He is a member of the Alabama medical association; Pan-American medical congress; electro-therapeutic association; Mobile medical society, of which he has been president. He is a Democrat; Mason; Knight of Pythias; and an Episcopalian. Married: February 5, 1865, to Hattie Ellison, of Washington, N. C., by whom he has two children—a son and a daughter. Residence: Mobile.

THOMAS, JOHN, Sr., *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 81, resided in Autauga County, June 1, 1840, with Mary Johnson.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

THOMAS, JOHN MARION, Baptist minister, was born December 27, 1861, in Coosa County; son of Micajah and Frances Emeline (Dunlap) Thomas, the former a native of Georgia, who served through the War of Secession as orderly sergeant, and during the last year acting as captain of a company which was over the crater in Petersburg, Va., at the explosion, was captured around Petersburg in February, 1865, and confined in prison at Point Lookout, Md., until after the close of the war, who lived in Coosa County until 1872, then moved to Bibb County where he lived for the remainder of his life; grandson of Joseph and Nancy Thomas, who lived in Georgia, then moved to Alabama and lived in Russell, Coosa and Bibb Counties, the former a North Carolinian, who moved to South Carolina in early manhood, and later to Summitt County, Ga., where he and his family narrowly escaped massacre by the Indians, and of Joseph Dunlap, who moved from Georgia to Coosa County. Rev. Thomas received his preparatory education in Bibb County; was graduated from Howard college, at Marion, A. B., 1887; and from the Southern Baptist theological seminary, at Louisville, Ky., Th. M., 1891. He was ordained to the ministry at Tuscumbia, October, 1887; was pastor at Sheffield, July, 1887-October, 1888; at Tuscumbia, October, 1887-October, 1888; at Campbellsville, Ky., June, 1891-February, 1893; at Bessemer, February, 1893-February, 1894; at Union Baptist church, Pittsburgh, Pa., February, 1893-February, 1903; at Calvary Baptist church, Roanoke, Va., February, 1905-1906; at Union Springs, 1907-1911; and at Talladega, 1911. He is a Mason. Married: (1) March 16, 1896, at Birmingham, to Lola E. Johnston, who died March 15, 1900, in

Pittsburgh, Pa., daughter of Andrew B. and Martha Johnston, of that place, the former a captain in Stonewall Jackson's brigade, auditor of the Georgia Pacific Railroad; (2) March 22, 1904, at Salem, Va., to Mrs. Pearl L. Moffett. Children: 1. Lucy Ellen; 2. Andrew J.; 3. John Marion, Jr., d. December 19, 1908; 4. Pearl L.; 5. Marion Bruce; 6. Dorothy Enid. Residence: Talladega.

THOMAS, J. R., lawyer. Residence: Montgomery.

THOMAS, WILEY W., Methodist minister, pastor of the Court street church, Montgomery, 1839.

THOMAS, WILLIAM ELIJAH, merchant, was born May 20, 1866, at Cooper Station, Chilton County; son of George and Mary Ann (Aldridge) Thomas, the former who was a native of Prattville, and served throughout the War of Secession in Co. B, Fifty-ninth Alabama infantry regiment; grandson of John Lynch and Martha (Edwards) Thomas, the former who was a native of Wales, settled in Charleston, S. C., in 1782, and in 1782 removed to Jasper, Ga., and finally settled in Prattville, and of Jesa and Templan (Trawick) Aldridge of Prattville. William E. Thomas received his education in the schools of Cooper Station. For twenty years he followed the machinist's trade and then engaged in merchandising. He was a member of the town board of Jemison in 1912, and was a representative in the legislature from Chilton County in 1915. He is a Progressive, formerly having been a supporter of the Republican party; and a Baptist. Married: on November 25, 1886, at Calera, to Sallie Camilla Ward, daughter of Azariah Cobb and Lishia (Rasbury) Ward. Children: 1. Charles Monroe. Residence: Jemison.

THOMAS, WILLIAM ERASMUS CRAWFORD, planter and legislator, was born October 8, 1846, near Oakbowery, Chambers County; son of William Augustus and Susan Williamson Hicks (Walton) Thomas, the former a native of Jasper County, Ga., the latter also a Georgian; grandson of William Callihan and Elizabeth (Whitehead) Thomas and of Joshua and Susanna Elizabeth (Hicks) Walton, of South Carolina, great-grandson of Joseph and Joyce (Callihan) Thomas, natives of Edgefield District, S. C., who after their marriage moved to Burke County, Ga., the former a major in the Revolutionary Army. The original ancestors of the Thomas and Callihan families came from England and Wales, settled first in Pennsylvania, later removing to North and South Carolina. Mr. Thomas was educated in the schools of Oakbowery. He was a member of the State militia and near the close of the war joined the 8th Confederate cavalry, but the end of the great struggle came before he left the State. After peace was declared he engaged in planting in which calling he has been eminently successful. He represented Chambers County in the legislatures of 1880-81, 1903 and 1911. He is a Democrat, and a Methodist. Married: October 11, 1866, near Oakbowery, to

Emma Jane, daughter of Elias Holcomb and Malitia (Ware) Avary, who lived at Dudleyville. Her paternal grandfather was a captain in the War of 1812, and her paternal great-grandfather was a Revolutionary soldier. Children: 1. William Holcomb (q. v.), m. Lula McCurdy; 2. Columbus Eugene (q. v.), m. Gussie Pratt; 3. Caro Walton, m. George C. Wright, Tuskegee; 4. Annie May, m. Edward G. Branch, Montgomery; 5. Dr. Merrick Dowdell, Opelika, m. Minette Taylor, of New York; 6. Jonathan Render (q. v.), m. Mabel Randall; 7. Emma Lula, m. Merrick D. Dowdell, Wimauma, Fla.; 8. Dr. Edwin Crawford, LaGrange, Ga., unmarried; 9. Edwin Shirley Thomas, d. unmarried. Residence: Gold Hill, Chambers County.

THOMAS, WILLIAM HOLCOME, lawyer, associate justice of the supreme court of Alabama and author, was born June 10, 1867, near Oakbowery, Chambers County; son of William Erasmus Crawford and Emma Jane (Avery) Thomas (q. v.). He was educated in the common schools of Oakbowery; graduated A. B. 1886, from Emory college, Ga.; read law under Judge James R. Dowdell, and was admitted to the bar in 1888; located in Lafayette, and formed a partnership with William James Samford, later governor of Alabama, which continued until his removal in 1892 to Montgomery, where he formed a partnership with Thomas H. Clark, which lasted until the latter's removal to Washington, in 1891. He was later associated with Fred H. Ball, for two years, after which he practiced alone until elected by the State senate associate judge of the city court of Montgomery. He was re-elected to that position in 1907, but in 1910 he retired to resume the practice of law. He was elected associate justice of the supreme court of Alabama in 1915, and has held that position by successive re-election to date. Judge Thomas was a member of the committee which, in 1903, secured the passage of the child labor bill, by the Alabama legislature. He is a member of the American historical association; American social science association; American academy of political and social science; Alabama historical society; Alabama and American bar associations; director of the Y. M. C. A. of Montgomery; member of the advisory board of the Y. W. C. A.; Chamber of commerce; trustee of Woman's college, Montgomery; "The Thirteen," a literary club, and of the Country Club of Montgomery. In 1904 he served as a delegate to the Universal congress of lawyers and jurists at St. Louis, Mo., and the same year was a member of the International congress of arts and sciences, and attended the Conference for education in the South. He is a Democrat; and a Methodist. Author: "Birth and growth of the constitution of Alabama," 1900; "Governor William James Samford," 1902; "Orthodox English rule and exchequer rule of evidence," 1904; "Individualism and law," 1904; "College men and world currents," 1906; "Law and license," 1907; "The new South—an inside view," 1908; "The Layman in religious life," 1908; "Educational history of Alabama Methodism," 1908; "A Nation in the

Making," 1909; "Some contemporaneous pagan witnesses of early Christians," 1909; "The South's task—some of its difficulties," 1909; "Jesus Christ and the commandments," 1910; "Gov. Samford's last Christmas," 1910; "A Review of five rules of Life," 1910; "Patriotism is loving your duty." Married: June 4, 1891, at Lowndesboro, to Lula Marian, daughter of Edmund and Susan Camilla (Reese) McCurdy, the former was a planter, and breeder of blooded stock, served in Barnard's battalion, Georgia volunteers, C. S. Army. Children: 1. Georgia Willie, m. William Varner, of Tuskegee. Residence: Montgomery.

THOMASON, ROBERT P., merchant and banker, was born December 21, 1851, in Harrison County, Ga.; son of John Thomason, a planter who came to Alabama in 1853, lived in Tallapoosa County till 1868 and removed thence to Elmore County, a gallant Confederate soldier in the War of Secession; grandson of ——— Thomason, who served throughout the Mexican War; great-grandson of Cooper Thomason, an emigrant from Scotland prior to the Revolutionary War, and settled in Virginia fighting with his sons on the side of the colonists in that struggle and living to the remarkable age of one hundred and four years. Mr. Thomason was reared on the farm and was largely self educated. He began life as a salesman when seventeen and embarked in business at the age of twenty-one; "drummed" from 1879 to 1883 for a New York wholesale grocery house; established a wholesale business of his own in Oxford in 1883, which firm continues under the name of C. J. Cooper and Co. He is also interested in real estate and banking at Oxford and Anniston. Married: in July, 1875, at Talladega, to Mary, daughter of William Scott. Residence: Oxford.

THOMASON, WILLIAM LEVI, physician, was born November 22, 1849, in Coweta County, Ga., and died June, 1897, in Guntersville; son of Dr. William B. and Sarah Ann (Wilcoxson) Thomason, natives of Georgia, who lived in Henry, Calhoun and Bullock Counties, the former a physician, who was graduated from the Medical College of Georgia, and in 1855 moved to Alabama, beginning his practice in Henry County; grandson of Levi J. Wilcoxson, of Georgia. He was reared on a farm, received an academic education, and at the age of eighteen years began the study of medicine under his father. He attended the Augusta medical school, 1869-1870, was graduated from Nashville university, M. D., 1871, and began the practice of medicine at Union Springs, 1871. He went to Lafayette in 1874, and the next year moved to Blount County, where he engaged in merchandising and farming. He located at Guntersville in December, 1882, and opened a drug store under the firm name of Thomason & Roden, in connection with his practice. During his residence in Blount County, Dr. Thomason was a charter member and the second president of the Blount County Medical Society; and in 1884, he organized the Marshall County Medical Society, of which he served as secretary and treasurer for five years. He was

health officer of Marshall County; was a member and junior censor of the Medical Association of Alabama; was a Democrat; a steward in the Methodist church for nearly thirty years; a Master Mason and a Knight of Pythias. Married: in May, 1875, at Columbus, Ga., to Ida Pearce, daughter of Tillman I. and Nancy (Thomason) Pearce, of that place. Children: 1. William Pearce, Guntersville; 2. Paul, d. January, 1915; 3. Mary Irene, m. P. B. Lusk, Guntersville; 4. Dr. James H., physician, Guntersville; 5. Ida Moon, d. July, 1898, m. Wyeth Todd; 6. Lillian, m. Robert F. Murray, Huntsville; 7. George S., Guntersville; 8. Wiley Justin, Guntersville. Last residence: Guntersville.

THOMASON, ZACH, lieutenant colonel, 2nd, also known as 19th battalion, Alabama Cavalry regiment, C. S. Army; lieutenant-colonel, 9th Alabama cavalry, C. S. Army.

THOMPSON, BENJAMIN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 72, and a resident of Montgomery County; private S. C. Militia; enrolled on January 4, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$80; sums received to date of publication of list, \$200.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

THOMPSON, CARLOS VERDELLE, teacher, was born November 10, 1869, in Monroe County, Miss., son of James Allen and Sabra (Holligan) Thompson, the former who was a native of Monroe County, Miss., was a lieutenant in the Twenty-sixth Alabama regiment, C. S. Army; grandson of William and Mahala Thompson, who lived near Monroe County, Miss., and of William and Clorinda Holligan, who lived at Columbus, Miss. His great-grandfather came to this country from Scotland, first settled in Kentucky, and later removed to Alabama, to Lamar and Marion Counties, and his great-grandmother was of Irish birth. He obtained his early education in the country schools of Monroe County, Miss., attended the Smithville high school; was graduated B. S., and I. S. from National normal university, Lebanon, Ohio, 1891; took a post graduate course at Lebanon university; and was graduated B. E., from the University of Chicago, 1909. He commenced teaching in 1885, and taught in Monroe County, Miss., and then in Lamar County; was president of the Vernon Institute at Vernon, 1893-1900; principal of the Millport Graded school, 1902-04; principal of the Reform Graded school, 1904-09; superintendent of the Blocton schools, 1909-11; and principal of the Colbert County high school, 1912-14. He has been secretary of the Lamar County Democratic executive committee; is a Baptist, was ordained deacon; is a Mason, Odd Fellow, and Woodman of the World. Married: August 28, 1895, at Vernon, to Fannie Fitz McCluskey, daughter of Capt. John Daniel and Matilda Catherin McCluskey, who lived at Vernon; granddaughter of James and Amanda Fitz Allen (Chiles) McCluskey, the former who emigrated from Ireland to Virginia, the latter who was a native of Virginia. Children: 1. Daniel Blackstone; 2.

Tillie Kate; 3. Grace Frances; 4. Carlos Verdelles, jr. Residence: Leighton.

THOMPSON, CHARLES WINSTON, member of congress, merchant, planter and banker, was born December 30, 1860, near Ft. Decatur, Macon County, and died in Washington, D. C., March 20, 1904; son of William P. and Mary W. (Jordon) Thompson, of Macon County, the former a Confederate soldier, mayor of Tuskegee, and sheriff of Macon County; grandson of William and Mary Jordon of Ft. Decatur, formerly of Appomattox, Va. He received his elementary education in the common schools of his native county, attended the Park high school in Tuskegee where he acquitted himself with honor, and took a course in Bryant and Stratton's business college, Louisville, Ky. At the age of eighteen he took charge of his father's mercantile business in Tuskegee and was later admitted to the firm. In 1891, after the death of his father, this business was sold and he organized the Bank of Tuskegee, of which he was elected president. In 1886 he was appointed superintendent of education of Macon County, and held the office four years. In 1897 he was elected to the Alabama State senate and resigned this office in 1901 to take his seat in congress, to which place he had been elected the year previous. He was placed in the War claims commission, and during his incumbency in office did much to bring about a better understanding between the sections in especial relation to the Southern negro in politics. He was active also in establishing rural mail service in his district and placed 30,000 of his constituents in daily contact with the mail service. He was appointed on the staff of Governor Joseph E. Johnston with rank of colonel in 1896 for four years. In 1890 he organized the Tuskegee alliance warehouse company, and was elected secretary and treasurer. He owned large tracts of farm lands and was a successful planter. He was a Democrat, Knight of Pythias, member the Ancient Legion of Honor, and a Methodist. Married: April 20, 1880, to Estelle, daughter of William and Mary J. Alley, of Tuskegee, who preceded him to the grave. Children: 1. Ernest W. (q. v.); 2. Charles Winston, jr. Last residence: Tuskegee.

THOMPSON, ELECTROUS, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 78, and a resident of Morgan County; private Maryland Continental Line; enrolled on September 17, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$50; sums received to date of publication of list, \$125.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Morgan County, June 1, 1840, aged 91.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

THOMPSON, ERNEST WALTON, planter and legislator, was born September 2, 1881; son of Charles Winston and Estelle (Alley) Thompson (q. v.). He was educated in the private schools of Tuskegee; graduated from the Alabama military institute; and spent a year and a half at Alabama polytechnic insti-

tute. He edited "Tuskegee News," from September, 1903, to April, 1904, and represented Macon County in the legislature of 1907. He is now engaged in the fertilizer business and planting. He is a Democrat; a Mason; a Knight Templar; a Knight of Pythias; and a Knight of Khorassan. Married: April 20, 1904, to Placide Earl, daughter of Francis and Margaret (Nichols) Philips, of Marianna, Fla. Residence: Tuskegee.

THOMPSON, HENRY B., major, 51st Alabama Partisan Rangers, C. S. Army.

THOMPSON, HORACE AUGUSTUS, lawyer and legislator, was born May 16, 1880, at Pine Apple, Wilcox County; son of Charles Henry and Georgia Anna (Armstrong) Thompson, both natives of Butler County. He was educated in the public and private schools of Greenville; studied law at University of Alabama, 1907-08, and 1909; later he was a reporter on the "Birmingham News," and other papers. On April 13, 1903, he enlisted in the U. S. Army; was assigned to Troop C, 7th cavalry. June 23, 1903; on October 10, 1904, at Nashville, Tenn., he sustained a painful injury by falling from his mount; on November 25, 1904, was transferred to general service with headquarters at Knoxville, Tenn., and assigned to auxiliary station at Middleboro, Ky., and on March 25, 1905, he received a total disability discharge. In 1914 he attended the National tax association conference at Denver as a delegate; and in October 1914, he was appointed by Governor O'Neal assistant secretary of the Alabama Panama-Pacific exposition commission. During November, 1914, he served as secretary of the Butler County stock show. He was one of the representatives from Butler County during the legislature of 1915. Married: May 15, 1915, to Estelle Hempstead Manning-Brewer (q. v.). Residence: Greenville.

THOMPSON, IRA BOWEN, lawyer and legislator, was born April 9, 1889, at Bay Minette, Baldwin County; son of Albert Moreno and Mary Laura (Crabtree) Thompson; grandson of Noel and Mary (Litchfield) Thompson, of Bay Minette, and of Henry Franklin and Martha (Dow) Crabtree, of Molino, Escambia County, Fla. He is of English and Irish descent, one of his ancestors being Archibald Murray, who, with his wife, emigrated from Ireland to North Carolina. He was educated in the schools of Bay Minette, and graduated, 1910, from the Meridian male college, in Mississippi, with the B. S. degree. He is a lawyer. He represented Baldwin County in the legislature of 1915. During the European war he served as a captain in the U. S. Army. He is a Democrat; and a Methodist. Married: Mary Irene, daughter of George Walker and Ida (Talmage) Carroll, of Monroe, N. C., formerly of Attalla. Residence: Bay Minette.

THOMPSON, JAMES, planter, was born June 10, 1794, in the north of Ireland, and died in Montgomery, December 30, 1825; son of emigrant parents. The father died in Abbeville District; S. C., but his mother, Mrs. Mary

Thompson, came with him to Alabama and is buried at Sandy Ridge, Lowndes County. Mr. Thompson removed to Montgomery in 1819. His brother, John, married Matilda, daughter of Abel Haggerty, of the present Elmore County, and his sister, Anne Jane, married Moses Bates, and lived in Autauga County. Married: February 21, 1811, in Abbeville, by Rev. Moses Waddell, to Susanne Covin, daughter of Lazarus and Marie Annie (Le Roy) Covin, French Huguenots, from Marseilles, France, and Hainault, French Flanders, respectively, in 1763, and died in Abbeville, S. C. Children: 1. Eliza Anne, m. (1) William B. Read, (2) Conrad Webb, and had a daughter, who m. Dr. George Judkins of Wetumpka; 2. Lucinda Susan, m. James Fountain (q. v.); 3. Marie Anne, d. in childhood; 4. Jane James, m. Sparkman Deats. Last residence: Montgomery.

THOMPSON, JAMES LANGUM, teacher and Baptist minister, was born May 30, 1852, near Nixburg, Coosa County; son of William Langum and Louisa (Russell) Thompson, the former born near Wetumpka, Coosa, now Elmore County, lived on his farm near Nixburg till beginning of the War of Secession, was lieutenant in Col. J. W. A. Sanford's 60th Alabama infantry regiment, was killed at Chickamauga, September 20, 1863, while commanding his company; grandson of John and Matilda Thompson, who lived near Wetumpka, the former of Scotch-Irish lineage, emigrated at the age of twelve years, with an older brother, from the north of Ireland to the city of Montgomery, moved to Coosa, now Elmore County, was murdered by a highwayman, about 1830-35, and of John M. and Commanda Russell, who lived near Nixburg, the former of English ancestry, who when very young came with his parents from South Carolina to vicinity of McDonough, Ga., thence in early 30's to Chambers County, thence to Tallapoosa and finally to Coosa County, where he died on his farm in 1885; was prominent as a Mason, and remains were interred with Masonic honors. J. L. Thompson received early education, limited on account of his father's death, in schools of Coosa County. Duties kept him on a farm till he was twenty-four years of age, then he entered Howard college, Marion, in 1876, but limited means caused him to leave early in the senior year. He was a student of the Southern Baptist theological seminary, Louisville, 1886-88. In 1899 he received from Howard college the honorary degree of D. D. He taught, 1880-84, in public schools of Coosa and Elmore Counties. At the age of twelve years he joined the Baptist church at Liberty West, Tallapoosa County, and on September 9, 1875, the same church ordained him to the full work of the gospel ministry. He was pastor at a number of places, including Huntsville and Montgomery, and DeFuniak, Fla. He was a member for ten years of the State board of missions, and for three years president of the board; was president of the Baptist Young People's Union, member of the board of trustees of Howard college, and of the Collegiate institute at Newton, and is a member of board of ministerial education of the State conven-

tion. He is a Democrat; and a Mason. Married: (1) April 15, 1879, at Marion, to Fannie, daughter of Judge James F. Bailey and wife, a Miss Moseley, who lived at Marion, the former serving for about eighteen years as probate judge of Perry County, as member of the legislature, and of the convention, 1861, which passed the Ordinance of Secession; (2) April 2, 1890, at Orrville, to Bama, daughter of Col. Moody Ellis, an early settler of the section, including Cahaba, and a prominent merchant of the town in its best days; (3) May 8, 1905, at Furman, to Martha, daughter of William P. and Sarah Clementine (Hobdy) Carter, who lived at Furman, a graduate of the University of Alabama, and of its department of law, was chiefly engaged in farming near Furman, Wilcox County, died January 2, 1901, his ancestry of English descent, some of them moving in the early times of Alabama, from Virginia and settling in Butler County. Children, by first marriage: 1. Herman Winkler, graduate of Howard college, proprietor of Wodley Hotel, Wodley; by second marriage: 2. Louise Clementine; 3. Helen Elizabeth; 4. Martha Carter. Residence: Brundidge.

THOMPSON, JAMES M., planter and sheriff of Autauga County, was born in 1836, in Autauga County; son of William N. and Cynthia A. (Manning) Thompson (q. v.). He was educated at Old Kingston and Selma; in May, 1861, enlisted in Company G, 6th Alabama Infantry, C. S. Army, commanded by his brother; promoted sergeant, 1862, served as such until the end of the War of Secession; wounded three times; engaged in battles of Seven Pines, Malvern Hill, Cold Harbor, Chancellorsville, Gettysburg, Front Royal, Warrenton Springs, the Wilderness, Spottsylvania Court House, Fisher's Hill and Petersburg, and surrendered at Danville. He resumed farming after the close of the war, living near Autaugaville, and was sheriff of Autauga County, 1888-92. He is a Mason, Methodist and member of the Farmers' Alliance. Married: (1) in 1866, to Virginia C., daughter of John Pou of Autauga County; (2) in October, 1869, to Emma C., daughter of Robert and Cordelia Shackelford, the former a commission merchant of Mobile, later of Greensboro. Children: by second wife, 1. Lida, m. Robert B. Jones; 2. William N., m. Dora Wilkinson; 3. Robert S., m. Mary Seale. Residence: Autaugaville.

THOMPSON, JASPER FRITZ, lawyer, solicitor, member constitutional convention 1901, and legislator, was born December 7, 1872, at Harrisburg, Bibb County; son of Newton Hardee and Martha (James) Thompson, the former a soldier in the 44th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, and probate judge of Bibb County, 1896-1898; grandson of William H. Thompson, a native of Edgefield District, S. C., who settled near the "Falls of Cahaba," River, now Centerville, in 1823, where he lived a long and honorable life, and of Alexander H. and Lucinda (Summers) James; great-grandson of John E. Summers, who was the first probate judge of Bibb County, and representative of that county in the legislature of

1832, 1833, and 1838. He was educated in the schools of Centerville; graduated with first honor at Howard college, 1893, taking the A. M. degree; and with LL. B., 1896, from the University of Alabama. In September, 1896, he was admitted to the bar in Limestone County, Tex.; returned in 1897 to Bibb County and was admitted to the practice before the State supreme court; in 1901 he was a delegate to the Constitutional convention, from the ninth congressional district, being a member of the committee of that body on state and county boundaries, and the committee on impeachments. In 1902 he was elected a member of the legislature from Bibb County. Since 1903, he has been solicitor of the fourth judicial circuit. He is a Democrat; Baptist; Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: November 17, 1896, at Six Mile, Bibb County, to Byrdie, daughter of John P. and Elizabeth (Wells) Ward; granddaughter of Emanuel Ward, one of the early settlers of that community, and of D. N. Wells, at one time tax collector of Bibb County. Children: 1. Kathleen; 2. Evelyn; 3. Fritz, jr. Residence: Centerville.

THOMPSON, JOHN ALTAMONT, Methodist minister, was born December 15, 1841, at Newport, Colbert County; son of Trimegan Washington and Mary Dudley (Wilder) Thompson, the former a native of Milledgeville, Ga., who removed with his parents when an infant to Franklin County, at that time a primitive region inhabited by Indians, for many years a magistrate, was county commissioner, and tax collector successively for a number of years; grandson of Henry and Lucy Thompson of Colbert County, and of John W. and Mary E. Wilder of Lauderdale County. The great-grandfather of Rev. Mr. Thompson migrated to America from England and the Wilders were of Irish ancestry. He received a thorough elementary education in the county schools of the section and studied medicine under Dr. James Wendall. He did not complete his studies, however, and in 1860 entered the Methodist ministry, being admitted on trial in the Tennessee conference. He was fifty-three years in the itinerant ministry, filling leading churches in the North Alabama and the South Georgia conferences. He entered the Confederate Army as a private in Company F, Forrest's original regiment, and later was a member of Forrest Camp, United Confederate Veterans, Huntsville. He is a Democrat, and a strong advocate of prohibition. He was secretary of the North Alabama conference for eighteen consecutive years, presiding elder for six, delegate to the general conference, and assistant secretary of that body. He passed through two epidemics of yellow fever, 1878 and 1893, in Alabama and Georgia, nursing the sick, giving courage to the bereaved and Christian burials to the dead. The University of Alabama gave him the honorary degree of D. D., December, 1914. An old wound, received in Confederate service, incapacitated him for further work, and he was superannuated by the Alabama conference, 1914. He is a Knight Templar; Odd Fellow; Knight of Pythias; and Red Man. Author: he

was associate-editor of the Alabama Christian Advocate, and for two years editor of the "Gadsden Times." Married: December 11, 1884, in Huntsville, to Serrah, daughter of Gen. Benjamin and Sarah (Sanders) Patterson of that place, the former was a soldier in the Mexican War, and collector of internal revenue under President Jackson. Children: 1. John Altamont, jr., m. Edith Ray, and lives at Little Rock, Ark. Residence: Montgomery.

THOMPSON, JOSEPH OSWALT, planter, colonizer, and federal office holder, was born February 2, 1869, near Tuskegee, Macon County; son of William Phillip and Mary Watson (Jordon) Thompson, farmer, merchant, mayor of Tuskegee, sheriff of Macon County, served four years as a private in Co. K, 45th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army; brother of Charles W. Thompson (q. v.); grandson of Alfred and Mary (Wagner) Thompson of Talladega and Cross Keys, and of Samuel and Sarah Dabney (Walker) Jordon who lived first at Lynchburg, Va., and removed to Alabama in 1849; great-grandson of Edmund and Elizabeth (Armistead) Walker, the latter was descended from William Winston of Revolutionary fame, who was the maternal uncle of Patrick Henry. Mr. Thompson was educated in Park's high school and the Alabama military institute. He is a farmer, who has owned and operated a large acreage in a number of counties in the state, and has also been interested in promoting farm colonization. He has specialized in cotton production and one year grew more than three thousand bales, being the largest grower in the State at that time. He was one of the organizers and second vice-president of the Alabama land congress and organized the cotton holding movement in 1915, by which millions of dollars were saved to the cotton growers. He is a Republican, and was the sole referee of federal patronage in Alabama, during President Roosevelt's administration. He was chairman of the Republican committee of Macon County and chairman of the State Republican committee for eight years; deputy U. S. marshal; deputy U. S. collector; U. S. commissioner; postmaster at Tuskegee; U. S. collector of internal revenue for ten years; Progressive party national committeeman for Alabama two years; receiver of the Southern steel company, a twenty-five million dollar corporation. He is a Baptist. Married: April 13, 1888, at Tuskegee, to Annie, daughter of William Reardon and Mary Ann (Perry) Magruder, of that place; granddaughter of Zadoc Magruder of Augusta, Ga., and of Shadrack and Elizabeth (Douglass) Perry of North and South Carolina, respectively. The American founder of the family was Alexander Magruder, a Scotchman, who settled in Maryland early in the history of the nation. Children: 1. Winston, m. Willie Peebles, farmer, Benton, Lowndes County; 2. Edith, m. Dr. Eugene Callaway, Selma; 3. Lois, m. Miller Krebs, farmer, Harston; 4. Magruder; 5. Grace; 6. Ruth; 7. Josephine; 8. Hundley. Residence: Birmingham.

THOMPSON, NEWCOMB FRIERSON, editor, promoter, was born December 25, 1844, at Shel-

byville, Tenn.; son of Joseph and Ann Eliza (Cary) Thompson, who lived in Shelbyville, Tenn., the former a North Carolinian, a farmer, merchant and trader, and for many years sheriff of his county, the latter a graduate of La-Grange college and a teacher, who was a lineal descendant of Sir Myles Cary of England, who fought in the Revolutionary Army; grandson of Samuel Thompson, who was a pioneer of Bedford County, Tenn., having gone to that state from North Carolina. Mr. Thompson received his early education at home; attended Shelbyville college for two years; was graduated from Williamson college, conducted by his uncle, James Cary, at College Grove, Tenn., 1862; entered the C. S. Army as a private in Co. D, First Tennessee regiment, April, 1862; was discharged shortly afterward, and re-entered the service in an Arkansas regiment of light artillery; was promoted to the lieutenantancy of a party of scouts, and captured with his command at Chickamauga; was paroled, and later assigned to duty in Gen. N. B. Forrest's escort guard, where he continued to serve until the close of the war; entered the county clerk's office of Bedford County, Tenn., as a deputy in 1865; began the study of law under Hon. Henry Cooper; was admitted to the bar in 1866; practiced in Shelbyville, Tenn., in Bardstown, Ky., in Dallas, Tex., and in Louisville, Ky.; was editor of the "Riverside Weekly", at Louisville, Ky.; was elected lecturer for the state of Kentucky of the Good Templars, later was elected secretary and treasurer of the order, and editor of the official organ; became southern agent of the Standard Oil Company at Wilmington, N. C., 1875; went to Birmingham in 1885, and engaged in the real estate, rental and insurance business; helped organize the Birmingham commercial club and was its secretary, 1893-1895; acted as industrial agent for the city of Johnstown, Pa., for four years; and after that time was connected with a syndicate of northern capitalists who made large investments at Huntsville; is a member of the Citizens' Industrial Association of America, and southern organizer of that association; is secretary of the Citizens' Alliance of Birmingham, and editor of the official organ, the "Citizens' Alliance Bulletin"; is a Democrat; and was formerly a Methodist but is now a Catholic. Married: November 28, 1866, in Shelbyville, Tenn., to Julia Queen, daughter of Frank and Mary (Price) Queen, of Bardstown, Ky.; a lineal descendant, on the maternal side, of Daniel Boone. Children: 1. Frank J.; 2. Elizabeth; 3. J. Cary; 4. J. Bain; 5. J. Ernest; 6. J. Paul; 7. J. Wright. Residence: Birmingham.

THOMPSON, NICHOLAS, soldier of the American Revolution, aged 75, and a resident of Morgan County; private N. C. Continental Line; enrolled on April 3, 1824, under act of Congress of March 18, 1818, payment to date from January 12, 1824; annual allowance, \$96; sums received to date of publication of list, \$962.22.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Morgan County, June 1, 1840, aged 81.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

THOMPSON, ROBERT, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 74, and a resident of Franklin County; private Virginia Continental Line; enrolled on April 21, 1824, under act of Congress of March 18, 1818, payment to date from February 2, 1824; annual allowance, \$96; sums received to date of publication of list, \$632.53.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

THOMPSON, SAMUEL, deputy grand master, grand lodge, Masons, 1867-68; deputy grand master, grand council, 1869-71.

THOMPSON, THOMAS C., business man and contractor, was born June 22, 1850, in Chambers County; son of Jesse S. and Henrietta E. (Collins) Thompson, the former a contractor and builder. He was educated in private schools; became foreman under his father at the age of eighteen years, removed to Birmingham, 1871; formed partnership with his brother, B. A. Thompson, which continued from 1873 to 1874, when it was dissolved; in 1879 entered contracting, building and hardware business with J. B. Francis, the firm being known as T. C. Thompson & co. In March, 1886, W. A. Chenoweth was admitted to co-partnership, the name being Thompson, Francis & Chenoweth. He is president of Thompson brick co.; stockholder and director of the Enterprise manufacturing co.; stockholder and director of the Consolidated street railway of Birmingham, and superintendent and general manager of the Jefferson building and improvement co. of Birmingham. He is an Episcopalian; Odd Fellow; Knight of Pythias; and Knight Templar. Married: October 11, 1883, to Julia, daughter of George Seaman. Children: 1. Bessie May, m. William Welser, Birmingham. Residence: Birmingham.

THOMPSON, WALTER R., teacher and physician, was born March 22, 1850, in Copiah County, Miss.; son of Jesse and Nancy (Rembert) Thompson, the former a planter, and Confederate soldier, was born in Georgia, the latter a member of the Harvey family of Georgia; grandson of Jesse Thompson, a native of Ireland, who emigrated to America when a youth and settled in Georgia with his parents. Dr. Thompson was educated in the common schools of Mississippi; Summerville institute; and Mississippi university at Oxford, graduating, 1871. He taught at Hazelhurst, 1871-79; Wesson, 1879-81; Birmingham, 1881-83, where he engaged in mercantile business; taught at Midway, 1883-84; principal, Brewton institute, 1885-88. In the winter of 1889 he attended the medical college at Mobile, student medical college of Louisville, 1890-91 and graduated there 1891 with the degree of M. D., and immediately located at Brewton for the practice of his profession. He is a Methodist; a Democrat; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: (1) in 1872, in Copiah County, Miss., to Ellen Hargrove; (2) in 1876, to Mary E. Coleman of Midway. Children: 1. Jesse; 2. Ina. Residence: Brewton.

THOMPSON, WASHINGTON, member of the constitutional convention of 1819, from Marengo County.

THOMPSON, W. H., Presbyterian minister, was born July 7, 1818, in West Stafford, Conn., and died April 21, 1897, in Mobile. He received his education at Munson academy, Amherst college, and Columbia theological seminary. He was licensed in 1847, by Flint River presbytery, Georgia, and was ordained by Hopewell presbytery, Georgia, in 1849. He served as home missionary for five years, first in Augusta, Ga., later in Chattanooga, Tenn., and next in Nashville, Tenn. He labored in Bolivar, Tenn., for twelve years; Columbus, Ky., for seven years; Lexington, Miss., for three years; and as evangelist in Transylvania presbytery, Kentucky, for five years. In 1882 he was called to the pastorate of South Franklin street church, Mobile, where he served until his death, fourteen years later. Last residence: Mobile.

THOMPSON, WILLIAM N., pioneer farmer, business man, circuit clerk, was born in Wiltshire, England, about 1789, and died in 1851, in Kingston. He was sent by the British government to the United States on a commission during the War of 1812, and later located in Autauga County where he engaged in farming for a number of years. In 1830, he removed to Kingston, the old county seat, where he kept a hotel and merchandised. He was a man of great information obtained by reading, research and travel. For eight years he was circuit clerk of Autauga County. Married: in Autauga County, to Cynthia Antonette Manning. Children: 1. William N., jr., m. Mary Wigglesworth, was circuit clerk of Autauga, veteran of the Indian War of 1836 and the War of Secession, died 1870; 2. Horatio Perry, m. Mary Bass, was physician, in quartermasters department, C. S. Army, and lived at Well's Point, Texas, for forty years prior to his death; 3. Thomas Louis, unm., killed in the battle of Sharpsburg, September 17, 1862, while serving as a private in the Autauga rifles, attached to the 6th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army; 4. Greene Hill, physician, m. Ella Morgan, captain of Co. G., 6th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, from May, 1861, to the end of the War of Secession, graduate of the University of Louisiana; 5. Joseph Alphonso, m. Mrs. Mary Thornton, served in the 4th Louisiana infantry regiment, C. S. Army, and was captured at Vicksburg, died 1890, in Autauga County; 6. Elizabeth, m. Gen. Goodson, the latter killed in a runaway accident, 1867; 7. James Monroe, (q. v.), m. (1) Virginia Pow, (2) Emma Shackelford. Last residence: Kingston.

THORINGTON, WILLIAM SEWELL, lawyer, was born July 30, 1847, at Montgomery, and died January 24, 1915; son of Jack and Mary Lord (Parker) Thorington, the former who was a native of Ireland, came to this country when a boy with his father, settled in Montgomery, was a merchant, lawyer, in partnership with Hon. H. W. Hilliard before the war, and afterward with Hon. W. P. Chilton, was mayor of Montgomery, entered the C. S. Army as colonel of the First Battalion of the Hilliard Legion, in 1863, and in 1864, upon the resignation of Col. Hilliard, succeeded to the command of the

legion; grandson of Strong and Margaret Thorington, who emigrated from Ireland to the United States, and settled in Montgomery, and of Rev. Parker, who lived at Troy, N. Y.; brother of Robert D. Thorington, merchant, who served on Gen. Gracy's staff, C. S. Army, and of Jack Thorington, who served in C. S. Army with Gen. Rucker's escort, was vice consul to Aspinwall, 1871-1883, and has been in the land office at Montgomery; nephew of John H. Thorington who ran away from his home in Ireland and came to America, settling in Montgomery, was the second intendant of that town, and a lawyer, later removed to St. Louis, Mo., and then to New Orleans. His early education was obtained in the schools of Montgomery, and in the years 1856, and 1857, he attended school in Oak Bowery and Auburn. He entered the University of Alabama in 1863, and would have graduated in 1865, but for the destruction of the university buildings, and suspension of the university as a result of the war. In 1864, he was sergeant major of the Alabama corps of cadets, first lieutenant and adjutant of the cadets in 1865, and at different times during those years, served in the service of the C. S. Army. After the war he studied law with Chief Justice Chilton, and on January 24, 1867, was admitted to the bar, under a special act of the legislature, he being then under age. He became a member of the firm Chilton & Thorington, the firm being composed of Judge Chilton, his father and himself. The firm was dissolved in 1871, at the death of Judge Chilton, and he became associated with John T. Morgan, and Walter L. Bragg, in the firm of Morgan, Bragg & Thorington, which firm was dissolved when Capt. Bragg was appointed to the presidency of the State railway commission, Gen. Morgan having previously withdrawn to accept a seat in the U. S. senate. He was notary public; justice of the peace; city attorney of Montgomery; judge advocate general on the staff of Gov. E. A. O'Neal, 1882-86; in 1884 was defeated for office of attorney-general, by a Mr. McClellan; was city attorney of Montgomery, 1891; judge, city court of Montgomery, 1892; appointed associate justice of the supreme court of Alabama, in April, 1892; retired December, 1892, declining election; and was dean of the law department of the University of Alabama, 1897-1915. In August, 1909, he was appointed by the U. S. circuit court, as special master for the Middle District of Alabama in the railroad rate cases between the state and railroad companies. He was a member of the Alabama State Bar Association, was president in 1909, and was a member of the board of trustees of University for eighteen years, having resigned in 1897. He was the author of the "City Code of Montgomery," and special reporter, by request of the court, of two volumes of "Reports of Supreme Court of Alabama." He was a Democrat; had been chairman of the Montgomery circuit executive committee about 1895; chairman of the county Democratic convention; delegate to several state conventions; nominated from Montgomery County as delegate to constitutional convention of 1901, under the first legislative call, but declined nomination under second call. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal

church, which he served as trustee, steward, treasurer, Sunday school teacher, and Sunday school superintendent. Married: October 24, 1867, at Montgomery to Wilella Chilton, daughter of Chief Justice William P. and Elvira (Morgan) Chilton and niece of John T. Morgan, U. S. senator from Alabama. Children: 1. Mary Ella, m. Robert Lee Wood, Montgomery; 2. Chilton, m. Susie Fletcher, Montgomery; 3. Naomi, m. Oswald Kyle Powell, Montgomery; 4. Ada Herron, m. Frank Marshall Boykin, Freeport, Tex.; 5. Arthur Melvin, Champaign, Ill.; 6. Martha, deceased, m. Rev. Eugene L. Crawford; 7. Robert Granville m. Mary S. Clark, Montgomery; 8. Lucile, m. Dr. William F. Prouty, University; 9. William Lord, unmarried, Panama City, Fla. Last residence: Montgomery.

THORNTON, EDWARD QUINN, geologist, soldier, professor natural science and of modern languages, was born May 13, 1832, in Wilkes County, Ga., and died May 13, 1878, at Auburn; son of Dr. John and Mary Lavisa (West) Thornton, of Lumpkin, Ga. He received his early education in Eufaula and attended the University of Alabama, 1849-53, graduating in the latter year with the degree of A. B., and receiving in 1857 the degree of A. M. During 1856 and 1857 he studied in European universities, taking highest honors. In 1853-55, he was assistant state geologist of Alabama; professor natural science and of modern languages, 1861-62, and 1865-67 in Howard college, then located at Marion; professor natural science in the Agricultural and mechanical college of Alabama, Auburn, 1875-78. He was a lieutenant of 39th Alabama infantry regiment, and aide-de-camp to Maj. Gen. H. D. Clayton, later acting assistant adjutant general to the same officer. He was a Democrat; and a Baptist. Married: in May, 1862, at Marion, to Sarah Jane, daughter of John Fleming and Julia (Binion) Cocke who lived at Marion. The former was a member of the senate of Alabama continuously from 1845-1859. Mrs. Thornton is a double first cousin to Miss Zittella Cocke, (q. v.); (2) May, 1878, at Auburn, to Maggie Reese. Children: 1. Julia, deceased, m. ——— Rainey; 2. Edward Quinn, Philadelphia, Pa.; 3. Mrs. Bradford Hardie, El Paso, Tex.; 4. Mrs. John Wall, Carnegie, Ga. Last residence: Auburn.

THORNTON, HARRY INNES, lawyer, associate justice of the supreme court, was born in 1797, in Fredericksburg, Va., and died in 1862, in San Francisco, Calif.; son of Francis and Sarah (Innes) Thornton, the former a descendant from one of the original colonists, the latter a daughter of Judge Harry Innes; and brother of James Innes Thornton (q. v.); at one period secretary of state of Alabama. He went to Kentucky when young, and having received a thorough education, read law with his grandfather, Judge Harry Innes. After practicing law a short time in Frankfort, Ky., he moved to Alabama in 1823, and settled in Huntsville. President John Quincy Adams appointed him U. S. district attorney, and he probably held the office during that administration. He was elected to the supreme court bench of the state

in 1833, to succeed Justice Taylor of Madison, defeating Judge Collier of Tuscaloosa. He resigned from the bench in 1836, and moved to Mobile where he became the law partner of Hon. George N. Stewart. Three years later, he moved to Greene County, having previously purchased lands there. He was elected to the State senate a year later over John J. Winston to fill the unexpired term of Thomas Riddle, deceased. He was made chairman of the judiciary committee of the senate, and served three years in that body, declining re-election. He was a delegate to the national Whig convention at Baltimore, in May, 1844, and was a vice president of that body. He continued in the active practice of law at Eutaw until 1849, when he was appointed commissioner of lands in California by President Fillmore. He continued his law practice in San Francisco, and died there a few years later. He was a Whig and a Presbyterian. Married: to Miss Crittenden, sister of Hon. John J. Crittenden of Kentucky. One of his sons became major of the Fifth Alabama regiment, C. S. Army, commanding it at Jonesboro. Last residence: San Francisco, Calif.

THORNTON, HARRY I., major, 58th Alabama infantry, C. S. Army.

THORNTON, JAMES INNES, planter, secretary of state, was born October 28, 1800, at "Fall Hill," Spotsylvania County, Va., and died September 13, 1877, in Greene County; son of Francis and Sarah (Innes) Thornton; and brother of Harry Innes Thornton (q. v.). He was educated at what is now Washington and Lee University, and emigrated to Huntsville, where he entered the practice of law in 1820, in partnership, first, with Hon. H. W. Collier, and later with his brother. He was elected secretary of state of Alabama in 1824, and was kept in that position by successive re-elections until 1834, when he resigned. During his incumbency of office as secretary of state, Gen. Lafayette, the guest of the nation, visited Alabama and Mr. Thornton was deputed by the governor to meet him at the boundary line between Alabama and Georgia as escort. Abandoning the profession of law at the same time, he retired to private life and devoted himself to planting in Greene County. Married: (1) in 1825, to Mary Ann Glover, who died a few years after the marriage, daughter of Allen and Sarah (Norwood) Glover; (2) in 1831, to Ann Amelia Smith of Virginia, who died August 2, 1864, daughter of George and Della Smith; (3) in 1870, to Mrs. Sarah Williams Gowdy, who died August 24, 1885, daughter of William P. and Eliza W. Gould. Children by first marriage: 1. daughter, d. in early childhood; 2. Mrs. Liddell, deceased; by second marriage: 3. Jean Stirling, d. in infancy; 4. Della Frances, d. December 9, 1910, m. Capt. J. McHee; 5. James Innes, d. December 12, 1837; 6. Fitzgerald, d. July 6, 1839; 7. George Francis, surgeon with rank of major, C. S. Army, physician at San Francisco, Calif., d. August 15, 1893, m. Susan Adeline Perrin; 8. Catherine Marshall, d. October 27, 1870, m. Col. Harry I. Thornton; 9. Innes, d. September 30, 1878, m. Col. W. N. Brown; 10. Butler Brayne, d. May 24, 1905, m.

Capt. Murray F. Taylor; 11. Harry Innes, private, Seventh Alabama cavalry, C. S. Army, planter at McAlpine, m. Sallie Amelia Blocker, children, John Blocker, lawyer at Mobile, m. (1) Adele Ketchum Inge, (2) Fannie S. Smith, and Harry Innes, jr., clerk in quartermaster department, U. S. Army, appointed 1898, in civil service, U. S. government. Last residence: Greene County.

THORNTON, J. B., lawyer; living in 1913. Residence: Mobile.

THORNTON, LEWIS BEDFORD, lawyer, was born May 28, 1815, at Millfarm, Spotsylvania County, Va., and died January 10, 1895, at Tuscumbia; son of Philip and Sarah Talliaferro (Conway) Thornton, who lived in Spotsylvania County, Va., the former a native of that county, born at Ormsby, a merchant and farmer, who served in the War of 1812, and was a member of the house of delegates of Spotsylvania County, 1823, grandson of Anthony and Mary (Rootes) Thornton, who lived at Ormsby, Caroline County, Va., and afterwards in Kentucky, the former was a member of the Caroline County committee of safety in 1775 and 1776, was appointed lieutenant colonel of militia in 1777, county lieutenant in 1779 and 1780, and commanded a regiment of militia at the siege of Yorktown, and of Francis and Sarah (Talliaferro) Conway who lived at Port Conway, King George County, Va., the former a captain in the Continental Army, whose sister, Ellen Conway, was the mother of President Madison; great-grandson of Anthony Thornton, who was sheriff of Caroline County, Va., in 1767 and 1778; great-great-grandson of Anthony and Winnifred (Pressley) Thornton, of Stafford County, Va., the latter the daughter of Col. Peter Pressley. The Thorntons came from England to Virginia at about the same time as the Washingtons, and intermarried with the latter family. Mr. Thornton attended the common schools, then taught for a time to gain funds to enter college. He was graduated from the University of Virginia; read law under Judge Robert Stannard of Richmond, Va.; was licensed to practice in Chesterfield County, Va., January, 1841; moved to Shelbyville, Ill., and practiced law at that place for two years; went to northern Alabama in 1843 and taught school; settled at Tuscumbia, where he taught school and practiced law until 1850, when he devoted all his time to the practice; was elected to the State legislature from Franklin County, 1855-1856; was appointed register in chancery in 1857, and held that office for twenty-eight consecutive years; and served as notary public, justice of the peace and mayor of Tuscumbia before the War of Secession. He was at one time superintendent of education of Colbert County. Mr. Thornton served as aide de camp to the major general commanding the Tenth division of the militia of Alabama, being appointed by Gov. Benjamin Fitzpatrick, July 28, 1845. He was a Democrat, an elder in the Presbyterian church for thirty-four years, and a Knight Templar. Married: (1) July 29, 1849, to Laura Virginia

Nooe, sister of Judge John A. Nooe of Franklin County; (2) October 28, 1856, at Tuscumbia, to Maria Louise Meredith, daughter of Col. Samuel and Louisa Blount (Hogun) Meredith, of Tuscumbia, the former a Virginian, who fought with Jackson in the Creek Indian War as adjutant under Gen. Coffee, participating in the battles of Emuckfa, Horseshoe and Talladega, and in the War of 1812. Children: 1. Meredith, Tuscumbia; 2. Bedford, deceased; 3. Laura, Tuscumbia; 4. Conway, deceased; 5. Hunter, deceased; 6. Sarah, deceased; 7. Louise, m. Dr. James Clarke Smith, Tuscumbia; 8. Fitzhugh, deceased. Last residence: Tuscumbia.

THORNTON, WILLIAM HORATIO, physician, was born May 8, 1816, at Washington, Wilkes County, Ga., and died January 27, 1881, at Eufaula; son of Dr. John and Rebecca (Carter) Thornton, of Culpeper County, Va., and of Georgia, respectively. His paternal grandmother was a Miss Acre of Virginia, before her marriage, and his great-grandfather, Matthew Thornton of New Hampshire, was one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence. Mr. Thornton attended private schools in Washington, Ga., and received his medical training at the University of Pennsylvania. He began the practice of medicine in Eufaula in 1838, and became a successful physician. He was the first mayor of Eufaula, and held the office without pay for sixteen years. He was president of the board of trustees of Union female college; had been a Whig in early manhood, but later became a Democrat; was an elder in the Baptist church; was a Mason; and an Odd Fellow. Married: April 10, 1845, in Eufaula, to Mary Butler Shorter, daughter of Gen. Reuben Clark and Martha (Gill) Shorter (q. v.); sister of Gov. John Gill Shorter (q. v.), of Eli Simms Shorter (q. v.), and of Henry Russell Shorter (q. v.). Children: 1. Laura Virginia, m. George Legare Comer (q. v.); 2. Georgia Anna, m. George Henson Estes, Birmingham; 3. Sallie Clayton, m. Edward Alfred Graham (q. v.); 4. Retta Fannie, m. Clifford Asbury Locke, Eufaula; 5-6-7-8 d. in childhood. Last residence: Eufaula.

THRASHER, D. H., member of the constitutional convention of 1865, from Tallapoosa County.

THREADGILL, HARVEY COOK, Methodist minister, was born September 7, 1862, at Camden, Wilcox County; son of Harvey and Brunetta Woolf (Cook) Threadgill, the former a native of Wadesboro, Anson County, N. C., a physician, who lived at Clifton; grandson of Thomas and Letha Threadgill, who lived at Wadesboro, N. C., and of Enoch H. and Bettie (Selman) Cook, who lived at Dayton, Marengo County, and at Clifton, Wilcox County. He was educated in the common schools of Mobile, Camden, and Oak Hill; was licensed to preach in the Methodist church at Camden, July, 1892; has served as pastor at Perryville, Centerville, Warrior Stand, Verbena, Lowndesboro, La Pine, Brundidge, Pensacola, Eufaula;

was at one time presiding elder of the Eufaula district; and is now serving as pastor of the Troy Methodist Church. He is a Royal Arch Mason, and an Odd Fellow. Married: July 12, 1893, at Chadwick, Perry County, to U. L. Loraine Jones, daughter of Israel and Cordine (Steele) Jones, who lived at that place. Children: 1. Loraine; 2. Harvey Jones; 3. Junius Charles. Residence: Troy.

TROWER, STEPHEN S., physician, was born near Bradleyton, in 1840; son of Thomas Whitfield and Ellen (Lawrence) Thrower, the former a native of Griffin, the latter of Edgefield District, S. C., who lived on a farm near Bradleyton; grandson of Leon Thrower, a Virginian, who moved to Georgia, and in 1828 to Alabama in Crenshaw County, who was of English descent, a soldier in the Revolutionary War, and a justice of the peace, and of Stephen Lawrence, a South Carolinian, of English descent, a soldier in the Revolution, who came to Crenshaw County at an early day and farmed there; brother of William M. Thrower, who served in Hilliard's Legion, was captured near Richmond in 1864, and imprisoned at Point Lookout until 1865, of Starling J. Thrower, a sergeant in the same command, who was captured at Hatcher's Run and was imprisoned at Point Lookout until June, 1865, of James Thrower, who was in the Fourteenth Alabama infantry, and died in front of Richmond in 1862, of Benjamin F. Thrower, of the First Alabama cavalry, who died at Shiloh in 1862, and of George W. Thrower who was in the Fifty-ninth Alabama infantry from the beginning of the War of Secession until he was captured at Hatcher's Run and imprisoned at Point Lookout, Md. Dr. Thrower received an academic education and read medicine until April 1, 1862, when he joined the Fourth Alabama artillery, Hilliard's legion; acted as sergeant in east Tennessee until after the battle of Chickamauga; went to Virginia with Longstreet's corps; was wounded at Petersburg, May 17, 1864, and confined to a hospital in Raleigh, N. C., for a short time; was captured April 3, 1865, and taken to Point Lookout, Md., where he remained until June, 1865. After the war, he taught school, and studied medicine, graduating from the Atlanta medical college in 1868. He located near Bradleyton, and engaged in the practice of medicine throughout Crenshaw County, and has also been engaged in planting and merchandising. He is a member of the Medical Association of Alabama; a member and one time president of the Crenshaw Medical Society; is a Missionary Baptist; and a Mason. Married: (1) July 1, 1869, to Nancy H. Oliver, a native of Montgomery County, who died March 1, 1876, daughter of William Oliver, a North Carolinian, who moved with his family to Alabama, settling first in Pike County and later in Montgomery County; (2) September 28, 1878, to Cynthia M. Ramsey, who was born in Brundidge, Pike County, and died March 22, 1890, daughter of John A. and Cynthia M. Ramsey, natives, respectively, of Alabama and South Carolina, the former a tax collector of Pike County, who died during the War of

Secession while serving in the army of Virginia. Four children were born to the first marriage, and two to the second. Residence: near Bradleyton, Crenshaw County.

TICHENOR, ISAAC TAYLOR, Baptist minister, president of Agricultural and mechanical college, was born November 11, 1825, in Spencer County, Ky., and died December 2, 1902, at Atlanta, Ga.; son of James and Margaret (Bennett) Tichenor, who lived in Taylorsville, Ky., the former a native of Spencer County, Ky.; grandson of Daniel and Anna (Byram) Condict Tichenor, who lived at Plumb Run, Ky., the former who emigrated to Nelson County, Ky., from Morris County, N. J., in 1790, and of Thomas and Nancy (Tillett) Bennett, the latter who lived in Virginia before her marriage; great-grandson of Ebenezer and Abigail (Alden) Byram, and of Joseph Tichenor, who moved from Newark, N. J., to Morris County in 1666; great-great-grandson of Daniel Tichenor, of Capt. Ebenezer and Anna (Keath) Alden, who lived in East Bridgewater, Mass., and of Capt. Ebenezer and Hannah (Haywood) Byram, who moved from Bridgewater, Mass., to Morris County, N. J., in 1744, where the former became major of militia and judge of the county court; great-great-great-grandfather of Martin Tichenor, who came from France to America, took the oath of allegiance at New Haven, Conn., August, 1644, was married to Mary Charles in 1651, moved from Milford, Conn., under the leadership of Robert Treat, and landed at Newark, N. J., and whose daughter married John Treat, the governor of the colony; great-great-great-great-grandson of Nicholas Byram, the progenitor of that family in America, who was the son of an English gentleman, married Susannah, daughter of Abraham Shaw, moved from Weymouth, England, to Bridgewater Mass., where he had bought three proprietary or virginal purchase rights in 1660, and died there in 1688; great-great-great-great-grandson of John Alden, born 1599, who arrived with the Pilgrims in the Mayflower in 1620, and is said to have been the first European that ever set foot on Plymouth Rock, was one of the governor's adjutants for many years, and died at Duxbury, Mass., September 12, 1689.

Dr. Tichenor attended the common schools of Spencer County, Ky., the high school at Taylorsville, Ky., and assisted in teaching at the Taylorsville academy. The degree of D. D. was conferred upon him later in life by Howard college, and the degree of LL. D. by the Alabama polytechnic institute. He entered the ministry in 1846 at Taylorsville; accepted a position as representative of the Indian mission board of Louisville for the state of Mississippi; was pastor of the Baptist church at Columbus, Miss., 1848-1850; at Henderson, Ky., 1851-1852; of the First Baptist church at Montgomery, 1852-1868; was chaplain of the Seventeenth Alabama regiment, C. S. Army, 1861-1863; pastor of the First Baptist church of Memphis, Tenn., 1871; resigned to accept the presidency of the Agricultural and mechanical college at Auburn in

1872; held that position until 1882, when he resigned to become corresponding secretary of the home mission board; and continued in the latter office until 1900, when he was made secretary emeritus of the board. He was a Democrat and a Mason. Married: (1) December 16, 1853, in Montgomery, to Monimia C. Cook; (2) in April, 1861, to Emily C. Boykin; (3) October, 1865, to Lulah Boykin; (4) to Mrs. Eppie Reynolds McCraw. Children, by first marriage: 1. Mary Belle, deceased, m. Charles H. Barnes, their daughter, Annie Kate Barnes, resides in Opelika; 2. Kate, m. J. S. Dill, Gafney, S. C.; by second marriage: 3. Emily; 4. Samuel Boykin; by third marriage: 5. James Boykin; 6. Emily Lulah, m. Thomas Cobb Whitner, children, Thomas Cobb, Jr., and James Tichenor, all reside at Atlanta, Ga.; by fourth marriage: 7. Walker Reynolds, lawyer, Atlanta, Ga. Last residence: Atlanta, Ga.

TIDMORE, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 84, resided in Greene County, June 1, 1840.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

TILLMAN, JOHN PLUMMER, lawyer, was born January 25, 1849, near Perryville, Perry County; son of John Miller and Mary Elizabeth (Plummer) Tillman, the former a native of Edgefield District, S. C., who moved to Selma in 1857, to Marion, Perry County, in 1863, and returned to Selma in 1869; grandson of Jacob and Mary Wooten (Moseley) Tillman, the former who was a planter in Autauga County at the time of his death, and of Richard Ramson and Martha (Howze) Plummer, of Perry County. He received his early education in the private schools at Selma, and attended Howard college and the University of Kentucky, at Lexington. He studied law in the office of Pettus & Dawson at Selma; was admitted to the bar at Selma, 1871; and remained at Selma until 1883. He practiced in partnership with John White, 1872-1874; as a junior partner of his preceptors, under the firm name of Pettus, Dawson & Tillman, from 1874 until January, 1881, when the association was dissolved; and as partner of Joseph F. Johnston, 1881-1883. He was city attorney for Selma about 1873, and a member of the city council in 1876. He moved to Montgomery in 1883, to become special reporter of the supreme court decisions, and moved to Birmingham in October, 1884, where he has continued his profession. In 1885, he was appointed by Judge R. C. Brickell as one of the two assistant commissioners to codify the laws of the state, and after the work was adopted by the State legislature, Mr. Tillman was selected as sole commissioner to supervise its printing. Since his location in Birmingham, Mr. Tillman has practiced his profession at different times in partnership with James E. Webb, Alex T. London, Edward K. Campbell, in the firm of Walker, Tillman, Campbell & Walker, and in the firm of Tillman, Bradley & Morrow. He was nominated by the Democratic party to the constitutional convention that was first called in 1900. The act calling

that convention was repealed, and under the second act, he declined the nomination. He is a Democrat, a steward and trustee in the Methodist church, and a Knight of Honor. He is author of "Reports of Supreme Court of Alabama," jointly with Sheppard, and of the "Code of Alabama, 1886." Married (1) in January, 1876, to Sarah Hurt, who died in 1890, daughter of Henry H. Hurt; (2) in November, 1892, to Mrs. Annie S. Chew, of Oxford, Miss., daughter of John P. and Ann V. Simms. Children, by adoption: 1. Sam; 2. Margaret. Residence: Birmingham.

TILTON, McLANE, lawyer, banker, was born September 6, 1875, at Annapolis, Md.; son of McLane and Ann Maine (Wells) Tilton, the former a native of Annapolis, Md., a retired lieutenant in the U. S. marine corps, who served in the U. S. Navy during the War of Secession, and was vice president of the Society of Cincinnati; grandson of Edward Gibson and Josephine (Harwood) Tilton, who lived at Annapolis, Md., the former a member of the U. S. Navy. He attended St. Johns college at Annapolis; the University of Virginia in 1897; and was graduated from the University of Michigan, B. L. 1900. He engaged in banking and the practice of law in Pell City, in 1902. He organized the first bank in St. Clair County; is identified with the building of the town of Lee City; was president of the First National Bank of Pell City, and of the First National Bank of Lincoln; was secretary of the Alabama Bankers Association for seven years; and was for one year president of the Alabama Press Association and vice president of the Alabama Bar Association. He served as a seaman in the U. S. Navy during the war with Spain on the blockade at Havana, Santiago and San Juan. He is an Independent Democrat. Married: January 9, 1899, in Dayton, O., to Gertrude Lee Scoville, daughter of L. W. and Grace Evalyn (Lee) Scoville of Lynchburg, Va. Children: 1. McLane; 2. Lee Scoville. Residence: Pell City.

TIMBERLAKE, J. P., member of the constitutional convention of 1861, from Jackson County.

TINDALL, JOHN LEWIS, physician, member constitutional convention 1819, was born March 7, 1784, in Columbia, Ga., and died April 16, 1864, at Aberdeen, Miss. He was of French descent, but from a family originally English. He was a physician in Columbia, Ga., and moved in 1806 to the frontier of Kentucky. His constitution requiring a more southern climate, he moved, in 1816, to Tuscaloosa, and made his home at that place for a period of twenty-one years. He was a member from Tuscaloosa County of the constitutional convention of 1819, which formed the first constitution of the state. He several times represented that county in the State legislature, and in 1828 was selected president of the state bank. He held that position until 1836, when he resigned, and the following year moved to Aberdeen, Miss. Toward the latter part of his life, his principal pursuit was agriculture, and the

shock of the raid upon Aberdeen, during the War of Secession, by the Federal troops, which swept his plantation of all its stock and left it a ruin, caused his death. He was a Presbyterian. Married: to Mary Ritchie, daughter of James Ritchie of Kentucky. Children: 1. Procey B., m. Truman Perrin; 2. Curatius M., m. Lovena Derrit; 3. James, d. in infancy; 4. Caroline T., m. Thomas Miller; 5. John L., m. Jane Moore; 6. Mary R., m. James Carlisle; 7. William P., m. Virginia Barksdale; 8. Thomas P., m. Martha Herndon; 9. Robert M., m. Harriett Barksdale; 10. Sarah C.; 11. Henry, d. young; 12. Martha, d. young; 13. Julia Ann Eliza. Last residence: Aberdeen, Miss.

TINEY, ROBERT, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 81, and a resident of Lawrence County; private S. C. Continental Line; enrolled on April 26, 1828, under act of Congress of March 18, 1818, payment to date from February 6, 1828; annual allowance, \$96; sums received to date of publication of list, \$439.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

TIPTON, FRANK, physician, was born November 11, 1848, in Dallas County, and died in 1892; son of John Green and Elizabeth (Tanner) Tipton, natives, respectively, of Georgia and North Carolina, the former a planter in Dallas County, the latter the descendant of a prominent family of the American Revolution. He received his academic education from the University of Alabama and the University of Virginia, and his medical education in New York City, and in New Orleans, La. He began the practice of medicine in Dallas County, and located in Selma in 1881. He was chief of clinics at the Charity Hospital, New Orleans, 1869-1870, and was a clinical assistant in the New York Eye, Ear and Throat Infirmary in 1880. In October, 1889, he formed a partnership with his brother, Dr. W. J. Tipton, in Selma. He was author of various articles on medical subjects, including "The Negro Problem from a Medical Standpoint," "Laryngology," "Ophthalmology," and "Otology." He was a member of the Medical Association of Alabama; and of the Dallas County Medical Society. Married: (1) in 1871, in Selma, to Gertrude Riggs, sister of Dr. B. H. Riggs, of Selma, and daughter of Daniel M. Riggs (q. v.); (2) in 1885, in Marengo County, to Mary Lewis, daughter of Ivey Lewis, of Hale County. His son, William Hogan Tipton, of Selma, married Mary Buell, of that place. Last residence: Selma.

TITCOMB, WILLIAM YATES, teacher, was born January 28, 1827, and died December 23, 1913, at Montgomery; son of John Hancock and Jane (Pearson) Titcomb, who lived at Newburyport, Essex County, Mass., the former who was a sea captain most of his life, and made many voyages to India, Europe and South America, and whose father was lost at sea; great-grandson of Jonathon Titcomb, who was commissioned major general of the Massachusetts militia by his personal friend, Gov. John Hancock, and was serving as such when President George Washington visited the New Eng-

land States, as he is mentioned in Washington's diary, in the passage saying, "When I reached the county line of Essex County, I was met by Gen. Titcomb, Mr. Dalton and some other gentlemen"; and a descendant of William Titcomb, who came over from London, England, on the ship *Hercules* in 1634, and with others founded the town of Newbury, afterward Newburyport. He received his early education in private schools and a high school at Newburyport, Mass., and in a preparatory school at Washington, D. C.; and was graduated from Columbian college, now George Washington university, Washington, D. C., A. B., 1851, and A. M., 1860. He was employed as an assistant teacher in Hampton military academy, Virginia, in 1851; was in charge of a school at Surrey Court House, Va., 1852-1857; went to Alabama to accept a position as principal of Newtown academy in 1857; and continued teaching at different places in Alabama. He was elected the first mayor of Brewton, Escambia County, and was the first representative from that county in the State legislature. He was a member of the lower house, 1876-1877, and a member of the State senate representing Monroe, Baldwin and Escambia Counties, 1880-1884. He was author of a bill in the legislature making the study of physiology and hygiene a part of the curriculum of the public schools. During the War of Secession, he served for a short time in the C. S. Army as first lieutenant of a company. He was a Democrat, an Episcopalian, and was chairman of the committee on foreign correspondence of the grand lodge and grand chapter of Alabama Masons at the time of his death. He was buried with Masonic honors at Anniston, his old home. He was never married. Last residence: Montgomery.

TOGULKI, TUGULKEY, or YOUNG TWIN, Creek Emperor. See Indian chiefs and associated characters.

TOLBERT, SAMUEL, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 87, resided in Benton County, June 1, 1840.—*Census of Penstoners*, 1841, p. 148.

TOMLINSON, JOHN W., lawyer, was born February 1, 1858, in Russellville, Granger County, Tenn., and died July 23, 1911, in Birmingham; son of Thomas and Melvina (Proffitt) Tomlinson, the former a native of Cheraw County, S. C., who later settled in Jefferson County, Tenn., a captain in the Confederate Army and owner of Tate Springs, the popular watering resort; grandson of John B. and Mary (Bryan) Proffitt of Tennessee. He received his early education in the schools of Morristown, Tenn., and was a graduate of Emory and Henry college, Va., the University of Tennessee, at Knoxville, and Vanderbilt university, Nashville, from which latter institution he received the degree of LL. B., in 1882, carrying off the first honor in his class. He at once began the practice of law in his native county where he remained one year. In 1883 he removed to Birmingham, and the year following formed a partnership with C. A. Mountjoy, a connection that continued for fifteen years. He was elected

mayor of South Highlands, which incorporated suburb of Birmingham soon became a part of the city. He made investments in real estate and was director of the Alabama national bank and the Birmingham national bank. In 1898 he was chairman of the Democratic State convention; delegate from Alabama to the Democratic conventions of 1896-1900, and a member of the resolutions committee of the latter convention; candidate for governor of Alabama, 1900. He was a Methodist; Mason; Knight of Pythias; Elk, and a member of the Phi Delta Theta college fraternity. Married: April 25, 1889, in Opelika, to Annie, daughter of Forney and Rebecca (Blount) Renfro, of that place. Children: 1. Joy; 2. Rebecca Bland; 3. John Bryan, died overseas, during the European War, member American Expeditionary forces; 4. Ila. Last residence: Birmingham.

TOMPKINS, CHRISTOPHER C., planter and county surveyor, was born January 18, 1799, where Louisville, Ky., now stands, and died August 12, 1874, in Frankfort; son of Humphres Tompkins, a native of England who settled where Tompkinsville, Ky., is now located. He was a planter and slave owner, and held the office of tax assessor at the time Franklin and Colbert counties were one, about 1850. He was a justice of the peace several terms, and county surveyor of Franklin for a long period of years. He was a Republican. Married: in 1820, in Russellville, to Hannah, daughter of Noah and Rachel Burgess of Frankfort. Children: 1. H. C., m. Martha ——— of Hempstead, Texas; 2. Marion; 3. Elizabeth; 4. John C.; 5. Christopher; 6. Mary. Last residence: Frankfort.

TOMPKINS, HENRY CLAY, lawyer, was born September 14, 1845, in Essex County, Va., and died September 12, 1898, in Montgomery; son of Joseph Temple and Jane (Ford) Tompkins, the former a native of King William County, Va., a farmer and soldier of the War of 1812, the latter a native of Fredericksburg, Va.; grandson of Christopher and Ann Temple (Fleet) Tompkins of Virginia, the former a captain in the Continental army and a participant in the siege of Yorktown, and of John Taylor and Martha (Gregory) Ford, of Fredericksburg, Va. The Tompkins family was of English stock, while the Fords were of Scotch and English origin. Col. Tompkins was educated in the schools and academies of Virginia and was pursuing his studies at the outbreak of the war between the states. In 1862 at the age of sixteen, he enlisted as a private in the 4th Virginia cavalry regiment and with this command served two years under Gen. J. E. B. Stuart. He was transferred to the infantry branch of the service and commissioned lieutenant and was acting adjutant of the regiment at the close of the war. He was captured at Sailor's Creek, April 6, 1865, and imprisoned on Johnson's Island where he was held until peace was declared. He removed from Virginia to Alabama in 1866, and at once began to teach school, a profession he followed for three years, during which time he read law and was admitted to the bar at Union Springs, Bullock

County, February, 1869. He was elected attorney general of the State, 1878, and held that office until December, 1884, having been twice re-elected. He was chairman of the Democratic committee of Bullock County from 1874 to 1877 and contributed to the downfall of scalawag and carpetbag rule. He was elected chairman of the State democratic committee in 1886 and held the position for a number of years. He became identified with the State troops in 1875 and was elected lieutenant colonel of the 2nd Alabama regiment in 1877. He represented the State at large as delegate to the National democratic convention that nominated Grover Cleveland for president, 1884, and made an active campaign throughout the State for his election. He was also a delegate to the National convention in 1888; one of the organizers and a director in the Commercial fire insurance company of Montgomery; president of the Alabama bar association and legal adviser for a number of corporations over the State. On accepting the office of attorney general of Alabama he removed to Montgomery and continued his residence in that city until his death. Married: April, 1869, Annie, daughter of Hon. Marion A. and Celia (Fitzpatrick) Baldwin (q. v.). Children: 1. Mary Celia, d. in infancy; 2. Gus Baldwin, d. in infancy; 3. Annie Baldwin, died, age thirteen; 4. Mattie Henry, m. Berto Henry Johnson, three children, (1) Henry Clay, (2) Berto Henry, (3) Herbert Lee; 5. Henry Clay, d. in infancy; 6. Henry Clay, unmarried. Last residence: Montgomery.

TOMPKINS, JOHN R., lawyer, editor, and member Alabama legislature, was born September 23, 1833, in Edgefield, S. C.; son of John and Mary (Robertson) Tompkins, natives of Edgefield, S. C., a wealthy planter and member of the legislature, who removed to Sumter County in 1850; grandson of Stephen and Elizabeth (Brooks) Tompkins, and of Ezra and Mary (Cunningham) Robertson, all of Edgefield, S. C.; great-grandson of Stephen Tompkins, a Revolutionary captain of cavalry troop. The Tompkins family traces its origin to Saxony, the original ancestor having located in Sussex and Essex Counties, England, in the sixth century. The American branch sprang from descendants of this stock who emigrated to this country in considerable numbers in 1740 and were largely represented in the Continental Army. The Robertsons were of Welsh stock. Mr. Tompkins was prepared for college at the Hodges institute in Abbeville, S. C., and in 1850 entered Yale university. He read law in the office of Gen. M. L. Bonham, in Edgefield, S. C., and in 1855, joined his father in Livingston, where he edited the "Sumter Democrat," and read law in the office of Hon. A. A. Coleman. Owing to delicate health, he was discharged as many as five times from the Confederate Army. He entered the ordnance department in 1863, and during that year assisted Gen. G. D. Ramsey in organizing the Alabama State troops, having been appointed inspector general with rank of major on that officer's staff. He was serving in this capacity at the time of the surrender at Appomattox. He removed to Mobile, 1869, and the year following

the close of hostilities he was elected to the Alabama legislature from that county. In 1876 he was elected solicitor for the sixth judicial circuit. He was a Democrat, Odd Fellow and an Episcopalian. Married: (1) April 2, 1857, in Mobile, to Fannie, daughter of Price and Pauline (Nash) Williams; (2) to Fannie A., only daughter of Dr. H. W. Tompkins, late of Edgefield, S. C. Children: 1. John Edward, physician, m. Addie Moore, Mobile; 2. Price W., merchant, Mobile; 3. Dite Pauline, m. (1) William Corrie, (2) D. T. Auchmuty of New Orleans; 4. Charles Walsh, lawyer, m. Bell Bland, Mobile. Last residence: Mobile.

TOMPKINS, OSCAR LEALON, of Dothan, representative in the legislature, 1919, from Houston County, was born October 26, 1883, at Belgreen, Franklin County; son of R. A. and Emma Fern (Gober) Tompkins; grandson of Marion and Sarah Jane Tompkins, and of Thomas and Annie Gober. His paternal ancestors came to Virginia from England, later emigrating to Kentucky, then to Tennessee and from this state to Franklin County, his great-great-grandfather Umphrey Tompkins having removed to this county about 1818. Mr. Tompkins received his early education in the rural schools of Franklin County and the Third District agricultural school; later attended the summer school at the University of Alabama and the University of Tennessee, summer sessions of 1908-10; and attended the law department of the University of Alabama for one year, 1912-13. He was admitted to the bar and began the practice of law, March, 1914, at Dothan; formed a partnership with W. L. Lee in June, 1914; was a teacher and principal of the Dothan high school, 1906-1911; was presidential elector, 1916-17; and was elected to the legislature from Houston County, 1918. He is a Democrat and a Methodist. Married: on April 29, 1916, to Lou, daughter of J. W. Deason of Dothan. Residence: Dothan.

TONSMEIRE, HENRY, lawyer, was born May 30, 1870, at Mobile, son of Henry and Catharine (Carlin) Tonsmeire, the former a native of Wurthe, Prussia, who lived at Wurthe, Osnabruck and Hanover until 1861, when he came through the United States on a trip to Brazil, and finding the ports blockaded, became a merchant in Mobile, associated with John Croft in the firm of Tonsmeire & Croft; grandson of Henry and Henrietta (Luhn) Tonsmeire, who lived at Köln and afterward at Wurthe, Germany, and of John and Johanna (Fitzgerald) Carlin, who lived at Baltimore, Md., and later in Mobile. He was educated in the public schools of Mobile; at Cleveland's business college, Mobile; at St. George's hall, Maryland; and at Washington and Lee university, from which institution he was graduated LL. B., 1892. He began to practice law in Mobile in 1892, and has continued his profession at that place, engaged chiefly in probate and chancery practice and in matters relating to commercial and land practice. He has been a member of the Alabama commission on uniform state laws, of the National Civic Federation, and of the National Geographic Society, and is an Episco-

palian. Married: October 14, 1897, at Mobile, to Henrietta Livingston Barnewall; daughter of Henry Ogden and Caroline (Tankersley) Barnewall, of Mobile, the former of English descent, who came to Mobile from New York City about 1850; granddaughter of Richard Tankersley and his wife, who was a daughter of Antonia Espejo. Children: 1. Catherine Livingston; 2. Henry Barnewall. Residence: Mobile.

TONTI, HENRY DE, Spanish explorer. See Indian chiefs and associated characters.

TOOLE, BARCKLEY WALLACE, physician, was born February 17, 1835, at Maryville, Tenn., and died about 1898, at Talladega; son of William and Elizabeth (Wallace) Toole, the former a native of Toole's Bend, near Knoxville, Tenn., the latter of Jefferson County, Tenn.; grandson of John Toole and of Jesse and Martha (George) Wallace. He was of Scotch-Irish descent. Reared and educated at Maryville, Tenn., he was graduated from Maryville college, read medicine, and in 1861, was graduated from the medical department of the University of Nashville, M. D. Early in 1862, he enlisted in the C. S. Army as a private in the Thirty-first Tennessee infantry regiment; later was appointed surgeon of that regiment; was made brigade surgeon in 1863, and chief surgeon of a cavalry division in 1864; and was paroled at Athens, Ga., May 7, 1865. He returned to his home in Tennessee, and in December, 1865, moved to Talladega, and established himself in the practice of medicine. He served as alderman of the city of Talladega for a number of years; was a trustee of the Talladega female college, 1873-1896; was president of the board of control of the Isbell female college, 1891-1896; president of the Talladega County Medical Society for many years; was vice president in 1892, president in 1897, and at the time of his death, senior counsellor, of the Medical Association of Alabama; and was a Presbyterian. Married: (1) in 1866, to Virginia Fulkerson, who died in May, 1877, daughter of James L. Fulkerson of Tennessee; (2) in October, 1879, to Hannah V. Lanneau, who died in June, 1889, daughter of the Rev. James Lanneau of South Carolina. Children, by first marriage: 1. Ellen; 2. Alice; 3. Arthur. Last residence: Talladega.

TORREY, CHARLES J., lawyer, register in chancery, and city attorney of Mobile, was born April 25, 1850, in Claiborne, Monroe County, and died July 14, 1917, at Mobile; son of Judge Rufus C. and Elizabeth Sargent (Henshaw) Torrey, natives of Massachusetts and Alabama respectively, the former a lawyer, who removed to Alabama in the thirties and resided in this State until his death in 1882; grandson of Andrew Henshaw, a native of Massachusetts, who came to Alabama after the War of 1812, in which he served as a soldier. The Torreys are of English descent. Mr. Torrey was educated in Leicester, Mass., and at Bellevue institute, near Lynchburg, Va. Prior to entering upon the study of law, in 1872, he devoted himself for two years to surveying. Reading law in his father's office at Claiborne, he was admitted to the bar in 1873, and began the practice

in his native town. He was soon thereafter appointed register in chancery for Monroe County, which position carried him to Monroeville to reside, but he resigned a few years later and in 1879 removed to Mobile, where he became a member of the law firm of Pillans, Torrey and Hanaw. In 1889, he was elected city attorney of Mobile, holding that office for several terms. He was a Democrat, and an Episcopalian. Married: in January, 1887, to Helen, daughter of Judge Lyman Gibbons (q. v.). Last residence: Mobile.

TORREY, SAMUEL, merchant and real estate dealer, was born April 21, 1824, in Montreal, Canada, deceased; son of David S. and Nanny (Dudy) Torrey, natives of Vermont, who moved to Canada in 1820, and returned to Vermont in 1837, the former a soldier in the War of 1812; grandson of an American soldier in the Revolutionary War, who served under Ethan Allen. He attended French college, in Montreal, but after the return of his family to Vermont, finished his education in that state. He left Montpelier, Vt., in 1847, and went to Montgomery where he was in the clothing business until 1865. He fought in the C. S. Army at different periods during the War of Secession. "He went to Kowaliga, Alabama, in the fall of 1865, and merchandised and farmed there until August, 1871, when he came to Birmingham. On his arrival he bought a lot and let the contract to have a store put up, and returned in ten days with a wagon load of goods hauled all the way from Montgomery. This incident marks an interesting episode in Birmingham's history. This wagon load was the first merchandise ever brought to the city. Mr. Torrey was among the faithful few who remained in Birmingham throughout the cholera scourge, and from his store many things were supplied to the suffering. Drugs, as well as other articles, were kept in stock."—From "History of Jefferson County and Birmingham," 1887, p. 488. Mr. Torrey withdrew from the merchandising business in July, 1886, and became a dealer in real estate. He was a Methodist and an Odd Fellow. Married: (1) name unknown; (2) December 31, 1863, to Jane E. Westbrook, daughter of J. C. Westbrook, of Birmingham. Children: 1. John. Last residence: Birmingham.

TORRY, RUFUS C., member of the constitutional convention of 1875, from the twenty-ninth senatorial district; grand master grand council of Alabama, 1859; father of Charles J. Torrey, lawyer, Mobile.

TOULMIN, HARRY, minister, lawyer, judge, member of the constitutional convention of 1819, was born April 7, 1766, at Taunton, England, and died in December, 1824, at Washington Court House; son of Rev. Joshua Toulmin, who was an independent clergyman at Colyton, Devonshire, a Baptist clergyman, Taunton, England, 1765-1804, and a Unitarian clergyman, Birmingham, England, 1804-15. He received his education in England, and was licensed to preach, was a dissenting minister at Chorobert, Lancashire, until 1793, when he came to this

country, accompanied by Dr. Joseph Priestly, landed at Norfolk, Va., and proceeded to Winchester, Va., Dr. Priestly settling in Pennsylvania. He established a seminary at Norfolk and the following year removed to Lexington, Ky., where he became president of the Transylvania university, for four years. He was suspected of Unitarian sentiments, and as he was also a friend of Thomas Jefferson, he won disfavor with the Presbyterian trustees, several of whom resigned and established an academy of their own known as the Kentucky academy. They, however, reunited with the seminary in 1798, and although Mr. Toulmin was re-elected unanimously to the presidency of the academy, he retired, April 4, 1796, and Rev. James Moore succeeded him. In 1796, he became secretary of the state of Kentucky, and removed to Frankfort, where he resided and continued in his office for eight years, during the two terms of Gov. James Garrard. He studied law, attained eminence at the Kentucky bar, and in 1804, was appointed by President Jefferson judge of the superior court of the Mississippi Territory, and subsequently became the first federal judge of what was then called the Tombigbee District. When he came to the territory, he first settled at Fort Stoddard in Washington County, two or three miles from the Mt. Vernon garrison. His first court was held in the fall of 1804, at a place named by him, New Wakefield. He was distributing postmaster for all mails arriving for the territory in his neighborhood, and served as minister and as physician. His judicial functions ceased, in 1819, when the Mississippi Territory was divided, and he subsequently removed to Washington Court House, where he was one of the framers of the State constitution. He is the author of: "Description of Kentucky," 1792; "Magistrate's Assistant; Collection of the Acts of Kentucky," 1802; "Review of the Criminal Law of Kentucky, with James Blair," 1804; "Mississippi Magistrate's Guide," and the "Laws of Mississippi," 1807; and "Digest of the Laws of the State of Alabama," 1823. He was a Democrat. Married: (1) in England, to Ann Tremlett; (2) in Washington County, to Martha Johnson, a native of England. Children, by first marriage: 1. Lucinda, m. Daniel Garrard, deceased; 2. Frances, m. Edmund Pendleton Gaines, major general in the U. S. Army, deceased; 3. Hannah, m. Major Reuben Chamberlain of the C. S. Army, deceased; 4. Theophilus Lindsey, m. Amante Elizabeth Juzan, deceased; 5. Joshua, d. in early life; 6. Jane, m. Green Duke Caller, deceased; 7. Ann Tremlett, m. William Hunter, deceased; 8. Emma, m. Thomas H. Herndon, deceased; by second marriage: 9. Helen, m. William P. Gaines, deceased; 10. Harry, deceased, m. Frances Biddle Priestly, child Priestly, residence, Birmingham. Last residence: Washington Court House, Washington County.

TOULMIN, HARRY THEOPHILUS, lawyer, judge of the southern district of Alabama, was born March 4, 1838, in Mobile County, and died November 12, 1916, at Mobile; son of Theophilus Lindsey and Amante (Juzan) Toulmin (q. v.); grandson of Judge Harry Toulmin (q. v.).

He received his education at the University of Alabama and University of Virginia, and completed a partial course of law at the latter place. He attended one course of lectures in the law department of the University of Louisiana, was admitted to the bar, and in 1860, commenced the practice of his profession at Mobile. He entered the C. S. Army, April 23, 1861, as private in the Third Alabama infantry regiment; in September was promoted to the first lieutenancy of Co. H, Twenty-second Alabama infantry; and was later promoted to the captaincy of his company, which he commanded in the battles of Shiloh, Perryville, Murfreesboro, and Chickamauga. During the progress of the last battle he was made major of his regiment; was promoted to the rank of lieutenant-colonel of his regiment, two months later; and in July, 1864, was made colonel, and served with this rank until the close of the war. He participated in the campaign of Dalton and Atlanta, and all subsequent battles of that part of the army to which he belonged, with the exception of Franklin and Nashville, Tenn., and surrendered with Gen. Johnston at Greensboro, N. C. He resumed his law practice at Mobile in 1865; was presidential elector in 1868; and in 1870, was elected to the State legislature, and served as chairman of the committee on judiciary, and as a member of the committee on corporations. During his term of service in the legislature he was admitted to practice before the supreme court of the state. He was elected judge of what was then the sixth judicial circuit of Alabama, in November, 1874, for a term of six years, and was re-elected in 1880, the circuit having been changed from the sixth to the first judicial circuit. He resigned the office in 1882, and resumed his law practice, but in December, 1886, was appointed by President Cleveland as U. S. judge for the southern district of Alabama. He was trustee of the Alabama medical college, and president of the board of trustees of the Mobile Y. M. C. A. He was a Democrat and senior warden of the Protestant Episcopal church. Married: May 4, 1869, to Mary Montague Henshaw, of Claiborne, daughter of Andrew T. Henshaw, and niece of David Henshaw, who was secretary of the navy under President Taylor's administration. Last residence: Mobile.

TOULMIN, THEOPHILUS LINDSEY, planter, was born July 4, 1796, at Frankfort, Ky., and died July 4, 1866, at Mobile; son of Judge Harry and Ann (Tremlett) Toulmin (q. v.). He was educated at home by tutors and by his father, and in November, 1813, when he was seventeen years old, enlisted under Gen. Claiborne in Gen. Jackson's army, where he attained the rank of lieutenant. He became a planter and conducted a stock farm; represented Mobile in the State legislature in 1831; and was elected sheriff of Mobile County a year or two later. He served in the State legislature in both branches for a total of about twenty-five years, the greater part of the time in the senate. He was at one time brigadier general of the militia of the state, his military district extending over several of the south Alabama counties; and was assistant quartermaster in the volunteer army during the war with Mexico. He was appointed postmaster of Mobile in 1848.

by President Polk, was removed from that office by President Taylor, and re-instated by President Pierce. In 1840, he was on the Democratic electoral ticket, and was chairman of the electoral college when, in the senate chamber, they cast the vote of the state for Van Buren as president and R. M. Johnson as vice president. After his last term in the senate, which ended with the overthrow of the Confederacy, he withdrew from public life, and died the next year. He was a Democrat and a Protestant Episcopalian. Married: May 13, 1821, at Mobile, to Amante Elizabeth Juzan, daughter of Daniel and Louise (Laurendine) Juzan, of Mobile, who came from France during its ownership of Mobile. Some of her ancestors came to Mobile as early as 1735-1736, during Bienville's governorship, and participated in the Indian Wars of that period. Children: 1. Louisa A., m. Lloyd Bowers, both deceased; 2. Mary J., m. Edmund Pendleton Gaines (q. v.); 3. Frances H., Dayton, O., m. Morton Toulmin, deceased; 4. Edmund Pendleton, m. Fannie E. Bowers, both deceased; 5. Maria, d. in childhood; 6. Alabama Virginia, d. in childhood; 7. Harry Theophilus (q. v.); 8. Robert Crawford, d. in childhood. Last residence: Mobile.

TOWLES, CATHERINE (BARBER), author, deceased.

TOWLES, TOLIVER, member of the constitutional convention of 1865 from Chambers County, and 1867, from the twenty-third district.

TOWNES, EGGLESTON DICK, lawyer and chancellor, was born in 1817, and died in 1864, in Texas; son of John Leigh and Polly Segar (Eggleston) Townes (q. v.). He entered the University of Alabama from LaGrange, Franklin County, in 1833, and was graduated from that institution, A. B., 1835. He studied law, was admitted to the bar, located at Tuscumbia, and was elected chancellor of the northern chancery division of Alabama in 1851. He resigned from that position in 1852, and moved to Texas, where he practiced his profession. He entered the C. S. Army, during the War of Secession, returned to his home very ill with a disease contracted in the army, and died soon after. Married: to Martha Cousins Betts. Children: among others, John Charles (q. v.), who was educated chiefly at Baylor university, Waco, Tex., and later received the degree of LL. D. from that University, was admitted to the bar in 1873, practiced law at Austin, Tex., 1873-1877, moved to San Saba County, Tex., 1877, served as judge of the Thirty-third judicial district of Texas, 1882-1885, resigned and resumed practice at Georgetown, Tex., was elected judge of the twenty-sixth judicial district, resigned and entered practice at Austin, Tex., with S. R. Fisher, 1888, became professor of law at the University of Texas in 1892, was made dean of the law department in 1900, resigned in 1902, and was again made dean in 1908, was elected president of Association of American Law Schools, 1909-1910, is author of "Texas Pleading and Practice," "Elementary Law," "Torts,"

"Civil Government of the United States and Texas," "Law Books and How to Use Them," m. Kate R. Wildbahn of Manor, Tex., resides at Austin, Tex. Last residence: Texas.

TOWNES, JOHN CHARLES, lawyer, was born January 30, 1852, at Tuscumbia; son of Eggleston D. and Martha Cousins (Betts) Townes (q. v.). He was a student at Baylor university, Texas, 1867-69, and received the honorary degree of LL. D., from this institution in 1898. He was admitted to the bar, in 1873; practiced at Austin, Tex., 1873-77; located in San Saba County, Tex., 1877; judge, thirty-third judicial district of Texas, 1882-85; resigned and began the practice at Georgetown, Tex.; judge, twenty-sixth judicial district, March-August, 1888; resigned and entered the practice at Austin, Tex., 1888; and is now professor of law, University of Texas. He was president of the Association of American law schools, 1909-10. He is a Baptist and a Democrat. Author: "Townes' Texas pleading," 1901; "Studies in American elementary law," 1903; "General principles of the law of torts," 1907; "Civil government in the United States and in Texas," 1908; "Law books and how to use them," 1909; "Pleading in the district and county courts of Texas," 1913. Married: December 28, 1871, to Kate R. Wildbahn. Residence: Austin, Tex.

TOWNES, JOHN LEIGH, planter, lawyer, member constitutional convention of 1819, was born November 15, 1774, in Amelia County, Va., and died July 28, 1846, in Tuscumbia. He was educated at Hampden-Sidney college, Virginia, and finished his law studies with Judge Peter Johnson. He was admitted to the bar in Amelia County, Va., in 1806, and began to practice law. He served throughout the War of 1812 as captain of a volunteer company, stationed principally at Norfolk, Va., and at the close of the war in 1815, received a commission as major of the First battalion, First regiment of Virginia militia, from the governor of Virginia. He was elected to the legislature of Virginia in 1815, and served through the sessions of 1815 and 1816. He moved to Alabama in October, 1817, and settled in Madison County, which was at that time Mississippi territory. After the formation of Alabama Territory, he was elected from Madison County to the constitutional convention of 1819. The next year, he moved to Lawrence County and settled on Town Creek. In 1824, he was ordained a minister of the gospel in the Carmel church by a presbytery consisting of Elder Henry W. Hodges, Elder Jeremiah Burns, and Elder William Leigh. He was clerk of the Muscle Shoals Association for nine sessions and moderator for two sessions; was pastor of churches at Courtland, Russell Valley, Bethel and other places; and at the time of his death, was pastor of the Mt. Pleasant and Bethel churches. He was a Democrat. Married: December 24, 1806, to Polly Segar Eggleston, a Virginian. Children: 1. Julia, m. Rev. D. B. Bestor (q. v.); 2. Frances, m. William Gregg, planter and merchant; 3. Eggleston Dick (q.

v.); 4. Polly Segar, m. Richard H. Leigh, physician and planter both deceased. Last residence: Tusculumbla.

TOWNSEL, JOSHUA, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 80, resided in Jackson County, June 1, 1840.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

TOWNSEND, ANDREW, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 71, and a resident of St. Clair County; private S. C. Militia; enrolled on September 28, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832; payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$20; sums received to date of publication of list, \$50.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

TOWNSEND, SAMUEL JACKSON, surveyor, was born March 2, 1833, at China Grove, Pike County, deceased; son of Eli and Susan (Aylor) Townsend, the former a native of Hancock County, Ga., who settled in Montgomery County, near Mt. Meigs, in January, 1817, moved to China Grove, Pike County, in 1821, and was a planter and slave-owner; grandson of Samuel Townsend, of Greene County, Ga., and of John and Mary (Hammonds) Aylor, who lived in Washington, Wilkes County, Ga.; great-grandson of Henry Townsend, who was born near Sheffield, England, came to America with Lord Baltimore, and settled in Maryland; and a descendant of Samuel and Mary (Haggerty) Townsend, the former a native of Maryland, an officer in the Revolution, who served under Gen. Francis Marion in South Carolina, and was an aide de camp of Gen. Andrew Jackson, taking part in the battle of Horseshoe Bend, on the Tallapoosa River. Mr. Townsend was educated at the Orion institute of Pike County, from which institution he was graduated, C. E., and was also graduated at Tuskegee military college in 1852. He was drillmaster, with rank of captain at Montgomery in 1862; volunteered as a private in Hilliard's legion; and was afterward in the Sixtieth Alabama infantry, Col. John W. A. Sanford, of Montgomery, commanding. During the last year of the war he was detailed as a conscript officer for Pike County. He was elected county surveyor of Pike County in 1874, and held that position for many years; was tax assessor of Pike County, 1892-1896; was a Democrat; a Missionary Baptist, and served as clerk of the Salem, Centennial and Troy Baptist associations for thirty years; and is a Mason. Married: May 15, 1857, at Perote, Bullock County, to Martha Caroline, daughter of Hiram and Matilda (Simpson) Carter, who came to Alabama from Milledgeville, Ga., and settled near Perote, the former who served in the U. S. Army during the Creek Indian War. Children: 1. Mary Matilda, m. Dr. Andrew C. Townsend, of China Grove; 2. Susan Johanna, m. Douglas G. Borom; 3. Willie Hennie, m. C. B. Moss of Fitzpatrick; 4. Stonewall Jackson, m. (1) Laura Barnett, (2) Mrs. Mary Humphries; 5. Judson Carter, electrician, Marion; 6. Eula; 7. Samuel Tilden, electrician, Troy. Last residence: Troy.

TOY, CRAWFORD HOWELL, university professor, for a number of years a resident of Alabama, was born March 23, 1836, at Norfolk, Va.; son of Thomas Dallam and Amelia (Rogers) Toy. He attended the Norfolk academy; graduated from the University of Virginia, M. A., 1856; taught school, 1856-59; student at the Southern Baptist theological seminary, 1856-60; served in the Confederate Army, 1861-63, and immediately afterwards was appointed professor of physics and astronomy in the University of Alabama. After leaving Alabama, he spent two years at the University of Berlin; received the honorary degree of LL. D. from the University of North Carolina, 1889, and from Harvard, 1904. Since 1909 he has been professor emeritus of Hebrew and oriental languages, Harvard university. Married: in 1888, to Nancy, daughter of Rev. R. M. Saunders, of Norfolk, Va. Residence: Cambridge, Mass.

TRACY, EDWARD DORR, lawyer, jurist, brigadier-general, C. S. Army, was born November 5, 1833, in Macon, Bibb County, Ga., died from battle wounds May 1, 1863, in Port Gibson, Miss., and is buried in Macon, Ga.; son of Judge Edward Dorr and Susan (Campbell) Tracy, the former born in Norwich, New London County, Conn., but later settled in Georgia, the latter a sister of Judge Campbell of Mobile; grandson of Dr. Philemon and Abigail (Grott) Tracy. The Tracys were of English descent. General Tracy received his early education at private schools, later going to the University of Georgia, Athens, where he studied law and graduated at the age of seventeen. On leaving college he taught a school for young boys, and at the age of twenty he began the practice of law in Macon, Ga. In 1855, he moved to Huntsville, where he became a partner of Hon. D. C. Humphreys. In 1860, he was an alternate elector for the state-at-large on the Breckenridge ticket, and made a brilliant reputation on the stump, in the northern counties. When it was apparent that war was inevitable he was made captain of the Fourth Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army. In July, 1861, he was appointed major of the 12th Alabama infantry regiment, but did not accept. On July 17, 1861, he was appointed major of his own regiment, and was with the regiment in the first battle of Manassas. On October 19, 1861, he was appointed lieutenant-colonel of the 19th Alabama infantry regiment, Col. Joe Wheeler, being colonel, and commanding this regiment in the battle of Shiloh had a horse killed under him. On May 10, 1862, he commanded a detached portion of the 19th Alabama infantry regiment in a skirmish which General Wheeler had with the enemy near Farmington. In July, 1862, he went with McCown's division from the Army of the Mississippi to East Tennessee to reinforce Gen. Edmond Kirby Smith and was specially recommended by General Smith to General Cooper. The following August, 1863, he was commissioned brigadier-general and placed in command of the 20th, 23rd, 30th, 31st, and 46th Alabama regiments. At the battle of Port Gibson, Miss., he was in command of

this brigade when killed instantly by a minie ball. He was a Presbyterian, and a Mason. Married: February 19, 1856, at Huntsville, to Ellen Elizabeth, daughter of Capt. George and Eliza (Weaver) Steele, who came from Fauquier County, Va., to Madison County. Children: 1. Archibald Campbell, died in infancy; 2. Susan Campbell, deceased, m. Dr. Appleton Collins, of Macon, Ga.; 3. Georgia Eliza, m. George Dole Wadley, of Monroe County, Ga.; 4. Ellen Steele, d. in infancy. Last residence: Huntsville.

TRAMMELL, JUDGE VAUGHN, legislator, was born May 31, 1869, at Five Points, Chambers County; son of Lovzinski Wolf and Frances Eliza (Goldsmith) Trammell; grandson of Farrh Harris and Sarah Trammell, of Five Points, the former who was a civil engineer in the U. S. Army, serving in the War of 1812 under Generals Coffee and Jackson, participated in the battles of Horseshoe Bend and New Orleans with the rank of colonel, at the close of the war settled in Newton County, Ga., represented this county in the legislature, and in 1830 removed to Chambers County, and of George and Sarah Goldsmith, of Waverly; great-grandson of Thomas Trammell, a native of North Carolina and a Revolutionary soldier. Judge V. Trammell received his early education at Five Points and Lafayette, Chambers County, and later attended the Southern university, but did not graduate. He was a member of the Chambers County board of education for four years and in 1919 was a representative in the legislature from Chambers County. He is a Democrat; and a steward, trustee and Sunday school superintendent of the Methodist Episcopal church, South. Married: on August 26, 1900, at Five Points, to Ira Roberta Alexa Mooty, daughter of James Payne and Mary Elizabeth Mooty, of La Grange, Ga. Children: 1. Mary Vaughn; 2. Frances Mauldine; 3. Ralph Eugene; 4. Edgar Robert. Residence: Five Points.

TRAMMELL, R. J., planter, was born July 23, 1836, in Meriwether County, Ga.; son of Elisha and Mary C. (Dunlap) Trammell, the former a native of Clarke County, Ga., who moved to Harris County, then to Meriwether County, Ga., and was married at the latter place, and in 1860, moved to Alabama and engaged in planting and milling in Columbus County, and erected a cotton factory on the Chattahoochee River, below West Point; great-grandson of Joseph Dunlap, who was born in Georgia, of Irish descent, and died in Meriwether County in 1852. Mr. Trammell began farming in conjunction with milling on his own account in 1856, and was occupied in that manner until 1861, when he enlisted in the Eckles Guards, which became Co. D, Eighth Georgia infantry, C. S. Army. He was promoted to first lieutenant, and took part in the first battle of Manassas, the seven days fight around Richmond, second Manassas, and Sharpsburg. After the latter engagement, he was invalided for nearly a year, and was not able to return to the army. On his recovery, he engaged in milling, planting, and manufactur-

ing, and later, devoted his entire attention to planting. He is a Democrat; a Master Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: in 1871, at LaGrange, Ga., to Nannie Stephens, who died in 1887. Children: 1. Robert Jefferson, assistant in mechanic arts, Alabama polytechnic institute, 1892-1893, instructor in woodwork at that institution, 1893-1900, assistant professor of mechanical engineering, 1900-1904, and draughtsman and mining engineer, Tennessee coal, iron and railroad company, Birmingham, 1904; 2. Mary Fannie; 3. Harrison. Residence: Lee County.

TRAPP, SYDENHAM B., railroad director, president of State convict bureau, veteran, C. S. Army, a native of Macon, Ga.; son of Benjamin and Eliza Trapp, both of South Carolina; grandson of William Benjamin Trapp, who served in the Revolutionary War as a major, under General Washington. He was reared in Macon, Ga., and entered the Southern university, at Greensboro, in 1859, leaving in the spring of 1861, to enlist in the Confederate service as private in the "Cuthbert rifles," Co. F, 5th Georgia infantry regiment, commanded by Col. John R. Jackson. His regiment was sent to Pensacola, Fla., where it remained until ordered to east Tennessee early in 1862. He participated in the battles of Shiloh, through the Kentucky campaign, Murfreesboro, Chickamauga, Missionary Ridge, and the campaign from Dalton to Atlanta, Ga., when his regiment was ordered to the Georgia coast and Florida. He was then transferred to Bonaud's battalion of artillery, and finally was paroled with the army in North Carolina, April 26, 1865. At the close of the war he settled in Cuthbert, Ga., and became a clerk in the mercantile business. In 1869, he went to Louisville, Ky., and in 1882, moved to Montgomery, and was made a director of the Montgomery and Eufaula railroad. Removing in 1885 to Anniston, he was made a director of the Louisville and Nashville railroad. He was selected by Governor Johnston for the office of president of the State convict bureau. Married: in 1871, to Mary E. George, first cousin of the late Senator George, of Mississippi. Children: six children were born of this marriage, one, a son, James McFerrin, served in the U. S. Army as member of Co. G, 14th infantry, during the Spanish-American War, and died in service at Manila, September 19, 1898; one of their daughters, Heulett, married Major Noble Wiley, U. S. Army. Residence: Anniston.

TRAVIS, ALEXANDER, Missionary Baptist minister and planter, was born May 22, 1790, in Edgefield District, S. C., and died in 1852, in Evergreen; son of Barrett and Elizabeth (DeLoach) Travis, both natives of near Redbank church, Edgefield District, S. C. The Travis family dates its place in English history from Jules Travis who came to that country with William the Norman. The DeLoach family is of French origin although through intermarriage there was an Irish strain in Alexander Travis' maternal line. Not privileged to have a college education he was a man of well trained mind, being a close student of the Bible

and of current events. In 1910 he was licensed to preach in the Primitive Baptist church and three years later was ordained to full work in the ministry. He assumed the pastorate of several churches in his community, but removed to Alabama in 1817, locating near Evergreen, Conecuh County, where he resided until his death. Being turned out of the Primitive Baptist church for preaching missionary doctrines he united with that branch of the church. Under his influence, during the year 1818, new converts were made and with those previously connected with the church a congregation was soon formed, Old Beulah church, located between Sparta and Brooklyn, founded by him. Owing to the sparseness of the population his pastoral duties were arduous, but with the zeal of the true apostle he disregarded fatigue and natural barriers, often walking thirty-five miles, carrying his saddle bags by hand and swimming swollen streams when necessary. During this pioneer period the only mode of light was the blazing pine torch, and after a day spent in labor cultivating his fields he would devote his evenings to the study of the scripture in preparation of his Sunday sermons. Through his indefatigable exertions, thriving churches were established in different parts of the county, over some of which he held the pastorate for thirty-five years. Married: Polly, daughter of Duke and Martha Williams, who lived near Redbank church, Edgefield County, S. C., a well to do family that stood high in the esteem of the community. Children: 1. John Duke, m. Mary, daughter of Nicholas and Polly Stallworth of Edgefield, S. C.; 2. Martha Ann, m. Nicholas Stallworth; 3. James Monroe, m. Mary Ann McCreary, Evergreen, parents of Philip Alexander Travis of Montgomery; 4. Philip Goode, twin brother of James Monroe, m. Adrairie Calloway, who moved to the western states. Last residence: Evergreen.

TRAVIS, JAMES C., register in chancery and tax commissioner. was born August 5, 1829, near Evergreen; son of Mark and Jemima (Stallworth) Travis (q. v.), and brother of Lieut.-Col. William Barrett Travis (q. v.), hero of the Alamo, and of Mark Butler Travis (q. v.). Mr. Travis received his education in his native county. He held the office of county surveyor some years and was subsequently made register in chancery and tax commissioner. He is a Baptist; a Democrat; and a Mason. Married: (1) in 1849, to Sophronia Davis, of Georgia; (2) to Mary E. Green, also of Georgia. Children, by the first wife: 1. Louise, deceased; 2. Mark A.; by the second wife, Jemima E. Residence: Evergreen.

TRAVIS, MARK, Sr., pioneer farmer, was born September 6, 1783, at Cambridge, Edgefield County, S. C., and died September 15, 1836, at Sparta; son of Barrett and Elizabeth (DeLoach) Travis, who was born near Ft. Ninety-Six, Edgefield County, and lived at Travis, S. C. He was among the early pioneer farmers in Alabama and at the time of his death had accumulated considerable substance, including his home and several hundred acres of land, well stocked, a dozen slaves and several hundred

head of cattle. He was a Nullifier; and a Missionary Baptist. Married: January 1, 1808, near Redbank church, Edgefield District, S. C., to Jemima, daughter of William and Jemima (Tripp) Stallworth, the latter the daughter of Jemima (McNammarra) Tripp, a native of Ireland. Children: 1. William Barrett, (q. v.); 2. and 3. Jemima and a twin sister that died in infancy; 4. Sarah Ann, m. Frances M. Brantley; 5. Emily Katherin, m. Joseph V. Brantley of Conecuh County; 6. Nancy, m. Rufus H. Kilpatrick, Monroe County; 7. Alexander Randsel, died unmarried; 8. Mark Butler (q. v.); 9. Calloway, m. (1) Sophronia Davis, (2) Mary Elizabeth Green. Last residence: Sparta.

TRAVIS, MARK BUTLER, circuit clerk and soldier, was born May 18, 1827, in the neighborhood of Old Town; son of Mark and Jemima (Stallworth) Travis (q. v.). He had a good preparatory education; read medicine under Dr. John Watkins and while en route to a distant state to prosecute further study on this subject, though only seventeen years of age, he enlisted in the famous "Palmetto regiment," of South Carolina, on their way to join General Scott in Mexico. He participated in the battles of Contreras and Churubusco, being wounded in the head in the latter encounter and was consequently prevented from being with his regiment when it entered the Mexican capital, but participated in subsequent military activities in that war. On returning home he was elected colonel of militia, and was afterwards made general of militia, defeating Col. Brock Henderson of Butler for that post. He was later elected clerk of the circuit court, which he held for four successive terms. He promptly responded to the call to arms when the War of Secession seemed inevitable and enlisted in the "Conecuh guards," the first company that left the county, being elected 2nd lieutenant of the company, part of the 4th Alabama infantry regiment, and going with it to Virginia. He died of pneumonia while at home on leave, in 1864. Last residence: Conecuh County.

TRAVIS, WILLIAM BARRETT, hero of the Alamo, was born August 9, 1809, in Edgefield District, S. C., and was killed by Santa Anna's men at the massacre of Ft. Alamo, Tex., March 6, 1836; son of Mark and Jemima (Stallworth) Travis (q. v.); brother of Mark Butler Travis (q. v.) and James C. Travis (q. v.). Colonel Travis received a good education in the schools of Conecuh County, to which his parents removed in 1818. He read law under Hon. James Dellett, at Claiborne, and was admitted to the bar at Monroeville, but was lured to the west by the adventurous spirit of the period and the threatened conflict with Mexico. Gifted in leadership he was soon at the head of forces organized to combat the aggressions of the Mexican leader, Gen. Santa Anna, who purposed suppressing the movements of the Anglo-American "rebels" of Texas. When he marched upon San Antonio with four thousand Mexicans he found Col. Travis in command of the opposing forces which consisted of but one hundred and forty-five men. Determined to hold Ft. Alamo, Col. Travis refused to sur-

render, hoping for reenforcements. After a heroic defense the Americans were attacked and the brave defenders massacred. Col. Travis fell near his cannon early in the assault, but his courage and defiant messages to Santa Anna immortalized his name. In the State capitol at Austin, Tex., there is a monument commemorating this stirring episode in her frontier history. The inscription reads: "Thermopylae had its messenger of defeat; the Alamo had none." Married: the daughter of William Cats. Children: 1. Martha; 2. Mary; 3. Sarah; 4. Eliza; 5. William, who was a Confederate soldier. All dead, but descendants are living in Conecuh and Escambia counties and in Santa Rosa County, Fla. Last residence: San Antonio, Texas.

TRAWICK, HENRY, Methodist minister, was born October 13, 1868, at Marvyn, Russell County, and died in Montgomery, December 14, 1913; son of Moses Taylor and Annie (Buchanan) Trawick, the former a Confederate soldier; grandson of Moses and Belthia Anne (Lawson) Trawick, who lived in Russell County, near Columbus, Ga., and of Richard and Margaret (Porter) Buchanan of Russell County. Richard Buchanan was a cousin of President Buchanan and his wife was the half sister of Dr. John E. Dawson, a distinguished Baptist divine of Georgia. His elementary education was received in the public schools of his native county, and at the high school, Opelika, of which Rev. D. M. Banks was principal. He attended the Southern university, Greensboro, graduating in 1891, later taking a theological course at Vanderbilt university, Nashville, Tenn. At Greensboro on March 29, 1888, he was licensed to preach, Dr. T. F. Mangum being presiding elder. His first service was as supply at St. Luke's, Columbus, Ga., during a college vacation. He was admitted on trial in the North Alabama conference, November 14, 1888, upon the recommendation of the Rounilus circuit, Tuscaloosa, and appointed to the Kennedy circuit and later to South Bend mission, admitted into full connection November 21, 1890; appointed tutor at Southern university, Greensboro, and was located at his own request December 5, 1891. He was ordained deacon by Bishop John C. Granbery on November 20, 1890, and elder by Bishop R. K. Hargrove on December 17, 1892; admitted into the Alabama conference in December, 1892, with elders orders. He served the following charges: Marianna, Fla., 1893-4; Demopolis, 1895-6; Greenville, 1897-8; Marion, 1899-1900; Tuskegee, 1901-2; Troy, 1903; Perry St. church, Montgomery, 1906; Greensboro, 1907-8; Court St. church, Montgomery, 1910-11; editor of the Alabama Christian advocate, 1904-5; appointed presiding elder for the Montgomery district upon the death of Dr. J. M. Mason, 1909. During his second year's work at Court street, 1911, he was granted a vacation for rest and recuperation, having had a nervous breakdown on account of the heavy work of his pastorate. At the conference held in December, 1912, he accepted the agency for the superannuated home cause. On December 5, 1913, he was appointed presiding elder of

the Dothan district, by Bishop Eugene R. Hendrix, but died at the home of Mr. F. A. Flowers, at Montgomery before leaving the city for his appointment. At the time of his death he was serving a second quandreunium as a member of the general board of church extension of the Methodist Episcopal church, South. He was a Democrat; Methodist; Mason; Odd Fellow; and Knight of Pythias. Author: "Modern revivalism," 1898. Married: April 12, 1894, at Marianna, Fla., to Ethel Mae, daughter of Col. Frank and Margaret (Nichols) Phillips; granddaughter of William and Katherine Ricks (Lawrence) Nichols, and Dr. Ethelred and Susan (Gautier) Phillips. Children: 1. Henry Phillips; 2. Maggie Phillips; 3. William Douglas. Last residence: Montgomery.

TRAWICK, MOSES TAYLOR, manufacturer, was born in May, 1847, in Russell County; son of Moses Taylor and Belthia Anne (Lawson) Trawick, the former a farmer by occupation, who lived in Russell County, near Columbus, Ga. where he died in 1848. He was educated in the common school of his native county, and at the age of sixteen, enlisted in the C. S. Army where he remained until the close of the war. Afterwards he devoted fifteen years to farming in Russell County. Coming to Opelika he established the Opelika oil mills in 1884; built and incorporated in 1885 the Lee County fertilizer manufactory, of which he was proprietor. Married: in 1868, to Annie, daughter of Richard and Margaret (Porter) Buchanan, the former a cousin of President Buchanan and lived in Marvyn, Russell County. Children: 1. Henry; 2. Birdie E.; 3. Willie D.; 4. L. T. Last residence: Opelika.

TRAWICK, THOMAS A., circuit clerk, merchant, farmer, was born February 2, 1844, in Henry County; son of George N. and Nancy (Galloway) Trawick, natives of South Carolina, the former moved to Henry County, in 1829, when the entire country around Abbeville was a wilderness, was an extensive farmer and slave owner, but lost his property by the war, was a Democrat and Methodist; grandson of William Galloway, a planter of considerable note in Henry County. He was reared on his father's plantation and received only a limited education. In 1861 he enlisted in the "Henry Grays" Co. A, 6th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, serving with that command until the cessation of hostilities. He was wounded five times. After the close of the war he turned his attention to farming. He served as deputy sheriff of Henry County, 1866 to 1869; sheriff, 1869 to 1872; and from 1872 to 1874 engaged in the mercantile business. In 1874 he was elected circuit clerk of Henry County. He is a Democrat; Mason; and Baptist. Married: February 15, 1866, to Carrie V., daughter of Isaac Kirkland, one of the early pioneers of Henry County, and the first merchant in Abbeville. Children: 1. Daniel G.; 2. Lula Lee, m. F. W. Laney, Jr.; 3. George A.; 4. William A.; 5. John T., deceased. Residence: Abbeville.

TRENCH, BENJAMIN, soldier of the American Revolution, aged 69, and a resident of

Limestone County; private Virginia Continental Line; enrolled on June 6, 1820, under act of Congress of March 18, 1818, payment to date from October 17, 1818; annual allowance, \$96; sums received to date of publication of list, \$486.99. Dropped under act May 1, 1820. Restored, commencing January 5, 1830.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

TRESSLAR, SIDNEY PINNEY, photographer, was born February 7, 1843, in White River Township, Johnson County, Ind.; son of Michael Mallow and Roda Ann (Jones) Tresslar, who lived near Covington, Va., before moving to Oswego, Kans., where he died in 1875; grandson of Peter and Barbara (Mallow) Tresslar, residents of Covington, Va., but later of Indiana, and of Rev. John Leftridge and Ann (Lewis) Jones, the former a native of Orange County, Va., later of Shelby County, Ky., soldier of the War of 1812, having fought first under Capt. Fox and later under Capt. Tate; great-grandson of John Jones of Orange County, Va., a soldier of the Revolution, and present with Washington's army at the surrender of Cornwallis at Yorktown. The Mallows were of German origin. Mr. Tresslar has been a photographer since 1864, and has lived in Indiana, Illinois, Kansas, Alabama, and California. He was a Republican in early manhood and cast his first vote for Abraham Lincoln in 1860, but changed his political affiliations to the Democratic party in 1866. He is a Unitarian; and a Mason. Married: October 16, 1865, at Lebanon, Ind., to Mary Permelia, daughter of Philander and Martha Ann (Davis) Nash of Indianapolis, Ind.; granddaughter of Nathan Davis of Virginia. Children: 1. Herbert, m. Josephine Muri Wright, of Nashville; 2. Myrton M., m. Susie King; 3. Vnette, d. in infancy; 4. Minos Edna, d. in infancy; 5. Vivian M.; 6. Helen, m. Fred L. Worsley, Calif.; 7. Juanita, m. Seeley B. Moe, Calif. Residence: Los Angeles, Calif.

TREUTLEN, JOHN FLETCHER, planter, general manager of the Southern life insurance company, colonel, C. S. Army, born in 1828, at Cokesbury, Abbeville District, S. C.; grandson of John Adams Treutlen, first governor of Georgia after the declaration of independence, who was ostracised by the British parliament as "the rebel Governor Treutlen." In 1840, he came to Barbour County, with his father, a prosperous planter and in January, 1861, entered the Confederate service as a lieutenant of the "Perote Guards," which went to Pensacola as one of the companies of the 1st Alabama infantry regiment. Later he resigned his lieutenantancy and helped to organize the 15th Alabama volunteers and was appointed lieutenant-colonel in the spring of 1861, serving in Virginia under the command of Col. James Cantey of Trimble's brigade, Ewell's division. He participated in the battle of First Manassas, Winchester, Front Royal, Mount Jackson, Harrisburg, Cross Keys, Port Republic, and at the battle of Gaines Mill he gained distinction and honorable mention by General Ewell in his report. In 1863, as he was disabled, he resigned, but continued to serve

the Confederacy as colonel of the Barbour County militia, and in organizing State troops. At the close of the war he remained in Barbour County a year and then purchased a cotton plantation in Clay County, Ga., and later became general manager of the Southern life insurance company for South Carolina. In 1878, he removed to Washington, D. C., where he held various positions under the U. S. government. Last residence: Washington, D. C.

TRIBBLE, ELIJAH, soldier of the American Revolution, aged 80, and a resident of Jackson County; private N. C. Militia; enrolled on January 4, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$20; sums received to date of publication of list, \$60.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

TRIBBLE, JAMES, soldier of the American Revolution, aged 78, and a resident of Madison County; private Virginia Militia; enrolled on January 24, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$40; sums received to date of publication of list, \$100.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

TRIMBLE, BENJAMIN, merchant and banker, was born about 1810, near La Grange, Troupe County, Ga., and died about 1876 in Montgomery, and is buried in Wetumpka; son of Moses I and Rebecca (Harris) Trimble of Abbeville, S. C.; grandson of Joseph Trimble, and double first-cousin to Moses Trimble II (q. v.). He was educated in the schools of his community and removed from Georgia to Wetumpka in 1834, locating in 1868 in Montgomery. While in Wetumpka he established a bank and mercantile house in Montgomery, his business was that of a merchant, his store being located where the Gay-Teague hotel now stands. He was a Democrat; and a Methodist. Married: about 1841, in Troupe County, Ga., to Frances Tennette Simms. Children: 1. Edward Moses, m. Annie Burwell Griggs; 2. William; 3. Sarah Simms, of Tuscaloosa. Last residence: Montgomery.

TRIMBLE, JAMES, planter, was born October 29, 1805, in Troupe County, Ga., near Hogansville, died January 12, 1854, at Wetumpka, where he was buried; son of Moses and Rebecca (Harris) Trimble, Abbeville, S. C.; grandson of Joseph Trimble of South Carolina and double first cousin to Moses Trimble II (q. v.). He was educated in the schools of his community. He removed from Georgia to Tallapoosa County, 1847, locating later in Wetumpka where he engaged in planting until his death. He was a Democrat; and a Methodist. Married: about 1840, to Clarissa Ann, daughter of Aaron and Samantha (Reynolds) Bigelow, of Cummington, Mass. Children: 1. Julius Bigelow, m. Sallie Gindrat Bugbee; 2. William Ross, private C. S. Army, m. Addie T. Robertson. Last residence: Wetumpka.

TRIMBLE, MOSES II, planter, was born about 1817, in Troupe County, Ga., and died in 1895, at Mt. Meigs, Montgomery County; son of John and Nancy (Harris) Trimble of Abbeville, S. C., who moved to Morgan County, Ga., and in 1833 to Troupe County, where they lived and died; grandson of Joseph Trimble of Abbeville, the former a Revolutionary soldier to whom grants of land in Georgia were made for services, and to which his sons, Moses and John, removed later, and double first-cousin to James and Benjamin Trimble (q. v.). He was educated in the schools of Abbeville. In 1883, he removed his family to La Place, Montgomery County, where he established himself in a colony of wealthy planters from Georgia and South Carolina, and conducted extensive planting interests. The railway station of Hardaway, on the Central of Georgia railroad, is located on this plantation, which is still partly owned by his son, John Trimble, of Montgomery, who is also a planter. He was a Democrat; and a Methodist. Married: (1) in 1844, in Troupe County, Ga., to Susannah Stringfellow; (2) Miss Houghton of Wetumpka, no children. Children by first wife: 1. Mary, m. J. Watson Walker; 2. Adele, m. Dr. John C. Nicholson; 3. John E., unm., Montgomery. Last residence: Mt. Meigs.

TRIMBLE, NATHANIEL WILLIAMS, lawyer, was born January 4, 1842, at Holly Springs, Madison County, Miss., and died at Birmingham, March 2, 1918; son of Thomas Clarke and Fannie Erwin (Williams) Trimble, the former of Nashville, Tenn., a graduate of Nashville university, and a lawyer; grandson of Judge James and Letitia (Clark) Trimble, of Nashville, the former a native of Rockbridge County, Va., graduate of Washington college, removed to Tennessee in 1800, later became referee in bankruptcy, in 1807 was appointed attorney general of East Tennessee for the United States and commissioner of land claims for Louisiana, and in 1810, elected circuit judge, and of Judge Nathaniel Washington and Sally (Walton) Williams, the former a lawyer, at one time judge of the superior courts of Tennessee, and a soldier in the War of the Revolution; great-grandson of John and Mary Ann (Alexander) Trimble, Thomas and Susan Randolph (Payne) Clark, and Timothy and Susan Walton; and great-great-great-grandson of John Washington, of Westmoreland County, Va. Mr. Trimble was educated in the private schools of Tennessee and by tutors in his father's home; read law in the office of his uncle, Hon. John Trimble, of Nashville; admitted to the bar in 1866, and practiced in Nashville, Montgomery and Birmingham. He was appointed clerk of the U. S. court in Mobile in 1868 and continued in that practice until 1890, when he removed to Birmingham to take up the same work there. From 1893-1898 he was referee in bankruptcy in Birmingham. He served as supervisor of elections one year while a resident of Mobile. He was a Republican; a Presbyterian; and a Mason. Married: March 5, 1874, in Montgomery, to Jennie, daughter of Seth and Mary J. (Norton) Robinson; granddaughter of Thomas and Sarah (Hammett) Norton; great-grand-

daughter of Judge Hammett of Boston, and of English descent. Children: 1. Ella Dunlap, m. Rev. Roy Hartman of Philadelphia; 2. Nathaniel Williams, m. Eleanor Offutt, student University of Alabama, 1889-90, deputy clerk, U. S. courts, Birmingham, 1891-96; 3. Duncan Dew, A. B., University of Alabama, 1897, deputy clerk, U. S. court, Birmingham, 1898; 4. John, A. B., University of Alabama, 1897, captain 3rd Alabama infantry volunteers regiment, 1898, deputy clerk, U. S. court, Birmingham, 1899; 5. Mary Erwin, m. Dr. Howard Shaw, Washington, D. C.; 6. Jennie. Last residence: Birmingham.

TRIMBLE, WILLIAM BURWELL, physician, was born September 27, 1870, in Montgomery; son of Edward Moses and Annie Burwell (Griggs) Trimble of Montgomery; grandson of Benjamin and Tennette (Simms) Trimble (q. v.), and of Dr. Thomas Burwell and Annie Maria (Tardy) Griggs, the former a pioneer planter and physician of Montgomery County who came from Virginia and settled near Oak Grove; great-great-grandson of Joseph Trimble of South Carolina, a Revolutionary soldier and of John Tardy, French Huguenot, of Norfolk, Va., a Revolutionary soldier. Dr. Trimble was educated by his mother, Mrs. Annie B. Trimble, a noted educator of Montgomery, 1872 to 1910, and fitted for college, entering the University of Virginia where he graduated; going later to New York City college of medicine, from which he graduated with distinction. After serving in the hospitals of that city, he was appointed to the lecturing staff of his college. He is a specialist in skin diseases. Author: of numerous articles in the medical journals of America and pamphlets on various phases of diseases used as text books. He has in preparation, an extensive work on skin diseases. Married: in 1910, in New York, to Catherine R. Colvin of Syracuse, N. Y. Children: 1. Richard Burwell. Residence: New York City.

TRIMMIER, THEODORE G., major and later lieutenant-colonel, 41st Alabama infantry, C. S. Army.

TRIPPE, SILAS ORLANDO, jeweler and photographer, was born March 22, 1843, at Windman, Pa., and died October 23, 1907, at Selma; son of Gideon P. and Susannah (Pearce) Trippe, the former a native of Rhode Island, who lived in New York, later removing to Windman where he farmed until his death; grandson of Peleg and Mercy Trippe, natives of England who located in Rhode Island and later in New York, and of Lord Howard Pearce, a British seaman who on account of bravery was made a knight and granted a coat of arms. Mr. Trippe was educated in the schools of Pennsylvania, and when nineteen years of age enlisted in Co. K., 109th New York infantry regiment, U. S. Army; served as color bearer for Gen. Tracy; wounded seriously at Cold Harbor, and mustered into the reserves and out of service in 1865. He removed in 1870 to Selma where he was employed in Hobb's jewelry store for twenty-five years. He was captain of the Selma guards for thirteen years. Mr. Trippe was an

excellent amateur photographer and his views of Mt. Vernon were called for by the government, and now hang in the War department. He was a diamond expert and collector of old coins; a Mason; Knight Templar; and Elk. Married: (1) Tena Van Dyke; (2) in 1903, to Anna Sophia Keipp. Children: by first wife; 1. Eileen; by second wife: no issue. Last residence: Selma.

TRISTAN DE LUNA Y ARELLANO, Spanish explorer. See Indian chiefs and associated characters.

TROUP, GEORGE MICHAEL, governor of Georgia, was born September 8, 1780, at McIntosh's Bluff, Washington County, and died April 26, 1865, at Dublin, Lawrence County, Ga.; son of a royal soldier of the British army and Cathrine McIntosh, sister of Gen. John McIntosh. Gov. Troup received his early education under private tutors, afterwards was sent to Savannah and later to Erasmus hall, Long Island, a well known school for the youths of the South at that time; graduated from the College of New Jersey, A. B., 1797, A. M., 1800; studied law in the office of Hon. John Y. Noel, of Savannah, and was admitted to the bar by the superior court of Chatham County, May 29, 1800. He began the practice of law at Dublin, Ga.; was a representative in the state legislature 1803-04; elected to congress 1806 as representative and in 1816 defeated for re-election to the U. S. senate W. W. Bibb, who afterwards became governor of Alabama Territory; re-elected to the senate, but resigned 1819; governor of Georgia, 1823-27; while holding this office he brought about a treaty with the Creek Indians by which the state secured a right to the Creek lands; again elected in 1829 to the U. S. senate, serving until March 2, 1833, when he resigned on account of ill health. He was a Democrat and was twice nominated, 1833 and 1852, for the presidency by the States Rights Party. Married: (1) October 30, 1803, at Louisville, Ga., to Ann St. Clare, daughter of Dr. James McCormick; (2) November 8, 1809, at Alexandria, Va., to Ann, daughter of George Carter. There were no children by the first marriage, but by the second there were six, three dying in childhood. Children: 1. Florida, m. Thomas M. Forman; 2. Oralie; 3. George M. Last residence: Dublin, Ga.

TROUP, LOVICK PIERCE, lawyer, was born December 2, 1867, at Danville, Morgan County; son of Matthew W. and Martha W. (Collier) Troup, who resided at Danville, the former a South Carolinian who went to Danville in 1823, was a planter, represented Morgan County in the State legislature in 1841 and 1843, took part in the Creek Indian War and under the direction of the government assisted in removing the Indians from Florida, and was commanding officer in the State militia for the northern part of Alabama; grandson of George Troup of Scotland, who married a Miss Taylor of Scotch-Irish descent, and of Dr. Collier, the brother of Gov. Collier of Alabama. He attended the county schools, and after his graduation from the Danville high school, became a clerk and book-

keeper. In 1892, he was appointed clerk and register of the city court of Decatur, which office he held until December 1, 1894, when it was abolished by act of legislature; was city editor of the "New Decatur Advertiser," 1895-1896, and during that time studied law; was elected to the State legislature in 1896; was admitted to the bar by Chancellor W. H. Simpson in 1897; was again elected to the legislature in 1900, and served until 1902; and was appointed county solicitor in 1903. He is a Methodist; a Knight of Pythias; and a Knight of Honor. Married: April 17, 1894, at Decatur, to Martha Collier, daughter of Dr. Benjamin Franklin and Emma J. Cross, of Morgan County, the former a practicing physician, who served as surgeon during the War of Secession, was surgeon for the railroads passing through Decatur, and was at one time president of the Medical association of Alabama. Children: 1. Hermione. Residence: Albany.

TROY, ALEXANDER, lawyer, clerk of the court of appeals, secretary, State bar association, was born March 14, 1853, near Elizabethtown, Bladen County, N. C.; son of Alexander James and Maria Jane (Smith) Troy; grandson of Alexander and Frances Eleanor (Shipman) Troy, and of Dr. John and Elizabeth (Locke) Smith, who lived near Elizabethtown, N. C. He received his early education in the old field schools of the neighborhood, and at Whiteville academy; read law under his uncle, Daniel S. Troy, Montgomery, 1874; the following year began the practice, forming, in 1880, a partnership with Col. D. S. Troy and H. C. Thompkins, and has continued in the practice in Montgomery. He has been a member and secretary of the Alabama State bar association since its organization in 1879; was for two years a member of the city council. Author: the editor of the proceedings of the Alabama bar association, 1879-1920, in forty volumes; is a frequent contributor to the newspapers and periodical press, and has delivered numerous public addresses. On the creation of the Alabama court of appeals, March, 1911, he was unanimously chosen clerk. He is a Democrat, and served many years as a member of the Democratic State committee. He is a Roman Catholic. Married: December 26, 1876, in Montgomery, to Alice Bridgeworth, deceased, daughter of Gov. Thomas Hill and Eliza Brown (Allen) Watts (q. v.). Children: 1. Alexander James, m. Miriam Thames; 2. Gaston, Montgomery. Residence: Montgomery.

TROY, DANIEL SHIPMAN, lawyer and colonel in the C. S. Army, was born October 9, 1832, at Oxmoor, Columbus County, N. C., and died September 27, 1895, at Montgomery; son of Alexander and Frances Eleanor (Shipman) Troy, who lived successively in Anson and Columbus Counties, N. C., a lawyer, and Whig member of the North Carolina legislature; grandson of Matthew and Rachael (Potts) Troy, the former came to America with his brother, Michael, from Londonderry, Ireland, and settled in the Wyoming Valley, Pa., from whence they fled with their families to Salisbury, N. C., following the Indian massacre

of 1778, and of Daniel Shipman, captain in the Revolutionary Army, member of a family that was noted in North Carolina for the zeal and ability with which it supported the American cause in the struggle for independence. Colonel Troy was educated in the common schools of North Carolina and when quite young located in Cahaba, making his home in the family of his brother-in-law, William Hunter, in whose office he read law. He was admitted to the bar of the circuit and chancery courts of Alabama, at the age of nineteen and to the supreme court of the state in 1854. In 1860 he removed to Montgomery where, the following year at the outbreak of hostilities between the states he joined the "True Blues" as a private, in an expedition against Ft. Barancas, Fla. He later recruited a company known as the "Gilmer Greys" and went out as its captain. In the fall of 1862, he was promoted to major and in 1863, the infantry branch of Hilliard's Legion, to which he belonged, was re-organized with the 59th and 60th Alabama regiments and he was made lieutenant colonel of the latter. He was wounded at Drewry's Bluff, and on March 25, 1865, near Petersburg, Va., he was shot entirely through the left lung and left upon the battle field for dead. He fell into the hands of the enemy, where he remained to the close of the war. He resumed the practice of law in Montgomery upon his return from the field of honor, in partnership with his father-in-law, Gov. Thomas H. Watts, and the firm was continued until 1873. He practiced alone from that date until 1880, when he formed a partnership with Henry Clay Tompkins and his nephew, Alexander Troy. In 1885 A. T. London was admitted to the firm and in 1888, this partnership was dissolved and Colonel Troy retired from the practice. He was active in delivering Alabama from the bondage of reconstruction and was elected to the State senate from Montgomery County, 1878, and re-elected, 1882, holding that position until 1886. He was a charter member of the Alabama bar association, and in all that organization's efforts for bettering the laws he was active and zealous, and at the time of his death was president of the association. He was a successful business man and amassed a comfortable fortune. He was president of the Alabama fertilizer company, a director in the Elyton land company, and one of the most sympathetic promoters of the industrial and commercial interests of the city of Birmingham, during its early history. He was a Democrat, and while being nursed in a Federal hospital, was converted to the Roman Catholic faith. Married: (1) at Cahaba, Lucy, daughter of Joel Matthews, (2) in 1860, in Montgomery, Florence Lascelles, daughter of Thomas Hill and Eliza Brown (Allen) Watts (q. v.) Children: 1. Thomas Watts, deceased, m. Kate Berrien Tinsley; 2. Fanny, died in childhood; 3. Florence Watts, m. Charles Edward Hails, Montgomery; 4. Mary, Mother Mary Agnes, Sister of the Holy Child, a nun; 5. Daniel Watts (q. v.), m. his cousin, Janie Eddins Watts, Montgomery; 6. Robert Edward Troy, m. Marie Mercedes Triay, accountant, Montgomery; 7. Eliza, Mother Mary Theophila, Sister of the Holy Child, a nun, 630 Riverside,

New York; 8. Edward Alexander, died in infancy. Last residence: Montgomery.

TROY, DANIEL WATTS, lawyer, was born July 5, 1873, at Montgomery; son of Daniel Shipman and Florence Lascelles (Watts) Troy (q. v.). He received his early education from private tutors, and in the private schools of Montgomery; took a special course in electrical engineering at the University of Pennsylvania, which he entered in 1893; later read law in the office of Troy and Watts; was admitted to the bar before the Alabama supreme court January 15, 1895, going with the firm the following year for a brief partnership. From 1898 to 1903, he practiced alone, going to New York the latter year, where he was a member of the firm of Stewart and Stewart, with firm offices in New York, Baltimore and Washington, D. C. In 1903 he returned to Montgomery and became the head of the firm of Troy, Watts and Letcher, but two years later dissolved the connection and has since practiced alone, acting for a time, as one of the special counsel for the State. He served as secretary to Governor O'Neal for some months, in 1903. He is a member of the bars of Alabama, New York, and the United States Supreme court, and has been admitted to practice in the Patent office. He is a Democrat. Married: Jane Eddins, daughter of Thomas Hill and Johnness Belle (Eddins) Watts, of Montgomery. Children: 1. Daniel Watts, Jr. Residence: Montgomery.

TRUEHEART, DANIEL, major, Trueheart's battalion, Alabama artillery, C. S. Army.

TRUITT, WILLIAMS, *soldier of the American Revolution*. Williams Truitt lies buried at Teller's Ferry on Lynch's Creek. His daughter married William Chancellor, son of Jerry Chancellor. The Chancellors of Coosa County are descendants.—Alabama Historical Society, *Transactions*, vol. iv, p. 567.

TRUSS, JAMES DAVIS, of Birmingham, representative in the legislature, 1919, from Jefferson County, was born October 21, 1861, at Ferryville, St. Clair County; son of James Davis and Martha Cordella (Coleman) Truss, the former who was a major in the Tenth Alabama regiment, C. S. Army; grandson of Enos and Tabitha (Bradford) Truss, and of William A. and Mirana Coleman, the former who came from South Carolina. The paternal great-grandfather came to this country from England, first settled in South Carolina, but came to Alabama in early manhood, settled on a farm and reared a large family of boys, Trussville being named for his youngest son Capt. Thomas K. Truss. Mr. Truss was educated in the common schools of Cropwell, Trussville and Lincoln, and graduated from the University of Alabama, 1886, with the degree of B. E. and C. E. Since graduation he has followed his profession of civil engineering; has served one term as city commissioner of Birmingham, 1916-17, and was elected to the legislature in 1918. He is a Mason. Married: on December 26, 1887, at Cropwell, to Annie, daughter of Col. John W. and Anne (Mc-

Leod) Jones. Children: 1. Lawrence W., m. Litta Emmons, Kansas City, Mo.; 2. Laura, m. George L. Williams, Birmingham; 3. Tom J.; 4. Martha, m. B. E. Duke, Birmingham. Residence: Birmingham.

TUBB, CHESTER, lawyer, was born May 7, 1887, at Days Gap, now Oakman, Walker County; son of James Madison and Dorothy (Hamilton) Tubb, the former who was a native of Days Gap, and physician at Bessemer; grandson of Samuel and Malinda (Cranford) Tubb, the former who was a member of Col. Patterson's regiment, Rody's brigade, Fifth Alabama cavalry, C. S. A., was captured in 1864 and sent to Rock Island, and the latter who was an aunt of Capt. Jack Cranford of Jasper, and of Elbert and Susan (Vanselt) Hamilton, the former who died just before the outbreak of the War of Secession; great-grandson of Daniel and Matilda (Sanders) Tubb, and of John and Elizabeth (Wilkes) Cranford, both of the great-grandfathers served in the War of 1812 and were in the final battle at New Orleans. Mr. Tubb received his education in the schools of Bessemer; graduated from the Bessemer high school in 1903; was graduated LL. B., from the University of Alabama in 1912. He began the practice of law at Haleyville; has been city attorney of that place for two terms, of one year each; and is the secretary of the Winston County fair association, which he inaugurated in 1914. He is a Republican, was a member of the committee from Winston County to the state convention of his party in Birmingham, 1914, and a member of the congressional delegations in the same year; and is a Presbyterian. Married: on April 2, 1915, to Ethel, daughter of Walker W. and Martilla (Taylor) Haley of Haleyville. Residence: Haleyville.

TUBBS, JOHN, Sr., *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 76, and a resident of Perry County; private S. C. State Troops; enrolled on June 17, 1834, under act of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$26.21.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

TUCKER, EPPES, lawyer, was born September 19, 1845, near Starrsville, Newton County, Ga.; son of Rev. McKendree and Eliza (Rakestraw) Tucker, the former a native of South Carolina, who removed to Newton County, but located in Mt. Jefferson, Chambers County, in 1857, president of the Georgia conference of Methodist Protestants; grandson of Rev. Eppes Tucker who lived at Mt. Jefferson, one of the promoters of the Methodist Protestant church, and of Robert and Martha Rakestraw of Starrsville, Ga. He received his education in the public schools of Starrsville, Ga., and Mt. Jefferson, Chambers County. By private study of the law he was enabled to enter upon the practice in 1887; removed from Alabama to Florida in 1881 and his professional career has been confined to that state. He joined the 45th Alabama infantry regiment in 1862 but on account of disabilities was assigned to post duty where

he rose to the rank of captain in the quartermaster department. He was mayor of Lakeland, Fla., 1886-87-88; president Polk County board of health, 1887-1893; attorney Polk County, 1889-97; ordained elder of Congregational Methodist church, 1873; secretary general conference, 1873-77. Author: edited "Congregational Methodist," organ of the C. M. church, at Opelika; edited the "Discipline of the C. M. Church." He is a Democrat; Mason and Odd Fellow. Married: April 27, 1865, near Thomasville, Ga., to Mary E., daughter of Hon. James H. and Georgia Hayes. Children: 1. Eppie, m. Charles M. Evans, Troy; 2. Gussie, m. Thomas Griffin, Atlanta, Ga.; 3. Pierce, m. Maggie Johnson; 4. McKendree, m. Maymie Kilgore, Catulla, Texas; 5. Annie, m. Reed W. Weaver, Lakeland, Fla.; 6. Eppes, Jr., m. Mamie Bivens, San Antonio, Texas. Residence: Lakeland, Fla.

TUCKER, GARDINER C., Episcopal clergyman, was born October 1, 1851, in Boston, Mass. His father and grandfather were both Baptist ministers. When he was three weeks old, his mother died, and his father placed him in charge of Mrs. Willett, of Boston, Mass. Two years later, his father died, and he went with Mrs. Willett to Madison, Wis., and six years later, to Alton, Ill. When he was sixteen years old, he went to Columbus, Miss., where two of his elder brothers resided at the time, and entered the employ of Humphries, Hudson and company, merchants. He withdrew from the mercantile business in 1873, and purchased the Columbus "Index," a Democratic paper, published weekly and tri-weekly, of which he was editor and proprietor for three years. In 1876, he moved to St. Louis, Mo., and in the fall of that year, entered the Baptist ministry. In the spring of 1877, he was ordained, and remained in the Baptist ministry at St. Louis until 1879, serving during that time as secretary of the Baptist association of the City and County of St. Louis. At the end of that time, his religious beliefs having changed, he applied to Bishop Charles F. Robertson, of Missouri, for holy orders in the Protestant Episcopal church. He was accepted and ordained deacon, March 27, 1881, and was ordained priest, July 7, 1882, in the Church of the Holy Communion at St. Louis, by Bishop Robertson. He was rector of Christ church, Collinsville, Ill., for eighteen months, when he was called to St. John's Protestant Episcopal church, West St. Louis. In 1885, he was called to St. John's Protestant Episcopal church at Mobile, and has continued as rector of that parish. He was for several years review editor of the Mobile "Register," was chaplain and a commissioned officer of the First regiment, Alabama State troops; is a member and treasurer of the Gulf City Guards; is a Democrat; is chaplain of his commandery of Knight Templars; grand chaplain of the order of Odd Fellows in the state; is a Knight of Pythias; and is past protector of the Knights and Ladies of Honor. Married: in December, 1873, to Melville L. Eckford, of Columbus, Miss. Children: five sons and three daughters. Residence: Mobile.

TUCKER, GEORGE, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 89, and a resident of Fayette County; private N. C. Continental Line; enrolled on February 10, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832; payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$46.66; sums received to date of publication of list, \$139.98.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He also resided in Marion County.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile.

TUCKER, JOSEPH LOUIS, Episcopal minister, was born August 23, 1842, at Cleveland, O., and died February 11, 1906, at Baton Rouge, La.; son of Rev. Levi and Jeannette (Lee) Tucker; the former a native of Broome, N. Y., born July 4, 1804, who lived at Deposit, West Philadelphia, Pa., Cleveland, O., Buffalo, N. Y., and Boston, Mass., was a Baptist minister, one of five brothers all Baptist ministers, and was pastor of Baldwin Place Baptist church, Boston, Mass., at the time of his death, which occurred August 16, 1863, at Cincinnati, N. Y.; grandson of Rev. Charles and Charity (Stevens) Tucker, who lived at Broome and Gilboa, N. Y., and of Jason and Jeannette (Griswold) Lee, of Lynne, Conn.; great-grandson of Silas and Mary (Husted) Tucker of Sheffield, Mass., the former who fought in the colonial wars with Canada, and was too old to enlist in the Revolutionary War, but was killed by a foraging party of Hessians, while resisting the theft of a cow, and the latter a quakeress; great-great-grandson of Simeon Tucker, of Providence, R. I. Rev. Tucker received his education in Cincinnati, N. Y., and in the public schools of Chicago, Ill. He enlisted in his brother's company, Sixth Kentucky infantry regiment, C. S. Army, at Cave Springs, Ky., in 1861; was made a corporal at the skirmish of Cave Springs, 1861; later was promoted to sergeant; was transferred to the engineers on the requisition for draftsmen after the battle of Murfreesboro; became a lieutenant of engineers soon after; participated at the battle of Shiloh, at the first siege of Vicksburg, at Murfreesboro, at Chattanooga and Atlanta; and made maps that were used by Bragg and Johnston. He was a planter at Columbus, Miss., for a year after the war; was a bookkeeper in a bank at that place for two years; studied for the ministry under Bishop Green of Mississippi; and was ordained to the ministry of the Protestant Episcopal church. He served as rector of the Episcopal church at Columbus, Miss.; was appointed assistant secretary of the board of mission of New York; was called to the pastorate of an Episcopal church at Rochester, N. Y.; became rector of St. Andrews church, Jackson, Miss.; of Christ church, Mobile, 1881-1889; and was rector of St. James Episcopal church, Baton Rouge, La., at the time of his death. He was twice offered the nomination to a bishopric, but refused each time to pledge acceptance. He was quoted by the *Encyclopedia Britannica*, about 1890, as the authority on the negro question, on account of his pamphlets on the subject. He was author of a large number of tracts and sermons, written and printed, and had two books in manuscript at the time of his death.

He was a Democrat and a thirty-second degree Mason. Married: January 3, 1865, at Macon, Ga., to Augusta Prentiss, daughter of Capt. Prentiss, of Brooklyn, N. Y., a sea captain who entered business in New York towards the end of his life, and niece of S. S. Prentiss of Mississippi. Children: 1. Edward Clarke, Seattle, Wash.; 2. Rev. Louis, Mobile; 3. Prentiss, Adrian, Wash. Last residence: Baton Rouge, Louisiana.

TULANE, HORATIO B., merchant, was born in 1835, at Bay St. Louis, Miss., deceased; son of Louis S. and Mary Ann (Giles) Tulane, natives, respectively, of Pennsylvania, and of Princeton, N. J., the former who went to New Orleans, La., when he was seventeen years old with his brother, Paul Tulane, founder of the Tulane university, and entered the shoe and clothing business, went to Montgomery in 1837, then to Shelby County, where he was a planter, later entered business in Mobile, and in 1848, settled at Wetumpka, where he was a merchant until his death in 1873; grandson of Louis Tulane, a Frenchman, who was largely engaged in planting in San Domingo, until the time of the insurrection, when he moved to New Jersey. Mr. Tulane was educated in the schools of Wetumpka and Mobile, and at the age of fifteen became a clerk in his father's store. He served six years in a similar position in the store of his uncle, Paul Tulane, in New Orleans, and in 1858, settled permanently in Wetumpka, and engaged in mercantile business. He entered the C. S. Army early in 1861, as a member of the Wetumpka Light Guards, served with that organization for six months, and was assigned to the quartermaster department as a clerk. He was never married. Last residence: Wetumpka.

TULLIS, CLAYTON THURMOND, hardware merchant, was born March 30, 1875, at Eufaula, Barbour County; son of John Wesley and Mary Caroline (Woods) Tullis, the former a native of Abbeville District, S. C. (q. v.), who lived most of his life at Eufaula, entered the C. S. Army at the beginning of the War of Secession, and served continually until the second day's fight at Gettysburg as an officer in Hardaway's Alabama battery; grandson of Pleasant Thurmond and Mary Ann (Bell) Tullis, of Abbeville District, S. C., and of Clayton Rogers and Harriet Eliza (Hunter) Woods, who came to Eufaula from South Carolina. He was educated in the public schools of Eufaula; entered the hardware business at that place in 1891; moved to Montgomery in 1897; and has continued in the hardware business there. He has been a member of the county board of education of Montgomery County since 1916; is a Democrat; an Episcopalian; and a Thirty-second degree Mason, Knight Templar; and member of the Mystic Shrine. Married: December 17, 1895, at Eufaula, to Bettie, adopted daughter of John W. and Frances (Bethune) Huddleston, of Eufaula. Children: 1. Rogers Bethune, Montgomery; 2. Clayton T., jr., Montgomery; 3. Frances, Montgomery; 4. Bettis, Montgomery. Residence: Montgomery.

TULLIS, JOHN W., business man, was born October 3, 1839, in Edgefield District, S. C., and

died December 18, 1909; son of Pleasant Thurmond and Mary Ann (Beall) Tullis, natives of Abbeville District, S. C., the former who moved his family to Macon County in 1840 and resided there until 1859, when he removed to Pike County, where he died in 1882. John W. Tullis spent the first sixteen years of his life on the farm, and was educated in the common schools of the county. In the spring of 1861, he joined the C. S. Army, as a lieutenant in Hardaway's battery and participated in all the battles of the Virginia campaigns. At Gettysburg his foot was shot away at the ankle, was taken a prisoner of war, and sent first to the hospital at Gettysburg, thence to Ft. Henry, and later to Point Lookout, where he was exchanged. Returning to Columbus, Ga., he was placed in command of a battery raised for home protection. In 1866 he sold the warehouse in Columbus, Ga., which he had purchased toward the close of the war, and removed to Eufaula, where he did a large cotton business, resided until October, 1905, located in Montgomery, where he established a wholesale hardware business to which his sons, who were associated with him, succeeded at his death. He was a Democrat. Married: October 27, 1867, in Eufaula, to Mary Caroline, daughter of Clayton R. and Harriet Eliza (Hunter) Woods, of that place. Children: 1. Charles Duke, d. unmarried; 2. John Wesley, graduate of University of Alabama, retired wholesale hardware merchant, m. Alice Haltiwanger of Atlanta, Ga., resides in Montgomery, no children; 3. Clayton Thurmond (q. v.), senior member of the wholesale firm, Tullis-Gamble, m. Bettis, daughter of Nathan and Frances (Bethune) Bayne, of Eufaula, resides in Montgomery, four children. (1) Rogers Bethune, graduate University of the South, Sewanee, corporal U. S. Army Ambulance, section 558, attached to the French Army, and served with the 42nd, 123rd, 126th and the 36th French division, was cited for gallantry in the orders of the 126th division and presented with the Croix de Guerre, his service extending from June 9, 1917, to April 17, 1919, and overseas from August 23, 1917-April 2, 1919, m. June 19, 1920, to Maude Allen, residence: Montgomery. 4. Rogers W., d. in infancy. Last residence: Montgomery.

TUNSTALL, ALFRED MOORE, lawyer, was born October 2, 1863, in Greensboro; son of Wiley C. and Augusta Elizabeth (Hobson) Tunstall (q. v.). He was educated in the schools of Greensboro; at the Southern university, and later entered the University of Alabama from which he was graduated B. E., in 1883, and LL. B., in 1884. He has followed his profession in Greensboro; was a member of the legislature of Alabama, 1896-97, 1898-99, 1900-01, 1903-07, from Hale County; was State senator from Hale and Greene Counties in 1911; during the session of 1900-01, after the death of the Hon. Francis L. Pettus, was elected speaker pro tem; and at the session of 1903, was speaker. He is a Democrat. Residence: Greensboro.

TUNSTALL, GEORGE BROOK, planter, editor, was born December 14, 1793, in Pittsylvania County, Va., and died July 28, 1842, at

Montgomery Hill, Baldwin County; son of Edmund Savage Tunstall, a North Carolinian who died in Christian County, Ky. The Tunstall family are lineal descendants of Sir Brian Tunstall, who in 1573, was killed at the battle of Floddon Field, in the war between England and Scotland. They came from England some time in the early part of the seventeenth century and settled in the lower eastern counties of Virginia. He was a planter, and a newspaper man. He was at one time editor of the "Nashville Whig," and was the founder of the "Floridan," the first English newspaper published in Pensacola, Fla. Married: to Eloisa Tate, daughter of David Tate, for whom the shoals on the Alabama River are named, and a Miss Randon, granddaughter Col. Tate who was an officer in the English army, and Sehoy McGillivray; great-granddaughter of Lachlin and Sehoy (Marchand) McGillivray; and great-granddaughter of Capt. Marchand of Ft. Toulouse and an Indian princess named Sehoy; niece of William Weatherford (q. v.). Children: 1. Mary, m. Dr. William Leigh Tunstall, children, Arthur and Mrs. Dillard; 2. Lucy, m. a Mr. Lumsden, children, Capt. Frank and George; 3. Peyton Randolph, m. Laura Slaughter, children, Peyton R., Jr., Clem Clay, Edmund Savage, Tom Tate, and two daughters; 4. Betsie Barker, m. John Weatherford, nephew of Red Eagle Weatherford, four daughters; 5. Rebecca Brian, m. a Mr. Hobbs, child, a daughter, m. Neville Merchant; 6. George Washington, veteran of the War of Secession, married, children, George and Edmund; 7. E. S., d. in 1883; 8. Tom Tate (q. v.). Last residence: Montgomery Hill.

TUNSTALL, P. R., practicing dentist in Mobile.

TUNSTALL, THOMAS B., public official and secretary of State, was born in 1788, in Pittsylvania County, Va., and died August 13, 1842, in Baldwin County. He came to Alabama at an early period and was clerk in the land office at Huntsville for a few years after which he was elected clerk of the house of representatives, holding that office without interruption until 1836, when he was made secretary of State. In 1840, he was again elected principal clerk of the house, and re-elected in 1841. Unmarried: Last residence: Baldwin County.

TUNSTALL, TOM TATE, lawyer, U. S. consul, was born April 8, 1823, at Tate's Shoals, Baldwin County; son of George Brook and Eloisa (Tate) Tunstall (q. v.), and cousin of Mrs. Virginia Clay Clopton (q. v.). He received his education at Patrick Henry academy in Virginia, and at Chapel Hill, N. C., but left school before he was graduated and returned to Alabama in 1841. He studied law, and at the age of twenty-three years, addressed the legislature of Alabama in advocacy of the claim of citizens of Indian blood to the right of suffrage. He removed to Texas in 1851, was licensed to practice in that state and remained there until 1854, when he returned to Alabama. He was appointed U. S. consul at Cadiz, Spain, by President Pierce in 1856, and remained there until 1861, when he was removed by President Lin-

coln. He was arrested at Tangier, Morocco, in company with the paymaster of the C. S. A. steamer, then lying in the Bay of Gibraltar, February, 1862, was returned to the United States, and after being released returned to his home in the south. He was again captured by the Federals, when he attempted to run the blockade, and was taken to the Old Capitol prison at Washington, where he was confined for six months as a spy, but was finally released upon the condition that he would go to Europe and remain there until the war was over. After spending two years in Europe, he returned to Alabama, in 1866; in 1867, went to Texas where he remained two years; then returned to Alabama; and his residence has since been divided between Baldwin County and Mobile. In 1869, he engaged in the insurance business, and early in President Cleveland's administration, was appointed consul to Ascension, Paraguay, but declined the appointment. He was appointed consul to San Salvador, Central America, in 1888, and remained there until 1890, when he was removed by President Harrison. His last public service was that of a U. S. inspector supervising the deepening and widening of the channel in Mobile Bay. When the appropriation was exhausted and the work suspended, he retired from further participation in active life. He is a Democrat and a Mason. Married: January 24, 1871, at Camden, to Josephine Crossland, daughter of John Crossland, who lived at Camden, Wilcox County, and who was a first cousin of Gen. Braxton Bragg. Children: 1. Tom Tate, jr., El Paso, Tex.; 2. Brian, Jackson, Miss. Residence: El Paso, Tex.

TUNSTALL, WILEY CROOM, planter, was born in Hale County; son of James L. and Eliza Ann (Croom) Tunstall, the former a native of King William County, Va., and grandson of Wiley J. Croom, of Greensboro. The Tunstall family came from King William County, Va., to Hale County, then Greene County. Mr. Tunstall was educated in the schools of Greensboro, at Dr. Henry Tutwiler's school at Greene Springs, with one session at the University of Alabama, and one year in Virginia. He engaged in cotton planting in Hale County; in 1885 was appointed railroad commissioner, and served ten years; in 1901 was re-appointed; in 1861 enlisted in Company D, Fifth Alabama Infantry regiment, C. S. A., and was promoted to first lieutenant. He is a Democrat, and an Episcopalian. Married: on December 12, 1862, to Augusta Elizabeth Hobson, daughter of Matthew and Elizabeth (Munger) Hobson, of Greensboro. Residence: Greensboro.

TUNSTALL, WILEY CROOM, jr., lawyer, was born August 17, 1868, near Greensboro, Hale County; son of Wiley Croom and Augusta Elizabeth (Hobson) Tunstall (q. v.); and brother of Alfred Moore Tunstall (q. v.). He received his early education in Greensboro; attended the Southern university at Greensboro; was graduated from the University of Alabama, B. A., 1888, and LL. B., in 1890. He then began the practice of his profession at Anniston. He has served as solicitor for

Calhoun County, and is a Democrat, having served as a member of the county executive committee for several years. Residence: Anniston.

TURNER, BELOVED L., planter and state senator, was born in Washington County, and died there in 1877 or 1878; son of Abner and Chaste E. (Love) Turner, the former came from Georgia, with his wife, to Washington County, settling near St. Stephens in 1807, and in 1809 removing to West Bend, where he remained until his death. He received a good education and engaged in planting; represented Washington County in the house, 1842 and 1843, and was a member of the State senate from the district composed of Washington and Clarke Counties, 1845. When the capitol at Montgomery burned, December 14, 1849, he ably assisted in removing many of the valuable records, etc., from the office of the Secretary of State. He was a Democrat. Last residence: Washington County.

TURNER, BENJAMIN DICKINSON, farmer, civil engineer, and legislator, was born September 6, 1843, at Warsaw, Sumter County, and died in 1910; son of Benjamin Dickinson and Margaret M. (Andrews) Turner. He was educated in the common schools of his native county, and entered the Confederate Army in which he was sergeant, 1862-65. He was a farmer and civil engineer; and a member of the legislature from Washington County in 1892-93, and 1894-96. He was elected to the State senate from the nineteenth district, November 8, 1910, but died before the time arrived for him to take his seat. Last residence: Washington County.

TURNER, CHARLES, lawyer and chancellor, was born about 1840, in New London, Conn., and died November 27, 1899, at Birmingham. He was a member of an old and prominent family of New England, his ancestors coming to this country in the Mayflower. He was educated in New London, Conn., and in Providence, R. I., and when he was about twenty years of age, went to Illinois, where he practiced law until the end of the War of Secession. He was a sufferer from weak lungs, and in 1867, under advice of a physician, went south and located in Selma. He was appointed chancellor by Gov. W. H. Smith of the division including nearly all of northern Alabama, in 1869, and at the expiration of his term, returned to his law practice in Selma. A few years later, he moved to Blocton, Bibb County, as counsel for T. H. Aldrich and C. Cadle, who were operating a coal mine near that place. After the absorption of the Blocton properties by the Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railroad Company, in 1887, he came to Birmingham. After the adoption of the bankruptcy bill by congress in 1898, he was appointed referee in bankruptcy for the northern district of Alabama by President McKinley. At the time of his death, he was a law partner of A. Latady. He was never married, and had no relatives in Alabama. His body was taken to New London, Conn., for interment. Last residence: Birmingham.

TURNER, CLARENCE BRITTIN, broker, was born January 3, 1855, at Tuscaloosa; son of Joseph Pittman and Mary Walker (Brittin) Turner, who lived at Tuscaloosa, the former a native of Richmond, Va., who went to Tuscaloosa when a boy, became a merchant at that place, and was a member of the drafting bureau at Tuscaloosa during the War of Secession. He received his early education at home from his mother, in the primary department of the Tuscaloosa female college, and in a boys' school taught by Dr. B. F. Meek at Tuscaloosa. He entered the University of Alabama in 1870, was prevented from finishing his course by illness, and later received the degree of A. M. from the university. He was appointed assistant postmaster under the Cleveland administration in 1885, and held that office for about six years. He became engaged in the business of brokerage in mercantile lines, and in 1889, added fire, casualty, and accident insurance to his business, and is still engaged in those lines. He was appointed oil inspector of the sixth district of Alabama, and had served about one year, when the law was declared unconstitutional and the office abolished. He was one of the charter members of the Warrior Guards in 1880, and was a member of that company during the periods of the riots in Jefferson County, and at the time of the Dick Hawes riot. He is a Democrat, is a trustee and for several years was secretary of the board of the Methodist Episcopal church, and is a Knight of Pythias. Married: December 20, 1882, at Tuscaloosa, to Pattie Harrison, daughter of Benjamin Childress and Fannie (Hamer) Harrison, who lived at Summerfield. Children: 1. Clarence Brittin, jr., m. Bettie Hays, daughter of James B. and Susie (Dalton) Hays, children, Rose Wallace, Sue Dalton, Clarence Brittin, and Elizabeth Ann, all reside at Tuscaloosa; 2. Rozine Williamson, m. Frederick Hilliard, who served in the engineering department of the U. S. Army, American Expeditionary Forces in France, 1918, and on his return from France, resumed his position as salesman with the Henderson Land & Lumber Company, at Fox. Residence: Tuscaloosa.

TURNER, DANIEL B., sheriff, postmaster, State senator, was born in Virginia but facts as to his ancestry are not available, and died in 1866, in Huntsville. He came to Madison County when a young man, and held the position of sheriff of Madison County and postmaster of Huntsville. From 1839 to 1842 he represented his district in the State senate. After leaving the senate he engaged in business, in which he was successful. He was a Democrat; and a Methodist. Last residence: Huntsville.

TURNER, HENRY B., major, 29th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

TURNER, HORACE, business man, was born January 13, 1873, at Mobile; son of George W. and Agenie Turner. He received his education in the Mobile public schools and at the agricultural and mechanical college at Auburn. For eight years he was employed in various capacities with the Mobile & Ohio Rail-

road, and then entered into the export trade on his own account. Among the many business interests conducted by him are the Horace Turner & Company, exporters, lumber and timber, since 1899; president of the Turner terminal company, constructing steamship terminals, Mobile, 1910-11; president of the Horace Turner corporation, at New York, steamship agents, coal exporters; and he is owner and operator of ships running between New York and Mobile. Married: on September 27, 1897, at Mobile, to Annie Virginia Sossaman, daughter of Henry M. and Louise (Maguire) Sossaman. Children: 1. Lamar Lionel; 2. Alletta Tarbet; 3. Selwyn Horace. Residence: Mobile.

TURNER, JAMES FLETCHER, farmer and legislator, was born November 24, 1854, near Dadeville, Tallapoosa County; son of Jesse Morgan and Sarah Page (Vaughn) Turner, the former a native of Georgia, was for many years prior to his death a resident of Tallapoosa County; grandson of Bartholomew and Sarah (Morgan) Turner, and of James and Sarah (Vaughn) Vaughn. He was educated in the country schools near Dadeville. He is a farmer. In 1907 he was a representative from Tallapoosa County in the legislature. He is a Democrat; a Presbyterian; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: March 16, 1873, to May, daughter of Carrol M. and Elizabeth (Douglass) Sims, of that county. Children: 1. Jesse M.; 2. Albert A.; 3. May; 4. Ernest; 5. Sallie; 6. Allen; 7. Lillian; 8. Roy; 9. Guy. Residence: Dadeville.

TURNER, JOHN O., State superintendent of education, 1894.

TURNER, JOHN R., Methodist minister, member of the North Alabama conference. Residence: Talladega.

TURNER, LEWIS, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 72, and a resident of Shelby County; private S. C. Militia; enrolled on January 4, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$40.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

TURNER, NOEL, *soldier of the American Revolution*, a resident of Mobile County; private, particular service not shown; enrolled on March 21, 1836, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$20; died January 21, 1837.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile.

TURNIPSEED, DAVID COLUMBUS, planter and fruit grower, was born April 26, 1846, in Bullock County; son of William and Edith (Ryals) Turnipseed, natives of South and North Carolina respectively, who came to this State and located in Montgomery, later a part of Bullock County. The first American ancestor was a Revolutionary soldier. Mr. Turnipseed was educated at home, and spent 1864 at the University. When that institution was closed by the exigencies of the war he served as a private

in the C. S. Army, after which he began farming on his father's place in Bullock County. He resided there until 1877 when he removed to Mitchell Station remaining at that point until 1884, when he removed to Flora. He now resides at Union Springs, where he owns extensive properties and is a progressive planter and fruit grower. Married: (1) December 19, 1877, to Orleania Elizabeth, daughter of Col. N. G. and Mary Owen, natives of Georgia, who later became citizens of this State, the former was a planter, served with credit as colonel in the Mexican War, and represented Macon County in the legislature of 1855; (2) December 22, 1896, to Emma Lillian Scarbrough; (3) widow, name unknown. Children, by first wife: 1. David C., Jr.; 2. Walter F.; 3. William O.; 4. Fletcher T.; by second wife: three girls and one boy. Residence: Union Springs and Peachburg.

TURNIPSEED, DAVID COLUMBUS, Jr., physician, U. S. public health service, was born July 14, 1880, in Aberfoil, Bullock County; son of David Columbus and Orleania Elizabeth (Owen) Turnipseed (q. v.). He received his early education at a private school at Chunnen-nuggee Ridge, where he remained from his seventh year until 1896, when he entered the high school at Union Springs, completing the course in two years. In September, 1898, he entered the sophomore class of the Southern university, at Greensboro, from which he graduated four years later with the degree of M. A., winning the trustees medal for the best senior essay and being commencement orator of his graduating class. In 1901, he entered the medical department of Tulane university, New Orleans, La., where he graduated in 1904, and entered on the practice of his profession at Whitmire, S. C., going later to Union Springs, where he established a drug business and practiced medicine. He entered the U. S. public health service, by examination, 1910, and was assigned to duty in the Marine hospital, Baltimore. He later served as medical officer on the U. S. revenue cutter, "Perry," on that vessel's cruise in Alaskan waters in search of Japanese seal fishery poachers, and also to give medical inspection of island inhabitants in those waters, escaping with all on board, when the "Perry" went aground off St. Paul's Island, July 26, 1910. He was then assigned to duty as medical officer on the "Tahoma," and accompanied that vessel in a tour of Pacific Islands, the medical officer going aboard to inspect and give professional services to the inhabitants. He was ordered to duty in the Philippine Islands in 1911, and rendered valuable service there, his duties being varied and responsible, ranging from inspection of immigrants to vaccination of lepers. On November 26, 1912, he was assigned in command of the quarantine service at Iloilo, P. I. During the European War he served with distinction. Residence: U. S. War Department.

TURNIPSEED, S. U., Methodist minister; member of the Alabama conference. Residence: Greensboro.

TURNLEY, MATTHEW J., lawyer and county judge, U. S. district attorney, was a native of

East Tennessee. No record of his birth, or ancestry is available. He was a lawyer and in 1840 was elected judge of the county court of Cherokee; later held the position of United States attorney for the northern district of Alabama under President Buchanan. For many years he was a member of the Methodist Church. Last residence: Jacksonville.

TURPIN, JOHN HENRY, tax collector, was born December 28, 1837, at Manchester, Chesterfield County, Va.; son of George William and Malinda Bennett (Dickerson) Turpin, the former a native of Manchester, who later removed to Charlottesville, Va.; grandson of Henry and Elizabeth (Robertson) Turpin, and of Wiley and Mary (Carr) Dickerson, all of Virginia, the home of the latter couple being "Plain Dealing," Albemarle County; great-grandson of Henry Turpin who was a native of England, and of Norman ancestry. The Dickersons were of Irish lineage. Mr. Turpin was educated in Virginia and came to Newbern in 1856, engaging in the drug business. At the outbreak of the War of Secession he raised a company from Blount and Marshall Counties, which he practically equipped and of which he was made captain. This contingent later formed part of Co. B, 28th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army. He distinguished himself at the battles of Munfordsville, Ky., and Murfreesboro, Tenn., having lost an arm at the latter place, as well as receiving other wounds. Being left in the hands of the enemy he was sent to Johnson's Island and kept prisoner until the close of the war. He continued his patriotic efforts to preserve the civilization of the section during the days of reconstruction. The John H. Turpin chapter, U. D. C., at Newbern, was named in his honor. He was tax collector for Hale County twenty-eight years. He was a Whig until that party was dissolved after which he became a Democrat; a Mason and a Presbyterian. Married: November 9, 1871, at "Chatawa," Perry County, to Donna, daughter of Nathaniel and Charlotte Ann (Phipps) Walthall, and granddaughter of Richard Booker Walthall. Children: 1. Malinda Bennett, d. in infancy; 2. Rylie, m. Wilborne G. Hix, Adamsville; 3. John Henry, m. Ellen Clark, San Diego, Cal.; 4. Mary Walthall, Greensboro; 5. George Washington, Greensboro; 6. Henry Clay, Greensboro; 7. Zoe, dec.; 8. Zula, dec.; 9. Donna, m. George Vise, McDowell, Sumter County. Last residence: Greensboro.

TURPIN, LOUIS WASHINGTON, planter and member U. S. congress, was born February 22, 1848, at Charlottesville, Albemarle County, Va., and died December 10, 1903, at Greensboro; son of George William and Malinda Bennett (Dickerson) Turpin, and brother of John Henry Turpin (q. v.). Mr. Turpin was left an orphan at nine years of age and came to Perry County as a refugee during the War of Secession. He was educated at Summerfield. Upon obtaining his majority he located in Hale County where he passed the remainder of his life. While still a young man he was elected tax assessor of his county and held the office for seven years. He was a Democrat and chairman of the county

executive committee of that party, and member of the district committee for many years. He was elected to congress from the 4th district in 1889 but unseated by the Republicans of the 51st congress. He was re-elected in 1890 from the same district, and two years later, when the State was re-districted he was nominated from the 9th district of which Birmingham was the metropolis and in the fall election received a larger vote than any member of his party for any office in the field. In 1894 he was defeated for the congressional nomination by Oscar W. Underwood, and retired from active politics although he continued to have a deep interest in the welfare of his party. He was a successful planter and owned and managed several fine prairie plantations. He was a Methodist; and a Mason. Married: July 28, 1870, at Newbern, to Sarah Archer, daughter of Archer Hunt and Sarah Freeman (Pierce) Christian of Greensboro. Children: 1. Annie, m. P. F. Whittlesey, Columbus, Ga.; 2. Mamie, m. W. P. Love, Greensboro; 3. J. K., Scotts; 4. Louis Washington, Jr., Greensboro. Last residence: Greensboro.

TURPIN, THOMAS J., physician, was born November 29, 1849, in Claiborne County, Miss.; son of Thomas J. and Eliza (Boho) Turpin, the former a native of Maryland and a physician, who lived in Mississippi and later in Louisiana, the latter was born in Kentucky and went to Mississippi with her father when quite young. Dr. Turpin attended the common schools of his vicinity and in 1866 entered the Virginia military institute, where he remained two years; returning home he entered the University of Louisiana, where he graduated in medicine, 1871, and located in Madison Parish, La. In 1872 he removed to Forkland, where he remained until 1883 when he moved to Eutaw, Greene County, and in August, 1887, settled at Sheffield, where he still resides. He is a member of the county and state medical societies, and an Episcopalian. Married: in April, 1873, in Greene County, to Anna, daughter of Col. John R. and Amanda (Watson) Blocker. Children: 1. Anna; 2. Fannie; 3. Alice. Residence: Sheffield.

TURRENTINE, DANIEL C., farmer, was born October 18, 1807, in Milledgeville, Ga., and died in September, 1883; son of James and Catharine (Clower) Turrentine, natives of North Carolina, the former a farmer of French ancestry, who moved to Georgia about 1795. Mr. Turrentine was a merchant in his early days, and came to Alabama about 1839. He entered a large tract of land near Lebanon, in DeKalb County, upon which he settled and farmed. He moved to the present site of Gadsden about 1845, and erected the first house of the city upon the banks on the river. He kept a tavern and store at that place, which was the headquarters for six lines of stages and was also the landing for James Lafferty's steamboat, the first ever run on the Coosa River. In 1851, he retired to a farm about one mile from the landing, and built the family residence there. He was a general of militia, served as a captain in the Florida war, and as a quartermaster in

the C. S. Army, War of Secession. He was a justice of the peace for nearly nine years; was a Methodist Episcopalian and organized the first Sunday school in Etowah County, and was a Mason. Married: to Caroline E. Lucy, who died in July, 1881, daughter of Joshua and Louisa A. (Hunnicut) Lucy, natives of Virginia, and of English descent. Children: 1. William A., d. of a wound received in the fight before Richmond, War of Secession; 2. Louisa J.; 3. Virginia A.; 4. James L.; 5. Caroline L.; 6. Joshua L.; 7. Samuel M., deceased; 8. Lillie A.; 9. Daniel C.; 10. George Edward (q. v.); 11. Mary Ellen; 12. Albert T. Last residence: near Gadsden, Etowah County.

TURRENTINE, GEORGE EDWARD, insurance and real estate dealer, was born April 17, 1857; son of Daniel C. and Caroline E. (Lucy) Turrentine (q. v.). He was reared on a farm, received a common school education, and applied himself to farming and teaching school for several years. In 1883, he became an insurance agent and real estate broker at Gadsden. He was appointed justice of the peace in 1883, resigned that position in 1884, and was appointed notary public. He is a Methodist Episcopalian, a Mason and a Knight of Pythias. Residence: Gadsden.

TURRENTINE, JOHN, merchant, was born May 15, 1811, at Hillsboro, N. C., and died December 12, 1891, at Athens; son of John and Nancy (Wilson) Turrentine, the former who entered the U. S. Army soon after the battle of New Orleans, and died in his fifth year of service, the latter who had moved from North Carolina to Lincoln County, Tenn., where she received the news of her husband's death, and in 1820, moved to Morgan County, where she died six years later. Through the influence of Gen. Houston, congress passed a bill granting a bounty to the heirs of John Turrentine in consideration of his services. Mr. Turrentine was reared on a farm and received such education as was possible in his limited circumstances. He was a salesman with a small stock of goods at Courtland, Lawrence County, until 1844, when he went to Athens. For nearly half a century he was a merchant at that place. He was justice of the peace for twelve years preceding the War of Secession, and for three or four years after the war was general administrator. He was opposed to secession, but when the state withdrew from the union, gave his support to the cause. He was a Mason and a Methodist Episcopalian. Married: in May, 1837, in Lawrence County, Elizabeth Stephens, who died in November, 1842; (2) to Amanda Melvina Frances Higgins, who died July 16, 1884. Children, by first marriage: 1. John J. (q. v.); by second marriage: 2. Thomas J.; 3. William H.; 4. Nancy Elizabeth; 5. Sarah Louisa, m. James William Bridgforth; 6. Martha Ann, d. August 1, 1870; 7. Jane, d. March 9, 1885. Last residence: Athens.

TURRENTINE, JOHN J., lawyer, was born June 10, 1840, in Lawrence County, and died December 26, 1913, at Athens; son of John and Elizabeth (Stephens) Turrentine (q. v.). He

was educated at Athens; studied law under Judge John Walker; was admitted to the bar April, 1860; began to practice law at Athens; enlisted in Higgins' company at Athens, at the outbreak of the War of Secession; was mustered into the Fortieth Tennessee infantry at Memphis, Tenn.; was captured at Vicksburg, held five months as a prisoner and exchanged; became a member of the Fifty-fourth Alabama regiment on the re-organization of the Fortieth Tennessee; was detailed assistant quartermaster of the regiment in 1863; organized a company of skirmishers from the Fifty-fourth Alabama regiment in 1864; participated in all of the Georgia campaign; and was seriously wounded before Atlanta, August 16, 1864; moved to Arkansas in January, 1866, where he practiced law for five years; returned to Athens in 1871; was elected county solicitor in 1872, and held the office until the law providing for a district solicitor went into force; was general administrator for about six years; was chairman of the Democratic congressional committee in 1882; was a Methodist Episcopalian; and a Mason. Married: (1) in 1866, in Arkansas, to Elizabeth Sanders, who died in Athens, in May, 1881; (2) to a daughter of Dr. J. M. Collins, of Limestone County. He had one son by his first marriage. Last residence: Athens.

TUTWILER, EDWARD MAGRUDER, engineer, manufacturer and promoter, was born October 13, 1846, at Palmyra, Fluvanna County, Va.; son of Thomas Harrison and Harriet Magruder (Strange) Tutwiler, who lived at Palmyra, Va., the former a native of Seven Islands, Fluvanna County, Va., a graduate of the law school of the University of Virginia, a representative in the legislature of Virginia, 1858-1860, a captain in the quartermaster department of the C. S. Army, and commonwealth attorney for Fluvanna County for twenty years; grandson of Martin and Maria (Shores) Tutwiler, who lived at Seven Islands, Fluvanna County, Va., the former who was a sergeant in the War of 1812, and was brother of Dr. Henry Tutwiler (q. v.), and of Col. Gideon A. and Harriet (Magruder) Strange, who lived at Oak Hill, Fluvanna County, Va.; great-grandson of Henry Tutwiler, who was postmaster of Harrisonburg, Va., 1809-1841, of John Bowie Magruder, who sold his property in Maryland about the beginning of the nineteenth century, and went to live on a large estate in Fluvanna County, and of Mr. Shore, a soldier in the Revolutionary Army. The Tutwiler ancestors came to Pennsylvania from Switzerland after the Thirty Years War, and emigrated from Pennsylvania to Harrisonburg, Va. The Magruder or McGregors came from Scotland to Maryland about 1651, and the Stranges came from Scotland to Virginia about 1635.

Mr. Tutwiler was educated in private schools at Palmyra, Va., and at the Virginia military institute, at Lexington, Va., graduating, C. E., 1867. During his attendance at the institute, he was with the cadets under Breckinridge at the battle of Newmarket, May 15, 1864, and was also in the engagement at Lynchburg, where he served in the field with the corps until the end of the War of Secession. After his graduation,

he taught school in Cecil County, Md., 1867-1869, and became assistant engineer with the Lehigh & Susquehanna Railroad Company, at Mauch Chunk, Pa., in 1870. He was resident engineer on the Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad, in Virginia and West Virginia, 1871-1874; assistant engineer on the Southern Railway in Kentucky, 1875-1877; chief engineer on the Miami Valley Railroad in Ohio, 1878-1879; assistant city engineer, Cincinnati, O., 1880; division engineer on the Richmond & Allegheny Railroad, Virginia, 1881; assistant chief engineer, Georgia Pacific Railway, Georgia, Alabama and Mississippi, 1882-1883; superintendent of mines, Coalburg Coal & Coke Company, 1883-1884; general superintendent of mines, Sloss Steel & Iron Company, 1885-1889; president, Tutwiler Coal, Coke & Iron Company, 1892-1906; director in First National Bank of Birmingham since 1894; director in Alabama Grocery Company, and Tutwiler Hotel Company, Birmingham. He is a Democrat; a junior warden in the Episcopal Church of Advent, Birmingham; and is president of the Country Club, Birmingham.

Married: (1) April 11, 1876, at Crittenden, Ky., to Mary Jeffray, who died 1885, daughter of Dr. Thomas R. W. and Mary E. Jeffray, who lived at that place; (2) July 11, 1887, at "The Island," Albemarle County, Va., to Margaret Chewning, daughter of John W. and Mary E. Chewning, who lived at that place. Children, by first marriage: 1. Temple Wilson, served as private in Co. G, First Alabama Infantry, U. S. Army, Spanish-American War, superintendent of the furnaces of an iron and steel company in Sakchi, India, m. Florence Wilhoite; 2. Edward Magruder, jr., served as private in Co. G, First Alabama volunteer infantry, U. S. Army, Spanish-American War, general manager of Alabama State Land Company, Birmingham, m. Mary Anderson; 3. Herbert, coal, coke and iron broker, Birmingham, m. Mary Addison. Residence: Birmingham.

TUTWILER, HENRY, educator, was born November 16, 1807, at Harrisburg, Rockingham County, Va., and died September 21, 1884, at Green Springs, Hale County; son of Henry and Margaret (Lorchbaugh) Tutwiler. His ancestors are supposed to have come from the German sector of Switzerland and located in Pennsylvania, in the latter part of the 18th century, later removing to the valley of Virginia where they homesteaded land. Dr. Tutwiler was in part self taught in early youth and was prepared for college by Dr. Daniel Baker of Virginia, a famous Presbyterian minister and teacher. In 1825 he entered the University of Virginia, being one of the first enrolled students, graduating in 1829, the first student of that institution to receive the A. M. degree. He entered the law school and taught at Charlottesville for two years. Upon the establishment of the University of Alabama in 1831, he was chosen professor of ancient languages and served in that position until 1837. He filled the chair of mathematics in Marion college from the latter date until 1839 at which time he went to LaGrange college, in North Alabama, as professor of mathematics and chemistry. It was in 1847 that he established his celebrated private

school for young men at Green Springs, now Hale County, remaining there until the close of the school, two years before his death. Dr. Tutwiler was far in advance of his generation in educational reform. When corporal punishment, often brutal in its character, was the rule everywhere, he forbade it in the famous school which he founded. When languages were taught by the most formal and antiquated methods, he used natural and living methods. He taught science by experiment when textbook teaching was the rule. He made the foundation of character the chief end of education, each pupil being treated as an individual, protesting against the Procrustean bed to which each student must be fitted whatever his natural endowments. His influence on general education was as great as his influence on his particular pupils, and the men trained by him showed the impress of his strong, earnest, sincere nature. Their love and reverence for him were boundless. The degree of LL. D. was conferred upon him by the Centenary college, La., and by the University of Mississippi in 1868. Rev. R. H. Rivers, in his life of Bishop Paine, says of Dr. Tutwiler: "He was a profound and rich linguist, a thorough mathematician, and a superior chemist. He was learned without pedantry, pious without bigotry, a gentleman without a blemish, a character without a flaw." He was appointed by President Pierce in 1853 in the board of examiners for West Point. In 1882, fifty-three years after his graduation, he delivered the alumni address at the University of Virginia. On the evening of May 12, 1866, he discovered the "New Star," which discovery he at once communicated to Prof. Joseph Henry of the Smithsonian institution, Prof. Stephen Alexander of Princeton, and other northern astronomers. He wrote short articles on current political matters for leading papers, which were either unsigned or published as editorials, thus influencing public opinion, but remaining with characteristic modesty in the background. Married: December 24, 1835, in Tuscaloosa, to Julia, daughter of Paoli Pascal and Elizabeth (Strudwick) Ashe, members of the well known Shepperd, Strudwick and Ashe families of North Carolina. Children: 1. Margaret, m. Maj. J. W. T. Wright, both deceased; 2. Anne Eliza, m. Dr. Elisha Young, both deceased; 3. Julia Strudwick (q. v.); 4. Catherine, m. Charles Nicholas Meriwether, Trenton, Ky.; 5. Henry, jr., m. Mrs. Mattie Cox, Texas; 6. Pascal Ashe, m. Rosalie Young, Greensboro; 7. Nettie, m. Col. T. C. McCorvey (q. v.); 8. Peyton, m. Leonard Pitts, Las Cruces, New Mexico; 9. Ida, m. Joseph Hill Hall, Macon, Ga.; 10. Carlos Smith, m. Janie Brewer, Dothan; 11. Gesner Harrison, m. Paoli Ashe Smith, Columbus, Miss. Last residence: Green Springs.

TUTWILER, JULIA STRUDWICK, educator, prison reformer, author, was born in Tuscaloosa, and died March 24, 1916, in Birmingham; daughter of Dr. Henry and Julia (Ashe) Tutwiler (q. v.). She received her college preparatory training from her father, and later entered a French boarding school of high repute in Philadelphia, Pa. She spent some time at Vassar college both as student and teacher of

German and French; was for three years a student in Germany, one year of which was spent with the deaconesses of Kaiserwerth. Later she studied in Paris. With an insatiable thirst for knowledge, and an aptitude for languages, she spent a year in Lexington, Va., where she renewed her study of Greek and Latin from the professors of Washington-Lee university. She taught at the Tuscaloosa female college, at Greensboro, and with her father at his academy at Green Springs. Upon the death of her brother-in-law, Prof. J. T. W. Wright, she was elected his successor as president of the State normal school, at Livingston, and brought the education of girls up to the highest standard attained to that time. Through her efforts the University became a co-educational institution and young women trained by her were the first to make the test, successfully winning scholastic honors in competition with the male students. In recognition of her services for the higher education of the woman-hood of the State the first dormitory built for young women on the University campus was named in her honor. Miss Tutwiler's sympathies were stirred by the conditions under which the convicts of the State labored through the lease system, and she aroused public sentiment in behalf of reforms that greatly ameliorated conditions. It was her custom to give religious instruction to the prisoners, whether in jails or under sentence in camp or mines, and such was the gratitude felt for her services on the part of the convicts that she became known as the "angel of the prisons." In 1878, she was chosen to represent the Boston "Journal of Education," at the Paris exposition, and in 1891, papers on educational topics were read by her at the national convention of the Educational Association, and at the International association, Toronto, Canada, that same year. She was a guest of management of the woman's building, World's fair, Chicago, 1893, and was a member of the Congress of representative women of the world, at that time and place and read a paper before the assembly on corrections and charities. She was secretary for Alabama of the International congress of charities and corrections and one of the vice-presidents of the International congress of education. She was appointed to represent Alabama at the casting of the new liberty bell. She was also one of the judges of the department of liberal arts of the World's fair, in 1893. Author: articles, poems and short stories written by her, appeared, throughout her life, in American and English magazines and papers. Among her poems adopted to music were: "Alabama," used as the State song, "Dixie Now," "The Southern yankee-doodle," and "Duty," used for the Lee centennial. Unmarried. Last residence: Livingston.

TWOMBLY, ROBERT FRANKLIN, merchant, farmer and legislator, was born November 14, 1863, at Braggs, Lowndes County; son of Robert Demerrett and Martha (Davidson) Twombly, the former of Barrington, N. H., whence he emigrated to Alabama in 1842, and during the War of Secession served as a recruiting officer for the C. S. Army, the latter was from Butler County; grandson of Isaac

and Sarah (Foy) Twombly of Barrington, N. H., and of Joseph and Mary (Hayse) Davidson of Butler County, the former family came from England and Ireland, and settled in New Hampshire, while the latter were from South Carolina. Mr. Twombly was educated in the common schools. He is a merchant and farmer; was appointed postmaster in 1892. He is a Democrat; Mason; and Knight of Pythias. He represented Lowndes County in the legislature of 1911. Married: (1) November 9, 1887, near Mt. Willing, to Jennie Caroline, daughter of Christian E. and Emmerly (Golson) Gates; (2) March 18, 1907, at Mt. Willing, to Ida Pough, daughter of Edward F. and Augusta (Golson) Gates. Children: by first wife, 1. Clara Belle. Residence: Braggs.

TYLER, F. J., Presbyterian minister, D. D.; living in 1913. Residence: Lynnville, Tenn.

TYLER, RICHARD THOMAS, Methodist minister, was born March 10, —, in Barnford, Jefferson County; son of Richard Lawson and Mary Ann (Patton) Tyler, the former a native of Helena, Shelby County, was a mechanic by trade, lieutenant in the Confederate Army and after the close of the war was a farmer and worked at his trade, about 1865 moved to Jefferson County, settled on Shades Mountain, in 1900 removed to Birmingham, father of eleven children, all living in Jefferson County; grandson of Rev. Bob Patton, of Brampton. Older members of the family settled in Georgia in the early part of the nineteenth century and removed to West Point in 1840 from which place they migrated to Shelby County. Rev. Mr. Tyler received his early education in the rural schools of Jefferson County and later attended the Zelasophian academy. He obtained collegiate education in the Southern university, Greensboro, graduating in June, 1902, with the degree of A. B. In November, 1896, at Tuscaloosa, he joined the North Alabama conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, at Tuscaloosa and has been continuously in ministerial work. He has filled many pastorates and was presiding elder of the Gadsden district four years and in 1913 was pastor of the congregation at Wesley chapel, Birmingham. He is a Mason; an Odd Fellow; and a member of Kappa Alpha college fraternity. Married: in October, 1905, in Huntsville, to Johnnie Theodora, daughter of John W. and Elizabeth Garner, who lived in that place, the former was tax assessor of Madison County, 1901-09. Children: 1. Richard, deceased; 2. Beth. Residence: Birmingham.

TYLER, ROBERT, lawyer, journalist, was born September 9, 1816, in Charles City County, Va., and died December 3, 1877, in Montgomery; son of John and Letitia (Christian) Tyler, the former of whom was tenth president of the United States; grandson of John and Mary (Armstead) Tyler, who lived at Greenway, Charles City County, Va., where their son was born, and of Judge Robert C. Christian, of Richmond, Va. He was educated at William and Mary College, Williamsburg, Va., where he was graduated, A. B., and read law in the office

of Prof. Beverly Tucker. He practiced law in Williamsburg, Va., and in 1845, during the presidency of his father, moved to Philadelphia, where he acted as signer of patents, and for a time was private secretary to his father. He soon became prominent at the bar there, and after the expiration of his father's administration, he resided in Philadelphia and exerted an important influence in politics. He contributed greatly to the nominations of Franklin Pierce and James Buchanan, and received the tender of important missions from both. In 1847, he was solicitor of the sheriff of Philadelphia, and shortly after was appointed prothonotary of the supreme court of Pennsylvania. In 1858 was chairman of the Democratic executive committee in Pennsylvania. When the War of Secession began, he expressed his sympathy for the Southern states, and on Virginia's withdrawal from the Union, went south to give his aid to his native state. He enlisted as a private in Col. Custis Lee's brigade, and resigned shortly afterward when appointed register of the treasury, C. S. A. At the end of the war, he went to Alabama, and opened a law office in Montgomery. He became editor in chief of the Montgomery "Advertiser" in 1867, and started the "White Man's Issue," which waged a strenuous fight against the carpetbaggers and scallawags. His appointment as editor in chief of the "Advertiser" was due to the activities of a party of prominent politicians of Montgomery, and was made with the understanding that Mr. Tyler was to have complete control of the policy of that newspaper. He continuously exercised that control until he left the paper in 1873 or 1874. He was chairman of the Democratic state central committee of Alabama in the seventies; was an Episcopalian; and a Master Mason. When a very young man, he wrote two poems, "Ahasuerus," 1842, and "Death, or Medora's Dream," 1843, which were published in separate volumes by Harper Brothers, New York. He took great interest in the cause of Ireland during the period of the national repeal convention, was president of the Irish Repeal Association, and corresponded with Daniel O'Connell, Thomas Francis Meagher, and other prominent Irishmen in this country and abroad. He made many speeches for the cause and collected funds to aid it.

Married: September 12, 1839, at Bristol, Pa., to Elizabeth Priscilla Cooper, daughter of Thomas Abthorpe and Mary (Fairlie) Cooper, the former the Irish tragedian, cousin and ward of the English philosopher Godwin, who came to America in the early part of the nineteenth century, and was the reigning idol of the stage for a quarter century, and whose father was a north of Ireland Protestant, who lived in Dublin and was employed as ship's surgeon in the East Indies commercial service of England; granddaughter of James Fairlie, a captain in the Revolutionary Army, ranking as major on the staff of Gen. Von Steuben, was one of the first secretaries of the Society of Cincinnati, and was noted for his wit, being mentioned in Irving's "Life of Washington" as one of the few who could make Washington laugh, and whose father was captain of an English merchantman that traded between England and the West

Indies; great-granddaughter of Robert Yates, of the Yates family of Schenectady, N. Y., who was chief justice of the supreme court of the state of New York, and was a delegate to the constitutional convention at Philadelphia in 1789, from which assembly he with Gov. Lansing resigned at the time the convention was about to adjourn, being unwilling to sign the constitution. Children: 1. Mary Fairlie, d. in infancy; 2. Letitia Christian, Montgomery; 3. John, d. in infancy; 4. Grace, deceased, m. John B. Scott, Mt. Meigs; 5. Thomas Cooper, d. in infancy; 6. Priscilla Cooper, m. Albert Taylor Goodwyn (q. v.), Robinson Springs; 7. Elizabeth, Montgomery, m. Thomas Gardner Foster (q. v.); 8. Julia Campbell, deceased, m. Harry Hewlings Tyson, Glenelg House, Maryland; 9. Robert, unmarried, newspaper writer, Montgomery. Last residence: Montgomery.

TYLER, ROBERT ENOCH, Methodist minister, was born December 29, 1869, on Shades Mountain, near Birmingham; son of Richard Lawson and Mary Ann (Patton) Tyler, the former served four years in the Confederate Army, and was slightly wounded; grandson of Enoch and Martha (Doss) Tyler, his second wife, who came from Virginia to Georgia, thence to Alabama, living first on the Coosa River, and of Robert Berry and Eliza Matilda (Payne) Patton, his second wife, being Anna Eliza Click, lived at Patton's Chapel near Birmingham. Rev. Mr. Tyler received his early education at Old Pleasant Hill academy, and his collegiate education at the Southern university, Greensboro, 1891-93, graduating in June of the latter year, with the degree of Ph.D. In 1895-96 he had professional training in Vanderbilt university. He taught, 1897, in the public schools at Wylam, Jefferson County, and in 1898 joined the North Alabama conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, South. He has had pastorates at Albertville, Cullman, Bridgeport, and Scottsboro; was for about five years a missionary in Mexico; spent about four years in Birmingham, three at Norwood church, and in 1913 was pastor of East Lake church. He is a Democrat; a Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Author: "Mexico, past, present and future," 1912; "Human trinity and triangle," 1913; "Man, woman and child," 1913; "Tollers and their tools." Married: December 24, 1895, to Beulah Cook, daughter of Joseph Jones and Annie (Cook) Edmondson, who lived at Steele. Children: 1. Nellie Odette; 2. Corless Feagin, deceased; 3. Richard; 4. Beulah Norwood. Residence: Birmingham.

TYRRELL, WILLIAM JOSEPH, Roman Catholic priest, a resident of Alabama for several years, was born March 8, 1854, at Clonmore, Kings County, Ireland. He received his early education in the Marist and Carmelite schools, of Dublin, Ireland; entered the Society of Jesus, 1873, at Clermont, Auvergne, France, remaining at this place for three years; came to America, October, 1876, spending a year at St. Charles college, Grand Coteau, La.; was appointed teacher and prefect, 1877, at Spring Hill college; afterwards took up the studies of philosophy and theology at Woodstock col-

lege, Md., Miltown Park, near Dublin, Ireland, and Ona, Spain. He again returned to America, was assigned to Spring Hill college and appointed vice-president, 1891, served in this capacity for two years and then removed to Tampa, Fla. In 1899 he was appointed president of Spring Hill college. Under his able administration, 1899-1901, the college grew rapidly and many improvements were made. He is at present at Tampa, Fla. Residence: Tampa, Fla.

TYSON, ANNIE ARRINGTON, writer, was born October 28, 1878, at Lowndesboro, Lowndes County; daughter of Archibald Pitt and Ellen Nicholson (Arrington) Tyson (q. v.). She was educated in private schools in Montgomery, and graduated at the Alabama central female college, Tuskegee; attended Mrs. Clark's boarding school in Nashville, Tenn.; the Peebles-Thompson school, and Mrs. Green's boarding school, Riverside Drive, New York City. Later she studied music in New York, where she spent two winters. Author: "Dramana," 1903; "Magdalene and other poems," 1912; "You little match maker," Photoplay journal, beginning in November, 1919; "The price of honor," a novel, 1920; a manuscript, "My lady of the almond blossoms," was burned in an express office and never published. She is a member of the Magazine Club, but has no church membership. Residence: Montgomery.

TYSON, ARCHIBALD PITT, planter and business man, was born December 18, 1844, in Lowndesboro, Lowndes County; son of Archibald and Sarah Jane (Warren) Tyson, the former a native of Pitt County, N. C., who, when a young man moved to Ft. Deposit, Lowndes County, where he became a planter and capitalist, equipped a company for the Confederate Army, which was named for him, the "Arch Tyson Regulars"; grandson of Shem and Lucretia (Adams) Tyson, the former of Pitt County, N. C., and Laban and Parthenia (Jones) Warren, of Lowndes County; great-grandson of Noah Tyson, a member of the committee on safety in North Carolina during the American Revolution. The original stock of both the Tyson and Warren families is English. Mr. Tyson received his early education in his native county and in private schools in Butler County. He was a student at the University of Alabama, 1861-63, and joined the "Tuscaloosa Cadets," the company of college boys that joined Gen. N. B. Forrest at Corinth, Miss., and remained with him until the close of the war. He was in all battles and skirmishes in which his command participated. After the close of hostilities he engaged in farming in Lowndes County. In 1877 he removed to Montgomery and engaged in the real estate and loan business, which he still conducts. He is a Democrat, but is "independent" in local affairs. He has no church affiliations, being a "liberal" in his religious opinions. Married: November 25, 1875, at Montgomery, to Ellen Nicholson, daughter of Samuel Lewis and Eliza (Nicholson) Arrington (q. v.) of that place; descended from Joseph Wright

Nicholson, colonel in the Revolutionary War, and who fought valiantly at the battle of Guilford Court House, N. C. Children: 1. Annie Arrington (q. v.); 2. Sallie Nicholson, m. Olive Connor Maner (q. v.); 3. Archibald Pitt, jr., real estate, Montgomery; 4. Laura May, m. Robert Harris, formerly of Reidsville, N. C., now residing in Montgomery. Residence: Montgomery.

TYSON, JOHN RUSSELL, lawyer, farmer and chief justice Alabama supreme court, was born November 28, 1856, in Lowndes County; son of John Adams and Martha Matilda (Warren) Tyson, and brother of Archibald Pitt Tyson (q. v.). Judge Tyson was educated in the county schools; attended Harvard college, 1877, where he took the degree of A. B.; entered Washington and Lee university, and in 1879 graduated LL. B. He at once entered the profession of the law at Hayneville. In 1880 he was elected representative from Lowndes County in the general assembly. He changed his residence to Montgomery, continuing the practice there as a member of the firm of Lomax & Tyson. In 1889-92, he was president of the city council of Montgomery; from 1892-98 he was judge of the second judicial circuit; in the latter year he was elected associate justice; and in the Democratic primary election of August 27, 1906, was nominated for chief justice, his opponent being Samuel D. Weakley, who had succeeded to the position on the death of Chief Justice Thomas N. McClellan; and on November 6, 1906, was overwhelmingly elected. He resigned the position in 1909. Later he accepted the position of division counsel for the Atlantic Coast line railroad. In the Democratic primaries of 1920 he was nominated as representative of the 2nd congressional district, defeating L. H. Brassell and Hon. S. Hugh Dent. Judge Tyson is a Democrat, and a Baptist. Married: October 20, 1879, at Lexington, Va., to Mary Dossie, daughter of Dr. James R. and wife Martha (Sloan) Jordan. Children: 1. George Baker, m. Tinsie Moore; 2. Martha Jordan; 3. Mary Dossie, m. Kenneth Murphy; 4. Ellen Sloan, m. B. Frank Noble; 5. James Jordan. Residence: Montgomery.

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ULLMAN, SAMUEL, business man; formerly rabbi in charge of the Jewish congregation in Birmingham, where he resides.

ULMER, ISAAC BARTON, planter, was born January 7, 1862, in Dallas County; son of Isaac Barton and Abigail Johnson (Cromwell) Ulmer, the former who was a native of Beauford District, S. C., was prominent in the nullification troubles of that state, and was lieutenant-colonel of one of its infantry regiments; grandson of John and Margaret (Barton) Ulmer, who lived in Beauford District, S. C., and of Oliver and Sarah (Johnson) Cromwell, who lived at Charleston, S. C.; great-grandson of a Johnson, who was a native of New York, a captain in the Revolutionary War; and a descendant of Phillip Ulmer, a native of Germany, who engaged in the revolutionary disturbances in that

country, somewhere near the city of Ulm, as a result of which his party was defeated, his property confiscated, and he fled with his family to England, and then to the colony of South Carolina early in the eighteenth century, had four sons, from one of whom this family was descended. The Cromwell line runs back to the English branch of that name. Mr. Ulmer's early education was obtained in Orrville, Dallas County, and then at Green Springs. He attended Oglethorpe university near Milledgeville, Ga., and was in the junior class when the War of Secession broke out. He entered the C. S. Army, in 1861, as private, was later first sergeant in Co. C, Wirt Adam's cavalry, was transferred to Co. A, Third Alabama cavalry, was courier on the staff of Gen. William T. Martin, was in Wheeler's Corps, cavalry, and was a member of Gen. A. S. Johnston's escort at Shiloh. After the war, he engaged in farming. He served for some years as deputy clerk of the Marengo law and equity court, of Demopolis. He is a Democrat, an Episcopalian, and a Knight of Pythias. Married: to Ellen Kitton Du Boutz, widow of F. S. Denson, daughter of Dr. Joseph John Louis and Kitty Crusoe (Beck) Du Boutz, who lived at Pushmataha; granddaughter of Gabriel and Deborah (Montgomery) Du Boutz, the former of Etienne, France, who served in De Grasse's fleet at Yorktown; great-granddaughter of John and Mary (Wilcox) Montgomery; great-great-granddaughter of Alexander Hugh Montgomery; great-great-great-granddaughter of William Montgomery; and great-great-great-great-granddaughter of Capt. Alexander Montgomery, who was a descendant of one of the two brothers who emigrated from Scotland about 1690, and settled in County Derry, Ireland, one of whom participated in the battle of Boyne, as captain of grenadiers under King William. Children: 1. Joseph Barton, d. in infancy; 2. Abby Cromwell, Demopolis, m. John R. Harper, deceased; 3. Du Boutz, Demopolis; 4. Edward Workam, m. Nettie Lipscomb, Demopolis; 5. Mariana, Demopolis; 6. Isaac Barton, jr., Faunsdale; 7. Stiles Mellichamp, m. (1) Emma Corper, (2) Margaret (Arnold) Burwell, widow; 8. Ellen Josephine, m. G. L. Youngblood, Montgomery; 9. Oliver Saunders, Demopolis. Residence: Demopolis.

UNDERWOOD, LUCIEN M., professor of biology, at the Alabama polytechnic institute, 1895-96, and later professor at Columbia university, N. Y.

UNDERWOOD, NIMROD T., physician; graduate of the medical department of the University of Alabama, 1886; licensed to practice by the county board of Franklin. Residence: Russellville.

UNDERWOOD, OSCAR WILDER, lawyer, United States congressman and senator, was born May 6, 1862, in Louisville, Ky.; son of Eugene and Frederica Virginia (Smith) Underwood, the former, born in Glasgow, Ky., 1818, a lawyer, who practised first in Bowling Green, Ky., and later in Nashville, Tenn., Louisville, Ky., St. Paul, Minn., finally returning to Louisville, member of the original board of directors

of the Louisville and Nashville railroad, captured by the federals, charged with being a Southern sympathizer, released and later took no part in the controversy, although two brothers were in the Confederate Army, one of whom, John C., was a major; grandson of Joseph Rogers and Eliza M. (McCown) Underwood, the former a native of Goochland County, Va., removed to Kentucky in 1800, with his uncle, Edmund Rogers, and his cousin, General George Rogers Clark, graduated from Transylvania college in 1811, studied law under Robert Wyckliffe in Lexington, lieutenant in the 13th Kentucky infantry, taking part in the battle with the Indians and British opposite Fort Meigs and in Dudley's defeat, was wounded while in command of the company and taken prisoner and forced to run the Indian gauntlet, was paroled and returned home in a canoe, the first white man to make the water trip across Ohio, was admitted to the bar, practised in Glasgow, Ky., represented Barren County in the Kentucky legislature, 1816-19, removed to Bowling Green in 1832, and represented Warren County in the legislature, 1825-26, and 1848, when he was speaker, and again in 1861, was presidential elector, 1824 and 1844, Whig candidate for lieutenant governor of Kentucky, 1828, judge of the court of appeals, 1828-35, Whig representative in congress, 1835-43, U. S. senator, 1847-53, as the colleague of Henry Clay with whom he agreed in the advocacy of the gradual emancipation of the slaves, delegate to the Democratic national convention at Chicago, 1864, died at his country seat, "Ironwood," near Bowling Green, Ky., 1876, and of Jabez Smith, born in Groton, Conn., moved to Petersburg, Va., at eighteen years of age, built at that point one of the first cotton mills in the South, for a number of years, prior to the War of Secession, was mayor of that city and died at the age of seventy-six during the federal siege of Petersburg, a Southern sympathizer, having a son and two grandsons in the Confederate Army, one of the latter being killed during the siege of Petersburg; great-grandson of Capt. John and Frances (Rogers) Underwood, the former a Virginia planter, and at one time high sheriff of Goochland County, Va., and member of the house of delegates, that State, and of John and Chalia (Rice) Trotter of Glasgow, Ky.; great-great-grandson of Col. William Thomas and Ann (Taylor) Underwood, the former a planter in Goochland County, Va., before the Revolutionary War, high sheriff of that county and at one time member of the house of delegates of Virginia, and of George and Frances (Pollard) Rogers, of Virginia; great-great-great-grandson of Thomas William and Elizabeth (Taylor) Underwood, of Virginia. Senator Underwood is also a direct descendant of Col. William Byrd of "Westover," Va. He has enjoyed exceptional educational advantages, the foundations laid in private and public schools of Kentucky and Minnesota, a student at Rugby school in Louisville, Ky., graduating there in 1880, after which he entered the University of Virginia, where he graduated in 1881 in the academic department. He returned to that institution for his legal training and graduated in 1883, being admitted to the practice at once by the supreme

court of Virginia. He located in Birmingham and entered upon his professional career there, September, 1884. He was chairman Democratic executive committee of the ninth district, 1892; chairman Democratic campaign committee that adopted the present constitution of Alabama, 1901. In 1894, he was elected to the Fifty-fourth congress, representing the ninth district composed of Blount, Jefferson, Bibb, Hale and Perry Counties, and was continuously re-elected to the succeeding eight congresses. While in the house he early advocated measures to revive the American merchant marine, and government aid to an improved system of highways. He served on the committees on judiciary, on rules, arid lands, appropriations, and on the ways and means committee of which he was chairman for four years, the position carrying with it floor leadership of the majority of the party of the house. He was Democratic whip of the house of representatives in the fifty-sixth congress, and one of the two Democratic members of the rules committee in the fifty-seventh congress. The Democrats were swept into power in 1910 through a popular protest against Republican policies and methods. The principal promises on which the former party won the election were to revise and liberalize the rules of the house; to pass a bill providing for the publication of campaign expenses preceding elections; to admit New Mexico and Arizona to statehood; to pass a resolution submitting a constitutional amendment for the popular election of United States senators; to economize in national expenditures; to revise the tariff downward to a revenue basis. All of these pro-election promises were kept by the party making them. The rules of the house were liberalized by the Democrats by a radical change in the manner of appointing committees. The ways and means committee was designated the committee on committees, thus vesting in it a right which had been lodged in every speaker of the house from the first to the sixty-first congress. The responsibility of readjusting the committees fell upon Mr. Underwood mainly, as chairman of the ways and means committee, the nominations of that committee being approved by the house. A political writer of the period wrote: "The Democrats had a majority of nearly seventy. They had not had possession of the house for sixteen years. They thought they had a chance to elect a president, and each man of the two hundred and twenty-eight Democrats was full of schemes for making this chance a certainty. They were all anxious to revise the tariff in order to keep faith with the people, but they had many plans for revision and many shades of opinion as to how it should be revised. They felt their power and importance. They were eager, avid, enthusiastic and none too prudent." From this analysis of the temper of his own party, together with the natural opposition and tactics of the Republican membership, it can be seen that Mr. Underwood's responsibilities as leader were heavy, his task an increasingly difficult one. To hold his membership in line and make such a tariff law as would respond to the wants and needs of a hundred million people of widely divergent interests and bring about the election of a

Democratic president in 1912 was the responsibility laid upon him. Mr. Underwood's one summary of the situation is historically significant, made in a public utterance at the time: "The urgent necessity for a revision of the present tariff laws of this country is apparent to all. In the first place, the present revenues are again running behind expenditures and are not sufficient to support the government; in the next place, development of improved business methods and advances in the process of manufactures due to improved machinery have made the taxes levied under the present Payne bill and the Dingley bill out of adjustment with the present needs of the business interests of the country. In many instances these taxes have prohibited importations to such an extent that they do not produce revenue, and have become a direct injury to the great productive interests of the nation. . . . There has never been a tariff bill enacted into law by the Democratic party that has not favored the doctrine of a tariff for revenue only as opposed to a tariff levied along free trade lines, such as the revenue laws of Great Britain. . . . The Democratic party does not intend to abandon the custom houses, but favors a policy of levying customs duties for revenue purposes only, at rates that will not destroy fair and honest competition in the home market. This position will be accomplished by the reduction of tariff taxes provided for in the laws now on the statute books, to a point where fair competition will bring about reasonable prices and destroy monopolistic tendencies caused by the high duties now levied at the custom houses." It was upon the theory therefore of a tariff for revenue only basis, that the Underwood tariff law was written and swept the party into power in 1912, thereby putting President Woodrow Wilson in the White House. As chairman of the ways and means committee of the house, Mr. Underwood led all tariff debates on the floor, and at once was recognized, not only by the people of his own country, but of all countries of the world, as a man of unusual clarity of thought, and of wide knowledge on finances, exports and imports, and taxation. As floor leader of his party it fell to his lot to arrange all controversial debates and to guide his following safely through the spirited contests in the lower house that not infrequently resulted in physical rencounters. Mr. Underwood's coolness, when other men were impassioned, his fairness towards opponents, his loyalty to his party, his parliamentary generalship, challenged the admiration of the nation and elicited for him serious consideration as a statesman of presidential calibre. Not till then had a man from the south been seriously considered for that high office since the War of Secession. Alabama showed a just pride in the son of her adoption, and under the leadership of Senator John H. Bankhead, who had for many years served with him in the house, the Underwood campaign for the Democratic selection was launched. Mr. Underwood himself was too occupied with his heavy duties in the house to give any personal attention to the efforts his friends were making in his behalf, but the movement assumed practical proportions and

would undoubtedly have gone to fruition but for the failure of leaders from another section to keep their agreements in the Baltimore convention. Alabama, first on the roll of states had yielded on roll call in national Democratic conventions for a half century, but at the Baltimore convention in the summer of 1912, when the name of Alabama was called, William B. Bankhead, now a member of congress, son of the senator, stepped upon the platform at midnight and presented the name of Underwood. The state delegations from Alabama, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia and Mississippi were instructed by their states to cast their full strength for him in the convention, and to remain by that vote until released by Senator Bankhead to whose leadership his interests had been intrusted. Posts of delegations from Maryland, North Carolina, Tennessee and Porto Rico, also supported Mr. Underwood until his name was withdrawn from the contest.

Mr. Underwood, in the house, opposed the initiative, referendum and recall, a political reform led by William J. Bryan, the one time Democratic leader.

In 1914, he was nominated in the Democratic primaries for the United States senate, defeating Richmond P. Hobson, and was elected in the fall to serve from March 4, 1915, to March 4, 1921. He was re-elected to succeed himself in 1920, having defeated in the Democratic primaries of the spring, Samuel D. Weakley and L. B. Musgrove. When he came to the senate he was assigned to the committees on appropriations, on interstate commerce and on some smaller committees. Later he became a member of the rules committee. On April 27, 1920, he was elected minority leader of the senate, the Republicans having gained the majority by the defeat of two Democrats in the elections. Senator Underwood participated in, and in the absence because of illness of the chairman of the finance committee, had charge, of all the great revenue, finance and appropriation measures during the European War period a part of which time the United States was actively involved. He is the only Democrat since the time of Henry Clay who has been the titled leader of his party in both houses of congress. He assumed his new party responsibilities in the senate with the same qualities of fairness, coolness and parliamentary generalship that had characterized his leadership in the house of representatives. With that alertness that especially devolves upon a minority leader, Mr. Underwood faithfully maintains his post. His knowledge of the American tariff systems of finance acquired in the house is of great value in the deliberations of the committees on which he serves in the senate. Jointly with Senator Bankhead, he secured government appropriations for the development of Muscle Shoals water power for the manufacture of explosive nitrogen in war and agricultural nitrogen in peace, the construction of Wilson Dam, on the Tennessee River in North Alabama, and has performed other services for his State and section of incalculable value. Shortly after taking his seat in the senate, in 1915, he induced President Wilson to call for the first comprehensive survey of the transportation problem,

and himself drew the resolution that set in motion that survey, and in 1916, stood alone for the judicial settlement of those railway wage disputes which tend to imperil the national welfare and the livelihood of railway employees, and saw that principle written into law and signed, February 28, by the President. In voting against the eighteenth or prohibition amendment to the constitution of the United States he said to his constituents. "I have no apologies to make for my vote against the amendment. I belong to the old Democratic school that believes in maintaining in its integrity the right of the people of the several states to govern themselves in all matters that have not been delegated to the Federal government; but the prohibition amendment now being a part of the constitution, I see no reason why it should not be enforced with the same degree of strictness and justice that we enforce the quarantine laws, the laws prohibiting the counterfeiting of money, and all other laws that fall within the jurisdiction of the federal government." It is said of him that: "His idea of government is fundamental and constructive rather than correctional or penal. He has shown a consistent purpose to set up laws which are constructive and affirmative in their action, which remove impediments, which encourage progressive tendencies, which provide for frictionless administration and invite respect and observance." Senator Underwood is an Episcopalian; Mason; Knight of Pythias; and an Elk. Married: (1) October 8, 1886, at Charlottesville, Va., to Eugenia Massie, who died January 31, 1900, in Birmingham; (2) September 10, 1904, to Bertha, daughter of Joseph H. Woodward (q. v.). Children: by first wife, 1. John Lewis, m. Miss Campbell, Birmingham; 2. Oscar Wilder, jr., lawyer, m. Ellen Pratt, Washington, D. C. Residence: Birmingham.

UNDERWOOD, WILLIAM THOMPSON, business man, was born July 24, 1848, at Nashville, Tenn., and died June 25, 1916, in Williamsburg, Ky.; was son of Eugene and Katherine (Thompson) Underwood, the former who was a native of Glasgow, Barren County, Ky., who lived at Nashville and was one of the pioneer officers of the Louisville and Nashville railroad, and a lawyer; grandson of Joseph Rogers and Eliza (Trotter) Underwood who lived at Glasgow, and Bowling Green, Ky., the former who was a cousin of George Rogers Clark, was a congressman and senator from Kentucky, and was a contemporary of Henry Clay also an intimate friend and counselor, and of William Thompson and Susan (Vance) Thompson who lived at Nashville, Tenn.; and a half brother of Senator Oscar Underwood. The family history is traced back to Shropshire, England, from whence the family came to America with the Lees of Virginia in the seventeenth century. The early days of William T. Underwood were spent in Kentucky and he received his education in the public schools of Louisville and at the Forrest Academy. Began the study of law early; was admitted to practice in the Kentucky courts; located in the northwest and ventured in the state of Minnesota with land deals and specula-

tions; and settled in Birmingham in 1881. In 1883, he and Henry F. DeBardeleben formed a company and opened the Mary Pratt furnace; in 1884 they leased a tract of ore land from the Alice Furnace Company on Red Mountain and opened the Reading Mines; operated mines not alone in the Birmingham district but included Blount and Etowah Counties and even extended to Whitfield County, Ky. Mr. Underwood was also a director in the First National Bank and in the Birmingham Trust and Savings Company. He was a Democrat; member of the Episcopal church; and a Knight Templar. Married: October 4, 1871, at St. Paul, Minn., to Miss Marinda Burnett, daughter of Oscar and Frederika Virginia (Smith) Wilder, the former a native of Maryland who moved to Louisville, Ky., when a boy and died there in 1854, the latter who was a daughter of Jabez Sidney Smith, mayor of Petersburg, and owner of cotton mills there. Children: 1. Kenneth, b. May 30, 1887 in Birmingham, m. Miss Lucie Crommelin Wood of Montgomery; one child, May Crommelin Underwood, residence Montgomery; 2. Virginia, b. November 28, 1890, in Birmingham, m. William Carter O'Ferrall, son of former Gov. Charles T. O'Ferrall of Virginia, one child, William Underwood, b. August 10, 1917. Last residence: Williamsburg, Ky.

UPCHURCH, HARVEY BURTON, physician, was born November 5, 1869, in Pickens County; son of John and Mellica Upchurch. Dr. Upchurch received his education in the common schools and later attended the University of Alabama from where he was graduated M. D., in 1892. While attending this university he was a member of the cadet corps. He followed the pursuit of teaching and later became a physician and druggist. He served the post office at Carrollton for four years, from 1900-04, and was tax assessor, 1905. In 1902 he took a post graduate course at the University of Chicago, and in 1908 in New York. He gave much time to the special study of tuberculosis under Dr. von Rach of North Carolina. He is interested in the Pickens County Auto Co., is a Democrat, a member of the Missionary Baptist church, and a Master Mason, in which lodge he held the office of senior warden from 1894-98. Married: December 12, 1895, at Carrollton, to Eula McCaffety, daughter of John McCaffety. Children: 1. Lucile, m. B. E. Read; 2. Evelyn; 3. Harvey B., jr., who is fourteen years of age; and Mary Edna, aged eleven years. Residence: Carrollton.

UPSHAW, HERMAN LUNA, teacher and superintendent Eufaula schools, was born November 14, 1883, near Alexander City, Tallapoosa County; son of Thomas Luna and Virginia (Russell) Upshaw, both of Alabama. He received his early education in the county schools, graduated with the degree of B. Ph. from State normal college, Troy, 1906; student at Columbia university and also at Chicago university. In September, 1906, was elected first assistant in the public schools of Midway; in September, 1908, principal of the Eufaula high school; in January, 1911, superintendent of the city schools of Eufaula. Married: June 12,

1912, at Eufaula, to Fannie Lamar, daughter of Eli Sims and Wylene (Lucas) Shorter of that place. Residence: Eufaula.

UPTON, GEORGE, *soldier of the American Revolution*, a resident of DeKalb County; private, particular service not shown; enrolled on July 31, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832; annual allowance, \$30.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile. He resided in DeKalb County, June 1, 1840, aged 80. —*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

URQUHART, WALTER ELSWORTH, lawyer, was born December 29, 1869, at Mobile; son of Henry and Missouri-Ann (Philips) Urquhart, the former who was a native of Ramer, Montgomery County, and was a Methodist minister; grandson of Elam and Mary Ann (Ethridge) Philips, who lived at Mobile, the latter who with her father came to Alabama from South Carolina about 1813, settled at Ft. Mims, and escaped from there, just three days before the massacre, going to Mobile. He obtained his early education at the Greenville collegiate institute, at the Auburn female college, at a private school at Eufaula, and attended the Southern university at Greensboro, from 1886-88. He studied law, and on December 16, 1897, was admitted to the bar by the circuit court of Mobile. He was commissary captain of the First Alabama National guard, in 1898, and served as first sergeant in Co. C, Second Alabama Volunteer infantry in the Spanish-American War, for six months in Mobile, Miami, Fla., Jacksonville, Fla., and was mustered out at Montgomery. In 1907, he represented Jefferson County in the state legislature. He is a Democrat, a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, a Mason, Knight of Honor, and Odd Fellow. Married: February 16, 1904, at Verbena to Alma Crenshaw, daughter of Rev. Crenshaw. Residence: Birmingham.

V

VAIDEN, WILLIAM JACOB, planter, was born July 25, 1859, at Black Swamp, Charles City County, Va.; son of Jacob and Rebecca T. (Harwood) Vaiden, the former who was a planter, resided at Black Swamp plantation before and during the War of Secession, later purchased a place between Jamestown Island and Williamsburg, Va., served in the C. S. Army, and was first lieutenant on the staff of President Jefferson Davis; grandson of Jacob and Anna Vaiden, and of William H. and Rebecca (Christian) Harwood, and a descendant of Capt. James Christian, who was a major in the Revolutionary War, being brevetted at the siege of Yorktown, and of Sir Edward Harwood of England, who visited America in 1619, returned to England and who was killed in action at Utrecht, Holland, in 1632, while colonel of his regiment. The Vaidens lived at Barhamsville, New Kent County, while the Harwoods were from Holly Hill, Charles City County, Va. William J. Vaiden was educated in the country schools and later attended a grammar school at Williamsburg, Va. He is a planter; served as chairman of the board of registrars for Perry

County, from 1903-05; was mayor of Uniontown from 1905-1908; and was senator from the eighteenth senatorial district, 1913. He served as captain, Alabama National Guard, 1884-94; was major, 1894-98; was captain of the Second Alabama volunteer infantry, a negro regiment, from January 18, to March 30, 1899, serving at Miami, Jacksonville, Mobile and other points during the Spanish-American War; was captain of the Thirty-eighth U. S. infantry, August 13, 1899, to July 4, 1900; was captain and adjutant of the Forty-ninth U. S. infantry, July 4, 1900, to June 30, 1901, when he was honorably mustered out of the United States service at San Francisco, Calif.; was appointed first lieutenant of cavalry in the U. S. Army but did not accept; served as inspector general on the staff of Gov. Emmet O'Neal; was a member of the military board with the rank of brigadier-general, Alabama National Guard; in 1914, retired as brigadier-general; was recalled to service about August 1, 1916; organized troop 1, First Alabama cavalry; was elected a captain August 9, 1916; promoted to major, August 20, 1916; promoted to lieutenant-colonel, March 20, 1917; joined the One Hundred and Seventeenth field artillery; was promoted to colonel of the One Hundred and Twenty-fourth infantry "Second Florida"; was honorably discharged, July, 1918. He is a Democrat; an Episcopalian, having served as secretary and treasurer of his church for many years; a Royal Arch Mason; and Knight of Pythias. Married: on November 23, 1882, at Uniontown, to Marion Cobb, daughter of Dr. John and Lucy (Lea) Langhorne of Marion, the former who was a native of Botetourt County, Va., and the latter who was a daughter of Henry C. and Serena (Roots) Lea (q. v.), the aunt of Generals Howell E. and Thomas Cobb, and the sister-in-law of General Henry R. Jackson of Savannah, Ga. Children: 1. Reba, m. A. C. Davidson, jr., Uniontown, son of Col. A. C. Davidson (q. v.); 2. Marion Cobb; 3. John Langhorne, entered U. S. naval academy at Annapolis, Md., June 30, 1910, graduated June 30, 1914, was ordered to U. S. S. Arkansas, served on that ship for about five years, was ordered to the U. S. S. Meredith as executive officer, was in command of ship from New York to Pensacola as senior lieutenant, resigned from navy, December 1, 1919; 4. Mary Chadwick; 5. James Winchester, enlisted in First Alabama cavalry, July 9, 1917, appointed sergeant of Troop 9, appointed regiment supply sergeant, joined Battery D as private, July 31, 1918, promoted to corporal, commissioned second lieutenant in field artillery, went to France November 1, 1918, and was mustered out, December 5, 1918. Residence: Uniontown.

VALLIANT, LEROY BRANCH, lawyer and chief justice supreme court of Missouri, was born June 14, 1838, at Moulton, Lawrence County, and died March 3, 1918; son of Denton Hurlock and Narcissa (Kilpatrick) Valliant, the former a member of the legislature from Lawrence County, 1841-42. He received the degrees A.B., 1856, and LL.D., 1898, from

the University of Mississippi, and LL.B., Cumberland university, 1858; moved from Mississippi to St. Louis, Mo., 1874; judge of the circuit court of St. Louis, 1886-98; associate justice of the supreme court of Missouri and, at the time of his death, chief justice. Married: in 1862, to Theodosia T. Worthington, of Leota, Miss. Last residence: St. Louis, Mo.

VAN ANTWERP, GARRETT, pharmacist and Confederate soldier, was born December 7, 1833, in Albany County, N. Y., of an old colonial family of Dutch descent. He located in Mobile in 1858, and found employment as a drug clerk. He entered the Confederate Army as a private in Co. A, 21st Alabama infantry regiment, at the beginning of the war and was detailed for services specially in his line as a pharmacist at the Marine hospital in Mobile. Later he was sent to Corinth with Doctor Knott, an eminent physician of Mobile, and served for some time with the wounded, who were brought from the battlefield of Shiloh, April 6-7, 1862. Returning later to Mobile he continued on duty in the hospital service until the close of the war, when he returned to his former work, conducting a large wholesale and retail business. He is a member of the Raphael Semmes camp, United Confederate veterans; and has held the rank of lieutenant commander. Residence: Mobile.

VANCE, JAMES S., 33rd degree Honorary ancient accepted Scottish Rite Mason.

VAN DE GRAAFF, ADRIAN SEBASTIAN, was born May 12, 1859, at Gainesville, Sumter County; son of Abram Sebastian and Mary Coleman (Travis) Van de Graaff, the former who was a native of Erie, Greene County, practiced law from 1856 to 1867, served in the C. S. Army as captain of the North Sumter Rifles and major of the Fifth Alabama battery, and was a member of the legislature, 1861; grandson of William Jacob and Juliette (Ewing) Van de Graaff, and of Ames and Eliza Ann (Coleman) Travis, the former who moved from Versailles, Ky., in 1825, locating first at Erie, Greene County, later at Mobile where he was associated in the practice of law with Governor Gayle, removing to Gainesville. The Van de Graaffs are of Dutch ancestry, having lived for centuries at Dortrecht or Dort, Holland, the great-grandfather having been in the Dutch East India or colonial service, coming to America in 1794, and settling in Philadelphia about 1799. In 1800 he moved to Versailles, Ky., where he lived until his death. A. S. Van de Graaff was educated in the public schools of Los Angeles; spent one year at the California military academy of Oakland, Calif.; two years at the Hopkins grammar school, New Haven, Conn.; was graduated from Yale A. B., in 1881; attended law school of Yale university for one term of senior year; and was graduated from the law department of the University of Alabama LL. B., in 1884. He practiced law from 1884 until he retired in 1917; was appointed circuit judge and served from November 1, 1915, to January 15, 1917; was a representative in

the legislature from Tuscaloosa County, 1919; served for ten consecutive years as a member of the Tuscaloosa board of trade and was its president for two years; was a professor in the law department of the University of Alabama at different periods from 1890 to 1914, aggregating ten years. He is a Democrat and a Presbyterian. Married: on July 17, 1890, at Tuscaloosa, to Minnie Cherokee Hargrove, daughter of Andrew Coleman and Cherokee Minnie (Jemison) Hargrove, the former who was a pioneer settler of Tuscaloosa County, and the latter who was the daughter of Robert Jemison, jr., who served in the Confederate States senate and in the Alabama State legislature as a representative and senator from Tuscaloosa County. Children: 1. Adrian V.; 2. Coleman H.; 3. William Travis; 4. Cherokee Jemison, Tuscaloosa; 5. Robert Jemison, Tuscaloosa. Residence: Tuscaloosa.

VANDEGRIFT, A. B., merchant, was born in St. Clair County, October 1, 1838; son of John and Lydia A. (Hardwick) Vandegrift (q. v.). He received his education in the public schools of his native county and in the spring of 1861 entered the Confederate Army as a private in Co. C, 18th Alabama infantry regiment. After serving eighteen months he was made 2nd lieutenant and soon thereafter promoted to first lieutenant. Six months later he was promoted to the captaincy of Co. G, 32nd Alabama infantry regiment, which office he held till the close of the war. In 1865 he entered the commercial life as a clerk in a store in Montevallo. Four years later he removed to Ashville and engaged in merchandising at that place for ten years, after which time he settled in Birmingham, where he continues to merchandise. He is a Democrat; a Mason; and a Methodist. Married: (1) in 1869, to Sophie, daughter of Sylvester Steele of Elyton; (2) to Willie E., daughter of Judge W. K. Harris of Tuskegee. Children, by first wife: 1. Sylvester; 2. Vida, m. C. D. Smith; 3. Sophie; by second wife: 4. William, dec.; 5. Willie. Residence: Birmingham.

VANDEGRIFT, C. C., banker, planter and merchant, was born in St. Clair County in 1838; son of John and Lydia A. (Hardwick) Vandegrift (q. v.). He received his early education in the public schools of St. Clair County, and was prepared for college at Montevallo male institute, but stopped his education to become a clerk in the store of Sylvester Steele at Montevallo, with whom he later entered into full partnership. He enlisted in the Confederate Army, April, 1862, in the 2nd Alabama cavalry, commanded by John P. West, and served with that regiment until the close of the war. In 1871 he purchased the interest held by Mr. Steele in their joint firm and has since conducted the business alone. In 1880 he entered the banking business, which he conducts in connection with merchandising. He is also a large land owner. He is a Methodist; and a Democrat. Married: in 1865, to Annie E., daughter of Sylvester and Marinda (Camp) Steele of Montevallo. Children: 1. Maylene; 2. Imogene. Residence: Montevallo.

VANDEGRIFT, GEORGE W., merchant and real estate dealer, was born July 9, 1848, in St. Clair County, son of John and Lydia A. (Hardwick) Vandegrift (q. v.). George W. Vandegrift received his education in the public schools of his native county. When twenty-one years of age he began clerking in his brother's store, where he remained five years. In 1873 he engaged in the mercantile business at Athens, conducting his affairs successfully. In 1886 he sold his business and entered into real estate transactions. In 1887 he removed to Decatur. Residence: Decatur.

VANDEGRIFT, JOHN, pioneer and farmer, was born in Chester District, S. C., and died in St. Clair County, 1888; son of Christopher Vandegrift, a native of Pennsylvania, whose ancestors came to America with William Penn, and whose father was a soldier in the Revolutionary War. He located in St. Clair County in 1808, and later entered lands there, becoming an extensive farmer. He never grew cotton, but dealt in live stock and diversified agriculture. Married: Lydia A., daughter of James Hardwick, a native of Georgia, who was among the first settlers of St. Clair County, the former a Revolutionary soldier, son of a Revolutionary soldier, and said to be a descendant of the Hardwick family of England. He represented St. Clair County in the legislature, 1819, 1821, 1822 and 1823, and was a soldier of the Creek Indian War of 1836. Children: 1. James H., Branchville; 2. Violetta, m. George Chamblee, Jefferson County; 3. Rebecca, m. (1) Madison Turner, (2) G. W. Ashe, of St. Clair County; 4. Christopher C., Montevallo; 5. Mary, m. (1) James A. Ashe, (2) William Moore, of Branchville; 6. A. B.; 7. William, killed in battle at Resaca, Ga.; 8. Ellen, d. in infancy; 9. George W., of Chicago; 10. Susan E., deceased, m. E. J. Robinson, Ashville. Last residence: St. Clair County.

VANDIVER, JEHU WELLINGTON, lawyer, editor, lecturer, was born September 17, 1850, at Alexandria, Calhoun County; son of John Harrington and Mary Eliza Emma (McAfee) Vandiver, the former who was born in Spartanburg District, S. C., practiced medicine, was selected as electoral messenger for the state of South Carolina in 1848, engaged in the drug business, removed from South Carolina to Alabama; settling in Alexandria, and in 1857 settled in Talladega; grandson of John and Winnie (Cannon) Vandiver, who lived in Spartanburg District, S. C., and of Judge Green Talliaferro and Charlsie Ann (Hall) McAfee (q. v.); great-grandson of John and Elizabeth (Llemastre) Vandiver, who removed from Pennsylvania to Surrey County, N. C., and in 1791, to Spartanburg, S. C.; great-great-grandson of John Vandiver; great-great-great-grandson of William Van Der Wer, who was the ancestor of the South Carolina and West Virginia Vandivers. The immediate ancestors of the Van der Veers, or Van de Wers, the name later being changed to Vandiver, came from the north Netherlands, and reached New York in 1653. Some settled in the Mohawk valley, others went down the Delaware, and in 1655

Jacob Van de Wer, the progenitor of the family in America, served as sergeant in the army of Peter Stuyvesant, and assisted in the capture of Fort Christina, Wilmington, Del. Adam Vandiver, of Tallulah Falls, Ga., was a veteran of the Indian battle of Talladega. Mr. Vandiver received his education in the schools of Talladega, was a member of a boy company named the Invincibles in 1863, and served as water carrier for a short time; studied law in the offices of Bradford and Martin of Talladega, in 1872 was admitted to the bar, and in 1868 was clerk of the senate judiciary committee. In 1873 he removed to Gelesville, Tex., where he edited the "Sun"; returned to Alabama, and was county solicitor for St. Clair County, 1875; was elected circuit solicitor of the tenth circuit, 1876; was register in chancery for Talladega County, 1886-1910; was president of the Alabama chautauqua, 1889-1910. He returned to Texas, where he founded "The Gadsden News," which was afterwards consolidated with "The Times," under the name of the "Times-News," where he remained from 1881-82; was mayor of Talladega, 1901-07; mayor and president of the city board of commissioners, 1918-20. He has written many articles for the "Montgomery Advertiser," and for the "Age Herald," notable among which are "Sunshine in Alabama," and "Yarns of the Court House Gang." He has also written short articles for "Puck," "Judge," "Life," and the "Black Cat" magazine. He is a Democrat, Methodist, and Knight of Pythias. Married: June 4, 1878, at Gadsden, to Florence Alvaretta Cunningham, daughter of Joseph L. and Elizabeth (Wharton) Cunningham, who lived at Gadsden, the former who was state senator from Cherokee, St. Clair, and Etowah Counties, in 1878-79, was a lawyer, served first as captain and later as major on the staff of Gen. Tracey, Wheeler's cavalry, C. S. Army, the latter who was a member of the Wharton family of Etowah County. Children: 1. Almuth Cunningham, was graduated B. S., in 1898, from the Alabama polytechnic institute, and B. L., from the New York university, 1904, served as district attorney under William Travers Jerome, 1906-08, was law partner of Gov. Whitman of New York, 1909-10, and of U. S. Senator O'Gorman of New York, 1914-19, was judge advocate under Gen. Crowder with rank of major, 1918-19, m. Eleanor Williams, residence, New York, N. Y.; 2. Annabel, m. Howard L. Smith, who is assistant attorney for the "Katy" railroad system, for the state of Oklahoma, residence, Muskogee, Okla.; 3. William Reeves, manager of the storage warehouse, New York, m. Elaine Casey, residence, New York. Residence: Talladega.

VANDIVER, WILLIAM FRANKLIN, business man, was born October 5, 1850, at Oglethorpe County, Ga., and died December 9, 1908, at Montgomery; son of Albert Thomas Nelms and Mary (Moss) Vandiver, the former who was a native of Fairfield County, S. C., and was a Baptist minister; grandson of Mathew W. and Elizabeth (Nelms) Vandiver, who lived in Sumter District, S. C., and of William and Mary (Beecher) Moss, who lived at Schenectady, N. Y.; great-grandson of Edward Van-

diver, a veteran of the Revolutionary War, who served under Cols. Winne and Bratlings, in 1781 at Russell's Ferry, later under Col. Hopkins at the battle of Eutaw, and in 1782, under Col. Bratlings; and a relative of Henry Ward Beecher. Mr. Vandiver was brought to Alabama at an early age by his mother and step-father, Dr. James E. Henderson, and was reared and educated in Barbour County. In 1871, he removed to Montgomery, where he engaged as clerk for Le Grand & Company, wholesale grocers, and a few years later, together with R. M. Hobbie, purchased the business of Le Grand & Company. He purchased the interest of Mr. Hobbie in 1883, and took into partnership with him, his half brother, R. M. Henderson, the firm becoming W. F. Vandiver & Company, and this firm was succeeded by the Vandiver Grocery Company, composed of W. F. Vandiver, R. M. Henderson, H. F. Vandiver, R. M. Vandiver, and L. B. Whitfield. He was one of the organizers of the first electric lighting plant, which is now known as the Montgomery Light & Water power company. He was one of the organizers of the A. B. & T. Company, and was vice-president at the time of his death; was vice-president of the Alabama Chemical Company; was director and stockholder in numerous industrial institutions in Montgomery; was vice-president of the People's Line of steamers, plying the Alabama River. He was influential in securing appropriations for the improvement of the Alabama River and Mobile Harbor, and was from its organization an active member of the National Rivers and Harbors Congress, of which he was vice-president at the time of his death. He was interested in agricultural pursuits, was president of the old Southern Exposition, and was an important man in the organization of the Alabama Agricultural Association, of which he was president. He was perhaps, more than any other man, responsible for the freight rates adjustment at Montgomery, and was chairman of the Rivers & Harbors Improvement Association. He was influential in establishing a home to care for the superannuated ministers of the Methodist church, and donated the first home, which was located at Midway, and was also largely instrumental in securing the location of the Methodist college at Montgomery. He was a Democrat, and a member of the Methodist church, which he served as steward, was chairman of the board of finances, and was a delegate to the quadrennial conference of the church which met in Galveston. He was a Mason. Married: November 8, 1871, at Midway, to Sallie Penelope Merritt, daughter of Joel Henry and Catherine (Maddox) Merritt, who lived at Midway. Children: 1. Willie, m. L. Broughton Whitfield (q. v.); 2. Henry Frank, m. Ann Virgin, resides at Montgomery; 3. Merritt M., m. Eula Patterson, resides at Montgomery. Last residence: Montgomery.

VAN DYKE, JEFFERSON CAMPBELL, lawyer and comptroller of public accounts, was born in 1801 at Lenoir Station, Tenn., and died in Marengo County, about 1857; son of Thomas Jefferson and Penelope Smith (Campbell) Van

Dyke; grandson of James and Letitia (Nixon) Van Dyke; great-grandson of John Van Dyke; and great-great-grandson of Nicholas Van Dyke. J. C. Van Dyke had a brother, Judge Nixon Van Dyke of Chattanooga, Tenn., grandfather of Mrs. Margaret Josephine (Van Dyke) Inman of Atlanta, whose daughter married Howard Bell of Montgomery. He located in Dallas County for the practice of the law; in 1828, represented the county in the legislature; from 1835-1847 was comptroller of public accounts. He removed to Marengo County after he retired from office. He was a Democrat. Married: Eliza R. Cocke, probably in Tuscaloosa. Children: 1. Mittie, m. Capt. David Curry of the C. S. Army, both died in 1862, leaving two daughters, one, Tena, who married Capt. S. O. Trippe of Selma, and now lives in New York; 2. Vannie Rhett, m. (1) Col. W. W. Horton, (2) Dr. W. E. Pegram, and had three children: W. E. Pegram, Mrs. E. J. Childress of Russellville, Ky., and George Pegram (q. v.) of Faunsdale; 3. Carrie, m. Capt. James Ford, removed to Monroe, La., and d. leaving a daughter, Minnie, who m. a Mr. Cole and had a daughter who married Edward Pegram, and now lives at Monroe. Last residence: Marengo County.

VANN, JAMES ROBERT, physician and legislator, was born September 9, 1871, near Abbeville; son of William C. H. and Martha (Kennedy) Vann, the former was a Confederate soldier, captured at Mobile, and held a prisoner of war for several months at Ship Island; grandson of William Wesley and Ruth (Kennedy) Vann, and of Robert and Martha (Gamble) Kennedy, the former an Irish immigrant. The Gamble and Vann families are of Scotch-Irish descent. He was educated in the common schools; attended the Southeast Alabama agricultural school; afterwards the Alabama polytechnic institute until his junior year; entered the medical department of the University of Alabama, 1896; graduated from that institution in 1899, and located at Brown's Cross Roads. He is also interested in farming and merchandising. He represented Henry County in the legislature of 1907. He is a Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Unmarried. Residence: Headland.

VANN, LEONARD LAFAYETTE, teacher, was born April 1, 1866, near Birmingham; son of Joel King and Elizabeth (Turner) Vann, who lived at Huffman, near Birmingham, the former who was a native of Sampson County, N. C., and served as private in the C. S. Army; grandson of James Vann, who lived in Sampson County, N. C., and later removed to Jefferson County, and of William and Charlotte Turner, who lived at Branchville. He attended the common schools and the Birmingham District high school, and later entered the Howard college, at East Lake, where he was graduated B. S., in 1891, and received the honorary degree of A. M. in 1899. He attended the educational department of the University of Mississippi; began teaching in 1891; was principal of the high school at Huffman, 1891-92; president of the Fairview institute, Miss., 1892-96; pro-

fessor of mathematics and president of Cooper institute, 1896-99; president of the Martin female institute, Pulaski, Tenn., 1899-1900; chairman of faculty and professor of mathematics, Athens female college, Athens, 1900-01; superintendent of the city schools of Decatur, 1901-04; superintendent of the city schools of Water Valley, Miss., 1904, to January 1, 1907; president of the Fifth District agricultural school, Wetumpka; principal of the Centerville and Roanoke high schools; and is now superintendent of the Bessemer schools. He has been president of Elmore Teachers' Association, and is a member of the Alabama Educational Association, and of the National Educational Association. He is a Democrat, a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, Mason, Knight of Pythias, Woodman of the World, and a member of Sigma Nu fraternity. Married: July 9, 1896, at Sardis, Miss., to Marie Alpheus Young, daughter of Alpheus Franklin and Louise Josephine (Perry) Young, who lived at Sardis, Miss.; granddaughter of Cornelius Bryant Young, and of Burl R. Perry. Children: 1. Leonard L., jr. 2. Felix Young. Residence: Bessemer.

VARDAMAN, E. L., planter, was born in Newberry District, S. C., and died in July, 1878, in Clay County; son of Thomas and Annie (Vining) Vardaman, the former who was a native of Dutch Fork, resided in Jasper County, Ga., and Jefferson County, Ga., Putnam County, Ga., Meriwether County, Ga., and finally, in 1836, settled in Coosa County; grandson of James Vardaman, of German descent, one of three brothers, Peter, James, and William, who came to America in the early part of the eighteenth century, of whom Peter settled in Virginia, William in Kentucky and James, in South Carolina, settled in Dutch Fork, Newberry district, S. C. Mr. Vardaman remained in South Carolina, until 1827, when he removed to Meriwether County, Ga., and remained there until the winter of 1848-49. He represented Meriwether County in the Georgia legislature in 1847, and in 1849, removed to Alabama, first settling in the northwestern part of Tallapoosa County, and later removing to Coosa County, and still later to Clay County, where he spent the remainder of his life. Married: January 6, 1824, in Putnam County, Ga., to Lucinda K. Mauk. Children: 1. Cynthia, Clay County, m. Kenney M. Hannan, deceased; 2. Frances C., m. George V. House; 3. Mary B., m. Edward M. Adair; 4. John F.; 5. Zilpha T., m. J. M. L. McPhail; 6. Adeline E.; 7. Annie L., m. B. F. Luker; 8. Meinda, d. in childhood; 9. Minerva, d. in childhood; 10. Nancy, d. in childhood; 11. William F., private in Co. A, Fourteenth Alabama infantry, C. S. Army, killed at the battle of Williamsburg, Va.; 12. James M., private in Co. C, Sixtieth Alabama infantry, C. S. Army, was killed below Petersburg; 13. Mielda V., deceased, m. I. T. Kilpatrick; 14. John F., served in Co. C, Hilliard's legion, C. S. Army, farmer and teacher, m. Julia Flynn. Last residence: Clay County.

VARNER, JOSEPH, *soldier of the American Revolution*, and a resident of Clarke County;

private, particular service not shown; enrolled on May 8, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from September 4, 1835; annual allowance, \$72.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile.

VARY, JOHN FOSTER, lawyer, was born July 18, 1811, in Oneida County, N. Y., and died September 8, 1899, at Marion; son of Richard H. and Deborah (Foster) Vary, the former who was a native of Oneida County, N. Y., and a farmer; grandson of John and Maria Foster, who lived in De Kalb, N. Y. His paternal grandfather came to this country from England in the early days of the revolutionary trouble. He was under a commission from the crown, but decided not to return to England, and settled in New York. Mr. Vary attended the schools of his county, was graduated from Potsdam seminary, Potsdam, N. Y., and a year later at the age of twenty years, set out for Cincinnati to find employment. He became acquainted with two trustees of the school in Columbus, Miss., and they engaged his services. He remained there until he went to Demopolis, where he engaged in teaching and at the same time read law in the office of Frank Lyon. In 1850, he was admitted to the bar in Marengo County. He first began to practice at Linden and later in Marion. He was a Democrat, Baptist and a Mason. Married: (1) April 17, 1850, at Linden, to Amarantha Brooks, who died in 1857, daughter of William Middleton and Elizabeth (Watson) Brooks, and a sister of William McLinn Brooks (q. v.); (2) in March, 1859, to Rachel W. Moore, who died October, 1914, daughter of Wooten and Elizabeth (Tookey) Moore, who came to Perry County, from near Raleigh, N. C., in 1831. Children, by first marriage: 1. John F. jr., d. in infancy; 2. Elbert Middleton, d. at Jacksonville, Fla., in 1882, m. Ida Walker, children, Foster B., Jacksonville, Fla., and Elbert H., Atlanta, Ga.; by second marriage: 4. Amarantha, treasurer of Judson college, Marion; 5. Wooten Moore, plantsman and florist, m. Annie Hurt, College Park, Ga.; 6. Bessie Deborah, Marion. Last residence: Marion.

VASSER, EDWARD MILHOUS, physician, was born March 12, 1832, near Pleasant Hill, Dallas County, and died February 3, 1879, in Dallas County; son of Dr. John Edward Vasser of that place, a physician of prominence in the community; grandson of Litteberry Vasser, a native of Cotton County, Va. He was educated by private instruction in the home, later attended school in Selma and read medicine under Dr. William Townsend of Carlisle, Dallas County, entered upon the practice near Cahaba in 1852 and ten years later entered the Confederate army as assistant surgeon in the hospitals in Ringgold, Ga., and later at Rome. He was a Douglas Whig, opposed to secession, but stood by his state after it withdrew from the union; a member of the Alabama Medical Association; an Episcopalian, and a Mason. Married: August 22, 1858, in Lowndes County, to Elizabeth Ancrum, daughter of Dr. Adam Brisbane and Mary Rebecca (Atkins) Arthur, who lived at Montgomery Hill, Baldwin County; granddaughter of Col. Adam Fowler and Mary

(Camber) Brisbane of Colonial and Revolutionary fame, and of Reuben Arthur of Camden, S. C., once sheriff of Kershaw District and member South Carolina legislature, 1808; great-granddaughter of Sir Thomas Camber, of Savannah, Ga., and of Dr. William and Mary (Stewart) Brisbane of Charleston and Beaufort, S. C., respectively; great-great-granddaughter of William Brisbane of Glasgow, Scotland; great-great-granddaughter of William Brisbane, also of Scotland. Children: 1. Mary Anna; 2. Leila Eugenia; 3. John Edward. Last residence: Dallas County.

VASSER, RICHARD W., banker, was born in September, 1800, in Amelia County, Va., died in 1864, in Athens, Ga., and is buried in Athens, Limestone County; son of Peter Vasser, of Amelia and Halifax Counties, Va. He came to Middle Tennessee, in 1816, and afterwards settled in Giles County. The next year he removed to Alabama, locating in Limestone. He was president of the board of directors of the first Huntsville bank. Married: in 1833, to his second cousin, Elizabeth Dandridge Jones, great-granddaughter of Peter Jones, who assisted Col. William Byrd, to lay off the cities of Richmond and Petersburg, Va. There were thirteen children born of this marriage, among these 1. Harry, lieutenant, C. S. Army, killed at Atlanta; 2. William Edward (q. v.). Last residence: Athens.

VASSER, WILLIAM EDWARD, legislator, was born March 19, 1855; son of Richard W. and Elizabeth D. (Jones) Vasser (q. v.). He graduated from the Military institute, Lexington, Va., in 1875, and from the University of Virginia, in 1876. He spent the year 1878 in touring Europe. Returning to Athens, he spent the next three years in farming. He conducted the editorial columns of the "Alabama Courier," 1882-83, and in 1886 was elected to the house of representatives, serving on the education, public roads and highways committees. Author: "Flower Myth and other poems," 1884. Residence: Athens.

VAUGHAN, E. B., brigadier-general, C. S. Army, was born December 10, 1840, in Tuscaloosa; graduated from the University of Alabama July, 1861, and entered the Confederate service in August of the same year, as first lieutenant of Capt. N. N. Clements' company, of Tuscaloosa. After the battle of Shiloh he was elected captain of the consolidated companies of Captains Long and John Clements, of Tuscaloosa and Walker Counties, which made a part of the 26th Alabama infantry regiment, Gladden's brigade, Army of Tennessee. He participated in all of the battles of the Army of Tennessee, and was wounded in the battle of Atlanta, July 22, 1864. At the battle of Franklin, Tenn., he was acting inspector-general of his brigade and showed great bravery in that engagement. In 1865, near Kinston, N. C., he captured with the assistance of sixty skirmishers of the brigade, the 15th Connecticut regiment. After the war he engaged in the lumber and timber business in Mobile. Married: (1) in 1865, to Mary S.

Jones, of Kemper County, Miss., a niece of Gen. E. W. Pettus (q. v.); (2) to Mary E. Hale, daughter of Col. Stephen F. Hale (q. v.). Residence: Mobile.

VAUGHAN, FREDERICK A., merchant and manufacturer, was born March 30, 1845, in Tallapoosa County; son of James and Sarah (Vaughan) Vaughan, the former who was a native of Lunenburg County, Va., came to Alabama in 1837, settled in Tallapoosa County, finally settled in Dadeville, was a farmer and business man. The Vaughan family in this part of the United States are descendants of Samuel Vaughan, who emigrated to this country in colonial days, and served as lieutenant-colonel throughout the Revolutionary War. Mr. Vaughan received his education in Tallapoosa County, and in 1863, at Troy, enlisted in the C. S. Army, in Co. C, Sixth Alabama cavalry. He served first in Florida; then in Mississippi; was with Johnston in his retreat to Atlanta, and participated in several battles; was sent with his regiment to meet a Yankee raid under command of Gen. Rousseau, and was captured at Loachapoka, just below Dadeville; was paroled the following day, and some time after that exchanged; rejoined the army and was sent to the southern part of the state to meet the raid under the Union general, Steele; was again captured, in a skirmish on the Conecuh River; was taken to Ship Island, and kept there for several months, being exchanged about the time of the surrender of Robert E. Lee. After the war he engaged in merchandising, later established a lime manufacturing business, and now has plants at Chewacla, and at Graysville, Ga. He has been president of the Southern Lime Association, composed of all the lime manufacturers in the south; and president of the Roanoke bank. He has been unanimously endorsed by the executive committee of Tallapoosa County for U. S. marshal for the middle district of Alabama. He is a Democrat, has been chairman of the county executive committee, is a Mason, and a Knight of Honor. Married: in 1871, in Dadeville, to V. Cooper Sturdivant, daughter of Judge Sturdivant. Children: 1. Daisy. Residence: Dadeville.

VAUGHAN, INGRAHAM, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 77, and a resident of Lauderdale County, private, captain and sergeant Virginia Continental Line and Militia; enrolled on May 14, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$57.11.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

VAUGHAN, JOEL, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 95, and a resident of Pickens County; private N. C. Continental Line; enrolled on February 27, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$48.32; sums received to date of publication of list, \$144.96.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

VAUGHAN, MELKIJAH, member of the constitutional convention of 1819, from Co-taco, now Morgan County.

VAUGHAN, PAUL TURNER, business man and Confederate veteran; son of Dr. S. W. Vaughan; son-in-law of Rev. L. P. Golson; father of Hon. W. M. Vaughan. Residence: Selma.

VAUGHAN, S. W., old time black belt physician; father of P. T. Vaughan (q. v.). Deceased.

VAUGHAN, VERNON HENRY, governor of Utah, was born February 11, 1838, at Mt. Meigs, Montgomery County, and died on December 4, 1878. He attended the University of Alabama; was an adjutant, C. S. Army; professor of English at the University of Alabama, 1868-69; removed to Utah; private secretary of the governor of Utah, 1869, and governor, 1873. Married: October 4, 1860, to Amelia D., daughter of William Crawford and Priscilla (Sims) Bibb, of Montgomery. Last residence: Utah.

VAUGHAN, WATKINS MABRY, lawyer, member of the constitutional convention of 1901, was born August 5, 1872, at Summerfield, Dallas County; son of Paul Turner and Annie Elizabeth (Golson) Vaughan, the former a native of Marengo County, entered the C. S. Army, served with the Fourth Alabama regiment, and Col. Ball's regiment of Alabama cavalry, participated in the battles of first Manassas, Seven Pines, seven days battles around Richmond, second Manassas, Boonsboro Gap, Sharpsburg, Fredericksburg, the Suffolk campaign, Gettysburg, Chattanooga, and campaign around Lookout mountain, Knoxville, and eastern Tennessee campaign, the Wilderness and all the campaigns down to Richmond; grandson of Dr. Samuel Watkins and Martha Williams (Turner) Vaughan, the former who was a physician and planter; and of Rev. Lewis P. and Elizabeth (McGraw) Golson, who lived in Autauga County; great-great-grandson of Reuben and Alice Goode (Watkins) Vaughan, the former who held the rank of captain in the Virginia militia, in the Revolutionary army, and went to St. Andrews in 1828, and the latter who was a native of Nottaway County, Va.; great-great-great-grandson of Samuel and Elizabeth (Goode) Watkins; great-great-great-great-grandson of Samuel and Susan (Hancock) Watkins, and of Bennett and Martha (Jefferson) Goode. He received his education in the grade and high schools of Selma, studied law at Vanderbilt university, and under Dr. Minor, at the University of Virginia. He was admitted to practice at Selma, in 1895, and by the U. S. supreme court, in 1897. He was a member of the legislature of Alabama, 1898-99; was a member of the constitutional convention, of 1901; and was elected recorder of the police court at Selma, in 1907, and re-elected to that office for three terms. He is the author of "Vaughan's Complete Alabama Form Book," published by Marshall & Bruce Company, Nashville, Tenn., in 1902. He is a Democrat, Methodist, and an Odd Fellow. Married: June 2, 1897, at Selma,

to Erin Lockhart Osborn, daughter of Lunsford and Erin (Lockhart) Osborn, who lived at Marion. The Lockhart family were Scotch who later settled in Northern Ireland, and the Osborn family were from Greensboro, later moving to Texas. Children: 1. William Watkins; 2. Paul Turner. Residence: Selma.

VAUGHAN, WILLIAM, lawyer, was born December 15, 1859, in Limestone County; son of William P. and Amanda O. (Davis) Vaughan, the former a farmer and merchant, who was a native of Mecklenburg, Va., but later came to Limestone County; grandson of Hon. Nathaniel Davis, who was a member of the State legislature a number of terms, and of James Vaughan, a veteran of the War of 1812. He received his education in the common schools of Madison County, and began work when a small boy, as clerk in a store in Madison. He went to Decatur where he spent a short time, and then removed to Huntsville, where he was engaged as clerk for a short time in the office of the circuit clerk. He entered the law office of Walker & Shelby, the former who was attorney general for the C. S. A. He was admitted to the bar at the age of nineteen years, before Chancellor Speake at Huntsville, and subsequently before the supreme court of the state. He formed a partnership with R. H. Lowe, at Huntsville, and after practicing for two years, was appointed chief clerk of the probate court of Madison County. He held this position and continued his law practice for four years. In 1887, he removed to Birmingham and resumed his law practice under the name of Vaughan & Davidson. In 1897, he was appointed by President McKinley as U. S. district attorney for the northern district of Alabama; was re-appointed by McKinley in 1901, and by President Roosevelt in the same year. He was chairman of the Republican State committee for six years. He is a Knight of Pythias and an Odd Fellow. Married: July 23, 1886, to Bessie Anderson, daughter of Prof. J. D. Anderson, at one time principal of the Huntsville female seminary. Children: 1. William; 2. Dudley. Residence: Birmingham.

VAUGHN, SUSAN KIRKMAN, teacher, was born at Florence, Lauderdale County; daughter of Samuel and Elizabeth (Woods) Kirkman, the former a native of Florence, but later a resident of St. Louis, Mo., where he was a commission merchant, returned to Alabama in 1861 and settled at Tuscumbia, where he had charge of a cotton factory which was burned by Federal troops, finally became a cotton planter and statistician; granddaughter of Thomas and Elizabeth (McCulloch) Kirkman, of Florence, the former a native of Ireland who came to America when a lad, and of James and Elizabeth (Kay) Woods of Nashville, a native of Virginia, owner of the Cumberland iron works and other corporated interests in Nashville; great-granddaughter of Thomas and Ellen (Jackson) Kirkman, natives of Ireland, who were among the early settlers of Nashville, and of Samuel and Sarah (Moore) McCulloch; great-great-granddaughter of Major Thomas and Barbara (Carroll) Kirkman, an officer in the British

Army; of George and Elizabeth (Walters) McCulloch; and of Roger Moore; great-great-granddaughter of Sir John Tottenham, of Ireland, who emigrated to Halifax, North Carolina, and of James and Ann (Yeamans) Moore, governor of North Carolina, and who led Carolinians against the Spaniards in Florida; great-great-great-granddaughter of that "Tottenham-in-his-boots," spoken of in Maxall's memoirs, and of Sir John Yeamans who came from Barbadoes and settled in Charleston, S. C., 1670. Mrs. Vaughn received her early education at the O'Bryan school, Nashville, Tenn., from which she graduated with honors, later attending the Florence synodical female college. She entered the University of Chicago from which she received the Ph. B. with honorable mention of excellence in history. She also took courses at the Peabody normal college, Nashville. She entered upon her profession as teacher in the Synodical college, Florence, and later spent one year in the public school work. In 1898 she accepted the chair of history in the State normal school, Florence. She is a Presbyterian. Married: December 6, 1892, at Florence, David Vaughn, of Nashville, Tenn. Children: 1. Emma Elizabeth. Residence: Florence.

VAUGHN, WILLIAM JAMES, educator, was born February 15, 1834, at Camden, Wilcox County, and died December 17, 1912, at Vanderbilt university, Nashville, Tenn.; son of John Pulliam and Rebecca (Richards) Vaughn, the former a native of Eddyville, Caldwell County, Ky., who later lived near Camden, a Baptist minister and farmer, and had five sons in the Confederate Army. William James Vaughn received his early education in the common schools of Camden, and graduated from the University of Alabama in 1857 with the A. B. degree, and in 1860 with the A. M. degree. He received the honorary degree of LL. D. from the University of Mississippi. He entered upon the profession of teaching prior to completing his education, being tutor of mathematics at the University of Alabama during 1857-60. He was instructor in Latin and Greek, 1860-63; professor of mathematics, 1863-65; principal of the Tuscaloosa female college, 1865-66; principal of the Female institute, Summerfield, 1867-71; professor physics and astronomy, University of Alabama, 1871-73; president Tennessee female college, Franklin, Tenn., 1873-78; founder of the school of engineering at the University of Alabama, 1878-82; professor of mathematics, Vanderbilt university, Nashville, Tenn., 1882-96; professor mathematics and astronomy, 1896-1912; librarian, 1896-1912. He was a Democrat, and a Methodist. Author: He frequently contributed scholarly articles to technical and educational periodicals. He was a member of American historical, the American mathematical, and the Southern historical associations. Married: August 17, 1865, at Marion, to Abbie Maria, daughter of David and Stella (Houghton) Scott, who lived at Tuscaloosa, the former a native of York District, S. C., and the latter of Lyndon, Vt. The paternal grandfather, James Scott, was born in 1760 in County Antrim, Ireland, and emigrated to S. C., 1789. His wife, Jane (Scott) Scott, daughter of John

Scott, was also born in Ireland, but married at the home of her father after his migration to York District, S. C. Children: 1. William Massey, Nashville, Tenn.; 2. Eugene Houghton, Ft. Valley, Ga.; 3. Harry Scott, m. Florence Sloan, Nashville; 4. Stella Scott, Nashville; 5. Robert Hargrove, m. Willa Rinehart, Nashville. Last residence: Nashville, Tenn.

VAUGHN, WINSTON HUNTER, planter, was born April 17, 1875, at St. Stephens; son of Clifford Pickney and Jane Starke (Hunter) Vaughn, the former who was a native of Petersburg, Va., later removed to St. Stephens, and served under Joe Wheeler in the War of Secession; grandson of Richard Harrison and Ann (Rowan) Vaughn, who lived at Petersburg, Va., and of Col. Winston Fountain and Callie (Harrison) Hunter, who lived in Lowndes County, the former who was a colonel of the Third Alabama regiment during the War of Secession, served under Winfield Scott in the Mexican War, and fought in the last Indian War; great-grandson of Gen. Charles Hunter who was military governor of South Carolina, and served in the War of 1812. The Hunters are of English origin their ancestors having settled in South Carolina, as are the Vaughns, whose ancestors settled in Virginia. W. H. Vaughn received his education in the private school of Prof. George W. Thomas of Montgomery. He engaged in planting; was a highway contractor; in 1904 became a justice of the peace; was for two years president of the Montgomery County division of the Southern cotton association; initiated the movement to abolish fee system in Montgomery County, and to put all officers on a salary basis; and also the movement for the consolidation of the rural schools; and was a representative in the legislature of 1915 from Montgomery County. He is a Democrat. Married: on September 5, 1905, at Brook, Ky., to Bettie Kirkpatrick Summers, daughter of Wilson and Anna (Brooks) Summers of that place, who were of English-Scotch-Irish ancestry, the Brooks family being among the first settlers in Kentucky. Children: 1. Winston Hunter, jr. Residence: Montgomery.

VEGA, GARCILLASSO de la, chronicler of the expedition of DeSoto, adventurer, traveler, was born in 1540, at Cuzco, Peru, and died in 1616, at Cordova, Spain; son of Garcillasso de la Vega, a gentleman of noble parentage, of Badajoz, Estremadura, Spain, and an Inca princess, baptized under the name of Isabella. He was the grandson, on his mother's side, of Hualpa Tupac, a younger brother of the great Peruvian Inca Huayna Capac. He went to Spain in 1560, soon abandoning his military career, settled at Cordova, turned his attention to literary pursuits, and adopted the name Inca. While his writings are largely in the nature of romances, they are based on historical facts, and many students believe his accounts of certain features of the expedition could only have been given by one who participated. Author: "History of DeSoto and Florida," 1605. Last residence: Cordova, Spain.

VERNER, CHARLES BELL, lawyer, was born June 25, 1866, at Retreat, Oconee County, S. C.; son of Ebenezer Pettigrew and Emily (Foster) Verner; and a brother of William Henry Verner (q. v.). His early education was obtained in the common schools of Oconee County, S. C., and he later entered the South Carolina college but did not complete his course. He removed to Tuscaloosa in 1888, to assist his brother, Prof. William Henry Verner, in the Verner military institute; entered the law department at the University of Alabama but did not graduate; and in 1889, began the practice of law at Tuscaloosa. He was justice of the peace from 1889-93, and in the latter year purchased the Tuscaloosa Weekly "Gazette," which paper he edited for several years, when he sold it, and devoted his entire time to his law practice. He was university land commissioner, 1897-1898; assistant solicitor, 1897-1903; in 1903, was elected to the legislature; and was solicitor for the Tuscaloosa county court, 1903-15. He compiled a "Municipal Code of the Cities of Alabama," in 1906, and in 1910, attempted to start a movement to reform the civil and criminal practice and procedure in the state. He is president of the Tuscaloosa board of trade; president of the Merchants Bank & Trust Company of Tuscaloosa; a member of the board of education of the city schools of Tuscaloosa; is a Democrat; a Presbyterian; a Knight of Pythias; and an Elk. Married: October 2, 1895, at Tuscaloosa, to Lizzie Armantine Cade, daughter of John Catlin and Sallie (Jemison) Cade of Tuscaloosa, the former who was of English descent; granddaughter of William H. Jemison, who was a graduate of Princeton, was for many years quartermaster at the university; and a niece of Robert Jemison who was a representative in the Confederate congress. Children: 1. Catlin Cade; 2. Dorothy Oliver. Residence: Tuscaloosa.

VERNER, WILLIAM HENRY, educator, was born August 31, 1848, at Retreat, Oconee County, S. C., and died September 10, 1900, at Tuscaloosa; son of Ebenezer Pettigrew and Emily (Foster) Verner, the former who was born near Bachelor's Retreat, S. C., was a merchant, and farmer, was a veteran of the War of Secession, having served as sergeant in Capt. Tribble's Company, grandson of John and Rebecca (Dickey) Verner, the former who was a veteran of the Revolutionary War, and for fifty years magistrate in Pendleton District, S. C., and of Robert Singleton Crow and Susan (Young) Foster; great-grandson of John and Mary (Pettigrew) Verner, who came from Ireland to Pennsylvania, and later to South Carolina, the latter who was a sister of Charles Pettigrew, the first titular bishop of North Carolina, the founder of the North Carolina family of that name, and from whom Gen. J. Johnson Pettigrew of that state was descended, and of Capt. John Foster, who resided in Greenville County, S. C., and who served as captain in the Revolutionary War; great-great-grandson of William Verner, who after the battle of the Boyne, in which he served as protestant soldier, settled in Tyrone County, Ireland, and who was of Scotch-Irish parentage. He received his

early education at various private schools, and later entered Davidson college, N. C., from which he was graduated with distinction, A. B., in 1869, and A. M., in 1872. In 1890, the honorary degree of A. M. was conferred on him by the University of Alabama. In 1864, he enlisted in the C. S. Army as lieutenant, and often acted as captain of a company of cavalry in the Nineteenth South Carolina regiment. After the war, he commenced teaching at Eutaw, and afterwards taught at Pleasant Ridge, where he was principal of the Archibald institute. He removed to Tuscaloosa, in 1877, conducted a high school for boys and in 1886, established the University High school, a preparatory school for the University of Alabama, with military discipline. He was a member of the Alabama Historical Society, a Democrat, a member of the Presbyterian church, which he served as deacon, president of the board of deacons, and an elder for many years prior to his death. Married: in 1875, to Julia Louise Oliver, daughter of Isaac and Julia (Murphy) Oliver, who resided at Eutaw. Children: 1. William Henry, Jr., d. December 27, 1906; 2. Clara Louise, teacher, Tuscaloosa; 3. Oliver, d. in infancy; 4. Mary Bacon, teacher, Tuscaloosa; 5. James Pettigrew, m. Katy Lee Ethridge, one child, Chicago; 6. John Adolphus, Tuscaloosa. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

VINCENT, I. H., State treasurer, 1878.

VINCENT, JOHN H., grand secretary, grand lodge, Masons, 1830-36; grand treasurer, grand chapter, 1823-24.

VINCENT, JOHN HEYL, Methodist bishop and associate founder Chautauqua assembly, New York, was born February 23, 1832, at Tuscaloosa; son of John Himrod and Mary (Raser) Vincent. He spent his early life at Lewisburg and Milton, Pa.; began to preach at the age of eighteen; studied at Wesleyan institute, Newark, N. J.; honorary A. B., Mt. Union college, Ohio, 1875; S. T. D., Ohio Wesleyan, 1870, Harvard, 1896; LL. D., Washington and Jefferson, 1885. He has been stationed at various places in the United States; was one of the founders, 1874, of the Chautauqua assembly and founder, 1878, of the Chautauqua literary and scientific circle, and its chancellor since; made resident bishop in charge of European work of Methodist Episcopal church, 1900; retired from active episcopate, May, 1904. Married: November 10, 1858, to Elizabeth Dusenbury, of Portville, N. Y. Residence: Chicago, Ill.

VINING, JOHN, planter, was a member of the house of representatives from Madison County, 1820, 1821, 1823, 1824, 1825, 1827, 1837, 1838 and 1839, and represented the same county in the senate, 1828, 1831, and 1834. He was a man of considerable influence in his county. He removed to Kentucky where he died.

W

WADDELL, BOSWELL deGRAFFENRIED, lawyer, was born August 25, 1865, at Columbus, Muscogee County, Ga.; son of James Flemming and Adelaide Victoria (deGraffenried)

Waddell, the former who was a native of Hillsboro, N. C., served during the Mexican War as a second lieutenant in the Twelfth U. S. Infantry, was appointed U. S. consul to Matamoros, Mexico, was captain of a company in the Sixth Alabama regiment, and raised a battalion of artillery, was captured at Vicksburg, Miss., was paroled and served until the close of the war; grandson of Haynes Waddell who served as first lieutenant in the War of 1812, and of Dr. Edward and Martha (Kirkland) deGraffenried of Columbus, Ga.; great-grandson of Hugh Waddell who married the daughter of Gen. Francis Nash, the later who was killed at the battle of Germantown in the Revolutionary War; great-great-grandson of Gen. Hugh Waddell who was a colonial officer and resided in North Carolina. The deGraffenrieds came from Switzerland and settled in New Berne, N. C., and the Kirklands came from Scotland, settling near Wilmington, Ky. Mr. Waddell was educated at Columbus and at Seale. He studied law; was admitted to the bar in April, 1887, at Seale; became a delegate to the constitutional convention of 1901, serving on the committees on militia and local legislation in that body; at the general election of November, 1902, was elected to the legislature; and was re-elected in 1903. He is a Democrat; an Episcopalian; and a member of the Society of the Cincinnati of North Carolina. Residence: Seale.

WADDELL, GEORGE HOOPER, business man, was born February 9, 1855, in Russell County; son of George H. and Celestia Roberta (Wynne) Waddell, the former born at Chapel Hill, N. C., a brother of Maj. James Fleming Waddell (q. v.); removed to Barbour County, and later to Russell County, of which he was probate judge, and where he was killed by Wilson's Raiders, April, 1865, his wife dying in November of the same year. Among other children, George H. Waddell, sr., had a daughter, Victoria Celestia, who married Judge A. A. Evans (q. v.). Mr. Waddell went as a boy to Columbus, Ga., in 1866, where he was educated. In 1870, he entered the cotton business there; in 1886, removed to Birmingham; in 1887 entered the Alabama national bank as cashier; in 1891 was made president of the American national bank; and was treasurer of South Highlands and State manager for the Union mutual insurance company of Portland, Me. He is an Episcopalian; a Mason; Knight of Pythias, and a Mystic Shriner. Married: November 5, 1879, in Columbus, Ga., to Laura, daughter of T. S. Spear. Children: 1. George H., Jr.; 2. Elliott S.; 3. Celeste Wynne. Residence: Birmingham.

WADDELL, JAMES FLEMING, lawyer, soldier, consul and probate judge, was born in 1826, in Hillsboro, N. C., and came to Alabama when a young man; was appointed 2nd lieutenant in the 12th U. S. Infantry, and served in the Mexican war; was appointed consul to Matamoros in 1849, and was wounded in the attack on the town by Caravajal's men, in 1851; enlisted in the C. S. Army as captain of a company in the 6th Alabama infantry regi-

ment, but later organized a light battery; served his guns at Baker's Creek and at Vicksburg where he was captured; was later promoted to the rank of major, and commanded a battalion consisting of Barrett's, Bellamy's, and Emery's batteries, and doing faithful service in the Dalton-Atlanta campaign. He was appointed probate judge of Russell County in 1865, and elected in 1866, serving in this capacity until 1868. He practiced law in Seale during his later years. Last residence: Seale.

WADE, JAMES AARON, farmer, was born July 10, 1876, near the Tennessee River, Marshall County; son of John Washington and Sarah Elizabeth (Woosley) Wade, the former who was a native of Rome, Ga. Both the Wade and Woosley families were early settlers in Marshall County. J. A. Wade was educated in the public schools at Alston, Ark., and in 1901 graduated from the high school at Cookville, Tex. He taught school in Cookville, 1903-04; at Naples, Tex., 1905-06; in 1906 entered the U. S. department of agriculture as a special agent and in such capacity served from 1906-1907 in Texas, and from 1907-1910 in Alabama; was active in the boll weevil campaigns both in Texas and Alabama; in 1906 began a series of experiments which resulted in the development of the Uncle Sam cotton, for which he received prizes at the state fair in Birmingham, 1910 and in 1912 the award of one thousand dollars offered by the American land and irrigation exposition in New York City, for the best short staple cotton developed to that date in the United States; in 1907, located in Alexander City; during the next three years organized and conducted farm demonstration work throughout the central and northern parts of the state; in 1910 resigned his position with the government; entered upon farming on his own account; and on November 3, 1914, was called to the position of commissioner of agriculture and industries, defeating Norris Wood, Republican, Sid Berry, Progressive, and F. A. Genaty, Socialist. He is a Democrat; a Baptist; and a Master Mason. Married: on December 2, 1906, at Mt. Pleasant, Tex., to Abbie A. Stephenson, daughter of John Mann and Cora (Glass) Stephenson of that place. Residence: Near Alexander City.

WADSWORTH, JESSE BORING, banker, was born November 10, 1862; son of William L. and Rosie (Bowie) Wadsworth, the former of Georgia; grandson of Gen. John and Jane Eliza (Hamilton) Bowie, the former a native of Abbeville, S. C., was commissioned a brigadier-general of the State militia, a cotton buyer, and at one time, about 1838, lived on his plantation, "White Hall," near Mobile; great-grandson of Andrew and Rosey Anne (Watt) Bowie, the former a native of Abbeville, S. C., later a wholesale merchant of Charleston, and of Andrew C. and Delphia Adelia (Middleton) Hamilton of South Carolina; great-great-grandson of Maj. John and Rosa (Reid) Bowie, the former a native of Scotland, who emigrated to America and located in Virginia where he engaged for several years in traffic with the Cherokee Indians, later removing to Long Cane

Creek, Abbeville County, S. C., where he became a prominent planter, was captain of the 5th South Carolina regiment, Revolutionary Army, and after the war justice of the peace of Abbeville County, and of Maj. Andrew and Jane Hamilton, the former a distinguished Revolutionary soldier of South Carolina. Mr. Wadsworth was at one time teller of the Birmingham national bank; president of the savings banks at Blocton and Centerville, and was connected with the Swansea coal company, with headquarters at Birmingham. He served as grand prelate of the Knights of Pythias. Married: April 26, 1892, to Margaret Wilburn McCoy. Children: 1. Esther; 2. Jesse B.; 3. Rosa Bowle. Residence: Birmingham.

WADSWORTH, WILLIAM D., grand master, grand council, Masons, 1879-81.

WADSWORTH, WILLIAM WHITE, lumberman, was born October 1, 1841, near Prattville, and died December 2, 1912; son of Daniel and Sallie (Mathis) Wadsworth, the former a native of Moore County, N. C., who removed to Autauga County in 1832 where he became an extensive planter and slave owner; grandson of Abraham and Charlotte (Hill) Mathis, natives of Georgia who removed to Autauga County, and of William and Sarah Wadsworth, the former a native of Connecticut who removed to Moore County, N. C., where he became a planter and at one time served as a member of the legislature. Mr. Wadsworth received a sound but limited education. He became overseer on his father's plantation after leaving school, later removed to Arkansas but returned to Autauga County in 1861. He enlisted in the Prattville dragoons at the beginning of the War of Secession but was rejected on account of the condition of his arms, both wrists having been broken and not set while he was in Arkansas. He again attempted to enlist in August 1861. In the latter part of 1862 he succeeded in joining the 21st Alabama infantry regiment; was transferred June, 1863, to the Army of Tennessee and assigned to Co. H, 3rd Alabama cavalry. As a scout and sharpshooter he performed valiant work. He was captured near Strawberry Plains, Tenn., in 1864, but managed to escape. After the war he returned to Autauga County and engaged in the sawmill business and in agriculture. He owned one of the largest sawmills in the State, maintained a commissary at both Rushon and Montgomery and served for twenty-three years as postmaster of Wadsworth. He was the first president of the Southern lumbermen's association. He was a Methodist. Married: May 9, 1866, to Idella P., daughter of Burkett Thompson, one of the early settlers of Autauga County. Children: 1. William M., m. Tippie Black; 2. Frances Ellen, m. Dr. S. W. Jackson; 3. Mary, m. C. E. Gullege; 4. Edward White, m. Edna Hudleston; 5. Magnolia, d. in infancy. Last residence: Wadsworth.

WAGNER, C. G., lawyer, was born in Charleston, S. C., about 1820; the nephew of Henry Bailey, a lawyer of Charleston and for six years attorney general of that state. He was

educated in the private schools of that city, and graduated from Charleston college. He first engaged in the mercantile business, but in 1839 studied law, with his uncle as preceptor; was admitted to the bar in 1845, and began the practice in Aiken, S. C., in 1853. He removed to Charleston; in 1854 to Washington, D. C., as secretary of the judiciary committee of the U. S. senate; later accepted a position in the interior department, where he remained until the secession of South Carolina, when he resigned and returned home, remaining but a few days. On coming to Montgomery he was appointed by Pres. Jefferson Davis as clerk of the Confederate war department under secretary of war, Leroy Pope Walker. Thus it became his duty to send the telegram to Gen. Beauregard to fire on Ft. Sumter and to receive and transmit to the president the telegram announcing the surrender of the same, and was instructed by him to make public this telegram. He, assisted by Alex B. Clitherall, assistant secretary of the Confederate congress, raised the first official flag, which was saluted by a battery of guns, fired by the Montgomery True Blues. Maj. Wagner was connected with the war department until the close of the war. When the capitol was removed to Richmond, Va., he was stationed in Montgomery to develop the arsenal service, efficiently performing those duties. At the return of peace, he removed to Shelby County, where he practiced law until his health forbade. Residence: Shelby County.

WAGSTER, WILLIAM, *soldier of the American Revolution*, age not given, and a resident of Butler County; private S. C. Continental Line; enrolled on July 16, 1819, under act of Congress of March 18, 1818; payment to date from July 5, 1819; annual allowance, \$96; suspended under act May 1, 1820. Continued and transferred from Edgefield District, S. C., from January 22, 1829.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. Doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

WAID (sic), CALVIN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 73, and a resident of Blount County; private New Jersey Militia; enrolled on July 10, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$53.33.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in part 3, vol. xiii, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

WAILES, WILLIAM EDWIN, soldier, merchant and author, was born August 12, 1837, at Salisbury, Wicomico County, Md., and died September 23, 1910, at Dalton, Ga.; son of Dr. William Handy and Sarah Ann (Leonard) Walles, the former of Salisbury, graduate of the Baltimore medical college, and eminent physician for many years; grandson of Benjamin and Anna (Handy) Wailes, who lived at Handy Hall, Somerset County, Md., the former a native of Scotland who, in 1770, settled in Somerset County, Md., the latter a descendant of Samuel Handy, native of England, who came in 1675, in the bark "Assurance" from London to Maryland, and whose descendant was a signer

of the Declaration of Independence, of Maryland, July 26, 1775, and of Ebenezer and Elizabeth (Stanford) Leonard, who lived in Somerset County, ancestors of the former coming from the north of Ireland; great-great-grandson of Joseph Leonard, a Protestant, who, for religious reasons, came to Maryland, settling in Somerset County, the plantation which he bought being still in the possession of his descendants. Mr. Waites received his academic education in the private schools in Salisbury; was a clerk there and in Baltimore. In January, 1860, he came to Selma, and was a book-keeper until the beginning of the War of Secession. From November, 1866 to January, 1873, he was a member of a dry goods firm, but afterwards, in 1890, joined a company of cotton commission merchants; was director of the City national bank, and for thirteen years director in the Central city insurance company. During many years he was a trustee of the Dallas academy, and chairman of the board of education of Selma. In November, 1861, he joined the Confederate Army as a member of Captain S. J. Murphy's company of cavalry. In May, 1862, he was promoted to a second lieutenant, Co. F, 3d Alabama cavalry. After the battle of Murphreesboro he was promoted to a majority and joined the staff of Major-General Joseph Wheeler, having acted as his assistant staff adjutant for some months. After the battle of Bentonville, again he was promoted lieutenant-colonel and chief of staff to Gen. Wheeler. He was vice-president and later president of the Dallas County United Confederate veterans and vice-president of the State association of veterans. He was a demitted Mason; a Democrat; and a Methodist. Author: "Campaign of Wheeler and his cavalry," 1898. The facts contained in this narrative of the operations of Wheeler and his cavalry were furnished by General Wheeler himself and compiled by Col. Waites and others of Wheeler's staff, the greater part of the data being from private papers which Col. Waites had preserved from the time of war, for his personal library. Married: December 22, 1864, at Plantersville, Dallas County, to Georgia, daughter of Thomas Stanford and Emily Stanford (McGee) Driskell, who lived on a plantation home at Plantersville, Mrs. Waites' paternal and maternal ancestors were descendants of David and Elizabeth Stanford of Somerset County, Md. Children: 1. Laura Stanford, m. David K. McKamy, Dalton, Ga.; 2. Sarah E.; 3. Will D., Dalton, Ga.; 4. Catherine Eugenia, m. Norris N. Smith, Rome, Ga.; 5. William Edwin, m. Cleo Johnson, Hattiesburg, Miss. Last residence: Dalton, Ga.

WAITE, JOHN C., business man, was born April 29, 1826, in Rhode Island. He came to Selma in 1853, and was made road master of the Alabama and Tennessee rivers railroad, a position he held for years; was city marshal for a number of years and later was in charge of the construction department of the Selma and Gulf railroad. He left no descendants.

WAITES, BENNETT TAYLOR, Methodist minister and college professor, was born April

10, 1875, at Rockford, Coosa County; son of George Pinkney and Sarah Jane (Wood) Waites, the former a native of Columbia, S. C., who removed to Rockford and was a private in the Confederate Army; grandson of Levy and Elizabeth (Fulmer) Waites, who located in 1845 at Rockford, and of Commodore and Lucinda (Logan) Wood, who lived at Traveler's Rest, Coosa County. Rev. Mr. Waites received his academic education at Rockford, Roanoke, and at Huntingdon, Tenn. He attended the college at Valparaiso, Ind., graduating with the degree of B. S. in 1901. He obtained his professional education at Vanderbilt university, Nashville, Tenn., receiving in 1907 the degree of B. D., and in 1908, from the Chicago university, the degree of Ph. M. During that year the North Alabama conference received him into the ministry of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, and in 1911 he became professor of history and philosophy in the Birmingham college. He now has charge of the Government reservation liberty church at Muscle Shoals. He is a Democrat; a Mason; and a member of the Eastern Star. Married: July 2, 1908, at Charleston, Mo., to Martha Evelyn, daughter of Henry Lycurgus and Rachel Frances (Logan) Finley, who lived at that place. Children: 1. Sara Frances. Residence: Birmingham.

WAITES, LEONIDAS BASDALE, farmer and legislator, was born January 10, 1844, in Lauderdale County; son of James and Lydia (Wilson) Waites, both of Newberry District, S. C.; grandson of William and Mary (Bright) Waites, of Newberry District, S. C., and of William and Elizabeth (Darby) Wilson. He was educated in the schools of Lauderdale County. During the War of Secession he served in the 4th Alabama cavalry regiment, C. S. Army, and later became captain of the scouts. He is a farmer, and was formerly a notary public. He represented his native county in the legislature of 1911. He is a Democrat; and a member of the Church of Christ. Married: February 11, 1875, in Lee County, Ark., to Etta, daughter of John Carr and Sarah (Brooks) Turner, of that place. Residence: Florence.

WALDEN, DANIEL, planter, was born at Decatur, Morgan County, June 24, 1846; son of R. N. and Mereal Garth (Clarke) Walden, of Decatur, the former who was one of the early representatives from Morgan County; grandson of Lawrence Walden, who was a native of Henry County, Va., and of Edward and Elizabeth (Garth) Clarke, the former who was a sister of Gen. Jesse Winston Garth (q. v.). He was educated in the common schools and at LaGrange college, 1861. In 1862 he enlisted in the Seventh Alabama cavalry and remained continuously in the service until after the battle of Selma in April, 1865. Mr. Walden was a merchant from 1865 to 1875; then became a farmer; was elected to the legislature of 1890-91, 1900-1901, 1903, 1910, and was re-elected in 1915. He is a Democrat; an Episcopalian; and a member of the United Confederate Veterans. Married: on April 11, 1866, near Decatur, to Mildred P., daughter of

W. T. and Fannie (Washington) Minor, of Albemarle County, Va., the former who was a brother of Hon. John B. Minor. Residence: Albany.

WALDEN, DAVID, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 76, and a resident of Blount County; private N. C. Continental Line; enrolled on January 27, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$80.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in part 3, vol. xiii, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

WALDRON, CHARLES, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 75, and a resident of Lowndes County; private Maryland Militia; enrolled on May 19, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$20.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

WALKER, ABRAM JOSEPH, lawyer, chief justice of the supreme court, was born November 24, 1819, at Madison, Davidson County, Tenn., and died April 25, 1872, at Montgomery; son of Matthew Patton and Agnes (Hope) Walker, the former who was a native of Tennessee, resided at Madison, Nashville, and was a farmer and land holder; grandson of John and Ann (Barnett) Walker. He obtained a good early education, and later entered the University of Tennessee at Nashville, where he was graduated in 1837. He taught school for two years, and then commenced the study of law in the office of John Trimble of Nashville. In 1841, he was admitted to the bar of Nashville, soon after removed to Alabama, and located at Jacksonville, about January 1, 1842. In 1845, he represented Calhoun County in the legislature, and in 1848, was on the electoral ticket for Cass and Butler Counties, and canvassed the district with Hon. Samuel F. Rice, his competitor, who supported Taylor and Fillmore for president and vice-president of the United States. In 1851, he was elected to the senate, and a year later removed to Talladega. He engaged in the law practice with Gen. John T. Morgan, in which position he remained until elected by the general assembly chancellor of the northern division, which office he held until 1856, when he resigned. He was elected judge of the supreme court, in December, 1855, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Hon. William P. Chilton, was sworn into office January 1, 1856, and in 1859, on the resignation of Judge S. F. Rice, became chief justice. In 1861, and 1865, he was re-elected without opposition to the supreme bench and served as chief justice until July, 1868, when he was evicted from office under the reconstruction measures of 1868. He compiled the "Present Code of Alabama," during his last two years on the bench, by the appointment of Gov. Patton. He then resumed his law practice in Montgomery, where he practiced until his death. He was a Democrat; Presbyterian; Mason; and was eminent commander of the Knights Templar in Alabama. Married: (1) November 5, 1847, at Jacksonville, to Sarah Ann, daughter of

John and Nancy (Baldwin) Phinizy Nisbet, who lived at Jacksonville, the former born at Iredell, N. C.; granddaughter of Thomas and Sarah Nisbet, and of William Baldwin, of Oglethorpe, Ga.; great-granddaughter of John Nisbet, who came to America in 1734; great-great-granddaughter of Capt. John Nisbet of Scotland, who was a soldier in the British army, was the covenanter and martyr of 1685, when he was executed for his faith, at Grassmarket, Scotland; (2) June 19, 1871, at Jacksonville, to Clara Nisbet, sister of his first wife. Children, by first marriage: 1. John Nisbet, m. Clayton Garrett, both deceased, children, Clara Nisbet, Abram Joseph, Elizabeth Clayton; 2. Joseph Martin, d. in May, 1903, m. Kate Rogers Handford, child, Walter Jackson. Last residence: Montgomery.

WALKER, ALEXANDER EWELL, lawyer, was born October 22, 1863, at Newbern, Pulaski County, Va.; son of James Alexander and Sarah Ann (Poage) Walker, the former a native of Mt. Meridian, Augusta County, Va., served as colonel of the Thirteenth Virginia infantry regiment, brigadier-general commanding the "Stonewall" brigade of Virginia infantry in the War of Secession, member of the Virginia legislature after the war, was lieutenant-governor of Virginia, from 1876-1880, and was a member of the fifty-fourth and fifty-fifth congresses from the ninth congressional district of Virginia; grandson of Alexander and Hannah Mary (Henton) Walker, of Mt. Meridian, Va., and of William and Margaret (Allen) Poage, of Staunton, Va. Alexander E. Walker was educated in the private schools; the Episcopal high school of Alexandria, Va.; and attended the University of Virginia, 1885-86. He is a lawyer; practiced in Virginia from 1886-89; then removed to Alabama; was mayor of Florence, 1901 to 1910; was appointed president of the State tax commission, January 19, 1911; resigned March 2, 1911, and was appointed state superintendent of banks; and was commissioned to succeed himself January 29, 1915. He is a Democrat; an Episcopalian; an Odd Fellow; and an Elk. Married: on November 15, 1887, at Selma, to Minnie Adele, daughter of James J. and Frances Georgia (Weedon) Robinson of Selma. Children: 1. James A.; 2. Frances G.; 3. Frank R. Residence: Florence.

WALKER, ALLEN ALONZO, Baptist minister and evangelist, was born at Brookhaven, Lincoln County, Miss.; son of Benjamin Franklin and Elizabeth (Allen) Walker, the former a native of Brookhaven, later a resident of Magnolia where he merchandised, too young for regular service in the Confederate Army he engaged near the close of the war in brief military service; grandson of William and Mary Walker, the former of Scotch-Irish descent, and of John and Sarah Allen, all residents of Brookhaven, and all farmers. He received his early education in the local schools of his native place, later attended the Moody Bible institute, Chicago, Ill., 1907-1908, and finished the course in the latter year, at once entering into the service of the Baptist ministry. In 1909-10,

he was pastor of the Baptist church in Hartselle, and in 1911 engaged in evangelistic work in Birmingham, where he has since resided. He has conducted revivals in the states of Alabama, Mississippi, Arkansas, South Dakota, Missouri, Tennessee and Georgia. He is a Democrat; Mason; Odd Fellow; Knight of Pythias; and a Knight of Legion and Honor. Married: November 27, 1894, at Bogue Chittoe, Miss., Fannie, daughter of Irvin Vashti and Mary Brister, who lived at that place, the family owning a large sawmill and other property there. Children: 1. Arthur Alonzo; 2. Evelyn; 3. Bernice. Residence: Birmingham.

WALKER, ANNIE KENDRICK, author, was born November 19, 1880, at Eufaula; daughter of Col. John Absalom and Eliza Jane (Kendrick) Walker, the former resided at Glenville, Eufaula, and Birmingham, captain Co. C, 31st Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, later commissary on staff of Gen. John B. Gordon; granddaughter of John Hedge and Mary Elizabeth (Woodridge) Walker, who resided near Chester, S. C., and of James R. and Nancy Sample (Coleman) Kendrick, residents of Wilkes County, Ga. Miss Walker is of Saxon ancestry, and a great-great-grand niece of Daniel Coleman, a colonel in the War of the Revolution. She was educated by private tutors, and spent two years at Miss Crozier's school for young ladies, Knoxville, Tenn. Soon after leaving school she entered the field of journalism, and has largely devoted her talents to dramatic criticism, art notes, and special articles. She was for several years employed by the "Birmingham Age-Herald" as a feature writer but is now residing in New York where she follows a literary career. Miss Walker has been prominent in reform movements and has contributed articles to both American and foreign magazines on sociological subjects and also made compilations for government investigations in the welfare concerning women and children. She was one of the organizers of the Humane society of Birmingham and was a member of the Nineteenth century art and writers clubs of that city. Author: "Graham family memoirs"; "Old Shorter houses and gardens"; "An old-world garden." She is unmarried. Residence: New York.

WALKER, B. A., probate judge and Baptist minister, was born in October, 1819, in Jackson County, Tenn.; son of John N. and Sarah (Cason) Walker, natives of Abbeville and Edgefield Districts, S. C., respectively, the former removed to Jackson County, Tenn., while a boy and received his education there, later removed to Montgomery County, thence to Crenshaw, where he died in 1871, a school teacher and farmer, served in the War of 1812 with Gen. Harrison, was afterward tax collector of Lowndes County and justice of the peace for many years; grandson of Horatio Walker, a Virginian, who emigrated to Tennessee in early manhood, and of William and Nancy (Watts) Cason. Rev. Mr. Walker received a liberal common school training and began life as a farmer, which calling he followed after 1836, in what is now Crenshaw

County. He was elected probate judge in 1874; served as deputy tax collector of Lowndes county under his father; was State enumerator for that county in 1866; ordained minister of Primitive Baptist church after the War of Secession. Married: December 17, 1843, to M. D., daughter of James and Sarah Ferrell, the former of Ireland, whence he emigrated to Montgomery County. Children: 1. William C. member 1st Alabama artillery, C. S. Army, captured at Fort Morgan and died a prisoner at Elmira, N. Y., March 19, 1865; 2. Virginia Caroline, deceased; 3. John F.; 4 and 5 infants, deceased; 6. Malcom E. Last residence: Rutledge.

WALKER, BENJAMIN WINSTON, planter, U. S. marshal, was born June 28, 1848, at Milstead, at that time Old Ft. Decatur, Macon County, and died December 30, 1907, at Montgomery; son of Benjamin Winston and Mary Eugene (Watson) Walker, the former who was a native of Lynchburg, Va., resided at Milstead, and served one term in the legislature in 1858, later removed to Tennessee where he died; grandson of Edmond Winston and Elizabeth (Armstead) Walker, who lived at Lynchburg, Va., and of Gen. James Colvin and Mary Elizabeth (Woodward) Watson, who lived in Baldwin County, Ga., the former who was a quartermaster in Col. Row's regiment, in Gen. Floyd's army, at Savannah, Ga., in 1814; great-grandson of John and Mary Edith (Colvin) Watson; and great-nephew of Gen. Thomas S. Woodward. He attended school at Milstead, Crosskeys, and Tuskegee until he was fifteen years of age, when he left school and engaged in planting on the farm in Macon County. In 1886, he represented Macon County in the legislature, for one term, and was the first Republican elected from that county in twelve years. He was appointed U. S. marshal for the southern and middle districts of Alabama, in 1889, by President Harrison, and was receiver for the Mobile and Gerard Railroad, which was owned by the U. S. government. Married: October 19, 1891, at Prattville, to Josie Jerrol, daughter of Thomas Jerrol and Sarah A. (Procter) Alsop, who lived at Montgomery, both natives of Fredericksburg, Va. Children: 1. Benjamin Watson, m. Ophelia McLemore; 2. Thomas Woodward; 3. Winston Elkins; 4. Sarah. Last residence: Montgomery.

WALKER, CHARLES E., merchant, was born April 1, 1853, in Marion County, Ga.; son of John F. and Martha (Ward) Walker, the former a native of Georgia, probate judge in Clay County, that state, removed to Columbia and operated a warehouse; grandson of William B. Walker, of Fort Gaines, Ga., a veteran of the Indian and Mexican War. Mr. Walker received a common school education in his native state, and after removing to Columbia conducted a warehouse in partnership with his father. Later he entered into the mercantile business; and in 1885, was appointed deputy circuit clerk. He is a Democrat and a Mason. Married: in December, 1876, to Lillie, daughter of Fred Grist, a native of Georgia,

and a planter. She was educated at St. Mary's college, Knoxville, Ill. Children: 1. Eugene G.; 2. John W., and three other children who died in infancy. Residence: Columbia.

WALKER, ERNEST, state horticulturist, was born November 12, 1862, at Brownstown, Jackson County, Ind.; son of Rev. Francis and Mary Elizabeth (Graham) Walker, the former who was a descendant of the Frys and Swans of colonial days, and was a Methodist minister; grandson of James and Eleanor (Turner) Walker, and of Ferdinand and Abbie Ayers (Day) Graham, of New Albany, Ind., the latter who was a descendant of Abenezer Byrum, jr., and Abigail Alden, great-granddaughter of John and Priscilla Alden. Ernest Walker received his primary education in the schools of Indiana; attended De Pauw university for a short time; in 1893 attended Harvard botany summer school; and entered Cornell university graduating in 1897. In 1897 he became assistant horticulturist and entomologist at Clemson college, S. C.; later advanced to the post of entomologist; was secretary of the natural history society of Clemson college; in 1900 went to the University of Arkansas as professor of horticulture, and entomologist and horticulturist of the experiment station; was first Arkansas state nursery inspector, 1903-05; was elected to the chair of horticulture, Alabama polytechnic institute, at Auburn, in October, 1913. He is a member of the Methodist church; of the Pomological society for horticultural science; the American association for the advancement of sciences; a member of the Indiana academy of science; the Indiana horticultural society; and the Arkansas horticultural society. He is joint author with Dr. L. H. Bailey, of "Garden Making," 1898; contributor to Bailey's "Cyclopedia of Agriculture"; and editor of various reports of societies with which he is connected. He worked out a remedy for rice smut in conjunction with Dr. A. P. Anderson, and during 1914-15, as Alabama state horticulturist he led in the organization for the extermination of citrus canker in Alabama. Married: on June 20, 1899, at Clemson college, to Mary Stanley, daughter of Prof. James Stanley and Elberta (Lewis) Newman, and a descendant of the Lewis, Carter, Moore and Harrison families of Virginia. Children: 1. Marion Newman; 2. Elbert Lewis; 3. Ernestine Ayers. Residence: Auburn.

WALKER, F. M., member legislature, 1865, was born in Talbot County, Ga.; removed to Alabama and located in Conecuh County; entered the Confederate service as a member of the 4th Alabama infantry regiment and rose to the rank of captain; elected to the legislature, 1865; later elected probate judge of Conecuh County. He was a Democrat and Missionary Baptist. Married: in 1846, to Eliza C. Thomas, a native of Georgia. Children: seven, among them Robert H. (q. v.). Last residence: Columbia.

WALKER, H. H., lieutenant-colonel, 5th battalion, Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, temporary commander.

WALKER, HICKMAN PIERCE, merchant, was born February 8, 1839, at Tuscaloosa; son of Robert B. and Frances Elizabeth (Spiller) Walker, the former a merchant, was born at North Port; grandson of Moses Walker, of North Port, and of Hickman and Sally (Payne) Spiller, of Danville, Va. He received his early education in the county schools at Taylorsville and attended the University of Alabama; entered the Confederate Army, July 13, 1861, as 2d lieutenant, Co. G; made lieutenant colonel, 18th Alabama infantry regiment, in the retreat from Tennessee, under General J. B. Hood. He was a member first board of education of Tuscaloosa. He is a Democrat; Baptist; and a Mason. Unmarried. Residence: Tuscaloosa.

WALKER, JOHN WILLIAMS, lawyer and U. S. congressman, was born August 12, 1783, in Amelia County, Va., and died April 23, 1823, in Huntsville; son of Rev. Jeremiah and Mary Jane (Graves) Walker, the former a native of Bute County, N. C., who served for a number of years as pastor of Nottoway church, Amelia County, Va., later removing to Elbert County, Ga., where he also served a Baptist church; grandson of William and Ursula (Williams) Walker, the former a native of County Derry, Ireland, who emigrated to America about 1738-40, settling in Bute County, N. C., where he married; great-grandson of Alexander and Mary (Nixon) Walker, the former of Derry, the latter of County Cavan, Ireland; great-great-grandson of Alexander Walker, of County Derry who married a Miss Armstrong, of County Sligo, Ireland; great-great-great-grandson of George and Isabella (Maxwell) Walker, the former a native of County Tyrone, Ireland, who was educated at Glasgow university, received the M. A. degree, rector of the Parish of Lessan and Desertlyn, diocese of Armagh, raised and armed at his own charge a regiment of infantry of fifteen companies, receiving the commission of colonel, marched with his men to Londonderry during the siege of this place by King James II, eminently distinguished himself, after the withdrawal of the defeated army of James, was sent to England by the citizens of Londonderry to convey an address of loyalty to King William, received the freedom of the cities of Glasgow and Edinburgh, Scotland, appointed bishop of Derry by the King, received the thanks of Parliament, degree of D. D. conferred upon him by Oxford and Cambridge universities, returned to Ireland in 1690, joined the forces of King William as chaplain to the Duke of Schonberg, killed near Drogheda, on the river Boyne, in an engagement, buried on the field of battle, remains disinterred a few years later and deposited within his old church at Castle Caulfield, near Donaghmore; great-great-great-great-grandson of George and Ursula (Stanhepe) Walker, the former a native of Gawthorpe Hall, Bingley, Yorkshire, England, probably educated at Glasgow university, ordained in England, rector of several parishes in Ireland including Badoney, County Tyrone, Cappagh, and Kilmore, later chancellor of Kilmore, returned to Yorkshire during the revolution and at the restoration of peace returned to Ireland, signer of the uniformity act in 1666,

chancellor of Armagh, died in 1677 and is buried in Kilmore Parish church, and of Robert and Jane (Echlin) Maxwell of Finnebrogue, County Down, Ireland; great-great-great-great-great-grandson of Sir John Stanhope, of Melwood, of Bishop Henry Echlin, and of Robert Maxwell, who married first Susan Armstrong and second Isabel Seton, went to Ireland during the reign of King James VI of Scotland and was dean of Armagh, 1610-22; great-great-great-great-great-grandson of Sir John and Elizabeth (Hamilton) Maxwell, of Calderwood, the latter of the noted Scotch family of Hamiltons; great-great-great-great-great-great-great-grandson of Sir Robert and Sibilla (Carmichael) Maxwell, of Calderwood; great-great-great-great-great-great-great-grandson of Gavin Maxwell of Calderwood, who was eleventh in descent from Unwin. John Williams Walker received his preparatory education from Dr. Moses Waddell who had at that time the most famous preparatory school in the south. He graduated from Princeton university, New Jersey, A. B., 1806, A. M., 1809; studied law and was admitted to the bar at Petersburg, Ga. Soon afterwards, in 1810, he removed to Alabama and began the practice of his profession in Huntsville. He was a member of the legislature of Alabama Territory in 1818 and the following year was president of the convention that framed the constitution of the State. About this time he was appointed by President Monroe district judge of the federal court but declined the appointment. In 1819 by an almost unanimous vote he was elected the first United States senator from Alabama and served from December 14, 1819, to December, 1822, resigning at that date on account of ill health. Married: in 1808, to Matilda, daughter of Col. LeRoy and Judith (Sale) Pope (q. v.). Children: 1. Mary Jane, m. Dr. Richard Lee Fearn, of Mobile, parents of John Williams Walker Fearn (q. v.); 2. Percy (q. v.); 3. John T.; 4. LeRoy Pope (q. v.); 5. William Memorable, served throughout the war with Mexico, 1846, as first lieutenant of 3rd U. S. dragoons, and during War of Secession as captain of 1st regiment artillery, at Fort Morgan, Mobile Bay, and died there in 1864; 6. Richard Wilde Walker, sr., (q. v.). Last residence: Huntsville.

WALKER, LeROY POPE, brigadier general, C. S. Army, and secretary of war of the Confederate government, was born February 7, 1817, in Huntsville, and died there August 23, 1884; son of John Williams and Matilda (Pope) Walker (q. v.), and brother of Percy Walker (q. v.). He received his early education from private tutors; attended the University of Alabama, 1833-35; and later the University of Virginia. He was admitted to the bar in 1837; represented Lawrence County in the State legislature, 1843 and 1844; removed to Lauderdale County in 1845, and represented that county in the legislature, 1847 and 1849, serving as speaker of the house and again elected as a member of the house in 1853. In 1850, at the first election of judges, he was elected judge of the fourth circuit, but resigned in 1853 in order to re-enter the legislature. He removed to Huntsville in 1855, and practised law with R. C.

Brickell and S. D. Cabaniss. He was a delegate to the Charleston and Richmond conventions, and upon the secession of Alabama was appointed by Governor Moore a commissioner to Tennessee to confer with that State's authorities as to the best policy of the slave states. In February, 1861, upon the organization of the Confederate government, President Davis appointed him secretary of war. The following fall, September 21, 1861, he resigned from the cabinet, accepted the commission of brigadier general, served in the department of Alabama and West Florida, and commanded the forces at Mobile and Montgomery. He resigned his commission in the spring of 1862, was appointed judge of the military court the following year, and served until the end of the war. In 1865, he resumed the practice of law at Huntsville with Judge Brickell. He served as president, 1875, of the second constitutional convention, his father having been president of the first, in 1818. Married: (1) in 1843, to Miss Hopkins, of Mississippi; (2) in July, 1850, to Eliza, daughter of Judge William Dickson and Eliza Goddard (Whitman) Pickett, of Montgomery. Children: by first wife, 1. Clifton, student, University of Virginia and Princeton, captain, C. S. Army, deceased; 2. John Percy, student, Jesuit college, Bardstown, Ky.; first lieutenant, C. S. Army; by second wife, 3. Matilda Pope, deceased; 4. Eliza Pickett, deceased; 5. LeRoy Pope, practicing physician, New York City. Last residence: Huntsville.

WALKER, MIMS, planter, was born November 5, 1838, in Pulaski County, Ga., and died at his plantation home, "Cedar Grove," near Faunsdale; son of Charles and Margaret (Jemison) Walker, both natives of Georgia, who settled in Marengo County in 1852; grandson of George Walker, a native of Georgia, and a soldier in the Revolutionary Army from that state, and of William Jemison, also a Georgian; great-grandson of George Walker, the American founder of the family, who, with his brother, John, came from Ireland to Georgia, 1750. Mr. Walker received his early education in Georgia, and after coming with his parents to Alabama was sent to the University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill. He entered the Confederate army, April, 1861, as a private in the 4th Alabama infantry and served during the entire war. In 1862 he was promoted to the rank of captain and served on the staff of Gen. E. M. Law, until the surrender. At the return of peace he returned to his parental home and took up agriculture, which he successfully followed until his death. He was president of the Watkins mercantile and banking company, of Faunsdale, and was for eight years, county commissioner of Marengo, and represented that county in the legislature, 1880-86. He was a Democrat, and a Presbyterian. Married: in 1864, in Perry County, Mary Gray, daughter of P. H. Pitts, of that county. Children: 1. Martha, m. William B. Reynolds, Montevallo; 2. Sarah Elizabeth, m. Eugene D. Reynolds, West Blockton; 3. David Marshall, unmarried, Faunsdale; 4. Margaret, m. Samuel Morgan, Blockton; 5. Minnie, deceased, m. George H. McKee. Last residence: Faunsdale.

WALKER, PERCY, lawyer and congressman, was born in December, 1812, in Huntsville, and died December 31, 1880, in Mobile; son of John Williams and Matilda (Pope) Walker (q. v.), and brother of Leroy Pope Walker (q. v.). He was educated at Green Spring academy, University of Virginia, medical school of Transylvania university, and received his medical diploma from the University of Pennsylvania in 1835. He then located in Mobile where he began the practice of his profession. In the financial crash of 1837, he lost his patrimony which he had invested in drugs. He represented Mobile County in the State legislature, 1839; took up the study of law; was admitted to the bar; practised in Mobile; served four years as State attorney for the sixth judicial circuit; and was returned as representative in the State legislature in 1847 and again in 1853. He was elected as an American to the Thirty-fourth congress, serving from March 4, 1855-March 3, 1857, and declined a renomination. In the State legislature of 1859, he again represented his county and served as chairman of the judiciary committee. During the War of Secession he was adjutant and inspector general of the State forces, with the rank of colonel. After the war he was appointed recorder of Mobile. Married: Ellen, daughter of Judge Abner S. Linscomb (q. v.). No children. Last residence: Mobile.

WALKER, RICHARD WILDE, sr., lawyer, legislator, member Confederate congress, and judge, was born February 16, 1823, in Huntsville, and died in 1874, at that place; son of John Williams and Matilda (Pope) Walker (q. v.). He was educated at Spring Hill college, Mobile, University of Virginia, and graduated with honors at Princeton university, New Jersey, in 1841. After graduation he returned to Huntsville, read law, and was admitted to the bar in 1844. He located in Florence where he was elected district solicitor in 1845, resigning three years later. He was elected a representative to the legislature from Lauderdale County in 1851, and again in 1855 when he was elected speaker of the house. In 1853 he was nominated for governor by his party but made no contest. In June, 1859, Governor Moore appointed him a judge of the supreme court to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Judge Rice. Later he was elected for a full term and while still serving was selected by the constitutional convention as a delegate from the State at large to the provisional congress of the Confederate States. In 1863, he was elected to the senate of the Confederacy to succeed C. C. Clay, serving until the fall of the Confederate government. At the close of the war he located in Huntsville where he resumed the practice of his profession. Married: Mary, daughter of John Simpson, of Lauderdale County. Children: 1. John Simpson, graduate Van Rensselaer polytechnic institute, Troy, N. Y., and served in the engineering department of the government, m. Nannie Rice, of Mobile; 2. Margaret Patton, m. John Minge Bolling; 3. Richard Wilde, jr. (q. v.); 4. Percy, Washington, D. C. Last residence: Huntsville.

WALKER, RICHARD WILDE, lawyer, associate justice Alabama supreme court, presiding judge Alabama court of appeals, judge U. S. circuit court, was born March 11, 1857, at Florence, Lauderdale County; son of Richard Wilde and Mary Ann (Simpson) Walker (q. v.), who lived at Moulton, Florence and Huntsville and was justice of the supreme court of Alabama and Confederate States senator from Alabama; grandson of John Williams and Matilda (Pope) Walker (q. v.), of Madison County, and of John and Margaret (Patton) Simpson of Florence, the former a native of Belfast, Ireland, and one of the original settlers of Florence, locating there in 1817; great-grandson of LeRoy Pope (q. v.), and of Job Williams Walker who bought lands in Madison County in 1809 and were among the original settlers at Huntsville. Judge Walker attended Dr. Carlos Smith's school at Huntsville. His college education was received at Washington and Lee university, 1873-74, and at Princeton university, from which he graduated with the A. B. degree in 1877. He attended Columbia university law school, New York, and was admitted to the bar, November, 1878, and has practiced in St. Louis, Mo., New York city, and in Huntsville. He was associate justice of the Alabama supreme court, February, 1891, to November, 1892; member Alabama constitutional convention, 1901; member Alabama legislature, 1903; presiding judge, Alabama court of appeals, 1911-14; U. S. circuit judge, 5th judicial circuit since 1914. He is a Democrat. Married: Sarah, daughter of Addison and Sara (Irvine) White of Huntsville. Residence: Huntsville.

WALKER, ROBERT H., lawyer, planter, merchant and member State senate, was born in 1849, in Tallapoosa County; son of Judge F. M. and Eliza (Thomas) Walker (q. v.). He received a thorough academic education. During the War of Secession, he participated in numerous skirmishes, was captured, but escaped. At the close of hostilities, after a brief residence in the west, he entered the mercantile business at Ozark, where he began to read law under private instruction. He removed to Columbia in 1872 and began the manufacture of brick, built a store and opened up a mercantile business that expanded to large proportions, but finally in 1883 ended in failure. He, however, paid all creditors in full for their losses. In 1884 he was admitted to the bar and extended his practice to Alabama, Georgia and Florida, having remarkable success in criminal cases; was nominated for the State senate in 1888 but defeated by an independent candidate; elected to the State senate, 1892. He was a planter, owning extensive lands; mayor of Columbia one term; owned interest in the cotton mills of that place and was the attorney. He is a Democrat. Married: (1) in 1872, to Ida, daughter of Harris Hays, a native of Henry County; (2) to Easley McIntyre, of Newton. Children, by first wife: 1. Ida H., m. Frank Reid; 2. Frank H.; 3. Robert L.; 4. Allie E.; 5. Albert C.; 6. Frederick; two children deceased. Residence: Columbia.

WALKER, ROBERT HENRY, editor and immigration commissioner, was born at Athens,

Limestone County, March 18, 1875; son of William Harrison and Sarah Elizabeth (Ryan) Walker (q. v.). He was educated in the common schools of his county and at the North Alabama agricultural school, now the 8th district agricultural school, at Athens. On January 1, 1893, he purchased the "Limestone Democrat," a weekly, published at Athens, and has since been engaged in the newspaper business, with the exception of two years when he was located at Tuscaloosa and at Meridian, Miss. He was appointed immigration commissioner by Gov. B. B. Comer, on October 19, 1910. He was secretary of the National editorial association; is a Democrat; a Baptist; and Knight of Pythias. Married: January 9, 1901, at Athens, to Memory Pryor, daughter of Robert Anderson and Aurora (Pryor) McClellan; granddaughter of Senator Luke Pryor, niece of the late chief justice Thomas N. McClellan (q. v.), and a sister of associate justice Thomas C. McClellan (q. v.), a descendant of Richard Bennett, colonial governor of Virginia, and of Richard Bland, who rendered important civil service to his county. Children: 1. William Walker McClellan. Residence: Athens.

WALKER, SAMUEL, public official, was a native of South Carolina, and died about 1842. At an early date he removed to Alabama; served Madison County in the legislature, 1819, 1820, 1824, 1828, 1833, 1834, and 1840; and elected speaker of the house in 1840. He resigned the office owing to ill health, and was accorded a unanimous vote of thanks by the house. In a short time after resignation he died. Last residence: Madison County.

WALKER, TANDY, *soldier of the American Revolution*, private, particular service not disclosed; enrolled on September 20, 1838, payment to date from January 1, 1828; annual allowance, \$96.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile.

WALKER, TANDY, pioneer blacksmith and woodsman, was born in Virginia and died in Alabama or Texas, in 1842. One of his grandmothers was a Miss Tandy. He removed to the Tombigbee Country, 1801, then an Indian frontier, guarded by military posts, and beginning to be occupied by white pioneer families. Mr. Walker was the government blacksmith at St. Stephens, then an army post, and was also interpreter between the whites and Indians. He was the hero of one of the most thrilling of the border incidents, preserved in Alabama history, the rescue of Mrs. Crawley, a Tennessee white woman, who had been kidnapped and brought to the "great falls" now Tuscaloosa, by "Little Warrior" to be burned at the stake. He was a fearless Indian fighter. Married: Mary Mays. Children: 1. Sarah Newstep, m. Caswell Reynolds of Newbern; 2. Millie, m. Edward Easley.

WALKER, THOMAS A., lawyer, circuit judge, legislator, was born January 5, 1811, in Jasper County, Ga., and died October 29, 1888, in Selma; son of Thomas T. and Feribee (Smith) Walker, the former a native of Hancock County,

Ga., who came to Bibb County in 1819, and in 1820 moved to Montevallo, Shelby County, becoming a planter of that county; grandson of David Walker, a native of Buckingham County, Va., who was of English ancestry, and served in the Revolutionary War under Washington, and of Ezekiel Smith, a native of South Carolina, who was of English ancestry, and also a soldier in the Revolutionary War. He received his early education in the common schools of his native state, and in 1822, removed with his parents to Shelby County. He entered Cumberland college, at Princeton, Ky., where he remained for two years and then joined the junior class at the University of Alabama, at Tuscaloosa, where he was graduated in 1833. Among his classmates at the university were A. B. Meek, George D. Shortridge, one of the circuit court judges of the state, William R. Smith, who was later, on the circuit court bench, and a member of congress from the Fourth congressional district. He then commenced to read law in the office of Chancellor Anderson Crenshaw of Butler County, and was soon after admitted to the bar. He then settled at Elyton, in Jefferson County, where he commenced the practice of his profession. At the outbreak of the Creek Indian War, he was holding the office of brigadier general to which he had been elected in 1835, and by order of Gov. Clay raised a battalion of troops for the service and led them to Columbus, Ga., where they were mustered into the command of Gen. Jessup. He also raised a company, of which he was elected captain, for service in the Mexican War, and offered the company to the governor, but as the regiment was already complete, the offer was not accepted.

Judge Walker was, in 1836, elected by the legislature solicitor of the ninth judicial circuit, which was then first created, having been formerly occupied by the Creek and Cherokee Indians. His competitors were Felix G. McConnell, George W. Stone, and H. A. Rutledge, all of Talladega. He resigned the position of solicitor when elected to represent Calhoun County in the State legislature in 1839. By successive elections he was retained in the lower house until 1842, when he was elected to the State senate. During the session of 1841, he was made chairman of the judiciary committee. He held his seat in the senate through the years, 1842, 1843 and 1844, and during the last two sessions, served as chairman of the judiciary committee of the senate. At the close of the session of 1844, he declined being a candidate for re-election, and devoted his time exclusively to the practice of law. In 1847, he was elected judge of the judicial circuit by the legislature over George W. Lane of Madison. Two years later, the constitution of the state was altered, and the election of judges given to the people of the several circuits. Judge Walker became a candidate for the office before the voters of his circuit, and again defeated Judge Lane. He continued on the bench until 1858, when he was defeated by Smith D. Hale of Madison. He was president of the Selma and Rome railroad, 1858-1864; was elected to the State senate in 1859 and continued in that body until 1865, serving as president of the senate, 1861-1863. During

the latter years of his life, he engaged in planting. Judge Walker took an active part in ferreting out and forestalling the scheme to defraud the Bank of the State of Alabama and its branches. He was a trustee of the University of Alabama, 1840-1843; and a Jeffersonian Democrat. Married: August 31, 1836, in Calhoun County, to Sarah M. McGehee, who died in April, 1880, daughter of Col. William McGehee, who came from Virginia to Alabama, settled in Benton County, and later moved to Jacksonville. Judge Walker had no children. Last residence: Selma.

WALKER, WHITFIELD, major, 3rd Alabama reserves, C. S. Army.

WALKER, WILLIAM, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 78, resided in DeKalb County, June 1, 1840, with G. Walker.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

WALKER, WILLIAM A., pioneer and merchant, was born February 23, 1811, in Mecklenburg County, near Charlotte, N. C., deceased; son of Richard B. and Ann (Flanagan) Walker, natives of the same county, who later moved to Madison County, Mo. He attended the country schools of North Carolina, and the schools of Missouri for a short time. His parents remained in Missouri for four years, and in 1823, emigrated to Jefferson County, and settled within six miles of Elyton. For the first year, Mr. Walker worked on the farm, then began to go to school, usually attending in the winter time. At that time there were no Indians in the county, but it was inhabited by wild animals. He lived at that place with his parents for four years, then went to a point on Five Mile Creek, eight miles north of Birmingham. The family lived at that place for thirty or forty years, both parents dying after the close of the War of Secession. Mr. Walker left home in the early part of 1835, and lived in the Five Mile Valley, seven miles from the present city of Birmingham, with Col. George Green. He served in the army under Col. Jessup during the Creek War, joining a militia company raised by Col. McMillan, and received a land warrant for his services, which he later sold to purchasing agents of the Illinois Central railroad then being built. After his return from the Creek War he went to Elyton and clerked in Abner McKillough's store, from 1837-1840, and in 1840 began merchandising in Elyton on his own account. He continued in that occupation until 1862, when he retired. Married: in 1840, to Corilla Margaret Porter, sister of Judge M. T. Porter. Children: 1. Mary A.; 2. Margaret; 3. William A., jr. (q. v.); 4. America; 5. Frances; 6. Lucy Elizabeth. Last residence: Birmingham.

WALKER, WILLIAM A., physician and druggist, was born in 1832, in Harris County, Ga.; son of William G. and Fannie G. (Hill) Walker, natives of Putnam County, Ga., the former a planter and a graduate of the University of Georgia; grandson of William Walker and John Hill, of Putnam County, Ga., respectively; great-grandson of William Walker, whose father

emigrated to America from Ireland before the Revolutionary War, serving throughout that struggle, and of John Hill, also a native of Ireland, who fought for American independence, the latter living to be one hundred and twenty-six years of age and was married six times. Dr. Walker was educated in the schools of his native county and at the University of Georgia where he graduated in 1850; studied medicine under Dr. J. W. Pitts in Harris County, Ga., later at Jefferson medical college, Philadelphia, Pa., graduating in 1854 and locating at Perote in 1857. He entered the Confederate service, February 13, 1861, as 2nd lieutenant, Co. B, 1st Alabama infantry regiment; served one year as 1st and 2nd lieutenant of "Perote Guards" at Pensacola; re-enlisted at expiration of term of service in Co. B, 53rd Alabama cavalry regiment and was made adjutant-general of Hannon's brigade; participated in the battles of Lookout Mountain and all other battles from Dalton to Atlanta; later he served under Hood and Johnston, and was mustered out at Hamburg, S. C. He resumed the practice of his profession at Perote after the cessation of hostilities, engaging also in planting and the drug business. He is a member of the Bullock County and the State medical associations, and a Mason. Married: May, 1862, to Mary V., daughter of Dr. J. W. and Mary F. Pitts, of Jasper and Monroe Counties, Ga., the former a surgeon of the 36th Alabama infantry regiment C. S. Army. There were five children to this marriage. Residence: Perote.

WALKER, WILLIAM AUGUSTUS, lawyer, was born January 7, 1846, near Elyton; son of William A. and Corilla Margaret (Porter) Walker (q. v.). He was prepared for college in the schools of Elyton, and entered the University of Alabama in 1861. He left the University in September, 1863, to join the Seventh Alabama cavalry, formed from the corps of university cadets, under Capt. C. P. Storrs. He continued in service until the close of the war, at which time he held the rank of sergeant, and had spent some time in a Federal prison. After the war, he taught school for eight months, then began the study of law. He was admitted to the bar in 1867, and began to practice law in partnership with Burwell Boykin Lewis, who later gave up his seat in congress to assume the presidency of the University of Alabama. He was elected solicitor of Jefferson County in 1868, and held that position until 1876. For some time he was junior member of the firm of Cobb, Lewis and Walker, and in 1870, formed a co-partnership with Hon. G. W. Hewitt, for eight years a member of congress. The firm later took in Ben Porter to form the firm of Hewitt, Walker and Porter, and engaged in a large corporation business and general practice. Later, Mr. Walker became a member of the firm of Tillman, Campbell and Walker of Birmingham. He served one term in the State legislature as representative from Jefferson County, 1878-1880; was a stockholder and director of the First national bank of Birmingham, and in 1885 was elected president of that institution, resigning the position a few months later. He is a Democrat and a Methodist. Mar-

ried: August 23, 1870, to Virginia T., daughter of Judge William S. Mudd (q. v.). Children: 1. William Mudd, lawyer at Birmingham, was graduated from the University of Alabama, A. B., 1893, and LL. B., 1895, served as captain of the Fifth Immunes, U. S. volunteer infantry, 1898-1899, Spanish War; 2. Witchell Porter, was graduated from the University of Alabama, A. B., 1895, Birmingham; 3. Virginia T., m. Robert Jamison, jr.; 4. Alfred Augustus; 5. a daughter; 6. Joseph. Residence: Birmingham.

WALKER, WILLIAM HARRISON, lawyer and judge, was born March 2, 1822, near Mooresville, Limestone County, and died March 4, 1876; son of John Footman and Eliza (Webb) Walker. He was educated in the common schools of his county and at La Grange college, studied law and practiced his profession in Mooresville and Athens; and was probate judge of Limestone County. He was a Methodist. Married: July 7, 1859, to Sarah Elizabeth, daughter of William H. and Maria (Richardson) Ryan, of Lynchburg, Va., and Baltimore, Md. Children: 1. Mary Eloise, m. R. H. Richardson; 2. William Ryan; 3. Ada; 4. John Footman; 5. Maria Richardson; 6. Robert Henry (q. v.). Last residence: Athens.

WALKER, WILLIAM RUFFIN, public official and legislator, was born April 17, 1859, at Thomaston, Upson County, Ga.; son of Washington Lafayette and Rebecca Ann (Singleton) Walker, the former of Camp Hill, Tallapoosa County, the latter of Putnam County, Ga.; grandson of Benjamin and Elizabeth (Bass) Walker, of Upton County, Ga., the former was a soldier in the War of 1812, and of William Ruffin and Frances (Ward) Singleton, of Putnam County, Ga.; great-grandson of James Walker, an emigrant from England, who settled in South Carolina and served in the Revolutionary War. He was educated in the common schools of Tallapoosa County. He was twice sheriff of Coosa County and represented that county in the legislature of 1911. He is a Democrat; Baptist; Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: (1) October 10, 1881, to Julia Conner, of Tallapoosa County; (2) October 4, 1896, to Elmira, daughter of John David and Mary Ann Shelton of Bradford. Children: 1. Adrin Goggans; 2. Grover Cleveland; 3. Annie; 4. Glenn Conner; 5. Stella Tulua; 6. Christine. Residence: Rockford.

WALL, ALEXANDER ALFRED, physician, was born April 9, 1826, in Madison County, deceased; son of Alexander Gray and Mary (Cooper) Wall, both natives of Virginia, the former of Southampton County, and the latter of Albemarle County, and who removed to Madison County, in 1816. His father was a veteran of the War of 1812, and was stationed most of the time at Norfolk, Va. He received his education in the common schools and the Huntsville academy, and read medicine with Dr. H. F. Newman of Huntsville. He later studied for three years with Prof. George B. Woods and in 1849, he received his M. D. degree, and began practice on the Tennessee River, near Whites-

burg, Madison County. He farmed and practiced medicine there for ten years. He served in the War of secession as surgeon at large and president of the board of conscripts for the second district of Alabama. He located at Huntsville after the war, where he remained for three years, and then removed to Maysville. In 1889, he removed to Tusculumbia. He was president of the medical society of Colbert County; president of the board of censors, and the county board of health; and was auxiliary committeeman of the Pan-American association. He was a member of the Presbyterian church, and a Mason. Married: (1) November 12, 1850, to Amanda Ross, who died in 1860, daughter of Fred A. and Elizabeth (Cooper) Ross, both natives of Virginia; (2) October 23, 1862, to Mary McLeod. Children, by first marriage: 1. Kate, d. in infancy; 2. Conrad, d. February, 1903, m. Laura Challen, one son; 3. Helen, deceased; 4. William Richard, Huntsville; 5. James S., deceased; 6. Elizabeth, d. in infancy; by second marriage: 7. Robert Lee, d. in childhood; 8. Alexander Lacey, m. Mary Throckmorton, five children; 9. John Augustus, m. Anna Stewart, three children: Last residence: Tusculumbia.

WALLACE, H. T., educator; principal of the DeKalb high school, in 1913. Residence: Fort Payne.

WALLACE, JAMES B., old time lawyer of Tuscaloosa. Deceased.

WALLACE, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 75, and a resident of Bibb County; private N. C. Militia; enrolled on June 17, 1834, under act of Congress on June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$80.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in part 3, vol. xiii, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Bibb County, June 1, 1840, aged 80 to 90.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

WALLACE, JOHN HENRY, jr., lawyer, was born December 12, 1874, at Center Star, Lauderdale County; son of John Henry and Mary Sue (Ingram) Wallace, who lived near Leighton, Lawrence County, the former who enlisted at Helena, Ark., for service in the C. S. Army and rose to the rank of captain; grandson of John Henry and Henrietta Wallace of Leighton and of Henry and Mary Ingram, of Center Star. The Wallaces were from North Carolina, and the Ingrams from Virginia, both families having been well represented in the Revolutionary War. John H. Wallace was educated in the common schools of his native county; took a three years course in the State normal college, Florence; studied law; was admitted to the bar May 10, 1896; began practice at Huntsville; was a member of the house of representatives from Madison County, 1898-99, 1900-01; was elected state game and fish commissioner by the state legislature, February 20, 1907, the law creating this department having been drawn by him; elected by the people, November 3, 1908; and re-elected November 5, 1912. Author of, "The Senator

from Alabama," 1904; and is a frequent contributor to magazines and newspapers on fox hunting and field sports. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; a Mason; a Knight of Pythias; an Odd Fellow; and a member of the Junior Order of American Mechanics. Married: on June 1, 1911, at Montgomery, to Ina Eleanor, daughter of Joseph Winslette, of Hatcher, Ga. Children: 1. John H. third; 2. Mary Eleanor. Residence: Montgomery.

WALLACE, WALES WELLINGTON, lawyer, was born November 19, 1877, at Wilsonville, Shelby County; son of Wales W. and Catharine (Henderson) Wallace, the former who was a farmer at Wilsonville, and served as a captain of the Thirty-first Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army; grandson of Samuel and Anne (Ballou) Wallace, the former who was a native of Virginia, and of Rev. Dr. Samuel and Eliza (McGee) Henderson, the former who was a Baptist clergyman in Alabama for many years. Wales W. Wallace received his education in the public schools of Shelby County; later attended Howard college, 1895-97; and in 1901 was graduated LL. B., from the law school of the University of Alabama. He began to practice in 1901; in 1902 removed to Columbiana; has served as mayor of Columbiana; from 1910-14, served as chairman of the Democratic executive committee of Shelby County; and was State senator from the fifteenth district, 1915. He is a Democrat; a Baptist; a Mason; a Knight of Pythias; and a member of the Kappa Alpha college fraternity. Married: on March 3, 1909, at Columbiana, to Mildred, daughter of James R. and Willie (Roberts) White, the former who was for many years clerk of the law and equity court of Shelby County, and register in chancery, and the latter who was the daughter of Rev. Thomas P. Roberts, who was a minister of the North Alabama conference, Methodist Episcopal church, South. Residence: Columbiana.

WALLER, CHARLES E., speaker of the house of representatives, State of Alabama, 1898-99. Residence: Greensboro.

WALLER, GEORGE PLATT, jr., U. S. consul, was born September 7, 1889, in Montgomery; son of George Platt and Susan Theresa (Jones) Waller, the former a physician and planter, for eight years secretary of the State medical association, county physician of Montgomery County, born 1858, died 1919; grandson of William W. and Margaret Armstrong (Stout) Waller, and of Benjamin Rush and Frances Amelia (Taliaferro) Jones, physician, all of Montgomery; great-grandson of Bartlett and Eliza Jane (Dunlap) Jones of Lancaster, S. C., and of Col. David Merriwether and Mary (Barnett) Taliaferro, and of Rev. Platt and Margaret Armstrong (Chambers) Stout; great-great-grandson of Benjamin and Elizabeth (Ramey) Jones, of Culpeser County, Va., who died in Martinsville, that state, in 1790, and of Captain Benjamin Taliaferro of the Revolutionary War, aide-de-campe to General Lincoln, and afterwards a member of congress from Georgia, served in the

Continental Army with the Virginia troops, 1776-83, and of Johnathan and Rachael (Stout) Stout of Kentucky; great-great-great-grandson of David and Isabel (Norman) Jones, and of John and Mabel (Sexton) Stout, the former a native of Wales, and of Samuel and Ann (Van Dyke) Stout; great-great-great-great-grandson of Samuel and Catharine (Simpson) Stout, and of Charles and Sarah Sexton; great-great-great-great-grandson of Johnathan and Ann Stout, and of George and Hannah Sexton; great-great-great-great-great-grandson of George Sexton of Connecticut and of Richard Penelope (Van Princis) Stout, founder of the American branch of the family, the former born 1610, died 1705, married 1643; great-great-great-great-great-great-grandson of John and Elizabeth (Bee) Stout, of Nottingham, England, who was born about 1564. Mr. Waller received his primary education from Miss Augusta Woodruff, and his preparatory training from Professor George W. Thomas. He attended the public schools of Montgomery, later going to the Marion military institute, 1905-07, and was editor of "The Forum" and a member of the Jefferson society. He entered the University of Virginia in 1907 and graduated in 1912, was associate editor of the "University magazine," 1910-12, associate editor "College Topics," 1908-12. He was principal of the high school, Chilhowee, Va., 1912-13; appointed American vice-and-deputy consul at Yarmouth, Nova Scotia, February 13, 1913; vice-consul at Carlsbad, Bohemia, July, 1914; senior vice-consul American consulate general, Athens, Greece, 1915-19; and vice-consul in charge of that post from October, 1916 to May, 1917, during the time when that city was bombarded and blockaded for seven months and was under fire December 1st and 2nd, 1916; acting commercial attache of the U. S. at American legation, Athens, May, 1917; vice-consul in charge at Patras, Greece, May to September, 1916; appointed after examination, vice-consul of career of class III, October 27, 1919. He is a Democrat; an Episcopalian, a lay reader for two years at the chapel of the British legation, Athens, Greece, and commissioned lay reader of St. John's Montgomery, by the Bishop of Alabama, March 4, 1920. Mr. Waller was made a Knight of the order of the Savior, by the King and government of Greece, December 4, 1919; member of the Virginia chapter Sons of the Revolution; American geographical society; and of the Virginia historical society. Author: "Rapture," a poem, Lippincott's magazine, March, 1913; "Commerce and Industries of Greece, 1916," published by the U. S. government; "Commerce and Industries of Greece, 1917," published by the bureau of T. and D. Commerce. Unmarried. Residence: "Halcyon Hill," Montgomery.

WALLER, LUTHER HILL, planter, was born September 5, 1896, in Montgomery; son of Dr. George Platt and Susie (Jones) Waller, and brother of George Platt Waller, jr. (q. v.). He received his early education from governesses, in the public school of Mitylene, at Sidney Lanier high school, and Barnes school for boys in Montgomery. In 1915 he graduated from Woodberry Forest school, Va.; and in that

fall entered the University of Virginia, remaining there until his entrance into the army. He was a member of the gymnasium team and the glee club, and of the Sigma Nu college fraternity. He was commissioned second lieutenant, U. S. Army, August 15, 1917, and was promoted to a first lieutenant the following August; served in the 328th infantry, 164th brigade, 82nd division, from September 3, 1917, to May 19, 1919; was overseas from May 1, 1918, to May 16, 1919; was with the 5th British army corps bayonet school, at Point le Hourdel Somme, France, June 1, to June 14th, 1918, and was cited for gallantry in action, October 8, 1918, G. O. No. 1. Hq. 164th infantry brigade, May 4, 1919, Brig-Gen. J. R. Lindsay, C. O.; cited for gallantry in action, September 15, 1918, G. O. No. 1, Hq. 82nd division, January 13, 1919; cited for gallantry in action September 15, 1918, G. H. Q. March 19, 1919, Gen. John J. Pershing, recommended for D. S. C., March, 1919, action pending, Col. Weatherill. He is a Democrat, and a Presbyterian. Unmarried. Residence: "Halcyon Hill," Montgomery.

WALLER, NATHANIEL, merchant and cotton factor, was born October 16, 1813, in Baldwin County, Ga., and died in 1895; son of Nathaniel and Telitha (Toole) Waller, natives of Maryland, who came to Alabama in 1818, and located at Wetumpka. After his father's death he moved with his mother and the remainder of the family to Dallas County, where he and his brother, Thomas Flint, engaged in farming. He attended school for three or four years, and then obtained a clerkship with Parkman and Douglas, dry goods dealers at Selma, where he remained for a short time and then accepted a position at a country store, which position he retained until 1836. He accepted a position with Philip J. Weaver, merchant, and in 1864, engaged in the mercantile business on his own account. The following year he again engaged with Mr. Weaver, where he remained until 1865, as bookkeeper and general manager. After the close of the War of Secession, in 1865, he engaged in farming for a short time, and for an equally short time, engaged in the clerical business. He was engaged in the mercantile business with Major Wallis and A. M. Treadwell as partners, until 1873, after which time he turned his attention to the cotton trade. In 1875, his son, George L. Waller, was admitted to the firm, which continued until the firms of Joseph Hardie and company and N. Waller and company consolidated. This partnership was dissolved, January, 1888, and the business was then continued under the original title of N. Waller and company. He was a Democrat and for sixty years an elder in the Cumberland Presbyterian church at Selma. Married: February 9, 1842, at Pleasant Hill to Anna Amelia, daughter of Griffen and Matilda (Gammage) Bender, of Baldwin County, Ga. Children: 1. George L.; 2. Maria J.; 3. Rev. William Towns (q. v.); 4. Rev. Charles D., Presbyterian minister. Last residence: Selma.

WALLER, ROBERT B., old time citizen of Dale County; father of R. B. Waller, Greensboro.

WALLER, WILLIAM R., sheriff, was born March 17, 1852, in Montgomery County; son of Charles R. and Mary (Norman) Waller, natives of Montgomery County, the former a planter, member of Eustis' company, Mexican War, captain of Co. E, 33rd Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, and was wounded at the battle of Perryville, Ky.; grandson of Nathaniel Greene Waller, a native of Georgia who removed to Montgomery County, about 1830 and served in the Indian War. Sheriff Waller received a limited education. He lived on his father's farm until appointed deputy sheriff, four years later, August, 1892, being elected sheriff. He served one term in the State house of representatives, 1896, and was re-elected sheriff in 1900. He is now engaged in farming. Married: (1) to Mary Irene Norman; (2) to Carrie Waugh. Children: by first wife, 1. Elizabeth, m. James H. Milligan; by second wife, 2. Carrie; 3. Evaline; 4. Willie. Residence: Ramer.

WALLER, WILLIAM TOWNS, Presbyterian minister, was born November 18, 1854, at Selma; son of Nathaniel and Anna Amelia (Bender) Waller (q. v.). He received his early education in the common schools and at the Dallas academy in Selma. He later entered Erskine college, S. C., where he was graduated A. B., in 1875, and the Erskine theological seminary, where he was graduated B. D. He was ordained minister of the gospel, in 1878, and served pastorates in North Carolina, Alabama, Florida, Tennessee, and Georgia, and at three different times has served the church at Centerville. He is a Democrat. Married: in 1874, at Due West, S. C., to Kittie, daughter of Rev. John Irwin and Armathine (Lindsay) Bonner, who lived at Due West, S. C., the former who was a minister of the Associate Reform Synod of the South, for thirty-five years was president of the Due West female college, of which he was the founder, and was editor of the "Associate Reform Presbyterian." Children: 1. Annie, m. Hampden Colt DuBose, Sanford, Fla.; 2. James Bonner, m. Johnnie Ley, Jacksonville, Fla.; 3. Charles Foster, m. Annie Miner, Houston, Tex.; 4. Frances, Centerville; 5. Irwin Bonner, Selma; 6. Marie, Centerville; 7. William Louie, Centerville. Residence: Centerville.

WALLING, DAVID, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 76, resided in Walker County, June 1, 1840.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 150.

WALLING, WILLIAM *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 73, and a resident of Madison County; private and sergeant S. C. Militia; enrolled on November 4, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$35; sums received to date of publication of list, \$105.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

WALLIS, JOHN F., professor of chemistry and natural history at the University of Alabama, 1831-34.

WALSH, WALTER F., mayor of Mobile, 1902-03.

WALSTON, ROBERT ISBELL, Methodist minister, was born March 7, 1864, at Oakland, Lauderdale County; son of James and Harriet Catharine (Edwards) Walston, the former a native of Windsor, N. C., who came with his parents to Lauderdale County, 1821, a Methodist minister and in his declining years a farmer; grandson of Turner and Elizabeth (Young) Walston, natives of North Carolina, who later removed to Oakland, Lauderdale County, and of James Garred and Louisa (Nooe) Edwards, of Russellville, Franklin County; great-grandson of — Walston, captain in the Revolutionary War, North Carolina line, and of James Garred, a prominent Baptist minister and one of the early governors of Kentucky, and of Gabriel Slaughter, at one time governor of Virginia. The Edwards family is of English and the Walstons of German descent. Mr. Walston received his early education in the schools of his county and attended, for one year the Southern university, Greensboro. He joined the North Alabama conference, Methodist Episcopal church, South, November, 1888, at Anniston, and has been continuously in that work since, serving on circuits, and stations, having among his recent pastorates, Albany, and is at present at East Lake Station. He is a Democrat; and a Mason. Married: April 20, 1892, at Newburg, to Rosa Lee, daughter of Charles Peters and Elizabeth (Sugg) Banks of that place, the former a physician who practiced forty-two years there; granddaughter of John Field Banks, a soldier of the War of 1812; great-great-great-granddaughter of Lawrence Slaughter, a captain in the American Revolutionary War from Culpeper, Va.; great-great-great-granddaughter of Col. John Field who fell at Point Pleasant, 1774, while leading the Culpeper regiment, under Gen. Andrew Lewis, who defeated "Cornstalk," the great Indian warrior. Mrs. Banks' maternal ancestors fought in the Civil and Revolutionary Wars, and are of Scotch-Irish and English descent. Children: 1. Katharin; 2. Robert Banks; 3. Rosa Lee; 4. Charles Rowe. Residence: East Lake.

WALTHALL, JOHN, planter, was born in 1792, in Amelia County, Va., and died in Perry County; son of John and Grace (Booker) Walthall, of Virginia, who removed in 1798 to Franklin County, Tenn. He was educated in the schools of Franklin and graduated from Nashville college. In 1820, he removed with his brother, Richafd Booker Walthall, to Alabama. He acquired large tracts of land and farmed extensively, bringing the customs of Virginia to the Alabama frontier. He was a States Rights Democrat. Married: Permella Jones, sister of Judge Thomas Jones of the supreme court of Tennessee. Children: 1. Thomas Branch; 2. Lucy; 3. Leonidas Nye, m. Martha Walthall; 4. Mary; 5. Wilson, m. Betty Semple of Virginia; 6. Martha; 7. Melina; 8. Rebecca. Last residence: Perry County.

WALTHALL, RICHARD BOOKER, planter and legislator, was born May 19, 1794, in Amelia

County, Va., and died July 30, 1849, at Blount Springs; son of John and Grace (Booker) Walthall, of Virginia, who removed to Franklin County, Tenn., in 1798. He was fitted for college in the schools of Franklin; graduated from Nashville college, volunteered for service under Gen. Andrew Jackson, in the Creek War, and took part in the battles of Talladega and Horseshoe Bend. In 1820, he removed to Alabama, living for a time in Tuscaloosa. Later he settled permanently in Perry County, near Marion. He represented Perry County in the legislature for sixteen years; in 1842, he was senator, and served three terms. In 1848, he was elector at large on the Cass ticket. He was a States Rights Democrat; and a Mason. Married: in 1815, to Sarah Martin Moody, of Pulaski, Tenn. Children: 1. Grace; 2. John; 3. Thomas Marshall, m. Ann Eliza Perkins; 4. Mary; 5. Martha, m. Leonidas Nye Walthall; 6. Robert Kennon, m. Margaret Hill; 7. Caroline; 8. Adeline; 9. Richard Booker, jr. Last residence: Perry County near Marion.

WALTON, T. P., Presbyterian minister, member of the North Alabama presbytery; living in 1913. Residence: Talladega.

WALTON, WILLIAM, soldier of the American Revolution, aged 68, and a resident of Greene County; private N. C. Militia; enrolled on January 16, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$33.33; sums received to date of publication of list, \$99.99.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

WANNAMAKER, OLIN DANTZLER, teacher, for about four years a teacher in Alabama, was born July 16, 1875, at Bamberg, Barnwell County, S. C.; son of Francis Marion and Eleanor Margaret (Bellinger) Wannamaker, of South Carolina. He received his early education in the public schools of St. Matthews, S. C.; A. B., Wofford college, Spartanburg, S. C., 1896; M. A., Vanderbilt university, 1900, and Harvard university, 1902; post-graduate work at Johns Hopkins university, 1908-09 and Columbia university, 1911-12. He has been connected with various colleges in the United States and China; was head of the department of English, Alabama polytechnic institute, 1911-14; and on leaving Alabama went to Dallas university. Married: February 7, 1907, at Canton, China, to Katharine Miller, daughter of Edward Sackett and Charlotte Elizabeth (Chandler) Hume, of New Haven, Conn., and Bombay, India. Residence: Dallas, Tex.

WARD, ALFRED G., physician; graduate of the medical department of the University of Alabama, 1894; licensed to practice by the county board of Mobile. Residence: Mobile.

WARD, CALVIN, soldier of the American Revolution, private, particular service not shown; annual allowance, \$53.33; records do not show that any payment was ever made.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile.

WARD, EDWARD BURTON, physician; graduate of the University of New York, 1882; licensed to practice by the county board of Hale, the same year; annual orator medical association of Alabama, 1902. Residence: Selma.

WARD, EDWARD LOUIS COLLEN, editor and originator of Appalachian national park project, was born August 19, 1852, at Rich Square, Northampton County, N. C.; son of Lemuel and Louisa M. (Higgs) Ward, the former a native and life long resident of Northampton County, a scientific farmer; grandson of Benjamin and Pauline Ward, also of Northampton County, the former a captain in the Mexican War, and of James and Polly Higgs, of Halifax, N. C., the former a veteran of the Indian and Mexican Wars. The paternal great-grandfather was an Englishman who located in New York and later removed to North Carolina. Mr. Ward received his early education in the common schools of his native place, and in 1871, entered the George Washington university, Washington, D. C., from which he graduated in 1874, in both the literary and law departments. He located in Edenton, N. C., and although attaining some success in law became more interested in journalism than that profession. He established the "Albemarle Enquirer" at Edenton, and was its editor for years. On account of throat trouble he went west and became inspired by the Yosemite and Yellowstone parks, to the end that he determined that the southeast should have a national reservation for park purposes. He began, in 1887, to write and speak on this subject arousing the people to the beauties of the Appalachian range, with the result that the government appropriated funds for the purchase of lands in Virginia, North and South Carolina and Tennessee for the Appalachian Park. Upon removing to Alabama in 1888, he edited the "Bridgeport News"; orator Alabama press association, 1890, and president of that organization, 1890 and 1891. During the latter year he accepted the editorship of the Kellogg newspaper service, Atlanta, Ga., but resigned that position, returned to Alabama and purchased the "Talladega Reporter," which he has since edited. Author: a number of poems, and has published "The Scrap Book." Married: March 30, 1900, in Jackson County, to Ida, daughter of Robert Liles and Elizabeth E. Hembree, who lived near Bridgeport. The Hembrees are of German stock, who settled in Jackson County and for a long time were the largest tax payers in the county. Residence: Talladega.

WARD, GEORGE NEWMAN, author, was born October 5, 1878, at Abbeville, Henry County, and died November 15, 1902; son of John Byrd and Lenora Evelyn (Newman) Ward (q. v.). He was educated at Abbeville and at Alabama polytechnic institute, 1894-95, but ill health forced him to abandon college. He practiced veterinary medicine and engaged in the lumber business. Author: several plays, unpublished; an essay on "Love," unpublished; contributed numerous articles and poems to the press. He was a Democrat and Baptist. Married: December 29, 1901, at Abbeville, to Mary

Frances, daughter of John Franklin and Elenor (Goss) Craft, of English, Scotch and Dutch-Irish descent. Last residence: Abbeville.

WARD, GEORGE R., hotel proprietor, was born January 17, 1831, near Culpeper Court House, Va.; son of Robert G. and Judith E. (Field) Ward, of Virginia, the former of whom was sheriff of Culpeper County for some years, and clerk of the county court before the War of Secession. His early education was thorough and he had passed examinations to enter West Point, on an appointment from the Hon. John S. Pendleton, when, on his way to West Point, his wishes changed. He stopped at Baltimore and obtained a position in the dry goods house of David Leeche and son, and lived in Baltimore until 1853. At that time, he went to Rome, Ga., and engaged in the drygoods business at that place until 1858. He then entered the cotton business, and had an interest in the steamboat line which ran packets on the Coosa River. He remained in that business until 1872, when, with William Ketchum, he became part proprietor of the Relay House. On the death of Mr. Ketchum in 1877, he became sole proprietor and kept the hotel until it was destroyed in 1886. He was an Episcopalian; an Odd Fellow; and a Knight of Honor. Married: in February, 1857, to Margaret Ketchum, of Rome, Ga., daughter of William Ketchum, who came from New Jersey, to Hamburg, S. C., later moved to Rome, Ga., and finally to Birmingham. Mrs. Ward was born in Connecticut, of which state her mother was a native. Children: 1. Medora Crane, m. G. W. Proctor, of Louisville, Ky.; 2. Robert F., recorder of deeds in Bush County, Kan.; 3. Mary B., m. W. J. Cameron; 4. W. P.; 5. George B., business man and mayor of Birmingham. Last residence: Birmingham.

WARD, JAMES, farmer, was born November 1, 1783, in South Carolina and died February 28, 1860, in Abbeville. He represented Henry County in the Alabama legislature, 1840-1857, and during his active career accumulated a considerable fortune, including a number of slaves. He was a Whig and a Baptist. Married: Miranda Parrish. Children: 1. Mariah, m. James McKissac; 2. Eliza, m. Wesley Peebles; 3. E. J., jr., m. Miss Oates; 4. William, jr., m. Miss Owens; 5. Permella, m. W. J. Galloway; 6. John J., m. Martha Davis; 7. Mary, m. Ephraim Oates; 8. Edward J., m. Mrs. Eliza Smith. Last residence: Abbeville.

WARD, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 77, and a resident of Bibb County; private N. C. Militia; enrolled January 4, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$30.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in part 3, vol. xiii, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

WARD, JOHN BIRD, farmer, judge and legislator, was born August 31, 1856, near Abbeville; son of John James and Martha (Ward) Ward; grandson of James and Melissa (Parrish) Ward (q. v.) and of Joseph and Matilda

(Wilcoxon) Ward, all of Henry County, the original stock coming from England to South Carolina, later removing to Alabama. Both families have been farmers from earliest times. He was educated in the public schools of Abbeville; has been mayor of that place; probate judge of Henry County, 1907-08; and a representative from that county in the legislature of 1888-9, 1892-3, 1894-5, 1900-01, and 1915. He secured the establishment of the first branch experiment station and school in Alabama, now the third district agricultural school, at Abbeville. He is a Democrat, and a Baptist. Married: December 7, 1875, at Abbeville, Leonora Evelin, daughter of George and Sarah (Lee) Newman, of Louisville, the former a farmer and merchant who removed early from South Carolina to Henry County. Children: 1. Leonora Bird, m. E. C. Porter; 2. John James, m. Alice Howell; 3. George N. (q. v.). Residence: Abbeville.

WARD, OBADIAH, merchant, was born December 14, 1817, near Spartanburg, S. C., and died April 21, 1880, at Gadsden; son of Samuel and Susanna (Cannon) Ward, the former a planter in South Carolina, a soldier in the War of 1812, who moved to Alabama in 1834 and settled in Cherokee County, later moving to DeKalb County, where he spent the remainder of his life. He was reared on a farm and acquired a limited education in the old field schools of his neighborhood. He engaged in mercantile business in DeKalb County where he remained until 1869; moved to Gadsden and continued his mercantile business at that place until about six months before his death. He was a Methodist and a Mason. Married: in August, 1850, in Cherokee County, to Sarah Sedberry, daughter of S. H. and Annie J. (Fletcher) Sedberry, natives of North Carolina who lived in Cherokee County. Children: 1. John; 2. Charlie, m. J. B. Martin; 3. Mary, deceased; 4. Sallie, m. James L. Tanner; 5. Charles. Last residence: Gadsden.

WARD, SAMUEL, pioneer, was born in 1787, in Albemarle, Va., and died in 1865, in Huntsville; son of John and Eleanor Ward, the former a native of Maryland, who moved from that state to Albemarle County, Va., and from Virginia to Alabama, settling in Madison County, who was a private in Capt. Henry Wardman's company during the Revolutionary War, entering the army on July 19, 1776, and being discharged in 1781. Mr. Ward came to Alabama from Albemarle County, Va., in 1818, and entered land about four miles from Huntsville. He had farmed there from that time until his death. Married: in 1814, in Albemarle County, Va., to Sarah V., daughter of Roger Thompson of Albemarle County, Va.; granddaughter of John Thompson who served in the Revolutionary War as first lieutenant of the Seventh Virginia regiment; and a descendant of Joseph Thompson who was the first sheriff of Albemarle County, Va., in 1745, and had four sons who were officers in the Continental Army. Children: 1. Betsie; 2. Mary; 3. William, d. in 1862, while serving in the C. S. Army; 4.

Fleming D., served in the C. S. Army, d. 1900; 5. George Washington, d. 1911; 6. Martha Custis, m. Alexander Montgomery Wynn. Last residence: Huntsville.

WARD, SYD CARR, editor, farmer, merchant, and legislator, was born March 10, 1872, at Gaston, Sumter County; son of David S. and Ann Thomas (Holmes) Ward, the former a native of Newberne, Hale County, and a Confederate soldier, the latter of North Carolina; grandson of James Holmes, and of Solomon and Ann Ward, all of North Carolina. He was educated in the common schools; was councilman of the town of Cuba, 1900; and its mayor, 1901. In 1898 he was editor of the "South Sumter Banner," and has been a farmer and merchant. He represented Sumter County in the legislature of 1903. He is a Democrat; Methodist; Mason; Knight of Pythias; and a Woodman of the World. Married: April 10, 1895, to Nettie, daughter of Holland A. and Jennie Treadway, of Cuba. Children: Daniel Solomon. Residence: Cuba.

WARD, THOMAS R., physician, was born in 1826, in Chatham County, N. C.; son of Edward H. and Cintha Ward, of North Carolina, the former who came to Alabama with his family in 1833, and settled in Perry County where he was a planter, and in 1853 moved to Greene County. He received his primary education in Perry County, at Oak Grove, and read medicine under Dr. F. M. Peterson of Greensboro in 1850. Later he attended courses in Charleston medical college, and in the Cincinnati medical college, and was graduated from the latter institution, M. D., 1853. He began to practice medicine at Greensboro in 1853, and has continued his profession in that place. He is a Baptist; a Mason; and a member of the state and county medical associations. Married: in 1853, at Greensboro, to Bettie, daughter of Col. John H. Burton, a planter. Children: 1. Dr. E. B., a physician of Selma; 2. Thomas Robert, merchant, was graduated from the University of Alabama, A. B., 1882, m. Fannie Lauretta Coleman, Greensboro; 3. a daughter. Residence: Greensboro.

WARDEN, SAMUEL, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 84, resided in Benton County, June 1, 1840, with David Barnwell.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

WARE, HORACE, iron manufacturer, was born April 11, 1812, in Lynn, Mass., and died July, 1890, in Birmingham; son of Jonathan and Roxana (Howe) Ware, residents of Massachusetts, New York, North Carolina, and Alabama, locating in Bibb County. Mr. Ware received his early education in his native state and in North Carolina, whither he had gone in childhood with his parents. He learned the iron business from his father, who erected a water power forge in Bibb County, later selling it to his son. In 1840 he bought the iron ore beds in Shelby County, and in a few years erected a cold blast furnace for the manufacture of pig iron, the first, or at most, the second furnace plant in Alabama. The product was hauled six miles by wagon to the Coosa river

and placed on flat boats bound for Montgomery, Prattville and Mobile. He manufactured all kinds of cooking utensils, heating and cooking stoves. He was the pioneer rolling mill operator in the State, beginning in 1859, the erection of a mill for the manufacture of iron bars and cotton ties. In 1865, Federal troops under Gen. Wilson destroyed this property, but it was later rebuilt by northern capital. After a connection of forty years, he sold his interest in 1881. He purchased, during the early sixties, iron properties in Talladega County, forming in 1872, a partnership with Col. S. S. Glidden, of Ohio, and organized the Alabama iron company. In 1881, A. L. Tyler and Samuel Noble of Anniston, purchased Mr. Glidden's interest, the new company being called the Clifton iron company. In 1888, he sold his holdings to his partners, having four years earlier become interested in Sheffield, being president of the first furnace erected at that place. In 1881, he bought the Kelly furnace, near Jefferson, Texas, where he manufactured car wheel iron, but in 1883, he sold his property. Being familiar with the mineral resources of the State he foresaw the development of the region and predicted the splendid things that have since developed. Married: (1) to Martha A. Woodruff, (2) in Columbiana, to Mary, daughter of George and Matilda T. (Roper) Harris, the former a native of Monroe County, Tenn., a lawyer who lived in McMinn County, Tenn.; granddaughter of Jesse and Matilda T. Harris of Jefferson County, Tenn., and of Joseph and Mary Roper, who lived at Dandridge, Tenn., and later at Columbiana. Mrs. Ware was the author of a volume of poems that were published in 1911 in Birmingham. She also contributed for twenty years to "The South," published in New York city. There were seven children by the first marriage. Last residence: Birmingham.

WARE, MRS. JAMES (WARE), one of the pioneer workers of the Ladies' Confederate memorial association, Montgomery. She was a native of Columbus, Ga. Married: Dr. James Ware.

WARE, JONATHAN, member of the constitutional convention, of 1865, from Chamber County.

WARNER, WILLARD, U. S. senator, was born September 4, 1826, in Granville, O., and died November 23, 1906, in Chattanooga, Tenn. He was raised on a farm and was graduated at Marietta college, Ohio, 1845. Four years later he struck out for California and dug gold for several years, after which he returned to Ohio and built and managed a machine plant at Newark. He entered the U. S. Army as major of the Seventy-sixth Ohio infantry regiment, December 3, 1861; was promoted to lieutenant colonel, December 15, 1863; served as inspector general on the staff of Gen. William Tecumseh Sherman; appointed colonel of the One Hundred and Eightieth Ohio volunteer infantry, October 27, 1864; brevet brigadier general of volunteers "for gallant and meritorious service in the Georgia, Tennessee, and

North Carolina campaigns," March 13, 1865; and major general "for gallant and meritorious conduct during the war, March 13, 1865." After the close of the War of Secession, he served in the Ohio state senate, 1865-1867; located in Alabama in 1867 and engaged in planting and raising cotton; was elected to the Alabama state legislature, 1868; elected to the U. S. senate as a Republican, June 25, 1868, and served until March 3, 1871; served as collector of customs of the port of Mobile, 1871-1875; was appointed by President Grant as governor of New Mexico, but declined the appointment; went into the iron business in Alabama and organized the Tecumseh Iron Company in 1873, acting as president and manager of the company until 1890 when the plant was shut down; moved to Tennessee, where some years before he had built other blast furnaces; settled in Chattanooga where he became identified with various interests; was elected to the Tennessee legislature in 1900; and in 1905 served one term as commander of the Loyal Legion of the United States. Last residence: Chattanooga, Tenn.

WARREN, JAMES M., major 22nd battalion Alabama cavalry, C. S. Army, lieutenant colonel, 5th Alabama cavalry, C. S. Army.

WARREN, JAMES RAINEY, merchant, was born in Caswell County, N. C., March 8, 1837; son of William Boswell and Sarah (Henshaw) Warren, natives of North Carolina, the former a farmer and tanner. He was educated in the common schools of his native county and when twenty-two years of age, began life as a drummer for Graves, Burnham & company, of Grantville, N. C., making Montgomery headquarters. In 1863 he entered the tobacco business with W. W. Burch. In 1878, upon the retirement of Mr. Burch, the firm became J. R. Warren & company. Married: in 1866, to Fannie Ann, daughter of Tilman and Mary Ann (Ford) Leak; granddaughter of Samuel and Jane (Milan) Leak, who moved to Jasper county, Ga., in 1797, and of Joseph and Mary Roby (Willett) Ford, of Zebulon, Ga. Children: 1. Lucy, m. Dr. Glenn Andrews (q. v.); 2. William; and six deceased. Residence: Montgomery.

WARREN, RICHARD, pioneer settler, came to Conecuh County from Burke County, Ga., about 1817. He built a fort near Burnt Corn as a refuge against the onslaughts of the Indians. He remained here for only one year, moving southward across Murder Creek. He was married and left descendants.

WARREN, WILLIAM H., captain of Warren's battalion, Alabama cavalry, C. S. Army.

WARREN, WILLIAM HENRY, farmer and legislator, was born October 17, 1844, in Wilkinson County, Ga.; son of Jesse Mason and Mary (Breedlove) Warren, the former a native of Baldwin County, Ga., who removed to Coffee County; grandson of William and Sarah (Foster) Breedlove, and of Robert Warren, of Virginia; great-grandson of Jesse Warren of

Virginia. He was educated in the common schools of his native county, and is a farmer. He enlisted in September, 1863, in Co. A., 18th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, and served throughout the war. He represented Coffee County in the legislature of 1903. He is a Democrat; and a Methodist. Married: January 3, 1871, to Sallie, daughter of John A. and Nancy (Watson) Fleming, of Coffee County. There were ten children to this union. Residence: Clintonville.

WARREN, WILLIAM TILMAN, architect, was born October 3, 1877, at Montgomery; son of James Rainey and Fannie Ann (Leak) Warren, the former born in Caswell County, N. C., spent boyhood at Yanceyville, N. C., in 1859 moved to Montgomery, and in 1865 established a wholesale grocery business at that place; grandson of William Boswell and Sarah (Henshaw) Warren, who lived in Caswell County, N. C., and of Tilman and Mary Ann Leak, who lived at Wetumpka. Mr. Warren received preliminary and preparatory education in the public schools of Montgomery, and in Starke's university school in that city. He obtained his collegiate education in the Alabama polytechnic institute, graduating in engineering, and receiving the degree of B. S., in 1897. He was a student for four years in the architectural department of Columbia university, New York city, receiving in 1902 the degree of B. S. in architecture. In the same year he entered the office of one of the leading architectural firms in the United States and after four years employment there he spent one more year in New York working for himself. He located in Birmingham, 1907, and opened an office at once, being associated as architect in designing a number of large buildings in that city including the Empire building, a sixteen story structure. He planned a number of residences and college buildings, among them being buildings at the Alabama polytechnic institute, Judson college, at Marion, the high school building at Selma, and the State normal school at Florence. He received military training at the Alabama polytechnic institute, graduating as captain of Co. A, Cadet Corps. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; and a Mason. Married: December 18, 1912, in Birmingham, to Dorothea, daughter of Cyrus Pittman and Lillian (Milner) Orr, who lived in Birmingham, and granddaughter of William Henry Orr, who lived in Toronto, Canada, and of John T. Milner, one of the pioneers and founders of Birmingham. Children: 1. Dorothy; 2. William. Residence: Birmingham.

WARSHAM, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 72, and a resident of Washington County; private Virginia Continental Line; enrolled on February 10, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$30; sums received to date of publication of list, \$90. —*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Washington County, June 1, 1840, aged 78. —*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 150.

WASHBURN, BENJAMIN MILLS, merchant, was born August 20, 1839, at Montgomery; son of Ebenezer Davis and Anna (Mills) Washburn, the former who was a native of Worcester, Mass., later removed to Montgomery, was judge of the probate court of Montgomery, lawyer, and editor; grandson of Edward Mills who lived at Montgomery. His education was obtained in the schools of Montgomery. He served in the C. S. Army from the beginning until the close of the War of Secession as sergeant-major of the Montgomery True Blues, Light artillery. In 1869, he engaged in the mercantile business on his own account. He is a Democrat; a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, which he has served as steward for twenty-five years, as chairman of the board of trustees, for twenty years treasurer of the joint board of treasurers of the Alabama Conference, as Sunday school teacher, delegate to the annual conferences, since 1871, with the exception of one session, and for twelve years as a member of the general Sunday school board of the Methodist Episcopal church, South. He is a Knight of Pythias. Married: (1) January 10, 1861, to Annie Fountain, daughter of James and Lucinda S. (Thompson) Fountain; (2) June 29, 1881, at Oak Bowery, to Carrie Hamilton Harris, daughter of Joseph H. and Cornelia (Houser) Harris, who lived at Oak Bowery. Children: 1. Anna Lu, m. J. H. Boyd; 2. Bernice Mills, m. George W. Crist; 3. Emory Baldwin; 4. Lucile, m. William Whitman Brame; 5. Carrie, m. John Edmond Bartlett; 6. Joseph Harris, m. Elenor Crum; 7. Benjamin Mills; 8. Eloise. Residence: Montgomery.

WASHBURN, EBENEZER DAVIS, lawyer and jurist, was born October 26, 1788, at Leicester, Mass., and died in 1839 at Talladega Springs; son of Joseph and Ruth (Davis) Washburn, natives, respectively of Leicester, Mass., and of Charleston, S. C., the former selectman for his town 1802-07; grandson of Capt. Seth and Mary (Harrod) Washburn of Bridgewater, the former a captain of the Minute Men of Leicester, Mass., and distinguished for his bravery, took part in the battle of Bunker Hill, June 17, 1775, and showed his bravery by bringing off the battle field in his arms, Sergeant Brown, who was badly wounded, he and his company of Minute men took part in the Battle of Monmouth under Gen. Washington, and was also a member of the Massachusetts legislature, 1780, and of Ebenezer Davis of Charleston, S. C.; great-grandson of Mary Chilton, the first white woman who stepped upon Plymouth Rock. Ebenezer Davis Washburn was a lawyer and judge. Married: Anna Mills, of Smithville, N. C. Children: 1. Hamilton; 2. Benjamin Mills (q. v.), m. (1), in 1861, to Annie Fountain; (2) in 1881, to Carrie Harris. Last residence: Montgomery.

WASHINGTON, BOOKER TALIAFERRO, educator and author, was born in 1858 or 1859, a slave near Hale's Ford, Franklin County, Va., and died at Tuskegee, November 14, 1915. After the war he removed with his mother, Jane, and his step-father, Washington Ferguson, to Malden, W. Va., where he was employed

in the salt mines and later in the coal mines. He was for a year and a half in the employ of Gen. Lewis Ruffner at Charleston, W. Va. Being ambitious for an education, he and several other boys secured a young negro from Ohio to teach them. However, he was able to attend only a short time, and was thus forced to go to him at night for instruction. In this way he was prepared for Hampton Institute, Va., which he entered in 1872. He worked his way through school, and graduated in 1875. Returning home he taught at Malden from 1875 to 1878; spent 1878-79, as a student at Wayland seminary, Washington, D. C.; and in 1879 he was called to Hampton institute to take charge of the discipline, clothing, and rooms of the Indian students. During the next year, in addition to his other duties, he conducted a night school for indigent young men and women, who had to work during the day. The legislature of Alabama, February 10, 1881, appropriated \$2,000 for the maintenance of a normal school for the education of colored teachers, to be located at Tuskegee. Upon the recommendation of Gen. Samuel C. Armstrong, president of Hampton, he was chosen by the board of commissioners of the new school as principal and professor of mental and moral science. The school opened July 4, 1881, and under his leadership took a place of prominence in the field of negro education, second only to Hampton. On February 16, 1883, the appropriation was increased to \$3000; and on December 13, 1892, and February 21, 1893, the name was changed to Tuskegee normal and industrial institute, and the corporate powers increased and enlarged. From the date of his entrance upon the work, in 1881, until his death in 1915, Tuskegee was his field of labor, the laboratory in which he worked out his plans for the elevation and the betterment of the negro, and from which he became a character of nation wide interest. From a simple experiment in a one room house, the school has grown until its physical plant and equipment serve a student body of hundreds, drawn from many states, and whose appeal has prompted numerous gifts of money and property. In 1903, the school received an endowment fund of \$600,000 from Andrew Carnegie, the sole condition of the gift being that the "founder and director of the institution, Principal Washington, and his family shall always be assured support from the income." From Harvard university, in 1896, he received the honorary A. M. degree, and in 1901, LL. D., from Dartmouth. He spent several months in 1899 in traveling over continental Europe, where he was cordially received. In 1903 he declined the invitation of the British South African company to visit South Africa for a study and report on racial conditions there. Among his many addresses on racial and educational subjects, one of the most significant was the opening address on "Negro day" at the Atlanta exposition of 1896. Author: "Black diamonds," selections from his speeches, arranged by Mrs. V. E. Matthews, 1898; "Sowing and reaping," 1900; "The story of my life and work," 1900; "Up from slavery," an autobiography, 1900, 1901, 1903; "Future of the American negro," 1900; "Character build-

ing," 1903; "Working with the hands," 1904; "Tuskegee and its people," 1905; "Life of Frederick Douglass," 1905; "Putting the most into life," 1906; "The negro in business," 1907; "The negro in the South," 1907; "The Story of the negro," 2 vols., 1909; and "My Larger Education," 1911, besides numbers of newspaper and periodical articles. His own account of his work will be found in "Up from slavery," 1900, and he has been the subject of two elaborate biographies: Riley, "Life and times of Booker T. Washington," 1916, and Scott and Howe, "Booker T. Washington, Builder of a civilization," 1916. Married: (1) in 1882, to Fannie N. Smith, of Malden, W. Va.; (2) in 1885, to Olivia A. Davidson; (3) October 12, 1893, to Maggie I. Murray, a graduate of Fisk university, and at the time, assistant principal of the Tuskegee institute, and also president of the National association of colored women. Children, by first wife: 1. Portia; by second wife: 2. Booker Taliaferro, jr.; 3. Ernest Davidson. Last residence: Tuskegee.

WATFORD, JOSEPH, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 92, resided in Dale County, June 1, 1840, with Barnabas Watford.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

WATKINS, DANIEL, pioneer, was born January 1, 1800, in Buncombe County, N. C., and died October 26, 1888, in Jefferson County; son of Daniel and Elizabeth (Byers) Watkins, the former a native of Virginia, who lived in Buncombe County, N. C., was a pioneer hunter and farmer, and was killed at the age of twenty-two years by a fall from his horse; grandson of Jonathan Watkins of Virginia, who was at one time a spy in the Revolution and at another time had charge of some war ships, and was a seaman and a planter, and of Nathan Byers, who lived near Charleston and in Spartanburg District, S. C. The Watkinses came originally from Wales and were among the first settlers of Virginia. The Byerses came from Ireland. Two years after the death of his father, Mr. Watkins' mother married Enoch A. Anderson, and with the Watkins children, moved to Warren County, Tenn. He attended a few of the early schools of Tennessee; ran away from home to Kentucky; returned to Tennessee and worked in the salt-peter caves and went to Alabama. For a year he worked for a farmer in Madison County, and the next year, in 1814, enlisted with Jackson to take part in the war with the Creeks. After the war, he went to Jefferson County and worked for and went to school to Tom Carroll. He went to South Carolina to secure his part in his father's estate, and spent a year in that state. He organized several companies of settlers to come to Alabama and Jefferson County and brought the emigrants through Tennessee, built a flat boat to descend the Tennessee River and arrived in Alabama in the fall or winter of 1821. He immediately improved land in Jones Valley at Carrollville; later moved to the top of Shades Mountain, above Oak Grove; entered land where Rosedale and Edgewood now stand; moved to a large tract of land higher up the valley, now known as Waddell, Over-

brook property, and the Watkins Forest Park or Red Mountain park, and at that place conducted the first almshouse that Jefferson County ever had; remained there until the death of his wife in 1872, and after that time lived with his children. He served in the second Seminole War in Florida, and sent five sons into the C. S. Army. He was a planter all of his life, and for a number of years was a building contractor and built many of the early houses in Jefferson County. He was a justice of the peace and constable; was an old line Whig, and later a Democrat; was for years a ruling elder in the Cumberland Presbyterian church, and in later years became a Universalist. Married: in 1821, in Spartanburg District, S. C., to Drucilla Byers, his first cousin; daughter of John and Passey (Logan) Byers, of South Carolina, who moved to Jefferson County in 1821, and later located in Tuscaloosa County; granddaughter of John Logan of Spartanburg District, S. C. Children: 1. John, d. in infancy; 2. Nancy, m. Robert Goode, both deceased; 3. Elizabeth, m. John V. Acton; 4. Enoch Anderson, m. Mary Ann Perry, both deceased; 5. Wiley, d. April 18, 1901, m. Amanda Inzer; 6. Stephen Wharton, m. Zilpha Acton; 7. Passey Drucilla, d. September 17, 1911, m. Zephaniah William Henry Acton; 8. Martha Malinza, d. November 6, 1889, m. (1) Acton Bailey, d. in the C. S. Army, (2) Bradford Hodges; 9. Pleasant H., d. January 3, 1902, m. Julia Etter Faulkner; 10. Daniel, d. in infancy; 11. Dudley, served in C. S. Army, wounded at Murfreesboro, d. in 1863, in hospital at Newnan, Ga.; 12. Peggy Ann, d. in infancy; 13. DeKalb, d. in infancy; 14. a daughter, d. in infancy. Last residence: Waddell.

WATKINS, ISAAC LAFAYETTE, physician; graduate of Bellevue, New York, 1878; licensed to practice by the county board of Bullock, 1886. Deceased. Last residence: Montgomery.

WATKINS, JAMES, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 92, resided in Benton County, June 1, 1840.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

WATKINS, JOHN, physician, was born in 1793, near Appomattox Court House, and died August 9, 1853, at Burnt Corn, Monroe County; son of Richard and Elizabeth (Parish) Watkins, the former a native of Virginia, who lived in that state and in Tennessee; grandson of William and Martha Watkins, who lived in Chesterfield and Charlotte County, Va. He was liberally educated and was graduated in medicine at Philadelphia in 1814. He first located at Abbeville Court House, S. C., and practiced medicine in the family of John C. Calhoun. He came to Alabama some time prior to 1818 and was at that time the only physician between the Alabama and the Chattahoochee Rivers. He represented Monroe County in the constitutional convention in 1819, and in the same year was elected to the state senate from Monroe County. In 1828, he was elected to the senate from Butler and Conecuh Counties, and three years later, he served Conecuh in the other branch of the legislature. He again served in the senate from

1842-1845, representing Monroe and Conecuh Counties. Married: August 29, 1831, at Belleville, Conecuh County, to Mary Y. (Howard) Hunter, daughter of William and Sarah (Goodwin) Howard, who lived at Columbia, S. C., and removed to Fort Claiborne about 1817; and sister of W. B. H. Howard of Monroe County. Children: 1. Benjamin Franklin, physician, m. Virginia Marian Atkinson; 2. Richard Hopkins, d. in prison, 1864; 3. Henry Howard, m. Ida P. Chapman; 4. Mary Howard, m. Edward Lett Mosley; 5. Sarah Goodwin, d. 1892; 6. John Polk, d. 1897, planter, m. Susan Moore Cumming; 7. William Brutus, physician, m. Caledonia Harrison; 8. Emma Richardson, m. Rev. C. P. Fountain. Last residence: Burnt Corn.

WATKINS, JOHN KIMBROUGH, teacher, county solicitor, lawyer, was born January 25, 1871, at Dadeville, Tallapoosa County; son of Dr. John Marion and Amelia Kimbrough (Oliver) Watkins, the former born at Hackneyville, Tallapoosa County, and for twenty-three years successfully practiced medicine at Camp Hill, in the same county, removed in 1894, to Opelika, and continuing the practice of his profession, was a private in the C. S. Army; grandson of Thornton Preston and Eliza E. (Dunn) Watkins, who lived at Hackneyville, and of James McCarty and Matilda (Allen) Oliver (q. v.). He received his early education at Camp Hill, and later attended the Southern university, Greensboro, and was associate editor of the *University monthly*; president of the *Clarosophic literary society*, junior and senior speaker, graduating in June, 1893, with the degree of A. B. He read law in an office, and in June, 1894, at Lafayette, was admitted to the bar. In the autumn of 1894, entered upon his profession in Opelika, and has since practiced there; local attorney for the Central of Georgia and Western railway companies; during five years he was county solicitor for several terms; alderman; member of the Democratic committee of Opelika, and has participated in several campaigns in Lee County; and active against saloons in the county. He is a Methodist; member of the Alpha Tau Omega college fraternity; Knights of Pythias; Elk; Red Men; Odd Fellow; Beavers. Unmarried. Residence: Opelika.

WATKINS, R. S., member of the constitutional convention of 1861, from Franklin County.

WATROUS, DANIEL E., lawyer, was born about 1796, in Vermont, and died in Texas, brother of Charles Watrous who was a federal district judge in Texas. He was well educated, had studied law, and was an attorney at the time he came to Montevallo, Shelby County, about the year 1825. In 1837, he was elected to the senate, from Shelby and Bibb Counties, and remained in that body by successive elections, with the exception of one session, for sixteen years. He was the nominee of the Whig party for congress, in 1845, in opposition to Hon. W. L. Yancey, and was defeated. He removed to Texas in 1856, and his death occurred there some years later. Last residence: Texas.

WATSON, HUGH PARKS, grand high priest, grand chapter, Masons, 1861-63; grand treasurer, grand lodge, 1863-65; grand treasurer, grand council, 1864-65.

WATSON, JAMES, Presbyterian minister, was born near London, England, and died in Birmingham; son of Thomas Watson, who was a native of England. He received his early education in London, and attended college in Columbia, Tenn. He was a minister in the Presbyterian church. Married: in Petersburg, Tenn., to Martha Jane, daughter of Col. Campbell and Elizabeth (Stewart) Edmiston, who lived in Tennessee; granddaughter of Maj. William Edmiston, one of the American commanders at the battle of King's Mountain, October 7, 1780. Children: 1. Mary Alice, m. Walker Greer, Los Angeles, Cal. Last residence: Birmingham.

WATSON, JAMES WILLIAM, teacher, was born March 9, 1877, at White Plains, Calhoun County; son of Thomas Newton and Mattie Samiramus (Chilton) Watson, the former a native of Franklin, Heard County, Ga., a farmer by profession and since childhood a resident of White Plains, Choccolocco Valley; grandson of James Irvin and Martha Elizabeth (Word) Watson, the former a native of South Carolina, and a Confederate soldier, the latter a native of Georgia, and of James Monroe and Luticia Jane Clinton, the former a native of South Carolina, the latter of Cedar Bluff, Cherokee County, where she died in 1874; great-grandson of John Calvin and Mary Watson, natives of South Carolina, later residents of Franklin County, Ga., and Calhoun County, locating in the latter place in 1850, and of ——— Word, a Mexican War veteran. Mr. Watson's early education was received at White Plains, where he was taught by T. A. Anderson, George Hampton Smith and F. T. Petty. He was graduated from the Southern university, June, 1901, with the degree of B. A.; attended the summer school of the University of Tennessee, 1905, and Harvard university, 1906. He began teaching in 1901, taking charge of the Newbern graded school, where he remained for eight years; elected president First district agricultural school, Jackson, which position he still holds. He was appointed a member of the Alabama text book commission, February 28, 1913. He is a Methodist; Mason; and Knight of Pythias. Married: September 2, 1909, at Connellsville, Pa., to Hannah Eva, daughter of George William and Nancy (Payne) North of Bunker Hill, W. Va.; granddaughter of William Drake North of Jefferson County, Va., a Confederate soldier, member of the "Raymond Fencibles," Co. A, 12th Mississippi infantry regiment; great-granddaughter of George North, Lieutenant in the Revolutionary Army, being one of seven brothers in the battle of Monmouth. Children: 1. Martha North. Residence: Jackson.

WATTS, BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, jr., merchant, farmer, and legislator, was born November 4, 1867, at Caledonia, Wilcox County; son of Benjamin Franklin and Mary Martha (Owen) Watts, the former a native of Lowndes

County, and a member of Capt. McNeill's company, 42nd Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army; grandson of Rev. H. G. and Mary Martha Owen, of Allenton. He was educated in the schools of Oak Hill, Wilcox County. He is a merchant, farmer, and represented Wilcox County in the legislature of 1903. He is a Democrat, and a Baptist. Married: November 4, 1891, to Flora, daughter of John and Nannie (White) McClurkin, of Caledonia. Residence: Caledonia.

WATTS, EDWARD SEABROOK, lawyer, was born June 5, 1882, at Montgomery, and died at that place, October 7, 1916; son of Thomas Henry and Johnness Bealle (Eddins) Watts (q. v.). He was educated in the schools of Montgomery, and graduated 1904, LL. B., from the University of Alabama; taking in 1904-05, a post-graduate course at Columbia university. In 1904 he was admitted to the bar, and was associated, 1905, with his father; 1907, with J. Tolbert Letcher; 1909-10, with the firm of Troy, Watts and Letcher; and from 1910 to the time of his death alone. He was the attorney for the plaintiff in the case of Bailey vs. State of Alabama, in which the question of constitutionality of Alabama labor contract law was raised; resulting in the act being declared by U. S. supreme court, on January 3, 1911, as unconstitutional. From 1908 to 1911, he served as county attorney of Montgomery. He was also a member of the Alabama epileptic commission to locate and erect buildings for epileptic colony; of the Law league of America; and a member of the Sigma Alpha Epsilon college fraternity. Married: on November 4, 1908, at Montgomery, to Virginia Tyson Norwood, daughter of Joseph and Virginia (Tyson) Norwood (q. v.). Last residence: Montgomery.

WATTS, GARRETT, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 78, and a resident of Perry County; private N. C. Militia; enrolled on July 16, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$23.33.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

WATTS, JOHN WADE, lawyer, was born August 30, 1846, in Butler County, and died April 5, 1913; son of Gov. Thomas Hill and Eliza B. (Allen) Watts (q. v.). He was educated in the private schools of Montgomery, and graduated from the University of Virginia, B. L., 1867. He served on the body-guard of Gen. E. W. Rucker, C. S. Army, 1863; and on the staff of Gen. James H. Clanton, 1864, with the rank of captain. After the close of the War of Secession he practiced law in partnership with his father in Montgomery. He was a Democrat; and a Baptist. Married: June 5, 1872, to Nannie Ross Sanders, of Uniontown. Children: 1. Gabriella, deceased; 2. Sophia, secretary to commissioner of conservation; 3. John; 4. Madge, m. Gaston Scott; 5. Polly; 6. Annie Campbell, deceased; 7. Flournoy. Last residence: Montgomery.

WATTS, THOMAS HENRY, lawyer, was born August 3, 1853, at Montgomery, and died at that place, March 29, 1906; son of Thomas Hill and Eliza Brown (Allen) Watts (q. v.). He was educated in the private schools of Montgomery, the Bellevue high school, Va., and at the University of Alabama, 1871-74, graduating with the B. S. and LL. B. degrees. He was founder and first editor of the magazine published at the University of Alabama; and was also quartermaster of cadets with rank of captain. Upon graduation he entered the practice with his father in Montgomery, and was at different times associated with his brother, John H. Watts, Col. Daniel S. Troy, Henry C. Tompkins, Alex Troy, and Frank S. Caffey. During the constitutional convention of 1875, he served as assistant secretary. He was elected a member of the city council of Montgomery in 1883, serving until 1893. While president of the city council he was for a time acting mayor. While serving in this capacity he welcomed Gen. John B. Gordon, when he came to meet Ex-President Davis upon the occasion of dedicating the Confederate monument. He was nominated for the constitutional convention of 1899, and elected to the one which convened in 1901. He was a Democrat; Red Man; Knight of Pythias; and a member of the Ancient Order of United Workmen. Married: on December 3, 1874, in Tuscaloosa, to Johness Bealle, daughter of Dr. Simeon J. and Martha Jane (Bealle) Eddins, of that place. Children: 1. Jane, m. D. W. Troy; 2. John Wade, m. Annie Perry Reid; 3. Edward S., m. Virginia Tyson Norwood (q. v.); 4. Hugh Kirkman, m. Alice Pitcher; 5. Troy, unmarried. Last residence: Montgomery.

WATTS, THOMAS HILL, lawyer, soldier, attorney-general, Confederate States of America, and governor of Alabama, was born January 3, 1819, in Butler County, about a mile from Fort Bibb and sixteen miles west of the present town of Greenville, and died September 16, 1892, in Montgomery; son of John Hughes and Prudence (Hill) Watts, the former a native of Fauquier County, Va., who came to Alabama in 1819, later becoming prominent planters, the latter of Clarke County, Ga.; grandson of Thomas Watts of Virginia, who served in the Revolutionary War under John Marshall, later chief justice of the supreme court of the United States and of Thomas Hill, of Clarke County, Ga. He was of Welsh and English descent. Governor Watts was educated in the schools of Butler County and at Airy Mount academy, Dallas County; and at the University of Virginia, where he graduated in 1840, with honors. Though just out of college, he took an active part in the presidential campaign of 1840, supporting Harrison against Van Buren. In 1841, he was admitted to the bar at Greenville, remaining there until 1847 when he removed to Montgomery. He represented Butler in the legislature of 1842, 1844 and 1845. In 1848 he was an elector at large for General Taylor. In 1849 he was elected to the lower house from Montgomery County, and in 1853 State senator from Mont-

gomery and Autauga Counties. He was the "Know Nothing" candidate for congress in 1856, but was defeated. In 1860 he supported Bell and Everett. He was what was called a Union man, but with the election of Lincoln on a purely sectional platform, he changed his ideas and became a Secessionist and was elected to the convention of 1861, with William L. Yancey representing Montgomery County. He became chairman of the judiciary committee and exerted much influence in the convention. He maintained "that the power of the convention to interfere with the constitution was confined to such changes as were necessary to the perfect accomplishment of secession." Fleming says "Foreseeing war, Watts proposed that the general assembly be given power to confiscate the property of alien enemies, and also to suspend the collection of debts due to alien enemies." In 1861 he received a flattering vote for governor, but was defeated by John Gill Shorter. Upon the opening of hostilities he organized the 17th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, and became its colonel. He saw service with this organization at Pensacola, Fla., and Corinth, Miss., while in command of his regiment at Corinth, President Davis selected him as attorney-general for the Confederate government. This honor was wholly unsolicited on his part. However, he immediately resigned his command and proceeded to Richmond, where he took the oath of office on April 9, 1862. Against his wishes he was elected governor of Alabama in August, 1862, filling this position from December, 1863, to the spring of 1865, the most trying period through which the State has ever passed. It was during his term that the clash between the state militia and conscription officers occurred, and the meeting of southern governors to remonstrate against the Confederate government's restriction of trade was held. In the spring of 1865, Governor Watts, calling on the people to renew their efforts against the invader, said in the New York Times, April 4, 1865, "we hold more territory than a year ago, more of Texas, Louisiana, and Arkansas. Georgia is overrun but is ready to rise. Our financial condition is better than four years ago. Arms, commissary and quartermaster's stores are more abundant now." Soon after the collapse of the Confederate government, Governors Shorter and Watts were taken prisoners and confined in northern prisons. Upon his return to Alabama he opened law offices in Montgomery. He had formerly been associated in the practice with Jefferson F. Jackson, afterwards U. S. district attorney for the southern district, Thomas J. Judge and D. S. Troy. Before the war he had accumulated a comfortable fortune, but with the cessation of hostilities the Federal troops destroyed all his property, and he was left a poor man, having to begin again to build up his property. In June, 1872, he was one of the counsel for the defense in the case of the United States vs. Smith, Pyland and Bozeman, one of the Ku Klux cases. His speech before the jury was considered to be the cause of the mistrial. Governor Watts never held office again with the exception of 1880-81, when he represented Montgomery

County in the legislature. However he never ceased to be active in politics. In 1868, upon his pardon by President Johnson, he supported Seymour and Blair. In 1872 he urged the people to support Horace Greeley, because of his considerate treatment of President Davis. He supported Tilden for the presidency in 1876; Hancock in 1880; and Cleveland in 1884, 1888 and 1892. He was in 1889-90 president of the Alabama bar association. He was formerly a Whig, but from 1868 acted with the Democratic party. He was a prominent member of the Baptist church and contributed very liberally of his means to its support. Married: (1) January 10, 1842, to Eliza B. Allen, of Montgomery, daughter of Wade and Eliza (Sayre) Allen (q. v.); (2) September, 1875, to Mrs. Ellen (Noyes) Jackson, widow of one of his former partners, Jefferson F. Jackson. Children: by first wife, 1. John Wade (q. v.), m. Nannie Ross Sanders; 2. Thomas Henry (q. v.), m. Johness Bealle Eddins; 3. Florence, m. Col. Daniel S. Troy (q. v.); 4. Catherine, m. Capt. Robert Collins; 5. Alice, m. Alex Troy (q. v.); 6. Minnie Garrett, unm. Last residence: Montgomery.

WEAKLEY, DAVID MORRIS, teacher, was born June 12, 1878, at Newbern, Tenn.; son of M. H. P. and Mary Ann (Morris) Weakley, the former who was a farmer and served in the C. S. Army; grandson of Capt. William Morris of Rector, Ark. The Weakleys were pioneer settlers in Tennessee, Weakley County having been named in honor of their ancestors. David M. Weakley received his education in the Newbern male and female seminary, taking special courses in bookkeeping, manual and industrial training. During his boyhood he engaged in farming but later became teacher of manual training at the Tennessee industrial school, 1898-1905, and the work exhibited by his classes in manual training won a medal at the St. Louis exposition. In January, 1905, he was appointed superintendent of the Alabama boys' industrial school. He is a Democrat; a Mason; and is a member of the National conference social work; the Southern sociological congress; the Alabama sociological association; the Birmingham social workers; and a member of the Methodist church. Married: in 1902, at Nashville, Tenn., to Katherine Lorraine Stamps, daughter of Prof. J. T. Stamps, of Columbia, Tenn. Children: 1. Katherine; 2. David Morris, jr.; 3. Elizabeth. Residence: Birmingham.

WEAKLEY, JAMES HARVEY, surveyor-general of Alabama, was born in 1798 in Halifax County, Va., and died in 1856, in New Orleans; eldest son of Samuel and Sarah (Vaughn) Weakley, of Halifax County, who removed to Tennessee in 1799; grandson of William Vaughn, and wife, a Miss Barksdale, of Halifax, and of Capt. Robert Weakley and wife, who was a Miss McCarthy, the former a Revolutionary soldier, in Halifax, Va., whose second wife was Jane Locke, of Salisbury, N. C.; brother of Gen. Samuel Davies Weakley (q. v.). The first American ancestor of this branch of the Weakley family was from Devonshire, Eng-

land, who settled in Cumberland County, Pa., about 1735. He was educated at the Cumberland university; studied surveying under his father, who laid off Nashville and was one of its settlers. In 1817, Judge Weakley was appointed by Gen. John Coffee, surveyor of public lands in Alabama and took up his residence at Huntsville, where he served under Gen. Coffee until the death of the latter, after which Pres. Andrew Jackson appointed him to the office of surveyor-general. This office was abolished in 1851, and he removed to New Orleans where he engaged in the cotton business until his death. He was a Democrat; and an Episcopalian. Married: in 1830 at Huntsville, to Ellen M. Donegan, a native of Ireland, who after Judge Weakley's death, entered the convent of St. Cecilia, at Nashville. No children. Last residence: New Orleans.

WEAKLEY, JOHN BEDFORD, Jr., lawyer, was born November 6, 1863, at Florence; son of John Bedford and Mary E. (Rice) Weakley, of that place; grandson of Gen. Samuel Davies Weakley (q. v.). He completed his course of studies at the State normal college, Florence; read law in the office of Judge R. T. Simpson; was admitted to the bar, September 12, 1884, and practiced in his native county until 1902 at which time he located in Birmingham. He was elected mayor of Florence, 1907, and served two years; represented Lauderdale County in the constitutional convention of 1901 and was chairman of the committee on municipal corporation of that body. He was a member of the board of education of Florence city schools and formed this organization, and of the board of trustees of the State normal college. His interest in education prompted his activities on behalf of the up-building of branch libraries in the Birmingham district. He was a member of the State legislature from Jefferson county, 1915. Author: City code of Florence; City code of Birmingham; Local law of Birmingham; numerous papers prepared and read before national bodies studying municipal questions. Married: June 30, 1891, to Anne, daughter of Gen. John D. and Letitia (Pearsall) Rather (q. v.). Residence: Birmingham.

WEAKLEY, SAMUEL DAVIES, manufacturer, was born October 2, 1812, in Davidson County, Tenn., near Nashville, and died February 3, 1897, in Florence; son of Samuel and Sarah (Vaughn) Weakley; brother of James Harvey Weakley (q. v.) and nephew of Mary (Weakley) Brahan. Gen. Weakley was educated in Nashville, trained as a surveyor by his father and joined his brother, James Harvey, at Florence in 1831, as assistant surveyor of public lands. In 1848, with James Martin and others, he bought the Cypress Creek cotton mills, reorganized them, and by 1861 they had brought great wealth to the owners. During the War of Secession these mills with four thousand bales of cotton, were burned by the Federals. He was a director of the Memphis and Charleston railroad and influenced its extension into Florence; was one of the original board of directors of the Florence Wesleyan university, now the State normal.

He assisted in building and maintaining the Florence synodical college, of which he was a trustee; organizer and first president of the Florence insurance and banking company. During the War of Secession he was major general of militia. He was a Whig, and afterward a Democrat; a Mason; and an Episcopalian. Married: June 30, 1836, to Eliza, daughter of Dr. John Robertson and Isabella Matilda (Smith) Bedford, the former one of the four original settlers of Florence and the first physician of Lauderdale County, son of Thomas Bedford, a Revolutionary officer and member of Lunenburg County, Va., committee of safety. Her great-grandfather was Joseph Dickson, a Revolutionary officer and a member of congress, 1788 to 1795, from Lincoln County, N. C., who removed to Rutherford County, Tenn., 1803, and died 1825. Children: six daughters and one son, 1. John Bedford, married Mary E. Rice of Morgan County; 2. Kate E., m. — Moore; 3. Narcissa, m. — Milliken; 4. Jem H., unmarried. Last residence: Florence.

WEAKLEY, SAMUEL DAVIES, lawyer and chief justice supreme court, was born July 16, 1860, at Somerville, Morgan County; son of John Bedford and Mary Emily (Rice) Weakley, the former a captain in the Confederate Army, and a merchant of Florence; grandson of Gen. Samuel Davies and Eliza (Bedford) Weakley (q. v.); and of Judge Green P. and Anna (Turner) Rice (q. v.); brother of John B. Weakley (q. v.). He entered a preparatory school for boys at Florence in 1867, and graduated at the State normal school, June 19, 1879; taught school at Center Star, Lauderdale County, July 1, to October 1, 1879; read law in the office of Judge W. J. Wood of Florence, and Judge R. T. Simpson (q. v.). He was admitted to the bar on May 17, 1880, and in September, 1880, located in Memphis, Tenn., where he was appointed assistant attorney general of Shelby County, Tenn., a position which he held four years, after which time he entered the general practice at Memphis, remaining there until February, 1887, when he removed to Birmingham; became a member of the firm of Gregg and Weakley, 1887-89; was associated with E. H. Cabiness from 1889 until 1906, when he was appointed chief justice of the supreme court of Alabama by Governor W. D. Jelks. At the end of his term in November, 1906, he returned to the general practice entering into partnership with his brother, J. B. Weakley. From March, 1907, until February, 1914, he represented Alabama in litigation over freight and passenger rate reduction, vigorously prosecuting this work for seven years and to a successful conclusion. In 1889, while city attorney of Birmingham, he compiled the Code of City ordinances. He was author of the first Statewide prohibition bill in 1907, and later prepared the Carmichael and Fuller bills and drafted the proposed constitutional amendment which was defeated in 1909. He is a member of the American and Alabama bar associations and was a delegate to the congress of lawyers and jurists, at St. Louis, 1904. He served as second lieutenant of the "Porter Guards" of Memphis, Tenn., 1881-83, and was captain of Company K, 2nd Alabama infantry

regiment, State troops, 1888-90. He is a Democrat; a Presbyterian; and Woodman of the World. Married: February 27, 1884, at Birmingham, Ellen, daughter of Dr. Thomas Newton and Lucy (Leeper) Anglin (q. v.). Children: 1. Eula Josephine; 2. Louise. Residence: Birmingham.

WEAR, F. L., Presbyterian minister; living 1913. Residence: Huntsville.

WEATHERFORD, WILLIAM, Indian chief and planter, was born near Coosada, in 1765, and died March 4, 1824, on his plantation in Baldwin County; son of Charles and Sehoy (McGillivray) Weatherford, the former a Scotch trader who came from Georgia and established himself on the bank of the Alabama River, built a store and constructed a race-track, and brought blooded horses into the Indian country, the latter who, prior to her marriage to Mr. Weatherford, was first married to Col. Tait, a British officer at Fort Toulouse; grandson of a Tuckabatchee chief and Sehoy Marchand, who lived at the Holy Ground, the latter who afterward married Lochlan McGillivray, a Scotch adventurer and trader to whom she bore three children, Alexander McGillivray, who became a great chief, a daughter who married LeClere Milfort, a French officer, who resided in the Indian nation twenty years as a war chief and on the death of his wife returned to Paris and became a brigade general under Napoleon, and another daughter who married Benjamin Durant, a Huguenot trader from South Carolina, and became the common mother of the family of that name in Baldwin which gave the name to Durant's Bend in Dallas County; great-grandson of Capt. Marchand, a French officer in command of Fort Toulouse on the Coosa and Tallapoosa Rivers, who was murdered at the fort in 1822 by his mutinous men, and his Indian wife, Sehoy, a Muscogee princess of the noble tribe of the Wind. The Cornells, Taits, Baileys, Moniacs, Tunstalls, Durants and Weatherfords are all connected by ties of consanguinity. Opothleyoholo was a Cornell. William Weatherford cared little for education, refusing to learn to read or write, yet he acquired a good knowledge of the English language. He was a proficient horseman and athlete, and gained great influence among the Indians by his eloquent speeches and his wild life. He established a large plantation on the Alabama River, in what is now Lowndes County. Influenced by the talents and prowess of Tecumseh, he became convinced of the necessity of checking the encroachments of the whites. He went to consult his brothers on Little River as to his course, and was dissuaded by them from countenancing the Indian war, but when he returned to his home, the war party had been to his plantation, had taken his negroes and stock to the Hickory Ground, and threatened to retain them and kill him if he joined the peace party. He entered into their scheme and took part in the massacre of Fort Mims, leading the Indian forces to the assault. He was unremitting in his efforts to make the attack a victory, but tried in vain to prevent the subsequent butch-

ery. On his return from that expedition, he was made "tustenuggee," or war chief, of the tribe. During the various engagements of the war, among them those of Talladega, Hillabee, the Holy Ground, and of Tohopeka or the Horse Shoe, called Weatherford's "Thirty Battles," some four thousand warriors were killed. He led his men in the fight at Econachaca and when they fled, made his famous plunge from a bluff ten or fifteen feet in height into the Alabama River, and escaped. After the battle of Tohopeka, "Red eagle," as Weatherford was known, went to Jackson's tent and surrendered himself, demanding that the Indian women and children be brought in from the woods and protected. Because of his courage, Gen. Jackson protected him from the infuriated relatives of the victims of Fort Mims and treated him with courtesy. He was with Jackson for a year at the Hermitage, then returned to Monroe County, collected the remains of his former wealth, and moved with his family to Little River, where in a civilized home, he remained as a peaceful farmer until his death. Married: (1) to May Moniac, daughter of Sam Moniac, who was an Indian half-breed, and lived at the Holy Ground; (2) to May Stiggins. Among his children was: Charles, b. 1800, deceased, m. Elizabeth Stiggins, children, Charles, William and Elizabeth. He has descendants in Baldwin and Monroe Counties. Last residence: Baldwin County.

WEATHERLY, CHARLES TALIAFERRO, physician, was born in 1852, near Atlanta, Ga.; son of Dr. Job Sobieski and Eliza Gilmer (Taliaferro) Weatherly (q. v.), and brother of James Meriwether Weatherly (q. v.). He received his early education at Montgomery, and was graduated from the University of the South at Sewanee, Tenn., in 1870. He read medicine with his father and in 1871 and 1872 attended Louisville medical college, in 1873 went to Charleston medical college, and in 1874 was graduated from Atlanta medical college. He practiced with his father for two years, then went to South Carolina, where he practiced for seven years. After that he returned to Benton, where he has continued his profession. He is a member of the Medical Association of the State of Alabama; of the Lowndes County Medical Society; and of the board of censors. He is a Protestant Episcopalian. Residence: Benton.

WEATHERLY, JAMES MERIWETHER, lawyer, was born July 5, 1856, near Palmetto, Coweta County, Ga.; son of Job Sobieski and Eliza (Gilmer) Weatherly (q. v.); and brother of Dr. Charles Taliaferro Weatherly (q. v.). He attended the common schools of Montgomery until he was fourteen years old; was a student at the University of the South, Sewanee, Tenn., in 1871; and was graduated from the University of Alabama, LL. B., in 1879. For several years before he began the study of law, he engaged in commercial pursuits and taught school in Montgomery. He practiced law in Montgomery for a year in the office with Clifton, Herbert & Chambers, and in November, 1882, moved to Birmingham and was associated

with H. A. Sharp until 1885, when Mr. Sharp was elected to the bench. He became a member of the firm of Weatherly & Putman, and later of the firm of Weatherly, Underwood & Thach. He was a member of the constitutional convention of 1901 from Jefferson County; was attorney for the Southern Railway, the Southern Bell Telephone & Telegraph Company, the Birmingham Terminal Company, and of the Maryland Casualty Company; has been one of three commissioners of the city of Birmingham by appointment of Gov. O'Neal since April 10, 1911, being the first commissioner under the commission form of government in Alabama; and devotes his time exclusively to city business. He is a member of the Alabama Bar Association, is a Democrat, and an Episcopalian. Married: December 13, 1882, to Florence Milner of Birmingham, daughter of Col. John T. Milner of New Castle. Children: four. Residence: Birmingham.

WEATHERLY, JOB SOBIESKI, physician, was born July 8, 1828, at Bennettsville, Marlborough County, S. C., and died in 1891; son of Job Weatherly, a native of Maryland, of English descent, who settled in South Carolina during the Revolutionary War. His grandparents on the maternal side, the McRaes, emigrated from Scotland to South Carolina, his mother's father serving in Marion's division during the Revolutionary War. He was a brother of Thomas Christopher Weatherly, of South Carolina, who served in both houses of the legislature of that state. Dr. Weatherly attended the Bennettsville high school, Marlborough County, S. C., and began the study of medicine under Dr. Alexander McLeod, at Bennettsville. After two years of study, he went to New York, where for two years he was a private pupil of Dr. P. A. Aylett and a student in the medical department of the University of New York. He was graduated from that institution in 1849, and in 1851 began the practice of medicine in Adairsville, Ga. In August, 1851, he moved to Palmetto, Coweta County, Ga., and in January, 1857, to Montgomery. He continued to practice his profession at the latter place for the remainder of his life. In 1862, Dr. Weatherly was placed in charge of the hospital for the sick and wounded soldiers at Shiloh, and on his return to Montgomery, was appointed medical purveyor of the department of the Mississippi. Shortly afterward, he was ordered to Savannah, but soon resigned because of illness in his family. He returned to Montgomery, declined an appointment in the hospitals there, and devoted himself to his private practice for the remainder of the War of Secession. He was one of the organizers of the Montgomery Medical and Surgical Society in 1866, and later served as president of the society for three terms; was active in reorganizing, in 1867, the Medical Association of the State of Alabama, which had been suspended during the War of Secession; was first vice president of that association, later was orator and in 1875 president; was a member of the board of censors and of the state board of health, established under the auspices of the state medical association; and was president of

the board of health of Montgomery. Dr. Weatherly, with Drs. Gaston and Michel, was mainly instrumental in securing the passage through the legislature of the bills establishing the state board of health, regulating the practice of medicine in the state and securing the necessary appropriation. In 1868, at the first annual meeting of the American Medical Association after the War of Secession at which the southern delegates were present, Dr. Baldwin and Dr. Weatherly were delegates from the Montgomery Medical and Surgical Society, and the latter was placed on the nominating committee. He nominated Dr. Baldwin for president of the organization, and led the contest which ended in a final unanimous ballot for Dr. Baldwin. In 1870, the same association elected Dr. Weatherly first vice-president, although he was not present at the time. In May, 1871, he attended the meeting of the American Medical Association in San Francisco, and was elected first president of the Rocky Mountain Medical Association formed by members of the National Medical Association in San Francisco. He was an honorary member of the California State Medical Society and of the Gynecological Society of Boston, and was an Episcopalian. He was author of articles on "Glossitis," 1853; "Puerperal Convulsions," 1857; "An Operation for Polypoid Tumor of the Uterus," and "Diabetes and its Treatment," both published in New Orleans Journal of Medicine; "The Opium Habit," Transactions of the Medical Association of Alabama; "Woman, Her Rights and Wrongs," an oration before the Medical Association of Alabama; "Medical Education," a report as chairman of the committee of the American Medical Association; "Hemorrhagic Malarial Fever"; "Anatomy and Diseases of the Cervix Uteri"; "Syphilis and its Prevention by State Action"; and "Quarantine against Yellow Fever," 1878. Married: in September, 1852, to Eliza Gilmer Talliaferro, daughter of Col. G. B. Talliaferro and a grand-niece of Gov. Gilmer of Georgia. Children: 1. Charles Talliaferro (q. v.); 2. James Meriwether (q. v.); 3. Gilmer; 4. Thaddeus; 5. William; 6. George. Last residence: Montgomery.

WEATHERS, BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, planter, was born November 8, 1839, at Fayetteville, Fayette County, Ga.; son of Isham Thomas and Sarah Ann (Thompson) Weathers, the former who was a native of Rutherford, N. C., removed to Wilkes County, Ga.; in 1842 removed to Randolph County, Ga., was a member of Capt. John D. Stell's company, and fought under Gen. Winfield Scott, in the Seminole War, 1836; grandson of Isham and Mary (Weathers) Weathers, and of Jeremiah and Elizabeth Thompson; great-grandson of John and William Weathers, brothers, who were soldiers in the American Revolution. His ancestors were English and Scotch immigrants who settled in North Carolina. B. F. Weathers was educated in the public schools of his county; taught school in 1865; located in Roanoke in 1866; engaged in the mercantile business; in 1873, turned his attention to farming and milling; and later resumed his farming interests.

In 1868 he was elected justice of the peace, served for eight years; was elected to the constitutional convention as a delegate from Randolph County, 1875; from 1880 to 1886 was in the probate judge's office; in 1888 was nominated as Democratic candidate for the State senate from his county, but declined; but was a member of the State senate in 1915. He was commissioned second lieutenant of the Dowdell Rangers raised in Randolph County, August 12, 1861; was promoted captain by Gen. Bragg for gallantry at Shiloh in 1862; was captured in the first charge on the breastworks at the battle of Franklin, November 30, 1864, and sent as prisoner to Johnson's Island, where he was held until June, 1865. He is a Democrat, has served as chairman of the executive committee of Randolph County; and has been a Mason for over fifty years. Married: on January 6, 1867, in Troup County, Ga., to Lavice Jane, daughter of William D. and Mary (Smith) Mickle, residents of the vicinity of Roanoke and of Irish descent. Children: 1. Mary Eva, m. James Ragin Simms, Opelika; William Mickle, m. Sarah Irene De Laney, d.; 3. Sarah Eppie, m. Wade Wood, Birmingham. Residence: Roanoke.

WEAVER, JAMES H., secretary of the State, 1856-60, was born in Georgia, but removed to Coosa County at an early age. He served a term as sheriff of his county; was elected to the house of representatives, 1853; and served as secretary of the State, 1856-60.

WEAVER, PHILIP J., merchant, was born June 22, 1797, in Mifflintown, Juniata County, Pa., and died November 10, 1865, in Selma. He was of German parentage, his father and mother being natives of the Palatinate on the Rhine River. He received a limited education, and was first employed by a mercantile firm in Baltimore to learn the business. He went to Alabama about 1815, to clerk in a mercantile firm in Cahaba, and later became junior partner and finally sole proprietor of the firm. In 1818 he moved the business to Cahaba Falls, now Centerville, and after a brief period to Maplesville. In 1820 he located at Moore's Bluff, now Selma, bought Moore's log house, the only building on the bluff, and filled it with Indian goods. In 1824 he built a large warehouse and, blasting out the rock, made a way to the water, where he constructed a wharf. Then, in connection with his warehouse, he ran keel boats from Mobile. As his business with the settlers and Indians increased, he enlarged his store, and in 1830, opened a branch house at Pontotoc, Miss., Chickasaw Nation. He carried on land speculations and a large planting interest in addition to his mercantile business in Selma, until his store was destroyed by Gen. Wilson's army, April 2, 1865. He had taken great interest in and had contributed largely to the construction of the Alabama & Tennessee Rivers Railroad, and the Alabama & Mississippi Rivers Railroad. He died November 10, 1865, from the effects of a blow on the back of his head received from one of Wilson's raiders. Married: May 8, 1823, to Anne P. Gardner. Children: 1. Philip John, deceased; 2. L. G.;

3. William M., served in Morgan's command, and as adjutant of the Thirty-seventh Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, m. Lucy Frances Winter; 4. V. G. Last residence: Selma.

WEAVER, SAMUEL LUMPKIN, lawyer, was born September 20, 1856, near Palmetto, Campbell County, Ga.; son of Andrew B. and Rachel (Bailey) Weaver, the former of Campbell County, the latter of Fayette County, Ga.; grandson of Samuel and Polly (Putnam) Weaver of Virginia and of Sarah Bailey of Fayette County, Ga. His great-grandfather Weaver brought a troop of men from Holland, served under Gen. Washington during the American Revolution, and after the war settled at Weaver's Landing on James River above Richmond and the estate is still held by his descendants. Judge Weaver was educated in the common schools of Palmetto and at Peabody college, Dahlonega, Ga.; at Lumpkin law school Franklin college, where he received the degree of LL. B.; and at the University of Georgia, graduating in 1877, having for his classmates the late W. Y. Atkinson, governor, and A. I. Cobb, judge of the supreme court of Georgia. He was admitted to the practice of law at Newman, Coweta County, Ga., in September, 1877; practiced until his appointment to fill an unexpired term as associate judge of the criminal court of Jefferson County in November, 1904; and in November, 1906, was elected for a term of six years. He is a Democrat; a member of the Missionary Baptist church; an Odd Fellow; a Mason; and Woodman of the World. Married: on July 3, 1878, at Gadsden, to Sallie Elizabeth Rowley, the daughter of Charlie and Carrie (Bailey) Rowley, the former of Montevallo and served in the C. S. Army, the latter of Summerfield. Children: 1. Chester A.; 2. Marguerite V.; 3. Edwin B.; 4. Edith W. Residence: Birmingham.

WEAVER, WILLIS A., lawyer, was born October 23, 1878, at Andersonville, Sumter County, Ga.; son of James H. and Emily Melissa Weaver, the former who was a native of Americanus, Sumter County, Ga., and served in Co. B, Eleventh Georgia battalion. Willis A. Weaver received his early education in the Avondale public schools; later attended Wake Forest college, N. C.; and was graduated from the law department of the University of Alabama, 1903. He began practice at Oneonta, and in 1907 was a member of the legislature from his county. He is a Democrat, has served as secretary of the county committee; a Baptist; a Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: on September 8, 1906, at Oneonta, to Augusta Lewis Ellis, daughter of Jesse W. and Elizabeth (Montgomery) Ellis, who lived at Blountsville. Residence: Oneonta.

WEBB, FRANK BELL, Presbyterian minister, was born November 5, 1848, at Eutaw, Green County; son of William Peter and Martha Burwell (Bell) Webb, the former a native of Lincoln County, N. C., a lawyer, who came to Alabama and settled in Greensboro, moved to Eutaw in 1839, and practiced his profession there until his death in 1890; grandson of

Judge Henry Young and Elizabeth (Forney) Webb, who lived at Mount Welcome, Lincoln County, N. C., the former who was a native of that state, was appointed by President Monroe to be judge of the U. S. district court from the territory of Alabama, went to Alabama in 1818, and held the first court at Neighbors Cross Roads, was elected one of the circuit judges by the first legislature of Alabama, and held that office at the time of his death in 1823, and of John and Elizabeth Randolph (Bacon) Bell, natives of Virginia, who lived at Greensboro. The Webb family was originally from Dorsetshire, Wales, and it held an honorable position at the time Katherine Parr was regent of England, as far back as 1544. The earliest history that is known of the family runs back to Henry Webb, who was born in Warwickshire, England, 1357. Mr. Webb received his early education at Eutaw, at Hatfield academy, and at Pleasant Ridge academy. He entered the University of Mississippi in January, 1866, and two years later entered Washington and Lee university, from where he was graduated in March, 1869. He attended the Union theological seminary at Hampden Sidney, Va., and after a three years' course, was graduated, B. D., 1872. He was ordained as a minister of the gospel of the Presbyterian church, December 1, 1872, and was installed by the Presbytery of Alabama as pastor of the Union Springs church. He remained in that charge for fifteen years; held the pastorate of the Third Presbyterian church of Birmingham for a year; and of the First Presbyterian church of Columbia, Tenn., for twelve years and a half; moved to Talladega in July, 1902, to become president of the Isbell female college; took charge of the First Presbyterian church of Talladega in January, 1902, in connection with the college work; and at the end of two years resigned from the college work and continued in charge of the church. He was a director on the board of the Columbia theological seminary, South Carolina, for four years as a representative from the Synod of Alabama; was for five years at one time and four years at another the chairman of the executive committee of the Synod's Orphans' Home; was a member of the executive committee of foreign missions of general assembly for seven years; was moderator of the Synod of Alabama in 1881, 1905 and 1911; was moderator of the Synod of Nashville, Tenn., in 1890; has served as a member of the board of trustees of the Synodical college for Women; was made president of the first State temperance convention, held at Athens, April, 1881; and was appointed delegate to the second World's Christian Citizenship Conference, 1913. The degree of D. D. was conferred upon Dr. Webb by one of the institutions of learning in North Carolina. He is a Knight of Pythias and for two years held office as district deputy grand chancellor; served for two years as grand chief templar of the Order of Good Templars in Alabama; and is a member of Sigma Alpha Epsilon college fraternity. He was editor of the Orphan's Home Monthly, published by the Synod of Alabama in connection with its orphanage work. Married: October 30, 1872, at Lexington, Va., to Mary White Paxton, daugh-

ter of Maj. James Gardner and Annie Maria (White) Paxton, of that place, granddaughter of Matthew and Mary White, the former a native of Ireland and the latter of Augusta County, Va., and of Elisha and Margaret (McNutt) Paxton, who lived on a landed estate along the James River Valley of Virginia. The Paxtons are descended from a soldier of Cromwell who emigrated with his comrades to the north of Ireland, and later came to America. Children: 1. James Gardner Paxton, d. July 8, 1902, m. Mary B. Abernathy of Leighton, who lives with her son, Frank Bell, in Tuscaloosa; 2. Martha Bell, m. Mr. Morris, McComb, Miss.; 3. Frank Bell, d. January 22, 1887, at Union Springs; 4. Mattie Frazer, McComb, Miss.; 5. Annette Paxton, Talladega; 6. Virginia Foster, m. Jewell W. Dickinson, Talladega. Residence: Talladega.

WEBB, F. C., physician and legislator, member of the house of representatives from Lowndes County, 1853, and of the State senate, 1855.

WEBB, HENRY YOUNG, lawyer and jurist, was born August 4, 1784, in Granville County, N. C., died in 1828, on his plantation several miles north of Greensboro, and is buried in the graveyard at Mt. Herman church; son of William and Frances (Young) Webb; grandson of James and Mary (Edmundson) Webb, who lived in Tally-ho near Granville, N. C.; great-grandson of William Webb, born in England and in 1582, settled on the Isle of Wight, near Portsmouth, Va.; great-great-grandson of Alexander Webb, a native of Warwickshire, who with his sons, Henry, Richard, Christopher and William, came to America in 1626, the father and Richard settling in Stanford, Conn., where his descendant, David Webb, kept during and before the Revolutionary War, the famous Webb tavern. The family traces its origin to Henry Webb, of Warwickshire, England, who was born in 1357. Judge Webb was educated at the University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, read law and located in Lincolnton, N. C., and represented Lincoln County in the legislature, 1817. In 1818, he was appointed territorial judge for Alabama by President James Monroe, and located in Perry County, but soon removed to Greene County. He was elected by the first legislature of the State a judge of the circuit and supreme court of Alabama, 1819, and was holding that position at the time of his death. He held the first United States court in a log cabin, which was the court house of Blount County, at "Neighbors Cross Roads," now within the corporate limits of Birmingham. Married: December 29, 1812, at Mt. Welcome, Lincoln County, N. C., to Elizabeth, daughter of Gen. Peter Forney, a Revolutionary officer and member of congress from North Carolina, 1819. His mother, Maria Bergner, was of Swiss parentage. Children: the order of their birth conjectural. 1. — m. H. John Hampton of Arkansas; 2. William Peter (q. v.); 3. James Daniel (q. v.); 4. Henry Young, jr., practicing physician in Eutaw for fifty years. Last residence: near Greensboro. *

WEBB, JAMES DANIEL, lawyer, legislator and Confederate brigadier-general, was born February 26, 1818, in Lincoln County, N. C., and died July 19, 1863, on Elk River, Tenn.; son of Henry Young and Elizabeth (Forney) Webb (q. v.). He came to Alabama with his parents in infancy, and after completing a college course read law under Pleasant N. Wilson, in Livingston and in Hillsboro, N. C.; entered upon the practice at Greensboro, 1838; represented Greene County in the legislature of 1843 and 1851; State senator, 1853; was on the Bell electoral ticket of 1860, and elected a member of the secession convention, over his brother; member constitutional convention, 1861, and signed the ordinance of secession; and trustee University of Alabama, 1858-63. At the beginning of hostilities between the States he entered the 5th Alabama regiment as a private, but was promoted to quartermaster and served in this capacity for a year. He assisted in raising the 51st Alabama cavalry, and was appointed lieutenant-colonel, acting as regimental commander a great deal of the time, owing to the absence of Colonel Morgan on detached service. While his regiment was guarding the rear of General Bragg's retreat on Chattanooga, July 2, 1863, and skirmishing on Elk River, he was mortally wounded and captured. Two weeks later he died from pneumonia incident to his wounds, being promoted brigadier-general just prior to his death. Married: August 2, 185—, Jestina I. Walton. Children: 1. Jessie, m. — Cocke; 2. Minnie C. Last residence: Greensboro.

WEBB, JAMES E., lawyer, president of the Alabama bar association, 1894-95. Deceased. Last residence: Birmingham.

WEBB, JAMES E., lawyer, was born in 1840, in Greene County; son of William Peter and Martha (Bell) Webb (q. v.). He received his early education in his native county and graduated with first honors in his class, at the University of Alabama, 1859; read law in his father's office, and subsequently with Thomas H. Herndon of Eutaw. In 1861, he entered the Confederate service as a private, in the 5th Alabama infantry regiment, was promoted to the rank of lieutenant the following year and detailed upon the staff of General R. E. Rodes. Later he was promoted captain and served as ordnance officer to General Stuart's staff. After the latter's death he was transferred to the staff of Gen. James Dearing. He was severely wounded at the battle of Bellfield, but later joined his command and served until the end of the war. He commenced the practice of the law at Greensboro, and in 1885 removed to Birmingham where he formed a partnership with John T. Tillman. He was a Democrat and a Presbyterian. Married: (1) in 1866, to Zemula Cresswell, (2) to Lucilla Webb. Children: by the first wife, 1. Louisa C.; 2. Mattie B.; 3. James E. jr.; 4. Zemula. Last residence: Birmingham.

WEBB, JAMES HENRY, lawyer, was born July 16, 1863, at Greensboro, Hale, then Greene

County; son of Dr. William Thomas and Frances Young (Dickins) Webb, the former a skilled physician, was born on Brush Creek, near Greensboro, in 1815, when the present State of Alabama was the eastern half of Mississippi territory, and lived at Greensboro until 1866, when he removed to Mobile, and died at his county home "Nanna Hubba," July 25, 1883; grandson of Thomas and Martha (Dickins) Webb, who lived at Brush Creek, Miss. Ter., to which place he came from Tally-Ho, Granville County, N. C., and of Robert and Martha (Young) Dickins, of Greensboro. His early education was received in the schools of Mobile County, later he attended the Barton academy in Mobile, and finally entered the Southern university from which he graduated in 1882 with the A. B. degree. In 1885 he graduated from the law department of the University of Alabama, having previously read in the office of James E. Webb, at Greensboro, and had a summer course of lectures under the learned Prof. John Minor at the University of Virginia. He entered upon the practice in Mobile immediately upon completing his studies. He was elected solicitor of Mobile County, November, 1892, and held that office for sixteen years, resigning November, 1908, to accept a partnership with John W. McAlpine, the firm still existing as Webb and McAlpine. He is a Democrat; Presbyterian; Mason; Elk; Knight of Pythias; and an Odd Fellow. Married: October 3, 1888, at Stockton, Baldwin County, to Frances, daughter of Daniel and Margaret Catherine (McMillan) Williams of that place. The McMillan family was Scotch-Irish, long lived and possessed of deep piety. Children: 1. Mary Frances; 2. Margaret Catherine; 3. Celia; 4. Martha; 5. and 6. (twins) Grace and Agnes; 7. Janie. Residence: Mobile.

WEBB, JOEL FRANKLIN, teacher and lawyer, graduate of the Alabama polytechnic institute, with the B. S. degree, 1893, and the M. S. degree, 1894; alumni orator that institution, 1902; superintendent of the public schools of Heflin, 1894-95; principal of the school at Kellyton; admitted to the bar, 1896, and entered upon the practice in 1902. Residence: Birmingham.

WEBB, JOHN COX, planter and Confederate officer, was born in Hillsboro, N. C., where he was educated at the military institute. Leaving school in May, 1861, he entered the Confederate service, and was sent to Fort Macon, N. C., as a drill master, and later to Norfolk, Va., where he was engaged in drilling the Third North Carolina infantry regiment. In 1862, he assisted in raising the Orange light artillery with which he served first as a private, later being promoted to orderly-sergeant, and finally to first lieutenant, and was in command of the battery at the close of the war. He participated in the battles of Seven Pines and Gaines' Mill, in Virginia, and later was on duty in North Carolina. He served against Sherman in the spring of 1865. In June, 1866, he removed from Hillsboro, N. C., to Demopolis, and engaged in planting. He held the rank of major on the staff of General Harrison, commanding the Alabama division, United Confederate vet-

erans. Married: in December, 1870, to Sallie C. Creagh, of Demopolis. Children: five. Residence: Demopolis.

WEBB, JOHN D., member of the constitutional convention of 1861, from Greene County.

WEBB, JOHN OSCEOLA, teacher; graduate of the Alabama polytechnic institute, 1902, with B. S. degree; instructor in a private school in Mobile, 1902-08; instructor in mathematics and science, Pensacola, Fla., classical school, 1903-04; and since 1904 principal of the Birmingham classical school. Residence: Birmingham.

WEBB, LAURA S., author, deceased.

WEBB, LUCIUS de YAMPERT, physician and planter, was born at Greensboro, June 18, 1846; son of John Henry Young and Julia (de Yampert) Webb. He was a student at the University of Alabama, 1863-64, and graduated in the medical department of the University of New York, and practiced in Greensboro. Married: February 21, 1883, to Sarah Christian Brown.

WEBB, REUBEN DAVID, teacher, was born August 11, 1876, at Kellyton, Coosa County; son of Charles David and Clara Jane (Carlisle) Webb, the former a native of Meriwether County, Ga., who removed to Kellyton; grandson of Charles Hoquet and Malinda (Bailey) Webb, and of Robin Washington and Clara Mitchell (Owen) Carlisle, of Mt. Olive, Coosa County. He received his early education in his native town and graduated from the Alabama polytechnic institute, 1897, with the degree of B. S., taking the A. M. degree in 1898. He also attended the summer school of the University of Chicago for several summers where he took special work in English. He began teaching immediately upon graduation, holding his first professorship in the State agricultural school at Blountsville, teaching later at Dothan, and at Ashville, 1901-02. He was private secretary to Hon. C. W. Thompson, M. C., during the latter year, and has since been professor of English at the Alabama polytechnic institute, Auburn. He is a Democrat and a Baptist. Married: November 2, 1905, at Auburn, to Mary Emma, daughter of Charles Edward and Maria Charlotte (Felton) Little, of that place. Children: 1. Charles Hubert; 2. Eleanor. Residence: Auburn.

WEBB, ROBERT DICKENS, physician and author, was born November 14, 1825, in Hillsboro, N. C., and died March 8, 1894, at Yazoo City, Miss., having spent his youth and professional career in Alabama. He came in childhood to Sumter County with his parents when three years of age and received his preparatory education in that county. He entered the medical department of the University of Virginia, October, 1849, and the following year was graduated with the M. D. degree. He entered upon the practice in the marine hospital at Mobile, going some months later to St. Louis,

Mo., where he practiced and filled the chair of surgery in one of the medical colleges in that city. He returned to Sumter County and located at Livingston where he practiced for more than thirty years. He removed to Birmingham to specialize in ear, eye, and throat diseases, for which he had prepared through special study in New York. His health which had intermittently been delicate, finally, in 1890, caused him to retire from the practice, and to pass his declining years in the home of his daughter and only child, Mrs. John Sharp Williams. He was one of the organizers of the Sumter County medical society, and also of the State medical society. Through his efforts as health officer during the yellow fever epidemic of 1878, he accomplished great good, being at the time president of the State society. He brought to the attention of the legislature the great importance of a "color blind law." Author: "Public hygiene and the sanitary needs of Alabama," read before the annual meeting of the State society, 1879; "Cholera," published in the American journal of medical sciences, foreshadowed the germ theory. Other papers prepared by him, and read before county and State societies, were "Death"; "Hemorrhagic malarial fever"; "Unavoidable hemorrhages in placenta previa"; an analysis of the "Livingston artesian waters"; "Vital phenomena dependent upon organization"; "Quinine, a stimulant and sedative"; "Quinine, its effects in large doses in fevers and inflammatory diseases"; "Stricture of the urethra with complications"; "Diabetes mellitus and treatment"; "Quinine in periodical engorgements of the uterus"; "Healing of nerves by first intention," and "Report on diseases in Sumter County." Married: Julia Fulton, daughter of William F. Fulton, a planter living near Sumterville, Sumter County. Last residence: Yazoo City, Miss.

WEBB, WILLIAM PETER, lawyer and member constitutional convention, 1865, was born October 22, 1815, in Lincoln County, N. C., and died September 16, 1890, at Eutaw, Greene County; son of Henry Young and Elizabeth (Forney) Webb (q. v.). He completed his preparatory studies at Bingham school, Hillsboro, N. C., and entered the freshman class of the University of North Carolina from which he graduated and returned to Alabama, where he had come with his parents in childhood. He read law and entered upon its practice in Eutaw. He was a member of the constitutional convention from Greene County, 1865. He was appointed judge of the 7th judicial circuit by Lewis E. Parsons, provisional governor of Alabama, July, 1865, but declined the offer. He was a Democrat; an elder in the Presbyterian church for forty years. Married: November 27, 1838, in Greensboro, to Martha, daughter of John Bell of Virginia. Children: 1. Fanny, m. — Crawford; 2. Rev. F. B.; 3. William Henry, lawyer, private in the 51st Alabama cavalry regiment, C. S. Army, district court judge, in California, m. (1) Elouise De Aubrigo; (2) Augustus De Aubrigo; 4. James R. (q. v.). Last residence: Eutaw.

WEBB, WILLIAM P., member of the constitutional convention of 1865, from Greene County.

WEBB, WILSON T., farmer and business man, was born August 13, 1833, in Anson District, N. C.; son of John and Lucretia (Smith) Webb, the former a native of Virginia, soldier in the War of 1812, the latter a North Carolinian. He came to Alabama with his mother when seven years of age and received his education at Mardisville academy. Having lost his father while but a youth he worked at a number of jobs to aid his widowed mother, farm hand, merchant's clerk, and brick mason, becoming an expert in the latter vocation, and assisting in erecting some of the handsomest public and private buildings of that period, including the old Brist Baptist church of Montgomery. In 1862, he entered the Confederate Army as second lieutenant, Co. F, 13th Alabama infantry regiment, and rose to the rank of captain, taking part in the battle of Tazewell, Tenn., and in the Kentucky campaign with General Bragg. His regiment was ordered by Gen. Stephen D. Lee, to hold Grant back until Pemberton's army could be saved, during the fight at Baker's Creek. Later he took part in the defense of Vicksburg, and was wounded in both thigh and knee, being captured, July 4th, 1863, at Vicksburg, but soon afterwards paroled. After the promotion of Col. E. W. Pettus to the rank of brigadier-general, Captain Webb was made ordnance officer on his staff. He fought in the battles around Chattanooga, at Dalton, and Atlanta, Ga., and under Hood in Tennessee. He was at Columbia, S. C., when that city was shelled by the Federal troops, and at Charlotte, Salisbury, Goldsboro and Bentonville. In 1888 he was elected to the Alabama legislature, to represent Talladega County, and re-elected in 1890, and was the author of the bill providing for the care of Confederate soldiers, their widows and orphans. He also passed a bill to prohibit pools, trusts, &c, in Alabama. He was a Democrat; Methodist; Mason; Odd Fellow; and Knight of Honor. Married: (1) September 11, 1851, to P. M. B., daughter of Dr. Peter Ruble, and wife, Miss Shelly, who lived in Rowan County, Tenn.; (2) September 30, 1858, to Elizabeth Ann (Sumner) Barnes, a native of Gates County, N. C. Children: by first wife, 1. Celeste J. Residence: Talladega County.

WEBSTER, C. H., Methodist minister; member of the Alabama conference; living in 1913. Residence: Montgomery.

WEBSTER, EDMUND A., secretary of State, 1834.

WEBSTER, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*. He was born in Caroline County, Va., in 1743. Early in the struggle for independence he enlisted in the Continental army and served under Gen. Washington. He was with the American army at Yorktown, and witnessed the surrender of Cornwallis. In 1817

he came to Alabama and during the last ten years of his life he lived in Tuscaloosa with his son, John J. Webster. He died in Tuscaloosa, September 6, 1839, in the 97th year of his age.—*Flag of the Union*, Tuscaloosa, Ala., September 14, 1839.

WEEDEN, HOWARD, artist and author, was born July 6, 1847, in Huntsville, and died April 11, 1905, in Huntsville; daughter of William and Jane E. (Urquhart) Weeden, natives of Maryland and Georgia, respectively; sister of William Weeden, a captain in the C. S. Army, who served as solicitor of Madison County, 1870-1873, and died February 13, 1889, and of Col. John David Weeden (q. v.). Her father's family were large cotton planters and slave owners, and on her mother's side she inherited her literary talent through a line of Scotch ancestry with a notable taste for letters. Her early life was spent on a cotton plantation, and from the associations formed there she gained the knowledge of the plantation life and characteristics of the negro race which illustrates her talents both as an author and an artist. She was educated as a gentlewoman of the time, and received some small training in painting. That, supplemented by a few lessons on visits to New Orleans, was the sum of her technical instruction. She painted in her Huntsville home in oil and water colors, and while attending the Columbian Exposition in 1893, discovered the sketches of negroes by Froat, Kemble and others. In those she saw nothing of the "old-time 'quality' negro of the South," and on her return home made a study in oil of "Uncle Champ," an old family servant, and to accompany it wrote the verses, "Massa o' de Sheep Ford." She submitted a sheaf of verses and sketches to publishers in New York, and the work was accepted at once with a request for more. The result of that request was her first book, "Shadows on the Wall," 1898. In the years following she produced "Bandana Ballads," 1899; "Songs of the Old South," 1901; and "Old Voices," 1904. Those volumes, composed of portraits of fine old negroes with a bit of verse opposite, comprise her entire work. Last residence: Huntsville.

WEEDEN, JOHN DAVID, lawyer, was born July 27, 1840, at Huntsville, and died November 16, 1908, at Huntsville; son of William and Jane E. (Urquhart) Weeden, natives respectively of Baltimore, Md., and of Georgia, the former, who lived in Baltimore until manhood, who was colonel of a regiment in the War of 1812, came to Alabama in 1823, moved to Huntsville, was an extensive planter, owning large plantations in Marengo, Sumter, Madison and Marshall Counties, and died in 1850 at Huntsville; grandson of Col. William and Sarah (Sands) Weeden, who lived in Baltimore, Md., and of David and Katherine B. (McGehee) Urquhart, of Augusta, Ga., the former a native of Cromarty, Scotland; born in 1779, the latter a descendant of Lord Brooks, who came to Virginia in 1660; great-grandson of George Weeden, born in 1730 in Fredericksburg, Va., died there in November, 1793, who offered his services to Washington in 1775, was assigned to the

Third Virginia regiment, and after the battle of Brandywine, was made brigadier general in charge of the brigade which under his command was principally instrumental in the capture of the Hessians at Trenton; brother of Howard Weeden (q. v.). The earliest mention of the name of Weeden in Virginia history is found in 1650, when George Weeden came with Sir Thomas Lunsford, baronet, and settled on the south side of the Rappahannock River. Col. Weeden was reared in Huntsville and attended the Green academy. He graduated from the University of Alabama, A. B., 1859, and received the degree of A. M. from that institution in 1884. After leaving college he read law under Chancellor Keyes at Montgomery, and in 1860 was admitted to the bar by the supreme court of the state. Returning to Huntsville, he practiced law until early in 1861, when he entered the C. S. Army as lieutenant of Co. K, Ninth Alabama infantry regiment. He was transferred to the Forty-ninth Alabama, and promoted to major in May, 1862; was made lieutenant colonel in August, 1863; and commanded his regiment until the second day's battle of Nashville, December 16, 1864, when he was wounded and captured. He was sent to prison at Johnson's Island, and was not released until July 30, 1865. After the war, he returned to Huntsville and resumed the practice of law. He served as a trustee of the University of Alabama, 1882-1885; became professor of law at the university in 1885, and resigned from that position in 1888 to resume the practice of law in Florence, where he lived until his death. He was appointed justice of the peace and notary public by the governor of the state; assisted in the organization of Camp O'Neal No. 298 United Confederate Veterans, of which he was first lieutenant commander, and was re-elected annually until his death. He was a Democrat, a Presbyterian and a Mason. Married: September 23, 1869, at Sweet Water, near Florence, to Mattie Hays Patton, daughter of Robert M. and Jane Locke (Braham) Patton (q. v.), of that place, the former a wealthy planter of Lauderdale County, a merchant, State senator, and the first elected governor of Alabama after the War of Secession; granddaughter of Gen. John Braham, whose father came from England. Children: 1. Janie Braham, m. B. H. Wilkins, d. in 1900; 2. Robert Patton, m. Martha Beesley; 3. Mary Urquhart, m. Erister Ashcroft, d. in 1908; 4. John Downing, m. Jessie Earthman. Last residence: Florence.

WEEDON, HAMILTON M., physician, was born May 15, 1835, in Tallahassee, Fla., deceased; son of Dr. Frederick and Mary Wells (Thompson) Weedon, the former a Virginian, who studied medicine under Dr. Buchanan in Philadelphia and completed his medical education in Europe, practiced medicine in Baltimore for several years, served as lieutenant colonel in the U. S. Army during the War of 1812, moved to Huntsville in 1816, to Tallahassee, Fla., in 1827, to St. Augustine, Fla., in 1835, and to Dry Tortugas, Fla., in 1854, was a surgeon in the Seminole war of 1836, stationed at St. Augustine, and became an intimate friend of the Indian chief, Osceola, who

was brought to St. Augustine a captive. Dr. Weedon's mother was the daughter of a wealthy planter who lived near Huntsville, and his paternal grandfather was a Virginian, who was an officer in the Revolutionary Army. During his infancy he was taken from Tallahassee, Fla., to St. Augustine, and lived there until he was eighteen years old. He went to New York and entered the office of Dr. James H. Armesby, professor of anatomy in the medical college of that city. In 1855, he received the degree of M. D., and was appointed resident surgeon of the city hospital, and served one year as surgeon to the city dispensary in Albany. He spent some time in Dry Tortugas, Fla., in 1857, for his health, and on the outbreak of the yellow fever epidemic at Key West, went to that place and offered his services. He served in the U. S. marine hospital and as health officer of the port of Key West for several years. At the beginning of the War of Secession, he resigned his position as port physician, and went to Tallahassee, where he entered the C. S. Army as a private in an artillery company. Soon afterward he was made assistant surgeon of the Fourth Florida regiment, and two months later was made surgeon. He served through nearly all of the campaigns of the west under Bragg and Johnston, and became brigade surgeon under Gen. William Preston just before the battle of Murfreesboro. Soon after the battle of Chickamauga he became chief surgeon of Gen. Breckenridge's division; and on the retirement of Gen. Breckenridge served as chief surgeon with Gen. William B. Bate until just before the fall of Atlanta, when he was relieved from field duty and sent to post duty at Eufaula. Just before Lee's surrender, and when Johnston's army was in North Carolina, he was ordered to rejoin that army, but the war ended before he reached it. He was paroled at Macon, Ga., and returned at once to Key West, where he reentered the practice of medicine. After many years of active practice, he retired and associated himself with George H. Dent in the drug business, under the firm name of Weedon & Dent. Married: in 1865, in Eufaula, to Mary Elizabeth Christin Young, who died in 1891, daughter of E. B. Young, a merchant of Eufaula. Children: 1. Mrs. J. R. Barr; 2. Mrs. J. L. Ross; 3. Dr. H. M., jr.; 4. Edward B.; 5. Walter R.; 6. Herbert G. Last residence: Eufaula.

WEEMS, WALTER H., major of the 6th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

WEIL, LEON, lawyer, was born March 20, 1873, at Montgomery, son of Henry and Jeanette (Simon) Weil, natives of Bavaria, who in 1850 emigrated to America, the former settling in Montgomery, becoming a member of J. H. Weil & Co. He was educated in the public schools of Montgomery, and graduated from the University of Alabama, LL. B., 1893. In October, 1893, he formed a partnership with Col. G. R. Farnham, and began the practice in Montgomery. The name was changed to Farnham, Crum & Weil when B. P. Crum became a member in 1904. The firm now consists of Gen. R. E.

Steiner (q. v.), B. P. Crum (q. v.), Leon Weil and R. E. Steiner, jr. Gen. Steiner became a member when Hon. Tennett Lomax (q. v.), who had succeeded Col. Farnham, died. He has been a member of the board of directors of the chamber of commerce. He served as chairman for Montgomery County in the second, third and fourth liberty loan campaigns. He is a Democrat; and a member of the Kahl Montgomery, serving for several years as a trustee. Married: January 10, 1900, to Mamie, daughter of Capt. Jacob and Mena (Lobman) Greil, the former served in the C. S. Army, was for many years connected with the national guard, and was a prominent merchant and active in civic affairs in Montgomery. Children: 1. Janice; 2. Mena; 3. Helen. Residence: Montgomery.

WEISSINGER, GEORGE, planter, was born in 1769 in Wurtemberg, Germany, and died in April, 1837, in Perry County. He was educated in Germany, and in 1789 came from Germany to America with his brothers, John and Leonard. They landed in Charleston, S. C., where one of the brothers remained. The other brother went to Virginia, and Mr. Weissinger, after spending some time in Charleston, moved to Augusta, Ga., where for many years he conducted a business. In 1821 he emigrated to Alabama and settled in Perry County, where he bought land and established himself as a planter. He was elected to the State legislature in 1822 from Perry County, and subsequently was eight times elected to serve in that body. He owned and cultivated, with his many slaves, a large farm located on the Cahaba River, and was a successful and prosperous farmer. He was a Democrat and a Methodist. Married: to Winnifred Anderson. Children: 1. Sallie, m. Mr. Bradford, children, Tom, George, Alexander, Emily, Sallie, Eliza; 2. Eliza, m. a Mr. Kent, children, Robert, Frances, John, Tom Pete, Laura and Alexander; 3. Leonard Anderson (q. v.); 4. John Wesley, d. in Brazil, m. Elizabeth Coleman, aunt of Judge Augustus A. Coleman, children, Frances, Elmira, Robert, Alexander, Florence, Alice and John Wesley; 5. George Washington, associated with George D. Prentice as editor of the "Louisville Journal," m. (1) to Amantha Bullitt, children, Sallie, Blanche, Harry and George, the latter who lost an arm while commanding a regiment of the C. S. Army at the battle of Pea Ridge, after which he was assigned to the legal staff of Gen. Maxey, of the Arkansas and Texas division, as advocate general with the rank of colonel, and (2) to Eliza Ponyard, child, Rozell; 6. James Madison, planter at Columbus, Miss., d. May 24, 1845, m. Eleanor Bluit, children, Regina, Tom Bluit, Eleanor, Alexander and James Madison; 7. Emily, d. in early life; 8. Alexander Jackson, mayor of Middleton, Miss., for two terms, captain in C. S. Army, lawyer at Winona, Miss., d. August 8, 1865, m. Cordella Strong, children, George Jackson, James Madison, William Strong, Julia Cordella, Caroline Winnifred, Alexander Liddell, Ransom McElroy, John Robert, Leonard Anderson and Blanche. Last residence: Perry County.

WEISSINGER, HENRY YARBROUGH, teacher, was born February 9, 1842, in Marion, Perry County; son of Leonard Anderson and Eliza Mary (Bond) Johnston Weissinger (q. v.). He was educated in Marion, and early in 1862 joined the Twentieth Alabama regiment, C. S. Army. Later in that year, on the retreat from Corinth, he was transferred to the Twenty-fifth Alabama, and with that regiment took part in the battle of Chickamauga, siege of Chattanooga, Resaca, New Hope, battle and siege of Atlanta, Jonesboro, siege and battle of Nashville, and the battle of St. Anthony's Hill. In 1864 he was assigned to duty as aide de camp on the staff of Gen. George Doherty Johnston, with the rank of captain. He was in North Carolina at the time of the surrender. In the fall of 1865 Mr. Weissinger became a member of the faculty of Stonewall institute, in eastern Perry County, and taught in that school for about nine months. After withdrawing from Stonewall institute, he taught in a small school at Marion, and in 1868 went to Tennessee, where he lived for twenty years, teaching most of that time in Maury County. He returned to Alabama in 1888 with his family, and served as principal of Marion academy for five years, and as president of the East Lake atheneum for two years. Married: January 27, 1870, at Mt. Pleasant, Tenn., to Emily Elizabeth Miller, daughter of Henry A. and Lydia (Ridley) Miller. Mrs. Weissinger was born at Mt. Pleasant, Tenn., and died March 16, 1897, in Marion. Children: 1. Henry Yarbrough, Jr., m. (1) Lena Hart, (2) name unknown; 2. Mary Leslie, teacher, d. January 9, 1903, at East Lake; 3. Charles Miller, m. Ira Corin Harrison; 4. George Johnston; 5. Leonard Anderson; 6. Winnifred Mildred, m. Edward Carnot Janney; 7. Annie Minor, m. Millard Henderson Palmer; 8. Burke Bond. Residence: Birmingham.

WEISSINGER, LEONARD ANDERSON, planter and legislator, was born near Augusta, Ga., and died April 13, 1876, at Spring Hill, Maury County, Tenn.; son of George and Winnifred (Anderson) Weissinger (q. v.). He received a good education and at an early date moved to Alabama and settled in Perry County. He was a planter and several times a member of the State legislature. He served as mayor of Marion for a number of terms, and at one time was supervisor of the iron works or foundry of his brother, Alexander Jackson Weissinger, in Bibb County. For many years he was editor of the "Marion Commonwealth," published in Marion, Perry County. He was a trustee of the Marion female seminary; was a States Rights man of the strictest school, a nullifier, Democrat, and secessionist; was a Royal Arch Mason, and one of the founders of Free Masonry in Alabama; and was a Methodist. Married: (1) about 1825, to Mildred Cobb, of the Cobb family, of Georgia; (2) April 22, 1839, to Elizabeth Mary (Bond) Johnston, widow of George M. Johnston. Children, by first marriage: 1. George Washington; 2. Milton Marcellus, physician, d. in Florida, m. Mary Bond, of William County, Tenn.; 3. Leonard Anderson, d. October 31, 1843, in Marion; 4. Henry Willis, d. in Marion; 5. Mildred Cobb,

d. November 26, 1884, near Spring Hill, Tenn.; by second marriage: 6. Henry Yarbrough (q. v.); 7. Mary Burke, d. August 1, 1845; 8. Emily Winnifred, deceased; 9. Fannie Helen Doherty. Last residence: Spring Hill, Maury County, Tenn.

WELBORN, ISAAC, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 76, and a resident of Madison County; private N. C. Continental Line and Militia; enrolled on January 24, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$53.33.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

WELCH, OSCAR SYDNEY, Methodist minister, was born November 23, 1868, near Calera, Shelby County; son of John Francis Marion and Lucretia Ann (Cunningham) Welch, the former a native of Plantersville, Dallas County; grandson of Joseph Cunningham and wife, a Miss Wilson, of Montevallo. He received his early education in the county schools and spent one year, 1885-86, as a student at Howard college, Marion. He was admitted on trial in the Alabama conference at Brewton, 1892, and received his first appointment as minister at Santa Rosa Mission, Fla., and afterwards served pastorates in the Pensacola, Fla., circuits, Grove Hill, Luverne, Demopolis, Troy, Eufaula, and as presiding elder at Selma. He is at present secretary of the Methodist centenary. He is a Mason. Married: (1) Bessie Lassiter, daughter of H. G. Lassiter, Plantersville; (2) Zeola Calhoun, daughter of Neal Calhoun, Grove Hill, Clarke County. Children: by the first wife, 1. Frank S., Shreveport, La.; 2. Kemper Elizabeth; by second wife, 3. Raymond Kendrick; 4. Catherine Hand; 5. Thelma Clanton. Residence: Montgomery.

WELCH, SAMUEL WALLACE, physician and State health officer, was born February 14, 1861, at Alpine, Talladega County; son of Dr. William Americus and Willie Ann (Wallace) Welch, the former a native of Madison County, Va., who removed to Alpine at an early age, a graduate of Jefferson medical college, 1843, and a practicing physician of Alpine for the remainder of his life; grandson of Rev. Oliver and Elizabeth (Mallory) Welch, the former a native of Orange Courthouse, Va., who removed to Alpine, where he became a pioneer Baptist minister of this State, and of Samuel and Ann (Ballow) Wallace, formerly of Virginia, later of Harpersville; great-grandson of Thomas Welch, a captain in the Revolutionary War; great-great-grandson of Thomas Welch, a native of Wales, who emigrated to America about 1680. Dr. Welch received his early education at Plantersville institute; graduated, B. S., in 1881, from Howard college, Marion; and received his professional education at Tulane university, New Orleans, College of physicians and surgeons of Baltimore, and Johns Hopkins school of medicine. He began the practice of his profession at Alpine; removed to Talladega in 1903 and the same year was elected a member of the committee of public health and State board of examiners. In 1907 he resigned from

this office having been unanimously elected president of the Alabama State medical association, and was re-elected to the committee of public health in 1909. He was appointed by Acting Governor Cunningham as delegate from Alabama to the International tuberculosis convention at St. Louis, in 1905, and was appointed by Governor O'Neal as delegate from Alabama to the International convention on demography and hygiene at Washington, D. C., in 1912. While residing in Talladega he was county health officer for four years; served on county board of censors, Talladega County medical society for ten years; and from 1907-13, he was a member of the board of education, Talladega public schools. He was elected State health officer and on January 23, 1917, assumed office. In April, 1917, he was elected chairman of the State board of medical examiners, which position he still holds, and in the same month Governor Henderson appointed him chairman of the State committee of National defense, medical section, a position he filled with honor throughout the European War. While serving in the latter position he spent a part of the summer of 1918 in Washington City classifying the medical profession of Alabama for the Council of national defense, medical section. He was appointed in April, 1917, and reappointed in April, 1920, at the expiration of his first term of office, as delegate to represent Alabama in the house of delegates of the American medical association, and represented the Alabama State board of medical examiners at the meeting of the council on medical education and hospitals, Chicago, March, 1920. In 1919, he prepared the bill amending the medical laws of Alabama, introduced into the legislature of Alabama, succeeded in having enacted into law a bill increasing the appropriation for the State health department's work, from \$25,000 a year to \$150,000. He has served as consulting surgeon for a number of railroads. He is a Democrat; Baptist; Odd Fellow; and a Mason. Author: papers read before the Alabama state medical association, and published in the proceedings of that body: "Tubercular joints in county practice," 1900; "Climatic effects in Talladega County," 1901; Historian's address, 1902; the president's address, 1908; monitor's address, 1912; a discussion of the work of the State board of health, 1917; Welcome to our returned heroes and unfurling of service flag, 1919; annual reports as chairman of the State board of censors of the State medical association, 1917-18-19-20. Married: April 10, 1900, at Talladega, to Ethel Roberta, daughter of Rev. Dr. W. C. and Elizabeth (Smith) Cleveland, of Selma. Children: 1. Samuel Wallace; 2. Robert Cleveland; 3. Willie Wallace; 4. Oliver William; 5. Ethel. Residence: Montgomery.

WELCH, WILLIAM SHELTON, lawyer, was born April 28, 1874, at Antioch, Fayette County; son of John Anderson and Dicy Melissa (Pryor) Welch, the former who was a farmer and a minister in the Methodist Episcopal church, South, served in the War of Secession, first in Co. A, Twenty-sixth Alabama infantry regiment, was wounded at Seven Pines, was

transferred to cavalry, and served until the close of the war; grandson of John Sanders and Elizabeth (Baker) Welch, the former who served under Gen. Jackson in the wars of 1813-1814, and later removed to Georgia, and of Rev. John Pryor; great-grandson of John and Elizabeth (Baker) Welch, both natives of Ireland, the former who was born in Belfast, later came to America and settled at Petersburg, Va. William Shelton Welch received his primary education in the country schools of Fayette County; attended the Fayette Academy; in 1893-1894 attended the Florence state normal school; attended Peabody college; University of Nashville; and graduated LL. B., from the University of Alabama in 1901. He was admitted to the bar June 18, 1901, at Fayette; practiced there less than a year; removed to Bessemer; has been junior member of the firm of Estes, Jones and Welch; was city attorney of Bessemer, 1903-04; and was a member of the State legislature from Jefferson County, 1915. He is a member of the Alabama State Bar Association; and of the American Bar Association. He is a Democrat; a Methodist, in which church he has been an active member; a Woodman; an Odd Fellow; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: on December 25, 1906, at Bessemer, to Elizabeth Schley Calhoun, who died July 16, 1907, daughter of Dr. John Davidson and Mollie Elizabeth (Carry) Calhoun of Arizona, La., the former's father who was a first cousin of the statesman, John C. Calhoun of South Carolina. Residence: Bessemer.

WELLBORN, MAXIMILIAN BETHUNE, banker, was born January 22, 1862, at Lewisville, Lafayette County, Ark.; son of Maximilian Bethune and Emma Julia (Dent) Wellborn, the former a native of Madison, Morgan County, Ga., who moved to Eufaula with his parents when a boy, was graduated from the University of Alabama in 1846, practiced law at Eufaula until 1858, moved to Lewisville, Ark., served in the trans-Mississippi department of the C. S. Army, as colonel on the staff of Gen. Magruder and, during the last year of the war, as judge of the military court, returned to Eufaula in 1867, was nominated for congress by the Democratic convention at Montgomery in 1870, served as register in chancery, 1878-1880, represented Barbour County in the legislature, 1880-1881, and died at Eufaula, 1885; grandson of Levi Thomas and Roxana (Bethune) Wellborn, of Eufaula, the former a physician, and of John Horry and Mary Elizabeth (Morrison) Dent, of Barbour County. The Wellborns came from England and first settled in Jamestown in 1609, later moved to Accomac County, Va., still later to North Carolina, and then to Wilkes County, Ga. An ancestor, Thomas Wellborn, had a grant of land of two thousand four hundred and fifty acres, dated March 18, 1690. He was a member of the Virginia house of burgesses in 1702, and his son, William Wellborn, was a soldier in the Revolutionary War. The Dents came from England and settled in Charles County, Md. John Herbert Dent, the great-grandfather of Mr. Wellborn, was a commodore in the U. S. Navy and participated in the naval battle of Tripoli in

1804. He was the first lieutenant on the Frigate Constitution and congress voted him a medal for bravery on that occasion.

Mr. Wellborn attended the academy of Craven and Patterson in Eufaula, and at the age of twenty-three years left Eufaula and went to Vicksburg, Miss., where he became bookkeeper of the First National Bank. In 1887, he returned to Alabama, and entered the real estate and insurance business at Anniston. He organized Anniston's first Building and Loan Association in May, 1887; organized the Anniston Banking & Loan Company, 1891; organized and was made president of the City National Bank, December, 1901; was elected president of the First National Bank of Anniston, 1905, and continued to hold that office in 1913; organized the First National Bank of Piedmont, October, 1904, and is its president; organized Cherokee County Bank at Center, and is a director; president of First National Bank of Jacksonville; chairman of Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta, Ga., elected in 1914. He was appointed county commissioner of Calhoun County to fill the unexpired term of J. T. Dearman, by Gov. Jelks in July, 1905, and was elected to that office in 1908 for a four year term. In March, 1913, he was requested by Gov. O'Neal to accept the presidency of the board of inspectors of the convict department. He served in that position for two weeks, when the pressure of his banking business forced him to resign. He served as delegate to the State Democratic convention in 1911, and to the National convention at Baltimore in 1912. He is an Episcopalian. Married: October 17, 1889, at Rome, Ga., to Mary Hinton Graves, daughter of Col. Charles Iverson and Margaret Lea Graves, of Rome, Ga., the former a native of Augusta, Ga., who was graduated from Annapolis and was a first lieutenant in the U. S. Navy at the time Georgia seceded from the union, entered the C. S. Navy and was assigned to the gunboat Morgan at Mobile, was selected by the Confederate government to accompany Commodore Matthew Maury to France to bring home an iron clad cruiser then being built for the Confederacy, was offered a position in the Egyptian Army after the War of Secession, and spent three years in Egypt under the Khedive, reorganizing the army, and died in Rome, Ga., in 1896. Children: 1. Margaret Lea; 2. Minna Dent, d. 1895; 3. Maximilian Bethune, d. 1895; 4. Iverson Graves, d. 1904; 5. Maxine; 6. John Dent; 7. Walter Horry; 8. William Bethune; 9. Mary Graves. Residence: Anniston.

WELLS, JOHN COTTLE, lawyer, was born February 24, 1832, in Jefferson County, Ga., and died November 30, 1903, at Richland, Fla.; son of Everette and DeLelia (Cottle) Wells, natives of Jefferson County, Ga.; grandson of John J. Cottle, planter, who lived in that county. He was educated in the schools of Jefferson County, Ga., and received an academic education, after which he taught for three years. He began to read law in 1855, was admitted to the bar, and in 1856 began to practice law at Ft. Gaines, Ga. He continued his profession at that place until the outbreak of the War of Secession, when he was appointed quar-

termaster of the Sixth Georgia regiment, under ex-Gov. Joseph E. Brown. He served in that capacity until his term of enlistment had expired, when he returned home and taught school for five months. At the end of that time he enlisted in the Cobb Guards as a private heavy artilleryman. He was detailed in the signal corps, and later was made recruiting officer by Gov. Cobb. He raised sufficient men for a new company, of which he declined the captaincy, and was commissioned first lieutenant. He was stationed at Savannah until the evacuation of that city, then was transferred to Charleston, where he remained until on February 11, 1865, when he was twice wounded in an engagement with a U. S. gunboat, was captured, and confined six weeks in Beaufort Hospital. He was removed to Hinton Head, and detained there until the close of the war. Returning to Fort Gaines, he resumed the practice of law, which he continued until 1890, when he came to Alabama and in partnership with his brother, succeeded T. B. Wells & Company in mercantile business at Daleville. In 1865, Mr. Wells was appointed judge of the court of ordinary, Clay County, Ga., under the provisional governor, James H. Johnson. Being doubtful of the legality of his appointment, he announced himself as a candidate for that office and was elected. At the expiration of his term of office he was re-elected for a term of four years. He was a member of the Missionary Baptist church. Married: January 24, 1860, at Ft. Gaines, Ga., to Carrie C. Johnston, daughter of Dr. William J. and Amanda (Henderson) Johnston, of Ft. Gaines, Ga., the former a physician who at one time lived in Montgomery. Children: 1. William E., deceased; 2. John C.; 3. Elizabeth E.; 4. John B.; 5. Janette B.; 6. Carrie C.; 7. Lella A., m. Z. V. Ennis, Daleville; 8. Thomas Corley, m. Katherine Weeks, deceased; 9. George Bryant, Atlanta, Ga. Last residence: Richland, Fla.

WELLS, MARSHALL HARRISON, Methodist minister and editor, was born July 6, 1836, at Hudsonville, Miss.; son of Thomas Simmons and Nora (Rogers) Wells, who lived at Monticello, Ark., a slaveholding planter, his wife's family being residents of Hudsonville, Miss. The Wells family is of Dutch origin. He received his academic training in the Montevallo academy, and graduated at the Florence Wesleyan university, June, 1861, with the Ph. D. degree. He entered the Methodist ministry, 1856, and served in the Louisiana, Little Rock, Northwest Texas, Louisville and North Alabama conferences; served in the Confederate Army under Gens. Price, Holmes and Kirby Smith; two years service as chaplain with rank of major, 1863-65, in the Trans-Mississippi department. He is a Democrat; Mason; and Knight of Honor. Editor and proprietor of the "Texas Messenger" 1880-84, special correspondent for different church papers for twenty years; president for five years publishing company of the "Alabama Christian Advocate." Married: June 19, 1861, at Florence, to Mary Jane, daughter of Judge Wiley T. Hawkins, for twenty years probate judge of Lauderdale County. Children: 1. Florence Briscoe, m.

Benjamin M. Brazeal, Birmingham; 2. Turner Hearn, m. Samuel M. Blake, Birmingham. Residence: Albany.

WELSH, THOMAS, grand treasurer, grand lodge, Masons, 1850-62, grand treasurer, grand council, 1850-60.

WERT, THOMAS WILLIAM, lawyer, was born August 16, 1880, at Decatur, Morgan County; son of Samuel Tennis and Eliza Jane (Gibbs) Wert, the former of Moulton, the latter of Decatur; grandson of Michael and Esther Caroline (Cowan) Wert and of Thomas G. and Ann (Sledge) Gibbs of Decatur. The Werts are descended from Robert Cowan, a native of Scotland, who was a soldier of the Revolution from Virginia. Thomas W. Wert was educated in the public schools of Decatur and was graduated from the Alabama polytechnic institute B. S., 1899; and from the University of Alabama LL. B., 1900. He began the practice of law at Decatur July 16, 1900; was elected judge of the Morgan County law and equity court for a term of six years; was re-elected; and was for several years first lieutenant of Co. E, Third regiment Alabama National Guard. He is a Democrat; a member of the Methodist Episcopal church; a Mason; and an Odd Fellow. Residence: Decatur.

WEST, CHARLEY ROSS, was born April 17, 1878, at Nelsonville, Franklin County; son of Tinsley Davis and Sene Rebecca (Dickson) West, the former who was born near Huntsville, but lived at Nelsonville, Franklin County, from 1854 until his death in 1916; grandson of Benjamin and Emily (French) West, the former whose father came from England and settled in Virginia, later coming to Alabama, where he entered government land in Madison County before Alabama became a state, and of Joseph and Elizabeth J. (Nelson) Dickson; and a descendant of Claiborne West, who fought in the Mexican War, was a member of the constitutional convention which framed the first constitution of Texas. Mr. West received his education in the public schools of Franklin County and the high school of Jefferson County; also attended the seventh district agricultural school, Albertville; the State normal school at Florence; and the University of Alabama. He began teaching in the public schools of Jefferson County, July 5, 1899; was elected a member of the county board of education of Jefferson County, in 1912, served four years and was re-elected in 1916 for another term of six years; was elected a member of legislature, 1918; and in 1919 was State senator from the thirteenth district. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; a Mason; an Odd Fellow; and Knight of Pythias. Married: on September 3, 1916, at Irondale, Jefferson County, to Maud Earl Clements, daughter of Jesse and Margaret (Bass) Clements, granddaughter of Andrew Jackson and Elizabeth (Brown) Bass of Birmingham; great-granddaughter of Elijah Brown, who was one of the first settlers of Jefferson County, lived at Old Elyton, and entered government land where South Highlands, Birmingham, now is. Residence: Birmingham.

WEST, DAVID PUTNAM, hotel proprietor and business man, was born October 26, 1837, in Boston, Mass., and died August 31, 1907, at Montgomery; son of John and Experience (Putnam) West, who lived in Boston; the latter a descendant of Gen. Israel Putnam, of the American Revolution. He received his early education in his native city. On April 2, 1884, he leased for a term of twenty years the Exchange hotel, Montgomery, and in 1889 purchased the Windsor hotel, in the same city, both of which he conducted until 1907. He was president of the first Southern exposition held in Montgomery, and was president and one of the owners of the Highland Park improvement company of Montgomery, the principal organizer of the enterprise for building the first electric street car in the U. S., which in 1886 was operated in Montgomery. He was a Catholic. Married: May 22, 1877, in Boston, Mass., to Mary Agnes, daughter of George and Mary (Watson) Kilduff, who lived in Boston. Children: 1. John, m. Martha Irwin Clark, an electric engineer, Boston. Last residence: Montgomery.

WEST, JAMES W., acting-commandant, University of Alabama, 1900.

WEST, JOHN P., lieutenant-colonel, 2nd Alabama cavalry, C. S. Army.

WEST, JOSHUA, formerly a prominent physician and local Methodist minister at Montevallo; father of Rev. S. P. West, of North Alabama conference, Methodist.

WEST, MARVIN, lawyer, living in 1918. Residence: Decatur.

WEST, SAMUEL, soldier of the American Revolution, aged 103, resided in Marshall County, June 1, 1840, with Butcher West.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

WEST, SAMUEL PAUL, Methodist minister, was born October 30, 1858, at Montevallo, Shelby County; son of John Porter and Maria Louisa (Mills) West, the former a native of Montevallo, a farmer, who lived in Shelby County all of his life, who served as colonel of the Second Alabama cavalry brigade, C. S. Army, and, prior to the War of Secession, served the county as sheriff and in the State legislature; grandson of Dr. Joshua West (q. v.). He was educated in the public schools of Shelby County, and after his graduation from high school, taught for two years. He was licensed to preach in the Methodist Episcopal church, South, November 20, 1878, and entered on the active duties of the ministry November, 1881, at Cullman. From Cullman he was sent to St. Clair County for two years. He was ordained deacon in November, 1883, and elder in the fall of 1885. He served the charge at Talladega, 1884-1887, and in December of the latter year became pastor of the Glen Addie Methodist Episcopal church at Anniston. Rev.

West served in circuits six years, stations ten years, was agent of the Alabama Methodist Orphanage seven years, and assistant editor of the Alabama "Christian Advocate" nine years. He began the agitation that resulted in the establishment of the Alabama Methodist Orphanage in 1838, and since that time has been connected with the institution. He organized the Alabama Chautauqua Assembly and was its manager for four years. He is a Mason, an Odd Fellow, and a Knight of Pythias. Married: July 15, 1836, at Talladega, to Ava Alice Cowen, daughter of Elijah and Ruth (Stribling) Cowen, who moved from Georgia to Talladega before the War of Secession. Mrs. West's paternal grandmother was a Read, whose mother was an aunt of Gov. Brown of Georgia. She is a descendant of Gov. Sevier, the first governor of Tennessee. The Clarks and Striblings came from Pendleton District, S. C. Children: 1. Paul; 2. Milton, A. B., Birmingham seminary, 1908, teacher; 3. Louise, M. E. L., Birmingham seminary, 1910; 4. Holland; 5. Warren A. Residence: Jacksonville.

WESTBROOK, J. C., business man, was born August 25, 1819, in Sampson County, N. C., deceased. His father was a farmer who moved with his family southward in search of better land in 1827, and located in Fayette County, Ga., where six years later he died. He received a limited education in the common schools of the country, and after his father's death, took charge of the farm. During the latter part of the Creek War, in 1838, he enlisted in the U. S. Army, and was sent to Fort Scudder, Cherokee County, Ga., where the troops were disbanded. In 1839 he was employed by a clock manufacturer as traveling agent, and in the fall of 1840 emigrated to Tallapoosa County, where he opened a farm, established a grist and saw mill, run by water power, and carried on a mercantile business on a small scale. He moved to Birmingham in 1833, where for ten years he had been a dealer in real estate, and entered more largely into the business of buying and selling land. In addition to his real estate operations, he engaged in mercantile business in the produce line, and was a practical coal miner. He was president of the Western Valley Street Railway, and a director in the Birmingham Agricultural Works. Married: in November, 1840, to Elizabeth A. Lambert, of Tallapoosa County, whose family had come to Alabama in that year. Children: four daughters, who all were married, and one son, deceased. Last residence: Birmingham.

WESTCOTT, CHARLES RUSSELL, business man, was born February 5, 1863, in Montgomery, and died June 5, 1906, in the same city; son of William R. and Mary A. W. (Russell) Westcott, of Montgomery. He was educated in the schools of Montgomery and graduated, A. B., from the University of Alabama, in 1884. For a few years he was a traveling salesman and in 1889 entered the grocery business which he continued until his death. He was a Mason. Married: to Jeanetta B., daughter of Sven J. and Margaret H. (O'Neal) Anderson (q. v.). Children: 1. William; 2. Jeanetta; 3. John; 4.

Mary Russell; 5. Leona. Last residence: Montgomery.

WESTMORELAND, THEOPHILUS, physician, was born November 21, 1834, in Giles County, Tenn., deceased. He was educated primarily at Pulaski, Tenn., and was graduated in medicine at Nashville, Tenn., in 1855. Immediately after leaving college he began to practice medicine in Giles County. Later he located in Pulaski for a few years, and in 1879 settled at Athens. In 1880 he established a drug store in connection with his practice. In addition to his profession he engaged in farming, and served one term as mayor of Athens. During the War of Secession he went into the C. S. Army as surgeon of the Fifty-third Tennessee infantry regiment, 1861, and afterwards was made chief surgeon of Gen. Quarles's brigade, in which position he served until the close of the war. He was captured at Fort Donelson, and with two other physicians, made his escape. He served in the Western army and on duty at Port Hudson, Dalton, and many other places during the war, and, at the time of the surrender, was stationed at Bentonville, N. C. Married: (1) in 1862, at Gilbertsboro, to Eunice Nelson, who died in 1884, daughter of Louis Nelson, a merchant and planter of Gilbertsboro; (2) July 29, 1879, at Athens, to May F. Lane, daughter of Judge George W. Lane of Huntsville, who was for some years judge of the circuit court, and was appointed U. S. district judge by President Buchanan, and was continued in that office by President Lincoln. Children, by first marriage: 1. a daughter, d. in 1884; 2. Mrs. Vandegrift of Athens; 3. Hawkins Davenport, physician, M. D., Vanderbilt university, 1892, interne in a New York hospital, 1892-1894, m. Lucille Cobb Fowkes, residence, Huntsville; by second marriage: 4. Frank Grant; 5. Pattie Lane. Last residence: Athens.

WESTON, ROBERT, *soldier of the American Revolution*. Robert Weston, a soldier from North Carolina, is buried at "Shady Grove," Sumter County, Ala. His tomb records simply his birth and death and "A Revolutionary Soldier." A few brief facts of his history have been furnished by Mrs. M. C. Carpenter, his granddaughter, of Eutaw, Ala. Robert Weston was born in England, August 29, 1763, and died in Sumter County, Alabama, July 21, 1845, aged 81 years, 5 months and 8 days.

He came to America when a mere lad, with his two brothers, Isaac and Frank Weston. Although very young, he fought in the Revolution in North Carolina; was brave and quick-witted; was captured three times and sentenced to death, but made his escape each time through shrewd ability in disguising himself. He married Mary Ogilvie of South Carolina, who was born June 26, 1769, and died January 11, 1845, aged 75 years 5 months and 15 days. The young couple settled in Fairfield District, S. C., where they resided until their children were grown. They had a large family, and many descendants are still living in South Carolina, Alabama, Mississippi and Texas. One son, I. M. Weston, settled in Columbia, S. C., but the

other children all removed to Alabama. Naturally the old couple followed their children and came to Sumter County, Ala., in 1833, where they purchased a home near their children and spent their old age in peace and contentment surrounded by children and grandchildren. Robert Weston was a man of intelligence and excellent education and his grandchildren remember him with the deepest affection and respect. His thrilling stories of Revolutionary times are yet remembered and told in the family.—Mrs. P. H. Mell, in *Alabama Historical Society Transactions*, vol. iv, pp. 568-569.

WESTON, WASHINGTON, R., business man, was born in Weston, Ga., March 24, 1847; son of Joseph L. and Elizabeth (Rose) Weston, the latter the niece of Howell Rose (q. v.). He left school in 1861 to enlist in the C. S. Army; was soon appointed lieutenant on the staff of Gen. W. H. T. Walker; later he joined Cutts' artillery and because of his youth was detached as mail-carrier for the command. In the Seven Days battle around Richmond he was run over by a caisson and so seriously injured as to cause his discharge from the service. Later, however, he re-enlisted as a private in the 64th Georgia regiment; and in 1864 was captured and sent to Washington, "where he subsequently took the oath of allegiance, and remained at the North until the close of the war." After the close of hostilities he engaged in railroad building, manufacturing, orange-growing, milling and merchandising. In 1886 he removed to Sheffield, where he became one of the incorporators of the Sheffield manufacturing company, serving as secretary, treasurer and business manager; served in the same capacity for the Sheffield ice company; and aided in the development of other industries. He was the first treasurer of the city of Sheffield. He is a Methodist; a Mason and a Knight of Honor. Residence: Sheffield.

WETMORE, THOMAS BADGER, lawyer, was born April 7, 1821, at Newbern, Craven County, N. C., and died March 8, 1894, at Birmingham; son of Ichabod and Elizabeth Ann (Badger) Wetmore, the former a native of Middletown, Middlesex County, Conn., who moved from that place to Newbern, N. C., then to Fayetteville, N. C., and was for many years cashier of the State Bank of North Carolina, at Fayetteville, N. C., the latter a sister of Hon. George E. Badger, a Yale graduate, a lawyer, who was a member of the North Carolina legislature in 1816, was judge of the superior court, 1820-1825, was secretary of the navy under President Harrison, and served two terms as U. S. senator; grandson of Ichabod and Elizabeth (Christophers) Wetmore, of New London, Conn., the former who followed the sea in early life and became master of a merchant vessel, and of Thomas and Lydia (Cogdell) Badger, of Newbern, N. C., the former a native of Windham, Conn., who settled in North Carolina, where he was married; great-grandson of Jeremiah Wetmore, who inherited a large landed property from his father and his grandfather, Rev. Samuel Stow, and of Richard Cog-

dell, of Newbern, N. C.; great-great-grandson of Israhiah Wetmore, a magistrate of Middletown, Conn., and deputy to the general court, 1721-1728, and of Christopher and Elisabeth (Brewster) Christophers; great-great-great-grandson of Thomas Wetmore, whose name originally was Whitmore, who was born in England in 1615, came to America in 1635, married Sarah, daughter of John and Ann (Willock) Hall, and died December 11, 1681, and of Jonathan Brewster; great-great-great-grandson of Elder William Brewster, of Mayflower fame. Mr. Wetmore received his early schooling at Fayetteville, N. C., and was graduated with distinction from the University of North Carolina, in 1841. He studied law in Fayetteville, N. C., under his uncle, George E. Badger, was admitted to the bar, and began the practice of law in Livingston, about 1844. He practiced law at different times with William H. Green, Robert H. Smith, Joseph G. Baldwin, Edward W. Smith, and Gen. E. W. Pettus. He was justice of the peace of Livingston in 1848 and later in life moved to Birmingham. At the beginning of the War of Secession he volunteered and was stationed at Fort Morgan. By special appointment, he was provost marshal at Selma to the date Selma was taken in 1865. At the close of the war he was corporal of home guards of Selma, and orderly sergeant at the battle of Selma. He was a Democrat; was first an Episcopalian and later a Roman Catholic; was a Mason. Married: December 28, 1864, in Livingston, to Octavia Trueheart Hill, daughter of Gen. James Twyman and Maria Trueheart (Gibbs) Hill, of Livingston; granddaughter of Capt. Ambrose Powell and Frances (Twyman) Hill, who lived at Millwood, a large estate in Culpeper County, Va., the former of whom represented his county for twenty-three consecutive terms in the State legislature, and of Charles Richardson and Mary Garland (Trueheart) Gibbs, of Hanover County, Va.; great-granddaughter of Churchill Gibbs, who joined the Revolutionary Army at the outbreak of war in 1776, and fought through the war then, because of the political action of his brother Zachary, who fought in the British Army, dropped the "e" from his name; great-great-granddaughter of Col. Henry and Anne (Powell) Hill, the former who served more than three years as an officer under Light Horse Harry Lee in the Revolution, and of John Gibbes of Norman blood, who lived in Kent, England; married an Englishwoman named Churchill, and emigrated to Virginia; great-great-great-granddaughter of William Russell and Anne (Towles) Hill. Mrs. Wetmore was a niece of Gen. A. P. Hill, who served with Lee in the War of Secession. Children: 1. Robert Smith, m. Clara Williams; 2. Richmond Pearson, d. January 30, 1912, lawyer, register, Sumter County, 1888, secretary and treasurer, Livingston, 1887-1888, tax commissioner, Jefferson County, 1899-1901, m. Laura Ledelle Lide; 3. James Hill; 4. Laura Holmes, m. Marion Montgomery Stone. Last residence: Birmingham.

WHARTON, HENRY M., author and writer; living in 1913. Residence: Philadelphia, Pa.

WHARTON, MORTON BRYAN, Baptist minister, for a number of years a resident of Alabama, was born in Orange County, Va., April 5, 1839, and died in 1908; son of Malcolm H. and Susan Robert (Colvin) Wharton. Dr. Wharton attended Orange academy, 1854; Culpeper academy, 1855; A. B., Richmond college, Va., 1861; University of Virginia military school, 1861; and received the honorary degree of D. D., Washington and Lee university, 1875, and LL. D., University of Alabama, 1906. He was a Confederate soldier, serving as clerk to Maj. A. M. Barbour, chief quartermaster to Gen. Joseph E. Johnston, 1861-62. He was ordained a Baptist minister, 1862, served churches in Tennessee, Kentucky, Georgia, Virginia and Alabama; was pastor First Baptist church, Eufaula, 1867-72 and 1900-1908; U. S. consul, Sonneberg, Germany, 1881-83; editor, "Christian Index," Atlanta, Ga.; pastor First Baptist church, Montgomery, 1884-91; and returned to the First Baptist church, Eufaula, 1900. Author: "European notes," 1884; "Famous women of the Old Testament," 1889; "Famous women of the New Testament," 1890; "Pictures from a parlor," 1898; "Famous men of the Old Testament"; "Sacred songs to popular airs," 1904. Married: August 2, 1864, in Lee County, Ga., to Mary Belle Irwin. Among their children was Morton Bryan, jr., lawyer and merchant, of Graham, N. C., who was a student at the University of Alabama, 1885, and married April 30, 1890, to Kittie Mebane Holt, of Graham. Last residence: Eufaula.

WHATLEY, GEORGE CRAGHN, lawyer, member Alabama constitutional convention of 1861, and soldier, was born January 21, 1821, near Cedartown, Ga., and was killed in the battle of Sharpsburg, September 17, 1862, while in command of his regiment; son of Wilson and Sallie (Heard) Whatley, Georgians; grandson of Thomas and Elizabeth (Fitzpatrick) Heard, the former captain of a company raised by Washington for Revolutionary service and known as 'Washington's Own'; great-grandson of Stephen and Mary (Falkner) Heard; great-grandson of John Heard, Earl of Tyrone, Ireland, who an account of some trouble with the Irish minister emigrated with his five sons, 1719, to Hanover County, Va. The Heards were of English origin, who, for service rendered to Cromwell, received land grants in Ireland. Mr. Whatley was educated in the common schools of Cedartown, Ga., and graduated from the University of Georgia in 1844 with first honors; read law under Judge Thomas A. Walker in Jacksonville, and was admitted to the bar, practicing in all the courts of the state until his death. He served in the State legislature from Calhoun County, 1849; was a member of the constitutional convention of 1861; introduced the first resolutions that led to the secession of the State, and voted for the ordinance of secession. He entered the C. S. Army, February 22, 1861, as first lieutenant, Co. G, 10th Alabama Infantry regiment; was promoted captain June 4, 1862; and killed in action, September 17, 1862, at the battle of Sharpsburg. He was a Democrat and Baptist.

Married: (1) in 1845, to Ann Crook; (2) November 27, 1855, in Talladega County, to Cynthia, daughter of Sterling Gresham and Sarena Ann (Borders) Jenkins, of that place; granddaughter of John and Cynthia (Knox) Borders; great-granddaughter of Samuel Knox of Rowan County, N. C., a captain in the Revolutionary War. Children: by the first wife, 1. Ann, m. Dr. John Crook; by the second wife, 2. Eula, m. David Griffin; 3. George C., jr., Birmingham. Last residence: Jacksonville.

WHATLEY, THOMAS JEFFERSON, farmer, live stock dealer, and legislator, was born December 19, 1869, near Otho, Henry County; son of Joseph Tyson and Winnie (Nordan) Whatley, both of Henry County; grandson of William Blank and Jane (Davis) Whatley, and of Elisha and Sarah (Ward) Nordan, all of Henry County. He was educated in the schools of Lawrenceville. He is a farmer, dealer in live stock and lumber. He represented Henry County in the legislature of 1911. He is a Democrat; Baptist; Mason; Knight Templar; Shriner; and an Elk. Married: November 6, 1890, to Nannie M., daughter of Robert B. and Amanda (Henderson) Peterson, of Ft. Gaines, Ga. Children: 1. Thomas J., jr.; 2. Gladys. Residence: Dothan.

WHEELER, JOSEPH, lawyer, planter, author, member of congress, lieutenant-general, C. S. Army, major-general volunteers, U. S. Army, and brigadier general, U. S. Army, was born September 10, 1836, at Augusta, Ga., died January 26, 1906, in Brooklyn, N. Y., and is buried in Arlington cemetery, Washington, D. C.; son of Joseph and Julia Knox (Hull) Wheeler, the former a native of Derby, Conn., planter and banker, who when quite young moved to Augusta, Ga.; grandson of Joseph and Lucy (Smith) Wheeler of Connecticut, and of Col. William and Sarah (Fuller) Hull of Massachusetts, the former a Revolutionary officer who received the thanks of congress for his distinguished military services on several battle fields and in the storming of Stony Point. The founder of the family in America was Moses Wheeler, a native of Kent County, England, who was born in 1598, migrated to Connecticut in 1638, locating first at New Haven and removing ten years later to Stratford where he became an extensive land owner and man of affairs. He died at the age of one hundred. His wife was Miriam Hawley. Their son, Moses, married Sarah Nichols and the grandson, Samuel, married Mary Brinsmade. When five years of age General Wheeler's mother died, and soon afterwards his father's fortune was lost by going surety for friends. The lad was sent to a maternal uncle in Connecticut, and received his preparatory education at Cheshire, that state. He was appointed to the U. S. military academy, West Point, by a New York congressman, and had the full course, five years at that time, at that institution, graduating in 1859. He was made brevet second lieutenant, 1st regiment of dragoons, and assigned to duty at the cavalry school, Carlisle, Pa. He served at army posts in Kansas and New Mexico until 1861. At the time he wrote his brother, Capt.

William H. Wheeler, of Georgia, who later lost his life in the service: "Much as I love the Union, much as I am attached to my profession, all will be given up when my State, by its action, shows that such a course is necessary and proper. If Georgia withdraws and becomes a separate State, I can not, with propriety, and justice to my people, hesitate in resigning my commission." In March, 1861, he returned to Augusta, where he was at once commissioned as first lieutenant of artillery in the Confederate Army and stationed at Pensacola, Fla. The volunteer officers and men who were assembling in camp on the southern coast were wholly untrained for military duty, coming as they did from law offices, banks, stores and farms, so he was at once found valuable in erecting batteries and fortifications, drilling regiments and instructing companies in artillery practice. He was soon recommended to President Jefferson Davis for promotion, among his advocates being General Bragg. Early in the summer he was promoted to the rank of colonel, and given command of the 19th Alabama infantry, which he led at the battle of Shiloh. Following this engagement he was promoted to brigadier-general. Later he was given the task of reorganizing the cavalry of the Army of the Mississippi, and in that branch of the service won his fame as one of the greatest cavalymen of all wars. He was commended by his commanding generals for "gallantry and skill" in the battles of Shiloh, Perryville, Murfreesboro, Tullahoma, Chickamauga, Ringgold, Dalton, Resaca, Adairsville, Cassville, Pickett's Mill, Kenesaw Mountain, Peach Tree Creek, Decatur, the battles around Atlanta and the battles of Averysboro and Bentonville. During the four years of the War of Secession he was in five hundred skirmishes and commanded in one hundred and twenty-seven battles, many of which were severe, and successful to the Southern cause. Two horses were killed under him in the battle of Shiloh, and during other battles a total of sixteen horses were shot and killed while he was riding them. Thirty-six staff officers fell by his side, eight of whom were killed, the others wounded. He received the thanks of the Confederate government for his "skill and gallantry in battle," and was thanked by South Carolina for his "brave and successful defense of the city of Aiken." During April and May, 1862, he commanded the troops in front of Corinth. He was ordered, with his brigade, by General Bragg, into western Tennessee to mislead the enemy and prevent the advance on Tupelo. Enroute he attacked the Union outposts, and fought a number of skirmishes. He placed himself in General Buell's path and delayed the advance of the Union Army upon Louisville until Bragg could reach Munfordville and capture the Federal post at that place. He commanded the cavalry at Perryville, October 8, 1862; was appointed chief of cavalry, and fought twenty-six engagements in thirteen days; promoted brigadier-general, October 30, 1862; commanded all of the Confederate cavalry engaged at Stone's River; promoted major-general, January 19, 1863; commanded a corps of cavalry in the battle of Chickamauga, September 19-20, 1863; stormed and captured the fortifica-

tion at McMinnville and destroyed the vast depots of supplies stored there, followed by the destruction of the railroad track upon Rosecrank's line of communication between Nashville and Chattanooga; covered Bragg's retreat from Missionary Ridge, and fought at the battle of Ringgold. In May, 1864, he became the senior cavalry general of the Confederate armies. He defeated a large cavalry force at Vernell's station, capturing General La Grange and several hundred prisoners; fought at Dalton, Dug Gap, Snake Creek Gap, Resaca, Adairsville, Cass Station, New Hope, and Pickett's Mill, all from May 9th to 27th. He fought with his men, almost continuously during June and July, in the latter month penetrating Sherman's rear and capturing trains, prisoners and a large amount of property; defeated in skirmishes a raiding column of cavalry, ten thousand strong, commanded by Garrard, Stoneman and McCook, capturing 2,300 prisoners, with their horses and military property; participated in raids through Georgia and Tennessee, destroying railroads over which General Sherman expected to pass, contesting that invader's march to the sea through the Carolinas. He was nominated lieutenant-general on January 27, 1863, and the appointment confirmed, February 4, 1864. His last big battle was fought at Bentonville, N. C., March 18, 1865. "Wheeler's leap" from the bank into Duck River is as famous and daring an episode of warfare, as was "Weatherford's leap" into the Alabama River or Israel Putnam's plunge down "the stairs" at Horseneck. The story of his effort to reach General Forrest, who was advancing with two brigades, upon Shelbyville, whither he had been ordered to form a junction with Wheeler, and where the Confederates and Federals were engaged in battle, to inform him that the Federals were already in the outskirts of the town and the bridge in their hands has been saved to history by several chroniclers. This was but one of the many picturesque and daring acts of the little general's military career, but one that appeals to the imagination and establishes him among the fearless heroes of an heroic age. In the fight at Shelbyville he was the admiration of the opposing forces for his intrepid courage. While General Wheeler was not an Alabamian at that time, he led the Alabama regiments of Russell, Hagan, Morgan, Hannon, Malone, Blakey, Reese, Hunter, and nearly all the mounted commands of the State that were not under General Roddy. Gen. Joseph E. Johnston, wrote President Davis, in recommending Wheeler's promotion: "It is needless to remind you of the fidelity, zeal, courage and success with which General Wheeler has commanded his corps." General Hardee at the same time wrote the Confederate president: "I have not met any one in the war more devoted to the cause, or any one more zealous, conscientious, and faithful in the discharge of his duties." Gen. Robert E. Lee said after the war: "The two ablest cavalry officers which the war developed were General J. E. B. Stuart of Virginia, and General Joseph Wheeler, of the Army of Tennessee." Col. John S. Prather who commanded the 8th Confederate regiment said of him: "He had those great qualities that made a soldier fear-

less in his duty, gentle in character. The men under him worshipped him. He also had a rare combination of qualities in that he was fearless and dashing and yet prudent with his men. He did not march them into unnecessary slaughter, and yet he knew where the necessity came for aggressive action." He was always in the front with his men, or the last to leave the scene in protecting his troops when withdrawing from pursuit or protecting a retreat. General Wheeler's soldierly achievements during the War of Secession are all the more remarkable when his youth is taken into consideration. At twenty-two he was a second lieutenant in the U. S. Army, at twenty-four a colonel in the Confederate Army, the next year a brigadier-general and then major-general, at twenty-six a corps commander and at twenty-eight a lieutenant-general. General Hood in his memoirs said that had it not been for General Wheeler and his cavalry, Johnston's army never could have reached Kenesaw Mountain. He covered General Johnston's retreat from Chattanooga to Atlanta, and held Sherman's army in check for ten and twelve days at a time. On July 22, 1864, he captured a wagon train in the town of Decatur, Ga., behind the lines of General Sherman's army, thereby furnishing enough provisions for Johnston's hungry Confederates for several days. After General Wheeler's death memorial services were held for him by War of Secession organizations of both northern and southern survivors, in which he was many times declared by speakers to have been the ideal cavalryman of all great wars. Without doubt he stood in the front rank of the world's great generals, and in his conduct in battle displayed courage in its most concentrated form. At the memorial services held in Atlanta, Ga., the meeting was addressed by Corporal James Tanner, at the time commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, the Federal veteran's association, who paid not only a fitting tribute of appreciation of General Wheeler's military abilities but also made a graceful acknowledgment of the high patriotism which actuated the Confederate soldier. Gen. Clement A. Evans, a distinguished Confederate officer said on that occasion: "General Wheeler was a true type of the patriotic soldier of our free nation, whose sword is never drawn except at the call of duty and always sheathed when that duty has been discharged. His military services were mainly in the Confederate Army, and can be learned only in the history of the Confederate War. His subsequent services gave him signal reputation, and they set new, but not richer brilliants in the crown of his Confederate fame."

After the surrender General Wheeler spent three years in New Orleans in the commission business. In 1869 he removed to Alabama and located upon his large plantation, in Lawrence County, where he conducted extensive agricultural activities and practised law. In 1880, he was elected to congress from the eighth district. His seat was contested by Mr. William Lowe, and in June, 1882, he was unseated. He was again elected in 1884, and to all successive congresses until his voluntary retirement in 1899 following a re-election to office. At the

outbreak of war between the United States and Spain, the Island of Cuba, then under Spanish rule, affording the cause and the battle ground, General Wheeler, then in congress offered his sword to the government. Throughout the north there was heard scattering expressions of distrust of Southern loyalty, highly offensive to all survivors of the Confederate Army, whose sensibilities were wounded by intimations of distrust of their fidelity in the terms of surrender or to the government. When reminded that there then stood upon the statute books of the nation a law prohibiting any man who had borne a commission in the Confederate Army from holding one in the army of the United States, General Wheeler made the response that he "reckoned that there would be plenty of room in the ranks." On May 4, 1898, when sixty-two years of age he was commissioned major-general of volunteers, and was assigned to the command of the cavalry division of the U. S. Army and sent to Cuba. He was senior officer in command of the field at San Juan, July 1-2; senior member of the commission that negotiated the surrender of Santiago; was assigned to the command of the U. S. forces at Montauk, N. Y., October, 1898, and made commander of the 4th army corps. In "The South in the building of the Nation," it is said: "When the war with Spain broke out he (Gen. Wheeler) was made a major-general of volunteers. At Santiago, despite an order from General Shafter to fall back, he pressed forward to victory. It was told of him that at the height of the battle he exclaimed, 'Charge them, boys, the Yankees are running,' but immediately correcting himself he said, 'No, I mean that the Spaniards are running, and both Yankees and Rebels must charge them.' He was given full credit for that victory. On his return to this country he had many receptions and made many speeches in which he warmly advocated the cordial friendship between 'the once belligerent but now fraternal sections of our common country.'" On April 12, 1899, he was honorably discharged from the service, but three days later was commissioned as brigadier-general of volunteers, commanding the 1st brigade, 2nd division, 8th corps, Philippine Islands. The fall of that year found him in the orient with the American Army aiding in the pacification of the Filipinos, those islands then being under the stars and stripes. General Wheeler's services in the Philippine Islands, whither he was sent at his own urgent request by President McKinley, were distinguished by the same qualities of judgment, courage and dash as in his military career on other scenes of strife. In part 8, vol. 1, "Annual report of the War Department for 1900," will be found the full story of his part in that period of history. General Wheeler's report at this time disclosed his disappointments at being held back, and his opinion of the slowness of the movement and the cumbersomeness of the plans which guided it. Lengthy tactical orders from General McArthur's headquarters, after two months of fruitless scouting, during the period preceding the taking of Mabalacat, a deserted town when finally captured, invoked

the old Confederate cavalryman's complete disgust. This was not his way of dealing with an enemy, and he dared to express his opinions of the Philippine campaign to the war department and to the president. An incident of the campaign is typical: having been ordered by General McArthur to march his foot troops to a given point within a certain time with rest periods designated, General Wheeler took issue with his superior officer, explained his own methods, and upon McArthur's declaration that such a course would incapacitate the men for two weeks, demonstrated his views. The little General dismounted his horse, placed a sick soldier upon it, took the gun from another sick soldier, and with his old cry, "Come on, boys," led the march afoot over the rough island roads, overtook the cavalry and bringing up his men in fine shape, ready for battle if need be. If he needed to know what was on the other side of a river, and there were no bridges, he swam across. When the railroad was washed away, he built pontoon bridges, and got more supplies across than his orders called for. On June 16, 1900, he was appointed brigadier-general, U. S. Army, and was assigned to the command of the department of the lakes until his retirement in September of that year. Author: "Account of Kentucky campaign," 1862; "Cavalry tactics," 1863; "Military history of Alabama," "History of Santiago campaign," 1898; "History of Cuba, 1496-1899," 1899; eight volumes of congressional speeches, 1883-98; "History of the effect upon civilization of the wars of the 9th century," "Report on the Island of Guam," "Wheeler genealogy," 1903, compiled by General Wheeler and his wife; monographs upon the lives of Admiral Dewey, William McKinley, "Stonewall" Jackson and Theodore Roosevelt. He also made extensive historical and political contributions to current magazines. Married: February 8, 1866, at her father's plantation home, to Daniella, widow of Benjamin Sherrod, and daughter of Col. Richard and Lucy W. (Early) Jones, who lived near Muscle Shoals on the Tennessee River. Children: 1. Joseph Wheeler, jr., graduate of West Point, an artillery officer in the U. S. Army; 2. Lucy Louise; 3. Annie Early, volunteer nurse during the Spanish-American War and called by the men in the hospitals, "the army angel;" 4. Ella, d. in childhood; 5. Julia Knox; 6. Carrie Peyton; 7. Thomas Harrison, naval cadet, drowned at Camp Montauk, N. Y., 1899. Last residence: Wheeler Station.

WHEELER, W. C., physician, was born June 28, 1842, in Tishomingo County, Miss.; son of Thomas M. and Sarah J. (Pearsall) Wheeler, of Kentucky, who came to Alabama in 1840. Dr. Wheeler was educated in the schools of Colbert County, of which he became a resident at three years of age. He graduated from the Nashville medical college, March, 1862, and the following day entered the service of the Confederate Army; had charge of the hospital at Nashville until the capture of that city by the Federals; joined Ferrell's battalion of artillery, Forrest's command, and served until the close of the war. He practiced his profession in

Cherokee, Colbert County, until 1890, when he located in Huntsville. He was secretary of the North Alabama medical society; member of Colbert County medical society; vice-president of the State medical society in 1890, and health officer of Madison County. He is a Mason, Knight of Pythias; Odd Fellow; Knight of Honor; a Democrat and a Methodist. Married: (1) in 1867, at Cherokee, to Louise, daughter of P. J. Smith; (2) in 1877, at Tusculumbia, to Mollie Giles. Children by the first wife: 1. B. Camp; 2. Minnie; by second wife: 3. George M.; 4. Maud I. Residence: Huntsville.

WHELOCK, CHARLES, architect, was born December 12, 1833, at Charlestown, Mass., died September 24, 1910, at Alameda, Calif., and is buried in Birmingham. During the War of Secession he served as captain in the 97th New York volunteers, U. S. Army. After the war he located in Emporia, Kans., and was its first mayor; removed to Texas, and later to Las Vegas, New Mexico, finally, 1882, locating in Birmingham where he became one of the leading architects. He was a Mason. Married: in 1853, to Eliza Manchester, of Boonville, N. Y. Children: Charles F., deceased; 2. George F. (q. v.); 3. Jesse Manchester; 4. Harry Bert; 5. Mary. Last residence: Birmingham.

WHELOCK, GEORGE F., business man, was born March 7, 1857, at Boonville, N. Y., and died March 26, 1904, in Birmingham; son of Charles and Eliza (Manchester) Wheelock (q. v.). He lived for eighteen years in the West before locating in Birmingham in 1887, where he engaged in the manufacturing business. He was an Episcopalian and a Mason. Married: in 1882, at Las Vegas, N. M., to Addie M. Roberts, of Corry, Penn. Last residence: Birmingham.

WHELAN, CHARLES, physician, was born May 26, 1841, at Greensboro, and died October 25, 1897, in Birmingham; son of Charles and Adeline T. Whelan, of Greensboro, the former a native of County Wexford, Ireland, the latter of Winnsboro, S. C. He received his early training at a preparatory school at Asheville, N. C., taught by Col. Stephen Lee; spent two years at Spring Hill college, near Mobile; and finished his collegiate course at Georgetown college, Washington, D. C. He studied medicine in the office of Dr. John H. Parish, of Greensboro; enlisted in the C. S. Army as a private in a company in the Thirty-sixth Alabama infantry regiment, in which he remained until the close of the war; was assigned to duty, after twelve months service, with Dabney H. Herndon, senior surgeon of the brigade, with whom he remained until his capture at Missionary Ridge, November 25, 1863; was detained as prisoner of war at Fort Delaware until October, 1864; was exchanged and sent in charge of the Confederate sick and disabled to Richmond, Va.; attended lectures at the Medical college of Virginia by permission of the surgeon-general until the close of the session; and returned to his regiment at Spanish Fort until the end of the war. He entered the University of Louisiana and was graduated in medicine

in 1866. He located in the canebrake region of Alabama and practiced his profession there until he moved to Birmingham in 1880. He practiced for one year at the latter place in partnership with M. H. Jordan, then conducted his practice alone. He was a member of the state board of censors in 1892, was grand senior counsellor of the Medical Association of the State of Alabama, and was a Roman Catholic. He was author of "Plea for the Unborn Child." Married: to Jane Montague Browder, daughter of Dr. James D. and Juliette (Chapron) Browder, of the canebrake region, the former a physician and planter in Marengo County until his removal to Birmingham in 1880. Children: 1. Charles, city physician of Birmingham, m. Lizzie Steele, daughter of F. A. Steele, and niece of Gen. John C. C. Sanders and Dr. William H. Sanders, state health officer of Alabama; 2. Juliette. Last residence: Birmingham.

WHELESS, LEVI ROBERTSON, farmer and legislator, was born September 10, 1856, at Pleasant Hill, Talbot County, Ga.; son of Levi and Stacey Robertson (Turner) Wheless, of the same place, the former was a soldier in the C. S. Army; grandson of Hardin and Rebecca (Lumpkin) Wheless, of Talbotton, Ga. He was educated in the common schools of Talbot County, and in the high school at Pleasant Hill, Ga. He is a farmer. He was registrar of the county board of education, 1905-06; and served as a member of the house of representatives, 1894-95, 1903 and 1911. He is a Democrat; Baptist; and a Red Man. Married: November 15, 1877, in Talbot County, Ga., to Alice, daughter of James W. and Jerusha F. (Porter) Hancock, of Pleasant Hill, that county. Children: 1. Ethel Mae, m. N. Kimbrough Haines; 2. Frances Porter, m. Walter J. Haines; 3. Coley Eugene; 4. Martha Alice. Residence: Phoenix City.

WHETSTONE, JOHN A., deputy grand master, grand lodge, Masons, 1840.

WHETSTONE, WILLIAM DAVID, merchant and sergeant, C. S. Army, was born January 4, 1842, in Autauga County; son of Lewis Meyers and Sophia (Murph) Whetstone. He enlisted early in 1861 in the Autauga Rifles, which was mustered into the Confederate service as a company of the 6th Alabama infantry regiment, under Col. John J. Seibels. In 1862, he was promoted third sergeant, and fought at Seven Pines, Mechanicsville, Gaines' Mill and Malvern Hill, before Richmond; and next at South Mountain, September 14, 1862, in the desperate combat by which the Federal army was held back to give time for Lee and Jackson to concentrate their separated commands, where he was wounded, captured and sent to Fort Delaware. After his exchange he rejoined the army at Fredericksburg, and continued in the service until December 1863, when at the urgent request of his father he returned home to enter the University of Alabama. He has been a successful merchant in Sylacauga. Married: (1) October 4, 1864, at Prattville, to Lucy A. Rogers; (2) June 30, 1874, at Prattville, to Blanche

McKinsie. Children: four. Last residence: Sylacauga.

WHITAKER, WALTER CLAIBORNE, Episcopal clergyman, was born January 28, 1867, at Lenoir, N. C.; son of Lucius Fletcher and Rowena (Oates) Whitaker. In 1879 he accompanied his parents to Alabama; attended the Alabama polytechnic institute, receiving the degrees of B. A., 1884, and M. A., 1892; D. D., University of the South, Sewanee, Tenn., 1909. He taught at Barton academy, Mobile, 1884-88. He entered the ministry of the Protestant Episcopal church; was ordained deacon, August 12, 1888; priest, February 2, 1891; rector Church of Holy Innocents, Auburn, 1888-91; Holy Comforter church, Montgomery, 1891-93; Christ Church, Tuscaloosa, 1893-1901; removed to Mississippi, and later to North Carolina, and in 1913 was rector of St. John's Church, Knoxville, Tenn. While in Alabama he was clerical deputy of the general convention, Protestant Episcopal church, from this State, 1895-8; member of the standing committee of the Diocese of Alabama, 1900, and editor of the Church Record of Alabama, 1893-1901. Married: March 30, 1891, to Isabel Preston, daughter of Thomas E. and Theodora (Hubert) Royal, of Nottoway County, Va. Residence: Knoxville, Tenn.

WHITBY, THOMAS PORTER, dentist, was born at Fayetteville, Fayette County, Ga., February 24, 1845; son of Rev. Thomas H. and E. M. (Porter) Whitby, natives of South Carolina, who removed to Georgia, and later to Alabama, the former a Methodist minister and farmer. He was reared in Auburn, and educated at the East Alabama male college. He enlisted, while a student, in the Confederate army as a private in Co. D, 37th Alabama infantry regiment and served throughout the war. He was three times wounded but never disabled. After the close of the war he resumed his studies in his alma mater and remained there one year longer, after which he studied dentistry in a private office in Auburn. In 1887 he located at Wetumpka, where he engaged in the practice of his profession. In 1888 he removed to Selma. He was at one time a member of the State board of dental examiners and was made its secretary. He is a member of the Alabama State dental association; a Methodist; Democrat; Mason; and Odd Fellow. His interest in the Methodist orphanage, of which he is trustee, has redounded greatly to the welfare of that institution. Married: February 24, 1870, at Wetumpka, to Eliza J., daughter of David and Flora (Graham) Campbell. Children: 1. Thomas Campbell, m. and lives in Weatherford, Texas, five children; 2. David, dec., m. Julia Higgins, Georgiana, three children; 3. Willie, m. Raymond Kimball, West Virginia, four children; 4. Mary, m. Edward Cothran, Selma; 5. Annie Betty, m. John Crowell, Florence, S. C., one child; 6. John; 7. Mac W., dec. unmarried; 8. Helen, m. William Abney, Mailesville. Residence: Selma.

WHITE, ADDISON, planter, was born May 1, 1824, at Abingdon, Va., and died February 4, 1909, at Huntsville; son of James and Eliza

(Wilson) White, natives of Pennsylvania and Virginia, and of Irish and Scotch Irish descent, respectively, the former who went from Pennsylvania to Baltimore, where for some time he was employed by a wholesale drygoods firm, then went to Abingdon, Va., where he engaged in the mercantile business, was colonel in the War of 1812, became interested in the production of salt, iron and lead, and at the time of his death was in Wythe County, Va.; grandson of William White, a farmer near Carlisle, Pa. He received an academic education at Abingdon, Va., and attended Princeton university, where he was graduated in 1842. He became a resident of Kentucky, and was elected to the Thirty-second congress for the sixth district of that state. At the close of that session of congress, he moved to Huntsville, and engaged in planting in Alabama, Mississippi and Arkansas. Married: In September, 1844, to Sarah Irvine, daughter of Col. David and Susan (McDowell) Irvine, of Richmond, Ky.; granddaughter of Dr. Ephraim McDowell of Kentucky and of Capt. William Irvine of Madison County, Ky., an early settler in that state, who took part in many battles with the Indians, in one of which, the battle of Little Mountain, he received wounds from which he ultimately died; great-granddaughter of Gov. Isaac Shelby, a Revolutionary soldier, who moved from Virginia to Kentucky, and was the first governor of that state. Mrs. White's ancestors came from Scotland and Ireland and settled in Virginia. Children: 1. Alice, m. Dr. G. C. Greenway; 2. Eliza W., m. O. B. Patton; 3. David Irvine (q. v.); 4. Susan McDowell; 5. Newton K.; 6. Shelby, m. Judge Richard W. Walker (q. v.). Last residence: Huntsville.

WHITE, ALEXANDER, representative in congress, was born October 16, 1816, at Franklin, Tenn., and died in Dallas, Tex.; son of Judge John and Abigail (Dickinson) White, the former a native of Jefferson County, Va., who removed to Franklin, Tenn., and later, 1823, settled in Courtland, Lawrence County, was judge of the circuit court in North Alabama, 1825-32, removed to Talladega in 1832, practiced law until his death in 1842; grandnephew of Alexander White, who represented Virginia in the first and second congresses. Alexander White was prepared for a collegiate course at Courtland, where he removed at an early date with his parents. He attended Jackson college, and the University of Tennessee, but left the latter institution, 1836, in his senior year and joined the army of General Jackson, then engaged in the Florida war. He returned to Alabama in 1837, located at Talladega, where he began the study of law and was admitted to the bar in 1838. In 1851 he was elected as a Union Whig to the thirty-second congress; removed to Selma, 1856, and resumed his practice; was for some time in the Confederate service as a member of Hardee's battalion of united infantry; was captured when Selma fell; represented Talladega County in the constitutional convention of 1865; returned to Selma; represented Dallas County in the general assembly, 1872; elected as a Republican to the Forty-third congress; defeated for re-election; ap-

pointed as associate justice of the United States court for the territory of Utah in 1875; returned to Alabama; and in 1876 removed to Dallas, Tex., where he resumed his practice. He was a Presbyterian. Married: (1) in 1838, to Eliza, daughter of Daniel McAuley, of Autauga, (2) in 1855, to Narcissa S. Rodgers, of Wilcox County. Last residence: Dallas, Tex.

WHITE, ANDREW, soldier of the American Revolution, aged 72, and a resident of Lawrence County; private N. C. Militia; enrolled on April 23, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$20.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in Vol. xiv, Sen. Doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Lawrence County, June 1, 1840, aged 78.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

WHITE, CHARLES WILLIAM, merchant, was born July 17, 1856, at Conyers, Newton County, Ga.; son of David Thomas and Sanna (Plunkett) White, the former who was of Irish parentage was born in Buncombe County, N. C., emigrated to Georgia in early life, and during and after the War of Secession represented Newton County in the State legislature, and the latter who was a native of South Carolina, later removing to Georgia; grandson of Robert and Martha Plunkett, who were natives of Ireland. Charles W. White received his education in the common schools of Conyers; engaged for twenty years in the railway construction business; later engaged in merchandising; in 1905 was mayor of Millport; was for five years local editor of the Conyers "Weekly"; and was a member of the State legislature, 1907. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; and an Odd Fellow. Married: on August 20, 1887, at Conyers, to Georgia Langford, daughter of John William and Mildred (Cook) Langford. Children: 1. Samuel Langford; 2. Morie; 3. Georgia; 4. Annie; 5. Charley; 6. Grace; 7. Fannie. Residence: Millport.

WHITE, DAVID IRVINE, lawyer, was born December 17, 1852, at Richmond, Madison County, Ky.; son of Addison and Sarah (Irvine) White (q. v.). He received his early schooling under Dr. Carlos G. Smith at Huntsville, and was graduated from the University of Virginia in 1872. He studied law in the office of Walker & Brickell, at Huntsville, and was admitted to the bar at Huntsville in 1874. He began the practice of law in Huntsville that same year, and has continued his profession in north Alabama. He is a Democrat and an Episcopalian. Married: December 19, 1876, at Huntsville, to Lucy Matthews; daughter of Luke and Lucy A. Matthews, of Huntsville, and a descendant of Gov. Spotswood of Virginia. Children: 1. Luke M., m. Jane Tucker, Montclair, N. J.; 2. David Irvine, jr., Kansas City, Mo.; 3. Addison, Rhodes scholar, 1907-1910, lawyer, Huntsville; 4. Shelby Irvine, m. Julia Watt, Huntsville; 5. Gilbert Greenway, m. Adae May, Mooresville, Limestone County. Residence: Huntsville.

WHITE, DAVID MARION, senator, was born December 21, 1855, in Newton County, Ga.; son of William Darling and Sarah Ann (Green) White, the former was a native of South Carolina, later living at Ashland, Clay County; grandson of William and Sarah Ann White and of William Green, of Virginia. He was educated in the common schools of Clay County; was for twelve years mayor of Goodwater; for eight years a member of the State Democratic executive committee; and for twenty-five years a member of congressional, senatorial and county committees. He was State senator from the thirty-fourth district in the legislature of 1907. He is a Methodist; Knight of Pythias; and Knight of Honor. Married: April 14, 1893, at Goodwater, to Annie, daughter of Dr. Charles Mercer and Ann (Haseltine) Pope, of that place. Residence: Goodwater.

WHITE, DEWITT CLINTON, editor and publisher, was born September 14, 1829, in Franklin County, deceased; son of Nelson H. and Mary (Pope) White, both natives of Virginia, the former who came to Alabama in 1817, settled in Franklin County, where he farmed for several years, later taught school and kept hotels at Tuscumbia and Moulton until 1855, and became editor in chief of the "Moulton Advertiser," which position he held until his death in 1863; grandson of John and Patsey White, and Thomas and Sarah B. Pope, all of Virginia. The White family is of English and Scotch descent. Mr. White was reared in Alabama, and received his education in the public and private schools of the state. He entered the newspaper business and eventually became editor of the "Moulton Advertiser," in which position he remained for about half a century. He served for eleven years as superintendent of education for Franklin County, 1871-1882. During the War of Secession he enlisted in the C. S. Army, in Co. F, Sixteenth Alabama infantry regiment, and served as sergeant of his company. In 1863 he was commissioned by Gov. Thomas H. Watts to raise a battalion in Lowndes County, and succeeded in raising nine companies, but the war closed before his battalion went into active service. He was a Democrat, a Royal Arch Mason, and a member of the Christian church. Married: in 1851, to Mary E. Long, daughter of Abram Long of Alabama. Last residence: Franklin County.

WHITE, ELIJAH, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 78, resided in Franklin County, June 1, 1840, with Samuel B. White.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 1848.

WHITE, FRANCIS (FRANK) S., lawyer, U. S. senator, was born March 13, 1847, at Prairie Point, Noxubee County, Miss.; son of Kelley and Margaret (Shelley) White, the former a native of Trinity, Randolph County, N. C., who lived there until reaching manhood, when he removed to Monroe County, Miss., from thence to Itawamba County, and later to Noxubee County, where he resided until 1863, after which he moved first to Oktibbeha County and finally to Clay County, where he died; grand-

son of William and Mary (Elder) White of Randolph County, N. C., the former of English, the latter of Irish origin, and of Francis and Nancy (Brown) Shelley, both of Irish ancestry, who lived in Guilford County, N. C., until their removal to Monroe County, Miss.; great-grandson of Thomas White of Randolph County, N. C. Among his ancestry were several Revolutionary soldiers. He received his early education in the common schools of his native county, and attended preparatory schools of Oktibbeha County, but did not attend college. He read law in the office of William B. Brack, West Point, Miss., and entered upon the practice at that place in 1868, where he remained until 1886 when he removed to Birmingham and continued the practice of his profession. He was a member of the legislature of Mississippi, being elected in 1875, in the political revolution that overthrew carpet bag government in his state; chairman of the committee to investigate the conduct of Lieut. Gov. A. K. Davis and presented articles of impeachment to the house of representatives which preferred articles against the official, and Mr. White was appointed chairman of the committee of managers of the prosecution before the senate, resulting in conviction and removal from office. He also aided in the prosecution of Gov. Adelbert Ames and other State officials; again served in the Mississippi legislature, 1882-83; nominated to Alabama constitutional convention, 1899, from Jefferson County, but the legislature repealed the act, and the convention was not held; chairman State Democratic committee, 1909-10; president, State bar association, 1912-13; campaign manager for Senator John T. Morgan, 1889-1900, and chairman of the speakers bureau in the campaign; chairman state wide committee that had charge of the campaign that effected the nomination of Hon. B. B. Comer, as governor of Alabama; helped organize the movement to take convicts from the mines and lumber camps of the State, and for the improvement of their condition and was chairman of the association formed for that purpose; one of four delegates from Alabama to the Democratic National convention held in Kansas City, 1900; chairman of the Democratic State convention, 1900; member of the constitutional convention of 1901, being one of four members from the State-at-large, and was a member of the committee on harmony and consistency, and on male suffrage, woman's suffrage at that time not being an issue. He was nominated in the Democratic primary election, April 7, 1914, as U. S. Senator, to fill the unexpired term of Senator Joseph F. Johnston, having for opponents Hon. Ray Rushton of Montgomery, and Hon. Watt Brown of Ragland, St. Clair County, his vote being 81,482, and in May, 1914, was elected without opposition, his office to expire, March 3, 1915, being the first U. S. Senator in Alabama elected from Alabama by a direct vote of the people. In 1918, entered the race against Senator John Hollis Bankhead, who was a candidate to succeed himself, and was defeated. He again ran, May 11, 1920, against J. Thomas Heflin to succeed Senator Bankhead, who had died in office with five years of his term to yet expire, and was again defeated. He was a

private in the Confederate Army, member of Co. F, 1st Mississippi cavalry, composed of men from Noxubee County, Miss. and Pickens County, Ala., with L. M. Cravens, captain, Richard Pinson, as colonel. Gen. Frank Armstrong commanded the brigade to which the regiment belonged with General Chalmers, division commander, and all under the command of Gen. Nathan Bedford Forrest. He was captured at the battle of Selma. He is a Democrat; a Baptist; an Odd Fellow; Knight of Pythias, and the Maccabees. Married: May 22, 1873, in West Point, Miss., to Octavia Anna, daughter of James M. and Anna Eliza (Murray) Collins, who lived at that place; granddaughter of Isaac and Elizabeth (Mumford) Collins, the former a native of North Carolina who located in Mississippi, the latter from Lincoln County, Ga.; great-granddaughter of David Murray, a native of Virginia, who migrated to Lincoln County, Ga., and in 1845, located in Talladega County, a soldier of the American Revolution, and descendant of one of the Murray clan of Scotland. Her maternal grandmother was a Walton, born in Virginia, and removed to Georgia, was a niece of George Walton, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence. The celebrated Madam Le Vert was her cousin. Children: 1. Murray C., m. Willie Kirk Ware; 2. William T., lawyer, unm.; 3. Frank S., jr., lawyer, unm.; 4. Marguerite, unm. 5. Walter O. died in infancy. All reside in Birmingham. Residence: Birmingham.

WHITE, GEORGE PHILLIPS, planter, was born July 20, 1847, near Uniontown, Perry County; son of George M. and Nancy McDavid (Morgan) White, the former who was a native of Granville County, N. C., later removed to Perry County, near Uniontown, and engaged in farming; grandson of Joshua White and of William M. and Margaret (Cunningham) Morgan of Laurens district, S. C.; great-grandson of James Dorroh, who was born in County Antrim, Ireland, came to America a short time after the Revolution, settled in Laurens County, S. C. The ancestors of the White family were English, coming to this country a short time before the Revolutionary War. George P. White received his primary education in the old field schools; attended the Southern university at Greensboro, 1865-66; engaged in farming and cotton buying; was tax collector of Perry County, 1880-88; represented that county in the legislature, 1890-91, 1892-93, and again in 1907; was county commissioner, 1896-1900. He served in Selden's battery during the War of Secession and was paroled at Meridian, Miss., May, 1865. He is a Democrat, has served on the Democratic executive committee of his county; is an elder in the Presbyterian church; and a Mason. Married: (1) on May 5, 1870, at Marion, to Mary Elizabeth Bailey, who died January 22, 1902, daughter of James Francis and Ellen Amanda (Moseley) Bailey; (2) to Mrs. Nannie (Ezelle) Bates, daughter of Robert L. and Annie (Morris) Ezelle, of Clarke County. Children: by first marriage, 1. Fannie Bell, m. Isaac N. Underwood; 2. James Bailey, m. Berta Jones; 3. George Morgan, m. Mary Roark; 4. Hugh Lee, deceased; 5. Henry

Phillips; 6. John Gwin, m. Addie Morgan; 7. Ruby, m. Ford King; 8. Thomas R.; 9. Stanley; by second marriage: 10. Inez Ezelle; 11. name unavailable. Residence: Birmingham.

WHITE, HENRY KIRK, lawyer, was born February 14, 1864, in Westmoreland County, Va.; son of John Randolph and Sophia Ford (Chandler) White, the former a physician and native of Maryland, the latter a Virginian; grandson of Nelson Briscoe and Sarah (Kirk) White, of Rose Valley, St. Mary County, Md., and of John and Elizabeth (Ford) Chandler. He is of English ancestry on both sides; educated in the common schools of Gonzales County and at the Texas agricultural and mechanical college, 1881-82; attended University of Texas, 1883-84, taking law in the senior year; admitted to the bar, January 1, 1888, in Birmingham, where he has resided until 1917, at which time he removed to Washington, D. C., and is at present practicing law in Birmingham. He served in the Texas national guard, 1883-87; Democrat; Episcopalian, Knight of Pythias, Odd Fellow, Maccabee, the Sigma Chi college fraternity. Married: June 14, 1893, at Birmingham, to Mrs. Lula (Jones) Eatherly, widow of Virgil Eatherly, formerly of Nashville, Tenn., daughter of James Sevier and Mary (Plumlee) Jones, and a descendant of John Sevier, first governor of Tennessee. Children: 1. Bertha, m. Dr. Eugene G. Northington, of Prattville; 2. Minnie, m. Robert H. Hood; 3. Harry Jones, graduate of the University of Alabama, and an officer in the recent European War; 4. Mary Kirk, died young. Residence: Birmingham.

WHITE, HENRY PHILLIPS, lawyer, inspector of journals of the State senate, 1911, was born July 19, 1881, at Marion, Perry County; son of George Phillips and Mary Elizabeth (Bailey) White, the former who was born near Uniontown, Perry County, and lived at Marion, entered the C. S. Army at the age of sixteen and served with Selden's battery until he was paroled at Meridian, Miss., at the close of the war, was tax collector of Perry County for two terms, and represented the county in the State legislature for three terms; grandson of George M. and Nancy McDavid (Morgan) White, who lived at Uniontown, the former who moved from Granville County, N. C., to Perry County soon after 1830, the latter who was brought by her parents from Laurens District, S. C., to Perry County, and of James Francis and Ellen (Moseley) Bailey (q. v.); great-grandson of Joshua White, of Granville County, N. C., of William Morgan and his wife, who was a Cunningham prior to her marriage, who moved from Laurens District, S. C., to Perry County, and of Middleton and Elizabeth (Coleman) Moseley, who moved from Edgefield, S. C., to Perry County; great-great-grandson of George White of Granville, N. C., where his ancestors, of English descent, had moved before the Revolution, and of Sallie Ryan, mother of Elizabeth Coleman, then Gallman, and a niece of Capt. John Ryan, a leader of one of the patriot bands in western South Carolina, who struggled against Tories and British. Mr. White attended the country

public schools, and the Uniontown public school; was graduated from Marion military institute, 1900; and from the law department of the University of Alabama with honors, LL. B., 1902. He entered the practice of law in Birmingham in 1902, and for several years was associated with the firm of Walker, Tillman, Campbell & Morrow, and their successors, Tillman, Grubb, Bradley & Morrow. From 1907-1909, he was assistant counsel for the Carolina, Clinchfield & Ohio Railway, at Johnson City, Tenn., and since 1909 he practiced his profession at Centerville. For some years he was city attorney of Centerville, and during the session of 1911 was inspector of journals for the State senate. He is a Democrat, a Presbyterian, a Mason, and a member of Kappa Alpha college fraternity. Married: to Lucia Louise Reynolds, daughter of Capt. Henry Clay and Mary (Boyd) Reynolds (q. v.). Residence: Centerville.

WHITE, JAMES, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 73, and a resident of Jackson County; private Virginia Continental Line; enrolled on January 2, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$40; sums received to date of publication of list, \$120.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

WHITE, JAMES B., railroad conductor, was born February 22, 1845, in Huntsville; son of Thomas W. and Susan (Bradley) White (q. v.). He was educated in the schools of his native city, and at the age of sixteen years entered the C. S. Army, joining Co. F, Fourth Alabama infantry regiment. He served with that regiment for two years, participating in the first battle of Manassas, at Williamsburg, Yorktown, the entire peninsular campaign, Seven Pines, where he was slightly wounded, and the seven days fight around Richmond. After the second battle of Manassas he was transferred and promoted to sergeant of artillery, and in 1863 was commissioned lieutenant and assigned to Gen. Humes' cavalry brigade. He was in the battles of New Hope Church, Resaca, where he was again wounded, Kenesaw Mountain, Peach Tree Creek, the Atlanta campaign, Wheeler's raid through Tennessee, and opposing Sherman's march to the sea. He was taken prisoner near Macon in 1864, but escaped after three weeks' confinement and joined his command in South Carolina. In January, 1865, he was promoted to captain in the provisional army. His command was in front of Sherman until the battle of Fayetteville, N. C., where his commander, Gen. Humes, was severely wounded. Capt. White carried Gen. Humes from the field to Raleigh and remained with him until the surrender of Johnston. After the war he became connected with the Memphis & Charleston Railroad; rose from the position of brakeman to that of freight and passenger conductor; and in 1876 became the agent of the company in the law and stock department. He is an Episcopalian, Mason, a Knight of Pythias, a Knight of Honor, and a member of the Order of Railroad Conductors. Married: in 1866, to Susie

Withers. Children: five. Residence: Huntsville.

WHITE, JAMES HENRY, tax assessor, member constitutional convention, and State legislator, was born January 31, 1839, in Walton County, Ga., and died August 7, 1877, at Ashland, Clay County; son of William D. and Sarah A. (Green) White, the former a native of Social Circle, Ga., who later lived at Ashland; grandson of Robert and Mary (Godbey) White, the former a descendant of an Irish immigrant. His maternal grandfather Green married Sarah Harper, and lived near Social Circle, Ga. Mr. White was educated in the rural schools of Walton County, Ga., and Clay County, and studied law at Ashland; in 1874 admitted to the bar and entered upon the practice in Talladega. In 1867 he was elected as the first tax assessor of Clay County and the next year he and other officers of the county were removed by the Republican authorities as "Hinderances to Reconstruction." In 1870-72 he was elected to the Alabama legislature and was sent in 1875 as a delegate to the constitutional convention. He entered the Confederate Army as second sergeant, 14th Alabama infantry regiment, and rose through the successive grade of first sergeant and second and first lieutenant, holding the latter office as long as he was in the active service. He was wounded in the battles before Richmond and on May 6, 1864, was seriously wounded in the battle of the Wilderness, after which he was assigned to duty as enrolling officer under Captain Ravizee at Talladega, continuing in this service to the close of the war. He was a Democrat; a local Methodist preacher; and a Mason. Married: September 22, 1864, in Talladega, to Ella C. V., daughter of David and Amelia (Kibler) Falk, of Talladega. Children: 1. Ora E., m. W. R. Britton, Mountain Park, Okla.; 2. Dora, unm.; 3. Willie, m. William L. Weaver, Mountain Park, Okla.; 4. James Bascome, m. Ethel Barfield, Talladega; 5. Emma, m. J. T. McCain, Lineville; 6. Beulah, m. A. A. Glass, Lineville; 7. Tilden H., m. Stella Naudane, Mountain Park. Last residence: Ashland.

WHITE, JOHN, associate justice of the Alabama supreme court, 1825.

WHITE, JOHN I., adjutant general of Alabama.

WHITE, JOSEPH M., lawyer, was born April 20, 1846, in Barbour County, and died August 31, 1897, in Montgomery; son of Robert and Mary White, natives of Georgia, of Irish descent, who came with their family to Alabama about 1830, and where he became an extensive planter. Mr. White was educated in the common schools of his native county. In 1862 he enlisted in the "Jeff Davis Legion" and served in the C. S. Army in Virginia and North Carolina until wounded at Bentonville, in 1865. He returned to Barbour County, read law and was admitted to the practice at Clayton in 1869. He represented Barbour County in the legislature, 1880-81, and was a member of the Chicago convention of 1884 which nominated Grover

Cleveland for the presidency. In 1885 he removed to Montgomery, as a member of the law firm of Roquemore, White and Long, and continued in the practice in that city until his death. Married: (1) in 1869, in Barbour County, to Alice, daughter of William Cowart; (2) Margaret Peet, of Montgomery. Children: by the first wife, 1. Patrick William, deceased; 2. Etta, m. Robert Offutt; by the second wife, 3. Joseph M., jr.; 4. Nelson, the two latter soldiers of the European War. Last residence: Montgomery.

WHITE, J. A., Missionary Baptist minister; living in 1913. Residence: Bessemer.

WHITE, MURRAY C., secretary of the State tax commission.

WHITE, THOMAS, attorney general of Alabama, 1823.

WHITE, THOMAS NEEL, physician; graduate of the medical department of the University of Georgia, 1857; licensed to practice by the county board of Cherokee, 1887. Residence: Spring Garden.

WHITE, THOMAS W., planter, was born in 1817, in Virginia, and died at Huntsville; son of Col. James and Eliza (Wilson) White, natives of Virginia, the former one of the first business men in northern Alabama, and a large land owner in the vicinity of Huntsville; and a cousin of Addison White (q. v.). He came to Alabama from Virginia in 1839, and engaged in planting. He conducted a plantation on each side of the Tennessee River at Whitesburg, and was elected mayor of Huntsville in 1881 and 1882. Married: in 1840, to Susan Bradley, daughter of Maj. James Bradley, a cotton broker and commission merchant in Huntsville and New Orleans. Among the twelve children born to that marriage are: Alexander, James (q. v.), and William, who served in the C. S. Army; Frank Smith, a planter at Whitesburg, who for ten years was a conductor on a railroad; and Addison, planter at Whitesburg. Last residence: Huntsville.

WHITE, WALTER SCOTT, State auditor, sheriff and tax assessor, was born January 15, 1844, in Barbour County; son of Robert and Mary White, natives of Georgia, of Irish descent, locating with his family in Barbour County about 1830, where he became an extensive planter; brother of Joseph M. White (q. v.). He received a good education in the schools of his native county; enlisted in the C. S. Army on June 17, 1861, and was with the 1st Alabama infantry regiment at Pensacola one year, after which he joined the 39th Alabama infantry regiment, serving under Gen. Bragg in his Kentucky campaigns, subsequently in every battle from Shiloh to Bentonville, and was wounded four times. He engaged in farming from 1866 to 1876; sheriff of Barbour County, 1876-80; tax assessor, 1880-1884. Upon the expiration of his term of office as tax assessor, he entered the cotton business as the head of W. S. White and Co. In January, 1887,

he was elected business manager of the East Sheffield land company and removed to that place. He has served as a director in the First national bank of Sheffield and as superintendent and general manager of the Sheffield street railway company, and was a member of the city council. He was State auditor from 1896 to 1900. Married: (1) December 26, 1870, to a Miss Richards of Augusta, Ga.; (2) in September, 1878, to Mary Augusta Tompkins. Children: by second wife, 1. Walter Scott, jr.; 2. Marie, married John Bragg Biers. Residence: Sheffield.

WHITE, WILLIAM E., deceased physician and democratic leader in Randolph County; unsuccessful candidate for the Secession convention of 1861; father of W. A. White, of Roanoke.

WHITE, WILLIAM WYATT, physician, was born September 13, 1858, at Decatur, Morgan County; son of John Wyatt and Martha Jane (Cox) White, the former who was a native of Franklin County, and was a Methodist minister; grandson of Samuel and Anna White, who lived at Russellville, and of Henry Elijah Cox. Dr. White was educated in the schools of Russellville; attended the Florence normal school, 1880-83; and the Kentucky school of medicine, 1885. In 1885 he began to practice at the Falls of Bear Creek, Marion County; represented that county in the legislature of 1886-87; and represented Franklin County in the legislature of 1915. He is a Democrat; a member of the Methodist church, which he has served as steward; and a Mason. Married: (1) on March 5, 1890, at Newburgh, to Mary Harris Jones, daughter of Edward S. and Ann S. (Reynolds) Jones; (2) to Martha Clayton Wilson, daughter of Rufus and Mattie (Hargett) Wilson of Russellville. Children: by first marriage, 1. Jones Allen; by second marriage: 2. Wilson Wyatt; 3. John C. Residence: Russellville.

WHITEFIELD, WILLIAM, soldier of the American Revolution, aged 84, and a resident of St. Clair County; private Virginia Continental Line; enrolled on January 18, 1830, under act of Congress of March 18, 1818, payment to date from January 18, 1830; annual allowance, \$96; sums received to date of publication of list, \$396.64.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

WHITESIDE, JOHN MCINTYRE, physician; graduate of the medical department of Vanderbilt university, Nashville, Tenn., 1894; licensed to practice by the county board of Calhoun, the same year. Residence: Anniston.

WHITESIDE, WILLIAM WALLACE, lawyer, was born February 13, 1858, in Calhoun County, and died April 30, 1918; son of Josiah Whittington and Elizabeth Jane (Small) Whiteside, the former who was a native of Rutherford County, N. C.; grandson of John Underwood and Rutha (Hemphill) Whiteside, and of Mathew and Nancy (Buchanan) Small; great-grandson of John Whiteside, who served in the

Revolutionary War under Gen. Rutherford, and of John A. Whiteside, who was murdered by the Tories in North Carolina just prior to the battle of Kings Mountain. W. W. Whiteside was educated in the old field schools of Calhoun County; graduated A. B., from Oxford college, Oxford, Ala., in 1879; and after a year's preliminary reading entered the law department of Cumberland university, graduating LL. B., in 1881. He began the practice of law at Oxford in September, 1881; engaged in general practice until 1904; in 1904 was elected chancellor of the northeastern chancery division; and was re-elected November 8, 1910, for a term of six years; was a member of the house of representatives from Calhoun County, 1884-85; a member of the constitutional convention from the same county, 1901; and a member of the public school board at Oxford for several years. He was a Democrat, and was a member of the Calhoun County Democratic executive committee, 1882-96; a member of the Presbyterian church; and a Mason. Married: on December 24, 1884, at Alexandria, Calhoun County, to Alice Cooper, daughter of William Philip and Elizabeth (Cameron) Cooper; a descendant of Robert Cooke, a Revolutionary soldier who was with Washington at Valley Forge, and of Thomas Cantrell, a soldier in the Revolutionary War, serving as a member of Lieut. Lytle's command from Caswell County, N. C. Children: 1. William Caspar; 2. Kenneth Whittington; 3. Floyd Deane; 4. Helen Cameron; 5. Josiah Philip; 6. Thomas Mathews. Last residence: Anniston.

WHITFIELD, CHARLES BOAZ, physician, aide-de-camp, C. S. Army, was a native of Marengo County, where he was reared. He was educated at the University of North Carolina, receiving the A. B. degree, 1858, and the M. A. degree, 1861. He was drill master in the military school at Tuscaloosa part of 1861, and in the spring of 1862, enlisted as a private in Co. B, 40th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, and accompanied that regiment to Vicksburg early in 1863, where he shared its service until after the fall of Vicksburg. He was later assigned to the staff of Gen. A. W. Reynolds, as aide-de-camp, and took part in the battles of Chickamauga, Missionary Ridge, Rocky Face bridge and the fighting of the Atlanta campaign until wounded at Kenesaw Mountain. Upon his recovery he rejoined the army, then under General Hood, and was appointed aide-de-camp on the staff of Gen. Stephen D. Lee. He participated in the campaign in north Georgia and the march through Alabama to Florence. After crossing the Tennessee River with the army he was prostrated with brain fever. Upon partial recovery, in the early part of 1865, he started to rejoin his command in North Carolina, but before he reached that region the army was surrendered. At the close of the war he went to New York and engaged in the study of medicine, in which he was graduated by the College of physicians and surgeons in 1871. He began the practice at Jefferson, Marengo County, but later removed to Demopolis. He is president of the State medical association and of the county medical society. Married: in 1881, to

Mary W., daughter of Wade Keyes (q. v.). Children: 1. Gaines; 2. Winnifred Bryan; 3. Henry Jones; 4. Nellie Keyes. Residence: Demopolis.

WHITFIELD, HAMPTON S., professor of mathematics, University of Alabama, 1870-71; of mathematics and astronomy, 1872-76; and of mathematics, 1876-78.

WHITFIELD, JOHN FREDERICK, lawyer, was born March 16, 1836, at Hayneville, Lowndes County, and died April 24, 1891, in Montgomery; son of George B. and Sarah (Verner) Whitfield, natives, respectively, of North Carolina and Virginia, the former of whom was a farmer. Left an orphan at an early age, Mr. Whitfield entered a newspaper office at Griffin, Ga., and learned the printing trade. He became foreman of the "Advertiser" office in Montgomery, and in 1859 was one of the organizers and became one of the editors of the Montgomery "Daily Mail." He joined the Montgomery True Blues in 1861, and as orderly sergeant was with them at Pensacola, and later, as part of the Third Alabama infantry regiment in the army of Virginia. He was promoted to captain before the battle of Seven Pines, and soon after resigned his commission and returned to Montgomery, where he raised a company for the First Alabama infantry. As captain of Co. K, in that regiment, he joined Bragg's army and after the battle of Corinth was sent to Island No. 10. He was taken prisoner there, sent to Johnson's Island, and at the end of six months was exchanged. At Port Hudson he commanded a company of artillery under Gen. Gardner; was again captured and taken as a prisoner of war to New Orleans; was held at Johnson's Island until the latter part of 1864, when he was paroled and sent through the lines. He was never exchanged, and reached Montgomery as the war closed. He again entered the office of the Montgomery "Daily Mail," began as a type setter, was soon made foreman and later purchased a half interest in the plant. He was connected with that paper until 1870, when he gave up the newspaper business and turned his attention to railroading, first with the Montgomery & Eufaula Railroad as claim agent, and later as general agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad. Finding that his position as general claim agent necessitated a knowledge of law, he studied it and was admitted to the bar in 1874. He was a member of the Alabama State Bar Association. Married: in 1861, at Montgomery, to Florence Chamberlain Sanders, who died September 17, 1906. Last residence: Montgomery.

WHITFIELD, LOUIS BROUGHTON, manufacturer and business man, was born July 8, 1868, near Lagrange, Ga.; son of Matthew Staten and Martha Matilda (Broughton) Whitfield; brother of Anne (Whitfield) Dowdell (q. v.). He received his education in Lagrange, Ga., but did not complete his college course. He located in Montgomery and became a syrup manufacturer, making the famous "Alaga" syrup, which derives its name from the combination of Georgia and Alabama, these two

states furnishing not only the original stock holders, but supplying the raw material for the product. He is a Democrat; Knight of Pythias; and a Methodist. Married: November 8, 1893, in Montgomery, to Willie, daughter of William Frank and Sallie (Merritt) Vandiver of that place. Children: 1. Katharine; 2. Louis Broughton. Residence: Montgomery.

WHITING, HENRY A., elected lieutenant colonel 41st Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, but declined the office.

WHITING, JULIAN WYTHE, cotton merchant and banker, was born March 24, 1838, at Hampton, Va., son of Kennon and Ann Wythe (Mallory) Whiting, of "Elmington," Gloucester County, and Hampton, Va.; grandson of Thomas (Beverley) and Elizabeth (Kennon) Whiting, of Gloucester County, Va., and of Johnson and Ann Wythe (Boush) Mallory, of Norfolk, Va.; great-grandson of Lieut. Col. Thomas and Ann (Beverley) Whiting, the former king's attorney, president of the naval board of the colony in 1776, and member of the house of burgesses; great-great-grandson of Beverley Whiting, a member of the house of burgesses, whose sister, Catherine, married John Washington, great-uncle of George Washington; great-great-great-grandson of Henry and Elizabeth (Beverley) Whiting; great-great-great-great-grandson of James Whiting, who came from England in the ship "George" in 1617, settling in Virginia. He was educated at Hampton, Va., and at the University of Virginia. He was in the cotton business for several years and was president of the People's bank, Mobile, for over twenty-nine years. In January, 1861, he was second lieutenant in the "Metropolitan Guards" and was sent to Pensacola under Colonel Lomax. Returning to Montgomery he was appointed first lieutenant in a company of regulars of Alabama, which later became First artillery battalion, C. S. Army. He served for four years at Fort Morgan and was promoted to captain, Co. F, Alabama artillery. He was a Democrat and an Episcopalian. Married: in 1867, at "Orange Vale," in Talladega County, to Ida Gracey, daughter of Gen. Levi Wellbourne and Susan Jane (Smith) Lawler; granddaughter of Joab Lawler, congressman from Alabama; great-granddaughter of Capt. William Smith, who served throughout the Revolution, afterwards South Carolina state senator, 1788-92, county court judge for Spartanburg, 1785-97, and also elected to the U. S. congress several times. Children: 1. Ella Lawler, m. George A. Robinson, of Mobile; 2. Jessie Fairfax, m. Daniel P. Bestor, jr., of Mobile; 3. Wythe Lawler, m. Virginia Herndon, of Mobile; 4. Montague, m. Mary Hunter. Last residence: Mobile.

WHITLOCK, WILLIAM LAFAYETTE, lawyer and jurist, was born April 22, 1825, at Union, Union District, S. C., and died February 6, 1892, at Gadsden; son of Lot and Elizabeth (Kent) Whitlock, the former a native and resident of Union Court House, Union District, S. C., a planter and slave owner whose ancestors came in the 16th century from England to

America; grandson of Lot and Elizabeth Whitlock, who lived at Union, and moved to Calhoun County, and of Bethel and Marion Kent, who lived at Union, the latter being a sister to Gen. Francis Marion. He obtained his early education in the common schools of Calhoun County. In early life he was a farmer, and for seven years was justice of the peace. He read law and in 1856, at Jacksonville was admitted to the bar. In 1868 he was elected judge of the twelfth judicial circuit of Alabama, and served two terms of six years each, being the only Democrat elected at the time named. When, soon after his election, Judge Whitlock opened court in Jacksonville. The town was garrisoned by Federal troops, and a judge had recently been imprisoned by a second lieutenant of the Federal Army for refusing to allow negroes on a jury. The clerk of the court, the sheriff, and the judge of the probate court summoned negroes to constitute part of a jury in the circuit, but Judge Whitlock dismissed the negroes, and informed the officers whose duty it was to select jurors that they themselves would be committed to jail if thereafter such persons should be brought to act in that capacity. He was a delegate for the preservation of the Union, from Cherokee County to the convention of 1861, which passed Alabama's ordinance of secession. He was a Mason. Married: October 7, 1847, at Ladiga, Calhoun County, to Lucy, daughter of Benjamin and Elizabeth Bridges, who lived at or near Ladiga, and whose ancestors came from South Carolina. Children: 1. Martha Elizabeth, m. James H. Daughdrill, Oneonta; 2. Louisa Matilda, m. Joseph Alexander Walden, Center; 3. John Calhoun, lawyer, Seattle, Washington; 4. William Ross, Seattle, Wash.; 5. Frances Cornelia, m. George R. Daughdrill, Mobile. Last residence: Gadsden.

WHITSETT, JOHN C., merchant, was born in Tennessee, but spent most of his life in Alabama. He died in Gainesville. He moved to that place in 1833, and was one of the earliest citizens. He was a successful merchant and was first elected to the legislature in 1843. He was again elected in 1851 and re-elected in 1853. At that time, because of infirm health, he withdrew from public life. He died during or about the close of the War of Secession. He was a Mason, and at the time of his death was president of the Bible Society of Gainesville. Last residence: Gainesville.

WHITSON, CHARLES CARSON, lawyer, was born November 5, 1862, at Talladega, and died at Talladega, February 9, 1912; son of J. McD. and Rachel Rebecca (Carson) Whitson of Talladega. He was educated in the private schools of Talladega; left school at the age of sixteen years; was employed at various occupations; later took up the study of law; in the spring of 1885 was admitted to the bar; practiced in Talladega and surrounding counties until his death; was a member of the legislature of 1900-01, and served on the committees of revision of the constitution, education, and banking and insurance. He was a Democrat and a Presbyterian. Married: on June 6, 1896, at

Talladega, to Lulu Wood. Last residence: Talladega.

WHITT, CLAIBORNE POOL, farmer, was born April 17, 1816, in Halifax County, Va., and died March 1, 1889. His parents lived in Halifax County, Va., and his mother's maiden name was Elizabeth Vaughan. He received a good common school education in Virginia and Alabama, and was a farmer all of his life. He was elected to the Alabama legislature in 1882 and served through the term. He was a Democrat, a Methodist, and a member of a Masonic lodge in Dallas County. Married: to Pocahontas Hewell, who was born in Marengo County, daughter of Dabney Camp and Ann (Vaughan) Hewell, who came from Virginia and settled in Huntsville in 1828, moved to Marengo County in 1832, and to Tuscaloosa in 1844. Her father died in 1875 and her mother in 1879. He had no children.

WHITTLE, W. A., pioneer missionary Baptist preacher. Last residence: Birmingham.

WHORTON, PATRICK HENRY, farmer and legislator, was born July 14, 1862, three miles south of Howell's Cross Roads, Cherokee County; son of Joseph Perry and Martha Mahala (Hale) Whorton, the former was born in Jackson County, Ga., entered the Confederate service in October, 1862, wounded in the battle of Franklin, county surveyor for twenty-nine years, and held the office of justice of the peace for forty years; grandson of Joseph Perry and Martha (Hickman) Whorton, the former coming from Jackson County, Ga., in 1833 to Cherokee County, and assisted in removing the Indians, and of Martin and Mahala (Marshall) Hale, who lived at Old Dublin, now Leesburg. The Hales were originally from Virginia, the Whortons from Massachusetts. Mr. Whorton was educated in the public schools; studied surveying and civil engineering; has been a lifelong farmer; was census enumerator in 1880, and again in 1890. He represented Jackson County in the legislature of 1915. He is a Democrat; Baptist; Mason; and an Odd Fellow. Married: December 30, 1883, at Maple Grove, Cherokee County, to Alpha Amanda, the daughter of Solomon and Mary Elizabeth (Booker) Bishop, of that place; granddaughter of Thomas and Mollie Booker, of Cassville, Ga. Children: 1. Ovie D., m. N. V. Levrett; 2. Joseph P., m. Ida M. Perry; 3. Claude; 4. Annie Clyde; 5. Bennie B. Residence: Dutton.

WIATT, JOHN EDWARD, M. A., professor of modern languages at the Alabama polytechnic institute, Auburn, 1913.

WICKER, WILLIAM, soldier of the American Revolution. "Died in Pike county, Ala., on Sunday, the 20th December last, Mr. William Wicker. The deceased was aged 106 years. He served as a soldier in the Revolutionary war. He was in the battle of Eutaw Springs, and was engaged in several skirmishes with the British and Tories under General Marion of South Carolina."—*The Southern Advocate*,

Huntsville, March 9, 1853. As a private, particular service not being shown, he was enrolled for pension under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$20; records do not show that any payments were ever made.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile.

WICKERSHAM, MORRIS D., lawyer, U. S. district attorney, was born March 14, 1839, in Chester County, Pa., son of Caleb and Abigail S. (Pyle) Wickersham, natives of Pennsylvania, who both died in 1874, the former of whom was an independent farmer; grandson of Caleb Wickersham, a Pennsylvania farmer, whose father was also a Pennsylvanian, and a descendant of a Quaker family founded by an emigrant from England, and of James Pyle, a Pennsylvanian, a large land owner, a Quaker, of Scotch descent. He received an academic education and began teaching school at the age of nineteen. He served as principal of the male high school at Columbia, Pa., for one term; as assistant instructor in mathematics and sciences in Washington academy, Columbia, Pa., one term; assistant instructor in mathematics and Latin, and later superintendent of the model school, state normal school, Millersville, Pa., three terms; entered the U. S. Army September, 1861; raised Co. E, Seventy-ninth Pennsylvania volunteers, of which he was made captain; joined the army of the Ohio at Louisville, Ky., and subsequently served in the army of the Cumberland from its organization to its dissolution; was transferred to the quartermaster's department in 1863, where he was first captain and assistant quartermaster, and later colonel and quartermaster; was made chief quartermaster of the department of Alabama with headquarters at Mobile, October, 1865, was assigned to the position of chief quartermaster of the department of the South with headquarters at Macon, Ga., April, 1866; remained in Macon for a few months, then resigned and returned to Alabama; was elected treasurer of Mobile in 1870, and served two terms; was admitted to the bar at Mobile, 1871; admitted to practice in the supreme court of Alabama, 1872; appointed postmaster of Mobile by President Grant, 1873, and re-appointed by President Hayes in 1877, serving until 1882; appointed a member of the board of visitors to the U. S. naval academy by President Grant, 1872; traveled throughout the west in 1883 and 1884; opened a law office in Mobile in 1885; was appointed U. S. district attorney for the southern district of Alabama, April 19, 1889; was a delegate in 1876 to the national Republican convention at Cincinnati; and for several years served as a member of the Republican state committee; is a member of the Society of the Army of the Cumberland, and has served as vice president; is a member of the Alabama State Bar Association; a member of the American Academy of Political and Social Science of Philadelphia; chaplain of his post of the Grand Army of the Republic; and a Mason. The degree of master of arts was conferred upon him in 1865, by Franklin and Marshall college, Pennsylvania. Married: (1) July 3, 1866, to Eugenia Friscoe, of Virginia, who died

in 1874; (2) January 4, 1883, to Agnes E. McGrew, of Washington, D. C. He had one daughter by his first marriage. Residence: Mobile.

WICKS, M. J., major, 6th Confederate cavalry regiment, C. S. Army.

WIGGINGTON, JOHN W., major, 48th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

WIGGINS, THOMAS, member of the constitutional convention of 1819, from Monroe County.

WIGGINS, THOMAS STEPHEN, lawyer, was born February 14, 1837, in Monroe County; son of Thomas and Elizabeth Allen (Ronaldson) Wiggins, the former who was a native of North Carolina, and served in the Creek War in 1836; grandson of Stephen and Annie (Thames) Wiggins, who lived near Monroeville, and of Drury Allen and Mary (Singletary) Ronaldson, who also lived in Monroe County. His ancestors came from Scotland to America, settled in North Carolina, and later removed to Alabama in 1818, settling near Ft. Claiborne. Thomas S. Wiggins received his education in the country schools; studied law; was admitted to the bar in 1858, and practiced in Claiborne until the outbreak of the War of Secession; entered the C. S. Army in 1861, as second lieutenant Co. H, Seventeenth Alabama volunteers, and was captured in front of Nashville, December, 1864; after the war resumed his practice in Monroeville; was justice of the peace for two terms; was mayor of Monroeville, twice; and in 1903 was a member of the State legislature. He is a Democrat; a Baptist, having served as deacon for a number of years; and a Mason. Married: on April 10, 1867, at Scotland, to Helen Beard McCorvey, daughter of Neal M. and Sarah Jane McCorvey. Children: 1. Mrs. Morton McMillan. Residence: Monroeville.

WIGHTMAN, WILLIAM MAY, Methodist Episcopal bishop, for a number of years a resident of Alabama, was born January 29, 1808, at Charleston, S. C., and died in Charleston, February 15, 1882; son of William and Matilda (Williams) Wightman, both natives of England, but later residents of Charleston. Bishop Wightman graduated from the College of Charleston, S. C., 1827; received the honorary degrees of LL. D. from the same college and D. D. from Randolph-Macon college. He was received on trial into the South Carolina conference, 1828; held various charges in that state; served as agent and later as professor of English at Randolph-Macon college; was president of Wofford college, Spartanburg, S. C., 1854-59, and chancellor of the Southern university, Greensboro, 1859-67; and in May, 1866, was elected bishop of the Methodist Episcopal church, South. Married: (1) to Sarah Shackelford, of Cokesbury, S. C., and (2) Maria Dyer, daughter of John and Frances Samuel (Butts) Davies, of Georgia and Alabama. He had five children by his first, and two by his second wife. All of the children are deceased except: 1. May Longstreet, of Charleston. Last residence: Charleston, S. C.

WINGTON, GEORGE, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 72, and a resident of Pickens County; private N. C. State troops; enrolled on January 9, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$30; sums received to date of publication of list, \$90.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

WILCOX, EDWIN MEAD, botanist, for a number of years a resident of Alabama, was born May 21, 1876, at Busti, Chautauqua County, N. Y.; son of Abram Frank and Sally Maria (Mead) Wilcox. He received the degree of B. S. from Ohio State university, 1896; A. M., 1898, and Ph. D., 1899, at Harvard university. For one year he taught in Oklahoma, came to Alabama as professor of plant physiology and pathology, Alabama polytechnic institute, Auburn, 1901-08, and removed to Nebraska, 1908, where he is professor of agricultural botany at the University of Nebraska. Married: June 28, 1899, to Cornelia Ruth, daughter of Nicholas and Elizabeth (Ganger) Eichhorn, of Columbus, O. Children: 1. Elizabeth Sally; 2. Christine Louise; 3. Mead Nicholas. Residence: Lincoln, Neb.

WILCOX, JOSEPH M., lieutenant in U. S. Army, was born in Connecticut, 1791, was killed by the Indians on the Alabama River, January 15, 1814, and buried with military honors at Ft. Claiborne, January 17, 1814; son of Gen. Joseph Wilcox, Revolutionary soldier of Connecticut. Lt. Wilcox, trained at West Point military academy, was made 1st lieutenant January 3, 1812, assigned to the 3rd Regiment, U. S. infantry, and sent to Ft. Claiborne, where he served under Gen. Claiborne and Col. Russell until his death. Col. Russell had been sent to the Cahaba to disperse an uprising of the Indians, but became separated from Lieut. Dinkins and his barges containing military supplies; he ordered Lieut. Wilcox and five men to take a boat and go in search of him. Unfortunately the boat upset and spoiled the ammunition and supplies, and delayed the object of his quest. A boat load of Indians, realizing his helpless condition, attacked the little party and killed or captured all, except one, who escaped into the canebrake. Lieut. Wilcox was desperately wounded, but continued the fight until overpowered and was finally brained with a tomahawk, dying soon after. This tragedy occurred on the Alabama River, between Canton and Prairie Bluff. The county of Wilcox was named in his honor. Last residence: Fort Claiborne.

WILDER, GEORGE, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 73, and a resident of Shelby County; private Virginia Militia; enrolled on March 5, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$20.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. Resided also in Talladega County.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile.

WILEY, ARIOSTO APPLING, lawyer, representative in congress, was born November 6,

1848, in Clayton, Barbour County, and died June 17, 1908, at Hot Springs, Va.; son of Judge James McCaleb and Cornelia Ann (Appling) Wiley, of Troy, the former of whom was a native of Cabarrus County, N. C., born March 12, 1806, came to Alabama with his parents in 1818, was for a time a physician in Dallas County, later was a lawyer in Clayton, was at one time a surgeon general in the Mexican Army, and after his return to Alabama resumed the practice of law, was elected to congress after the War of Secession, but was not allowed to take his seat, was elected judge of an east Alabama circuit, embracing Pike and Barbour Counties, and held that office for eight years, and died December 2, 1877; grandson of Evan Shelby Wiley, a North Carolinian of Scotch-Irish ancestry, and a descendant of the Shelybs of North Carolina, Tennessee and Kentucky, and of James McCaleb, a Scot who emigrated to North Carolina, was secretary of the Mecklenberg convention which passed the Declaration of Independence and was a captain in the Revolutionary Army; brother of Oliver Cicero Wiley (q. v.). His parents moved to Troy when he was a year old, and he was reared at that place, securing his early education in a public academy there. He attended Emory and Henry college, Virginia, and was graduated with distinction in June, 1871, and the next year was graduated from the law department. In October, 1872, he located in Montgomery, where he at once entered upon the successful practice of law. Later he formed a partnership with ex-Chief Justice Samuel F. Rice and Judge Thomas G. Jones. In 1882 he was elected to the legislature from Montgomery County, and during that session served as chairman of the committee on the revision of laws and as a member of the committee on corporations. From that time until he was elected to congress he served almost continuously in the State legislature, either in the house or in the senate. At the time of his election to the Fifty-seventh congress he was state senator from the twenty-eighth district, and was chairman of the senate judiciary committee. For five years he was captain of the Montgomery rifles; and later was on the staff of Governors Thomas Seay, William C. Oates, Joseph F. Johnston and William J. Samford, with the rank of colonel of cavalry. On June 9, 1891, President McKinley appointed him lieutenant colonel of the Fifth regiment, U. S. volunteer infantry, one of the ten regiments organized under a special act of congress. He served for eleven months in Cuba; was legal adviser and chief of staff of Henry W. Lawton at Santiago; and assisted Gen. Leonard Wood in the establishment of civil government in the Eastern province. He was elected to the Fifty-seventh congress November 6, 1900, receiving about twenty-five hundred more votes than were polled for the Democratic presidential electors, and was re-elected to the Fifty-eighth, Fifty-ninth and Sixtieth congresses.

For fifteen years Col. Wiley was a member of the Montgomery council from ward five. He accompanied the party of Secretary of War William Howard Taft to the Philippines, and on that trip and in his work on the military committee in the house of representatives he was

brought into close contact with Secretary Taft. Out of that contact there grew up a close personal friendship, maintained until Col. Wiley's death. During his eight years service in congress, Col. Wiley aided in drafting the bill to promote the efficiency of the military organization, and was elected as the Democratic member of the committee to make the argument in favor of its passage. This bill is regarded as the only measure that has ever made proper or adequate provision for the maintenance, discipline and efficiency of the State troops. His crowning work as a congressman, however, was in securing the enactment of a law for the relief of certain homesteaders in Alabama, who had entered on what is commonly known as the Mobile, Coosa & Tennessee railroad grant lands by the terms of which the homes of many hundred poor but deserving people were saved to them. His part in that contest attracted much local attention. He secured an appropriation of seventy-five thousand dollars to enlarge the custom house at Montgomery that it might meet the exigencies of the public business. He secured for the Alabama River all the money which the engineer in charge reported to the river and harbor committee necessary to be expended either in improving the stream or deepening its channel. He obtained an appropriation of ten thousand dollars with which to make a preliminary survey of Fish River in Baldwin County, with the object in view of determining whether or not this stream was worthy of government improvement. He introduced the bill to increase the per diem compensation of Federal jurors from two dollars to three dollars, which bill passed both houses of congress and received the executive approval. He procured the passage of a bill giving to the state of Alabama the spars taken from sunken Spanish battleships, and brought to this country from the Caribbean Sea and Manila Bay. He introduced a bill which passed both houses of congress with "an amendment" conferring upon the Federal courts jurisdiction concurrently with the State courts to apprehend, try and punish railroad marauders in certain cases. To his untiring efforts is due the measure requiring the court of appeals of the fifth circuit to hold not less than one term of said court in Montgomery during each year, a measure of much importance to the people. He introduced a bill, and labored untiringly until he secured its enactment into law, authorizing a compromise and the settlement of the Beebe-Henshaw litigation, involving title to the Southern Cotton Oil property at Montgomery, which had been in wearisome litigation for more than fourteen years. He took great interest in promoting the rural free delivery service, and, in his district, he was instrumental in securing the establishment of more than fifty of these mail routes. His death came at a time when he had reached a point of greater usefulness to his constituents. For some months his health had shown a decline, but it was hoped that his strong constitution would enable him to recover. Leaving Washington for Hot Springs, Va., he hoped to obtain relief, but on June 17, 1908, he died. He was interred in Oakwood cemetery, Montgomery. Married: November 6, 1877, in Montgom-

ery, to Mittie A. Noble, daughter of B. F. and Mary T. (Cook) Noble, of Montgomery. Child: Noble James, U. S. Army. Last residence: Washington, D. C.

WILEY, HENRY C., lawyer, was born October 4, 1840, at Clayton, Barbour County; son of Judge J. McCaleb and Elizabeth (Duckworth) Wiley (q. v.). He was educated in the common schools of Clayton; at Davidson college, N. C., and at Oglethorpe university, Milledgeville, Ga. In 1861 he entered the C. S. Army, as a private in "Terry's Texas Rangers," afterwards the 8th Texas cavalry, subsequently rising to the command of his company. He began the study of law in the office of his father soon after the cessation of hostilities, and in October, 1865, was admitted to the bar. In 1868 he was admitted to practice before the supreme court. He later became a member of the firm of Gardner and Wiley, at Troy, and was the only solicitor ever elected by the people of Pike County. He was a Mason; Knight of Pythias; and Knight of Honor. Married: in 1861, to Henrietta, daughter of Dr. A. N. and Ann (Pace) Worthy (q. v.); (2) to Ophelia, younger sister of first wife. Children: my first wife, 1. Lizzie; 2. Rhydonia; 3. Ophelia; by second wife, 4. Henrietta; 5. Walter Harry. Last residence: Troy.

WILEY, JAMES MCCALED, physician and lawyer, was born in 1806, in Cabarrus County, N. C., and died in 1878, in Troy; son of Evan Shelby Wiley, a native of North Carolina, of Scotch-Irish ancestry, who removed to Alabama and located near Courtland where he was a farmer and miller; grandson of James McCaleb, secretary of the Mecklenburg convention which passed the Declaration of Independence, and a captain in the Continental Army during the Revolutionary War. Judge Wiley attended school at Chapel Hill, N. C., and in 1823 came to Alabama to join his parents, who had settled in Lawrence County in 1818. He read medicine after coming to Alabama and later graduating from a Philadelphia medical college and practiced in Dallas County, Clinton, La., Butler County, and Clayton, before giving up his profession to devote himself to the study of law, which he practiced, 1849, on removing to Troy. He was register in chancery, 1839. He was elected major general of the state militia and was commissioned a colonel during the War of Secession, but did not enter the service. In 1865 he was appointed to the circuit court bench and in 1866, was elected a member of the U. S. house of representatives but was not permitted to hold the seat. In 1868 he was elected judge of the circuit court, retiring after eight years' service on account of ill health. He was a Presbyterian; a member of the Sons of Temperance; and a Mason. Married: (1) April 19, 1827, to Elizabeth, daughter of Randolph Duckworth, a native of North Carolina, who removed to Alabama, located in Dallas County, and became a wealthy planter; (2) November 15, 1843, to Cornelia Appling; (3) January 3, 1875, to Rebecca Covington Wales. Children: by the first wife: 1. Rhydonia; 2. James Horatio; 3. Thomas Walter; 4. Henry

Clay; by second, 1. Ariosto Appling (q. v.); 2. Oliver Cicero; (q. v.); 3. Julia Lamar; 4. Ida. Last residence: Troy.

WILEY, JOHN, farmer, was born in North Carolina and died January 2, 1886, at Chulafinnee; son of Thomas and Tabitha (Noel) Wiley, the former a native of North Carolina, who was married in Kingston, Tenn., in 1812, and moved to Cobb County, Ga., in 1821, was in the Indian War and lying sick at Talladega when the battle of Jackson's Ford was fought; grandson of John Wiley, of England. He moved across the river to the "New Purchase" immediately after the Indians were driven out; in 1838 settled in St. Clair County and in 1840 removed to Bluff Springs, Talladega, now Clay County. He was a farmer and although a devout Presbyterian affiliated with the Methodist church at Mt. Moriah because his own denomination had no congregation near by. Married: Susannah, daughter of Thomas and Rebecca (Holly) Faires, of Edgefield District, South Carolina, the former a native of Ireland and a Revolutionary officer. Children: 1. Mary Ann, m. David Glenn; 2. Katherine, m. William Boyce Calloway; 3. Evaline, m. James Jones; 4. Elizabeth, m. (1) James Lackey, (2) Judge H. M. Evans; 5. Eleanor Eliza, m. Andrew Jackson Ashcraft; 6. Nancy, m. (1) Cyrus Calloway, (2) J. C. Ray; 7. La Visa, m. James Baker of Texas; 8. Robert McAlpine, m. Sarah Whatley; 9. Joseph Styles, m. Nancy Walker; 10. John Thomas, m. Mattie Manning; 11. George Cicero, m. Stella Maloy. Last residence: Chulafinnee.

WILEY, OLIVER CICERO, business man, manufacturer and member of congress, was born January 30, 1851, at Troy, Pike County, and died October 18, 1917, at that place; son of James McCaleb and Cornelia Ann (Appling) Wiley (q. v.). Mr. Wiley was educated in Troy, and owing to the conditions obtaining during the War of Secession period, was deprived of the advantages of a college education. In 1871, he took a business course in Bryant and Stratton's college, Nashville, Tenn., and two years later entered upon his business career in Troy. His associates, successively were, W. S. Coleman, J. C. Murphree, and Clarence Murphree. In 1882, he aided in organizing the Troy fertilizer company, which erected the first fertilizer factory and acid chambers in Alabama, of which he was elected president and general manager. In 1903 this company was merged with the Standard chemical and oil company, now one of the largest fertilizer factories in the South, of which he was vice-president and general manager. He was elected captain of the W. C. Oates Rifles, Alabama State Troops, and was for five years a member of the city council of Troy. He took a conspicuous part in the organization and development of the old Alabama midland railroad, now the Atlantic coast line, and was the first president. The building of this railroad opened up a rich agricultural empire, that is occupied by an intelligent and progressive citizenry. He was a Democrat and served on the State executive committee for the second congressional district, 1884-

86; alternate delegate, 1888, to the Democratic convention held at St. Louis. He was a member of the board of directors of the State normal college, Troy, for seventeen years, and president of that board for five years. On the death of his brother, A. A. Wiley, he was elected to fill out his unexpired term. He was a Baptist; Mason; Odd Fellow; and also a member of several other orders. Married, June 25, 1874, in Troy, Augusta, daughter of James K. and Adelaide Murphree of that place, a member, through both lines, of influential families of southeast Alabama; granddaughter of Eli and Mary (Darley) Henderson, of Edgefield District, S. C., and of James and Matilda (Dyer) Murphree, the former a native of North Carolina, the latter of Tennessee. Children: 1. Olive; 2. James McCaleb, m. Mary Adelaide Bailey, of Winston-Salem, N. C., residence, Troy; 3. Lois, deceased, m. Marshall Bibb Folmer, Troy; 4. Julia Lamar, m. James T. Brantley, Troy. Last residence: Troy.

WILHITE, ALFORD G., farmer and legislator, was born July 26, 1863, at Wilhite Cove, Morgan County; son of John and Mary (Morris) Wilhite, of Nashville, Tenn.; grandson of John and Mary (McCoy) Wilhite, of Nashville, and of Jarman and Eliza (Young) Morris. He was educated in the schools of Cedar Plains, and is a farmer and preacher; formerly one of the county registrars. He was a member of the State legislature, 1911, from Morgan County. He is a Democrat; a Methodist; a Knight of Pythias; an Odd Fellow; and a Woodman of the World. Married: November 7, 1887, a Pulaski, Tenn., to Nancy Emily, daughter of Martin V. and Frances E. Parker, of Falkville. Children: 1. Ollie; 2. Jeff; 3. Corbert; 4. Birdget; 5. Parker. Residence: Falkville.

WILHOYTE, ROBERT HENRY, lawyer, was born December 31, 1848, at Owensboro, Daviess County, Ky., and died in Sheffield, September 10, 1915; son of Benjamin Allen and Nancy (Snyder) Wilhoyte, of Oldham County, Ky.; grandson of Zackary and Judith (Clare) Wilhoyte, and of John and Elizabeth (Clare) Snyder. He was descended on both maternal and paternal sides from the Gars of Bavaria, which was an old and distinguished family in the fifteenth century. Andreas Gar was born in Frankenhofen, Bavaria, and emigrated to America with his family in 1732; he settled in Germantown, Pa., where his granddaughter, Elizabeth Crisber, married Michael Wilhoyte, son of Adam, who came from Germany in 1735 and settled in Madison County, Va., and his great-grandson, Zackary, moved to Oldham County, Ky., in 1820. He was educated in the common schools of Owensboro, Ky. He read law while clerk of the court at Brownsville, Tenn., and practiced as attorney at law in Memphis, 1883 to 1887, and in Sheffield from 1887 to the time of his death. He was mayor of Sheffield from 1910 to 1912. He was a Mason, and member of the Christian church. Married: December 18, 1879, at Brownsville, Tenn., to Etta, daughter of George Washington and Mary (Curd) Cowan of Wilson County, Tenn. Chil-

dren: 1. George Cowan; 2. Florence, m. Temple W. Tutwiler, residence Salschi, Bihar, India; 3. Mary, m. George Harbin Griffith, Sheffield. Last residence: Sheffield.

WILKERSON, CHARLES A., physician, was born April 19, 1854, in Tuscaloosa; son of Pressley Hawley and Eliza Wyatt (Foster) Wilkerson (q. v.). Dr. Wilkerson was educated in the schools at Tuscaloosa and at Howard college, which was at that time located in Marion; began the study of medicine in Tuscaloosa under a private tutor, later entered the medical department, University of the City of New York, from which he graduated, 1875; has since taken post graduate courses at New Orleans, where he also took a special course on the treatment of diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat; located near Marion in 1875, later removing into that town, where he has since practiced. He has been president of the board of censors for Perry County, and councillor of the Alabama state medical association. Married: in 1877, to Susie Allen, a native of Perry County. Children: five sons and a daughter. Residence: Marion.

WILKERSON, PRESSLEY H., planter, was born near Boonsboro, Ky., in 1811, of Virginia parents, who were doubtless of English origin. In 1829 he removed to Alabama and lived in Tuscaloosa and Marion. He died at his home in Perry County on February 14, 1891. Married: Eliza Foster Wyatt, of Marion, a native of Georgia, who had been brought by her parents to Alabama, 1829, and had located with them at "Fosters Settlement," in Tuscaloosa County. Children: 1. William W. (q. v.); 2. Charles W.; 3. John Moses, student university of Alabama, 1855-56, private, C. S. Army, m. John Ella Darden, Tuscaloosa County, d. September 12, 1891; 4. Simeon Cornelius, captain, 18th Alabama regiment infantry, C. S. Army, planter, m. Nancy Bryon, Macon, Miss., d. October 15, 1897. In addition to the above named there were four sons and two daughters. Last residence: Marion.

WILKERSON, WILLIAM WASHINGTON, physician, was born August 15, 1833, in Tuscaloosa County, and died March 7, 1893, at Marion; son of Pressley Hawley and Eliza Wyatt (Foster) Wilkerson (q. v.). He was educated in the common schools of his native county and at the State university; began reading medicine when twenty-one years of age; graduated from Jefferson medical college, Philadelphia, 1855, and at once began the practice of medicine in Marion, Perry County, at which place he resided until his death. He entered the C. S. Army, 1862, as a surgeon, serving eighteen months in the field and eighteen months as head of a hospital at Eufaula. He was one of the founders of the "Alabama Baptist" in Marion, and, as business manager, in connection with Rev. Dr. E. T. Winkler as editor-in-chief, carried the paper on for five or six years. After the successful establishment of this paper it was turned over to the Alabama Baptist State convention, by whom it is still published. Dr. Wilkerson was for fifteen years president

board of trustees of Howard college; a Mason; and a Baptist. Married: in 1857, in Perry County, to Sarah Warren Moore, sister of Judge John Moore (q. v.). Children: 1. Wooten Moore; 2. Judge William W.; 3. P. M.; 4. Charles W., druggist and business man, was educated at Howard college; located at Montgomery, 1885; Anniston, 1886; Marion, 1886-1889; opened drug store at Marion, 1890, and entered lumber business in 1892, m. Elizabeth Allen Marbury, one son, Josiah M. Last residence: Marion.

WILKERSON, WILLIAM WASHINGTON, jr., lawyer and judge, was born August 16, 1859, and died June, 1903, in Birmingham; son of William Washington and Sarah Warren (Moore) Wilkerson (q. v.). He was educated at Howard college, graduating A. M., 1878; taught school two years at Union Springs 1879-81; studied law at the University of Virginia; admitted to the bar in 1882; located at Union Springs, and in July, 1886, removed to Birmingham, where after five years successful practice he was appointed by Gov. Thomas G. Jones as associate judge of the city court; subsequently re-elected for a term of six years. He was a Baptist. Married: April 10, 1890, to Lena Sommerville, daughter of Captain Robert Sommerville, of Montgomery. Children: 1. Annie S.; 2. 3. (twins) William Washington, jr., and Lena Sommerville; 4. Roberts. Last residence: Birmingham.

WILKERSON, WOOTEN MOORE, physician, was born December 3, 1857, near Macon, Perry County, and died at Montgomery, October 12, 1911; son of William Washington and Sarah Warren (Moore) Wilkerson (q. v.). Dr. Wilkerson was educated in the private schools of Marion; graduated from Howard college, 1877; medical department of the University of Virginia, 1879; Medical college of the City of New York, 1880; and did post-graduate work in New York City. For a short time prior to his entry into the University of Virginia he taught school and read medicine under his father. He entered upon the practice at Orrville, Dallas County, but located in Montgomery in 1882, until his death. He was president one term of the Medical and surgical society of Montgomery County; health officer, Montgomery County; president of the State medical association, 1899-1900; at the time of his death was a trustee of the Alabama hospital for the insane, at Tuscaloosa. Married: November 5, 1884, at Clayton, to Victoria, daughter of Jeremiah Norman and Mary Elizabeth (Screws) Williams (q. v.). Children: 1. Frederick Wooten, physician, Montgomery; 2. William Washington, graduate of Tulane, medical department, 1918, practicing physician, Montgomery; 3. Mary Elizabeth. Last residence: Montgomery.

WILKINS, GEORGE S., consulting engineer of the Alabama railroad commission, 1897, appointed by Gov. J. F. Johnston; professor of engineering at the University of Alabama, 1897.

WILKINS, JOHN D., grand commander, grand commandery, Masons, 1887.

WILKINSON, DAVID LEONIDAS, physician, was born October 8, 1872, at Gastonburg, Wilcox County; son of Dr. John Edward and Mary Eugenia (Gaston) Wilkinson (q. v.). He received his preparatory education in the public schools and later attended the Southern university at Greensboro; graduated with first honors at Tulane university, 1894, later doing post graduate work at the New York polytechnic. He entered upon the practice of his profession in Autauga County, where he was later made county health officer. Soon he removed to Bolling and gave medical attention to the convict camp there. In 1897 he was appointed to the position of physician to the students of the Alabama girls technical institute at Montevallo and removed to that town. He was a director in the Merchants and planters bank. A few years ago he located in Birmingham. He is a Methodist; Knight of Pythias and member the Alabama and the American medical associations. Author: a number of articles contributed to the medical press, some of which have been printed in pamphlet form, among them "Rabies and Hydrophobia in Alabama"; "Need of more midwifery laws"; "Effect of modern educational system upon the growth and development of the child"; "Result of the examination of over two thousand young college women." Married: June 1, 1897, at Bolling, to Mary S., daughter of Francis A. and Carolyn T. (Woods) Flowers (q. v.). Children: 1. Carolyn Flowers, d. young; 2. Eugenia Gaston; 3. Francis Asbury; 4. Mary Flowers; 5. Maud Elizabeth. Residence: Birmingham.

WILKINSON, EDWARD, president of the Western grain company. Residence: Birmingham.

WILKINSON, HENRY BROOKMAN, physician, surgeon in U. S. Army, was born October 12, 1871, at Claussen, Florence County, S. C.; son of James Richard and Martha L. (Gregg) Wilkinson, farmer, a native of Mars Bluff, Marion, now Florence County, S. C., who was sergeant and later second lieutenant, 26th South Carolina infantry regiment, C. S. Army, thrice wounded; grandson of Richard and Mary Wilson (Campbell) Wilkinson, and of Boyd and Bernice (McCall) Gregg, all of whom lived at Mars Bluff. His great-grandfather Wilkinson came from Ireland to Robeson County, N. C., and from there moved to South Carolina. The Gregg ancestry came from Scotland, and settled in the Cheraw Section on the Great Pee Dee River, S. C. Dr. Wilkinson received his early education in the rural schools of Florence County, S. C., and attended college at the University of South Carolina, graduating in 1892 with the degree of B. S. His professional education was secured in the University of Virginia, receiving, 1894, the degree of M. D. He took a post-graduate course at Johns Hopkins university, 1897, receiving the degree of M. D., and attended the University of Vienna, 1906. He was assistant surgeon in the U. S. Army, July 22, 1898, to February, 1904, when he was mustered out as captain and assistant surgeon of volunteers. He was physician in charge of San Lagaro hospital, Manila, P. I., 1904-6. From

January 12, 1907, he has practiced his profession in Montgomery. He is a Democrat; a Presbyterian; a Mason; and a member of the Pi Kappa Alpha college fraternity. Author: in 1906, articles on leprosy, contributed by him to the Journal of the American medical association. Married: May 28, 1919, at Wisacky, Lee County, S. C., to Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Robert Muldrow and Mary Nannett (Shaw) Cooper. Children: 1. infant, deceased. Residence: Montgomery.

WILKINSON, HORACE CORNELIUS, lawyer, circuit judge, was born November 14, 1887, at Birmingham; son of Horace C. and Kate (Nelson) Wilkinson, the former a native of White Pigeon, Mich., who moved from Michigan to Aberdeen, Miss., in early life and was married there; grandson of Eli and Martha Ann (Crockett) Wilkinson, who lived at White Pigeon, Mich., and Des Moines, Ia., the former who served in the U. S. Army during the War of Secession, and of John and Christianna Nelson, who emigrated from Stockholm, Sweden, to the United States and settled at Smithville, Miss. He received his early education in the public schools of Woodlawn, and at Taylor school, Birmingham; and was graduated from the University of Alabama, LL. B., 1910. He located at Birmingham in the practice of law in 1910, and has continued his profession at that place. He served as judge of the municipal court of Birmingham, 1910-1911; as assistant attorney general in 1919; and as judge of the circuit court of Jefferson County, 1919. During the war with Germany he was first lieutenant of Co. C, Three hundred twenty-second infantry, Eighty-first division, and of Co. I, Thirtieth infantry, Third division, from November, 1917, to February, 1919. He served with the Army of Occupation in Germany. He was later commissioned a major in the J. A. department, Alabama national guard, but had to resign that commission because of holding a judicial office. He is a Democrat, a Baptist, Mason, Shriner, and Knight of Pythias. Married: June 12, 1911, at Selma, to John Onzie Weissingen, daughter of W. T. and Sudie (Hogue) Weissingen, who lived at Eleanor; granddaughter of Jesse B. and Susan (Bell) Weissingen, of Eleanor, and of David Reese and Sudie (Tubbs) Hogue, of Marion. Residence: Birmingham.

WILKINSON, JAMES LEONIDAS, lieutenant C. S. Army, was born in 1845, in Autauga County, and died May 12, 1864, on the battle field of Spottsylvania Court House; son of Joseph B. and Elizabeth A. (Nicholson) Wilkinson; brother of Dr. John E. Wilkinson (q. v.) He was a student at the Autaugaville academy when the war began, and enlisted June 2, 1861, in the Confederate Army in Co. G, of the 6th Alabama infantry regiment, appointed sergeant, April 28, 1862, and promoted to lieutenant, December 1, 1862. He served with his regiment under Col. John B. Gordon, in Rhodes' brigade of the army of northern Virginia, participating in the battles of Seven Pines, Cold Harbor, Malvern Hill, Boonsboro, Md., Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville, Martinsburg, Gettysburg, Front Royal, Warrenton

Springs, Morton's Ford, Mine Run, Wilderness, and Spottsylvania Court House, May 8, 10 and 12. In the desperate fighting of the latter date, May 12, he was killed, having been recommended for promotion by General Lee the day before his death. Last residence: Autaugaville.

WILKINSON, JOHN, soldier of the American Revolution, aged 82, and a resident of Wilcox County; private Virginia Militia; enrolled on September 28, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$80; sums received to date of publication of list, \$200.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

WILKINSON, JOHN EDWARD, physician and druggist, was born July 31, 1847, near Autaugaville; son of Joseph Brady and Elizabeth Ann (Nicholson) Wilkinson, natives respectively of Maryville, Blount County, Tenn., and of Macon County, the former a merchant who came to this State in 1836 and located at Old Vernon on the Alabama River, in 1844, but removed to Autaugaville and became one of its founders; also a colonel of militia before the War of Secession and during that struggle was in the employ of the Confederate States government; grandson of John and Margaret (Brown) Wilkinson, who lived at Maryville, Tenn., and of James Monroe and Mary Miller (Stone) Nicholson, who lived near Tuskegee; great-grandson of Harrison and Lucinda (Long) Nicholson, the former a Revolutionary soldier who came from Scotland with his brother and located in Maryland or Virginia and from there moved to a point near Milledgeville, Ga., later to Macon County, locating near Tuskegee, where he died, June 28, 1841 (see transactions Alabama Historical Society, Vol. IV, page 557), and of Warren Henley Stone and wife, who was a Miss Bedell, who removed from Virginia to Georgia, thence to Alabama. He was educated in the public schools and at the academy in Autaugaville, where he remained until 1861, when he entered the C. S. Army as a member of Co. A, 8th Alabama cavalry regiment, Clanton's brigade. During the war he was engaged mostly in scout work, and surrendered at Meridian, Miss., six months after his general. Returning to his home he attended the academy at Prattville. Deciding to enter the medical profession he attended first the University of Maryland, where he graduated in 1869, then Tulane, and finally New York. Upon his admission to the practice he located at Gastonburg, Wilcox County, then known as Boiling Springs, where he remained until 1880, when he removed to Prattville. He now conducts, in addition to his practice, a large drug store at Prattville. He has been one of the counselors of the State medical association, and was for one term president of the Autauga County medical society. He is a Mason; Knight of Honor; and Knight of Pythias. Married: January 10, 1872, at Gastonburg, Wilcox County, to Mary Eugenia, daughter of David Finis and Mary (Fluker) Gaston of that place, the former a planter, member of the legislature, and the man for

whom the town of Gastonburg is named; granddaughter of John and Mary (Kirkpatrick). Gaston of Tennessee; great-granddaughter of Hugh and Martha (McClure) Gaston, the former a Revolutionary soldier who fought in its principal battles, and of William and Margaret (Commack) Fluker; great-granddaughter of Hardy and Sophia (Coats) Fluker, and of David and Mary (George) Commack; great-great-granddaughter of John and Ester (Waugh) Gaston, of French descent and whose ancestors were distinguished in the early part of the seventeenth century and who emigrated to America early in 1730, eventually locating in South Carolina, and of George and Elizabeth Fluker, the former a Revolutionary soldier, who came from Chester District, S. C., to Tennessee, removing to Boiling Springs, Wilcox County, where he and his wife died and are buried. Children: 1. David Leonidas (q. v.); 2. Lena Alberta, m. Walter Andrew Brown, Birmingham; 3. John Edward, physician, m. Louise Smith, Prattville; 4. Eugenia Elizabeth, m. William W. Moss, Columbus, Miss. Residence: Prattville.

WILKINSON, JOSEPH ABSALOM, merchant and planter, was born October 23, 1851, near Autaugaville; son of Joseph Brady and Elizabeth Ann (Nicholson) Wilkinson; and brother of William Frith Wilkinson (q. v.). He was educated in the schools of Autaugaville and attended Emory and Henry college but did not complete his course there; merchandised at Selma ten years, but returned to his native place and engaged in farming and was a member city council, Selma, for six years. He is a Methodist; Democrat; Knight of Pythias. Married: (1) in 1875, to Medora, daughter of Dr. C. M. Howard of Autauga County; (2) Nellie, daughter of Judge P. G. Wood of Selma; (3) Rebecca, daughter of Dr. C. C. Howard of Autauga County. Children: by first wife, 1. Joseph Edgar, lawyer, m. Mamie Waller, of Greensboro, three children; 2. Daisy Maud, m. S. S. Sellers; 3. Dora Adelle, m. William Thompson; by second wife: 4. Webb Wood, deceased; by third wife: 5. Ernest Albert. Residence: Autaugaville.

WILKINSON, WILLIAM FRITH, probate judge and examiner public accounts, was born October 16, 1849, on a farm near Autaugaville; son of Joseph Brady and Elizabeth Ann (Nicholson) Wilkinson, the former a native of Maryville, Tenn., and of Scotch and English ancestry; grandson of James and Mary (Stone) Nicholson, who located in Alabama in 1812, and of John and Margaret (Brown) Wilkinson of Tennessee; great-grandson of Harrison Nicholson, a Revolutionary soldier who is buried in Tuskegee. Mr. Wilkinson received his preparatory education in the schools of his native place and graduated from Emory and Henry college, Va., with the degrees A. B. and A. M. He was an examiner of public accounts; mayor of Prattville; clerk of the circuit court of Autauga County, 1880-1896; probate judge, 1896-98; chief clerk in department of agriculture, 1907-10. He was a Democrat; a Methodist; Knight of Honor; and Knight of Pythias. Married: (1) in November, 1880, Ida McConaughy

of Shelby County; (2) November 16, 1888, to Eva L., daughter of Rev. Dr. E. L. and Mollie Loveless, the former a Methodist minister. Children: 1. Lucile, m. Frank Spangler, the famous cartoonist of the "Montgomery Advertiser"; 2. W. E.; 3. Joe B.; 4. Will L.; 5. John L. Residence: Prattville.

WILLETT, ELBERT DECATUR, lawyer, was born May 21, 1828, at Limestone, Washington County, Tenn., and died March 16, 1890, in Carrollton, son of Joseph and Susan (Stout) Willett, who lived on a farm in Limestone, Tenn.; grandson of John and Sarah (Broyles) Willett, of Limestone County, Tenn., who came to Tennessee from Maryland, and of John and Mary Stout, of Limestone, Tenn., the former who came from Holland in the latter part of the eighteenth century, and served under Andrew Jackson in the Creek War and the War of 1812. The ancestors of John Willett came from England to Maryland with Lord Baltimore. Mr. Willett received his primary education in the schools of Limestone, Tenn.; attended Washington College at Jonesboro, Tenn., and was graduated from Emory and Henry College, Abingdon, Va., B. A., June 9, 1852. He read law at Jonesboro, Tenn., in the office of Thomas A. R. Nelson, afterwards chief justice of Tennessee and counsel for Andrew Johnson in the impeachment proceedings. He moved to Carrollton, Pickens County, in 1854, and taught school for several years after which he formed a legal partnership with Alexander B. Clitheral. He continued in that association until 1861, when he entered the C. S. Army. He was captain of Co. B, Fortieth Alabama regiment, from its organization at Speeds Mill in Pickens County on March 13, 1862, until he was promoted to major of the Fortieth Alabama, May 5, 1864, and served in the latter capacity until the surrender of Gen. Joseph E. Johnston, May 5, 1865. After the war he formed a partnership with John T. Terry under the firm name of Terry & Willett, and continued in that association until 1872. He was elected mayor of Carrollton; was a member of the constitutional convention of 1875 from Greene and Pickens Counties; and was a representative from Pickens County in the State legislature, 1878-1879. He was a Democrat; a steward in the Methodist Episcopal Church, South; and a Mason. He wrote a diary containing the history of Co. B, Fortieth Alabama regiment, C. S. Army, which was afterwards published in book form by his son, Joseph J. Willett. Married: December 17, 1856, in Carrollton, to Candace Mentora Bostick, daughter of Gen. Francis White and Candace Mentora (Wood) Bostick (q. v.). Children: 1. Frank W., d. in 1894; 2. Elbert Decatur (q. v.); 3. Joseph Jackson (q. v.); 4. Effie May, m. David B. Mayfield, their daughter, Bessie May, m. Clarence Henig of Huntingdon; 5. George Washington, A. B., University of Alabama, M. D., Bellevue Hospital medical college, 1893, physician, Atlanta, Ga.; 6. Elizabeth B.; 7. Archibald Miot, A. B., University of Alabama, 1892, LL. B., Georgetown university, 1895, lawyer at Carrollton, d. October, 1905; and five others who died in infancy. Last residence: Carrollton.

WILLETT, ELBERT DECATUR, lawyer, was born March 24, 1859, at Carrollton, Pickens County; son of Elbert Decatur and Candace Mentoria (Bostick) Willett (q. v.); brother of Joseph Jackson Willett (q. v.). He received his early education at Carrollton; attended the University of Tennessee at Knoxville, 1875-1877; entered the University of Alabama in 1877 and was graduated there, B. A., July 1878. He read law in the office of his father in Carrollton, and was licensed to practice in March, 1880. He entered the practice of law at Carrollton, March 24, 1880, and continued his profession there until the spring of 1887, when he moved to Anniston. He became a member of the law firm of Brothers, Willett & Willett, composed of S. D. G. Brothers, E. D. Willett and J. J. Willett. Upon the death of his father in March, 1890, he returned to Carrollton, and resumed his practice there. From 1890 to 1897 he practiced alone, and in the latter year, entered into partnership with A. M. Willett. He was a member of the State legislature from Pickens County, 1882, 1883, 1884, 1885, 1886, 1887, 1894, 1895; was presidential elector for the sixth congressional district of Alabama, 1900; and was a member of the constitutional convention of 1901 as sole representative of Pickens County. He was editor of the "West Alabamian," a weekly newspaper published at Carrollton, 1898-1901. He is a Democrat, a Missionary Baptist, and a Master Mason. Married: June 27, 1901, at Decatur, Ga., to Julia Faulkner Ridley, daughter of Dr. Charles B. and Martha Elizabeth (Bell) Ridley, who lived at Lagrange, Troupe County, Ga. Children: 1. Julia Ridley. Residence: Anniston.

WILLETT, JOSEPH JACKSON, lawyer, was born September 29, 1861, at Carrollton, Pickens County; son of Elbert and Candace Mentoria (Bostick) Willett (q. v.) brother of Elbert Decatur Willett (q. v.). He obtained his early schooling in Carrollton, entered the University of Alabama at Tuscaloosa in September, 1877, and was graduated, M. A., July, 1880. He read law in his father's office in Carrollton, 1881-1882, and in August of the latter year, was licensed to practice by Chancellor Thomas Cobbs. He moved to Anniston in August, 1883, and has practiced his profession there since that time. He was president of the Alabama State Bar Association, 1899 and 1900; is a Democrat; and a Royal Arch Mason. He is editor of the diary of his father, "History of Company B, Fortieth Alabama, C. S. A.," a book giving the actions, engagements and casualties of Co. B, and the Fortieth Alabama infantry regiment. Married: April 21, 1892, in Anniston, to Melania Woods, daughter of William Henry and Elizabeth Jewett (McIntosh) Woods, who lived at Eufaula, Savannah, Ga., and New York City. Children: 1. Elbert Henry; 2. Elizabeth; 3. Joseph Jackson. Residence: Anniston.

WILLETT, MARINUS, Colonel, U. S. A. See Indian chiefs and associated characters.

WILLIAM, ISAAC, soldier of the American Revolution, age not given, a resident of Greene

County; captain in Cannon's regiment; enrolled on April 20, 1818, payment to date from December 26, 1818; annual allowance, \$120; sums received, \$800.19; and "on account of increased ratio of disability," rate increased to annual allowance of \$180, under which \$2,137.89 received to date of publication of list. —*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 28rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

WILLIAM, JACOB B., farmer, merchant, and legislator, was born August 9, 1852, at Nanafalia; son of Stephen Everett and Susan (Schuylder) Williams; grandson of Robert Schuylder, a native of Germany. He was educated in the schools of Nanafalia; has been a farmer since 1875. In 1885 he began merchandising. He was elected representative from Marengo County in the general assembly, 1900-01, and in 1902, was re-elected. He is a Democrat and a Baptist. Married: March 21, 1875, to Mollie Elizabeth, daughter of J. M. and Mary Elizabeth (McGrew) Hawkins. Residence: Nanafalia.

WILLIAMS, ABNER, merchant, was born November 21, 1824, near Trussville, Jefferson County, and died January 5, 1899, at Oxford; son of Jordan and Edna (Atkins) Williams, the former a native of Abbeville District, S. C., who located in Jefferson County in 1818, removing to Talladega County, 1833, a Baptist minister and member 8th infantry regiment, U. S. Army, War of 1812; grandson of Thomas Atkins of Abbeville, S. C., who located in Alabama. His paternal grandfather was a native of Wales who settled in South Carolina. Mr. Williams attended the public schools of Jefferson and Talladega Counties and in 1850 formed a mercantile partnership with Col. Wm. Curry of Talladega. In 1855 this connection was dissolved and he moved to Selma where he became a pioneer cotton commission merchant in that place. In 1873 he removed to Oxford, where he merchandised, but returned to Selma and the cotton commission business three years later, to finally return to Oxford and to merchandising in 1884. He was elected major of the militia before he was twenty-one years of age; president of the Selma chamber of commerce, and presented by that body and several trade groups with handsome testimonials of his services to the business interests of the town. He was moderator of the Coosa River Baptist Association for a long period of years. Author: compiled the history of the association, including the complete minutes. He was a Baptist; a Democrat; and a Knight of Honor. Married: December 23, 1852, near Alpine, Talladega County, to Agatha Ariadne, daughter of Dr. Joseph and Rachel (Garner) Heacock, of that place. Children: 1. Emma R., m. Horace A. Singleton, Oxford; 2. Curry E., m. Della Anderson, Oxford; 3. Mollie T., m. Dr. B. Dudley Williams, Oxford; 4. Joseph Albert, m. Cora Singleton, Alpine; 5. Abner Jordan; 6. Lillie B. Last residence: Oxford.

WILLIAMS, ARTHUR ELLIS, lawyer and planter, was born June 5, 1868, at Concord, Coosa County; son of Elias Milton and Mary

Elizabeth (Kirby) Williams who lived at that place whither they had gone from Lee County, the former a Confederate soldier, Co. B, 46th Alabama infantry regiment. He received his early education in the common schools of his native county; spent one year at Lewis college, Glasgow, Mo.; one at the Southern business college, Bowling Green, Ky., and took a course at the University of Alabama. He entered upon the practice of law in 1891 at Wetumpka, and was city clerk, 1891-94; member of city council, 1894; member of constitutional convention from Elmore County, 1901. He edited the "Times Democrat," at Wetumpka, 1890. On account of ill health he abandoned the law in 1897 and engaged in extensive farming. He is a Democrat. Unmarried. Residence: Wetumpka.

WILLIAMS, B. S., judge of probate of Perry County. Residence: Yorktown, S. D.

WILLIAMS, CHARLES BRAY, Baptist minister, author, and president of Howard college, was born January 15, 1869, at Shiloh, Camden County, N. C.; son of Simeon Walston and Mary (Bray) Williams, the former a native of Shiloh, a Confederate soldier, captured by the Federals and imprisoned for a long time at New Bern, N. C.; grandson of Simeon W., Sr., and Ira Williams, who lived at Shiloh, and of Dempsey and Jane (Gray) Bray, of Shiloh. The paternal great-grandfather, Williams, was born in Wales. Dempsey Bray, the maternal grandfather was descended from Lord Bray of England. Rev. Mr. Williams received his early education in the public schools of North Carolina, later attending Wake Forest college, North Carolina, graduating as valedictorian, and with the A. B. degree, 1891. He entered the Crozer theological seminary, Chester, Pa., and graduated B. D., 1901. He took his M. A. and Ph. D. degrees at the University of Chicago in 1901 and 1909, respectively. He has served pastorates at Winton, N. C., 1891-6; Chester, Pa., 1898-1900; Texarkana, 1901-2; Stephenville, Tex., 1902-4; Rockdale, Tex., 1904-5; professor of Greek, North Texas theological seminary; South West Baptist theological seminary, Fort Worth, Texas, and dean of that institution, 1913-19; president of Howard college, Birmingham, 1919, to date. He is a Baptist; Mason; and Rotarian. Author: "History of the Baptists in North Carolina," 1901; "The partiple in the book of acts," 1909; "Function of teaching in Christianity," 1913; "New Testament history and literature," 1917; "Citizens of two worlds," 1919. Married; January 2, 1899, in Norfolk, Va., to Alice Julia, daughter of David A. and Caroline V. Owen, of Winton, N. C., the former a Confederate soldier. Children: 1. Charles Weston, graduate of Howard college, and scholar at Oxford, England; 2. Eunice Lois. Residence: Birmingham.

WILLIAMS, CHARLES WIGHTMAN, lawyer and soldier, was born December 15, 1831, at Midway, Bullock County, and died August 21, 1864, at Forsyth, Ga.; son of Thomas McCotry and Mary Ann (Shrewsbury) Williams, of Midway. He was educated in the public schools

and attended the University of Alabama, 1850 to 1853. In 1858 he engaged in the practice of law at Camden and during 1859 taught at Prattville, while in 1860-61, he was employed in the same work at Pensacola, Fla. He entered the C. S. Army as first lieutenant, Co. I, 45th Alabama infantry regiment, being mortally wounded at the battle of Atlanta. He died on August 21, 1864, at Forsyth, Ga. Married: July 19, 1859, at Camden, to Martha Branch Thompson. Last residence: Lowndesboro.

WILLIAMS, DAN, civil engineer, sheriff, captain, C. S. Army, born and reared in West Florida; and prior to 1861, held the office of sheriff of Escambia County, Fla. He was also, for a year, a member of the Pensacola guards, an old militia organization, which entered the confederate States service as Co. R, 1st Florida infantry regiment, commanded by Gen. J. Patton Anderson. This regiment served a year at Pensacola, Fla., where he raised a company, which was mustered in as Co. F, of which he was appointed captain. He participated in the Kentucky campaign of 1862, under General Bragg, in John C. Brown's brigade, of Patton Anderson's division, and fought at the battle of Perryville, and Murfreesboro, where the regiment fought both on December 31, and January 2; sent to Jackson, Miss., to reinforce Gen. J. E. Johnston, and marched to the Big Black River and back to Jackson in the summer of 1863. Broken in health by hard campaigning he returned to Florida with a commission from Gen. William Miller to organize an independent cavalry company. During the remainder of the war he served on scouting duty, and protecting property in Florida. Just before the close of the war he was captured and held at Blakely for a few days and then paroled. He returned to Pensacola, Fla., at the close of the war, and represented Escambia County, in the State senate in 1866-67. Later he made his home in Mobile, and engaged in the lumber trade and in civil engineering. For thirty years he held the office of the surveyor of Mobile and Baldwin Counties, and was widely known as a timber expert. Residence: Mobile.

WILLIAMS, D. DUDLEY, physician, was born January 11, 1851, at Oxford, and died at that place, March 12, 1911. He was educated in the schools of Calhoun County and studied medicine. From 1886 to 1890 he served as physician to the Ute Indians, having been appointed to that work by President Cleveland; and was a member of the Chippewa Indian commission, 1893-96. He was a Mason and was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Alabama, 1898-1900. Married: December 14, 1881, to Mollie T. Williams. Children: 1. a son; 2. three daughters. Last residence: Oxford.

WILLIAMS, DAVID H., physician and planter, was born October 25, 1827, in Greene County; son of Benjamin and Edna (Hitt) Williams, natives respectively, of Beaufort and Lawrence Districts, S. C., who located in Tuscaloosa County, 1818, the former a farmer, captain of State militia at its first organization, and for many years thereafter, and justice of

the peace for forty years; grandson of Benjamin and Mary (Abercrombie) Williams, the former a native of England, who located in Virginia, was a colonel in the U. S. Army, and met his death during an engagement with the Indians, 1797; and of David and Jane (Meek) Hitt, natives of South Carolina, who located in Greene County about 1874, where he died at the ripe age of ninety-three. Dr. Williams received his academic education in Alabama and was graduated from the South Carolina medical college, Charleston, in 1851. He entered upon his profession in his native county, but removed to Gainesville where he practiced both medicine and surgery. He was captain of a company in Armstead's cavalry, C. S. Army, and served until the close of the war. Among his most brilliant military achievements was the feint on Rome, Ga., which detained Sherman until Hood could get well on his way to Tennessee. In 1872 he visited Mexico and secured a half million acres of land and engaged in the live stock business. He also owned an apple orchard in Missouri. He was a Democrat; a Methodist; and Mason. Married: in 1853, to Eugenia Floride, daughter of Aquilla and Elizabeth (Tutt) Hutton, the former a physician, natives of South Carolina, who removed early in life to Greene County; granddaughter of Gen. Joseph and Nancy (Calhoun) Hutton, the latter a first cousin of John C. Calhoun. Children: 1. Eugene, circuit judge, Waco, Tex. 2. David H., physician, professor in medical college, Knoxville, Tenn., first honor man of New York medical college; 3. Gesner, (q. v.). Residence: Gainesville.

WILLIAMS, GAZAWAY DAVIS, planter, was born May 25, 1817, near Augusta, Ga., and died at Eufaula, October 2, 1884; son of Zachariah Williams, a native of Georgia. He received an academic education in his native state, but on account of ill health came to Alabama at an early date and assisted in wresting the country from the Indians. He owned extensive properties at Eufaula. Much of what was his plantation is now in Russell County. He was a Democrat; and a Baptist. Married: near Columbus, Ga., to Sarah Edwin, daughter of James and Evalina (Ross) Abercrombie (q. v.). Children: 1. Evalina, deceased; 2. Gazzy Lena, m. (1) Hill, (2) Raisles; 3. Mary Jane, m. John R. Hayes; 4. Anderson Davis, m. Lillian Howard, of Austin, Tex.; 5. Edwin Clara, m. J. R. Hayes; 6. Robert Walton; 7. Mattie Harris; 8. Evalina Parthenia, m. M. R. Mallette; 9. James Bacon, deceased; 10. William Zachariah, m. Flora Purcell, of Macon, Ga. Last residence: Eufaula.

WILLIAMS, GENUBATH COKE, physician, was born February 12, 1857, at White Plains; son of James Edward and Permelia Foster (Winn) Williams, the former who was a native of Spartanburg, S. C.; grandson of Rev. G. and Margaret Winn, who lived at Cave Springs, Ga., the former who was of Scotch descent, resided in Georgia until 1859, and then removed to Louisiana, and of James T. Williams, who came to Calhoun County about 1832 or 1833 and was the first white man to settle in

this part of the county; great-grandson of Edward Williams, who came from England and settled in Tennessee about 1790. Genubath C. Williams was educated in White Plains; later attended the Oxford college, Oxford, Ala., and the Southern university at Greensboro. He began the practice of medicine in 1874; was a member of the general assembly from Calhoun County in 1888, 1892, and in 1903. He is a Democrat, and a Methodist. Married: (1) on December 16, 1873, to Mary J. Johnson, daughter of Mark Peters and Margaret J. Johnson of White Plains; (2) on December 24, 1886, to Annie Jane Evins, daughter of Dr. Berryman Shumate and Louisa Evins of that place. Residence: White Plains.

WILLIAMS, GEORGE WASHINGTON, probate judge, planter and lawyer, was born in 1808 in Abbeville District, S. C., and died October 10, 1866, in Abbeville; son of George Williams, of South Carolina, and a close relation of Col. James Williams who fell at the battle of Kings Mountain, N. C., during the Revolutionary War. He was educated in the common schools of South Carolina and read law in that state; taught school at Ft. Gaines, Ga., 1826, returned to South Carolina to secure his legal training and removed to Henry County, in 1830. In 1836 he was major of the troops called out to suppress the Muscogee Indians; was elected to the legislature in 1835, and during various periods was returned to that body, serving a total of thirteen terms. He was county surveyor; county superintendent of education; probate judge of Henry County from 1855 to 1862; a strong advocate of Secession, and being a wealthy planter and slave holder was able to make liberal contributions to the equipment of the volunteers from Henry County who joined the Confederate army although past age for service. He was a Democrat and delegate to the Charleston convention that nominated Breckenridge for president in 1860; a Baptist and a Mason. Married: near Abbeville, to Eliza, daughter of John and Nancy (Galloway) Sowell of that place. Last residence: Abbeville.

WILLIAMS, GESNER, lawyer, was born December 15, 1867, at Gainesville, Sumter County; son of Dr. David H. and Eugenia Floride (Hutton) Williams (q. v.). He was educated in the public schools of his native town, attended Eastman's business college, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., and graduated from Virginia military institute, Lexington, Va., in 1888, after a four-year course. In that year he entered the law school of the University of Virginia and graduated in 1890 with the degree of B. L. He entered upon the practice of his profession at Demopolis, January, 1891; was mayor of Demopolis, 1895-97; city attorney, 1899-1901; member of the constitutional convention, 1901; judge of the circuit court, Choctaw County, in 1900, under special commission from the governor; notary public; was cadet lieutenant at Virginia military institute, 1888-89; corporal Alabama national guards, Demopolis rifles, Co. I, 3rd infantry regiment. He is a Democrat and a Methodist. Married: Sep-

tember 7, 1892, in Demopolis, to Jennie Craydon Knox, of Steuben County, N. Y. Residence: Demopolis.

WILLIAMS, JAMES, member of the constitutional convention of 1865, from Jackson County.

WILLIAMS, JAMES M., major, 1st Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

WILLIAMS, JERE, H. J., major, 9th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

WILLIAMS, JERE N., major, 1st Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

WILLIAMS, JEREMIAH NORMAN, lawyer, member of congress and chancellor, was born May 29, 1829, in Barbour County; son of Judge Stith and Euphemia (McNeill) Williams, the former a native of Hancock County, Ga., who later lived at Louisville, and was probate judge of Barbour County for a number of years, residing at Clayton and at Eufaula; grandson of William Williams and wife, who was a Miss Mullins, and of John and Nancy (Mastin) McNeill, the former a native of Scotland, who was brought by his parents in infancy to Rockingham, N. C., there reared and removed to Barbour County, during the territorial period, being the first white man buried there. Judge Williams received a sound preparatory education in the schools of Barbour County and graduated from the South Carolina college, at Columbia, in 1852. Two years later he began the study of law in the office of Rice and Belser in Montgomery, and later took a course in a law school at Tuskegee. He was admitted to the bar in 1855. In January, 1861, he volunteered for service in the Confederate army going to the war as captain of the Clayton Guards, and was soon afterwards elected major of the 1st Alabama regiment infantry. On account of ill health he was compelled to resign his office and return home. In 1870 he was elected to the Alabama legislature, and met with the "Democratic legislative body" which was not recognized by the "Republican Assembly." He was elected to congress in 1874, the first member of his party in Alabama to triumph over the Republican power after the war; was re-elected in 1876. In 1893 he was appointed chancellor. He was a Mason and a Methodist. Married: December 20, 1864, in Clayton, to Mary Eliza, daughter of Benjamin and Mourning (Drake) Screws, of Glenville, the latter a sister of Major W. W. Screws, editor of the "Montgomery Advertiser." The Drakes and Arringtons of North Carolina were among her ancestral families. Children: 1. Victoria, m. Dr. W. M. Wilkerson (q. v.); 2. Effie Drake, m. W. A. Leland of South Carolina; 3. Mary Norman, m. George Feagin, of Athens; 4. Judge Sterling; 5. Nell Randall, m. Thomas C. Stevenson of Charleston, S. C. Residence: Clayton.

WILLIAMS, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 77, and a resident of Mobile County; private Virginia State Troops; enrolled on November 22, 1833, under act of Con-

gress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$80; sums received to date of publication of list, \$240.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong. 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Mobile County, June 1, 1840, aged 86.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149. In the Census List he is called John Bailey Williams.

WILLIAMS, JOHN CREIGHTON, editor, was born April 8, 1856, in Talladega County; son of William Sims and Louisa Adaline (Taylor) Williams, the former a native of Edgefield District, S. C., who located in Chambers County, in 1840, from which he removed to Talladega County, a soldier in the Indian War of 1836; grandson of Creighton Williams of South Carolina and of Baxter and Elizabeth (Walton) Taylor, among the pioneer settlers of Chambers County and in whose home the first session of court held in that county was convened. Both of these men fought in the War of 1812. Mr. Williams was educated in the public schools and the Baptist college of Talladega, and later learned the printer's trade. In 1881 he became editor and proprietor of "Our Mountain Home" published in Talladega; was president of the Industrial association; chairman of the county democratic committee during the memorable Jones-Kolb gubernatorial campaign and frequently served in county district committees of his party; a Bryan elector in 1900; was for six years a member of the Talladega city council. He was president for three years of the Alabama press association, and member of the executive committee to the National editorial association; a Baptist; Mason; Knight of Pythias and Knight of Honor. Married: March 27, 1879, in Talladega County, to Minnie Mary, daughter of Thomas A. and Sarah Cynthia (Pitts) Rhodes, early settlers of that section. Children: 1. Thomas Rhea; 2. Lawrence Creighton; 3. Sarah Louise. Residence: Talladega.

WILLIAMS, JOSEPH MILWARD, physician, was born August 7, 1832, near Montgomery, and died October 15, 1882, in Elmore County, son of Singleton and Margaret Ann (De Bardelaben) Williams, of Sumter and Orangeburg Districts, S. C., respectively. He received his early education in Marion and attended the University of Alabama, 1848-49; read medicine in the office of Drs. Bolling and Baldwin; graduated in that profession from the University of Pennsylvania in 1853, and entered upon the practice with Dr. William O. Baldwin in the following year. In 1859 he engaged in the drug business temporarily abandoning the practice, but again resuming it in 1867, once more in partnership with Dr. Baldwin. In 1861 he entered the Confederate Army as surgeon in the 13th Alabama regiment volunteers and served throughout the war, was assigned first to the field and later to hospital service. He was president of the Medical and Surgical society, Montgomery, 1868-70; valedictorian of the Medical association during the latter date; alderman, Montgomery, 1874. He was a Democrat and Episcopalian. Married: July 1, 1857, in Montgomery to Mary Louise, daughter of Wil-

Ham Mathews and Catherine Ann (Crain) Marks, of that city; granddaughter of Nicholas Meriwether Marks; great-granddaughter of James and Elizabeth (Harvie) Marks of Albemarle County, Va., magistrate and signer of the renunciation of allegiance to Great Britain; great-great-granddaughter of John Harvie, Sr., of Albemarle County, who was guardian of Thomas Jefferson, and of Gov. George Mathews, colonel 9th Virginia regiment, Revolutionary War. Children: 1. Katherine Crain, m. William Chapman Holt, Montgomery; 2. Singleton; 3. Anne Marks; 4. Francis Mildred; 5. Rebecca Singleton, m. Albert Rhett Taber, Ft. Motte, S. C.; 6. James Marks, m. Madelin Wyman Nelson, graduate West Point, 1894, captain Coast artillery, U. S. A. Last residence: Montgomery.

WILLIAMS, JUDGE STERLING, was born March 26, 1874, at Clayton, Barbour County; son of Jeremiah Norman and Mary Elizabeth (Screws) Williams, the former who was a major in the C. S. Army, later a member of the State legislature, a member of the constitutional convention of 1901, a member of congress from the third district, and chancellor of the southeastern chancery division; grandson of J. S. and Effie (McNeill) Williams, nephew of William Wallace Screws (q. v.). The Williams family came to Alabama from North Carolina and Georgia and were of Scotch descent. Judge Williams obtained his early education in the common schools of Clayton; was graduated A. B., at the University of Alabama, 1892; read law in his father's office; was admitted to the bar and began practice at Clayton in 1895. He was mayor of Clayton for nine years; was three times enrolling clerk of the legislature of Alabama; was member of the legislature, 1907 and 1911; was appointed in 1915 by Governor Henderson, judge of the third judicial circuit; and was re-elected for a term of six years in 1917. He is a Democrat and was a member of the county executive committee for four years; a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, South; a Mason; a Woodman of the World; a Modern Woodman; and a member of the Sigma Nu fraternity. Residence: Clayton.

WILLIAMS, JUDSON, Baptist minister, was born August 31, 1794, near Abbeville District, S. C., and died November 24, 1862. He was ordained in the Missionary Baptist church in 1843; was a private in an artillery company from Abbeville District, S. C., and stationed at Charleston in the War of 1812. Married: May 5, 1816, in Abbeville, S. C., to Edna, daughter of Thomas Atkins of that place. Children: 1. Julia, m. Anderson McCain; 2. Abner, m. Agatha A. Heacock, Oxford; 3. James, m. Mary Lawler, Columbus, Miss.; 4. Elihu, St. Augustine, Fla.; 5. Sarah, m. Robert P. Henry, Texas; 6. Jordan J., m. Virginia Johnson; 7. Jesse, Louisiana; 8. Elizabeth, m. Joseph H. Long, Oxford; 9. Thos. J., m. Laura J. English; 10. Wiley; 11. Martha; 12. Joab. Last residence: Talladega.

WILLIAMS, J. I., Methodist minister, member of the North Alabama conference. Residence: Albertville.

WILLIAMS, J. S., Methodist minister, member of the Alabama conference; living in 1913. Residence: Auburn.

WILLIAMS, J. T., major, Williams' battery, Alabama cavalry regiment, C. S. Army.

WILLIAMS, MARCUS GERVES, Methodist minister and educator, was born October 25, 1831, at Boonville, Boone County, Mo., and died April 4, 1894, at Athens; son of Rev. Justinian and Elizabeth (Hammond) Williams, the former also a native of Boonville, a Methodist minister who belonged later to the Tennessee Conference and lived in Athens and Tuscumbia, in his latter years. Rev. Mr. Williams was educated at LaGrange college, LaGrange, under the presidency of Dr. Wadsworth. He read medicine for a while, but decided that his life was meant for religious service and went into the Methodist ministry. He was licensed to preach in March, 1854, and entered the Tennessee conference in trial, and remained there until the outbreak of the War of Secession. He entered the Confederate Army as chaplain of the 3rd Tennessee infantry and at the expiration of his commission raised a company for the 9th Alabama cavalry regiment of which he was made captain. After serving in this capacity for a year and a half he was so seriously wounded in the battle of Murfreesboro that he was compelled to retire from the army. He settled in Lawrence County, and taught school, but in 1867 was transferred to the Arkansas Conference where he resumed preaching. Two years later he was transferred to the Southwest Missouri conference and remained in that state for eleven years, devoting himself to education and the ministry. In 1880, while holding the professorship of languages in the Central female college in Lexington, Mo., he resigned his position to return to the North Alabama conference and was placed in charge of the New Market circuit, Madison County, and the Tuscumbia station. He taught in the New Market high school and the Tuscumbia male academy. In 1884 he was elected president of the Athens female college, Athens. Six years later on account of ill health he resigned this position. His failing strength compelled his retirement from active life and he was placed on the superannuated list of the North Alabama conference. He was a Mason and an Odd Fellow. Married: in October, 1856, in Lauderdale County, to Miss Sarah D. (Fielder) Coffee of that place, the former a native of Prince Edward County, Va., born in 1800 and located in Madison County, in 1818, and removed to Lauderdale, 1821, where he lived until his death in 1879, the latter a native of Williamson County, Tenn., and the mother of twelve children. Children: 1. Sarah Elizabeth, m. Cyrus W. Crenshaw, Athens; 2. Rebecca Williams, m. Thomas E. Knight, Greensboro. Last residence: Athens.

WILLIAMS, MARMADUKE, lawyer, member of Congress, member constitutional convention, legislator, judge, was born April 6, 1774, in Caswell County, N. C., and died Octo-

ber 29, 1850, at Tuscaloosa; son of Nathaniel and Mary Ann (Williamson) Williams, the former was born October 5, 1741 in Virginia and removed prior to the Revolutionary War to Guilford County, N. C., in that part which later became Rockingham County, a lawyer by profession, a delegate from Guilford County to the provincial congress at Hillsboro, August 21, 1775, brother of Col. John Williams, of Orange County, and Col. Joseph Williams, of Surrey County, the latter a soldier of the Revolution, and first cousin to Judge John Williams, of Granville County, and Thomas Henderson, of Guilford County, members of the same congress, a supporter of the rights of the colony, in the Revolutionary war, and who was accidentally drowned January 25, 1805, while attempting to ford a swollen stream, the latter, (Mrs. Williams), the sister of Elizabeth Williamson, wife of Col. John Williams, his brother, of Orange County; grandson of Nathaniel Williams who was born December 12, 1712; great-grandson of John and Mary Williams, the former born January 29, 1679, in Wales, immigrating to Virginia about 1700-10 and settling in Hanover County. Marmaduke Williams received a splendid education and was a lawyer. In 1802 he represented Caswell County in the North Carolina State senate, and succeeded his brother, Robert Williams, who had been appointed Governor of the Mississippi Territory, as a representative in congress. He was twice re-elected serving through the eighth, ninth and tenth congresses, from October 17, 1803, to March 3, 1809. The following year, 1810 he moved to Mississippi Territory locating at Huntsville and later, in 1818, removing to Tuscaloosa. In 1819 he was elected a member of the constitutional convention of Alabama from Tuscaloosa County, and at the first state election in the same year he was a candidate for governor but was defeated by William W. Bibb. He was elected a member of the State legislature for eleven years, 1821, 1822, 1825, 1826, 1829, 1830, 1832, 1833, 1837, 1838, and 1839, being an active and useful member of that body, and was the first member to move the expediency of the formation of a constitution and State government for Alabama. In 1826 he served as commissioner to adjust the unsettled territorial accounts with Mississippi. He held the office of Judge of the county court from 1833-42. Judge Williams was secretary of the board of trustees of the University of Alabama from its incorporation in 1821 to 1840. He was a Whig and Methodist. Married: December 25, 1798, to Mrs. Agnes (Payne) Harris, daughter of Robert and Anne (Burton) Payne, of Pittsylvania County, Va.; granddaughter of Josiah and Anna (Fleming) Payne, the former a native of Goochland County, Va., a member of the house of burgesses 1761-5, who later moved to Pittsylvania County, and of Robert Burton; great-granddaughter of George and Mary (Woodson) Payne, the former landed at Jamestown, Va., with other cavaliers after the execution of Charles I, settled in Goochland County, in 1729 patented lands in this and Lancaster Counties, and was colonial high sheriff in 1732, and of Sir Thomas Fleming, the second son of the Earl of Wigton, Scot-

land; great-great-granddaughter of Robert Woodson; great-great-great-granddaughter of Dr. John Woodson, an English surgeon of Dorsetshire, England, and the progenitor of the Woodson family in America, who came to America in 1619. Mrs. Williams was the first cousin of Dolly Payne Madison, wife of President James Madison. Children: 1. Dolly Payne, m. Judge Thomas Owen, parents of William Marmaduke Owen (q. v.), and grandparents of Thomas McAdory Owen (q. v.); 2. Agnes Payne, m. Hopson Owen; 3. James Madison, m. Miss Thompson; 4. Mary Elizabeth, m. Dr. James Guild, sr., (q. v.); 5. Harriet, m. L. B. Neal; 6. Maria, second wife of L. B. Neal; 7. Charles Lewis, d. unmarried; 8. Matilda, m. John McKay. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

WILLIAMS, M. J., pioneer settler and mayor of Selma, 1865-66.

WILLIAMS, PERCY FREDERIC, horticulturist, was born at Natick, Middlesex County, Mass., deceased; son of Walter William and Ellanor B. (Taylor) Williams, the former who was a native of Oxford, England, and later removed to Natick, Mass.; grandson of George and Sarah Jane Williams, who lived at Milton, Oxfordshire, England, and of Thomas B. and Sarah H. Taylor of Berlin, N. Y. The early education of Mr. Williams was received at Natick, Mass., and he later entered the Massachusetts agricultural college at Amherst, Mass., from which he was graduated in 1905. He became assistant in horticulture at Alabama polytechnic institute and experiment station, 1907; was professor of horticulture June, 1910; was state horticulturist to the experiment station; and secretary of the Horticultural Society, 1910-12. He was a member of the Congregational church; a Mason; and a member of Kappa Sigma fraternity. He is the author of *Experiment Station Bulletins* Nos. 152, 155, 157. Married: on June 3, 1909, to Frances Kathrine Heard, daughter of John Frasier and Fannie Barbara Heard of Auburn. Children: 1. John Walter, b. July 1, 1910. Last residence: Auburn.

WILLIAMS, PETER, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 78, and a resident of Pickens County; private S. C. Militia; enrolled on January 17, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$50; sums received to date of publication of list, \$150.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Pickens County, June 1, 1840, aged 86.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

WILLIAMS, PRICE, commission merchant, was born June 4, 1811, in Buckingham County, Va., and died November 10, 1884, in Mobile; son of Warner and Elizabeth (Price) Williams, the former a native of Amelia County, Va.; grandson of Philip Williams and wife, who was a Miss Hundley, of Virginia, and of John Price of Cumberland County, Va. He received a common school education in his native county and located in Livingston in 1835, for thirteen

years was clerk of the county court, at that time a very lucrative position. In 1848 he removed to Mobile where he became a partner in the commercial house of Baker Williams and company. In 1851 he was elected on the Southern Rights Democracy ticket to the legislature, and was made chairman to the committee on banks and banking and also a member of the ways and means committee. On account of his age he could not enter the Confederate Army but was captain of the Mobile home guards and did efficient county service in 1864-65. He was chairman of the Democratic executive committee of the Mobile district, 1874; was a Methodist; and a Mason. He was an ardent believer in drawing the line between the races and took an active part in redeeming the State from Republican rule and negro domination in political affairs during reconstruction days. Married: (1) December 17, 1833, in Buckingham County, Va., to Pauline W., daughter of Daniel and Kesiah Nash, of Livingston, Nelson County, Va.; (2) June 3, 1873, in Moss Point, Jackson County, Miss., to Emma, daughter of Ebenzer and Sarah (Burleson) Clark, the former a native of New York City, the latter of Savannah, Ga.; granddaughter of Aaron Burleson; great-granddaughter of Jesse Burleson who was a soldier of the Revolution. Children by first wife: 1. Fannie, m. John R. Tompkins; 2. Price Williams, jr. (q. v.); 3. Pauline, m. Victor Von Schelliar; 4. Robert S., physician; by second wife: 5. Marvin Clark Price, m. Julia Helm Moss; 6. Emma Price, m. Ashbel Hubbard; 7. Lolla Price, m. Louis Jorite Meader; 8. Bettie Price; 9. James Osgood Andrew, m. Caro Belle Colson; 10. Jefferson Hamilton Price, m. Agnes Cleveland. Last residence: Mobile.

WILLIAMS, PRICE, jr., probate judge, was born February 21, 1839, at Livingston, Sumter County, and died in Mobile; son of Price and Pauline W. (Nash) Williams (q. v.). He received his preparatory education in Mobile whither he had gone with his parents at the age of ten, and graduated from the Wesleyan university, Florence, 1859, with the degree of A. B., and valedictorian of his class. He at once entered the employment of his father's mercantile firm; was a member of the Mobile cadets prior to the outbreak of the War of Secession; entered the Confederate army as special aid to Gen. W. H. Hardie, and later was made adjutant of the 3rd Confederate infantry regiment; promoted 1st lieutenant Co. F, 3rd Alabama infantry regiment; and after the battle of Mumfordsville was promoted captain of his company; was wounded at the battle of Shiloh. Later he organized the Pelham cadets, a battalion of two companies, which he commanded; was captured at Fort Gaines, 1864, where he was in command of the entire land force, escaped and rejoined his command in Mobile. At the close of the war he became partner with his father in the mercantile business, and three years later became a member of the firm of Threefoot and company; was elected captain of the Mobile rifles, 1872, and held the position until 1884, his company having in the meantime become so expert that it

was awarded first prize in militia contests at Arlington, Nashville, Tenn., and Dubuque, Iowa. In 1885 he became president of the interstate drill and afterwards was elected colonel, 1st Alabama infantry regiment, State troops. He was a Democrat and frequently a delegate to the State conventions of that party. In 1874 he was elected probate judge of Mobile County and held that office until his death. He was an Odd Fellow; Mason; and Episcopalian. Married: October 1, 1876, in Mobile, to Maggie, daughter of William T. Marshall, a retired merchant of that city; granddaughter of Jerry Austill, hero of the celebrated canoe fight during the Creek Indian War. Last residence: Mobile.

WILLIAMS, RICHARD, lawyer, was born in September, 1839, near Louisville, Barbour County, and died in New York City, March 25, 1891; son of Judge Stith and Euphemia (McNeill) Williams, and brother of Jeremiah Norman Williams (q. v.). He was educated in the public schools of his native town and read law in a private office. He entered upon the profession in 1865 and practiced in Barbour County and later in Birmingham. He had a war record distinguished for courage, and his determination not to be captured led him into many thrilling escapes, when his command fell at the hands of the enemy. He entered the Confederate Army as a lieutenant but was promoted to the captaincy of the Clayton Guards, 1st Alabama infantry regiment and served throughout the war. He was a Democrat; and a Methodist. Married: In 1869, at Clayton, to Mary E., daughter of Alexander and Mary E. (Phillips) Lane of Macon County. Children: 1. Richard Lane; 2. Rochelle; 3. Clyde. Last residence: Birmingham.

WILLIAMS, ROBERT, Member of Congress, Governor the Mississippi Territory. See Indian chiefs and associated characters.

WILLIAMS, ROBERT LEE, chief justice and governor of Oklahoma, was born December 20, 1868, at Brundidge, Pike County; son of Jonathan and Sarah Julia (Paul) Williams, of Brundidge and after 1911, of Durant, Okla., member 60th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army; grandson of Rev. Simeon and Louisa Maria (Adams) Williams, the former a native of New Hanover County, N. C., the latter of South Carolina, and of Robert Paul and wife, a Miss Stallings, of Brundidge, formerly of Georgia; great-grandson of Moses Paul, a Primitive Baptist minister. Governor Williams received his early education in the public schools of his native town and was graduated from the Southern university, Greensboro, 1894, with the degree of A. M. In 1912 he received the honorary degree of LL. D. from the same institution. He entered upon the practice of the law through private study and was admitted to the bar in 1891, and located at Troy, Pike County. In 1896 he removed to Durant, Okla., where he prosecuted his profession; was elected city attorney of Durant, 1898; member of Oklahoma constitutional convention, 1906-07, and was author of the provision relating to

public service corporations, including two cent railroad fare, provision as the fellow servant, and requirement that every charter granted to mining or public service corporation shall contain a stipulation providing for arbitration in case of differences with labor, the first time such provision had been incorporated in any statute, or any state constitution; elected chief justice of the supreme court of Oklahoma, 1907-08, re-elected for a term of six years, 1909-15; and elected governor of Oklahoma, 1915-19. He is a member of Oklahoma state bar association; Indian Territory Democratic convention, 1902-04; National democratic convention, 1904-08; Methodist; Mason; Odd Fellow; Knight of Pythias; Elk; Woodman of the World; and Alpha Tau Omega college fraternity. Author: Annotated the constitution and enabling act of Oklahoma. Unmarried. Residence: Durant, Okla.

WILLIAMS, ROBERT S., physician, was born August 27, 1827, at Petersburg, Va., and died on his plantation near Mt. Meigs; son of Rev. John D. and Mary (Johnson) Williams, of Oxford, N. C., and Dinwiddie County, Va., respectively, but in 1835 located at Wetumpka, where he followed the Baptist ministry and agriculture; grandson of Lawdon Williams, of Oxford, N. C., and of William Johnson of Virginia, the latter being related to the Randolphs and Riveses of that state; great-grandson of Commodore John Williams, a naval officer during the American Revolution and descendant of Roger Williams, the great Baptist divine of Rhode Island. Dr. Williams received his early education in the common schools of Wetumpka until twelve years of age; soon after which time he left home to go to Marion, where he expected to take a printer's job on the Alabama Baptist. Arriving, he found the press in the hands of a receiver, but acting on the advice of Gen. King he bought it for \$2.50, his entire possession. For two years he operated the paper. He then returned to Wetumpka and read medicine, but his studies were interrupted by the Mexican War. He joined the 6th Alabama regiment and landed with the troops near the mouth of the Rio Grande River. While in Vera Cruz he was detailed to hospital service and obtained valuable knowledge in connection with the yellow fever. In 1849 he graduated from Jefferson medical college, Philadelphia, and entered upon the practice at Line Creek, Montgomery County. In 1851 he removed to Macon County. In 1860 he returned to Wetumpka, where he continued the practice of his profession. After the war he abandoned medicine for agriculture and gave his medical library to the State association, of which he was a member. Dr. Williams was opposed to secession and refused a commission as surgeon in the army, but gave his services to the sick and wounded of both sides during the seven days' fighting about Richmond, Va. He was the first to discover that quinine given in heroic doses was a toxic agent, causing blindness and deafness. Married: (1) in 1853, in Montgomery County, to Margaret, daughter of William Thomas Judkins of that county; (2) in 1876, to Sadie K., daughter of John C. and

Mary (Fudger) Chadwick, natives respectively of England and Ireland. Children: 1. Inda; 2. Mollie, m. Lawrence Judkins, Macon County; 3. William Thomas; 4. John; 5. Lule; 6. Clanton, of Macon County. Last residence: Wetumpka.

WILLIAMS, SAMUEL, *soldier of the American Revolution*, a resident of Covington County; private; particular service not shown; enrolled on January 15, 1836, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831, annual allowance, \$80.—*Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile. He resided in Covington County, June 1, 1840, aged 86.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

WILLIAMS, SINKAN A., merchant, captain, C. S. Army, was born December 15, 1834, in Brundidge, Pike County; brother of Dekalb Williams, who served from July, 1861, to the close of the war in the 15th Alabama infantry regiment, with promotion from lieutenant to captain of Co. F, and died at Troy, in July, 1892; and of Francis M., a private of Co. F, 15th Alabama infantry regiment, who died of pneumonia at Richmond, Va., in December, 1862, while in the Confederate service; and of Samuel H., a private of Co. A, 60th Alabama infantry regiment, who was killed at the battle of Drewry's Bluff, Va., May 16, 1864. He enlisted in the Confederate Army, April 7, 1862, and was made third lieutenant of his company, which became Co. A, 60th Alabama infantry regiment. He was promoted second lieutenant and afterward captain. He participated in the battles of Chickamauga, Knoxville, Bean's Station, Drewry's Bluff, the eight months' siege of Petersburg, and the famous battle of the Crater. He was wounded in the knee, March 31, 1865, at Hatcher's Run, which disabled him during the remainder of the war, and in this crippled condition he was captured by the enemy and imprisoned in the hospital at Petersburg, Va., Point of Rocks, Va., Baltimore and Fort McHenry, Md., until June 10, 1865, when he was paroled. At the close of the war he resumed his mercantile business, and in September, 1871, moved to Troy. In May, 1900, he was appointed inspector-general of the 18th Alabama brigade, United Confederate veterans, under Gen. J. W. A. Sanford, with the rank of major. Married: in 1868, to Lena Bass, of Brundidge. Children: 1. Samuel A.; 2. Lella, president of the local chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy, in Troy; 3. Oscar; 4. Charles C.; 5. Mary Vernon; 6. Sarah Lena. Residence: Troy.

WILLIAMS, S. C., major, 18th Alabama battalion, Cavalry regiment, C. S. Army.

WILLIAMS, S. W., Methodist minister, member of the Alabama conference. Residence: Evergreen.

WILLIAMS, THOMAS, member of congress, lawyer and planter, was born August 11, 1825, in Greensville County, Va., and died April 13, 1903, in Wetumpka; son of John Davis and Mary (Johnson) Williams of Granville County,

N. C., and Greensville County, Va., respectively, the former a Baptist minister who located in Elmore County in 1834, where he remained until his death in 1871; grandson of Thomas and Ann (Davis) Williams, the former a sturdy Welshman who was killed in the battle of King's Mountain fighting for American independence. He lived on his father's farm until he was of age, having attended only neighborhood schools. By teaching school he accumulated enough money to send himself through the University of East Tennessee at Knoxville, from which institution he graduated. He was admitted to the bar at the age of twenty-seven and practiced his profession at Wetumpka for twenty-two years. He was, during his active career, justice of the peace, register in chancery, prison inspector and trustee of the Alabama polytechnic institute, at Auburn. He was elected to the Alabama legislature in 1878, and during that year he was elected to congress and for three consecutive terms, forty-sixth through forty-eighth, filled that honorable office. He was a large planter and at one time a man of wealth. He was a Democrat; and Methodist. Married: August 15, 1852, Rebecca E., daughter of John C. and Jane (Young) Judkins, the former a native of Virginia who located in Montgomery County; granddaughter of Bernard Young of Montgomery County. Children: 1. Robert Silas, m. Mary S. Moore; 2. Jane Judkins, m. Peter Buyck; 3. Mary Johnson; 4. William Young, m. Mary Jewett Williams; 5. Samson Harris, m. Louis Bell Thomas; 6. Henry Lucas, lawyer, unmarried, deceased; 7. Thomas Judkins, m. (1) Clara Mae Due, (2) Mary Hallinquist; 8. Seth Storrs, deceased. Last residence: Wetumpka.

WILLIAMS, WARREN, merchant and legislator, was born October 26, 1848, at Dudleyville, Tallapoosa County; son of John Jerry and Matilda (Dabbs) Williams; grandson of John W. and Martha Dabbs. The Williams family came from Edgefield County, S. C. to DeKalb County, Ga., where the Dabbs family resided. He was educated in the common schools of Dudleyville. He is a merchant; has been a justice of the peace; was four years alderman, and four years mayor of Phoenix City; and county treasurer of Lee County. He was a member of the special session of the legislature of 1909 from Lee County. He is a Democrat; and a Baptist. Married: Cora Alethia, daughter of LeRoy and Elizabeth (Gates) Booker, of Washington, Wilkes County, Ga. Residence: Phoenix.

WILLIAMS, WILLIAM CLAIBORNE, physician, was born October 23, 1876, in Brooksville, Blount County; son of George W. and Martha (Whitworth) Williams, the former a contractor, merchant, native of North Carolina, reared in Blount County and later settled in Birmingham; grandson of William and Sarah (Avery) Williams, sergeant in the Confederate Army, natives of North Carolina and of Alabama respectively, and of Claiborne and Catharine (Dunn) Whitworth, both natives of Alabama, the former a Confederate sergeant. He received his primary education in the public

schools of his native county and his college preparatory training in Birmingham, where he removed with his parents at the age of eleven. At nineteen he began the study of medicine in the Alabama medical college, Mobile, but his work was interrupted at the outbreak of the Spanish-American war, at which time he volunteered as a private in the U. S. hospital corps, serving till the close of the war. Upon returning home he resumed his studies and graduated with honor in 1900. The following year he located at Shelby, Shelby County. He is a member of the County, State and American medical associations; a Methodist. Married: April 15, 1902, at Shelby, to Naldo, daughter of Jefferson Payne Christian of that place. Residence: Shelby.

WILLIAMS, WILLIAM GREEN, business man and legislator, was born June 25, 1852, near Rose Hill, Covington County; son of William Green and Telatha Elizabeth (Bryan) Williams; grandson of Jesse and Elizabeth Bryan, who removed to Alabama about 1822 from South Carolina, and of Wiley and Hannah Williams, who removed from Georgia to Alabama. He was educated in the common schools. He began farming in 1875; in 1885 he entered the cotton gin and grist mill business; was for a short time in the turpentine business; in 1888 elected a county commissioner; in 1892 elected to the legislature; defeated in 1896 by a Populist; but in 1902 was re-elected from Covington County to the house of representatives. He is a Democrat; and a Primitive Baptist. Married: (1) Malissa Caroline, daughter of Tillman G. and Sarah Turman, of Covington County; (2) Amanda Cornelia, daughter of Benjamin Warner, of Crenshaw County. Residence: Rose Hill.

WILLIAMS, WILLIAM H., general railroad agent, was born July 2, 1841, in Screven County, Ga.; son of Edward W. and Cathrine R. (Daly) Williams, natives, respectively, of South Carolina and Georgia, the former a merchant in Savannah, Ga. He was educated in the private schools of Muscogee County, Ga., and at the age of fifteen entered the cotton business in Columbus, Ga., later engaging in the transportation business at that point. In July, 1861, he entered the Confederate Army as orderly sergeant, Co. A, 2nd Georgia battalion, and was promoted junior second lieutenant of that company; on reorganization of the company, 1862, he was elected first lieutenant; resigned from the service, 1863, owing to disabilities; was appointed agent of the Mobile and Girard railroad. In 1882 he removed to Montgomery to become general agent of the Montgomery and Eufaula railroad and of the Western railroad of Alabama. He was vice-president of the Home building and loan association of Montgomery. He was a Baptist; Mason; member of National Union and of the Ancient Order of United Workmen. Married: (1) December 6, 1865, at Columbus, Ga., to Mary Frances, daughter of Thomas and Mary (Taylor) Chaffin of that place; (2) April, 1881, to Martha Jane, daughter of Dr. J. J. Mason, also of Columbus, Ga. Children: Eight chil-

dren were born by the first marriage and two by the second. Residence: Montgomery.

WILLIAMS, WILLIAM HOWARD, manufacturer, merchant and real estate dealer, was born March 6, 1846, at Williamsport, Maury County, Tenn.; son of Edward and Elizabeth (Dedman) Williams, the former of North Carolina ancestry that emigrated to Tennessee and for whom the town of his nativity was named, president of the Dutch River valley railroad, and merchant at Columbia. He entered the Confederate Army in 1864, member of the 1st Tennessee cavalry regiment, and remained in the service until the close of the war. In 1865 he opened a drug store in Columbia, Tenn., but later became a merchant, dealing in clothing. He located in Anniston in 1883, where he merchandised, and in 1886 he entered the real estate business and has since become interested in manufacturing. He is a Presbyterian and a Mason. Married: June, 1873, in Columbia, Tenn., to Mary E., daughter of John Sarven, a carriage manufacturer of that place. Children: 1. Nellie; 2. Sadie; 3. Howard S.; 4. James E.; 5. Mary; 6. Edith. Residence: Anniston.

WILLIAMS, WILLIAM JACKSON, fire marshal, was born September 10, 1873, at Murphy's Valley, Blount County; son of Seabron and Sarah Louisa (Amberson) Williams, the former who was a native of Cherokee County and lived successively in Jefferson, Blount and Etowah Counties, was a member of Co. E, Forty-seventh Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, and surrendered at Appomattox Court House, Va.; grandson of Seabron and Malinda (Sparks) Williams and of John David and Edna Elizabeth (Westbrook) Anderson, the former who was a Confederate soldier. The great-grandfather of W. J. Williams went from South Carolina to the Cherokee country in its early settlement, his wife being descended from the Cherokee Indians. William J. Williams' early education was secured in the public schools; at Enterprise academy, Blount County; and at the Warrior high school, Jefferson County. He entered the mercantile business at an early age, and at the time of his appointment as fire marshal was connected with the accounting department of the Tennessee Coal and Iron Railway Company. He was a justice of the peace for eight years in Jefferson County. He is a Democrat; a Baptist; and Odd Fellow, and a Woodman of the World. Married: on May 11, 1898, at Shades Mountain, to Lula Anita Sanders, daughter of Charles William and Addie Aseneth (Dison) Sanders, of Birmingham, the former who was born at Allentown, Pa., and was of Dutch descent; granddaughter of Nathan Jordan and Mariah Annetta (Thurser) (Wheat) Tyson, the former who was of French-Irish descent and a member of Co. F, Forty-first Georgia infantry, C. S. Army, and the latter who was of English descent. Children: 1. Charles Seabron, b. February 20, 1899. Residence: Birmingham rural route.

WILLIAMS, WILLIAM MARTIN, lawyer, solicitor in U. S. department of agriculture, commissioner, U. S. internal revenue, was born

September 12, 1877, at West Point, Troup County, Ga.; son of William Larkin and Mary Ella (Martin) Williams, the former a native of Wilcox County who later removed to Georgia, locating at West Point, first lieutenant Co. K, 8th Confederate cavalry, mayor of West Point, grandson of James and Martha (Adams) Williams, natives of Richmond County, N. C., who removed to Monroe County, in 1820, and of Harrison Thurmond and Rixie (Danger) Martin, of Roswell and West Point, Ga.; great-grandson of Herbert and Milley (Clarke) Williams, the former born in Wales, migrated to America, settled and married in Richmond County, N. C.; and of Robert and Susie (Key) Martin, who removed to Jackson County, Va., about 1845; great-great-grandson of George Key of Virginia, and of James Martin, graduate of Belfast College, who came from Ireland during the Revolutionary War and served on the staff of General Washington, died at the age of one hundred and ten years and was buried at Stone Mountain, Franklin County, Va., was married four times and had twenty-four children. Mr. Williams received his early education in the private and public schools of West Point, Ga., graduating in the high school with his class in 1892. He entered the Alabama polytechnic institute, graduated with the B. S. degree in 1896, and became an instructor in that institution. In 1897 he received the M. S. degree and continued for two more years as a member of the faculty. He began the study of law in the office of Tompkins and Troy, Montgomery, January, 1898, and was admitted to the Alabama bar in 1902, and the New York bar, 1903. In 1908 he returned to Alabama and located in Montgomery where he became a member of the firm of Rushton, Williams and Crenshaw. At the outbreak of the European War, he tendered his services to his country and was appointed a solicitor in the U. S. department of agriculture. In March, 1920, he was appointed by President Wilson to fill the position of United States commissioner of internal revenue. In 1896, he was captain of Co. D, cadet corps, Alabama polytechnic institute, and his name was registered with the War Department for proficiency in military service and tactics. He was elected 1st lieutenant, Co. F, 12th regiment, New York, N. G., 1905, and captain of Co. L, 1906-08. He is a Democrat; Knight of Pythias; and a member of the Kappa Alpha college fraternity. Married: December 27, 1908, in New York City, to Gladys, daughter of Charles Dexter and Carolyn (Abbe) Rood, of Springfield, Mass.; granddaughter of Joshua Dexter and Clarissa Angeline (Walker) Rood who lived at West Warren and Indian Orchard, Mass., and of James and Caroline Ellis (Terry) Abbe, of Springfield, Mass. Children: 1. Charles Rood; 2. William Martin, jr. Residence: Montgomery and Washington, D. C.

WILLIAMS, WILSON, grand master, grand lodge, Masons, 1865-66.

WILLIAMSON, C. P., manufacturer, was born January 11, 1843, in New Richmond, Hamilton County, Ohio; son of Henry and Julia (Hough) Williamson, natives respectively of Pennsylvania

nia, Welsh descent, and of Loudoun County, Va., of English ancestry. He was educated in the public schools of New Albany, Ind., spending his holidays as clerk in a book store. In 1858 he entered the shops of the Louisville, New Albany and Chicago railroad company; entered the War of Secession in 1861 as second lieutenant in the 16th Indiana infantry regiment, serving thirteen months in the Army of the Potomac; returned South, and spent one year in the railroad shops, Louisville, Ky., later working as foreman in the pattern shop of Davies and company, engine builders; went to Birmingham in 1874 to do the iron work in the First national bank and located there at the instance of Charles Linn; became in 1875 part owner and superintendent of the Birmingham foundry and car manufacturing company, which later became the Linn iron works. He retired from that organization in 1879 and built the Jefferson foundry; organized in 1885 the Williamson iron works. The Northern Alabama Illustrated, p. 767, says, "The building of this furnace was the beginning of the present 'boom' in furnace building now going on in the Birmingham district." He was a Methodist; and an Odd Fellow. Married: in 1864, to Mary Bligh, of Louisville, Ky. Children: 1. Harry; 2. Emma, m. W. L. Woodruff; 3. Julia; 4. Mary, deceased. Last residence: Birmingham.

WILLIAMSON, GEORGE WILLIAM, physician, was born August 15, 1873, at Culleoka, Maury County, Tenn.; son of Charles Samuel and Isora (Wilkes) Williamson, natives of Culleoka, the former a member of Co. E, 11th Tennessee cavalry, C. S. Army; grandson of George Cuthbert and Mildred Angeline (Brown) Williamson, and of William Henry and Mary K. (Amis) Wilkes, natives of Culleoka; great-grandson of Samuel Woodfin Williamson, who moved in 1810 from Charlotte County, Va., to Giles County, Tenn. He was educated in the school of his native town; graduated at Vanderbilt university, B. A., 1895; and M. D., 1900; practiced at Iuka, Ky., 1901-1906; Columbia, Tenn., 1906-1908, and has since 1912 resided at Hargrove. In 1900-1901 he served as assistant physician to the main prison of Tennessee, at Nashville, and was registrar of vital statistics of Alabama, 1908-1912. He is a Democrat; Presbyterian; Mason; Knight of Pythias; Elk; and a member of the Pi Kappa Alpha college fraternity. Married: June 24, 1903, at Lynnville, Tenn., to Bertha Hall, daughter of Andrew Ruthven and Rebecca (Dickerson) Gordon, the former a captain in Forest's cavalry, C. S. Army, captured during the third year of the war, and held a prisoner at Johnson's Island until cessation of hostilities. Children: 1. Samuel Ruthven; 2. Rebecca Dickerson. Residence: Hargrove.

WILLIAMSON, HAWLEY, soldier of the American Revolution. "Died,—On the 18th inst. [May], at his residence in this county, in the 78th year of his age, Hawley Williamson, a soldier of the Revolution, and for many years a citizen of Alabama."—*The Democrat*, Huntsville, Ala., May 28, 1830.

WILLIAMSON, HUGH READ, planter and county superintendent of education, was born in Sandy Ridge, Lowndes County; son of James Spullock and Eugenia Carolina (Read) Williamson (q. v.) Mr. Williamson was named for his great-great-uncle, Dr. Hugh Williamson of North Carolina, who was a member from that State to the first constitutional convention of the United States, author of a history of North Carolina and at one time connected with the diplomatic service. He attended schools in the city of Montgomery, the rural schools in Lowndes and Macon Counties, and the South Alabama institute, Greenville. He became a planter and was superintendent of education of Lowndes County, 1909-13 and 1913-17. He is a Democrat and a Methodist. Married: May 9, 1880, at Sandy Ridge, to Susan Lee, daughter of John and Addie Robertson of that place; the former a native of South Carolina, came to Lowndes County in 1835 with his parents, was captain of Co. I, 45th Alabama infantry regiment, was tax assessor and superintendent of education of Lowndes County, and died March 1, 1892; the latter was born in Hayneville, March 20, 1843; granddaughter of John and Susan (Crenshaw) Hardy, natives of Bradford, Vt., who migrated to Lowndes County, and of Sampson and Cecelia (Rowton) Robertson, who came from Edgefield District, S. C., to Lowndes County, about 1835. Children: 1. James Spullock, m. Louise Herbert, Montgomery; 2. John Robertson, m. Noble ———, Montgomery; 3. Bruce, m. Reddoch Williams, Hayneville; 4. Hugh Hardy; 5. Arthur Herbert, unmarried; 6. Mamie, unmarried. Residence: Hayneville.

WILLIAMSON, JAMES SPULLOCK, planter and captain C. S. Army, was born January 29, 1809, in Wilkes County, Ga., and was killed in battle June 30, 1862; son of Peter and Elizabeth (Spullock) Williamson, of Bedford County, Va., the latter a lawyer and preacher, active in defense of Georgia during the border troubles, as lieutenant 5th Georgia regiment, and among the early Alabama pioneers, represented Montgomery County in the legislature of 1821, was probate judge of Montgomery County and the first probate judge of Lowndes County, having been instrumental in choosing the name of the latter county, also naming and locating Hayneville as the county site; grandson of Micajah and Sallie (Gilham) Williamson, both of Bedford County, Va., who located immediately after their marriage in 1768 near Washington, Wilkes County, Ga., the former being selected by the pioneer community to command the volunteer forces opposed to the Indians who were incited by the Tories to hostility; was also a lieutenant colonel under Gen. Elijah Clarke during the Revolutionary War, being in command of the division when Gen. Clarke was ill with smallpox, and at that time fortified and defended Augusta, Ga.; the latter was frequently a participant in the Indian conflicts and was forced to witness the burning of her home and twelve year old son by the savages. The first immigrant of the family line, John Williamson, father of Micajah, came from the north of Ireland and settled in Bedford County, Va. Captain Williamson received his education

under frontier conditions, but was an intelligent man and had considerable scholastic attainments. He located in Lowndes County with his parents in 1846 and became a planter. He was a member of the legislature from that county several terms and a member of the Secession convention. At the outbreak of the War of Secession, he was made captain of Co. B, 14th Alabama infantry regiment, and was killed at Frazier's farm, Va., 1862, while commanding the regiment, Colonel Bainey and Major Wood both having fallen. He was a Democrat. Married: (1) to Martha Roach; (2) about 1850 or '51, to Eugenia Caroline, daughter of William and Eliza Ann Read, the former a native of New York, the son of an Englishman of noble birth who left his native country on account of his disapproval of the law of primogeniture, the latter born in Montgomery and both later residents of Lowndes County. Children: by first wife, 1. Peter; by second wife, 2. Arthur Fort; 3. son, d. in infancy; 4. Hugh Read (q. v.); 5. Eliza; 6. James S., d. young. Last residence: Lowndes County.

WILLIAMSON, PETER, member Alabama legislature and probate judge, was born in Wilkes County, Ga., February 25, 1772, and died at Sandy Ridge, Lowndes County, about 1864; son of Micajah and Sarah (Gilham) Williamson, the former a Revolutionary soldier. His educational opportunities were limited, but he was an extensive reader. He saw active service against the Indians in their uprisings in Georgia until 1819, when he removed to Alabama with his brothers-in-law, Charles Tait and Col. Fitch and his nephew, John A. Campbell (q. v.). He located in Montgomery County, which he represented in the legislature of 1812. When Lowndes County was taken from Montgomery's territory he was made judge of probate of the new county, and served from 1830 to 1841, when he was retired by the operation of the law restricting service by age. He was a lay-preacher, Whig, and Methodist. Married: (1) Miss McAlpin; (2) name unknown; (3) Elizabeth Spullock; (4) Miss Brown, who died in China Grove, June 3, 1849. Children by the first wife: 1. Robert; 2. Micajah, both of whom died in Texas, unmarried; 3. Nancy, m. ——— Powell; by the third wife: 4. James Spullock; 5. Arthur Fort; 6. Susan Elizabeth, m. ——— Bruce; by fourth wife: 7. Thomas Peter; 8. Martha Ann, m. Robertson. Last residence: Sandy Ridge.

WILLINGHAM, HENRY JONES, teacher, was born January 18, 1868, near Easonville, St. Clair County; son of James Ezekiel and Mary Ann (Lewis) Willingham (q. v.), the former was a native of Georgia, later removed to Alabama, was a farmer and merchant, and served four years in the C. S. Army; grandson of John Jones and Caroline (Roberts) Willingham, who lived at Easonville, St. Clair County, and of I. R. W. and Martha (Creel) Lewis, who resided in Alabama. Henry J. Willingham was educated in the schools about Harpersville and Vincent, Shelby County; and attended Howard college, from which he was graduated A. B., in

1891, and A. M., in 1894. He became a teacher; was president of the Lineville college, 1893-1900; of the Fifth District agricultural school at Wetumpka, 1900-07; was mayor of Lineville two terms; secretary of the board of examiners, 1907-11; superintendent of education, 1911-14; and in 1914 became president of the State normal school at Florence. He is a Democrat; a Baptist; a Mason; a Knight of Pythias; and an Odd Fellow. Married: on December 28, 1896, at Lineville, to Sara Frances Nichols, daughter of C. B. and Matilda Nichols of Lineville. Children: 1. Henry Clay; 2. Mary Clyde; 3. Nell; 4. Sara Frances. Residence: Florence.

WILLINGHAM, JAMES EZEKIEL, farmer and merchant, was born December 1, 1844, in Georgia, and died January 16, 1882, at Vincent; son of John and Jane (Roberts) Willingham, natives of South Carolina, who early in life removed to this State, settling in St. Clair County, the former a farmer and merchant who served in the C. S. Army, although over age. He received a good education in the county schools of St. Clair, and at Mt. Pisgah, and entered the C. S. Army in 1861 as a member of the 10th Alabama infantry regiment commanded by Col. W. H. Smith. After the close of the war he resided in St. Clair and Shelby Counties, where he engaged in farming and merchandising until his death. Married: October 16, 1866, near Easonville, to Mary Ann, daughter of Isaac Ramsey William and Martha (Creel) Lewis, the former a major in the C. S. Army, merchant and farmer of St. Clair and Shelby Counties. Children: 1. Henry Jones (q. v.); 2. John Alexander, deceased; 3. James Frederic, m. Claudia Evans; 4. Graves Renfro, m. Rosa Bell; 5. May Ona, m. Robert L. Griffin, of Ft. Deposit; 6. Pearl, m. Dr. James Augustus Howle, of Eclectic; 7. Fella, m. William Henry Bowen, Birmingham. Last residence: Vincent.

WILLINGHAM, JAMES J., lieutenant colonel 6th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

WILLINGHAM, PHILIP, farmer and legislator, was born October 25, 1870, near Ramsey, Sumter County; son of Philip and Mary Caroline (Powers) Willingham, the former a native of Person County, N. C., who removed to Tennessee, where he passed his young manhood, later locating in Hale and Sumter Counties, giving three sons to the Confederate Army; grandson of Sharp and Mary Edna (Morgan) Willingham and of Edward and Mary Powers, the former family from Person County, N. C., the latter of Hale County. He was educated in the common schools of Alabama; and at the Southern university, Greensboro, leaving, however, before graduation. He has been a farmer all his life. From 1900 to 1908 he was commissioner of Sumpter County, and was one of its representatives in the legislature of 1915. He is a Democrat; Methodist; and a Mason. Married: December 10, 1902, at Crystal Springs, Miss., to Rosa Townes, daughter of Henry F. and Mary (Peterson) Neely, of Ox-

ford, Miss. Children: 1. Philip; 2. Mary Neely; 3. Robert Powers; 4. Edwin Lee. Residence: Emmelle.

WILLIS, JOHN H., commandant and professor of military science and tactics at the Alabama polytechnic institute, 1891-95; first lieutenant, 22nd U. S. infantry.

WILLIS, J. W., Missionary Baptist minister; living in 1913. Residence: Birmingham.

WILMER, RICHARD HOOKER, second Protestant Episcopal bishop of Alabama, was born March 15, 1816, at Alexandria, Fairfax County, Va., and died June 14, 1900, at Spring Hill; son of William Holland and Marion Hannah (Cox) Wilmer, the former a native of Chestertown, Kent County, Md., who lived at Alexandria and Williamsburg, Va., was ordained priest in the Protestant Episcopal church in 1808, served as rector of St. Paul's church, Alexandria, Va., and St. John's, Washington, Va., was instrumental in founding the Episcopal theological seminary, near Alexandria, and served as professor in that institution, was president of William and Mary College, Virginia, and rector of Bruton Parish, Williamsburg, in 1826, and had served three times as president of the house of clerical and lay deputies of the general convention of the Protestant Episcopal church; grandson of Rev. Simon and Ann (Ringgold) Wilmer, who lived at Chestertown, Kent County, Md., whose three sons all entered the ministry of the Protestant Episcopal church, one of whom, Simon, was the father of Joseph Pere Bell Wilmer, Bishop of Louisiana, and of Maj. Richard and Jane (Ross) Cox, of Mount Holly, N. J., the former a major in the "Jersey Line" in the Revolutionary War; great-grandson of Simon Wilmer, and of Col. Richard and Mercy (Taylor) Cox, who were married in 1727, the latter a lineal descendant of that Norman baron "Taillefer," who came with Duke William in his invasion of England, and whose death in the battle of Hastings is described by Bulwer in "The Last of the Saxon Kings"; great-great-grandson of Simon Wilmer; great-great-great-grandson of Lambert Wilmer; great-great-great-great-grandson of Simon Wilmer, the progenitor of the family in America, a prominent man in New Kent County, Md., a country gentleman and a Royalist, who was forced to leave England with the Cavalier emigration, 1649-1659, in order to escape Puritan intolerance, who was a vestryman of St. Paul's church, January 24, 1693, clerk of the county, November 27, 1693, and representative of his county in the Maryland legislature in 1698; and a descendant of Edward Taylor, who came over from England in 1692, and settled at Garretts' Hill, N. J., and who acquired large landed estates in Monmouth County, N. J., through his relationship to Sir George Carteret, proprietor of East New Jersey. Bishop Wilmer was godson of Nellie Custis, granddaughter of Martha Washington.

At the age of five years Bishop Wilmer was left motherless. Soon afterward his father married Anne Brice Fitzhugh, and the strongest ties grew up between her and her stepson. His

father died a few years later, and at the age of twelve the boy was the oldest son in a family of nine, with much of the family support dependent on him. In 1831 Mrs. Wilmer moved from Alexandria to Seminary Hill, and opened a high school at the present site of the Episcopal High School. Bishop Wilmer attended that school for a year, then went to Yale College, where he was graduated in 1836. Returning to Virginia, he immediately entered the Episcopal theological seminary, and during his three years of theological training lived with his stepmother, who had closed her school and moved to Lebanon, a few miles distant, and helped manage the farm. On Easter day, 1839, in Monumental church, Richmond, Va., he was made deacon by Bishop Moore. On the next Easter day he was advanced to the priesthood by the same bishop. His first charge was at St. Paul's church, Goochland County, and St. John's, Fluvanna County, Va. When he took charge of the parish there was not one male communicant in the entire flock. He took hold of the men in that region, won their respect for himself and for his cause, and within the few years of his incumbency revolutionized social and religious conditions in the neighborhood. After a short period as rector in Wilmington, N. C., Bishop Wilmer accepted the charge of Grace church, Berryville and Wickliffe Parish, in Clarke County, Va., and remained there from 1844 to 1849, as long a pastorate as he ever exercised in any one place. For a year following that charge he was compelled to drop all work on account of a breakdown in health. When but partly restored he went to Loudoun and Fauquier Counties, Va., for a ministry of three years, 1850-1853. In the latter year he moved to Forest, Bedford County, and in 1858 took the country work at Brook Hill, near Richmond. His life as rector of Emmanuel church was that of a suburban pastor, having the advantages of proximity to a thriving city, yet with all the benefits of country freedom. He was a deputy from Virginia to the General Convention of the Protestant Episcopal church, which met in Richmond in 1859.

As the War of Secession became imminent, Bishop Wilmer became captain and drillmaster of the home-guard raised in the neighborhood. Later he resigned his captaincy and contented himself with ministering to the sick and wounded. He was unanimously elected bishop of Alabama, November 21, 1861, and was consecrated at St. Paul's church, Richmond, Va., March 6, 1862, Bishop Meade presiding, and Bishops Johns and Elliott assisting. The first years of his episcopate were confined to the work of holding the diocesan forces together, to caring for the women, children and old men, and to looking after the spiritual condition of the soldiers. Toward the close of the war, in 1863, he founded the Church Home for Orphans in Tuscaloosa, on his personal responsibility, and maintained the home without interruption, moving it to Mobile in 1865. He attempted to establish a publishing house for the distribution of religious literature in the army; but while hundreds of prayer-books were distributed, the breaking of lines of communication by the Federal troops caused the abandon-

ment of the scheme. At the end of the war, friends in Mobile presented to him a house and lot at Spring Hill, seven miles from the city, and he moved there from his residence in Greensboro. During the reconstruction period, in 1865, he issued a pastoral letter stating that no such thing as government existed in the South, and recommending that the prayer for "those in civil authority" be omitted. In consequence of that letter Gen. George H. Thomas suspended the bishop and clergy, and closed the churches of the state, but the order of suspension was set aside by the Federal civil authorities.

In 1887, the one book written by Bishop Wilmer was published, entitled, "The Recent Past from a Southern Standpoint." A second edition appeared six months later; and other editions have appeared from time to time. Two years later a portion of the book was printed separately under the title "Guide Marks for Young Churchmen." In 1888 his most noted pastoral, "The Words of Christ," was published. That pastoral, in amplified form, he preached before the General Convention in Baltimore, 1892. In 1890, on account of his increasing infirmities, Bishop Wilmer consented to the election of a coadjutor, and in 1891 the Rev. Henry Melville Jackson, of Richmond, Va., was consecrated Bishop-coadjutor of Alabama. That assistance left Bishop Wilmer free for the continued use of his pen, and the concluding years were filled with writing and the publishing of tracts and pamphlets, among them, "The Efficiency of Prayer," and "Confession of Sin Not Profession of Religion." He received the honorary degree of A. M. from Yale, 1846; D. D. from William and Mary College, 1857, and from the University of the South, 1878; LL. D. from the University of Oxford, England, 1867, and from the University of Alabama in 1880. He is buried in Magnolia cemetery, Mobile. Married: October 6, 1840, at "Belmont," Nelson County, Va., to Margaret Brown, daughter of Alexander and Lucy Shands (Rives) Brown, who lived at Belmont, the former a native of Perth, Scotland, who came to America in 1811, and who was a lineal descendant of King James I, of Scotland, the latter a sister of Hon. William Cabell Rives, the Virginia statesman; granddaughter of Robert and Margaret Jordan (Cabell) Rives of "Oak Ridge." Children: 1. Marian, m. Capt. Harvey E. Jones, C. S. Army, Montgomery; 2. Alexander Brown, m. Edith Gordon, Mobile; 3. Dr. William Holland, m. Rebecca Lewis Smith, Philadelphia, Pa. Last residence: Spring Hill.

WILMORE, JOHN JENKINS, teacher, was born October 15, 1864, in Winchester, Randolph County, Ind.; son of James W. and Hannah Ann (Jenkins) Wilmore, both natives of Indiana; grandson of Willis C. and Sarah (Love) Wilmore, and of John and Frances (Smith) Jenkins, the former for many years was recorder of Randolph County, Ind. He is of English ancestry, the first members of the family settling near Lexington, Va., before the Revolutionary War, in which they participated. He was educated in the common schools of Randolph County and at Winchester high school,

graduating in 1884; student at Perdue university, 1884-1888, receiving the degree of B. M. E. in the latter year. In 1891 he received the degree of M. E.; was instructor department of mathematics, Alabama polytechnic institute, 1888-1891; director, 1891-1895; professor mechanical engineering, 1895-1907; dean of engineering since 1907. Married: Moselle Rowena, daughter of Lucius F. and Rowena (Oates) Whitaker, of Hephzibah, Ga. The Oates family lived in central North Carolina. Children: 1. Anna Estelle; 2. Frank Whitaker; 3. Margaret, deceased. Residence: Auburn.

WILSON, ALBERT HARRIS, teacher, for a number of years a resident of Alabama, was born February 4, 1872, at Saundersville, Sumner County, Tenn., son of Thomas Black and Lucy (Cragwall) Wilson, the former a captain in the C. S. Army. Mr. Wilson received his early education in the private schools of Tennessee; graduated at Vanderbilt university, B. S., 1892, and M. S., 1893; student at Johns Hopkins university, 1893-5, and Ph. D., Chicago university, 1911. He taught at Princeton university and the University of Illinois before coming to Alabama in 1905, where he became associate professor of mathematics at the Alabama polytechnic institute until 1910. In that year he removed to Haverford college, Haverford, Pa. Married: December 27, 1900, at Fort Worth, Tex., to Zue, daughter of Samuel Matthias and Woodie (Brown) Ward, of that place. Residence: Haverford, Pa.

WILSON, AUGUSTA JANE (EVANS), author, was born May 8, 1835, in Columbus, Ga., and died May 9, 1909, in Mobile; daughter of Matt Ryon and Sarah Skrine (Howard) Evans (q. v.). On account of delicate health she was educated in her home under the supervision of her mother. With her parents she removed to Texas, in 1846, where, under the influence of anti-Mexican sentiment, she wrote "Inez, a Tale of the Alamo," her first novel. She did not complete the work until after the family returned to Mobile in 1849. After the acceptance of "Inez," 1855, by Harper brothers, Miss Evans applied herself to profound study for four years, and then began her real literary work which made her the foremost Southern novelist of the period. Her book "Macaria" created great insubordination in the ranks of the Federal Army, in Tennessee, the soldiers smuggling the book through the lines, while the Federal officials forbade its reading and burned every copy obtainable. During the War of Secession she was active in the service of the Confederates, establishing a private hospital near Mobile; while the military camp, near that city, was named "Camp Beulah" in her honor. She raised \$1,500 in Mobile and sent it to the women of Richmond, to assist in removing the Confederate dead to Hollywood cemetery. The popularity and financial results of her writings surprised and gratified her publishers as well as herself. Married: December 3, 1868, to Lorenzo Madison Wilson, business man, of Mobile, and lived for twenty-three years with him at Spring Hill, engaged in writing, farming, flower-culture and application of domestic

science, until his death, in 1891, after which she removed to a house on Government street, where she resided until her death. Author: "Inez, a Tale of The Alamo," 1855; "Beulah," 1859; "Macaria," 1863; "St. Elmo," 1866; "Vashti," 1869; "Infelice," 1875; "At the Mercy of Tiberius," 1886; "A Speckled Bird," 1902; "Devota," 1907. Last residence: Mobile.

WILSON, BENJAMIN W., member of the constitutional convention, 1861, from Fayette County.

WILSON, E. P., member of the constitutional convention of 1901, from Washington County. Residence: Grove Hill, Clarke County.

WILSON, HENRY FELIX, real estate, stocks and bonds, was born April 23, 1837, in Pike County; son of Asa King and Delilah Pope (Speir) Wilson, the former a native of Robeson County, N. C., who removed to Pike County and settled on a farm near where Troy is now situated; grandson of Mathew and Sarah (King) Wilson, who lived in Pike County, and of Philip and Nancy (Pope) Speir of near Fayetteville, Cumberland County, N. C. The Wilson family was of Scotch-Irish origin, settled in North Carolina, adherents of the Revolutionary cause, and family tradition records that they "had much trouble with their Tory neighbors." They were all non-slave holding farmers. Mr. Wilson received his early education from his mother and later was taught by the Rev. Louis R. Barnes, a Baptist minister. In 1856 he went to Mobile and clerked in a cotton commission house until April 23, 1861, when he joined the "Mobile Rifles," which became Co. K, 3rd Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army; served four years as private and was paroled at Appomattox. He was one of four brothers in the Confederate Army, two of whom were killed, one at Shiloh and one at Spottsylvania Court House. After the war he returned to Mobile, where he became a member of the commission firm of Webster and Wilson. Later he removed to Birmingham and entered the real estate business and also dealt in stocks and bonds. He has been a notary public for fifty years. He was a member of the Ku Klux Klan, and is a Presbyterian. Married: December 14, 1865, at Uniontown, Perry County, to Mary Virginia, daughter of Robert and Maria (Gray) Clarke, who lived near Dayton. The Clarkes are descended from Sir Harry Vane of England, who was beheaded on account of his liberal views. Children: 1. Henry Felix, Jr., m. Corinne Estelle Harris, Birmingham; 2. Richard Clarke, m. Alice Taylor, Elizabeth City, N. C.; 3. Marie Virginia Thorp, Lake Charles, La. Residence: Birmingham.

WILSON, HUGH McCALLA, editor, was born March 31, 1860, at Talbot County, Ga.; son of Hiram Morgan and Amanda Elmira (McCalla) Wilson, the former who immigrated to Tallapoosa County in the winter of 1860, and served as a private in the C. S. Army for four years; grandson of Joseph Madison Wilson of Talbot County, Ga., and of Hugh McCalla, who resided in Harris County, Ga. Hugh M. Wilson

was educated in the common schools of his native county; taught school in 1878 and 1879; was in Texas in 1879-1880; returned to Tallapoosa County, where he farmed; studied law and was admitted to the practice, in which he engaged 1888-1890, when he entered upon a permanent newspaper career. In 1886, having bought the Dadeville "Democrat," he founded the "Tallapoosa New Era"; sold this property in 1870 and removed to Opelika, where, in connection with C. H. Greer, he founded the "Opelika News"; in March, 1895, became one of the founders and the business manager of the Birmingham "Daily State"; in 1896, was managing editor of the Birmingham "State-Herald"; in 1897, returned to Opelika; and he and W. T. Wear became proprietors of the "Opelika News." He held the office of circuit court clerk of Lee County, 1898; was reappointed in 1901, and again in 1906; was appointed register in chancery of Lee County in 1898, and reappointed in 1905. He is a Democrat, was chairman of the Lee County executive committee, 1898-1900, and a member of the state executive committee, 1899-1900; a Presbyterian; a Royal Arch Mason; an Odd Fellow; a Knight of Pythias; and an Elk. Married: on May 12, 1892, in Atlanta, to Mrs. Ada (Herren) Hicks, daughter of James W. and Matilda Herren of Dadeville. Children: 1. Walter Herren; 2. H. M., Jr.; 3. Mary Wear. Residence: Opelika.

WILSON, ISAIAH A., teacher, was born in Talbot County, Ga., and died in 1882. Having completed his education before the War of Secession he removed to Alabama and engaged in teaching at Macon, Bullock county. He served in the C. S. Army. He was a Mason. He was married and left descendants.

WILSON, J. C., physician and business man, was born May 15, 1828, in Tuscaloosa; son of David and Sarah (Witherspoon) Wilson, former natives of South Carolina, who came to this State in 1820. He was educated in the celebrated Green Springs academy, under its principal, Dr. Henry Tutwiler, and at the Medical College in Charleston, S. C., where, in 1851, he graduated with honors. He began the practice at Carthage, and remained there fifteen years. After the close of the War of Secession he was ten years in Mobile in the cotton business; later he removed to St. Clair County, where he conducted a mercantile establishment. In 1887 he located in Birmingham, where he engaged in the real estate, insurance and brokerage business. He is a Presbyterian. Married: in 1854, to Susan, daughter of James Jones of Greene County. Children: six of his children died in youth; 7. Annie L., m. John S. Going, of Birmingham; 8. William J.; 9. Carrie L.; 10. Thomas Chalmers; 11. David Edwin; 12. Miriam. Residence: Birmingham.

WILSON, JAMES HOWARD, street railway, electric light and real estate promoter, was born June 21, 1858, at Leavenworth, Kan.; son of John and Eliza Jane (Holmes) Wilson, the former a native of Chester County, Pa., who removed to Leavenworth in 1856 and remained there until his death, a wholesale merchant and

manufacturer, member Kansas State senate, and of the county board of education for several years; grandson of James and Rebecca (Whitesides) Wilson, and of Samuel and Catherine (Falls) Holmes, all of Chester County, Pa. Mr. Wilson was educated in the public schools of Leavenworth, Kan., and removed to Mobile in 1890. Prior to coming to Alabama he had been engaged in cattle ranching in Colorado and Montana, and in driving cattle over the trail from Oregon to Montana. After making Mobile his home he aided in developing the street car and electric light systems of that city and promoted the development of suburban residential property; was president of the Mobile progressive association for two years, an organization that aided farmers in settling in that region on cut over lands, and in securing factories for Mobile. Married: Sarah Augusta, daughter of Walter Gwynn and Sarah E. (Wilson) Turpin, who lived in Richmond, Va., the former being a major on Gen. Stonewall Jackson's staff, C. S. Army, and after the close of the war was the engineer in charge of the construction of the James River canal. No children. Residence: Mobile.

WILSON, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 74, and a resident of Bibb County; private Virginia Militia; enrolled on April 15, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831, annual allowance, \$43.33; sums received to date of publication of list, \$129.99.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in part 3, vol. xiii, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Con., 1st sess., 1833-34.

WILSON, JOHN FRANKLIN, lawyer, was born September 17, 1858, at Arkadelphia, Blount, then Walker County; son of Washington and Margaret Taylor (Gamble) Wilson, the former who was a native of Anderson, S. C.; grandson of William and Sarah (Hawthorne) Wilson, who was too young for active service in the Revolutionary War, but held the position of commissioner of Walker County for a time, and of Rev. John R. and Jane (Mills) Gamble of Walker County; great-grandson of Robert Gamble and James Mills, both of whom were soldiers in the Revolutionary War. John F. Wilson was educated in the common schools and in the Birmingham district high school; read law; was admitted to the bar in 1891; practiced in Blount and Jefferson Counties, residing at Bangor and later at Oneonta; was solicitor of Blount County, 1898-1904; mayor of Warrior, 1893; and was a member of the State senate from the third senatorial district, 1907. He is a Democrat, has served as a member of the executive committee of Blount County, and of the ninth congressional district; a Methodist; a Mason, and a Knight of Pythias. Married: (1) on January 21, 1883, to Kate, daughter of Rev. Frank A. and Lucinda (Brake) Hewitt; (2) on March 30, 1898, to Mrs. Leota (Hendricks) Hartley, daughter of William Holland and Mary Jane (Blackburn) Hendricks of Murphree's Valley, Blount County. Children: by first marriage, 1. Oliver P., deceased; 2. Jesse Earl; 3. Eugene Hewitt; 4. John Robert; 5. Margaret Lucinda; 6. Frank

Hamilton, deceased; by second marriage; William Washington. Residence: Oneonta.

WILSON, JOHN R., Presbyterian minister, was born in 1870, in South Carolina, and died March 5, 1896, in Hale County. He was educated at Union theological seminary, graduating in 1895. He located in Alabama in order to take charge of several churches in Hale County. He was received as a licentiate from Mecklenburg presbytery and ordained by the Tuscaloosa presbytery. Last residence: Hale County.

WILSON, JOHN THOMAS, farmer, was born October 4, 1836, at Montevallo, Shelby County; son of James H. and Agnes (Farley) Wilson, who lived at Montevallo. He obtained a common country school education, and became a farmer in Alabama. He represented Bibb County in the State legislature in 1901. During the War of Secession he served as lieutenant of Co. C, Tenth Alabama regiment, army of Virginia, 1862-1865. He is a Democrat and a Methodist. Married: at Montevallo, to Joanna Moore. Residence: Centerville.

WILSON, JOSEPH COLUMBUS, representative in the legislature, 1919, from Calhoun County, was born March 13, 1848, in Campbell County, Ga.; son of James Harwell and Rebecca Matilda (Pitts) Wilson, the former who resided in Franklin County, Ga.; grandson of William and Mary (Leak) Wilson, who lived in Fulton County, Ga., and of Joseph and Ann (Lemon) Pitts, who resided in Fulton County, Ga. J. C. Wilson was educated at Fayetteville academy, Fayetteville, Ga., and at the Jonesboro academy, Jonesboro, Ga. He began teaching at Cave Springs, Ga., in 1868; Samuel Bailey institute, Griffin, Ga., 1870; principal Irwinton academy, Irwinton, Ga., 1871; Oxford college, Oxford, Ala., 1876-79-80; and in 1884 became a merchant of Lincoln. He is a Methodist and a Mason. Married: on January 11, 1871, at Griffin, Ga., to Margaret Helena Nichols, daughter of Isaac Coleman and Catherine (Prothero) Nichols, of that place, the former who represented Meriwether, Ga., in the legislature for several years. Children: Joseph Harwell, m. Linde Louise Harrison; 2. Mary Josephine; 3. Emery Helena, m. Henry Bascom Rudisell; 4. Myrtice, m. George D. Patterson; 5. William Coleman, m. Marie Harrison; 6. George Nichols; 7. Louis Pinckney, m. Anna Manville Walker; 8. Evalyn, m. Emmett McIntyre Whiteside. Residence: Anniston.

WILSON, JOSEPH THOMPSON, merchant, was born December 9, 1844, in Kemper County, Miss.; son of William Robertson and Mary (Gulledge) Sellers Wilson, the former a native of Botetourt County, Va., who settled in Tennessee at Mouse Creek, and later in Kemper County, Miss., where he died in 1861, the latter a native of Cheraw, S. C., and the widow of a Mr. Sellers. His grandfather was a Virginian, and a soldier in the War of 1812. He received his early education in Kemper County, Miss., and in February, 1862, joined Co. B, Thirty-fifth Mississippi infantry, under Col. William

S. Barry, of Columbus, Miss. He served with that company until about April, 1864, when he was selected as a sharpshooter and transferred to Ray's battalion. He remained with the latter organization until captured at Kenesaw Mountain. He was held prisoner until June 20, 1865, and during his imprisonment served as dispensing clerk at the "Bull Pen" dispensary at Louisville, Ky., and at the "White Oak Square" dispensary at Camp Douglas, Chicago. He took part in the battles of Farmersville, Iuka and siege of Vicksburg, Adair Station, Cassville, New Hopechurch, Lost Mountain and Kenesaw, and received his only wound at Vicksburg. After the war he secured a position as clerk in a country store in Lauderdale County, Miss., and later opened a store in Alabama, at Cuba, Sumter County, where he remained until March 1, 1871, when he went to Elyton. Soon after he purchased a lot in Birmingham, built a store and engaged in general merchandising until 1874. From that time until 1879 he managed his farm in Sumter County; then, in partnership with Maj. W. J. Milner, opened a real estate and insurance business in Birmingham. Mr. Milner retired from the firm in 1884, and since that time Mr. Wilson has continued in that business. He is a Methodist and a Royal Arch Mason. Married: (1) February 12, 1873, to Mary Ella McDaniel, who died February 14, 1881, daughter of Henry McDaniel of Sumter County; (2) September 6, 1883, to Sarah Frances Wynn, daughter of Maj. Alexander M. Wynn, of Huntsville. Children by first marriage: 1. Dalma; 2. Henry Bascom; by second marriage: 3. Lorna Wynn. Residence: Birmingham.

WILSON, JOSHUA, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 74, and a resident of Dallas County; private N. C. Continental Line; enrolled on March 1, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$78.33; sums received to date of publication of list, \$234.99.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Clarke County, June 1, 1840, aged 80.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149; *Pension Book*, State Branch Bank, Mobile.

WILSON, LAWRENCE M., Methodist minister, was born August 30, 1822, in Autauga County, and died October 22, 1896, in Tallapoosa County; son of John D. and Mary (Jordan) Wilson, the former a Georgian, who came to Alabama when a young man and settled in Elmore County, was a mechanic, served in the War of 1812, and was a colonel of militia, moved to Coosa County, near Talladega Springs, in 1833, and lived there until his death after the close of the war, the latter's mother, an Elmore, was a member of the family for whom Elmore County was named. The Jordans originally came from South Carolina. He received a common school education and farmed in Coosa County until the outbreak of the Mexican War. He joined Co. C as second sergeant, Seale's battalion, and served in the latter part of the war, returning to Coosa County when peace was established. He was converted

and joined the Methodist church at Fayetteville, 1848; was licensed to preach the same year, in Columbiana; was admitted on trial at Greensboro, January, 1849; ordained deacon by Bishop Capers at Auburn, January, 1851; ordained elder at Marion, December, 1852; served charges at Centenary Circuit, 1849; at Cedar Creek, as junior to J. L. Saunders, 1850; at Pleasant Hill, 1851; Autauga, 1852; Cedar Creek, as senior to W. C. Harris, 1853; Monroeville, 1854-1855; Jacksonville, 1856; Orville, with M. E. Butt as junior, 1857-1858; Spring Hill, 1859-1860; Tuskegee, with J. W. Rush as junior, 1861-1862; raised a company in his circuit in 1862, and as captain of Co. G, Forty-fifth Alabama regiment, served in the C. S. Army; participated in the battles of Perryville, Murfreesboro, Chickamauga, and returned home because of ill health; was appointed tax collector of the thirty-ninth district until the close of the war; served in the charge at Black's Bend, 1864-1865; was presiding elder on the Jacksonville district, 1866-1868; on the Talladega district, 1869; Harpersville circuit, 1870; Talladega district, 1871; was Sunday school agent, 1872; presiding elder on Harpersville circuit, 1873-1874; was located in Shelby County, 1875-1877, during which time he served a term in the State legislature; was presiding elder of Tuscaloosa district, 1878-1881; of Decatur district, 1882-1883; of Birmingham district, 1884-1885; of Lafayette district, 1886-1889; retired to his plantation at Agricola in 1889; and was supernumerary on Camp Hill circuit, 1890-1896. He was a member of the General Conference in 1882, and a delegate to the Centennial of Methodism at Baltimore in 1884. He was a Mason. Married: (1) in 1853, in Lowndes County, to Mary Hammon Dudley, who died the next year; (2) in January, 1855, in Belleville, to Raleigh A. Love. Children, by first marriage: 1. Frederick Ferguson, who was graduated from the University of Alabama, A. B., 1879, pastor of Methodist Episcopal church, south, at Houston, Huntsville and Columbus, Tex., d. July 17, 1881, in Columbus, Tex., m. Mammy Holby, of Houston, Tex. Last residence: Agricola.

WILSON, MARSHALL CLARK, teacher, was born January 20, 1855, at Russellville, Franklin County; son of Bryce and Mary Ann (Edwards) Wilson, the former who came from County Galloway, Scotland, to America and resided in Bolivar, Tenn., and Russellville, and was a merchant and cotton planter; grandson of Alexander and Clementina (McQuiston) Wilson of the town of Newton Stewart, County Galloway, Scotland, and of James G. and Lucinda (Nooe) Edwards of Paris, Ky., and Russellville; great-great-grandson of Thomas Wilson, who was driven out of Scotland by Archbishop Laud, because of his refusal to conform to the principles of the English church, and of James Garrard Edwards, who was the first governor of Kentucky, and of Governor Slaughter of Virginia. Another ancestor of the Wilson family was Margret Wilson, who is called the maiden martyr of Scotland, she having been drowned at Wigtown in 1686 by Claverhouse because of her refusal to renounce the Presby-

terian faith. Mr. Wilson was educated in the schools of Franklin County; was graduated in 1876, C. E., from the University of Virginia; and later studied two years in the Harvard summer school. He taught in the public schools of Franklin and Colbert Counties; has held the chair of natural sciences, State normal college, 1881-97; and was elected president of the same institution in July, 1897. He is a Democrat and a vestryman in the Episcopal church. Married: on September 5, 1895, to Alice Christie De Voe, daughter of David Hamilton and Rebecca (Lord) De Voe, of Lyons, N. Y., the De Voes being of French Huguenot descent and intermarried with Adams family of Massachusetts. Residence: Weirsdale, Fla.

WILSON, MASSEY, lawyer, was born October 9, 1869, at Grove Hill; son of Jack Roper and Emily (DeWolf) Wilson, the former who was a native of Clarke County; grandson of Sam H. and Susan (Caller) DeWolf; great-grandson of Joshua Wilson, who came to Clarke County in 1818, and of Col. James Caller, who came to Washington County, 1801. Mr. Wilson received his early education in the common schools and the village academies; attended the law school of the University of Alabama, graduating LL. B.; and the summer law school of the University of Virginia. He engaged in the practice of his profession; was clerk in the office of the probate judge of Clarke County prior to his attendance in the law schools; was engrossing clerk of the Alabama house of representatives, 1890-91; clerk of the house, 1892-98, inclusive; in 1900 was a representative in the general assembly from Clarke County; in 1901 was a delegate to the constitutional convention; and in 1902, was elected attorney general. He is a Democrat, and a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, South. Married: on December 20, 1892, in Wilcox County, to Julia Dale, daughter of John T. and Evelyn (Jones) Dale.

WILSON, OSCAR BICKLEY, Presbyterian minister, was born March 4, 1860, in Rogersville, Tenn., and died on April 16, 1900, at Tuscaloosa. He completed the academic course at the University of Virginia, taught for several years, and spent several years on a farm on account of failing eyesight. He entered Union theological seminary in 1886, graduated in 1889, and was licensed to preach the same year by West Hanover presbytery. He served for four years in Virginia, and in 1893 went to Arkansas, under the direction of the Home mission committee, preaching to negroes as well as to white people. He removed to Alabama in 1895, becoming a member of Stillman institute faculty and at times serving as an evangelist among the negro churches. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

WILSON, ROBERT, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 76, and a resident of Morgan County; private N. C. Continental Line; enrolled on February 1, 1827, under act of Congress of March 18, 1818, payment to date from December 6, 1826; annual allowance, \$96; sums received to date of publication of list, \$657.73.—

Revolutionary Pension Roll, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

WILSON, THOMAS, farmer, of Jackson County, served in the State senate in 1840, 1843, 1855, and in the house of representatives, 1837, 1838, 1839, 1849-50, 1851-52. Garrett says of him: "Without the early advantages of education, he had succeeded in attaining a correct knowledge of government and was a safe, efficient and truthful man in all the relations of life. He was an active, working member, who paid very little attention to idle forms, but went for the substance of any proposition when it tended to the public welfare."

WILSON, WILLIAM A., member of the constitutional convention of 1865, from Coosa County.

WILSON, WILLIAM KENDRICK PENDLETON, business man, was born April 10, 1846, at Bethany, Brooke County, Va., now West Virginia; son of Thomas and Lucy (Baldwin) Wilson, the former a native of North Ireland, who immigrated with his parents to Marshall County, Va., now West Virginia, when he was eight years of age; grandson of John and Sarah (Foster) Wilson, and of Sherman Baldwin and a Miss Kingsbury, the former who was a native of Ireland, and the latter an Ohioan; great-grandson of James Kingsbury, a native of Connecticut, and one of the founders of Cleveland. William K. P. Wilson was educated in the public schools of Ohio and West Virginia; entered into the insurance business in partnership with his two sons, Beverly Risque Wilson and John Paul Wilson; has been a civic leader in his city; was president of the Mobile Chamber of Commerce; initiated the movement for a commission form of government for his city; and was a representative in the legislative session of 1915, from Mobile County. He is a Democrat; an Episcopalian; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: on January 10, 1876, in Washington, D. C., to Anne Risque, daughter of Ferdinand William and Caroline Saloma (Pickrell) Risque of that city, the former who was a lawyer; and granddaughter of James Beverly Risque, who was a lawyer of Virginia. Children: 1. Fannie Virginia, m. Thomas Byrd Maclin, Petersburg, Va.; 2. Beverly Risque, m. Mary Brown Cooper, Mobile; 3. John Paul, m. Allene Willson, Mobile; 4. Caroline Saloma, m. Frederick Harvey Plummer, Petersburg, Va.; 5. Lucy Baldwin, m. Otto Schwenck, Kingston, Jamaica; 6. Thomas D'Arcy; 7. Nannie Adger. Residence: Mobile.

WILSON, WILLIAM LENOIR, Methodist lay preacher, publisher, probate judge, merchant and teacher, was born October 23, 1822, in Greenville, S. C., died August 18, 1899, in Leeds, Jefferson County, and is buried at Huffman; son of Allen and Nancy (Cantrell) Wilson, the former a native of Greenville, S. C., who removed to Blount County during the early period of the State's history. The Cantrells were of English and the Wilsons of Scotch-Irish ancestry. Judge Wilson was educated in the schools of Blount and Jefferson Counties, removing to the

latter with his parents in boyhood. He taught school in Blount and Jefferson Counties; was probate judge of Jefferson and merchandised in both Blount and Jefferson. He was ordained a local elder of the Methodist church and was a faithful lay preacher for a half century. He served on the joint board of finance of the North Alabama conference for twenty-nine years; was lay delegate to the general conference that met at Richmond, Va., 1886, and was often delegate to the north Alabama conferences. He was a Mason. He was for many years publisher and business manager of the "Alabama Christian Advocate." At the time of his death Mr. Wilson had including children, grandchildren and great-grandchildren, ninety descendants, all of whom above ten years of age, were members of the Methodist church. Married: (1) October 13, 1842, at Viola, Blount County, to Elizabeth, daughter of Joel and Annie (Fry) Blackburn of that place, the former a native of London, England; (2) Lou Speck; (3) Mollie Gamble. Children: by the first wife, 1. Nettie Elvira, m. Dr. J. B. Vann; 2. Elbert Dudley, m. Sarah J. Huffman; 3. Thomas Melvill, m. Jennie Linn Morris; 4. John Wesley, m. Lucy Sadler; 5. James Elgin, m. Fannie S. Dupuy; 6. Perry Bluford, m. Hepsy Reed; 7. Cloe Minerva, m. Peyton Gillespie; 8. Viena E., m. (1) Henry Dimon, (2) Daniel W. East; 9. Winfield Taylor, m. (1) Eliza Frazier, (2) Mrs. Emma Burford; 10. Francis Sylvester, m. Clara E. Hickman; 11. William Blackburn, m. Annie Barton. Last residence: Leeds.

WILSON, W. W., member of the constitutional convention of 1865, from Fayette County.

WIMBERLEY, GILBERT B., physician, was born December 12, 1871, at Fayette, Fayette County; son of Louis Monroe and Dorcas T. (Reynolds) Wimberley, the former who was a native of Fayette, was tax collector of Fayette County for many years, after the War of Secession removed to Vernon, where he served Lamar County in the capacity of county treasurer and county superintendent of education, was captain of Co. G, Twenty-sixth Alabama, C. S. Army, was appointed judge of probate of Lamar County, and resigned in favor of William A. Young; grandson of Thomas and Mahala Wimberley, the former who came from Ireland with two brothers and settled in Kentucky, North Carolina and Georgia, and of Alva Morgan and Matilda (Brewer) Reynolds, the former who was a distinguished soldier in the War of 1812; and great-grandson of William and Susan Irwin, who came from Ireland, of Eli and Drusie (Morgan) Reynolds, and of William and Dorcas (Churchwell) Brewer. Mr. Wimberley was educated in the public schools of Fayette and Lamar Counties, and in the Vernon Institute; was graduated M. D., from the Memphis hospital medical college, 1891; and from the medical college of Alabama with the same degree in 1892. He was mayor of Reform, 1895-1900; and in 1900 became a member of the city council; was a member of the Alabama National Guard and served in the war between the United States and Spain; and

was State senator from the fourteenth senatorial district, 1906. He is a Democrat; has served as a member of the Pickens County Democratic executive committee, 1893-1906; was its secretary 1894-98; was a member of the state Democratic executive committee from the sixth district from 1902-06; is a member of the Baptist church; a Mason; an Odd Fellow; a Woodman; and an Elk. Married: (1) April 24, 1895, at Carrollton, to Elizabeth Robertson, daughter of William G. and Sarah Elizabeth (Gardner) Robertson; (2) November 29, 1906, to Marion Matthews, daughter of Dr. Emmet A. and Belle (Johnston) Matthews of Clanton. Children: 1. Anne Mae; 2. Frances Lee; 3. Elizabeth. Residence: Reform.

WIMBERLY, H. T., planter, was born January 29, 1844, in Lee County; son of L. T. and Hannah (Pitts) Wimberly, the former a native of Jones County, Ga., who located, after his marriage, in Macon, now Lee County, four miles west of Auburn, the latter a native of Muscogee County, Ga.; grandson of Titus Wimberly, who lived and died in Jones County, Ga. The Pitts family originally came from Tennessee, the grandfather having settled in Georgia at an early day. Mr. Wimberly was educated at the military school at Auburn, and in 1863 enlisted in the Forty-sixth Alabama infantry regiment. After serving a short time he was honorably discharged for disability caused by severe attacks of rheumatism. He engaged in planting near Loachapoka, Lee County, and operates several plantations, and a cotton gin and mill. Married: December 7, 1882, at Opelika, to Cornelia P. Ware, daughter of James H. and Octavia (Willis) Ware, of Montgomery, niece of the wife of Senator John T. Morgan. Mrs. Wimberly's grandfather Ware moved from Georgia to Montgomery County and bought land on the Tallapoosa and Coosa Rivers from the Tuckabatchee Indians. Children: 1. Libbie H.; 2. Louis L.; 3. Persia. Residence: Loachapoka, Lee County.

WIMBERLY, THOMAS FELTON, merchant; member of the firm of Wimberly and Thomas Hardware Company; graduate of the Alabama polytechnic institute, with the B. S. degree, 1893. Residence: Birmingham.

WINDES, F. M., lieutenant colonel, 4th, Roddy's, Alabama cavalry regiment, C. S. Army.

WINDES, THOMAS G., teacher, lawyer, jurist, was born January 19, 1848, at Apple Grove, Morgan County; son of Enoch and Mary Ann (Ryan) Windes, the former born at St. Genevieve, Mo., lived at Apple Grove, was a farmer, during a few years a teacher, and for about thirty years a Baptist minister; grandson of Thomas and Sallie Ryan, who lived at Apple Grove. Mr. Windes received his early education in rural and home schools and obtained his professional education during five months in the school of law of the University of Virginia, receiving a certificate of good progress in the effort to complete in one year the course prescribed for two years, and completed his law studies while teaching in private

schools, at Scottsboro, and Jasper, Tenn. He taught from March, 1868, to June, 1871; was a farmer to June, 1872; clerk in a law office until the summer of 1879, when he began the practice of that profession; master in chancery of the circuit court of Cook County, Ill., 1880-92, after which date to 1913 he became judge of that court. In 1864-65 he was a private in the 4th Alabama cavalry regiment, C. S. Army. He is a Democrat; a member of the Christian Scientist Church; member of the Royal Arcanum. Married: December 3, 1868, in Limestone County, to Sallie Clay, daughter of Boyle Philip and Susannah Hervie (Sneed) Humphrey, who lived at that place, both parents born near Richmond, Va.; granddaughter of David and Sallie (Blankenship) Humphrey, also natives of Virginia, the former a farmer who came to Alabama when it was a territory, and of Dr. Herman Byrd and Sophia (Williamson) Sneed, of Richmond, Va., the former a Baptist minister and physician. Children: 1. Frank A., m. Mabel Reagan; 2. Zel F., m. Alice Calrow; 3. Thomas Guy, m. Bertha Thorne; 4. Susan A., unmarried, all living in Winnetka, Ill. Residence: Chicago, Ill.

WINDHAM, WALTER DEALE, planter, was born January 2, 1852, near Stone, Pickens County; son of Hugh G. and Eliza Ann (Deale) Windham, who lived near Stone. He was educated in the public and private schools of his neighborhood, and has been occupied as a merchant and farmer near Stone since 1869. He served as county commissioner for several years, and was elected to the State senate from the fourteenth district, 1898-1899, and 1900-1901. He is a Democrat and a Methodist. Married: December 19, 1872, in Noxubee County, Miss., to Mary F. Hibbler. Residence: Stone.

WINKLER, CHARLES FREDERICK, lawyer and State senator, was born August 23, 1879, at Greeneville, Butler County; son of August G. and Ida (Lemberger) Winkler, the former a native of Bremen, Germany, who was brought an infant, three years of age, to Milwaukee, Wis., where he resided until the close of the War of Secession, removing in 1867 to Greeneville, where he was engaged in the mercantile business until his death. Senator Winkler was educated in the schools of Greeneville; at the Webb school, Belle Buckle, Tenn.; at Marion institute; the University of Virginia; and graduated LL. B., 1904, at the University of Alabama. He entered upon the practice in Birmingham, 1904, where he remained until 1912, when he returned to Greeneville. He served for a time as 1st lieutenant, Co. I, 1st regiment, Alabama national guard. He represented the seventeenth senatorial district in the legislature of 1915. He is a Democrat; a Mason; Knight of Pythias; Woodman of the World; and a member of the Sigma Nu college fraternity. Married: October 25, 1905, at Greeneville, to Lilly, daughter of J. M. and Callie (Kettler) McKenzie, of that place. Children: 1. Joseph Augustus. Residence: Greeneville.

WINKLER, EDWIN THEODORE, Baptist minister, was born November 13, 1823, in Sa-

vannah, Ga., and died November 10, 1883, at Marion; son of Shadrach, and Jane (McFarland) Winkler. His grandfather was a distinguished officer under General Marion in the Revolutionary War. He was educated in Chatham academy, Savannah; attended Brown university, Providence, R. I. 1839-1843, receiving the A. B. degree; attended Newton Theological Institute 1843-1845. He received in 1858 the degree of D. D., and later LL. D., from Furman University. In 1846 he was ordained as a Baptist minister and supplied at Columbus, Ga., that year. He was during that time editor of the Christian Index. Mr. Winkler was pastor of the Baptist church at Albany, Ga., 1847-49; Gillisonville, S. C., 1849-52; First Baptist Church, Charleston, S. C., 1854, and then served the Wentworth Street Church, 1854-1868; citadel square church, 1868-1872; and served Siloam Church, Marion, Ala., 1872-1883. Dr. Winkler was editor of the "Southern Baptist" and corresponding secretary of the Southern Baptist Publication Society, 1852-54, and from 1874 to 1881 was editor of the "Alabama Baptist." During the War of Secession he served as chaplain, with rank of captain, under Beauregard. He was a trustee of Furman University, Howard college, Judson Female institute, and Southern Baptist theological seminary; president of the home mission board, and a member of the Alabama Baptist mission board. He was twice elected a professor in the Southern Baptist theological seminary, each time declining. Dr. Winkler was a member of the Psi Upsilon and Sigma Alpha Epsilon college fraternities. Author: "Centennial address," 1876, before Newton theological seminary; sermon before American Baptist home mission society, on the education of the colored ministry, 1871; "Baptist Catechism" for the instruction of colored people; "The Spirit of Missions, The Spirit of Christ;" "The Sphere of the minister;" a preface to "Sacred Lute," hymnal, issued by the Southern Baptist publication, society; "Commentary on the Epistle of James," American commentary series, and a poem, "Virtue of Valor." Married: (1) in 1846, to Abby De Wolfe Howe, of Bristol, R. I.; (2) in 1859, to Rosa Cornelia, daughter of Cornelius and Elizabeth Sarah (Adams) Burckwyer, the latter descended from a common ancestor with the second and the sixth presidents of the United States. Children: by first wife, 1. George Howe, dentist, m. Mary Elizabeth Patrick, New York; 2. Hermione, deceased, m. Dr. William Carter; 3. Jesse, m. (1) George Bancroft, (2) J. M. Love; (3) T. B. Boyd; by second wife: 4. Cornelius Lawrence, deceased, m. Sarah Kennedy; 5. Edwin Theodore, deceased; 6. Elizabeth Sarah, deceased; 7. Anna Burckwyer, deceased; 8. Alexander McFarland, Wilmington, Del.; 9. Percival Bartlette, deceased; 10. Robert Brodie, deceased; 11. Porter King, deceased, m. Mamie Powell; 12. William Wilkerson, deceased; 13. Caroline Cornelia, m. Rev. Louis J. Bristow, Abbeville, S. C.; 14. Benjamin Pressley, m. Millicent St. Hill, Salt Lake City, Utah; 15. Hugh Adams, m. Ethel Wallace, Richmond, Va. Last residence: Marion.

WINN, ELISHA, *soldier of the American Revolution*, age not given, a resident of Madison County; private Virginia Continental Line; enrolled on July 21, 1819, under act of Congress of March 18, 1818, payment to date from April 30, 1818; annual allowance, \$96; died.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

WINN, GALANUS, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 74, and a resident of Madison County; private Virginia Militia; enrolled on December 18, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$43.89; sums received to date of publication of list, \$131.67.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

WINN, HENRY JASPER, physician and planter, was born February 10, 1836, in Hale County; son of Capt. Asa Barney and Anne Elizabeth (Robertson) Winn, of Amelia County, Va., and brother of Walter E. Winn (q. v.). He was trained in the schools of his community, attended Dr. Tutwiler's school at Greene Springs, and graduated from the University of Alabama in 1854. Upon his return home, he engaged in planting, while studying medicine; was, 1856-57, a medical student at the University of New Orleans; 1857-58, at medical school, University of Pennsylvania, graduating in 1858. He practiced first in Marengo County, and in 1860 he removed to Dallas County. In 1861 enlisted as private in the First Alabama cavalry regiment, in C. S. Army; in 1862, commissioned assistant surgeon, serving to close of war; resumed his practice and planting until 1880, when he removed to Birmingham. He became health officer for Jefferson County and a member of both county and State medical associations. In 1886 he was appointed postmaster of Birmingham by President Cleveland. He was a Democrat and an Episcopalian. Married: (1) in March, 1859, to Eliza E., daughter of Alexander W. and Catherine B. Ellerbe, of Chesterfield, S. C., and (2) January, 1887, to Mrs. Helen N. Boyle, no children. Children, by first wife: 1. Alexander W., jr., deceased; 2. Julia R.; 3. Catherine E.; 4. Lucy L.; 5. Lillie J., deceased; 6. Walter E.; 7. Annie C.; 8. Henry J., jr.; 9. Herbert; 10. Eliza E. Residence: Birmingham.

WINN, JAMES JULIUS, physician, major C. S. Army, was born June 9, 1842, in Monroe County, Ga.; son of James J. and Catherine Martin (Johnson) Winn, who lived at Decatur, Ga., the former a native of Willsborough, S. C., the latter of DeKalb County, Ga.; grandson of Maj. John Winn, of Revolutionary fame, whose ancestors came to America from Wales; brother of Lochlan J. and Paul P., both veterans of War of Secession having fought in C. S. Army. He received an academic education and began the study of medicine under Dr. N. S. Liddell. Later he entered the Atlanta Medical College, and was graduated, M. D., in 1860. He began to practice medicine in Clayton in 1860; entered the C. S. Army as a private in the Barbour Grays, Fifth Alabama Infantry; served

in that command for twelve months; was commissioned assistant surgeon and assigned to duty as acting surgeon of the Forty-fifth Georgia volunteers; was promoted to full surgeon after three months, and put in charge of the regiment, remaining with the regiment until the surrender at Appomattox; returned to Clayton at the close of the war, and has continued in active practice at that place. He was instrumental in organizing the Clayton Banking Company, which he has served as president; was mayor of Clayton for about twelve years; president of the Clayton Improvement Company. He has large farming interests in Barbour County. He is a Democrat, and a Presbyterian. Married: June 9, 1868, near Clayton, to Mary Victoria Crews, daughter of W. B. Crews. Children: 1. Mamie C.; 2. Guy Westmoreland, lawyer; 3. Pauline L.; 4. Lochlan M.; 5. James J.; 6. Nannie; 7. Condie Knox; 8. Samuel R., deceased; 9. Minnie; 10. Hattie. Residence: Barbour County.

WINN, ROBERTA (HARRIS), newspaper writer; formerly editor of children's page, "Birmingham Evening News." Residence: Atlanta, Ga.

WINN, THOMAS SUMNER, Presbyterian minister, was born February 5, 1820, in Liberty County, Ga., and died February 24, 1900, near Green Springs, Hale County. He graduated from the University of Georgia, in 1841; from Columbia theological seminary, in 1846; and was licensed and ordained in the latter year by the Presbytery of Georgia. He spent two years as a home missionary in Houston and Pulaski Counties, Ga.; in 1848, became associate pastor of Old Midway church, remaining there for seven years. He removed to Alabama in 1855, having accepted a call to the Concord and Carthage churches, in the Tuscaloosa presbytery. After serving these churches for thirty-two years he resigned and retired to his home near Green Springs. He was married. One of his daughters, Lella, was a missionary to Japan for a number of years. Last residence: Green Springs.

WINN, WALTER EMMETT, lawyer, was born in Greene County, about 1833; and died in Richmond, Va., July 11, 1864, from wounds received in battle; son of Capt. Asa Barney Winn, of Amelia County, Va., and second wife, Ann Elizabeth Robertson, who came from Virginia to Marengo County; brother of Henry J. Winn (q. v.); and grandson of John Archer and Elizabeth (Royal) Robertson, of Amelia County, all descendants of old Virginia families. Mr. Winn graduated from the University of Alabama with high honors, and also from the law department; taught in the famous Tutwiler school at Greene Springs, and practiced law at Uniontown until 1857. After his marriage, he removed to Demopolis, where he lived until called to arms in 1861. In January, 1861, he was commissioned 1st lieutenant in the Marengo Rifles, and in 1862 captain in the Adjutant-general's department, Army of Northern Virginia. He was made campaign speaker for Breckenridge and Lane, 1860. He

was a Democrat and an Episcopalian. Married: May, 1857, Willey Glover, daughter of Dr. Goodman G. and Willey Ann (Glover) Griffin (q. v.). Children: 1. Norman Griffin, m. Nathalie Whitfield, living at Demopolis; 2. Henry, died in infancy; 3. Mary Elizabeth, m. William Armistead Gayle (q. v.) deceased, she is living in Montgomery. Last residence: Demopolis.

WINSLETT, G. N., Methodist minister; member of the Alabama conference; living in 1913. Residence: Graceville, Fla.

WINSTON, ANTHONY, soldier of the American revolution, was born November 15, 1750, and died in 1828; son of Anthony and Alice (Taylor) Winston; grandson of Isaac and Mary (Dabney) Winston, the former an immigrant, who died in Hanover County, Va., in 1760, leaving six children, and of James and Alice (Thornton) Taylor, of Carolina. "Slaughter's St. Marks Parish," states that "Isaac Winston, the most remote ancestor was born in Yorkshire, England in 1620, a grandson of his pursued his fortunes in Wales, where he had a large family. Three of his sons emigrated to America and settled near Richmond, Va., in 1704. Their names were William, Isaac and James." Anthony Winston was descended from Isaac. He was a member of the Virginia convention of 1775; afterwards served in the militia and rose to the rank of captain. Brewer says, "He was a colonial officer of 1776 and the owner of the celebrated Portuguese giant, Peter Francisco. Capt. Winston removed first to Tennessee and subsequently settled in Madison County, about the year 1810. He was a man of marked and elevated character." For some time he was sheriff of Buckingham County, Va. In 1801 he removed to Tennessee. Married: in 1776 to Keziah, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Walker) Jones, from Wales. The death of Captain Winston occurred in 1828, that of his wife in October 1826. They were buried at the family burying ground on the plantation of their son, Anthony Winston, about one mile from Tuscumbia, in Colbert County, in the direction of Sheffield. Children: 1. Anthony; 2. John Jones; 3. Edmund, died young; 4. William, died young; 5. Alice Taylor, m. John, son of John Pettus, Fluvanna County, Va.; 6. Joel Walker; 7. Isaac; 8. Mary Walker, m. Jesse Jones; 9. Betsey, died young; 10. Edmund (second of the name), b. June 15th, 1801, d. after the War of Secession; 11. Thomas. Last residence: Tuscumbia.

WINSTON, JOHN ANTHONY, planter, business man, legislator, soldier and governor of Alabama, was born September 4, 1812, in Madison County, and died December 21, 1871, in Mobile; son of William and Mary Bacon (Cooper) Winston; grandson of Anthony Winston (q. v.). He was educated in the schools of the day; at LaGrange college; and Nashville university, Tenn. In 1835 he engaged in planting in Sumter County, where he bought a large plantation and placed his slaves. He was elected to the house of representatives 1840 and 1842, and by his frankness and independence

became a leader. In 1844 he became a member of the cotton commission house of John A. Winston and company, in Mobile, and continued in that business until 1871. In 1845 he was elected to the State senate, and was twice elected president of that body. He organized a company for service in the Mexican War in 1846, but did not see active service. In 1848 he was a delegate-at-large from Alabama to the Baltimore convention. The legislature of Alabama in 1849, sent him to Nashville where he took a firm stand against the proposed compromise in regard to Southern rights. He returned to the State senate in 1851, and became the leader of the Southern rights Democrats. In 1852 as an elector at large, he supported Franklin Pierce. He was elected governor of Alabama in 1853, the first native born Alabamian to fill that office, and in 1855, was re-elected over Hon. G. D. Shortridge, by 12,000 majority. He was bitterly opposed to the granting of favors to railroads, or to the expenditure of money, as long as the state was in debt. During his administration over thirty measures were vetoed, for which reason he has been called the "Veto Governor." On February 15, 1854, he approved the act which established a public school system in the state. In spite of his conflicts with the legislature he was very popular, and in 1858, the name of Hancock County, was changed to Winston in his honor. He was a delegate-at-large to the Charleston convention, 1860, and headed the Douglas ticket. In 1861, he was sent as a commissioner to Louisiana. Upon the outbreak of hostilities between the Union and the Seceding States he offered his services, and was appointed colonel of the 8th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army. He commanded this regiment in the Peninsular campaign, and was in several other battles. At the battle of Seven Pines, when called on by the enemy to surrender, he replied that he "didn't join the army to surrender," that was "not his business there." Shortly afterward rheumatism and bronchitis forced him to resign from military duty and he returned to his plantation, giving all possible aid to the Confederate cause through counsel and financial aid. At the close of the war, he was elected to the Constitutional convention, of 1865, over Judge Dillard, and in 1867, was chosen as a U. S. senator over Gen. George S. Houston, but as he would not take the oath of allegiance to the Federate government, he was not allowed to take his seat, and soon afterward was disfranchised. In 1871, after a protracted illness, he died at his home in Mobile. Brewer said of him, p. 531, "Gov. Winston was in person tall and thin, and in his manhood's day was erect, active and sinewy. Energy, firmness, boldness, honesty, and common sense were his marked characteristics. As a soldier he was a stern disciplinarian, and not popular. But with men of all classes in the State he was a favorite, and no man ever held the confidence of the people in greater measure." Married: in 1832, near Huntsville, to Mary Agnes, daughter of Joel Walker and Agnes (Gibson) Jones. Children: 1. Mary Agnes, m. Thomas J. Goldsby (q. v.) Last residence: Mobile.

WINSTON, JOHN GADDIS, jr., lawyer, was born November 14, 1846, in Lebanon, De Kalb County; son of John Gaddis and Lucinda (Wilson) Winston, natives of Tennessee, the former removed in 1837 to De Kalb County with his family, in 1863 he located in Marshall County and during the administration of President Polk, he served as receiver of the land office, being at the time of his appointment a member of the legislature which position he resigned, and later in life engaged in planting; grandson of John Gaddis and Julia (Kenner) Winston, the former a farmer, a native of Tennessee and one of the early pioneers of Hawkins County, that state. He was of English origin, and on the maternal side of Irish extraction. He was reared on a farm; secured an elementary education in the country schools and attended the University of Virginia one year; soon afterward he engaged in teaching; from 1871 to 1874 he resided in Collinsville as a merchant; during 1874 and 1875 he lived in Texas; returning to Marshall County he farmed and studied law, being admitted to the bar in 1876; in January, 1883, he located at Gunter'sville where he has since resided practicing his profession, first with George W. Jones, later alone. He is a Mason; and a member of the Church of Christ. Married: September 14, 1871, to Elizabeth, daughter of Francis M. and Mary (Cowan) Kirby, natives of Alabama and Tennessee, respectively. Children: 1. Cora L.; 2. Tenny O.; 3. John Gaddis, deceased; 4. Frank Kirby; 5. Emma Lucy. Residence: Gunter'sville.

WINSTON, JOHN, NELSON, physician and planter, was born March 13, 1840, near Lebanon, DeKalb County; son of William Overton and Maria L. (Beene) Winston (q. v.). He was educated in the private and common schools of his native county, and was a student in 1859 at the University of North Carolina. In 1860, he entered the University of Virginia, but on account of the War of Secession did not finish the course. In 1865 he entered the medical department of the University of Louisville, Ky., where he graduated in 1866. Upon his admission to practice he opened an office at Valley Head where he has since resided. He is a Democrat; and a Presbyterian. Married: March 14, 1872, near Valley Head, to Kate, daughter of William and Palmira Chitwood, of that place. Her ancestors lived near Lebanon. Children: 1. William Overton, d. young; 2. John N., jr., chief dispatcher of the Alabama great southern railroad, m. Ella Carmichael, Birmingham; 3. Jesse Beene, m. William E. Turnipseed, Ensley. Residence: Valley Head.

WINSTON, WILLIAM OVERTON, lawyer, legislator, member two constitutional conventions, and railroad president, was born in 1804, in Fauquier County, Va., and died January 18, 1871, at Valley Head; son of John G. and ——— (Kenner) Winston, of the same family as Gov. John A. Winston. He removed in 1812, with his parents, to Hawkins County, Tenn., where he grew up, and received a good common school education. He read law at Rogersville, Tenn., under Peter Parsons, and

was admitted to the bar in 1828, locating in 1838 in De Kalb County; from 1840-1844, he was a representative from that county in the legislature; from 1845 to 1853 solicitor of his judicial circuit, succeeding William Acklen; resigned that position to become president of the "Wills Valley Railroad," later a part of the Alabama and Chattanooga railroad system. He again, 1855, represented De Kalb in the legislature; and in 1856 was a Buchanan elector. He was a member of the constitutional conventions of 1861 and 1865 from De Kalb County. In 1865 he was sent to the State senate from Marshall and De Kalb Counties, and served two sessions. Married: a daughter of Hon. Jesse Beene, of Dallas County. Children: father of a large family, many of whom are very prominent, two of his sons were killed during the War of Secession. Last residence: Valley Head.

WINTER, JOHN GINDRAT, lawyer, was born March 21, 1846, in Montgomery, and died February 22, 1904, in Montgomery; son of Joseph Samuel Prince and Mary Elizabeth (Gindrat) Winter, the former a native of Augusta, Ga., who lived at Montgomery where he practiced law; grandson of John Gano and Lucinda (Bennett) Winter, of Montgomery, the former who came from Augusta, Ga., was a leader in commercial enterprises in Montgomery and operated one of the earliest ironworks of any extent in that city, and of John and Sarah (Stallings) Gindrat, of Montgomery, the former who was of Huguenot origin, and entertained Gen. Lafayette at his home in 1825; great-grandson of Joseph Winter, of an old Knickerbocker family of New York, who was aide-de-camp to Gen. Washington on the evacuation of that city; great-great-grandson of Gabriel Winter, founder of the American family, who came from Holland. Judge Winter secured his early schooling in Montgomery under Mr. Savage and in 1862, when he was sixteen years old, matriculated at the University of Alabama. In the spring of 1863 he joined a cavalry company composed chiefly of cadets from the university, which was commanded by Capt. C. P. Storrs, and was incorporated in the Seventh Alabama cavalry. He served as a private in that company until in the fall of 1864, when he was promoted to color sergeant, and soon after was made lieutenant of Co. F, and detached to serve as adjutant of the regiment. He was with his command in every campaign made until the surrender. After the war, he took a course in the law department of Columbia University, and was graduated in 1868. During that same year he returned to Montgomery, and began the practice of law. He was solicitor of Montgomery County, 1870-1871; was appointed judge of the city court of Montgomery in 1896, to succeed Judge Thomas M. Arrington, by Gov. William C. Oates; was for some time chairman of the Democratic executive committee of Montgomery County; resumed his law practice in 1897; and on the formation of the fifteenth judicial circuit in 1903 was named as its presiding judge by Gov. William D. Jelks. For eight years Judge Winter was captain of the

Montgomery True Blues. He was an Episcopalian and a Knight Templar. Married: January 29, 1870, at Tuskegee, to Sarah Verdier Calhoun, daughter of James Lawrence and Jane (Verdier) Calhoun, natives of South Carolina, who lived in Newnan, Ga., and died in Montgomery; granddaughter of Dr. James Robert and Sarah (Fickel) Verdier, of Beaufort, S. C., and of William and Catherine Jenner (de Graffenried) Calhoun, the former who was the brother of John C. Calhoun, the South Carolina statesman, who was vice president of the United States in 1825, the latter who was a descendant of Baron Christopher de Graffenried, who came from Berne, Switzerland, and settled at New Berne, N. C., was made landgrave by Queen Anne, who conferred the title on him and his heirs forever; great-granddaughter of Patrick Calhoun, a member of the first provincial congress in South Carolina; great-great-granddaughter of James Calhoun, an early Scotch-Irish emigrant to America. The family name, Colquhoun, came from Scotland, at Luss, Loch Lomond. Sir John Colquhoun, governor of Lumberton, was knighted by James IV, and died in 1535. Children: 1. Nina, m. James Steptoe Pinckard (q. v.); 2. Elizabeth Eugenia, m. Thaddeus Clement Watts, Montgomery. Last residence: Montgomery.

WISE, BERNHARDT, merchant, was born in 1811, in Bavaria, and died in Huntsville. He was educated in Bavaria; emigrated to Cincinnati, Ohio, 1832, where he entered business; removed to Huntsville, 1865, opening a store, which he continued for about fifteen years; served as a member of city council several terms; founded Jewish congregation of Huntsville, 1875, and was its president until his death; charter member of Bethel lodge, No. 4, Independent order B'nai Brith, of Cincinnati. Married: Sarah G. Alcon. Children: 1. Mary, m. a Mr. Moss, merchant of Cincinnati; 2. David, merchant, born 1847, removed to Huntsville, 1866, became partner of Wise & Co., 1877, is a Knight of Pythias, Knight of Honor, and a director Huntsville building and loan company; 3. Meyer B., born 1849, came to Huntsville 1865, established firm of Wise & co., 1873, withdrew 1881, on account of health, removed to Texas, is a Knight of Pythias, and Knight of Honor, was six terms a member of the city council; 4. Isaac H., born 1851, came to this State with family 1865, entered business with his father, removed to Farmersville, La., later to Ouchita City, where he was elected the first mayor; returned to Huntsville 1878, is a Mason and Knight of Honor, m. Nethie Shuster, of Louisiana; 5. Abe W., born in Cincinnati, 1853, merchant, Knight of Pythias, Knight of Honor, and Ancient Order of United Workmen. Last residence: Huntsville.

WISE, WILLIAM B., merchant, was born May 10, 1848, near Elba, Coffee County; son of Harron and Mary (Davis) Wise, the former a member of Co. E, 54th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army. After the fall of Vicksburg, Harron Wise, in order to obtain a parole, offered as a substitute his son, William B., then a youth of fifteen years. He served twice in the

place of his father and at the battle of Resaca was badly wounded. After the war, 1869, he and his father established a saw and grist mill at Penn Postoffice, four miles southeast of Elba, and continued this business until the death of the father, 1882, when he purchased the interest of the other heirs and has since continued the business successfully alone, at the same time conducting a general store. He established the Penn Postoffice, 1890, and has since been postmaster. Married: in 1866, to Sarah Melissa, daughter of Edmund and Elizabeth Cody, of Coffee County. Residence: Penn.

WITHERBY, EDWIN T., business man, was born March 18, 1845, at Millbury, Mass.; son of Thomas Huston and Mary Goddard (Forbes) Witherby. He received his education at the Worcester High School, Massachusetts, and at the age of sixteen years entered Co. K, Twenty-fifth Massachusetts infantry, U. S. Army. He served throughout the War of Secession, participating in seventeen engagements. After the war he was engaged in the boot and shoe business in Boston, 1865-1870; moved to Alabama, and accepted a position as bookkeeper with the Shelby Iron Company; retained that position until 1877, when he was elected assistant secretary of the company; was elected assistant treasurer on the reorganization of the company in 1890; was elected secretary and treasurer of the Shelby Manufacturing & Improvement Company, 1891; became notary public at Shelby in 1875; was township superintendent of education, 1885-1890; served many years as superintendent of Sunday school and as clerk of the Congregational church. Married: September 4, 1873, at Boston, Mass., to Mary Francis Cleveland, a native of Boston, and a graduate of Mount Holyoke College, daughter of the Rev. Charles and Lucy (Francis) Cleveland. Children: 1. Cleveland Forbes; 2. Lucia Crafts; 3. Edwin Thomas, jr. Residence: Shelby.

WITHERS, JONES MITCHELL, planter, lawyer, merchant, editor, legislator, and major-general C. S. Army; was born January 12, 1814, in Huntsville, and died March 13, 1891, in Mobile; son of John Wright and Mary Herbert (Jones) Withers, the former a planter and native of Dinwiddie County, Va., the latter a daughter of William Frederick Jones, and a native of Brunswick County, Va. The family to which General Withers belonged was of English descent, registered in 1487, in the College of Arms, and settled in Fairfax County, Va., in 1745, descendants of Col. Augustine Claiborn of "Windsor," King William County, Va. He attended the Greene academy in Huntsville until he was seventeen years of age, going from there to the military academy at West Point, from which he graduated July 1, 1835, resigning December 5, 1835, and returning to his home in Huntsville. In May of the following year he enlisted for the Indian campaign, on the staff of Major-General Patterson, and was later transferred to General Jessup's staff. In 1838 he was admitted to the bar and later became private secretary to Governor Clay, and secretary of the senate. He removed to Tusca-

loosa, where he was elected a director of the State bank. In 1841, he made his home in Mobile, where he practiced law, and was a commission merchant. He was appointed lieutenant-colonel April 9, 1847, of the 13th Alabama infantry regiment, for the War with Mexico, and on September 13 of the same year was appointed colonel of the 9th Alabama infantry regiment. He resigned May 23, 1848, and returned to commercial life in Mobile. In 1855, he was elected a representative from Mobile County, on the American ticket; was mayor of Mobile, 1858-61. At the outbreak of the War of Secession he was commissioned colonel of the 3rd Alabama infantry regiment, and was promoted brigadier-general, July 10, 1861, and commanded the defenses of Mobile. On September 12, 1861, the war department of the Confederate States placed him in charge of the State of Alabama and that portion of Mississippi east of Pascagoula River. His command, known as the "Army of Mobile," was extended on December 20, 1861, westward, so as to include Pascagoula Bay and that portion of Mississippi east of Pearl River. In the battle of Shiloh, April 6-7, 1862, he commanded the 2nd division of the 2nd corps, and later the 2nd division of the 1st corps, and was promoted major-general August 16, 1862, to rank from April 6, 1862. On October 7, 1862, he was detached from General Bragg's army and sent to reinforce Gen. Kirby Smith near Salvisa, Ky. On February 6, 1864, he was assigned to the northern district of Alabama. At the close of the war he became the editor of the "Mobile Tribune." He was a Democrat; Mason; and a Presbyterian. Married: January 12, 1837, Rebecca Eloise, daughter of Hon. Daniel Morgan and Harriet (Brevard) Forney, both of Lincoln County, N. C., the latter a descendant of Gen. Peter Forney and of Capt. Alexander Brevard of the Revolution. Children: 1. Harriet Brevard, m. Major Daniel E. Huger, who served on the staff of his father-in-law, Major-General Withers, and was by him, on July 14, 1864, recommended to be appointed brigade-commander; 2. Daniel Forney, deceased; 3. Mary Jones, m. Gen. Bryan M. Thomas; 4. Sylla McDowell, m. H. E. Witherspoon, deceased; 5. Jones Mitchell, deceased; 6. Charles Hopkins; 7. Herbert, deceased; 8. Eloise Forney, deceased; 9. Virginia Clay, m. G. B. Cleveland, deceased; 10. Dalcay L., m. Collier Humphreys, deceased. Last residence: Mobile.

WITHERS, S. J., physician, was born in 1828, in Limestone County; son of Dr. John W. and Palmyra S. (Jordon) Withers, both natives of Virginia who removed to Alabama where the latter became a physician of note; grandson of Judge John and Mary Herbert (Jones) Withers, who came to Alabama from Virginia in 1808, settling near Huntsville, and of Samuel and Jane (Scott) Jordon, natives of Virginia who removed to Alabama in 1818, locating in Limestone County; great-grandson of Thomas and Priscilla (Wright) Withers, the former a native of England, who emigrated to America, locating in Nansemond County, Va., where he married, later removing to near Petersburg, at one time private secretary to

Governor Dinwiddie, and of Frederick and Susannah (Claiborne) Jones, of Dinwiddie County, Va.; great-great-grandson of Sam Jordon, a native of Virginia, and of Col. Augustine and Mary (Herbert) Claiborne, of Prince William County, Va.; great-great-great-grandson of Bulwer and Mary (Stith) Herbert, of Petersburg, Va., the latter at one time maid of honor to Queen Anne; great-great-great-great-grandson of Lord John Herbert, a descendant of the first Earl of Pembroke. Dr. Withers was reared on a farm; received a good elementary education; studied medicine under John Y. Bassett, in 1847; entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1848, graduating in 1850. He located in Alabama, practicing in Madison County for one year; removed to Arkansas, where he remained three years; returned to Alabama and began the practice of his profession at Mooresville. He was an Episcopalian; Methodist; and a Knight of Honor. Married: in 1851, to Emma, daughter of Charles E. and Elizabeth M. (Stewart) Collier. Children: 1. Elizzle; 2. C. S.; 3. John W., and 4. Charles W., twins; 5. Ella Lee; 6. Emma B. Last residence: Mooresville.

WITHERSPOON, ANDREW JACKSON, Presbyterian minister, was born July 10, 1824, at Waxhaws, S. C., and died October 25, 1891, while on a business trip to Moss Point, Miss.; son of Col. James Hervey and Jane (Donnom) Witherspoon, the former a native of Williamsburg County, S. C., who removed to Lancaster Court House where he was district ordinary, commissioned as colonel of a militia regiment, 1818, elected lieutenant governor, 1826, and a candidate for the U. S. congress, at the time of his death; grandson of Capt. James and Nancy (White) Witherspoon, the former of Williamsburg District, and a captain in the Revolutionary Army, of the King's Tree company of South Carolina, and of Isaac and Sarah (Crawford) Donnom, of Colleton District, S. C.; great-grandson of Robert and Elizabeth (Heathly) Witherspoon, the former a native of County Down, Ireland, who emigrated with his father and grandfather to America and settled in Williamsburg District, S. C., and of Jonathan and Margaret (Dunwoody) Donnom, the former a native of England or Scotland who emigrated to America and settled in Colleton District, S. C.; great-great-grandson of James and Elizabeth (McQuoid) Witherspoon, both natives of County Down, Ireland, who emigrated to America on the "Good Intent" and settled in Williamsburg District, S. C.; great-great-great-grandson of John and Janet (Witherspoon) Witherspoon, both natives of Scotland, moved to County Down, Ireland, emigrated to America with many relatives and settled in Williamsburg District, S. C. Rev. Dr. Witherspoon attended Davidson college, N. C.; studied law under his brother, Col. Isaac Donnom Witherspoon, at Yorkville, S. C.; abandoned the study of law and graduated from the Theological seminary at Columbia, S. C., 1850. In 1851 he moved to Greensboro, later to Marengo county, where he preached in the churches at Montpelier, Shiloh and Geneva, 1856-61. At the beginning of the War of Se-

cession, he raised a company, called the "Witherspoon Guards," was offered its command, but declined, later to become chaplain of the 21st Alabama infantry regiment. He was taken prisoner at the battle of Shiloh and was held for five months at Johnson's Island. After his release he returned to his command, but his health gave way entirely, causing him to give up his work for a time. He soon secured another commission and continued in the Confederate service until the close of the war. After the war he was pastor and evangelist at Mobile. He went to New Orleans, 1873, where he established the Seamen's Bethel, of which he became the chaplain and remained in this work until his death. The degree of D. D. was conferred upon him by Erskine college, S. C., in 1880. Married: December 24, 1850, to Mary Way, his distant cousin and daughter of Dr. James Minto and Amarintha (Dick) Witherspoon (q. v.). Children: 1. Amarintha Mary, m. Rev. Dr. R. Q. Mallard; 2. Jane Donnomo, m. Charles Coffin, son of Robert H. and Eliza (Bowie) Wardlaw, of Abbeville, S. C., and great nephew of Alexander Bowie (q. v.); 3. James Minto, merchant, New Orleans, La.; 4. Isaac Hervey, d. in infancy; 5. Jackson Thornwell, manager of American sugar refining company, New Orleans, m. Elvira, daughter of John and Josephine (Herndon) Barkley, of New Orleans; 6. Frances Dick, unm.; 7. Thomas Sydenham, member of Refined sugar brokerage company, m. Grace, daughter of F. A. and Jane (Reese) Jones of New Orleans. Last residence: New Orleans.

WITHERSPOON, JAMES MINTO, physician, was born January 15, 1801, in Williamsburg District, S. C., and died in Marengo County, March 22, 1863; son of Thomas and Janet (Witherspoon) Witherspoon, and brother of Thomas Sydenham Witherspoon (q. v.). Dr. Witherspoon attended the South Carolina college and received the degree of M. D. from Transylvania college, Lexington, Ky. He began the practice of medicine in Bethel Township, York County, S. C.; removed to Alabama in 1828, and located in Tuscaloosa and later Greene County. He represented Greene County for two terms, 1842 and 1843, in the legislature. In 1852 he moved to Pontotoc, Miss., but returned to Marengo County in 1858 and resumed the practice of medicine. Married: in 1828, to Mary Amarintha, daughter of William and Mary Dick, the latter the second wife of Mr. Dick. Children: 1. Mary Way, m. Rev. Dr. A. J. Witherspoon (q. v.); 2. William Dick, physician; first volunteer from Marengo County in C. S. Army; assistant surgeon, 11th Alabama infantry regiment, practiced in Merced County, Cal.; d. April 2, 1903; 3. Thomas Minto, student at the University of Alabama, 1853-54, A. B., University of Mississippi, 1856; lieutenant Co. A, 11th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, 1863-65; planter, Myrtlewood; 4. Amarintha Jannette, d. young; 5. and 6. twin daughters, d. in infancy. Last residence: Marengo County.

WITHERSPOON, THOMAS DWIGHT, Presbyterian minister, was born January 17, 1836,

at Greensboro, and died November 3, 1898, in Louisville, Ky.; son of Robert Franklin and Sarah Agnes (Fulton) Witherspoon, the former a native of Williamsburg County, S. C., who removed to Alabama and lived at Greensboro and Blount Springs; grandson of Paul and Martha Fulton, of Alabama, and of Thomas and Janet (Witherspoon) Witherspoon, first cousins, who removed from Williamsburg County, S. C., to Greene County, in 1825, where he became an extensive planter; great-grandson of Gavin and Esther Jane (Witherspoon) Witherspoon, the former a corporal in Marlon's brigade, and of Robert and Elizabeth (Heathly) Witherspoon, the former a native of County Down, Ireland, who came to America with his father and grandfather in 1734, who was a planter, weaver and reed maker, residing near Kingstree, S. C., and died in Williamsburg, S. C.; great-great-grandson of William Heathly and wife, who was Mrs. Mary (Hamilton) Brady, the former a native of England and an early settler of Williamsburg County, S. C., of James and Elizabeth (McQuoid) Witherspoon, the former a native of County Down, Ireland, who came to America in 1734, on the "Good Intent," landing at Charleston, S. C., and settling in Williamsburg County, S. C., and of Robert and Hester Jane (Scott) Witherspoon, the former a native of Ireland, who came to America on the "Newbuilt," and located in South Carolina; great-great-great-grandson of Robert and Sarah (Campbell) McQuoid, of County Down, Ireland, and of John and Janet (Witherspoon) Witherspoon, first cousins, the former a native of Begardie, near Glasgow, Scotland, who moved to Knockbracken, County Down, Ireland, in 1695, emigrated to America on the "Good Intent" in 1734, settling in Williamsburg County, S. C., where he was a weaver, the latter dying aboard the vessel while bound to America; great-great-great-great-grandson of Rev. and Lucy (Welch) Witherspoon, of Scotland, and of Rev. James and Helen Witherspoon, also of Scotland. Rev. Dr. Witherspoon entered the University of Alabama in 1853, leaving after his second year; received the degrees of A. B., 1856, A. M., 1866, D. D., 1868, and LL. D., 1884, from the University of Mississippi; and graduated from the Theological seminary, Columbia, S. C., in 1859. He was ordained by the Presbytery of Chickasaw, May 13, 1860, and served at Oxford, Miss., 1859-65. During the War of Secession, he enlisted as a private in the Lamar rifles, Mississippi volunteer regiment, C. S. Army, and served as chaplain of this company throughout the war. He became pastor at Memphis, Tenn., in 1865, remaining until 1870; pastor, Christiansburg, Va., 1870-71; chaplain, University of Virginia, 1872-73; pastor, Petersburg, Va., 1873-82; Louisville, Ky., 1882-91; Richmond, Ky., 1891-97; professor, Central university, Kentucky, 1891-93; and at the Louisville Presbyterian theological seminary, 1893-98. He was the author of various writings. Married: January 18, 1866, to Charlotte Vernon, daughter of Dr. Thomas and Eliza (Pegues) Ingram, the former a noted surgeon of Lenoir, S. C., who moved to Marshall County, Tenn.; grand-daughter of Malachi Pegues, who removed from

South Carolina to near Holly Springs, Miss.; great-granddaughter of Claudius Pegues, a soldier of the Revolution; great-great-granddaughter of Claudius Pegues, an early settler in Marlborough County, S. C. Children: 1. Lottie Ingram, m. Rev. Eugene Bell, and went with him as a missionary to Korea, where she died suddenly; 2. Florence Pegues; 3. Eva Fulton, m. Rev. Dr. James O. Reavis; 4. Thomas Dwight, jr.; 5. Lillian, d. young; 6. Vernon Ingram; 7. Pauline Fulton, and 8. Mabel Armstrong, twins. Last residence: Louisville.

WITHERSPOON, THOMAS SYDENHAM, Presbyterian minister, was born January 2, 1805, in Williamsburg District, S. C., and died October 19, 1845, at Centre Ridge; son of Thomas and Janet (Witherspoon) Witherspoon, the former a native of Williamsburg District, S. C., who removed to Greene County, where he entered extensively in farming and was the ruling elder in the Presbyterian Church, brother of James Minto Witherspoon (q. v.), and great-uncle of Andrew Jackson Witherspoon (q. v.); grandson of Robert and Elizabeth (Heathly) Witherspoon, the former a native of County Down, Ireland, who emigrated with his father and grandfather to America and settled in Williamsburg District, S. C., and of Gavin and Esther Jane (Witherspoon) Witherspoon, of Williamsburg District, S. C., the former a corporal in Capt. Conyer's company of Marion's brigade; great-grandson of James and Elizabeth (McQuoid) Witherspoon, both natives of County Down, Ireland, who emigrated to America on the "Good Intent" and settled in Williamsburg District, S. C.; great-great-grandson of John and Janet (Witherspoon) Witherspoon, both natives of Scotland, moved to County Down, Ireland, emigrated to America with many relatives and settled in Williamsburg District, S. C. Rev. Mr. Witherspoon removed to Alabama with his father in 1825; was a graduate of Union college, Schenectady, N. Y., 1828; licensed by the Presbytery of South Alabama, October 23, 1830, and ordained November 10, 1832. He was a very successful evangelist and preached at Greensboro for fifteen years. He was appointed to the Alabama professorship of Oglethorpe college and was engaged in raising the endowment funds for this professorship at the time of his death. Married: October 9, 1832, to Ann Eliza, daughter of Judge W. Samuel Goode, of Montgomery, and sister of Joseph Bryan Goode (q. v.). Children: 1. Eliza Hamilton; several other children died in infancy. Last residence: Greensboro.

WITHERSPOON, WILLIAM B., Presbyterian minister; living in 1913. Residence: Kissimmee, Fla.

WITTMER, JOSEPH SCHOOLFIELD, physician, was born July 11, 1875, at Augusta, Bracken County, Ky.; son of Leonard and Eliza Ann (Schoolfield) Wittmer, the former who was a native of Baden, in the county of Baden, Germany, who at an early age emigrated to America and settled in Augusta; grandson of Joseph Schoolfield, who was a Revolutionary

soldier, closely related to Gen. George Rogers Clark, was at one time a member of the Kentucky legislature, and whose wife was a member of the Snow family of Virginia. Mr. Wittmer was educated in the public schools of Augusta; was graduated A. B., in 1896, from the Central university at Richmond, Ky.; and received his professional education in the medical department of the Central university, Louisville, Ky., 1900. He commenced practice in Cleveland, August 19, 1901; has served as chairman of the board of school trustees of the Cleveland high school; as county health officer of Blount County, 1908-1910; and was a member of the house of representatives during the extra session, 1909. He is a Democrat; a member of the Presbyterian church; a Mason; an Odd Fellow; a member of the Alabama medical association and the American medical association; and a member of the Sigma Nu and Phi Chi college fraternities. Married: December 22, 1909, to Mamie, daughter of J. R. Stodghill of Clay County. Residence: Cleveland.

WOLF, KING, Creek Chief. See Indian chiefs and associated characters.

WOLFF, BERNHARD, merchant, was born in Bavaria, November 18, 1846, and died in Montgomery; son of Jackson and Sarah (Levi) Wolff, the former a native of Neiderhochstadt, Germany. He was educated in Germany; emigrated to America June 2, 1864; located first at Louisville, Ky.; removed to Benton, November 22, 1869; settled in Montgomery, January, and organized the Wolff furniture company, in partnership with his brother, S. Wolff, which continued until 1889, when his brother withdrew and he conducted the business alone. He organized the Imperial hotel of Montgomery. He was a Mason; Knight of Pythias; Knight of Honor; and a member of B'nai B'rith. Married: February, 1874, to Sophia Beckhardt, a native of Hamburg, Germany. Children: 1. Lily S.; 2. Helen G.; 3. Nellie B.; 4. Daisy W.; 5. Frances Cleveland; 6. Blanche. Last residence: Montgomery.

WOMACK, JOHN WARBURTON, lawyer, was born October 15, 1807, in Hancock County, Ga., and died August 29, 1863, at Eutaw, Greene County; son of Mansel and Mary Maria (Lewis) Womack, natives, respectively, of Prince Edward County, Va., and of Georgia, who lived in Hancock, Ga.; grandson of Abraham and Martha (Mitchell) Womack, who moved from Prince Edward County, Va., to Hancock County, Ga., and of Jacob and Sarah Avery (Noland) Lewis, of Virginia; grandnephew of Jacob Womack, one of the thirteen founders of the Wautauga settlement, N. C., now in Tennessee, who was major of Col. Brown's regiment in the battle of King's Mountain, and of Jesse Womack, a Lieutenant of Georgia troops, Revolutionary War; great-great-great-grandson of Ashby Womack, who came from England to Virginia in 1716; and sixth in descent from Bishop Lawrence Womack, born in England in 1612, educated at Corpus Christi college, Cambridge, who succeeded his father in the living

of Lopham, Norfolk, was arch deacon of Suffolk and prebendary of Ely in 1660, was rector of Horningsheath, Suffolk, was an author of note, and is buried at Saint Margaret's church, Westminster, London, where a monument is erected to his memory. Mr. Womack obtained his early education at Powelton academy, Georgia, and was graduated from the University of Georgia in 1834. He received the honorary degree of M. A. from the University of Alabama, in 1849. He was educated as a lawyer and was a member of the American legal association in 1850. He practiced law and engaged in planting, principally in Eutaw and in Montgomery. He was elected to the State legislature from Butler County, 1835; and was re-elected in 1837; was a delegate to the Democratic convention held in Montgomery, June, 1860; and to the Democratic convention held in Baltimore, June 18, 1860; was a Unitarian, and a Mason. Married: December 29, 1839, in Greene County, to Anne Miller, daughter of Woodliff and Judith (Brackett) Beville, who lived in Amelia County, Va.; and a direct descendant of Gen. DeBeville, who came to America from France and served on the staff of Gen. Rochambeau in the Revolutionary War. Children: 1. Lowndes, private, Eleventh Alabama regiment, Virginia army, transferred to Wright's brigade, and promoted to quartermaster sergeant, C. S. Army, planter at Eutaw, d. May 10, 1869; 2. Sidney, private, Eleventh Alabama regiment, Virginia army, then lieutenant on staff of Gen. Marcus J. Wright, army of Tennessee, C. S. Army, clerk of the circuit court of Greene County, lawyer at Eutaw, d. September 22, 1869; 3. Martha, d. in infancy; 4. Pauline, m. Gen. Marcus J. Wright, Washington, D. C.; 5. Octavia, Washington, D. C. Last residence: Eutaw.

WOOD, ASHLEY CLINTON, lawyer, was born July 10, 1831, in Bibb County, and died sometime after 1880, in Texas; son of John and Elizabeth (Atkin) Wood, natives of Georgia, who came to Alabama in 1830, and settled in Bibb County, moved to Talladega County in 1834, and became extensive planters in that county; grandson of Joshua Wood, and of Agrippa Atkin, both of whom were soldiers in the Revolutionary War. He received his early schooling in Talladega County; attended college at Talladega for two years, and at the University of Alabama for two years. He began the study of law in the office of Elmore and Yancey in Montgomery; was admitted to the bar in 1857; practiced law until 1862; entered the C. S. Army, enlisting in Co. F, Fifty-first Alabama regiment, and served until the end of the war; was legal adviser of the Western army and was sent with Gen. Johnston to Augusta, Ga., at the time of the surrender; returned to Talladega County and resumed the practice of law; was elected to the State legislature, 1870-1871, and 1875-1876; was a Republican. Married: (1) March 10, 1857, to Josephine Brooks, a native of South Carolina, who died in 1887, daughter of the Rev. I. L. and Sarah (Oliver) Brooks; (2) in 1889, to Mrs. Susan Pruett, daughter of Washington and Rachel (Vardaman) Robinson, natives of Georgia, who came

to Alabama in 1830. Children, by first wife: 1. Clinton A.; 2. Cornelia R.; 3. Walk; 4. Julia; 5. Frank. Last residence: Texas.

WOOD, BERNARD AUGUSTINE, civil engineer, was born February 14, 1867, at Tuscaloosa; son of Sterling Alexander Martin and Lelia (Leftwich) Wood (q. v.). He graduated from the University of Alabama, 1887, with the B. E. degree, and received the honorary degree of C. E. from the same institution in 1917. He was resident engineer, Louisville and Nashville railroad, 1888, and assistant engineer, International boundary survey, United States and Mexico, 1891-93; Nicaragua Canal board, 1895; mining engineer in Colorado, 1896; assistant and resident engineer, Mobile and Ohio railroad, 1897-1909, and chief engineer for the same road since January, 1910. He is a Democrat; Roman Catholic; member of American railway engineering association; and of the Kappa Alpha college fraternity. Married: (1) November 28, 1898, to Maebelle McEachin, of Tuscaloosa; (2) April 19, 1905, to Lilla McCarley, of Okolona, Miss. Residence: Mobile.

WOOD, CLEMENT RICHARD, lawyer and author, was born September 1, 1888, at Tuscaloosa; son of Sterling Alexander and Ida May (Richardson) Wood (q. v.). He was educated in the public and private schools of Birmingham; graduated A. B. university of Alabama 1901, and LL. B., Yale university, 1911. While at the university of Alabama he was editor of the "Coralla" and a representative to the southern intercollegiate oratorical contest, and at Yale he was an intercollegiate debator, and assistant editor of the Yale law journal. On July 1, 1911 he entered the practice of law in partnership with his father in Birmingham, and in August of 1912 was appointed assistant attorney of that city; judge of the recorder's court, first division, from October 1, 1912. Later he removed to New York City. He is a Socialist; a member of the Phi Gamma Delta college fraternity; and a Methodist. Author: "Progressive ideals for the lawyer," address before the Alabama bar association, 1912; "The Two Struggles," address before the Alabama State Society, United Daughters of the Confederacy, 1912; "Criminal Law and women in Alabama," and "Scientific basis for equal suffrage," address before the Birmingham Equal suffrage association; and three novels, "Mountain," "Jehovah," and "The Earth Turns South." Married: October 31, 1916, in Buffalo, New York, to Mildred, daughter of Harry Price and Mildred Thornton (Swartz) Cummer, of Buffalo; granddaughter of Joseph and Mary (Wales) Cummer, the former a native of Canada, the latter of England, and of Henry Alvin and Mary Jane (Thornton) Swartz, of Buffalo, N. Y. Children: 1. Janet. 2. John Thornton. Residence: New York, N. Y.

WOOD, EDWIN THOMAS, teacher and author, was born in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., and died in 1860, at Mobile. Nothing is known of his ancestry. He received a college education and entered teaching as a profession. For many years he resided in Mobile, where he was a

member of the firm of Wood and Brooks, book-sellers. Author: "A Historical Sketch from the First settlement of Mobile, and the adjoining country to the present time," which appeared in his Mobile "Directory and Register," 1844. In addition to the foregoing he prepared many sketches, papers, etc., and was of much assistance to Pickett in his history of Alabama, for which formal acknowledgment was made. He was a Whig, and later a Democrat; a Mason; and a Presbyterian. Married: February 14, 1850, at Mobile, to Margaret Marshall, daughter of John and Hannah (Rodgers) Burt, of Georgia. No children. Last residence: Mobile.

WOOD, FELIX M., druggist and veteran, C. S. Army, was born December 24, 1839, in Woodlawn; son of Edmund and Stella (Tarrant) Wood, the former of South Carolina, who came with his wife to Alabama in 1824, and in 1838, purchased the land which is now Woodlawn, and is named in his honor, a suburb of Birmingham. He was a mercantile clerk in Elyton when the war began, and enlisted in the Confederate service in 1861, in Co. B, 10th Alabama Infantry regiment, the first company to leave Jefferson County for the front. His regiment was ordered to Virginia, and in December, 1861, became famous by its gallant fighting at Dranesville, under Gen. J. E. B. Stuart. His next service was on the peninsula and before Richmond, and under Gen. R. E. Lee for nearly three years, participating in the battles of Williamsburg, Seven Pines, the Seven Days' battles and Second Manassas and at Fredericksburg where his feet were badly frozen and erysipelas set in which confined him in the Richmond hospital. Incapacitated by his physical condition he accepted the position of receiver of tax-in-kind at Trussville, holding that position until the end of hostilities. At the close of the war he became a druggist in Woodlawn. Married: (1) in 1863, to Ellen E. Wilson; (2) in 1887, to Elza Lee, a sister-in-law of the Rev. Dr. J. J. D. Renfro (q. v.) Children: By first marriage, nine. Residence: Woodlawn.

WOOD, FERN MANLY, lawyer, was born January 14, 1835, in Wayne County, N. C., and died March 15, 1877, at Opelika; son of James and Nancy (Byrd) Wood, the former a native of Wayne County, N. C., who moved to Alabama in 1830 and settled in Henry County; grandson of Ferryfold Wood, of North Carolina; great-grandson of Ferryfold Wood, who came from Ireland in 1730, and settled in North Carolina, whose three sons, William, James and Ferryfold, all fought as officers in the army of Gen. Nathaniel Greene, during the Revolution. He attended country schools, but was for the most part self-educated. He taught in the country schools for a year, then studied law under Gen. H. D. Clayton, at Clayton. He was admitted to the bar in 1855, and soon afterward formed a partnership with Gen. Clayton. He was appointed register in chancery at Clayton in 1856, and held that office until he joined the C. S. Army in 1862. He acted as quartermaster with the rank of major in Gen. Clayton's brigade, and served in that position until the end

of the war. He resumed the practice of law at Clayton until 1867, when he was elected judge of the city court at Eufaula, and moved to that place. When the Central of Georgia railroad was built from Montgomery to Eufaula, he was appointed attorney of the road, and continued as such until he moved to Opelika in 1874. In 1877 he was appointed to codify the laws of the state of Alabama, and had just completed that work when he met his death. He was a Democrat; a Baptist; and a Knight of Honor. Married: December 21, 1858, in Barbour County, to Sarah Roquemore, sister of John D. Roquemore (q. v.); daughter of Zach and Julia Frances (McGiboney) Roquemore, of that county; granddaughter of James and Mary McGiboney, of Columbus, Ga., and of James and Elizabeth Roquemore, of Jones County, Ga. Children: 1. Byrdie, m. Reuben Alexander Mitchel; 2. Marie, m. William Albert Ham; 3. Fern Manly, m. Mary Baker Jones; 4. Charles, m. Mary Emma Hightower. Last residence: Opelika.

WOOD, GREEN MACK, planter, was born January 31, 1792, in Jefferson County, Ga., and died February 12, 1866, on his plantation near Danville, Montgomery County, Texas; son of Solomon and Elizabeth (Eason) Wood, natives respectively of England and of Wales, who settled first in North Carolina and later in Jefferson County, Ga.; the former held the rank of general during the Revolutionary War and was also active in the Indian Wars, died in Jefferson County August 17, 1815; the latter removed with her son, Green Wood, to Montgomery County, and is buried in the family burying ground on the plantation there. Her mother was a Miss Bentley. Gen. Wood's mother was a Miss Valentine. Mr. Wood was educated in his native state and removed to Montgomery County in 1817. His landed estate was extensive and he owned a large number of slaves. One of his daughters, Mrs. Douglas M. Campbell, of Houston, Tex., has written of these times as follows: "During the war my father's plantation was a very busy place, my mother having cloth woven and clothes made for the soldiers, as well as her own family, and the negroes, about two hundred on the plantation, and on Col. Powell's plantation, son-in-law of Maj. Wood, as he was in the army. My father was very busy providing all necessaries and raising everything on the plantation for soldiers' wives and children and widows all over the county. His plantation was called the 'Model farm,' for he was very systematic and methodical—raised sheep, horses and cattle and hogs, as well as diversity of crops and all kinds of fruit and melons. A carpenter and blacksmith shop were maintained in the place and pitch, tar and coal were made for all purposes. He was a most kind and humane master, a fine provider for all, and one of the best of neighbors. We had a governess, Miss Sarah L. Davis, of Batavia, N. Y., in our home for six years. My mother was a fine southern woman, a good entertainer, and always kept open house for friends and visitors. 'Marcus Warland' or the 'Long Moss Spring,' by Caroline Lee Hentz, was written after a visit in

Alabama. She visited at my father's plantation, her husband being with her, and my father had the negroes give a 'ball' at their quarters for her benefit. She was a northern woman and had never known anything of southern plantation life. She was so delighted upon her return to the north she wrote this novel, and her negro characters were taken from several of my father's servants, and the story one of the South." Mr. Wood removed with his family to Montgomery County, Tex., in 1850. Married: February 28, 1822, near Wetumpka, at the home of her aunt, Mrs. Bolling Hall, to Evelina Alexander, daughter of Wm. and Navy (Abercrombie) Barnes, both of whom had died some years before in Hancock County, Ga., leaving orphaned besides Evelina, a younger daughter, Elizabeth, who married William Campbell of Montgomery, and a son, William, who died at the age of seven. Children: by a former marriage, an only child; 1. Green Mark, m. Mary Jane LeGrande, daughter of William C. and May Jane (Paul) LeGrande, granddaughter of Pierre LeGrande, a French Huguenot, who located in Richmond, Va., in 1700; 2. Bolling Hall; 3. Willis Breazeal, m. Sarah Ann Harris; 4. Nancy; 5. William Barnes, m. Cornelia Josephine Mitchell, Houston, Tex.; 6. Elizabeth Green, m. Robert Michael Powell, Texas; 7. Mary Evelina; 8. Seignora Eliza; 9. Ellen; 10. Joshua; 11. Campbell, m. Nannie Hall Mitchell, Austin, Texas; 12. Ella Abercrombie, m. Douglas M. Campbell, Texas. Last residence: Danville, Tex.

WOOD, JAMES PINCKARD, farmer, merchant, was born March 1, 1845, at Mill Town, Chambers County; son of Augustus Evans and Jane (Melnoth) Wood, the former a native of Hancock County, Ga., who later lived at Brundidge, Pike County, at which place he died; grandson of Rev. John and Charlotte (Evans) Wood (q. v.), and of James and Mariah (Walker) Pinckard of Forsyth, Monroe County, Ga. Mr. Wood received his education in the public schools of his native town. He was a farmer and merchant; entered the Confederate Army February, 1861, as a private in Co. E, 1st Alabama volunteers regiment; was promoted to orderly sergeant and later, in his sixteenth year, to 2nd lieutenant. After twelve months service he joined the 57th Alabama infantry regiment as captain of Co. A, was later promoted to a majority; surrendered with Johnston's army at Greensboro, N. C., April 26, 1865. He was a Democrat; and a Baptist. Married: (1) in 1867, to Mattie Taylor of Chambers County, who died four years later; (2) in February, 1877, to Mary Theodosia, daughter of William Christopher and Frances Anne Jordan, the former a gallant soldier fighting with the 15th Alabama infantry regiment, receiver of public moneys under President Cleveland's administration in the land office at Montgomery; granddaughter of Thomas George and Mary Lovicia (Chambliss) Jordan, of Georgia, the latter a cousin of Pres. Zachary Taylor; great-granddaughter of William Jordan of Rockingham Co., Va., a Revolutionary soldier who was wounded and captured by the British and Tories and released from prison

in Wilmington, N. C., after the surrender of Gen. Cornwallis. Children: 1. James Pinckard, Jr., m. Leo Henderson; 2. Thornton Jordan, m. Julia Bowles; 3. Annie Melnoth, m. C. W. Boyd; 4. Julia Lorena, m. C. A. Goldthwaite, jr.; 5. Mary Ophelia. Residence: Troy.

WOOD, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 89, resided in Jackson County, June 1, 1840, with Thomas Campbell.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

WOOD, JOHN, Baptist minister, was born probably in Hancock County, Ga., and died in Talladega County, where he is buried; brother of Brumfield Wood, at one time secretary of State of Georgia; grandfather of James Pinckard Wood (q. v.). He was a Baptist minister and served churches at Newman and La Grange, Ga., and removed from that state to Alabama before the War of Secession. He was a lieutenant in the Florida Indian Wars of 1837 and 1838. He soon became prominent in Baptist affairs in Talladega and Chambers Counties, where he located and was the organizer of the Cary association. During the period of sectional agitation he was very active in his efforts for secession. His work for prohibition in this State between 1850 and 1875 is referred to in Bledsoe's History of the East Liberty association. Married: (1) Charlotte Evans; (2) Mariah, widow of James Pinckard, who lost his life while hunting near Forsyth, Monroe County, Ga. Children: by first wife: 1. William W., Baptist minister; 2. Augustus Evans, born June 1, 1818, in Hancock County, Ga., and died at Brundidge, January 31, 1865, merchant, Baptist, Democrat, and member of the home guards of Mobile, and father of James Pinckard Wood (q. v.); 3. James Brumfield; 4. William Ashley; 5. John, Baptist minister; 6. Charlotte; by second wife: 7. E. R., member of the house of representatives from and tax collector of Talladega County; 8. Hervey, Baptist minister; 9. Sylvanus B.; 10. Mariah; 11. Emily Boardman; 12. Adonian Judson; 13. Ann H.; 14. Andrew Fuller, member of legislature of Texas, and author of the Confederate pension law of that state. Last residence: Talladega County.

WOOD, JOHN RICHARD, lawyer, was born September 18, 1860, in Morgan County, Ga.; son of Richard and Martha B. (Cobb) Wood, the former who was a native of Morgan County, Ga., and later removed to Tuskegee; grandson of William A. and Jane (Mackmurphy) Cobb, of Thomaston, Ga. John R. Wood received his early education at the Park high school, Tuskegee; was graduated LL. B., at the University of Alabama, 1888; entered upon the practice at Tuskegee; was a member of the general assembly from Macon County, 1894-95, 1896-97; reelected in 1902; was elected mayor of Tuskegee, 1899; and was a member of the house of representatives, 1903. He is a Democrat and a Methodist. Married: on December 18, 1895, to Mary Parthenia, daughter of Henry Crommelin of Montgomery. Residence: Tuskegee.

WOOD, MILTON LEGRANDE, physician, was born May 8, 1855, in Walker County, Tex.; son of Green Mark and Mary Jane (Legrande) Wood; grandson of Green Wood (q. v.) and of Wm. C. and Mary Jane (Paul) Legrande, natives of Virginia who removed to North Carolina and later settled in Tuskegee; great-grandson of Pierre Legrande, a Huguenot refugee who came to Virginia in 1700. Dr. Wood received his early education in his native state, and acquired his professional training at Bellevue hospital medical college, New York City, from which he graduated in 1877. The year following he practiced in the Colored home hospital in New York and then located in Montgomery. In addition to a large private practice he has been county and city physician and surgeon for several railroad corporations. He is a member of the County, State and American medical associations; a Catholic; Red Man; Woodman of the World; National Union; and a Democrat. Married: October 5, 1882, at Petersburg, Va., to Sallie Harrison, daughter of W. La Fayette and Maria (Hall) Watkins of that city, the latter a descendant of Bartholomew and Susanne (Laillon) Dupuy, Huguenot refugees who located in King Williams Parish in 1700. Children: 1. Lizzie Lee, m. (1) Dr. R. F. Monett, Greensboro, (2) Rev. Mr. John James, of Wetumpka; 2. Sallie Watkins, m. Churchill Marks, Montgomery; 3. Milton Legrande, jr.; 4. George Marks. Residence: Montgomery.

WOOD, MORGAN MARION, Baptist minister, was born August 15, 1853, at what is now Huffman, Jefferson County; son of Erasmus Perry and Eleanor Susan (Perkins) Wood, the former a private in Co. C, 20th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army; grandson of Edmond and Stella (Cox) Wood, the former a native of Edgefield District, S. C., who with his father removed to Jefferson County, and of William and Precious Perkins, who lived at Trussville, Jefferson County; great-grandson of Obadiah Wood, who was born and married in the north of Ireland, and moved to America near the close of the eighteenth century. Rev. Mr. Wood received his preparatory education in the schools of his neighborhood and entered Howard college, Marion, November 1, 1877, retiring in his junior year, March 20, 1879. He was ordained for the ministry, September, 1879, at what is now East Lake, Jefferson County, and at once entered upon the service of the Baptist church. He was a member of the board of education, Bessemer, 1891-92; secretary-treasurer, board of education, Pratt City, 1893-97; secretary of Howard college, 1897; statistical secretary Alabama State convention, 1892 to date; recording secretary, 1905 to date; co-editor "Fayette Banner," Fayette, Fayette County, 1906. He is a Democrat and a Mason. Married: May 28, 1879, at Marion, Perry County, to Janie Siggers, the foster daughter of William and Lon Fiquett of Marion. Mrs. Wood's parents died when she was a child and no record of them is preserved by their descendant. Children: 1. William Fiquett, deceased; 2. Janie

Davis, adopted by Mr. and Mrs. Wood, May 22, 1895, b. April 10, 1893. Residence: Repton.

WOOD, R. J., member of the constitutional convention of 1861, from Randolph County.

WOOD, STERLING ALEXANDER, lawyer, was born April 6, 1859, at Florence; son of Sterling Alexander Martin and Lelia (Leftwich) Wood (q. v.). He received his education at the University of Alabama, graduating A. B., 1877, and LL. B., 1878. He was admitted to the Alabama bar in 1878, and has practiced in Tuscaloosa and Birmingham. He was secretary, 1884-87, and clerk, 1892-98, of the supreme court of Alabama; referee in the bankruptcy case of the Southern steel company, 1910-11; and is now in the general practice. He was president of the Birmingham chamber of commerce, 1910; in charge of legislation known as Greater Birmingham bill; and first lieutenant, Warrior Guards, Alabama National Guard. He is a Roman Catholic; Democrat; Knight of Columbus; and a member of the Phi Gamma Delta college fraternity. Married: August 16, 1887, to Ida May Richardson, of Tuscaloosa. Children (order and number conjectural): 1. Lelia; 2. Sterling A.; 3. Clement. Residence: Birmingham.

WOOD, STERLING ALEXANDER MARTIN, lawyer, legislator and brigadier-general C. S. Army, was born March 17, 1823, in Florence, and died July 26, 1891, in Tuscaloosa; son of Alexander Hamilton and Mary Esther (Evans) Wood, the former a native of Richmond, Va., who served as a member of the Richmond artillery, War of 1812, removed to Nashville, Tenn., and in 1821, to Alabama, locating in Florence; grandson of Basil and Margaret (Richardson) Wood, the former a native of Richmond, Va., who was noted for his literary attainments, having assisted Chief Justice Marshall in his preparation and revision of the "Life of Washington," was also in the office of Alexander Hamilton at one time and assisted him in shaping his financial schemes, and of Major Evans, an officer in the British army during the Revolution, who was left in charge of some English military stores after the surrender of Lord Cornwallis, returned to England, remaining there only a short time, and died on the return voyage to America, where he intended making his permanent home; great-grandson of Leighton Wood, jr., a native of Bristol, England, who came to America before the Revolution in order to look after some lands of his father in the Virginia colony, lying along the Pamunkey River, in Hanover County, decided to remain in that colony, joined the patriots in the Revolutionary War, was disinherited by his father for that act, married a Miss Blagrove, daughter of the sometime rector of St. John's parish, elected solicitor-general of the State in 1780, an office which he held for ten years, returned to England in later years and died in London; great-great-grandson of Leighton Wood, sr., of Bristol, England. General Wood received his early education in the local schools of the Tennessee Valley; was

prepared for college by a private tutor; and graduated from St. Joseph's college, Bardstown, Ky., in 1841. He began the study of law under Edward Dillahunt, at Columbia, Tenn.; was admitted to the bar in January, 1884, at Lebanon, Tenn., and there formed a partnership with Charles Ready. In 1847 he returned to Florence and formed a partnership with his brother, W. B. Wood. From 1851-57 he was solicitor of the fourth judicial circuit; and represented Lauderdale County in the State legislature, 1857-58. While editor of the "Florence Gazette," 1859-60, he was an ardent supporter of the Breckinridge ticket. He entered the Confederate service as captain of the Florence Guards, the first company that left Lauderdale County. On May 18, 1861, at Pensacola, Fla., this company was incorporated with the 7th Alabama infantry regiment and Captain Wood was elected its colonel, and shortly afterwards his regiment was transferred to the army of Gen. Albert Sidney Johnston at Bowling Green, Ky. Colonel Wood was very zealous and active in repressing disturbances among the disloyal element in East Tennessee. He was commissioned brigadier-general, January 31, 1862. At Shiloh he commanded the 8th Alabama, 9th Arkansas battalion, 27th, 44th and 55th Tennessee, 16th Alabama, 3rd Mississippi battalion, Harper's battery, and Avery's company of Georgia dragoons. During General Bragg's Kentucky campaign, General Wood commanded the brigade composed of the 16th Alabama, 32nd and 33rd Mississippi, 44th Tennessee, and Baxter's battery, Hardee's corps. At the battle of Perryville, October 8, 1862, he was severely wounded in the head by the fragment of a shell, necessitating an absence of several weeks from his command. His brigade was engaged in the battles of Murfreesboro, Chickamauga and Perryville, and at the battle of Chickamauga won special praise and commendation. He resigned from the army and located in Tuscaloosa, where his family had refugeeed during the war. He represented Tuscaloosa County in the State legislature, 1882-83, and was attorney for Alabama Great southern railroad from its beginning until his death. He was a Roman Catholic. Married: in 1849, at Florence, to Lelia, daughter of Maj. Jesse Leftwich, who came from Virginia to Tennessee and thence to Florence. Children (order conjectural): 1. William J., lawyer and third vice-president, Louisville and Nashville railroad; 2. Sterling A. (q. v.); 3. Bernard A. (q. v.); 4. Rosa, m. Alfred E. Beall, of Dolomite; 5. Lillie E., m. Walter Harris, of Tuscaloosa; 6. Mary V., m. Percy Hairston; 7. Lelia E.; 8. Beulah E. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

WOOD, WILLIAM, merchant and farmer, was born March 22, 1826, in Washington County, Ga., and died October 15, 1885, in Columbus, Ga. His parents died, leaving a family of small children without means who found homes with strangers. His first employment was wood hauling, but he soon entered the employ of Henry Hawley, a merchant of Gordon, later clerking for Louis Bowden, with whom he formed a partnership. In 1854 he withdrew

from the firm and entered a partnership with E. E. and J. D. Pearre, disposing of his interest in 1850; elected to the State Senate, 1850-59; engaged in farming after the War of Secession, through which event he lost a fortune. In 1870 he once more became a merchant. He was a Mason; and a Missionary Baptist. Married: (1) April 29, 1856, to Ida Ballard; (2) August, 1861, to Missouri, daughter of James and Winifred (Register) Pynes, natives respectively of North and South Carolina, who settled in Alabama, the former a Baptist and farmer and for a number of years a member of the State legislature from Henry County. Children: by second wife, 1. Charlie Alice; 2. Winnie L., m. Capt. E. F. Tuttle. Last residence: Columbus, Ga.

WOOD, WILLIAM BASIL, lawyer, soldier and business man, was born October 21, 1820, at Nashville, Tenn.; son of Alexander H. and Mary E. (Evans) Wood, the former of Virginia, and a soldier in the War of 1812, the latter of England; grandson of Major Evans, who was a soldier in the British army during the Revolution, but who after the cessation of hostilities returned with his family to the colonies, and of a Mr. Wood, secretary to Alexander Hamilton. He was educated in the common schools and at La Grange college, Franklin County; reading law under Judge Coleman (later of the supreme court) he was admitted to the bar at Florence in 1843, and began the practice at once; in 1844 he was elected judge of Lauderdale County court. In August 1861 he was elected colonel of the Sixteenth Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, which regiment he had organized. As colonel he led this regiment in the battles of Fishing Creek, Trilune, Murfreesboro, Shiloh, and all of the battles of the Army of the Tennessee. In 1863, he was transferred to the Army of Northern Virginia, and was appointed by President Davis, president of the military court of the first army corps, and remained as such until the close of the war. During 1862, while in the army he was elected judge of the circuit court, and in 1866 was re-elected, and was on the bench until 1880, except during the period of reconstruction. Prior to his entry in the army Colonel Wood was interested in many business activities including the manufacture of woollens, the steamboat-business, being principal owner of a line of steamers which plied the Tennessee, Ohio and Mississippi rivers, and after the war resumed the latter business. In 1882 he began to turn his attention to railroads, and was one of the organizers and vice-president of the Indiana, Alabama and Texas railroad, and was one of the organizers of the Alabama and Tennessee railroad, which is now part of the Louisville and Nashville system. He was one of the organizers and president of the Florence land, mining and manufacturing company. Being interested in education he was one of those who raised the money for the old Florence Wesleyan university, now the State normal college, and was for a number of years president of its board of trustees. He was a Democrat; a Methodist; Mason; and an Odd Fellow. Married: April 21, 1843, to Sarah B. Leftwich,

daughter of Major Leftwich, of Virginia. Last residence: Florence.

WOOD, WILLIAM H., farmer, was born January 22, 1821, near Greenville, S. C., deceased; son of Edmond and Stella (Tarrant) Wood, natives of the same locality, and both of Huguenot descent, who moved to Alabama in 1824 and settled in Jones Valley, Jefferson County, where they acquired large planting interests. He was reared upon the farm and attended the neighborhood schools. When he was nineteen years of age he took charge of his father's planting interests, and managed them for two years. In 1843 he moved to a farm in the Ruhama community, where he lived for about half a century, during which time he farmed and, for six years, was a merchant. He was a Mason and a Baptist. Married: in 1841, to Nancy C. Bradford, of St. Clair County. Children: 1. Harriet T., m. John B. Tarrant; 2. Malinda, m. R. J. Waldrop; 3. Belle C., m. R. W. Beck; 4. Fannie; 5. James B.; 6. Thomas Newton, deceased; 7. Felix E., deceased; 8. Lulu May, deceased. Last residence: Jefferson County.

WOOD, WILLIAM JOHN, lawyer, prosecuting attorney, State senator and business man, was born March 30, 1850, at Florence; son of Sterling Alexander Martin and Lella (Leftwich) Wood (q. v.). He was educated in the schools of Florence and Tuscaloosa; graduating in 1869 from the Florence Wesleyan university in law and logic, and entered upon the practice at Florence. In 1871 he was made prosecuting attorney for Lauderdale County and in 1874 was elected State senator from Lauderdale and Limestone Counties. He was elected judge of probate of Lauderdale County, 1874, and in 1896 became State tax commissioner of Alabama. He removed to Evansville, Ind., in 1881, where he practiced law, and in 1888 was made president of the Evansville business association, and was vice-president and general manager of the Evansville, Newberg, and suburban railroad. The following year he was elected third vice-president of the Louisville and Nashville railroad, which position he resigned in 1891. In 1890 he was made president of the Evansville ice and cold storage company; member railroad commission of Indiana, 1904, and chairman of that commission 1908. During the War of Secession he served as a lieutenant in a company of home guards at Tuscaloosa composed of youths. He holds a commission as colonel on Gen. "Red" Johnson's staff, United Confederate Veterans. He is a Democrat, and was chairman of the Eighth congressional district in 1878. He is a Knight of Pythias, and a member of the Ku Klux Klan. Author: reports of the railroad commission of Indiana, 1906 to 1912. Married: May 20, 1879, at Florence, to Eugenia, daughter of Henry M. and Ephenia (Story) Ringo, of Coffeeville, Miss., the former family was from Virginia, the latter from Maryland. Children: 1. William Basil, m. Elizabeth Wood Barr, Memphis, Tenn.; 2. Alma Eugenia, m. John Hamilton McNeely, Evansville, Ind. Residence: Evansville, Ind.

WOODALL, A. W., merchant, was born March 29, 1843, near Springville, St. Clair County; son of Reuben and Ellen (Scroggins) Woodall, the former a farmer in St. Clair County; grandson of Jonathan Woodall, a Georgian, who moved to Lincoln County, Tenn., in early life, and in 1827 came to Alabama, and settled in St. Clair County, near Springville, and of Aaron Scroggins, who moved to St. Clair County in 1824, from North Carolina, and who was a descendant of an English family who settled in that state before the Revolution; great-grandson of Jonathan Woodall, a soldier in the Revolution, and a descendant of an English family who settled in southern Georgia in colonial times. Mr. Woodall joined the C. S. Army in the spring of 1861, joining Co. A, Ninth Alabama infantry regiment, Col. Blount commanding. He was present at the battle of Corinth, after which he was stationed at Mobile for a year, then took part in the battles of Chickamauga, Missionary Ridge, Lookout Mountain, in the Atlanta campaign through to Jonesboro, and back with Hood through Tennessee to Franklin and Nashville. He returned to Mobile, where he took part in the bay fight, was sent from there to Meridian, Miss., where he surrendered. At the close of the war he held the rank of second lieutenant. After peace was established he farmed and dealt to some extent in mineral lands. In 1880 he established a mercantile business at Springville, which he conducted in addition to his farming interests. He is a Democrat; Royal Arch Mason; an elder in the Cumberland Presbyterian church. Married: (1) in 1867, to Mary Thomason, who died in 1885; (2) in 1887, to Alma Wilson. Children, by first marriage: 1. Minnie; 2. Joshua P.; 3. Alice; by second marriage: 4. Reuben. Residence: Springville, St. Clair County.

WOODARD, JAMES GRAY, of Irish ancestry, was born December 4, 1871, near Fayetteville, Lincoln County, Tenn.; son of John Wesley and Mary Eliza (Hampton) Woodard, the former who was a native of Tennessee and lived there until about 1914, when he removed to Madison County, served in the Forty-fourth Tennessee infantry, C. S. Army, and was a farmer, mill owner and trader; grandson of Moses Clark and Katie (Abernathay) Woodard, and of Samuel Martin and Annie (Thornton) Hampton, all of Lincoln County, Tenn. Mr. Woodard was educated in the common schools of his native county, and graduated at Winchester State normal school, 1895. He has been a book-keeper; justice of the peace; from 1895 to 1910 taught school; and represented Madison County in the house of representatives, 1919. Mr. Woodard is a Democrat; a Methodist; and Woodman of the World. Married: April 27, 1892, near Harmes, Tenn., to Annie May, daughter of Samuel Allison and Eliza Jane (Abernathay) Hill, the former who was a farmer, trader and Confederate soldier. Children: 1. James Alvah, d. in infancy; 2. Wesley Hill; 3. Robert Franklin. Residence: Huntsville.

WOODLIFF, AUGUSTIN L., merchant, was born October 7, 1827, in Hall County, Ga., and died December, 1904, at Gadsden; son of George

and Isabella (Henderson) Woodliff, natives, respectively, of Virginia and South Carolina, the former of whom went to Clarke County, Ga., in 1820, was a farmer, and a soldier in the War of 1812. His paternal grandfather was a Virginian, a soldier in the Revolutionary War, and in the War of 1812. The Woodliff family came from Scotland to America. Mr. Woodliff was reared on his father's farm and attended the common schools of the neighborhood. In 1846 he became clerk in a mercantile establishment at Nuckelsville, Ga., and a year later went to Gainesville, where he remained until 1850. He was a miner and speculator in California, 1850-1853; engaged in the mercantile business at Cumming, Ga., 1853-1857; farmed at Gadsden, 1857-1861; enlisted in Co. G, Nineteenth Alabama regiment, as first orderly, 1861, and was soon afterward promoted to third lieutenant; resigned in 1862 on account of ill health; re-entered the army in May, 1863, as first lieutenant of Co. D, Forty-eighth Alabama; was promoted to captain less than a month later; participated in the seven days' fight around Richmond, at Cedar Run, near Culpeper Court House, at the second battle of Manassas, at the siege and capture of Harper's Ferry, at Antietam, and at Fredericksburg, resigned from the army in March, 1863, to accept the appointment of tax assessor, which position he filled until the close of the war; was elected to the State senate in 1865, and introduced the bill forming Baine County, which county, abolished by the reconstructionists in 1868, was afterward re-established and called Etowah County; turned his attention to merchandising, 1868-1872; entered the lumber and machine business in 1872; and from that time until his death was variously engaged at mercantile and livery business. He was a Mason and a Knight of Honor. Married: in January, 1854, to Lavinia C., daughter of James and Mary (Ingram) Law, the former who was for twenty-one years clerk of the court of Hall County, Ga. Children: 1. Ida A., m. M. D. Lowe; 2. James F.; 3. George H.; 4. Thomas J.; 5. Augustin Wyly, furniture dealer at Gadsden; 6. Henry L.; 7. Mollie B., m. Dr. Ralph M. Russell; 8. Sallie Law, dec.; 9. Olive G.; 10. Nannie L., dec.; 11. William Joe; 12. Paulina Chester, dec.; 13. Eddie Guy, furniture dealer, Gadsden; 14. Bessie Clark. Last residence: Gadsden.

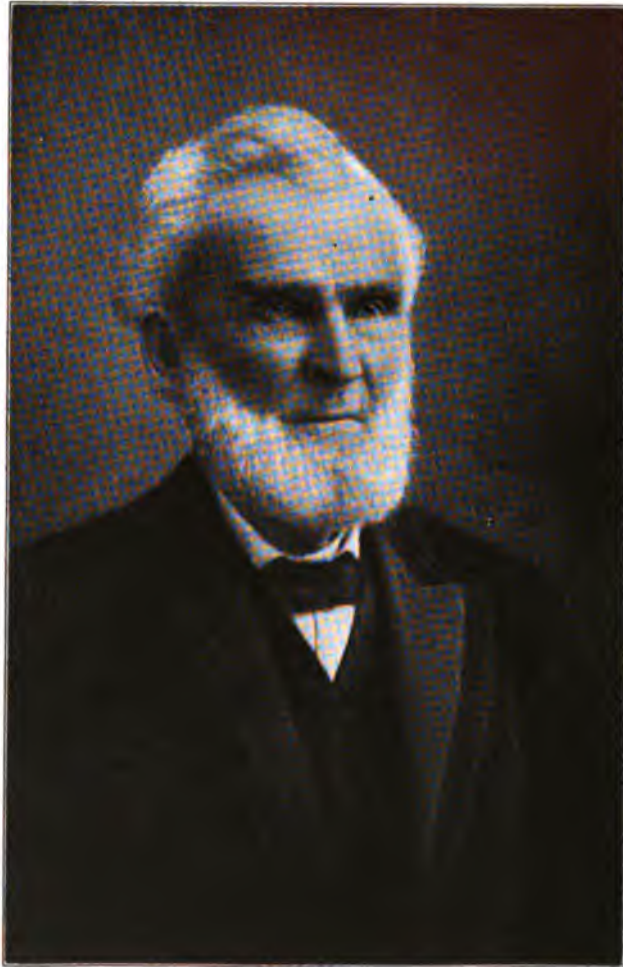
WOODRUFF, DAVID, bookseller, was born in Connecticut, September 29, 1798, and died in Tuscaloosa. His mother was a Miss Fern, and he was the great-great-grandson of Mathew Woodruff of Connecticut, who came from England in 1620. He removed to Tuscaloosa at an early age and engaged in bookselling. Married: October 29, 1829, in Tuscaloosa, to Elizabeth Antoinette Bell, who was born in Norfolk, Va., April 30, 1811, lived in Shelbyville, Tenn., came to Tuscaloosa about 1828 to take charge of the Female institute, and died October 18, 1884. Children: 1. Virginia Hortense, b. about 1834, d. October 18, 1884, m. Robert Emmett Rhodes (q. v.), lieutenant general C. S. army, killed at Winchester, Va., 1864; 2. Daniel Webster, b. January 4, d. January, 1886, m. Rosa

Fowlkes of Savannah, Confederate soldier, 1861-65; 3. David Pendleton, civil engineer, Confederate soldier, mail agent Crescent city route; 4. Zachary Taylor, b. June 17, 1847, M. D., Tulane university, Virginia military institute, 1863-64, city physician, Vicksburg, Miss., d. Tuscaloosa, July 17, 1878. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

WOODRUFF, HELEN (SMITH), author, was born at Selma, Dallas County; daughter of Oscar Emmett and Emma Irene (West) Smith, the former a native of Selma who attended college in Virginia and lived later in St. Louis, Mo., Anniston and Birmingham, but who now resides upon his plantation in the township of Orrville; granddaughter of Washington McMurray and Susan (Parker) Smith and of John and Martha Frances (Ashcraft) West, of Tennessee; great-granddaughter of Washington Smith and of Capt. Thomas Henry West, a soldier of the War of 1812; great-great-granddaughter of Col. John Smith, commander of a North Carolina regiment during the Revolutionary war. Other ancestors were Sir William Byrd of Westover, Va., on the paternal side, and Thomas West, Lord Baltimore, on the maternal line. Helen Smith Woodruff received her elementary education from tutors and later attended the Noble institute, Anniston, and the Gardner and Semple schools in New York City. She is a Baptist. Her published novels and short stories are "Mrs. Beauty"; "The Lady of the Lighthouse"; "Really Truly Nature Stories"; "The Little House"; and "Really Truly Fairy Stories." Married: June 18, 1904, at Wynccliffe, Birmingham, to Lewis B., son of Charles Hornblower and Katherine Bliss (Sanford) Woodruff; grandson of Lewis B. Woodruff, judge of the U. S. court; great-grandson of Judge Morris Woodruff; great-great-grandson of Judge Wm. Burnett Woodruff, all of New York. Residence: New York City.

WOODRUFF, LEWIS T., merchant, was born in 1816, in Farmington, Conn., and died May 25, 1869, at Mobile. When he was eighteen years of age he went to Winnsboro, S. C., and became a clerk. He went to Mobile in 1839 and began business as a clerk in an auction and commission house. He soon became a partner in the business and was engaged in mercantile pursuits for the remainder of his life. He was several times a member of the municipal boards of the city. At the beginning of the War of Secession he entered the C. S. Army as captain of a company in the Third Alabama infantry regiment. After serving a year with that command he resigned and assisted in raising the Thirty-sixth Alabama regiment, of which he was elected lieutenant colonel. He was later promoted to colonel, and led the regiment until disabled by a wound at New Hope, Ga. After the close of the war he resumed his mercantile business at Mobile. He was killed by the falling of a wall during a fire, May 25, 1869. Last residence: Mobile.

WOODRUFF, MILFORD FERN, tutor in Latin and Greek, at the University of Alabama, 1851-52. He held the degree of A. M.



JOSEPH R. SMITH, Sr.

WOODRUFF, NOADIAH, cotton factor, was born December 28, 1828, in Farmington, Conn., and died February 2, 1891, at Selma; son of Sylvester and Nancy (Andrews) Woodruff, of Connecticut, both of English ancestry. He was reared on a farm and educated in the common schools of Connecticut; came south in 1852 and became a clerk in a mercantile establishment at Talladega; became a merchant at Mardisville a year later; for two years before the War of Secession was located at Plantersville; sold his business and entered the Thirty-first Alabama regiment, C. S. Army; was discharged from the quartermaster department of the army because of ill health, but remained in the commissary department for the rest of the war; went to Selma in the fall of 1866 and opened an office in connection with A. W. Duncan, as a cotton factor and commission merchant; continued in that business after Mr. Duncan's withdrawal from the firm, first as partner of B. M. Woolley, and later with E. W. North; was a large real estate owner and extensively interested in farming; served three terms as mayor of Selma, 1875, 1877, 1879; and at one time was a candidate for governor of the state on the Independent ticket. He was a Knight Templar. Married: (1) to Mary Smoot, who died in 1863; (2) in May, 1866, in Talladega County, to Sarah E. Keith. Children, by first marriage: 1. Nannie, d. in 1879, in Selma; 2. Ettie. Last residence: Selma.

WOODS, MICHAEL LEONARD, assistant examiner of accounts, was born April 1, 1833, of Woods Ferry, near Greenville, Greene County, Tenn.; son of James and Martha (Harle) Woods of Greene County, the former who was a physician. Mr. Woods was educated in the public and private schools of his native county and later entered Panther Springs Academy, Grainger County, Tenn. He entered the C. S. Army; on January 8, 1861, enlisting in the Montgomery True Blues as a private; July 19, 1861, was appointed assistant commissary of subsistence of the Thirteenth Alabama infantry; May 20, 1862, was elected colonel of the Forty-sixth Alabama infantry; later became colonel of the Nineteenth Alabama infantry, consolidated; and surrendered his command at Salisbury, N. C., April 10, 1865; practiced law in Prattville, Montgomery, New York, and the District of Columbia; settled in Montgomery February 7, 1852; was elected to the house of representatives to fill a vacancy and took his seat January 13, 1860; was secretary of the senate of Alabama in the session of 1872-73; and was appointed assistant examiner of public accounts, December 4, 1900. He is the author of "Address of the League of United Southerners"; "History of Railroad Bonds Endorsed by the State," 1871; and beginning with February 6, 1895, published in the Montgomery "Advertiser," a series of five articles on "Silver and Gold: History Legislation Relating to the Two Metals." Married: June 2, 1855, to Martha Raiford Pickett, daughter of Col. Albert J. Pickett, the historian of Alabama. Children: 1. Martha Washington; 2. Corinne. Residence: Montgomery.

WOODS, NEANDER M., deceased Presbyterian minister, who lived in Montgomery.

WOODS, THOMAS, sr., *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 76, and a resident of Dallas County; private of Cavalry S. C. Militia; enrolled on January 30, 1834, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$100; sums received to date of publication of list, \$300.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Con., 1st sess., 1833-34.

WOODS, WILLIAM BURNHAM, lieutenant colonel U. S. volunteers and associate justice supreme court of the United States, for a number of years a resident of Alabama, was born August 3, 1824, at Newark, Ohio, and died in Washington, D. C., May 14, 1887; son of Ezekial S. Woods of Kentucky. Judge Woods studied at Western Reserve college, Hudson, Ohio, and graduated from Yale, 1846, later receiving the honorary degree of LL. D. from each of these institutions. He was a lieutenant-colonel of the 76th Ohio volunteers in the War of Secession and was mustered out of the service, 1866. After the war he settled in Alabama, took up the practice of law and engaged in cotton planting; took an active part in the reconstruction of the state government in accordance with the Republican policies; was chancellor, 1868-69; judge of the 5th U. S. judicial circuit, of which Alabama was included, 1869-80, and was commissioned associate justice of the U. S. supreme court, December 21, 1880, which position he held until his death, May, 1887. Last residence: Washington, D. C.

WOODSMALL, HARRISON, Baptist minister, first president Selma university (negro), was born June 9, 1841, in Owen County, Ind.; son of Jefferson H. and Malvina (Wilhite) Woodsmall, natives of Virginia. He was reared on a farm, attending country schools in the fall and winter months; was a student at the University of Indiana until the outbreak of the War of Secession; enlisted in the Fourteenth Indiana regiment, U. S. Army, in June, 1861; served in Virginia and was wounded at Antietam; was promoted to captain and then to major in the One hundred fifteenth Indiana regiment; studied law while in the army and, after the war, attended law school at Ann Arbor, Mich.; practiced law in Indiana for six years; spent some months in voluntary labor among the colored people of Indiana; entered the Southern Baptist theological seminary for a course in preparatory study; went to Greenville in 1872; began work among the colored people of Georgia as an appointee of the Sunday-school board of the Georgia Baptist convention, 1873; accepted an appointment under the American Baptist publication society and labored among the colored people of Georgia for six months, 1874; was employed as an evangelist for the Home mission society, holding ministers' institutes in Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee and Kentucky, until 1877; took charge of the Alabama Baptist normal and theological school at Selma under the management of the colored Baptists of Alabama, in

January, 1878. Married: December 29, 1873, to Mary E. Howes of Macon. Residence: Selma.

WOODSON, PHILLIP, founder, editor and proprietor of the old "Huntsville Democrat." Deceased.

WOODWARD, HENRY BASCOM, Baptist minister, was born December 3, 1871, at Gaston, Sumter County; son of Rev. Thomas Benton and Martha Caroline (Johnston) Woodward, the former a native of Georgia, who lived at Gaston, was a Baptist preacher, and served one year in the Eighth Alabama regiment, C. S. Army; grandson of Nathan and Percis (Myers) Johnston, of Choctaw County, and of Rev. William and Sarah (Goree) Woodward, the former a native of York District, S. C., a planter and a Baptist minister, who served in the South Carolina legislature for three years, moved to Georgia, and in 1834 to Alabama, where he settled in Greene County, and four years later moved to Sumter County, was elected to the lower house of the Alabama legislature in 1841, 1842, 1844 and 1845, and to the State senate in 1853 and 1857, and was a brother of Joseph A. Woodward, congressman from South Carolina, 1843-1847; great-grandson of William Woodward, an Englishman, who came with two brothers to America, settled first in Maryland, and later moved to South Carolina, was a member of congress from the latter state, was a practicing physician and a Baptist preacher, and married an Italian woman. Rev. Woodward obtained his early education in the country schools of Sumter County, at Bevill academy, Choctaw County, and at Butler academy, Choctaw County. He was graduated from Howard college, Birmingham, A. B., 1901, and from the Southern Baptist theological seminary, Louisville, Ky., Th. M., 1904. He was ordained to the full work of the gospel ministry August 25, 1896, by the Shorts Baptist church of Gaston, Sumter County; and has been pastor of churches in Tennessee, of the First Baptist church of Jefferson City, of the South Side Baptist church of San Antonio, Tex., of the First Baptist Church of Lampasas, Tex., and of the Central Baptist church at New Decatur. Married. July 1, 1909, at Birmingham, to Maude Ethel, daughter of John Arthur and Missouri Kansas (Strock) Prescott, of Montgomery; granddaughter of William Prescott, an Alabamian, and of William Berry Strock, who lived in Autauga County, and died at Verbena, Chilton County. Children: 1. Henry Bascom, jr.; 2. Maude Prescott. Residence: New Decatur.

WOODWARD, JOHN JEFFERSON, lawyer, colonel in C. S. Army, was born October 8, 1808, in Winnsboro, Fairfield County, S. C., and died in battle, June 27, 1862, at Richmond, Va.; son of John and Patsie Eloise (Exham) Woodward, the former a native of Winnsboro, S. C., a planter, who succeeded his father as captain of his company in the Revolutionary War, fought at the battle of Eutaw, and afterwards served in both branches of the South Carolina legislature; grandson of Thomas Woodward,

of South Carolina, who came from England with two brothers who settled, one in Pennsylvania and the other in Maryland, raised the first company in the up country for the Revolutionary Army, was commissioned captain June 18, 1775, was a member of the Provincial congress, 1776, was captured by the British and taken to Charleston, made his escape and returned to his company, and was killed by Tories, May 12, 1779. Col. Woodward received his early education at Mt. Zion college, Winnsboro, S. C., and was a graduate of Columbia college, about 1827. He was admitted to the bar in 1828, and engaged in planting. He moved to Alabama in 1837 and settled in Talladega County among the Indians. He farmed there for several years, but because of the difficulties in transporting crops, sold his plantation in 1845, and began the practice of law in Talladega. For some time he was connected with the publication of the "Watchtower," a Democratic newspaper, and in 1847 was elected to the State legislature. He was appointed by Gov. Chapman to fill the vacancy on the circuit bench, caused by the resignation of Judge Stone, in January, 1849, and was elected to that position by the legislature the following year. When the election of the judges was given to the people in 1850, he was defeated. In 1853 he was elected solicitor of the ninth judicial district by the legislature, and in 1857 was re-elected. In June, 1861, he entered the C. S. Army as captain of the Davis Blues, a company in the Tenth Alabama regiment. Soon after reaching Virginia he was promoted to major, and was advanced to lieutenant colonel in December, 1861, in which capacity he commanded the regiment at Williamsburg. He was promoted to colonel and led the Tenth Alabama at Seven Pines, at Cold Harbor, and in the charge of Wilcox's division at Gaines Mill, where he fell mortally wounded. He was a Jeffersonian Democrat; a Methodist; and a Mason. Married: in May, 1830, at Winnsboro, S. C., to Rebecca Mary, daughter of Philip Edward and Rachel Lavinia (Yongue) Pearson, of Winnsboro, S. C., the former who was a lawyer at that place, and the latter a daughter of an Irishman, a Presbyterian minister, who was president of Mt. Zion college. Children: 1. Edward Pearson, m. Esther Woodward; 2. John Floyd; 3. Gustavus Adolphus, m. Lottie Durham; 4. Butler, m. Angela Rouse; 5. Patsie Eloise, m. Dr. William Aiken; 6. Sallie Lavinia. Last residence: Talladega.

WOODWARD, W. B., Missionary Baptist minister; living in 1913. Residence: Lineville.

WOODWARD, WILLIAM, Baptist minister and legislator, was born November 15, 1792, in York District, S. C., and died September 7, 1871, in Choctaw County; son of William Woodward, a physician, and minister, who represented South Carolina in the Fourteenth congress; grandson of Thomas Woodward, leader of the Regulators in South Carolina and a member of the provincial congress of 1775. In 1820 he moved to Chester District, S. C., where he farmed and served as a member of the State legislature for three years. He later

removed to Georgia and in 1834 came to Alabama and settled in Greene County. Four years later he removed to that portion of Sumter now embraced in Choctaw County. He represented Sumter County in the State legislature, 1841, 1842, 1844, 1845 and 1847, and in the senate, 1853 and 1857. He was ordained an elder in the Baptist church about 1840 and was pastor of a congregation for eighteen years. Last residence: Choctaw County.

WOOLDRIDGE, WILLIAM H., manufacturer, was born February 13, 1853, in Memphis, Tenn., deceased; son of Egbert and Elizabeth (White) Wooldridge, natives of Woodford County, Ky., who went to Memphis in 1845. During his childhood he attended a private school in his native county, and after the War of Secession attended Franklin college in middle Tennessee for one year. After leaving school, he farmed for several years in Bolivar County, Miss.; traveled for Wheller, Pickens and company, Memphis, 1872-1878; entered the stove manufactory of John G. Baxter at Louisville, Ky., traveling for a while and later acting as general manager of the entire establishment; was made president of the John G. Baxter stove and foundry company, organized on the death of Mr. Baxter, in 1884; entered the stove manufacturing business in Birmingham in 1886. He was a member of the Christian church. Married: February 28, 1878, to Mary, daughter of John G. Baxter, of Louisville, Ky. Children: 1. John Baxter; 2. William Latham. Last residence: Birmingham.

WOOLF, HENRY A., member of the constitutional convention of 1875, from Marengo County; father of S. G. Woolf of Demopolis.

WOOLF, SAMUEL GHOLSON, lawyer and legislator, was born May 20, 1853, at Linden, Marengo County; son of Henry Ashley and Frances (Gholson) Woolf, the former was a native of Marengo County, who studied law under Judge William M. Brooks, represented Marengo County in the legislature several sessions, and was a member of the constitutional convention of 1875; grandson of James B. Woolf, a native of Kentucky, and his wife, a Miss Cook, who removed to Alabama in 1818 and was one of the pioneer settlers of Marengo County. He was educated in the common schools of Linden; attended the Kentucky university, 1869-71, but did not graduate. He began the practice of law at Linden in 1881; in 1892 was elected probate judge; was elected to the legislature in 1888, again in 1900, from Marengo County, and to the State senate in 1902. He was again elected to the house of representatives in 1906. He is a Democrat; a Missionary Baptist; a Mason; and Knight of Pythias. Married: (1) January 8, 1879, to Fanny Pickering; (2) August 26, 1896, to Mrs. Sadie (Henley) Lyon. Children: by first wife, three, whose names were not ascertained. Residence: Demopolis.

WOOLSEY, BENJAMIN MINTHORNE, lawyer, planter salt commissioner, was born in August, 1823, near Athens, Ga., and died August

19, 1886, at Selma; son of Abraham Minthorne and Emily Wingfield (Sims) Woolsey, who moved to Mobile in 1836, where the former died soon after. His father was a near relative of Dr. T. D. Woolsey, president of Yale University, and his mother, a native of Washington County, Ga., married Bishop James O. Andrews (q. v.), after the death of her first husband. Mr. Woolsey received his early education in Mobile, and was graduated from Emory college, Ga., when he was eighteen years old. He returned to Mobile, where he studied law, and was admitted to the bar, then took a course in law at Yale college. He opened an office in Mobile in 1844, but after practicing for two or three years was forced by declining health to give up his profession. In 1846 he moved near Selma, Dallas County, and until the last year of the War of Secession engaged extensively in planting in the country, and in a commission business in the city. He represented Dallas County in the State legislature in 1851 and again in 1855, and the following year was a presidential elector on the Fillmore ticket. A year later he declined the nomination of his party for congress, and in 1860 was a Bell and Everett elector. During the War of Secession Gov. Thomas H. Watts appointed him salt commissioner of the state, with the rank of colonel, in which capacity he served through the last two years of the war. A short time before the close of the war he moved with his family to Summerfield, for the purpose of educating his children and leaving them in a place of safety during his absence on the affairs of the Confederate government. After the war he returned to Selma and engaged in the cotton factorage and fire insurance business, in which he remained to the day of his death. Married: in Dallas County, to Lucinda, daughter of John Swift of that county. Children: 1. Susie Emily, deceased, m. Samuel Will John (q. v.); 2. St. George Lee d. unmarried; 3. Minthorne, m. Thomasene Harper Rigby, New York City, children, Mary Ella, m. James W. Reed of Waynesville, N. C., and Thomasene Rigby, m. Alden Howell, jr., of Waynesville, N. C.; 4. William Swift, m. Minnie I. Cook, Selma. Last residence: Selma.

WOOTEN, HARDY VICKERS, physician, was born December 13, 1813, at Waynesboro, Burke County, Ga., and died July 19, 1856, at Marysville, Tenn.; son of Eli and Ruth (Vickers) Wooten, the former who was born near Windsor, Bertie County, N. C., emigrated to Georgia and bought a tract of land between Louisville and Savannah, Ga., and whose father was a Virginian; grandson of Capt. John Vickers, a Revolutionary Whig, who was captain of a company that fought through the war, and at its close moved to Georgia. He was left an orphan in early life, and received his education in the common schools of his day and in the Augusta high school for boys. He entered the Augusta medical college, October 17, 1833, and after pursuing the course there, was graduated with highest honors. He then attended the medical course at the University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, where he was also graduated with honors. At the latter in-

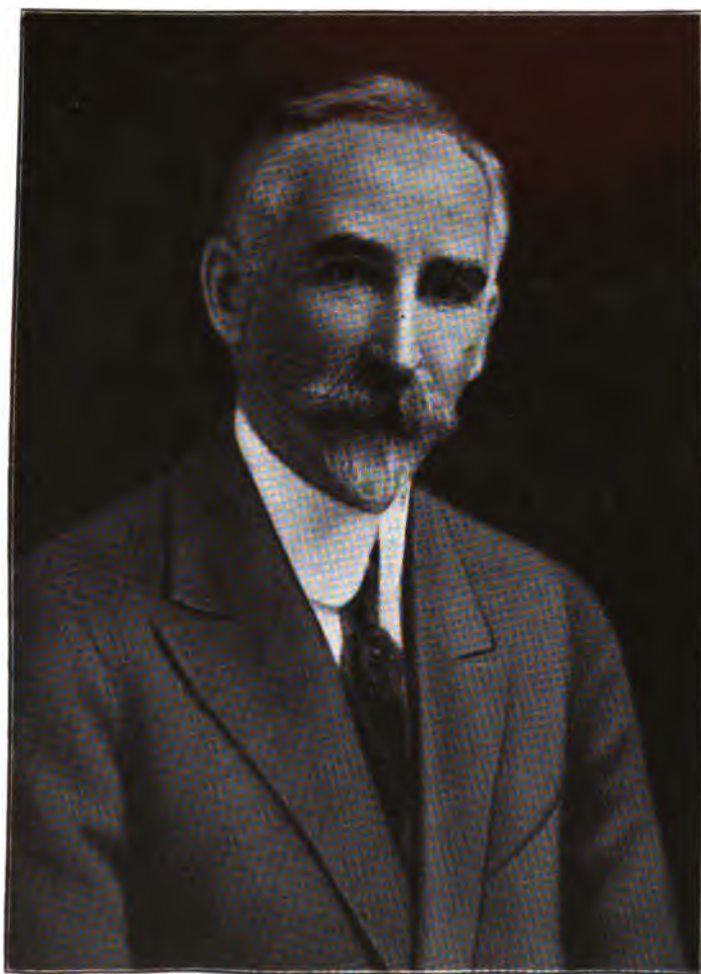
stitution he submitted a thesis on "Malignant Cholera." Soon after his graduation he moved to Alabama, and engaged in the practice of medicine at Lowndesboro, where he resided at the time of his death, and where he had spent twenty years in active practice. He was a Whig, and opposed the dissolution of the union, but believed in States rights. He was a close friend of William L. Yancey. He wrote for the literary and medical journals of the day, and was author of an article on the "Diseases of the Black Belt," which was lost when Memphis capitulated, just before the close of the War of Secession. He also wrote essays and stories for the "Southern Literary Messenger," "The New Yorker," "The Augusta Mirror," and "The Magnolia," and was the author of a manuscript volume of poems. He was a Mason and an Odd Fellow. Dr. Wooten devoted his time almost exclusively to medicine and rose to a degree of eminence in the profession. He was repeatedly importuned to accept professorship in several prominent medical schools, but declined so doing until the fall of 1851, when he accepted the chair of practice in the Medical college of Memphis. He held that position for three years, when his health, enfeebled for some years, forced him to retire from his profession. He returned to Lowndes County in the fall of 1854 and died two years later in Marysville, Tenn. Married: January 24, 1841, in Lowndesboro, to Charlotte Rochelle, who died in 1885, daughter of George and Elizabeth Brown (Whitaker) Rochelle, who lived at Fairfield District, S. C., the former a Huguenot; granddaughter of James and Margaret (Evans) Rochelle, and of Thomas and Elizabeth Brown; great-granddaughter of Josiah and Margaret Evans, and of George Rochelle, who escaped from France after the Edict of Nantes, was shipwrecked, but rescued, and was a direct descendant of Count Dumont de Rochelle, for whom the town of Rochelle, France, was named. Children: 1. Garvin, deceased; 2. Rochelle, deceased; 3. Ella, m. Joseph Mark Howard, Lowndesboro; 4. Ida, deceased; 5. Zoe, deceased. Last residence: Lowndesboro.

WORTHINGTON, S. D., former pastor of the First Baptist church, Montgomery.

WORTHINGTON, THOMAS, business man, was born November 4, 1857, at Trussville, Jefferson County; son of Marcus Antonius and Elizabeth (Truss) Worthington, the former a native of Pickens Court House, Pickens County, S. C., who migrated to Alabama and located at Trussville, teacher, flagbearer, later lieutenant, 10th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, killed in action at the battle of Petersburg, June 22, 1864; grandson of Thomas and Tabitha (Summers) Worthington, of Pickens Court House, S. C., the latter, after her husband's death, came to Alabama to live with her son, and of Warren and Mary (Nash) Truss, of Tarboro, N. C., migrated to Lincoln, Talladega County, later to White Station, Tenn., and both are buried in Memphis. The Worthington family of Alabama is descended from John and Sarah (Howard) Worthington, the former came

from Lancashire, England, to America, with Lord Baltimore, acquired several tracts of land, was a justice of the peace, member of the house of burgesses, captain of the "hundred" in which he lived, and in 1692, aided the colony in defense against the French and Indians. Their son, Thomas, lived on his estate "Greenburg Forest," near Annapolis, was a magistrate under the crown for several years and officially connected with St. Ann's church. The latter's son, Nicholas, 1734-93, a planter, was major in the Maryland troops, during the Revolution, and a member of the State convention. Mr. Worthington received his preparatory education in the public schools of Trussville, and was appointed to the U. S. military academy, 1876, from which he graduated in 1880, resigning in 1886 to locate in Birmingham and in association with his brother, J. W. Worthington, and H. F. DeBardeleben to quarry limestone, mine iron ore and build railroads in that district. In 1895 he disposed of his interests in that company, and became interested in mining phosphates at Mt. Pleasant, near Columbia, Tenn. He returned to Birmingham in 1898 to become general manager of the Red Mountain ore mines, property of the Tennessee coal and iron company, and was also interested in mining brown ore at Rock Run. In 1900 he organized the Worthington construction company and began general railroad and public road construction in Alabama, Mississippi and Georgia. He returned to Birmingham in 1911, and has since resided there, working in that district along the same lines. He renounced all church affiliations at the age of sixteen and has not since renewed them. Neither has he any fraternal connections. Married: December 12, 1887, in Pass Christian, Miss., to Josephine Victoria, daughter of Joseph Biddle and Josephine Osborne (Stark) Wilkinson, who lived at "Myrtle Grove" plantation, Plaquemines Parish; great-granddaughter of Gen. James Wilkinson, who succeeded Washington as commander-in-chief of the armies of the United States. His wife, Ann Biddle, was the sister of Commodore Nicholas Biddle, of Philadelphia. Mrs. Worthington's maternal grandfather was Col. Horatio Stark of Revolutionary fame. Children: 1. Josephine Stark, d. in infancy; 2. Amelia, m. Brenton K. Fisk; 3. Thomas, jr.; 4. Lilla, m. James Holtzclaw Kirkpatrick, New York; 5. Biddle Wilkinson; 6. Walter Harrison. Residence: Birmingham.

WORTHY, ALFRED CALHOUN, lawyer, was born November 15, 1845, in Bullock County; son of Alfred Newton and Ann (Pace) Worthy (q. v.). He was educated in Troy, where he studied under the instruction of William H. Parks and Simeon J. Doster, until the beginning of the War of Secession. He worked as an apprentice to the printing trade, 1857-1859. He served in the Fifteenth Alabama infantry, in the Army of Virginia, and was later transferred to the Western army. After the war he studied under Prof. Flanigan, at Clay Hill, then read law in the office of his father and John D. Gardener, at Troy. He was admitted to the bar in 1868, and appointed ex-officio jus-



J. W. DONNELLY

tice of the peace and notary public in the same year. He served as postmaster of Troy, 1871-1880; was clerk of the probate court, 1876-1880, under Judge U. L. Jones; was clerk of the city of Troy, 1882-1891; and after that time served as register in chancery for Pike County, and engaged in the active practice of law. He is a Democrat; a Mason; and an Odd Fellow. Married: December 23, 1873, near Troy, to Fannie S., daughter of Marion A. and Mary M. (Dabbs) Galloway, who lived at Gainesville, the former a native of Sumterville, N. C., who moved to Alabama in 1835, the latter a native of Charlotte, Va., who moved with her parents to North Carolina in 1828, and in 1835 to Alabama; granddaughter of Abraham Galloway, who served during the Revolutionary War, under Gen. Marion. Children: 1. Anne, m. William B. Dozier; 2. Charles; 3. Boyce. Residence: Troy.

WORTHY, ALFRED NEWTON, lawyer, physician, and Baptist preacher, was born April 26, 1818, in Gwinnett County, Ga., and died July 8, 1897, in Troy; son of Col. Thomas and Mary (Crowell) Worthy, the former a native of Columbia County, Ga., who lived in Gwinnett County, and the last five years of his life in Troy, member of the Georgia State senate for a number of years, veteran of the Indian War of 1836, sheriff of Gwinnett County, the latter a native of Columbia County; grandson of John Worthy, of Virginia, a Revolutionary soldier, descendant of Scottish ancestry. Dr. Worthy received his early education at Washington academy, Ga.; graduated, 1838, at Literary and botanical college, Columbus, Ohio, in medicine; and from law school at Tuskegee, 1849. In 1849 he removed to Troy, where he practiced both professions for many years. He was also ordained in the Baptist ministry in 1856, and followed that calling during his latter years. He taught for a short while in the Southern Botanical medical college, Forsyth, Ga., 1842; member Alabama legislature from Pike County, for two terms, and served five terms in the State senate, being, during the reconstruction sessions, the only Democrat in that body. In 1850, he organized the first Baptist church in Troy and was appointed its pastor. He was a Mason. Author: "Worthy's Practice," being a treatise on the theory and practice of medicine; "History of the First Baptist church of Troy." He also wrote other medical books whose titles are now lost to memory. Married: August 22, 1839, at Hawkinsville, Upson County, Ga., to Ann, daughter of James and Mary (Davis) Pace, of Twiggs County, Ga.; granddaughter of Wrightson and Nancy Davis. Children: 1. Laura Henrietta, deceased, m. Henry Clay Wiley, lawyer, son of Judge James McCaleb Wiley; 2. Mary Adeline; 3. Celeste Ann, m. James Bunyan Darby; 4. Alfred Calhoun (q. v.); 5. Thomas; 6. Ophelia Rosaline, m. Henry Clay Wiley, her deceased sister's husband; 7. Oglethorpe, deceased, circuit clerk, and later judge, m. (1) Sallie McKenzie; (2) Emma, daughter of Prof. H. E. Brooks of Eufaula; 8. I. P.; 9. C. P., merchant, m. Julia Gibbs, Paris, Texas; 10. Newton; 11.

Carrie Steele; 12. Cleone, m. Ripley P. McBryde. Last residence: Troy.

WRENN, W. P., major of the 10th Alabama cavalry regiment, C. S. Army.

WRIGHT, D. J., Methodist minister; member of the Alabama conference. Residence: Evergreen.

WRIGHT, DANIEL, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 75, and a resident of Madison County; captain N. C. Continental Line and Militia; enrolled on June 12, 1833, under act of Congress of June 7, 1832, payment to date from March 4, 1831; annual allowance, \$480; sums received to date of publication of list, \$1,200.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34.

WRIGHT, DANIEL, member of the constitutional convention of 1819, from Lawrence County.

WRIGHT, E. M., educator; teacher in the State normal college, Troy, 1913.

WRIGHT, J. C., Baptist minister, for a number of years a resident of Alabama, was born December 10, 1830, in South Carolina. He came with his parents at an early age to Alabama; graduated from Howard college, 1856, and soon afterwards was licensed to preach. He served churches at Clinton, Greensboro and Gainesville; after the War of Secession resided on his farm in Calhoun County at the same time preaching in the nearby regions, later pastor of the Broad Street church, Mobile.

WRIGHT, JAMES WILLIAM ABERT, educator and horticulturist, was born July 28, 1834, at Columbia, Miss., and died August 25, 1894, at Talladega; son of Rev. David and Eliza (Abert) Wright, of Massachusetts, who came from Mississippi in 1820 as a missionary to the Choctaw Indians and arranged a grammar of the Choctaw language for use in his missionary schools, a recognized authority to-day, later organized in Columbus one of the first public schools in the South, afterward pastor of the Presbyterian church at Columbus, where he died in 1840. Professor Wright was the grandson of John Abert, a French soldier, who came with La Fayette and aided in establishing American independence, afterward settling in Virginia; and also nephew to Col. John J. Abert, topographical engineer, U. S. Army, and to Col. Charles H. Abert, C. S. Army. He was educated by his father, and later studied and taught under Prof. Henry Tutwiler of Greene Springs, who fitted him for Princeton university, where he graduated, in 1857, as valedictorian. Returning to Greene Springs he resumed his work as teacher in the Tutwiler school, until 1862, when he raised Co. H, 36th Alabama regiment infantry, C. S. Army, composed of a hundred and fifty men. This company fought at Chickamauga, Lookout Mountain, Missionary Ridge, to Atlanta, through Hood's campaign, serving at Spanish Fort, in the final defense of Mobile. He was

wounded at Missionary Ridge, and being made prisoner, was sent to Nashville, and later to Camp Chase. While being transferred to Fort Delaware he jumped from a train and made his escape into Canada and, via the Bermuda Islands, arrived at home again where from 1856 to 1868 he was again associated with the Tutwiler school. In 1868 he removed to California where he engaged in farming and the insurance business, also doing journalistic and state grange work. In 1883 he returned to Alabama and resumed his connection with the Tutwiler school and in 1886 became associate principal of the Livingston normal college for girls, and the same year was made principal of that institution. He was a Democrat and Secessionist; a Mason; and a Presbyterian. Married: in August, 1859, at Greene Springs, to Margaret, daughter of Prof. Henry and Julia (Ashe) Tutwiler (q. v.), the former the founder of the Tutwiler school. Children: 1. Ruffin Ashe, surgeon, at the Alabama Bryce hospital, A. B., University of Alabama, M. D., 1889, University of Virginia, m. Kathleen Roulston, now of Mobile; 2. Willie, d. 1883; 3. Julius T., m. Ethel Reid Pape, of Mobile, 1900; 4. Henry Tutwiler, naval constructor, U. S. Navy, m. Margaret Pickett. Last residence: Talladega.

WRIGHT, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, age not given, a resident of Madison County; private Hamilton's Mounted Gunners; enrolled on December 22, 1831, payment to date from December 15, 1831; annual allowance, \$24; April 24, 1816.—*Revolutionary Pension Roll*, in vol. xiv, Sen. doc. 514, 23rd Cong., 1st sess., 1833-34. He resided in Madison County, June 1, 1840.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 148.

WRIGHT, JOHN T., major of the 8th Confederate cavalry regiment, C. S. Army.

WRIGHT, LOUIS J., druggist, was born January 31, 1861, in Roswell, Ga.; son of James A. and Elizabeth (Johnson) Wright. He was educated at the Roswell academy, Roswell, Ga. He removed to Alabama in 1879, locating in Gadsden, where he entered the drug business in 1885. In 1889, he removed to Talladega and has since that time continued his business there. He is a Mason. Married: April 14, 1891, to Lula G. Graham, of Talladega. Children: four, of whom one son and two daughters are now living. Residence: Talladega.

WRIGHT, MILTON R., physician, was born November 8, 1834, in Chester County, S. C., deceased; son of Rufus W. and Annie (Gilchrist) Wright, the former of whom came to Alabama in 1835, and located in Calhoun County in 1837, living on his plantation five miles below Gadsden, on the Coosa River, for the rest of his days. He was reared on his father's plantation, and received a common school education. He taught for a few years, and in 1859 began the study of medicine at Atlanta. In October, 1862, he joined the first Alabama cavalry as assistant surgeon, and a few months later was transferred to the Thirty-first Alabama infantry. He

remained with the army until the fall of 1864, when on account of ill health he was compelled to resign. He located in Etowah County and practiced medicine for a short time; resumed his medical studies soon afterward; and was graduated from the Alabama medical college, Mobile, M. D., 1870. He immediately located at Gadsden, and practiced his profession from that time until his death. He was a member of the State and County medical associations, serving as counsellor in the former; was a Baptist; and a Mason. Married: May, 1860, to Mary E. Bevins, daughter of Dr. Bevins. Children: 1. Fannie B.; 2. Mary J., m. Dr. J. D. Liddell; 3. James M.; 4. Rufus B.; 5. Milton R. Last residence: Gadsden.

WRIGHT, R. G., major of the 27th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

WRIGHT, ROBERT, *soldier of the American Revolution*, "ANOTHER REVOLUTIONARY PATRIOT GONE. Departed this life on the 24th inst., ROBERT WRIGHT, SR., a Patriot of the Revolution, aged 85 years and 17 days. He was a native of Amherst County, Virginia—was at the siege of York, and assisted in the capture of Cornwallis. He emigrated to Madison County, Ala., in 1808, where he continued until the day of his death, greatly esteemed and beloved by a large circle of friends and acquaintances. The Southern Advocate and Richmond Enquirer are requested to copy."—*The Democrat*, Huntsville, Ala., March 21, 1847.

WRIGHT, RUFFIN ASHE, physician; graduate of the medical department of the University of Virginia, 1880; licensed to practice by the county board of Sumter, 1889. Residence: Mobile.

WRIGHT, SIMEON T., lawyer and legislator, was born June 29, 1874, at Spencer, Fayette County; son of William M. and Sarah A. (Studdard) Wright, of that place; grandson of James and Mary Wright, the former a Confederate soldier, killed in the seven days' fight around Richmond, and of David and Mary Studdard, the former also a Confederate soldier; great-grandson of Samuel Studdard, a soldier in the War of 1812. He was educated in the common schools of Fayette County; in the law department of the University of Alabama, 1900-01; at Tulane university, 1904-05, and was admitted to the practice in Birmingham in 1905. He represented Fayette County in the legislature of 1911, but during the session resigned. He is a Republican; a Methodist; and a Mason. He is unmarried. Residence: Fayette.

WRIGHT, WILLIAM, farmer, was a resident of Madison County when elected as a member of the house of representatives, 1849. Of him, Garrett says, p. 544, "He had previously filled offices of trust in his county, and enjoyed the confidence of his people. He ranked among the gentlemen of the olden time in the pleasant, social relation of life." Last residence: Madison County.

WRIGHT, WILLIAM CARNEY, planter, was the son of Joseph and Mary Ann (Twitty) Wright of Scotland and Ireland, who emigrated to America and settled at Mt. Meigs, Montgomery County. He was an extensive planter in Montgomery and Tallapoosa counties. Married: to Evalina Elizabeth, daughter of James and Evalina (Ross) Abercombe (q. v.). Children: 1. William Joseph, a Confederate soldier, who was captured at the battle of Franklin, Tenn., and died at Camp Douglas prison; 2. Edwin Phillips, Confederate soldier; 3. Charles Abercombe; 4. Mary Ann, Thomasville, Ga.; 5. Evalina Elizabeth, m. Dr. Z. W. Williams, of Bessemer; 6. Sallie Louise, m. Samuel Laid Hayes of Thomasville, Ga.

WRIGHT, WILLIAM H., banker, for a number of years a resident of Alabama, was born in 1827, in Lincoln County, Ga.; son of John and Elizabeth (Walker) Wright, the former at one time a member of the legislature of Georgia. He came to Bullock County at the age of twenty with his father and began farming, next became a clerk in the employ of Bedell and Lanier, later still entering into partnership with his brother-in-law, G. W. Campbell, banker. He enlisted, 1863, in the C. S. Army as a private in Wheeler's cavalry, was transferred to the ordnance department and rose to the rank of ordnance officer in Hannon's brigade. After the war, he returned to the store for a year and a half; spent five years as a manager of a farm near Union Springs; and in 1871 became manager of the Tuskegee railroad. He is a Democrat; and a Mason. Married: December, 1858, to Lucy, daughter of Alfred and Nancy Carter, of Butler County. There were born to this union ten children, seven of whom are living. Children: 1. Ida, m. S. B. Johnston; 2. George C.; 3. James C.; 4. Lorraine; 5. Inez; 6. Bessie; 7. Moses. Residence: Tuskegee.

WYETH, JOHN ALLAN, physician, was born May 26, 1845, at Missionary Station, Marshall County; son of Louis Weiss and Euphemia (Allan) Wyeth (q. v.). He attended the common school at Guntersville until he was sixteen years old, and in January, 1861, became a student at the LaGrange military academy, Franklin County, where he remained until the expiration of that year, when on account of the War of Secession, the school was closed. In 1862, when the Union troops occupied a portion of Alabama north of the Tennessee River, he joined a company of Independents, and took part in the attack on a U. S. gunboat in the Tennessee River, near Law's Landing. Later in that year, after the withdrawal of the Federal troops into middle Tennessee, he volunteered with Quirk's scouts, in Gen. John H. Morgan's cavalry, and served with that command in the winter of 1862 and 1863 in the expedition known as the "Christmas raid," which destroyed a number of important bridges and trestles on the Louisville & Nashville Railroad, and for weeks interrupted the Federal commander's communications with Louisville and the north. On that expedition, he took part in the engage-

ments at Bear Wallow, Upton Station, Elizabethtown, Muldraugh's Hill, and Rolling Fork River. In May, 1863, he was regularly mustered into the service as a member of Co. I, Russell's Fourth Alabama cavalry, under Gen. Wheeler. He was detailed for special scouting duty in middle Tennessee, and on the retreat of Bragg's army to Chattanooga, took part in the engagement at Shelbyville, two separate engagements at the crossing of Elk River and at Winchester. On the night of September 14, 1863, on account of duty deemed extraordinarily hazardous, for which he volunteered and which involved passing through the right wing of the U. S. Army as a bearer of dispatches, he was granted an "unlimited leave of absence," which was declined. He participated in the battle of Chickamauga, and on the day after that battle, was in the running fight with the Federal cavalry which was driven into Chattanooga. With a picked body of cavalry selected by Gen. Wheeler to cut off the supplies intended for the U. S. Army then besieged behind the breastworks of Chattanooga, he crossed the Tennessee at Cottonport, and at Anderson's Cross Roads in the Sequatchee Valley, was with his regiment when it made one of the largest and most valuable captures of the War of Secession—a train of several hundred wagons loaded with commissary supplies and munitions of war. Following the retreating Federals twelve miles from the Confederate main column, with sixteen other members of this regiment he was captured by McCook's division of cavalry by which they were unexpectedly surrounded before they could return to their command. He spent sixteen months in captivity, fifteen of which were passed in the military prison at Camp Morton, Indiana, from which he was paroled for exchange in February, 1865. Arriving at Richmond, Va., on account of a severe attack of pneumonia, he was furloughed for sixty days, and at the expiration of this leave, while on the way to join his command which was then under Forrest near Marion, he took part in the engagement with Wilson's cavalry at Macon, Ga., in May, 1865, was surrendered with the garrison, but subsequently escaped.

After the war, he farmed in 1865 and 1866, and the next year began the study of medicine in Guntersville, under Dr. James M. Jackson, attending lectures at the medical department of the University of Louisville, from which he was graduated in 1869. He began to practice medicine in Guntersville, April, 1869, and in June of that year, moved to Arkansas, where he was engaged as a physician and surgeon to a railroad construction company operating in that state. A year later, he temporarily abandoned professional work, and for two years, engaged in steamboating and in contract work on the White River. In that period of time he erected a large public building for the county of Woodruff, Ark., which was completed in May, 1872, when he moved to New York City to complete his studies and to resume the practice of his profession. In October, 1872, he entered Bellevue Medical

college, and in March, 1873, received the degree of M. D. from that institution. In April, 1873, he was appointed assistant demonstrator of anatomy in Bellevue hospital medical college, and the next year was made prosector to the chair of anatomy, and one of the instructors in the faculty of that college. He resigned from that position in 1876 on account of severe illness, and visited the medical centers of Europe. In 1880, he was appointed visiting surgeon to Mt. Sinai Hospital, and consulting surgeon to St. Elizabeth's Hospital, New York City. In 1881, he organized and became senior professor of surgery in and later president of the faculty of the New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital, which institution was formally opened in 1882, and introduced postgraduate medical instruction in the United States. He has continued to hold that position since that time. He was elected president of the New York Pathological Society in 1885 and 1886; was elected first vice president of the American Medical Association in 1893, and president in 1901; president of the New York State Medical Association, 1900; of the New York Academy of Medicine, 1907-1908; and of the New York Southern Society, 1907. The degree of LL. D. was conferred upon him by the University of Alabama in 1902, and by the University of Maryland, 1909.

Dr. Wyeth is author of a "Handbook of Medical and Surgical References," 1875; an essay on "Dextral Preference in Man," 1875; a "Monograph on Minor Surgery," 1876. In that same year he was awarded the Bellevue Alumni Association prize for the "best essay on any subject connected with surgery or surgical pathology," his subject being, "Amputation at the Ankle Joint." In 1878, he was awarded the first prize of the American Medical Association for an essay on "The Surgical Anatomy and Surgery of the Carotid Arteries," and received the second prize of the same association, 1878, for an essay on "The Surgical Anatomy and Surgery of the Innominate and Subclavian Arteries." At that same time, he published an essay on "The Obturator Arteries and the Importance of their Relation to Hernia," and later a pamphlet on "Supra-public Cystotomy with a report of sixty cases;" an "Osteo-plastic Operation for the Correction of Deformities of the Alveolar Arch and for Cleft Palate and Hare Lip;" "The Removal of the Lower Jaw from within the Mouth without External Incision;" an essay on "The Surgical Treatment of Aneurisms of the Arch of the Aorta, Innominate, Subclavian and Carotid Arteries by the Distal Ligature;" and "Original Researches on the Occlusion of Arteries by Cell-proliferation." In 1895, he delivered an oration on "J. Marion Sims and his Work," before the Southern Surgical and Gynecological Association at Washington, D. C., and an address on "Medical Education" before the Mississippi Valley Medical Association at Louisville, Ky., 1890. In 1886, he published the first edition of his "Text Book on Surgery," which has passed through several subsequent editions. In 1890, he made public his method of "Bloodless Amputation at the Hip Joint and at the Shoulder Joint."

In 1901, at St. Paul, Minn., he delivered the "Oration on Surgery" before the American Medical Association, and the "President's Address" before the association at Saratoga, N. Y., in 1902. In 1903, at New Orleans, La., he announced "a new method of curing otherwise inoperable tumors by the injection into their substance of boiling water." Among his contributions to other than professional literature are an article in the Century Magazine for April, 1901, entitled "Cold Cheer in Camp Morton," a narrative of prison life from October, 1863, to February, 1865; "The Struggle for Oregon," an historical sketch, Harper's Magazine, 1892; "General Wheeler's Leap, a sketch of the Battle of Shelbyville, June 27, 1863," Harper's Weekly, 1898; a series of articles on "General Forrest at Fort Donelson;" "The Capture of Colonel A. D. Streight and his Entire Command;" "The Storming of Fort Pillow;" "Forrest at Brice's Cross Roads," Harper's Magazine, 1899; "Narrative of a Scouting Expedition in 1863," Confederate Veteran, November, 1900; "Life of General Nathan Bedford Forrest," Harper & Brothers, 1899; and "With Sabre and Scalpel, the Autobiography of a Soldier and Surgeon," 1914.

Married: April 10, 1886, to Florence Nightingale Sims, daughter of the eminent surgeon, J. Marion Sims. Children: 1. Florence Wyeth; 2. Marion Sims; 3. John Allan, jr. Residence: New York, N. Y.

WYETH, LOUIS WEISS, lawyer, was born June 20, 1812, at Harrisburg, Dauphin County, Pa., and died at Gunter'sville, July 7, 1889; son of John and Louisa (Weiss) Wyeth, the former a native of Cambridge, Mass., who went to Philadelphia when he was twenty-one years old and worked in a printing office, sailed to San Domingo where he edited a Republican newspaper until the outbreak of the insurrection, returned to Philadelphia and later went to Harrisburg, Pa., where he established and published the "Oracle of Dauphin," the first newspaper ever printed in Harrisburg, was a printer of books, was first postmaster appointed at Harrisburg, his commission being signed by George Washington, retired from business in 1826, and returned to Philadelphia where he spent the remainder of his life; grandson of Ebenezer and Mary (Winship) Wyeth, of Cambridge, Mass., the former a farmer, who served as selectman for seven years between 1781 and 1790, and was a soldier in Capt. Samuel Thatcher's company in Col. Gardner's regiment, and fought at Concord Bridge, in which fight there were five Wyeths out of a company of seventy-five men, and of Wilhelm Ludwig and Joanna Mary (Pfuger) Weiss, who lived at Philadelphia and Bethlehem, Pa., the former who was chaplain to the Grand Duke of Hesse-Darmstadt, Germany, and was removed from his office by the grand duke because of his espousal of the Moravian doctrine, came to America, and settled in Philadelphia, where he held the office of notary public and was for many years employed as translator of foreign papers and languages; great-grandson of Ebenezer and Susannah (Hancock) Wyeth; great-great-grand-



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son of John and Deborah (Ward) Wyeth; great-great-grandson of Nicholas Wyeth, the founder of the family, who came from England and settled near Boston, Mass., about the time the Winthrop colony arrived in America, who in 1645 bought a house and land in Cambridge, Mass., which for over two centuries remained in the possession of the family. One branch of the family settled in Virginia, taking Wythe as their name. That branch became extinct with George Wythe, signer of the Declaration of Independence.

Judge Wyeth was educated in the common schools of Harrisburg, Pa., and attended the law school at Carlisle, Pa. He was admitted to the bar at Carlisle, in 1833, and later in that year located at Harrisburg in the practice of his profession. He moved to Alabama, and began the practice of law at Guntersville, Marshall County, in March, 1836, and continued at that place until he retired in 1885. In 1837, he was appointed county judge by the governor, and was afterward elected to that office by the legislature for a term of six years. He held the office for six months, then resigned in order to resume his practice. He was elected to the State legislature in 1847, and served one term. He was opposed to secession, but after Alabama joined the Confederacy, gave all his support to the cause. He volunteered as a private in Capt. Gilbreath's Company from Marshall County, but being over conscript age, was discharged at Nashville, Tenn., as physically unfit for service. After his home was burned by Sherman's troops, the family went to Georgia, and when the militia of that state was called out, he again enrolled, and went to the front at Atlanta in 1864. In 1865 and 1866, when the people of Marshall, Blount, Dekalb and Morgan Counties were in great distress for food, and some had died from starvation, Judge Wyeth went to Nashville, Louisville, and Cincinnati, and applied for help for the starving people. Train load after train load was donated and sent free of charge to Decatur and Guntersville, where he established a depot from which the neighboring counties were fed until a plentiful crop was gathered. In 1874, Judge Wyeth was elected judge of the fifth judicial circuit, in which capacity he served for two terms and refused a third election. Later he declined the appointment by the governor to the position of chief justice of the supreme court of Alabama. He was president of the Tennessee & Coosa Railroad, and a director in the Wyeth City Land Company. Wyeth City, Marshall County, was named in his honor. He was a Democrat, a Presbyterian and a Mason. Married: in 1838, in Huntsville, to Euphemia Allan, who was born in Sumner County, Tenn., and died December 27, 1895, in Guntersville, daughter of Rev. John and Nancy (Hodge) Allan, the former a native of Hertford, England, who emigrated to America in 1804, settled at Athens, Ga., was graduated from the University of Georgia in 1807, taught school in Tennessee and Kentucky, was ordained a minister, and was pastor of the First Presbyterian church of Huntsville; granddaughter of David and Mary

(Knight) Allan, the former a native of Ayr, Scotland, who moved to Dorset, England, where he was married, and of Joseph Hodge, an Englishman, who served in the Continental Army under Gen. Greene, was severely wounded at the battle of Guilford Court House, and in 1782 married Euphemia Agnew, daughter of the surgeon who restored him to health. Children: 1. Mary, m. Hugh Carlisle; 2. Louisa, m. William H. Todd; 3. John Allan (q. v.). Last residence: Guntersville.

WYLY, JOHN McGEHEE, business man, was born at Jacksonville, July 7, 1837; son of Benjamin Cleveland and Anna Maria (McGehee) Wyly, the former of whom was born in Georgia and came to Alabama in 1832, settling in Calhoun County, becoming a well known farmer and at one time sheriff of his county. He was educated at the Kentucky military institute, Frankfort; returned to Jacksonville where he took up his study of law, but soon turned his attention to farming. He enlisted as a private, 1861, in Co. G, 10th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, was promoted at the end of a year to first lieutenant and assigned to the staff of Gen. John M. Forney, as aide-de-camp, later becoming major under Gen. E. Kirby Smith. After the war he again took up farming but after a two years' struggle he turned his attention to railroading; took a position with the Selma, Rome and Dalton railroad as traveling freight agent and rapidly rose to the ranks of general agent for the system in Eastern Alabama. He was an Episcopalian; and a Mason. Married: October 31, 1858, to Amelia C., daughter of Jacob Forney (q. v.). Children: 1. Annie M., m. David F. Lowe, Montgomery; 2. Benjamin F., m. Ella Peck, of Atlanta; 3. Henry Forney; 4. Sadie S., m. Mac Billing (q. v.); 5. George M.; 6. Nora C. Last residence: Montgomery.

WYMAN, BENJAMIN LEON, physician, was born August 1, 1856, at Tuscaloosa; son of Dr. William Stokes and Melissa A. (Dearing) Wyman (q. v.); brother of William Stokes Wyman (q. v.). He received his early schooling in Tuscaloosa under the instruction of his father and private teachers; attended a high school taught by Prof. W. C. Richardson; was graduated from the University of Alabama, M. A., 1876; from the medical department of the University of Virginia, M. D., 1878; and from the medical department of the University of the City of New York, M. D., 1879; was assistant physician in the New York Lunatic Asylum, Blackwell's Island, New York, 1879; resident house physician, Randall's Island Hospital, New York, 1880; began practicing in Tuscaloosa in 1881; was assistant physician of the Alabama Insane Hospital, 1881-1885; spent four months in post graduate study at the New York Polyclinic Hospital; located in Birmingham, 1886, where he has since resided and practiced his profession; was visiting surgeon of the Hospital of United Charities, 1887-1893; consulting physician of the Hillman Hospital, 1899; visiting physician to St. Vincent's Hospital, 1900-1902; visiting

physician to the Hillman Hospital; professor of nervous and mental diseases, 1894, at Birmingham Medical College, of which he was one of the founders and original stockholders; was elected dean of that institution in 1898; is medical examiner for several life insurance companies; member of the American Medical Association; of the American Academy of Medicine; of the committee of public health of Jefferson County, 1888-1894; president of Jefferson County Medical Society, 1888; senior counsellor of the Medical Association of Alabama; captain of the Warrior Guards, Tuscaloosa, 1883-1885; captain of the Birmingham Rifles, 1886-1888; surgeon of the Warrior Guards, 1882, during the Wesley Posey riot in Birmingham; commanded the local troops at Birmingham during the disturbances following Hawes riot, December, 1888; surgeon of Second Alabama State troops, 1892-1893; is a Democrat; a Protestant Episcopalian; a Knight of Honor; a Woodman of the World; and an Odd Fellow. Married: November 7, 1894, at Birmingham, Mrs. Elizabeth Alabama Brown Ware, widow of James A. Ware, daughter of Thomas Bolling and Elizabeth Alabama (Whiting) Brown, of Montgomery; granddaughter of Dr. Thomas and Elizabeth Dickson (Hall) Brown, of Montgomery County, the former a physician and a farmer, who was a member of Gen. Joseph Wheeler's cavalry, and was killed in a skirmish at Munfordville, Ky., September 21, 1862, and of John and Elizabeth Bell Whiting, the former who moved from Virginia to Alabama, settled in Montgomery, and at the time of his death was president of the South & North Railroad. Children: 1. Elizabeth Alabama. 2. Benjamin Leon. Residence: Birmingham.

WYMAN, J., intendant of Montgomery, 1832; father of W. S. Wyman (q. v.).

WYMAN, WILLIAM STOKES, educator, was born November 23, 1830, in Montgomery, and died October 20, 1915; son of Justus and Mary Amelia (Stokes) Wyman, the former a native of Woburn, Mass., of Puritan stock, who moved to Alabama before the state was admitted to the Union, settled in Claiborne, Monroe County, in 1818, and in 1822, moved to Montgomery, where he became an influential merchant, the latter a member of the Stokes family of North Carolina; grandson of Benjamin Wyman of Woburn, Mass.; and a descendant of Francis Wyman, who with his brother, John, came from Hertford County, England, and settled at Woburn, Mass., in the seventeenth century. He attended Harvard University, 1847-1848; was graduated with first honor from the University of Alabama, A. B., 1851, and A. M., 1853; and received the degree of LL. D. from that institution in 1882. In 1852, he became a member of the faculty of the University of Alabama, and remained there until 1902. He served as tutor of Latin and Greek, 1852-1855; professor of Latin, 1856-1860; professor of Latin and Greek, 1860-1865; representative in the State legislature, 1870-1872; professor of Latin in the university, 1872-1901; and president of the institution,

1901-1902. Prior to his acceptance of the presidency, he had been offered and had declined that position six times, and had, four times, served as president pro tem. Dr. Wyman was a student of the history of the Southeastern and Gulf States in the original sources, and was considered the leading authority of the state on Indian history and linguistics. He made a specialty of early exploration and settlement, and the history of the aboriginal and Indian inhabitants of the state. His collections embrace practically all early French, Spanish and other works, either in the originals or translations, bearing on the Southern country and the Indians, and includes a number now out of print and exceedingly rare. He was author of "Syntax of the Latin Compound Sentence," 1880; "The Trial of Milo," 1885; and was a contributor to the Knickerbocker Magazine, Century Magazine, New York Nation, Magazine of American History, and others. Dr. Wyman was a member of Phi Beta Kappa fraternity.

Married: December 29, 1853, to Melissa A. Dearing, of Tuscaloosa, daughter of Alexander Bonepart and Ruth Rogers (Martin) Dearing, of that place, the former who moved from Rockingham County, N. C., in 1831 or 1832, to Lowndes County, Miss., where he purchased large tracts of land and engaged in farming, later moved to Tuscaloosa, was one of the original stockholders of the old North East & South Western Railroad, now the Alabama Great Southern, and belonged to a family of North Carolina planters who had fought in the Revolution, the latter a native of Rockingham County, N. C., whose grandfather, Col. James Martin, fought in the Revolution. Children: 1. Benjamin Leon (q. v.); 2. William Stokes (q. v.); 3. Charles Augustus, served in the Spanish-American War, as first sergeant, then second lieutenant of Co. F, Second Alabama regiment, U. S. volunteers, 1898, and was at one time manager commissary of the Searcy Rope and Yarn Mills. Samantha; 4. Alice Searcy. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

WYMAN, WILLIAM STOKES, business man, was born October 28, 1867, at Tuscaloosa; son of William Stokes and Melissa A. (Dearing) Wyman (q. v.), and brother of Dr. Benjamin Leon Wyman (q. v.). He received his early education at Tuscaloosa; entered the University of Alabama, where he was graduated, A. B., 1887; and attended the Eastman Nott Business College, at Poughkeepsie, N. Y. He served as bookkeeper of the Merchants National Bank at Tuscaloosa, 1888-1893; chief clerk of the U. S. Engineering Office at Tuscaloosa, on the improvement of the Warrior River, 1893-1905; assistant cashier of the Merchants Bank, Tuscaloosa, 1905-1912; and became president of the Alabama State Savings Association at Tuscaloosa, 1912. He is a Democrat, a Presbyterian and an Elk. Residence: Tuscaloosa.

WYNN, JOHN H. I., farmer and teacher, was born June 14, 1797, in Dinwiddie County, Va., and died January 2, 1854, in Limestone County; son of Robert Wynn of Virginia; and a descendant of Sir William Wynn of England.

He moved to Alabama and settled in Limestone County, where he was a farmer and a teacher. He represented Limestone County in the State legislature for many years. Married: December 25, 1821, in Dinwiddie County, Va., to Frances M. Brownley. Children: 1. Alexander M., d. in 1897, in Madison County, m. Martha Custis Ward; 2. Robert W., d. in Mississippi; 3. Mary H. E., d. in 1850, m. Mr. Craig; 4. Cornelia, d. in 1866; 5. Sarah M., d. in 1871, m. Frank White of Louisiana; 6. John F., minister in Louisiana; 7. Francis M., d. in 1848; 8. Henry J., Confederate soldier, was killed by a bombshell in a skirmish with the enemy near the Rapidan River, in Virginia, 1863; 9. Virginia J., d. in 1854 in Madison County, m. Tom Cain; 10. Octavia C., d. in 1873, in Louisiana, m. Mr. Edwards; 11. Eugenia Ellen, m. Mr. Edwards, Alexandria, La. Last residence: Limestone County.

WYNN, ROBERT H., doorkeeper during the constitutional convention of 1861.

WYNNE, EMMA MOFFETT, author, was born September 5, 1844, in Alabama. During her early life she removed with her father, Maj. Moffett, to Columbus, Ga. She received her early education under private instructors, graduated from Patapsco institute, Baltimore, Md., and also studied at Spingler institute, New York City. She has written many poems but is best known as the author of the novels "Crag-Font," 1867, and "Crown Jewels." Married: in 1864, to Major V. W. Wynne, of Tennessee.

WYNNE, WILLIAM B., real estate broker, was born October 2, 1820, in Greenville District, S. C., deceased; son of Thomas and Mary (Benson) Wynne, natives, respectively, of Virginia and South Carolina, the former who was an officer in the War of 1812, a planter, who emigrated to Georgia in 1826; grandson of Maj. Thomas Benson, of Revolutionary fame, who married into the Prince family, for whom old Fort Prince was named. The Wynne family came originally from Wales and settled in Virginia in colonial times. The Bensons are of Saxon origin. Mr. Wynne was reared on his father's farm, and attended the neighborhood schools. He was employed as a salesman in a mercantile establishment at Anderson, S. C., for four years, and on his father's death in 1830, returned to Georgia, and for two years peddled merchandise about the country. At the end of that time, he engaged in merchandising in partnership with his brother, at Pine Mountain, Ga. Later he moved to Franklin, Ga., and in 1845, to Alabama, where he engaged in mercantile business at Jacksonville, until 1850. In that year he moved to Etowah, and carried on a mercantile business at two or three places. In 1857 he located at Gadsden and conducted his business in partnership with Col. R. B. Kyle, until the beginning of the War of Secession. During the war, he established a tannery, which he conducted until 1867; was in the mercantile business in New York City, 1868-1876; moved to Atlanta, Ga., where he merchandised, 1876-1885; was engaged in manufacturing wire fence in Birmingham, 1885;

located at Gadsden, 1886, and became a real estate broker. He was a Baptist and a Mason. Married: August 29, 1844. Children: 1. Thomas F.; 2. William C.; 3. John F.; 4. Joseph A.; 5. Mary W., m. E. N. Meade; 6. Emma W., deceased, m. A. P. Evans; 7. Katie P., m. Charles Weatherly; 8. Charles C.; 9. Annie, m. B. B. Hay; 10. Minnie, deceased. Last residence: Gadsden.

Y

YANCEY, BENJAMIN CUDWORTH, lawyer, U. S. minister to the Argentine republic, was born April 27, 1817, at Charleston, S. C., and died October 24, 1891, at Rome, Ga.; son of Benjamin Cudworth and Caroline (Bird) Yancey, of Charleston, S. C., the former who served as midshipman on board the Constellation, under Commodore Truxton, and was present and bore a part in the engagement in 1789, between her and the French frigates, L'Insurgente and La Vengeance, in which the former was captured and the latter escaped in the night after having struck her colors, who resigned after peace with France, studied law in Baltimore, Md., and in Laurens District, S. C., practiced law in Abbeville, was a member of the South Carolina legislature in 1810, 1811, 1812, and 1813, and was aide to Gov. Alston with the rank of colonel; grandson of James Yancey, who fought for independence with the Virginia forces, going to South Carolina with Gen. Greene, and after the Revolution married Miss Cudworth of Charleston, a descendant of the Massachusetts family of Cudworths, and of William and Catherine (Dalton) Bird; great-grandson of Lewis Davis Yancey, who settled a landed estate in Culpeper County, Va., about the middle of the seventeenth century, and who was a son of one of the pioneers, four brothers, Charles, William, Joel and Robert Yancey, who came from Wales to Virginia in 1642. He was a relative of "Charles of Buckingham," one of the Virginia Yanceys, who owned a large landed estate and was for thirty years in public life; of Maj.-Gen. Robert Emmett Rhodes of the C. S. Army; and of Bartlett Yancey, a North Carolina congressman and a man of public affairs.

Mr. Yancey attended Mt. Zion academy, Hancock County, Ga., and the Academy schools at Troy, N. Y. He was graduated with honor from the University of Georgia, A. B., 1836, and from the Yale law school, B. L., 1837. Moving to Alabama, he was appointed master in chancery, 1838, by Chancellor Crinshaw, for the counties of Dallas, Perry, Greene, Marengo, Sumter, Wilcox and Lowndes. In 1840, with his brother, William Lowndes Yancey (q. v.), he was co-editor of the Wetumpka "Gazette." Forced by illness to leave Alabama, he settled at Hamburg, S. C., practiced law from 1841 to 1851, and was for several terms a member of the legislature of that state. In 1851, declining the nomination to congress, he moved to his plantation on the Coosa River, Cherokee County, and in 1855, was elected to the State senate, over which body he was shortly afterward chosen to preside. He became minister resident to the Argentine Confederation by appointment of President Buchanan, 1858, and

because of a proclamation issued by the president of the Argentine Confederation for the decree of death against all captains of foreign vessels, who should take their ships into the port of Buenos Ayres, and then land at any part of the general government, Mr. Yancey, as U. S. minister, filed a vigorous protest and called upon the naval force of the United States to resist the decree. Other powers concurred in his protest, and the decree was not enforced. Subsequently, Mr. Yancey was selected by the contending states as arbiter of their differences, and shortly after he had left the country, President Urquiza's message to congress contained this compliment, "All Argentine owe the young American minister a debt of gratitude which they cannot repay."

Returning to the United States, December, 1859, Mr. Yancey declined a tender from the president, through Secretary Cass, of the appointment as minister resident to the court of St. James. He entered the C. S. Army in 1861, as captain of the Fulton Dragoons, and was shortly afterward appointed major of Cobbs Legion. He participated in the Virginia campaign, but was subsequently transferred, as colonel, to Georgia in command of state troops. He served as trustee of the University of Georgia, 1860-1886; was president of the Georgia State Agricultural Society, 1867-1871; represented Clark County in the Georgia legislature for one term and declined re-election; and moved to his country home in Floyd County, Ga., where he spent the last few years of his life in superintending his planting interests. Married: (1) at Sparta, Ga., to Laura Hines, who died soon afterward; (2) in November, 1847, at Athens, Ga., to Sarah Paris Hamilton, daughter of Col. Thomas Napier Hamilton, and granddaughter of Capt. James Hamilton of the Virginia colonial army. Children, by first marriage: 1. Caro, m. Dr. Hugh H. Harris, son of Sampson W. Harris, congressman from Alabama, children, Sallie, Yancey, Hugh, Pauline, and Mary Belle; by second marriage: 2. Hamilton (q. v.); 3. Mary Lou, m. Mr. Phinizy, children, Bowdre, Hallie, and Mary Lou. Last residence: Floyd County, Ga.

YANCEY, BENJAMIN CUNNINGHAM, lawyer and planter, was born July 30, 1836, at Greenville, S. C., and died March 19, 1909, at Umatilla, Fla.; son of William Lowndes and Sarah Caroline (Earle) Yancey (q. v.). He graduated from the University of Alabama, B. A., 1856, after a two years' course, and in the Law school of Lebanon, Tenn. He began the practice of law with his father in Montgomery. After the war, along with numerous other Southerners, he went to Brazil where he lived about thirteen years. He returned to the United States, located in Florida, and engaged in planting and the culture of oranges. He was captain of artillery in the regulars of the C. S. Army, stationed at Fort Morgan, was afterward on detached duty, commanded a battalion of skirmishers in Deas' brigade, commanding it in the battle of Murfreesboro. He was a Democrat, and a Presbyterian. Married: June, 1873, at Santa Barbara, Brazil, to Lucy Cairnes, daughter of William Hervey and

Catherine (Ives) Hall, who had lived at Columbus and Gainesville, Ga. Children: 1. William Lowndes, m. Katherine Belle Ursoil, Umatilla, Fla.; 2. George Earle, m. Annie Mathews, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil; 3. Hervey Hall, m. Maude L. Green, Jacksonville, Fla.; 4. Goodloe Dupree, m. Mary Peterson, Umatilla, Fla.; 5. Lucy Dillingham, m. Joseph W. Fuller, Columbus, Ga.; 6. Frederick Dalton, unmarried. Last residence: Umatilla, Fla.

YANCEY, DALTON HUGER, lawyer, was born February 13, 1845, at Greenville, S. C.; son of William Lowndes and Sarah Caroline (Earle) Yancey (q. v.); brother of Benjamin Cunningham Yancey (q. v.); and nephew of Benjamin Cudworthy Yancey (q. v.). He obtained his early education in the private schools of Montgomery; spent one year at Franklin College, near Tusculumbia; and two years at the University of Alabama, leaving there in the early spring of 1863 to join the C. S. Army. He served as captain of Co. K, Seventh Alabama cavalry, from the spring of 1863 to the summer of 1864, when he resigned and served through the remainder of the war with Capt. Thomas Henderson's Scouts, under Forrest. He was transferred in the early spring of 1865, to Gen. Allen's cavalry regiment, and was on his way there, when Lee surrendered. After the war was over, he entered the law department of the University of Georgia, and was graduated during the winter of 1866. He practiced law three or four years at Cusseta, Chattahoochee County, Ga., and for about three years in Florida, first at Favares, Lake County, then at Tampa. He was county judge of Lake County, Fla., 1887-1888, and State senator, 1889-1891. During the session of the legislature in 1889, he was a member of the judiciary committee, and chairman of the city and county organization committee, which latter committee reported favorably what is known as "House Bill No. 4," the bill which abolished the charter of the city of Jacksonville, and substituted commission government. In the session of 1891, Mr. Yancey was elected leader and manager of the campaign of Senator Wilkinson Call. He was chief of the division of interest, expense and warrants in the U. S. treasury department, office of the register of the treasury, at Washington, D. C., 1893-1894; and was U. S. special agent at Tampa, Fla., 1895-1896. He is now located at Washington, D. C. He is a Democrat, a trustee in the Methodist Episcopal church, south; and a Mason. Married: October 9, 1869, at Cusseta, Ga., to Hattie Leonora McCook, daughter of Wright and Ruhamah McCook, of Cusseta, Ga. Children: 1. Ella Bird, m. John Dillon Hall, Tensas; 2. Sarah Ruhamah, m. (1) William Taliaferro Lesley, (2) Charles Cabiniss Martin, Mulberry, Fla.; 3. Goodloe Earle, m. Marion Estelle Bond, Washington, D. C.; 4. Carrie May, m. Theodore Lesley, Tampa, Fla.; 5. Georgia Florence, m. Livingston Grillion Lesley, Tampa, Fla.; 6. Dalton Huger, d. 1888, at Favares, Fla.; 7. Mary Lucy, m. William Grier Hope, Brooksville, Fla.; 8. Bettie Moore, m. Dr. Frank Lavalle Green, Bishopville, S. C.; 9. Benjamin



JAMES E. PENNEY

George, m. Martha Miranda Blackwelder, Tampa, Fla.; 10. John Rosborough, m. Charles Eldridge Shepherd, Cumberland, Md.; 11. Lewis David, Mulberry, Fla. Residence: Washington, D. C.

YANCEY, GOODLOE HARPER, business man, was born July 9, 1848, in Montgomery; son of William Lowndes and Sarah Caroline (Earle) Yancey (q. v.). He was educated in the private schools of Montgomery and Coosa Counties; attended the University of Alabama, 1861-62; University of Georgia, 1863 and 1865-66; and took a course at Eastman's business college, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., 1866-67. During the War of Secession he served as a private in Morgan's Kentucky cavalry, C. S. Army, and was wounded several times. He worked for a short while as a bookkeeper in Montgomery; was cashier of the "Atlanta Intelligencer," Atlanta, Ga., 1867-68; cashier, Princeton manufacturing company, Athens, Ga., 1868-72, and alderman, Athens, Ga., 1884-96. At one time he was the owner of several Georgia newspapers. He next engaged in planting and finally, 1899, became secretary of the prison commission of Georgia. From 1886 to 1896 he held the office of lieutenant, captain, lieutenant-colonel and colonel of the 3rd Georgia volunteer infantry regiment. He is a Democrat; Baptist; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: (1) in September, 1872, at Athens, Ga., to Lucy Grattan, daughter of Lewis J. and Martha (Adams) Dupree, the former a banker and planter, of Lexington, Ga.; (2) in June, 1899, to Ruby W., daughter of Albert Mandeville, of Athens, Ga., a northerner by birth but who served during the War of Secession in the Army of Northern Virginia. Children: by first marriage, 1. Mary Ella; 2. William Lowndes, m. Lillian Horan; 3. Lewis Dupree, m. Ollie Hamby; 4. Goodloe Harper, m. Charm Oliver; 5. Lucy Grattan, m. Howell Cobb Erwin; 6. Benjamin Earle, m. Lula Harris; by second marriage, 7. Sidney Turner; 8. Sarah Elizabeth. Residence: Atlanta, Ga.

YANCEY, HAMILTON, lawyer, was born September 27, 1848, in Edgefield District, S. C.; son of Benjamin Cudworth and Sarah P. (Hamilton) Yancey (q. v.). He was principally reared and educated at Athens, Ga.; was graduated from the University of Georgia, A. B., 1868, B. L. and A. M., in 1870, and took a literary course at the University of Virginia. He located in Rome, Ga., in 1871, and practiced law throughout the Rome circuit and in the chancery courts of Alabama with success until 1887, when he retired from active practice to enter the management of the Rome Fire Insurance Company, and later the Commercial Union Assurance Company of England for several of the Southern states. He is also largely interested in agricultural pursuits. During his professional career, he was solicitor of the county court and attorney of the city of Rome. He was alternate Democratic elector on the Tilden and Hendricks ticket. During the case of Mitchell vs. the City of Rome, Mr. Yancey elicited the unusual compliment from the supreme court of Georgia, of having his brief adopted, in part, as a decision of the court.

He has been a life member of the Georgia State Agricultural Society since 1871; served as alderman of East Rome, Ga., for several years; and is a Methodist. Married: April 29, 1874, to Florence Marsh Patterson, daughter of Dr. Robert M. Patterson, of Macon, Ga. Children: 1. Julia Marsh, deceased; 2. Benjamin Cudworth; 3. Robert P.; 4. Thomas Hamilton; 5. Sarah Hamilton; 6. Mary Lou; 7. Florence Weston; 8. Claire DeGraffenried. Residence: Rome, Ga.

YANCEY, JOHN LEWIS, real estate and fire insurance, was born December 1, 1859, in Giles County, Tenn.; son of Rufus Parham and Martha Jane (Parker) Yancey, the former born at Buffalo Lithia Springs, Mecklenburg, Va., removed to Giles County, where he taught for twenty-five years, and was for seven years county surveyor, and in 1893, located in Birmingham, where he died, January 3, 1909; grandson of Lewis Nelson and Letha (Worsham) Yancey, of Mecklenburg County, Va., and Hardin and Giles Counties, Tenn., and of Alfred Washington and Delilah (Wood) Parker, of Giles County; great-grandson of Richard and Mary (Walton) Yancey, the former, and his father and grandfather, living and dying in Mecklenburg County; great-great-grandson of Robert Yancey; and great-great-great-grandson of Richard Yancey. He received his early education from his father. He was a merchant at Wales, Giles County, from 1881 to 1887, when he moved to Birmingham, where he engaged in the business of real estate and fire insurance. He is a Methodist. Married: February 23, 1892, at Huntsville, to Mattie Ellen, daughter of Alexander M. and Martha (Ward) Wynn, of that place, the former a native of Dinwiddie County, Va., granddaughter of John H. T. Wynn, who about 1830 removed from Dinwiddie County, Va., to Limestone County, and of Samuel Ward, and wife, a Miss Thompson, who married in Albermarle County, Va., and at once came to Madison County, and great-granddaughter of John Ward, of Albermarle County. No children. Last residence: Birmingham.

YANCEY, WILLIAM EARLE, business man, was born November 4, 1843, at Wetumpka; son of William Lowndes and Sarah Caroline (Earle) Yancey (q. v.). He obtained primary and preparatory education in the private schools of Montgomery, and in a boarding school at Oak Bowery; attended school at Auburn; passed through freshman year in Oglethorpe university, Georgia; appointed to the Naval academy at Annapolis, from which he resigned on the day of the secession of Alabama from the Union; entered the University of Alabama, 1861, remaining until 1862, when he left to join the C. S. Army. After the war for about fourteen years he was engaged in farming, then for several years in merchandising, built and managed cotton seed oil mill at Talladega; in 1886 entered mercantile business in Birmingham, and since 1901 he has been with the Republican iron and steel co., of Birmingham. For a time he

was postmaster at Talladega Springs. After leaving college, in 1862 he was named senior 2nd Lieutenant, Co. E, 40th Alabama infantry regiment, promoted captain, served in Vicksburg campaign, was wounded in siege of the city; as brigade inspector was on staff of Gen. Alpheus Baker in the campaigns of 1864. He was district organizer, Knights of the Golden Rule, 1886. He is a Democrat, and a Methodist. Married: November 8, 1864, in Montgomery, to Mary Louise, daughter of Maj. William Lewis and Virginia (Armistead) Lanier, the former born March 10, 1810, in Prince George County, Va., great-great-granddaughter of Thomas and Jane (Washington) Lanier, the latter the aunt of Gen. Washington. Maj. Lanier was an officer in Gen. Lovell's army in New Orleans, left with the army when it evacuated the city, went to Montgomery, where he bought the home of Wm. L. Yancey, and was president of the railway from Selma to York until his death. Children: 1. Virginia Caroline, m. Alexis Faulkner Besson, resides in East Orange, N. J.; 2. Ella Earle, m. William Henry Skaggs (q. v.); 3. Mary Elizabeth, m. Claude Preston Lewis, Birmingham; 4. Mattie Louise, m. Walter Wilson Welsh; 5. William Lamar, m. Georgie Harris, New Orleans, La.; 6. Eva Cabell, m. Ernest Redd, Birmingham. Last residence: Birmingham.

YANCEY, WILLIAM LOWNDES, lawyer, orator, and political leader, was born August 10, 1814, at the Falls of Ogeechee, Ga., died July 28, 1863, near Montgomery, and is buried in Oakwood cemetery; son of Benjamin Cudworth and Caroline (Bird) Yancey, the former a midshipman in the Federal navy who acquitted himself with honor in two naval engagements of the "Constellation," resigned, entered the law office of Robert Goodloe Harper, in Baltimore, Md., and later in an office in South Carolina, with John C. Calhoun and George Bowie opened an office in partnership, in Abbeville, S. C., served as a member of the state legislature, 1812, a member of the judiciary committee, removed to Charleston, S. C., forming a partnership with Judge Daniel E. Huger, and dying at the early age of thirty-four; brother of Benjamin Cudworth Yancey, lawyer of Cahaba, removed to South Carolina, returned to Alabama, located in Cherokee County, president of State senate, 1855, resigned, located in Athens, Ga., minister to Argentine confederation, in 1858; grandson of William and Katherine (Dalton) Bird, the former of Birdsboro, Pa., later of Alexandria, Va., who established probably the first iron works in Georgia, which were built at Ogeechee Falls, in Warren County, and who lived at "Aviary" in Hancock County, Ga., and of Maj. James Yancey and wife, who was a Miss Cudworth, of Charleston, S. C., the former a corporal in General Greene's army during the Revolution, and who after the war settled in western South Carolina where he practiced law; great-great-grandson of Lewis Davis and Mildred (Kavanaugh) Yancey, the former settled in Culpeper County, Va., about 1710, son of one of the four Welchmen, Charles, William, Joel and Robert Yancey, who came to Virginia in 1642, with Sir William Berkley, and settled

in the James River region, and of William Bird, an Englishman, who founded Birdsboro, Pa.; great-great-great-grandson of Charles Kavanaugh, of Irish parentage, who lived in Culpeper County, Va. William L. Yancey was educated at Mount Zion academy, Hancock County, Ga., later after his mother's marriage to Rev. Nathan S. S. Beman, head of the academy, he removed with his mother and step-father to Troy, N. Y., and attended the academies of Troy, Bennington, Chitteningo, and Lenox. He entered Williams college, Mass., but did not graduate on account of the limited resources of his step-father. He then took up the study of law in the office of Nathan Sayre, of Sparta, Ga., and later in the office of Gov. B. F. Perry, of Greenville, S. C. He did not begin the practice of law, but engaged in planting near Greenville, and later edited the "Greenville Mountaineer." He removed his family to Alabama about the year 1836, engaged in planting in Dallas County, and also edited the "Cahaba Democrat" for a time. In 1839 he removed to Wetumpka, then in Coosa County and edited the "Argus" in connection with his brother. While residing at that place he was admitted to the bar and entered into a partnership with S. W. Harris. In 1841 he was elected to the house from Coosa and in 1843 was elected to the senate over W. W. Morris, resigning in 1844 to canvass for the seat in congress made vacant by the resignation of Dixon H. Lewis. He was successful in this contest, and was again elected in 1845, but resigned in 1846, to enter into a law partnership with Capt. J. A. Elmore, of Montgomery, and in 1848 was a delegate to the Democratic convention at Baltimore. He withdrew during the convention as he was dissatisfied with the platform of principles adopted. This move had a damaging effect upon the party and also modified his relations to it for a time, but in 1856 all dissensions had been quieted and he was delegated to the State convention of his party. He introduced the same resolutions in 1856 that were ignored in 1848 and they were not only adopted, but were acknowledged at the Cincinnati nominating convention, at which he was a delegate. He also headed the Buchanan ticket in 1856, and a canvass was made in his behalf, in 1859, for United States senator, in opposition to Governor Fitzpatrick, but the election was called off. The State Democratic convention assembled in the winter of 1859 in order to provide for representation in the Charleston convention and he again presented resolutions instructing the Alabama delegates to withdraw from the nominating convention at Charleston if their demands were rejected. Mr. Yancey was placed at the head of the delegation and upon the failure to adopt his resolutions, the convention split, resulting in the formation of another party, which was fully consummated in June, 1860, at the Baltimore convention. At the Constitutional convention in 1861 he was the chairman of the committee which reported on the ordinance to dissolve the union between the State of Alabama and other states under the compact "The constitution of the United States of America." Mr. Yancey's was the master spirit of this convention. He took an active

part in all of the proceedings and debates and was outspoken in the fact that he did not favor dis-union save as a refuge from dishonor and subsequent ruin to the South. After the organization of the Confederate States government he was appointed by President Davis as a commissioner to England and France to procure recognition from these governments. He returned in the summer of 1862 after having failed in his mission and told his countrymen plainly that they must rely on their own efforts entirely to achieve that result. During his absence he had been almost unanimously elected to a seat in the Confederate States senate, and soon after his return took his seat in Richmond. He occupied that position at the time of his death. Married: August 13, 1835, near Greenville, S. C., to Sarah Caroline, daughter of George Washington and Elizabeth R. (Earle) Earle, the former a planter and slave owner of Greenville County, S. C.; granddaughter of John and Thomasine (Prince) Earle, and of Col. Elias and Francis Wilton (Robinson) Earle, the former a native of Frederick County, Va., who emigrated to South Carolina, was state senator in 1800, and representative in the Ninth, Twelfth, Thirteenth, Fifteenth, and Sixteenth congresses; great-granddaughter of Samuel and Elizabeth (Holbrook) Earle, the former a planter, attorney-at-law, member of house of burgesses from Frederick, 1746, justice, colleague of Lord Fairfax, 1747-52, collector of tobacco, 1748, high sheriff, church warden, 1751, and major of George William Fairfax's colonial regiment; great-great-granddaughter of Randall and Jeannette Holbrook, and of Samuel and Phyllis Earle; great-great-great-granddaughter of Samuel and Bridget Earle; great-great-great-great-granddaughter of John and Mary Earle who emigrated with their three children from the southwest of England in 1649-52, first to St. Mary's, Md., and from there to Northumberland County, Va. Children: 1. William Earle, student United States naval academy at outbreak of War of Secession; acting midshipman, U. S. Navy, 1860-61; lieutenant, C. S. Army, 1862; captain, Co. E, 40th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army, 1863; m. Mary Louise Lanier; 2. Ellen, m. W. H. Skaggs; 3. Mary, m. Claude Preston Lewis; 4. Martha; 5. Eva Cubet; 6. William Lowndes; 7. Benjamin Cudworth, A. B., University of Alabama, planter; 8. Dalton Huger, student University of Alabama, 1861-63; captain Co. K, 7th Alabama cavalry, C. S. Army, 1863-64; member Henderson's scouts, Forrest's cavalry, 1864-65; county judge, Lake County, Fla., 1887-88; State senator, Florida, 1889-92; chief of division, U. S. Treasury department, Washington, D. C., 1893-95; special U. S. treasury, Tampa, Fla., 1895-98; m. Hettie L. McCook; 9. Goodloe Harper (q. v.); 10. daughter, m. John L. Harrett. Last residence: near Montgomery.

YARBOROUGH, WARREN FURMAN, Baptist minister, was born December 11, 1867, on Yarbrough Plantation (Pickens), Yazoo County, Miss.; son of John and Mary Elizabeth (Toombs) Yarbrough, the former born at the same place, served in the C. S. Army, eighteen months a prisoner of war at Rock Island, Ill.,

and after release settled in Holmes County, Miss.; grandson of Thomas Grakes and Jane (Jacob) Yarbrough, who moved in early life from Franklin County, Tenn., to Franklin County, Miss., thence to Yazoo County, where he spent the remainder of life on a plantation, and of George Washington and Winnifred Turner, (Green) Toombs, who resided both in Hinds and Copiah Counties, Miss. The Yarbrough family is believed to have first settled in North Carolina, whence branches went to Tennessee and other parts of the country. The Toombs family is claimed to be related to the Georiga family of the name. He received his early education chiefly in rural schools of Holmes County, Miss.; obtained collegiate education in Gillsburg collegiate institution, Miss., with B. S. degree after two years' course; and in Mississippi college, B. A., 1892, with first honors. He was trained for the ministry in the Southern Baptist theological seminary at Louisville, graduating as master of theology, 1896. In 1911 Howard college conferred upon him the honorary degree of D. D. In February, 1892, at Clinton, Miss., he was ordained as a minister. After various pastorates, including Jackson, Miss., on January 1, 1910, he was called to Parker memorial church in Anniston. He has served as a member of the state board of missions and of the educational commission, and as vice president of the foreign mission board for Alabama. He has been active in missionary work and the cause of temperance. As pastor of the First Baptist church of Jackson, he began the movement which resulted in the establishment of the Mississippi Baptist hospital. He has contributed numerous articles to the religious press. On the retirement of Rev. Dr. Wm. B. Crumpton as executive of the mission board he was chosen as his successor with the title secretary-treasurer of the executive board of the Alabama Baptist State convention. He entered upon his duties January 1, 1916. Married: November 24, 1896, at Louisville, Ky., to Mettie May, daughter of David Neal and Delia Cassandra (Keene) Forbes, of that city. The father of Scotch-Irish ancestors, early settlers in Kentucky, and the mother descended from the Keenes, Stevensons and Cromwells of that state. Children: 1. Warren Forbes; 2. John Marion; 3. Mary D.; 4. Lilian; 5. James Furman. Residence: Montgomery.

YARBROUGH, CECIL SENTELL, physician, was born March 10, 1878, at Orion, Pike County; son of Joseph Stratten and Jane (Thrower) Yarbrough, the former who was a native of Georgia, and was for fifty-five years a Baptist preacher; grandson of Stokes A. and Nancy (Allen) Yarbrough, the latter who was a descendant of Col. Ethan Allen of Revolutionary fame, and of Captain Joseph Sentell who served in the Indian Wars of 1813-1814; great-grandson of John Yarbrough who immigrated from Ireland to America. Mr. Yarbrough was educated in the public schools of Orion and Luverne, and at the Montgomery high school; attended the University of Tennessee and was graduated M. D., in 1901; took post-graduate course at Chicago university, 1905; and at

New York, 1906. In May, 1907, he entered upon the practice of his profession; located at Society Hill; later removed to LaFayette; and finally settled in Auburn; was a member of the city council of Auburn, 1910-14; and served as town health officer for five years. He is a Democrat; a Baptist; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: March 18, 1903, at Auburn, to Bertha Mae Grout, daughter of Oscar D. and Ella Grout of that place, the former who served in the C. S. Army; and granddaughter of John Theodore and Mary Louise (Chew) Grout. Children: 1. Oscar DeMell; 2. Jane; 3. Cecil S., jr. Residence: Auburn.

YARBROUGH, W. L., educator; superintendent of the city schools of Andalusia, 1913.

YERBY, JOHN A., teacher, was born May 9, 1860, at Greensboro, Hale County, and died August 10, 1900, in Mobile; son of Miles Hassell and Susan Callie (Gibson) Yerby (q. v.); brother of William E. W. Yerby (q. v.). He was educated by his father and graduated A. B., Southern University, 1878. In 1896 the honorary A. M. degree was conferred on him by the University of Alabama. Professor Yerby went to Mobile in 1879 where he located as teacher in the Barton academy, of which he subsequently became principal. He became superintendent of the Mobile public schools in 1895, and discharged those duties until his death. He was a member of the Alabama historical society. Married: in 1885, at Mobile, to Gabriella Bullock. Children: 1. daughter. Last residence: Mobile.

YERBY, JOHN THOMAS, Baptist minister, was born September 12, 1826, and died September 3, 1898; son of John Yerby and wife, a Miss Baines. He was educated in the common schools of Tuscaloosa, and graduated A. B. and A. M., University of Alabama, 1858. He served various academies as principal and was pastor of a number of Baptist churches. Married: May 22, 1856, Mrs. Permelia Ann Pumphrey (nee Miller). Children: 1. Samuel, planter, student University of Alabama, 1885-86, m. Mary Durrett; 2. James Miller, planter, m. Nettie Fernace Buck; 3. John Stephen, planter, student University of Alabama, 1875-79, teacher 1879-80, treasurer, Tuscaloosa County, 1892-96, later a cotton buyer, m. Mary Francis Maxwell, of Northport. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

YERBY, MILES HASSELL, teacher, was born June 17, 1829, at Tuscaloosa, and died November 10, 1900, in Greensboro; son of John and Ann Goram (Hassell) Yerby, the former of Prescott, Ark. He was educated in the schools of Tuscaloosa and at the University of Alabama, where he graduated A. B. and A. M., 1858. From 1866 to 1874, he was superintendent of education of Hale County; and from 1878 to 1880 was president of Soule university, Chappell Hill, Texas. Returning to Alabama he spent the remainder of his life in educating the young men of the State. Married: January 8, 1856, at Greensboro, to Susan Callie, daughter of Jesse and Susan Gibson.

Children: John D. (q. v.); 2. William E. W. (q. v.). Last residence: Greensboro.

YERBY, WILLIAM E. W., lawyer and editor, was born October 10, 1864, at Greensboro, Hale County; son of Miles Hassell and Susan Callie (Gibson) Yerby (q. v.); brother of John D. Yerby (q. v.). He was educated in the school taught by his father, and entered Southern university, Greensboro, leaving however before he had completed the course, he engaged in newspaper work. He was admitted to the bar during the spring term of 1893 of the Hale County circuit court. Since 1886 he has been editor and proprietor of the "Greensboro Watchman." From March, 1902, to March, 1903, he was mayor of Greensboro. He has been city attorney and councilman, and was president 1901-02 of the Alabama press association. He is a Democrat; Methodist; Mason; and Knight of Pythias. Author: history of Greensboro incorporated in the work called "Northern Alabama." Married: December 20, 1888, at Greensboro, to Mabel, daughter of Swepson T. and Susan E. Taylor. Children: 1. Susan May. 2. Mabel Taylor. Residence: Greensboro.

YNIESTRA, BRUNO F., major of the 1st Alabama Reserves, C. S. Army.

YOHOLOMICCO, Creek Chief. See Indian chiefs and associated characters.

YONCE, WILLIAM A., major of the 51st Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army.

YOUNG, CALVIN, farmer and legislator, was born November 27, 1839, at Fayette, Jefferson County, Miss.; son of John and Sarah (Torrey) Young, the former was a native of South Carolina, who was a resident of Sutherland Springs, Bexar County, Tex., at the time of his death; grandson of David and Margaret Torrey. He was educated in the country schools of Warren County, Miss., where he began farming in 1860; served in Co. H, 2nd Mississippi battalion, later the 48th Mississippi infantry regiment, C. S. Army. He entered commercial pursuits in 1866; but is now a farmer in Dallas. He represented that county in the legislature of 1900-01 and 1903. He is a Democrat; and a Presbyterian. Married: (1) in December, 1865, to Leonora B., daughter of James B. Walker; and (2) November 30, 1884, to Lillian Ruth, daughter of Frank and Elizabeth Walker. Residence: Polk.

YOUNG, E. B., merchant and banker, was born August 24, 1802, in New York City, and died May 22, 1879; son of James and Christina (Ridabock) Young, of New York City. He was reared and educated in New York, and when he was seventeen years of age went south, in company with his brother, W. H. Young, and began a mercantile business in Marion, Ga. In 1836, Mr. Young moved to Irwinton, now Eufaula, and conducted a mercantile business there until 1861. In 1859, he had organized the private banking house of Young, Woods & Gardner, and he was president of



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that institution under various firm names, until 1876. In that year, a stock company was formed and the Eufaula National Bank organized, with Mr. Young as president. He continued to hold that office until his death. Mr. Young was influential in the establishment of the Southwestern Railroad, and of the Union Female College. Married: June 11, 1832, in Marion, Ga., to Ann Fendall Beall, who died in 1876. Children: 1. J. W., deceased; 2. H. A., a member of Kirby Smith's staff, C. S. Army, who was killed in a railroad accident in 1863; 3. Anna, m. S. H. Dent (q. v.); 4. Mary, deceased, m. Dr. H. M. Weedon (q. v.); 5. Ada, m. J. H. G. Martin; 6. E. B., cashier and vice-president of the Eufaula National Bank, m. Mamie Jennings; 7. Helen, m. George H. Dent; 8. Carrie, m. N. W. Roberts. Last residence: Eufaula.

YOUNG, ELISHA, physician, was born April 2, 1837, in Hale County, and died November 6, 1898, in Greensboro; son of Col. Elisha and Martha Lucia Margaret (Strudwick) Young, the former who was born near Staunton, Va., in 1796, was educated at Princeton University, employed as tutor at the University of North Carolina, was admitted to the bar, went to Alabama in 1824 and located in the practice of law at Marion, represented Perry County in the legislature in 1829, moved to Greene, and represented that county in the legislature for four terms, was an unsuccessful candidate for congress in 1843, and represented Marengo County in the legislature in 1847; grandson of John and Mary (Littlington) Young, of Augusta County, Va., the former a captain in the Revolutionary Army, who was with Washington at the surrender of Cornwallis, the latter of Scotch-Irish covenantor stock, and of William Francis and Margaret (Shepherd) Strudwick, who lived near Hillsboro, N. C.; great-grandson of Hugh Young, who was buried near Staunton, Va., and of Gen. Samuel and Martha (Williams) DeFisher Strudwick, natives of England. The Youngs emigrated to Virginia in 1636. Mr. Young was educated at his plantation home under private teachers, at schools in Demopolis, and at Dr. Henry Tutwiler's school, at Green Springs. He was graduated from Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, M. D., 1859, and practiced medicine in Washington County, Miss., for one year. He moved to Hale County, near Newbern, where he was actively engaged in his profession until the outbreak of the War of Secession. He served in the C. S. Army as post surgeon at Fort Morgan from 1863 until the surrender of the fort August 21, 1864, when he and other officers were taken to New Orleans and confined to prison. He was exchanged in September, 1864, and was assigned to hospital duty at Mobile, where he remained for about six months. After the war, he settled at Greensboro and practiced medicine there until the day of his death. He was appointed by Gov. Thomas Seay to the board of control of the Alabama Bryce Hospital for the Insane, and held the position of trustee until the time of his death. He was president of the Hale County Medical Society

for many terms; was president of the board of health; a member of the Medical Association of Alabama; was appointed by Maj. Gen. Fred S. Ferguson, as surgeon general with the rank of colonel of Confederate veterans, November 4, 1893; was a Democrat; a Mason; and a Presbyterian. Married: February 23, 1861, at Green Springs, to Ann Eliza Tutwiler, who died August 22, 1887, at Greensboro, daughter of Henry and Julia (Ashe) Tutwiler (q. v.). Children: 1. Martha Young (q. v.); 2. Henry Tutwiler, physician, m. Georgia Johnston, Greensboro; 3. Julia Ashe, m. John Percell Carley; 4. Agnes St. Clair, Greensboro; 5. Strudwick Andrew, d. in infancy; 6. Ann Eliza, m. Richard Muckle, Greensboro; 7. Dr. Elisha Ashe, professor of natural science, Normal College, Livingston, m. Martha McConnell; 8. Elisha, physician at Woodlawn, m. Katherine Adair Clark, daughter of Dr. W. C. Clark. Last residence: Greensboro.

YOUNG, JOHN, *soldier of the American Revolution*, aged 90, resided in Wilcox County, June 1, 1840, with Samuel Young.—*Census of Pensioners*, 1841, p. 149.

YOUNG, MARTHA, author, was born in Hale County; daughter of Elisha and Ann Eliza Ashe (Tutwiler) Young (q. v.); granddaughter of Henry and Julia (Ashe) Tutwiler (q. v.). She was educated in the Greensboro academy; Tuscaloosa female college and the Livingston normal school. In 1901, under the nom de plume of "Eli Sheppard," she became a contributor to the New Orleans "Times Democrat," "The Southern Bivouac," "Detroit Free Press" and other publications. She co-operated with Joel Chandler Harris, in the preparation of a volume entitled "Songs and ballads of old-time plantations." She has written "Plantation songs," "Plantation bird legends," "Somebody's little girl," "Sweet shrub," "Mammy's sleepy song," "Fifty folklore tales," "In a southern garden." She is a contributor to The Atlantic Monthly, Cosmopolitan, Century, Youth's Companion and Boston Transcript. She gives readings from her own writings on the Chautauqua platform; has lived in New York City and traveled abroad, but she prefers to do her literary work in her Greensboro home. She is an Episcopalian, and unmarried. Residence: Greensboro.

YOUNG, SAMUEL, farmer, was born in 1776, in Abbeville District, S. C., and died at Camden, April 22, 1856; son of John and Sarah Young, of County Antrim, Ireland. He was educated in the common schools of South Carolina, and engaged in farming; served in the Indian Wars in Florida; was many years a justice of the peace. He was a Democrat; and a Presbyterian. Married: in Abbeville District, S. C., to Elizabeth, daughter of John and Sarah (Laird) Bonner. Children: 1. Mary, m. David Black; 2. Sarah, m. Dr. Joe Bonner; 3. Martha, m. William Smith; 4. Catherine, m. James Bonham; 5. James; 6. John; 7. Oliver; 8. Robert; 9. Lewis; 10. Andrew. Last residence: Camden.

YOUNG, WILLIAM A., lawyer and judge, was born October 22, 1857, in Lamar County, and died at Vernon, May 17, 1904; son of James P. and Martha (Box) Young, natives of South Carolina and Alabama respectively, the former a farmer and tanner who came to this State in 1836 locating at Fayette; served in the C. S. Army and was at one time president of the Veteran's association of the county; grandson of Alexander and Esther Young, of South Carolina, and of Lyles and Mary Box of Tennessee. He was educated in the public and private schools of Lamar County and at Vernon institute; graduated at the State university, LL. B., 1881; began the practice at Vernon where he resided until his death. In 1884, he was mayor of Vernon and in 1887, was appointed probate judge of Lamar County, by Gov. Thomas Seay, to which position he was elected in 1892, by a handsome majority. He was a Democrat; and a Methodist. Married: January 8, 1887, to Mary C., daughter of Titus L. and Mary (Crawford) Crew of Crews. Children: 1. Albert L., m. Dura Merle Upshaw; 2. Oliver E., m. Alma K. Newman; 3. Paul T., m. Sarah Rogers; 4. Mary A., unmarried; 5. Lewis O., unmarried; 6. William A., Jr., unmarried; 7. Annie Vivian, unmarried. Last residence: Vernon.

YOUNGBLOOD, GEORGE SHAEFFER, farmer and legislator, was born January 19, 1852, in Henry Precinct, Pickens County; son of George Washington and Mary Ann (Anderson) Youngblood, natives of Abbeville, S. C. He was educated at Liberty academy, Pickens County, and at Erskine college, S. C. He has always been a farmer. He has served his county on the board of education, and was a member of the legislature, 1892-93, and again in 1915. He is a Methodist. Married: December 25, 1872, in Henry precinct, to Nancy Estelle, daughter of John Andrew and Mary Emily (Spruill) Lawrence of that place. Residence: Ethelville.

YUILLE, ROBERT LANG, business man, was born April 8, 1822, at Hamilton, Lennoxshire, Scotland, and died at Daphne, Baldwin County; son of Gavin and Annie (Lang) Yuille, natives of Hamilton, Scotland, who came to New York in May, 1827, and moved to Mobile, December, 1834, where Gavin Lang opened a bakery, continuing in that business until his death, September 17, 1849; grandson of John and Margaret (Burns) Yuille, of Hamilton, Scotland, and of Robert Lang, of

the same place. Mr. Yuille entered his father's bakery, and at the death of the latter, carried on that business under the firm name of J. C. & R. Y. Yuille. He was a member of the Phoenix Fire Military Company No. 6, Fire regiment, at Mobile, under the command of Thomas A. Murray, and was detailed at Mobile, May 5, 1864, as a fireman until further orders. He was a Presbyterian and a Mason. Married: March 21, 1860, at Mobile, to Mary Alpine Spinks, daughter of Lewis and Sarah A. (Alston) Spinks, of Alabama. Children: 1. Gavin Alston; 2. Robert Lewis, married, Mobile; 3. John Sands, d. in infancy; 4. James, d. in infancy; 5. William, married, Mobile; 6. Freeman Willard, married, Grand Rapids, Mich.; 7. Nathaniel Alston, civil engineer, Mobile; 8. Sarah Annie, d. 1897. Last residence: Daphne, Baldwin County.

ZEIGLER, HENRY SAWYER, farmer and veteran, C. S. Army, was born May 23, 1844, in Autauga County, now included in Elmore. He enlisted April, 1861, in the Confederate Army as a private in Co. I, 3rd Alabama infantry regiment, commanded by Col. Jones M. Withers, serving with this command in the second corps, army of northern Virginia, until the last day at Petersburg, Va. He was under fire at Drewry's Bluff, and participated in the battles of Seven Pines, Mechanicsville, Gaines' Mill, Chickahominy Swamp, Malvern Hill, second Manassas, Sharpsburg, Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville, Winchester, Gettysburg, the Wilderness, Spottsylvania Court House, second Cold Harbor, Winchester, September 19, 1864, Cedar Creek, Kernstown, and the fighting around Petersburg. In the attack upon Fort Stedman, March 25, 1865, under General Gordon, he was the first in the fort. He was captured, April 2, 1865, and while in service received four wounds. At the close of the war he spent some years in the railroad service, and later in farming. Married: in 1867, to Sarah Maria, of Autauga County, sister of James Washington Smith, a private in an Arkansas regiment, who was captured at Vicksburg, of William Thomas Smith, a private of Co. I, Third Alabama infantry regiment, who died at Norfolk, Va., and of John David Smith, private in an Alabama regiment, who was killed at the battle of Chickamauga. Children: 1. William J.; 2. Clara C., m. W. T. Goodson, of Dallas, Tex.; 3. Edward R.; 4. Olive Patton; 5. Eva Smith; 6. Augusta Jewell. Residence: Deatsville.

Addenda

ANDERSON, FRANK YARBOROUGH, business man, was born in 1847, in Prince George's County, Md., and died in Birmingham; son of Charles F. and Jane (Hauserd) Anderson, both natives of England. He attended the local schools of Maryland and in 1870 graduated from Columbia college, Washington, D. C. In the same year he located in Mobile, Ala., where he engaged in land claims. In 1880 he went to Birmingham as land commissioner of the Alabama great southern railroad and also of the Alabama State land company, and later became prominently identified with the business life of Birmingham. He was president of the Jefferson County sanitary commission; vice president, Alabama State fair; and a member of the Southern Commercial, and Alabama clubs. He was a Democrat. Married: May 22, 1882, at Valley Head, to Lucy Winston, daughter of Dr. B. F. Paine, of that place; granddaughter of William O. Winston, (q. v.). Children: 1. Frank Y.; 2. Pelham H.; 3. Winston P.; 4. Benjamin P.; 5. Mary J.; 6. Kate L.; 7. Lucy W. Last residence: Birmingham.

BALDWIN, BENJAMIN JAMES, retired physician, was born November 16, 1856, in Bullock County; son of Benjamin James and Martha (Barnett) Baldwin (q. v.); grandson of William and Celia (Fitzpatrick) Baldwin (q. v.), and of Frank and Sarah (Ponder) Barnett, of Montgomery County; great-grandson of William and Elizabeth (Kimbrow) Baldwin, and of Annie (Phillips) Fitzpatrick; great-great-grandson of David and Sarah (Owen) Baldwin. He received his early education in the primary schools of Bullock County and in Montgomery; attended Randolph Macon college, Ashland, Va., from 1883 until 1885; studied medicine in the office Dr. R. F. Michel, of Montgomery, and was graduated with the degree of M. D. from Bellevue Hospital medical college, New York City, in 1878. He was appointed physician to the New York insane asylum, then house surgeon in Charity hospital, of the same city, for a year. In 1878 he began to practice medicine in Louisville, Ky., and soon formed a partnership with Dr. Preston B. Scott, with whom he practiced for two years.

He was a resident physician in the Manhattan eye and ear hospital from 1882 to 1883; studied medicine in Europe for six months, and settled in Montgomery in 1884. He opened the Morris eye and ear infirmary in that city in 1887. He has been president of the Montgomery gas company, a director of the South and North Alabama railroad for twenty-five years; presi-

dent for twenty-seven years, 1890-1917, of the board of education of Montgomery; president of the Alabama State medical association and for ten years a member of the State board of health; editor of the eye and ear department of the "Alabama Medical Journal." While living in Kentucky, 1882, he was surgeon of the Louisville Legion with the rank of captain. Dr. Baldwin is a trustee of the George Peabody college for Teachers, Nashville, Tenn., president of the Elyton land company, Birmingham; chairman of the board of trustees of the Montgomery Memorial hospital. He is a Democrat; vestryman in St. John's Episcopal church of Montgomery for thirty years and senior warden for six years; a Scottish Rite Mason; a Shriner, and a Knight of Pythias. Married: (1) December, 1884, in Montgomery, to Hult, daughter of Josiah and Sarah E. Morris (q. v.), of that place; (2) July, 1896, at Tallassee, to Kate, daughter of Walter E. and Mary (Ware) Slatrunk. Children: by first marriage, 1. Elizabeth Morris, m. Dr. James Fitts Hill, Montgomery; 2. Josiah Morris, m. Kate Steiner, Montgomery. Residence: Montgomery.

BANKHEAD, JOHN HOLLIS, jr., lawyer, legislator and coal operator, was born July 8, 1872, at Moscow, Lamar County; son of John Hollis and Tallulah (Brockman) Bankhead (q. v.). His primary and preparatory education was received in the common schools at Moscow, Vernon, Wetumpka and Fayette. He entered the University of Alabama, in 1887 and graduated with the A. B. degree in 1891, president of the senior class and captain of the staff, the University at that time being under military discipline. He attended the law school of Georgetown university, Washington, D. C., graduated in 1893 with the LL. B. degree, president of the senior law class. He entered upon the practice at Jasper, August 1, 1893, as the junior member of the firm of Coleman and Bankhead. Upon the death, in 1904, of Mr. Coleman, the firm became Bankhead & Bankhead, the junior member being William B., younger brother, who had been practicing in Madison County. He is the author of the Alabama election law under the constitution of 1901; in 1903 was elected to the State legislature from Walker County; captain of the Bankhead rifles, A. N. G., of Jasper, 1900-01; major of the 3rd infantry regiment, A. N. G., 1901-03. He is a Democrat and served as campaign manager for his father in his successful races for the U. S. Senate, and for his brother, W. B. Bankhead, in his successful race

for congress against Capt. R. P. Hobson. He has not sought office for himself but has devoted his political efforts to his relatives and friends. Mr. Bankhead does a large private and corporation law practice and is president of the Bankhead coal mine and other coal mines in Walker County. Married: December 26, 1894, at Fayette, to Musa, daughter of Walter Worth and Lula (Burris) Harkins, of that place. Children: 1. Marion; 2. William Walter, graduate of the University in both the academic and law departments, member of the firm of Bankhead and Bankhead, having taken the place left vacant by his uncle upon his election to congress, m. Emmell Crumpton of Maplesville; 3. Louise. Residence: Jasper.

BENNETT, AUGUSTUS, Sr., lawyer and legislator, was born December 26, 1818, in New Bern, N. C., and died August 7, 1885, at Greensboro. He graduated at Chapel Hill, N. C., removed to Alabama in 1840, locating for a short while in Marengo County, where he was licensed to practice law. He represented Greene County in the legislature in 1853, and was subsequently re-elected to that office. He made his permanent home in Hale County. Married: Jane, daughter of Alfred Hatch of Arcola, Hale County. Children: 1. Fanny, d.; 2. Alfred H. (q. v.), m. Margaret C. Jones, Greensboro; 3. Augustus, d.; 4. Edward G., d.; 5. Elizabeth H., m. A. C. Evens, d.; 6. Lucas Jacob, d.; 7. James Marbury, d.; 8. William H., m. Eleanor Davids; 9. John, d.; 10. Charles V., d.; 11. Jane, Greensboro; 12. Graham, m. Annie L. Poelnitz. Last residence: Greensboro.

BRYAN, JAMES ALEXANDER, Presbyterian minister, was born March 20, 1863, near Kingstree, Williamsburg County, S. C.; son of John Robin and Mary Molisi (Savage) Bryan, the former a native of Green County, N. C., the latter of Nansemond County, Va. Dr. Bryan received his early education in country schools near Kingstree, and was prepared for college in Lovejoy academy, Raleigh, N. C., his teachers being David E. Gordon, A. B., of Davidson College, J. J. Fray, A. M. and Hugh Morson, A. M., of the University of Virginia. He graduated at the University of North Carolina, with the B. S. degree in 1885, having been the representative of the Philanthropic Literary society in the oratorical contest of 1883, and University Washington's Birthday Orator, 1884 and debator's medalist, the same year, and was one of the speakers at graduation. During the summer of 1886 he took a summer course in Hebrew at the University of Virginia and took the three year theological course at Princeton, N. J., graduating in 1889 with the B. D. degree. In 1919 the honorary degree of D. D. was conferred upon him by King college. He was ordained on the fourth Sabbath of July, 1889, in the Third Presbyterian church, Birmingham, installed pastor of that church the same day and has remained in that position continuously to the present time, a term of thirty-two years. In addition to his pastoral duties he frequently holds services in shops, factories, and fire stations, in the day and at night. Dr. Bryan has

been moderator of the Presbytery of North Alabama and also of the Synod of Alabama, being a Southern Presbyterian. A unique distinction was bestowed upon when he was selected by the judges as "the city's greatest benefactor," to receive the five hundred dollar loving cup offered by the Birmingham News in 1920 "To the man or woman who had performed the greatest service during the year to the city." The award was made by a committee of nine, selected from various civic organizations. The names of any citizen considered worthy of the honor was requested by the committee and fifty-seven nominations were made including some of Birmingham's greatest benefactors, financially, and otherwise, but when the time came for the decision to be made, it was unanimously decided that Dr. James A. Bryan was pre-eminently the man who had served the city the best. The award was made at a public meeting at the Bijou theatre witnessed by thousands. Married: January 14, 1891, at Marion, to Leonora Clayton, daughter of John and Claudia Caroline (Clayton) Howze of that place; granddaughter of Henry Yarbrough and Kekomoisa (Mitchell) Howze, of Franklin County, N. C., and of Augustine Smith and Julia (Carns) Clayton of Athens, Ga., the former judge of the superior court and member of congress, the latter a native of Augusta, Ga. Children: 1. Kekomoisa, died in infancy; 2. Mary Clayton; 3. John Edward; 4. John Howze; 5. Thomas Claudius; 6. Augustin Clayton; 7. Harry Haywood, all residing in Birmingham. Residence: Birmingham.

BURT, JAMES MARSHALL, business man, was born in April, 1854, in Macon County, and died Sept. 16, 1920, of heart trouble; son of Joseph Tarpley and Amanda (Marshall) Burt, who moved from Georgia about 1850 to Creek Stand, Macon County, where he became a large planter and removed to near Auburn after the War of Secession, continuing his planting interests; grandson of James and Mary Burt, and of Williams Marshall, of Putnam and later Talbot County, Ga. James M. Burt was educated in the public schools of Macon and Lee Counties. He began his business career as a planter, later entered the mercantile business in Opelika in which he was very successful. He was appointed in 1920 as chairman of the Lee County cotton association; was director in Farmers national bank and the Bank of Opelika; a Democrat; Elk; Kiwanian; and a Methodist, having held the office of steward for a number of years. Married: June 9, 1899, at Ridge Grove, near Auburn, to Florence, daughter of James Isaac and Antoinette (Joiner) Bedell, the former a member of Co. D, 46th Alabama infantry regiment, having served under his brother, Capt. R. B. Bedell. The name Bedell is of French origin. Mrs. Burt was vice-president of the Alabama division, United Daughters of the Confederacy; active in Red Cross work; president of the local chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy and during her administration the Confederate monument at Opelika was unveiled. Children: 1. James Marshall, jr., student Uni-



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versity of Alabama; 2. Virginia Arnold, student Agnes Scott college, Decatur, Ga. Last residence: Opelika.

BUSH, THOMAS GREEN, merchant, manufacturer, railroad president, publicist, Confederate soldier, legislator, and philanthropist, was born August 19, 1847, in Pickensville, Pickens County, died November 11, 1909, in Birmingham and is buried in Elmwood cemetery, Birmingham, Ala.; son of Albert P. and Sarah (Williams) Bush, the former a native of Georgia who came to Alabama about 1835 and settled in Pickens County, where he merchandised until 1852, when he removed to Mobile and engaged in the cotton commission business, also owning a cotton plantation in Noxubee County, Miss.; grandson of John and Nancy (King) Bush, who came from Georgia to Alabama about 1830 and settled a plantation near Oxford where they continued to reside, and of Curtis and Patience (Thomas) Williams, a member of the State legislature; great-grandson of Curtis Williams who also served in the Alabama legislature. Colonel Bush removed to Mobile with his parents in early childhood and there received his primary and college preparatory courses. When but fourteen years of age he entered the University of Alabama and served as adjutant of the cadet corps there until 1864 when he joined the Confederate Army. After the war, in October, 1865, he resumed his educational activities, at the University of Mississippi, his own Alma Mater having been burned by Federal troops, and graduated in 1867 in the class with his older brother, Curtis, the latter receiving first and he second honors. He served with the 62nd Alabama Regiment of Infantry, Confederate States Army, 1864-65. In May of the latter year he was captured at Blakely, Ala., following a severe battle in which he took part, and was held prisoner at Ship Island and New Orleans until the surrender of Gen. Dick Taylor, when he was exchanged at Vicksburg and paroled at Meridian, Miss. Immediately after leaving college he entered the cotton commission business with his father and brother, but in 1874 established himself in the wholesale grocery business, which still continues under the name of the T. G. Bush Grocery Company, now owned and conducted by his son, Albert P. Bush (q. v.).

Colonel Bush was possessed of marked executive ability and business foresight, as exemplified by the numerous successful enterprises with which he was connected during his residence in Mobile, Anniston and Birmingham, at which places he successively resided. He was elected president of the Mobile and Birmingham Railroad in 1886, which position he held until his death, the road having been constructed under his management; was elected president of the Shelby Iron company in 1890 and managed its affairs until his death; president, and organizer with Mr. D. T. Parker, of the Anniston water supply, 1890-1909; president Woodstock Iron company 1891-92; president Clifton Iron company, Ironton, 1892-99; president 1st National bank of Anniston during the year 1890; president Alabama Consolidated Coal and Iron company, 1899 to 1907, the com-

pany being the result of the consolidation during the former year of the Standard Coal company, the Clifton Iron company, the Gadsden Furnace company, the Mary Pratt Furnace company, and the Mary Lee or Lewisburg mines; president Imperial Coal and Coke company, 1905-09; president Coosa Pipe and Foundry company 1905-09; president Planters and Merchants Insurance company, 1888. Besides the foregoing he assisted in organizing the Gray Ore Iron company in 1905; was director of the Alabama Great Southern Railroad, 1908-09; director American Trust and Savings bank 1903-09; receiver of the Southern Car and Foundry company, 1905. Colonel Bush was zealous for the welfare of his city and State. He assisted in organizing the Chamber of Commerce in Mobile in 1884 and was elected its president, serving two terms. His desire for a "clean city" took shape in his efforts to regulate the whiskey license in Mobile and to reform the city government during that period known locally as the "Mobile Revolution." He was elected a member of the Rivers and Harbors Committee of Mobile, 1884, and personally presented the claims of that harbor to President Grover Cleveland during whose administration the first large appropriation, \$250,000.00 was made by Congress for the improvement of Mobile harbor.

In recognition of his wide business experience Colonel Bush was appointed to membership on the Monetary Commission, 1897, chosen under the resolution of the Indianapolis convention. The commission was highly commended "for the splendid usefulness to our Country and to mankind, of their report on the conditions, faults and dangers of our present laws, regulations and customs covering the currency, banking and standard of value of the United States of America." In 1907 he was appointed by President Roosevelt to represent the South on the "Foundation for the promotion of industrial peace," in which movement he remained active until his death. He used his managerial experience in behalf of charitable, eleemosynary and educational institutions, and was a trustee of Howard College, 1883-98, the Alabama Schools for the Deaf and the Blind, at Talladega, 1888-95, and of the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, Louisville, Ky., for many years, and to the latter institution he gave large sums of money. He was captain of the "Mobile Cadets," 1885, and a member of the Alabama legislature, 1886-87, serving as Chairman of the Ways and Means committee of that body. In recognition of his public services and private achievements he received from the University of Alabama in 1906, the honorary degree of LL. D. He was a man of deep religious convictions and exemplified in his own life the theory that a successful business man can also be a consistent Christian. In early life he connected himself with the Baptist church. He was a Democrat, member of no organizations. Married: June 6, 1871, at Montgomery, to Alberta, daughter of Rev. Albert and Anna Eliza (Hollis) Williams, of the Baptist church, both natives of Georgia who removed to Alabama where they continued to reside. The father of Albert Williams owned at Athens the first

cotton factory in Georgia. Children: 1. Annie, m. William D. Nesbitt (q. v.); 2. Albert P. (q. v.), m. Marcia Belle Burgess, Mobile; 3. Morris W., m. Margaret Gage Bham, Ala.; 4. Thomas Green, Jr., m. Bonham King, Rome, Ga.; 5. Edwin Hollis, m. Rebecca Herndon, Mobile, Ala. Last residence: Birmingham.

BUTLER, JAMES EDWARD, planter, merchant, was born May 20, 1843, at Poplar Ridge, Madison County, and died July 23, 1913, at New Hope; son of Canada and Nancy (Maples) Butler, the former a native of North Carolina, resided at Poplar Ridge, Madison County, was a republican and during the War of Secession served as a member of the state legislature, his death occurring while on duty in Montgomery in which place he is buried. The latter was a descendant of Holland ancestry, grandson of Samuel and Margaret (Layman) Butler who resided at Woodville, Jackson County. The Laymans are of Scotch descent and the Butlers of Irish descent, the first member of that family coming to Virginia and afterwards locating in North Carolina, Tennessee, and finally in Alabama. The greatgrandfather of James Edward Butler was William Maples who was killed in the battle of Bunker Hill during the Revolutionary war. James Edward Butler received his education in the country schools and at the age of eighteen years, in September, 1861, he joined Co. C, the Fourth Alabama Cavalry, with which he served until September, 1864. He was under General Joe Wheeler as messenger and performed good service in that place on account of his quickness, bravery and small stature. He was captured near Columbia, Tennessee, taken to Nashville and thence to Camp Chase, Ohio, where he was imprisoned until June, 1865. After the war he returned to his home and engaged in planting and later became interested in the mercantile business, building up the third largest business of the kind in north Alabama. He was a democrat and served as justice of the peace, and was one time chairman of the county convention that nominated the various county officers, and a member of the Primitive Baptist church at Bethel, which was built by his father, Canada Butler. Married: January 2, 1868, at Vienna, to Nancy Jane Nichols, daughter of James and Martha Jane (Dilworth) Nichols who resided at Vienna. Children: 1. James Canada, New Hope; 2. Charlotte, m. William D. Claybrook, Albertville; 3. William Edward married Lillian L. _____; 4. Emma, m. Joe M. Hereford, Gurley; 5. Robert Lee, m. Almira _____, Woodville; 6. Albert Henry, m. Irene _____, New Hope; 7. Charles Taylor; 8. Laura. Last residence: New Hope.

BUTLER, WILLIAM EDWARD, business man, was born August 31, 1875, at New Hope, Madison County; son of James Edward and Nannie Jane (Nichols) Butler. He received his education in the Poplar Ridge School of New Hope, and was graduated May, 1895, from the Winchester Normal school at Winchester, Tenn. In August of 1895 he became clerk and bookkeeper for J. E. Butler and later acquired an interest in the business. Mr. Butler was

elected to the state senate in 1918 and served in the regular session of 1919 and the extra session of 1920. Democrat: a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, and has been Sunday school superintendent, steward and trustee. Married: June 16, 1909, at Stevenson, to Lillian Louise Mussetter, daughter of George Stuart and Florence Luvernia who lived at Stevenson; granddaughter of William P. Havesty, a Methodist minister of Elizabeth, West Virginia, whose grandfather served throughout the Revolutionary war under Lafayette. Children: 1. Evelyn Louise, b. May 29, 1910, resides at New Hope; 2. Nannie Florence, b. September 15, 1911, resides New Hope; 3. William Edward, Jr., b. May 14, 1913, residence New Hope; George Stuart, b. February 5, 1918, resides, New Hope; 5. James Canada, b. January 21, 1918, New Hope; 6. Charles Leavitt, b. September 5, 1920, resides Huntsville. Residence: Huntsville.

COMER, JAMES McDONALD, cotton manufacturer, was born October 14, 1877, at Comer, Barbour County; son of Braxton Bragg and Eva Jane (Harris) Comer (q. v.). He was educated by private tutors at Webb's school, Bell Buckle, Tenn., and at Bingham's school, Ashville, N. C. He was appointed second lieutenant U. S. Army, August, 1898, assigned to service in the Sixteenth infantry going to the Philippine Islands with that regiment, May, 1899; was promoted to first lieutenant and transferred to the Twenty-fifth infantry; appointed adjutant of his battalion and held that position during the remainder of his service. He served in Gen. F. D. Grant's brigade and later with Gen. Franklin Bell. He resigned his commission in 1902 and the following year became secretary-treasurer of the B. B. Comer and Sons company, operating plantations in Barbour County. In 1907 he removed to Birmingham and became associated with the Avondale cotton mills of which he is now vice-president. Mr. Comer ranks high among the young business men of the State, not only on account of his executive ability, but also because of his exceptional qualities of character and citizenship. He is a Methodist, being vice-chairman of the board of stewards and Sunday school teacher. Married: October 26, 1904, at Reading, Pa., to Gertrude, daughter of Martin Luther and Catherine (Kaufman) Miller of that place. Children: 1. Catherine; 2. Jane; 3. James McDonald, Jr.; 4. Martine. Residence: Birmingham.

CONNORS, GEORGE W., business man, was born June 8, 1864, at Greenville, S. C., a son of George W. and Mary J. (Austin) Connors. He received his education in the schools of Atlanta, Ga.; the schools of Hampton, S. C.; and completed his preliminary education at Spartanburg, S. C. He was sixteen years of age when he entered the South Carolina college and remained there until the age of eighteen. In 1885 Mr. Connors went with Moore, Marsh & company, wholesale dry goods establishment of Atlanta, Ga., as a traveling salesman; in 1890 established the firm of Weyman & Connors,

brokerage, real estate and loans, which is still doing an excellent business; in 1900 organized the Atlanta steel hoop company, manufacturing steel hoops and cotton ties, in 1905 built the first steel plant and rod mill in Atlanta; moved to Birmingham, Ala., in October, 1908; engaged in the manufacture of cotton ties (steel) at Helena, Ala., under the name of Connors-Weyman steel company, of which he was president and general manager; in 1913 organized the Eureka coal company, becoming and still is its president and general manager, with mines located in Shelby County, known as the Cahaba coal field; in 1917 organized the Connors steel company, of which he is president and general manager. This plant is located at Woodlawn and in 1920 the Company took over the Connors-Weyman steel company. He is a member of the South Side Baptist church, of which he is a deacon and in the activities of which he takes a prominent part. Married: in Atlanta, Ga., October 2, 1901, to Lillian Lochrane, a daughter of Judge O. A. and Josephine (Freeman) Lochrane, the former who was Chief Justice of Georgia, later general counsel of the Pullman palace car company. Children: three, George W., Jr., now 18 years of age; a daughter, Josephine L.; and Morton L., all of whom reside with Mr. Connors in his beautiful home, Crest Road, on the top of Red Mountain, within the City limits, Birmingham. Mr. Connors is also a member of the American iron and steel institute, as well as a member of all the prominent clubs in Birmingham, is a director and Chairman of the finance committee of the Y. M. C. A. as well as a director of several charitable organizations, schools, etc.

CROCKARD, FRANK HEARNE, business man, was born October 29, 1873, in Wheeling, W. Va.; son of William Crockard, at one time associated with Col. Frank J. Hearne in the management of iron and steel plants at Wheeling. He received his education in the Linsley Institute of Wheeling, entered Lehigh University where he took a collegiate course, and then became a student in the Michigan College of Mines. His practical training was acquired at Wheeling in the Benwood Furnace, where he started as foreman at two dollars per day; a year later was sent to Steubenville, O., to resurrect the Jefferson Iron Works; in less than six months had the plant on a paying basis resulting in his promotion to blast furnace superintendent at Riverside; later was made assistant manager of the Riverside Works, then the largest pipe mill in the United States; and subsequently became connected with the Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railroad Company at Birmingham. In July, 1906, he was elected a member of the executive board with title of vice president and general manager and also manager of the Southern District of the Republic Iron and Steel Company, and his first achievement of importance was the reconstruction of the Ensley plant, planning and supervising the building of a new open hearth steel plant, new rail mill, new skip-filled blast furnaces, boiler plant, lime plant, new railroad construction and the opening of additional coal and iron mines. Up to that time that

plant was the largest scheme of iron and steel development undertaken in the south. He continued with the Tennessee Company until July, 1917, when he became president of the Nova Scotia Coal & Steel Company, a position he filled about a year; in August, 1918, was elected president of the Woodward Iron Company, a corporation founded by men from his native city; and he is now the executive head of this important corporation. Mr. Crockard took a great interest in the welfare work of the Pennsylvania Coal, Iron & Railroad Company and took an active part in many activities of this department. He is a member of the Lotus Club of New York, the Duquesne Club of Pittsburgh, the Roebuck Club of Birmingham and of Beta Theta Pi, a college fraternity. Married: December 15, 1898, to Miss Elizabeth Handlon Mendel of West Virginia. Children: 1. Francis H. Residence: Birmingham.

GEWIN, WILLIAM CHRISTOPHER, physician and surgeon, was born at Greensboro; son of Christopher C. and Julia (Flinn) Gewin (q. v.). Dr. Gewin received his early education at Southern university, Greensboro. Later he graduated from a New York school and spent his vacations reading medicine under Dr. E. P. McCollum at Greensboro. After one year in the medical department of the University of Alabama at Mobile, he went to Baltimore where he continued his medical studies for three years at the University of Maryland. Upon graduation he was appointed resident physician in Franklin Square hospital and later entered the United States marine hospital services in Washington, D. C., and Baltimore, Md. Dr. Gewin removed to Alabama in 1902 locating in Birmingham where for several years he engaged in the general practice of his profession. In 1906 he organized the Birmingham infirmary and in that year the first building was erected. This was the first institution to introduce radium in the south and now ranks as one of the largest and most modern hospitals in the south. Dr. Gewin has practiced surgery exclusively since the opening of the infirmary. He is a Methodist; Mason; Odd Fellow; Shriner; an Elk; member of a number of medical societies, being president, State hospital association, 1921; and of the Kappa Psi college fraternity. Married: January 9, 1903, to Lessie, daughter of T. G. McGahey. Children: 1. Elizabeth; 2. Marion; 3. Lessie; 4. Christine. Residence: Birmingham.

GINDRAT, JOHN, banker, was born August 29, 1777, at Charleston, S. C., and died March 29, 1851, at his country home at Franklin; son of Abram Gindrat, a native of Switzerland who came to America, locating in Charleston, S. C., where he married, and whose parents were French Huguenot refugees to Switzerland. John Gindrat was one of the early settlers of Montgomery having on July 7, 1823, commenced the mercantile business at this place. When the first Sunday school in Montgomery was opened March 28, 1824, he was made superintendent, and was also treasurer of the first Bible society which was organized November 28, 1829. On the following day he

was elected a member of the first presbytery of the first Baptist church, having donated the lot and been largely instrumental by gifts and influence in the building of the church. The Branch of the State Bank of Alabama was put in operation in Montgomery in July, 1832, and he was chosen as the first president. On October 26, 1835, he was elected a member of the first board of directors of the Montgomery and Chattahoochee railroad company. It was at his home that General LaFayette spent the last hours of his visit while in Montgomery in 1825. At one time he served as intendant of Montgomery. Married: Sarah Stallings, of Georgia. Children: 1. John Henry, colonel Confederate States Army, m. Mary Harris; 2. Abram, soldier in Mexican War and surgeon in Confederate States Army, m. Mary Ellen Irvin; 3. Mary Elizabeth, m. Joseph Samuel Prince Winter (q. v.); 4. William, d. young. Last residence: Franklin.

GLASGOW, BENJAMIN BASCOM, educator, was born in Birmingham; son of Marcus Alexander and Phoebe Olivia Glasgow. He received his education at Birmingham Southern College from which he was graduated A. B. in 1902; received his D. D. degree from same institution in 1916; attended Vanderbilt University, 1902-04; was in University of Chicago for several summer sessions and was a member of the travel class to Egypt, Palestine and Europe in 1911. He was minister of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, North Alabama Conference, 1904; and since 1916 has been president of the Athens College for Young Women. He was president of the Alabama Association of Colleges, 1919-20. Democrat; Mason; member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South. Married: November 20, 1907, at Dayton, Ohio, to Sibra Shroyer, d. of Z. C. and Matilda Shroyer. Children: 1. Sibra. Residence: Athens.

HANNAH, ELIZABETH (SESSIONS), civic, patriotic and religious worker, was born September 7, 1871, at Union Springs, Bullock County; daughter of Dr. Lewie and Exa Caroline (Simmons) Sessions, the former a native of Zebulon, near Griffin, Spaulding County, Ga., who removed to Union Springs where he practiced medicine for 20 years, and for 30 years was engaged in the banking business, a Confederate soldier, a Mason and Methodist; granddaughter of Frederick and Mary (Kendall) Sessions, and of William and Elizabeth (Maddox) Simmons, all of near Griffin, Ga. John Sessions of North Carolina, an early American ancestor, fought with the patriots in the Revolutionary War. The Sessions family from which Mrs. Hannah is descended came to America from Soissons, France. Representatives of this line have filled conspicuous places in the political life of the several states, among them a governor in Ohio, and a lieutenant-governor in another State. Some amassed large fortunes, and one was a missionary to the Sandwich Islands. The words of the hymn, "Sessions," written by Ralph Waldo Emerson, were inspired by the author's love and admiration for his pastor, Rev. Alexander Sessions,

Congregational minister, a member of the same family of Sessions as the subject of this sketch. The Simmons family has for two hundred years been known in Georgia, for achievements in various walks of life, distinguished for piety, and aided in laying the foundations for old Georgia Methodism. Mrs. Hannah received her early education in Union Springs, graduated with honor in 1889 from Wesleyan College, Macon, Ga., and also received a degree in Music from the same institution. She has been president of the City Mission Board and vice-president of the State Missionary Society of the Methodist church; regent Peter Forney Chapter, D. A. R.; president 1920-21, Montgomery City Federation Women's Clubs; secretary of the 5th district Women's Clubs; chairman Montgomery County National League for Woman's Service during 1917-19; State chairman Health and Recreation, Council of Defense, 1917-19; president No Name Club, and member of the Sophie Bibb Chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy. She is a Methodist and a Democrat. Married: April 28, 1897, at Union Springs, to Dr. William John Hannah of Pensacola, Fla.; son of Capt. Thomas and Mary (Shorter) Hannah of Pensacola, the former identified with the political life of Florida during his early manhood, having at one time been a member of the legislature of that state, and a Confederate soldier, the latter was related to the celebrated Shorter and O'Neal families of Alabama and was a native of the latter State. The paternal grandmother Hannah was a quaint little lady of great culture, speaking fluently seven languages. Children: 1. Hazel; 2. William Sessions. Residence: Montgomery.

HARDAWAY, BENJAMIN HURT, civil engineer, was born February 19, 1866, on his father's plantation six miles from Union Springs; son of Robert Archelus and Rebecca (Hurt) Hardaway (q. v.). Benjamin H. Hardaway was educated at the Alabama polytechnic institute and the University of Alabama, graduating from the latter college with the degree of B. S. in 1882. He remained with the University as assistant instructor in mathematics until 1885, receiving successively the degrees of A. B., B. E., 1884, A. M., 1886, and C. E., 1887. In 1885 he was resident engineer on the construction of the Savannah, Americus and Montgomery railroad; chief engineer, 1886, building it from Americus to Abbeville; division engineer, Chattanooga, Rome and Columbus railroad, 1887; chief engineer, East Alabama railroad, 1888; resident engineer, Georgia Pacific railroad, 1888; engineer in charge of the Chattahoochee River bridge, for the Alabama midland railroad, later assistant chief engineer for this road; assistant chief engineer, Montgomery, Tuscaloosa and Memphis railroad, having charge of the completion of construction from Bainbridge, Ga., to Troy, and making the final location surveys from Maplesville to Centerville. In 1890 he began contracting and for ten years his work was largely railroad work, but since that time it has been almost entirely in connection with the development of water power. The work of the Hardaway contracting company, of which



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he is president, comprises about eight-tenths of the hydraulic construction in the South which has been built up to the present time. Married: September 14, 1888, at Carrollton, Miss., to Rebecca Money. Children: 1: Rebecca Money, deceased; 2. Benjamin Hurt, jr., civil engineer and superintendent Hardaway contracting company, married Louise Buttolph. Residence: Columbus, Ga.

HARDAWAY, ROBERT ARCHELUS, lieutenant colonel, C. S. Army, was born February 2, 1829, in Morgan County, Ga., and died April 27, 1899, at Columbus, Ga.; son of Robert Stanfield Hardaway, and second wife, Martha Bibb Jarratt, the former a native of Brunswick County, Va., who removed to Alabama, located in Russell County, member of the State senate, 1843-47, a planter, one of the incorporators of the Mobile and Girard railroad, serving for many years as president of the board of directors, and who died in Columbus, Ga., April 20, 1875; grandson of Robert and Sarah (Hicks) Hardaway, the former a native of Dinwiddie County, Va., a lieutenant in the Continental Army, commissioned by Patrick Henry, and was at the surrender of Brier Creek, in Burke County, Ga., and of Archelus Jarratt and wife, Sally Booker Bibb, the widow of Memorable Walker, the former born on the Savannah River, below Augusta, Ga., a teacher and a member of the Georgia legislature, whose uncle, Robin Jarratt, was captain of light horse in Georgia in the Revolutionary War, the latter a sister of William Wyatt Bibb (q. v.) and of Thomas Bibb, (q. v.); great grandson of James and Million (Stanfield) Hardaway, of Northern Neck, Va., and of William Bibb and wife, Mrs. Booker, who was a Miss Clark, the former a native of Hanover County, Va., removed to Prince Edward County in 1774, member of the convention in 1774-5, committee of safety, 1775, captain in Revolutionary Army, and sheriff in 1789, great-great-grandson of Thomas Hardaway, a descendant of the first Hardaway who came to America from England between 1619 and 1632, settling at Osborne's, Chesterfield County, Va., and of John and Susannah (Bigger) Bibb, of Goochland County, Va.; great-great-grandson of William Bibb; great-great-great-great-grandson of Benjamin Bibb, the Welshman who settled in Hanover County, Va. The Jarratts are of English descent. Colonel Hardaway was educated at the Medical college, Mobile, and at Emory university, Georgia, graduating from the latter in 1847. During the War with Mexico, 1847-48, he was second lieutenant of Capt. Tennant Lomax's company and adjutant of Lieutenant-Colonel Seibels' battalion of infantry, Alabama Volunteers. In the War of Secession he was appointed captain of artillery, May 1, 1861, major of artillery, P. A. C. S., December 3, 1862, and lieutenant colonel of artillery, P. A. C. S., February 27, 1864, Alabama volunteers, Army of Northern Virginia. He commanded the heavy artillery at Manassas until evacuated, then assigned to light artillery; after promotion commanded the First regiment, Virginia light artillery, later known as "Hard-

away's Battalion." The Third Richmond Howitzers, a company of his artillery regiment, fired the last shot of the Army of Northern Virginia at the battle of Appomattox. He was engaged in the battles of Yorktown, Seven Pines, Mechanicsville, First Cold Harbor, White Oak Bridge, Sharpsburg, Shepherdstown when the Whitworth gun was first used, Upperville, Port Royal, Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville, Salem church, Mine Run, Wilderness, Spottsylvania Court House, where he had his collar bone broken, Pole Green church, Bethesda church, New Markets Heights, Fussell's Mills, Tilghman's Gate, Fort Field, Fort Gilmer, Fort Harrison, Henrico Poorhouse, Darbytown Road, Appomattox and numerous other conflicts. At the cessation of hostilities he returned to his plantation near Columbus, Ga., and in 1869, bought a farm near Opelika, later in August, 1870, removing to a plantation near LaFayette. From November, 1869, to March, 1872, he was engineer and general manager of the East Alabama railway and in January, 1873, went to Auburn as professor of engineering and commandant of the Agricultural and mechanical college. In September, 1881, he became engineer on the Mexican Central railroad with headquarters at Tampico, Mex., returning to Alabama in June, 1882, to accept the professorship of engineering in the University of Alabama. Married: June 17, 1857, at the residence of her cousin and guardian, Joel Early Hurt, at Wynnton, Ga., to Rebecca Elizabeth, daughter of William and Elizabeth (Bass) Hurt. Children: 1. Robert Early, civil engineer, married Tillie Dainwood, Deming, New Mexico; 2. George; 3 Benjamin Hurt (q. v.). Last residence: Columbus, Ga.

HARDING, WILLIAM P. G., governor of the Federal Reserve Board since 1916, was appointed a member of the board by Ex-President Woodrow Wilson in 1914. Although he still retains citizenship in Alabama he has been a resident of Washington, D. C., since that date. Mr. Harding was born on the 5th of May, 1864, in Greene County, Ala., a son of Horace and Eliza P. (Gould) Harding, the former who was a graduate of Harvard with the class of 1848 a, civil engineer, railroad official, and resident engineer for United States improvement on the Warrior River in Alabama.

William P. G. Harding received his early education in the schools of Tuscaloosa and in due time entered the University of Alabama from which he was graduated A. B., in 1880; A. M., in 1881; and the degree of D. D. was conferred in 1916. Soon after putting his textbooks aside, Mr. Harding accepted a position as bookkeeper in the private bank of J. H. Fitts & Company of Tuscaloosa and there remained from 1882 until 1886. He then became a bookkeeper for E. F. Bouchelle, a general merchant of Boligee, there remaining from January to March, 1886. His advance in banking circles was rapid and being a man of progressive spirit, ruled by more than ordinary judgment, he steadily advanced in orderly progression to the honorable office which he now holds. From 1886 to 1894 he was assistant

cashier of the Berney National Bank at Birmingham, at the end of that time being promoted to the position of cashier which he held until 1896. He was then vice president of the First National Bank from 1896 to 1902 and subsequently became president of that institution which office he held until 1914. In 1908 he was elected president of the Bankers Association, in 1913, president of the Birmingham Chamber of Commerce and a director of several local corporations. In a word his aid and support have always been given on the side of advancement and improvement and his labors have been far-reaching, beneficial and resultant. From 1912 to 1914 he served as trustee of the Alabama School for Deaf and Blind at Talladega, receiving his appointment from Governor O'Neal and in 1914 he was appointed a member of the Federal Reserve Board where he served in that capacity until 1916 when he was made governor of the board, an honor which was conferred upon him in recognition of his effective work and superior ability in that connection. In 1918 he was managing director of the War Finance Corporation of the United States.

On the 22d of October, 1895, in Birmingham occurred the marriage of Mr. Harding and Miss Amanda P. Moore, a daughter of Syndenham Moore. Her paternal grandfather was Col. Syndenham Moore of Mexican and Civil war fame and a member of the Congress of 1855 and 1861. She is also a cousin of Emmet O'Neal, governor of Alabama from 1911 to 1916. To their union three children were born: Mary Elizabeth, now Mrs. Frederick H. Prince, Jr., of Boston, Mass.; Margaret Eliot; and Alice Moore.

In both Washington, D. C., and Birmingham, Mr. Harding is well known socially being identified with the best clubs in both cities. In Birmingham he has membership in the Country Club and the Southern Club while in Washington he belongs to the Metropolitan and Chevy Chase Clubs. He is a Master Mason. In politics he has never taken an active part preferring to devote his entire time to his business interests. His religious faith is that of the Episcopal church.

Mr. Harding is of an old and honored family being a descendant in the eighth generation from Abraham Harding who came from England to Plymouth, Mass., in 1623. A brother of that early ancestor, Stephen Harding, came over at the same time and was an ancestor of Warren G. Harding, President of the United States.

HENTZ, MRS. CAROLINE LEE (WHITING), author and teacher, was born in 1800, in Lancaster Hill, Mass., and died in 1856, at Marianna, Fla., where she is buried; daughter of Colonel John Whiting of the Revolutionary Army, and sister of three brothers who fought in the War of 1812. Reverend Samuel Whiting, an ancestor, was prominent in early Colonial times. The family came to America from England. At twelve years of age the future celebrity began writing juvenile plays and stories. "Gessimentia; or The Enchanted Ring," and "Eveline, a Tragedy," were pro-

duced for the pleasure of her schoolmates at that time. Her marriage to an educator and scientific writer furnished a congenial atmosphere for Mrs. Hentz. In 1826 she accompanied her husband to Chapel Hill, N. C.; where he held the chair of modern languages and Belles-Lettres, in the State University. Four years later they removed to Covington, Ky., where they jointly conducted a school, and where she wrote "De Lara; or The Moorish Bride; A Tragedy," a play successfully produced at the Arch Street theatre, Philadelphia, Pa. A second play, "Lamora," a tragedy of Indian life followed, and this in turn by "Constance of Werdenburg." In 1832 the Hentz family removed to Cincinnati, Ohio, where her talent was encouraged by intellectual contemporaries, the period in her career bringing forth magazine articles and poems, as well as her novel, "Lovell's Folly." It was in 1834 that Mr. and Mrs. Hentz, with their four children came to Alabama, locating in Florence where they taught. In 1843 they removed to Tuscaloosa, and while there she wrote "Aunt Patty's Scrap Bag," and a number of poems. Two years later they opened a school at Tuskegee. In 1848 they removed to Columbus, Ga., and during that year "The Mob-Cap" appeared. Her husband's health gave way and both were forced to abandon teaching, the wife supporting the family with her writings. In 1850, "Linda," was published. Two years later the couple, with their younger children removed to Marianna, Fla., having been preceded there by the two elder children. This year, 1852, "Marcus Warland; or the Long Moss Spring," and "Eoline; or Magnolia Vale," were published. The following books rapidly succeeded each other: "Miss Thusa's Spinning Wheel"; "Wild Jack"; "Helen and Arthur"; "The Planter's Northern Bride"; "Robert Graham"; two volumes of stories, dialogues, poems and sketches compiled from earlier writings. For an amateur dramatic club of Quincy she wrote the play, "Don Carlos de Castro." Her last works were "Courtship and Marriage" and "Ernest Lynwood," published in 1856. Married: September 30, 1824, in Lancaster, Mass., to Nicholas Marcellus Hentz, a native of France, member of a prominent family of that country, and himself a man of culture, a teacher and author. Children: Four were born of the union. Last residence: Marianna, Fla.

HICKS, JOHN HILLIARD, business man, was born June 19, 1858, in Coosa County and died January 6, 1919, at Talladega; son of Charles Ragan and Nancy Eliza (Porter) Hicks, the former removed to Alabama from Georgia in 1854, and served for the entire duration of the War of Secession as sergeant of the 60th Alabama infantry regiment, C. S. Army; grandson of Johnson H. and Nancy (Ragan) Hicks, of Troupe County, Ga., and of John and Nancy (McLane) Porter of Troupe County, Ga. The Porters are of English descent, their ancestors having settled in Clarke County, Ga., while the Hicks ancestors, also from England, settled on Long Island, N. Y. Mr. Hicks was educated in

the schools at Bethany, Coosa County. He began his business career at the age of eighteen when he rented a farm, making enough money to enter the mercantile business the following year. In 1880 he removed to Talladega where he continued the mercantile business, later entered the shoe business and also became a cotton buyer. In 1899 he built the Highland City cotton mills and in 1909 bought the Chinabee cotton mill. He was president of the Talladega national bank from the time of its establishment in 1905 until his death and was a trustee of the Alabama school for deaf and blind for a number of years. He was a Democrat, and a Methodist having been a member of the board of stewards for over thirty years. Married: September 20, 1881, at Munford, to Mary, daughter of Bryant and Ellen (Camp) Pearce; granddaughter of Joseph Camp, a pioneer settler in Talladega County, and a Methodist minister. Children: 1. Walter Clifton, m. Daisie Camp; 2. Mary Elizabeth, m. William Laurence Dumas; 3. Bertha Louise; 4. Gladys; 5. James Lewis, m. Natalie Stokes. Last residence: Talladega.

INGALLS, ROBERT INGERSOLL, manufacturer, was born October 27, 1882, at Huntsville, Ohio; son of Horace P. and Flora B. (Bimel) Ingalls, the former a native of New Hampshire, a graduate of Dartmouth college, a noted scientist and collector for natural history museums, and a contributor to the Cincinnati and Philadelphia Zoological collections; grandson of Daniel Tapley Ingalls, a soldier of the War of 1812. Robert I. Ingalls was educated in the public schools of Huntsville, O., and at the Ohio northern university, at Ada, O. He began his business career at Dayton, as a clerk for S. J. Patterson, coal operator, and later became financially interested in the Patterson coal mines in West Virginia. In 1910 he came to Alabama, locating in Birmingham, having bought a half interest in the old Richard iron works which became the Ingalls iron works company upon his acquisition of the whole property. A new plant was completed in 1914 which has since been enlarged to many times its original size and in 1918 a large additional tract of land for plant extension was acquired. It is the largest plant of its kind in the South, structural steel fabricators being made. Offices are maintained in New York and New Orleans and at the same time agencies are maintained in the South, Southeast, and Cuba. An export business to France, Central America, South America and Cuba has also been developed.

In November, 1916, Mr. Ingalls organized the American forging company, which manufactures drop forgings, and is the only plant of its kind south of Richmond, Va. This company manufactured row locks, sister hooks and general ship fittings for the United States government during the World War. It is at the present engaged in the manufacture of automobile parts and accessories. In 1917 he also became interested in the Birmingham machine and foundry company.

Mr. Ingalls is president of the American forging company and of the Ingalls iron works; member Rotary Club, a Mason; and a Shriner.

Married: April 14, 1908, to Ellen, daughter of M. J. Gregg, of Birmingham. Children: 1. Robert Ingersoll, jr. Residence: Birmingham.

JOHNSON, CRAWFORD TOY, business man, was born May 20, 1873, at Danville, Va. At an early age he removed to Oxford, Miss., where he received his early education and graduated from the University of Mississippi at the age of seventeen. He removed to Chattanooga, Tenn., where he engaged in the real estate and insurance business, was for eight years deputy clerk of the United States court at that place, and later became interested in the merchandise brokerage business. In 1902 he removed to Alabama, locating in Birmingham, where he established the Birmingham Coca Cola bottling company, a business he has carried on with marked success since that time. He is a large investor in Birmingham real estate and director, First national bank of Birmingham and of the Farmers' and Ginners' cotton company. In 1915 he was elected president of the Birmingham chamber of commerce which was then in debt and which he most successfully managed, bringing it again to a solid financial condition. Secretary William G. McAdoo, on November 19, 1917, appointed him State director for Alabama for war savings, a position he filled with much credit until the close of the World War. He is a Baptist; Knight Templar; Mason, and a Shriner. Married: in 1897, to Caroline Acree, of Chattanooga, Tenn. Children: 1. Crawford Toy, jr., student Yale university at outbreak of World War, assigned to naval aviation section, received training at Seattle, Wash., quartermaster of unit, and discharged at New Orleans, La.; 2. Allen A. Residence: Birmingham.

JORDAN, MORTIMER HARVIE, physician and captain, American Expeditionary Forces, was born November 15, 1881, in Birmingham, died July 31, 1918, at Evacuation hospital No. 7, and is buried at Coulommiers, Seine, France; son of Dr. Mortimer Harvie and Florence Earle (Mudd) Jordan (q. v.). Captain Jordan received his early education in the schools of Birmingham, attended the University of Alabama, 1898-1902, and graduated from the medical department of Tulane university with the degree of M. D. He located in Birmingham and made a specialty of skin diseases. He was captain of Co. K, Fourth Alabama infantry regiment, National Guard, from November, 1915, to June, 1916, and commanded that company during border service at Nogales, Arizona, June, 1916, to March, 1917. He went overseas during the European War, as captain of Co. K, 167th Regiment, Rainbow Division. After a course of study in France at the staff school in Lorgues, he was transferred to headquarters as intelligence and operation officer. He was mortally wounded on July 28, 1918, by high explosives at the Ourcq River. He was awarded the distinguished service cross for extraordinary heroism near Souian, France, July 16, 1918. Seeing a private of his company wounded by shell fire, Captain Jordan left his shelter and rushed to the aid of the wounded. After administering first aid, he carried him through

the terrific bombardment a distance of one hundred and fifty yards to a place of safety. He was a Democrat; Episcopalian; and a member of the Phi Delta Theta college fraternity. Married: June 9, 1909, in Birmingham, to Lucile, daughter of Judge Zell and Lella (Dulin) Gaston, of Greenville, Butler County, later of Birmingham; granddaughter of Adam Baty and Sophia (McMullin) Dulin, and of Zell Gaston; great-granddaughter of Lucius C. and Amanda J. (Rawls) Gaston, of Barbour County. Children: 1. Mortimer H.; 2. Lucile Gaston. Last residence: Birmingham.

LINTHICUM, EDWIN ERNEST, manufacturer, was born October 6, 1886, near Ellicott City, Howard County, Md.; son of George Washington and Katherine T. (Webb) Linthicum, the former a native of Montgomery County, Md., a member of a Maryland regiment during the War of Secession who removed to Catoosa, Ga., in 1870, where he engaged in the milling business, and about 1887 removed to Alabama, locating at Birmingham; grandson of Philip and Eleanor (McElfresh) Linthicum, of Montgomery County, Md., and of Joseph and Elizabeth (Kellar) Webb, of Ellicott City, Md. The Linthicum family of America are all descendants of Thomas and Jane Linthicum, of Wales, who emigrated to the Colony of Maryland in 1858. Members of this family saw service during the Revolutionary War. Edwin E. Linthicum received a common school education and finished at Oxford college, Oxford, Ala. He began his business career at Jenifer as station agent and telegraph operator for the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad. He entered the service of the Radford pipe and foundry company, at Anniston, in 1889, remaining with this company for thirteen years, the last six as resident manager. This company in the meantime had been acquired by the United States cast iron pipe and foundry company. In 1905 he removed to Birmingham, where he was general manager of the construction of the plant of the American cast iron pipe company. In 1912, upon the organization of the National cast iron pipe company, he was elected vice-president and general manager until 1921, at which time he became president of this company. He is a Democrat; a Rotarian; and an elder in the First Christian church of Birmingham. Married: December 25, 1894, to Clara Mae, daughter of Henry and Henrietta Stoffregen, of Talladega County, Md. Children: 1. Helen Mae; 2. Katherine Louise; 3. son, deceased. Residence: Birmingham.

MANNING, FREDERICK HAUGHTON, president Alabama School for deaf and blind, was born February 11, 1859, at Mintonville, N. C.; son of William Henry and Rebeka (Trotman) Manning, the former a native of Edenton, N. C., who was educated at the Edenton male academy, studied law, removed to Alabama locating in Troy where he practiced his profession, later becoming county judge, returned to North Carolina in 1847, becoming a planter in Gates County, served as member of the North Carolina house of representatives in 1862, conducted a military training class during the War of

Secession with the rank of captain, member of state senate, and a Baptist; grandson of Joseph Manning, who moved from Princess Anne County, Va., to Edenton, N. C., and of Rev. Quinton Hollowell Trotman. Mr. Manning received his early education in the rural schools of Gates County, N. C., and attended Sunbury academy, Sunbury, N. C., for one year. In 1881 he entered the preparatory department of Wake Forest College, N. C., graduating in 1887 with the degree of M. A., serving during his senior year as college librarian and editor of the college magazine, "The Wake Forest Student." He began his professional career in 1887 as assistant principal, Vine Hill male academy, N. C., becoming principal during the same year. In 1888 he was appointed a teacher in the blind department of the Colorado school for the deaf and blind. He removed to Alabama in 1895 upon his appointment as resident superintendent of the Alabama school for the deaf and blind, and became president in 1913 upon the death of Dr. J. H. Johnson. He is a Democrat; Baptist; and a Mason. Married. (1) December 25, 1889, at Colorado Springs, Colo., to Mrs. Anne (Cummings) Wing, who died in January, 1913, daughter of Col. George and Anne (Haynes) Cummings, of Bangor, Me., and a direct descendant of the Scottish chieftain, "The Black Comyn"; (2) September 2, 1914, to Ida, daughter of Rufus Morgan Henderson, a prominent business man of Talladega. Mrs. Manning died February 7, 1919. Children: by first wife, 1. Thomas Cummings, student Marion Military institute and University of Alabama, served in France during the World war as second lieutenant, headquarters company, 32nd brigade heavy artillery and was twice cited for promotion. Residence: Talladega.

MCADORY, ISAAC WELLINGTON, educator, legislator, and Confederate soldier, was born September 17, 1843, at Pleasant Hill, Jefferson County; son of Thomas and Emily Elmore (Owen) McAdory, the former a native of Hopkinsville, Christian County, Ky., later removed to Jonesboro, Jefferson County, Ala., where he became a slave-holding planter, militia officer, justice of the peace for many years, commissioner of Jefferson County, and a teacher for a short while; grandson of Thomas and Celia (McAshan), McAdory, both natives of Ireland, settled in Hopkinsville, Ky., from whence they moved to the present site of Birmingham, Jefferson County in 1817, and after the former's death his widow married William Prude, and of Thomas and Mary (Elmore) Owen who lived at Russellville, later going to Okalona, Miss., where he died in 1849, his widow removing to Jefferson County, where she died in 1852; great-grandson of David and Lucy (McGraw) Owen, natives of South Carolina, who later removed to Russellville; great-great-grandson of Thomas Owen of Virginia and of Samuel and Alice (Walker) McGraw of Richmond, Va. The original American ancestor was Thomas Owen, a native of Wales. Professor McAdory's early education was received at Salem academy, Jefferson County, his teachers being Jacob H. Baker, the pioneer educator in that county, and later Henry and Benjamin Meek, and John



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Rockett. The academy consisted of two large two-storied buildings, a male and a female academy, also a large dormitory. The schools were well equipped with the best furniture, laboratory apparatus, etc. John Rockett was teacher in 1861, when he left to join the Confederate Army. The school opened again in 1864, taught by Miss Carrie McAdory, sister of Professor I. W. McAdory. In 1868 the buildings were burned. On returning from the army after the surrender Professor McAdory secured a contract to teach a ten months school at Bucks-ville, Tuscaloosa County. The next year as the University had been burned by the Federal troops, he attended a school in Tuscaloosa, taught in Odd Fellows hall, by Professor Benjamin Meek, under whom he studied Latin, Greek and higher mathematics. In 1868 he opened school at Pleasant Hill, near McCalla, Jefferson County, where he continued to teach until 1889, at which latter date he was made county superintendent of education of Jefferson County, an office to which he was successively re-elected until 1913 when he retired to his old home and farm at Pleasant Hill. In that simple rural school at Pleasant Hill many men and women received their academic education. From there went forth men who became renowned as ministers, lawyers, physicians, financiers and State officials, among them Thomas M. Owen, deceased, Alabama's historian, and Governor Hogg of Texas. After retiring from his educational labors, which covered a period of fifty years, Professor McAdory was made chairman of the board of trustees of the new "McAdory high school," named in his honor, and which had succeeded the old Pleasant Hill school. Although not a candidate Professor McAdory was popularly nominated on the Democratic ticket and elected a member of the Alabama legislature, 1886-87. During his three years of active service in the Confederate Army he rose through the successive grades of corporal, sergeant, lieutenant and for twelve months commander of Co. H, 28th Alabama regiment, Manegault's Brigade, Hindman's Division, Polk's Corps, Army of the Tennessee. In February, 1865, the 24th, 28th and 34th regiments were consolidated and became the Twenty-fourth Alabama regiment. At the time of the surrender of General Joseph Johnston, at High Point, near Greensboro, N. C., April 26, 1865, he was first lieutenant, Co. K, and in command of that company in the 24th Alabama consolidated regiment. He actively participated in the fighting from Corinth, Miss., through the Kentucky campaigns, was at Murfreesboro, Chattanooga, Chickamauga, Missionary Ridge, Orchard Knob, Dalton, Atlanta, Bentonville and Greensboro, N. C. He walked most of the way back home during May, 1865, and went to work on his father's farm, and hauling government cotton to Montevallo, which at that time was the nearest railroad point.

Professor McAdory was practically the first county superintendent of education in Alabama to devote his entire time to the work of supervision of schools, going constantly from one community to the next, aiding the people through cooperation to build their own school

houses, for at that time there was no public fund available for this purpose. The consolidation of the one-room schools was begun in this period. Under his administration traveling libraries were circulated in the county and teachers' institutes were held over the county at frequent intervals. A far reaching movement was begun in 1907 under his leadership, resulting in 1913 in having the subjects of music, art, manual training and home economics included in the course of study for the school children in the rural districts of Jefferson County. "Build the bridge of life as broad as possible for the country child," was a motto adopted by him, for he believed the children in the country should not have their vision limited by their immediate environment, but should be encouraged to enter any field of activity for which they might, through the opportunities of school, find themselves gifted. That the negro children should be given a fair deal, was a principle of justice for which Professor McAdory worked both while in the legislature as a member of the committee on education, and during the time he was superintendent of education. His attitude towards his teachers was one of true friendship, and a companionship which resulted in the close co-operation between the teachers was largely instrumental in building up the great system of schools, which in 1913, at the time Professor McAdory retired from office, was turned over to his successor. Married: May 4, 1874, at Pleasant Hill, to Alice Eulalia, daughter of Isaac Wellington and Martha (Prude) Sadler, of that place, a graduate of the Tuscaloosa female college, and for several years a teacher; granddaughter of William Rose and Nancy (Moreland) Sadler, the former a Virginian, highly educated, a practical engineer, the latter a native of Westmoreland County, N. C., and after their marriage in the latter place they removed, in 1816, to Alabama, and settled at Old Jonesboro, where the Thomas Brothers were at the same time starting a silk industry, the original house still stands, it later having become the home of Colonel Jim McAdory. The maternal grandparents were John and Margaret (Whitmore) Prude, the former a native of London, England, the latter of Lawrence County, S. C. They removed to Alabama after their marriage in the latter place and settled at the Neighbors, or Nabor's Spring, Jefferson County, but he returned to Tennessee on business and died there in 1817. The great-grandparents were John and Alice (Garrett) Whitmore, the former losing his life in the Revolutionary War. Children: 1. Wellington Prude, physician, m. Lillie Bell Hunt, Birmingham; 2. Emily, died in infancy; 3. Thomas Hennington, lawyer, died 1913, Birmingham; 4. Isaac Sadler, professor of anatomy and histology in the college of veterinary surgery, Alabama polytechnic institute, m. Mrs. Cora (Hardie) Scott, Auburn; 5. Martha Caroline, m. Lawrence Otis Caldwell, Bristol, Tenn.; 6. Joseph Elmore, died in infancy; 7. Margaret Eulalia, director of the Art department of the Jefferson County schools, Birmingham; 8. Jasper David, died in infancy; 9. Richard Rose, soldier in the World war,

teacher and farmer, m. Louise Brady who is now deceased, Pleasant Hill. Residence: Pleasant Hill, Jefferson County.

MCADORY, WALTER KENNON, business man and public official, was born December 17, 1868, at Jonesboro, Jefferson County; son of Thomas and Jane Acre (Kennon) McAdory, natives respectively of Christian County, Ky., and Tuscaloosa County; grandson of Richard Lewis and Helen Elder (Emond) Kennon, the former served as a soldier in the Seminole War in Florida and died in that state about 1831 or 1832, the latter was born in Petersburg, Va., in 1806, her parents being Scotch emigrants; brother of I. W. McAdory (q. v.). Mr. McAdory was educated in the public schools of Jonesboro, and at the academy of Prof. I. W. McAdory. He served as City tax collector and assessor of Bessemer, 1889; was alderman of Bessemer, 1891-92; clerk of the circuit court of Jefferson County, 1898-1911; sheriff of Jefferson County, 1911-1915; and explosives inspector U. S. Government, 1917 to 1919. Mr. McAdory is now engaged in business in Birmingham. He is a Democrat; Methodist; Odd Fellow; and Mason. Married: January 1, 1890, at Morton, Miss., to Daisy, daughter of Capt. H. W. and Mary Elizabeth Crook, of Bessemer. She is a descendant of the Crook, Flowers and Barry families of South Carolina. Children: 1. Wallace Crook, lawyer, Birmingham; 2. Helen Kennon, m. Carlton Pope Smith, Birmingham; 3. Robert Kennon; 4. Richard Lewis; 5. Mary Elizabeth. Residence: Birmingham.

MCCLARY, JOHN BLACKBURN, business man, was born February 4, 1857, in McMinn County, Tenn.; son of Rufus and Sarah (Blackburn) McClary. He was educated at Bethany high school, Tenn. From the age of sixteen to the age of nineteen he was engaged in clerking, and at the latter age became a journalist. He removed to Alabama in 1877 and began his business career as timekeeper for the Eureka company at Helena; in 1879 became outside manager of the Oxmoor furnaces; assistant superintendent for Pratt coal and iron company, 1881; assistant superintendent Tennessee coal, iron and railroad company; later general manager of Birmingham railway light and water company; general manager, Sheffield railway light and water company; and is now president Yolande coal and coke company, Abertan coal company, New Connellsville coal and coke company, and Yolande mercantile company. He is a Methodist; Mason; Democrat; member Southern, Edgewood Country, and Birmingham newspaper clubs, and chamber of commerce of Birmingham. Married: in 1881, to Lucy, daughter of Patrick H. Brittan (q. v.). Children: 1. Wallace; 2. Lucile; 3. Helen. Residence: Birmingham.

MCCREARY, JOHN ABSALON, physician, was born November 11, 1832, ten miles east of Evergreen, Conecuh County, and died April 26, 1909, at Evergreen; son of John Adam McCreary who was born in 1802 in Barnwell District, S. C., and removed in 1818 to Old Town, Cone-

cuh County; grandson of Adam McCreary, of South Carolina who removed to Conecuh County, Ala., in 1818. Dr. McCreary received his early education in Brooklyn and in Evergreen. He spent one year at a medical college in Cincinnati, O., and graduated at Tulane University, New Orleans, La., in 1860, beginning the practice at Sparta the same year. Later he located at Evergreen of which town he was twice mayor and was elected treasurer of Conecuh County for one term. He was surgeon in Co. H., 2nd Alabama Cavalry, C. S. Army, and remained in the service until honorably discharged at the end of the war. He was a Democrat, a Baptist and a Knight of Pythias. Married: (1) October 14, 1860, at Brooklyn, Ala., to Marcella Hunter, daughter of Asa and Eliza (Feagin) Johnston who lived near Brooklyn, Ala.; granddaughter of Aaron Feagin who removed from Georgia to Alabama, settling in Brooklyn in 1818; (2) December 24, 1871, near Belleville, to Sara Elizabeth, daughter of John Whatley Ethridge of that place. Children: by first wife, 1. Ernest, deceased, m. Maggie E. Crumpton; 2. Edward Johnston, m. Mary Eudora Henderson, Evergreen; 3. John Asa; 4. Marcella Low, deceased; by second wife, 5. Lorenza Ethridge, deceased; 6. Marcellus, m. Augusta Evans Crum, Magdalena, N. M.; 7. William Augustus, deceased, m. Carrie Pauline Lazenby; 8. Lizzie Estelle, m. John Tom Gaillard; 9. Mattie Low, m. Elmer Brown Donald, Evergreen. Last residence: Evergreen.

McKELLAR, KENNETH, Democrat, of Memphis; born in Richmond, Dallas County, Ala.; B. S., M. A., LL. B., and LL. D. (honorary), 1918, University of Alabama; lawyer; bachelor; Presidential elector 1904; delegated to Democratic national convention 1908; elected November 9, 1911, to fill the unexpired term of Gen. George W. Gordon, deceased, in the Sixty-second Congress; elected to the Sixty-third Congress, and reelected to the Sixty-fourth Congress; nominated as a Democratic candidate for United States Senator in a State-wide primary on November 20—December 15, 1915, by a majority of 21,727 votes in the run-off; elected to the United States Senate on November 7, 1916. Elected as delegate at large to the national Democratic convention at San Francisco. His term of service will expire March 3, 1923.

MCQUEEN, JAMES WILLIAM, president Sloss-Sheffield steel and iron company, was born April 15, 1866, at Society Hill, S. C.; son of John and Sarah E. (Pickens) McQueen; brother of John McQueen (q. v.). Mr. McQueen was educated in the private schools of Daniel Collier and Col. Joseph A. Taylor. At the age of sixteen he entered a bank at Eutaw as clerk. In 1884 he became agent of the Alabama Great southern railroad, serving at Eutaw, Tuscaloosa, and other points until 1890, when he removed to Birmingham in order to accept the position of train dispatcher for the same company. After one year's service in this capacity, in 1891 he became a member of the transportation department of the Sloss

iron and steel company. In 1892 he became auditor; in 1897 was appointed secretary and treasurer, and in 1902 he became vice-president and later was made president. Married: April 11, 1889, at Woodstock, to Lydia, daughter of Giles and Salina N. (Evans) Edwards, the former born September 26, 1824, at Merthyr Tydvil, in Galmorganshire, South Wales, received his technical training from the Croziers, at Dowlais, becoming an expert in mechanical drawing, emigrated to America with his father in 1842 after the death of his mother, locating in Carbondale, Penn., later at Scranton and other Pennsylvania iron industry towns, removed to Tennessee in 1859, and to Alabama in March, 1862, when he reconstructed the Shelby iron works, where in 1864, the plates for the armor of the ironclad ram, "Tennessee," were rolled, became agent in 1871 of the Thomas interests, bought lands for the Pioneer mining and manufacturing company, made iron at Tannehill and later built a furnace of his own at Woodstock. Children: 1. Giles Edward, m. Mary Kate Randle Cherry; 2. James William, jr. Residence: Birmingham.

MONNISH, FREDERICK WILLIAM, financial and real estate dealer, was born September 18, 1859, at Frankfort-on-Main, Germany, died September 3, 1920, near Asheville, N. C., and is buried in Tuscaloosa; son of Alexander William and Johanna (Koeppel) Monnish, of Ilbershausen, Germany, the former secretary of postoffices to the Grand Duke of Hessa, and a descendant of a long line of Lutheran clergymen; grandson of Dr. C. F. and Marie (Robert) Koeppel; great-grandson of Lieutenant Robert, a member of the army of Napoleon I, who located in North Germany after service. He received his education under the direction of tutors and in the schools of Germany. At the age of sixteen he came to America. He was president of the Tuscaloosa coal, iron and land company and of the East End realty company. For a number of terms he was an alderman of Tuscaloosa. He was a Democrat; a Baptist; director of Southern Baptist assembly, Ridgecrest, N. C.; trustee of Alabama central female college, Tuscaloosa; life member, American Red Cross; director, Tuscaloosa board of trade; director, Merchants bank and trust company; and a member of the American commission to investigate rural credit of European countries, assembled by the Southern Commercial Congress, touring Europe for three months. Married: February 27, 1885, at Olmsted, to Lillian, daughter of Sage Elisha and Harriet (Judson) Olmsted, of that place, the latter the cousin of Adoniram Judson, the famous Baptist missionary for whom Judson college was named. The Judson family held land charters direct from an English king. The Olmsteds were among the founders of Hartford, Conn. Children: 1. Honor, m. Walter Hilliard Nicol, Tuscaloosa; 2. Mina, m. William David Johnston, jr., Boligee; 3. Dorothy Lillian, of Tuscaloosa. Last residence: Tuscaloosa.

MUNGER, ROBERT SYLVESTER, manufacturer and capitalist, was born July 24, 1854, at Rutersville, Fayette County, Tex.; son of Henry Martin and Jane Catherine (McNutt) Munger, of Mexia, Tex., the former a merchant and a farmer and who served in the C. S. Army, War of Secession. Robert S. Munger attended Trinity university, Tehnacana, Tex., for two and one half years. For a number of years he was a resident of Dallas, Tex., and while there opened one of the most beautiful suburban additions known as "Munger Place" and was also connected with the Munger improved cotton machine manufacturing company. Since removing to Alabama he has resided in Birmingham and was one of the organizers of the Munger improved cotton machine manufacturing company in 1887 and of the Northington-Munger-Pratt company in 1892. The cotton gin invention of Mr. Munger known as the "Munger system" has won for him more than a national reputation. At the World's Columbian exposition in 1893 this system won the ten gold medals for which it competed. He is now president of the Continental gin company which was formed by a consolidation of the Pratt, Munger, Smith, Winship, and Eagle companies and which has factories at Dallas, Tex., Atlanta, Ga., Avondale, Birmingham, Bridgewater, and Prattville.

Mr. Munger is a Methodist and in 1921 made a contribution of \$100,000 to the Christian education movement. He gave to Southern Methodist University, Dallas, Tex., \$25,000 and fifty acres of land. He also gave the great athletic bowl which bears his name to Birmingham-Southern college. He is a member of the board of trustees of Birmingham-Southern college. Mr. and Mrs. Munger have given to the Walker Memorial church, of which he is a steward, \$10,000 for the site, \$15,000 to the building fund, and a handsome pipe organ. He led in the movement to erect a Y. M. C. A. building, was president about ten years and is now vice president. He was one of the committee which erected the Representative Methodist church, Washington, D. C.

Married: May 2, 1878, at Austin, Tex., to Mary, daughter of Capt. J. H. and Eliza (Daviss) Collett, of that place. Children: 1. Collett H., m. Ioma Dumas, Dallas, Tex.; 2. Rolley C., superintendent of the Continental gin company, of Birmingham, m. Minnie (Etherly) Hood; 3. Eugene, m. Roberta Connor; 4. Rosa, m. Paul H. Earle, Birmingham; 5. Ruby, m. Alex C. Montgomery, Birmingham; 6. Leonidas R., m. Rose P. McDavid, daughter of E. R. McDavid (c. v.), Birmingham; 7. Mary C., m. Robert G. Thach, son of Robert H. Thach (c. v.); 8. Margaret, m. Hayden Brooks, Birmingham. Residence: Birmingham.

MURFEE, WALTER LEE, college president, was born February 14, 1880, at Marion, Perry County; son of James Thomas and Laura (Owen) Murfee, (c. v.); grandson of James Wilson and Anne Parker Murfee, who lived in Southampton County, Va., and of Hopson and Agnes Payne (Williams) Owen of Tuscaloosa. Professor Murfee was educated at the Marion military institute, and grad-

uated at the University of Virginia, with the B. A. degree, 1899, and M. A., 1900. He did graduate work in chemistry at the University of Chicago; was editor of the University of Virginia magazine and of "College Topics." He was a professor in the Marion Institute faculty, 1900 to 1906; comptroller and superintendent, 1906 to 1917, since which date he has been president. He was active during the period of the World War in organizing committees and making addresses in behalf of liberty loans, Red Cross, and other campaigns. He is a Democrat, and member of the Perry County executive committee of that party; a Baptist, and a Mason. Under the joint administration of Walter L. Murfee and his brother Hopson Owen Murfee, Marion Institute has established a national reputation, and draws patronage from every State and Territory of the Union and from foreign countries. Their contribution to education in Alabama has been unique, and through them some of the best educators of the times have been brought to the State. Married: June 5, 1902, at Charlottesville, Va., to Mary Turner, daughter of Charles A. and Lizzie (Kirkpatrick) Graves, who lived at Lexington and Charlottesville, the former a graduate at eighteen years of age of Washington and Lee, and was professor in that college for nearly forty years, and is now professor of law at the University of Virginia; granddaughter of James L. Kirkpatrick, a Presbyterian minister, who was at one time president of Davidson college, N. C. Children: 1. Elizabeth Graves; 2. James Thomas; 3. Agnes Owen. Residence: Marion.

NELSON, FRANK, JR., business man, was born February 17, 1865, about a mile and a quarter from the county seat of Shelby County; son of Hardy S. and Sarah A. (Elliott) Nelson, both natives of the same locality, the former who in addition to operating a plantation was also a merchant at Columbiana. His grandfather came from South Carolina to Alabama in the early days. Frank Nelson, Jr., still continues the junior part of his name, being the namesake of an uncle now deceased, although the title properly belongs to his youngest son. He received his education in Shelby County and on Saturdays worked in his father's store. When thirteen years of age he moved to Columbiana, boarding with a brother-in-law, going to school during the week and working in the store on Saturdays; he prepared for the University of Alabama at Oxford College, Oxford, and completed his education at the State university. Returning to Columbiana he engaged in merchandising, the manufacture of charcoal and lumber which he continued for a number of years; removed from Shelby County to Bibb County and engaged in the manufacture of charcoal on an extensive scale, the product being shipped to furnaces at Briarfield, Shelby and Rome, and for several years was also in the banking business at Anniston. In 1902 he removed to Birmingham in order to look after some property interests he had acquired; the first year developed that property, located in Central Birmingham and at the West End; became president of the North Birmingham

Land Company, an office he has continued to hold; and through his personal efforts some thirty manufacturing plants have been located in North Birmingham, some being among the largest in the Birmingham district, including the American Cast Iron Pipe Company, the American Radiator Company, Kilby Frog & Switch Company, the American Sewer Pipe Company, the United States Cast Iron Pipe Company and the By-Products Plant of the Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron Company. In 1905 Mr. Nelson and associates bought and developed the Empire Coal Company, it being the largest producer of Black Creek coal and manufacturers of coke in the Birmingham district and proved to be one of the most profitable independent coal companies in Alabama. For ten years he was president and one of the owners; sold the entire property in 1915; about 1911 organized the Bryan Coal Corporation and has been its only president; with associates he purchased the Burnwell Coal Mining Company and the Samoset Coal Company in 1916, becoming president of both companies; bought a controlling interest in the Acme Laundry Company, which organization he perfected about 1912; in 1915 he built a modern plant which is the most complete and up-to-date institution of its kind in the south. He is one of the largest owners of central property in Birmingham, owning some of the most valuable down town corners. He was one of the organizers of the Traders National Bank, has since served on its board of directors; is a director in a number of other substantial business concerns; and has been connected with many enterprises having the distinctive civic and social betterment of the community in view. He is a member of the Southern, Roebuck and Country Clubs; was president of the Chamber of Commerce in 1909; and is a member of the Presbyterian church. Married: Miss Olive Leeper, daughter of Judge Theo Leeper of Columbiana. Children: 1. Theo L., a graduate of the University of Alabama and of Lehigh, who in the World War served as first lieutenant in the Coast Artillery in France; 2. Frank III, a graduate of Lawrenceville Preparatory School of New York and for three and a half years attended Yale University, leaving school in his senior year to take the special aviation course in the Boston School of Technology, and during the latter part of 1918 was stationed at a flying field in Florida; 3. Margaret, completed the course at the Allen School in Birmingham, graduated with honors from Shipley School at Bryn Mawr, Pa., after which she attended the Comstock School in New York city. Residence: Birmingham.

NESBITT, C. H., chief mine inspector of the State of Alabama, is a native Alabamian and was educated in this State. He has held responsible positions with the Galloway coal company, Empire coal and coke company, Lacy-Buick iron company, and the Sloss-Sheffield steel and iron company. On April 20, 1911, Gov. Emmet O'Neal appointed him chief mine inspector of the State of Alabama, a position he has held ever since. He is a member of the Mining engineering association and of the ex-



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ecutive committee of the Mine inspectors institute. He is married. Residence: Birmingham.

NORTHINGTON, WILLIAM THOMAS, lawyer and manufacturer, was born October 23, 1851, at Prattville, died in Birmingham, and is buried in Prattville; son of William H. and Rachel M. (Golson) Northington, the former a native of Mecklenburg County, Va., who came to Alabama about 1840, located at Prattville, where he took up the practice of law, entered the C. S. Army as a captain and for some time was stationed at Fort Morgan, but on account of his advanced age did not enter active service; grandson of John S. and Mary (Rex) Northington, the former of English descent, and a planter of Mecklenburg County, Va., and of Jasper and Rebecca (Pou) Golson, the former a planter of Autauga County. William T. Northington received his early education in the schools of Prattville. He received his college education at Auburn, later attended Emory and Henry college of Virginia, and in 1871 graduated from the law department of the University of Virginia. Returning to Prattville he entered into a law partnership with his father. In 1882, he became connected with the Daniel Pratt gin company, of Prattville, and in 1889 became president of the Continental gin company, of which the Daniel Pratt gin company became a part, resigning in 1903. He was also president of the Prattville cotton mill and banking company organized in 1887; of the Autauga banking and trust company organized in 1900; and also of the Northington-Munger-Pratt company, of Birmingham. He was a director of the Southern and North Alabama railroad company, vice-president of the Montgomery and Prattville railroad company, and a director of the Birmingham trust and savings company. He was a Mason; Knight of Pythias; Knight of Honor; a Methodist; and a Democrat. Married: June 23, 1872, to Ella, daughter of Dr. Samuel P. and Adelaide (Allen) Smith (q. v.). Children: 1. William S., deceased; 2. Merrill Pratt, m. Mary Gaines Earle; 3. Allen, m. Kemper Welch, Prattville; 4. Eugene, physician, graduate Universities of Alabama and Virginia, private Spanish-American war; 5. Adelaide, m. John McQueen, Tuscaloosa; 6. Dora, m. Dr. Alfred Walker, of Birmingham; 7. Edward, m. Genie Smith, daughter of McQueen Smith (q. v.); 8. Julia, m. Fetzle Hule, Prattville; 9. Samuel, deceased. Last residence: Prattville.

OBERNDORF, ABRAHAM, business man, was born at Emreuth, Bavaria; son of Jacob and Eleonora Oberndorf, natives of Germany. Abraham Oberndorf received his education in the country schools and in the commercial college at Fuerth, Germany. He entered the mercantile business at the age of thirteen years; came to the United States in 1854; clerked in Talladega, from 1856-57; entered into general merchandising business in Oxford in 1857. In 1861 he joined Co. H, Tenth Alabama Infantry regiment and was with that company two years, then being promoted to the commissary department under Major A. Y. Goodwin of Selma.

He is a democrat and in 1859 became a Mason, joining the lodge of Oxford. Married: December, 1863, at Oxford, to Georgia Anna Wilson, daughter of Joseph Patten Wilson, who established an academy in Oxford and Senator Morgan was one of his pupils. Residence: Chanute.

OWEN, THOMAS, planter, was born February 24, 1789, in Abbeville district, S. C., and died August 29, 1849, in Oklahoma, Miss.; son of Rev. David and Lucy (McCraw) Owen, the former who was born July 9, 1760, and removed to Russellville from South Carolina where his death occurred June 20, 1830, and the latter who was born April 25, 1765, and died February 29, 1852; grandson of Thomas Owen who lived in Virginia and of Samuel and Alice (Walker) McCraw who lived in Richmond, Va. The first ancestor in this country, Thomas Owen came from Wales and settled in Richmond, Va. He had two sons John and Thomas, II, and John became the father of Thomas, III, the grandfather of Thomas Owen, IV. Throughout his life time Thomas Owen was a rich and prosperous farmer in Franklin and Jefferson counties and his death occurred while residing on his large plantation between Oklahoma, Miss., and Cotton Gin, Miss. During his three years residence in Jefferson county, he held the office of justice of the peace. He was a Methodist. Married: May 16, 1811, to Mary Eliza Elmore, a native of South Carolina and a daughter of William Elmore, a Quaker. The Elmores are an old and honored family both in South Carolina and Alabama. Children: 1. Thomas Hennington, b. October 16, 1814, d. in Jefferson county, April 1, 1884, m. (1) Melissa Rose Sadler, d. February 22, 1894, (2) m. June 4, 1851, Mary Elizabeth Tarrant, a native of Greenville, S. C., who died January 4, 1912; 2. Caroline, d. m. (1) A. Sadler, (2) Reuben Phillips; 3. Maria, m. Joseph Sadler; 4. Lucretia, m. Wellington Prude; David, m. Eliza Tarrant; 6. Emily, m. Thomas McAdory. Last residence: Oklahoma, Miss.

OWEN, WILLIAM MARMADUKE, physician and captain in the Confederate Army, was born December 4, 1835, at Tuscaloosa, Tuscaloosa County, died November 5, 1912, at Dora, Walker County, and is buried in the Bessemer-Jonesboro cemetery, Jefferson County; son of Thomas and Dollie Payne (Williams) Owen, the former a lawyer, born in Virginia, probably Halifax County, in 1792, and died in Tuscaloosa, January 19, 1859, resided at one time in Caswell County, N. C., and in Halifax County, Va., entered the itinerant ministry of the Methodist church, 1814, removed to Alabama, locating in Tuscaloosa, 1818, was Grand Junior Warden of the Grand Lodge of Alabama, 1821-22, was probate judge of the county court of Tuscaloosa by legislative election 1827-32 inclusive, was appointed by Governor Bagby, as one of a commission of three members to examine into and report on the condition of the State bank, stood high at the bar and was given to charity, built several fine homes in Tuscaloosa which were sold

successively to well to do citizens of that place, and finally retired to his plantation on North River, several miles from the town where he had numerous slaves and extensive lands; grandson of Richardson and Sarah (Duty) Owen, the former born March 4, 1744, at the old homestead in Henrico County, Va., about twenty miles below Richmond, removed to Granville County, N. C., some time before 1762, and later to Person County, N. C., returning to Virginia, settled on a plantation on Hyco creek, Halifax County, was a Whig and one of the War Commissioners of Guilford County, N. C. during the Revolutionary War, migrated to Alabama in the fall of 1818, settling in Tuscaloosa, where he continued to be a slaveholding planter, and of Judge Marmaduke and Agnes (Payne) Williams (q. v.); great-grandson of John and Mildred (Grant) Owen, the former born in 1695 in Henrico County, Va., his plantation home being northwest of Richmond "between Chickahominy Swamp and Upland Brook to the head of the brook," removed to Granville County, N. C., when seventy years of age and died there when more than a hundred years of age, and of Matthew and Amy (Ballard) Duty, of Warren County, N. C., and of Robert and Anne (Burton) Payne of Pittsylvania County, Va., and of Nathaniel and Mary Ann (Williamson) Williams, the former born, 1741, in Virginia, removed to that part of Guilford County, N. C., which later became Rockingham County, a lawyer, delegate from Guilford County to the provincial congress at Hillsboro, August 21, 1775, a supporter of the rights of the colony in the Revolutionary War, and who was accidentally drowned January 25, 1805, while attempting to ford a swollen stream; great-great-grandson of Thomas and Elizabeth (Brooks) Owen, the former being one of three brothers, John, Thomas and William, who emigrated to America from Wales prior to 1700, and landed on the "Shores of Virginia," settling in Henrico County, a colonial tobacco planter, leaving a handsome property in land and slaves and numerous descendants, of Robert Burton, and of Josias and Anne (Fleming) Payne, Sr., of Goochland County, Va., a Burgess 1761-65, and of Nathaniel Williams, who was born December 12, 1712; great-great-great-grandson of Thomas and Joanna Brooks of Henrico County, who came to Virginia from England prior to 1650, a tobacco planter and slave owner, a man of consequence in his section of the colony, and of George and Mary (Woodson) Payne, of Goochland County, Va., the former an English cavalier of wealth and education who immigrated to Virginia after the execution of Charles I., and was high sheriff in 1732 and of John and Mary Williams, the former born January 29, 1679, in Wales, emigrated to Virginia about 1700-10, and settling in Hanover County; great-great-great-grandson of Robert Woodson of Virginia, and of Sir Thomas Fleming, second son of the Earl of Wigton, Scotland; great-great-great-great-grandson of Dr. John Woodson, a surgeon of Dorsetshire, England, who immigrated to Virginia in 1619. Dr. Owen's ancestry is traced back to Alfred the Great, and includes descent

from William Wallace and from Robert the Bruce of Scotland.

Dr. William Marmaduke Owen received his education in the schools of Tuscaloosa, and at the University of Alabama. At the outbreak of the War of Secession, 1861, he was living in Mobile, engaged in the mercantile house of Cummings and Cooper, and at the time an active member of the Mobile Rifles, to which his brother Marcus also belonged. He was present, with his Company, at the taking of Mt. Vernon Arsenal, January 4, Ft. Morgan, January 5, and Ft. Gaines, January 17, 1861. His command having joined the third Alabama Regiment he remained in Mobile and receiving a commission as second lieutenant from Governor A. B. Moore, was assigned to duty under Colonel Jeremiah Clemens then in command of the Alabama volunteer forces. He took charge of Co. B, 1st Alabama Battalion of artillery, under Major Tucker. He was stationed at Fts. Morgan and Gaines and remained in artillery service until the spring of 1862, when he resigned. He returned to Tuscaloosa joined the 36th Alabama, then being made up, was made 1st sergeant in Co. K, but was soon transferred to Co. D, as 2nd lieutenant. He was in camp of instruction at Mobile about a year, and in June, 1863, saw active service at Hoover's Gap. After that he was in every engagement of the western Army, except Chickamauga, at which time he was at home. On June 22, 1864, he was captured in the battle of Atlanta and carried to Marietta, Chattanooga, Nashville, Indianapolis and finally to the prison at Johnson's Island where he remained until the Spring of 1865. After the cessation of hostilities he returned to the old Owen plantation home on North River, but removed successively during the next two years to Village Springs, Blount County and Jonesboro, Jefferson County. In 1871 he emigrated with his family to Easter, Texas, where he prospected for four years in Titus, Grayson, Fannin and other counties. He took a course of lectures at the Baltimore medical college and in 1874 completed his second term, receiving his M. D. degree at Mobile, after which time he practiced his profession. He again returned to North Alabama, locating at Green Pond, but later removed to Blockton, Jasper, Jonesboro and Bessemer, residing at the latter place for a number of years prior to his death. He was a fine type of the country doctor, skilled in the practice, unselfish in serving humanity, facing with courage the coldest winds or the hottest suns, a type that has given dignity and reverence to the calling. He was a Democrat, and was prominent in the local affairs of his party. He was a Methodist, and for years a local preacher in that church. Bishop James McCoy, who preached his funeral at Jonesboro, voiced the feeling of those who were best acquainted with his life when he said: "He was full of good works and kind offices unto all men." Married: January 16, 1866, at Old Jonesboro, Nancy Lucretia, daughter of Thomas and Emily Eleanor (Owen) McAdory (q. v.), who lived upon their plantation near Old Jonesboro. Children: 1. Thomas McAdory (q. v.); 2. Willie Emily, m. Edmond P. Rosamond (q. v.); 3. Dolly Williams, m. Har-

vey G. Geer, Palm Beach, Fla.; 4. Herndon Gaines (q. v.); 5. Sarah Foster, m. William Benjamin Hope (q. v.); 6. infant, deceased; 7. Enoch Marvin, died in childhood; 8. Wellington Marvin, m. Lucy Bell McWilliams, Birmingham; 9. Carrie Lucretia, m. Frank R. Ryland. Last residence: Bessemer.

PENNEY, JAMES EDWIN, business man, was born September 28, 1859, near Huntsville, Madison County; son of Walter Alexander and Josephine (Lewis) Penney, the former who was born in Spottsylvania County, Va., and removed to Madison County, Ala., with his parents when a child; grandson of John and Nancy (Humphreys) Penney, the former who was an English army officer and of Corbin and Anna (Dobbs) Lewis; Corbin Lewis was a nephew of Col. Fielding Lewis who married Betty Washington, a sister of George Washington, and a brother of Peter Lewis who moved from near Richmond, Va., to Alabama before 1812. Peter Lewis was the father of David Peter Lewis, former governor of Alabama. James Edwin Penney received a common school education in Madison County; at the age of sixteen years began clerking for S. Schiffman and company, merchants of Huntsville, and remained with them for four years; in 1882 he assumed the management of Gov. David P. Lewis' farm at Hillsboro, Lawrence County, which farm was acquired by purchase and inheritance after Gov. Lewis' death; in 1887 entered the real estate business at Decatur, and during his many years of residence there and in that vicinity was actively engaged in that line of work and in farming. He acquired a large land interest in both Alabama and Texas. He was receiver of the Decatur water works company; moved to Birmingham in 1907 expecting to retire from active business life, but could not stand idleness; in 1908 purchased the Huntsville hotel property from Col. James F. O'Shaughnessy of New York City, who was president of the Huntsville and Monte Sano land company consisting of a three or four story hotel and business block of three hundred feet fronting on Jefferson street and also including an opera house. Since coming to Birmingham he has purchased about fifty thousand acres of coal, mineral and agricultural land, also many pieces of city property including the Morris hotel property on First avenue and Nineteenth street. His first purchase after coming to Birmingham was about ten thousand acres in Barbour County from J. A. Thompson, formerly property of Gov. B. B. Comer, and in partnership with Mr. Thompson he bought ninety-five hundred acres of farm land in Greene County and also more than eighteen hundred acres from Gen. R. F. Ligon near Montgomery. He is a director in the Morgan County national bank and was member of the school board in New Decatur for a number of years. He has always been a Democrat. For many years he was a Methodist but he is now a member of the South Highland Presbyterian church; is a Knight of Pythias and a Mason. Married: February 9, 1893, at Huntsville to Kate Marshall Speake, author

of two novels: "A Common Lot," and "A Woman's Problem," and a daughter of Judge Henry C. and Carolyn (Mayhew) Speake (q. v.) the former who was chancellor for one term and was filling fourth term as judge of the eighth judicial circuit when his death occurred, was a private in the Fourth Alabama Cavalry, later quartermaster, was captured with part of Forrest's command at Columbus, Ga., and the latter who is the author of a book of poems, "Home Echoes," a granddaughter of James B. Speake who came to Alabama from Kentucky, was a planter in Lawrence County, was county superintendent for many years, a member of the convention that framed the constitution of Alabama in 1865, and of Jonathan Mayhew, of Massachusetts, who came south when a young man, and was a direct descendant of Thomas Mayhew, governor and patentee of Martha's Vineyard, Nantucket and Elizabeth's Isles. This early ancestor Thomas Mayhew and his son, Thomas, were missionaries to the Indians and grandsons and great-grandsons were also ministers for a period of one hundred and sixty-seven years. Children: 1. Henry Speake, d. July 3, 1898; 2. Paul Mayhew, received commission as second lieutenant of field artillery at Camp Zachary Taylor, and graduated in law at the University of Alabama in June, 1919; 3. Carol Neal. Residence: Birmingham.

RHODES, RUFUS NAPOLEON, journalist, was born June 5, 1856, at Pascagoula, Jackson County, Miss., and died January 12, 1910, at Birmingham; son of Rufus Randolph and Martha (Fisher) Rhodes, the former who was for many years a prominent lawyer practicing at Washington, D. C., and at New Orleans, was a soldier in the war under Johnston and Lee and was a personal friend of Jefferson Davis. He received his education under his mother's direction; in the public schools and high school; in Stewart College; and was in the Southwestern Presbyterian University at Clarksville, Tennessee, until 1873. He also attended the grammar school of Dr. J. B. Shearer at Chester Springs, Va.; studied law under Hon. James E. Bailey at Clarksville, Tenn., was admitted to the bar at nineteen; in 1876-77 served as private secretary to Mr. Bailey, then United States senator; from 1877 to 1881 was city attorney at Clarksville; was a member of the Tennessee legislature 1881-82; from 1883-87 practiced law in Chicago and in 1887 located in Birmingham. He founded the Birmingham News on March 14, 1888. He was one of the promoters of the old Commercial Club, afterward the Chamber of Commerce which he served as president. He was a democrat and served as a delegate at large from Alabama to the National Democratic Conventions of 1892 and 1904; was a member and vestryman of the Church of the Advent, Episcopal; and held military commissions from the governor of Tennessee, the governor of Illinois, the governor of Alabama and at the time of his death was brigadier general of the Ninth Congressional district. In 1906 the University of Alabama conferred upon him the LL. D. Degree. At the time of his death he was second vice president of the Associated Press. Married:

June 27, 1882, at Clarksville, Tenn., to Margaret Smith, daughter of Christopher H. and Lucy (Dabney) Smith. Last residence: Birmingham.

ROBERTS, DAVID, business man, was born in Wales, and died in Birmingham in April, 1909. He was reared in England, where he acquired a collegiate education. About 1875 he came to the United States on a pleasure trip; while here decided to locate at Charleston, S. C., and became identified with the mining of phosphate in that state; later through Col. Henry F. DeBardeleben was induced to investigate the mining properties of the Birmingham district in 1885 and while there secured a six months option on 30,000 acres of mining property; interested English and eastern capital in his option and as a result organized in the following year the DeBardeleben Coal & Iron Company with himself as vice president and general manager. This concern was later merged into the Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railway Company and of the latter he was vice president for many years; was president of the Bessemer Coal, Iron & Land Company for a year, having assisted in its organization. In later life he endeavored to retire but in 1907 assisted in the organization of the Brilliant Coal Company of which he was made president. Married: at Charleston, S. C., to Miss Belle Sumter Yates for whom the Belle Sumter mine in Alabama was later named. Children: 1. Anne, the wife of Ernest R. Gaylor, a commander in the United States Navy; 2. David, Jr., b. in Charleston, S. C., April 20, 1884, graduated in the scientific course from Harvard University in 1905 and since 1910 has been president of the Brilliant Coal Company; 3. Arthur Meredith, whose death occurred in France a few days before the signing of the Armistice, was a graduate of Cornell University, had been connected with the Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railroad Company at its furnaces, was superintendent of the Alice Furnaces when he resigned to enter training for the air service at the Georgia Technical College and the Boston Tech, was stationed in the Toul sector in eastern France and killed in an airplane collision, October 18, 1918; 4. Belle S., m. W. W. Hazzard of Birmingham. Last residence: Birmingham.

ROSAMOND, EDWARD POWELL, general superintendent Pratt Consolidated Coal Company, was born July 3, 1867, at Jasper, Walker County; son of William Capers and Madora Frances (Freeman) Rosamond (q. v.). He was educated in the common schools of Jasper, later taking correspondence courses in practical mining. From 1886 to 1895 he was a bookkeeper and clerk in a store, and for the old Sheffield and Birmingham Iron and Railroad Company. Shortly afterwards he entered the employ of the Gamble mines, and was soon made superintendent. The mines in the meantime had become the property of the Townley Mining Company. In 1900 he removed to Birmingham and was employed by G. B. McCormack, general manager of the Tennessee coal, iron and railroad company, at Bessemer; six months later he entered the offices and was advanced to a respon-

sible place in the auditing department. In 1902 he became superintendent of the mines, coke ovens and land of the Tennessee company in Walker County. Since May, 1905, Mr. Rosamond has been general superintendent of the Pratt Consolidated coal company. During 1905-07 he opened 18 mines for the Pratt company. He organized Jagger coal company, and developed the property consisting of 1,800 acres of land in 1913, in which he is part owner and secretary. President Powell Coal Co., and part owner. He is a Democrat; Methodist, member and secretary Board of Stewards, First Methodist church; and Odd Fellow. Married: November 12, 1890, to Willie, daughter of William Marmaduke and Nancy Lucretia (McAdory) Owen (q. v.), and sister of Dr. Thomas M. Owen (q. v.). Children: 1. Marie; 2. Edward, a student at Washington and Lee University, and a member of the Sigma Nu college fraternity; 3. Dorothy. Residence: Birmingham.

ROSAMOND, WILLIAM CAPERS, physician and druggist, Confederate surgeon, was born August 24, 1834, in Lawrence District, S. C., and died April 4, 1904; son of Nathaniel J. and Amy (Powell) Rosamond, the former of French Huguenot origin, his ancestors coming to Virginia about the time of the "Edict of Nantes" (1598), the latter was born in Kentucky, and removed to South Carolina with her parents and was married there. Dr. Rosamond was reared on the farm and received his elementary education in the country schools. In 1852 he began the study of medicine at Northport and was licensed to practice at Tuscaloosa. He removed to Walker County in 1856, and soon built up a good practice. In the War of Secession he enlisted in the Confederate States Army as a private, being later appointed Assistant-surgeon, in General Ferguson's brigade, seeing service in Tennessee, Mississippi, and Alabama. Upon the cessation of hostilities he returned to Jasper and in 1866 resumed his profession, in which he remained until 1878, when on account of his health he was forced to retire from the active practice. He was a member of the State senate from Walker, Jefferson and Shelby Counties during the 1878-79 session of the legislature. After that time until his death he was engaged in merchandising and the drug business. He was a Democrat; Methodist; Supt. Sunday School continuously for twenty-five years, and Mason. Married: (1) in 1866, to Madorah F., daughter of Rev. James H. and Martha B. (Cole) Freeman, a popular Methodist minister of Tuscaloosa. She died on November 15, 1882; (2) December 6, 1883, to Henrietta, daughter of David F. Dinsmore, of Laudersville. Children: by first wife: 1. Edward P. (q. v.) m. Willie E., daughter of William Marmaduke and Nancy Lucretia (McAdory) Owen; 2. William L. (q. v.), m. Ozella Frances, daughter of Joseph F. and Matilda Ann (Johns) Appling; 3. Ethbert C., m. Susie K., daughter of Wiley F. and Laura (Foote) Bouldin; 4. Franklin K., m. Maude, daughter of Judge John B. and Carolyn (Long) Shields; 5. Hester May, m. Charles Willard Mills, dead; 6. Amy Lee, m. Franklin D., son of William Franklin and Lilly F. (Connerly) McArthur. Last residence: Jasper.



R. S. MUNGER

SCREWS, WILLIAM PRESTON, Colonel 167th Regiment, Rainbow Division, A. E. F., U. S. Army officer, was born January 1, 1875, in Montgomery; son of Henry Preston and Nora (Canty) Screws, the former a native of Jernigan, Barbour County, and resident successively of Clayton and Montgomery, Confederate soldier and later business manager of the "Montgomery Advertiser"; grandson of Benjamin and Mourning Jones (Drake) Screws of Nash County, N. C., and of John and Nora (Hester) Canty of Mobile; great-grandson of John Screws and wife, who was a Miss Whitehead, and of James and Nancy (Arrington) Drake (descendant of Sir Francis Drake), all of Nash County, N. C., and of William Hester, lawyer, of Scotch-Irish origin, a native of New York who removed to Alabama before the War of Secession. Colonel Screws was educated in the public and private schools of Montgomery, and for two years attended Marion military institute. After leaving college he was for a while clerk for the Western of Alabama railroad and from 1894 to 1897, a member of the famous Montgomery "True Blues." He entered the U. S. Army Volunteers, May, 1898, and served during the Spanish-American War as 2nd lieutenant, 3rd Alabama Volunteers. He was appointed 1st lieutenant 29th U. S. Volunteers and served through the Philippine Insurrection 1899, 1900-01. On October 4, of the latter year, he entered the regular U. S. Army as a second lieutenant and participated in the campaigns against the Insurrectos in the islands of Luzon, Romblon and Mindan, and was a member of the expedition that captured Dato Ali, 1905. He served as colonel of the 167th Infantry, A. E. F., (the "Old Fourth Alabama") during the World War, arriving in France in 1917 with the Rainbow Division. His regiment remained in the front line longer than any other American regiment, was the first to capture German prisoners unaided by the French or British, and never failed to gain objectives on scheduled time, participating in the following major battles: Baccarat Sector, Champagne, Marne, Aisne, St. Mihiel, Meuse-Argonne. Colonel Screws was awarded the distinguished service medal and citation by the Commander-in-chief, and was recommended three times for promotion to brigadier-general. He commanded the 84th Infantry Brigade, Rainbow Division, November 18 to December 10, 1918. (See North Alabama Statewide Welcome Home Committee and "Fourth Alabama Welcome Home Committee.") Married: October 19, 1901, in Montgomery, to Josephine Winter, daughter of James and Lucy (Winter) Lahey, of that place, the former a native of County Cavan, Ireland, and a captain in the Confederate Army; granddaughter of Joseph Samuel Pierce and Mary Elizabeth (Gindrat) Winter (q. v.), the former a lawyer, financier and Confederate soldier, having commanded the "Metropolitan Guards," which company was among the first troops sent to Fort Barrancas, Fla., at the outbreak of hostilities; great-granddaughter of John and Sarah (Stallings) Gindrat (q. v.), the former an early settler, and prominent in the development of Montgomery, served as intendant and was that

city's first banker, and of John Gano and Lucinda (Bennett) Winter, the former at one time styled "the financier of the South"; great-great-great-granddaughter of John and Mary (Prince) Winter, the former a native of New York, member of the provincial congress, secretary of the committee of safety, one of two men chosen to number and sign the issue of paper currency authorized by the provincial congress, March 5, 1776, and who read the Declaration of Independence to the people of New York City, July 18, 1776, at the time the King's Arms were torn down from the front of the city hall; great-great-great-great-granddaughter of Gabriel and Deborah (Stillman) Winter of New York, the former a native of Holland. Children: 1. James Lahey. Residence: Montgomery.

SMITH, JOHN FLOYD, Sr., business man and farmer, was born December 15, 1839, in Chulafinnee, Randolph County; son of John Smith and Sarah A. (Lambert) Smith. He received his education in the country schools of Randolph county. In 1857 he was clerk in a general store at Talladega; in 1859 clerked for Due and Cabbot at Wetumpka; and in 1858 was clerk for Oberndorf and Ullman; in 1860 he engaged in the general mercantile business with J. B. Gay at Talladega; after the close of the War of Secession was in the mercantile business in Oxford until 1870; and now has large farming interests. In 1861 he joined Co. H, Tenth Alabama Regiment Infantry as private; in 1862 was elected lieutenant; and in 1863 was promoted to captain. He is a democrat having cast his first vote for Bell and Everett; a member of the Baptist church and was superintendent of that Sunday school in Oxford, for a few years following 1865; and a Mason, joining Hartwell Lodge, Oxford, in 1863, a Ku Klux, Knights of Pythias, and a member of the Ancient Order of United Workmen. Married: in 1869 at Oxford to Georgia Augusta Caver, daughter of Thomas J. and Eliza (Davis) Caver who lived at Boiling Springs near Oxford. Children: 1. Esther Kate, b. June 5, 1875, m. R. H. Davenport, resides at Oxford; 2. Nannie Gay, b. January 8, 1877, m. H. P. Whitesides, resides at Oxford; 3. Carrie Lee, b. June 18, 1880, m. M. G. Christian, resides at Oxford; 4. John Floyd, Jr., b. November 21, 1883, m. Willie Emma Parker, resides at Oxford. Residence: Oxford.

SMITH, JOSEPH RILEY, physician, one of the pioneer builders of Birmingham, and financier, was born February 6, 1818, in Jefferson County, and died August 30, 1895, at Elyton; son of John and Sally (Riley) Smith, the former a native of Union District, S. C., who pioneered to Alabama from Lincoln County, Tenn., and died in Jefferson County, 1876; grandson of David and Elizabeth (Flewellyn) Smith, natives of Wales, the latter a descendant of the royalty of that country, and of Joseph and Elizabeth (Hammonds) Riley, who lived in Rockcastle County, Ky. It was through David Crockett, one of the heroes of the Alamo, that the parents of Dr. Smith became

interested in Jones' Valley, that hardy pioneer having visited the section and reported the fine qualities of the soil, timber and mineral resources. With their Tennessee neighbors, Joseph Riley and George Eubank, the John Smiths removed thence, settling with their families between the present Birmingham and Bessemer.

Doctor Smith was the first white child born in what is now Jefferson County. He was educated at Union seminary, Tenn., and graduated from the medical department of Transylvania college, Lexington, Ky. He entered upon the practice at Elyton, now a part of Birmingham, and continued in the profession from 1843 to 1870, after which time he engaged in mercantile, industrial and real estate activities. In association with Bayliss E. Grace, Sr., he founded the first newspaper in Jefferson County, "The Central Alabamian." He was one of the builders of Birmingham, keenly interested in all that pertained to the development of the mining, manufacturing and commercial interests of the "Magic City." He amassed a fortune, and at his death was the largest tax payer in the county, his estate being estimated at \$2,000,000.00. A keen intellect, indomitable will, kindness of heart and charitable deeds, characterized him. In his will he left \$20,000.00 to charity. Married (1). January 1, 1844, in Jefferson County, Margaret Harvie, a daughter of Mortimer and Lucy Scott (Gray) Jordan, I, who lived on Broad River, Oglethorpe County, Ga.; granddaughter of Gen. James and Frances (Collier) Scott, a Revolutionary officer of the Virginia line, cousin of Francis Scott Key, the author of "The Star Spangled Banner"; great-granddaughter of Hezekiah and Frances (Scott) Gray, the former originally from Port Tobacco, Md.; (2), in 1876, Mrs. Mary Smithers Kilpatrick of Lexington, Ky. Children: by first wife, 1. Lucy Gray; 2. Mortimer Jordan; 3. Mary Ella, m. Dr. George M. Morrow, (q. v.); 4. Sarah Emma, m. Rose Wellington Owen (q. v.); 5. John Fleming; 6. Martha Prince; 7. Joseph R., jr., m. (1) Kate Molton, (2) Minnie G. Valse, and lives at Fayetteville, Tenn.; 8. Thomas Octavius, m. Cornelia Hubbert, Birmingham; 9. Charles Jordan, m. Annie Molton, Birmingham; 10. Maria Agnes; 11. William David, m. Daisy Weller, Birmingham; 12. Virginia Irene, m. Robert P. McDavid, (q. v.). Last residence: Elyton.

SOMERVILLE, HENDERSON MIDDLETON, lawyer, founder Alabama law school, jurist, was born March 23, 1837, in Madison County, Va., and died September 15, 1915, in New York; son of Dr. James and Helen Glassell (Wallace) Somerville of Virginia, the former of Scotch stock, descended from Baron Somerville who went to England from Normandy, France, with William the Conqueror, while Lady Jane Grey, and Mary Somerville, the author, were members of the English branch of the family. Judge Somerville's primary education was acquired in the school of Mrs. John Little, Sr., and later he was prepared for college by Prof. Bradshaw of Tuscaloosa; entered the University of Alabama and graduated A. B., 1855, and

A. M., 1858. His legal training was received at Cumberland law school, Lebanon, Tenn., from which he graduated in 1859 with the LL. B. degree, and later was given the honorary LL. D. degree by that institution, and also from Georgetown, Ky., 1886, and Southwestern university, Tenn., 1887, and from the University of Alabama the same year. He entered upon the practice of his profession in Memphis, Tenn., upon completing his law course, but later, in the same year, removed to Tuscaloosa where he became associated in the practice with Judge John J. Ormond, a former justice of the Supreme court of Alabama. In 1873, on invitation of the board of regents of the University of Alabama, he founded the law school and remained at its head until his election to the bench as associate justice of the Alabama supreme court, 1880-1890. It was his own belief that his work as founder, lecturer and head of the law school of the University, constituted his best claim for posthumous remembrance, and the growth and prosperity of the law school always engaged his most anxious thought. For seventeen years he was trustee of the State hospital for the insane, and studied the condition and needs of its inmates. His most noted work as a judge was his opinion in *Parson vs. State*, 81 Alabama 577, fixing upon a scientific medico-legal basis the criminal responsibility of the insane. In 1890 he was appointed by President Harrison, chairman of the National board of custom appraisers, New York City, and held that office at the time of his death. He was a Democrat, and member of the State executive committee, 1872-80; a Southern Presbyterian, being a ruling elder and Sunday school teacher; a member of the Phi Beta Kappa and Alpha Delta Phi college fraternities; member of the American academy of political and social science; Alabama historical society; New York Southern society; president Alabama society in New York, 1908. He was a member of the State commission on lunacy, 1876-93; trustee of the Peabody educational fund, 1890; president New York medico-legal society, 1892-93. Married: (1) in 1862, at Tuscaloosa, to Cornelia Banks, daughter of Richard Norfleet and Amanda (Banks) Harris, (q. v.) natives of North Carolina, the former of Scotch Irish and the latter of English descent; (2) August 29, 1881, at Montgomery, to Mrs. Mary (Wyman) Saville. Children: by first marriage: 1. Henderson Middleton, jr., m. Mary Steele, Birmingham; 2. Dr. William Glassell, m. Minter Jones, Memphis, Tenn.; 3. Ormond (q. v.); 4. Archibald Bruce, m. Betty Taylor, Salem, N. C. Last residence: New York.

STEGER, JOHN CRADDOCK WISDOM, physician, was born Feb. 28, —, on a farm in Madison County; son of Benjamin and Mary Harris (Wisdom) Steger, the former a native of Powhatan County, Va., who located on a farm sixteen miles east of Huntsville, where he resided until his death; grandson of John Perratt and Rebecca Macon Steger of Madison County, and of Craddock and Ann (Glen) Wisdom of Boston Hill, Cumberland County, Va. The children of the first settlers were denied educational advantages owing to the conditions that sur-

rounded the pioneers, but from the libraries brought by their parents from Virginia they gained a fair general culture. The first teacher of note who located in Madison County was Prof. William A. Hays, in 1820, followed by J. H. Posey and John C. Nash. Mr. Steger received his preparatory education in the neighborhood school and a private school. He attended one term of the Georgia Military institute, Marietta, Ga., and one, 1855, at LaGrange college. He graduated in medicine in 1857 from the Nashville Medical College, and located at Carthage, Tenn. In 1858 he removed to Stewart, Tenn., where he remained until 1862, when he entered the Confederate service as surgeon, assigned to the 4th Alabama cavalry regiment. He was a member of the Tennessee legislature, 1872; trustee of Woods, Yeatman and company, iron manufacturers, with a landed estate of 150,000 acres; operated a cold blast furnace three years. He owned and edited "The Courier," Dover, Tenn., for several years and aided in getting rid of the dives that sprang up during reconstruction. He was chairman of the board of high school directors in Dover, and gave much time to the establishing of schools in Stewart County, Tenn. He is a member of the medical association of officers of the Army and Navy U. C. V. and served one term as vice president. He is a Methodist; and a Democrat. Residence: Gurley.

STEGER, KENNON HARRIS, farmer, was born on his father's plantation in Powhatan County, Virginia, Jan. 23, 1806—died Madison County, Ala., July 12, 1892. The subject of this sketch is a descendant of some of the oldest families of Virginia. In 1621, fourteen years after the settlement of Jamestown, Lieut. Col. Francis Eppes, recently of England, was a member of the House of Burgesses of Virginia. In 1806 his great great grandson, Francis Eppes Harris, and his wife, Mary Macon (daughter of Nathaniel Macon) moved with their family and all their goods by caravan across the mountains from Virginia to North Alabama and built a brick residence, which still stands four miles from Huntsville, Ala. At this time on the James River in Virginia lived John Perratt Steger, to whom had been granted a tract of land by the Crown. His son, John Perratt Steger, Jr., married Rebecca Macon Harris, daughter of Francis Eppes Harris, and they also moved to Madison County, Ala., (1810) bringing their infant son, Kennon Harris Steger, who was educated in the neighborhood schools of the period, and held tenaciously to an agricultural career, at which he was eminently successful. In beautiful Madison County with its mountains, valleys and clear mountain streams he grew to manhood, and Dec. 12, 1838, married Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Alexander Grey and Mary (Cooper) Wall, both descended from Colonial Virginia families. Being far beyond the age for military service during the War of Secession he was exempt from military service but gave his only son to the cause. He was a Democrat, a Methodist, and a Mason. On their estate near Huntsville, Ala., Kennon Harris Steger and his wife lived to a ripe old age, celebrating their golden wedding four

years before his death. He was survived by his wife six years. He was one of Nature's noblemen. A true lover of nature, honest and upright, a patriotic citizen, a loyal friend, a worthy descendant of sturdy, honest, blunt, lovable Nathaniel Macon, some of whose characteristics he inherited. Children: 1. Mary Ann; 2. Cornelia Conrad; 3. Helen Gray, m. Alexander Simpson; 4. John Alexander, m. Mary Ella Simpson; 5. Laura Augustus; 6. Sallie Lacey; 7. Olivia James, m. John W. Nelson; 8. Bettie Ross, m. Virgil H. Ryland; 9. Fannie Rebecca, m. Wallace W. Dorman; 10. Lucy Allen; 11. Carrie DeLong, m. Robert E. Short. Last residence: Ryland.

STILES, JAMES P., lawyer and probate judge, was born April 27, 1860, near Starksville, Oktibbeha County, Miss.; son of John E. and Mary A. (Edmonds) Stiles, the former a native of Tennessee, who at the age of twenty-five removed to Mississippi where he became a planter, the latter a native of Virginia. James P. Stiles spent his early life on his father's plantation, attended school at Choctaw Agency, spent four and one half years at the Southwestern Baptist university, at Jackson, Tenn., and graduated from the law department of the University of Mississippi in 1881. He removed to Alabama in April, 1882, locating in Birmingham, where he entered upon the practice of his profession. In August, 1884, he was elected justice of the peace and in 1898 became judge of probate, a position he has since filled with great efficiency. He is a Baptist; Mason; and a Knight of Pythias. Married: November 3, 1886, to Mary C., daughter of Judge Mitchell T. Porter (q. v.). Children: four, three sons and one daughter. Residence: Birmingham.

STOCKHAM, WILLIAM H., business man, was born September 15, 1861, at Lafayette, Ind.; son of Dr. G. H. and Alice (Bunker) Stockham, the former who was a native of Ireland, was a graduate of the Medical Department of the University of Edinburgh, Scotland, came to the United States in 1856, and for many years engaged in the practice of his profession at Lafayette, Ind. William H. Stockham received a liberal education and was graduated from the University of Illinois in 1885. He then went to Chicago, was employed in various factories and learned about iron manufacture and fabrication; was employed in factories in both east and west becoming an expert foundryman; was in the pipe castings business in Chicago; and in 1903 removed to Birmingham. He established the Stockham Pipe and Fittings Company and with associates erected two small buildings at Thirty-fourth Street and Tenth Avenue. The plant grew rapidly and now occupies a large area of ground at Forty-first Street and Tenth Avenue, the plant itself occupying sixteen acres. William H. Stockham is president of the company, Herbert C. Stockham, vice president, R. C. Foster, secretary and T. F. Randolph, treasurer. He is a member of the First Methodist Episcopal church, one of the board of stewards, is active in the Sunday School Association and while attending the convention of the International

Sunday School Association at Toronto in 1919 he, as the Alabama representative, extended the invitation to the association to hold its meeting for 1920 at Birmingham. He is also a member of the Rotary Club. Married: in 1887 to Miss Kate Clark. Children: 1. Herbert C., vice president of the company; 2. Douglas W., now a student at the University of Illinois, who was a member of the Students' Army Training Corps in the heavy artillery branch. Residence: Birmingham.

STRINGFELLOW, WILLIAM WHITTINGHAM, banker and manufacturer, was born in Hyde Park, New York; son of Rev. Horace and Mary M. Stringfellow, the former a native of Hanover County, Va., and for twenty-five years rector of St. John's Episcopal church, Montgomery, the latter born in Alexandria, Va. He was educated in private schools in Montgomery, but on account of ill health did not attend college. At seventeen years of age he went to work in a railroad office in Montgomery, and later engaged in farming. He removed to Anniston where he became a manufacturer and in 1890 president of the First national bank of Anniston. He later became president of the Kilby frog and switch company, Birmingham. For thirty years Mr. and Mrs. Stringfellow spent their summers in their beautiful mountain home at Blowing Rock, N. C., and since the latter's death he has built in memory of his wife the "Stringfellow memorial church" at that place. The edifice is constructed of native stone and above the altar is a madonna, "St. Mary of the Hills," in oil, painted and presented by Elliott Dangerfield of New York, the picture being regarded by critics as a modern masterpiece. There is now being built in Anniston the "Susie Stringfellow memorial hospital" which will accommodate sixty beds, some of which are to be charity beds. This hospital was planned by Mrs. Stringfellow before her death and money for its erection and endowment provided for by her will, and to be built after the death of her husband, but the latter is now carrying out his wife's noble dreams for the betterment of humanity. Mr. Stringfellow is an Episcopalian. Married: November 22, 1889, in Anniston, to Susie, daughter of Duncan T. Parker, formerly of Mobile and later of Anniston where he was associated with Samuel Noble and A. L. Tyler in building that town. The beautiful stone church there, the Parker memorial Baptist church, was built by Mrs. Stringfellow and her two sisters to the memory of their father and mother. Residence: Anniston.

STUBBS, GEORGE HAMILTON, surgeon, was born January 2, 1869, in Campbell County, Ga., and died November 28, 1919, at Birmingham; a son of James Arnold and Sarah Varner (Spear) Stubbs, the former who was born on a plantation in Franklin County, Ga., lived at Fairburn, Ga., at the time of his death, January 19, 1906, was a veteran of the War of Secession, having been a member of the Confederate army and with General Ector's brigade of Texas, and was wounded in the Battle of New Hope the third year of the war at the close of which he became a planter; grandson

of James Franklin and Nancy (Adams) Stubbs, who lived at Franklin County, Ga., on a plantation, and of William Charles and Elizabeth (Whitfield) Spear, the former who came South from Deerfield, Mass., was a member of the Confederate army and of the "Atlanta Grays," and the latter a descendant of the Whitfields of Virginia. George H. Stubbs received his education in the schools of Atlanta, Ga., and for a time attended the Emory college. He graduated from the Atlanta southern medical college in 1895, practiced for a short time at Lithia Springs, Ga., and then took up the study of his chosen specialty, eye, ear, nose and throat, in the schools of New York and New Orleans. He later took a post-graduate course in Boston. In 1898 he came to Birmingham. At the time of his death Dr. Stubbs was surgeon for the following railroads: Southern, Alabama Great Southern, Northern Alabama, Mobile and Ohio, Seaboard Air Line, and Atlanta, Birmingham and Atlantic. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church which he joined at the age of fifteen years and was a member of the Jefferson County medical society, the American medical association, and the Association of southern railway surgeons. Married: April 12, 1898, at Birmingham to Mary Adele, a daughter of General Edmund Winchester and Mary Adele (Woodfin) Rucker who lived at Uniontown. Children: 1. George Hamilton; 2. Edmund Rucker. Last residence: Birmingham.

THIGPEN, DAISIE BISSELL, patriotic and civic worker, was born March 26, 1873, at Charleston, S. C., daughter of John Burnett and Sarah H. (Baker) Bissell, the former a native of Dallas County, Ala., who removed to Charleston, S. C., and served as a lieutenant of the Palmetto Guards, during the War of Secession; granddaughter of Titus Lucretius and Claudia (Bennett) Bissell, of Dr. Robert Little and Sarah Anne (Brough) Baker, all of Charleston, S. C. Mrs. Thigpen is a descendant of Gov. William Bradford, of Massachusetts, and of Capt. Ebenezer Fitch Bissell, a soldier of the Revolution. She was educated in the private and public schools of Charleston, S. C. She was chairman of the home service section, American Red Cross, chairman, War work council, member, hostess houses established at three camps in Montgomery, chairman, Blind relief work for soldiers and sailors of allied nations; member Shelter house association, Girls' club rooms, Y. W. C. A., during the World War. Member Child Welfare work board; anti Tuberculosis league; board of Y. W. C. A.; and State officer of Red Cross association. She is a member of the Colonial Dames, Daughters of American Revolution, and of the Daughters of the Confederacy, and is an Episcopalian. Married: November 17, 1896, at Charleston, S. C., to Dr. Charles A. Thigpen (q. v.). Children: 1. Dorothy, m. Edmund Burke Shea, Milwaukee, Wis.; 2. Elizabeth Baldwin; 3. Charles Alston, jr. Residence: Montgomery.

WALKER, WILLIAM MUDD, lawyer, was born April 27, 1873 at Elyton, Jefferson County;



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son of William Augustus and Virginia Taylor (Mudd) Walker (q. v.). Mr. Walker received his early education in the public schools of Elyton and Birmingham, was prepared for college by Prof. Joel C. DuBose, entered the University of Alabama in 1889 and graduated with the A. B. degree in 1893, and with the B. L. degree in 1895. Since the latter date he has practiced law in Birmingham. He entered the military service of his country during the Spanish-American War, being commissioned February 14, 1898, as Captain of the 5th U. S. Volunteers, Infantry, Colonel H. Sargent commanding the regiment, which became part of the "Army of Occupation" in Cuba, August 8, 1898. He also served at one time as Judge of the City Court of Birmingham. He is a director of the First national bank of Birmingham, a Democrat, and Episcopalian, being a vestryman in the Church of the Advent. He is a Mason. Married: May 31, 1905, in Birmingham, to Mollie, daughter of Edward Northcroft and Hattie L. Cullum of that city. Children: 1. Edward; 2. William A.; 3. Harriet; 4. Shelby S.; 5. Mollie. Residence: Birmingham.

WALTHALL, HENRY BRAZEALE, actor, was born March 16, 1878, at Mallory's Station, Shelby County; son of Junius Leigh and Annie Mallory (Wallace) Walthall, the former a native of near Belona, Powhatan County, Va., who later removed to Alabama, and at the outbreak of the War of Secession enlisted in the Southern Forresters at Mobile; was made a second lieutenant and rose to a captaincy; grandson of Henry and Eliza (Brazeale) Walthall, of Powhatan County, Va., and of Dr. Robert and Ann (Mallory) Wallace of Harpersville, Shelby County. The Walthalls of Walthall, Westmoreland County, England, were an old family at the time of Henry VII, 1485 to 1509. In the latter half of the 17th century, three Walthall brothers emigrated to Virginia and became the progenitors of the American branch of the family. These brothers settled in Henrico County, Va., their home place, "Port Walthall," now lying in Chesterfield County. In 1853 the male line of the main branch of the family remaining in England, became extinct, and Henry Walthall Milrees, whose mother was a Walthall and heiress of the estate obtained a royal license to assume the name and arms of the Walthalls, and is now Henry Walthall, Esq., of Alton Manor, Derbyshire, England, and is the recognized head of the family. Henry Walthall, the Alabama actor, received his early education at home under the tutelage of an aunt, Miss Miliene Mallory, and later under another aunt, Mrs. W. W. Wallace. He attended Howard College one year. In September, 1900, he went to New York and after three days there began working as a super-member of the Murray Hill Stock Company. Later he played for three seasons on the road in "Under Southern Skies." Following this engagement, he went with Henry Miller and Margaret Anglin for four years and played with them in "The Great Divide," and "The Faith Healer." In 1898 when the United States went to war with Spain, he volunteered and served as a private soldier in Co. G, 1st Alabama. After the cessation of hostilities

he went to England with Mr. Miller in the production of "The Great Divide." On his return to the States in 1910, he entered the motion picture field with David Wark Griffith. Among his screen successes are "The Birth of a Nation," in which he played the part of the "Little Colonel;" "The Avenging Conscience;" Ibsen's "Ghosts;" and Edgar Allen Poe's "The Raven." Residence: Beverly Hills, Calif.

WHITE, JOEL, bookseller, was born January 11, 1808, in Rutland, Vt., and died October 10, 1896; son of Hosea and Sarah (Thompson) White, the former born in New Hampshire in 1750, removed to Vermont where he died in 1840, and was a revolutionary soldier. Joel White was educated in the schools of his native city, and removed to New York city in 1826 when for five years he was employed as a clerk in a dry goods store. He then located in Georgia, remaining only one year and in 1831 removed to Tuscaloosa, Ala., where he went into the book and stationery business. In 1847 he located in Montgomery entering into the same business and being the oldest bookseller in the city. He was a director in the old State bank at Tuscaloosa for eight or ten years, and also the Bank of Montgomery for a number of years. He was a Mason; Elk; and an Episcopalian. Married in 1830 to Sarah, daughter of Steven and Bettie (Mayhew) Hopkins of Nova Scotia. Children: 1. d. in infancy; 2. Irene (q. v.) m. Dr. Edward A. Sempie. Last residence: Montgomery.

WINTER, JOSEPH SAMUEL PRINCE, lawyer, planter, manufacturer, financier, and Confederate officer, was born January 2, 1821, at Augusta, Ga., and died July 3, 1895, at Montgomery; son of John Gano and Lucinda (Bennett) Winter, the former a native of New York City, later becoming one of the greatest promoters and financiers of Georgia, member of Warren County, Ga., court, 1825-31, banker of Augusta, Ga., banker and promoter of industry of Columbus, Ga., promoter of plank roads and of the famous "Winter Iron Works" of Montgomery, Ala., at which place an engine was manufactured that received the gold and silver medals when exhibited at the Crystal Palace World's Fair, New York, 1854, being still in existence in New England and classed as one of the most famous engines of the world; grandson of Joseph and Mary (Prince) Winter, of New York City, the former a native of that place, secretary of the committee of safety on Washington's staff, member of the provincial congress, chosen by the congress as one of the two delegates to number and sign the issue of paper currency authorized by the provincial congress, March 5, 1776, and who read the Declaration of Independence to the people of New York City, July 18, 1776, at which time the British coat-of-arms was torn from the front of the city hall; grandson of Gabriel and Deborah (Hiltwell) Winter, of New York. Joseph S. P. Winter received his education under the direction of private tutors in Georgia and New York City. He was early interested in the industries and enterprises of his father, the Winter iron

works, Montgomery gas company, and others. On July 7, 1823, he commenced the mercantile business in Montgomery and was the founder of the banking house of J. S. Winter and company. In February, 1854, the Winter iron works was sold for \$175,000, and in 1860 he began the study of law in Montgomery under Judge Keyes. He entered the Confederate service as captain of Co. F, Third Alabama infantry regiment, and in 1861 commanded the troops when ordered to Fort Barrancas. After the war he practiced law in New York City for five years returning to Montgomery in 1870, where he practiced law and was also a planter, introducing into this section the famous Johnson grass. The last few years of his life were spent on an invention, a car axle, which he believed would be of inestimable value, but he died before the invention had proven itself. He was a Democrat; an Episcopalian; and a Mason. Author: numerous newspaper articles on current topics and also of numerous poems. Married: June 5, 1845, in Macon County, to Mary Elizabeth, daughter of John and Sarah (Stallings) Gindrat (q. v.). Children: 1. John Gindrat (q. v.); 2. Lucy, m. James Lahey, Montgomery; 3. Sallie Gindrat, m. Robert D. Thorington, Montgomery. Last residence: Montgomery.

WOODWARD, ALLAN HARVEY, business man; was born September 16, 1876, in Wheeling, W. Va., son of Joseph Hersey and Martha Burt (Metcalf) Woodward, the former was born December 16, 1843, in Pittsburgh, Pa., and the latter who was born March 10, 1847, in Wellsburg, O. He received his education in the University of the South, 1892-95 and the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, 1896-99. His first step in the business world was in connection with the iron business and he worked his way up from the shops to chairman of the board of directors of the Woodward Iron Company. He is still active in that capacity and as chairman of the board of directors of the La Belle Iron Works, Steubenville, O.; vice chairman of the Wheeling Steel Corporation, Wheeling, W. Va.; vice president of the Southern Association of Baseball Clubs; vice president of the Birmingham Baseball Club; director of the Seaboard Air Line Railway, and director of the First National bank of Birmingham. During the World war he was a member of the sub-committee on Pig Iron, Iron Ore & Lake Transportation, War Industries Board. He is a democrat; member of the Episcopal church; and of the Country Club of Birmingham; Roebuck Golf Club, Birmingham; Woodward Golf Club, Woodward; Sleepy Hollow Country Club, Scarborough, N. Y.; Duquesne Club, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Bankers Club, New York, N. Y.; Athletic Club, Birmingham; Delta Duck Club, New Orleans; and Swan Lake Hunting Club, Greenville, Miss. Married: November 1, 1904, at Birmingham to Annie Hill Jemison, daughter of Robert and Eugenia (Sorsby) Jemison. Children: 1. Eugenia; 2.

Martha; 3. Anne; 4. Joseph Hersey, II; 5. Allan Harvey, Jr. Residence: Birmingham.

WOODWARD, ELI GRIFFIN, lawyer, was born August 7, 1866, at Clayton, Barbour County; son of Nicholas Woodward and Mary Elizabeth (Ford) Griffin, the former a soldier in the C. S. Army, during the War of Secession, mayor of Troy, and a member of the Alabama legislature from Pike County; grandson of John Griffin, and of Eli and Jane Ford. He obtained his early education from the common schools of Troy and Brundidge, and was graduated from the University of Alabama, A. B., A. M., and LL. B., June, 1887. He became principal of Grammar school, Troy, 1887-1888; served as superintendent of education of Pike County 1888-1890; as professor of Latin, Troy State normal college 1889-1890; as superintendent of Troy public schools, 1891-1893; as principal of Public school No. 1, Pensacola, Fla., 1893-1898; and as principal of a public school at Ocala, Fla., 1899-1900. Since 1901 he has been engaged in the practice of law. He was a member of the city council of Troy for some time; a member of the board of education of the city of Troy; and chairman of the executive committee of the city of Troy. He was captain in the W. C. Oates Rifles at Troy; is a Democrat and a Mason. Married: November 17, 1897, Esther Tillis, daughter of Richard and Ophelia Tillis, who lived at Geneva. Residence: Troy.

WOODWARD, JOSEPH HERSEY, soldier and capitalist, was born in 1844 at Pittsburgh, Penn., and died in 1918, at Birmingham; son of Stimpson Hersey and Marguerite (Glass) Woodward, the former a native of Taunton, Mass., who early in life was taken to Virginia by his parents a descendant of an old New England Puritan family, and president and principal owner of the LaBelle iron company, of the Upper Ohio Valley. Joseph H. Woodward received his education in Lindsley institute, of Wheeling, W. Va. With a number of other students he enlisted in a regiment which was raised by the commandant and known as 1st Virginia regiment, West Virginia Union Army, serving during the War of Secession until invalided home three years later. At the close of the war he served as secretary and treasurer of the LaBelle iron company. In 1880 he removed to Alabama and began the development of the Woodward iron company, which opened its first blast furnace August 17, 1883, and of which he became secretary and treasurer. Later, 1886, he became president. Thirty-five years after the opening of the first blast furnace a steel plant was added. He was vice president of the First national bank; an Episcopalian; and a Republican. Married: Martha, daughter of Joseph Allen and Mary (Burt) Metcalfe, of Wellsburg, Va. Children: 1. Bertha, m. Oscar W. Underwood (q. v.); 2. Margaret, m. Thomas Hopkins; 3. Allen Harvey (q. v.). Last residence: Birmingham.

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